(NOT ADMITTED IN D.C.)



July 16, 1996

### Via Federal Express

FILE COPY

Mrs. Blanca S. Bayo Director, Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399

(w/o encl.): Andrew D. Lipman, Esq.

Anthony P. Gillman, Esq. M. Eric Edington, Esq.

960838-TP

Re: MFS Communications Company, Inc. Petition for Arbitration Pursuant to 47 USC Section 252(b) of Interconnection Rates, Terms, and Conditions with Sprint United-Centel of Florida, Inc.

Dear Mrs. Bayo:

AF CA 21 21 EA

| ACK — | Enclosed for filing please find an original and 15 copies of the above Petition and related behibits regarding Sprint United-Centel of Florida, Inc., along with the pre-filed Direct Testimony |
|-------|---|
| AFA — | same in the enclosed self-addressed envelope.   |
| CAF   | Also enclosed is a computer disk formatted in WordPerfect 6.1 for Windows containing the  |
| CTR - | Petition.   |
| EAG — | If there are any questions concerning this matter, please contact me.   |
|       | tong fest + exhs Sincerely,   |
| OPC - |   |
| SEC - | Mornye)   |

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Lawrence R. Freedman

# FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FILE COPY

In the matter of

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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

Petition for Arbitration Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 252(b) of Interconnection Rates, Terms, and Conditions with

SPRINT UNITED-CENTEL OF FLORIDA, INC.

Docket No. 96838-TP

TESTIMONY OF
TIMOTHY T. DEVINE
ON BEHALF OF
MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

July 16, 1996

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
07519 JUL 17 #

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

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#### DIRECT TESTIMONY OF TIMOTHY T. DEVINE ON BEHALF OF MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

| 1 | Q. | PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.                                    |
|---|----|---|
| 2 | A. | My name is Timothy T. Devine. My business address is MFS Communications         |
| 3 | 24 | Company, Inc. ("MFS"), 6 Concourse Parkway, Atlanta, Georgia 30328.             |
| 4 | Q. | BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND WHAT ARE YOUR                                      |
| 5 |    | RESPONSIBILITIES?   |
| 6 | A. | I am the Senior Director of External and Regulatory Affairs for the Southern    |
| 7 |    | Region. I am responsible for the regulatory oversight of commission dockets and |
| 8 |    | other regulatory matters and serve as MFS representative to various members of  |
| 9 |    | the industry. I am also responsible for coordinating co-carrier discussions and |
| 0 |    | negotiations with local exchange carriers GTE in Florida and Texas, Sprint      |
| 1 |    | BellSouth and Southwestern Bell within the Southern Region.                     |
| 2 | Q. | PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND                                |
| 3 |    | PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.  |
| 4 | A. | I have a B.S. in Political Science from Arizona State University and an M.A. in |
| 5 |    | Telecommunications Policy from George Washington University. I began work       |
| 6 |    | in the telecommunications industry in April 1982 as a sales representative for  |
| 7 |    | packet switching services for Graphnet, Inc., one of the first value-added      |
| 8 |    | common carriers in the United States. From 1983 until 1987, I was employed at   |
| 9 |    | Sprint Communications Co., in sales, as a tariff analyst, as a product manager, |

A.

and as Manager of Product and Market Analysis. During 1988, I worked at

Contel Corporation, a local exchange carrier, in its telephone operations group,

as Manager, Network Marketing. I have been working for MFS Communications

Company and its affiliates since January 1989. During this time period, I have worked in product marketing and development, corporate planning, regulatory support, and regulatory affairs.

## Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE OPERATIONS OF MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

MFS is a diversified telecommunications holding company with operations throughout the country, as well as in Europe. MFS Telecom, Inc., an MFS subsidiary, through its operating affiliates, is the largest competitive access provider in the United States. MFS Telecom, Inc.'s subsidiaries provide non-switched, dedicated private line and special access services.

MFS Intelenet, Inc. ("MFSI"), an MFS subsidiary, through its operating subsidiaries, collectively are authorized to provide switched interexchange telecommunications services in 48 states and have applications to offer such service pending in the remaining states. Where so authorized, MFSI's operating subsidiaries offer end users a single source for local and long distance

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telecommunications services with quality and pricing levels comparable to those achieved by larger communications users. Apart from Florida, MFS subsidiaries have been authorized to provide competitive local exchange service in twelve states. Since July 1993, MFS Intelenet of New York, Inc. has offered local exchange services in competition with New York Telephone Company. MFS Intelenet of Maryland, Inc. was authorized to provide local exchange services in competition with Bell Atlantic-Maryland, Inc. in April 1994 and is offering competitive local exchange services. On June 22, 1994, MFS Intelenet of Washington, Inc. was authorized to provide local exchange services in competition with US West Communications, Inc. On July 20, 1994, MFS Intelenet of Illinois, Inc. was certificated to provide local exchange services in competition with Illinois Bell Telephone Company and Central Telephone Company of Illinois and is providing such services. MFS Intelenet of Ohio was certificated to provide competitive local exchange service in competition with Ohio Bell on August 3, 1995. MFS Intelenet of Michigan, on May 9, 1995, was certificated to provide competitive local exchange service in competition with Ameritech-Michigan. MFS Intelenet of Connecticut was certificated to provide local exchange service in competition with Southern New England Telephone

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Company on June 28, 1995. MFS Intelenet of Texas, Inc. was authorized to provide local exchange service in Houston and Dallas in competition with Southwestern Bell Telephone Company by Order signed on October 25, 1995. Subsequently, Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Dallas and Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Houston were certified to provide resale and facilities-based local exchange service. MFS Intelenet of Georgia, Inc. was authorized to provide competitive local exchange service in Georgia on October 27, 1995. MFS Intelenet of Pennsylvania, Inc. was authorized to provide local exchange service in Pennsylvania by Order entered October 4, 1995. MFS Intelenet of Oregon, Inc. was authorized to provide local exchange service in Oregon on January 12. 1996. MFS Intelenet of Massachusetts was certificated on March 9, 1994 to operate as a reseller of both interexchange and local exchange services in the Boston Metropolitan Area in competition with New England Telephone and is providing such services. MFS Intelenet of New Jersey was certificated in June 1996 to provide competitive local exchange services in that state.

Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Florida, Inc. ("MFS-FL") was granted authority by this Commission to provide switched local exchange service effective January 1, 1996.

#### INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

- Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- A. My testimony supports MFS' petition for arbitration of rates, terms and conditions for interconnection and related arrangements filed with the Florida

  Public Service Commission ("Commission") pursuant to Section 252(b) of the

  Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub.L.No. 104-104 § 101(a), 110 Stat. 70,

  codified at 47 U.S.C. § 153 et seg. ("the 1996 Act").

Since July 1995, Sprint United-Centel of Florida, Inc. ("Sprint") and MFS have been negotiating to reach an interconnection agreement. Those negotiations were initiated pursuant to Section 364.162 of the Florida Act ("the Florida Act").

As a result of a failure to reach agreement under the Florida Act, MFS-FL filed a petition with this Commission in Docket Nos. 950984 and 950985. On February 8, 1996, Sprint received a written request from MFS for interconnection under the 1996 Act. Since that time, MFS has negotiated in good faith with Sprint. Nevertheless, the parties have been unable to reach a binding agreement.

On July 3, 1996, Sprint received MFS' final offer prior to arbitration.

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Despite the fact that this Commission has already ordered many of the terms and conditions of Sprint's interconnection with MFS-FL in Docket No. 950985 and many of the terms and conditions of unbundling in Docket No. 950984 (a number of which are not the subject of motions for reconsideration by Sprint) Sprint has still not entered into an agreement covering the terms and conditions of interconnection and unbundling under the 1996 Act. Resolution of petition(s) to establish nondiscriminatory rates, terms and conditions for resale involving local exchange companies and alternative local exchange companies pursuant to Section 364.161, Florida Statutes, Docket No. 950984-TP, Order No. PSC-96-0811-FOF-TP, Order Establishing Provisions for the Resale of Services Provided by GTE Florida Incorporated, United Telephone Company of Florida and Central Telephone Company of Florida (issued June 24, 1996) (recon. pending) ("Unbundling Order"); Resolution of petition(s) to establish nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions for interconnection involving local exchange companies and alternative local exchange companies pursuant to Section 364.162 Florida Statutes, Docket No. 950985-TP, Order No. PSC-96-0668-FOF-TP, Final Order Establishing Nondiscriminatory Rates, Terms and Conditions for Local Interconnection (issued May 20, 1996) (recon. pending)

1 ("Interconnection Order"). To a very large extent, the Florida statute and the 2 1996 Act are consistent in approach. My testimony presents MFS' position on 3 the interconnection and unbundling issues. 4 MFS' arbitration petition is accompanied by an interconnection 5 agreement ("Interconnection Agreement") which contains all the terms and conditions MFS desires for interconnection. This document accompanied the 6 7 July 3, 1996 final offer and is referred to in the Petition as the "Comprehensive 8 Interconnection Agreement." Many of these same issues were already addressed 9 by this Commission. 10 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE REQUEST THAT MFS IS MAKING TO THE 11 FLORIDA COMMISSION. 12 A. Under the arbitration provisions §252(b) of the 1996 Act, a party "may petition a State commission to arbitrate any open issues" and the petitioner has a duty to 13 14 present all relevant documentation concerning the unresolved issues, the position of each of the parties with respect to the unresolved issues, and any other issue 15 16 discussed and resolved by the parties. 17 Sprint has failed to execute a comprehensive interconnection agreement with MFS pursuant to its request under the 1996 Act. MFS petitions under the 18

1996 Act for interconnection subject to the terms and conditions to which Sprint 1 2 is already bound under the Florida Interconnection and Unbundling Orders, the 3 1996 Act, and Sections 364.161 and 364.162 of the Florida Statutes. MFS has a switch and a networl that it could use to provide local service 5 rapidly but for Sprint's unwillingness to implement and execute an appropriate 6 agreement so that MFS may serve the public. 7 While Sprint and MFS continue to negotiate, the 1996 Act compels MFS 8 to file its petition within 160 days of its February 8, 1996 interconnection request 9 to preserve its right to arbitration. MFS seeks arbitration to compel Sprint to 10 implement all of the interconnection and unbundling terms to which it is already 11 obligated to provide. IS SPRINT ALREADY BOUND IN FLORIDA BY THE SORTS OF 12 Q. 13 INTERCONNECTION PROVISIONS MFS IS SEEKING IN ITS 14 PETITION? 15 Absolutely. In the Florida Unbundling and Interconnection Orders, the A.. Commission adopted many of the very provisions MFS-FL now seeks pursuant 16 to the 1996 Act. Throughout my testimony, I will attempt to cite to the 17

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appropriate portions of the Commission's orders which already compel Sprint 1 2 to interconnect under the terms and conditions sought here. 3 While Sprint sought reconsideration of the Commission's Interconnection 4 Order, its asserted bases of re consideration are quite narrow. Primarily, Sprint 5 objected to a bill and keep method of compensation for mutual traffic exchange 6 and the cross-connection charge that ALECs pay. As such, MFS-FL is mystified 7 as to why Sprint can refuse to agree - at the very least - with respect to those 8 terms in the Commission's Orders on which it does not seek reconsideration. To 9 the extent available, I will also identify the provisions adopted by the Commission which Sprint has not moved to reconsider. 10 11 Q. HAS MFS REACHED ANY SECTION 252 AGREEMENTS WITH 12 CARRIERS? Yes, with Ameritech and NYNEX. These agreements are appended to my 13 testimony as Exhibits 2 and 3. MFS also has a partial co-carrier agreement with 14

California, appended hereto as Exhibit 7.

GTE of Florida and GTE of California, appended to my testimony as Exhibits 4

and 6. MFS also has an extensive co-carrier agreement with Pacific Bell for

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A.

#### 1 Q. AS A THRESHOLD MATTER, WHAT IS "INTERCONNECTION"?

We use interconnection to refer to the physical arrangements necessary to 2 A. 3 connect two or more carriers providing local exchange service in the same area. 4 In that case, competing networks must be able to exchange traffic (including the exchange of signaling and billing information, and access to other service 5 6 platforms that support local exchange service), because of the overriding public 7 interest in preserving universal connectivity. In short, every telephone user in 8 Florida must be able to call (and receive calls from) every other user, regardless 9 of which carrier provides each user with local exchange service.

### 10 Q. WHAT IS MEANT BY THE TERM "CO-CARRIER 11 ARRANGEMENTS"?

As I testified in Docket 950985, "co-carrier" arrangements refer to a variety of arrangements that will have to be established to allow MFS and Sprint to deal with each other on a reciprocal, non-discriminatory, and equitable basis. The term "co-carrier" signifies both that the two carriers are providing local exchange service within the same territory, and that the relationship between them is intended to be equal and reciprocal—that is, neither carrier would be treated as subordinate or inferior. The arrangements needed to implement this co-carrier

relationship will encompass, among other things, physical connections between networks; signaling and routing arrangements for the exchange of traffic between networks; and arrangements for joint access to essential service platforms, such as operator and directory assistance services, that must serve all telephone users within a geographic area.

MFS-FL believes, as the Commission determined, that customers of all carriers must be assured that they can call each other without the caller having to worry about which carrier serves the other party. To achieve this, not only must carriers physically connect their networks, but they must terminate calls for each other on a mutual, reciprocal and equal basis. Traffic exchange arrangements should be seamless and transparent from the viewpoint of the caller. There should be no difference in how a call is dialed, how long it takes to be completed, or how it is billed based upon the identity of the carrier serving the dialed number. In addition, customers should have access to essential ancillary functions of the network (such as directory listings, directory assistance, inward operator assistance, and CLASS features, to name a few) without regard to which carrier provides their dial tone or originates their call.

| 1  |    | The need and standards for co-carrier arrangements are fully reflected in          |
|----|----|--|
| 2  |    | the 1996 Act which imposes specific obligations on all local carriers and even     |
| 3  |    | more specific and complete obligations on an incumbent carrier, such as Sprint.    |
| 4  |    | 1996 Act, §§ 251, 252. To a large extent this Commission has fully reflected key   |
| 5  |    | aspects of such requirements in its earlier decisions pursuant to Sections 364.161 |
| 6  |    | and 364.162, Florida statutes.   |
| 7  | Q. | HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF YOUR PETITION                                  |
| 8  |    | DIFFERENT FROM PREVIOUS TESTIMONY BEFORE THIS                                      |
| 9  |    | COMMISSION?  |
| 10 | A. | My testimony isn't significantly different. In the testimony I have attempted to   |
| 1  |    | identify issues which this Commission has previously addressed, which are          |
| 12 |    | consistent with the 1996 Act, issues not addressed which are now specifically      |
| 3  |    | addressed by the 1996 Act, and issues which must be considered anew in light       |
| 4  |    | of the 1996 Act.   |

| 1  | I.   | UNRESOLVED ISSUES   |
|----|------|---|
| 2  |      | A. RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION AND TRAFFIC EXCHANGE                                       |
| 3  | Q.   | HAS SPRINT AGREED TO MFS' PHYSICAL INTERCONNECTION                                    |
| 4  |      | REQUEST?  |
| 5  | A.   | No. The Commission did address this issue in the Interconnection Order.               |
| 6  | Q.   | WHAT TRAFFIC EXCHANGE ARRANGEMENTS MUST BE  |
| 7  |      | ESTABLISHED FOR THE EXCHANGE OF LOCAL TRAFFIC?  |
| 8  | A.   | To effectuate the exchange of traffic, MFS-FL proposes that interconnection be        |
| 9  |      | accomplished through interconnection points, with each carrier responsible for        |
| 10 |      | providing trunking to the interconnection points for the hand off of combined         |
| 11 | 91   | local and toll traffic and each carrier responsible for completing calls to all end   |
| 12 | and. | users on their network. In order to establish interconnection points, carriers        |
| 13 |      | would pass both local and toll traffic over a single trunk group, utilizing a percent |
| 14 |      | local utilization ("PLU") factor (similar to the currently utilized percent           |
| 15 |      | interexchange utilization ("PIU") factor) to provide the proper jurisdictional call   |
| 16 |      | types, and subject to audit.  |

| 1  |    | MFS' requirements for traffic exchange are fully defined in the                  |  |  |  |
|----|----|--|--|--|--|
| 2  |    | Interconnection Agreement, which are consistent with the 1996 Act and the        |  |  |  |
| 3  |    | Interconnection Order.   |  |  |  |
| 4  | Q. | HAVE THERE BEEN DISCUSSIONS ABOUT SPECIFIC                                       |  |  |  |
| 5  |    | INTERCONNECTION POINTS?  |  |  |  |
| 6  | A. | Yes. MFS discussed interconnecting at its Maitland wire center and Sprint at its |  |  |  |
| 7  |    | Winter Park wire center. No agreement was reached, however.                      |  |  |  |
| 8  | Q. | IS MFS' PROPOSED ARCHITECTURE BECOMING STANDARD                                  |  |  |  |
| 9  |    | PRACTICE IN THE INDUSTRY?  |  |  |  |
| 10 | A. | Yes. Ameritech, NYNEX and Pacific Bell have all adopted this kind of             |  |  |  |
| 11 |    | architecture. More importantly, this Commission adopted it in the                |  |  |  |
| 12 |    | Interconnection Order at 40-41.  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Q. | HOW DOES MFS-FL'S INTERCONNECTION PROPOSAL MAXIMIZE                              |  |  |  |
| 14 |    | THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NETWORK?   |  |  |  |
| 15 | A. | MFS-FL's proposal permits the interconnecting parties—who understand their       |  |  |  |
| 16 |    | networks best and have the greatest incentive to achieve efficiencies—to         |  |  |  |
| 17 |    | determine where interconnection should take place. At the same time, minimum     |  |  |  |
| 18 |    | interconnection requirements are established to ensure that interconnection will |  |  |  |

| 1  |    | take place between all carriers. MFS-FL opposes any interconnection plan that        |
|----|----|--|
| 2  |    | mandates too specifically where interconnection should take place. If carriers are   |
| 3  |    | not given flexibility as to where they can interconnect, inefficiencies will result. |
| 4  |    | MFS-FL would therefore oppose any proposal that does not permit carriers to          |
| 5  |    | maximize the efficiency of their networks.   |
| 6  | Q. | WHAT DOES MFS PROPOSE WITH RESPECT TO TRUNKING,                                      |
| 7  |    | SIGNALING, AND OTHER IMPORTANT INTERCONNECTION                                       |
| 8  |    | ARRANGEMENTS?  |
| 9  | A. | MIFS' proposal is set out in § 5.0 of the Comprehensive Interconnection              |
| 10 |    | Agreement. As the Commission determined, Sprint should exchange traffic              |
| 11 |    | between its network and the networks of competing carriers using reasonably          |
| 12 |    | efficient routing, trunking, and signaling arrangements. See Interconnection         |
| 13 |    | Order at 40-41.  |
| 14 | Q. | HOW SHOULD MFS-FL COMPENSATE SPRINT FOR TRANSITING                                   |
| 15 |    | 'IRAFFIC?  |
| 16 | A. | MFS-FL should only be required to pay for the Sprint intermediary function of        |
| 17 |    | transiting traffic in the limited circumstances in which two ALECs that are not      |
| 18 |    | cross-connected at a LEC wire center and do not have direct trunks utilizing         |

1 Sprint access tandem to transit traffic. In all cases, ALECs should alternatively 2 have an opportunity to cross-connect. This Commission ordered cross-3 connection in the Interconnection Order at 26-27. The New York Commission has ordered that ALECs shall be permitted to cross-connect in serving wire 5 centers where more than one ALEC is collocated. New York Case 6 No. 94-C-0095, Order Instituting framework for Directory Listings, Carrier 7 Interconnection, and Intercarrier Compensation (September 27, 1995). The 8 Commission's Interconnection Order did not set a specific rate for the transit 9 function on Sprint's network until Sprint files cost support data, although it did 10 discuss that carriers performing this function (i.e., tandem switching) could charge only for the elements used. MFS is offering to pay \$0.001 per minute for 11 12 the transit function. This is more than the \$0.00075 the Commission ordered for 13 GTE. Interconnection Order at 24. 14 Q. WHY SHOULD CARRIERS BE REQUIRED TO USE TWO-WAY 15 TRUNKING ARRANGEMENTS? 16 Carriers should be required to interconnect using two-way trunk groups wherever A. technically feasible. Use of two-way trunking arrangements to connect the 17 networks of incumbent LECs is standard in the industry. Two-way trunk groups 18

| represent the most efficient means of interconnection because they minimize the    |
|--|
| number of ports each carrier will have to utilize to interconnect with all other   |
| carriers. The Commission ordered Sprint to provide one and two way trunking        |
| at the ALEC's option. Interconnection Order at 40-41.                              |
| SHOULD INCUMBENT CARRIERS AND NEW ENTRANTS BE                                      |
| REQUIRED TO PROVIDE BLV/I TRUNKS TO ONE ANOTHER?                                   |
| MFS-FL and Sprint should provide LEC-to-LEC Busy Line Verification and             |
| Interrupt ("BLV/I") trunks to one another to enable each carrier to support this   |
| functionality. MFS-FL and Sprint should compensate one another for the use of      |
| BLV/I according to the effective rates listed in Sprint's federal and state access |
| tariffs, as applicable. The Commission ordered these arrangements in the           |
| Interconnection Order at 34.   |
| WHAT STANDARDS MAY THE COMMISSION CONSIDER WHEN                                    |
| SETTING A LOCAL CALL TERMINATION RATE?   |
| The 1996 Act provides explicit guidance to state regulators in setting local call  |
| termination rates. The relevant statutory provision is:                            |
|  |

| 1  | Cha | rges for | Transport and Termination of Traffic                 |
|----|-----|----------|--|
| 2  | (A) | IN G     | ENERAL For the purposes of compliance by an          |
| 3  |     | incur    | mbent local exchange carrier with section 251(b)(5), |
| 4  |     | a St     | ate commission shall not consider the terms and      |
| 5  |     | cond     | itions for reciprocal compensation to be just and    |
| 6  |     | reasc    | onable unless  |
| 7  |     | (i)      | such terms and conditions provide for the mutual     |
| 8  |     |          | and reciprocal recovery by each carrier of costs     |
| 9  |     |          | associated with the transport and termination on     |
| 10 |     | 4        | each carrier's network facilities of calls that      |
| 11 |     |          | originate on the network facilities of the other     |
| 12 |     |          | carrier; and,  |
| 13 |     | (ii)     | such terms and conditions determine such costs on    |
| 14 |     |          | the basis of a reasonable approximation of the       |
| 15 |     |          | additional costs of terminating such calls.          |
| 16 | (B) | RULI     | es of Construction This paragraph shall not be       |
| 17 |     |          | rued   |

| 1  |         | (i) to preclude arrangements that afford the mutual                              |
|----|---------|--|
| 2  |         | recovery of cost through the offsetting of                                       |
| 3  |         | reciprocal obligations, including arrangements                                   |
| 4  | esta de | that waive mutual recovery (such as bill-and-keep                                |
| 5  |         | arrangements); or  |
| 6  |         | (ii) to authorize the Commission or any State                                    |
| 7  |         | commission to engage in any rate regulation                                      |
| 8  |         | proceeding to establish with particularity the                                   |
| 9  |         | additional costs of transporting or terminating                                  |
| 10 |         | calls, or to require carriers to maintain records                                |
| 11 |         | with respect to the additional costs of such calls.1/                            |
| 12 | Q.      | WHAT DOES MFS RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION ADOPT                                |
| 13 |         | WITH RESPECT TO ITS POSITION ON RECIPROCAL                                       |
| 14 |         | COMPENSATION?  |
| 15 | A.      | MFS recommends a single, identical, reciprocal and equal compensation charge     |
| 16 |         | of \$0.005 per minute that Sprint would charge MFS for terminating local traffic |

<sup>1/47</sup> U.S.C. §252(d)(2) (emphasis added).

| 1  | on Sprint's network and that MFS would charge Sprint for terminating local  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|
| 2  | traffic on MFS' network. MFS believes that its proposed compensation charge |  |  |  |
| 3  | is reasonable and should be adopted   | d by the Commission in this arbitration      |  |  |
| 4  | because:  |  |  |  |
| 5  | ► The charge meets the requirem   | ents of the 1996 Act that compensation for   |  |  |
| 6  | termination of traffic be mutu  | al and reciprocal.                           |  |  |
| 7  | ► The 1996 Act requires that  | t mutual compensation be based on a          |  |  |
| 8  | "reasonable approximation of  | the additional costs of terminating such     |  |  |
| 9  | calls."2 Compared to the int  | rastate switched access rate proposed by     |  |  |
| 10 | Sprint, MFS' proposed \$0.0   | 05 per minute charge is a much better        |  |  |
| 11 | estimate of the cost-based rate   | es required by the 1996 Act.                 |  |  |
| 12 | ► The \$0.005 per minute charge   | e is consistent with MFS' proposal in the    |  |  |
| 13 | BellSouth, Sprint and GTE ca  | ses.   |  |  |
| 14 | ► Commission Staff's recommer   | ndation in the Sprint case was that Sprint's |  |  |
| 15 | cost of local call termination  | on was approximately \$0.006, but that       |  |  |
| 16 | additional cost studies were ne   | cessary. GTE identified a cost of \$0.0025   |  |  |

<sup>2/47</sup> U.S.C. §254(c)(2)(A)(ii).

1 and a cost of between \$0.0020 and \$0.0030 per minute of use for 2 BellSouth. 3 Q. WHY DO YOU BELIEVE THAT MFS' PROPOSED \$0,005 PER MINUTE 4 COMPENSATION RATI. IS BETTER "REASONABLE 5 APPROXIMATION OF THE ADDITIONAL COSTS OF TERMINATING 6 SUCH CALLS" THAN THE ACCESS CHARGE RATE THAT SPRINT 7 PROPOSES? 8 As the Commission recognized, switched access charges are widely considered 9 to be set at levels far in excess of the incremental costs of providing access 10 services. Sprint has asserted in many forums that switched access charges provide substantial contribution above costs. Regardless of the policy merits of 11 12 maintaining switched access charges at such levels, the plain language of the 13 1996 Act does not allow such inflated charges to be used as the basis for 14 compensation. Compensation must be "a reasonable approximation of the 15 additional costs of terminating such traffic" and clearly, switched access charges are not a reasonable approximation of the incremental costs of terminating traffic 16 on interconnected carriers' networks. It was for this very reason that the 17

Commission specifically rejected Sprint's proposal to charge switched access rates in the Interconnection Order at 9.

MFS has not performed an incremental cost study to determine the actual incremental costs of terminating trains on its network or Sprint's network. The Telecommunications Act does not envision that such studies be performed. However, based on my review of voluntarily entered into interconnection agreements and local call termination charges ordered by other commissions, as well as other information available to it, MFS is confident that its \$0.005 per minute proposal is squarely in the range of compensation charges elsewhere ordered or agreed but also well above cost. Without specific cost support studies, those other agreements and orders, I believe, can be read to provide a reasonable approximation of the costs of terminating traffic on interconnected carrier's networks for purposes of this arbitration.

My review of LEC cost studies prepared by Sprint, BellSouth, GTE and other ILECs and other states convinces me that MFS' rate proposal is fully consistent with a "reasonable approximation" of carrier costs.

Q. IS THE \$0.005 PER MINUTE COMPENSATION CHARGE
CONSISTENT WITH MFS' PREVIOUS REQUESTS TO, AND ORDERS
OF, THE COMMISSION?

Yes. MFS proposed that the Comr ission adopt bill and keep or payment in kind as the appropriate local call termination rate on an interim basis. See Interconnection Order at 5. The Commission adopted a mutual traffic exchange mechanism and noted that "if traffic becomes imbalanced to a significant degree, a usage-based rate may be more appropriate." Since MFS' testimony in that proceeding, several additional states have adopted specific local call termination rates. These proceedings and decisions, as well as MFS' experiences in additional markets, have allowed MFS to determine that the Commission confidently can prescribe a specific rate can be adopted and that MFS' proposed rate as required by the 1996 Act is a reasonable approximation of the additional cost of terminating a call, including a reasonable profit. In the Sprint case, Sprint stated that local call termination cost it between \$0.005 and \$0.0075 a minute, which includes profit. Interconnection Order at 11. MFS' proposal is consistent with those rates.

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#### B. UNBUNDLING OF LOCAL LOOP FACILITIES

### Q. WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION REQUIRE THAT LOCAL LOOPS BE PROVIDED ON AN UNBUNDLED BASIS?

As the Commission has recognized, the importance of local loop or "link" unbundling to the development of actual competition derives directly from Sprint's continued control of significant monopoly elements. Unbundling Order at 4. Unbundled links will provide access to an essential bottleneck facility controlled by Sprint.

Sprint continues to have monopoly control over the "last mile" of the telecommunications network. Service between most Sprint customers and the Sprint central offices remains, and for some time to come will apparently continue to remain, nearly the exclusive province of Sprint. This monopoly results from the fact that this loop network consists mostly of transmission facilities carrying small volumes of traffic, spread over wide geographic areas. Presently, it is economically more efficient for competitors to purchase access to use Sprint loops, just as long distance carriers presently do, rather than to construct ubiquitous competing transmission and switching facilities. The "last

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mile" loop network, therefore, is an essential bottleneck facility for any potential provider of competitive local exchange service.

Given the protection of its former monopoly status, Sprint has constructed virtually ubiquitous loop net vorks that provide access to every interexchange carrier and virtually all residential and business premises in its territory. In building these networks, Sprint had the singular advantage of favorable governmental franchises, access to rights-of-way, unique tax treatment, access to buildings on an unpaid basis, and protection against competition. Companies such as MFS that now seek to compete in the provision of local exchange service do not share these advantages, and it would be both infeasible and economically inefficient in most cases for them to seek to construct duplicate loop facilities. Replication of the existing local exchange carrier loop network (using either facilities similar to the incumbent local exchange carriers' or alternative technologies such as wireless loops or cable television plant) would be costprohibitive; moreover, competitors cannot obtain as easily public and private rights-of-way, franchises, or building access on the same terms that incumbent local exchange carriers enjoy.

1 This Commission has already ordered that local loops be provided on an unbundled basis. Unbundling Order at 4. Florida law and the 1996 Act require 2 3 the same unbundling arrangements. The same unbundling arrangements should be required here. 5 Q. WHAT SPECIFIC UNBUNDLED ELEMENTS SHOULD BE MADE 6 AVAILABLE? 7 The network access line portion of local exchange service can be represented as A. being comprised of two key components: the loop, or "link," which provides the 8 9 transmission path between the customer and the local exchange central office, 10 and the "port," which represents the interface to the switch, and the capability to 11 originate and terminate calls. Unbundling the local loop consists of physically 12 unbundling the link and port elements, and pricing them on an economically 13 viable basis. 14 Specifically, Sprint should immediately unbundle all of its exchange services into two separate packages: the link element plus cross-connect element 15 16 and the port element plus cross-connect element. In addition to the loops and 17 ports ordered in the Commission's Order, MFS requests the following additional 18 loops. As described in the Comprehensive Interconnection Agreement, MFS

1 seeks unbundled access and interconnection to the following forms of unbundled 2 links: (1) 2-wire ADSL compatible; (2) 2-wire HDSL compatible loops; and 3 (3) 4-wire HDSL compatible loops. MFS' detailed loop requirements are set out in § 9 of the Comprehensi ve Interconnection Agreement. 5 Q. IS LINK UNBUNDLING TECHNICALLY FEASIBLE? 6 A. Yes. Competitors can interconnect to the unbundled loops at the local exchange carrier central office using the same physical collocation arrangements already 7 8 in place for special access and private line circuits. SHOULD SPRINT BE REQUIRED TO OFFER COLLOCATION FOR 9 Q. 10 INTERCONNECTION TO UNBUNDLED LINKS? 11 Yes. Economic development and expanded competition in the provision of local A. exchange services will be promoted only if MFS can interconnect to unbundled 12 13 elements of the local loop. Interconnection should be achieved via collocation 14 arrangements MFS would maintain at the wire center at which the unbundled 15 elements are resident. At MFS' discretion, each link or port element should be 16 delivered to the MFS collocation arrangement over an individual 2-wire or 4-wire hand-off, in multiples of 24 over a digital DS-1 (or, if technically feasible, higher 17 transmission levels) hand-off in any combination or order MFS may specify, or 18

through other technically feasible and economically comparable hand-off 1 2 arrangements requested by MFS (e.g., SONET STS-1 hand-off). In addition, 3 Sprint should permit MFS to collocate digital loop carrier systems and associated equipment in conjunction with collocation arrangements MFS maintains at 5 Sprint's wire center, for the purpose of interconnecting to unbundled link 6 elements. The Commission's Unbundling Order at 7 addresses this. 7 Q. WHAT ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS ARE NECESSARY FOR SPRINT'S UNBUNDLED ELEMENTS TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO 9 MFS IN ORDER FOR MFS TO EFFICIENTLY OFFER SERVICES? 10 Sprint should be required to apply all transport-based features, functions, service A. 11 attributes, grades-of-service, and installation, maintenance and repair intervals 12 which apply to bundled service to unbundled links. The Commission has ordered 13 these arrangements in the Unbundling Order at 27-30. Likewise, Sprint should 14 be required to apply all switch-based features, functions, service attributes, 15 grades-of-service, and install, maintenance and repair intervals which apply to bundled service to unbundled ports. See Intereconnection Agreement at §9.0. 16 17 Sprint should permit any customer to convert its bundled service to an 18 unbundled service and assign such service to MFS, with no penalties, rollover or

termination charges to MFS or the customer. MFS should only be responsible for the direct costs incurred to convert the customer. Such "fresh look" provisions are a common consumer protection procedure in Florida. See Order No. PSC-96-444-FOF-TP, at 16-18 (recon. pending); Intermedia Communications of Florida, Inc., 1994 WL 118370 (Fla. P.S.C.), reconsidered, 1995 WL 57998l (Fla. P.S.C., Sept. 21, 1995). While the Commission did not order "fresh look" with respect to Sprint, MFS has argued that it should. See Motion for Reconsideration by Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Florida, Inc., Docket No. 950984-TP (July 8, 1996).

In addition to Florida, the FCC and the Commissions of New Jersey, California, and Ohio recognize that without a fresh look, two incumbents can lock up customers to long term arrangements and impede competition. Sprint should also bill all unbundled facilities purchased by MFS (either directly or by previous assignment by a customer) on a single consolidated statement per wire center. Finally, Sprint should provide MFS with an appropriate on-line electronic file transfer arrangement by which MFS may place, verify and receive confirmation on orders for unbundled elements, and issue and track trouble-ticket and repair requests associated with unbundled elements. MFS' requirements for

|    | these operational items are more fully described in § 9 of the Comprehensive       |
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|    | Interconnection Agreement, and addressed in the Unbundling Order at 33.            |
| Q. | HAVE MFS AND SPRINT AGREED UPON AN UNBUNDLED ELEMENT                               |
|    | REQUEST PROCESS?   |
| A. | No. MFS seeks a request process more fully described in § 9.0 and Exhibit 14.0     |
|    | of the Comprehensive Interconnection Agreement. The Commission ordered             |
|    | BellSouth and MFS to address an appropriate process. These arrangements were       |
|    | agreed to in the Ameritech and NYNEX Agreements. MFS' proposal is                  |
|    | consistent with these orders.  |
| Q. | IS IT IMPORTANT THAT UNBUNDLED ELEMENTS OF THE LOCAL                               |
|    | LOOP BE AVAILABLE TO NEW ENTRANTS AT A REASONABLE                                  |
|    | PRICE?   |
| A. | Yes, indeed both the Florida Act and the 1996 Act require it. The availability of  |
|    | loops on an unbundled basis is only half the equation. As the Commission has       |
|    | recognized, the loops must be priced in a manner that allows carriers to offer end |
|    | users a competitively priced service. In order to discourage Sprint from           |
|    | implementing anticompetitive pricing policies that would artificially depress the  |
|    | demand for a competitor's service, the Commission should adopt pricing             |
|    | A.<br>Q.   |

guidelines for unbundled loops that are premised on an efficient market provider using a forward-looking technology. Section 252 of the 1996 Act requires such cost-based pricing. Section 364.162, Florida Statutes, requires that the rate be neither below cost nor so high that it would serve as a barrier to competition.

Absent any mitigating circumstances that might justify lower rates, local loop Long Run Incremental Costs ("LRIC") should serve as the target price and cap for unbundled loops where such loops must be employed by competitive carriers to compete realistically and practically with the entrenched monopoly service provider, Sprint. LRIC is the direct economic cost of a given facility, including cost of capital, and represents the cost that the local exchange carrier would otherwise have avoided if it had not installed the relevant increment of plant — i.e., local loops in a given region. Thus, by leasing a loop to a competitor, an incumbent local exchange carrier would be allowed to recover no less than the full cost (of an efficient market provider using forward-looking technology) it would otherwise have avoided had it not built the increment of plant that it has made available, through loop unbundling, for use by a competitor in serving the customer to whose premises the loop extends.

There is, however, an important qualification to this general principle. 1 2 LRIC is the appropriate pricing methodology only if it is applied consistently in 3 setting the price both for the unbundled services provided to co-carriers and the bundled services offered by Sprint to its own end users. New entrants should not be subject to discriminatory charges that Sprint does not apply to its own end 5 6 users. Therefore, the Commission should adopt a pricing guideline to prevent 7 such discrimination where the sum of the prices of the unbundled rate elements 8 (link, port, and cross-connect) must be no greater than the price of the bundled 9 dial tone line. 10 Q. SHOULD THE COMMISSION TAKE INTO ACCOUNT DENSITY IN 11 ORDER TO ACCURATELY REFLECT THE COST 12 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE LOCAL LOOP? 13 Yes. Any proposed rate that does not take into account distance-sensitivity and, A. 14 more importantly, does not take into account line density, is fundamentally flawed and could severely impair facilities-based local exchange competition. 15 The adoption of distance- and density-sensitive rates is the most accurate 16 17 reflection of the underlying costs for these loops and therefore the most effective 18 means of implementing the principle of cost-based rates.

MFS urges the Commission to require costs that consider cost characteristics of local exchange loops. MFS submits that rates set by the Commission must be based upon loop costs of an efficient provider using forward-looking technology. MFS feels that the attached Benchmark Cost Model ("BCM"), in Exhibit 5, should be used to determine loop prices.

In order to price the loops on a cost sensitive basis, Sprint should establish price categories based upon the BCM which reflects the cost of the average loop length and density by wire center. Based on its experience in other states, MFS would suggest three wire center categories. Category A would include wire centers from which loops of the shorter length and maximum density extend. Category B would include wire centers from which loops of medium length and medium density extend. Finally, Category C would include those wire centers from which loops of the longest length and lowest density extend. Rates for loops in each wire center category would be the same and would be calculated based on the average long run incremental cost of loops in that category. This pricing approach will ensure that the statutory requirement that unbundled loops be offered at rates reflective of their cost characteristics is satisfied.

| 1  | Q.  | HAVE LECS IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS ADOPTED SUCH A                                   |
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|    | Υ.  |   |
| 2  |     | PRICING METHODOLOGY?  |
| 3  | A.  | Yes. LECs in other jurisdictions, including Ameritech Illinois, the Southern New  |
| 4  |     | England Telephone Company, and Pacific Bell, have adopted similar pricing         |
| 5  |     | methodologies. Moreover, the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC")            |
| 6  |     | endorsed such a pricing scheme when it authorized LECs offering collocation to    |
| 7  |     | implement zone density pricing for special access services. Expanded              |
| 8  |     | Interconnection with Local Telephone Company Facilities, Report and Order         |
| 9  |     | and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 7 FCC Rcd 7369, 7454 (1992). Zone              |
| 10 |     | density pricing allows LECs the opportunity to price their services in a manner   |
| 11 |     | that reflects the cost differences in providing service to major metropolitan     |
| 12 | 3.4 | business districts, smaller cities and suburban areas, and rural areas. Such cost |
| 13 |     | differences are just as characteristic of unbundled loops.                        |
| 14 | Q.  | HAS SPRINT RECOGNIZED THE APPROPRIATENESS OF ZONE                                 |
| 15 |     | DENSITY PRICING?  |
| 16 | Α.  | Yes. In the Unbundling Proceeding, Sprint's expert witness discussed it. See      |
| 7  |     | Motion for Reconsideration by Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Florida Inc. at       |

| 1  |    | 14-17. Docket 950984-TP (July 8, 1996). Sprint also discusses it in its 14 point  |
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| 2  |    | checklist, attached to the Petition.  |
| 3  | Q. | WHAT ARE THE URBAN, SUBURBAN AND RURAL RATES IN THE                               |
| 4  |    | AMERITECH AGREEMENT / ND HOW DO THEY COMPARE WITH                                 |
| 5  |    | THE BENCHMARK COST MODEL?   |
| 6  | A. | The Ameritech agreement provides an urban rate of \$6.95, suburban of \$11.10,    |
| 7  |    | and rural of \$13.60. The Benchmark Cost Model costs range between \$5.59 and     |
| 8  |    | \$430.18, with a statewide average monthly cost of \$15.03. Earlier, the Illinois |
| 9  |    | Commission ordered loop rates of \$7.29 - \$14.65 for business loops and \$4.59 - |
| 10 |    | \$12.14 for residence loops.  |
| 11 | Q. | HOW DID THE FLORIDA BENCHMARK COST FIGURES COMPARE                                |
| 12 |    | TO THOSE OF ILLINOIS?   |
| 13 | A. | The Florida Benchmark Cost Model costs range between \$5.52 and \$1,016.14,       |
| 14 |    | with a statewide monthly average of \$14.79.                                      |
| 15 | Q. | DO THE BENCHMARK COST MODEL COSTS INCLUDE MORE                                    |
| 16 |    | THAN THE COST OF LOOPS?   |
| 17 | A. | Yes. They include the costs of basic service, which include more than the cost    |
| 18 |    | of a loop.  |

| 1  | Q. | SINCE THE FLORIDA BENCHMARK COSTS ARE AT OR BELOW                                     |
|----|----|---|
| 2  |    | THOSE OF ILLINOIS, WOULD IT BE REASONABLE TO ASSUME                                   |
| 3  |    | SPRINT COULD OFFER PRICES IN THE SAME RANGE AS  |
| 4  |    | AMERITECH'S?  |
| 5  | A. | Yes. This Commission should be comfortable with MFS' proposed rates as they           |
| 6  |    | are above Ameritech's, and therefore recover Sprint's reasonable approximation        |
| 7  |    | of costs including a reasonable profit. See Section 252(d).                           |
| 8  | Q. | WHAT DO YOU THINK ABOUT SPRINT'S SUGGESTION THAT A                                    |
| 9  |    | NEW ENTRANT SIMPLY PURCHASE A PRIVATE LINE OR SPECIAL                                 |
| 10 |    | ACCESS CHANNEL FROM SPRINT'S EXISTING TARIFF?   |
| 11 | A. | It would not be economical and would not be practical from a time of installation     |
| 12 |    | perspective. While there is not much physical difference between an unbundled         |
| 13 |    | link and a private line or special access channel, there are differences in technical |
| 14 |    | standards as well as engineering and operational practices. The voice-grade           |
| 15 |    | channels offered under the private line and special access tariffs provide a          |
| 16 |    | dedicated transmission path between an end user's premises and a local exchange       |
| 17 |    | carrier wire center, just as unbundled simple links would. The major differences      |
| 18 |    | between these existing services and unbundled simple links are the additional         |

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performance parameters required for private line and special access services, beyond what is necessary to provide plain old telephone service ("POTS"); and the methods used by local exchange carriers to install and provision the services. Currently, installation of a private line or special access channel typically requires special engineering by the local exchange carrier and therefore takes longer and costs more than installation of a "POTS" line. This special engineering begins with a line that would be suitable for "POTS," but then adapts it to conform to specialized performance parameters. Therefore, no single private line service offering provided by Sprint is likely to represent the basic co-carrier unbundled loop facility. Private line and special access services also include additional performance standards that are not necessary for the delivery of "POTS" service. MFS' major concern is that, in the future, when a customer decides to replace its existing Sprint dial tone service with MFS dial tone service, MFS should be able to have the customer's existing link facility rolled over from the Sprint switch to an MFS expanded interconnection node in the same central office, without having the entire link re-provisioned or engineered over different facilities. This roll-over, including the seamless roll-over to MFS when the customer is taking advantage of number retention, should occur within the same

ordering provision interval as Sprint provides for bundled local exchange service to end users and with minimal service interruption to those customers.

In addition, it has been MFS' experience that, in most cases, the tariffed rate of a private line service exceeds the tariffed rate of a bundled dial tone business or residence line. In fact, private lines or special access channels are typically priced at substantial premiums today. Local exchange carriers have set prices for these existing services at premium prices, on the basis that these services require additional performance parameters beyond what is necessary to provide POTS. As such, applying the tariffed rate of a private line or special access channel for unbundled loops will place MFS in a "price squeeze," in that it would be paying more for the unbundled loops than it would be allowed to recover through end user retail rates. Left to its own devices, a dominant incumbent local exchange carrier such as Sprint would not tariff the unbundled loop facility at the appropriate LRIC price. Instead, it would likely choose to continue to apply the premium rate to an entrant like MFS in order to raise an additional barrier to competition.

Q. WHY DOES MFS RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION ADOPT
ITS POSITION ON UNBUNDLED LOOPS?

A.

MFS believes that the approximate long-run incremental cost-based prices for unbundled loops is set forth in §9.6 and Exhibit 12 of the Interconnection Agreement. Generally, MFS believes that monthly recurring rates of \$8.00, \$11.00, and \$15.00 for unbundled loops in urban, suburban, and rural zones, respectively would be appropriate. Sprint refuses to offer MFS unbundled loops at the prices MFS proposes. Sprint proposes to charge MFS the tariffed intrastate special access rate for unbundled loops.

In the Unbundling Order, this Commission recently approved an interim unbundled loop rate for a 2 wire analog loop of \$15 a month for Sprint and ordered that Sprint file cost studies to determine the costs of providing those loops as well as a number of unbundled loops which the Commission ordered unbundled, but for which it had no cost studies. See Unbundling Order at 26.

The unbundled loop rates proposed by MFS in the Comprehensive Interconnection Agreement are reasonable rates. They are higher than the unbundled local loop rates that Ameritech voluntarily agreed to in the recent regional interconnection agreement between MFS and Ameritech, which is attached, but lower or equal to the interim local loop rate set by the Commission. The proposed rates also reflect the critical impact of density on loop costs. The

| 1  |    | Commission did not order zone density pricing in the Unbundling Order. MFS       |  |
|----|----|--|--|
| 2  |    | believes that Section 364.3381, Fiorida Statutes, and Section 252(d)(1) of the   |  |
| 3  |    | 1996 Act require such pricing. MFS has sought reconsideration of the             |  |
| 4  |    | Unbundling Order on this issue.  |  |
| 5  |    | C. STIPULATED DAMAGES CLAUSES  |  |
| 6  | Q. | WHY DOES MFS RECOM TEND THAT THE COMMISSION ADOPT                                |  |
| 7  |    | ITS POSITION ON STIPULATED DAMAGES?  |  |
| 8  | A. | Stipulated damages provide an efficient, effective mechanism for enforcing one   |  |
| 9  |    | of the most important provisions of the Interconnection Agreement. MFS           |  |
| 10 |    | proposes stipulated damages in § 23.0 of the Comprehensive Interconnection       |  |
| 11 |    | Agreement. Stipulated damages provide an unambiguous financial incentive for     |  |
| 12 |    | parties to comply with the terms and conditions of an interconnection agreement. |  |
| 13 | Q. | DID THE COMMISSION ADDRESS STIPULATED DAMAGES IN THE                             |  |
| 14 |    | INTERCONNECTION AND UNBUNDLING PROCEEDINGS?                                      |  |
| 15 | A. | Yes. The Commission ordered operational arrangements in those dockets that       |  |
| 16 |    | dealt with specific performance criteria. Other LECs have agreed to similar, if  |  |
| 17 |    | not identical, terms for performance. MFS proposes damages provisions to         |  |
| 18 |    | ensure compliance with the Commission's performance standards.                   |  |

| 1  |    | D. INFORMATION SERVICES TRAFFIC   |
|----|----|---|
| 2  | Q. | WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION ADOPT MFS' POSITION ON                                |
| 3  |    | INFORMATION SERVICES TRAFFIC?   |
| 4  | A. | MFS' position on Informatic 1 Services Traffic is set out in § 7.1 of the       |
| 5  |    | Interconnection Agreement. This Commission adopted similar arrangements in      |
| 6  |    | the Interconnection Order at 37-39, and ordered Sprint and ALECs to negotiate   |
| 7  |    | further. The Interconnection Agreement clarifies the arrangements the           |
| 8  |    | Commission ordered generally and which MFS requires. NYNEX, Ameritech           |
| 9  | 2  | and Pacific Bell have all agreed to identical arrangements with MFS. There is   |
| 10 |    | no reason why the same provisions should not be applied to Sprint.              |
| 11 | Q. | HOW DOES THE COMPREHENSIVE INTERCONNECTION                                      |
| 12 |    | AGREEMENT CLARIFY THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR                                |
| 13 |    | INFORMATION SERVICES TRAFFIC?   |
| 14 | A. | MFS will deliver information services traffic originated over its exchange      |
| 15 |    | services and the appropriate trunks to information services providers over      |
| 16 |    | Sprint's information services platform (e.g., 976) over the appropriate trunks. |
| 17 |    | Sprint should, at MFS' option, provide a direct real-time electronic feed or a  |
| 18 |    | daily or monthly magnetic tape in a mutually-specified format, listing the      |

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appropriate billing listing and effective daily rate for each information service by telephone number. To the extent MFS determines to provide a competitive information services platform, Sprint should cooperate with MFS to develop a LATA-wide NXX code(s) which MPS may use in conjunction with such a platform. Additionally, Sprint should route calls to such platform over the appropriate trunks, and MFS will provide billing listing/daily rate information on terms reciprocal to those specified above.

With respect to compensation issues, MFS will bill and collect from its end users the specific end user calling rates Sprint bills its own end users for such services. MFS will remit the full specified charges for such traffic each month to Sprint, less \$0.05 per minute, and less uncollectibles. In the event MFS provides an information service platform, Sprint should bill its end users and remit funds to MFS on terms reciprocal to those specified above.

- Q. WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IF THESE ARRANGEMENTS WERE NOT IMPLEMENTED?
- A. Realistically, MFS' proposal for rating and billing charges from information
  service providers is the only efficient, feasible mechanism for billing such traffic.

  Information service providers will enter into a contract with a local telephone

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1 company (e.g., either Sprint, MFS or some other local telephone company) for that company to rate and bill end-users for calls to that information service 2 3 provider. Under MFS' proposal, interconnected local telephone providers would 4 exchange information necessary for the telephone company that serves the 5 originating end-user to render a bill and collect for calls to the information 6 service provider (less certain agreed upon adjustments). 7 In the absence of MFS' proposal, several practical problems arise: 8 Customer confusion. Customers expect a bill from the local telephone 9 carrier they have selected. It will be confusing for customers who call information service providers to receive a bill from some other local 10 11 telephone company. 12 Access to Competitor's Customer Records and Information. In the 13 absence of MFS' proposal, in order to bill for information services used 14 by a competitor's customers, a local telephone company would have to 15 somehow gain access to the billing names and addresses of its 16 competitor's customers. Clearly, that would be undesirable in a

competitive environment.

Increased Transaction Costs for Information Providers. In the 2 absence of MFS' proposal, information service providers would have to enter into billing and collection contracts will all local telephone carriers serving customers who night use their information services. Negotiating billing and collection contracts with all local telephone carriers who might serve the targeted population would greatly increase the start-up 7 and transaction costs for information service providers. Discrimination. Information service providers presently served by 9 incumbent local telephone carriers are not required to enter into billing 10 and collection agreements with all local telephone carriers. For example, 11 if a caller living in Sprint's Apopka service territory calls an information 12 service provider served by Sprint in the Orlando area, the call is billed by 13 Sprint without requiring that the information service provider enter into 14 a separate billing and collection contract with Sprint. MFS' proposal is 15 simply that it be treated as other local telephone carriers are treated. 16 E. INFORMATION (CALL GUIDE) PAGES 17 WHY DOES MFS RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION ADOPT Q. ITS POSITION ON INFORMATION (CALL GUIDE) PAGES? 18

A.

The call guide pages of the telephone book provide consumers with basic information about the use of their telecommunications services. It contains information about repairs, billing and customer service. With the advent of local telephone competition, it should also contain this information for local telephone carriers. Allowing competitive local service providers to include their logos in the information pages is appropriate because the incumbent service provider will have a de facto monopoly on telephone directories (especially white pages) and will serve the great majority of customers for some time. Publishing and distributing a competitive telephone directory will not be economically justified for competitive local service providers until their customer base expands.

The market power inherent in control over telephone directories was recognized by Congress when it enacted the 1996 Act. The provision of white pages directory listings for customers of competing local carriers is one of the checklist items that Bell Operating Companies must comply with under the 1996 Act, § 271(c)(2)(B)(viii), in order to provide interLATA services. Including competitors' customer information in Sprint's telephone directories would have little meaning if customers were unaware of their choices because information about competitors was buried in the directory.

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1 Sprint is willing to include information about MFS' installation, repair, 2 customer service and other service oriented information, as it should. Sprint 3 refuses to include MFS' logo at no cost to accompany that information so MFS 4 customers can easily ide stify it. MFS' position is set out in § 19.5 of the 5 Comprehensive Interconnection Agreement. GTE, NYNEX, BellAtlantic and Ameritech all allow MFS to include its logo in the information pages of their 6 directories. I include samples of such pages as Exhibit 1 to this testimony. MFS 7 8 wants a similar arrangement. 9 V. NUMBER RESOURCES ARRANGEMENTS 10 Q. AS A CO-CARRIER, TO WHAT NUMBER RESOURCES IS MFS-FL 11 ENTITLED? As the Commission determined, as a co-carrier, MFS-FL is entitled to the same 12 A. 13 nondiscriminatory number resources as any Florida LEC. See Interconnection 14 Order at 46. While Sprint is not the Central Office Code Coordinator for Florida, 15 the Commission ordered Sprint to make nondiscriminatory NXX code 16 assignments to ALECs in its territory where it controls such codes. 17 Interconnection Order at 47.

TANDEM SUBTENDING AND MEET-POINT BILLING

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#### 1 Q. WHAT IS MEANT BY TANDEM SUBTENDING?

2 A. MFS-FL proposes that if Sprint operates an access tandem serving a LATA in which MFS-FL operates, it should be required, upon request, to provide tandem 3 4 switching service to any other carrier's tandem or end office switch serving 5 customers within that LATA, thereby allowing MFS-FL's switch to "subtend" the 6 tandem. This arrangement is necessary to permit IXCs to originate and terminate 7 interLATA calls on an ALEC's network without undue expense or inefficiency. 8 The Commission ordered such arrangements in the Interconnection Order at 27. Nothing in the 1996 Act requires or suggests any need for a change from the 10 Commission's prior decision. 11 Q. HOW SHOULD INTERCARRIER BILLING BE HANDLED WHEN 12 TANDEM SUBTENDING ARRANGEMENTS ARE USED? 13 Where tandem subtending arrangements exist, LECs divide the local transport A. revenues under a standard "meet-point billing" formula established by the 14 national standards group known as the Ordering and Billing Forum ("OBF") and 15 16 set forth in FCC and state tariffs. The same meet-point billing procedures should

apply where the tandem or end office subtending the tandem is operated by an

1 ALEC as in the case of an adjoining LEC. The Commission ordered these 2 arrangements in the Interconnection Order at 27-28. 3 Q. WHAT PROVISIONS SHOULD APPLY FOR THE EXCHANGE OF BILLING INFORMATION? 5 As the Commission determined, MFS-FL and Sprint should in a timely fashion A. exchange all information necessary to accurately, reliably and promptly bill third 6 parties for switched access services traffic jointly handled by MFS-FL and Sprint 7 8 via the meet-point arrangement. Information should be exchanged in Electronic 9 Message Record ("EMR") format, on magnetic tape or via a mutually acceptable 10 electronic file transfer protocol. See Interconnection Order at 28, 37-39. 11 Furthermore, MFS-FL and Sprint should employ the calendar month billing 12 period for meet-point billing, and should provide each other, at no charge, the 13 appropriate usage data (i.e., call detail records, interstate/intrastate/intraLATA 14 percent of use factors, carrier name and billing address, carrier identification 15 codes, serving wire center designation, etc., associated with such switched access 16 traffic). The Commission addressed these issues in the Interconnection Order at 17 39.

HOW SHOULD BILLING TO THIRD PARTIES BE ACCOMPLISHED?

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Q.

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1 A. Initially, billing to third parties for the switched access services jointly provided 2 by MFS-FL and Sprint via the meet-point billing arrangement should be 3 according to the single-bill/multiple tariff method. This method is a standard offering by RBOCs. See, e.g., NYNEX Tariff F.C.C. No. 1 Second Revised Page 4 5 2-45 § 2.4.7. Subsequently, billing to third parties for the switched access services jointly provided by MFS-FL and Sprint via the meet-point arrangement 6 7 shall be, at MFS-FL's preference, according to the single-bill/single tariff method, single-bill/multiple-tariff method, multiple-bill/single-tariff method, or multiple-8 9 bill/multiple-tariff method. Should MFS-FL prefer to change among these 10 billing methods, MFS-FL would be required to notify Sprint of such change in 11 writing, 90 days in advance of the date on which such change was to be 12 implemented. 13 Q. HOW WOULD SWITCHED ACCESS CHARGES TO THIRD PARTIES 14 BE CALCULATED? Switched access charges to third parties would be calculated utilizing the rates 15 A. specified in MFS-FL's and Sprint's respective federal and state access tariffs, in 16 17 conjunction with the appropriate meet-point billing factors specified for each

meet-point arrangement either in those tariffs or in the NECA No. 4 tariff. MFS-

FL shall be entitled to the balance of the switched access charge revenues associated with the jointly handled switched access traffic, less the amount of transport element charge revenues to which Sprint is entitled pursuant to the above-referenced tariff provisions. Significantly, this does not include the residual interconnection charge, which is to be remitted to the end office provider, which in this case would be MFS-FL.

Where MFS-FL specifies one of the single-bill methods, Sprint shall bill and collect from third parties, promptly remitting to MFS-FL the total collected switched access charge revenues associated with the jointly-handled switched access traffic, less only the amount of transport element charge revenues to which Sprint is otherwise entitled. This again is an issue this Commission considered, ordered, and addressed.

Meet-point billing will apply for all traffic bearing the 800, 888, or any other non-geographic NPA which may be likewise designated for such traffic in the future, where the responsible party is an IXC. In those situations where the responsible party for such traffic is a LEC, full switched access rates will apply.

#### H. SHARED NETWORK PLATFORM ARRANGEMENTS

| 1  | Q. | WHAT ARE THE "SHARED PLATFORM" ARRANGEMENTS TO |   |
|----|----|--|---|
| 2  |    | WHICH Y  | OU REFERRED EARLIER?  |
| 3  | A. | There are a                                    | number of systems in place today that support the local exchange    |
| 4  |    | network and                                    | provide customers with services that facilitate use of the network. |
| 5  |    | Some of the                                    | se service platforms must be shared by competing carriers in order  |
| 6  |    | to permit co                                   | ustomers to receive seamless service. These platforms include the   |
| 7  |    | following:                                     |   |
| 8  |    | а.   | Interconnection Between MFS-FL and Other Collocated                 |
| 9  |    |  | Entities;   |
| 10 |    | b.   | 911 and E-911 systems;  |
| 11 |    | c.   | Information Services Billing and Collection, which I have           |
| 12 |    |  | discussed;  |
| 13 |    | d.   | Directory Listings and Distribution;                                |
| 14 |    | c.   | Directory Assistance Service;                                       |
| 15 |    | f.   | Yellow Page Maintenance;  |
| 16 |    | g.   | Transfer of Service Announcements;                                  |
| 17 |    | h.   | Coordinated Repair Calls;   |
| 18 |    | i.   | Busy Line Verification and Interrupt;                               |

| 1  |    | j. Information Pages; and   |
|----|----|---|
| 2  |    | k. Operator Reference Database.   |
| 3  |    | These platforms were also addressed in this Commission's Interconnection Order.     |
| 4  | Q. | WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD BE ADOPTED FOR  |
| 5  |    | INTERCONNECTION BETWEEN MFS-FL AND OTHER  |
| 6  |    | COLLOCATED FACILITIES?  |
| 7  | ۸. | As the Commission determined, Sprint should enable MFS-FL to directly               |
| 8  |    | interconnect to any other entity which maintains a collocation facility at the same |
| 9  |    | Sprint wire center at which MFS-FL maintains a collocation facility, by effecting   |
| 10 |    | a cross-connection between those collocation facilities, as jointly directed by     |
| 11 |    | MFS-FL and the other entity. See Interconnection Order at 50.                       |
| 12 | Q. | WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD BE ADOPTED FOR THE PROVISION                                  |
| 13 |    | OF 911/E911 SERVICES?   |
| 14 | A. | MFS' proposal is set out in § 18.0 of the Interconnection Agreement. See            |
| 15 |    | Interconnection Order at 28-33.   |

## 1 Q. WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD BE ADOPTED FOR DIRECTORY

#### ASSISTANCE?

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A.

At MFS-FL's request, Sprint should: (1) provide to MFS-FL operators or to an MFS-FL-designated operator bureau on-line access to Sprint's directory assistance database, where such access is identical to the type of access Sprint's own directory assistance operators utilize in order to provide directory assistance services to Sprint end users; (2) provide to MFS-FL unbranded directory assistance service which is comparable in every way to the directory assistance service Sprint makes available to its own end users; (3) provide to MFS-FL directory assistance service under MFS-FL's brand which is comparable in every way to the directory assistance service Sprint makes available to its own end users; (4) allow MFS-FL or an MFS-FL-designated operator bureau to license Sprint's directory assistance database for use in providing competitive directory assistance services; and (5) in conjunction with (2) or (3), above, provide calleroptional directory assistance call completion service which is comparable in every way to the directory assistance call completion service Sprint makes available to its own end users. If call completion services were to be resold,

| 1  |    | Sprint should be required to provide calling detail in electronic format for MFS- |
|----|----|---|
| 2  |    | FL to rebill the calling services. See Interconnection Order at 34-35.            |
| 3  | Q. | WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD BE ADOPTED FOR YELLOW PAGE                                  |
| 4  |    | MAINTENANCE AND TRANSFER OF SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENTS?                                |
| 5  | A. | As the Commission recognized, Sprint should work cooperatively with MFS-FL        |
| 6  |    | to ensure that Yellow Page advertisements purchased by customers who switch       |
| 7  |    | their service to MFS-FL (including customers utilizing MFS-FL-assigned            |
| 8  |    | telephone numbers and MFS-FL customers utilizing co-carrier number                |
| 9  |    | forwarding) are maintained without interruption. Sprint should allow MFS-FL       |
| 10 |    | customers to purchase new yellow pages advertisements without discrimination,     |
| 11 |    | at non-discriminatory rates, terms and conditions. Sprint and MFS-FL should       |
| 12 |    | implement a commission program whereby MFS-FL may, at MFS-FL's                    |
| 13 |    | discretion, act as a sales, billing and collection agent for Yellow Pages         |
| 14 |    | advertisements purchased by MFS-FL's exchange service customers.                  |
| 15 |    | When an end user customer changes from Sprint to MFS-FL, or from                  |
| 16 |    | MFS-FL to Sprint, and does not retain its original telephone number, the party    |
| 7  |    | formerly providing service to the end user should provide a transfer of service   |
| 8  |    | announcement on the abandoned telephone number. This announcement will            |

A.

provide details on the new number to be dialed to reach this customer. These
arrangements should be provided reciprocally, free of charge to either the other
carrier or the end user customer. See Interconnection Order at 35-37.

# Q. WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD BE ADOPTED FOR COORDINATED REPAIR CALLS AND OPERATOR REFERENCE DATABASE?

With respect to misdirected repair calls, MFS-FL and Sprint should educate their respective customers as to the correct telephone numbers to call in order to access their respective repair bureaus. To the extent the correct provider can be determined, misdirected repair calls should be referred to the proper provider of local exchange service in a courteous manner, at no charge, and the end user should be provided the correct contact telephone number. Extraneous communications beyond the direct referral to the correct repair telephone number should be strictly prohibited. In addition, MFS-FL and Sprint should provide their respective repair contact numbers to one another on a reciprocal basis. Sprint should also be required to provide operator reference database ("ORDB") updates on a monthly basis at no charge in order to enable MFS-FL operators to respond in emergency situations. See Interconnection Order at 42-46.

### L LOCAL TELEPHONE PORTABILITY ARRANGEMENTS

| 1  | Q.    | IS MFS REQUESTING ANY INTERIM NUMBER PORTABILITY                                 |
|----|-------|--|
| 2  |       | OPERATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS DIFFERENT FROM WHAT THE                                 |
| 3  |       | COMMISSION ORDERED IN THE INTERCONNECTION  |
| 4  |       | PROCEEDING?  |
| 5  | A.    | Yes. See Interconnection Agreement, § 13.0. The different items are migration    |
| 6  |       | to permanent number portability, coordination of number portability with         |
| 7  |       | unbundled elements, and procedures for providing INP through NXX migration.      |
| 8  |       | All three provisions are consistent with the Commission's Order, however.        |
| 9  | Q.    | DOES MFS ASK FOR ANY OTHER INTERIM NUMBER  |
| 10 |       | PORTABILITY ARRANGEMENTS WHICH DIFFER FROM THE                                   |
| 11 | - 100 | COMMISSION'S INTERCONNECTION ORDER?  |
| 12 | A.    | Yes, MFS asks for cost recovery rates for number portability in § 13.5 of the    |
| 13 |       | Interconnection Agreement, consistent with the FCC's recent order concerning     |
| 14 |       | cost recovery for interim number portability. See First Report and Order and     |
| 15 |       | Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, CC Docket No. 95-116, ¶ 117-40            |
| 16 |       | (released July 2, 1996). All other compensation arrangements previously ordered  |
| 17 |       | by the Commission (i.e., compensation for ported calls) are consistent with MFS' |
| 18 |       | proposal.  |

| 1  | Q. | SHOULD MFS BE ALLOWED TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF                                     |
|----|----|--|
| 2  |    | INTERCONNECTION AND UNBUNDLING ARRANGEMENTS SPRINT                             |
| 3  |    | SUBSEQUENTLY MAKES WITH OTHER ALECS?   |
| 4  | A. | Absolutely. MFS' view is set out in § 24.0 of the Interconnection Agreement.   |
| 5  |    | MFS' proposal is consistent with Section 252(i), and other LECs have concurred |
| 6  |    | with this arrangement.   |
| 7  |    |  |
| 8  |    |  |
| 9  | Q. | DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?   |
| 10 | A. | Yes, it does.  |
| 11 |    |  |

164416.1

# How Do I Reach Other Local Phone Service Providers?



ATET

#### AIST

Installation/New Service-Residential Customers
Sustness 2-1 Timers

1-800-716-4288

1-800-222-0400

1-800-222-3000

## MFS Communications

Business Curromess

MFS Intelerest Componies

Local Sales Office

1-810-208-6200

Customer Sentce, Suling, and Repair MFS Telecant Companies

1-800-938-6374

Local Sales Office

1-810-208-6200

## TCG

#### TCC

Business Chatomers

Local Sales, Service, and Billing
Repair Service

1-810-204-0000

7-800-829-1011

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIEIT TTD-1 Page 2 of 3

## **Bell Atlantic Customer Gulde**

#### Other Telephone companies



iom TeleLogic Compretion in Number

**Customer Service** Sales Information

610-382-2000 BR-ETCS-NCC

(383-7622) XXX-959-5444 JUL 277, 4500

Pannylvenis TRS Text Talephone Voice

860-654-5984 000-654-5908



RECH Business Castomers Local Sales, Service, Billing & Repair

NICI Residential Customers Local Sales, Service, Billing & Repair 200-174-4400

MCI Strainers Customers Billing and Payment Information

800-174-6400

(4374)

090-574-5565

MCI Riseldontial Contempora You may pay your bill by sending your check and the remittance stub to:

MCI

P.O. Bax \$11199 Dallas, TX 75284-1199



MFB Intelenet Gampanies Local Sales Office Customer Service, Repair and Billing

Customer Billing Melling Address: MPS Intelenet, Inc. P.O. Box 6500-1 590 Philadelphia, PA 19176-1590

610-617-4000 800-958-MPS1 (6074) MITE Tinlenom Companies Local Bales Office

215-977-8500 Customer Service and Billing 800-938-MFS1 Repaid M6-MFS-CITY

(437-3489)

Customer Billing Mailing Address: MFS Talephone Dept. 82510 P.O. Box 7413

Chicago, IL 60680-7613

## Information Pages

O 1000 ALIESTONIA ALBORA ADDITIONA

## Telephone & Directory Services

| seichnone W E  | Pirochery Serv               |
|--|------------------------------|
| American Home Customers  | 74                           |
|  |                              |
| Sand Sales, Service, & Billing   | 200-244-4444                 |
| A quick past oney vay in electro printing  | 960-231-6454                 |
| Home Office Telegrap Control   |                              |
| Regid Code   |                              |
| Lead Selm, Service & Militag   | 800-060-3000                 |
| Markey to Law States 112   | 800-727-8273                 |
| Mariem to Large Strainers (12s-<br>local Edite, Marries, Miling & Rep.<br>Per Phase.   | 800-450-8688                 |
| Som, Service, Ming & Reputs  | 500-500-0270                 |
| American Miles & Repair American Services For The Services Gradient account of the Services For The Services | nd prime to cordina          |
| and applications, diel (fisher)  |                              |
| To reach Assertisch on your TIVO.  | 800-972-9002                 |
| MCÏ  |                              |
| MC Sustance Contempore   |                              |
| MCI Business Captessors<br>Loui Saint, Service, Mility & Repu<br>MCI Strainlessied Captessors<br>Loui Saint, Service, Mility & Repu  | 800-374-6400                 |
| Lives Sales, Service, Hilling & Rope   | b                            |
| 9MFS   |                              |
| MPS Intelenet Companies  |                              |
| MAS Intelement Companies Lead Sales Office Contenue Service, Repair and Sille parts Telescon Companies   | (312) 803-7700               |
| MPS Telecom Companies  |                              |
| ANTS Tulocom Companies<br>Local Seles Office.<br>Customer Service and Billing  | (800) 935-MFS                |
| Nepk   | (800) MPS CITY<br>(637-2409) |
| TCG  | (637-2409)                   |
| Lord Scient  |                              |
| 新女子名的中国人员的一个人的人工的企业。   | (887-8834)<br>112-768-9860   |
| Main/Administration  | 712-705-9800                 |

| Minutes Styling Counter region is possible for hearing impaired and/or agreed-impaired TDD phone customers to cell parameter before anywhere in Minute 24 hours a sec 7 days a week. All cells were enablemented and billed at age 7 days a week. All cells were enablemented and billed at age 7 days a week. To see the survice: |
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| ad/or epoch-impaired TDD phone customms to out comment   |
| Presistation without TDDs apprison in Himse 34 lunury a  |
| against telephone rotes. To son the services   |
| 890-834-0844<br>890-834-0847   |
| evied Cable Lecation   |
| teriod Cabio Location all being display to have say unlargeouse utilized. Felin Chicago call "Disper"  |
| Warie "Call /CLIS" 112-744-7000  |
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| show Pages and White Pages Directory Intermedian   |
| POSTBEM divertisor Services or information to the policy or white pages. And the policy or white pages. Additional Directories   |
| r information to educations in the values or white or white  |
| mie (10) am (20) p.m., biss. (b)   |
| simple local or expediency directories or to change the number of  |
| delitioned Directories  steps best or estations directories or to change the suppler of extension per repetit (form tray to a charge for reter books)  within Mark Land, Mar. Fig  |
| Outside Milesta  |
| Osenia Riverse (TBO enly)  |

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-2 PAGE 1 of 57



## INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 251 AND 252 OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

Dated as of May 17, 1996

by and between

AMERITECH INFORMATION INDUSTRY SERVICES, a division of Ameritech Services, Inc. on behalf of Ameritech Illinois

and

MFS INTELENET OF ILLINOIS, INC.

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## INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 251 AND 252 OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

This Interconnection Agreement under Sections 251 and 252 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("Agreement"), is effective as of the 17th day of May, 1996 (the "Effective Date"), by and between Ameritech Information Industry Services, a division of Ameritech Services, Inc., a Delaware Corporation with offices at 350 N. Orleans, Third Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60654, on behalf of Ameritech Illinois ("Ameritech") and MFS Intelenet of Illinois, Inc., ("MFS") a Delaware corporation with offices at 1 Tower Lane, 27th Floor, Oakbrook Terrace, Illinois 60181.

WHEREAS, the Parties want to interconnect their networks at mutually agreed upon points of interconnection to provide Telephon: Exchange Services (as defined below) and Exchange Access (as defined below) to their respective Customers.

WHEREAS, the Parties are entering into this Agreement to set forth the respective obligations of the Parties and the terms and conditions under which the Parties will interconnect their networks and provide other services as required by the Act (as defined below) and additional services as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MFS and Ameritech hereby agree as follows:

#### 1.0 DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified below in this Section 1.0. For convenience of reference only, the definitions of certain terms that are As Defined in the Act (as defined below) are set forth on Schedule 1.0. Schedule 1.0 sets forth the definitions of such terms as of the date specified on such Schedule and neither Schedule 1.0 nor any revision, amendment or supplement thereof intended to reflect any revised or subsequent interpretation of any term that is set forth in the Act is intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

- 1.1 "Act" means the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(R)), as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or a Commission within its state of jurisdiction.
- 1.2 "ADSL" or "Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line" means a transmission technology which transmits an asymmetrical digital signal using one of a variety of line codes.
  - 1.3 "Affiliate" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.4 "Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing" means the Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing dated as of March 13, 1996 by and between the Parties.

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- 1.5 "As Defined in the Act" means as specifically defined by the Act and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or the Commission.
- 1.6 "As Described in the Act" means as described in or required by the Act and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or the Commission.
- 1.7 "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" means a Feature Group D signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through a network identifying the billing number of the calling party.
- 1.8 "BLV/BLVI Traffic" means an operator service call in which the caller inquires as to the busy status of or requests an interruptio 1 of a call on another Customer's Telephone Exchange Service line.
- 1.9 "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is a Common Channel Interoffice Signaling ("CCIS") parameter which refers to the number transmitted through a network identifying the calling party.
- 1.10 "Central Office Switch" means a switch used to provide Telecommunications Services, including, but not limited to:
  - (a) "End Office Switches" which are used to terminate Customer station Loops for the purpose of interconnection to each other and to trunks; and
  - (b) "Tandem Office Switches" which are used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among other Central Office Switches.

A Central Office Switch may also be employed as a combination End Office/Tandem Office Switch.

- 1.11 "CCS" means one hundred (100) call seconds.
- 1.12 "CLASS Features" means certain CCIS-based features available to Customers including, but not limited to: Automatic Call Back; Call Trace; Caller Identification and related blocking features; Distinctive Ringing/Call Waiting; Selective Call Forward; and Selective Call Rejection.
- 1.13 "Collocation" means an arrangement whereby one Party's (the "Collocating Party") facilities are terminated in its equipment necessary for Interconnection or for access to Network Elements on an unbundled basis which has been installed and maintained at the premises of a second Party (the "Housing Party"). For purposes of Collocation, the "premises" of a Housing Party is limited to occupied structure or portion thereof in which such Housing Party has the exclusive right of occupancy. Collocation may be "physical" or "virtual". In "Physical Collocation," the Collocating Party installs and maintains its own equipment in the

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Housing Party's premises. In "Virtual Collocation," the Housing Party installs and maintains the Collocating Party's equipment in the Housing Party's premises.

- 1.14 "Commission" or "ICC" means the Illinois Commerce Commission.
- 1.15 "Common Channel Interoffice Signaling" or "CCIS" means the signaling system, developed for use between switching systems with stored-program control, in which all of the signaling information for one or more groups of trunks is transmitted over \a dedicated high-speed data link rather than on a per-trunk basis and, unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the CCIS used by the Parties shall be SS7.
- 1.16 "Cross Connection" means a connection provided pursuant to Collocation at the Digital Signal Cross Connect, Main Distribution Frame or other suitable frame or panel between (i) the Collocating Party's equipment and (ii) the equipment or facilities of the Housing Party.
- 1.17 "Customer" means a third-party residence or business that subscribes to Telecommunications Services provided by either of the Parties.
- 1.18 "Dialing Parity" is As Defined in the Act. As used in this Agreement, Dialing Parity refers to both Local Dialing Parity and Toll Dialing Parity. "Local Dialing Parity" means the ability of Telephone Exchange Service Customers of one LEC to place local calls to Telephone Exchange Service Customers of another LEC, without the use of any access code and with no unreasonable dialing delay. "Toll Dialing Parity" means the ability of Telephone Exchange Service Customers of a LEC to have their toll calls (inter or intraLata) routed to a toll carrier (intraLATA or interLATA) of their selection without dialing access codes or additional digits and with no unreasonable dialing delay.
- 1.19 "Digital Signal Level" means one of several transmission rates in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.20 "Digital Signal Level 0" or "DS0" means the 64 Kbps zero-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.21 "Digital Signal Level 1" or "DS1" means the 1.544 Mbps first-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy. In the time-division multiplexing hierarchy of the telephone network, DS1 is the initial level of multiplexing.
- 1.22 "Digital Signal Level 3" or "DS3" means the 44.736 Mbps third-level in the time-division multiplex hierarchy. In the time-division multiplexing hierarchy of the telephone network, DS3 is defined as the third level of multiplexing.
- 1.23 "Exchange Message Record" or "EMR" means the standard used for exchange of Telecommunications message information among Telecommunications providers for billable, non-billable, sample, settlement and study data. EMR format is contained in Bellcore Practice BR-010-200-010 CRIS Exchange Message Record.

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- 1.24 "Exchange Access" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.25 "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission.
- 1.26 "Fiber-Meet" means an Interconnection architecture method whereby the Parties physically Interconnect their networks via an optical fiber interface (as opposed to an electrical interface) at a mutually agreed upon location.
- 1.27 "HDSL" or "High-Bit Rate Digital Subscriber Line" means a transmission technology which transmits up to a DS1-level signal, using any one of the following line codes: 2 Binary / 1 Quartenary ("2B1Q"), Carrierless AM/PM, Discrete Multitone ("DMT"), or 3 Binary / 1 Octel ("3B1O").
- 1.28 "Information Service Truffic" means Local Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic which originates on a Telephone Exchange Service line and which is addressed to an information service provided over a Party's information services platform (e.g., 976).
- 1.29 "Integrated Digital Loop Carrier" means a subscriber loop carrier system which integrates within the switch at a DS1 level that is twenty-four (24) local Loop transmission paths combined into a 1.544 Mbps digital signal.
- 1.30 "Interconnection" is As Described in the Act and refers to the connection of separate pieces of equipment, facilities, or platforms between or within networks for the purpose of transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic.
- 1.31 "Interexchange Carrier" or "IXC" means a carrier that provides, directly or indirectly, interLATA or intraLATA Telephone Toll Services.
- 1.32 "Interim Telecommunications Number Portability" or "INP" is As Described in the Act.
  - 1.33 "InterLATA" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.34 "Integrated Services Digital Network" or "ISDN" means a switched network service that provides end-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data. Basic Rate Interface-ISDN (BRI-ISDN) provides for a digital transmission of two 64 kbps bearer channels and one 16 kbps data channel (2B+D).
- 1.35 "IntraLATA Toll Traffic" means those intraLATA station calls that are not defined as Local Traffic in this Agreement.
  - 1.36 "Local Access and Transport Area" or "LATA" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.37 "Local Traffic" means a call which is fifteen (15) miles or less as calculated by using the V&H coordinates of the originating NXX and the V&H coordinates of the terminating NXX, or as otherwise determined by the FCC or Commission for purposes of Reciprocal

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Compensation; provided, that in no event shall a Local Traffic call be less than fifteen (15) miles as so calculated.

- 1.38 "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.39 "Local Loop Transmission" or "Loop" means the entire transmission path which extends from the network interface or demarcation point at a Customer's premises to the Main Distribution Frame or other designated frame or panel in a Party's Wire Center which serves the Customer. Loops are defined by the electrical interface rather than the type of facility used.
- 1.40 "Losses" means any and all losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, and criminal or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys' fees).
- 1.41 "Main Distribution Frame" or "MDF" means the distribution frame of the Party providing the Loop used to interconnect cable pairs and line and trunk equipment terminals on a switching system.
- 1.42 "Meet-Point Billing" means the process whereby each Party bills the appropriate tariffed rate for its portion of a jointly provided Switched Exchange Access Service as agreed to in the Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing.
  - 1.43 "Network Element" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.44 "Network Element Bona Fide Request" means the process described on Exhibit A that prescribes the terms and conditions relating to a Party's request that the other Party provide a Network Element not otherwise provided by the terms of this Agreement.
- 1.45 "North American Numbering Plan" or "NANP" means the numbering plan used in the United States that also serves Canada, Bermuda, Puerto Rico and certain Caribbean Islands. The NANP format is a 10-digit number that consists of a 3-digit NPA code (commonly referred to as the area code), followed by a 3-digit NXX code and 4-digit line number.
  - 1.46 "Number Portability" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.47 "NXX" means the three-digit code which appears as the first three digits of a seven digit telephone number.
- 1.48 "Party" means either Ameritech or MFS, and "Parties" means Ameritech and MFS.
- 1.49 "Port" means a termination on a Central Office Switch that permits Customers to send or receive Telecommunications over the public switched network, but does not include switch features or switching functionality.

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- 1.50 "Rate Center" means the specific geographic point which has been designated by a given LEC as being associated with a particular NPA-NXX code which has been assigned to the LEC for its provision of Telephone Exchange Service. The Rate Center is the finite geographic point identified by a specific V&H coordinate, which is used by that LEC to measure, for billing purposes, distance sensitive transmission services associated with the specific Rate Center. Rate Centers will be identical for each Party until such time as MFS is permitted by an appropriate regulatory body to create its own Rate Centers within an area.
- 1.51 "Reciprocal Compensation" is As Described in the Act, and refers to the payment arrangements that recover costs incurred for the transport and termination of Telecommunications originating on one Party's network and terminating on the other Party's network.
- as the homing (routing) point for inbound traffic to one or more of its NPA-NXX codes. The Routing Point is also used to calculate mileage measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Exchange Access Services. Pursuant to Bell Communications Research, Inc. ("Bellcore") Practice BR 795-100-100 (the "Bellcore Practice"), the Routing Point (referred to as the "Rating Point" in such Bellcore Practice) may be an End Office Switch location, or a "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection." Pursuant to such Bellcore Practice, each "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection" shall be designated by a common language location identifier (CLLI) code with (x)KD in positions 9, 10, 11, where (x) may be any alphanumeric A-Z or 0-9. The Routing Point must be located within the LATA in which the corresponding NPA-NXX is located. However, Routing Points associated with each NPA-NXX need not be the same as the corresponding Rate Center, nor must there be a unique and separate Routing Point corresponding to each unique and separate Rate Center; provided only that the Routing Point associated with a given NPA-NXX must be located in the same LATA as the Rate Center associated with the NPA-NXX.
- 1.53 "Service Control Point" or "SCP" means a Signaling End Point that acts as a database to provide information to another signaling end point (<u>i.e.</u>, Service Switching Point or another SCP) for processing or routing certain types of network calls. A query/response mechanism is typically used in communicating with an SCP.
- 1.54 "Signaling End Point" or "SEP" means a signaling point, other than an STP, which serves as a source or a repository for CCIS messages.
- 1.55 "Signaling Transfer Point" or "STP" means a signaling point that performs message routing functions and provides information for the routing of messages between SEPs. An STP transmits, receives and processes CCIS messages.
- 1.56 "Switched Exchange Access Service" means the offering of transmission or switching services to Telecommunications Carriers for the purpose of the origination or termination of Telephone Toll Service. Switched Exchange Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, 800/888 access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Exchange Access service:

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- 1.57 "Synchronous Optical Network" or "SONET" means an optical interface standard that allows inter-networking of transmission products from multiple vendors. The base rate is 51.84 Mbps (OC-1/STS-1) and higher rates are direct multiples of the base rate, up to 13.22 Gpbs.
  - 1.58 "Technically Feasible Point" is As Described in the Act.
  - 1.59 "Telecommunications" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.60 "Telecommunications Act" means the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - 1.61 "Telecommunications Carrier" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.62 "Telecommunications Service" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.63 "Telephone Exchange Service" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.64 "Telephone Toll Service" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.65 "Wire Center" means an occupied structure or portion thereof in which a Party has the exclusive right of occupancy and which serves as a Routing Point for Switched Exchange Access Service.

# 2.0 INTERPRETATION AND CONSTRUCTION.

All references to Sections, Exhibits and Schedules shall be deemed to be references to Sections of, and Exhibits and Schedules to, this Agreement unless the context shall otherwise require. The headings of the Sections and the terms defined in Schedule 1.0 are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement. Unless the context shall otherwise require, any reference to any agreement, other instrument (including Ameritech or other third party offerings, guides or practices), statute, regulation, rule or tariff is to such agreement, instrument, statute, regulation, rule or tariff, to any successor provision).

# 3.0 IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE AND INTERCONNECTION ACTIVATION DATES.

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment pursuant to Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic shall be established on or before the corresponding "Interconnection Activation Date" shown for each such LATA on Schedule 3.0. Schedule 3.0 may be revised and supplemented from time to time upon the mutual agreement of the Parties to reflect the Interconnection of additional LATAs pursuant to Section 4.5 by attaching one or more supplementary schedules to such schedule.

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# 4.0 INTERCONNECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2).

# 4.1 Scope

Section 4.0 describes the physical architecture for Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic pursuant to Section 251(c)(2) of the Act. Sections 5.0 and 6.0 prescribe the specific logical trunk groups (and traffic routing parameters) which will be configured over the physical connections described in this Section 4.0 related to the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic, respectively. Other trunk groups, as described in this Agreement, may be configured using this architecture.

# 4.2 Physical Architecture

In each LATA identified on Schedule 3.0, MFS and Ameritech shall jointly engineer and operate a single Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall Interconnect their networks for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic pursuant to Section 251(c)(2) of the Act. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, this SONET transmission system shall be configured as illustrated in Exhibit B, and engineered, installed, and maintained as described in this Section 4.0 and in the Joint Grooming Plan (as defined in Section 8.1).

- 4.2.1 The Parties shall jointly determine and agree upon the specific Optical Line Terminating Multiplexor ("OLTM") equipment to be utilized at each end of the SONET transmission system. If the Parties cannot agree on the OLTM, the following decision criteria shall apply to the selection of the OLTM:
  - (a) First, the type of OLTM equipment utilized by both Parties within the LATA. Where more than one type of OLTM equipment is used in common by the Parties within the LATA, the Parties shall choose from among the common types of OLTM equipment according to the method described in subsection (c) below;
  - (b) Second, the type of OLTM equipment utilized by both Parties anywhere outside the LATA. Where more than one type of OLTM equipment is used in common by the Parties outside the LATA, the Parties shall choose from among the common types of OLTM equipment according to the method described in subsection (c) below; and
  - (c) Third, the Party first selecting the OLTM equipment shall be determined by lot and the choice to select such OLTM equipment shall thereafter alternate between the Parties.
- 4.2.2 Ameritech shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon OLTM equipment in the Ameritech Interconnection Wire Center ("AIWC")

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identified for each LATA set forth on Schedule 3.0, in capacity sufficient to provision and maintain all logical trunk groups prescribed by Sections 5.0 and 6.0.

- 4.2.3 MFS shall, wholly at its own expense, procure, install and maintain the agreed upon OLTM equipment in the MFS Interconnection Wire Center ("MIWC") identified for that LATA in Schedule 3.0, in capacity sufficient to provision and maintain all logical trunk groups prescribed by Sections 5.0 and 6.0.
- 4.2.4 Ameritech shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry-way immediately outside the AIWC as a Fiber-Meet entry point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable MFS to deliver, fiber optic facilities into that manhole with sufficient spare length to reach the OLTM equipment in the AIWC. MFS shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense.
- 4.2.5 MFS shall designate a manhole or other suitable entry-way immediately outside the MIWC as a Fiber-Meet entry point, and shall make all necessary preparations to receive, and to allow and enable Ameritech to deliver, fiber optic facilities into that manhole with sufficient spare length to reach the OLTM equipment in the MIWC. Ameritech shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense.
- 4.2.6 MFS shall pull the fiber optic strands from the MFS-designated manhole/entry-way into the MIWC and through appropriate internal conduits MFS utilizes for fiber optic facilities and shall connect the Ameritech strands to the OLTM equipment MFS has installed in the MIWC.
- 4.2.7 Ameritech shall pull the fiber optic strands from the Ameritech-designated manhole/entry-way into the AIWC and through appropriate internal conduits Ameritech utilizes for fiber optic facilities and shall connect the MFS strands to the OLTM equipment Ameritech has installed in the AIWC.
- 4.2.8 Each Party shall use its best efforts to ensure that fiber received from the other Party will enter the Party's Wire Center through a point separate from that which the Party's own fiber exited.
- 4.2.9 The Parties shall jointly coordinate and undertake maintenance of the SONET transmission system. Each Party shall be responsible for maintaining the components of the SONET transmission system as illustrated on Exhibit B.

# 4.3 Interim Alternative Physical Architecture

4.3.1 Either Party may unilaterally elect, by providing notice to the other Party not less than seventy-five (75) days in advance of an applicable Interconnection Activation Date, to interconnect on or before such Interconnection Activation Date via an electrical DS3 (or multiples thereof) interface instead of the SONET transmission system for an interim period (the "Interim Period") not to exceed one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the Interconnection Activation Date.

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- 4.3.2 The Party which did not elect such alternative architecture shall have the option of specifying that such alternative architecture shall occur over a Collocation at either Party's premises in accordance with Section 12.0 or any other arrangement to which the Parties may agree.
- 4.3.3 During any Interim Period, specific logical trunk groups (and traffic routing parameters) will be configured over the alternate physical architecture for transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and for transmission and routing of Exchange Access traffic pursuant to Section 5.0 and Section 6.0, respectively.
- 4.3.4 During any Interim Period, neither Party shall charge the other Party for Collocation Cross Connection for trunk groups delivered via Collocation.
- 4.3.5 Unless otherwise matually agreed, the Parties shall transition to a SONET transmission system for the applicable LATA pursuant to Section 4.2 no later than the last day of the Interim Period.

# 4.4 Technical Specifications

- 4.4.1 MFS and Ameritech shall work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network. MFS and Ameritech shall exchange appropriate information (e.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the Government and such other information as the Parties shall mutually agree) to achieve this desired reliability.
- 4.4.2 MFS and Ameritech shall work cooperatively to apply sound network management principles by invoking network management controls to alleviate or to prevent congestion.
- 4.4.3 The following list of publications describe the practices, procedures, specifications and interfaces generally utilized by Ameritech and are listed herein to assist the Parties in meeting their respective Interconnection responsibilities related to Electrical/Optical Interfaces:
  - (a) Bellcore Technical Publication TR-INS-000342; High Capacity Digital Special Access Service, Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combinations; and
  - (b) Ameritech Technical Publication AM-TR-TMO-000072; Service Description and Interface Requirements for Ameritech's Optical Service.

## 4.5 Interconnection in Additional LATAs

4.5.1 If MFS determines to offer Telephone Exchange Services in any other LATA in which Ameritech also offers Telephone Exchange Services, MFS shall provide written

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notice to Ameritech of the need to establish Interconnection in such LATA pursuant to this Agreement.

- 4.5.2 The notice provided in Section 4.5.1 shall include (i) the initial Routing Point MFS has designated in the new LATA; (ii) MFS' requested Interconnection Activation Date; and (iii) a non-binding forecast of MFS' trunking requirements.
- 4.5.3 Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the Parties shall designate the Wire Center MFS has identified as its initial Routing Point in the LATA as the MIWC in that LATA and shall designate the Ameritech Tandem Office Wire Center within the LATA nearest to the MIWC (as measured in airline miles utilizing the V&H coordinates method) as the AIWC in that LATA.
- 4.5.4 Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the Interconnection Activation Date in each new LATA shall be the earlier of (i) the date mutually agreed by the Parties and (ii) the date that is one-hundred and fifty (150) days after the date on which MFS delivered notice to Ameritech pursuant to Section 4.5.1. Within ten (10) business days of Ameritech's receipt of MFS' notice, Ameritech and MFS shall confirm the AIWC, the MIWC and the Interconnection Activation Date for the new LATA by attaching a supplementary schedule to Schedule 3.0.

# 5.0 TRANSMISSION AND ROUTING OF TELEPHONE EXCHANGE SERVICE TRAFFIC PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2)

# 5.1 Scope of Traffic

Section 5.0 prescribes parameters for trunk groups (the "Local/IntraLATA Trunks") to be effected over the Interconnections specified in Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Local Traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic between the Parties' respective Telephone Exchange Service Customers and where such traffic is not presubscribed for carriage by a third party carrier.

# 5.2 Switching System Hierarchy

- 5.2.1 For purposes of this Section 5.0, each of the following Central Office Switches shall be designated as a "Primary Switch":
  - (a) Each Access Tandem Ameritech operates in the LATA;
  - (b) The initial switch MFS employs to provide Telephone Exchange Service in the LATA;
  - (c) Any Access Tandem MFS may establish for provision of Exchange Access in the LATA; and
  - (d) Any additional switch MFS may subsequently employ to provide Telephone Exchange Service in the LATA which MFS may at its sole

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5.7.2 Measurement of billing minutes shall be in actual conversation seconds.

# 5.8 Reciprocal Compensation Arrangements -- Section 251(b)(5).

- 5.8.1 Reciprocal Compensation applies for transport and termination of Local Traffic billable by Ameritech or MFS which a Telephone Exchange Service Customer originates on Ameritech's or MFS' network for termination on the other Party's network.
- 5.8.2 The Parties shall compensate each other for transport and termination of Local Traffic at the rates provided in the Pricing Schedule.
- 5.8.3 The Reciprocal Compensation arrangements set forth in this Agreement are not applicable to Switched Exchang: Access Service. All Switched Exchange Access Service and all IntraLATA Toll Traffic shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of the applicable federal and state tariffs.
- 5.8.4 Each Party shall charge the other Party its effective tariffed intraLATA FGD switched access rates for the transport and termination of all IntraLATA Toll Traffic.
- 5.8.5 Compensation for transport and termination of all traffic which has been subject to performance of INP by one Party for the other Party pursuant to Section 13.0 shall be as specified in Section 13.5.

# 6.0 TRANSMISSION AND ROUTING OF EXCHANGE ACCESS TRAFFIC PURSUANT TO 251(c)(2).

# 6.1 Scope of Traffic

Section 6.0 prescribes parameters for certain trunk groups ("Access Toll Connecting Trunks") to be established over the Interconnections specified in Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Exchange Access traffic between MFS Telephone Exchange Service Customers and Interexchange Carriers.

# 6.2 Trunk Group Architecture and Traffic Routing

- 6.2.1 The Parties shall jointly establish Access Toll Connecting Trunks by which they will jointly provide tandem-transported Switched Exchange Access Services to Interexchange Carriers to enable such Interexchange Carriers to originate and terminate traffic from/to MFS' Customers.
- 6.2.2 Access Toll Connecting Trunks shall be used solely for the transmission and routing of Exchange Access to allow MFS' Customers to connect to or be connected to the interexchange trunks of any Interexchange Carrier which is connected to an Ameritech Access Tandem.

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option designate as a Primary Switch; provided that the total number of MFS Primary Switches for a LATA may not exceed the total number of Ameritech's Primary Switches for that LATA. To the extent MFS chooses to designate any additional switch as a Primary Switch, it shall provide notice to Ameritech of such designation at least ninety (90) days in advance of the date on which MFS activates such switch as a Primary Switch.

- 5.2.2 Each Central Office Switch operated by the Parties which is not designated as a Primary Switch pursuant to Section 5.2.1 shall be designated as a "Secondary Switch".
- 5.2.3 For purposes of MFS routing traffic to Ameritech, sub-tending arrangements between Ameritech Primary Switches and Ameritech Secondary Switches shall be the same as the Access Tandem/End Offic: sub-tending arrangements which Ameritech maintains for those switches. For purposes of Ameritech routing traffic to MFS, subtending arrangements between MFS Primary Switches and MFS Secondary Switches shall be the same as the Access Tandem/End Office sub-tending arrangements which MFS maintains for those switches.

# 5.3 Trunk Group Architecture and Traffic Routing

The Parties shall jointly engineer and configure Local/IntraLATA Trunks over the physical Interconnection arrangements as follows:

- 5.3.1 The Parties shall initially configure a separate two-way trunk group as a direct transmission path between each MFS Primary Switch and each Ameritech Primary Switch.
- 5.3.2 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 5.0, if the two-way traffic volumes between any two Central Office Switches (whether Primary-Primary. Primary-Secondary or Secondary-Secondary) at any time exceeds the CCS busy hour equivalent of one DS1, the Parties shall within sixty (60) days after such occurrence add trunks or establish new direct trunk groups consistent with the grades of service and quality parameters set forth in the Joint Grooming Plan; provided, however, nothing in this Section 5.3 shall require a Party to establish new direct trunk groups on or before the date which is one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the applicable Interconnection Activation Date; provided, however, that if such traffic volume is exceeded within such one-hundred and twenty (120) day period, such Party shall establish new direct trunk groups on the date which is the later of (i) sixty (60) days after such occurrence or (ii) one-hundred and twenty-one (121) days after the Interconnection Activation Date.

# 5.4 Interim Use of 1-Way Trunks

Either Party may unilaterally elect, by providing notice to the other Party not less than seventy-five (75) days in advance of an applicable Interconnection Activation Date, to employ 1-way trunk groups for an interim period (the "1-Way Trunk Period") not to exceed one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the Interconnection Activation Date; provided that the Parties shall

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transition all 1-way trunks established under this Section 5.4 to 2-way trunks on or before the last day of such 1-Way Trunk Period.

# 5.5 Signaling

- 5.5.1 Where available, CCIS signaling shall be used by the Parties to set up calls between the Parties' Telephone Exchange Service networks. If CCIS signaling is unavailable, MF (Multi-Frequency) signaling shall be used by the Parties. Each Party shall charge the other Party equal and reciprocal rates for CCIS signaling in accordance with applicable tariffs. During the term of this Agreement neither Party shall charge the other Party additional usage-sensitive rates for SS7 queries made for Local Traffic.
- 5.5.2 The following list of publications describe the practices, procedures and specifications generally utilized by Ameritech for signaling purposes and are listed herein to assist the Parties in meeting their respective Interconnection responsibilities related to Signaling:
  - (a) Bellcore Special Report SR-TSV-002275, BOC Notes on the LEC Networks - Signaling.
  - (b) Ameritech Supplement AM-TR-OAT-000069, Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specifications.
- 5.5.3 The Parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate interoperability of CCIS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each Party offers such features and functions to its Customers. All CCIS signaling parameters will be provided including, without limitation, calling party number (CPN), originating line information (OLI), calling party category and charge number.
- 5.5.4 Where available and upon the request of the other Party, each Party shall cooperate to ensure that its trunk groups are configured utilizing the B8ZS ESF protocol for 64 kbps clear channel transmission to allow for ISDN interoperability between the Parties' respective networks.

#### 5.6 Grades of Service

The Parties shall initially engineer and shall jointly monitor and enhance all trunk groups consistent with the Joint Grooming Plan.

# 5.7 Measurement and Billing

5.7.1 For billing purposes, each Party shall pass Calling Party Number (CPN) information on each call carried over the Local/IntraLATA Trunks; provided that so long as the percentage of calls passed with CPN is greater than ninety percent (90%), all calls exchanged without CPN information shall be billed as either Local Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic in direct proportion to the minutes of use of calls exchanged with CPN information.

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- 6.2.3 The Access Toll Connecting Trunks shall be two-way trunks connecting an End Office Switch MFS utilizes to provide Telephone Exchange Service and Switched Exchange Access in a given LATA to an Access Tandem Switch Ameritech utilizes to provide Exchange Access in such LATA.
- 6.2.4 The Parties shall jointly determine which Ameritech access Tandem(s) will be sub-tended by each MFS End Office Switch. Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties, Ameritech shall allow each MFS End Office Switch to subtend the access Tandem nearest to the Routing Point associated with the NXX codes assigned to that End Office Switch and shall not require that a single MFS End Office Switch subtend multiple access Tandems, even in those cases where such End Office Switch serves multiple Rate Centers.

## 6.3 Meet-Point Billing Arrangements

Meet-Point Billing arrangements between the Parties for jointly-provided Switched Exchange Access Services on Access Toll Connecting Trunks will be governed by the terms and conditions of the Agreement For Switched Access Meet Point Billing and shall be billed at each Party's applicable switched access rates.

#### 7.0 TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION OF OTHER TYPES OF TRAFFIC

#### 7.1 Information Services Traffic

- 7.1.1 Each Party shall route Information Service Traffic which originates on its own network to the appropriate information services platform(s) connected to the other Party's network over the Local/IntraLATA Trunks.
- 7.1.2 The Party ("Originating Party") on whose network the Information Services Traffic originated shall provide an electronic file transfer or monthly magnetic tape containing recorded call detail information to the Party ("Terminating Party") to whose information platform the Information Services Traffic terminated.
- 7.1.3 The Terminating Party shall provide to the Originating Party via electronic file transfer or magnetic tape all necessary information to rate the Information Services Traffic to the Originating Party's Customers pursuant to the Terminating Party's agreements with each information provider.
- 7.1.4 The Originating Party shall bill and collect such information provider charges and remit the amounts collected to the Terminating Party less:
  - (a) The Information Services Billing and Collection fee set forth on the Pricing Schedule; and
  - (b) An uncollectibles reserve calculated based on the uncollectibles reserve in the Terminating Party's billing and

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collection agreement with the applicable information provider; and

(c) Customer adjustments provided by the Originating Party.

The Originating Party shall provide to the Terminating Party sufficient information regarding uncollectibles and Customer adjustments. The Terminating Party shall pass through the adjustments to the information provider. However, if the information provider disputes such adjustments and refuses to accept such adjustments, the Originating Party shall reimburse the Terminating Party for all such disputed adjustments. Final resolution regarding all disputed adjustments shall be solely between the Originating Party and the information provider.

7.1.5 Nothing in this Agreement shall restrict either Party from offering to its Exchange Service Customers the ability to block the completion of Information Service Traffic.

## 7.2 BLV/BLVI Traffic

- 7.2.1 Busy Line Verification ("BLV") is performed when one Party's Customer requests assistance from the operator bureau to determine if the called line is in use, however, the operator bureau will not complete the call for the Customer initiating the BLV inquiry. Only one BLV attempt will be made per Customer operator bureau call, and a charge shall apply whether or not the called party releases the line.
- 7.2.2 Busy Line Verification Interrupt ("BLVI") is performed when one Party's operator bureau interrupts a telephone call in progress after BLV has occurred. The operator bureau will interrupt the busy line and inform the called party that there is a call waiting. The operator bureau will only interrupt the call and will not complete the telephone call of the Customer initiating the BLVI request. The operator bureau will make only one BLVI attempt per Customer operator telephone call and the applicable charge applies whether or not the called party releases the line.
- 7.2.3 Each Party's operator bureau shall accept BLV and BLVI inquiries from the operator bureau of the other Party in order to allow transparent provision of BLV/BLVI Traffic between the Parties' networks.
- 7.2.4 Each Party shall route BLV/BLVI Traffic inquiries over separate direct trunks (and not the Local/IntraLATA Trunks) established between the Parties' respective operator bureaus. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the Parties shall configure BLV/BLVI trunks over the Interconnection architecture defined in Section 4.0, consistent with the Joint Grooming Plan. Each Party shall compensate the other Party for BLV/BLVI Traffic as set forth on the Pricing Schedule.

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## 7.3 Transit Service

- 7.3.1 Although Ameritech believes it is not required to provide Transit Service under the Act, Ameritech agrees that it shall provide Transit Service to MFS on the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 7.3.
- 7.3.2 "Transit Service" means the delivery of certain traffic between MFS and a third party LEC by Ameritech over the Locai/IntraLATA Trunks. The following traffic types will be delivered: (i) Local Traffic originated from MFS to such third party LEC and (ii) IntraLATA Toll Traffic originated from such third party LEC and terminated to MFS where Ameritech carries such traffic pursuant to the Commission's primary toll carrier plan or other similar plan.
- 7.3.3 Subject to Section 7.3.4, the Parties shall compensate each other for Transit Service as follows:
  - (a) MFS shall pay Ameritech for Local Traffic MFS originates over the Transit Service at the rate specified in the Pricing Schedule <u>plus</u> any additional charges or costs such terminating third party LEC imposes or levies on Ameritech for the delivery or termination of such traffic, including any switched access charges; and
  - (b) Ameritech shall pay MFS for IntraLATA Toll Traffic terminated to MFS from such third party LEC (where Ameritech delivers such traffic pursuant to the Commission's primary toll carrier plan or other similar plan) at MFS' applicable switched access rates.
- 7.3.4 While the Parties agree that it is the responsibility of each third party LEC to enter into arrangements to deliver Local Traffic to MFS, they acknowledge that such arrangements are not currently in place and an interim arrangement is necessary to ensure traffic completion. Accordingly, until the earlier of (i) the date on which either Party has entered into an arrangement with such third party LEC to deliver Local Traffic to MFS and (ii) one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the Interconnection Activation Date. Ameritech will deliver and MFS will terminate Local Traffic originated from such third party LEC without charge to one another. If an arrangement is not entered into by the 180th day, either Party may block such Local Traffic.
- 7.3.5 Ameritech expects that all networks involved in transit traffic will deliver each call to each involved network with CCIS and the appropriate Transactional Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") message to facilitate full interoperability and billing functions. In all cases, MFS is responsible to follow the Exchange Message Record ("EMR") standard and exchange records with both Ameritech and the terminating LEC to facilitate the billing process to the originating network.

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of PBX trunks, pay telephone lines and electronic key system lines. Analog 2W will be provided in accordance with the specifications, interfaces, and parameters described in Technical References AM TR-TMO-000122, Ameritech Unbundled Analog Loops;

- 9.1.2 "4-Wire Analog Voice Grade Loops" or "Analog 4W" which support transmission of voice grade signals using separate transmit and receive paths and terminate in a 4-wire electrical interface. Analog 4W will be provided in accordance with the specifications, interfaces, and parameters described in Technical References AM TR-TMO-000122, Ameritech Unbundled Analog Loops;
- 9.1.3 "2-Wire ISDN Digital Grade Links" or "BRI ISDN" which support digital transmission of two 64 kbps bearer channels and one 16 kbps data channel. BRI ISDN is a 2B+D Basic Rate Interface-Integrated Services Digital Network (BRI-ISDN) Loop which will meet national ISDN standards and conform to AM-1R-TMO-000123, Ameritech Unbundled Digital Loops (including ISDN).
- 9.1.4 "2-Wire ADSL-Compatible Loop" or "ADSL 2W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of up to a 6 Mbps digital signal downstream (toward the Customer) and up to a 640 kpbs digital signal upstream (away from the Customer) while simultaneously carrying an analog voice signal. An ADSL-2W is provided over a 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pair provisioned using revised resistance design guidelines and meeting ANSI Standard T1.413-1995-007R2. An ADSL-2W terminates in a 2-wire electrical interface at the Customer premises and at the Ameritech Central Office frame. ADSL technology can only be deployed over Loops which extend less than 18 Kft. from Ameritech's Central Office. ADSL compatible Loops are only available where existing copper facilities can meet the ANSI T1.413-1995-007R2 specifications.
- 9.1.5 "2-Wire HDSL-Compatible Loop" or "HDSL 2W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of a 768 kbps digital signal over a 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pair meeting the specifications in ANSI T1E1 Committee Technical Report Number 28. HDSL compatible Loops are available only where existing copper facilities can meet the T1E1 Technical Report Number 28 specifications.
- 9.1.6 "4-Wire HDSL-Compatible Loop" or "HDSL 4W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of a 1.544 Mbps digital signal over two 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pairs meeting the specifications in ANSI T1E1 Committee Technical Report Number 28. HDSL compatible Loops are available only where existing copper facilities can meet the specifications.
- 9.1.7 Loops will be offered hereunder on the terms and conditions specified herein and on such other terms in applicable tariffs that are not inconsistent with the terms and conditions set forth herein and, at the rates set forth in the Pricing Schedule.

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7.3.6 For purposes of this Section 7.3, Ameritech agrees that it shall make available to MFS, at MFS' sole option, any transiting arrangement Ameritech's offers to another LEC at the same rates, terms and conditions provided to such other LEC.

# 8.0 JOINT GROOMING PLAN AND INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, TESTING AND REPAIR.

- 8.1 Joint Grooming Plan. On or before August 16, 1996, MFS and Ameritech shall jointly develop a grooming plan (the "Joint Grooming Plan") which shall define and detail, inter alia.
  - (a) standards to ensure that Interconnection trunk groups experience a grade of service, availability and qualit / which is comparable to that achieved on interoffice trunks within Ameritech's network and in accord with all appropriate relevant industry-accepted quality, reliability and availability standards;
  - (b) the respective duties and responsibilities of the Parties with respect to the administration and maintenance of the trunk groups, including but not limited to standards and procedures for notification and discoveries of trunk disconnects;
  - (c) maintenance of the SONET transmission system:
  - (d) disaster recovery provision escalations; and
  - (e) such other matters as the Parties may agree.
- 8.2 Installation, Maintenance, Testing and Repair. Ameritech's standard intervals for Feature Group D Exchange Access Services will be used for Interconnection as specified in the Ameritech Dedicated and Switched Common Service Switched Access and Exchange Interval Guide, AM-TR-MKT-000066. MFS shall meet the same intervals for comparable installations, maintenance, joint testing, and repair of its facilities and services associated with or used in conjunction with Interconnection or shall notify Ameritech of its inability to do so and will negotiate such intervals in good faith.

# 9.0 UNBUNDLED ACCESS - SECTION 251(c)(3).

# 9.1 Local Loop Transmission Types

Subject to Section 9.4, Ameritech shall allow MFS to access the following Loop types (in addition to those Loops available under applicable tariffs) unbundled from local switching and local transport in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 9.1:

9.1.1 "2-Wire Analog Voice Grade Loops" or "Analog 2W" which support analog transmission of 300-3000 Hz, repeat loop start, loop reverse battery, or ground start seizure and disconnect in one direction (toward the End Office Switch), and repeat ringing in the other direction (toward the Customer). Analog 2W include Loops sufficient for the provision

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## 9.2 Port Types

Ameritech shall make available to MFS unbundled Ports in accordance with the terms and conditions of and at the rates specified in applicable state tariffs.

# 9.3 Private Lines and Special Access

Ameritech shall make available to MFS private lines and special access services in accordance with the terms and conditions of and at the rates specified in applicable tariffs.

## 9.4 Limitations on Unbundled Access

- 9.4.1 MFS may not cross-connect an Ameritech-provided Loop to an Ameritech-provided Port but instead shall purchase a network access line under applicable tariffs.
- 9.4.2 Ameritech shall only be required to make available Loops and Ports where such Loops and Ports are available.
- 9.4.3 MFS shall access Ameritech's unbundled Network Elements via Collocation in accordance with Section 12 at the Ameritech Wire Center where those elements exist and each Loop or Port shall be delivered to MFS' Collocation by means of a Cross Connection which in the case of Loops, is included in the rates set forth in the Pricing Schedule.
- 9.4.4 Ameritech shall provide MFS access to its unbundled Loops at each of Ameritech's Wire Centers. In addition, if MFS requests one or more Loops serviced by Integrated Digital Loop Carrier or Remote Switching technology deployed as a Loop concentrator, Ameritech shall, where available, move the requested Loop(s) to a spare, existing physical Loop at no charge to MFS. If, however, no spare physical Loop is available. Ameritech shall within forty-eight (48) hours of MFS' request notify MFS of the lack of available facilities. MFS may then at its discretion make a Network Element Bona Fide Request for Ameritech to provide the unbundled Loop through the demultiplexing of the integrated digitized Loop(s). MFS may also make a Network Element Bona Fide Request for access to unbundled Loops at the Loop concentration site point. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the provisioning intervals set forth in Section 9.6 and the Performance Interval Dates and Performance Criteria set forth in Section 26.1 shall not apply to unbundled Loops provided under this Section 9.4.4.
- 9.4.5 If MFS orders a Loop type and the distance requested on such Loop exceeds the transmission characteristics as referenced in the corresponding Technical Reference specified below, distance extensions may be required and additional rates and charges shall apply as set forth on the Pricing Schedule.

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| Loop Type           | Technical Reference/Limitation  |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Electronic Key Line | 2.5 miles                       |
| ISDN                | Belicore TA-NWT-000393          |
| HDSL 2W             | T1E1 Technical Report Number 28 |
| HDSL 4W             | T1E1 Technical Report Number 28 |
| ADSL 2W             | ANSI T1.413-1995 Specification  |

## 9.5 Availability of Other Network Elem nts on an Unbundled Basis

- 9.5.1 Ameritech shall, upon request of MFS, and to the extent technically feasible, provide to MFS access to its Network Elements for the provision of MFS' Telecommunications Service. Any request by MFS for access to an Ameritech Network Element that is not already available shall be treated as a Network Element Bona Fide Request. MFS shall provide Ameritech access to its Network Elements as mutually agreed by the Parties or as required by the Commission or FCC.
- 9.5.2 A Network Element obtained by one Party from the other Party under this Section 9.5 may be used in combination with the facilities of the requesting Party only to provide a Telecommunications Service, including obtaining billing and collection, transmission, and routing of the Telecommunications Service.
- 9.5.3 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 9.5, a Party shall not be required to provide a proprietary Network Element to the other Party under this Section 9.5 except as required by the Commission or FCC.

# 9.6 Provisioning of Unbundled Loops

The following coordination procedures shall apply for conversions of "live" Telephone Exchange Services to unbundled Network Elements:

- 9.6.1 MFS shall request unbundled Loops from Ameritech by delivering to Ameritech a valid electronic transmittal Service Order (a "Service Order") using the Ameritech electronic ordering system (as defined in the Unbundling Product Guide) or another mutually agreed upon system. Within forty-eight (48) hours of Ameritech's receipt of a Service Order, Ameritech shall provide MFS the firm order commitment ("FOC") date according to the applicable Performance Interval Dates set forth in Section 26.1 by which the Loop(s) covered by such Service Order will be installed.
- 9.6.2 Ameritech agrees to coordinate with MFS at least forty-eight hours prior to the due date a scheduled conversion date and time (the "Scheduled Conversion Time") in the

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- "A.M." (12:00 midnight to 12:00 noon) or "P.M." (12:00 noon to 12:00 midnight) (as applicable, the "Conversion Window).
- 9.6.3 Ameritech shall test for MFS dial-tone ("Dial Tone Test") on MFS's Virtual Collocation-digital Loop carrier during a window not greater than forty-eight (48) hours but not less than eight (8) hours prior to the Scheduled Conversion Time (or New Scheduled Time as applicable). Ameritech shall perform the Dial Tone Test on MFS' Virtual Collocated digital Loop carrier at no charge until June 1, 1997. Thereafter, MFS may request Ameritech to perform such Dial Tone Test on a time and materials basis at Ameritech's then current rates. Ameritech shall not perform any Dial Tone Test on any MFS Physically Collocated digital Loop carrier.
- 9.6.4 Not less than one hour prior to the Scheduled Conversion Time, either Party may contact the other Party and unilaterally designate a new Scheduled Conversion Time (the "New Conversion Time"). If the New Conversion Time is within the Conversion Window, no charges shall be assessed on or waived by either Party. If, however, the New Conversion Time is outside of the Conversion Window, the Party requesting such New Conversion Time shall be subject to the following:

If Ameritech requests the New Conversion Time, the applicable Line Connection Charge shall be waived; and

- If MFS requests the New Conversion Time, MFS shall be assessed a Line Connection Charge in addition to the Line Connection Charge that will be incurred for the New Conversion Time.
- 9.6.5 Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties for a specific conversion, the Parties agree that the time interval expected from disconnection of "live" Telephone Exchange Service to the connection of an unbundled Network Element at the MFS Collocation interface point will be sixty (60) minutes or less. If a conversion interval exceeds sixty (60) minutes and such delay is caused solely by Ameritech (and not by a contributing Delaying Event (as defined in Section 26.4)), Ameritech shall waive the applicable Line Connection Charge for such element. If MFS has ordered INP with the installation of a Loop, Ameritech will coordinate the implementation of INP with the Loop conversion during the sixty (60) minute interval at no additional charge.
- 9.6.6 If MFS requests or approves an Ameritech technician to perform services in excess of or not otherwise contemplated by the Line Connection Service, Ameritech may charge MFS for any additional and reasonable labor charges to perform such services.

## 9.7 Maintenance of Unbundled Network Elements

If (i) MFS reports to Ameritech a Customer trouble, (ii) MFS requests a dispatch, (iii) Ameritech dispatches a technician, and (iv) such trouble was not caused by Ameritech's facilities or equipment, then MFS shall pay Ameritech a trip charge of \$45.00 per trouble dispatch and time charges of \$18.00 per quarter hour.

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# 10.0 RESALE - SECTIONS 251(c)(4) and 251(b)(1).

# 10.1 Availability of Wholesale Rates for Resale

Ameritech shall offer to MFS for resale at wholesale rates its local exchange telecommunications services, as described in Section 251(c)(4) of the Act, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Ameritech Resale Local Exchange Service Confirmation of Service Order dated November 27, 1995, by and between MFS and Ameritech, on behalf of Illinois Bell Telephone Company, and applicable tariffs.

# 10.2 Availability of Retail Rates for Resale

Each Party shall make available its Telecommunications Services for resale at retail rates to the other Party in accordance with Section 251(b)(1) of the Act.

## 11.0 NOTICE OF CHANGES - SECTION 251(c)(5).

If a Party makes a change in its network which it believes will materially affect the inter-operability of its network with the other Party, the Party making the change shall provide at least ninety (90) days advance written notice of such change to the other Party.

## 12.0 COLLOCATION - SECTION 251(c)(6).

- 12.1 Ameritech shall provide to MFS Physical Collocation of equipment necessary for Interconnection (pursuant to Section 4.0) or for access to unbundled Network Elements (pursuant to Section 9.0), except that Ameritech may provide for Virtual Collocation if Ameritech demonstrates to the Commission that Physical Collocation is not practical for technical reasons or because of space limitations, as provided in Section 251(c)(6) of the Act. Ameritech shall provide such Collocation for the purpose of Interconnection or access to unbundled Network Elements, except as otherwise mutually agreed to in writing by the Parties or as required by the FCC or the appropriate Commission subject to applicable federal and state tariffs.
- 12.2 Although not required to do so by Section 251(c)(6) of the Act, by this Agreement, MFS agrees to provide to Ameritech upon Ameritech's Network Element Bona Fide Request by Ameritech, Collocation (at MFS' option either Physical or Virtual) of equipment for purposes of Interconnection (pursuant to Section 4.0) on a non-discriminatory basis and at comparable rates, terms and conditions as MFS may provide to other third parties. MFS shall provide such Collocation subject to applicable tariffs or contracts.
- 12.3 Where MFS is Virtually Collocated on the Effective Date in a premises that was initially prepared for Physical Collocation, MFS may elect to (i) retain its Virtual Collocation in that premises and expand that Virtual Collocation according to current procedures and applicable tariffs, or (ii) revert to Physical Collocation, in which case MFS shall coordinate with Ameritech for rearrangement of its equipment (transmission and IDLC) and circuits, for which Ameritech shall impose no conversion charge. All applicable Physical Collocation recurring charges shall apply.

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- 12.4 Where MFS is Virtually Collocated in a premises which was initially prepared for Virtual Collocation, MFS may elect to (i) retain its Virtual Collocation in that premises and expand that Virtual Collocation according to current procedures and applicable tariffs, or (ii) unless it is not practical for technical reasons or because of space limitations, convert its Virtual Collocation at such premises in which case MFS shall coordinate the construction and rearrangement with Ameritech of its equipment (IDLC and transmission) and circuits for which MFS shall pay Ameritech at applicable tariff rates. In addition, all applicable Physical Collocation recurring charges shall apply.
- 12.5 For both Physical Collocation and Virtual Collocation, the Collocating Party shall provide its own or third-party leased transport facilities and terminate those transport facilities in equipment located in its Physical Collocation space at the Housing Party's premises as described in applicable tariffs or contracts and purel ase Cross Connection to services or facilities as described in applicable tariffs or contracts.

## SECTION 251(b) PROVISIONS

## 13.0 NUMBER PORTABILITY - SECTION 251(b)(2).

## 13.1 Scope

- 13.1.1 The Parties shall provide Number Portability on a reciprocal basis to each other to the extent technically feasible, and in accordance with rules and regulations as from time to time prescribed by the FCC and/or the Commission.
- 13.1.2 Until Number Portability is implemented by the industry pursuant to regulations issued by the FCC or the Commission, the Parties agree to provide Interim Telecommunications Number Portability ("INP") to each other through remote call forwarding, direct inward dialing and NXX migration.
- 13.1.3 Once Number Portability is implemented pursuant to FCC or Commission regulation, either Party may withdraw, at any time and at its sole discretion, its INP offerings, subject to advance notice to the other Party and coordination to allow the seamless and transparent conversion of INP Customer numbers to Number Portability. Upon implementation of Number Portability pursuant to FCC regulation, both Parties agree to conform and provide such Number Portability.

# 13.2 Procedures for Providing INP Through Remote Call Forwarding

MFS and Ameritech will provide INP through Remote Call Forwarding as follows:

13.2.1 A Customer of one Party ("Party A") elects to become a Customer of the other Party ("Party B"). The Customer elects to utilize the original telephone number(s) corresponding to the Exchange Service(s) it previously received from Party A, in conjunction with the Exchange Service(s) it will now receive from Party B. Upon receipt of a signed letter of agency from the Customer (and an associated service order) assigning the number to Party

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- B, Party A will implement an arrangement whereby all calls to the original telephone number(s) will be forwarded to a new telephone number(s) designated by Party B. Party A will route the forwarded traffic to Party B over the appropriate Local/IntraLATA Trunks as if the call had originated on Party A's network.
- 13.2.2 Party B will become the customer of record for the original Party A telephone numbers subject to the INP arrangements. Party A shall use its reasonable efforts to consolidate into as few billing statements as possible for all collect, calling card, and 3rd-number billed calls associated with those numbers, with sub-account detail by retained number. At Party B's sole discretion, such billing statement shall be delivered to Party B in an agreed-upon format via either electronic file transfer, daily magnetic tape, or monthly magnetic tape.
- 13.2.3 Party A will update its Line Information Database ("LIDB") listings for retained numbers, and restrict or cancel calling cards associated with those forwarded numbers as directed by Party B.
- 13.2.4 Within two (2) business days of receiving notification from the Customer. Party B shall notify Party A of the Customer's termination of service with Party B, and shall further notify Party A as to that Customer's instructions regarding its telephone number(s). Party A will reinstate service to that Customer, cancel the INP arrangements for that Customer's telephone number(s), or redirect the INP arrangement to another INP-participating-LEC pursuant to the Customer's instructions at that time.

# 13.3 Procedures for Providing INP Through Direct Inward Dial

Upon request, Ameritech shall provide to MFS Interim Number Portability via Direct Inward Dial Trunks pursuant to applicable tariffs.

# 13.4 Procedures for Providing INP Through NXX Migration

Where either Party has activated an entire NXX for a single Customer, or activated a substantial portion of an NXX for a single Customer with the remaining numbers in that NXX either reserved for future use or otherwise unused, if such Customer chooses to receive service from the other Party, the first Party shall cooperate with the second Party to have the entire NXX reassigned in the LERG (and associated industry databases, routing tables, etc.) to an End Office operated by the second Party. Such transfer will be accomplished with appropriate coordination between the Parties and subject to appropriate industry lead-times for movements of NXXs from one switch to another.

# 13.5 Receipt of Terminating Compensation on Traffic to INP'ed Numbers

The Parties agree that under INP terminating compensation on calls to INP'ed numbers should be received by each Customer's chosen LEC as if each call to the Customer had been originally addressed by the caller to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the Customer's chosen LEC. In order to accomplish this objective where INP is employed, the Parties shall utilize the process set forth in thi; Section 13.5 whereby terminating

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compensation on calls subject to INP will be passed from the Party (the "Performing Party") which performs the INP to the other Party (the "Receiving Party") for whose Customer the INP is provided.

- 13.5.1 The Parties shall individually and collectively track and quantify INP traffic between their networks based on the CPN of each call by identifying CPNs which are INP'ed numbers. The Receiving Party shall charge the Performing Party for each minute of INP traffic at the INP Traffic Rate specified in Section 13.5.3 in lieu of any other compensation charges for terminating such traffic.
- jointly estimate for the prospective year, based on historic data of all traffic in the LATA, the percentages of such traffic that if dialed to telephone numbers bearing NPA-NXXs directly assigned to a Receiving Party (as opposed to the INP'e i number) would have been subject to (i) Reciprocal Compensation ("Recip Traffic"), (ii) intra: tate FGD charges ("Intra Traffic"), (iii) interstate FGD charges ("Inter Traffic"), or (iv) handling as Local Traffic under transiting arrangements between the Parties ("Transit Traffic"). On the date which is six (6) months after the Interconnection Activation Date, and thereafter on each succeeding six month anniversary of such Interconnection Activation Date, the Parties shall establish new INP traffic percentages to be applied in the prospective six (6) month period, based on actual INP traffic percentages from the preceding six (6) month period.

# 13.5.3 The INP Traffic Rate shall be equal to the sum of:

(Recip Traffic percentage times the Reciprocal Compensation Rate set forth in the Pricing Schedule) plus (Intra Traffic percentage times Ameritech's effective intrastate FGD rates) plus (Inter Traffic percentage times Ameritech's effective interstate FGD rates).

A rate of zero shall be applied to the Transit Traffic percentage on the assumption that some portion of such Transit Traffic would otherwise be subject to other compensation arrangements and to account for a reasonable level of uncollectibles on terminating compensation. Interstate and intrastate FGD rates shall be calculated utilizing the effective interstate and intrastate carrier common line (CCL) rates, residual interconnection charge (RIC) rate elements, local switching (LS) rate elements, one-half the local transport termination (LTT) rate elements, and one-half the local transport facility (LTF) rate elements (assuming a five (5) mile LTF).

# 14.0 DIALING PARITY -- SECTION 251(b)(3).

The Parties shall provide Local Dialing Parity to each other as required under Section 251(b)(3) of the Act.

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## 15.0 ACCESS TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY - SECTION 251(b)(4).

Each Party shall provide the other Party access to its poles, ducts, rights-of-way and conduits it controls on terms, conditions and prices comparable to those offered to any other entity pursuant to each Party's applicable tariffs and/or standard agreements.

## 16.0 DATABASE ACCESS.

In accordance with Section 271 of the Act, Ameritech shall provide MFS with interfaces to access Ameritech's databases and associated signaling necessary for the routing and completion of MFS' traffic. Access to such databases, and the appropriate interfaces, shall be made available to MFS via a Network Element Bona Fide Request.

#### 17.0 REFERRAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

When a Customer changes its service provider from Ameritech to MFS, or from MFS to Ameritech, and does not retain its original telephone number, the Party formerly providing service to such Customer shall provide a referral announcement ("Referral Announcement") on the abandoned telephone number which provides details on the Customer's new number. Referral Announcements shall be provided reciprocally, free of charge to either the other Party or the Customer, for a period of not less than four (4) months after the date the Customer changes its telephone number in the case of business Customers and not less than sixty (60) days after the date the Customer changes its telephone number in the case of residential Customers. However, if either Party provides Referral Announcements for a period longer than the above respective periods when its Customers change their telephone numbers, such Party shall provide the same level of service to Customers of the other Party.

#### 18.0 OTHER SERVICES.

MFS and Ameritech provide other services to each other as required under the Act pursuant to the following Agreements:

- (a) Agreement by and between MFS Intelenet, Inc. and Ameritech for Enhanced 9-1-1 Service, dated March 13, 1996;
- (b) Directory Assistance Services Agreement dated March 13, 1996; and
- (c) Listing and Directory Services Agreement between Dontech and MFS Intelenet, Inc., dated May 17, 1996.

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#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

### 19.0 GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES.

- 19.1 Each of Ameritech and MFS shall use its best efforts to comply with the Implementation Schedule.
- 19.2 The Parties shall exchange technical descriptions and forecasts of their Interconnection and traffic requirements in sufficient detail necessary to establish the Interconnections required to assure traffic completion to and from all Customers in their respective designated service areas. MFS, for the purpose of ubiquitous connectivity, network diversity and alternate routing, shall connect to at least one Tandem Office Switch for the receipt/completion of traffic to any Ameritech End Office Switches.
- 19.3 Thirty (30) days after the Effective Date and each month during the term of this Agreement, each Party shall provide the other Party with a rolling, six (6) calendar month, non-binding forecast of its traffic and volume requirements for the services and Network Elements provided under this Agreement in the form and in such detail as agreed by the Parties. Notwithstanding Section 28.6.1, the Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section 19.3 shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 28.6.
- "Forecast Provider") or the Party that is entitled pursuant to this Agreement to provide a forecast (the "Forecast Provider") with respect to traffic and volume requirements for the services and Network Elements provided under this Agreement may request in addition to non-binding forecasts required by Section 19.3 that the other enter into negotiations to establish a forecast (a "Binding Forecast") that commits such Forecast Provider to purchase, and such Forecast Recipient to provide, a specified volume to be utilized as set forth in such Binding Forecast. The Forecast Provider and Forecast Recipient shall negotiate the terms of such Binding Forecast in good faith and shall include in such Binding Forecast provisions regarding price, quantity, liability for failure to perform under a Binding Forecast and any other terms desired by such Forecast Provider and Forecast Recipient. Notwithstanding Section 28.6.1, the Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section 19.4 shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 28.6.
- 19.5 Each Party is individually responsible to provide facilities within its network which are necessary for routing, transporting, measuring, and billing traffic from the other Party's network and for delivering such traffic to the other Party's network in the standard format compatible with Ameritech's network and to terminate the traffic it receives in that standard format to the proper address on its network. Such facility shall be designed based upon the description and forecasts provided under Sections 19.2 and 19.3 above. The Parties are each solely responsible for participation in and compliance with national network plans, including The National Network Security Plan and The Emergency Preparedness Plan.
- 19.6 Neither Party shall use any service related to or using any of the Services provided in this Agreement in any manner that interferes with other persons in the use of their

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service, prevents other persons from using their service, or otherwise impairs the quality of service to other carriers or to either Party's Customers, and either Party may discontinue or refuse service if the other Party violates this provision. Upon such violation, either Party shall provide the other Party notice, if practicable, at the earliest practicable time.

- 19.7 Each Party is solely responsible for the services it provides to its Customers and to other Telecommunications Carriers.
- 19.8 The Parties shall work cooperatively to minimize fraud associated with third-number billed calls, calling card calls, and any other services related to this Agreement.
  - 19.9 Each Party is responsible for administ ring NXX codes assigned to it.
- 19.10 Each Party is responsible for obtaining Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG") listings of CLLI codes assigned to its switches.
- 19.11 Each Party shall use the LERG published by Bellcore or its successor for obtaining routing information and shall provide all required information to Bellcore for maintaining the LERG in a timely manner.
- 19.12 Each Party shall program and update its own Central Office Switches and End Office switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to and from the other Party's assigned NXX codes. Except as mutually agreed or as otherwise expressly defined in this Agreement, neither Party shall impose any fees or charges on the other Party for such activities.
- 19.13 At all times during the term of this Agreement, each Party shall keep and maintain in force at each Party's expense all insurance required by law (e.g. workers' compensation insurance) as well as general liability insurance for personal injury or death to any one person, property damage resulting from any one incident, automobile liability with coverage for bodily injury for property damage. Upon request from the other Party, each Party shall provide to the other Party evidence of such insurance (which may be provided through a program of self-insurance).
- 19.14 In addition to its indemnity obligations under Section 25.3, each Party shall provide, in its tariffs and contracts with its Customers that relate to any Telecommunications Service or Network Element provided or contemplated under this Agreement, that in no case shall such Party or any of its agents, contractors or others retained by such parties be liable to any Customer or third party for (i) any Loss relating to or arising out of this Agreement, whether in contract or tort, that exceeds the amount such Party would have charged the applicable Customer for the service(s) or function(s) that gave rise to such Loss, and (ii) any Consequential Damages (as defined in Section 24.3 below).

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### 20.0 TERM AND TERMINATION.

- 20.1 The initial term of this Agreement shall be three (3) years (the "Term") which shall commence on the Effective Date. Absent the receipt by one Party of written notice from the other Party at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the Term to the effect that such Party does not intend to extend the Term of this Agreement, this Agreement shall automatically renew and remain in full force and effect on and after the expiration of the Term until terminated by either Party pursuant to Section 20.3.
- 20.2 Either Party may terminate this Agreement in the event that the other Party (i) fails to pay any amount when due hereunder (excluding Disputed Amounts pursuant to Section 28.11) and fails to cure such nonpayment vithin sixty (60) days after receipt of written notice thereof; or (ii) fails to perform any other material obligation required to be performed by it pursuant to this Agreement and fails to cure such material nonperformance within forty-five (45) days after written notice thereof.
- 20.3 If pursuant to Section 20.1 this Agreement continues in full force and effect after the expiration of the Term, either Party may terminate this Agreement (90) days after delivering written notice to the other Party of its intention to terminate this Agreement. Neither Party shall have any liability to the other Party for termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 20.3 other than to pay to the other Party any amounts owed under this Agreement.
- 20.4 Upon termination or expiration of this Agreement in accordance with this Section 20.0:
  - (a) each Party shall comply immediately with its obligations set forth in Section 28.6.3;
  - (b) each Party shall continue to perform its obligations and provide the services as described herein until such time as a successor agreement between the Parties is entered into; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Parties shall renegotiate the rates, fees and charges contained herein; and
  - (c) each Party shall promptly pay all amounts (including any late payment charges) owed under this Agreement.
- 20.5 Except as set forth in Section 26.5, no remedy set forth in this Agreement is intended to be exclusive and each and every remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to any other rights or remedies now or hereafter existing under applicable law or otherwise.

# 21.0 DISCLAIMER OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.

EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, NO PARTY MAKES OR RECEIVES ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE SERVICES, FUNCTIONS AND PRODUCTS IT PROVIDES UNDER OR CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT AND THE PARTIES DISCLAIM THE IMPLIED

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WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

#### 22.0 CANCELLATION CHARGES.

Except as provided in Sections 9.6.4 and 19.4 and pursuant to a Network Element Bona Fide Request, or as otherwise provided in any applicable tariff or contract referenced herein, no cancellation charges shall apply.

## 23.0 NON-SEVERABILITY.

- 23.1 The services, arrangements, Interconnection, Network Elements, terms and conditions of this Agreement were mutually negot ated by the Parties as a total arrangement and are intended to be non-severable, subject only to Section 28.14 of this Agreement.
- 23.2 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as requiring or permitting either Party to contravene any mandatory requirement of federal or state law, or any regulations or orders adopted pursuant to such law.

#### 24.0 INDEMNIFICATION.

- 24.1 Each Party shall be responsible only for service(s) and facility(ies) which are provided by that Party, its authorized agents, subcontractors, or others retained by such parties, and neither Party shall bear any responsibility for the services and facilities provided by the other Party, its agents, subcontractors, or others retained by such parties.
- 24.2 Except as otherwise provided in Sections 24.3, 24.4 and 25.2, and to the extent not prohibited by law and not otherwise controlled by tariff, each Party (the "Indemnifying Party") shall defend and indemnify the other Party (the "Indemnified Party") and hold such Indemnified Party harmless against any Loss to a third party arising out of the negligence or willful misconduct by such Indemnifying Party, its agents, its Customers, contractors, or others retained by such parties, in connection with its provision of services or functions under this Agreement.
- 24.3 In the case of any Loss alleged or made by a Customer of either Party, the Party ("Indemnifying Party") whose Customer alleged or made such Loss shall defend and indemnify the other Party (the "Indemnified Party") and hold such Indemnified Party harmless against any or all of such Loss alleged by each and every Customer.
- 24.4 Each Party ("Indemnified Party") shall be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the other Party ("Indemnifying Party") against any Loss arising from such Indemnifying Party's use of services offered under this Agreement, involving:
  - Claims for libel, slander, invasion of privacy, or infringement of copyright arising from the Indemnifying Party's own communications or the communications of such Indemnifying Party's Customers; or

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- (2) Claims for patent, trademark, copyright infringement or other infringement of intellectual property rights, arising from the Indemnifying Party's acts combining or using the service furnished by the Indemnified Party in connection with facilities or equipment furnished by the Indemnifying Party or its Customers, agents, subcontractors or others retained by such parties.
- 24.5 The Indemnifying Party agrees to defend any suit brought against the Indemnified Party for any Loss identified in this Section 24.0. The Indemnified Party agrees to notify the Indemnifying Party promptly in writing of any written claims, lawsuits, or demand for which such Indemnifying Party is or may be responsible and of which the Indemnified Party has knowledge and to cooperate in every reasonable v ay to facilitate defense or settlement of claims. The Indemnifying Party shall have the exclusive right to control and conduct the defense and settlement of any such actions or claims subject to consultation with the Indemnified Party. The Indemnifying Party shall not be liable for any settlement by the Indemnified Party unless such Indemnifying Party has approved such settlement in advance and agrees to be bound by the agreement incorporating such settlement.

#### 25.0 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.

- 25.1 Except as otherwise provided in Section 24.0, no Party shall be liable to the other Party for any Loss, defect or equipment failure caused by the conduct of the other Party, the other Party's agents, servants, contractors or others acting in aid or concert with the other Party.
- 25.2 Except for Losses alleged or made by a Customer of either Party, in the case of any Loss arising from the negligence or willful misconduct of both Parties, each Party shall bear, and its obligations under this Section 25.0 shall be limited to, that portion (as mutually agreed to by the Parties) of the resulting expense caused by its (including that of its agents, servants, contractors or others acting in aid or concert with it) negligence or willful misconduct.
- 25.3 Except for indemnity obligations under Sections 24.2 and 24.4, each Party's liability to the other Party for any Loss relating to or arising out of any negligent act or omission in its performance of this Agreement, whether in contract or in tort, shall be limited to the total amount that is or would have been charged to the other Party by such negligent or breaching Party for the service(s) or function(s) not performed or improperly performed.
- 25.4 In no event shall either Party have any liability whatsoever to the other Party for any indirect, special, consequential, incidental or punitive damages, including but not limited to loss of anticipated profits or revenue or other economic loss in connection with or arising from anything said, omitted or done hereunder (collectively, "Consequential Damages"), even if the other Party has been advised of the possibility of such damages; provided, that the foregoing shall not limit a Party's obligation under Section 24.2 to indemnify, defend and hold the other Party harmless against any amounts payable to a third party, including any losses, costs, fines, penalties, criminal or civil judgments or settlements, expenses (including attorneys' fees) and Consequential Damages of such third party.

# 26.0 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR SPECIFIED ACTIVITIES.

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- 26.1 Certain Definitions. When used in this Section 26.0, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:
- 26.1.1 "Specified Performance Breach" means the failure by Ameritech to meet the Performance Criteria for any Specified Activity for a period of three (3) consecutive calendar months.
  - 26.1.2 "Specified Activity" means any of the following activities:
    - the installation by Ameritech of unbundled Loops for MFS ("Unbundled Loop Installation");
    - (ii) Ameritech's provision of Interim Telecommunications
      Number Portability; or
    - (iii) the repair of out of service problems for MFS ("Out of Service Repairs").
- 26.1.3 Performance Criteria" means, with respect to each calendar month during the term of this Agreement, the performance by Ameritech during such month of each Specified Activity shown below within the time interval shown in at least eighty percent (80%) of the covered instances:

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| SPECIFIED ACTIVITY (i) Unbundled Loop Installation | PERFORMANCE INTERVAL DATE   |
|--|---|
| 1-10 Loops per Service Order                       | 5 days from Ameritech's Receipt of<br>valid Service Order                                     |
| 11-20 Loops per Service Order                      | 10 days from Ameritech's Receipt of<br>valid Service Order                                    |
| 21 + Loops per Service Order                       | to be Negotiated  |
| (ii) Interim Number Portabilis ¿                   |   |
| 1-10 Numbers per Service Order                     | 5 days from Ameritech's Receipt of<br>valid Service Order                                     |
| 11-20 Numbers per Service Order                    | 10 days from Ameritech's Receipt of<br>valid Service Order                                    |
| 21 + Numbers per Service Order                     | . to be Negotiated  |
| (iii) Out-of-Service Repairs                       | Less than 24 hours from Ameritech'<br>Receipt of Notification of Out-of-<br>Service Condition |

- 26.2 Specified Performance Breach. In recognition of the (1) loss of Customer opportunities, revenues and goodwill which MFS might sustain in the event of a Specified Performance Breach; (2) the uncertainty, in the event of such a Specified Performance Breach, of MFS having available to it customer opportunities similar to those opportunities currently available to MFS; and (3) the difficulty of accurately ascertaining the amount of damages MFS would sustain in the event of such a Specified Performance Breach, Ameritech agrees to pay MFS, subject to Section 26.4 below, damages as set forth in Section 26.3 below in the event of the occurrence of a Specified Performance Breach.
- 26.3 Liquidated Damages. The damages payable by Ameritech to MFS as a result of a Specified Performance Breach shall be \$75,000 for each Specified Performance Breach (collectively, the "Liquidated Damages"). MFS and Ameritech agree and acknowledge that (a) the Liquidated Damages are not a penalty and have been determined based upon the facts and circumstances of MFS and Ameritech at the time of the negotiation and entering into of this Agreement, with due regard given to the performance expectations of each Party; (b) the Liquidated Damages constitute a reasonable approximation of the damages MFS would sustain if its damages were readily ascertainable; and (c) MFS shall not be required to provide any proof of the Liquidated Damages.

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- 26.4 Limitations. In no event shall Ameritech be liable to pay the Liquidated Damages if Ameritech's failure to meet or exceed any of the Performance Criteria is caused, directly or indirectly, by a Delaying Event. A "Delaying Event" means (a) a failure by MFS to perform any of its obligations set forth in this Agreement (including, without limitation, the Implementation Schedule and the Joint Grooming Plan), (b) any delay, act or failure to act by a Customer, agent or subcontractor of MFS or (c) any Force Majeure Event. If a Delaying Event (i) prevents Ameritech from performing a Specified Activity, then such Specified Activity shall be excluded from the calculation of Ameritech's compliance with the Performance Criteria, or (ii) only suspends Ameritech's ability to timely perform the Specified Activity, the applicable time frame in which Ameritech's compliance with the Performance Criteria is measured shall be extended on an hour-for-hour or day-for-day basis, a applicable, equal to the duration of the Delaying Event.
- 26.5 Sole Remedy. The Liquidated Damages shall be the sole and exclusive remedy of MFS under this Agreement for Ameritech's breach of the Performance Criteria and a Specified Performance Breach as described in this Section 26.0.
- 26.6 Records. Ameritech shall maintain complete and accurate records, on a monthly basis, of its performance under this Agreement of each Specified Activity and its compliance with the Performance Criteria. Ameritech shall provide to MFS such records in a self-reporting format on a monthly basis. Notwithstanding Section 28.6.1, the Parties agree that such records shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 28.6.

## 27.0 REGULATORY APPROVAL.

The Parties understand and agree that this Agreement will be filed with the Commission and may thereafter be filed with the FCC. The Parties covenant and agree that this Agreement is satisfactory to them as an agreement under Section 251 of the Act. Each Party covenants and agrees to fully support approval of this Agreement by the Commission or the FCC under Section 252 of the Act without modification. The Parties, however, reserve the right to seek regulatory relief and otherwise seek redress from each other regarding performance and implementation of this Agreement. In the event the Commission rejects any portion of this Agreement, the Parties agree to meet and negotiate in good faith to arrive at a mutually acceptable modification of the rejected portion.

#### 28.0 MISCELLANEOUS.

#### 28.1 Authorization.

28.1.1 Ameritech Information Industry Services, a division of Ameritech Services, Inc., is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform the obligations hereunder on behalf of Ameritech Illinois.

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- 28.1.2 MFS is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder.
- 28.2 Compliance. Each Party shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations applicable to its performance under this Agreement.
- 28.3 Compliance with the Communications Law Enforcement Act of 1994 ("CALEA"). Each Party represents and warrants that any equipment, facilities or services provided to the other Party under this Agreement comply with CALEA. Each Party shall indemnify and hold the other Party harmless from any and all penalties imposed upon the other Party for such noncompliance and shall at the non-compliant Party's sole cost and expense, modify or replace any equipment, facilities or services provided to the other Party under this Agreement to ensure that such equipment, facilities and services fully comply with CALEA.
- 28.4 Independent Contractor. Each Party shall perform services hereunder as an independent contractor and nothing herein shall be construed as creating any other relationship between the Parties. Each Party and each Party's contractor shall be solely responsible for the withholding or payment of all applicable federal, state and local income taxes, social security taxes and other payroll taxes with respect to their employees, as well as any taxes, contributions or other obligations imposed by applicable state unemployment or workers' compensation acts. Each Party has sole authority and responsibility to hire, fire and otherwise control its employees.
- 28.5 Force Majeure. Neither Party shall be liable for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this Agreement from any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence including, without limitation, acts of nature, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, work stoppages, equipment failure, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities or acts or omissions of transportation carriers (collectively, a "Force Majeure Event").

# 28.6 Confidentiality.

28.6.1 Any information such as specifications, drawings, sketches, business information, forecasts, models, samples, data, computer programs and other software and documentation of one Party (a "Disclosing Party") that is furnished or made available or otherwise disclosed to the other Party or any of its employees, contractors, agents or Affiliates (its "Representatives" and with a Party, a "Receiving Party") pursuant to this Agreement ("Proprietary Information") shall be deemed the property of the Disclosing Party. Proprietary Information, if written, shall be marked "Confidential" or "Proprietary" or by other similar notice, and, if oral or visual, shall be confirmed in writing as confidential by the Disclosing Party to the Receiving Party within ten (10) days after disclosure. Unless Proprietary Information was previously known by the Receiving Party free of any obligation to keep it confidential, or has been or is subsequently made public by an act not attributable to the Receiving Party, or is explicitly agreed in writing not to be regarded as confidential, it (a) shall

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be held in confidence by each Receiving Party; (b) shall be disclosed to only those Representatives who have a need for it in connection with the provision of services required to fulfill this Agreement and shall be used only for such purposes; and (c) may be used for other purposes only upon such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed to in advance of use in writing by the Parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a Receiving Party shall be entitled to disclose or provide Proprietary Information as required by any governmental authority or applicable law only in accordance with Section 28.6.2.

- 28.6.2 If any Receiving Party is required by any governmental authority or by applicable law to disclose any Proprietary Information, then such Receiving Party shall provide the Disclosing Party with written notice of such requirement as soon as possible and prior to such disclosure. The Disclosing Party may then either seek appropriate protective relief from all or part of such requirement or, if it fails to successfully do so, it shall be deemed to have waived the Receiving Party's compliance with Section 28.6 with respect to all or part of such requirement. The Receiving Party shall use all commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with the Disclosing Party in attempting to obtain any protective relief which such Disclosing Party chooses to obtain.
- 28.6.3 In the event of the expiration or termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever, each Party shall return to the other Party or destroy all Proprietary Information and other documents, work papers and other material (including all copies thereof) obtained from the other Party in connection with this Agreement and shall use all reasonable efforts, including instructing its employees and others who have had access to such information, to keep confidential and not to use any such information, unless such information is now, or is hereafter disclosed, through no act, omission or fault of such Party, in any manner making it available to the general public.
- 28.7 Governing Law. For all claims under this Agreement that are based upon issues within the jurisdiction (primary or otherwise) of the FCC, the exclusive jurisdiction and remedy for all such claims shall as provided for by the FCC and the Act. For all claims under this Agreement that are based upon issues within the jurisdiction (primary or otherwise) of the Commission, the exclusive jurisdiction for all such claims shall be with such Commission, and the exclusive remedy for such claims shall be as provided for by such Commission. In all other respects, this Agreement shall be governed by the domestic laws of the state of Illinois without reference to conflict of law provisions.
- 28.8 Taxes. Each Party purchasing services hereunder shall pay or otherwise be responsible for all federal, state, or local sales, use, excise, gross receipts, transaction or similar taxes, fees or surcharges levied against or upon such purchasing Party (or the providing Party when such providing Party is permitted to pass along to the purchasing Party such taxes, fees or surcharges), except for any tax on either Party's corporate existence, status or income. Whenever possible, these amounts shall be billed as a separate item on the invoice. To the extent a sale is claimed to be for resale tax exemption, the purchasing Party shall furnish the providing Party a proper resale tax exemption certificate as authorized or required by statute or regulation by the jurisdiction providing said resale tax exemption. Failure to timely provide said

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resale tax exemption certificate will result in no exemption being available to the purchasing Party.

- 28.9 Non-Assignment. Neither Party may assign or transfer (whether by operation of law or otherwise) this Agreement (or any rights or obligations hereunder) to a third party without the prior written consent of the other Party; provided that each Party may assign this Agreement to a corporate Affiliate or an entity under its common control or an entity acquiring all or substantially all of its assets or equity by providing prior written notice to the other Party of such assignment or transfer. Any attempted assignment or transfer that is not permitted is void ab initio. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the Parties' respective successors and assigns.
- 28.10 Non-Waiver. Failure of either Party to insist on performance of any term or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or privilege hereunder shall not be construed as a continuing or future waiver of such term, condition, right or privilege.

# 28.11 Disputed Amounts.

- 28.11.1 If any portion of an amount due to a Party (the "Billing Party") under this Agreement is subject to a bona fide dispute between the Parties, the Party billed (the "Non-Paying Party") shall within sixty (60) days of its receipt of the invoice containing such disputed amount give notice to the Billing Party of the amounts it disputes ("Disputed Amounts") and include in such notice the specific details and reasons for disputing each item. The Non-Paying Party shall pay when due (i) all undisputed amounts to the Billing Party and (ii) all Disputed Amounts into an interest bearing escrow account with a third party escrow agent mutually agreed upon by the Parties.
- Amounts in the normal course of business within sixty (60) days after delivery to the Billing Party of notice of the Disputed Amounts, each of the Parties shall appoint a designated representative who has authority to settle the dispute and who is at a higher level of management than the persons with direct responsibility for administration of this Agreement. The designated representatives shall meet as often as they reasonably deem necessary in order to discuss the dispute and negotiate in good faith in an effort to resolve such dispute. The specific format for such discussions will be left to the discretion of the designated representatives, however all reasonable requests for relevant information made by one Party to the other Party shall be honored.
- 28.11.3 If the Parties are unable to resolve issues related to the Disputed Amounts within forty-five (45) days after the Parties' appointment of designated representatives pursuant to Section 28.11.2, then either Party may file a complaint with the Commission to resolve such issues or proceed with any other remedy pursuant to law or equity. The Commission may direct release of any or all funds (including any accrued interest) in the escrow account, plus applicable late fees, to be paid to either Party.

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- 28.11.4 The Parties agree that all negotiations pursuant to this Section 28.11 shall remain confidential and shall be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for purposes of the Federal Rules of Evidence and state rules of evidence.
- 28.11.5 Any undisputed amounts not paid when due shall accrue interest from the date such amounts were due at the lesser of (i) one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month or (ii) the highest rate of interest that may be charged under applicable law.
- 28.12 Notices. Notices given by one Party to the other Party under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be (a) delivered personally, (b) delivered by express delivery service, (c) mailed, certified mail or first class U.S. mail postage prepaid, return receipt requested or (d) delivered by telecopy to the following addresses of the Parties:

#### To MFS:

MFS Intelenet of Illinois, Inc.

1 Tower Lane

27th Floor

Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181

Attn: Director, Regulatory Affairs - Central Region
Facsimile: 708/218-0018

#### To Ameritech:

Ameritech Information Industry Services 350 North Orleans, Floor 3 Chicago, IL 60654 Attn.: Vice President - Network Providers Facsimile: 312/335-2927

### with a copy to:

Ameritech Information Industry Services 350 North Orleans, Floor 3 Chicago, IL 60654 Attn.: Vice President and General Counsel Facsimile: (312) 595-1504

or to such other address as either Party shall designate by proper notice. Notices will be deemed given as of the earlier of (i) the date of actual receipt, (ii) the next business day when notice is sent via express mail or personal delivery, (iii) three (3) days after mailing in the case of first class or certified U.S. mail or (iv) on the date set forth on the confirmation in the case of telecopy.

28.13 Publicity and Use of Trademarks or Service Marks. Neither Party nor its subcontractors or agents shall use the other Party's trademarks, service marks, logos or other

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proprietary trade dress in any advertising, press releases, publicity matters or other promotional materials without such Party's prior written consent.

- 28.14 Section 252(i) Obligations. If either Party enters into an agreement (the "Other Agreement") approved by the Commission pursuant to Section 252 of the Act which provides for the provision of arrangements covered in this Agreement to another requesting Telecommunications Carrier, including itself or its affiliate, such Party shall make available to the other Party such arrangements upon the same rates, terms and conditions as those provided in the Other Agreement. At its sole option, the other Party may avail itself of either (i) the Other Agreement in its entirety or (ii) the prices, terms and conditions of the Other Agreement that directly relate to any of the following duties as a whole:
  - Interconnection Section 251(c)(2) of the Act (Section 4.0 and 5.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (2) Exchange Access Section 251(c)(2) of the Act (Section 6.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (3) Unbundled Access Section 251(c)(3) of the Act (Section 9.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (4) Resale Section 251(c)(4) of the Act (Section 10.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (5) Collocation Section 251(c)(6) of the Act (Section 13.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (6) Number Portability Section 251(b)(2) of the Act (Section 14.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (7) Access to Rights of Way Section 251(b)(4) of the Act (Section 16.0 of this Agreement).
- 28.15 Joint Work Product. This Agreement is the joint work product of the Parties and has been negotiated by the Parties and their respective counsel and shall be fairly interpreted in accordance with its terms and, in the event of any ambiguities, no inferences shall be drawn against either Party.
- 28.16 No Third Party Beneficiaries; Disclaimer of Agency. This Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties and their permitted assigns, and nothing herein express or implied shall create or be construed to create any third-party beneficiary rights hereunder. Except for provisions herein expressly authorizing a Party to act for another, nothing in this Agreement shall constitute a Party as a legal representative or agent of the other Party, nor shall a Party have the right or authority to assume, create or incur any liability or any obligation of any kind, express or implied, against or in the name or on behalf of the other Party unless otherwise expressly permitted by such other Party. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no Party undertakes to perform any obligation of the other Party, whether regulatory or contractual, or to assume any responsibility for the management of the other Party's business.

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- 28.17 No License. No license under patents, copyrights or any other intellectual property right (other than the limited license to use consistent with the terms, conditions and restrictions of this Agreement) is granted by either Party or shall be implied or arise by estoppel with respect to any transactions contemplated under this Agreement.
- 28.18 Technology Upgrades. Nothing in this Agreement shall limit Ameritech's ability to upgrade its network through the incorporation of new equipment, new software or otherwise. Ameritech shall provide MFS written notice at least ninety (90) days prior to the incorporation of any such upgrades in Ameritech's network which will materially impact MFS' service. MFS shall be solely responsible for the cost and effort of accommodating such changes in its own network.
- 28.19 Survival. The Parties' obligations under this Agreement which by their nature are intended to continue beyond the termination or expiration of this Agreement shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement, including without limitation, Sections 20.4, 21.0, 22.0, 24.0, 25.0, 28:3, 28.6, 28.11, 28.13 and 28.17.
- 28,20 Scope of Agreement. This Agreement is intended to describe and enable specific Interconnection and access to unbundled Network Elements and compensation arrangements between the Parties. This Agreement does not obligate either Party to provide arrangements not specifically provided herein.

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-2 PAGE 47 of 57

28.21 Entire Agreement. The terms contained in this Agreement and any Schedules, Exhibits, tariffs and other documents or instruments referred to herein, which are incorporated into this Agreement by this reference, constitute the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, superseding all prior understandings, proposals and other communications, oral or written. Neither Party shall be bound by any preprinted terms additional to or different from those in this Agreement that may appear subsequently in the other Party's form documents, purchase orders, quotations, acknowledgments, invoices or other communications. This Agreement may only be modified by a writing signed by an officer of each Party.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of this 17"day of May, 1996.

MFS INTELENET OF ILLINOIS, INC.

Printed: Alex J. Harris

Title: Vice President, Requistory Affairs

AME ITECH INFORMATION INDUSTRY SERVICES, A DIVISION OF AMERITECH SERVICES, INC., ON BEHALF OF AMERITECH ILLINOIS

Printed: Neil E.

Title: President

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#### SCHEDULE 1.0

### CERTAIN TERMS AS DEFINED IN THE ACT AS OF MAY 16, 1996

"Affiliate" means a person that (directly or indirectly) owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with, another person. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "own" means to own an equity interest (or the equivalent thereof) of more than ten percent (10%).

"Dialing Parity" means that a person that is not an Affiliate of LEC is able to provide Telecommunications Services in such a man er that Customers have the ability to route automatically, without the use of any access code, their Telecommunications to the Telecommunications Services provider of the Customer's designation from among two (2) or more Telecommunications Services providers (including such LEC).

"Exchange Access" means the offering of access to Telephone Exchange Services or facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of Telephone Toll Services.

"InterLATA." means Telecommunications between a point located in a local access and transport area and a point located outside such area.

"Local Access and Transport Area" or "LATA" means a contiguous geographic area:

(a) established before the date of enactment of the Act by a Bell operating company such that no Exchange Area includes points within more than one (1) metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, or State, except as expressly permitted under the AT&T Consent Decree; or (b) established or modified by a Bell operating company after such date of enactment and approved by the FCC.

"Local Exchange Carrier" means any person that is engaged in the provision of Telephone Exchange Service or Exchange Access. Such term does not include a person insofar as such person is engaged in the provision of a commercial mobile service under Section 332(c) of the Act, except to the extent that the FCC finds that such service should be included in the definition of such term.

"Network Element" means a facility or equipment used in the provision of a Telecommunications Service. Such term also includes features, functions, and capabilities that are provided by means of such facility or equipment, including subscriber numbers, databases, signaling systems, and information sufficient for billing and collection or used in the transmission, routing, or other provision of a Telecommunications Service.

"Number Portability" means the ability of end users of telecommunications services to retain, at the same location, existing telecommunications numbers without impairment of quality, reliability, or convenience when switching from one telecommunications carrier to another.

"Telecommunications" means the transmission, between or among points specified by the

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-2 PAGE 49 of 57

user, of information of the user's choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.

"Telecommunications Carrier" means any provider of Telecommunications Services, except that such term does not include aggregators of Telecommunications Services (as defined in Section 226 of the Communications Act).

"Telecommunications Service" means the offering of Telecommunications for a fee directly to the public, or to such classes of users as to be effectively available directly to the public, regardless of the facilities used.

"Telephone Exchange Service" means (a) service within a telephone exchange or within a connected system of telephone exchanges within the same exchange area operated to furnish subscribers intercommunicating service of the character ordinarily furnished by a single exchange, and which is covered by the exchange service charge, or (b) comparable service provided through a system of switches, transmission equipment, or other facilities (or combination thereof) by which a subscriber can originate and terminate a telecommunications service.

"Telephone Toll Service" means telephone service between stations in different exchange areas for which there is made a separate charge not included in contracts with subscribers for exchange service.

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# **SCHEDULE 3.0**

# IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

| LATA    | Ameritech<br>Interconnection<br>Wire Center<br>(AIWC) | MFS Interconnection Wire Center (MIWC) | Interconnection<br>Activation Date |
|---------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Chicago | Wabash Tandem<br>CHCGILWB12T                          | 800 S. Wells<br>CHCGILTODSO.           | 5/17/961                           |

Existing Interconnection arrangements predate execution of this Agreement.

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#### PRICING SCHEDULE - ILLINOIS

I. Reciprocal Compensation

Rate = \$0.009 per minute

II. Information Services Billing & Collection

Fee = \$0.03 per message

III. BLV/BLVI Traffic

Rate = \$0.90 per Busy Line Verification \$1.10 per Busy Line Verification Interrupt (in addition to \$0.90 for Eusy Line Verification)

IV. Transiting

Rate = \$0.002 per minute

V. Unbundled Network Elements

A. Unbundled Loop Rates

|                       |         | Monthly Rates |         |
|-----------------------|---------|---------------|---------|
| Loop Type             |         | Access Ares   |         |
|                       | A       | B             | C       |
| Analog 2W             | \$ 6.95 | \$11.10       | \$13.60 |
| Analog 4W             | \$13.90 | \$22.20       | \$27.20 |
| ADSL 2W/HDSL 2W       | \$ 6.95 | \$11.10       | \$13.60 |
| ADSL 4W/HDSL 4W       | \$13.90 | \$22.20       | \$27.20 |
| BRI ISDN              | \$ 6.95 | \$11.10       | \$13.60 |
| PBX Ground Start Coin | \$ 6.95 | \$11.60       | \$14.10 |
| Coin                  | \$ 6.95 | \$11.60       | \$14.10 |
| Electronic Key Line   | \$ 6.95 | \$11.60       | \$14.10 |

Common Line Charges and cross-connection charges are included in the referenced Loop rates.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Access Area" is as defined in Ameritech's applicable tariffs for business and residential Exchange Line Services.

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#### B. Non-Recurring Charges

### Unbundled Loops

| Date of Acceptance of Service Order | Service Order Charge <sup>3</sup> | Line Connection Charge |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Prior to 6/1/97                     | \$30                              | \$50                   |
| On or after 6/1/97                  | \$30                              | \$35                   |

#### 2. Number Portability

| Date of<br>Acceptance of<br>Service Order | Service Order<br>Charge <sup>5</sup> | Initial Line<br>Connection Charge | Charge for<br>Subsequent<br>Additional Call<br>Path Connections <sup>7</sup> |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Prior to 6/1/97                           | \$30                                 | \$50                              | \$20   |
| On or after<br>6/1/97                     | \$30                                 | \$35                              | \$20   |

The Service Order Charge is a per occasion charge applicable to any number of Loops ordered for the same location and same Customer account.

<sup>\*</sup> The Line Connection Charge applies to each Loop purchase.

The Service Order charge is a per occasion charge applicable per ported account per Customer location.

<sup>\*</sup> The Line Connection Charge applies to each ported number. If Number Portability is purchased with the Loop, the Initial Line Connection Charge shall be waived. The Initial Line Connection Charge includes porting the initial number with up to ninety (90) call paths.

The Charge for Subsequent Additional Ca'l Path Connections is applied when purchasing up to an additional ninety (90) paths for an individual ported number. This charge also applies to any changes to the number of call paths on a ported number.

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#### C. Additional Loop Conditioning Charges<sup>4</sup>

| Loop Type           | Additional Charges per Loop |  |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Electronic Key Line | Rates based on cost         |  |
| ISDN                | \$22.50 per month per Loop  |  |
| HDSL 2W             | Rates based on cost         |  |
| HDSL 4W             | Rates based on cost         |  |
| ADSL 2W             | Rates based on cost         |  |

The Additional Loop Conditioning Charges are only applicable if the distance requested on an ordered Loop exceeds such Loop's corresponding transmission characteristics as set forth in Section 9.4.5.

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#### VI. Interim Telecommunications Number Portability

A. Up to twenty (20) call paths per ported number:

Rate = \$3.00 per ported number per month.

B. Twenty-one (21) to ninety (90) call paths per ported number:

Rate = \$0.50 per each additional call path over twenty (20) per month.

Ninety-one (91) or more call paths per ported number: Individual case
 basis.

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#### EXHIBIT A

## NETWORK ELEMENT BONA FIDE REQUEST

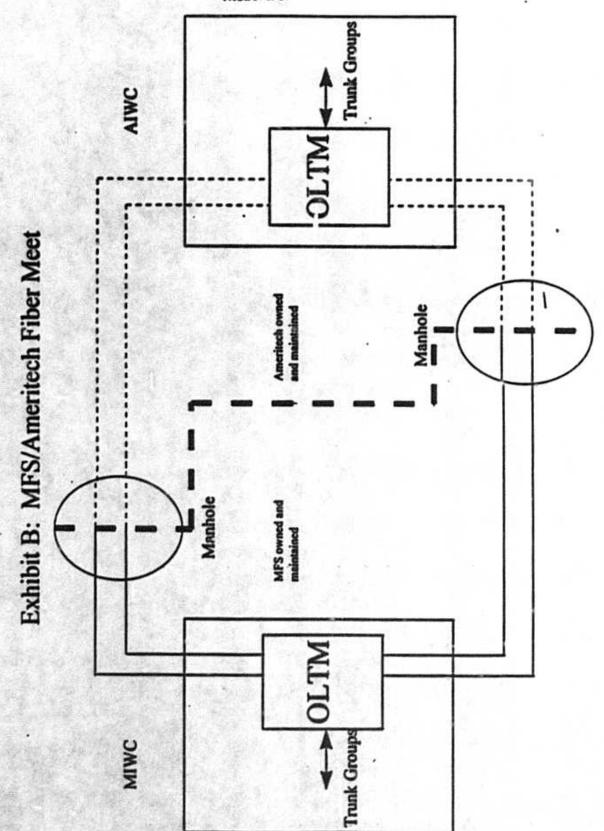
- Each Party shall promptly consider and analyze access to a new unbundled Network Element with the submission of a Network Element Bona Fide Request hereunder. The Network Element Bona Fide Request process set forth herein does not apply to those services requested pursuant to Report & Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking 91-141 (rel. Oct. 19, 1992) ¶ 259 and n.603.
- A Network Element Bona Fide Request shall be submitted in writing and shall include a technical description of each requested Network. Element.
- The requesting Party may cancel a Network Element Bona Fide Request at any time, but shall pay the other Party's reasonable and demonstrable costs of processing and/or implementing the Network Element Bona Fide Request up to the date of cancellation.
- Within ten (10) business days of its receipt, the receiving Party shall acknowledge receipt of the Network Element Bona Fide Request.
- 5. Except under extraordinary circumstances, within thirty (30) days of its receipt of a Network Element Bona Fide Request, the receiving Party shall provide to the requesting Party a preliminary analysis of such Network Element Bona Fide Request. The preliminary analysis shall confirm that the receiving Party will offer access to the Network Element or will provide a detailed explanation that access to the Network Element is not technically feasible and/or that the request does not qualify as a Network Element that is required to be provided under the Act.
- 6. If the receiving Party determines that the Network Element Bona Fide Request is technically feasible and otherwise qualifies under the Act, it shall promptly proceed with developing the Network Element Bona Fide Request upon receipt of written authorization from the requesting Party. When it receives such authorization, the receiving Party shall promptly develop the requested services, determine their availability, calculate the applicable prices and establish installation intervals.
- Unless the Parties otherwise agree, the Network Element Bona Fide Request must be priced in accordance with Section 252(d)(1) of the Act.
- 8. As soon as feasible, but not more than ninety (90) days after its receipt of authorization to proceed with developing the Network Element Bona Fide Request, the receiving Party shall provide to the requesting Party a Network Element Bona Fide Request quote which

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will include, at a minimum, a description of each Network Element, the availability, the applicable rates and the installation intervals.

- 9. Within thirty (30) days of its receipt of the Network Element Bona Fide Request quote, the requesting Party must either confirm its order for the Network Element Bona Fide Request pursuant to the Network Element Bona Fide Request quote or seek arbitration by the Commission pursuant to Section 252 of the Act.
- 10. If a Party to a Network Element Bona Fide Request believes that the other Party is not requesting, negotiating or processing the Network Element Bona Fide Request in good faith, or disputes a determination, or price or cost quote, such Party may seek mediation or arbitration by the Commission pursuant to Section 252 of the Act.

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# INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 251 AND 252 OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

Dated as of June 25, 1996

by and between

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

and

MFS INTELENET OF NEW YORK, INC.

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Exhibit A Network Element Bona Fide Request

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# INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT UNDER SECTIONS 251 AND 252 OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

This Interconnection Agreement under Sections 251 and 252 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("Agreement"), is effective as of the 25th day of June, 1996 (the "Effective Date"), by and between MFS Intelenet of New York, Inc., ("MFS") a Delaware corporation with offices at 33 Whitehall Street, New York, New York 10004 and New York Telephone Company d/b/a, NYNEX ("NYNEX" or "NYT"), a New York corporation with offices at 1095 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036.

WHEREAS, the Parties want to interconnect their networks at mutually agreed upon points of interconnection to provide Telephone Exchange Services (as defined below) and Exchange Access (as defined below) to their respective Customers.

WHEREAS, the Parties are entering into this Agreement to set forth the respective obligations of the Parties and the terms and conditions under which the Parties will interconnect their networks and provide other services as required by the Act (as defined below) and additional services as set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MFS and NYNEX hereby agree as follows:

#### 1.0 DEFINITIONS

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified below in this Section 1.0. For convenience of reference only, the definitions of certain terms that are As Defined in the Act (as defined below) are set forth on Schedule 1.0. Schedule 1.0 sets forth the definitions of such terms as of the date specified on such Schedule and neither Schedule 1.0 nor any revision, amendment or supplement thereof intended to reflect any revised or subsequent interpretation of any term that is set forth in the Act is intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

- 1.1 "Act" means the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(R)), as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or a Commission within its state of jurisdiction.
- 1.2 "ADSL" or "Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line" means a transmission technology which transmits an asymmetrical digital signal using one of a variety of line codes as specified in ANSI standards T1.413-1995-007R2.
  - 1.3 "Affiliate" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.4 "Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing" means the Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing dated as of February 14, 1996 by and between the Parties.

- 1.5 "As Defined in the Act" means as specifically defined by the Act and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or the Commission.
- 1.6 "As Described in the Act" means as described in or required by the Act and as from time to time interpreted in the duly authorized rules and regulations of the FCC or the Commission.
- 1.7 "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" means a Feature Group D signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through a network identifying the billing number of the calling party.
- 1.8 "Busy Line Verification/Busy Line Verification Interrupt Traffic" or "BLV/BLVI Traffic" means an operator service call in which the caller inquires as to the busy status of or requests an interruption of a call on another Customer's Telephone Exchange Service line.
- 1.9 "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is a Common Channel Interoffice Signaling ("CCIS") parameter which refers to the number transmitted through a network identifying the calling party.
- 1.10 "Central Office Switch" means a switch used to provide Telecommunications Services, including, but not limited to:
  - (a) "End Office Switches" which are used to terminate Customer station Links for the purpose of interconnection to each other and to trunks; and
  - (b) "Tandem Office Switches" which are used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among other Central Office Switches.

A Central Office Switch may also be employed as a combination End Office/Tandem Office Switch.

- 1.11 "CCS" means one hundred (100) call seconds.
- 1.12 "CLASS Features" means certain CCIS-based features available to Customers including, but not limited to: Automatic Call Back; Call Trace; Caller Identification; Call Return and future CCIS-based offerings.
- Party") facilities are terminated in its equipment necessary for Interconnection or for access to Network Elements on an unbundled basis which has been installed and maintained at the premises of a second Party (the "Housing Party"). For purposes of Collocation, the "premises" of a Housing Party is limited to the occupied structure or portion thereof in which such Housing Party has the exclusive right of occupancy. Collocation will be "physical," unless physical collocation is not practical for technical reasons or because of space/limitations, in which case

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virtual collocation will be provided, subject to PSC approval. In "Physical Collocation," the Collocating Party installs and maintains its own equipment in the Housing Party's premises.

- 1.14 "Commission" or "PSC" means the New York State Public Service Commission
- 1.15 "Common Channel Interoffice Signaling" or "CCIS" means the signaling system, developed for use between switching systems with stored-program control, in which all of the signaling information for one or more groups of trunks is transmitted over a dedicated high-speed data link rather than on a per-trunk basis and, unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the CCIS used by the Parties shall be SS7.
- 1.16 "Cross Connection" means a connection provided pursuant to Collocation at the Digital Signal Cross Connect, Main Distribution Frame or other suitable frame or panel between (i) the Collocating Party's equipment and (ii) the equipment or facilities of the Housing Party.
- 1.17 "Customer" means a third-party residence or business that subscribes to Telecommunications Services provided by either of the Parties.
- Parity refers to both Local Dialing Parity and Toll Dialing Parity. "Local Dialing Parity" means the ability of Telephone Exchange Service Customers of one LEC to select a provider and make local calls without dialing extra digits. "Toll Dialing Parity" means the ability of Telephone Exchange Service Customers of a LEC to place toll calls (inter or intraLata) which are routed to a toll carrier (intraLATA or interLATA) of their selection without dialing access codes or additional digits and with no unreasonable dialing delay.
- 1.19 "Digital Signal Level" means one of several transmission rates in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.20 "Digital Signal Level 0" or "DS0" means the 64 Kbps zero-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy.
- 1.21 "Digital Signal Level 1" or "DS1" means the 1.544 Mbps first-level signal in the time-division multiplex hierarchy. In the time-division multiplexing hierarchy of the telephone network, DS1 is the initial level of multiplexing.
- 1.22 "Digital Signal Level 3" or "DS3" means the 44.736 Mbps third-level in the time-division multiplex hierarchy. In the time-division multiplexing hierarchy of the telephone network, DS3 is defined as the third level of multiplexing.
- 1.23 "Direct Customer Access Service" or "DCAS" is an electronic interface system provided by NYNEX to facilitate the ordering, provisioning and maintenance of various interconnection arrangements.

- 1.24 "Exchange Message Record" or "EMR" means the standard used for exchange of Telecommunications message information among Telecommunications providers for billable, non-billable, sample, settlement and study data. EMR format is contained in Bellcore Practice BR-010-200-010 CRIS Exchange Message Record.
  - 1.25 "Exchange Access" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.26 "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission.
- 1.27 "Fiber-Meet" means an Interconnection architecture method whereby the Parties physically Interconnect their networks via an optical f ber interface (as opposed to an electrical interface) at a mutually agreed upon location.
- 1.28 "HDSL" or "High-Bit Rate Digital Subscriber Line" means a transmission technology which transmits up to a DS1-level signal, using any one of the following line codes: 2 Binary / 1 Quartenary ("2B1Q"), Carrierless AM/PM, Discrete Multitone ("DMT"), or 3 Binary / 1 Octel ("3B10").
- 1.29 "Information Service Traffic" means Local Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic which originates on a Telephone Exchange Service line and which is addressed to an information service provided over a Party's information services platform (e.g., 976).
- 1.30 "Integrated Digital Loop Carrier" means a subscriber loop carrier system which integrates within the switch, at a DS1 level, twenty-four (24) local Link transmission paths combined into a 1.544 Mbps digital signal.
- 1.31 "Interconnection" is As Described in the Act and refers to the connection of a network, equipment, or facilities, of one carrier with the network, equipment, or facilities of another for the purpose of transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic.
- 1.32 "Interexchange Carrier" or "IXC" means a carrier that provides, directly or indirectly, interLATA or intraLATA Telephone Toll Services.
- 1.33 "Interim Telecommunications Number Portability" or "INP" is As Described in the Act.
  - 1.34 "InterLATA Service" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.35 "Integrated Services Digital Network" or "ISDN" means a switched network service that provides end-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data. Basic Rate Interface-ISDN (BRI-ISDN) provides for a digital transmission of two 64 kbps bearer channels and one 16 kbps data channel (2B+D).
  - 1.36 "Local Access and Transport Area" or "LATA" is As Defined in the Act.

- 1.37 "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.38 "Local Link Transmission" or "Link" means the entire transmission path which extends from the network interface/demarcation point at a Customer's premises to the Main Distribution Frame or other designated frame or panel in a Party's Wire Center which serves the Customer. Links are defined by the electrical interface rather than the type of facility used.
- 1.39 "Losses" means any and all losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, and criminal or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys' fees).
- 1.40 "Main Distribution Frame" or "MDF" means the distribution frame of the Party providing the Link used to interconnect cable pairs and line and trunk equipment terminals on a switching system.
- 1.41 "Meet-Point Billing" means the process whereby each Party bills the appropriate tariffed rate for its portion of a jointly provided Switched Exchange Access Service as agreed to in the Agreement for Switched Access Meet Point Billing.
  - 1.42 "Network Element" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.43 "Network Element Bona Fide Request" means the process described in Exhibit A that prescribes the terms and conditions relating to a Party's request that the other Party provide a Network Element not otherwise provided by the terms of this Agreement.
- 1.44 "North American Numbering Plan" or "NANP" means the numbering plan used in the United States, Canada, Bermuda, Puerto Rico and certain Caribbean Islands. The NANP format is a 10-digit number that consists of a 3-digit NPA code (commonly referred to as the area code), followed by a 3-digit NXX code and 4-digit line number.
  - 1.45 "Number Portability" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.46 "NXX" means the three-digit code which appears as the first three digits of a seven digit telephone number.
  - 1.47 "Party" means either NYNEX or MFS, and "Parties" means NYNEX and MFS.
- 1.48 "Port" means a termination on a Central Office Switch that permits Customers to send or receive Telecommunications over the public switched network, but does not include switch features or switching functionality.
- 1.49 "POT Bay" or "Point of Termination Fay" means the intermediate distributing frame system which serves as the point of demarcation for collocated interconnection.

- 1.50 "Rate Center" means the specific geographic point which has been designated by a given LEC as being associated with a particular NPA-NXX code which has been assigned to the LEC for its provision of Telephone Exchange Service. The Rate Center is the finite geographic point identified by a specific V&H coordinate, which is used by that LEC to measure, for billing purposes, distance sensitive transmission services associated with the specific Rate Center. Rate Centers will be identical for each Party until such time as MFS is permitted by an appropriate regulatory body or elects to create its own Rate Centers within an area.
- 1.51 "Reciprocal Compensation" is As Described in the Act, and refers to the payment arrangements that recover costs incurred for the transport and termination of Telephone Exchange Service Traffic.
- 1.52 "Reciprocal Compensation Call" or "Reciprocal Compensation Traffic" means a Telephone Exchange Service Call completed between the Parties, which qualifies for Reciprocal Compensation pursuant to the terms of this Agreement and prevailing Commission rules that may exist.
- 1.53 "Route Indexing" means the provision of Interim Number Portability through the use of direct trunks provisioned between end offices of NYNEX and MFS over which inbound traffic to a ported number will be routed.
- "Routing Point" means a location which a LEC has designated on its own network as the homing (routing) point for inbound traffic to one or more of its NPA-NXX codes. The Routing Point is also used to calculate mileage measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Exchange Access Services. Pursuant to Bell Communications Research, Inc. ("Bellcore") Practice BR 795-100-100 (the "Bellcore Practice"), the Routing Point (referred to as the "Rating Point" in such Bellcore Practice) may be an End Office Switch location or a "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection." Pursuant to such Bellcore Practice, each "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection" shall be designated by a common language location identifier (CLLI) code with (x)KD in positions 9, 10, 11, where (x) may be any alphanumeric A-Z or 0-9. The Routing Point must be located within the LATA in which the corresponding NPA-NXX is located. However, Routing Points associated with each NPA-NXX need not be the same as the corresponding Rate Center, nor must there be a unique and separate Routing Point corresponding to each unique and separate Rate Center; provided only that the Routing Point associated with a given NPA-NXX must be located in the same LATA as the Rate Center associated with the NPA-NXX.
- 1.55 "Service Control Point" or "SCP" means a component of the signaling network that acts as a database to provide information to another component of the signaling network (i.e., Service Switching Point or another SCP) for processing or routing certain types of network calls. A query/response mechanism is typically used in communicating with an SCP.
- 1.56 "Signaling Transfer Point" or "STP" means a component of the signaling network that performs message routing functions and provides information for the routing of messages

between signaling network components. An STP transmits, receives and processes CCIS messages.

- 1.57 "Single Bill/Multiple Tariff" shall mean that one bill is rendered to the IXCfrom all LECs who are jointly providing access service. A single bill consists of all rate elements applicable to access services billed on one statement of charges under one billing account number using each Party's appropriate access tariffs. The bill could be rendered by or on behalf of either of the Parties.
- 1.58 "Strapping" means the act of installing a permanent connection between a point of termination bay and a collocated interconnector's physical collocation node.
- 1.59 "Switched Exchange Access Service" means the offering of transmission or switching services to Telecommunications Carriers for the purpose of the origination or termination of Telephone Toll Service. Switched Exchange Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, 800/888 access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Exchange Access services.
- 1.60 "Synchronous Optical Network" or "SONET" means an optical interface standard that allows inter-networking of transmission products from multiple vendors. The base rate is 51.84 Mbps (OC-1/STS-1) and higher rates are direct multiples of the base rate, up to 13.22 Gpbs.
  - 1.61 "Technically Feasible Point" is As Described in the Act.
  - 1.62 "Telecommunications" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.63 "Telecommunications Act" means the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - 1.64 "Telecommunications Carrier" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.65 "Telecommunications Service" is As Defined in the Act.
  - 1.66 "Telephone Exchange Service" is As Defined in the Act.
- 1.67 "Telephone Exchange Service Call" or "Telephone Exchange Service Traffic" means a call completed between two Telephone Exchange Service Customers of the Parties located in the same LATA, originated on one Party's network and terminated on the other Party's network where such call was not carried by a third party as either a presubscribed call (1+) or a casual dialed (10XXX) or (101XXXXX) call. Telephone Exchange Service Traffic is transported over Traffic Exchange Trunks.
  - 1.68 "Telephone Toll Service" is As Defined in the Act.

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1.69 "Wire Center" means an occupied structure or portion thereof in which a Party has the exclusive right of occupancy and which serves as a Routing Point for Switched Exchange Access Service.

# 2.0 INTERPRETATION AND CONSTRUCTION

All references to Sections, Exhibits and Schedules shall be deemed to be references to Sections of, and Exhibits and Schedules to, this Agreement unless the context shall otherwise require. The headings of the Sections and the terms defined in Schedule 1.0 are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning of this Agreement. Unless the context shall otherwise require, any reference to any agreement, other instrument (including NYNEX or other third party o ferings, guides or practices), statute, regulation, rule or tariff is to such agreement, instrument, statute, regulation, convenience of reference only and is not intended to be a part of or to affect the meaning or rule or tariff as amended and supplemented from time to time (and, in the case of a statute, regulation, rule or tariff, to any successor provision).

#### 3.0 SCOPE

The parties stipulate and agree that the terms of this Agreement, if fully and completely met by NYNEX, will satisfy the obligation of NYNEX to provide Interconnection under Section 251 of the Act, and the requirements of the Competitive Checklist, under section 271 of the Act. MFS represents that it is a provider of telephone exchange service to residential and business subscribers offered exclusively over its own telephone exchange service facilities or predominantly over its own telephone exchange service facilities or in combination with the resale of the telecommunications services of other carriers.

# 4.0 INTERCONNECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2)

Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment pursuant to Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic shall be established on or before the corresponding "Interconnection Activation Date" shown for each such LATA within the State of New York on Schedule 4.0. Schedule 4.0 may be revised and supplemented from time to time upon the mutual agreement of the Parties to reflect the Interconnection in additional LATAs in New York State pursuant to Section 4.5 by attaching one or more supplementary schedules to such schedule.

# 4.1 Scope

Section 4.0 describes the physical architecture for Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service Traffic and Exchange Access traffic pursuant to Section 251(c)(2) of the Act. Sections 5.0 and 6.0 prescribe the specific logical trunk groups (and traffic routing parameters) which will be configured over the physical connections described in this Section 4.0 related to the transmission and routing of

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Telephone Exchange Service Traffic and Exchange Access traffic, respectively. Other trunk groups, as described in this Agreement, may be configured using this architecture.

# 4.2 Physical Architecture

In each LATA identified on Schedule 4.0, MFS and NYNEX shall jointly engineer and operate a diverse Synchronous Optical Network ("SONET") transmission system by which they shall interconnect their networks pursuant to the joint network reconfiguration and grooming plan ("Joint Grooming Plan") specified in Section 8.1, and according to the following minimum specifications:

- 4.2.1 The Parties shall establish physical interconnection points at the locations designated in Schedule 4.0. Interconnection points on MFS' network shall be designated as MFS Interconnection Points ("M-IP"); interconnection points on the NYNEX network shall be designated as NYNEX Interconnection Points ("N-IP"). The Parties may by mutual agreement establish additional interconnection points at any technically feasible points consistent with Act.
- 4.2.2 Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the SONET transmission system in each LATA shall be configured as illustrated in Schedule 4.2 and pursuant to the Joint Grooming Plan. Each Party shall be responsible for procuring, installing and maintaining the agreed-upon Optical Line Terminating Multiplexor ("OLTM") equipment, fiber optic facilities and other equipment as agreed pursuant to the Joint Grooming Plan, as illustrated in that Schedule.
- 4.2.3 Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the physical interface of MFS' and NYNEX's facilities necessary to effect the SONET transmission system shall be at the optical level via a Fiber Meet or other comparable means.

## 4.3 Initial Interim Architecture

- 4.3.1 In LATAs where MFS and NYNEX have implemented interconnection arrangements prior to execution of this Agreement, the Parties shall for an interim period not exceeding twelve (12) months from the Interconnection Activation Date, maintain any preexisting physical interconnection arrangements and, pursuant to the Joint Grooming Plan, jointly coordinate and reconfigure such arrangements to reflect the architecture described in Section 4.2 of this Agreement.
- 4.3.2 In LATAs where no interconnection agreements have been implemented prior to execution of this Agreement, the Parties agree to allow interim alternatives to the architecture described in Section 4.2, utilizing electrical hand-offs, provided the Parties mutually develop and agree on a plan to fully transition to an arrangement reflective of Section 4.2 in that LATA within 180 days following the Activation Date listed for that LATA in Schedule 4.0.

# 4.4 Technical Specifications

- 4.4.1 MFS and NYNEX shall work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network. MFS and NYNEX shall exchange appropriate information (e.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the Government and such other information as the Parties shall mutually agree) to achieve this desired reliability.
- 4.4.2 MFS and NYNEX shall work cooperatively to apply sound network management principles by invoking network management controls to alleviate or to prevent congestion.
- 4.4.3 The publication "Bellcore Technical Publication TR-INS-000342, High Capacity Digital Special Access Service, Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combinations" describes the practices, procedures, specifications and interfaces generally utilized by NYNEX and is referenced herein to assist the Parties in meeting their respective Interconnection responsibilities related to Electrical/Optical Interfaces.

# 4.5 Interconnection in Additional LATAs

- 4.5.1 If MFS determines to offer Telephone Exchange Services in any other LATA in which NYNEX also offers Telephone Exchange Services in New York State, MFS shall provide written notice to NYNEX of the need to establish Interconnection in such LATA pursuant to this Agreement.
- 4.5.2 The notice provided in Section 4.5.1 shall include (i) the initial Routing Point MFS has designated in the new LATA; (ii) MFS' requested Interconnection Activation Date; and (iii) a non-binding forecast of MFS' trunking requirements.
- 4.5.3 Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the Parties shall designate the Wire Center MFS has identified as its initial Routing Point in the LATA as the M-IP in that LATA and shall designate the NYNEX Tandem Office Wire Center within the LATA nearest to the M-IP (as measured in airline miles utilizing the V&H coordinates method) as the N-IP in that LATA.
- 4.5.4 Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the Interconnection Activation Date in each new LATA shall be the earlier of (i) the date mutually agreed by the Parties and (ii) the date that is one-hundred and fifty (150) days after the date on which MFS delivered notice to NYNEX pursuant to Section 4.5.1. Within ten (10) business days of NYNEX's receipt of MFS' notice, NYNEX and MFS shall confirm the N-IP, the M-IP and the Interconnection Activation Date for the new LATA by attaching a supplementary schedule to Schedule 4.0.
- 5.0 TRANSMISSION AND ROUTING OF TELEPHONE EXCHANGE SERVICE TRAFFIC PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2)
  - 5.1 Scope of Traffic

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Section 5.0 prescribes parameters for trunk groups (the "Traffic Exchange Trunks") to be effected over the Interconnections specified in Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service Traffic between the Parties' respective Telephone Exchange Service Customers.

# 5.2 Switching System Hierarchy

- 5.2.1 For purposes of this Section 5.0, each of the following Central Office Switches shall be designated as a "Primary Switch":
  - (a) Each Access Tandem NY NEX operates in the LATA;
  - (b) The initial switch MFS employs to provide Telephone Exchange Service in the LATA;
  - (c) Any Access Tandem MFS may establish for provision of Exchange Access in the LATA; and
  - (d) Any additional switch MFS may subsequently employ to provide Telephone Exchange Service in the LATA which MFS may at its sole option designate as a Primary Switch; provided that the total number of MFS Primary Switches for a LATA may not exceed the total number of NYNEX Primary Switches for that LATA. To the extent MFS chooses to designate any additional switch as a Primary Switch, it shall provide notice to NYNEX of such designation at least ninety (90) days in advance of the date on which MFS activates such switch as a Primary Switch.
  - (e) Any additional tandem switch NYNEX may subsequently employ to provide access and/or sector traffic capacity within a LATA. Traffic destined to sub-tending Secondary Switches routed via such a tandem(s) would be determined by network requirements and notice made available to all LECs at least 180 days prior to service introduction.
- 5.2.2 Each Central Office Switch operated by the Parties which is not designated as a Primary Switch pursuant to Section 5.2.1 shall be designated as a "Secondary Switch".
- 5.2.3 For purposes of MFS routing traffic to NYNEX, sub-tending arrangements between NYNEX Primary Switches and NYNEX Secondary Switches shall be the same as the Access Tandem/End Office sub-tending arrangements which NYNEX maintains for those switches. For purposes of NYNEX routing traffic to MFS, subtending arrangements between MFS Primary Switches and MFS Secondary Switches shall be the same as the Access Tandem/End Office sub-tending arrangements which MFS maintains for those switches.
  - 5.3 Trunk Group Architecture and Traffic Routing

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The Parties shall jointly engineer and configure Traffic Exchange Trunks over the physical Interconnection arrangements for the transport and termination of Telephone Exchange Service Traffic, as follows:

- 5.3.1 The Parties shall initially configure a separate two-way trunk group as a direct transmission path between each MFS Primary Switch and each NYNEX Primary Switch.
- 5.3.2 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 5.0, if the two-way traffic volumes between any two Central Office Switches (whether Primary-Primary, Primary-Secondary or Secondary-Secondary) at any time exceeds the CCS busy hour equivalent of one DS-1, the Parties shall within sixty (i0) days after such occurrence add trunks or establish new direct trunk groups consistent with the grades of service and quality parameters set forth in the Joint Grooming Plan; provided, however, nothing in this Section 5.3 shall require a Party to establish new direct trunk groups on or before the date which is one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the applicable Interconnection Activation Date; provided, however, that if such traffic volume is exceeded within such one-hundred and twenty (120) day period, such Party shall establish new direct trunk groups on the date which is the later of sixty (60) days after such occurrence or one-hundred and twenty-one (121) days after the Interconnection Activation Date.

# 5.4 Interim Use Alternative Trunk Groups

In LATAs where MFS and NYNEX have implemented interconnection arrangements prior to execution of this Agreement, the Parties shall for an interim period not exceeding twelve (12) months from the Interconnection Activation Date, maintain any preexisting trunk group architecture and, pursuant to the Joint Grooming Plan, jointly coordinate and reconfigure such architecture to reflect the architecture described in Section 5.3 of this Agreement.

# 5.5 Signaling

- 5.5.1 Where available, CCIS signaling shall be used by the Parties to set up calls between the Parties' Telephone Exchange Service networks. If CCIS signaling is unavailable, MF (Multi-Frequency) signaling shall be used by the Parties. Each Party shall charge the other Party equal and reciprocal rates for CCIS signaling in accordance with applicable tariffs. During the term of this Agreement neither Party shall charge the other Party additional usage-sensitive rates for SS7 queries made for Local Traffic.
- 5.5.2 The publication "Bellcore Special Report SR-TSV-002275, BOC Notes on the LEC Networks - Signaling" describes the practices, procedures and specifications generally utilized by NYNEX for signaling purposes and is referenced herein to assist the Parties in meeting their respective Interconnection responsibilities related to signaling.
- 5.5.3 The Parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate interoperability of CCIS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS reatures and functions, to the extent each Party offers such features and functions to its Customers. All CCIS signaling parameters will be

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provided including, calling party number (CPN), originating line information (OLI), calling party category and charge number.

5.5.4 Each Party shall provide trunk groups where available that are configured utilizing the B8ZS ESF protocol for 64 kbps clear channel transmission to allow for ISDN interoperability between the Parties' respective networks.

### 5.6 Grades of Service

The Parties shall initially engineer and shall jointly monitor and enhance all trunk groups consistent with the Joint Grooming Plan.

## 5.7 Measurement and Billing

- 5.7.1 For billing purposes, each Party shall pass Calling Party Number (CPN) information on each call carried over the Traffic ExchangeTrunks; provided that so long as the percentage of calls passed with CPN is greater than ninety percent (90%), all calls exchanged without CPN information shall be billed as either Local Traffic or IntraLATA Toll Traffic in direct proportion to the minutes of use of calls exchanged with CPN information.
- 5.7.2 Measurement of billing minutes (except for originating 800/888 calls) shall be in actual conversation seconds. Measurement of billing minutes for originating 800/888 calls shall be in accordance with applicable tariffs.
- 5.7.3 Where CPN is not available in a LATA for greater than 10% of the traffic, the party sending the traffic shall provide factors to determine the jurisdiction, as well as local vs. toll distinction, of the traffic. Such factors shall be supported by call record details that will be made available for review upon request. Where parties are passing CPN but the receiving party is not properly receiving or recording the information, the Parties shall cooperatively work to correctly identify the traffic, and establish a mutually agreeable mechanism that will prevent improperly rated traffic. Notwithstanding this, if any improperly rated traffic occurs, the Parties agree to reconcile it.
  - 5.8 Reciprocal Compensation Arrangements Section 251(b)(5).
- 5.8.1 Reciprocal Compensation only applies to the transport and termination of Reciprocal Compensation Traffic billable by NYNEX or MFS which a Telephone Exchange Service Customer originates on NYNEX's or MFS' network for termination on the other Party's network except as provided in Section 5.8.6 below.
- 5.8.2 The Parties shall compensate each other for transport and termination of Reciprocal Compensation Traffic in an equal and symmetrical manner at the rate provided in the Pricing Schedule. This rate is to be applied at the M-IP for traffic delivered by NYNEX, and at the N-IP for traffic delivered by MFS. No additional charges, including port or transport charges, shall apply for the termination of Reciprocal Compensation Traffic delivered to the M-IP or the

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N-IP. When Reciprocal Compensation Traffic is terminated over the same trunks as other traffic, any port or transport or other applicable access charges related to such other traffic shall be prorated to be applied only to such other traffic.

- 5.8.3 The Reciprocal Compensation arrangements set forth in this Agreement are not applicable to Switched Exchange Access Service or to any other intraLATA calls originated on a third party carrier's network on a 1+ presubscribed basis or a casual dialed (10XXX or 101XXXX) basis. All Switched Exchange Access Service and all IntraLATA Toll Traffic shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of the applicable federal and state tariffs.
- 5.8.4 The rates for termination of Reciprocal Compensation Traffic are set forth in the Pricing Schedule which is incorporated by reference herein.
- 5.8.5 Compensation for transport and termination of all traffic which has been subject to performance of INP by one Party for the other Party pursuant to Section 13.0 shall be as specified in Section 13.5.
- 5.8.6 When either Party delivers seven (7) or ten (10) digit translated intraLATA 800/888 service to the other Party for termination, the originating Party shall provide the terminating Party with billing records in industry standard format (EMR) if required by the terminating Party. The originating Party may bill the terminating Party for the delivery of the traffic at local reciprocal compensation rates. The terminating Party may not bill the originating Party reciprocal compensation under this Agreement. The Party that is providing the 800/888 service shall pay the database inquiry charge per the Pricing Schedule to the Party that performed the database inquiry.

# 6.0 TRANSMISSION AND ROUTING OF EXCHANGE ACCESS TRAFFIC PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(c)(2)

# 6.1 Scope of Traffic

Section 6.0 prescribes parameters for certain trunk groups ("Access Toll Connecting Trunks") to be established over the Interconnections specified in Section 4.0 for the transmission and routing of Exchange Access traffic between MFS Telephone Exchange Service Customers and Interexchange Carriers ("IXCs").

# 6.2 Trunk Group Architecture and Traffic Routing

6.2.1 The Parties shall jointly establish Access Toll Connecting Trunks by which they will jointly provide tandem-transported Switched Exchange Access Services to Interexchange Carriers to enable such Interexchange Carriers to originate and terminate traffic from/to MFS' Customers.

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- 6.2.2 Access Toll Connecting Trunks shall be used solely for the transmission and routing of Exchange Access to allow MFS' Customers to connect to or be connected to the interexchange trunks of any Interexchange Carrier which is connected to an NYNEX Access Tandem.
- 6.2.3 The Access Toll Connecting Trunks shall be two-way trunks connecting an End Office Switch MFS utilizes to provide Telephone Exchange Service and Switched Exchange Access in a given LATA to an Access Tandem Switch NYNEX utilizes to provide Exchange Access in such LATA.
- 6.2.4 For Meet-Point billing, MFS' end office switch (i.e., Routing Point) shall subtend the NYNEX Access Tandem nearest to such Routing Point, as measured in airline miles utilizing the V&H coordinate method. Alternative configurations will be discussed as part of the Joint Grooming Plan.

## 6.3 Meet-Point Billing Arrangements

- 6.3.1 Meet-Point Billing arrangements between the Parties for jointly-provided Switched Exchange Access Services on Access Toll Connecting Trunks will be governed by the terms and conditions in this section, and pursuant to agreement between the Parties dated February 14, 1996 and the agreement between the Parties and the New York State Access Pool dated March 1, 1996.
- 6.3.2 Notwithstanding 6.3.1, until and unless changed by the FCC on a going forward basis, MFS shall retain 100% of the Residual Interconnection Charge in instances in which MFS provides the end office switching, effective January 1, 1995. The Parties will make all appropriate financial settlements in accordance with this Section within 60 days of this Agreement.

# 7.0 TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION OF OTHER TYPES OF TRAFFIC

## 7.1 Information Services Traffic

- 7.1.1 Each Party shall route Information Service Traffic which originates on its own network to the appropriate information services platform(s) connected to the other Party's network. MFS and NYNEX will jointly establish a dedicated trunk group to the NYNEX information services tandem switch. This trunk group will be utilized to allow MFS to route information service traffic originated on its network to NYNEX, and to allow MFS to receive traffic from NYNEX for a trial of interim number portability arrangements related to information services traffic.
- 7.1.2 The Party ("Originating Party") on whose network the Information Services Traffic originated shall provide an electronic file transfer or monthly magnetic tape containing recorded call detail information to the Party ("Terminating Party") to whose information platform the Information Services Traffic terminated.

- 7.1.3 The Terminating Party shall provide to the Originating Party via electronic file transfer or magnetic tape or other means as available all necessary information to rate the Information Services Traffic to the Originating Party's Customers pursuant to the Terminating Party's agreements with each information provider. Information shall be provided in as timely a fashion as practical in order to facilitate record review and reflect actual prices set by the individual information providers.
- 7.1.4 The Originating Party shall bill and collect such information provider charges and remit the amounts collected to the Terminating Party less:
  - (a) The Information Services Billing and Collection fee set forth on the Pricing Schedule; and
  - (b) Customer adjustments provided by the Originating Party.

The Originating Party shall provide to the Terminating Party sufficient information regarding uncollectibles and Customer adjustments. The Terminating Party shall pass through the adjustments to the information provider. However, if the information provider disputes such adjustments and refuses to accept such adjustments, the Originating Party shall reimburse the Terminating Party for all such disputed adjustments. Final resolution regarding all disputed adjustments shall be solely between the Originating Party and the information provider.

- 7.1.5 Nothing in this Agreement shall restrict either Party from offering to its Exchange Service Customers the ability to block the completion of Information Service Traffic.
- 7.1.6 The Parties may agree to separate arrangements for the billing and compensation of variable rated (970, 540, etc.) information services.

## 7.2 BLV/BLVI Traffic

- 7.2.1 Busy Line Verification ("BLV") is performed when one Party's Customer requests assistance from the operator bureau to determine if the called line is in use, however, the operator bureau will not complete the call for the Customer initiating the BLV inquiry. Only one BLV attempt will be made per Customer operator bureau call, and a charge shall apply whether or not the called party releases the line.
- 7.2.2 Busy Line Verification Interrupt ("BLVI") is performed when one Party's operator bureau interrupts a telephone call in progress after BLV has occurred. The operator bureau will interrupt the busy line and inform the called party that there is a call waiting. The operator bureau will only interrupt the call and will not complete the telephone call of the Customer initiating the BLVI request. The operator bureau will make only one BLVI attempt per Customer operator telephone call and the applicable charge applies whether or not the called party releases the line.

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- 7.2.3 Each Party's operator bureau shall accept BLV and BLVI inquiries from the operator bureau of the other Party in order to allow transparent provision of BLV/BLVI Traffic between the Parties' networks.
- 7.2.4 Each Party shall route BLV/BLVI Traffic inquiries over separate direct trunks (and not the Local/IntraLATA/InterLATA Trunks) established between the Parties' respective operator bureaus. Unless otherwise mutually agreed, the Parties shall configure BLV/BLVI trunks over the Interconnection architecture defined in Section 4.0, consistent with the Joint Grooming Plan. Each Party shall compensate the other Party for BLV/BLVI Traffic as set forth on the Pricing Schedule.

# 7.3 Tandem Transient Service ("Tr. msit Service")

- 7.3.1 "Transit Service" means the delivery of certain traffic between MFS and a LEC by NYNEX over the Local/IntraLATA/InterLATA Trunks. The following traffic types will be delivered: (i) Local Traffic or intralata toll originated from MFS to such LEC and (ii) local or IntraLATA Toll Traffic originated from such LEC and terminated to MFS where NYNEX carries such traffic pursuant to the Commission's primary toll carrier plan or other similar plan.
- 7.3.2 Subject to Section 7.3.4, the Parties shall compensate each other for Transit Service as follows:
  - (a) MFS shall pay NYNEX for Local Traffic MFS originated over the Transit Service at the rate specified in Pricing Schedule plus any additional charges or costs such terminating LEC imposes or levies on NYNEX for the delivery or termination of such traffic, including any switched access charges; and
  - (b) NYNEX shall pay MFS for local, InterLATA, or IntraLATA Toll Traffic terminated to MFS from such LEC at the appropriate reciprocal compensation rates described in Section 5.8, InterLATA access rates, or (where NYNEX delivers such traffic pursuant to the Commission's primary toll carrier plan or other similar plan) at MFS' applicable switched access rates or local termination rate, whichever is appropriate.
- 7.3.3 While the Parties agree that it is the responsibility of a LEC to enter into arrangements to deliver Local Traffic to MFS, they auknowledge that such arrangements are not currently in place and an interim arrangement is necessary to ensure traffic completion. Accordingly, until the earlier of (i) the date on which either Party has entered into an arrangement with such LEC to deliver Local Traffic to MFS or (ii) one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the Interconnection Activation Date, NYNEX will deliver and MFS will terminate Local Traffic originated from such LEC without charge to one another.
- 7.3.4 NYNEX expects that all networks involved in transit traffic will deliver each call to each involved network with CCIS and the appropriate Transactional Capabilities

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Application Part ("TCAP") message to facilitate full interoperability of those services supported by NYNEX as noted in Section 1.12 and billing functions. In all cases, MFS is responsible to follow the Exchange Message Record ("EMR") standard and exchange records with both NYNEX and the terminating LEC to facilitate the billing process to the originating network.

7.3.5 For purposes of this Section 7.3, NYNEX agrees that it shall make available to MFS, at MFS' sole option, any transiting arrangement NYNEX offers to another LEC at the same rates, terms and conditions provided to such other LEC.

#### 7.4 Dedicated Transit Service

- 7.4.1 "Dedicated Transit Service" provides for the dedicated connection between an MFS collocation arrangement established pursuant to applicable tariffs and/or license agreements at a NYNEX premises and a collocation arrangement of a third party carrier that maintains a collocation arrangement at the same premises. Dedicated Transit Service shall be provided using a cross-connection (dedicated connection) using suitable NYNEX-provided cable or transmission facilities or any other mutually agreed upon arrangement.
- 7.4.2 The carrier that requests the Dedicated Transit Service shall be the customer of record for both ends of the service in terms of ordering, provisioning, maintenance, and billing. Alternative arrangements may be utilized if agreed upon by all three parties.

# 7.5 911/E911 Arrangements

- 7.5.1 MFS will interconnect to the NYNEX 911/E911 selective router/911 tandems which serve the areas in which MFS provides exchange services, for the provision of 911/E911 services and for access to all sub-tending Public Safety Answering Points ("PSAP"). NYNEX will provide MFS with the appropriate CLLI codes and specifications of the tandem serving area.
- 7.5.2 Path and route diverse interconnections for 911/E911 shall be made at the M-IP, the N-IP, or other points as necessary and mutually agreed.
- 7.5.3 NYNEX will provide MFS with an electronic interface through which MFS shall input and provide a daily update of 911/E911 database information related to appropriate MFS customers. NYNEX will provide MFS with the Master Street Address Guide (MSAG) so that MFS can ensure the accuracy of the data transfer. Additionally, NYNEX shall assist MFS in identifying the appropriate person in each municipality for the purpose of obtaining the ten-digit Subscriber number of each PSAP.
- 7.5.4 NYNEX and MFS will use their best efforts to facilitate the prompt, robust, reliable and efficient interconnection of MFS systems to the 911/E911 platforms.

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- 7.5.5 NYNEX and MFS will work cooperatively to arrange meetings with PSAPs to answer any technical questions the PSAPs. or county or municipal coordinators may have regarding the 911/E911 arrangements.
- 7.5.6 MFS will compensate NYNEX for connections to its 911/E911 pursuant to the Pricing Schedule.
- 7.5.7 MFS will comply with all applicable rules and regulations pertaining to the provision of 911/E911 services in the state of New York.
- 8.0 JOINT NETWORK RECONFIGURATION AND GROOMING PLAN; AND INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, TESTING AND REPAIR.
- 8.1 Joint Network Reconfiguration and Grooming Plan. On or before October 1, 1996, MFS and NYNEX shall jointly develop a grooming plan (the "Joint Grooming Plan") which shall define and detail, inter alia,
  - (a) agreement on Physical Architecture consistent with the guidelines defined in Section 4.0;
  - (b) standards to ensure that Interconnection trunk groups experience a grade of service, availability and quality which is comparable to that achieved on interoffice trunks within NYNEX's network and in accord with all appropriate relevant industry-accepted quality, reliability and availability standards;
  - (c) the respective duties and responsibilities of the Parties with respect to the administration and maintenance of the trunk groups, including but not limited to standards and procedures for notification and discoveries of trunk disconnects;
  - (d) disaster recovery provision escalations; and
  - (e) such other matters as the Parties may agree.
- 8.2 Installation, Maintenance, Testing and Repair. NYNEX's standard intervals as defined in NYNEX's New York Tariff P.S.C. No. 914 will be utilized in connection with the establishment of all interconnection trunking arrangements between the Parties. MFS shall meet the same intervals for comparable installations, maintenance, joint testing, and repair of its facilities and services associated with or used in conjunction with Interconnection. If either Party is unable to meet the intervals specified herein, that Party shall notify the other and will negotiate additional intervals in good faith.
- 9.0 UNBUNDLED ACCESS SECTION 251(c)(3)
  - 9.1 Local Link Transmission Types

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Subject to Section 9.5, NYNEX shall allow MFS to access the following Link types (in addition to those Links available under applicable tariffs) unbundled from local switching and local transport in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 9.

- 9.1.1 "2-Wire Analog Voice Grade Links" or "Analog 2W" which support analog transmission of 300-3000 Hz, repeat link start, link reverse battery, or ground start seizure and disconnect in one direction (toward the End Office Switch), and repeat ringing in the other direction (toward the Customer). Analog 2W include Links sufficient for the provision of PBX trunks, pay telephone lines and electronic key system lines.
- 9.1.2 "4-Wire Analog Voice Grade Links" or "Analog 4W" which support transmission of voice grade signals using separate transmit and receive paths and terminate in a 4-wire electrical interface.
- 9.1.3 "2-Wire ISDN Digital Grade Links" or "BRI ISDN" which support digital transmission of two 64 kbps bearer channels and one 16 kbps data channel. BRI ISDN is a 2B+D Basic Rate Interface-Integrated Services Digital Network (BRI-ISDN) Link which will meet national ISDN standards and conform to ANSI T1.601-1992 & T1E1.4 90-004R3.

#### 9.2 ADSL and HDSL

The Parties acknowledge that ADSL is not currently deployed for use in the NYNEX network. NYNEX is conducting a technical trial that is due to be completed by the end of the first quarter 1997 testing ADSL technology. NYNEX will share its interim findings and conclusion and consult with MFS regarding the issues related to deploying ADSL in NYNEX's network. If the issues surrounding deployment of ADSL in NYNEX's network are satisfactorily resolved and ADSL is deployed, NYNEX shall allow MFS to access ADSL links unbundled from local switching and local transport in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Section 9.

- 9.2.1 "2-Wire ADSL-Compatible Link" or "ADSL 2W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of up to a 6 Mbps digital signal downstream (toward the Customer) and up to a 640 kpbs digital signal upstream (away from the Customer) while simultaneously carrying an analog voice signal. An ADSL-2W is provided over a 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pair provisioned using revised resistance design guidelines and meeting ANSI Standard T1.413-1995-007R2. An ADSL-2W terminates in a 2-wire electrical interface at the Customer premises and at the NYNEX Central Office frame. ADSL technology can only be deployed over Links which extend less than 18 Kft. from NYNEX's Central Office. ADSL compatible Links are only available where existing copper facilities can meet the ANSI T1.413-1995-007R2 specifications.
- 9.2.2 "2-Wire HDSL-Compatible Link" or "HDSL 2W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of a 768 kbps digital signal over a 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pair meeting the specifications in ANSI T1E1 Committee Technical Report Number 28 /

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T1E1.4/92-002R3. HDSL compatible Links are available only where existing copper facilities can meet the T1E1 Technical Report Number 28 specifications.

- 9.2.3 "4-Wire HDSL-Compatible Link" or "HDSL 4W" is a transmission path which facilitates the transmission of a 1.544 Mbps digital signal over two 2-Wire non-loaded twisted copper pairs meeting the specifications in ANSI T1E1 Committee Technical Report Number 28. HDSL compatible Links are available only where existing copper facilities can meet the specifications.
- 9.2.4 Links will be offered on the terms and conditions specified herein and on such other terms in applicable tariffs that are not inconsistent with the terms and conditions set forth herein. NYNEX shall make Links available to MFS at the rates specified by the Commission, as amended from time to time, subject to the provisions of Section 9.9.

### 9.3 Port Types

NYNEX shall make available to MFS unbundled Ports in accordance with the terms and conditions of and at the rates specified in applicable tariffs.

# 9.4 Private Lines, Special Access and Switched Transport

NYNEX shall provide unbundled private lines, special access and switched local transport from the trunk side of its switches in accordance with the terms and conditions of and at the rates specified in applicable tariffs.

### 9.5 Limitations on Unbundled Access

- 9.5.1 MFS may not cross-connect a NYNEX-provided Link to a NYNEX-provided Port but instead shall purchase a network access line under applicable tariffs.
- 9.5.2 NYNEX shall only be required to provide Links and Ports where such Links and Ports are available.
- 9.5.3 MFS shall access NYNEX's unbundled Network Elements specifically identified in this Agreement via Collocation in accordance with Section 12 at the NYNEX Wire Center where those elements exist and each Link or Port shall be delivered to MFS' Collocation node by means of a Cross Connection or strapping which in the case of Links, is included in the rates set forth in Pricing Schedule.
- 9.5.4 NYNEX shall provide MFS access to its unbundled Links at each of NYNEX's Wire Centers. In addition, if MFS requests one or more Links serviced by Integrated Digital Link Carrier or Remote Switching technology deployed at a Link concentrator, NYNEX shall, where available, move the requested Link(s) to a spare, existing physical Link at no charge to MFS. If, however, no spare physical Link is available, NYNEX shall within Business days of MFS' request notify MFS of the lack of available facilities. MFS may then at its discretion

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make a Network Element Bona Fide Request to NYNEX to provide the unbundled Link through the demultiplexing of the integrated digitized Link(s). MFS may also make a Network Element Bona Fide Request for access to unbundled Links at the Link concentration site point. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the provisioning intervals set forth in Section 9.7 and the Performance Interval Dates and Performance Criteria set forth in Section 26.1 shall not apply to unbundled Links provided under this Section 9.5.4.

9.5.5 If MFS orders a Link type and the distance requested on such Link exceeds the transmission characteristics as referenced in the corresponding Technical Reference specified below, distance extensions may be required and add tional rates and charges shall apply as set forth on the Pricing Schedule. Parties agree that full technical solutions may not be available for HDSL and ADSL for these arrangements at the signing of this agreement, but will make a good faith effort to implement such solutions.

Link Type

Electronic Key Line
ISDN

HDSL 2W

HDSL 4W

ADSL 2W

ADSL 2W

T1E1 Technical Report Number 28

ANSI T1.413-1995 Specification

# 9.6 Availability of Other Network Elements on an Unbundled Basis

- 9.6.1 NYNEX shall, upon request of MFS, at any technically feasible point provide to MFS access to its Network Elements on an unbundled basis for the provision of MFS Telecommunications Service. Any request by MFS for access to an NYNEX Network Element that is not already available shall be treated as a Network Element Bona Fide Request. MFS shall provide NYNEX access to its Network Elements as mutually agreed by the Parties or as required by the Act. Commission or FCC.
- 9.6.2 A Network Element obtained by one Party from the other Party under this Section 9.6 may be used in combination with the facilities of the requesting Party only to provide a Telecommunications Service, including obtaining billing and collection, transmission, and routing of the Telecommunications Service.
- 9.6.3 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 9.6, a Party shall not be required to provide a proprietary Network Element to the other Party under this Section 9.5 except as required by the Act, Commission or FCC.

### 9.7 Provisioning of Unbundled Links

The following coordination procedures shall apply for new unbundled Links and the conversions of "live" Telephone Exchange Services to unbundled Links (herein after referred to as "hot cuts"):

- 9.7.1 MFS shall request unbundled Links from NYNEX by delivering to NYNEX a valid electronic transmittal Service Order using the NYNEX electronic ordering platform (as cooperatively designed and implemented to meet the minimum requirements for information exchange needed to order and provision services to certified local exchange carriers and enhanced to support industry standards as developed for interconnection services) or another mutually agreed upon system. Within 2 business days of NYNEX's receipt of a Service Order, NYNEX shall provide MFS the firm order commitment ("FOC") date according to the applicable Performance Interval Dates set forth in Section 26.1 by which the Link(s) covered by such Service Order will be installed.
- 9.7.2 NYNEX agrees to accept from MFS at the time the service request is submitted for scheduled conversion of hot cut unb indled link orders, a desired date and time (the "Scheduled Conversion Time") in the "A.M." (12:00 midnight to 12:00 noon) or "P.M." (12:00 noon to 12:00 midnight) (as applicable, the "Conversion Window") for the hot cut.
- 9.7.3 NYNEX shall test for MFS dial tone at the POT bay by testing through the tie cable provisioned between the NYNEX main distributing frame and the MFS expanded interconnection node 48 hours prior to the Scheduled Conversion Time.
- 9.7.4 Not less than one hour prior to the Scheduled Conversion Time, either Party may contact the other Party and unilaterally designate a new Scheduled Conversion Time (the "New Conversion Time"). If the New Conversion Time is within the Conversion Window, no charges shall be assessed on or waived by either Party. If, however, the New Conversion Time is outside of the Conversion Window, the Party requesting such New Conversion Time shall be subject to the following:

If NYNEX requests the New Conversion Time, the applicable Line Connection Charge shall be waived; and

If MFS requests the New Conversion Time, MFS shall be assessed a Line Connection Charge in addition to the Line Connection Charge that will be incurred for the New Conversion Time.

9.7.5 Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties for a specific conversion, such as large cutovers of 10 lines or more that have negotiated intervals, the Parties agree that the time interval expected from disconnection of NYNEX's "live" Telephone Exchange Service to the connection of an unbundled Network Element at the MFS Collocation node's POT bay will be accomplished within a window of time as detailed following: Between the effective date of this Agreement and 9/30/96 one hundred twenty (120) minutes; between 10/1/96 and 12/31/96 ninety (90) minutes; from 1/1/97 through the end of this agreement sixty (60) minutes or less. If a conversion interval exceeds sixty (60) minutes and such delay is caused solely by NYNEX (and not by a contributing Delaying Event (as defined in Section 26.4)), NYNEX shall waive the applicable tariffed Line Connection Charge for such element. If MFS has ordered INP with the installation of a Link, NYNEX will coordinate the implementation of INP with the Link conversion curing with the above stated intervals at no additional charge.

- 9.7.6 If MFS requests or approves a NYNEX technician to perform services in excess of or not otherwise contemplated by the Line Connection charge NYNEX may charge MFS for any additional and reasonable labor charges to perform such services.
- 9.7.7 If as the result of end user actions, (e.g., Customer not ready [CNR]), NYNEX cannot complete requested work activity when a technician has been dispatched to the site MFS will be assessed a non-recurring charge associated with this visit. This charge will be the sum of the Service Order Charge and Premises Visit Charge as specified in the NYPSC Tariffs Nos. 900/914.

### 9.8 Maintenance of Unbundled Network: Elements

- If (i) MFS reports to NYNEX a Customer trouble, (ii) MFS requests a dispatch, (iii) NYNEX dispatches a technician, and (iv) such trouble was not caused by NYNEX's facilities or equipment in whole or in part, then MFS shall pay NYNEX a trip charge of \$60.00 and \$29.15 per quarter hour for time associated with said dispatch beyond the first 1/2 hour. In addition this charge also applies when the end user contact as designated by MFS is not available at the appointed time. MFS accepts responsibility for initial trouble isolation and providing NYNEX with appropriate dispatch information based on their test results. If as the result of MFS instructions, NYNEX is erroneously requested to dispatch within a NYNEX Central Office or to a POT Bay ("dispatch in"), a charge of \$100.00 per occurrence will be assessed to MFS by NYNEX.
  - 9.9 True-Up of Monthly Unbundled Link Charges for New York
- 9.9.1 NYNEX agrees to provide true-ups with MFS for all links purchased from the NYPSC Tariff No. 900, Section 26, by MFS through the end of the initial term of this Agreement up to:
  - a) the date of the Initial Link Rate Decision, as defined in Section 9.9.3; and for
  - b) the date of the Final Link Rate Decision, as defined in Section 9.9.4.
- 9.9.2 "Current Monthly Rate" is the amounts billed pursuant to NYPSC Tariff
  No. 900, Section 26, plus cross connect ("SAC") and EUCL charges, as modified subsequent to
  this agreement. If an interim rate is ordered by the PSC, the Current Monthly Rate will be set at
  the interim rate, plus cross connect and EUCL, only for the period during which the interim rate
  is in effect.
  - 9.9.2.1 Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph 9.9.2, nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to imply that MFS agrees that \$24.75 (the sum of the current link rate plus SAC and EUCL) is a reasonable or appropriate charge for unbundled links.

- 9.7.6 If MFS requests or approves a NYNEX technician to perform services in excess of or not otherwise contemplated by the Line Connection charge NYNEX may charge MFS for any additional and reasonable labor charges to perform such services.
- 9.7.7 If as the result of end user actions, (e.g., Customer not ready [CNR]), NYNEX cannot complete requested work activity when a technician has been dispatched to the site MFS will be assessed a non-recurring charge associated with this visit. This charge will be the sum of the Service Order Charge and Premises Visit Charge as specified in the NYPSC Tariffs Nos. 900/914.

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  - 9.9 True-Up of Monthly Unbundled Link Charges for New York
- 9.9.1 NYNEX agrees to provide true-ups with MFS for all links purchased from the NYPSC Tariff No. 900, Section 26, by MFS through the end of the initial term of this Agreement up to:
  - a) the date of the Initial Link Rate Decision, as defined in Section 9.9.3; and for
  - b) the date of the Final Link Rate Decision, as defined in Section 9.9.4.
- 9.9.2 "Current Monthly Rate" is the amounts billed pursuant to NYPSC Tariff No. 900, Section 26, plus cross connect ("SAC") and EUCL charges, as modified subsequent to this agreement. If an interim rate is ordered by the PSC, the Current Monthly Rate will be set at the interim rate, plus cross connect and EUCL, only for the period during which the interim rate is in effect.
  - 9.9.2.1 Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph 9.9.2, nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to imply that MFS agrees that \$24.75 (the sum of the current link rate plus SAC and EUCL) is a reasonable or appropriate charge for unbundled links.

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- 9.9.3 "Initial Link Rate Decision" is any decision of the PSC establishing a permanent monthly link rate which is issued subsequent to the date of the execution of this Agreement and before the expiration of the initial term of this Agreement in Cases 95-C-0657, 94-C-0095, and 91-C-1174.
- 9.9.4 "Final Link Rate Decision" represents any of the following which occur during the initial term of this Agreement that produces a rate lower than the Intial Link Rate Decision:
  - a) any link rate estab ished by any rules by the FCC or appeals ruled upon in any federal or state court of competent jurisdiction, that modifies the permanent link rate referenced in 9.9.3 subsequent to a decision of the PSC in Cases 95-C-0657, 94-C-0095, and 91-C-1174 establishing final monthly link rates.
  - b) any rate established through arbitration between NYNEX and a third party that is approved by a ruling of the PSC, the FCC or any federal or state court of competent jurisdiction.
  - the most favorable (lowest) negotiated link rate agreed to by NYNEX and a third party.
- 9.9.5 "Initial Link Months" represents the cumulative sum of total links in service to MFS each month for the period beginning July 1, 1994 and ending at the date of the Initial Link Rate Decision. For example, if 10 links are in service each month for 5 months, the number of Link Months would equal 50.
- 9.9.6 "Final Link Months" represents the cumulative sum of total links in service to MFS each month for the period beginning July 1, 1994 and ending at the date of the Final Link Rate Decision.
- 9.9.7 "Initial Per-Link True-up" represents the difference between the Current Monthly Rate and the rate established under the Initial Link Rate Decision, where the latter is lower than the former, if the rate established by the Initial Link Rate Decision is equal to or greater than the Current Monthly Rate, the Initial Per-Link True-Up shall be deemed to be zero (0).
- 9.9.8 "Final Per-Link True-up" represents the difference between the rate established under any Initial Link Rate Decision and the Final Link Rate Decision; or the difference between the Current Monthly Rate and the Final Link Rate Decision absent any Initial Link Rate Decision, if any, where the latter is lower than the former; if the rate established by the Final Link Rate Decision is equal to or greater than the Current Monthly Rate, the Final Per-Link True-Up shall be deemed to be zero (0).

- 9.9.9 "Initial True-up Amount" is the product amount calculated by multiplying Initial Link Months by the Initial Per-Link True-up.
- 9.9.10 "Final True-up Amount" is the product amount calculated by multiplying Link Months by the Final Per-Link True-up.
- 9.9.11 NYNEX agrees to pay MFS the Initial True-up Amount as applicable within 30 days of the Initial Link Rate Decision.
- 9.9.12 NYNEX agrees to pay MFS the Final True-up Amount as applicable within 30 days of any Final Link Decision.
- 9.9.13 MFS and NYNEX will mutually determine the number of Link Months within 30 days of this Agreement, and will track the number of Link Months on a prospective basis up until payment of the Final True-up Amount.

# 9.10 Acknowledgments Related to Unbundled Network Elements

- 9.10.1 MFS acknowledges that NYNEX's provision of unbundled links provides it with local loop transmission from the central office to the customer's premises, unbundled from local switching or other services
- 9.10.2 MFS acknowledges that NYNEX's provision of unbundled switched transport provides it with local transport from the trunk side of a wireline local exchange carrier switch unbundled from switching or other services.
- 9.10.3 MFS acknowledges that NYNEX's provision of unbundled line-side ports and unbundled trunk-side ports makes available local switching unbundled from transport, local loop transmission and other services.
- 9.10.4 MFS acknowledges that the Network Element Bona Fide Request Process established pursuant to this Agreement satisfies the requirements of the Act to provide unbundled network elements.

# 10.0 RESALE - SECTIONS 251(c)(4) and 251(b)(1)

### 10.1 Availability of Wholesale Rates for Resale

NYNEX shall offer to MFS for resale at wholesale rates its local exchange telecommunications services, as described in Section 251(c)(4) of the Act, at the rates set forth in the Pricing Schedule, pending approval by the PSC of permarent resale rates, pursuant to the terms and conditions of NYNEX's applicable approved tarif.'s. Effective October 1, 1996, NYNEX shall make such resale arrangements available.

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### 10.2 Availability of Retail Rates for Resale

Each Party shall make available its Telecommunications Services for resale at retail rates to the other Party in accordance with Section 251(b)(1) of the Act in accordance with each Party's applicable approved tariffs.

#### 10 3 Term and Volume Discounts

NYNEX, in response to an MFS request, agrees to offer term and volume discounts for resold retail services.

### 11.0 NOTICE OF CHANGES - SECTION 211(c)(5)

If a Party makes a change in its network which it believes will materially affect the inter-operability of its network with the other Party, the Party making the change shall provide at least ninety (90) days advance written notice of such change to the other Party.

#### 12.0 COLLOCATION - SECTION 251(c)(6)

- 12.1 NYNEX shall provide to MFS Physical Collocation for its transport facilities and equipment, pursuant to the terms and conditions of NYNEX's applicable tariffs on file with the appropriate regulatory agency and License Agreements, as necessary for Interconnection (pursuant to Section 4.0) or for access to unbundled Network Elements (pursuant to Section 9.0). NYNEX may provide for Virtual Collocation if NYNEX demonstrates to the Commission that Physical Collocation is not practical for technical reasons or because of space limitations, as provided in Section 251(c)(6) of the Act. Upon request by MFS and to the extent technically feasible and as space permits, NYNEX shall provide collocation at additional locations for placement of such equipment and alternative physical collocation arrangements.
- 12.2 Although not required to do so by Section 251(c)(6) of the Act, by this Agreement, MFS agrees to provide to NYNEX upon NYNEX's Network Element Bona Fide Request, Collocation of equipment for purposes of Interconnection (pursuant to Section 4.0) on a non-discriminatory basis and at comparable rates, terms and conditions as MFS may provide to other third parties. MFS shall provide such Collocation subject to applicable tariffs or contracts.
- 12.3 The Collocating Party shall provide its own or third-party leased transport facilities and terminate those transport facilities in equipment located in its Physical Collocation space at the Housing Party's premises as described in applicable tariffs or contracts and purchase Cross Connection to services or facilities as described in applicable tariffs or contracts.

## 13.0 NUMBER PORTABILITY -- SECTION 251(b)(2)

13.1 Scope

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- 13.1.1 The Parties shall provide Number Portability on a reciprocal basis to each other to the extent technically feasible, and in accordance with rules and regulations as from time to time prescribed by the FCC and/or the Commission.
- 13.1.2 Until Number Portability is implemented by the industry pursuant to regulations issued by the FCC or the Commission, the Parties agree to provide Interim Telecommunications Number Portability ("INP") to each other through remote call forwarding, route indexing, and full NXX code migration at the prices listed in the Pricing Schedule.
- 13.1.3 Once Number Portability is in plemented pursuant to FCC or Commission regulation, either Party may withdraw, at any time and at its sole discretion, its INP offerings, subject to advance notice to the other Party and coordination to allow the seamless and transparent conversion of INP Customer numbers to Number Portability. Upon implementation of Number Portability pursuant to FCC regulation, both Parties agree to conform and provide such Number Portability.
  - 13.2 Procedures for Providing INP Through Remote Call Forwarding

MFS and NYNEX will provide INP through Remote Call Forwarding as follows:

- 13.2.1 A Customer of one Party ("Party A") elects to become a Customer of the other Party ("Party B"). The Customer elects to utilize the original telephone number(s) corresponding to the Exchange Service(s) it previously received from Party A, in conjunction with the Exchange Service(s) it will now receive from Party B. Upon receipt of a signed letter of agency from the Customer (and an associated service order) assigning the number to Party B, Party A will implement an arrangement whereby all calls to the original telephone number(s) will be forwarded to a new telephone number(s) designated by Party B. Party A will route the forwarded traffic to Party B over the appropriate Local/IntraLATA Trunks as if the call had originated on Party A's network.
- 13.2.2 Party B will become the customer of record for the original Party A telephone numbers subject to the INP arrangements. Party A shall use its reasonable efforts to consolidate into as few billing statements as possible for all collect, calling card, and 3rd-number billed calls associated with those numbers, with sub-account detail by retained number. At Party B's sole discretion, such billing statement shall be delivered to Party B in an agreed-upon format via either electronic file transfer, daily magnetic tape, or monthly magnetic tape.
- 13.2.3 Party A will update its Line Information Database ("LIDB") listings for retained numbers, and restrict or cancel calling cards associated with those forwarded numbers as directed by Party B.
- 13.2.4 Within two (2) business days of receiving notification from the Customer, Party B shall notify Party A of the Customer's termination of service with Party B, and shall further notify Party A as to that Customer's instructions regarding its telephone number(s). Party

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A will reinstate service to that Customer, cancel the INP arrangements for that Customer's telephone number(s), or redirect the INP arrangement to another INP-participating-LEC pursuant to the Customer's instructions at that time.

# 13.3 Procedures for Providing INP Through Route Indexing

Upon mutual agreement, NYNEX will deploy a Route Index arrangement which combines direct trunks, provisioned between NYNEX and MFS' end offices, with trunk side routing translations. Under this arrangement, inbound calls to a ported number will be pointed at a route index that sends the call to a dedicated trunk group, built as a direct final, for the sole purpose of facilitating completion of calls to a ported number. NYNEX will coordinate with MFS to provide this solution in a mutually agreeable and administratively manageable manner (e.g., NXX level) so as to minimize switch resource utilization for both Parties.

# 13.4 Procedures for Providing INP Through Full NXX Code Migration

Where either Party has activated an entire NXX for a single Customer, or activated a substantial portion of an NXX for a single Customer with the remaining numbers in that NXX either reserved for future use or otherwise unused, if such Customer chooses to receive service from the other Party, the first Party shall cooperate with the second Party to have the entire NXX reassigned in the LERG (and associated industry databases, routing tables, etc.) to an End Office operated by the second Party. Such transfer will be accomplished with appropriate coordination between the Parties and subject to appropriate industry lead-times for movements of NXXs from one switch to another.

## 13.5 Other Interim Number Portability Options

MFS may also request Direct Inward Dial Trunks pursuant to applicable tariffs. NYNEX and MFS will trial Number Portability in connection with information services traffic (e.g., 976). Until the trial is completed, interim number portability will not be available for use with information services traffic.

# 13.6 Receipt of Terminating Compensation on Traffic to INP'ed Numbers

The Parties agree that the prices set forth in the Pricing Schedule shall apply for each number ported.

The Parties agree that under INP terminating compensation on calls to INP'ed numbers should be received by each Customer's chosen LEC as if each call to the Customer had been originally addressed by the caller to a telephone number bearing an NPA-NXX directly assigned to the Customer's chosen LEC. In order to accomplish this objective where INP is employed, the Parties shall utilize the process set forth in this Section 13.6 whereby terminating compensation on calls subject to INP will be passed from the Party (the "Performing Party") which performs the INP to the other Party (the "Receiving Party") for whose Customer the INP is provided.

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- 13.6.1 The Parties shall individually and collectively track and quantify INP traffic between their networks based on the CPN of each call by identifying CPNs which are INP'ed numbers. The Receiving Party shall charge the Performing Party for each minute of INP traffic at the INP Traffic Rate specified in Section 13.6.3 in lieu of any other compensation charges for terminating such traffic.
- jointly estimate for the prospective year, based on historic data of all traffic in the LATA, the percentages of such traffic that if dialed to telephone numbers bearing NPA-NXXs directly assigned to a Receiving Party (as opposed to the INP'ed number) would have been subject to (i) Reciprocal Compensation ("Reciprocal Traffic"), (ii) appropriate intrastate FGD charges ("Intra Traffic"), (iii) interstate FGD charges ("Inter Traffic"), or (iv) handling as Local Traffic under transiting arrangements between the Parties ("Transit Traffic"). On the date which is six (6) months after the Interconnection Activation Date, and thereafter on each succeeding six month anniversary of such Interconnection Activation Date, the Parties shall establish new INP traffic percentages to be applied in the prospective six (6) month period, based on actual INP traffic percentages from the preceding six (6) month period.

# 13.6.3 The INP Traffic Rate shall be equal to the sum of:

(Reciprocal Traffic percentage times the Reciprocal Compensation Rate set forth in the Pricing Schedule) plus (Intra Traffic percentage times NYNEX's effective intrastate FGD rates) plus (Inter Traffic percentage times NYNEX's effective interstate FGD rates).

A rate of zero shall be applied to the Transit Traffic percentage.

### 14.0 NUMBER RESOURCES ASSIGNMENTS

NYNEX shall continue to assign to MFS NXX codes in accordance with national guidelines at no charge.

# 15.0 DIALING PARITY - SECTION 251(b)(3)

NYNEX shall provide Local Dialing Parity as required under Section 251(b)(3) of the Act in the following manner: Telephone numbers are provided pursuant to Section 14.0; Directory Assistance is provided pursuant to Section 19.2; Directory Listings are provided pursuant to section 19.1; and Operator Services are provided to Sections 19.2.4 and 19.2.6.

# 16.0 ACCESS TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY - SECTION 251(b)(4)

Each Party shall provide the other Party access to its poles, ducts, rights-of-way and conduits it owns or controls, to the extent permitted by law and as required by Section 224 of the Act or Commission Order, on terms, conditions and prices comparable to those offered to any

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other entity pursuant to each Party's applicable tariffs and/or standard agreements with such entities.

#### 17.0 DATABASES AND SIGNALING

NYNEX shall provide MFS with interfaces to access NYNEX's databases, including LIDB and 800/888, as well as DCAS for ordering and provisioning purposes, and associated signaling necessary for the routing and completion of MFS' traffic through the provision of SS7 under its applicable tariffs.

#### 18.0 REFERRAL ANNOUNCEMENT

When a Customer changes its service provider from NYNEX to MFS, or from MFS to NYNEX, and does not retain its original telephone number, the Party formerly providing service to such Customer shall provide a referral announcement ("Referral Announcement") on the abandoned telephone number which provides details on the Customer's new number. Referral Announcements shall be provided reciprocally, free of charge to either the other Party or the Customer, for a period of not less than four (4) months after the date the Customer changes its telephone number in the case of business Customers and not less than sixty (60) days after the date the Customer changes its telephone number in the case of residential Customers. However, if either Party provides Referral Announcements for a period different than the above respective periods when its Customers change their telephone numbers, such Party shall provide the same level of service to Customers of the other Party.

### 19.0 DIRECTORY SERVICES ARRANGEMENTS

NYNEX will provide certain directory services to MFS as defined herein. In this Section 19 of this Agreement, references to MFS customer telephone numbers means telephone numbers falling within NXX codes directly assigned to MFS and to numbers which are retained by MFS on the customer's behalf pursuant to Interim Telephone Number Portability arrangements described in Section 13 of this Agreement.

# 19.1 Directory Listings and Directory Distributions

- 19.1.1 NYNEX will include MFS' customers telephone numbers in all of its "White Pages" and "Yellow Pages" directory listings (including electronic directories) and directory assistance databases associated with the areas in which MFS provides services to such customers, and will distribute such directories to such customers, in an identical and transparent manner in which it provides those functions for its own customers' telephone numbers.
- 19.1.2 NYNEX will include all MFS NXX codes associated with the areas to which each directory pertains, along with NYNEX's own NXX codes in any maps or lists of such codes which are contained in the general reference portions of the directories. MFS' NXX codes shall appear in such maps or lists in the same manner as NYNEX's NXX information.

- 19.1.3 MFS will provide NYNEX with its directory listings and daily updates to those listings (including new, changed, and deleted listings) in a mutually agreed upon format at no charge.
- 19.1.4 NYNEX will accord MFS' directory listing information the same level of confidentiality which NYNEX accords its own directory listing information.
- 19.1.5 NYNEX shall provide MFS at no charge with (i) one basic directory listing per customer number, (ii) directory distribution for MFS customers, and (iii) listings of MFS customers in the directory assistance database.
- 19.1.6 NYNEX will provide MFS wit a report of all MFS customer listings 90 days prior to directory publication in such form and format as may be mutually agreed to by both parties. Both Parties shall use their best efforts to ensure the accurate listing of such information.

# 19.2 Directory Assistance (DA) and Operator Services

- 19.2.1 NYNEX will provide MFS' operators an on-line access to NYNEX directory assistance database, when and where such access becomes available to organizations outside NYNEX. At MFS' option, NYNEX will provide MFS with intraLATA directory assistance service, MFS-branded directory assistance and call completion at prices set forth in the Pricing Schedule.
- 19.2.2 At MFS' request, NYNEX will provide to MFS unbranded directory assistance service which is comparable to the directory assistance service NYNEX makes available to its own end users at the prices set forth in the Pricing Schedule.
- 19.2.3 At MFS' option, NYNEX will provide MFS with intraLATA directory assistance service, MFS-branded directory assistance and call completion service in a manner comparable in every way to the way in which it provides those services to its own end users.
- 19.2.4 NYNEX will provide to MFS on request operator services trunk groups, utilizing Feature Group-D type signaling, with ANI, minus OZZ when interconnecting to the NYNEX operator services network.
- 19.2.5 MFS (or its operator service provider) and NYNEX will provide LEC-to-LEC Busy Line Verification and Interrupt (BLV/I) trunks to one another, in conjunction with POTS traffic, to enable each party to support this functionality. (This option is provisioned subject to technical limitations, such as those that apply on ported numbers).
- 19.2.6 NYNEX will provide operator services call completion to MFS' operators and customers for the termination of calls from MFS' subscribers for completion of calls on NYNEX's network to NYNEX's customers. NYNEX will provide operator services call completion for its customers to enable the non-discriminatory termination of calls from NYNEX's customers to MFS' customers on MFS' network.

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### 19.3 Yellow Page Maintenance

NYNEX will work cooperatively with MFS so that Yellow Page advertisements purchased by customers who switch their service to MFS (including customers utilizing Interim Telephone Number Portability) are maintained without interruption. NYNEX will allow MFS customers to purchase new yellow pages advertisements without discrimination, under the identical rates, terms and conditions that apply to NYNEX's customers.

#### 19.4 Information Pages

NYNEX will include in the "Information Pages" or comparable section of its White Pages Directories for areas served by MFS, listings provided by MFS for MFS' installation, repair and customer service and other service-oriented information, including appropriate identifying logo. Such listings shall appear in the manner that such information appears for subscribers of NYNEX and other LECs. NYNEX shall not charge MFS for inclusion of this information.

### 20.0 GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 20.1 Each of NYNEX and MFS shall use its best efforts to comply with the Implementation Schedule.
- 20.2 The Parties shall exchange technical descriptions and forecasts of their Interconnection and traffic requirements in sufficient detail necessary to establish the Interconnections required to assure traffic completion to and from all Customers in their respective designated service areas. MFS, for the purpose of ubiquitous connectivity, network diversity and alternate routing, shall connect to at least one Tandem Office Switch for the receipt/completion of traffic to any NYNEX End Office Switches...
- 20.3 Thirty (30) days after the Effective Date and each quarter during the term of this Agreement, each Party shall provide the other Party with a rolling, six (6) calendar month, non-binding forecast of its traffic and volume requirements for the services and Network Elements provided under this Agreement in the form and in such detail as agreed by the Parties. Notwithstanding Section 29.6.1, the Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section 20.3 shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 29.6.
- 20.4 Any Party that is required pursuant to this Agreement to provide a forecast (the "Forecast Provider") or the Party that is entitled pursuant to this Agreement to receive a forecast (the "Forecast Recipient") with respect to traffic and volume requirements for the services and Network Elements provided under this Agreement may request in addition to non-binding forecasts required by Section 20.3 that the other Party enters into negotiations to establish a forecast (a "Binding Forecast") that commits such Forecast Provider to purchase, and such Forecast Recipient to provide, a specified volume to be utilized as set forth in such Binding Forecast. The Forecast Provider and Forecast Recipient shall negotiate the terms of such Binding Forecast in good faith and shall include in such Binding Forecast provisions regarding price,

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quantity, liability for failure to perform under a Binding Forecast and any other terms desired by such Forecast Provider and Forecast Recipient. Notwithstanding Section 29.6.1, the Parties agree that each forecast provided under this Section 20.4 shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 29.6.

- 20.5 Each Party is individually responsible to provide facilities within its network which are necessary for routing, transporting, measuring, and billing traffic from the other Party's network and for delivering such traffic to the other Party's network in the standard format compatible with NYNEX's network and to terminate the traffic it receives in that standard format to the proper address on its network. Such facility thall be designed based upon the description and forecasts provided under Sections 20.2 and 20.3 above. The Parties are each solely responsible for participation in and compliance with national network plans, including The National Network Security Plan and The Emergency Preparedness Plan.
- 20.6 Neither Party shall use any service related to or using any of the Services provided in this Agreement in any manner that interferes with other persons in the use of their service, prevents other persons from using their service, or otherwise impairs the quality of service to other carriers or to either Party's Customers, and either Party may discontinue or refuse service if the other Party violates this provision. Upon such violation, either Party shall provide the other Party notice, if practicable, at the earliest practicable time.
- 20.7 Each Party is solely responsible for the services it provides to its Customers and to other Telecommunications Carriers.
- 20.8 The Parties shall work cooperatively to minimize fraud associated with third-number billed calls, calling card calls, and any other services related to this Agreement.
  - 20.9 Each Party is responsible for administering NXX codes assigned to it.
- 20.10 Each Party is responsible for obtaining Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG") listings of CLLI codes assigned to its switches.
- 20.11 Each Party shall use the LERG published by Bellcore or its successor for obtaining routing information and shall provide all required information to Bellcore for maintaining the LERG in a timely manner.
- 20.12 Each Party shall program and update its own Central Office Switches and End Office switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to and from the other Party's assigned NXX codes. Except as mutually agreed or as otherwise expressly defined in this Agreement, neither Party shall impose any fees or charges on the other Party for such activities.
- 20.13 At all times during the term of this Agreement, each Party shall keep and maintain in force at each Party's expense all insurance required by law (e.g., workers' compensation insurance) as well as general liability insurance for personal injury or death to any one person, property damage resulting from any one incident, automobile liability with coverage for bodily.

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injury for property damage. Upon request from the other Party, each Party shall provide to the other Party evidence of such insurance (which may be provided through a program of self insurance).

#### 21.0 TERM AND TERMINATION

- 21.1 The initial term of this Agreement shall be three (3) years (the "Term") which shall commence on the Effective Date. Absent the receipt by one Party of written notice from the other Party at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the Term to the effect that such Party intends to extend the Term of this Agreement or terminate this Agreement with or without cause, this Agreement shall automatically renew and remain in full force and effect on and after the expiration of the Term.
- 21.2 Payment of all amounts owed under this Agreement and handling of disputed amounts will be governed by the NYPSC Tariff No. 914 including but not limited to all remedies for non-payment.
- 21.3 Upon termination or expiration of this Agreement in accordance with this Section 21.0:
  - (a) each Party shall comply immediately with its obligations set forth in Section 29.6.3;
  - (b) each Party shall promptly pay all amounts (including any late payment charges) owed under this Agreement;
  - (c) each Party's indemnification obligations shall survive termination or expiration of this Agreement.
- 21.4 Except as set forth in Section 27.5 and Section 26.4, no remedy set forth in this Agreement is intended to be exclusive and each and every remedy shall be cumulative and in addition to any other rights or remedies now or hereafter existing under applicable law or otherwise.

### 22.0 DISCLAIMER OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, NO PARTY MAKES OR RECEIVES ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE SERVICES, FUNCTIONS AND PRODUCTS IT PROVIDES UNDER OR CONTEMPLATED BY THIS AGREEMENT AND THE PARTIES DISCLAIM THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

#### 23.0 CANCELLATION CHARGES

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Except as provided in Sections 9.6.4 and 19.4 and pursuant to a Network Element Bona Fide Request, or as otherwise provided in any applicable tariff or contract referenced herein, no cancellation charges shall apply.

#### 24.0 NON-SEVERABILITY

- 24.1 The services, arrangements, Interconnection, Network Elements, terms and conditions of this Agreement were mutually negotiated by the Parties as a total arrangement and are intended to be non-severable, subject only to Se tion 29.14 of this Agreement.
- 24.2 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as requiring or permitting either Party to contravene any mandatory requirement of federal or state law, or any regulations or orders adopted pursuant to such law.

#### 25.0 INDEMNIFICATION

- 25.1 Each party (the "Indemnifying Party") shall indemnify and hold harmless the other party ("Indemnified Party") from and against loss, cost, claim liability damage, and expense (including reasonable attorney's fees) to third parties for:
  - damage to tangible personal property or for personal injury proximately caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of the Indemnifying Party, its employees, agents or contractors;
  - (2) claims for libel, slander, infringement of copyright arising from the material transmitted over the Indemnified Party's facilities arising from the Indemnifying Party's own communications or the communications of such Indemnifying Party's Customers; and
  - (3) claims for infringement of patents arising from combining the Indemnified Party's facilities or services with, or the using of the Indemnified Party's services or facilities in connection with, facilities of the Indemnifying Party.

Notwithstanding this indemnification provision or any other provision in the Agreement, neither Party, nor its parent, subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, servants, or employees shall be liable to the other for "Consequential Damages" as that term is described in Section 26.4 below.

- 25.2 The Indemnified Party will notify the Indemnifying Party promptly in writing of any claims, lawsuits, or demands by third parties for which the Indemnified Party alleges that the Indemnifying Party is responsible under this Section, and, if requested by the Indemnifying Party, will tender the defense of such claim, lawsuit or demand.
  - (1) In the event the Indemnifying Party does not promptly assume or diligently pursue the defense of the tendered action, then the Indemnified Party may proceed to defend or settle said action and the Indemnifying Party shall hold harmless the Indemnified Party from any loss, cost liability, damage and expense.

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- (2) In the event the Party otherwise entitled to indemnification from the other elects to decline such indemnification, then the Party making such an election may, at its own expense, assume defense and settlement of the claim, lawsuit or demand.
- (3) The parties will cooperate in every reasonable manner with the defense or settlement of any claim, demand, or lawsuit.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement, MFS shall defend and indemnify NYNEX and shall hold NYNEX harmless from and against any and all Loss alleged to have been incurred by a customer of MFS or any of er third party where such Loss arises or is attributable to NYNEX's performance or failure to perform a "Specified Activity" as that term is defined in Section 27, below.

### 26.0 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 26.1 Except for the payment of Liquidated Damages by NYNEX to MFS pursuant to Section 27 below, no liability shall attach to either Party, its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, agents, servants or employees for damages arising from errors, mistakes, omissions, interruptions, or delays in the course of establishing, furnishing, rearranging, moving, terminating, changing, or providing or failing to provide services or facilities (including the obtaining or furnishing of information with respect thereof or with respect to users of the services or facilities) in the absence of gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- 26.2 Except as otherwise provided in Section 25.0, no Party shall be liable to the other Party for any Loss, defect or equipment failure caused by the conduct of the other Party, the other Party's agents, servants, contractors or others acting in aid or concert with the other Party, except for gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- 26.3 In no event shall either Party have any liability whatsoever to the other Party for any indirect, special, consequential, incidental or punitive damages, including but not limited to loss of anticipated profits or revenue or other economic loss in connection with or arising from anything said, omitted or done hereunder (collectively, "Consequential Damages"), even if the other Party has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

# 27.0 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR SPECIFIED ACTIVITIES

- 27.1 Certain Definitions. When used in this Section 27.0, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:
- 27.1.1 "Specified Performance Breach" means the failure by NYNEX to meet the Performance Criteria for any of the three Specified Activities as defined below, for a period of three (3) consecutive calendar months.
  - . 27.1.2 "Specified Activity" means any of the following activities:

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- the installation by NYNEX of unbundled Links for MFS ("Unbundled Link Installation");
- (ii) NYNEX's provision of Interim Telecommunications Number
  Portability to MFS or
- (iii) the repair of out of service problems for MFS ("Out of Service Repairs").
- 27.1.3 "Performance Criteria" means, with respect to each calendar month during the term of this Agreement, the performance by NYNE during each month of each Specified Activity shown in Schedule 27.0, subparagraphs 1 and 2, within the time interval shown in at least eighty percent (80%) of the covered instances, except as otherwise provided for in the Schedule in subparagraph 3.
- 27.2 Specified Performance Breach. In recognition of the (1) loss of Customer opportunities, revenues and goodwill which MFS might sustain in the event of a Specified Performance Breach; (2) the uncertainty, in the event of such a Specified Performance Breach, of MFS having available to it customer opportunities similar to those opportunities currently available to MFS; and (3) the difficulty of accurately ascertaining the amount of damages MFS would sustain in the event of such a Specified Performance Breach, NYNEX agrees to pay MFS, subject to Section 27.4 below, damages as set forth in Section 27.3 below in the event of the occurrence of a Specified Performance Breach.
- 27.3 Liquidated Damages. The damages payable by NYNEX to MFS as a result of a Specified Performance Breach shall be a total of \$75,000 for each Specified Performance Breach (collectively, the "Liquidated Damages"). MFS and NYNEX agree and acknowledge that (a) the Liquidated Damages are not a penalty and have been determined based upon the facts and circumstances of MFS and NYNEX at the time of the negotiation and entering into of this Agreement, with due regard given to the performance expectations of each Party; (b) the Liquidated Damages constitute a reasonable approximation of the damages MFS would sustain if its damages were readily ascertainable; and (c) MFS shall not be required to provide any proof of the Liquidated Damages.
- 27.4 Limitations. In no event shall NYNEX be liable to pay the Liquidated Damages if NYNEX's failure to meet or exceed any of the Performance Criteria is caused, directly or indirectly, by a Delaying Event. A "Delaying Event" means (a) a failure by MFS to perform any of its obligations set forth in this Agreement (including, without limitation, the Implementation Schedule and the Joint Grooming Plan), (b) any delay, act or failure to act by a Customer, agent or subcontractor of MFS, (c) any Force Majeure Event (d) or such other delay, act or failure to act as upon which the parties may agree. If a Delaying Event (i) prevents NYNEX from performing a Specified Activity, then such Specified Activity shall be excluded from the calculation of NYNEX's compliance with the Performance Criteria, or (ii) only suspends NYNEX's ability to timely perform the Specified Activity, the applicable time frame in which

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NYNEX's compliance with the Performance Criteria is measured shall be extended on an hour-for-hour or day-for-day basis, as applicable, equal to the duration of the Delaying Event.

- 27.4.1 MFS shall meet the specific performance standards associated with quality of service requests as specified in Schedule 27.1 in the same percentages as set forth in Schedule 27.0. Should MFS fail to meet these quality of service request standards, during a period corresponding to that measured in calculation of Liquidated Damages payable by NYNEX to MFS, NYNEX will not be liable for payment of any applicable Liquidated Damages for that time period.
- 27.5 Sole Remedy. The Liquidated Damages shall be the sole and exclusive remedy of MFS under this Agreement for NYNEX's breach of the Ferformance Criteria and a Specified Performance Breach as described in this Section 27.0.
- 27.6 Records. NYNEX will endeavor to maintain complete and accurate records, on a monthly basis, of its performance under this Agreement of each Specified Activity and its compliance with the Performance Criteria. NYNEX shall provide to MFS such records in a self-reporting format on a monthly basis. Notwithstanding Section 29.6.1, the Parties agree that such records shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" under Section 29.6.
- 27.7 Start Date. NYNEX and MFS shall jointly agree on appropriate measurements for the enforcement of this Section 27 within 30 days of this Agreement. Performance monitoring and liquidated damages shall begin on August 1, 1996 for those items covered in 27.1.2 (i) and (ii) and October 1, 1996 for 27.1.2 (iii).

# 28.0 REGULATORY APPROVAL

The Parties understand and agree that this Agreement will be filed with the Commission and may thereafter be filed with the FCC. The Parties covenant and agree that this Agreement is satisfactory to them as an agreement under Section 251 of the Act. Each Party covenants and agrees to fully support approval of this Agreement by the Commission or the FCC under Section 252 of the Act without modification. The Parties, however, reserve the right to seek regulatory relief and otherwise seek redress from each other regarding performance and implementation of this Agreement. In the event the Commission or FCC rejects this Agreement in whole or in part, the Parties agree to meet and negotiate in good faith to arrive at a mutually acceptable modification of the rejected portion(s).

This agreement is subject to change, modification, or cancellation as may be required by a regulatory authority or court in the exercise of its lawful jurisdiction.

#### 29.0 MISCELLANEOUS

29.1 Authorization.

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- 29.1.1 New York Telephone Company is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder, subject to necessary regulatory approval.
- 29.1.2 MFS is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations hereunder, subject to necessary regulatory approval.
- 29.2 Compliance. Each Party shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations applicable to its performance under this Agreement.
- 29.3 Compliance with the Communications Law Enforcement Act of 1994 ("CALEA"). Each Party represents and warrants that any equipment, facilities or services provided to the other Party under this Agreement comply with CALEA. Each Party shall indemnify and hold the other Party harmless from any and all penalties imposed upon the other Party for such noncompliance and shall at the non-compliant Party's sole cost and expense, modify or replace any equipment, facilities or services provided to the other Party under this Agreement to ensure that such equipment, facilities and services fully comply with CALEA.
- 29.4 Independent Contractors. Neither this Agreement, nor any actions taken by NYNEX or MFS in compliance with this Agreement, shall be deemed to create an agency or joint venture relationship between MFS and NYNEX, or any relationship other than that of purchaser and seller of services.

Neither this Agreement, nor any actions taken by NYNEX or MFS in compliance with this Agreement, shall create a contractual, agency, or any other type of relationship or third party liability between NYNEX and MFS's end users or others.

29.5 Force Majeure. Neither Party shall be liable for any delay or failure in performance of any part of this Agreement from any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence including, without limitation, acts of nature, acts of civil or military authority, government regulations, embargoes, epidemics, terrorist acts, riots, insurrections, fires, explosions, earthquakes, nuclear accidents, floods, work stoppages, equipment failure, power blackouts, volcanic action, other major environmental disturbances, unusually severe weather conditions, inability to secure products or services of other persons or transportation facilities or acts or omissions of transportation carriers (collectively, a "Force Majeure Event").

If any force majeure condition occurs, the Party delayed or unable to perform shall give immediate notice to the other Party and shall take all reasonable steps to correct the force majeure condition. During the pendency of the force majeure, the duties of the Parties under this Agreement affected by the force majeure condition shall be abated and shall resume without liability thereafter.

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#### 29.6 Confidentiality.

29.6.1 Any information such as specifications, drawings, sketches, business information, forecasts, models, samples, data, computer programs and other software and documentation of one Party (a "Disclosing Party") that is furnished or made available or otherwise disclosed to the other Party or any of its employees, contractors, agents or Affiliates (its "Representatives" and with a Party, a "Receiving Party") pursuant to this Agreement ("Proprietary Information") shall be deemed the property of the Disclosing Party. Proprietary Information, if written, shall be marked "Confidential" or "Proprietary" or by other similar notice, and, if oral or visual, shall be confirmed in writing as confidential by the Disclosing Party to the Receiving Party within ten (10) days after disclosure. Unless Proprietary Information was previously known by the Receiving Party free of any obligation to keep it confidential, or has been or is subsequently made public by an act not attributable to the Receiving Party, or is explicitly agreed in writing not to be regarded as confidential, it (a) shall be held in confidence by each Receiving Party; (b) shall be disclosed to only those persons who have a need for it in connection with the provision of services required to fulfill this Agreement and shall be used only for such purposes; and (c) may be used for other purposes only upon such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed to in advance of use in writing by the Parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, a Receiving Party shall be entitled to disclose or provide Proprietary Information as required by any governmental authority or applicable law only in accordance with Section 29.6.2.

29.6.2 If any Receiving Party is required by any governmental authority or by applicable law to disclose any Proprietary Information, then such Receiving Party shall provide the Disclosing Party with written notice of such requirement as soon as possible and prior to such disclosure. The Disclosing Party may then either seek appropriate protective relief from all or part of such requirement or, if it fails to successfully do so, it shall be deemed to have waived the Receiving Party's compliance with Section 29.6 with respect to all or part of such requirement. The Receiving Party shall use all commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with the Disclosing Party in attempting to obtain any protective relief which such Disclosing Party chooses to obtain.

29.6.3 In the event of the expiration or termination of this Agreement for any reason whatsoever, each Party shall return to the other Party or destroy all Proprietary Information and other documents, work papers and other material (including all copies thereof) obtained from the other Party in connection with this Agreement and shall use all reasonable efforts, including instructing its employees and others who have had access to such information, to keep confidential and not to use any such information, unless such information is now, or is hereafter disclosed, through no act, omission or fault of such Party, in any manner making it available to the general public.

29.7 Governing Law. For all claims under this Agreement that are based upon issues within the jurisdiction (primary or otherwise) of the FCC, the exclusive jurisdiction and remedy for all such claims shall be as provided for by the l'CC and the Act. For all claims under this Agreement that are based upon issues within the jurisdiction (primary or otherwise) of the

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Commission, the exclusive jurisdiction for all such claims shall be with the Commission, and the exclusive remedy for such claims shall be as provided for by such Commission. In all other respects, this Agreement shall be governed by the domestic laws of the state of New York without reference to conflict of law provisions.

- responsible for all federal, state, or local sales, use, excise, gross receipts, transaction or similar taxes, fees or surcharges levied against or upon such purchasing Party (or the providing Party when such providing Party is permitted to pass along to the purchasing Party such taxes, fees or surcharges), except for any tax on either Party's corporate existence, status or income. Whenever possible, these amounts shall be billed as a separate item on 'he invoice. To the extent a sale is claimed to be for resale tax exemption, the purchasing Party shall furnish the providing Party a proper resale tax exemption certificate as authorized or required by statute or regulation by the jurisdiction providing said resale tax exemption. Failure to timely provide said resale tax exemption certificate will result in no exemption being available to the purchasing Party.
- 29.9 Non-Assignment. This Agreement shall be binding upon every subsidiary and affiliate of either Party that is engaged in providing telephone exchange and exchange access services in any territory within which NYNEX is an Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier as of the date of this Agreement (the "NYNEX Territory"), and shall continue to be binding upon all such entities regardless of any subsequent change in their ownership. Each Party covenants that, if it sells or otherwise transfers to a third party its telephone exchange and exchange access network facilities within the NYNEX Territory, or any portion thereof, to a third party, it will require as a condition of such transfer that the transferee agree to be bound by this Agreement with respect to services provided over the transferred facilities. Except as provided in this paragraph, neither Party may assign or transfer (whether by operation of law or otherwise) this Agreement (or any rights or obligations hereunder) to a third party without the prior written consent of the other Party which consent will not be unreasonably withheld; provided that either Party may assign this Agreement to a corporate Affiliate or an entity under its common control or an entity acquiring all or substantially all of its assets or equity by providing prior written notice to the other Party of such assignment or transfer. Any attempted assignment or transfer that is not permitted is void ab initio. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the Parties' respective successors and assigns.
- 29.10 Non-Waiver. Failure of either Party to insist on performance of any term or condition of this Agreement or to exercise any right or privilege hereunder shall not be construed as a continuing or future waiver of such term, condition, right or privilege.

## 29.11 Disputed Amounts.

29.11.1 If any portion of an amount due to a Party (the "Billing Party") under this Agreement is subject to a bona fide dispute between the Parties, the Party billed (the "Non-Paying Party") shall within thirty (30) days of its receipt of the invoice containing such disputed amount give notice to the Billing Party of the amounts it disputes ("Disputed Amounts") and include in such notice the specific details and 'reasons for disputing each item. The

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Non-Paying Party shall pay when due (i) all undisputed amounts to the Billing Party and (ii) all Disputed Amounts into an interest bearing escrow account with a third party escrow agent mutually agreed upon by the Parties.

Amounts in the normal course of business within ninety (90) days after delivery to the Billing Party of notice of the Disputed Amounts, each of the Parties shall appoint a designated representative who has authority to settle the dispute and who is at a higher level of management than the persons with direct responsibility for administration of this Agreement. The designated representatives shall meet as often as they reasonably deem necessary in order to discuss the dispute and negotiate in good faith in an effort to resolve such dispute. The specific format for such discussions will be left to the discretion of the designated representatives, however all reasonable requests for relevant information made by one Party to the other Party shall be honored.

29.11.3 If the Parties are unable to resolve issues related to the Disputed Amounts within forty-five (45) days after the Parties' appointment of designated representatives pursuant to Section 29.11.2, then either Party may file a complaint with the Commission to resolve such issues or proceed with any other remedy pursuant to law or equity. The Commission may direct release of any or all funds (including any accrued interest) in the escrow account, plus applicable late fees, to be paid to either Party.

29.11.4 The Parties agree that all negotiations pursuant to this Section 29.11 shall remain confidential and shall be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for purposes of the Federal Rules of Evidence and state rules of evidence. Any undisputed amounts not paid when due shall accrue interest from the date such amounts were due at the lesser of (i) one and one-half percent (1-1/2%) per month or (ii) the highest rate of interest that may be charged under applicable law.

29.12 Notices. Notices given by one Party to the other Party under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be (a) delivered personally, (b) delivered by express delivery service, (c) mailed, certified mail or first class U.S. mail postage prepaid, return receipt requested or (d) delivered by telecopy to the following addresses of the Parties:

To MFS:

MFS Intelenet of New York, Inc.

33 Whitehall Street
15th Floor
New York, NY 10004
Attn: Director, Regulatory Affairs - Eastern Region
Facsimile: (212) 843-3060

To NYNEX:

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NYNEX 1095 Avenue of Americas 40th Floor New York NY 10036 Attn: Vice President - Wholesale Markets Facsimile: (212) 597-2585

or to such other address as either Party shall designate by proper notice. Notices will be deemed given as of the earlier of (i) the date of actual receipt, (ii) the next business day when notice is sent via express mail or personal delivery, (iii) three (3) day: after mailing in the case of first class or certified U.S. mail or (iv) on the date set forth on the confirmation in the case of telecopy.

- 29.13 Publicity and Use of Trademarks or Service Marks. Neither Party nor its subcontractors or agents shall use the other Party's trademarks, service marks, logos or other proprietary trade dress in any advertising, press releases, publicity matters or other promotional materials without such Party's prior written consent.
- 29.14 Section 252(i) Obligations. If either Party enters into an agreement (the "Other Agreement") approved by the Commission or FCC pursuant to Section 252 of the Act which provides for the provision in the State of New York of arrangements covered in this Agreement to another requesting Telecommunications Carrier, including itself or its affiliate, such Party shall make available to the other Party such arrangements upon the same rates, terms and conditions as those provided in the Other Agreement. At its sole option, the other Party may avail itself of either (i) the Other Agreement in its entirety or (ii) all of the prices, terms and conditions contained in the Other Agreement that relate to any one or combination of the following:
  - Interconnection Section 251(c)(2) of the Act (Section 4.0 and 5.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (2) Exchange Access Section 251(c)(2) of the Act (Section 6.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (3) Unbundled Access Section 251(c)(3) of the Act (Section 9.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (4) Resale Section 251(c)(4) of the Act (Section 10.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (5) Collocation Section 251(c)(6) of the Act (Section 13.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (6) Number Portability Section 251(b)(2) of the Act (Section 14.0 of this Agreement); or
  - (7) Access to Rights of Way Section 251(b)(4) of the Act (Section 16.0 of this Agreement); or

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- (8) Directory Services Section 251(b)(3) of the Act (Section 18.0 of the Agreement).
- 29.15 Joint Work Product. This Agreement is the joint work product of the Parties and has been negotiated by the Parties and their respective counsel and shall be fairly interpreted in accordance with its terms and, in the event of any ambiguities, no inferences shall be drawn against either Party.
- 29.16 No Third Party Beneficiaries; Disclaimer of Agency. This Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties and their permitted assig is, and nothing herein express or implied shall create or be construed to create any third-party beneficiary rights hereunder. Except for provisions herein expressly authorizing a Party to act for another, nothing in this Agreement shall constitute a Party as a legal representative or agent of the other Party, nor shall a Party have the right or authority to assume, create or incur any liability or any obligation of any kind, express or implied, against or in the name of or on behalf of the other Party unless otherwise expressly permitted by such other Party. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no Party undertakes to perform any obligation of the other Party, whether regulatory or contractual, or to assume any responsibility for the management of the other Party's business.
- 29.17 No License. No license under patents, copyrights or any other intellectual property right (other than the limited license to use consistent with the terms, conditions and restrictions of this Agreement) is granted by either Party or shall be implied or arise by estoppel with respect to any transactions contemplated under this Agreement.
- 29.18 Technology Upgrades. Nothing in this Agreement shall limit NYNEX's ability to upgrade its network through the incorporation of new equipment, new software or otherwise. NYNEX shall provide MFS written notice at least ninety (90) days prior to the incorporation of any such upgrades in NYNEX's network which will materially impact MFS' service. MFS shall be solely responsible for the cost and effort of accommodating such changes in its own network.
- 29.19 Survival. The Parties' obligations under this Agreement which by their nature are intended to continue beyond the termination or expiration of this Agreement shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement, including without limitation, Sections 21.4, 22.0, 23.0, 25.0, 26.0, 29.3, 29.6, 29.11, 29.13 and 29.17.
- 29.20 Scope of Agreement. This Agreement is intended to describe and enable specific Interconnection and access to unbundled Network Elements and compensation arrangements between the Parties. This Agreement does not obligate either Party to provide arrangements not specifically provided for herein.
- 29.21 Entire Agreement. The terms contained in this Agreement and any Schedules, Exhibits, tariffs and other documents or instruments re'erred to herein are, hereby incorporated into this Agreement by this reference as if set forth fully herein and, constitute the entire agreement between the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, superseding all prior understandings, proposals and other communications, oral or written. Neither Party shall be

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bound by any preprinted terms additional to or different from those in this Agreement that may appear subsequently in the other Party's form documents, purchase orders, quotations, acknowledgments, invoices or other communications. This Agreement may only be modified by a writing signed by an officer of each Party.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of this 25th day of June, 1996.

MFS INTELENET OF NEW YORK

DY. 77-77 11-110

Printed: Alex J Harris

Title: Vice President - Regulatory Affairs

NYNEX

Printed: Jacob I Goldhers

Title: Vice President - Wholesale Markets

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#### SCHEDULE 1.0

### CERTAIN TERMS AS DEFINED IN THE ACT

"Affiliate" means a person that (directly or indirectly) owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with, another person. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "own" means to own an equity interest (or the equivalent thereof) of more than ten percent (10%).

"Dialing Parity" means that a person that is not an Affiliate of LEC is able to provide Telecommunications Services in such a manner that Customers have the ability to route automatically, without the use of any access code, their Telecommunications to the Telecommunications Services provider of the Customer's designation from among two (2) or more Telecommunications Services providers (including such LEC).

"Exchange Access" means the offering of access to Telephone Exchange Services or facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of Telephone Toll Services.

"InterLATA Service" means Telecommunications between a point located in a local access and transport area and a point located outside such area.

"Local Access and Transport Area" or "LATA" means a contiguous geographic area: (a) established before the date of enactment of the Act by a Bell operating company such that no Exchange Area includes points within more than one (1) metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, or State, except as expressly permitted under the AT&T Consent Decree; or (b) established or modified by a Bell operating company after such date of enactment and approved by the FCC.

"Local Exchange Carrier" means any person that is engaged in the provision of Telephone Exchange Service or Exchange Access. Such term does not include a person insofar as such person is engaged in the provision of a commercial mobile service under Section 332(c) of the Act, except to the ex ent that the FCC finds that such service should be included in the definition of such term.

"Network Element" means a facility or equipment used in the provision of a Telecommunications Service. Such term also includes features, functions, and capabilities that are provided by means of such facility or equipment, including subscriber numbers, databases, signaling systems, and information sufficient for billing and collection or used in the transmission, routing, or other provision of a Telecommunications Service.

"Number Portability" means the ability of users of telecommunications services to retain, at the same location, existing telecommunications numbers without impairment of quality, reliability, or convenience when switching from one telecommunications carrier to another.

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"Telecommunications" means the transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user's choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.

"Telecommunications Carrier" means any provider of Telecommunications Services, except that such term does not include aggregators of Telecommunications Services (as defined in Section 226 of the Communications Act).

"Telecommunications Service" means the offering of Telecommunications for a fee directly to the public, or to such classes of users as to be effectively available directly to the public, regardless of the facilities used.

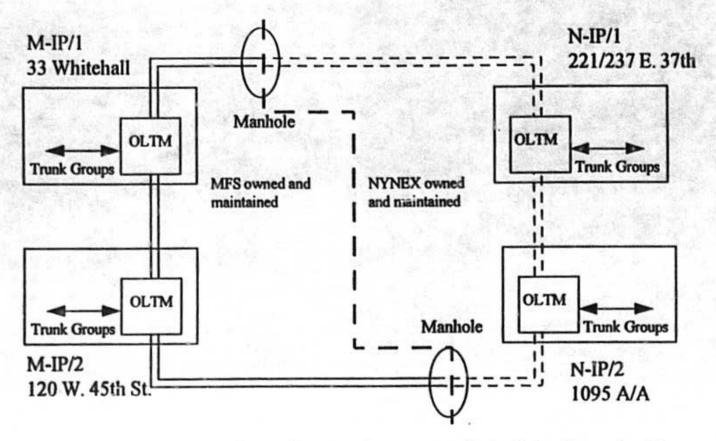
"Telephone Exchange Service" means (a) service within a telephone exchange within a connected system of telephone exchanges within the same exchange area operated to furnish subscribers intercommunicating service of the character ordinarily furnished by a single exchange, and which is covered by the exchange service charge, or (b) comparable service provided through a system of switches, transmission equipment, or other facilities (or combination thereof) by which a subscriber can originate and terminate a telecommunications service.

"Telephone Toll Service" means telephone service between stations in different exchange areas for which there is made a separate charge not included in contracts with subscribers for exchange service.

| LATA | Interconnection Activation Date | MFSWire Centers                 |   | NYNEX Wire Centers                               |   |  |
|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
|      |                                 | M-UP/I                          | M-IP/2                                    | <u>N-IP/I</u>                                    | <u>N-1P/2</u>                                       |  |
| 132  | June 25, 1996                   | 33 Whitehall St.<br>NY NY 10004 | 120 W.45 St.<br>NY NY 10036<br>(Tower 45) | 221/237 E. 37 St.<br>NY NY 10016<br>(37th St CO) | 1095 Ave of Americas<br>NY NY 10036<br>(42nd St CO) |  |

Existing Arrangements as of June 25, 1996, subject to change as part of the Joint Grooming Plan.

# Schedule 4.2: Illustration of Interconnection Architecture\*



\*The following is subject to change by mutual agreement in the Joint Grooming Plan:

- 1. M-IP and N-IP locations
- 2. Use of point-to-point SONET transmission as opposed to ring transmission.

### SCHEDULE 27.0 NYNEX Performance Criteria for Liquidated Damages

#### SPECIFIED ACTIVITY

#### PERFORMANCE INTERVAL DATE

- Unbundled Link Installation
  - a) New Line Installation:

i) Orders for installation < 10 lines

5 days

ii) Orders for installation ≥ 10 lines

Facilities Confirmation

5 days

If Available Facilities

< 20 lines ≥ 20 lines 10 days from Facilities Confirmation

negotiated interval\*

b) "Hot Cutover" Installation

i) Orders for installation < 10 lines

10 days (through 9/30/96)

7 days (10/1/96 to 12/31/96)

5 days (1/1/97 and after)

ii) Orders for installation ≥ 10 lines

negotiated interval

2. Interim Number Portability Installation

i) Orders for installation < 10 numbers

10 days (through 9/30/96) 7 days (10/1/96 to 12/31/96)

5 days (1/1/97 and after)

ii) Orders for installation ≥ 10 numbers

negotiated interval"

3. Out-of-Service Repairs

Less than 24 hours from NYNEX's Receipt of Notification of Out-of-Service Condition (\*)(\*\*)

<sup>&</sup>quot;NYNEX will provide the same negotiated intervals it provides to any carrier, customer or parties that are similarly situated.

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to the following percentage limitations:

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|                                     | 10/1/96<br>thru<br>5/31/97 | 6/1/97<br>thru<br>12/31/97 | 1/1/98<br>thru<br>6/30/98 | 7/1/98<br>and<br>thereafter |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Zone 1 (Manhattan, south of 59 st.) | 75%                        | 75%                        | 80%                       | 80%                         |
| Zone 2 (LATA 132, outside zone 1)   | 70%                        | 75%                        | 75%                       | 80%                         |
| Zone 3 (Outside Zones 1 and 2)      | 70%                        | 70%                        | 70%                       | 75%                         |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes Residence customers in single and two-family homes

### Schedule 27.1 MFS Service Quality Criteria for Liquidated Damages

- New Unbundled Link (SVGALS) Orders
- 1.0 ANI to MFS number, verification successful from DEMARC by NYNEX field technician.
- 1.1 All order information submitted by MFS is valid (e.g. street address, end user LCON, floor/unit number, cable pair assignment)
  - 1.2 Customer (end user) available at appointed date.
  - 1.3 Orders completed as submitted without cancellation after FOC
- 2 Hot Cut Unbundled Link (SVGALS) Orders
- 2.0 Verifiable MFS dial tone at POT bay testable by NYNEX through appropriate tie cable pair as provided by MFS on the service request.
  - 2.1 Accurate account and end user information submitted on service request
  - 2.3 Accurate SVGAL tie cable and pair assignment provided by MFS on service request
  - 2.4 Orders completed as submitted without cancellation after FOC

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#### PRICING SCHEDULE

I. Reciprocal Compensation shall equal the rate set forth in the Parties' applicable tariffs as determined by the weighted average call volume distribution by time of day. Such rate for the first six months shall be:

Rate = \$.008 per minute

The rate for reciprocal compensation is to be adju ted bi-annually based upon the rates and formula set forth in this Pricing Schedule. The first adjustment shall occur on January 1, 1997 and future adjustments every six months thereafter.

II. Information Services Billing and Collection

Fee = \$.05 per message

III BLV/BLVI Traffic

Rate = \$1.00 per Busy Line Verification \$1.50 per Busy Line Verification Interrupt (in addition to \$1.00 for Busy Line Verification)

- IV. Transit Service
  - A. Transit Service

Rate = \$.0035 per minute

B. Dedicated Transiting Service

Rate = twice the applicable Service Access Charge ("SAC")

- V. Interim Telecommunications Number Portability
  - A. Monthly Recurring Charges

Rate per Business Number = \$2

Rate per Residential Number = \$1

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No additional charges shall apply for interim number portability, including additional per-path, per-port, or usage-related charges, except for third party and collect calls.

#### B. Non-recurring charge

Rate = \$20 per ported number

Non-recurring charges only apply when interim number portability is ordered separately from an unbundled link.

#### VI. IntraLATA 800

Reciprocal Compensation (refer to I above).

Compensation for records exchanged \$.0115 per record

800 Database inquiry \$.0054 per database inquiry

#### VII. Unbundled Links

### A. Monthly Rates

Monthly Rates for all unbundled links described in Section 9 will be the rates specified by the Commission, as amended from time to time, subject to the provisions of Section 9.

#### VIII. 911/E911 Interconnection

Monthly Rate = \$252 per month for an unequipped DS1 Port and \$100 per month per voice grade trunk activated and equipped on the DS1 port.

#### IX. Wholesale Discounts

#### a Month- to- month discounts

Reduction in line plus a percentage discount as follows:

|                 | Access Line | Residence | Business |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| October 1, 1996 | \$ .90      | 6.5 %     | 6.6 %    |
| October 1, 1997 | \$ 1.05     | 8.1 %     | 8.0 %    |
| October 1, 1998 | \$ 1.25     | 9.5 %     | 9.4 %    |

#### b. Term and Volume Discounts

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## To be negotiated based on receipt of a Bona Fide Request

### X. Directory Assistance

Base Rate Unbranded = \$ .45 per message
Branded Rate = \$ .50 per message
Base Rate with Directory Assistance Call Completion (DACC) = \$ .55 per message
Branded Rate with DACC = \$ .60 per message

### Directory Assistance Volume/Term Discounts

| Monthly Billed | Term Commitments |           |         |         |
|----------------|------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| DA Volume      | .1 Year          | 18 Months | 2 Years | 3 Years |
| \$0 - 1999     | 5%               | 10%       | 14%     | 18%     |
| \$2000 - 5999  | 7%               | 12%       | 16%     | 20%     |
| \$6000 - 9999  | 10%              | 15%       | 19%     | 23%     |
| Above \$10,000 | 13%              | 18%       | 22%     | 26%     |

Discounts apply only for amounts in the applicable range. For example, under a one year term commitment with a monthly billed DA volume of \$2,500, the first \$1,999 would be discounted at 5% and the remaining \$501 at 7%. Discount will apply to branded DA and the DA portion of DACC.

#### PRICING SCHEDULE

## Reciprocal Compensation Calculation

I. Time of Day Definitions - Tariff NYT PSC No.914 Section 4.1.7 (A) (1)

II. Base Rates - Per Minute of Use

Day Rate = \$.0098

Evening Rate = \$.0073

Night Rate = \$.0029

III. Formula for determining Reciprocal Compensation ( %Day Traffic + %Evening Traffic + % Night Traffic = 100% for each Party)

(MFS-originated Day Minutes + NYNEX-originated Day Minutes) \* Day Rate
Total MFS + NYNEX Minutes

(MFS-originated Evening Minutes + NYNEX-originated Evening Minutes) \* Evening Rate
Total MFS + NYNEX Minutes

(MFS-originated Night Minutes + NYNEX-originated Night Minutes) \* Night Rate
Total MFS + NYNEX Minutes

#### **EXHIBIT A**

### NETWORK ELEMENT BONA FIDE REQUEST

- 1. Each Party shall promptly consider and analyze access to a new unbundled Network Element with the submission of a Network Element Bona Fide Request hereunder. The Network Element Bona Fide Request process set forth herein does not apply to those services requested pursuant to Report & Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking 91-141 (rel. Oct. 19, 1992) ¶ 259 and n.603 or subsequent orders.
- A Network Element Bona Fide Request shall be submitted in writing and shall include a technical description of each requested Network Element.
- 3. The requesting Party may cancel a Network Element Bona Fide Request at any time, but shall pay the other Party's reasonable and demonstrable costs of processing and/or implementing the Network Element Bona Fide Request up to the date of cancellation.
- Within ten (10) business days of its receipt, the receiving Party shall acknowledge receipt of the Network Element Bona Fide Request.
- 5. Except under extraordinary circumstances, within thirty (30) days of its receipt of a Network Element Bona Fide Request, the receiving Party shall provide to the requesting Party a preliminary analysis of such Network Element Bona Fide Request. The preliminary analysis shall confirm that the receiving Party will offer access to the Network Element or will provide a detailed explanation that access to the Network Element is not technically feasible and/or that the request does not qualify as a Network Element that is required to be provided under the Act.
- 6. If the receiving Party determines that the Network Element Bona Fide Request is technically feasible and otherwise qualifies under the Act, it shall promptly proceed with developing the Network Element Bona Fide Request upon receipt of written authorization from the requesting Party. When it receives such authorization, the receiving Party shall promptly develop the requested services, determine their availability, calculate the applicable prices and establish installation intervals.
- Unless the Parties otherwise agree, the Network Element Requested must be priced in accordance with Section 252(d)(1) of the Act.
- 8. As soon as feasible, but not more than ninety (90) days after its receipt of authorization to proceed with developing the Network Element Bona Fide Request, the receiving Party shall provide to the requesting Party a Network Element Bona Fide Request quote which will include, at a minimum, a description of each Network Element, the availability, the applicable rates and the installation intervals.

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- 9. Within thirty (30) days of its receipt of the Network Element Bona Fide Request quote, the requesting Party must either confirm its order for the Network Element Bona Fide Request pursuant to the Network Element Bona Fide Request quote or seek arbitration by the Commission pursuant to Section 252 of the Act.
- 10. If a Party to a Network Element Bona Fide Request believes that the other Party is not requesting, negotiating or processing the Network Element Bona Fide Request in good faith, or disputes a determination, or price or cost quote, or is failing to act in accordance with section 251 of the Act, such Party may seek mediation or arbitration by the Commission pursuant to Section 252 of the Act.

Pursuant to this agreement, Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Florida, Inc. ("MFS") and GTE Florida Incorporated ("GTE") (collectively, "the Parties") will extend certain arrangements to one another within each LATA in which they both operate within the state of Florida, as described and according to the terms, conditions and pricing specified hereunder. The Parties enter into this agreement without prejudice to any positions they have taken previously, or may take in the future in any legislative, regulatory, or other public forum.

### L RECITALS & PRINCIPLES

WHEREAS, universal connectivity between common carriers is the defining characteristic of the public switched telecommunications network in which all common carriers participate; and

WHEREAS, absent such connectivity the utility of communications services to individual consumers and to society as a whole would be severely and unnecessarily diminished; and

WHEREAS, in the service of maximum inter-operability, the Parties should be able to efficiently, flexibly, and robustly exchange traffic and signaling at well-defined and standardized points of mutually agreed interconnection; and

WHEREAS, GTE Florida Incorporated is a local exchange telecommunications company (LEC) as defined by Section 364.02(6) of the Florida Statutes. Metropolitan Fiber Systems of Florida, Inc. (MFS) is an alternative local exchange telecommunications company (ALEC) as defined by Section 364.02(1); and

WHEREAS, Section 384.16, Florida Statutes, requires, among other things, GTE Florida to provide access to, and interconnection with, its telecommunications facilities to any other provider of local telecommunications services requesting such access and interconnection at non-discriminatory prices, rates, terms, and conditions established by the procedures set forth in Section 364.162, Florida Statutes; and

WHEREAS, Section 364.161, Florida Statutes, requires each LEC, upon request, to unbundle each of its network features, functions and capabilities, including access to signaling databases, systems and routing process, and offer them to any other telecommunications provider requesting such features, functions or capabilities for resale to the extent technically and economically feasible and at prices that are not below cost; and

WHEREAS, Sections 364.16 and 364.161 also requires LECs and ALECs to attempt to negotiate satisfactory rates, terms and conditions for interconnection and unbundling. If such negotiations fall, either party has the right to file a petition with

2/19/96 Page 1

# MFS/GTE PA...IAL FLORIDA CO-CARRIER AGRI ENT

the Florida Public Service Commission to establish such rates, terms and conditions;

WHEREAS, on January 24, 1996, MFS filed petitions before the Commission in Docket Nos. 950984 and 950985 asking the Commission to establish rates, terms and conditions for interconnection and the provision of GTE Florida unbundled services and features to MFS; and

WHEREAS, GTE Floride and MFS, in an effort to avoid the uncertainties and expense of litigation before the Commission and appeals before the courts, desire to enter the following agreement which will serve as a partial settlement of Dockst Nos. 950984 and \$50985 noted above; and

WHEREAS, GTE Florids and MFS acknowledge and understand that this Agreement is entered into to resolve issues and matters which are unique to the State of Florida and is a result of compromise and negotiation. The parties further acknowledge that none of the provisions set forth herein shall be proffered by either GTE Florida or MFS or any of their affiliates in this or any other jurisdiction as evidence of any concession or as a waiver of any position or for any other purpose.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MFS and GTE hereby covenant and agree as follows:

### II. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the calling party.
- B. "Central Office Switch", "Central Office" or "CO" means a switching entity within the public switched telecommunications network, including but not limited to:

"End Office Switches" which are Class 5 switches from which end user Exchange Services are directly connected and offered.

"Tendem Office Switches" which are Class 4 switches which are used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office Switches.

Central Office Switches may be employed as combination End Office/Tandem Office switches (combination Class 5/Class 4).

- "CLASS Features" (also called "Vertical Features") include: Automatic C. Cell Back; Automatic Recall; Call Forwarding Busy Line/Don't Answer; Call Forwarding Don't Answer; Call Forwarding Variable; Call Forwarding - Busy Line; Call Trace; Call Waiting; Call Number Delivery Blocking Per Cell; Calling Number Blocking Per Line; Cancel Cell Waiting; Distinctive Ringing/Call Walting; Incoming Call Line Identification Delivery; Selective Cell Forward; Selective Call Rejection; Speed Calling; and Three Way Calling/Cell Transfer.
- "Co-Location" or "Co-Location Arrangement" is an interconnection D. architecture method in which one currier extends network transmission facilities to a wire center/aggregati in point in the network of a second carrier, whereby the first carrier's facilities are terminated into equipment installed and maintained in that wire center by or on the behalf of the first carrier for the primary purpose of interconnecting the first carrier's facilities to the facilities of the second carrier.
- "Commission" means the Florida Public Service Commission (PSC). E.
- "Common Channel Signaling" or "CCS" means a method of digitally F. transmitting call ast-up and network control data over a special network fully separate from the public switched network that carries the actual call.
- "DID" means direct inward dialing. G.
- "DS-1" is a digital signal rate of 1.544 Mbps (Mega Bit Per Second). H.
- "DS-3" is a digital signal rate of 44.736 Mbps.
- "DSX panel" is a cross-connect bay/panel used for the termination of equipment and facilities operating at digital rates.
- "Electronic File Transfer" refers to any system/process which utilizes an K. electronic format and protocol to send/receive data files.
- "Exchange Message Record" or "EMR" is the standard used for exchange of telecommunications message information emong Local Exchange Carriers for billable, non-billable, sample, settlement and study data. EMR format is contained in BR-010-200-010 CRIS Exchange Message Record, a Belicore document which defines industry standards for exchange message records.

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- M. "Exchange Service" refers to all basic access line services, or any other services offered to end users which provide end users with a telephonic connection to, and a unique telephone number address on, the public switched telecommunications network, and which enable such end users to place or receive calls to all other stations on the public switched telecommunications network.
- N. "Interconnection" means the connection of separate pieces of equipment, transmission facilities, etc., within, between or among networks. The architecture of interconnection may include several methods including, but not limited to co-location arrangements and mid-fiber meet arrangements.
- O. "Interexchange Carrier" or "IXI;" means a provider of stand-alone interexchange telecommunications services.
- P. "Interim Number Portability" or "INF" means the transparent delivery of Local Telephone Number Portability ("LTNP") capabilities, from a customer standpoint in terms of call completion, and from a carrier standpoint in terms of compensation, through the use of existing and available call routing, forwarding, and addressing capabilities.
- O. "ISDN" means integrated Services Digital Network; a switched network service providing end-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data. Basic Rate Interface-ISDN (BRI-ISDN) provides for digital transmission of two 64 Kbps bearer channels and one 16 Kbps data channel (2B+D). Primary Rate Interface-ISDN (PRI-ISDN) provides for digital transmission of twenty-three (23) 64 Kbps bearer channels and one 16 Kbps data channel (23 B+D).
- R. "Line Side" refers to an end office switch connection that has been programmed to treat the circuit as a local line connected to a ordinary telephone station set. Line side connections offer only those transmission and signaling features appropriate for a connection between an end office and an ordinary telephone station set.
- S. "Link Element" or "Link" is a component of an Exchange Service; for purposes of general illustration, the "Link Element" is the transmission facility (or channel or group of channels on such facility) which extends from a Main Distribution Frame, DSX-panel, or functionally comparable piece of equipment in an GTE end office wire center, to a demarcation or connector block in/at a customer's premises. Traditionally, links were provisioned as 2-wire or 4-wire copper pairs running from the end office distribution frame to the customer premise; however, a link may be

provided via other media, including radio frequencies, as a channel on a high capacity feeder/distribution facility which may in turn be distributed from a node location to the customer premise via a copper or coax drop facility, etc. Links fall into the following categories:

"2-wire analog voice grade links" will support analog transmission of 300-3000 Hz, repeat loop start or ground start seizure and disconnect in one direction (toward the end office switch), and repeat ringing in the other direction (toward the end user). This link is commonly used for local dial tone service.

"2-wire ISDN digital grade link;" will support digital transmission of two 64 Kbps bearer channels and one 16 Kbps data channel. This is a 2B+D basic rate interface integrated Services Digital Network (BRI-ISDN) type of loop which will meet national ISDN standards.

"4-wire DS-1 digital grade links" will support full duplex transmission of isochronous serial data at 1.544 Mbps. This T-1/DS-1 type of loop provides the equivalent of 24 voice grade/DSO channels.

- T. "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" means any company certified by the Commission to provide local exchange telecommunications service. This includes the Parties to this agreement.
- U. "Local Telephone Number Portability" or "LTNP" means the technical ability to enable an end user customer to utilize its telephone number in conjunction with any exchange service provided by any Local Exchange Cerrier operating within the geographic number plan area with which the customer's telephone number(s) is associated, regardless of whether the customer's Chosen Local Exchange Cerrier is the carrier which originally assigned the number to the customer, without penalty to either the customer or its chosen local exchange cerrier.
- V. "Mein Distribution Frame" or "MDF" is the primary point at which outside plant facilities terminate within a wire center, for interconnection to other telecommunications facilities within the wire center.
- W. "Meet-Point Billing" or "MPB" refers to an arrangement whereby two LECs jointly provide the transport element of a switched access service to one of the LEC's end office switches, with each LEC receiving an appropriate share of the transport element revenues as defined by their effective access tariffs.

- X. "MECAB" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the suspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECAB decument, published by Belicore as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, contains the recommended guidelines for the billing of an access service provided by two or more LECs, or by one LEC in two or more states within a single LATA.
- Y. "MECOD" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design (MECOD) Guidelines for Access Services Industry Support Interface, a document developed by the Orderin g/Provisioning Committee under the auspices of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Lieison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECOD document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR STS-002643, establish methods for processing orders for access service which is to be provided by two or more LECs.
- Z. "Mid-Fiber Meet" is an interconnection architecture method whereby two carriers meet at a fiber splice in a junction box.
- AA. "NANP" means the "North American Numbering Plan", the system of telephone numbering employed in the United States, Canada, and the Caribbean countries which employ NPA 809.
- BB. "Numbering Plan Area" or "NPA" is also sometimes referred to as an area code. This is the three digit indicator which is defined by the "A", "B", and "C" digits of each 10-digit telephone number within the North American Numbering Plan ("NANP"). Each NPA contains 800 possible NXX Codes. There are two general categories of NPA, "Geographic NPAs" and "Non-Geographic NPAs". A "Geographic NPA" is associated with a defined geographic area, and all telephone numbers bearing such NPA are associated with services provided within that geographic area. A "Non-Geographic NPA", also known as a "Service Access Code" or "SAC Code" is typically associated with a specialized telecommunications service which may be provided across multiple geographic NPA sreas; 800, 900, 700, and 888 are examples of Non-Geographic NPAs.
  - CC. "NXX", "NXX Code", "Central Office Code" or "CO Code" is the three digit switch entity indicator which is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the North American Numbering Plan ("NANP"). Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station

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- numbers. Historically, entire NXX code blocks have been assigned to specific individual local exchange end office switches.
- DD. "On-Line Transfer" means the transferring of an incoming call to another telephone number without the call being disconnected.
- EE. "Permanent Number Portability" or "PNP" means the use of a database solution to provide fully transparent LTNP for all customers and all providers without limitation.
- FF. "Plain Old Telephone Service Traffic"or "POTS traffic." The parties agree that this includes local traffic as defined in GTE's tariff and disagree as to whether this includes non-ocal intraLATA toll traffic exchanged between the parties respective exchange customers.
- GG. "Port Element" or "Port" is a component of an Exchange Service; for purposes of general illustration, the "Port" is a line card and associated peripheral equipment on an GTE end office switch which serves as the hardware termination for the customer's exchange service on that switch and generates diel tone and provides the customer a pathway into the public switched telecommunications network. Each Port is typically associated with one (or more) telephone number(s) which serves as the customer's network address. Port estegories include:
  - "2-wire enalog line port" is a line side switch connection employed to provide basic residential and business type Exchange Services.
  - "2-wire ISDN digital line port" is a Basic Rate Interface (BRI) line side switch connection employed to provide ISDN Exchange Services.
  - "2-wire analog DID trunk port" is a direct inward dialing (DID) trunk side switch connection employed to provide incoming trunk type Exchange Services.
  - "4-wire DS-1 digital DID trunk port" is a direct inward dialing (DID) trunk side switch connection employed to provide the equivalent of 24 analog incoming trunk type Exchange Services.
  - "4-wire ISDN digital DS-1 trunk port" is a Primary Rate interface (PRI) trunk side switch connection employed to provide the ISDN Exchange Services.

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- HH. "Rate Center" means the specific geographic point and corresponding geographic area which have been identified by a given LEC as being associated with a particular NPA-NXX code which has been assigned to the LEC for its provision of Exchange Services. The "rate center point" is the finite geographic point identified by a specific V&H coordinate, which is used to measure distance-sensitive end user traffic to/from Exchange Services bearing the particular NPA-NXX designation associated with the specific Rate Center. The "rate center area" is the exclusive geographic area which the LEC has identified as the area within which it will provide Exchange Services bearing the particular NPA-NXX designation associated with the spe life Rate Center. The Rate Center point must be located within the Rate Center area.
- II. "Rating Point", sometimes also referred to as "Routing Point" means a location which a LEC has designated on its own network as the homing (routing) point for traffic inbound to Exchange Services provided by the LEC which bear a certain NPA-NXX designation. Pursuant to Belicore Practice BR 795-100-100, the Rating Point may be an "End Office" location, or a "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection". Pursuant to that same Belicore Practice, examples of the latter shall be designated by a common language location identifier (CLLI) code with (x)KD in positions 9, 10, 11, where (x) may be any alphanumeric A-Z or 0-9. The Rating Point/Routing Point need not be the same as the Rate Center Point, nor must it be located within the Rate Center Area.
- JJ. "Reference of Calls" refers to a process in which calls are routed to an announcement which states the new telephone number of an end user.
- KK. "Service Control Point" or "SCP" is the node in the aignaling network to which informational requests for service handling, such as routing, are directed and processed. The SCP is a real time database system that, based on a query from the SSP, performs subscriber or application-specific service logic, and then sends instructions back to the SSP on how to continue call processing.
- "Signal Transfer Point" or "STP" performs a packet switching function that routes signaling messages among SSPs, SCPs and other STPs in order to set up calls and to query databases for advanced services.
- MM. "Synchronous Optical Network" or "SONET" means synchronous electrical (STS) or optical (OC) channel connections between LECs.
- NN. "Switched Access Service" means the offering of facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of non-POTS traffic to or from

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Exchange Services offered in a given area. Switched Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, 800 access, and 900 access.

- OO. "Trunk Side" refers to a central office switch connection that is capable of, and has been programmed to treat the circuit as, connecting to another switching entity, for example a private branch exchange ("PBX") or another central office switch. Trunk side connections offer those transmission and signaling features appropriate for the connection of switching entities, and can not be used for the direct connection of ordinary telephone station sets.
- PP. "Wire Center" means a building or space within a building which serves as an aggregation point on a given carrier's network, where transmission facilities and circuits are connected or switched.

## III. NETWORK INTERCONNECTION ARCHITECTURE

The Parties shall interconnect their networks as necessary to effect the Co-Carrier Arrangements identified in Parts V., VI., VII., and IX., as defined below:

A. In each LATA identified below, the correspondingly identified wire center shall serve as the initial Designated Network Interconnection Point ("D-NIP") at which point MFS and GTE will interconnect their respective networks for inter-operability within that LATA.

| LATA  | D-NIP  |
|-------|--|
| Tempe | Tampa Main SWC (GTE)<br>(MFS connects to GTE)      |
| Tampa | Tampa Downtown Node (MFS)<br>(GTE connects to MFS) |

- B. Initially, MFS agrees to connect to GTE at GTE's Tampa Main Serving Wire Center (610 Morgan) and GTE agrees to reciprocally connect to MFS at MFS' Tampa downtown Node facility (Barnett Bank Building). Where MFS and GTE interconnect at a D-NIP, the parties may mutually agree to other arrangements including, but not limited to any of the following interconnection methods:
  - a mid-fiber meet at the D-NIP, or in a manhole or other appropriate junction point near to or just outside the D-NIP;

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- a digital cross-connection hand-off, DSX panel to DSX panel, where both MFS and GTE maintain such facilities at the D-NIP;
- a co-location facility maintained by MFS, or by a 3rd-party with whom MFS has contracted for such purposes, at an GTE wire center, where such wire center has been designated as the D-NIP; or
- 4. a co-location facility maintained by GTE, or by a 3rd-party with whom GTE has contracted for such purposes, at an MPS wire center, where such wire senter has been designated as the D-NIP.
- C. In extending network interconnection facilities to the D-NIP, MFS shall have the right to extend its own facilities or to lesse dark fiber facilities (if available) or digital transport facilities from GTE or from any 3rd-party, subject to the following terms:
  - Such leased facilities shall extend from any point designated by MFS on its own network (including a co-location facility maintained by MFS at an GTE wire center) to the D-NIP or associated manhole or other appropriate junction point.
  - Where MFS leases such facilities from GTE, MFS shall have the right to lease under non-discriminatory tariff or contract terms from GTE.
- D. Upon reasonable notice and if agreed to by GTE, MFS and GTE may change from one of the interconnection methods specified above, to one of the other methods specified above, with no penalty, conversion, or rollover charges.

## IV. NUMBER RESOURCE ARRANGEMENTS

- A. Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to in any manner limit or otherwise adversely impact any MFS' right to employ or to request and be assigned any NANP number resources including, but not limited to, central office (NDCK) codes pursuant to the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines¹.
- As contemplated by the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines, MFS will designate within the geographic NPA with which each of its assigned

Lest published by the Industry Numbering Committee ("INC") as INC 95-0407-008, Revision 4/7/95, formerly ICCF 93-0729-010.

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NXX codes is associated, a Rate Center area within which it intends to offer Exchange Services bearing that NPA-NXX designation, and a Rate Center point to serve as the measurement point for distance-sensitive traffic to/from the Exchange Services bearing that NPA-NXX designation.

- C. MFS will also designate a Rating Point for each assigned NXX code. MFS may designate one location within each Rate Center as the Rating Point for the NPA-NXXs associated with that Rate Center; alternatively, MFS may designate a single location within one Rate Center to serve as the Rating Point for all the NPA-NXXs associated with that Rate Center and with one or more other Rate Centers served by MFS within the same LATA.
- D. Until such time MFS receives specific permission from the Commission to vary its rate centers from GTE's rate centers, MFS will agree to deploy a minimum of one NXX per established GTE rate center area.
- E. To the extent GTE serves as Central Office Code Administrator for a given region, GTE will support all MFS requests related to central office (NXX) code administration and assignments in an effective and timely manner.
- F. The Parties will comply with code administration requirements as prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission, the Commission, and accepted industry guidelines.
- G. It shall be the responsibility of each Party to program and update its own switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to other Party's assigned NXX codes at all times. Neither Party shall impose any fees or charges whatsoever on the other Party for such activities.

## V. MEET-POINT BILLING ARRANGEMENTS

## A. Description

- MFS may establish meet-point billing arrangements with GTE in order to provide Switched Access Services to third parties via an GTE access tandem switch, in accordance with the Meet-Point Billing guidelines adopted by and contained in the Ordering and Billing Forum's MECAB and MECOD documents, except as modified herein.
- Except in instances of capacity limitations, GTE shall permit and enable MFS to sub-tend the GTE access tendem switch(es) nearest

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to the MFS Rating Point(s) associated with the NPA-NXX(s) to/from which the Switched Access Services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given access tandem switch, MFS shell be allowed to sub-tend the next-nearest GTE access tandem switch in which sufficient capacity is svallable.

- Interconnection for the meet-point arrangement shall occur at the GTE Tampa Main Serving Wire Center (SWC) D-NIP.
- Common channel signalling ("CCS") shall be utilized in conjunction with meet-point billing arm ngements to the extent such signaling is resident in the GTE acc see tandem switch.
- 5. MFS and GTE will use their best reasonable efforts, individually and collectively, to maintain provisions in their respective federal and state access tariffs, and/or provisions within the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this mest-point billing arrangement, including mest-point billing percentages.
- 6. As detailed in the MECAB document, MFS and GTE will in a timely fashion exchange all information necessary to accurately, reliably and promptly bill third parties for Switched Access Services traffic jointly handled by MFS and GTE via the meet-point arrangement. Information shall be exchanged in Electronic Message Record ("EMR") format, on magnetic tape or via a mutually acceptable electronic file transfer protocol.
- MFS and GTE shall work cooperatively to coordinate rendering of meet-point bills to customers, and shall reciprocally provide each other, at no charge, the Usage Data, etc.

### B. Compensation

- Initially, billing to 3rd-parties<sup>2</sup> for the Switched Access Services
  jointly provided by MFS and GTE via the meet-point billing
  arrangement shall be according to the multiple-bill/multiple-tariff
  method.
- Subsequently for billing to 3rd-parties for the Switched Access Services jointly provided by MFS and GTE via the meet-point arrangement, MFS and GTE may mutually agree to implement one

Including any future GTE separate into unchange subsidiaries.

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of the following options: single-bill/single tariff method, single-bill/multiple-tariff method, multiple-bill/single-tariff method, or multiple-bill/multiple-tariff method. Should MFS prefer to change among these billing methods, MFS shall notify GTE of such a request in writing, 90-days in advance of the date on which such change shall be implemented.

- Switched Access charges to 3rd-parties shall be calculated utilizing
  the rates specified in MFS's and GTE's respective federal and state
  access tariffs, in conjunction with the appropriate meet-point
  billing factors specified for each meet-point arrangement either in
  those tariffs or in the NECA No. 4 tariff.
- 4. MFS shall be entitled to the balance of the switched access charge revenues associated with the jointly handled switched access traffic, less the amount of transport element charge revenues<sup>3</sup> to which GTE is entitled pursuant to the above-referenced tariff provisions.
- 6. MPB will apply for all traffic bearing the 800, 888, or any other non-geographic NPA which may be likewise designated for such traffic in the future, where the responsible party is an DCC. In those situations where the responsible party for such traffic is a LEC, full switched access rates will apply.

## VI. RECIPROCAL TRAFFIC EXCHANGE ARRANGEMENT

### A. Description

The Parties shall reciprocally terminate POTS calls originating on each others' networks, as follows:

- The Parties shall make available to each other the following traffic exchange trunk groups for the reciprocal exchange of POTS traffic at the respective D-NIPs:
  - a. GTE shall make available to MFS, at the GTE Tamps Main SWC, trunks over which MFS shall terminate to end users of GTE-provided Exchange Services, POTS traffic originated from end users of MFS-provided Exchange Services.

For purposes of cisrification, this does not include the interconnection charge, which is to be remitted to the end office provider, which in this case would be MPS.

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- b. MFS shall make available to GTE, at the MFS Tampa downtown Node, trunks over which GTE shall terminate to end users of MFS-provided Exchange Services, POTS traific originated from end users of GTE-provided Exchange Service.
- c. MFS and GTE shall, where applicable, make reciprocally available, by mutual agreement, the required trunk groups to handle different traffic types. MFS and GTE agree to work cooperatively to agree on network trunking within 60 days upon execution of this agreement.
- d. To the extent different rates are agreed upon or are ordered by the Commission for local and non-local traffic, the parties will provide each other appropriate percentages for the traffic carried over the trunk groups.
- Reciprocal Traffic Exchange Arrangement trunk connections shall be made at a DS-1 or multiple DS-1 level, DS-3, (SONET where technically available) and shall be jointly-engineered to an objective P.01 grade of service.
- 3. MFS and GTE agree to use their best collective efforts to develop and agree on a Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan prescribing standards to ensure that the Reciprocal Traffic Exchange Arrangement trunk groups are maintained at consistent P.01 or better grades of service. Such plan shall also include mutuallyagreed upon default standards for the configuration of all segregated trunk groups.
- 4. The Parties will provide Common Chennel Signalling (CCS) to one another, where and as available, in conjunction with all traffic exchange trunk groups. The parties will cooperate on the exchange of Transactional Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions. All CCS signalling parameters will be provided including automatic number identification (ANI), originating line information (OLI) calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored. Network signalling information such as Carrier Identification Parameter (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-CCS environment) will be provided wherever such information is needed for call routing or billing. For traffic for which CCS is not available, in-band multi-frequency

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(MF), wink start, E&M channel-associated signalling with ANI will be forwarded.

 The Parties shall establish company-wide CCS interconnections STP-to-STP. Such STP links shall be reciprocally provided.

#### B. Compensation

MPS and GTE do not agree as to the compensation arrangements for the exchange of POTS (local/traditional toll) traffic. The parties agree that the rates for reciprocal compensation will be in accordance with any future Commission decision or mutual agreement of the parties.

## VII. SHARED NETWORK PLATFORM ARRANGEMENTS

### A. 9-1-1/E9-1-1

### 1. Description

- a. MFS will interconnect trunk groups to the GTE 9-1-1/E-9-1-1 selective routers/911 tendems which serve the areas in which MFS provides exchange services, for the provision of 9-1-1/E9-1-1 services and for access to all sub-tending Public Safety Answering Points. GTE will provide MFS with the appropriate CLLI codes and specifications of the tandem serving area.
- b. GTE and MFS will arrange for the automated input and daily updating of 9-1-1/E-9-1-1 database information related to MFS end users. GTE will work cooperatively with MFS to ensure the accuracy of the data transfer by verifying it against the Master Street Address Guide (MSAG). Additionally, GTE shall work with the county to provide MFS the ten-digit POTS number of each PSAP which subtends each GTE selective router/9-1-1 tendem to which MFS is interconnected.
- c. GTE will use its best efforts to facilitate the prompt, robust, reliable and efficient interconnection of MFS systems to the 9-1-1/E-9-1-1 platforms.

## 2. Compensation

For the provision of 911/E911 services between MFS and GTE, the parties will work cooperatively to address, any/all compensation issues within 60 days upon execution of this agreement. To the extent the parties are unable to agree within 60 days, either party may patition the Commission to seek resolution. MFS will be required to connect trunks to the 911/E911 tandem(s).

### B. Exchange of 800 Traffic

#### 1. Description

The Meet-point Billing terms and conditions contained in section V of this agreement apply for the exchange of 800 traffic.

### 2. Compensation

Applicable Switched Access Meet-point billing rates shall apply for all 800 calls per the terms and conditions contained in section V of this agreement.

## C. Information Services Billing and Collection

### 1. Description

a. MFS and GTE shall work cooperatively to reach agreement on all information services (e.g. 976, 974, N11, weather lines, sports lines, publisher lines, etc.) issues. The subsequent information services agreement shall enable MFS and GTE to reciprocally provide information services, originate and terminate information services calls between each other, bill and collect revenues from each others end users (including information Providers), and reasonably compensate MFS and GTE.

## D. Directory Listings and Directory Distribution

MFS and GTE agree that an additional agreement will be required to effectuate the terms of this section and will work cooperatively to execute the additional agreement within 60 days upon the execution of this agreement.

#### 1. Description

The directory listings and distribution terms and rate specified in this section shall apply to listings of MFS customer numbers falling within NXX codes directly assigned to MFS, and to listings of MFS customer telephone numbers which are retained by MFS pursuant to Local Telephone Number Portability Arrangements described below. The terms of this section may require a subsequent additional agreement with GTE's Directory Publishing company.

- a. GTE will include MFS's customers' telephone numbers in all its "White Pages" and "Yellow Pages" directory listings and directory sesistance databases associated with the areas in which MFS provides associated with the areas in which MFS provides as services to such customers, and will distribute such in tiel directories and directory updates to such customers, in the identical and transparent manner in which it provides those functions for its own customers' telephone numbers.
- b. MFS will provide GTE with its directory listings and daily updates to those listings in an industry-accepted format; GTE will provide MFS a magnetic tape or computer disk containing the proper format.
- c. MFS and GTE will accord MFS' directory listing information the same level of confidentiality which GTE accords its own directory listing information, and GTE shall ensure that access to MFS's customer proprietary confidential directory information will be limited solely to those GTE employees who are directly involved in the preparation of listings.

#### 2. Companastion

- a. GTE and MFS will work cooperatively to address any payments for sales of any bulk directory lists to third parties, where such lists include MFS customer listings and any compensation due GTE for administrative functions associated with furnishing listings to third parties. GTE will not provide/sall MFS' listings to any third parties without MFS' prior written approval.
- GTE shall provide directory distribution, directory detabase maintenance, and directory listings for MFS and its customers under the same terms that GTE provides these same services for its end users. In-area directory delivery, database maintenance, and basic "White" and "yellow" page

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listings will be at no fee. Out-of-area directory delivery and enhanced listings, i.e. bolding, indention, second listings, etc., will be per GTE's currently tariffed or non-discriminately available contract rates.

### E. Directory Assistance (DA)

#### 1. Description

At MFS' request, GTE will:

- provide to MFS unbranded directory assistance service MFS which is comparate in every way to the directory assistance service GTE makes available to its own end users;
- provide to MFS directory assistance service under MFS's brand which is comparable in every way to the directory assistance service GTE makes available to its own end users;

## 2. When available, at MFS' request, GTE will:

- a. provide to MFS operators or to an MFS-designated operator bureau on-line access to GTE's directory assistance detabase, where such access is identical to the type of access GTE's own directory assistance operators utilize in order to provide directory assistance services to GTE end users:
- allow MFS or an MFS-designated operator bureau to license GTE's directory assistance database for use in providing competitive directory assistance services; and/or
- c. in conjunction with VII.E.1.a. or VII.E.1.b., above, provide caller-optional directory sesistance call completion service which is comparable in every way to the directory sesistance call completion service. GTE makes available to its own end users. When this functionality is available, GTE will route the calls back to MFS for MFS to complete the customer call.

## 3. Compensation

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GTE will charge MFS its wholesale IXC/LEC rates for the following functionality:

- a. \$0.25 per unbranded directory assistance intrastate call.
- b. 40.25 per branded directory assistance intrastate call.
- \$0.28 per unbranded directory assistance interstate call.
- d. \$0.28 per branded directory assistance interstate call.

#### When evailable:

- e. \$0.0 per use of caller-optional directory assistance call completion. (Future)
- f. \$0.0\_ per directory assistance database query. (Future)
- g. \$ for licensing of each directory assistance database.
  (Future)

### F. Yellow Page Maintenance

GTE will work cooperatively with MFS to ensure that Yellow Page advartisements purchased by customers who switch their service to MFS (including customers utilizing MFS-assigned telephone numbers and MFS customers utilizing co-cernier number forwarding) are maintained without interruption. GTE will allow MFS customers to purchase new yellow pages advertisements without discrimination, at non-discriminatory rates, terms and conditions. GTE and MFS will work cooperatively to investigate with GTE Directory Publishing whether GTE would implement a commission program whereby MFS may act as a sales, billing and collection agent for Yellow Pages advartisements purchased by MFS's exchange service customers.

## G. Transfer of Service Announcements

When an end user customer changes from GTE to MFS, or from MFS to GTE, and does not retain its original telephone number, the party formarly providing service to the end user will provide a transfer of service announcement on the abandoned telephone number upon request. This announcement will provide details on the new number to be dieled to reach this customer. These arrangements will be provided reciprocally

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based upon current practice with GTE's customers to either the other carrier or the end user customer.

#### H. Coordinated Repair Calls

MFS and GTE will employ the following procedures for handling misdirected repair calls:

- MFS and GTE will educate their respective customers as to the correct telephone numbers to call in order to access their respective repair bureaus.
- 2. To the extent the com of provider can be determined, misdirected repair calls will be referred to the proper provider of local exchange service in a courteous manner, at no charge, and the end user will be provided the correct contact telephone number. Extraneous communications beyond the direct referral to the correct repair telephone number are strictly prohibited.
- MFS and GTE will provide their respective repair contact numbers to one another on a reciprocal basis.

## I. Busy Line Verification and Interrupt

### Description

Each Party shall establish procedures whereby its operator bureau will coordinate with the operator bureau of the other Party operating in order to provide Busy Line Verification ("BLV") and Busy Line Verification and Interrupt ("BLVI") services on calls between their respective end users. BLV and BLVI inquiries between operator bureaus shall be routed over the appropriate trunk groups. MFS and GTE will reciprocally provide adequate connectivity to facilitate this capability.

### 2. Compensation

Each Party shall compensate the other Party for BLV and BLVI inquiries according to the following rates:

per inquiry

BLV

\$0.65

BLVI

\$0.65

### J. Information Pages

GTE will include in the "Information Pages" or comparable section of its White Pages Directories for areas served by MFS, listings provided by MFS for MFS's installation, repair and customer service and other information. This term may require an additional agreement with GTE Directory Publishing.

### K. Operator Reference Database (CRDB)

If svailable, GTE will work cooperatively with MFS to assist MFS in obtaining from the appropriate 911 government agencies monthly updates to the Operator Reference Database (ORDB). If svailable, this will enable MFS to promptly respond to emergency agencies (i.e. fire, police, emergency medical technicisms, etc), as a back-up to 911, during a catastrophic situation.

## VIII. UNBUNDLED EXCHANGE SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

#### A. Description

GTE shall unbundle all its Exchange Services into three separate packages: (1) link element; (2) port element; and (3) cross-connect element. The following link and port categories shall be provided:

Link Catagories
2/4-wire analog voice grade
2 wire ISDN digital grade
4-wire DS-1 digital grade

Port Catagories
2/4-wire analog line
2-wire ISDN digital line
2-wire analog DID trunk
4-wire DS-1 digital DID trunk
4-wire ISDN DS-1 digital trunk

GTE shall unbundle and separately price and offer these elements such that MFS will be able to lease and interconnect to whichever of these unbundled elements MFS requires, and to combine the GTE-provided elements with any facilities and survices that MFS may itself provide, in order to efficiently offer telephone services to end users, pursuant to the following terms:

 Interconnection shall be schieved via co-location arrangements MFS shall maintain at the wire center at which the unbundled elements are resident.

- Each link or port element shall be delivered to the MFS co-location arrangement over a loop/port connector applicable to the unbundled service delivered, through other tariffed or contracted options, or through other technically feasible and economically comparable hand-off arrangements in accordance with agreements between MFS and GTE.
- To the degree possible all transport-based features, functions, service attributes, grades-of-service, install, maintenance and repair intervals which apply to the bundled service should apply to unbundled links.
  - a. GTE will not monito: the unbundled loop for maintenance purposes. MFS will be required to provision a loop testing device either in its central office, Network Control Center, or in their collocation arrangement to test the unbundled loop. GTE will perform repair and maintenance once trouble is identified by MFS.
- 4. To the degree possible all switch-based features, functions, service attributes, grades-of-service, and install, maintenance and repair intervals which apply to the bundled service should apply to unbundled ports.
- 5. GTE and MFS will work cooperatively to attempt to accommodate MFS' requirement for billing of all unbundled facilities purchased by MFS (either directly or by previous assignment by a customer) on a single consolidated statement per wire center. GTE will work toward billing at a wire center level, however, in the initial phases of unbundling, GTE's billing will be at a state level, or at an aggregate account level based on GTE's billing cycles.
- 6. Where GTE utilizes digital loop carrier ("DLC")<sup>4</sup> technology to provision the link element of an bundled Exchange Service to an end user customer who subsequently determines to assign the link element to MFS and receive Exchange Service from MFS via such link, GTE shall use its best efforts to deliver such link to MFS on an unintegrated basis, pursuant to MFS' chosen hand-off architecture, without a degradation of end user service or feature availability. GTE and MFS recognize that there may be technical

See, Belicora TR-TSY-000008, Digital Interface Setween the SLC-96 Digital Loop Certier
System and Local Digital Switch and TR-TSY-000303, Integrated Digital Loop Certier (IDLC)
Requirements, Objectives, and Interface.

limitations that may need to be addressed to enable this requirement, therefore MFS and GTE agree to begin working cooperatively to address any tachnical issues within 60 days upon execution of this egreement.

- GTE will permit MFS to co-locate digital loop carriers and 7. associated equipment in conjunction with co-location arrangements MFS maintains at an GTE wire center, for the purpose of interconnecting to unbundled link elements.
- To provide future order and trouble reporting GTE shall work 8. cooperatively with MFS to attempt accommodating MFS' requirement for an appropria a industry-standard on-line electronic file transfer arrangement by which MFS may place, verify and ressive confirmation on orders for unbundled elements, and issue and track trouble-ticket and repair requests associated with unbundled elements.

#### Compensation B.

MFS and GTE do not agree as to compensation rates for Unbundled Exchanga Access Arrangements.

#### LOCAL TELEPHONE NUMBER PORTABILITY ARRANGEMENTS IX.

### Description

GTE and MFS will provide Interim Number Portability (INP) on a reciprocal basis between their networks to enable each of their end user customers to utilize telephone numbers associated with an Exchange Service provided by one carrier, in conjunction an Exchange Service provided by the other carrier, upon the coordinated or simultaneous termination of the first Exchange Service and activation of the second Exchange Service.

- MFS and GTE will provide reciprocal INP immediately upon 1. execution of this agreement via call forwarding. GTE and MFS will migrate from INP to a database-driven Permanent Number Portability arrangement as soon as practically possible, without interruption of service to their respective customers.
- INP shall operate as follows: 2.
  - A customer of Carrier A elects to become a customer of Carrier B. The customer elects to utilize the original

from Carrier B. Upon receipt of a signed letter of agency conjunction with the Exchange Service(s) It will now receive Carrier A will implement one of the following arrangements: from the customer essigning the number to Carrier telephone number(s) previously corresponding received from 8 ş

- telephone numbers, Cerrier For the initial implementation of the portability of mutual traffic exchange arrangements, as if the call had originated from the original telephone number telephone number(s) will be forwarded to a new and terminated to the new telephone number. A will ruste the forwarded traffic to Carrier B via the arrangement whereby all calls to uphore number(s) designated by Carrier B. A will implement 당 origina
- è consolidated master bil Carrier Carrier B will become the customer of record for the original 3rd-number billed calls associated with those numbers to explore the possibility of enabling collect, calling card, and delivered in resi time via an agreed-upon Electronic data calls, and the capability of transfer, or via daily or monthly magnetic tape. carrier A telephone numbers subject to the INF errangements. Currier A will provide Carrier B a single mable MFS to rebill its newly acquired customers for those occumt detail for collect, calling card, and 3rd-number billed Also, GTE will explore the possibility of subling statement for INP. having billing statements 9
- Carrier A will update its Line Information Detabase ("LIDS") istings for retained numbers ssociated with those forwarded numbers. and cancel calling cards
- the customer, Cerrier B Within two (2) business days of receiving notification from regarding its telephone number(s). Cerrier A will cencel the INP arrangements for the customer's termination of service with Carrier B, and shall provided by Carrier A. number(e) for use in conjunction with Exchange Services If the Customer further notify Cerrier A as to the Customer's instructions transition the number(s) to the customer's preferred carrier Perrangements for the customs for the customer's telephone number(s). has chosen to retain its telephone shall notify Carrier A of the Carrier ¥. simultaneously

- 3. Under INP, MFS and GTE will implement a process to coordinate INP cut-overs with Unbundled Loop conversions within a reasonable time that is acceptable to customers. MFS and GTE pledge to use their best efforts to ensure that INP arrangements will not be utilized in instances where a customer changes locations and would otherwise be unable to retain its number without subscribing to foreign exchange service.
- Per the Florida Public Service Commission's order in Docket No. 950737-TP, MFS and GTE may continue to develop Direct Inward Disting-type number portability arrangements.

#### B. Compensation

- MFS and GTE shall provide INP arrangements to one another either
  at the rates ordered by the Florida Public Service Commission in
  Docket No. 950737-TP or at MFS' option, other mutually agreed
  upon rates, except for authorized collect, calling card and 3rdnumber billed calls billed to the retained numbers.
- For all traffic terminated between MFS and GTE to the party whose customer ultimately receives the call, reciprocal compensation charges and Switched Access charges (pursuant to each carrier's respective tariffs), shall apply for POTS traffic and non-POTS traffic. For compensation purposes, a mutually agreed surrogate will have to be developed as neither MFS nor GTE can classify this traffic.

## X. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- A. GTE and MFS agree to treat each other fairly, non-discriminatorily, and equally for all items included in this agreement, or related to the support of items included in this agreement.
- B. MFS and GTE will work cooperatively to minimize fraud associated with 3rd-number billed calls, calling card calls, or any other services related to this agreement.
- C. MFS and GTE agree to promptly exchange all necessary records for the proper billing of all traffic.
- D. For network expansion, MFS and GTE will review engineering requirements on a quarterly basis and establish forecasts for trunk utilization. New trunk groups will be implemented as dictated by

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engineering requirements for both GTE and MFS. GTE and MFS are required to provide each other the proper call information (e.g., originated call party number and destination call party number, CIC, OZZ, etc.) to enable each company to bill in a complete and timely fashion.

- E. There will be no re-arrangement, reconfiguration, disconnect, or other non-recurring fees for any mutually beneficial network interconnections associated with the initial reconfiguration for traffic exchange, 911/E911, Interim Number Portability, Meet-point Billing, Directory Assistance, Information Services, Common Channel Signaling, and BLV/SLVI connectivity.
- F. With respect to any outstanding issues set forth in this agreement requiring an additional agreement within 60 (abxty) days, each party will use its best efforts to address all such outstanding items within that time period. Failure to reach agreement on these additional issues will not affect the enforceability of this agreement.

#### XI. TERM

MFS and GTE agree to provide service to each other on the terms defined in this agreement until superseded by amended or additional mutually agreeable arrangements approved by the Commission, whichever occurs first. By mutual agreement, MFS and GTE may amend this agreement to extend the term of this agreement. Also by mutual agreement, GTE and MFS may jointly petition the appropriate regulatory bodies for permission to have this agreement supersede any future standardized agreements or rules such regulators might adopt or approve.

## XII. INSTALLATION

GTE and MFS shall effectuate all the terms of this agreement within 90 days upon execution of this agreement.

## XIII. METWORK MARITENANCE AND MANAGEMENT

MFS and GTE will work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network. MFS and GTE will exchange appropriate information (a.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the Government, etc.) to schieve this desired reliability.

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MFS and GTE will work cooperatively to apply sound network management principles by invoking network management controls to alleviate or to prevent congestion.

## XIV. OPTION TO ELECT OTHER TERMS

If, at any time while this agreement is in effect, either of the parties to this agreement provides arrangements similar to those described herein to a third party operating within the same LATAs (including associated Extended Area Service Zones in adjacent LATAs) as for which this agreement applies, on terms different from those svailable under this agreement (provided that the third party is authorized to provide local exchange se vices), then the other party to this agreement may opt to adopt the rates, terms, and conditions offered to the third party for its own reciprocal arrangements with the first party. This option may be exercised by delivering written notice to the first party.

## XV. CANCELLATION, CONVERSION, NON-RECURRING OR ROLL-OVER CHARGES

Unless mutually agreed otherwise, neither MPS nor GTE shall impose cancellation charges upon each other for any beneficial network interconnection functions.

### XVI. FORCE MAJELINE

Neither party shall be responsible for delays or failures in performance resulting form acts or occurrences beyond the reasonable control of such Party. regardless of whether such delays or failures in performance were foreseen or foreseable as of the date of this Agreement, including, without limitation: fire, explosion, power failure, acts of God, war, revolution, civil commotion, or acts of public enemies; any law, order, regulation, ordinance or requirement of any government or legal body; or labor unrest, including, without limitation, strikes, slowdowns, picketing or boycotts; or delays caused by the other Party or by other service or equipment vendors; or any other circumstances beyond the Party's reasonable control. In such event, the Party affected shall, upon giving prompt notice to the other Party, be excused form such performance on a devto-day basis to the extent of such interference (and the other Party she' ilkewise be excused from performance of its obligations on a day-for-day basis to the extent such Party's obligations related to the performance so interfered with). The affected party shall use its best efforts to svoid or remove the cause of nonperformance and both parties shall proceed to perform with dispatch once the causes are removed or casse.

## PARTIAL PLONIDA CO-CARRER AGREGATIT

## XVI. OTHER PROVISIONS

STE and MFS saknowledge that additional terms and conditions fincluding, but not firsted to provisions relating to firstesion o? Rability, indensity, severability, notices, assignment, dispute resolution, consoliction, default, and non-declarate) will need to be agreed prior to interconnection. The parties agree to negoties these terms and conditions within five (6) extender days after consolion of this agreement.

If this agreement is acceptable to MFS and GTE, both parties shall sign in the space provided below. This agreement shall not bind MFS and GTE until essecuted by both parties.

Stan 2-19-96 Date

2 n. 4 000

True thy T. Davine

Print Name

Sr. Director External +

Tito - Land By

Metropolitan Piber Bysterie of Florida, Inc. GTE Florida Incorporated

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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.
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## Benchmark Cost Model:

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A Joint Submission by

MCI Communications Inc.
NYNEX Corporation
Sprint Corporation
U S WEST, Inc.

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> CC Docket No. 80-286 December 1, 1995

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#### I. Executive Summary

On July 13, 1995, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) "...seeking comments on proposals and policy changes to improve...assistance mechanisms intended to provide funds necessary to promote universally available service at reasonable rates." The FCC identified four "primary principles" which should be considered in evaluating any proposals for addressing universal service. These principles provide that a plan should:

- Be properly targeted so that support is given only to those service providers or users
  who need assistance to maintain local service.
- 2. Promote efficient investment and operation.
- 3. Not impose excessive subsidy costs upon interstate carriers and ratepayers.
- 4. Not impose barriers to competitive entry into local telecommunications.

#### Elsewhere in the NPRM, the FCC states:

- "We tentatively conclude that Census Block Group is an appropriately-sized geographic area for disaggregating the costs of providing local service..."
- "...we believe a proposal to use proxy factors to determine distribution of the Fund should receive serious consideration..."

In order that parties commenting in this proceeding may have a common source of data which utilizes both the concept of the Census Block Groups (CBGs)<sup>1</sup> and proxy costing, MCI, NYNEX, Sprint, and US West (Joint Sponsors) have worked together to develop a Benchmark Costing Model (BCM). This model will produce "benchmark" costs for the provision of basic telephone service<sup>2</sup> in each CBG within a state. The purpose of this study is to identify those CBGs in which the cost of providing basic telephone service is so high that some form of explicit high-cost support may be necessary as part of a universal service solution. The BCM is intended to provide the Commission, Joint Board, and other interested parties with information that can be used to evaluate the multiple proposals for the use of proxy methods set forth in the NPRM, including assessing the application of the proxy methodology to large companies only.

A CBG is a geographic unit defined by the Bureau of the Census which contains approximately 400 households

Basic telephone service is defined as voice grade access to the public switched network with the ability to place and receive calls, residential one party service, touch tone, a white page directory listing (costs not included), and access to directory assistance, operator service, and emergency services, e.g., 911/E911.

# MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC. WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TID-9

such as terrain, slope, surface characteristics, and climate included in the analysis. proxy models which accounted for density and distance from the nearest central office as the FCC's desire to see additional variables which could affect the cost of providing service In developing the BCM, the Joint Sponsors have further developed the previously-submitted actors affecting the cost of service. The Joint Sponsors have also attempted to respond to

overheads using the methodology contained in the MCI/Hatfield study. The BCM presents monthly cost results using two alternative factors for determining expenses and overhead loadings associated with basic local service. One set of factors is based on historical accounting data, while the second is based on an estimate of costs and

submitted previously. we are also including the 23 states' results and model documentation which have been Joint Sponsors are presenting the results of this model for the remaining 26 states and the District of Columbia. (Model results are not beings presented for Alaska due to data made a second filing which provided model results for 17 additional states. In this filing the Model and the results of the model for six states. On November 1, 1995, the Joint Sponsors On September 12, 1995, the Joint Sponsors submitted a d tailed description of the BCM limitations). In order that this document may serve as complete summary of the BCM study,

It is important to understand what the BCM is, and what it is not:

- The purpose of the BCM is to identify areas where cost of service can reasonably be expected to be so high as to require explicit high cost support for the preservation of
- 12 local exchange network topology. of current state-of-the-art loop and switching technology, using the current national telephone services assuming efficient engineering and design criteria and deployment The BCM produces a benchmark cost range for a defined set of basic residential
- u The BCM does not define the actual cost of any telephone company, nor the serving customers residing in given areas, i.e., the CBGs. today. Rather, the BCM provides a benchmark measurement of the relative costs of embedded cost that a company might experience in providing telephone service
- 4 calculation of the benchmark cost in those CBGs is de minimus. to identify high cost CBGs, the impact of excluding business lines from the data was not readily available. However, because the primary purpose of the study is The BCM included only residential lines in the analysis, because business line source

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The Joint Sponsors have held four workshops to describe the workings of the BCM, and to provide copies of the coprighted model for use by interested parties. These workshops were held at the following locations:

| September 20, 1995 | Washington, DC  |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| September 22, 1995 | Denver, CO      |
| October 12, 1995   | Portsmouth NH   |
| November 12, 1995  | New Orleans, LA |

By making the model publicly available, the Joint Sponsors hope that the Commission, Joint Board and other interested parties will be able to obtain facts, data, and policy recommendations which will assist in the timely resolution of the important issues relating to universal service.

The Joint Sponsors grant to all parties the right to use the BCM and its results. No right is granted to license or sell the BCM, or any portion thereof, or to reverse engineer or decompile the BCM, or any portion thereof. In addition, except for inputs intended to be modified by the user, no right is granted to modify the BCM, or any portion thereof.

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#### II. Summary Model Results

#### Narrative

The model results summarized below show the annual benchmark cost and the aggregate support at various illustrative price points, and assuming two different annual cost factor assumptions.

Annual benchmark cost: The actual benchmark cost for each CBG in a particular state is multiplied by the number of households in eac 1 CBG. This monthly total benchmark cost for each CBG is multiplied by 12 to yield the annual benchmark cost for each CBG; all CBG benchmark costs in a state are summed to derive the statewide annual benchmark cost.

Aggregate support: The actual benchmark cost for each CBG is compared to illustrative price points of \$20, \$30, and \$40. The difference between the benchmark costs for each CBG that exceeds the illustrative price points and the illustrative price points themselves is multiplied by the number of households in that CBG, and annualized. The result is the aggregate support in excess of the price point(s).

Annual Cost Factors: Annual Cost Factor # 1 (31.6765%) is based on historical accounting data and total expense levels of the Tier 1 LECs utilizing 1994 ARMIS Form 43-01. Annual Cost Factor # 2 (22.97%) is based on the Hatfield/MCI study approach and reflects limited expense categories and amounts.

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# Summary Model Results

# National Total (excluding Alaska)

|                              | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Annual Beachmark Cost        | 25,377,893,663                 | 18,402,608,162                       |
| Aggregate Support            |                                | 3,977,572,193                        |
| at \$20                      | 8,082,313,345                  | 2,203,441,910                        |
| at \$30<br>at \$40           | 4,916,517,444<br>3,208,565,853 | 1.372,205,121                        |
| Average Monthly Cost         | 23.04                          | 16.71                                |
|                              | Alabama                        |                                      |
|                              | Annual Cost                    | Annual Cost                          |
|                              | Factor #1                      | Factor #2                            |
| Annual Benchmark Cost        | 478,219,936                    | 346,777,956                          |
| Aggregate Support            | 188,638,903                    | 93,725,107                           |
| at \$20<br>at \$30           | 112,776,003                    | 38,823,453                           |
| at 540                       | 58,728,461                     | 16,627,17                            |
| Average Monthly Cost         | 26.46                          | 19.19                                |
|                              | Arkansas                       |                                      |
|                              | Annual Cost                    | Annual Cost                          |
|                              | Factor #1                      | Factor #2                            |
|                              | 359,110,029                    | 260,406,21                           |
| Annual Beachmark Cost        |                                |                                      |
| Aggregate Support            | 182,192,180                    |                                      |
| Aggregate Support<br>at \$20 | 182,192,180<br>129,645,111     | 61,443,3                             |
| Aggregate Support            |                                | 102,449,57<br>61,443,34<br>35,000,01 |

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#### Arizona

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support | 349,926,976              | 253,747.18               |
| at S20                                  | 143,680,081              | 88,571.15                |
| at \$30                                 | 116,567,996              | 69,202,93                |
| at \$40                                 | 97,611,692               | 56,135,28                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 21.26                    | 15.4                     |
|   | California               |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 2,252,171,780            | 1,633,147,153            |
| Aggregate Support<br>at \$20            | 399,861,956              | 175,906,57               |
| at \$30<br>at \$30                      | 219,697,750              | 110.424.41               |
| at \$40                                 | 158,057,533              | 79,592,79                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 18.05                    | 13.0                     |
|   | Colorado                 |                          |
|   |                          |                          |

|                       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Beachmark Cost | 397,796,384              | 288,459,360              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 145,584,796              | 82,500,786               |
| at \$30               | 107,384,348              | 61,352,402               |
| at 540                | 86,837,762               | 48,949,217               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 25,80                    | 18.71                    |
|                       |                          |                          |

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#### Connecticut

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 277,481,627              | 201,213,927              |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          | 9,885,361                |
| at \$30                                 | 45,297,251<br>9,092,329  | 911,711                  |
| at \$40                                 | 1,560,221                | 130,686                  |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 18.80                    | 13.63                    |
| Wa                                      | shington D.C.            |                          |
|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support | 33,429,915               | 24,241,477               |
| at \$20                                 | 386,284                  | 11.299                   |
| at \$30                                 | 8,112                    | 2,415                    |
| at \$40                                 | 3,495                    | 1,350                    |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 11.19                    | 8.11                     |
|   | Delaware                 |                          |
|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
| Annual Beschmark Cost Aggregate Support | 65,040,648               | 47,163,786               |
| at \$20                                 | 14,434,908               | 4,238,120                |
| at \$30                                 | 4,293,345                | 478,815                  |
| at \$40                                 | 835,378                  | 41,326                   |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 21.93                    | 15.90                    |

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#### Florida

|  | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                      | 1,257,649,880            | 911.976.315              |
| Aggregate Support                          |                          |                          |
| at \$20                                    | 229,450,680              | 82.382.867               |
| at 530                                     | 97,122,412               | 3".334.524               |
| at \$40                                    | 55,246,242               | 19,978,268               |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 20.40                    | 14.79                    |
|  | Georgia                  |                          |
|  | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Beschmark Cost                      | 780,627,398              | 566,066,685              |
| Aggregate Support<br>at S20                | 267,771,343              | 119.069,714              |
| at \$30                                    | 141,619,901              | 50.891.484               |
| at \$40                                    | 76,553,683               | 21,630,212               |
|  | 70,333,063               | 21,030,212               |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 27.49                    | 19.93                    |
|  | Hawaii                   |                          |
|  | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Beachmark Cost<br>Aggregate Support | 81,958,248               | 59,431,470               |
| at \$20                                    | 22,284,469               | 11,262,366               |
| at \$30                                    | 14,241,027               | 7,100,703                |
| at \$40                                    | 10,163,664               | 4,877,087                |
|  | 19.14                    | 13.88                    |

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#### Iowa

|  | Annual Cest Factor #1    | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                      | 403,637,170              | 292,694,767              |
| at \$20                                    | 199,546,468              | 116,562,460              |
| at \$30                                    | 150,158,735              | 77,297,749               |
| at \$40                                    | 111,343,467              | 47,148,066               |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 31.58                    | 22.90                    |
|  | Idaho                    |                          |
|  | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost                      | 177,553,490              | 128,751.714              |
| Aggregate Support                          |                          |                          |
| at \$20                                    | 103,131,867              | 63,763,202               |
| at \$30                                    | 83,829,221               | 49,526.409               |
| at \$40                                    | 69,852,699               | 40,482,749               |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 40.94                    | 29.69                    |
|  | Illinois                 |                          |
|  | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
| Annual Benchmark Cost<br>Aggregate Support | 1,044,152,034            | 757,159,794              |
| at \$20                                    | 268,441,873              | 126,016,370              |
| at \$30                                    | 156,359,606              | 68,211,635               |
| at \$40                                    | 100,477,083              | 32,918,173               |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 20.73                    | 15.03                    |

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#### Indiana

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2  |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 509,868,562                | 369,727,744               |
| Aggregate Support<br>at \$20            | 163,189,750                | *******                   |
| at \$30                                 | 92,882,504                 | 78.217,366<br>27,723.246  |
| at \$40                                 | (3,359,413                 | 6.343.097                 |
| Average Mouthly Cost                    | 20.58                      | 14.93                     |
|   | Kansas                     |                           |
|   | Annual Cost                | Annual Cost               |
|   | Factor #1                  | Factor #2                 |
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 374,112,071                | 271,284,841               |
| Aggregate Support<br>at \$20            |                            |                           |
| at \$30                                 | 180,378,119<br>136,217,572 | 105,488,778<br>73,798,477 |
| at \$40                                 | 105,155,722                | 53,941,480                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 33.01                      | 23.94                     |
| e distribution                          | Kentucky                   |                           |
|   | Annual Cost                | Annual Cost               |
|   | Factor #1                  | Factor #2                 |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support | 421,412,669                | 305,584,550               |
| at \$20                                 | 167,195,395                | 82,163,174                |
| at \$30                                 | 97,677,858                 | 28,285,108                |
| at \$40                                 | 44,434,754                 | 6,097,407                 |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 25.45                      | 18.46                     |

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#### Louisiana

|                       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 475,583,988              | 344,866,51               |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at 520                | 169,784,334              | 81,494.865               |
| at \$30<br>at \$40    | 99,608,332<br>90,337,002 | 40,846,170<br>21,400,941 |
|                       | NO,337,002               | 21,400,941               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 26.45                    | 19.18                    |
| M. M.                 | assachusetts             |                          |
|                       | Annual Cort              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 353,429,526              | 256,287,033              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 33,687,989               | 11,160,712               |
| at \$30               | 11,869,456               | 2,308,502                |
| at \$40               | 3,667,359                | 621,926                  |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 13.12                    | 9.52                     |
|                       | Maryland                 |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 389,661,614              | 282,560,487              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 66,366,464               | 19,666,656               |
| at \$30               | 20,298,815               | 3,487,514                |
| at \$40               | 5,729,236                | 850,440                  |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 18.56                    | 13.40                    |

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#### Maine

|  | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost<br>Aggregate Support | 191,360,857              | 138,764.03               |
| at \$20                                    | 91,511,997               | 46,459,61                |
| at \$30                                    | 56,594,204               | 21,991,36                |
| at \$40                                    | 32,734,996               | 11.678.14                |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 34.24                    | 24.8                     |
|  | Michigan                 |                          |
|  | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support    | 943,057,540              | 683,851.80               |
| at \$20                                    | 257,219,226              | 108,343,92               |
| at \$30                                    | 126,511,571              | 41,068,36                |
| at \$40                                    | 62,266,095               | 18,759.62                |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 22.95                    | 16.6                     |
|  | Minnesota                |                          |
|  | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost<br>Aggregate Support | 582,640,216              | 422,497,61               |
| at \$20                                    | 251,057,721              | 138,762,08               |
| at \$30                                    | 177,348,577              | 91,139.18                |
| at \$40                                    | 130,923,818              | 60,126,51                |
| Average Monthly Cost                       | 29.46                    | 21.3                     |

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#### Missouri

|  | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                    | 669,081,764                | 485,180,122              |
| Aggregate Support                        |                            |                          |
| at \$20                                  | 272,671,535                | 147,318.862              |
| at 530                                   | 186,480,015                | 90,000,883               |
| at 540                                   | 130,428,260                | 53,958,868               |
| Average Monthly Cost                     | 28.43                      | 20.61                    |
|  | Mississippi                |                          |
|  | Answal Cost                | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                  | Factor #2                |
|  | No.                        |                          |
| annual Benchmark Cost                    | 350,124,060                | 253,890,097              |
| at S20                                   |                            |                          |
| at \$30                                  | 167,296,837<br>112,687,214 | 90,535,873               |
| at \$40                                  | 68,893,152                 | 46,260,187<br>20,428,355 |
|  | 00,833,132                 | 20,428,355               |
| verage Monthly Cost                      | 32.04                      | 23.24                    |
| 1  | Montana                    |                          |
|  | Annual Cost                | Annual Cost              |
|  | Factor #1                  | Factor #2                |
| nnual Benchmark Cost<br>ggregate Support | 201,120,278                | 145,841,011              |
| at \$20                                  | 137,543,648                | 89,722,277               |
| at \$30                                  | 120,056,275                | 76,350,482               |
| at \$40                                  | 106,884,249                | 66,063,197               |
| verage Monthly Cost                      | 54.58                      | 39.58                    |

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#### North Carolina

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 825,143,477              | 598,347,21               |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          |                          |
| at 520                                  | 277,776,407              | 107,179,11               |
| at \$30                                 | 118,281,404              | 27,405,88                |
| at 540                                  | 43,510,414               | 7,446,73                 |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 27.32                    | 19.8                     |
| N                                       | orth Dakota              |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Angual Benchmark Cost                   | 146,812,703              | 106,460,24               |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          |                          |
| at \$20                                 | 96,802,522               | 62,169,50                |
| at \$30                                 | 82,827,192               | 51,199,14                |
| at \$40                                 | 71,977,605               | 41,956,64                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 50.60                    | 36.6                     |
|   | Nebraska                 | = 1                      |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cest              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Beachmark Cost Aggregate Support | 264,249,705              | 191,618,80               |
| at \$20                                 | 143,806,566              | 87,092,45                |
| at \$30                                 | 113,769,610              | 64,930,43                |
| at \$40                                 | 92,052,732               | 49,280,5                 |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 36.53                    | 26.                      |

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## New Hampshire

| A STATE OF THE STA | 5 45        |             |
|--|-------------|-------------|
|  | Annual Cost | Annual Cost |
|  | Factor #1   | Factor #2   |
| Annual Benchmark Cost  | 139,777,010 | 101,358,355 |
| Aggregate Support  |             |             |
| at \$20  | 52,122,769  | 22.416,755  |
| at \$30  | 25,872,915  | 8,246,125   |
| 21,540   | 12,567,163  | 3,306.590   |
| Average Monthly Cost   | 28.31       | 20.53       |
|  | New Jersey  |             |
|  | Annual Cost | Annual Cost |
|  | Factor #1   | Factor #2   |
| Annual Benchmark: Cost   | 565,502,313 | 410,070,182 |
| Aggregate Support  |             | 1 1 2 2     |
| at \$20  | 66,633,260  | 15,651,652  |
| at \$30  | 15,225,239  | 2,035,160   |
| at \$40  | 3,448,143   | 574,861     |
| Average Monthly Cost   | 16.86       | 12.23       |
|  | New Mexico  |             |
|  | Annual Cost | Annual Cost |
|  | Factor #1   | Factor #2   |
| Annual Benchmark Cost<br>Aggregate Support   | 226,245,135 | 164,060,131 |
| at 520   | 122,422,130 | 76,856,659  |
| at \$30  | 101,823,826 | 62,386,523  |
| at \$40  | 87,644,588  | 52,586,908  |
|  | 34.67       | 25.14       |

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#### Nevada

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost   | 163,643,391              | 118,664,899              |
| at \$20   | 78,117,234               | 49,893,909               |
| at \$30   | 66,730,979               | 42,737,556               |
| at 540  | 59,764,714               | 37,566,658               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 29.17                    | 21.15                    |
| e de la companya de | New York                 |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support   | 1,319,717,516            | 956,984,242              |
| at \$20 ·   | 262,283,383              | 107,288,678              |
| at \$30   | 123,530,926              | 34,783,168               |
| at \$40   | 54,031,815               | 11,597,610               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 16.58                    | 12.02                    |
|   | Ohio                     |                          |
|   | Aunual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
| Annual Benchmark Cost   | 1,049,913,978            | 761,338,029              |
| at \$20   | 263,233,990              | 101,837,376              |
| at \$30   | 115,005,171              | 28,342,180               |
| at S40  | 45,063,834               | 4,825,394                |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 21.40                    | 15.52                    |

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#### Oklahoma

|                       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 385,269,452              | 279,375,54               |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 177,458,956              | 101,447,06               |
| at \$30               | 129,459,076              | 63,644,073               |
| at \$40               | 92,077,577               | 39,784,401               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 26.59                    | 19.28                    |
|                       | Oregon                   |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 371,228,402              | 269,193,768              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 149,614,035              | 82,401,012               |
| at 530                | 105,849,712              | 57,091,736               |
| at 540                | 81,237,329               | 44,193,044               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 27.99                    | 20.29                    |
|                       | Pennsylvania             |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 1,091,090,041            | 791,167,567              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 268,676,086              | 101,534,865              |
| at \$30               | 111,900,283              | 27,767,054               |
| at \$40               | 43,619,805               | 8,154,254                |
|                       | 20.24                    | 14.67                    |

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#### Rhode Island

|                       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 79,973,763               | 57,992,434               |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 9,946,681                | 2,171,061                |
| at \$30               | 2,006,640                | 165,630                  |
| at \$40               | 277,591                  | 27.645                   |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 17.67                    | 12.82                    |
| So So                 | outh Carolina            |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 431,266,937              | 312,730,306              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 156,897,627              | 66,996,775               |
| at \$30               | 77,581,928               | 23,517,038               |
| at 540                | 36,152,774               | 7,626,747                |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 28.55                    | 20.70                    |
| S                     | outh Dakota              |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 159,230,001              | 115,464,560              |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 103,918,136              | 65,008,292               |
| at \$30               | 85,592,469               | 50,592,673               |
| at 540                | 71,437,397               | 40,271,848               |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 51.02                    | 37.00                    |

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#### Tennessee

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 606,503,620              | 439,802,003              |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          |                          |
| at \$20                                 | 210,868,030              | 89.856.583               |
| at 530                                  | 104,685,235              | 31,546,029               |
| at \$40                                 | 48,862,492               | 9.385,469                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 27.27                    | 19.77                    |
|   | Texas                    |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support | 1,834,191,976            | 1,330,051,922            |
| at \$20                                 | 614,793,792              | 320,505,220              |
| at \$30                                 | 407,350,031              | 208,430,060              |
| at S40                                  | 299,254,547              | 142,862,708              |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 25.14                    | 18.23                    |
|   | Utah                     |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost Aggregate Support | 180,531,167              | 130,910,956              |
| at \$20                                 | 76,862,725               | 45,322,483               |
| at \$30                                 | 59,883,425               | 36,850,370               |
| at \$40                                 | 51,749,255               | 31,362,068               |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 28.01                    | 20.31                    |

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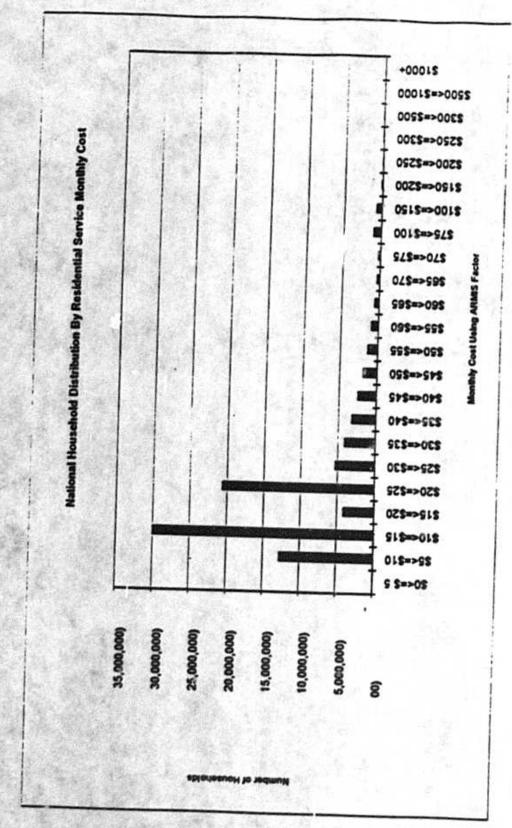
# Virginia

|                       | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 546,405,997              | 396,222.61               |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at 520                | 168,790,330              | 81,488,40                |
| at \$30               | 96,459.863               | 26,969,15                |
| at \$40               | 42,411,542               | 6,777.59                 |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 19.85                    | 14.3                     |
|                       | Vermont                  | 1.16                     |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
|                       |                          | T                        |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 91,034,804               | 66,013,27                |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 45,617,584               | 23,623,97                |
| at 530                | 28,814,995               | 10,607,62                |
| at \$40               | 16,025,642               | 4,003,35                 |
| Average Monthly Cost  | 36.02                    | 26.1                     |
|                       | Washington               |                          |
|                       | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|                       | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost | 527,310,355              | 382,375,54               |
| Aggregate Support     |                          |                          |
| at \$20               | 161,030,897              | 79,175,60                |
| at \$30               | 99,668,494               | 51,566,76                |
| at \$40               | 73,615,579               | 38,317,51                |
|                       | 23.48                    | 17.0                     |

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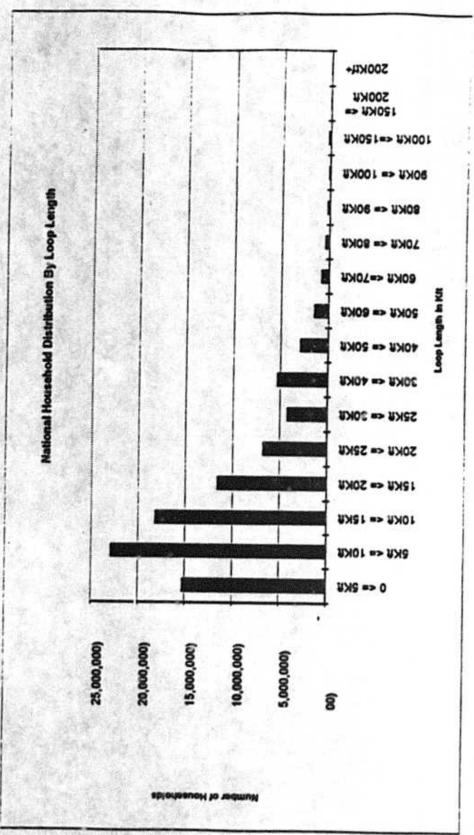
#### Wisconsin

|   | Annual Cost<br>Factor #1 | Annual Cost<br>Factor #2 |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 595,045,512              | 431.493,23               |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          |                          |
| at 520                                  | 230,674,953              | 117,769,157              |
| at \$30                                 | 145,46 ,822              | 61,250,999               |
| at \$40                                 | 90,48 (173               | 29,263,954               |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 27.18                    | 19.71                    |
| The second of the second                | est Virginia             |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Benchmark Cost                   | 259,851,902              | 188,429,851              |
| Aggregate Support                       |                          |                          |
| at 520                                  | 113,295,618              | 53,915,812               |
| at 530                                  | 64,033,087               | 21,365,155               |
| at \$40                                 | 32,502,772               | 7,907,421                |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 31.44                    | 22.80                    |
|   | Wyoming                  |                          |
|   | Annual Cost              | Annual Cost              |
|   | Factor #1                | Factor #2                |
| Annual Beachmark Cost Aggregate Support | 97,785,846               | 70,908,746               |
| at \$20                                 | 62,863,560               | 40,290,691               |
| at 530                                  | 53,675,833               | 33,749,892               |
| at 540                                  | 47,281,605               | 29,342,775               |
| Average Monthly Cost                    | 48.14                    | 34.91                    |

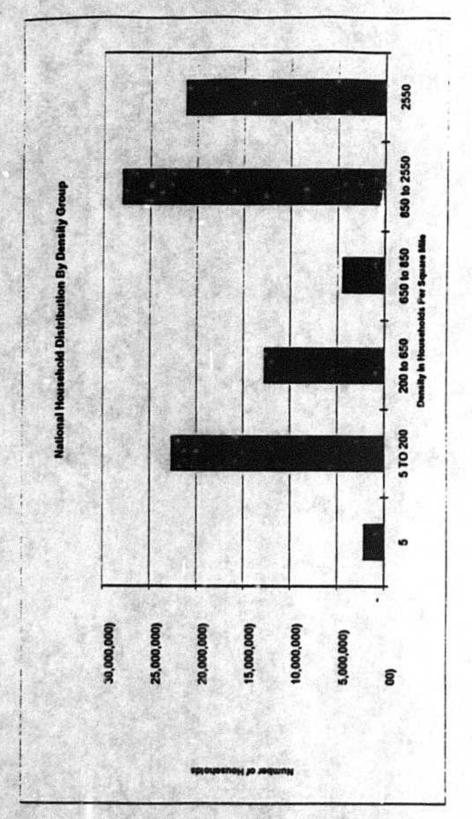


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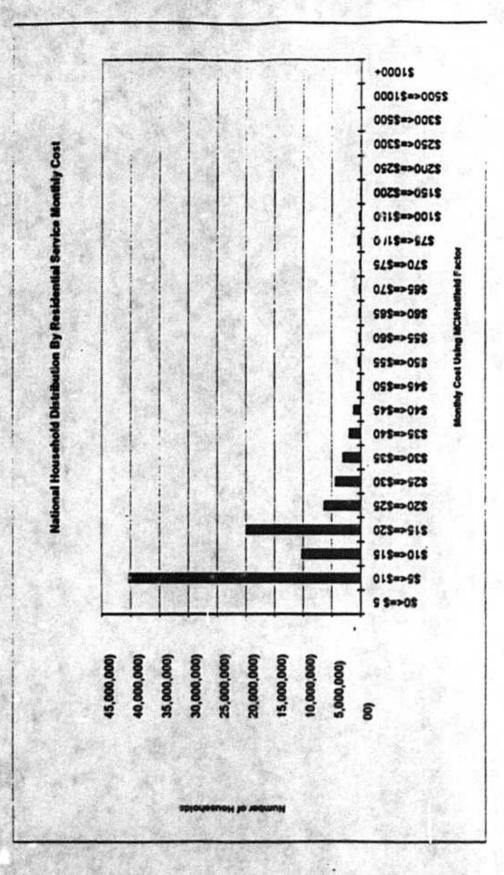


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# MONTHLY COST STRATIFICATION FLORIDA

(exchange boundary overlay)

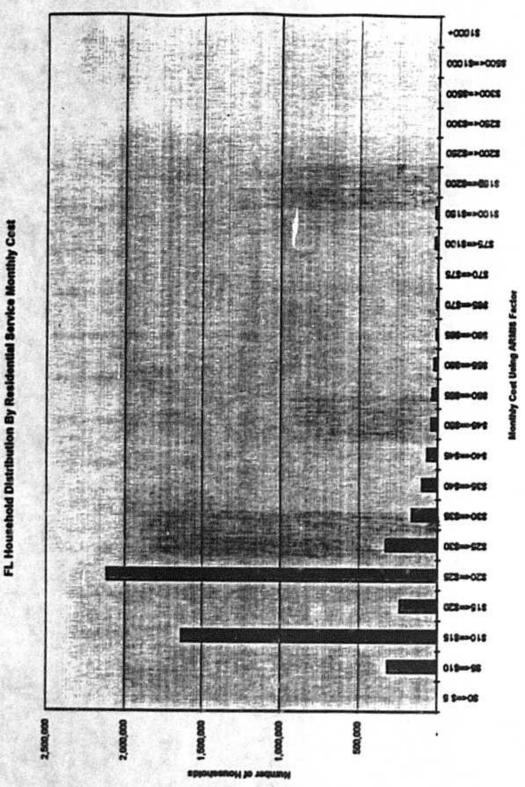
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| Jensity            | Data                                      | otal      |  |   |  |
|--------------------|---|-----------|--|---|--|
| 9                  | Sum of # Households                       | 42,548    |  | STATE TO SEE TO ASSESS TO ASSESS  |  |
|                    | Average of Loop Length                    | 75,547.62 | ターカプルの対の 教授権の政治を利用していま   | THE PERSONAL PROPERTY.  | MORNING CONTRACTOR                       |
| 大学 は               | Average of Loop 5 per HH                  | 5,088.72  |  | ARMIS   | DIRECT                                   |
|                    | Average of Total Involunt/Ln              | 5,477.65  | Aggregate Support at \$20= \$  | 229,450,680   | \$ 62,362,867                            |
| 5 TO 230           | Sum of # Households                       | 700,152   |  |   | The second second                        |
| THE CAN            | Average of Loop Length                    | 32,922.70 | Aggregate Support at \$30= \$  | \$ 07,122,412   | \$ 37,334,524                            |
|                    | Average of Loop 8 per HH                  | 1,085.54  | 5  |   | The second second                        |
|                    | Average of Total Investmet/Ln             | 1,394.25  | Aggregate Support at \$40"   \$  | 55,248,242  | \$ 10.078.268                            |
| 200 to 650         | Sum of & Households                       | 831,206   | 1  |   |  |
|                    | Average of Loop Length                    | 17.529.44 | Annual Benchmark Cast = 181  | \$ 1 257 BAS RAD  | S 011 070 915                            |
|                    | Average of Loop & per Hel                 | 470.24    | T  | -   |  |
|                    | Average of Total Invalantiva              | 744.45    | Stele Average Monthly Costs S  | 20.40   | \$ 14.70                                 |
| 50 to 850          | Sum of # Households                       | 353,174   | ۰  |   |  |
|                    | Average of Loop Length                    | 14.554.99 |  |   |  |
|                    | Average of Loop 8 per HH                  | 355.61    | の日の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日   |   |  |
|                    | Average of Total Investmet.               | 625.66    | 日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日   |   |  |
| 50 to 2550         | Sum of # Households                       | 2,199,549 | 一日では、日本の日本の一種のであるとのである。  | 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一   | STATE COST NO.                           |
|                    | Average of Loop Length                    | 11,625.11 | となっては、日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日   |   |  |
|                    | Average of Loop & per HH                  | 334.77    | TO SERVICE SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY  | Serving Samuel  |  |
|                    | Average of Total Invalant/La              | 508.61    | は、 一人の   |   |  |
| 2550               | Sum of # Households                       | 942,551   | 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10  | TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF |  |
|                    | Average of Loop Length                    | 9,185.26  | THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T | Carlo Carlo San Carlo   | S 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |
|                    | Average of Loop \$ per HH                 | 251.89    | The state of the s | Section 1 to 10   |  |
|                    | Average of Total Involuntual              | 513.61    | THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAM | To the second   |  |
| 7 100              | 年 1000 MM M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M | 1         |  |   |  |
| -                  | The second second second                  |           | Party Add of the State Control of the  |   |  |
| onsity             | ٦   | Iotal     | BE THE RESIDENCE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PERSON OF THE P |   |  |
| 2                  | HEEDO OF MORIDINA                         | 144.50    |  |   |  |
|                    | stage of Monthly                          | 104.65    | THE RESERVE THE PARTY AND THE  |   |  |
| TO 200             | Average of Monthly Cost!                  | 36.60     |  |   |  |
| Section Profession | srage of Monthly                          | 26.69     |  |   |  |
| 200 to 650         | Acmilia                                   | 19.65     |  |   |  |
| 1                  | Average of Monthly Cost2                  | 14.25     |  |   | -  |
| 550 to 850         | Sonthi                                    | 16.52     | 160 133 134 134 134  |   | -  |
| 1004               | orage of Monthly                          | 11.86     | The second secon |   |  |
| 050 to 2550        | rage of Mont                              | 15.81     |  |   |  |
|                    | Average of Monthly Cost2                  | 11.46     |  |   |  |
| >2550              | Average of Monthly Cost1                  | 13.56     |  |   |  |
|                    | Average of Monthly Cost2                  | 9.83      |  |   |  |

| Ø Households            |              | 107.445   | 10.14        | 80.68        | 282.285    | 132,000      | 70,234           | 40345         | 20,62          | 12,280         | 7014          | 0.542         | 7,888        | 8000             | 4.2     | 11811  | 2,657  | 8  | 2  | 2  |                             | 1  | -  |  | 6,136,300        |                    | 250                | 10014             | 81470                |                         |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Cont Culegory - Hedieta | 10ce 0 0     | 100   |              |              | - Handle   | 2000         | 20-02            | 200-040       | 2              | 204-020        | 200           | 000           | 200          | 200              | 100000  | 100  | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  | 200  | 1 700-1  | S September 5 com  | HARD-A LOCA                 | 12 100014  | The state of the s | これが 一次の のの のの から   | Tetal Herseholds |                    | Management Const.  | Market Health Con | Average Manfilly Cod |                         |
| d Hermandels            | 1            | -   | 1000         | 1            | 1000       | 2            | -                | B. Long Coll. |                | -              |               |               |              |                  |         |  |  |  |  |  |                             | 1000   | SCHOOL STATE OF STATE OF   | The Control of the Control   | 100              |                    | 1                  |                   |                      | 100 100 100             |
| Ownshy                  | 200.000      | 100 - 000   | 98 1 98      | ALCO LABOR   | 1999       | -            | 17.0             |               |                |                |               |               |              |                  |         |  |  |  | 一一の一日の日の一日の一日の一日の日の日の日の日の日の日の日の日の日の日の日の  | 100 Contract of the Contract o | The second of the second of | Section 10 and 1 | CHECK STREET, SEC.   | 376  |                  |                    |                    |                   | 0.00                 |                         |
| 9 Househelds<br>970-634 | 100          | 1386  | 600 734      | 400 440      | 200 002    | 941 449      | 100              | AK BAS        | 200            | 1000           | 10 100        | 70.7          | 11,265       | 765              | 676     | The same of the same of  | The second second second   | 6,136,500  | mrs 2003 288000  | 828  | 224,731                     | 13,367   | · 有方法 建聚苯甲酚  | The second second  |                  |                    |                    |                   |                      | 100000                  |
| Con Sec                 | Act on total | 1000 e= 15Kg  | 1000 c= 2000 | 2000 4= 2000 | 290 es 300 | 3000 4+ 4000 | ACHIDO GO FLIBOR | 5000 - 6000   | CORCE C= YOUGH | YORGE CO BOSCO | 600th 4= 6000 | 1500 to 10000 | 1000 - 1500C | 110000 on 100000 | Spinos. | The Constitution of the Co | The state of the s | Total Hannshelds   | THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH | Michael Loop Longth  | Madama Lore Longle          | Maden Loop Longth  | たが 後に とうご  | The state of the s |                  |                    |                    |                   |                      |                         |
| - Inches                | 317.126      | 1,654,650   | 230,170      | 2,114,747    | 330,667    | 163.684      | 25.53            | 1 1097.00     | 44.34          | N. es          | 11771         | 13JF          | 7.176        | 6500             | 22,620  | 10.500   | 1300   | STATE OF THE PARTY | 100 Ton 2 and 100  | £  |                             | 100  |  | 6 150 505  |                  | 87.61              | 81,401,18          | 850.66            | 67903                | -                       |
| and 5                   | 27           | State | 6550         | Den \$25     | Cont. 20   | 30000        | 99:00            | 900           | 850            | 10m(55)        | 99            | 900           | 048-01       | 84,78            | out 100 | Oca\$150   | 0=000  | 00-6250  | 00000  | 000  | 00-010-00                   |  |  | d Households.  |                  | feman Mandaly Cost | deman Monthly Cost | fan Martisly Cost | Ingo Mandaly Cont    | CHARLE SAND AND PRINT L |

MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

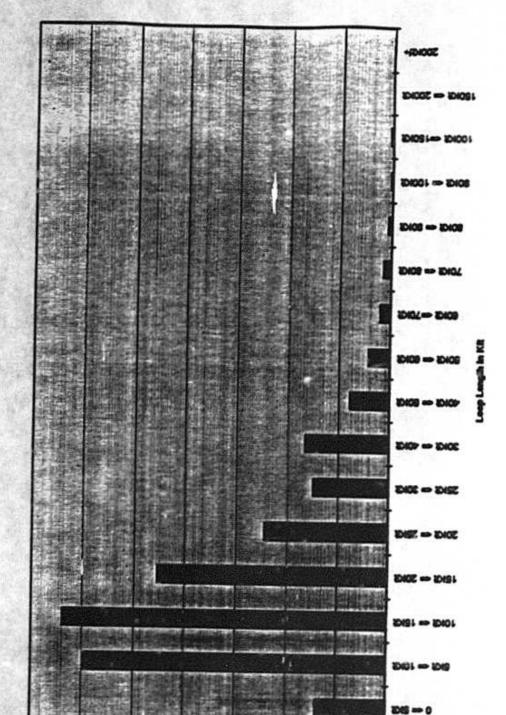
WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9 Page 30 of 40



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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

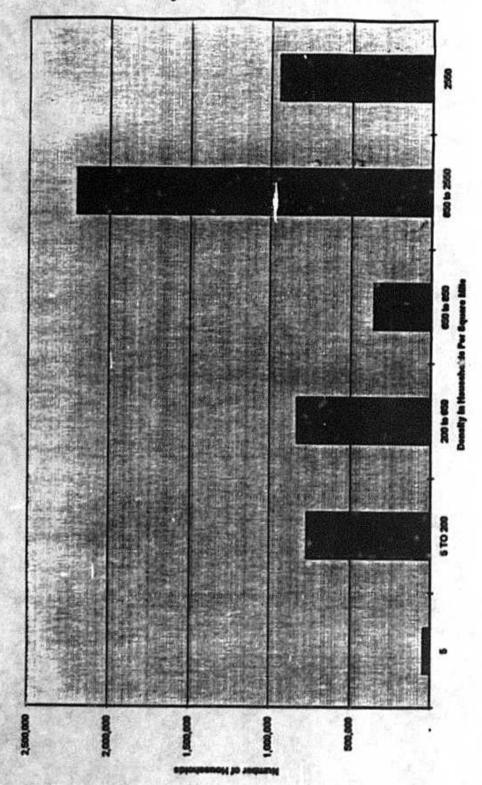
WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9 Page 31 of 40



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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

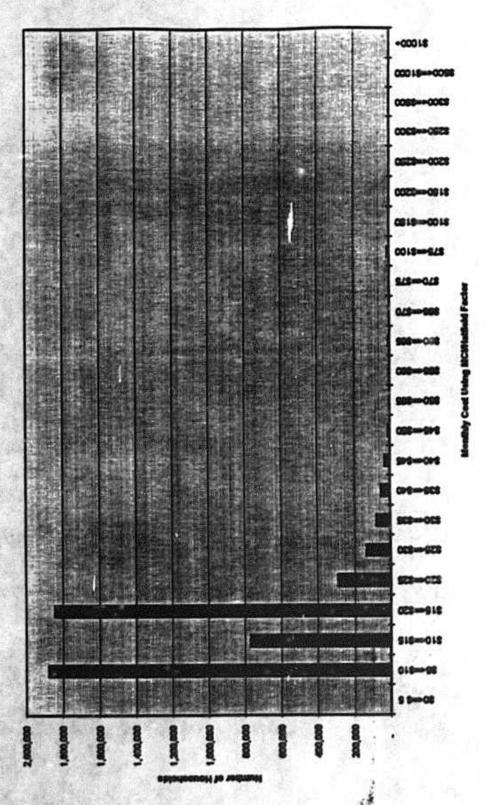
WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9 Page 32 of 40



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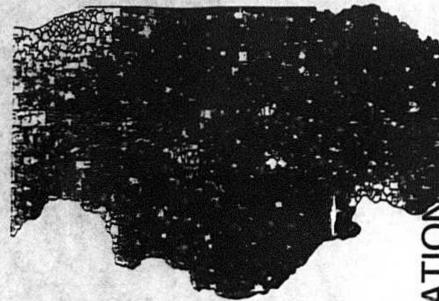
MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9 Page 33 of 40



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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9 Page 34 of 40



# of blk gips

(2054) (2054) (474) (1363) ILLINOIS

MONTHLY COST STRATIFICATION (exchange boundary overlay)

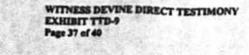
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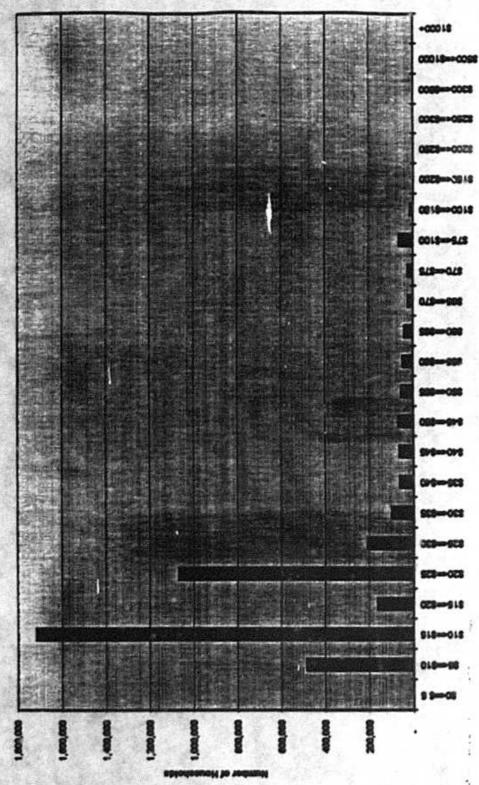
| -            | Data                           | Total     | のでは、 新年 表 新 英 元 後 元 山 河 の 古 元 日  | Date Charles Control   | 大学 のできる かんけい かんかい  |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 9=0          | Sum of & House olds            | 61,355    |  | The state of the s |  |
|              | moth                           | 47,439.58 | Section and in the section of the se | STATE OF THE PARTY | No. of Street, or other Persons and Street, o |
|              | Per Hit                        | 2,784.41  |  | ARMIS  | DIRECT   |
|              | Average of Total InvelmeM.n.   | 3,466.36  | Aggregate Support at \$20=   | \$ 268,441,673   | 8126 016 370   |
| 5 TO 200     | Sum of # Households            | 697,749   |  |  |  |
|              | Average of Loop Length         | 26,733.52 | Aggregate Support at \$30=   | \$ 156,359,608   | \$ 68,211,635  |
|              | Average of Loop 5 per 181      | 1,160.54  | 2  |  | THE STREET STREET  |
| がのまず         | Average of Total InvetmeNt.n.  | 1,625.65  | Aggregate Support at \$40"   | \$ 100,477,083   | \$ 32.010.173  |
| 200 to 659   | Sum of 6 Households            | 471,037   | 0  | Control of the Contro |  |
|              | Average of Loop Length         | 13,002,77 | Annual Benchmark Cost =  | \$1.044.152.034  | 8757 150 784   |
|              | Average of Loop 8 per HH       |           | The Carlotte State of  |  |  |
| Charles Hill | Average of Total Involuntion   | 700.41    | Otnie Average Monthly Cost= 1  | \$ 20.73   | 1 15 m   |
| 650 to 850   | Sum of 6 Households            | 187,643   | 1000   |  |  |
|              | Average of Loop Length         | 11,054.05 | 日本の日本の日本の大学の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の  |  | The state of the s |
|              | Average of Loop 8 per Hel      | 314.00    | 日間の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の   | S. W. Control of the  | The state of the s |
|              | Average of Total Involunts.n.  | 606.21    | STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P | SOF Sheeters   Been  | ON THE PROPERTY OF   |
| 50 to 2550   | Sum of 6 Households            | 1,267,690 | THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY  | Control of the Control   |  |
|              | Average of Loop Length         | 10,138.30 | 日 の 一次の は 一次の は こうしょうしょうかい   | The second second  | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR |
|              | Average of Loop 8 per HH       | 314.17    | The state of the s | 100 - Cont.  | The state of the s |
|              | Average of Total Invelmett.n.  | 565.49    | 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日  | Control of the Control   | Control of the last of the las |
| >2550        | en of 6 Households             | 1,621,637 | の発展が出場のないというたいのかいい   | A STATE OF TAXABLE PARTY.  |  |
|              | Average of Loop Langth         | 8,501.73  | 一年を作りた者 一年 からり   | Service Strains  | Section 19 Control of the Control of |
|              | Average of Loop 5 per HH       | 244.02    | THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE  | THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN   |  |
| 10 CAS       | Average of Total Invalments.n. | 602.02    | 四次前の ところ 内臓 あちぬかか  | Service Control of the least of |  |
| 1335         | A-ST MANAGEMENT OF A           |           |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | STATE SECTION  |
|              |                                |           |  |  |  |
| Demolity     | Dels                           | Total     |  |  |  |
| 9            | srage of Monthly Cost1         | 62 03     |  |  |  |
|              | Average of Monthly Cost2       | 68.73     |  |  |  |
| 5 TO 200     | Average of Monthly Cost1       | 42.01     |  |  |  |
|              | Average of Montbly Cost2       | 31.12     |  | 1100001  | Ac C   |
| 200 to 656   | Average of thorithly Costs     | 18.40     |  |  |  |
|              | Average of Monthly Cost2       | 13.41     | の 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  |  |  |
| 650 to 850   | Average of Monthly Cost1       | 16.71     |  |  |  |
|              | Average of Month               | 11.30     |  |  |  |
| 850 to 2550  | Average of Month               | 15.46     |  |  |  |
| 4            | ige of Month                   | 11.21     |  |  |  |
| >2550        | Average of Morthly Cost1       | 13.28     |  |  |  |
|              | ion of Month                   | 0.63      |  |  |  |

Summary Resi

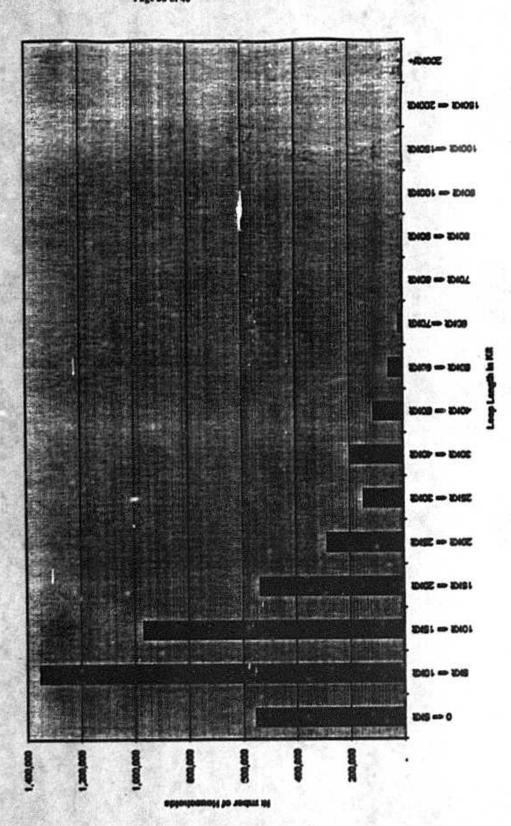
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MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.





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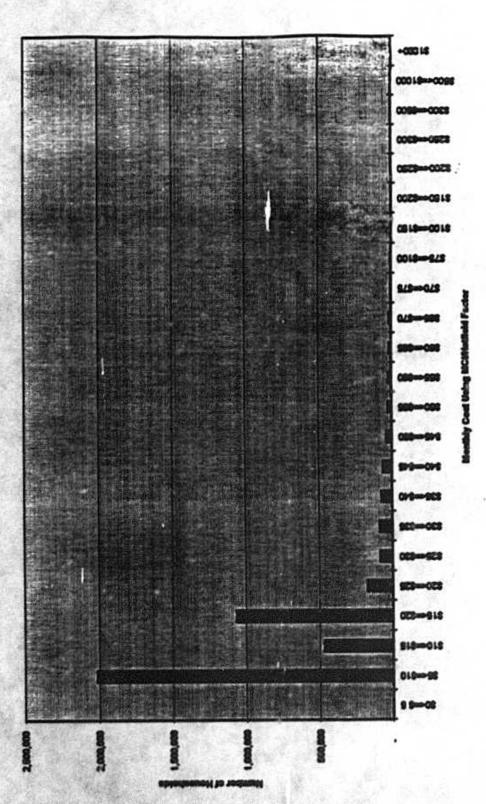


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**Detrilled Model Results** 

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-9

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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 1 of 38



GTE California Incorporated

One GTE Place Thousand Oaks CA 91362-3811 805 372-6000

April 10, 1996

U 1002 C

Advice Letter No. 8052

Public Utilities Commission of the State of California

GTE California Incorporated (GTEC) attaches for filing the Interim Interconnection Agreement with MFS Intelenet, Inc (MFS). This filing is to submit for Commission's approval, pursuant to D. 95-12-056 (the "Decision"), an Interconnection Agreement entered into by and between MFS and GTEC. This Agreement, attached to the advice letter, is submitted under the expedited review procedures authorized in the Decision, as set forth at pages 39-42 and in Ordering Paragraphs 9 and 10.

GTEC and MFS have negotiated this Agreement in good faith, in accordance with the terms of the Decision. The Agreement is designed to provide for interconnection arrangements between the parties that are consistent with and achieve the "preferred outcomes" set forth in Appendix A to the Decision. Specifically, the Interim Interconnection Agreement between MFS and GTEC provides:

- a) MFS and GTEC have agreed in Section V.C. to compensate each other for use of each other's networks with respect to facilities supplied for the transport element of the arrangement and have agreed in Sections V.B.1 and V.B.2 to compensate each other for call terminations at tariffed rates, except for the use of bill and keep for local call termination, consistent with the Commission's interim policy.
- b) The parties have agreed in Section III to a single point of interconnection for each GTEC access tandem where MFS and GTEC interconnect for the exchange of local traffic.
- c) The parties have agreed in Sections V.D. and XIV to maintain facilities in a fair and equitable manner and to ensure that all trouble reports are resolved in a timely and appropriate manner.
- d) The parties have agreed in Section III.E to the use of two-way trunks.

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 2 of 38

### A. 8052 Page 2

- e) The parties have agreed in Section V.B.5 to provide quarterly percentage local usage (PLU) reports and have agreed in Section VII.A to a methodology for requesting audits of usage reports.
- f) The parties have agreed in Section III.B to allow interconnection at each access tandem within the LATAs where each will provide local exchange service in competition with one another.
- g) The parties have agreed in Section III.F to use a digital hand-off utilizing SS7 protocol;
- h) The parties have agreed in Sections V.B.1 and V.B.2 to use bill and keep for local calls terminating in Zone 1,2 and 3 for Extended Area Service, as required by the Commission's interim rules, and have agreed in Section V.F.2 to compensate each other at GTEC's tariffed rates for Busy Line Verification and Busy Line Verification and Interrupt;
- i) The parties have agreed in Sections XVIII and XIX to symmetrical obligations for liability; and
- with each other until they execute an interconnection agreement under Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, with a maximum two-year term for the Agreement, and have not given either part the right to unilaterally terminate the Agreement without a replacement method of interconnection in place. In addition, the parties have provided in Section XXIII a dispute resolution mechanism that specifically incorporates the Dispute Resolution procedures set forth at pages 36 to 39 of the Decision.

As can be seen by the foregoing descriptions of various sections of the Agreement, MFS and GTEC have specifically complied with each and every one of the preferred outcomes in the Decision'.

The Agreement complies with the Commission's stated goal of protecting the public interest by ensuring that such Agreements are not unduly discriminatory or anticompetitive. The public interest would be served if this Agreement were to be allowed to

<sup>&#</sup>x27;In addition to compliance with all of the "preferred outcomes," the Agreement submitted here is mutually agreeable to the parties and passes all of the Commission tests outlined in the Decision, pursuant to Ordering Paragraph 4 of the Decision.

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 3 of 38

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go into effect under the expedited review procedure.

Other than requesting approval under the 14-day expedited review procedure, this advice letter contains all of the information normally required for Agreements filed under G.O. 96-A. No

tariff sheets have been submitted with this advice letter. This filing will not increase any existing rate or service, cause the withdrawal of service, or conflict with any of GTEC's other schedules or rules.

Pursuant to the expedited review procedure set forth in the Decision, we request that the interconrection Agreement submitted with this advice letter become effective fourteen (14) days after the filing of the advice letter.

Pursuant to discussion with CACD staff, just one party is submitting this agreement for approval.

In compliance with General Order 96-A and the Decision, copies of this advice letter and the Interconnection Agreement are being mailed to all LECs and CLCs, and to other interested parties requesting such notification. In addition, we are mailing copies to parties on the Service List for R.95-04-043/I.95-04-044.

Anyone may protest this advice letter to the California Public Utilities Commission. The protest must set forth the specific grounds on which it is based; and such protest may only address provisions of the Agreement that are alleged to be anticompetitive or unduly discriminatory. A protest must be made in writing and received within seven (7) days of the date this advice letter was filed with the Commission. The address for mailing or delivering a protest to the Commission is:

Chief, CACD Telecommunications Branch 505 Van Ness Avenue, Room 3203 San Francisco, CA 94102

The address for mailing or delivering a protest to GTEC is:

Jenny M. Wong Regional Director -Regulatory & Industry Affairs One GTE Place - CA500GC Thousand Oaks, CA

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 4 of 38

A. 8052 Page 4

The address for mailing or delivering a protest to MFS:

Mr. Eric Artman MFS Intelenet. Inc. 185 Berry Street, Bldg One Suite 5100 San Francisco, CA 94107

We would like this filing to become effective on April 24, 1996. Very truly yours,

GTE CALIFORNIA INCORPORATED

CO! JENNY M. WONG

Regional Director -Regulatory & Industry Affairs

Attachments

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 5 of 38

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David Carter President Dialink 164 East Dana Street Mountain View, CA 94041-1508

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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 6 of 38

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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 7 of 38

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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 8 of 38

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WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-6 PAGE 9 of 38

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### INTERIM INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT

### April 9, 1996

Pursuant to this Interim Interconnection Agreement ("Agreement"), MFS Intelenet of California, Inc. ("MFS") and GTE California Incorporated ("GTE") (collectively the "Parties") agree to interconnect with each other within each LATA in which they both operate within the State of California, as described and according to the terms, conditions and pricing specified hereunder.

### I. RECITALS & PRINCIPLES

WHEREAS, the Parties seek to accomplish interconnection in a technically and economically efficient manner; and

WHEREAS, the public will benefit if the local exchange networks of the Parties are interconnected so that customers of each carrier can seamlessly receive calls that originate on the other carrier's network and place calls that terminate on the other carrier's network;

WHEREAS the Parties intend to negotiate a permanent interconnection agreement pursuant to Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, but desire to enter into an interim interconnection agreement pending completion of the permanent agreement under federal law;

WHEREAS this Agreement is not intended by either Party to constitute compliance with the interconnection requirements of Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996:

WHEREAS, the California Public Utilities Commission ("Commission") has issued its Interim Opinion in D.95-12-056 ("Opinion") in which it sets forth certain rules related to CLC-LEC interconnection; and

WHEREAS, the Commission has created an expedited 14-day contracting process for interconnection agreements between Competitive Local Carriers ("CLCs") and Local Exchange Carriers ("LECs"); and

WHEREAS, MFS and GTE wish to utilize this expedited contractual process; and,

WHEREAS, MFS and GTE have agreed on interim interconnection terms and conditions incorporating the Commission's Preferred Outcomes for Interconnection Contracts (Opinion, Appendix A).

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NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MFS and GTE hereby covenant and agree as follows:

### II. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Bill and keep" means a form of compensation for the termination of local traffic, as defined by the Commission in D. 95-12-056, Appendix C, page 13.
- B. "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is a Common Channel Signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the calling party.
- C. "Charge Number" is a CCS signaling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network id ntifying the billing number of the calling party.
- D. "CLASS Features" mean certain CCS-based features available to end users. CLASS features include, but are not necessarily limited to: Automatic Call Back; Call Trace; Caller ID and Related Blocking Features; Distinctive Ringing/Call Waiting; Selective Call Forward; Selective Call Rejection.
- E. "Centralized Message Distribution System" ("CMDS") is the transport system that the RBOCs and other incumbent LECs use to exchange outcollect and Carrier Access Billing System ("CABS") access messages among each other and other parties connected to CMDS.
- F. "Commission" means the California Public Utilities Commission.
- G. "Common Channel Signaling" or "CCS" means a method of digitally transmitting call set-up and network control data over a special network fully separate from the public switched network elements that carry the actual call.
- H. "Control Office" is an exchange carrier center or office designated as its company's single point of contact for the provisioning and maintenance of its portion of interconnection arrangements.
- "Cross-connection" means an intra-wire center channel connecting the Parties' separate pieces of telecommunications equipment.
- J. "DS-1" is a digital signal rate of 1.544 Megabits Per Second ("Mbps").
- K. "DS-3" is digital signal rate of 44.736 Mbps.

- L. "End Office Switches" are Class 5 switches from which end user Exchange Services are directly connected and offered.
- M. "Exchange Service" means a service offered to end users which provides the end user with a telephonic connection to, and a unique local telephone number address on, the public switched telecommunications network, and which enables such end user to generally place calls to, or receive calls from, other stations on the public switched telecommunications network. Exchange Service includes basic residence and business line service, PBX trunk line service, pay phone line service, Centrex/CentraNet<sup>est</sup> line service and ISDN line services. Exchange Service does not include Private Line, Switched and Special Access services.
- N. "Expanded Interconnection Service" or "EIS" is the collocation arrangement which GTE provides in its designated GTE wire centers, and shall have the same meaning as set forth in GTE's CPUC tariff Schedule C-1, Section XVII.
- "Interexchange Carrier" or "IXC" means a provider of stand-alone interexchange telecommunications services.
- P. "ISDN" means Integrated Services Digital Network, which is a switched network service providing end-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data. ISDN is provisioned end-to-end pursuant to TR-444.
- Q. "Local Calling Area" means the calling area to which a customer may place Local Exchange Traffic.
- R. "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" and "Competitive Local Carrier" or "CLC" shall have the meanings as set forth in the Commission's Rules for Local Competition, Opinion, App. C, Sections 3.A and B, respectively.
- S. "Local Exchange Routing Guide" or "LERG" is a Bellcore reference typically used by LECs, IXCs and CLCs to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information as well as network element and equipment designations.
- T. "Local Exchange Traffic" means Zone Usage Measurement ("ZUM") Zone 1, Zone 2 and Zone 3 calls and Extended Area Service calls.
- U. "Local Interconnection Trunks/Trunk Groups" are trunks and trunk groups as identified in Section V.A.1 of this Agreement.
- V. "Meet-Point Billing" refers to an arrangement whereby two local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC) jointly provide Switched Access Service to one

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of the carrier's end office switches, with each carrier receiving, by mutual agreement, an appropriate share of their tariffed transport element revenues.

- W. "MECAB" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum ("OBF"), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions ("ATIS"). The MECAB document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, contains the recommended guidelines for the billing of an access service provided by two or more local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC), or by one LEC in two or more states within a single LATA.
- X. "MECOD" refers to the Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design Guidelines for Access Services Industry Support Interface, a document developed by the Ordering/Provisioning Committee under the auspices of the OBF, which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee of the ATIS. The MECOD document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR STS-002643, establishes methods for processing orders for access service which is to be provided by two or more local carriers (including a LEC and a CLC).
- Y. "Mid-Span Fiber Meet" is an interconnection architecture whereby MFS and GTE mutually agree to jointly plan and engineer their facility meet-point at a designated manhole or junction location. The meet point is the demarcation between ownership of the transmission facility.
- Z. "NANP" means the "North American Numbering Plan", the system of telephone numbering employed in the United States, Canada, and certain Caribbean countries.
- AA. "Numbering Plan Area" or "NPA" is also sometimes referred to as an area code. This is the three digit indicator which is defined by the "A", "B" and "C" digits of each 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NPA contains 800 possible NXX Codes. There are two general categories of NPA. "Geographic NPA" is associated with a defined geographic area, and all telephone numbers bearing such NPA are associated with services provided within that Geographic area. A "Non-Geographic NPA", also known as a "Service Access Code" ("SAC Code") is typically associated with a specialized telecommunications service which may be provided across multiple geographic NPA areas; 500, Toll Free Service NPAs, 900, and 700 are examples of Non-Geographic NPAs.
- AB. "NXX", "NXX Code", "Central Office Code" or "CO Code" is the three digit switch entity indicator which is defined by the "D", "E" and "F" digits of a

10,000 station numbers. 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains

- Š the local minutes to the sum of local and intraLATA toll minutes between "Percent Local Usage" or "PLU" is a calculation which represents the ratio of calculation of PLU. from other LECs or CLCs or wireless carriers are not included in the exchange carriers sent over Local Interconnection Trunks. Transiting calls
- è "Point of Interconnection" or "POI" denotes the physical equipment interface operational responsibility hand-off between MFS and GTE for the local that establishes the technical interface, the test point and the point of nterconnection of their networks. The splir e point at a Mid-Span Fiber Meet
- Æ number for rating purposes. "Rating Point" is the V&H coordinates associated with a particular telephone
- 4 measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Access Services. The Routing Point need not be the same as the Rating Point, own network as the homing (routing) point for traffic inbound to Exchange Services provided by the LEC or CLC which bear a certain NPA-NXX "Routing Point" means a location which a LEC or CLC has designated on its LATA as the NPA-NXX nor must it be located within the rate center area, but must be in the same designation. The Routing Point is employed to calculate mileage
- Š "Switched Access Service" means an offering of facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of traffic from or to Exchange Service customers Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, in a given area pursuant to a Switched Access tariff. Switched Access interconnection. exchanged between LECs and CLCs for purpose of local exchange Free Service, and 900 access. Switched Access does not include traffic
- A switching entities. are used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among network "Tandem Office Switches" or "Access Tandems" are Class 4 switches which
- 2 invokes toll-free (i.e. 800-like) service processing. Toll Free Service includes calls to the Toll Free Service 800/888 NPA SAC codes. "Toll Free Service" means service provided with any dialing sequence that

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- AJ. "Transit Rate" is the rate that applies to local and toll calls sent between a LEC and a CLC destined for a third-party LEC or CLC.
- an aggregation point on a given carrier's network, where transmission facilities and circuits are connected or switched. Wire center can also denote a building in which one or more network switching entities, used for the provision of Exchange Services and access services, are located. However, for purposes of EIS, Wire Center shall mean those points eligible for such connections as specified in the FCC Docket No. 91-141, and rules adopted pursuant thereto.

### III. TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

- A. This Agreement covers the initial tandem-level interconnection between the Parties.
- B B. Connection At All GTE Tandems Within Each LATA:
  - MFS will connect with each and every GTE access tandem in the LATA(s) in which it originates traffic and interconnects with GTE.
  - 2. MFS will establish Local Interconnection Trunk groups to each and every GTE tandem for which MFS has local exchange customers within the Local Calling Area of the GTE customers served by that tandem. For all other GTE tandems within any LATA in which MFS originates traffic, MFS will establish feature group trunks to each such tandem.
  - C. MFS and GTE agree to interconnect their networks through existing facilities between the MFS switches and the corresponding GTE access tandems set forth in the following table. Logical trunk groups will be established referencing the appropriate MFS Routing Point and GTE access tandem. Nothing in this section C restricts either Party from ordering and establishing additional MFS GTE access tandem trunk groups in addition to the initial combinations described below.

| MFS<br>Switches | MFS<br>Routing Point | POI         | GTE Access<br>Tandem |
|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| LSANCATHDSO     | LSANCATHDSO          | SNMNCAXPNTC | SNMNCAXP43T          |
| LSANCATHDSO     | LSANCATHDSO          | TBD*        | LNBHCAXP45T          |
| LSANCATHDSO     | LSANCATHDSO          | TBD*        | ONTRCAXP80T          |
| LSANCATHDSO     | LSANCATHDSO          | TBD*        | THOKCAXF81T          |

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- Beach access tandems which will cross-connect to MFS facility between MFS switch and GTE Santa Monica office. GTE initially to provide facilities between GTE West Los Angeles office and access tandems in Thousand Oaks and Ontario which will cross-connect to MFS facility between MFS switch and GTE West Los Angeles office. The facilities shall be compensated pursuant to Section V.C.1, below. CLLI codes to be determined when facilities between GTE Long Beach, Ontario, Santa Monica and Thousand Oaks access tandems and cross connections to MFS facilities at Santa Monica office and West Los Angeles office are designed. CLLI codes will refer to DSXs at the Long Beach, Ontario, Santa Monica and Thousand Oaks tandems.
- C. Single POI Model. For each GTE access tandem where MFS and GTE interconnect for the exchange of local and intraLATA toll and meet point Switched Access traffic, MFS and GTE agree that there will be a single POI located at the designated DSX-3 within the GTE Wire Center.
- D. Sizing and Structure of Interconnection Facilities. The Parties will mutually agree on the appropriate sizing for facilities based on the standards set forth in Section XII, below. The interconnection facilities provided by each Party shall be superframe with Alternate Mark Inversion Line Code and Superframe Format Framing ("AMI") at either the DS-1 or DS-3 level, according to mutual forecasts and sound engineering practice, as mutually agreed to by the Parties during planning forecasting meetings.
- E. Two-Way Trunks. Interconnection will be provided via two-way trunks. Separate two-way trunks will be established to exchange 1) local and intraLATA toll and 2) meet point Switched Access traffic.
- F. Signaling Protocol. The Parties will interconnect their networks using SS7 signaling as defined in GR-317 and GR-394, including ISDN User Part ("ISUP") for trunk signaling and Transaction Capabilities Application Part ("TCAP") for CCS-based features.
- G. Interconnection Facilities. Unless expressly agreed to otherwise, the Parties will use fiber transmission facilities to physically interconnect their networks.

### IV. MEET-POINT TRUNKING ARRANGEMENTS

A. Two-way trunks may be established to enable MFS and GTE to jointly provide Feature Group B and D ("FGB" and "FGD") Switched Access Services via a GTE access tandem switch.

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- B. MFS may use meet point trunks to send and receive FGB and FGD calls from Switched Access customers connected to GTE's access tandem.
- C. MFS will interconnect two-way trunk groups at each and every GTE access tandem under which MFS's NXXs home using DS-1 or DS-3 facilities separate from the facilities used for Local Interconnection Trunk Groups.
- D. In the case of Switched Access Services provided through GTE's access tandem, GTE will not offer blocking capability for interexchange carrier traffic delivered to GTE's tandem for completion on MFS's network. GTE and MFS understand and agree that meet point trunking arrangements are available and functional only to/from Switched Access customers who directly connect with the tandem(s) that MFS sub-tends in each LATA. In no event will GTE be required to route such traffic through n ore than one tandem for connection to/from Switched Access customers. GTE shall have no responsibility to ensure that any Switched Access customer will accept traffic MFS directs to the Switched Access customer. However, GTE will provide reasonable assistance to MFS in order to allow MFS to establish contact with providers of toll services switched through GTE's access tandems.
  - Common channel signaling shall be utilized in conjunction with meet point trunks.
- The Parties will provide CCS to one another in conjunction with all two-way F. trunk groups subject to the rates, terms and conditions specified in the Parties' respective access tariffs (if applicable). MFS may establish CCS interconnections either directly or through a third-party, provided such thirdparty is interconnected with GTE. The Parties will cooperate in the exchange of TCAP messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each carrier offers such features and functions to its own end users.1 MFS will provide all CCS signaling including Charge Number, originating line information ("OLI"), etc. For terminating FGD, GTE will pass CPN if it receives CPN from FGD carriers. All privacy indicators will be honored. Where available, network signaling information such as Transit Network Selection ("TNS") parameter (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-CCS environment) will be provided by MFS wherever such information is needed for call routing or billing. The Parties will follow all OBF adopted standards pertaining to TNS and CIC/OZZ codes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Agreement does not relate to the purchase and sale of any such end user features or functions.

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- G. All originating Toll Free Service calls for which GTE performs the Service Switching Point ("SSP") function (e.g. performs the database query) shall be delivered by MFS using GR-394 format over the meet point trunk group. Carrier Code "0110" and Circuit Code of "08" shall be used for all such calls.
- H. All originating Toll Free Service calls for which MFS performs the SSP function, if delivered to GTE, shall be delivered by MFS using GR-394 format over the meet point trunk group for calls destined to IXCs, or shall be delivered by MFS using GR-317 format over the Local Interconnection Trunk Group for calls destined to end offices that directly subtend GTE access tandems.
- Originating Feature Group B calls deliv red to GTE's tandem shall use GR-317 signaling format unless the associated FGB carrier employs GR-394 signaling for its FGB traffic at the serving GTE access tandem.
- J. MFS and GTE shall use their best efforts to negotiate the terms and conditions for meet point billing, including, but not limited to, the meet point billing options, bill period, and exchange of usage and billing data, and to sign such an agreement within 30 days of the effective date of this agreement. For any meet point billing traffic exchanged by the Parties prior to execution and approval of the meet point billing agreement ("prior traffic"), the Parties agree that the terms of the meet point billing agreement shall apply to such prior traffic. The Parties will compensate each other for such prior traffic in accordance with the terms of the meet point billing agreement.

### V. LOCAL INTERCONNECTION TRUNK ARRANGEMENT

### A. Description.

The Parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll calls between each other's networks, as follows:

- The Parties shall make available to each other two-way trunks for the reciprocal exchange of local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic ("Local Interconnection Trunks/Trunk Groups").
- 2. The Parties will provide CCS to one another in conjunction with all two-way trunk groups subject to the rates, terms and conditions specified in the Parties' respective access tariffs (if applicable). MFS may establish CCS interconnections either directly or through a third party, provided such third party is interconnected with GTE. The Parties will cooperate in the exchange of TCAP messages to facilitate full interoperability of CCS-based features between their respective

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networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each carrier offers such features and functions to its own end users.<sup>2</sup> All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including CPN. All privacy indicators will be honored.

- MFS may opt at any time to terminate to GTE some or all local
  exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic originating on its network,
  together with Switched Access traffic, via Feature Group D or Feature
  Group B Switched Access Services, subject to the rates, terms and
  conditions specified in GTE's standard intrastate access tariffs.
- Neither Party shall terminate Switched Access traffic over Local Interconnection Trunks.
- 5. MFS shall only deliver traffic over the Local Interconnection Trunk Group(s) to a GTE access tandem for those publicly-dialable NPA NXX codes served by end offices that subtend the access tandem or to those wireless service providers connected to the access tandem. MFS may not route traffic to a GTE access tandem destined for an NXX which subtends another tandem.
- 6. a) GTE shall route all traffic destined for MFS NXXs subtending a GTE access tandem in accordance with the Local Exchange Routing Guide. GTE may continue to deliver all other traffic to be terminated to MFS at any of the POIs set forth in Section III.C.
  - b) Once the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups contemplated by this Agreement have been installed, GTE shall not deliver calls destined to terminate at a MFS end office via another LEC's or CLC's end office or tandem, except in the case of GTE end offices that subtend the tandem of another LEC.
  - c) Notwithstanding Section V.A.6.a, above, and in express consideration of MFS allowing GTE to deliver any traffic to be terminated to MFS at any of the POIs set forth in Section III.C, above, so long as MFS is only employing a single switching element in a LATA which is serving NXX codes subtending GTE's access tandems in that LATA, GTE will compensate MFS monthly in an amount equal to the monthly charges

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This Agreement does not relate to the purchase and sale of any such end user features or functions.

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imposed on MFS by GTE for the origination of calls to wireless service providers through a GTE access tandem. As soon as MFS deploys a second switching element in a LATA which serves NXX codes subtending a GTE tandem in that LATA, GTE will begin to terminate traffic in accordance with Section V.A.6.a, above, and the compensation arrangement referred to in this subsection shall come to an end.

- Where MFS delivers over the Local Interconnection Trunk group
  miscellaneous non-local calls (i.e. time, weather, Mass Calling Codes)
  destined for GTE, it shall deliver such traffic in accordance with the
  serving arrangements defined in the LERG.
- N11 codes (i.e. 411, 611, 91.) shall not be sent between MFS's and GTE's network over the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups.
- 9. There are certain types of calls that require exchange of billing records between the Parties. These types of calls include: Toll Free Service calls, 900 calls, and intrastate alternate billed calls (e.g. calling card, bill-to-third, and collect). The exchange of billing records for calls of this type that are interLATA will be handled through the existing CMDS processes. The payments of revenues for these types of calls will be handled through Calling Card and Third Number Settlement ("CATS").
- 10. For calls of the type described in Paragraph V.A.9 that are intraLATA, the Parties shall use their best efforts to negotiate and execute a separate agreement, within 30 days from the effective date of this Agreement, for the exchange of billing records between the Parties, the settlement of revenues between the Parties and the payment of applicable charges.
- 11. For the purpose of providing end-to-end ISDN capabilities between the customers of MFS and GTE, MFS will provide GTE an initial forecast of 64 Kbps Clear Channel Capability ("64K CCC") trunk quantities by the effective date of this Agreement, consistent with the forecasting agreements between the Parties. Upon receipt of this forecast, the Parties will begin joint planning for the engineering, procurement, and installation of the segregated 64K CCC Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and the associated B3ZS ESF facilities, for the sole purpose of transmitting 64K CCC data calls between MFS and GTE. Where additional equipment is required, such equipment would be obtained, engineered, and installed on the same basis and with the same intervals



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as any similar growth job for IXC, CLC, or GTE internal customer demand for 64K CCC trunks.

In addition, the Parties agree to mutually 12. negotiate the exchange of traffic of other CLCs between MFS and GTE over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. These negotiations will include, but are not limited to, the issues of network capacity, forecasting, and compensation terms (including calculation and verification of PLU). Such negotiations shall be conducted by the Parties in good faith and consent to the termination of such traffic shall not be unreasonably withheld. However, MFS may exchange with GTE traffic of CLCs who resell MFS's service (whether or not such CLCs utilize NXX codes assigned to MFS or to the CLC itself) over the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups without the need for any further agreement. In the event that MFS wishes to exchange with GTE traffic of a CLC who resells MFS's service. MFS shall provide to GTE a signed letter of authorization from the CLC allowing such traffic to be exchanged. In the event such CLC traffic is exchanged, both Parties will be responsible for compensation to each other pursuant to Section V.B, below.

### B. Compensation for Call Termination

Notwithstanding the following, the Parties agree to amend this Agreement with regard to compensation for the termination of local calls (as described in this section) in accordance with any further Commission decision(s) regarding compensation for local and/or toll call termination between LECs and CLCs.

- The following compensation rates shall apply for traffic carried from MFS to GTE via GTE access tandems:
  - a. Bill and Keep: Applicable to all local (Zone Usage Measurement ("ZUM") Zone 1 and ZUM Zone 2), Extended Area Service and ZUM Zone 3 traffic.
  - Toll Rate: Applicable to intraLATA toll calls based on intrastate Switched Access rates as described below:



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- Tandem switched transport
- Fixed per minute of use
- Variable per mile per minute of use
   Mileage is calculated based on the airline miles between the Vertical and Horizontal ("V&H") coordinates of the access tandem where the Local Interconnection Trunk Group terminates and the GTE end office.
- · Tandem switching per minutes of use
- · Network In erconnection Charge per minute of use
- · End office switching
- Information surcharge

The applicable rates can be found in GTE's tariff CPUC Schedule C-1.

Transit Rate: When MFS uses a GTE access tandem to C. originate a call to a third party LEC, another CLC, a wireless service provider or another MFS end office, MFS shall compensate GTE at the rate of \$.0015 per minute. If GTE enters into an interconnection agreement with another CLC that provides for a transit rate lower than the rate set forth in GTE's tariff, that transit rate will be substituted for the rate set in this paragraph upon the effective date of that agreement. If MFS receives a call through GTE's access tandem that originates from another CLC, LEC, or wireless provider, MFS will not charge GTE any rate elements for this call, regardless of whether the call is local or toll. MFS will establish appropriate billing relationships directly with the other CLC, LEC, or wireless provider. MFS will not route calls through GTE's access tandems to any other CLC, LEC or wireless provider with which GTE has not entered into an interconnection agreement (including, but not limited to, Type 1, Type 2A and Type 2B interconnection agreements and interconnection agreements entered into pursuant to D. 95-12-056) that has been filed with and approved by the CPUC. If such calls are nonetheless so routed, GTE will not complete such calls.

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- The following compensation rates shall apply for traffic carried from GTE to MFS via a GTE access tandem:
  - Bill and Keep: Applicable to all local (ZUM Zone 1 and ZUM Zone 2), Extended Area Service and ZUM Zone 3 traffic.
  - Toll Rate: Applicable to intraLATA toll calls, based on MFS's intrastate Switched Access rates as described below.
    - End office per minute of use with the following sub-element:

Set-up (per call)

### Minutes of use

The applicable rates can be found in MFS's tariff CAL PUC No. 3, Section 5.

- c. Transit Rate: GTE shall pay a transit rate equal to the rate set in Paragraph V.B.1.c when GTE uses a MFS switch to originate a call to a third party LEC, another CLC, a wireless service provider or another GTE access tandem.
- The following compensation rates will apply from MFS to GTE and from GTE to MFS where a non-GTE access tandem is used:
  - a. Bill and Keep: Applicable to all local (ZUM Zone 1 and ZUM Zone 2), Extended Area Service and ZUM Zone 3 traffic.
  - Toll Rate: Applicable to intraLATA toll calls based on applicable switched access rates.
  - e. Both parties agree that traffic will be completed to one another immediately after this agreement is approved by the CPUC.
- For intraLATA Toll Free Service calls where such service is provided by one of the Parties, the compensation set forth in Sections V.B.1.b and V.B.2.b, above, shall be charged by the Party originating the call

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rather than the Party terminating the call. In addition, the Parties shall negotiate and agree upon charges to compensate the originating Party for performing the Automatic Message Accounting ("AMA") function and transferring AMA records to the other Party. The Party which performs the database dip shall charge the provider of the toll free service.

- Measurement of minutes of use over Local Interconnection Trunk
  groups shall be in actual conversation seconds. The total conversation
  seconds over each individual Local Interconnection Trunk Group will be
  totaled for the entire monthly bill-round and then rounded to the next
  whole minute.
- 6. Each Party will provide to the c her, within 20 calendar days after the end of each quarter (commencing with the first full quarter after the effective date of this Agreement), a usage report with the following information regarding traffic delivered over the Local Interconnection Trunk arrangements:
  - a. Total traffic volume described in terms of minutes and messages and by call type (local, toll and other) delivered to each other over the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and
  - b. PLU.
  - c. The parties will bill each other on a monthly basis and will agree upon the appropriate PLU to apply during the initial three month period.
- Late payment charges for interconnection charges will be assessed as described in GTE's tariff CPUC Definitions and Rules, Rule 33 and MFS's tariff CAL PUC No. 3 Section 2.6.

### C. Compensation for Use of Facilities for Local Interconnection

Where the POI for termination of the Local Interconnection Trunk
Groups is at a tandem location different than the wire center where the
EIS Cross-connection occurs, compensation for the facility and EIS
Cross-connection shall be paid as follows:

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The monthly cost of the facilities involved shall be determined for each Local Interconnection Trunk Group by adding the appropriate tariffed rates of each providing carrier for the inter-office facilities provided by that carrier, as described above, at either the DS-1 or DS-3 rate (whichever yields a lower total cost.) The facility cost for each group shall then be apportioned, pro rata, between the parties based upon the proportionate traffic flows over the group for the prior quarter consistent with the usage as reported in Section V.B.5.a. below. Until the parties have reported a full quarter under that section, the parties will share such facility costs equally.

### D. Maintenance of Service

A maintenance of service charge applies whenever either Party requests the dispatch of the other Party's personnel for the purpose of performing maintenance activity on the interconnection trunks, and any of the following conditions exist:

- 1. No trouble is found in the interconnection trunks; or
- The trouble condition results from equipment, facilities or systems not provided by the Party whose personnel were dispatched; or
- Trouble clearance did not otherwise require a dispatch, and upon dispatch requested for repair verification, the interconnection trunk does not exceed Maintenance Limits.

If a Maintenance of Service initial charge has been applied and trouble is subsequently found in the facilities of the Party whose personnel were dispatched, the charge will be canceled.

Billing for Maintenance of Service shall be categorized and billed pursuant to the terms of GTE's tariff CPUC C-1, Section IV and MFS's tariff.

### E. End User Repair Call Referrals

 In answering repair calls, neither Party shall make disparaging remarks about each other, nor shall they use these repair calls as the basis for internal referrals or to solicit customers to market services. Either Party may respond with factual information in answering customer questions. MFS and GTE will provide their respective repair numbers to one another.

### F. Busy Line Verification and Interrupt.

### Description

- a. Each Party shall establish procedures whereby its operator bureau will coordinate with the operator bureau of the other Party in order to provide Busy Line Verification ("BLV") and Busy Line Verification and Interrupt ("BLVI") services on calls between their respective end users. MFS will use its best efforts to implement this service in the second quarter of 1996. Until MFS implements this a rvice, GTE's operators will inform GTE's customers that the number requested cannot be verified.
- BLV and BLVI inquiries between operator bureaus shall be routed using network-routable access codes published in the LERG over separate trunks.

### Compensation

Each Party shall charge the other Party for BLV and BLVI at the rates contained in their respective tariffs.

### VI. CONFIDENTIALITY OF DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE AND WHITE PAGES LISTINGS

GTE will accord MFS's directory listings information the same level of confidentiality which GTE accords its own directory listing information, and GTE shall ensure that access to MFS's customer proprietary confidential directory information will be limited solely to those employees who immediately supervise or are directly involved in the processing and publishing of listings and directory delivery. GTE will not use MFS directory listings for the marketing of telecommunications services.

### VII. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

A. MFS and GTE agree to exchange such reports and/or data as provided in this Agreement in Sections V.B.5 to facilitate the proper billing of traffic. Either Party may request an audit of such usage reports on no fewer than 10 business days' written notice and any audit shall be accomplished during normal business hours at the office of the Party being audited (Parsippany, NJ; San Ramon, CA; Dallas, TX; or Suburban Chicago, IL for MFS; Durham, North Carolina, Tampa, Florida, Fort Wayne, Indiana, or Irving, TX for GTE).

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Such audit must be performed by a mutually agreed-to independent auditor paid for by the Party requesting the audit and may include review of the data described in Sections V.B.3 and V.B.4, above. Such audits shall be requested within six months of having received the PLU factor and usage reports from the other Party.

- B. MFS and GTE will review engineering requirements on a quarterly basis and establish forecasts for trunk and facilities utilization (in accordance with Section XI of this Agreement). GTE and MFS will work together to begin providing these forecasts by the effective date of this Agreement. New trunk groups will be implemented as dictated by engineering requirements for either GTE or MFS.
- C. MFS and GTE shall share responsibility for all Control Office functions for Local Interconnection Trunks and Trunk Groups, and all meet point trunks and trunk groups and both Parties shall share the overall coordination, installation, and maintenance responsibilities for these trunks and trunk groups.

### D. MFS and GTE shall:

- Provide trained personnel with adequate and compatible test equipment to work with each other's technicians.
- Notify each other when there is any change affecting the service requested, including the due date.
- Coordinate and schedule testing activities of their own personnel, and others as applicable, to ensure its interconnection trunks/trunk groups are installed per the interconnection order, meet agreed-upon acceptance test requirements, and are placed in service by the due date.
- Perform sectionalization to determine if a trouble is located in its facility or its portion of the interconnection trunks prior to referring the trouble to each other.
- Advise each other's Control Office if there is an equipment failure which may affect the interconnection trunks.
- Provide each other with a trouble reporting number that is readily accessible and available 24 hours/7 days a week.
- Provide to each other test-line numbers and access to test lines.

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### E. Bilateral Procedure

The Parties shall jointly review and implement a bilateral procedure regarding technical and operational interfaces. The Parties will use their best good-faith efforts to finalize such procedure within 90 days of the effective date of this Agreement.

 F. MFS and GTE will provide their respective billing contact numbers to one another.

### VIII. TERM

MFS and GTE agree to interconnect with earh other pursuant to the terms defined in this Agreement until it is superseded by a interconnection agreement negotiated between the Parties pursuant to Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement shall, if not superceded by an interconnection agreement, expire two years after the effective date of the Agreement. In the event that the Agreement expires after two years, the interconnection arrangements in this Agreement shall remain in place until the Parties are able to negotiate and implement a new interconnection agreement. Negotiations on such a new agreement shall commence no later than 45 days prior to the expiration of this Agreement.

### IX. EFFECTIVE DATE

The Parties shall file this Agreement by Advice Letter on or before April 10, 1996, and it shall become effective on the date 14 calendar days after the filing, unless rejected by CACD.

### XI. TRUNK FORECASTING

- A. The Parties shall work towards the development of joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic utilization over trunk groups. Orders for trunks that exceed forecasted quantities for forecasted locations will be accommodated as facilities and or equipment are available. Intercompany forecast information must be provided by the Parties to each other twice a year. The semi-annual forecasts shall include:
  - Yearly forecasted trunk quantities (which include measurements that reflect actual tandem Local Interconnection Trunks and meet point trunks) for a minimum of three (current and plus-1 and plus-2) years;



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- The use of Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI-MSG), which are described in Bellcore documents BR 795-100-100 and BR 795-400-100;
- A description of major network projects anticipated for the following six months.
- B. If differences in semi-annual forecasts of the Parties vary by more than twenty-four (24) trunks, the companies shall meet to attempt to reconcile the forecast to within twenty-four (24) trunks. If the Parties, after escalation to an executive level, are unable to reach such reconciliation, either Party may invoke the default option of one-way trunking.
- C. If a trunk group is under 75 percent of CCS capacity on a monthly average basis for each month of any six month period, either Party may issue an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than 25 percent excess capacity. In all cases, grade of service objectives identified in Section XII following shall be maintained.
- Each Party shall provide a specified point of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

### XII. GRADE OF SERVICE

A blocking standard of one half of one percent (.005) during the average busy hour for final trunk groups between a MFS end office and a GTE access tandem carrying meet point traffic shall be maintained. All other final trunk groups are to be engineered with a blocking standard of one percent (.01).

### XIII. TRUNK SERVICING

- A. Orders between the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by use of an Interconnection Service Request ("ISR").
- B. As discussed in this Agreement, both Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. GTE will send MFS a Trunk Group Service Request ("TGSR") to MFS to trigger changes GTE desires to the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups based on GTE's capacity assessment. MFS will issue an ISR to GTE:
  - within 10 business days after receipt of the TGSR, upon review of and in response to GTE's TGSR, or



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 at any time as a result of MFS's own capacity management assessment,

to begin the provisioning process.

- C. Orders that comprise a major project shall be submitted at the same time, and their implementation shall be jointly planned and coordinated.
- D. MFS will be responsible for engineering its network on its side of the POI. GTE will be responsible for engineering the POI and its network on its side of the POI.

### XIV. TROUBLE REPORTS

MFS and GTE will cooperatively plan and implement coordinated repair procedures for the meet point and Local Interconnection Trunks and facilities to ensure trouble reports are resolved in a timely and appropriate manner.

### XV. NETWORK MANAGEMENT

### A. Protective Controls

Either Party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps on traffic toward each other's network, when required to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion or failure or focused overload. MFS and GTE will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

### B. Expansive Controls

Where the capability exists originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. Expansive controls will only be used when mutually agreed to by the Parties.

### C. Mass Calling

MFS and GTE shall cooperate and share pre-planning information regarding crossnetwork call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes, to prevent or mitigate the impact of these events on the public switched network.

### D. Separate Trunk Groups for High Usage Customers

calls to telephone numbers assigned to high usage customers such as Internet service MFS and GTE shall cooperate to establish separate trunk groups for the completion of

### XVI. FORCE MAJEURE

such event, the Party affected shall, upon giving prompt notice to the other Party, be excused from such performance on a day-to-day basis to the extent of such interference (and the other Party shall likewise be excused from performance of its date of this Agreement, including, without limitation: fire, explosion, acts of God, war, revolution, civil commotion, or acts of public enemies; any law, order, Neither Party shall be responsible for delays or failures in performance resulting from acts or occurrences beyond the reasonable control of such Party, regardless of whether such delays or failures in performance were foreseen or foreseeable as of the or remove the cause of non-performance and both Parties shall proceed to perform performance so interfered with). The affected Party shall use its best efforts to avoid obligations on a day-for-day basis to the extent such Party's obligations relate to the other Party or any other circumstances bey ind the Party's reasonable control. regulation, or ordinance of any government or legal body; or delays caused by the with dispatch once the causes are removed or cease.

## XVII. COMMISSION DECISION

any ambiguity or requirement for further amendment to the Agreement, the Parties Commission as said Commission may, from time to time, direct in the exercise of its jurisdiction. If any such modification renders the Agreement inoperable or creates This Agreement shall at all times be subject to such changes or modifications by the will negotiate in good faith to agree upon any necessary amendments to the

# XVIII. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

damages for lost profits, regardless of the form of action, whether in contract, indemnity, warranty, strict liability, or tort. In connection with this limitation of indirect, incidental, consequential, special damages, including (without limitation) connection with the provision of use of services offered under this Agreement for Except as otherwise provided herein, neither Party shall be liable to the other in efforts in this regard, receiving Party acknowledges and agrees that this limitation of services described in this Agreement and while the providing Party shall use diligent advice, make recommendations or supply other analysis related to the equipment or liability, the Parties recognize that the either Party may, from time to time, provide liability shall apply to provision of such advice, recommendation and analysis.

XIX. INDEMNITY



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Each Party shall indemnify and hold the other harmless from any liabilities, claims or demands (including the costs, expenses and reasonable attorney's fees on account thereof) that may be made by third parties for:

- a) personal injuries, including death, or
- b) damage to tangible property

resulting from the sole negligence and/or sole wilful misconduct of that Party, its employees or agents in the performance of this Agreement. Each Party shall defend the other at the other's request against any such liability, claim or demand. Each Party shall notify the other promptly of written claims or demands against such Party of which the other Party is solely respor sible hereunder.

### XX. ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement may be assigned by either Party upon sixty (60) days advance written notice to the other Party and upon obtaining the written consent of the other Party, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld. Consent shall not be required in the event that the assignment is to an entity that purchases or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in or purchases the customer base or the assets of the assigning Party.

### XXI. DEFAULT

If either Party believes the other is in breach of the agreement or otherwise in violation of law, it shall first give thirty (30) days' notice of such breach or violation and an opportunity for the allegedly defaulting Party to cure. Thereafter, or immediately if the default effectively prevents the interconnection of the parties' networks, the Parties shall employ the Dispute Resolution procedures set forth at pp. 36-39 of the Order.

### XXII. NONDISCLOSURE

A. All information, including but not limited to specifications, microfilm, photocopies, magnetic disks, magnetic tapes, drawings, sketches, models, samples, tools, technical information, data, employee records, maps, financial reports, and market data, (i) furnished by one Party to the other Party dealing with customer specific, facility specific, or usage specific information, other than customer information communicated for the purpose of publication of directory database inclusion, or (ii) in written, graphic, electromagnetic, or other tangible form and marked at the time of delivery as "Confidential" or "Proprietary", or (iii) communicated orally and declared to the receiving Party at the time of delivery, or by written notice given to the receiving Party within

ten (10) days after delivery, to be "Confidential" or "Proprietary" (collectively referred to as "Proprietary Information"), shall remain the property of the disclosing Party.

- B. Upon request by the disclosing Party, the receiving Party shall return all tangible copies of Proprietary Information, whether written, graphic or otherwise, except that the receiving Party may retain one copy for archival purposes.
- C. Each Party shall keep all of the other Party's Proprietary Information confidential and shall use the other Party's Proprietary Information only for performing the covenants contained in the Agreement. Neither Party shall use the other Party's Proprietary Informs ion for any other purpose except upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Parties in writing.
- D. Unless otherwise agreed, the obligations of confidentiality and non-use set forth in this Agreement do not apply to such Proprietary Information as:
  - (i) was at the time of receipt already known to the receiving Party free of any obligation to keep it confidential evidenced by written records prepared prior to delivery by the disclosing Party; or
  - (ii) is or becomes publicly known through no wrongful act of the receiving Party; or
  - (iii) is rightfully received from a third person having no direct or indirect secrecy or confidentiality obligation to the disclosing Party with respect to such information; or
  - (iv) is independently developed by an employee, agent, or contractor of the receiving Party which individual is not involved in any manner with the provision of services pursuant to the Agreement and does not have any direct or indirect access to the Proprietary Information; or
  - is disclosed to a third person by the disclosing Party without similar restrictions on such third person's rights; or
  - (vi) is approved for release by written authorization of the disclosing Party; or
  - (vii) is required to be made public by the receiving Party pursuant to applicable law or regulation provided that the receiving Party shall

give sufficient notice of the requirement to the disclosing Party to enable the disclosing Party to seek protective orders.

- Ħ Agreement, the Proprietary Information provisions of this Agreement shall apply to all information furnished by either Party to the other in furtherance of Effective Date Of This Section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this he purpose of this Agreement, even if furnished before the date of this
- The nondisclosure obligations of this Agreement shall survive the expiration of this Agreement for a period of two years.

# XXIII. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Regulatory Affairs, or equivalent officer, shall participate. Thereafter, for any matter that either Party wishes to bring before the CPUC for resolution, the Parties will employ the Dispute Resolution procedures set forth in pp. 36-39 of the Order, recognizing that the Parties have already escalated the dispute to the executive level as authorizing any public statement about or authorizing disclosure of the nature of the dispute to any third party. Such conference shall occur at least at the Vice President level for each Party. In the case of GTE, its Vice President, or equivalent officer, and seek resolution prior to taking any action before any court or regulator, or before dispute arising under this Agreement or related agreements the Parties may have in connection with this Agreement, the Parties shall first confer to discuss the dispute provided in the Dispute Resolution procedures. shall participate in the meet and confer meeting, and MFS's Vice President, The Parties agree that in the event of a default or violation hereunder, or for any

# XXIV. UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES

networks deployed by each and the need for swift deployment of interconnection initial tandem-level interconnections between the Parties, given the particular MFS and GTE acknowledge that the terms of this Agreement are appropriate for trunks. This Agreement shall not, therefore, be considered precedential with regard to interconnection between any other parties.

# XXV. EXECUTION IN DUPLICATE

be treated as an executed document. This Agreement may be executed in duplicate copies, and, upon said execution, shall

XXVI. NOTICES

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Any notices required by or concerning this Agreement shall be sent to the Parties at the addresses shown below, by both facsimile and by U.S. Mail:

Wayne Irwin
Director, Carrier Markets
One GTE Place, CA500CM
Thousand Oaks, CA 91362
(805) 372-8845 (Phone)
(805) 373-6248 (FAX)

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GTE Susan D. Rossi Legal Dept. One GTE Place, CA500LB Thousand Oaks, CA 91362 (805) 372-7071 (Phone) (805) 373-7515 (FAX)

MFS Intelenet, Inc.
Eric A. Artman
Director of Regulatory Affairs
185 Berry St., Suite 5100
San Francisco, CA 9 1107
(415) 882-2311 (Phone)
(415) 957-3758 (Fax)

MFS Communications Company Alex J. Harris Vice President, Regulatory Affairs 33 Whitehall St., 15th Floor New York, NY 10004 (212) 843-3051 (212) 843-3060

Each Party shall inform the other of any changes in the above addresses or telephone numbers.

Any such notice shall be effective at the end of the first business day following transmission of the facsimile notice.

AFR-10'96 (WED) 08:33 GTE SF REG AFFAIRS

MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives.

Tim McCalling

Vice President - West

Regulatory and Governmental Affairs

on behalf of

GTE

Christopher Ungion
Assistant Vice President
Local Services Development

on behalf of

MFS Communications Company

FORM APPROVED

Stand M. Curlin

Associate General Decision

Deta U/9/9/4

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# CO-CARRIER AGREEMENT NOVEMBER 17, 1995

Pursuant to this Co-Carrier Agreement ("Agreement"), MFS Intelenet of California, inc. ("MFS") and Pacific Bell ("Pacific") (collectively, "the Parties") will extend certain arrangements to one another within each LATA in which they both operate within the State of California, as described and according to the terms, conditions and pricing specified hereunder. This Agreement is an is segrated package that reflects a balancing of interests critical to the Parties. It will be submitted to the California Public Utilities Commission as a compliance filing, and the Parties will specifically request that the Commission refrain from taking any action to change, suspend or otherwise delay implementation of the Agreement. So long as the Agreement remains in effect, the Parties shall not advocate before any legislative, regulatory, or other public forum that any terms of this specific Agreement be modified or eliminated. Notwithstanding this mutual commitment, however, the Parties enter into this Agreement without prejudice to any positions they have taken previously, or may take in the future in any legislative, regulatory, or other public forum addressing any matters, including matters related to the types of arrangements prescribed by this Agreement.

# I. RECITALS & PRINCIPLES

WHEREAS, universal connectivity between competing common carriers is necessary for the termination of traffic on each carrier's network; and

WHEREAS, absent such connectivity the utility of communications services to individual consumers and to society as a whole would be severely and unnecessarily diminished; and

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WHEREAS, the Parties should be able to efficiently, flexibly, and robustly exchange traffic and signalling at well-defined and standardized points of mutually agreed interconnection; and

represent a balancing of interests critical to the parties, and for that reason will, unless otherwise agreed, implement this Agreement as an integrated package without alteration of any material term or condition, or the inclusion or deletion of terms and conditions that would serve to alter a material term or condition herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, MFS and Pacific hereby covenant and agree as follows:

# II. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" is a Feature Group D signalling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the billing number of the calling party.
- B. "Calling Party Number" or "CPN" is a Common Channel Signalling parameter which refers to the number transmitted through the network identifying the calling party.
- C. "Central Office Switch", "Central Office" or "CO" means a switching entity within the public switched telecommunications network, including but not limited to:

"End Office Switches" which are Class 5 switches from which end user Exchange Services are directly connected and offered.

"Tandem Office Switches" which are Class 4 switches which are used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among : Central Office Switches.

Central Office Switches may be employed as combination End Office/Tandem Office switches (combination Class 5/Class 4).

- D. "CLASS Features" mean certain CCS-based features available to end users. CLASS features include, but are not necessarily limited to: Automatic Call Back; Call Trace; Caller ID and Related Blocking Features; Distinctive Ringing/Call Waiting; Selective Call Forward; Selective Call Rejection.
- E. "Commission" means the California Public Utilities Commission.
- F. "Common Channel Signalling" or "CCS" means a method of digitally transmitting call set-up and network control data over a special network fully separate from the public switched network elements that carry the actual call.
- G. "Cross Connection" means an intra-wire center channel connecting the Parties' separate pieces of telecommunications equipment.

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- H. "Directory Number Call Forwarding" or "DNCF" means an interim form of Service Provider Number Portability ("SPNP") which is provided through existing and available call routing and call forwarding capabilities. DNCF will forward calls dialed to an original telephone number to a new telephone number on a multi-path basis. DNCF is not limited to listed directory numbers.
- I. "DS-1" is a digital signal rate of 1.544 Mbps (Mega Bits Per Second).
- J. "DS-3" is a digital signal rate of 44.736 Mbps.
- K. "Electronic File Transfer" refers to any system/process which utilizes an electronic format and protocol to send/receive data files.
- L. "Exchange Message Record" or "EMR" is the standard used for exchange of telecommunications message information among Local Exchange Carriers for billable, non-billable, sample, settlement and study data. EMR format is contained in BR-010-200-010 CRIS Exchange Message Record, a Bellcore document which defines industry standards for exchange message records.
- M. "Exchange Service" means a service offered to end users which provides the end user with a telephonic connection to, and a unique local telephone number address on, the public switched telecommunications network, and which enables such end user to generally place calls to, or receive calls from, other at itions on the public switched telecommunications network. Exchange Service includes basic residence and business line service, PBX trunk line service, pay phone line service,

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Centrex line service and ISDN line services. Exchange Service does not include Private Line, Toll, Switched and Special Access services.

- N. "Expanded Interconnection Service" or "EIS" is the physical collocation arrangement which Pacific provides in its designated Pacific wire centers, and shall have the same meaning as set forth in Pacific's CPUC Tariff 175-T, Sec. 16 (Advice Letter No. 17501). Under this Agreement, EIS services shall be governed by this state contract and services shall be purchased under state EIS tariffs.
- O. "Expanded Interconnection Service-Cross Connection" or "EISCC" is Pacific's cross connection service it provides in conjunction with EIS, and shall have the same meaning as set forth in Pacific's CPUC Tariff 175-T, Sec. 16 (Advice Letter No. 17501). Under this Agreement, EISCC services shall be governed by this state contract and services shall be purchased under state EIS tariffs.
- P. "Interconnection" means the connection of separate pieces of equipment, transmission facilities, etc., within, between or among networks. The architecture of interconnection may include several methods including, but not limited to, collocation arrangements.
- Q. "Interexchange Carrier" or "D(C" means a-provider of stand-alone interexchange telecommunications services.
- R. "ISDN" means integrated Services Digital Network, which is a switched network service providing en: I-to-end digital connectivity for the simultaneous transmission of voice and data. Basic Rate Interface-ISDN Page 5

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(BRI-ISDN) provides for digital transmission of two 64 Kbps bearer channels and one 16 Kbps data channel (2B + D).

"Link" means a service whereby Pacific will provide transport between the S. Minimum Point of Entry (MPOE) at an end user premise and the Pacific wire center from which the transport is extended. The Link is connected within Pacific's wire center by ar EISCC to an EIS, solely to provide an authorized Exchange Service to the end user. Links are technology neutral and the Link purchaser is not permitted to specify any technology type so long as Links meet the specifications set forth herein. following types of Links will be provided:

> "Basic Link": A Basic Link provides a two wire circuit or equivalent voice frequency channel for the transmission of analog signals with an approximate bandwidth of 300 to 3000 Hz (POTS grade). Basic Links have an expected measured loss of approximately -8 dB. Within the 300 to 3000 Hz. range, Basic Links will support repeat loop start, loop reverse battery, or ground start seizure and disconnect in one direction (toward the end office switch), and repeat ringing in the other direction (toward the end user).

"ISDN Link": An ISDN Link provides a 2-wire ISDN digital grade connection that will support digital transmission of two 64 Kbps clear channels and one 16 Kbps data channel (2B+D), suitable for provision of BRI-ISDN service. ISDN Links will have the electrical attributes such that ERI-ISDN could be provided with the ISDN Link If it were used in conjunction with Pacific's network and switches in cases which require no special electronics for loop extension

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(typically beyond 12000 fest). MFS may design its own methods for loop extension and will implement those at its own cost or may purchase from Pacific any methods used by Pacific which do not require Pacific's switch functionality.

- T. "Local Exchange Carrier" or "LEC" and "Competitive Local Carrier" or "CLC" shall have the meanings as est forth in the Commission's Rules for Local Competition, D. 95-07-054, Apr. A Sections 3.A and B, respectively.
- U. "Mest-Point Billing" or "MPB" refers to an arrangement whereby two LECs (including a LEC and a CLC) jointly provide the transport element of a switched access service to one of the LEC's (or CLC's) end office switches, with each LEC (or CLC) receiving an appropriate share of the transport element revenues as defined by their effective access tartifs.
- V. "MECAB" refers to the <u>Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB)</u> document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECAB document, published by Belicore as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, contains the recommended guidelines for the billing of an access service provided by two or more LECS (including a LEC and a CLC), or by one LEC in two or more states within a single LATA.
- W. "MECOD" refers to the <u>Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design</u>

  (MECOD) Guidelines for Access § envices Industry Support Interface, a

  document developed by the Ordering/Provisioning Committee under the

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auspices of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECOD document, published by Bellcore as Special Report SR STS-002643, establishes methods for processing orders for access service which is to be provided by two or more LECs (including a LEC and a CLC).

- X. "Multiple Bill/Multiple Tariff method" means the meet-point billing method where each LEC (or CLC) prepares and renders its own meet point bill to the DC in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the jointly-provided Switched Access Service which the LEC (or CLC) provides. The industry's MECAB documents refer to this method as "Multiple Bill/Single Tariff".
- Y. "NANP" means the "North American Numbering Plan", the system of telephone numbering employed in the United States, Canada, and certain Caribbean countries.
- Z. "Numbering Plan Area" or "NPA" is also sometimes referred to as an area code. This is the three digit indicator which is defined by the "A", "B", and "C" digits of each 10-digit telephone number within the North American Numbering Plan ("NANP"). Each NPA contains 800 possible NXX Codes. There are two general categories of NPA, "Geographic NPAs" and "Non-Geographic NPAs". A "Geographic NPA" is associated with a defined geographic area, and all telephone numbers bearing such NPA are associated with services provided within that Geographic area. A "Non-Geographic NPA", also known as a "Service Access Code" (SAC Code) is typically associated with a specialized telecommunications service which Page 8

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may be provided across multiple geographic NPA areas; 500, 800, 900, 700, and 888 are examples of Non-Geographic NPAs.

- AA. "NOX", "NOX Code", "Central Office Code" or "CO Code" is the three digit switch entity indicator which is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the North American Numbering Plan ("NANP"). Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers. Historically, entire NXX code clocks have been assigned to specific individual local exchange and office switches.
- BB. "Permanent Number Portability" means an industry (including Pacific and MFS)-agreed to, government-mandated, or Commission-approved long term solution to provide Service Provider Number Portability to customers who wish to retain their existing telaphone numbers when changing carriers.
- CC. "Rate Center" means the specific geographic point and corresponding geographic area which are associated with one or more particular NPA-NXX codes which have been assigned to a LEC (or CLC) for its provision of Exchange Survices. The "rate center point" is the finite geographic point identified by a specific V&H coordinate, which is used to measure distance-sensitive end user traffic to/from the particular NPA-NXX designations associated with the specific Rate Center. The "rate center area" is the exclusive geographic area identified as the area within which the LEC (or CLC) will provide Exchange Services bearing the particular NPA-NXX designations associated with the specific Rate Center. The Rate Center point must be located within the Rate Center area.

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- "Routing Point" means a location which a LEC or CLC has designated on DD. its own network as the homing (routing) point for traffic inbound to Exchange Services provided by the LEC or CLC which bear a certain NPA-NXX designation. The Routing Point is employed to calculate mileage measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Access Services. Pursuant to Belicore Practice BR 795-100-100, the Routing Point may be an "End Office" location, or a "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection". Pursuant to that same Belicore Practice, examples of the latter shall be designated by a common language location identifier (CLLI) code with (x)KD in positions 9, 10, 11, where (x) may be any alphanumeric A-Z or 0-9. The above referenced Belicore document refers to the Routing Point as the Rating Point. The Rating Point/Routing Point need not be the same as the Rate Center Point, nor must it be located within the Rate Center Area, but must be in the same LATA as the NPA-NXX.
- EE. "Service Provider Number Portability" or "SPNP" means the technical ability to enable an end user customer to utilize its telephone number within its current LEC or CLC wire center serving area, in conjunction with a technically compatible Exchange Service provided by any duly authorized LEC or CLC, regardless of whether the customer's chosen LEC or CLC is the carrier which originally assigned the number to the customer.
- FF. "Signal Transfer Point" or "STP" performs a packet switching function that routes signalling messages among Service Switching Points (SSPs), Service Control Points (SCPs), Signalling Points (SPs), and other STPs in order to set up calls and to query databases for advanced services.

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- GG. "Switched Access Service" means the offering of facilities for the purpose of the origination or termination of traffic to or from Exchange Services offered in a given area. Switched Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, 800 access, and 900 access. Switched Access does not include services offered over LISA and JANE facilities.
- HH. "Wire Center" denotes a building or space within a building which serves as an aggregation point on a given carrier's network, where transmission facilities and circuits are connected or switched. Wire center can also denote a building in which one or more central offices, used for the provision of Exchange Services and access services, are located. However, for purposes of EIS, Wire Center shall mean those points eligible for such connections as specified in the FCC Docket No. 91-141, and rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- II. "Local Interconnection Service Arrangement" (LISA) provides for the termination of local exchange and intraLATA telephone traffic from MFS' network to Pacific's network. While LISA connections are configured as one-way trunks for traffic transmission, they will be two-way trunks for testing purposes. LISA provides the transmission path, tandem switching and/or end office switching, and end user-termination functions to complete telephone communications from MFS' customers to Pacific's customers and customers of other LECs, CLCs, or wireless service providers that may be connected to Pacific's tendem switches in the LATA. LISA must be provided through separate trunk groups as specified herein. LISA does not provide connection to E911 or other services,

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except as specified herein. LISA is only provided where facilities and operating conditions permit, provided, each Party shall exercise reasonable steps to provide the facilities and services described herein.

JJ. "JANE" is the local interconnection service arrangement that provides for the termination of local exchange and intraLATA telephone traffic from Pacific to MFS' network. While JA' IE connections are configured as one-way trunks for traffic transmission, they will be two-way trunks for testing purposes. JANE provides those functions necessary to complete telephone communications from Pacific's customers and customers of other LECs, CLCs, or wireless service providers that may be connected to Pacific's tundem switches in the LATA, to MFS' customers. It will be offered on the same general terms and conditions as described above in the definition of LISA.

# III. NETWORK INTERCONNECTION-ARCHITECTURE

The Parties shall interconnect the trunk groups specified in Parts V., VI., and VII.(A)., as defined below:

A. In each LATA identified below, the correspondingly identified Pacific and MFS wire centers shall serve as the Initial LISA Interconnection Point ("ILIP") and Initial JANE Interconnection Point ("LIIP"), respectively, at which Pacific and MFS will interconnect their networks for interoperability within that LATA.

LATA

ILIP

LIP

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| San Francisco<br>LATA 722 | SNFCCA21<br>611 Folsom St.<br>San Francisco, Ca | 525 Market St., 6th Fir<br>San Francisco, Ca         |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| San Diego<br>LATA 732     | SNDGCA02<br>650 Robinson Ave.<br>San Diego, Ca  | SNDACADJ<br>10065 Barnes Canyon Rd.<br>San Diego, Ca |

LSANCATH LSANCAD4 Los Angeles

1149 S. Broadway, 2nd fi **LATA 730** 

> Los Angeles, Ca Los Angeles, Ca

SNECCASK

- MFS shall interconnect to MPB circuits, LISA trunk circuits, and E9-1-1 B. circuits at the ILIP, pursuant to Sections V., VI., and VII.(A) of this Agreement, respectively, through a digital hand-off at the EIS arrangement MFS maintains at each ILIP wire center. MFS shall purchase an appropriate EISCC service in order to interconnect to those trunk groups. Alternatively, MFS may interconnect to those trunk groups at the ILIP by purchasing Pacific's Special Access and, if requested, multiplexing services.
- Pacific shall interconnect to JANE trunk circuits at the IJIT pursuant to C. Section VI. of this Agreement. MFS shall provide sufficient space at or near the Minimum Point of Entry (MPCE) Pacific maintains in the LJIP wire center in order for Pacific to establish a JANE point of presence, from which Pacific may purchase cross-or innection services for interconnection to the JANE trunk groups. MFS shall charge Pacific a monthly recurring charge of \$100.00 per rack for the JANE point of presence at each LIP.

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The JANE cross connection charges shall be equal to the facility levelequivalent EISCC charges Pacific applies to MFS for LISA connections. Alternatively, Pacific may interconnect to those trunk groups at the LIP by purchasing MFS' Special Access and, if requested, multiplexing services.

- D. In the event MFS determines to offer Exchange Services in any other LATA in which Pacific also offers Exchange Services, MFS shall provide written notice to Pacific of the need to establish arrangements pursuant to this Agreement in such LATA. Such notice shall include the date on which MFS requires activation of the arrangements in that LATA, and shall be provided not less than four (4) months in advance of that date. Unless expressly agreed otherwise by the Parties in advance, one Pacific and one MFS wire center will be designated as ILIP and IJIP, respectively, in each new LATA as follows:
  - The Pacific wire center within the LATA at which MFS maintains a
    collocation facility shall be designated as the ILIP for the LATA. In
    the event MFS maintains collocation facilities at more than one
    Pacific wire center in the LATA at the time MFS' notice is delivered
    to Pacific, the co-located Pacific wire center which at that time
    handles the greatest amount of switched access traffic shall be
    designated as the ILIP for the LATA. MFS shall interconnect to
    Pacific at the ILIP in the manner described in sub-paragraph B
    above.
  - The MFS wire center within the LATA which is selected by Pacific shall be designated as the LJIP for the LATA. Where practical, the MFS wire center which MFS has designated as its initial Routing Page 14

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Point for NXX codes in that LATA shall serve as the LJIP for the LATA. Pacific's interconnection at the LJIP shall be in the manner described in sub-paragraph C above.

MFS' notice to Pacific shall identify the Pacific wire center it expects to employ as ILIP pursuant to the above. Likewise, such notice shall also identify the MFS wire center which MFS has designated as its initial Routing Point for NXX codes in the LATA. Within 10 business days of receiving MFS' notice, Pacific shall provide a written notice back to MFS confirming the ILIP and LJIP or starting reasons why the ILIP may not be appropriate and proposing an alternative.

# IV. NUMBER RESOURCE ARRANGEMENTS

- A. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to in any manner limit or otherwise adversely impact either Party's right to request and be assigned any NANP number resources including, but not limited to, central office (NXX) codes pursuant to the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines (tast published by the Industry Numbering Committee ("INC") as INC 95-0407-008, Revision 4/7/95, formerly ICCF 93-0729-010).
- B. For the term of this Agreement, MFS shall adopt the Pate Center areas and Rate Center points that the Commission-has approved for Pacific whenever MFS offers Exchange Services in an area in which Pacific is the incumbent LEC, and shall assign whole NPA-NXX codes to each Rate Center.

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- C. MFS will also designate a Routing Point for each assigned NXX code.

  MFS may designate one location within each Rate Center as the Routing

  Point for the NPA-NXXs associated with that Rate Center; alternatively,

  MFS may designate a single location within one Rate Center to serve as

  the Routing Point for all the NPA-NXXs associated with that Rate Center

  and with one or more other Rate Centers served by MFS within the same

  LATA.
- D. To the extent Pacific serves as Central Office Code Administrator for a given region, Pacific will support all MFS requests related to central office (NXX) code administration and assignments in the manner required and consistent with the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines.
- E. The Parties will comply with code administration requirements as prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission, the Commission, and accepted industry guidelines.
- F. It shall be the responsibility of each Party to program and update its own switches and network systems pursuant to the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) guidelines to recognize and route traffic to the other Party's assigned NXX codes at all times. Neither Party shall impose any fees or charges whatsoever on the other Party for such activities.
- G. Each Party shall be responsible for notifying its customers of any changes in dialing arrangements due to NPA exhaust.

# V. MEET-POINT BILLING ARRANGEMENTS

# A. Description

- Meet-point billing ("MPB") arrangements shall be established 1. between the Parties to enable MFS to provide, at its option, Switched Access Services to third parties via a Pacific access tandem switch, in accordance with the Mest-Point Billing guidelines adopted by and contained in the Ordering and Billing Forum's MECAB and MECOD document is, except as modified herein. In the case of Switched Access Services provided through Pacific's Access Tandem, Pacific will not offer blocking capability for interexchange carrier traffic delivered to Pacific's tandem for compistion on MFS' network. Pacific and MFS understand and agree that MPB arrangements are available and functional only to/from intereschange carriers who directly connect with the tendem(s) that MFS sub-tends in each LATA. In no event will Pacific be required to route such traffic through more than one tandem for connection to/from an interexchange carrier. Pacific shall have no responsibility to ensure that any interexchange Carrier will accept traffic MFS directs to the Interexchange Carrier.
  - 2. Except in instances of capacity limitations, Pacific shall permit and enable MFS to sub-tend the Pacific access tandem switch(es) nearest to the MFS Routing Point(s)-associated with the NPA-NOCK(s) to/from which the Switched Access Services are homed. In instances of capacity limitation at a given access tandem switch, MFS shall be allowed to sub-tend the next-nearest Pacific access tandem switch in which rufficient capacity is available.

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- Interconnection for the MPB arrangement shall occur at the ILIP, consistent with the terms and conditions herein. Switched Access EISCC charges shall apply to the MPB connection where such connection is made through EIS.
- Common channel signalling ("CCS") shall be utilized in conjunction
  with most-point billing arran persents to the extent such signalling is
  resident in the Pacific access tandem switch.
- 5. MFS and Pacific will use their best reasonable efforts, individually and collectively, to maintain provisions in their respective federal and state access tariffs, and/or provisions within the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this meet-point billing arrangement, including meet-point billing percentages.
- 6. As detailed in the MECAB document, MFS and Pacific will in a timely fashion exchange all information necessary to accurately, reliably and promptly bill third parties for Switched Access Services traffic jointly handled by MFS and Pacific via the meet point arrangement. Information shall be exchanged in Electronic Message Record ("EMR") format on magnetic tape or via a mutually acceptable electronic file transfer-protocol.
- 7. MFS and Pacific shall employ the calendar month billing period for meet-point billing, and shall provide each other, at no charge and once a month (unless otherwise mutually agreed between the Parties), the switched access detailed usage data. Pacific will Page 18

provide MFS with the switched access detailed usage data within 10 days of the end of the calendar month billing period. MFS will provide to Pacific the switched access summary usage data within 45 days of receipt from Pacific of the switched access detailed usage data.

8. MPB will not apply for calls redirected from Pacific's switched access to Pacific's DNCF survice over JANE trunks to MFS. Instead, Pacific shall retain all of the switched access charges associated with this traffic and MFS shall receive Reciprocal Compensation as provided in Section VI. below.

### B. Compansation

1.

Dilling to 3rd-parties (including any future interexchange entities operated by Pacific or its affiliates) for the Switched Access Services jointly provided by MFS and Pacific via the meet-point billing arrangement shall be according to the multiple-bill/multiple-tartif method. However, upon mutual agreement, Pacific will also bill jointly provided switched access services through a single bill/multiple tartiff arrangement. Switched Access charges to 3rd-parties shall be calculated utilizing the rates specified in MFS' and Pacific's respective federal and state access tartiffs, in conjunction with the appropriate meet-point billing percentages specified for each meet-point arrangement either in those tartiffs, in the NECA No. 4 tartiff, or any functional successor to the NECA No. 4 tartiff.

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2. MPB will apply to all traffic bearing the 800, 888, or any other non-geographic NPA which may be likewise designated for such traffic in the future, where the responsible party is an IXC. In those situations where the responsible party for such traffic is a LEC or CLC, full switched access rates will be charged to the responsible LEC or CLC.

# VI. RECIPROCAL TRAFFIC EXCHANGE ARRANGEMENT

### A. Description

The Parties shall reciprocally terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll calls originating on each others' networks, as follows:

- The Parties shall make available to each other the following trunk connections for the reciprocal exchange of local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic:
  - a. Pacific shall make available to MFS at the ILIP, trunk connections over which MFS may terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic. These trunk connections shall be designated as "LISA trunks".
  - b. MFS shall make available to Pacific at the IJIP, trunk connections over which Pacific may terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic. These trunk connections shall be designated as "JANE trunks".

Initial LISA trunks will be configured into a single consolidated trunk 2. group over which MFS may terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll on a LATA-wide basis (including local exchange traffic and intraLATA toil traffic to other LECs, CLCs, or wireless service providers which sub-tend Pacific's access tandems). The initial LISA facility connection will be made at the DS-3 level, with additional trunk capacity added in DS-1 or multiple DS-1 increments. Pursuant to the Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan prescribed in point 4, below, appropriate numbers of LISA trunks shall be separated into segregated LISA trunk groups. Further, pursuant to the Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan, segnigated LISA trunk group shall be configured as a direct trunk group connection from a specific end office or tandem switch in MFS' network, to a specific end office or tandem switch in Pacific's network. When segregated trunk groups are established under the Joint Grooming Plan, then pursuant to MFS' sole preference, Pacific will make available, and MFS will interconnect to each subsequently segregated LISA trunk group at: (1) the ILIP; (2) the wire center housing the Pacific switch to which the segregated LISA trunk group is terminated; or (3) any Pacific wire center which is designated as a serving wire center for access purposes, where the distance between such wire center and the wire center housing the Pacific switch to which the segregated LISA trunk group is terminated, is no greater than the distance between the ILIP and the wire center housing the Pacific switch to which the segregated LISA trunk group is terminated. Where MFS interconnects to LISA trunk groups at points other than the ILIP, interconnection shall

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occur under the same terms as specified for interconnection at the ILIP in Section III.B of this Agreement.

Initial JANE trunks will be configured into a single consolidated 3. trunk group over which Pacific may terminate local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll on a LATA-wide basis to MFS (including local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic originated by other LECs. CLCs, or wireless service providers). The initial JANE facility connection will be made it the DS-3 level, with additional trunk capacity added in DS-1 or multiple DS-1 increments. Pursuant to the Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan described in point 4, below, appropriate numbers of JANE trunks shall be separated into segregated JANE trunk groups. Further, pursuant to the Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan, each segregated JANE trunk group shall be configured as a direct trunk group connection from a specific end office or tendem switch in Pacific's network, to a specific end office or tandem switch in MFS' network. When segregated trunk groups are established under the Joint Grooming Plan, then pursuant to Pacific's sole preference, MFS will make available, and Pacific will interconnect to each subsequently segregated JANE trunk group at: (1) the IJIP; (2) the wire center housing the MFS switch to which the segregated JANE trunk group is terminated; or (3) any MFS wire center which is designated as a serving wire center for access purposes, where the distance between such wire center and the wire center housing the MFS switch to which the segregated JANE trunk group is terminated, is no greater than the distance between the UIP and the wire center housing the MFS switch to which the segregated JANE trunk group Page 22

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is terminated. Where Pacific interconnects to JANE trunk groups at points other than the LJIP, interconnection shall occur under the same terms as specified for interconnection at the LJIP in Section III.C of this agreement.

- Interconnection Grooming Plan prescribing standards to ensure that traffic exchanged over the LISA and JANE trunk groups experiences a consistent P.01 or better grade of service, and other appropriate, relevant industry-accepted quality, reliability and availability standards. Such plan shall also include mutually-agreed upon standards for the configuration of segregated LISA trunk groups and segregated JANE trunk groups. In addition, the plan shall also include standards and procedures for notification of trunk disconnections and discoveries of trunk disconnections; neither Party shall be expected to maintain active status for a trunk disconnected by the other Party for an extended or indefinite period of time. The Parties will use their best collective good faith efforts to complete and agree on such plan within 90 days following uxecution of this agreement.
- 5. The Parties will provide Common Channel Signalling (CCS) to one another, where and as available, in conjunction with all LISA and JANE trunk groups. The Parties will cooperate in the exchange of Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) messages to facilitate full inter-operability of CCS-based features between their respective networks, including all CLASS features and functions, to the extent each carrier offers such features and functions to its own.

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end users. All CCS signalling parameters will be provided including calling party number (CPN), originating line information (OLI) calling party category, charge number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored. Where available, network signalling information such as Carrier Identification Parameter (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-CCS environment) will be provided wherever such information is needed for call routing or billing. The Parties will follow all Ordering and Billing Forum adopted standards pertaining to CIC/OZZ codes. Where CCS is not available, in-band multi-frequency (MF) wink start signalling will be provided; this MF arrangement will require a separate LISA trunk group between MFS' switch and Pacific's access tandem. After March 1, 1996, the Parties shall establish segregated LISA and JANE trunk groups as needed to allow for ISDN interoperability utilizing the B8ZS ESF protocol for 64 kbps clear channel transmission.

- The Parties shall establish CCS interconnections STP-to-STP in 6. each LATA where MFS provides service. Such interconnections shall be made at the ILIP and/or other points, as necessary and as jointly agreed to by the parties.
- 7. The terms of the Joint Interconnection Grooming Plan specified in point 4, above, notwithstanding, MFS-may opt at any time to terminate to Pacific some or all local exchange traffic and intraLATA toll traffic originating on its network, together with switched access traffic, via Feature Group D Switched Access services MFS may otherwise purchase from Pacific, subject to the rates, terms and conditions specified in Pacific's standard intrastate

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FGD access tariffs. Neither Party shall terminate switched access traffic over LISA or JANE trunks.

# B. Compensation

- The following reciprocal compensation rates shall apply for traffic carried between Pacific and MFS via LISA or JANE trunks:
  - a. Blended rate: \$.0067 per minute.
  - b. Local rate: \$.0075 per minute.
  - c. Toli rate: \$.914 per minute.
  - d. LISA transit rate: \$.0065 per minute.
  - a. JANE transit rate: \$.00 per minute. (No charge.)
- Measurement of billing minutes of use over LISA/JANE trunk groups shall be in actual conversation seconds. The total conversation seconds over each individual LISA/JANE trunk group will be totaled for the entire monthly bill-round and then rounded to the next whole minute.
- 3. Pacific shall track and total each month the conversation seconds for which it performed DNCF and then routed such traffic to MFS over JANE trunks. Pacific shall supply this total number of conversation seconds to MFS each month for each JANE trunk group. MFS shall charge Pacific for these conversation seconds at the Blended rate specified above. MFS shall track and total each month the conversation seconds for which it performed DNCF and then routed such traffic to Pacific over LISA trunks. MFS shall Page 25

month for each LISA trunk group. Pacific shall charge MFS for these conversation seconds at the Blended rate specified above.

- Each Party shall determine the traffic type for each call it receives
  from the other Party over a LISA/JANE trunk, by comparing the
  Calling Party Number (CPN) in the call record to the called party
  number in the record.
  - For the total conversation seconds where the CPN is not present in the call record, the Toll rate specified above shall apply.
  - b) For the total conversation seconds on JANE trunks where the CPN bears an NPA-NXX assigned to a third party LEC, CLC, or wireless service provider the JANE transit rate specified above shall apply. For the total conversation seconds on LISA trunks where the called party number bears an NPA-NXX assigned to a third party LEC, CLC, or wireless service provider the LISA transit rate specified above shall apply.
  - c) For the total conversation seconds where the CPN bears an NPA-NXX assigned to the other Party, where such NPA-NXX is associated with a rate center point more than 12 miles from the rate center point of the called party number, the Toll rate specified above shall apply.

- 9 For the total conversation seconds where the CPN bears an number of total conversation seconds charged at the of the rate center point of the called party number, that NXX is associated with a rate center point within 0-12 miles NPA-NXX assigned to the other Party, where such NPA-Blended rate per paragraph 3, above, shall be subtracted and the remainder shall be billed at the Local rate apacified
- . For BLV/BLVI calls on LISA/JANE trunks, and DA calls over Sections VII.D. and VII.E., respectively, shall apply JANE trunks, only the charges specified for those calls in

To the extent that in any given billing period one Party is unable to other Party shall provide, percentage of use factors for all traffic determine traffic type as specified above, it shall request, and the which the second Party terminated to the first over LISA/JANE

٠. ..

C hours or for additional testing beyond normal testing, when such
Page 27 in addition, labor charges to work outside of normal day business charges for LISA and JANE trunks shall be: (1) to the tande Pacific non-recurring charges for LISA trunks, and Pacific shall pay charges for LISA and JANE trunks. However, MFS shall pay Pacific and MFS shall impose no per trunk monthly recurring \$530 for the first trunk and \$8 each additional trunk; and (2) to the MFS non-recurring charges for JANE trunks. and office, \$650 for the first trunk and \$6 for each additional trunk The non-recurring

work or testing is requested by either Party, shall apply to the Party requesting that the work be performed.

# VII. ANCILLARY PLATFORM ARRANGEMENTS

# A E9-1-1

1. Pacific will provide E9-1-1 service to MFS under the terms and conditions of its E9-1-1 tariff proposal in I.95-04-43 and R.95-04-044. When such tariff is approved by the Commission, to the extent it establishes lower rates and charges than those contained in this Agreement, such lower rates and charges shall apply and Pacific will credit MFS the difference between what it has paid Pacific under this agreement and what MFS would have paid Pacific under the approved tariff. This credit shall be for an amount of no more than the difference in rates and charges for three months of E-9-1-1 charges under this agreement.

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 Pacific will provide Enhanced 9-1-1 (E9-1-1) service to MFS at the following rates and charges:

| Service  | Non-Recurring<br>Charge | Monthly Ratio                                   |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Network  |                         |   |
| CAMA Trunk (Minimum of 2 trunks required)  | \$741 (per trunk)       | \$26 (per trunk)<br>\$2 per mile<br>(per trunk) |
| Data Management  |                         |   |
| <ul> <li>E9-1-1 Tandem Switching<br/>(per 1,000 records)</li> </ul>                                    |                         | \$15  |
| Data Management Support<br>and storage, selective routing,<br>and ALI retrieval (per 1,000<br>records) |                         | \$99  |
| Manual Input of MFS     subscriber records (per 100     records input in a one month     period)       | \$342                   |   |
| Error Correction of MFS subscriber records (per record)  | \$3.50                  |   |
| Charge for MSAG (per<br>County/per sort)   | \$60                    |   |
| ACES Card Management (per card)  |                         | \$6   |
| ACES Card replacement (lost or stolen)   | \$140                   |   |

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- 3. Pacific will provide MFS with an electronic interface from which MFS may input and update subscriber records. To the extent this electronic interface is not available by February 1, 1996, Pacific will waive any charges associated with manual input of subscriber records until such time as the interface is made available.
- Pacific and MFS will work cooperatively to arrange meetings with PSAPs to answer any technical questions the PSAPs or County coordinators may have regarding the E9-1-1 portions of this agreement.

# B. Transfer of Service Announcements

When an end user customer changes from Pacific to MFS, or from MFS to Pacific, and does not retain its original telephone number, the Party formerly providing service to the end user will provide a transfer of service announcement on the abandoned telephone number. Each Party will provide this referral service consistent with its tariff. This announcement will provide details on the new number to be dialed to reach this customer.

# C. Coordinated Repair Calls

MFS and Pacific will employ the following procedures for handling misdirected repair calls:

 MFS and Pacific will educate their respective customers as to the correct telephone numbers to call in order to access their respective repair bureaus.

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- 2. To the extent the correct provider can be determined, misdirected repair calls will be referred to the proper provider of local exchange service in a courteous manner, at no charge, and the end user will be provided the correct contact telephone number. In responding to repair calls, neither Party shall make disparaging remarks about each other, nor shall they use these repair calls as the basis for internal referrals or to solicit customers to market services. Either Party may respond with accurate information in answering customer questions.
- MFS and Pacific will provide their respective repair contact numbers to one another on a reciprocal basis.

# D. Busy Line Verification and Interrupt

# 1. Description

- a. Each Party shall establish procedures whereby its operator bureau will coordinate with the operator bureau of the other Party in order to provide Busy Line Verification ("BLV") and Busy Line Varification and Interrupt ("BLVI") services on calls between their respective end users.
- BLV and BLVI inquiries between operator bureaus shall be routed over the LISA and JANE trunks.

# 2. Compensation

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Each Party shall charge the other Party for BLV and BLVI at the rates contained in Pacific's CPUC tariff 175-T.

## E Directory Assistance (DA)

#### 1. Description

At MFS' request, Pacific will:

- a. Provide to MFS over the LISA trunks unbranded directory assistance service which is comparable in every way to the directory essistance service Pacific makes available to interexchange carriers.
- b. In conjunction with sub-paragraph (a) above, provide calisroptional directory assistance call completion service which is comparable in every way to the directory assistance call completion service Pacific generally makes available to its own end users, to the extent Pacific generally offers such service to its end users.

#### 2. Compensation

Pacific shall charge MFS for DA services at the rates contained in Pacific's CPUC tariff 175-T.

# F. Directory Listings and Directory Distribution

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The terms specified in this section shall apply to MFS customer numbers falling within NXX codes directly assigned to MFS, and to MFS customer telephone numbers which are retained by MFS pursuant to SPNP as described in Section IX.

Pacific publishes and distributes white pages directories through its 1. wholly owned subsidiary, Pacific Bell Directory (PBD), which acts as its agent for the white pages. PBD also publishes and distributes yellow pages directories which PBD owns. Pacific and PBD will deal with subscribers of MFS on the same basis and in the identical manner as they deal with subscribers of Pacific respecting inclusion in and delivery of white and yellow pages directories (including all hard copy and electronic directories). Respecting inclusion in white pages directuries, the Parties shall use their best reasonable efforts to develop and implement a process whereby MFS will be able to review and correct proofs of its customers' white pages listings in advance of directory publication. Respecting inclusion in and delivery of yellow pages directories. PBD will not discriminate against subscribers of MFS who seek advertising in the yellow pages by reason of their affiliation with MFS, but with respect to these subscribers, PBD will use the same criteria in determining whether or not to publish advertisements and listings in the yellow pages as it uses for its other customers or potential customers for advertising.

By reason of this agreement, PBD assumes no liability toward MFS or toward any of its subscribers for errors in or omissions of advertisements or listings in the above-mentioned directories.

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PBD's liability, if any, for such arrors or omissions shall be governed solely by its separate contracts with its individual customers, and shall be determined for MFS customers on the same basis as is the case for Pacific's customers. There are no third party beneficiaries to this agreement with respect to the commitments made on behalf of PBD herein.

Pacific will work cooperatively with MFS to ensure that Yellow Page advertisements purchased by customers who switch their service to MFS (including customers utilizing MFS-essigned telephone numbers and MFS customers utilizing SPNP) are maintained without interruption.

The services described in this sub-paragraph (1) will be provided without charge, provided Pacific's standard charges or tariff rates for white page or yellow page listings or advertising options not described in this sub-paragraph (1) shall apply for such services.

- 2. MFS will provide Pacific with its directory listings and daily updates to those listings in an industry-accepted format; Pacific will include MFS' customers in directory assistance databases associated with the areas in which MFS provides Exchange Services to such customers. Pacific will provide MFS with the proper format which MFS shall employ in submitting directory listings and daily updates.
- MFS and Pacific will accord MFS' directory listing information the same level of confidentiality which Pacific accords its own directory listing information, and Pacific shall ensure that access to MFS' Page 34

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customer proprietary confidential directory information will be limited solely to those Pacific employees who are directly involved in the preparation of listings.

# G. Information Pages - Customer Guide Pages

Pacific will include in the "Information Pages" or comparable section of its White Pages Directories for a reas served by MFS, listings provided by MFS for MFS' installation, repair and customer service and other service oriented information including appropriate identifying logo. Such listings shall appear in the manner and likeness as such information appears for Pacific and other LECs or CLCs. Reasonable non-discriminatory charges per page (or fraction of a page; limit of no more than one full page in a directory) will apply for this service, as identified in Pacific's CPUC 175T tariff, Section 9.2.6. To the extent this service is required prior to effectiveness of an appropriate CLC rate, the rate currently listed for long distance company provision of similar information shall apply.

#### H. Information Services Billing and Collection

- MFS shall deliver calls originated over MFS-provided Exchange Services to Pacific's information services platform (e.g., 976) by rousing such traffic over the LISA trunks.— MFS retains the right to block such calls.
- For the calls identified in sub-paragraph H (1) above, MFS will
  provide an electronic file transfer or daily or monthly magnetic tape
  containing recorded call detail information to Pacific. Pacific will
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provide on a per call basis the information providers' charge for each such call in the same manner as Pacific would rate the call for its own end users, and in the same manner that Pacific provides such rated information to other LECs. Pacific will return the rated calls to MFS via tapa or electronic file transfer for billing to MFS' end user customers. MFS will bill and collect such end user charges, and remit the amounts collected to Pacific, less \$.05 per call. MFS will identify any end user customer adjustments (calls where end users deny responsibility) and Pacific will credit such adjustments.

#### VIII. LINK SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

#### A. Description

Pacific shall, effective April 1, 1996, provide Basic Links to MFS. Pacific shall make the following quantities available to MFS, irrespective of any other carrier's demand: for the month of April, 1000 Basic Links; for the month of May, 1500 Basic Links; for the month of June, 2000 Basic Links; for the month of July, 3000 Basic Links; and for the month of August, 5000 Basic Links. Beginning September, 1996 Links can be ordered through Pacific's mechanized ordering process and the only quantity limitation is that no more than 30,000 Links can be provided to MFS during calendar year 1996. ISDN Links will be available beginning October 1, 1996. Testing of Basic Links and Basic Link ordering procedures will begin February 21, 1996 to the extent those ordering procedures are available.

- Links may be interconnected to collocated transport facilities
   maintained or designated by MFS via an EISCC service.
- The installation, maintenance, and repair intervals for Links will be 2 comparable to the current installation, maintenance, and repair intervals offered on Pacific's local exchange services in the applicable geographic area, and shall be guided by the following Pacific will provide MFS with cable and pair quidelines. information on the MPOE at the customer's premise sufficient to allow MFS to connect to customer premise wiring. A Business Basic Link can be provisioned within the same period of time Pacific provisions its 1MB service requiring field work (wiring), plus one day; 1MB service is normally provisioned within 3-5 days. For a Residence Basic Link, the interval shall be the same applicable to 1FR service requiring field work (wiring), within the applicable geographic area, plus one day. For project type work (e.g., 100 lines at the same location), provisioning intervals can be substantially greater (e.g., 12 days) than those that apply to 1MB service. Unless otherwise agreed, provisioning will occur during normal business hours, and work requested by MFS out of normal business hours will result in additional charges, as specified in Pacific's CPUC Tariff 175-T, Section 13.2.6 (A). In addition, coordination on Link installation shall be performed in the following manner:

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- The non-recurring charge for Basic Links includes all charges for order entry, installation, and cross-connection to the MFS EIS;
- Business Basic Links ordered in Zone 1: On each Link order in a wire center, MFS and Pacific will agree on a cutover time at least 48 hours before that cutover time. The cutover time will be defined as a 30 minute window within which both the MFS and Pacific personnel will make telephone contact to complete the cutover.

Within the appointed 30 minute cutover time, the MFS person will call the Pacific person designated to perform cross-connection work and when the Pacific person is reached in that interval such work will be promptly performed. If the MFS person falls to call or is not ready within the appointed interval and if MFS had not called to reschedule the work at least 2 hours prior to the start of the interval, Pacific and MFS will reschedule the work order and MFS will pay the non-recurring charge for the Link or Links scheduled for the missed appointment. In addition, non-recurring charges for the rescheduled appointment will

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apply. If the Pacific person is not available or not ready at any time during the 30 minute interval, MFS and Pacific will reschedule and Pacific will waive the non-recurring charge for the Link or Links scheduled for that interval. standard time expected from disconnection of service on a line to the connection of the Link to the MFS EIS is 5 minutes. If Pacific causes a line to be out of service due solely to its failure for more than 15 minutes, Pacific will waive the non-recurring charge for that Link. If unusual or unexpected circumstances prolong or extend the time required to accomplish the coordinated cut-over, the Party responsible for such circumstances is responsible for the reasonable labor charges of the other Party. Delays caused by the customer are the responsibility of MFS. In addition, if MFS has ordered DNCF as part of the Link installation, Pacific will coordinate implementation of DNCF with the Link installation; provided, separate DNCF installation charges will apply.

c. For Business Links in Zones 2 and 3, and all Residence Links in Zones 1, 2, and 3, Pacific's intrastate CPUC 175-T, Section 13.2.6 (C) rates and terms will apply for service coordination. If the Commission has established rates and service terms in its OANAD proceeding for installation and coordination of Basic Links by January 1, 1997, then those non-recurring rates and service terms shall be applied in lieu of the non-recurring rates and service terms specified in this section VIII.A.2. If the Commission has not established such rates and service terms by January 1, 1997, the non-recurring rates and service terms in this section VIII.A.2 shall continue to apply until the Commission establishes different non-recurring rates and service terms.

d.

- 3. In the case of service to existing Pacific customers that are becoming MFS customers for which MFS is using Pacific's Link service, MFS can submit a single order disconnecting the existing service (so long as a customer agency letter is provided), ordering of the Link, and request for DNCF, all through Pacific's CESAR ordering system. Separate internal processes within Pacific will apply to the disconnect of existing service, establishment of the Link, and completion of DNCF order.
- 4. Pacific will bill all Links purchased by MFS (either directly or by previous assignment by a customer) on two consoliciated statements in the following manner. Links will be listed by a circuit identification number on the bill, along with a wire center identification and customer premise street address. The bill will

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to select one of three bill rounds. MFS will have to establish separate billing accounts for Southern and Northern California.

- Pacific will permit MFS to collocate facilities on the same basis that such facilities are place I today under Pacific's EIS tariffs.
- Beginning September 1, 1996, Pacific will provide MFS with an appropriate on-line electronic interface by which MFS may place, verify and receive confirmation of orders for Links, and issue and track trouble-ticket and repair requests associated with Links.

#### B. Compensation

Pacific shall charge non-recurring and a monthly recurring rate as set forth below for each Link and EISCC, plus applicable multiplexing, if requested.

MFS shall cooperate with Pacific in obtaining a waiver at the FCC for the interestate EUCL and CCL such that it can be charged directly to MFS.

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#### BASIC LINKS

#### · Recurring Rates:

EISCC recurring monthly charge, \$1.31 Basic Link (including EUCL and CCL):

| - | 555 | 03 | 0  | 37 | Е. | _ |
|---|-----|----|----|----|----|---|
| ы |     |    | HΑ |    |    |   |
| - | •   |    |    |    |    | - |

| Zone 1  | Zone 2  | Zone 3  |
|---------|---------|---------|
| \$12.50 | \$14.50 | \$19.50 |

Residence

| Zone 1  | Zone 2  | Zone 3  |  |
|---------|---------|---------|--|
| \$13.90 | \$17.00 | \$21.40 |  |

Business Link Zones are defined as shown in Attachment A; Residence Link Zones are defined as shown in Attachment B

#### . Non-recurring rates:

Business Links Zone 1: Combined non-recurring charge for each Basic Link and a corresponding EISCC: \$70.75. This non-recurring charge covers all work required to establish a working Business Basic Link, including acceptance of the Link order, processing the order, and cross-connecting the Link to the EIS.

Business Basic Links Zones 2 and 3 and Residence Basic Links Zones 1, 2, and 3: \$200 for the first Basic Link, plus \$110 for each additional Basic

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Link that is contained on the same order with the same cut-over date for connection at the same end user MPOE.

#### ISDN LINKS:

#### · Recurring Rates:

EISCC recurring monthly charge, \$1.31 ISDN Link (including EUCL and CCL):

| Business |         |         |  |
|----------|---------|---------|--|
| Zone 1   | Zone 2  | Zone 3  |  |
|          | \$21.75 | \$29.25 |  |
| \$18.75  | 961119  |         |  |

Residence: Rates and availability to be determined in the Commission's OANAD proceeding (R. 93-04-003).

#### · Non-recurring rates:

For both Business and Residence ISDN:

Combined non-recurring charge for each Basic Link and a corresponding EISCC: to be established in the OANAD proceedings and until such charge is established in that proceeding it will be determined on an individual case basis.

# IX. SERVICE PROVIDER NUMBER PORTABILITY ARRANGEMENTS

#### A. Description

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Pacific and MFS will provide Service Provider Number Portability ("SPNP") on a reciprocal basis between their networks to enable each of their end user customers to utilize telephone numbers associated with an Exchange Service provided by one Party, in conjunction with an Exchange Service provided by the other Party, upon the coordinated or simultaneous termination of the first Exchange Service and activation of the second Exchange Service.

- MFS and Pacific will provide reciprocal SPNP immediately upon execution of this agreement via DNCF. DNCF shall operate as follows:
  - a. A customer of Party A elects to become a customer of Party
    B. The customer elects to utilize the original telephone
    number(s) corresponding to the Exchange Service(s) it
    previously received from Party A, in conjunction with the
    Exchange Service(s) it will now receive from Party B. Upon
    receipt of a signed letter of agency from the customer (and
    an associated service order) assigning the number to Party
    B, Party A will implement an arrangement whereby all calls
    to the original telephone number(s) will be forwarded on a
    multiple-path basis (if requested) to (a) new telephone
    number(s) designated by Party B. Party A will route the
    forwarded traffic to Party B over the LISA or JANE trunks as
    if the call was a call which had originated on Party-A's
    network.
    - b. Party B will become the customer of record for the original

      Party A telephone numbers subject to the DNCF

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arrangements. Party A will provide Party B a single consolidated master billing statement for all collect and billed to 3rd-number calls associated with those numbers, with sub-account detail by retained number. Such billing statement shall be delivered in an agreed upon format via either electronic file transfer, daily magnetic tape, or monthly magnetic tape.

- c. Party A may cantel line-based calling cards and will, as directed by Party B, update its Line information Database ("LIDB") listings for retained numbers associated with those forwarded numbers.
- d. Within two (2) business days of receiving notification from the customer, Party B shall notify Party A of the customer's termination of service with Party B, and shall further notify Party A as to the Customer's instructions regarding its telephone number(s). Party A will reinstate service to the customer, cancel the DNCF arrangement, or redirect the DNCF arrangement pursuant to the customer's instructions at that time.
- 2. DNCF will not forward ISDN data calls. --
- Pacific and MFS will migrate from DNCF to Permanent Number
   Portability as soon as practically possible, without interruption of service (to the degree possible) to their respective customers.

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#### B. Compensation

MFS and Pacific shall provide DNCF arrangements to one another at a rate of \$3.25 per number per month, plus any otherwise applicable charges for authorized collect and billed-to-3rd-number billed calls billed to the retained numbers. Additionally, a per number non-recurring charge of \$31.75 shall apply; provided, however, either Party shall have the option of paying \$75 for the first DNCF ordered in each wire center, plus \$8 for each additional DNCF requested with the same order and in the same wire center. Each Party shall, by December 15, 1995, and by December 15 of each subsequent year, notify the other Party of its selection (or change of selection) of the non-recurring charge option for the following year. The selection shall remain in place for the entire subsequent year.

## X. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- A. Pacific and MFS agree to treat each other fairly, non-discriminatorily, and equally for all items included in this Agreement, or related to the support of items included in this Agreement.
- B. MFS and Pacific will work cooperatively to minimize fraud associated with 3rd-number billed calls, calling card calls, or any other services related to this Agreement. The parties fraud minimization procedures are to be cost effective and implemented so as not to unduly burden or harm one party as compared to the other.

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- C. MFS and Pacific agree to promptly exchange all necessary records for the proper billing of all traffic.
- D. MFS and Pacific will review engineering requirements on a quarterly basis and establish forecasts for trunk utilization, LISA/JANE trunks, MPB arrangements, E9-1-1, EISCC facility requirements, quantities of DNCF, Links and other services provided i nder this Agreement. Pacific and MFS will work together to begin providing these forecasts by December 15, 1995. New trunk groups will be implemented as dictated by engineering requirements for both Pacific and MFS. Pacific and MFS are required to provide each other the proper call information (e.g., originated call party number and destination call party number, etc.) to enable each company to bill in a complete and timely fashion.
- E. The Parties will cooperate by exchanging technical information in order to identify and explore potential solutions to enable MFS to establish unique Rate Centers, or to assign a single NXX code across multiple Rate Centers.
- F. MFS and Pacific will work jointly and cooperatively in developing and implementing common manual and/or electronic interfaces (including, for example, data elements, data format, and data transmission) from which to place service orders and trouble reports involving the provision of Links, DNCF, Directory Assistance, Directory Listings, E9-1-1, and other services included in this Agreement. To the extent reasonable, MFS and Pacific will utilize the standards established by industry fora, such as OBF. Specifically with respect to the data elements in the manual and/or electronic interface to Pacific's Directory Listings, Pacific agrees not to Page 47

require MFS to enter the exchange name associated with the telephone number assigned to MFS' customer. Where MFS does not supply the exchange name, Pacific will use the MFS customer's telephone number to determine the exchange name to be supplied to Pacific Bell Directory.

#### XI. IERM

Except as provided herein, MFS and Pacific agree to provide service to each other on the terms defined in this Agreement for a term of two years, and thereafter the Agreement shall continue in force and effect unless and until terminated as provided herein. Either party may terminate this Agreement by providing written notice of termination to the other party, such written notice to be provided at least 60 days in advance of the date of termination; provided, no such termination shall be effective prior to January 1, 1997. In the event of such termination as described herein, for service arrangements made available under this Agreement and existing at the time of termination, those arrangements shall continue without interruption under either a) a new agreement executed by the Parties, b) standard interconnection terms and conditions approved and made genurally effective by the Commission, or c) tartiff terms and conditions generally available to CLCs; provided, for service arrangements made available under this Agreement and existing at the time of termination, if the standard interconnection terms and conditions or tariff terms and conditions result in the non-terminating Party physically rearranging facilities or incurring programming expense, the non-terminating Party shall be entitled to recover such rearrangement or programming costs from the terminating Party. By mutual agreement, MFS and Pacific may amend this Agreement to extend the term of this Agreement. Also by mutual agreement, Pacific and MFS may jointly petition the appropriate

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regulatory bodies for permission to have this Agreement supersede any future standardized agreements or rules such as regulators might adopt or approve.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither party may terminate this Agreement unless and to the extent that it is superseded by another agreement or until standard arrangements or general tariff terms and conditions generally available to CLCs are effective.

#### XI. INSTALLATION

Pacific and MFS shall effectuate all the terms of this agreement by January 1, 1996. By December 15, 1995, MFS and Pacific shall agree upon a detailed implementation plan to begin implementation of LISA and JANE facilities, MBP arrangements, E-911 trunking, and DNCF services. The parties intend that orders for these services will be placed beginning on December 20, 1995, and that such services would be fully operational (consistent with California law) by February 1, 1996. By January 16, 1996 Pacific and MFS shall agree upon a detailed implementation plan to begin implementation of Directory Assistance, Directory Listings, and the ordering, provisioning, and billing systems and processes associated with these systems.

## XII. NETWORK MANAGEMENT AND SERVICE MAINTENANCE

MFS and Pacific will work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network.

MFS and Pacific will exchange appropriate information (e.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the Government, etc.) to achieve this desired reliability.

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MFS and Pacific will work cooperatively to apply sound network management principles by invoking network management controls to alleviate or to prevent congestion.

MFS and Pacific will cooperatively plan and implement coordinated repair procedures to ensure customer trouble reports are resolved in a timely and appropriate manner.

#### XIII. FORCE MAJEURE

Neither Party shall be responsible for delays or failures in performance resulting from acts or occurrences beyond the reasonable control of such Party, regardless of whether such delays or failures in performance were forseen or foreseeable as of the date of this Agreement, including, without limitation: fire, explosion, power failure, acts of God, war, revolution, civil commotion, or acts of public enemies; any law, order, regulation, ordinance or requirement of any government or legal body; or labor unrest, including, without limitation, strikes, slowdowns, picketing or boycotts; or delays caused by the other Party or by other service or equipment vendors; or any other circumstances beyond the Party's reasonable control. In such event, the Party affected shall, upon giving prompt notice to the other Party, be excused from such performance on a day-today basis to the extent of such interference (and the other Party shall likewise be excused from performance of its obligations on a day-for-day basis to the extent such Party's obligations relate to the performance so interfered with). The affected Party shall use its best efforts to avoid or remove the cause of nonperformance and both parties shall proceed to perform with dispatch once the causes are removed or cease.

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## XIV. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Except as otherwise provided herein, neither Party shall be liable to the other in connection with the provision of use of services offered under this Agreement for indirect, incidental, consequential, reliance or special damages, including (without limitation) damages for tost profits, regardless of the form of action, whether in contract, indemnity, warn my, strict liability, or tort, including (without limitation) negligence of any kind.

#### XV. ASSIGNMENT

This Agreement may not be assigned by either Party without 60 days advance written notice and the written consent of the other Party, provided neither Party shall unreasonably withheld such consent. However, no consent will be required in the event of assignment to an affiliate or subsidiary.

#### XVI. DEFAULT

Party violates any other provision of this Agreement, and such default or violation shall continue for thirty days after written notice thereof, the other Party may terminate this Agreement forthwith by written instrument. The failure of either Party to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement or the waiver thereof in any instance shall not be construed as a general waiver or relinquishment of its part of any such provision, but the same shall, nevertheless, be and remain in full force and effect.

Notwithstanding the Limitation of Liabilities provision set forth above, the Parties agree that should Pacific under fill the Basic Link orders in a given month by the larger of (a) 500 Basic Links ordered by MFS or (b) 25% of the Basic Links ordered by MFS (provided that for the months April, May, June, July, and August, 1996 said ordered amount shall never be higher than the Link caps for those months), and such failure is due in no part to the actions or inactions of MFS, that this would give rise to damages which would be impractical or extremely difficult to determine. In such went, MFS shall give written notice to Pacific of the failure, and Pacific shall have 30 days after receipt of such notice to cure the defect by providing the number of Basic Links ordered by MFS. consistent with the monthly Link caps provided herein. If 30 days following such notice Pacific has falled to provide the number of Basic Links necessary to cure the defect, Pacific shall pay to MFS a daily liquidated damages amount of \$7,500 for each day that the amount necessary to cure the defect remains unfilled. Further accruals of this daily penalty shall terminate when either Party terminates the Agreement pursuant to Section XI.

# XVII. NONDISCLOSURE

- A. All information, including but not limited to specifications, microfilm, photocopies, magnetic dieks, magnetic tapes, drawings, sketches, models, samples, tools, technical information, data, employee records, maps, financial reports, and market data, (i) furnished by one Party to the other Party dealing with customer specific, facility specific, or usage specific information, other than customer information communicated for the purpose of publication or directory database inclusion, or (ii) in written, graphic, electromagnetic, or other tangible form and marked at the time of delivery as "Confidential" or "Proprietary", or (iii) communicated orelly and declared to the receiving Party at the time of delivery, or by written notice given to the receiving Party within ten (10) days after delivery, to be "Confidential" or "Proprietary" (collectively referred to as "Proprietary Information"), shall remain the property of the disclosing Party.
- B. Upon request by the disclosing Party, the receiving Party shall return all tangible copies of Proprietary Information, whether written, graphic or otherwise, except that the receiving Party may retain one copy for archival purposes.
- C. Each Party shell keep all of the other Party's Proprietary Information confidential and shall use the other Party's Proprietary Information only for

performing the covenants contained in the Agreement. Neither Party shall use the other Party's Proprietary information for any other purpose except upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the parties in writing.

- D. Unless otherwise agreed, the obligations of confidentiality and non-use set forth in this Agreement do not apply to such Proprietary Information as:
  - (i) was at the time of receipt already known to the receiving Party free of any obligation to keep it confidential evidenced by written records prepared prior to delivery by the disclosing Party; or
  - is or becomes publicly known through no wrongful act of the receiving Party; or
  - (iii) is rightfully received from a third person having no direct or indirect secrecy or confidentiality obligation to the disclosing Party with respect to such information; or
  - (iv) is independently developed by an employee, agent, or contractor of the receiving Party which individual is not involved in any manner with the provision of services pursuant to the Agreement and does not have any direct or indirect access to the Proprietary Information;
  - (v) is disclosed to a third person by the disclosing Party without similar restrictions on such third person's rights; or

- (vi) is approved for release by written authorization of the disclosing
   Party; or
- (vii) is required to be made public by the receiving Party pursuant to applicable law or regulation provided that the receiving Party shall give sufficient notice of the requirement to the disclosing Party to enable the disclosing Party to seek protective orders.
- E. Effective Date. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Proprietary Information provisions of this Agreement shall apply to all information furnished by either Party to the other in furtherance of the purpose of this Agreement, even if furnished before the date of this Agreement.

#### XVIII. CANCELLATION

The Parties acknowledge that time is of the essence in implementing this Agreement. Therefore, if the Commission acts or falls to act so as to delay implementation of the Agreement by January 3, 1996, then either Party may provide written notice of an intent to cancel. Unless the Parties agree within 10 business days of such notice of intent on a revised plan of implementation, the notice shall become an effective cancellation and the Agreement shall be null and void without force and effect.

#### XIX. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The Parties agree that in the event of a default or violation hereunder, or for any dispute arising under this Agreement or related agreements the Parties may

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have in connection with this Agreement, prior to taking any action before any court or regulator, or before making any public statement or disclosing the nature of the dispute to any third Party, the Parties shall first confer to discuss the dispute and seek resolution. Such conference shall occur at least at the Vice President level for each Party. In the case of Pacific, its Vice President for Local Competition, or equivalent officer, shall participate in the meet and confer meeting, and MFS Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, or equivalent officer, shall participate.

#### XX. NOTICES

Any notices required by or concerning this Agreement shall be sent to the Parties at the addresses shown below:

Pacific Bell

Martin Ard, Dep. Gen. Counsel

140 New Montgomery St., 16th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94105

MFS Intelenet

Andrew D. Lipman, Senior Vice Pres., Legal/Regulatory Affairs
3000 K Street N. W., Suite 300
Weshington DC 20007

Each Party shall inform the other of any changes in the above addresses.

MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY. INC. WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-7

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective duly authorized representatives.

Lee Bauman
Vice President, Local Competition
Pacific Bell

Alex J. Harris

Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

MFS I stelenet of California, Inc.

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# ATTACHMENT A BUSINESS ZONES

MFS COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, INC.

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# ATTACHME IT B

# RESIDENCE ZONES

Al Bost Erective Director Regulatory 140 New Montgomery Street, Rusin 1822 Sen Francisco, California 94105 M19 542-0373 PACIFIC BELL.

January 26, 1996

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MFS COMMUNIC' IONS COMPANY, INC.

U 1001 C Advice Letter No. 17879A

Supplemental Advice Letter Compliance Filing in Accordance With Commission Resolution T-15824 (dated January 17, 1996)

On November 20, 1995, Pacific submitted I frice Letter No. 17879 seeking approval of a Co-Carrier Agreement (Agreement) between Pacific Bell and MFS Intelenet of California, Inc (MFS). By Resolution T-15824 (January 17, 1996) the Advice Letter and Agreement were approved, subject to the parties adopting modifications to the Agreement as specified in the Resolution. Pacific was directed to file a supplemental advice letter indicating the parties acceptance of these modifications, which is being done with this filing. Attached is a Modification To Co-Carrier Interconnection agreement adopting the following changes, as directed in Resolution T-15824:

- -The G.O. 96-A, Section X requirement that the contract is subject to modification by the Commission has been included.
- -Rates in the contract are subject to adjustment to conform to rates established by the Commission in future decisions.
- -Pacific will book MXX code opening costs into a memorandum account associated with opening codes for MFS under the PB/MFS contract. When the Commission establishes costs for NXX code openings and a recovery mechanism, Pacific should apply the costs and recovery mechanism to the memorandum account.
- -Pacific will limit MFS to one code opening per NXX rating area until MFS can demonstrate in an advice letter that its utilization warrants additional NXX codes.
- -Pacific will modify, if necessary, the loop rates in the contract such that the rates are no lower than TSLRIC based cost floors developed in the OANAD proceeding.
- -Pacific will modify, if necessary, the interim number portability rates in the contract such that the rates are no lower than TSLRIC based cost floors developed in the OAMAD proceeding.
- -Pacific will remove the toll termination rates contained in the contract. Pacific may only offer toll termination through its switched access tariff to be consistent with D. 95-12-020.

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#### PACIFIC BELL

-After the Commission reviews the appropriateness of the bill and keep policy and if the Commission determines a call termination rate, the termination rate in this Agreement will be subject to modification.

The revenue effects of the Agreement and Modification remain uncertain and Pacific is leaving unchanged its estimated revenue effect as set forth in the Advice Letter No. 17879.

In compliance with Section III.G of General Order No. 96-A, we are mailing a copy of the supplemental advice letter and Modifications To Co-Carrier Agreement to competing and adjacent Utilities and/or other Utilities, and interested parties. Ir addition, we are mailing copies to parties (lists attached) who filed testimony or comments in the Commission's Local Competition (R. 95-04-043), Universal Service (R.95-01-020) or CANAD (R. 93-04-003) proceedings.

This supplemental filing will not increase any existing rate or charge, cause the withdrawal of service nor conflict with any other schedules or rules.

In accordance with T-15824, Ordering Paragraph 3, Advice Letter No. 17879, this supplement, and the Agreement, as modified, shall become effective 5 days following the submission of this supplement to the Commission.

Yours truly,

PACIFIC BELL

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Executive Director

Attachments

#### MODIFICATION TO

# PACIFIC BELL AND MFS INTELENET OF CALIFORNIA, INC CO-CARRIER AGREEMENT

#### **JANUARY 26, 1996**

WHEREAS, on November 17, 1995, Pacific Bell (Pacific) and MFS Intelenet of California, Inc. (MFS) entered into a Co-Carrier Agreement (Agreement) for the interchange of traffic between the two companies; and WHEREAS, the Agreement was submitted for Commission approval with the filling of Pacific's Advice Letter No. 17879 on November 20, 1995; and WHEREAS, in Commission Resolution T-15824, dated January 17, 1996, the Commission approved Advice Letter No. 17879 and the Agreement, subject to modifications specified in Resolution T-15824; and WHEREAS, Pacific and MFS have agreed to accept the modifications and move forward with the Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein, as well as the provisions contained in the original Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, Pacific and MFS hereby covenant and agree to modify the Agreement as follows:

- Section IV (A) of the Agreement (Numbering Resource Arrangements)
   shall be modified to read as follows:
  - A. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to in any manner limit or otherwise adversely impact either Party's right to request and be assigned any NANP number resources including, but not limited to, central office (NXX) codes pursuant to the Central Office Code

    Assignment Guidelines (last publish ad by the Industry Numbering

    Committee ("INC") as INC 95-0407-088, Revision 4/7/95, formerly

    ICCF 93-0729-010). Notwithstanding the foregoing in this subsection (A), Pacific will limit MFS to one code opening per NXX rating area until NIFS can demonstrate in an advice letter that its utilization warrants additional NXX codes.
- Section IV (F) of the Agreement (Number Resource Arrangements) shall be modified to read as follows:
  - F. It shall be the responsibility of each Party to program and update its own switches and network systems pursuant to the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) guidelines to recognize and route traffic to the other Party's assigned NXX codes at all times. Neither Party shall impose any fees or charges whatsoever on the other Party for such activities. Notwithstanding the foregoing in this sub-section (F), Pacific will book NXX code opening costs into a memorandum account associated with opening codes for MFS under this Agreement. When the Commission establishes costs for NXX code openings and a

recovery mechanism, Pacific shall apply the costs and recovery mechanism to the memorandum account.

- 3. Section VI (B) (1) (c) of the Agreement (Reciprocal Traffic Exchange

  Arrangement, Compensation, Toll rate) shall be modified to read as follows:
  - c. IntraLATA toll rate: Pacific's switched access tariff rate applicable to such toll, including all switched tandem rate elements when access is obtained through a tandem.
- 4. Section VI of the Agreement (Reciprocal Traffic Exchange Arrangement) shall be modified by adding a new sub-section (C) as follows:
  - C. Changes in Rates. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section VI, after the Commission reviews the appropriateness of the bill and keep policy applicable to local calls and if the Commission determines a call termination rate for local calls, the local call termination rate in this Agreement will, upon further order of the Commission, be subject to modification if the Commission so orders such a modification.
- 5. Section VIII of the Agreement (Link Service Arrangements) shall be modified by adding a new sub-section (C) as follows:
  - C. Changes in Rates. Notwithstanding the foregoing link rates as set forth in this Section VIII, Pacific will modify, if necessary, the link rates in the Agreement such that the rates are no lower than TSLRIC based cost floors developed in the OANAD proceeding (R. 93-04-003). Unless otherwise ordered by the Commission or agreed by the parties,

such adjusted link rates shall be increased to TSLRIC, but no higher than TSLRIC.

- 6. Section IX (B) of the Agreement (Service Provider Number Portability Arrangements, Compensation) shall be modified to read as follows:
  - B. MFS and Pacific shall provide DNCF arrangements to one another at a rate of \$3.25 per number per month, plus any otherwise applicable charges for authorized collect and billed -to-3rd number billed calls billed to the retained numbers. Additionally, a per number non-recurring charge of \$31.75 shall apply; provided, however, either Party shall have the option of paying \$75 for the first DNCF ordered in each wire center, plus \$8 for each additional DNCF requested with the same order and in the same wire center. Each Party shall, by December 15, 1995, and by December 15 of each subsequent year, notify the other Party of its selection (or change in selection) of the non-recurring charge option for the following year. The selection shall remain in place for the entire subsequent year. Notwithstanding the foregoing in this sub-section (B), Pacific will modify, if necessary, the service provider interim number portability (DNCF) rates in the Agreement such that the rates are no lower than TSLRIC based cost floors developed in the OANAD proceeding (R. 93-04-003). Unless otherwise ordered by the Commission or agreed by the parties, such adjusted DNCF rates shall be increased to TSLRIC, but no higher than TSLRIC.

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7. A new Section XXI is added to the Agreement, as follows:

## XXI. COMMISSION JURISDICTION

This Agreement shall at all times be subject to such changes or modifications by the Public Utilities Commission of the State of California as said Commission may, from time to time, direct in the exercise of its jurisdiction. In addition, rates in the Agreement are subject to adjustment by the Commission to conform to rates established by the Commission in future decisions.

8. Except as modified herein, all other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS

WITNESS DEVINE DIRECT TESTIMONY EXHIBIT TTD-7 PAGE 67 of 67

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this MODIFICATION

TO PACIFIC BELL AND MFS INTELENET OF CALIFORNIA, INC. CO-CARRIER

AGREEMENT to be executed by their respective duly authorized

representatives.

LEE BAUMAN

Dated

VICE PRESIDENT, LOCAL COMPETITION

PACIFIC BELL

**ERIC ARTMAN** 

Dated

DIRECTOR OF REGULATORY AFFAIRS, WESTERN REGION
MFS INTELENET OF CALIFORNIA, INC.