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October 21, 1397

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Ms. Blanca S. Bavo, Director Division of Records & Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

> Petition by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation for Approval to Issue Common Stock and Secured and/or Unsecured Debt and to Exceed Limitation Placed on Short-Term Borrowings in 1998

Dear Ms. Bavo:

Enclosed on behalf of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation are an original and five copies of the above referenced petition.

Please open a docket for processing this petition.

Please acknowledge receipt of the foregoing by stamping the my

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## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition by Chesapeake Utilities	)
Corporation for Approval to Issue Common	)
Stock and Secured and/or Unsecured Debt	)
and to Exceed Limitation Placed on Short-	)
Term Borrowings in 1998	)

# PETITION BY CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL TO ISSUE COMMON STOCK AND SECURED AND/OR UNSECURED DEBT AND TO EXCEED LIMITATION PLACED ON SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS IN 1998

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (Chesapeake, the Company or Petitioner) respectfully files this Petition, pursuant to Section 366.04 (1), Florida Statutes, seeking authority to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock and \$70,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured debt and to exceed the limitation placed on short-term borrowings by Section 366.04, Florida Statutes, so as to issue short-term obligations in an amount not to exceed \$40,000,000.

- Name and principal business offices of Petitioner:
  - (a) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation P.O. Box 615 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904
  - (b) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Florida Division P.O. Box 960 1015 6th Street N.W. Winter Haven, Florida 33881

and

(c) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Florida Division 1514 Alexander Street, Suite 107 Plant City, Florida 33566

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## Incorporated:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation - Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Delaware on November 12, 1947 and qualified to do business in Florida, Maryland, and Pennsylvania.

## 3. Person authorized to receive notices and communications in this respect:

Wayne L. Schiefelbein Gatlin, Schiefelbein & Cowdery, P.A. The Mahan Station 1709-D Mahan Drive Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 877-5609

Attorneys for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

## 4. Capital Stock and Funded Debt:

Chesapeake has authority by provisions contained in its Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, to issue common stock as follows:

- (a) Common stock having par value of \$.4867.
- (b) Amount authorized: 12,000,000 shares.
- (c) Amount outstanding as of June 30, 1997: 4,467,121 shares.
- (d) Amount held in Treasury: None.
- (e) Amount pledged by petitioner: None.
- (f) Amount owned by affiliated corporations: None.
- (g) Amount held in any fund: None.

## The funded indebtedness by class and series are as follows:

- (a)1 Variable rate (73.32% of prime rate) First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, Series G, due January 1, 1998, issued on December 31, 1985, and secured by the Original Indenture dated December 1, 1959 between Chesapeake and Maryland National Bank in the principal amount of \$2,500,000. An obligation under the Tax-Exempt Loan Agreement between Chesapeake and the Polk County Industrial Development Authority has been evidenced by the First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, Series G, which has been assigned to secure the Tax-Exempt Bonds (Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, Series 1985, \$2,500,000). The Bonds bear interest payable quarterly with provisions for payment of interest only prior to April 1, 1988. Thereafter, principal shall be payable in quarterly installments, in addition to interest on the unpaid balance, over ten (10) years at the rate of \$62,500 per quarter. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$187,500 on this issue.
- (a)2 8.25% Convertible Debentures due March 1, 2014 are convertible prior to maturity, unless previously redeemed, into shares of common stock of Chesapeake at a conversion price of \$17.01 per share. Interest on the Debentures is payable on the first day of March and September, commencing September 1, 1989. The Debentures are redeemable at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest (i) on March 1 in any year, commencing in 1991, at the option of the holder and (ii) at any time within 60 days after a request on behalf of a deceased holder. At Chesapeake's option, beginning March 1, 1990, the Debentures may be redeemed in whole or in part at redemption prices declining from 107.25%, plus accrued interest. No sinking

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fund will be established to redeem the Debentures. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$4,082,000 on this issue.

- (a)3 9.37% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds, Series I, due December 15, 2004, issued on December 15, 1989, and secured by the Original Indenture dated as of December 1, 1959 between Chesapeake and Maryland National Bank in the principal amount of \$8,200,000 bearing interest payable semi-annually with provisions for payment of interest only prior to December 15, 1991; thereafter, principal shall be payable, in addition to interest on the unpaid balance, on or before the fifteenth days of December and June in each year (a) commencing on December 15, 1991, and ending on December 15, 1999, in the sum of \$260,000 and (b) commencing on June 15, 2000, and ending on June 15, 2004, in the sum of \$378,000. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$5,080,000 on this issue.
- (a)4 7.97% Unsecured Senior Notes due February 1, 2008, and issued on February 9, 1993 in the principal amount of \$10,000,000 bearing interest payable semi-annually with provisions for payment of interest only prior to February 1, 1999; thereafter, principal shall be payable, in addition to interest on the unpaid balance, over ten (10) years at the rate of \$1,000,000 per annum. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$10,000,000 on this issue.
- (a)5 6.91% Unsecured Senior Notes due October 1, 2010, and issued on October 2, 1995 in the principal amount of \$10,000,000 bearing interest payable quarterly with provisions for payment of interest only prior to October 1, 2000; thereafter, principal shall be payable, in addition to interest on the unpaid balance, over eleven (11) years

- at the rate of \$909,091 per annum. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$10,000,000 on this issue.
- (a)6 12.00% Mortgage of Skipjack, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake Service Company which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake, due February 1, 1998, and issued on September 5, 1986 in the principal amount of \$110,000. Interest and principal are payable in twelve (12) equal consecutive annual installments of \$17,758 commencing on February 1, 1987. As of June 30, 1997, there is a remaining balance of \$14,868 on this issue. Subsequent to June 30, 1997, but prior to this filing, the remaining balance was paid off, along with the interest accrued as of the prepayment date.
- (a)7 Anticipated 6.85% Unsecured Senior Notes due January 1, 2012 and expected to be issued on December 15, 1997 in the principal amount of \$10,000,000 bearing interest payable semi-annually with provisions for payment of interest only prior to January 1, 2003; thereafter, principal shall be payable, in addition to interest on the unpaid balance, over ten (10) years at the rate of \$1,000,000 per annum. As of June 30, 1997, there is no balance for this issue, as Chesapeake has not consummated the financing. Closing on the placement is scheduled for December 15, 1997.
- (a)8 As of the filing date, the Company had four unsecured bank lines of credit. Three of these lines of credit were \$8,000,000, while the remaining line of credit is \$10,000,000. As of June 30, 1997, there was \$9,900,000 outstanding on these lines of credit.

- (b) The amounts authorized are set forth above.
- (c) The amounts presently outstanding are set forth above.
- (d) Amount held as reacquired securities: None.
- (e) Amount pledged by petitioner: None.
- (f) Amount owned by affiliated corporations: None.
- (g) Amount in Sinking Fund or other funds: None.

## 5. Proposed transactions:

Chesapeake proposes to issue up to 823,296 new shares of its common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's Retirement Savings Plan, Performance Incentive Plan, Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan and conversion of the Company's Convertible Debentures. The share breakdown for each specific purpose is as follows:

Number of Shares	Purpose
68,207	Reserved for issuance pursuant to the Company's Retirement Savings Plan.
198,137	Reserved for issuance under the terms of the Company's Performance Incentive Plan.
316,976	Reserved for issuance pursuant to the Company's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan.
239,976	Reserved for issuance under the terms of the Company's outstanding 8 1/4% Convertible Debentures.

For 1998, Chesapeake intends to issue up to \$30,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured debt for general corporate purposes including, but not limited to, working capital, retirement of short-term debt, retirement of long-term debt and capital improvements. In addition, Chesapeake intends to continue its historically aggressive acquisition program. For this purpose, Chesapeake is projecting financing needs for possible acquisitions of up to 4,176,704 shares of common stock and up to \$40,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured debt. Due to the nature of typical cash for stock acquisitions, the \$40,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured debt may be initially issued through a bridge loan in the form of notes held by banks or some similar form of short-term obligations.

For this reason, Chesapeake seeks FPSC approval to exceed the limitation placed on short-term borrowings by Section 366.04, Florida Statutes, so as to issue short-term obligations in an amount not to exceed \$40,000,000. The bridge financing would subsequently be refinanced as unsecured long-term debt with an estimated rate of interest of up to 250 basis points above U.S. Treasury rates (or extrapolated U.S. Treasury rates) with equivalent average life.

## Purpose for which Securities are to be issued:

(a) Chesapeake's Retirement Savings Plan ("RSP") was implemented on February 1, 1977. As of June 30, 1997, the RSP had 295 Chesapeake employee participants and a total market valuation of \$8,884,237. A true and correct copy of the RSP has been previously filed with the FPSC as Exhibit E of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference. Pursuant to the RSP, all employer matching contributions made on behalf of the participants are invested in common stock of Chesapeake; as of June 30, 1997, 197,926 shares were held by the RSP. In administering the RSP, the RSP's Trustee has the flexibility of purchasing shares of Chesapeake common stock on the open market, using Treasury stock or issuing new common stock. The gradual issuance of new common stock enables Chesapeake to balance the composition of its capital between common stock and long-term debt.

On June 23, 1992, the Delaware Public Service Commission issued Order No. 3425 approving the issuance of up to 100,000 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's RSP. Please note that this Order by the Delaware Public Service Commission is "open-ended" in the sense that there is no time limit by which the approved securities need to be issued. A copy of the Order has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit J of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference. Pursuant to this Order, Chesapeake has issued 31,793 new shares of common stock for the RSP as of June 30, 1997.

Thus, there remains to be issued 68,207 shares as authorized by the Delaware Public Service Commission. The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of up to 84,734 shares of common stock for the Plan during 1997 by Order No. PSC-96-1514-FOF-GU, issued December 13, 1996. Chesapeake now seeks FPSC approval to issue up to 68,207 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's Retirement Savings Planduring 1998.

(b) On May 19, 1992, the common stock shareholders of Chesapeake voted in favor of adopting the Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan ("PIP"). A true and correct copy of the PIP has been previously filed with the FPSC as Exhibit F of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference. The purposes of the PIP are (1) to further the long-term growth and earnings of the Company by providing incentives and rewards to those executive officers and other key employees of the Company and its subsidiaries who are in positions in which they can contribute significantly to the achievement of that growth; (2) to encourage those employees to obtain proprietary interests in the Company and to remain as employees of the Company; and (3) to assist the Company in recruiting able management personnel.

To accomplish these objectives, the PIP authorizes the grant of nonqualified stock options, performance shares of the Company's common stock and stock appreciation rights, or any combination thereof. The PIP provides that over a ten year period beginning in 1992, any one or more types of awards for up to a total of 200,000 shares of Chesapeake's common stock may be granted.

On June 23, 1992, the Delaware Public Service Commission issued Order No. 3425 approving the issuance of up to 200,000 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's PIP. Please note that this Order by the Delaware Public Service Commission is "open-ended" in the sense that there is no time limit by which the approved securities need to be issued. A copy of this Order has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit J of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of these securities during 1996 by Order No. PSC-95-1589-FOF-GU, issued on December 27, 1995. During 1996, 1,863 shares were issued pursuant to Chesapeake's PIP. Chesapeake now seeks FPSC approval to issue up to 198,137 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's Performance Incentive Plan during 1998.

(c) Chesapeake's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ("DRP") was implemented on April 27, 1989. The DRP Administrator currently has the flexibility of purchasing shares of Chesapeake common stock on the open market, using Treasury stock or issuing new common stock. The gradual issuance of new common stock enables Chesapeake to balance the composition of its capital between common stock and long-term debt. As of June 30, 1997, the DRP had 1,261 stockholder participants.

A copy of the DRP as filed on Registration Statement Form S-3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit D of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 961194-GU, dated October 1, 1996, and is hereby incorporated by reference. On May 23, 1989, the Delaware Public Service Commission issued Order No. 3071 approving the issuance of up to 200,000 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's DRP. Please note that this Order by the Delaware Public Service Commission is "open-ended" in the sense that there is no time limit by which the approved securities need to be issued. A copy of this Order has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit J of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference. On December 20, 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission issued Order No. 4097 approving the issuance of an additional 300,000 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's DRP. Please note that this Order by the Delaware Public Service Commission is "open ended" in the sense that there is no time limit by which the approved securities need to be issued. A copy of this Order has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit E of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 961194-GU, dated October 1, 1996, and is hereby incorporated by reference. Pursuant to the

Orders above, Chesapeake has issued 183,024 new shares of common stock as of June 30, 1997. Thus, there remains to be issued 316,976 shares as authorized by the Delaware Public Service Commission. The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of up to 340,553 shares for the DRP during 1997 by Order No. PSC-96-1514-FOF-GU, issued on December 13, 1996. Chesapeake now seeks FPSC approval to issue up to 316,976 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan during 1998.

On April 4, 1989, Chesapeake issued \$5,000,000 in 8.25% Convertible Debentures as part of a public offering. As of June 30, 1997, \$4,082,000 remained outstanding with a conversion price of \$17.01 per share. Hence, the maximum number of shares of common stock that could be issued upon conversion is 239,976. A true and correct copy of the Registration Statement on Form S-2 dated February 16, 1989, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, has been previously filed with the FPSC as Exhibit I of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

The Debentures have a conversion premium greater than the offering price of the common stock issue, no mandatory sinking fund, and became callable after one year at a premium equal to the interest rate less 1%, declining 1/2% per year thereafter. There is an optional bondholder redemption feature

which allows any debentureholder to present any Debenture for redemption, at par, on the anniversary date of the issue, subject to annual limitations of \$10,000 per debentureholder and \$200,000 in the aggregate. These optional redemption rights began on April 1, 1991. In addition, subject to the annual limitations of \$10,000 per debentureholder and \$200,000 in the aggregate, Chesapeake will redeem the Debentures of deceased debentureholders within 60 days of notification. Such redemption of estate Debentures shall be made prior to other Debentures.

On February 14, 1989, the Delaware Public Service Commission issued Order No. 3040 approving the Issuance of \$5,000,000 in Convertible Debentures and, inherently, their potential conversion into Chesapeake common stock. Please note that this Order by the Delaware Public Service Commission is "openended" in the sense that there is no time limit by which the approved securities need to be issued. A copy of this Order has been previously filed with the FPSC in Exhibit J of the Petition for Approval of Issuance and Sale of Securities by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, Docket No. 931112-GU, dated November 17, 1993, and is hereby incorporated by reference.

As of the date of this filing, a cumulative \$20,000 of the Convertible Debentures had been converted. The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of up to 241,822 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of honoring conversion rights pursuant to the Company's Convertible Debentures during 1997, by Order No. PSC-96-1514-FOF-GU, issued on December 13,

1996. Chesapeake now seeks FPSC approval to issue up to 239,976 new shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of honoring these conversion rights during 1998.

- (e) Chesapeake seeks FPSC approval to issue up to \$30,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured long-term debt with an estimated rate of interest of up to 250 basis points above U.S. Treasury rates (or extrapolated U.S. Treasury rates) with equivalent average life. Proceeds from this debt issuance would be used for general corporate purposes including, but not limited to, working capital, retirement of short-term debt, retirement of long-term debt and capital improvements. The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of \$20,000,000 in unsecured long-term debt during 1997 by Order No. PSC-96-1514-FOF-GU, issued on December 13, 1996.
- (f) Chesapeake seeks FPSC approval to issue up to 4,176,704 shares of common stock and \$40,000,000 in secured and/or unsecured long-term debt with an estimated rate of interest of up to 250 basis points above U.S. Treasury rates (or extrapolated U.S. Treasury rates) with equivalent average life. This stock and debt would be used to finance Chesapeake's ongoing acquisition program of related businesses. Chesapeake intends to continue to search for growth opportunities through acquisitions which fit its long-range plan to achieve the proper mix of business activities. Financing of acquisitions will depend upon the nature and extent of potential acquisitions as well as current market and economic conditions.

The FPSC approved the issuance and sale of 4,000,000 shares of common stock and \$40,000,000 in unsecured long-term debt during 1997 by Order No. PSC-96-1514-FOF-GU, issued on December 13, 1996.

## Lawful object and purpose:

The common stock and long-term debt issued will be used for the purpose of administering Chesapeake's Retirement Savings Plan, Performance Incentive Plan, Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan, conversion of the Company's Convertible Debentures, financing of the Company's acquisition program and for other corporate purposes including, but not limited to, working capital, retirement of short-term debt, retirement of long-term debt and capital improvements. This is for a lawful object within the corporate purposes of Chesapeake and compatible with the public interest and is reasonably necessary or appropriate for such purposes.

## 8. Counsel:

The legality of the common stock and debt issuances will be passed upon by William A. Denman, Esquire, Schmittinger & Rodriguez, 414 South State Street, P.O. Box 497, Dover, Delaware 19903, who will rely on Wayne L. Schiefelbein, Esquire, Gatlin, Schiefelbein & Cowdery, Attorneys at Law, The Mahan Station, 1709-D Mahan Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32308, as to matters of Florida law.

## Other Regulatory Agencies:

Under 26 Del. C Section 215 of the Delaware statutes, Chesapeake is regulated by the Delaware Public Service Commission and, therefore, must file a Prefiling Notice, a Notice, and an Application to obtain approval of the Delaware Commission before

In addition, a Notice must be filed if Chesapeake intends to incur short-term indebtedness which exceeds ten percent of the Company's total capitalization. All necessary applications or registration statements have been or will be made as required and will be made a part of the final consummation report to the FPSC as required by Rule 25-8.009, Florida Administrative Code.

The address of the Delaware Commission is as follows:

Delaware Public Service Commission 861 Silver Lake Boulevard Cannon Building Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: Bruce H. Burcat, Executive Director

## 10. Control or ownership:

Petitioner is not owned by any other company nor is Petitioner a member of any holding company system.

## 11. Exhibits:

The following exhibits submitted with Petitioner's Petition in Docket Nos. 961194-GU and 931112-GU, respectively, are incorporated in the instant Petition by reference:

## Docket No. 961194-GU

Exhibit D:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Registration Statement Form S-3 dated December 1, 1995.

Exhibit E:

Delaware Public Service Commission Order No. 4097 dated December 20, 1995, for the issuance of 300,000 shares pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan.

## Docket No. 931112-GU

Exhibit E: Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's Retirement Savings Plan.

Exhibit F: Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's Performance Incentive Plan.

Exhibit I: Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's Public Offering of Common Stock

and Convertible Debentures as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Registration Statement Form S-2 dated February 16.

1989.

Exhibit J: Orders of the Delaware Public Service Commission Authorizing the

Issuance of Common Stock.

Filed herewith:

Exhibit A: Exhibit A consists of the following attachments:

A(1) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K

for the year ended December 31, 1996.

A(2) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

for the quarter ended June 30, 1997.

Exhibit B: Sources and Uses of Funds Statement and Construction Budget.

## 12. Constitutionality of Statute:

The statutory requirement of FPSC approval of the issuance and sale of securities by a public utility, under Section 366.04 (1), Florida Statutes, as applied to Chesapeake, a Delaware corporation engaged in interstate commerce, is unconstitutional, in that it creates an unreasonable burden on interstate commerce. Support for this position is

set out in Chesapeake's petition for declaratory statement disclaiming jurisdiction, as filed in FPSC Docket No. 930705-GU.

By FPSC Order No. PSC-93-1548-FOF-GU, issued on October 21, 1993, the FPSC denied the petition for declaratory statement, while approving the alternative petition for approval of the issuance of up to 100,000 new shares of common stock for the purpose of administering a Retirement Savings Plan. The FPSC found that "the facial constitutionality of a statute cannot be decided in an administrative proceeding," and that since the stock issuance was approved, "the question of constitutionality appears to be academic at this time."

Chesapeake continues to maintain that the assertion of jurisdiction by the FPSC over its securities unconstitutionally burdens interstate commerce, particularly where the Public Service Commission of the State of Delaware has approved their issuance and sale, and/or where the securities do not create a lien or encumbrance on assets of Chesapeake's public utility operations in the State of Florida.

Florida law provides for severe penalties for any willful violation of a statute administered by the FPSC or any of its rules or orders. Secs. 350.127 (1) and 366.095, Florida Statutes. Accordingly, Chesapeake believes it must submit to FPSC jurisdiction over its securities if it is to avoid assessment of such penalties and to otherwise remain in good standing before the FPSC. It therefore files the instant application, under protest, and without waiver of its position regarding the unconstitutionality of the statute.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Based on the foregoing, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation requests that the FPSC issue an Order approving the proposed issuances of 5,000,000 shares of common stock, \$70,000,000 of secured and/or unsecured debt and to exceed the limitation placed on short-term borrowings by Section 366.04, Florida Statutes, so as to issue up to \$40,000,000 in short-term obligations.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: October 20,1997

Wayne L. Schiefelbein

Gatlin, Schiefelbein & Cowdery, P.A.

The Mahan Station 1709-D Mahan Drive Tallahassee, FL 32308

(850) 877-5609

Attorneys for

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

Date: October 17, 1997

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer, & CFO

STATE OF DELAWARE

COUNTY OF KENT

SS

BE IT REMEMBERED that on this 17th day of October, 1997, personally appeared before me, a Notary Public for the State of Delaware, Michael P. McMasters, who being by me duly sworn. did depose and say that he is Vice President, Treasurer and CFO of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and that insofar as the application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation states facts, and insofar as those facts are within his personal knowledge, they are true; and insofar as those facts that are not within his personal knowledge, he believes them to be true, and that the exhibits accompanying this application and attached hereto are true and correct copies of the originals of the aforesaid exhibits, and that he has executed this application on behalf of the Company and pursuant to the authorization of its Board of Directors.

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me the day and year first above written.

Notary Public
My Commission Expires: 6/7/99

## **EXHIBIT A**

- A(1) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996.
- A(2) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1997.

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

## ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1996

Commission File Number 0-593

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

51-0064146

(LR.S. Employer Identification No.)

909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware

(Address of principal executive offices)

19904

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area co le: 302-734-6713

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(1) of the Act:

Title of each class
Common Stock - par value per share \$.4867

Name of c ch exchange on which registered

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
8.25% Convertible Debentures Duc 2014
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to It in 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendments to this Form 10-K. [X]

As of March 14, 1997, 4,452,704 shares of common stock were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares held by non-affiliates of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation based on the last trade price on March 14, 1997, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$78,478,908.

#### **DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

DOCUMENTS

PAR OF FORM 10-K

Definitive Proxy Statement dated April 4, 1997

Part III

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1996

Commission File Number 0-593

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 51-0064146 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware (Address of principal executive offices) 19904 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 302-734-6713

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class
Common Stock - par value per share \$.4867

Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:
8.25% Convertible Debentures Duc 2014
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendments to this Form 10-K. [X]

As of March 14, 1997, 4,452,704 shares of common stock were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares held by non-affiliates of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, based on the last trade price on March 14, 1997, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$78,478,908.

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

DOCUMENTS
Definitive Proxy Statement dated April 4, 1997

PART OF FORM 10-K

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FORM 10-K

## Year Ended December 31, 1996

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#### Item 1. Business

#### (a) General Development of Business

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake" or "the Company") is a diversified utility company engaged in natural gas distribution and transmission, propane distribution and advanced information services.

Chesapeake's three natural gas distribution divisions serve approximately 34,700 residential, commercial and industrial customers in southern Delaware, Maryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore"), operates a 271-mile interstate pipeline system that transports gas from various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's Delaware and Maryland distribution divisions, as well as to other utilities and industrial customers in Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The Company's propane segment serves approximately 23,100 customers in southern Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia. The advanced information services segment provides software services and products to a wide variety of customers and clients.

## (b) Financial Information About Industry Segments

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Revenues, Unaffiliated Customers		7	
Natural gas distribution	\$74,904,076	\$54,120,280	\$49,523,743
Natural gas transmission	15,188,777	24,984,767	22,191,896
Propane distribution	22,333,969	17,607,956	20,684,150
Advanced information services and other	6,903,246	7,307,413	6,172,508
Total operating revenues, unaffiliated customers	\$119,330,068	\$104.020,416	\$98,572,297
Intersegment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$8,711	\$42,037	\$55,888
Natural gas transmission	21,543,327	16,663,043	17,303,529
Propane distribution	2,059	139,052	85,552
Advanced information services and other	710,949	1,722,135	2,277,361
Total intersegment revenues	\$22,265,046	\$18,566,267	\$19,722,330
Operating Income Before Income Taxes			
Natural gas distribution	\$7,167,236	\$4,728,348	\$4,696,659
Natural gas transmission	2,458,442	6,083,440	3,018,212
Propage distribution	2,053,299	1,852,630	2,287,688
Advanced information services and other	1,305,203	1.170.970	174.033
Total	12,984,180	13,835,388	10,176,592
Add (Less): Eliminations	206,580	(248,595)	(419.883)
Total operating income before income taxes	\$13,190,760	\$13,586,793	\$9,756,709
Identifiable Assets, at December 31,			
Natural gas distribution	\$81,250,030	\$75,630,741	\$68,528,774
Natural gas transmission	23,981,989	19,292,524	17,792,415
Propane distribution	20,791,588	18,855,507	16,949,431
Advanced information services	1,496,418	1,635,100	3,196,064
Other	3.617.885	3,380,108	1.803.933
Total identifiable assets	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980	\$108.270.617

All significant intersegment revenues have been eliminated from consolidated revenues.

## (c) Narrative Description of Business

The Company is engaged in four primary business activities: natural gas transmission; natural gas distribution; propane distribution; and advanced information services. In addition to the four primary groups, Chesapeake has three subsidiaries engaged in other service related businesses. During 1996 and 1994, no individual customer accounted for 10% or more of operating revenues. In 1995, the Company had sales to one customer, Texaco Refining and Marketing, an industrial interruptible customer of Eastern Shore, which exceeded 10% of total revenue. Total sales to this customer were approximately \$10.6 million or 10.2% of total revenue during 1995.

#### (i) (a) Natural Gas Transmission

Eastern Shore, the Company's wholly owned transmission subsidiary, operates an interstate pipeline that delivers gas to five utility and thirteen industrial customers in Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland. Eastern Shore is the sole source of gas supply for Chesapeake's Maryland and Delaware divisions and for two unaffiliated distribution entities. During 1996 and previously, Eastern Shore was not an open access pipeline (see competition within natural gas industry) which would provide transportation service to all customers. However, Eastern Shore has authority from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") to provide firm transportation to two of its customers for gas they own and deliver to Eastern Shore for redelivery.

#### Natural Gas Supply

General. Eastern Shore has firm contracts with three major interstate pipelines, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation ("Transco"), Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation ("Columbia") and Columbia Gulf Transmission Corporation ("Gulf"), all of which are open access pipelines.

Eastern Shore's contracts with Transco include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 22,900 Mcf per day, which expires in 2005; (b) firm transportation capacity of 500 Mcf per day for December through February, which expires in 2006; (c) three firm bundled storage services providing a peak day entitlement of 7,046 Mcf and a total capacity of 278,264 Mcf; and (d) two unbundled storage services with a total capacity of 432,663 Mcf.

Eastern Shore's contracts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 1,481 Mcf per day, which expires in 2004; (b) firm transportation capacity of 1,971 Mcf per day, which commences in 1997 and expires in 2017; (c) firm transportation capacity of 869 Mcf per day, which commences in 1998 and expires in 2018; (d) firm transportation capacity of 869 Mcf per day, which commences in 1999 and expires 2019; and (e) firm transportation capacity of 192 Mcf per day for April through August, which expires in 2003. Eastern Shore's contracts with Columbia also include: (a) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 10,525 Mcf and a total capacity of 509,954 Mcf, which expires in 2004; (b) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 1,150 Mcf and a total capacity of 103,459 Mcf, which commences in 1997 and expires in 2017; (c) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 563 Mcf and a total capacity of 50,686 Mcf, which commences in 1998 and expires in 2018; and (d) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 563 Mcf and a total capacity of 50,686 Mcf, which commences in 1999 and expires in 2019.

Eastern Shore's contract with Gulf is for firm transportation of 1,510 Mcf per day, which also expires in 2004.

Eastern Shore currently has contracts for the purchase of firm natural gas supplies with five reputable suppliers. These five supply contracts provide a maximum firm daily entitlement of 20,469 Mcf, which is transported by both Transco and Columbia under Eastern Shore's firm transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts have various expiration dates.

Adequacy of Gas Supply. Eastern Shore's firm natural gas obligations to its customers, including Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland utility divisions, are 40,237 Mcf for peak days and 9,180,203 Mcf on an annual basis. Eastern Shore's maximum daily firm transportation capacity on the Transco and Columbia systems is 42,452 Mcf per day. Currently, Eastern Shore's firm daily peak supply is 38,540 Mcf and its total annual firm supply is 6,032,665 Mcf. This is equivalent to 96% of Eastern Shore's firm daily demand and approximately 66% of its annual firm demand being satisfied by firm supply sources. To meet the difference between firm supply and firm demand, Eastern Shore obtains gas supply on the "spot market" from various other suppliers which is transported by Transco and/or Columbia and sold to Eastern Shore's customers as needed. The Company believes that Eastern Shore's available firm and "spot market" supply is ample to meet the anticipated needs of Eastern Shore's customers.

There was no curtailment of firm gas supply to Eastern Shore in 1996, nor does Eastern Shore anticipate any such curtailment during 1997.

#### Competition

Competition with Alternative Fuels. Historically, the Company's natural gas operations have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal consideration in the competition between the Company and suppliers of other sources of energy is price and, to a lesser extent, accessibility. All of the Company's divisions have the capability of adjusting their interruptible rates to compete with alternative fuels.

The Company has several large volume industrial customers that have the capacity to use fuel oil as an alternative to natural gas. When oil prices decline, some of Chesapeake's natural gas distribution and transmission interruptible customers convert to oil to satisfy their fuel requirements. Lower levels in interruptible sales occur when oil prices remain depressed relative to the price of natural gas. However, oil prices as well as the prices of other fuels, are subject to change at any time for a variety of reasons; therefore, there is always uncertainty in the continuing competition among natural gas and other fuels. In order to address this uncertainty, the Company uses flexible pricing arrangements on both the supply and sales side of its business to maximize sales volumes.

To a lesser extent than price, availability of equipment and operational efficiency are also factors in competition among fuels, primarily in residential and commercial settings. Heating, water heating and other domestic or commercial equipment is generally designed for a particular energy source, and especially with respect to heating equipment, the cost of conversion is a dis-incentive for individuals and businesses to change their energy source.

Competition within the Natural Gas Industry. FERC Order 636 enables all natural gas suppliers to compete for customers on an equal footing. Under this open access environment, interstate pipeline companies have unbundled the traditional components of their service — gas gathering, transportation and storage from the sale of the commodity. If they choose to be a merchant of gas, they must form a separate marketing operation independent of their pipeline operations. Hence, gas marketers have developed as a viable option for many companies because they are providing expertise in gas purchasing along with collective purchasing capabilities which, when combined, may reduce end-user cost.

Currently, Eastern Shore is not an open access pipeline and is permitted to transport gas for only two of its existing customers. Thus, most of Eastern Shore's customers, including Chesapeake's Maryland and Delaware utility divisions, and, in turn, customers of these divisions, do not have the capability of directly contracting for alternative sources of gas supply and have Eastern Shore transport the gas to them. In December 1995, Eastern

Shore applied to the FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system (see open access plan filing below). The implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Eastern Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at FERC regulated rates. For further discussion, see "Open Access Plan Filing" and Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations.

#### Rates and Regulation

General. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the FERC as an interstate pipeline and the Delaware Public Service Commission ("Commission") as a supplier of gas to industrial customers in the state of Delaware. The FERC regulates the provision of service, terms and conditions of service, and the rates and fees Eastern Shore can charge its transportation and sale for resale customers. In addition, the FERC regulates the rates Eastern Shore is charged for transportation and transmission line capacity or services provided by Transco and Columbia. Eastern Shore's direct sales rates to industrial customers are currently not regulated. The rates for such sales are established by contracts negotiated between Eastern Shore and each industrial customer.

After Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline, the FERC will have sole regulatory authority over Eastern Shore. Accordingly, the Delaware Public Service Commission will cease having any regulatory authority over Eastern Shore.

The rates for Eastern Shore's "sale for resale" customers (i.e., sales to its utility customers) are subject to a purchased gas adjustment clause. Eastern Shore's firm industrial contracts generally include tracking provisions that permit automatic adjustment for the full amount of increases or decreases in Eastern Shore's suppliers' firm rates.

## Regulatory Proceedings

<u>FERC PGA.</u> On May 19, 1994, the FERC issued an Order directing Eastern Shore to refund, with interest, what the FERC characterized as overcharges from November 1, 1992 to the current billing month. The May 19, 1994 Order also directed Eastern Shore to file a report showing how the refund was calculated, and revised tariff language clarifying the purchased gas adjustment provisions in its tariff.

On August 17, 1995, the FERC issued an Order approving an Offer of Settlement submitted by Eastern Shore. The Order approved a change in Eastern Shore's PGA methodology retroactive to June 1, 1994, which will result in a rate reduction of approximately \$234,000 per year. The estimated liability that the Company had accrued for the potential refund was significantly greater than the rate reduction ordered. Accordingly, Eastern Shore reversed a large portion of the liability that it had accrued. This reversal contributed \$1,385,000 to pretax earnings or \$833,000 to after-tax earnings during the third quarter of 1995.

In connection with the FERC Order, Eastern Shore applied in December 1995, to the FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system. For further discussion see "Open Access Plan Filing" below.

Delaware City Compressor Station Filing. On December 5, 1995, Eastern Shore filed an application before the FERC pursuant to Sections 7(b) and (c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing Eastern Shore to: (1) construct and operate a 2,170 horsepower compressor station in Delaware City, New Castle County, Delaware on a portion of its existing pipeline system known as the "Hockessin Line", such new station to be known as the "Delaware City Compressor Station"; (2) construct and operate slightly less than one mile of 16-inch pipeline in Delaware City, New Castle County, Delaware to tie the suction side of the proposed Delaware City Compressor Station into the Hockessin Line; and (3) increase

the maximum allowable operating pressure ("MAOP") from 500 PSIG to 590 PSIG on 28.7 miles of Eastern Shore's pipeline from Eastern Shore's existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Bridgeville, Sussex County, Delaware to its terminus in Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.

The compressor facility and associated piping are needed to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a result of steadily declining inlet pressures at the Hockessin interconnect with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. Construction of the facilities started during the second half of 1996. The proposed in-service date of the facilities is March 19, 1997. Eastern Shore estimates the total cost of the compressor facilities to be \$6.9 million.

The proposed facilities would also enable Eastern Shore to provide additional firm services to several of its customers who have executed agreements for the additional firm service for terms of 10 and 20 years. Eastern Shore also requested authorization to abandon 100 Mcf per day of firm sales service to one of its direct sales customers.

On September 28, 1996 the FERC issued its Final Order, which:

- · authorized Eastern Shore to construct and operate the facilities requested in its application;
- authorized Eastern Shore to roll-in the cost of the facilities into its existing rates if the revenues from
  the increase in services exceed the cost associated with the expansion portion of the project;
- denied Eastern Shore the authority to increase the level of sales and storage service it provides its
  customers until it completes its restructuring in its open access proceeding; and
- authorized Eastern Shore to abandon the 100 Mcf per day of firm sale service, to one of its direct sale customers.

Rate Case Filing. On October 15, 1996 Eastern Shore filed for a general rate increase with the FERC. The filing proposed an increase in Eastern Shore's jurisdictional rates that would generate additional annual operating revenue of approximately \$1,445,000. Eastern Shore also stated in the filing that it intended to use the cost-of-service submitted in the general rate increase filing to develop rates in the pending Open Access Docket. The Commission, by letter order dated November 14, 1995, suspended the tariff sheets for the maximum five-month period as allowed by Commission regulation.

On March 4, 1997, a pre-hearing conference was conducted at FERC's office to establish a procedural schedule to establish a preliminary list of contested issues and to advise the Presiding Judge of any matters which need to be resolved. Hearings are tentatively scheduled to start in 1997.

Open Access Filing. On December 29, 1995, Eastern Shore filed its abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the transportation of natural gas on behalf of others.

Eastern Shore proposed to unbundle the sales and storage services it currently provides. Customers receiving firm sales and storage services on Eastern Shore (the "Converting Customers") would receive entitlements to firm transportation service on Eastern Shore's pipeline in a quantity equivalent to their current service rights. Eastern Shore proposed to retain some of its pipeline entitlements and storage capacity for operational issues and to facilitate "no-notice" (no prior notification required to receive service) transportation service on its pipeline system. Eastern Shore will release or assign to the remaining Converting Customers the firm transportation capacity, including contract storage, it holds on its upstream pipelines so that the Converting Customers can become direct customers of such upstream pipelines. Converting Customers who previously received bundled sales service having no-notice characteristics will have the right to elect no-notice firm transportation service.

With respect to cost classification, allocation and rate design, Eastern Shore proposes to implement straight fixed variable ("SFV") cost classification. In order to accomplish a change from its current modified fixed variable ("MFV") rate design, Eastern Shore made a Section 4 rate filing with the FERC on January 17, 1997.

During 1996, numerous technical conferences were held at the FERC's office in Washington, D.C. to review the proposed Open Access tariff. On December 2, 1996, Eastern Shore filed a revised Pro-forma Open Access tariff. A technical conference was conducted on December 12, 1996 to discuss Eastern Shore's filing. As a result of the technical conference, Eastern Shore formally filed a revised Open Access tariff including rate schedules on January 17, 1997. The filing included a proposed effective date, the latter of May 1, 1997 or the effective date of the Open Access blanket certificate. Since January 17, 1997, several parties have filed comments. Eastern Shore filed reply comments and a technical conference was convened on March 4, 1997. As a result of the March 4 technical conference, Eastern Shore will be submitting a revised proposal to the parties in an effort to gain consensus on the major issues. While at this time it is impossible to predict the exact timing of the implementation of Open Access on Eastern Shore's system, significant progress has been made, and management expects that implementation will occur sometime during the second or third quarter of 1997.

#### (i) (b) Natural Gas Distribution

Chesapeake distributes natural gas to approximately 34,700 residential, commercial and industrial customers in southern Delaware, the Salisbury and Cambridge, Maryland areas on Maryland's Eastern Shore, and Central Florida. These activities are conducted through three utility divisions, consisting of one division in Delaware, one division in Maryland and one division in Florida. In 1993, the Company started natural gas supply management services in the state of Florida under the name of Peninsula Energy Services Company ("PESCO").

Delaware and Maryland. The Delaware and Maryland divisions serve approximately 26,160 customers, of which approximately 26,050 are residential and commercial customers purchasing gas primarily for heating purposes. Residential and commercial customers account for approximately 69% of the volume delivered by the divisions, and 78% of the divisions' revenue, on an annual basis. The divisions' industrial customers purchase gas, primarily on an interruptible basis, for a variety of manufacturing, agricultural and other uses. Most of Chesapeake's customer growth in these divisions comes from new residential construction utilizing gas heating equipment.

Florida. The Florida division distributes natural gas to approximately 8,450 residential and commercial and 87 industrial customers in Polk, Osceola and Hillsborough Counties. Currently 42 of the division's industrial customers, which are engaged primarily in the citrus and phosphate industries and electric cogeneration, and purchase and transport gas on a firm and interruptible basis, account for approximately 90% of the volume delivered by the Florida division, and 62% of the division's natural gas sales and transportation revenues, on an annual basis. The Company's Florida division also provides natural gas supply services to compete in the open access environment. Currently, nineteen customers receive such management service which generated operating income of \$209,000 in 1996.

#### Natural Gas Supply

Delaware and Maryland. Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland utility divisions receive all of their gas supply requirements from Eastern Shore. The divisions purchase most of this gas under contracts with Eastern Shore which extend through November 1, 2000. The contracts provide for the purchase of 15,629 firm Mcf daily (up to a maximum of 5,704,585 Mcf annually). The divisions have additional firm supplies available under contract with Eastern Shore for peak demand periods occurring during the winter heating season. These

contracts, which are renewable on a year-to-year basis, provide for the purchase of up to 450 Mcf daily (up to a maximum of 13,500 Mcf annually) of peaking service. In addition, the divisions have contracted with Eastern Shore for firm and interruptible storage capacity. On days when gas volumes available to the divisions from Eastern Shore are greater than their requirements, gas is injected into storage and is then available for withdrawal to meet heavier winter loads. These storage contracts also permit the utility divisions to purchase lower cost gas during the off-peak summer season. Effective July 1, 1996, the storage capacity under contract with Eastern Shore totaled 820,220 Mcf, with a firm peak daily withdrawal entitlement of 14,606 Mcf. On those days when requirements exceed these contract pipeline supplies, the divisions have propane-air injection facilities for peak shaving.

Eastern Shore has no authority to transport natural gas purchased from a third party for the Delaware and Maryland divisions currently; however, while Chesapeake's divisions have no direct access to "spot market" gas, they benefit from Eastern Shore's ability to obtain "spot market" gas and the resulting reductions in Eastern Shore's rates. After Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline the Delaware and Maryland divisions will assume the responsibility of purchasing their natural gas requirements. The two divisions could contract with a natural gas supply management company or handle the process internally.

Florida The Florida division receives transportation service from Florida Gas Transmission Company ("FGT"), a major interstate pipeline. Chesapeake has contracts with FGT for: (a) daily firm transportation capacity of 20,523 dekatherms in May through September, 27,105 dekatherms in October, and 26,919 dekatherms in November through April under FGT's firm transportation service (FTS-1) rate schedule; (b) daily firm transportation capacity of 5,100 dekatherms in May through October, and 8,100 dekatherms in November through April under FGT's firm transportation service (FTS-2) rate schedule; (c) preferred interruptible transportation service up to 2,300,000 dekatherms annually under FGT's preferred transportation service (PTS-1) rate schedule; and (d) daily interruptible transportation capacity of 20,000 dekatherms under FGT's interruptible transportation services (ITS-1) rate schedule. The firm transportation contract (FTS-1) expires on August 1, 2000 with the Company retaining a unilateral right to extend the term for an additional ten years. After the expiration of the primary or secondary term, Chesapeake has the right to first refuse to match the terms of any competing bids for the capacity. The firm transportation contract (FTS-2) expires on March 1. 2015. The preferred interruptible contract expires on the earlier of: (a) the effective date of FGT's first rate case which includes costs for phase III expansion or (b) August 1, 1995, and/or (c) August 1 of any subsequent year, provided that FGT or Chesapeake gives to the other at least one hundred eighty (180) days written notice prior to such August 1. The interruptible transportation contract is effective until August 1, 2010 and month to month thereafter unless canceled by either party with thirty days notice.

The Florida division currently receives its gas supply from various suppliers. Some supply is bought on the spot market and some is bought under the terms of two firm supply contacts with MG National Gas Corp. and Hadson Gas Systems, Inc.

Having restructured its arrangements with FGT, Chesapeake believes it is well positioned to meet the continuing needs of its customers with secure and cost effective gas supplies.

Adequacy of Gas Supply. The Company believes that Eastern Shore's available firm and interruptible supply is ample to meet the anticipated needs of the Company's Delaware and Maryland natural gas distribution divisions. Availability of gas supply to the Florida division is also expected to be adequate under existing arrangements. Moreover, additional supply sources have become available as a result of FGT becoming an open access pipeline.

Competition within the Natural Gas Industry. Historically, Chesapeake's Florida division has been supplied solely by FGT. In 1990, FGT became an open access pipeline. The Florida division's large industrial customers now have the option of remaining with the Florida division for gas supply or obtaining alternative supplies from gas marketers or other suppliers. These conditions have increased competition between Chesapeake's Florida division, gas marketers and other natural gas providers for industrial customers in Central Florida.

Eastern Shore has an open access filing and associated rate filing pending before the FERC. When Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline, certain customers in Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland distribution divisions will be able to purchase gas from third party gas suppliers in accordance with regulations established through the respective state commissions.

#### Rates and Regulation

General. Chesapeake's natural gas distribution divisions are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and Florida Public Service Commissions with respect to various aspects of the Company's business, including the rates for sales to all of their customers in each jurisdiction. All of Chesapeake's firm distribution rates are subject to purchased gas adjustment clauses, which match revenues with gas costs and normally allow eventual full recovery of gas costs. Adjustments under these clauses require periodic filings and hearings with the relevant regulatory authority, but do not require a general rate proceeding. Rates on interruptible sales by the Florida division are also subject to purchased gas adjustment clauses.

Management monitors the rate of return in each jurisdiction in order to ensure the timely filing of rate adjustment applications.

#### Regulatory Proceedings

Maryland. On July 31, 1995, Chesapeake's Maryland division filed an application with the Maryland Public Service Commission ("MPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$1,426,711 or 17.09%. The two largest components of the increase were attributable to environmental costs and a new customer information system, implemented in 1995. The request included a return on equity of 13%.

On November 30, 1995, the MPSC issued an order approving a settlement proposal of a \$975,000 increase in annual base rates effective for gas provided on or after December 1, 1995. As required in the settlement of the rate case, the Company filed a cost of service study with the MPSC on June 28, 1996. The purpose of a cost of service study is to allocate revenue among customer or rate classifications. The filing also included proposals for: restructuring sales services that more closely reflect the cost of serving commercial and industrial customers, the unbundling of gas costs from distribution system costs, revisions to sharing of interruptible margins between firm ratepayers and the Company and new services that would allow customers using more than 30,000 Ccf of gas per year to purchase gas from suppliers other than the Company.

After negotiations with MPSC staff and other interested parties, a settlement was reached on most sales service issues and a proposed order was issued by the Hearing Examiner on March 7, 1997. Commission action on the proposed order is still pending. The settlement includes:

- Class revenue requirements and restructured sales services which provide for separate firm commercial
  and industrial rate schedules for general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor
  customer groups;
- 2. Unbundling of gas costs from distribution charges;

- A new gas cost recovery mechanism, which utilizes a projected period under which the fixed cost
  portion of the gas rate will be forecasted on an annual basis and the commodity cost portion of the gas
  rate will be estimated quarterly, based on projected market prices; and
- 4. Interruptible margins will continue to be shared, 90% to customers and 10% to the Company, but distribution costs incurred for incremental load additions can be recovered with carrying charges utilizing 100% of the incremental margin if the payback period is within three years.

At the request of MPSC staff, consideration of the new transportation services has been postponed because Eastern Shore's open access filing is still pending before the FERC. It is expected that these services will be addressed in the spring of 1997.

<u>Delaware</u>. On April 4, 1995, Chesapeake's Delaware division filed an application with the Delaware Public Service Commission ("DPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$2,751,000 or 14% over current rates. The largest component, representing a third of the total requested increase, is attributable to projected costs associated with the remediation proposed by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") of the site of a former coal gas manufacturing plant operated in Dover, Delaware. The Company and the DPSC agreed to separate the environmental recovery from the rate increase so each could be addressed individually.

On December 20, 1995, the DPSC approved an order authorizing a \$900,000 increase to base rates effective January 1,1996. The Company had interim rates subject to refund in effect starting June 3, 1995 to collect \$1.0 million on an annualized basis. A refund of \$42,000 was calculated and used to offset environmental costs incurred.

Also on December 20, 1995, the DPSC approved a recovery of environmental costs associated with the Dover Gas Light Site by means of a rider (supplement) to base rates. The DPSC approved a rider effective January 1, 1996 to recover over five years all unrecovered environmental costs through September 30, 1995 offset by the deferred tax benefit of these costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year, the rider rate will be calculated based on the amortization of expenses for previous years. The advantage of the environmental rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses.

On December 15, 1995, Chesapeake's Delaware division filed its rate design proposal with the DPSC to initiate Phase II of this proceeding. The principal objective of the filing was to prepare the Company for an increasingly competitive environment anticipated in the near future when Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline. This initial filing proposed new rate schedules for commercial and industrial sales service, individual pricing for interruptible negotiated contract rates, a modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism and a natural gas vehicle tariff.

On May 15, 1996, the Delaware division filed its proposal relating to transportation and balancing services with the DPSC which proposed that transportation of customer owned gas be available to all commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 30,000 Ccf per year.

A tentative settlement proposal which was submitted to the DPSC Hearing Examiner on November 22, 1996. On January 23, 1997 the DPSC Hearing Examiner issued his proposed findings and recommendations supporting the parties settlement proposal for final DPSC approval. On February 4, 1997 the DPSC approved an order authorizing new service offerings and rate design for services rendered on and after March 1, 1997.

The approved changes include:

- 1 Restructured sales services which provide commercial and industrial customers with various service classifications such as general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor services;
- A modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism which takes into consideration the unbundling of
  gas costs from distribution charges as well as charging certain firm service classifications different gas
  cost rates based on a customers' load factor;
- The implementation of a mechanism for sharing interruptible, capacity release and off-system sales
  margins between firm sales customers and the Company, with changing margin sharing percentages
  based on the level of total margin; and
- Provision for transportation and balancing services for commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 30,000 Ccf per year to transport customer-owned gas on the Company's distribution system.

Elorida. On September 28, 1995, the Florida Public Service Commission issued an order finalizing the Florida division's 1994 amount of overearnings. The division was found to have exceeded its allowed rate of return equity ceiling of 12% by \$62,000. As a result of an agreement reached February 6, 1995, the excess earnings were deferred until 1995. The same agreement capped the Florida Division's 1995 return on equity at 12% plus or minus the result of subtracting the average yield of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds for the period of October, November and December, 1994 from the average yield of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds for October, November and December 1995, not to exceed 50 basis points in either direction. As a result, the Florida Division's return on equity for 1995 was lowered to a midpoint of 10.5% for determining the level of overearnings. For 1995, the Florida Division was found to have exceeded its allowed rate of return equity ceiling of 11.5% by \$230,000. On January 21, 1997 the Florida Public Service Commission voted to allow the division to apply the total overearnings for 1994 and 1995 in the amount of \$292,000 to its environmental reserve. The Commission Order affirming this decision was issued in February, 1997.

#### (i) (c) Propane Distribution

Chesapeake's propane distribution group consists of Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Sharpgas, Inc. ("Sharpgas").

On March 6, 1997, Chesapeake acquired all of the outstanding shares of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County"), a family-owned and operated propane distribution business located in Salisbury and Pocomoke, Maryland. The combined operations of the Company and Tri-County served approximately 32,000 propane customers on the Delmarva Peninsula and delivered approximately 30-million retail and wholesale gallons of propane during 1996.

Sharpgas stores and distributes propane to approximately 23,100 customers on the Delmarva Peninsula. The propane distribution business is affected by many factors such as seasonality, the absence of price regulation and competition among local providers.

Propane is a form of liquefied petroleum gas which is typically extracted from natural gas or separated during the crude oil refining process. Although propane is gaseous at normal pressures, it is easily compressed into liquid form for storage and transportation. Propane is a clean-burning fuel, gaining increased recognition for its environmental superiority, safety, efficiency, transportability and ease of use relative to alternative forms of energy.

Propane is sold primarily in suburban and rural areas which are not served by natural gas pipelines. Demand is typically much higher in the winter months and is significantly affected by seasonal variations, particularly the relative severity of winter temperatures, because of its use in residential and commercial heating.

The Company purchases propane primarily from suppliers, including major domestic oil companies and independent producers of gas liquids and oil. Supplies of propane from these and other sources are readily available for purchase by the Company. Supply contracts generally include minimum (not subject to a take-or-pay premiums) and maximum purchase provisions.

The Company uses trucks and railroad cars to transport propane from refineries, natural gas processing plants or pipeline terminals to the Company's bulk storage facilities. From these facilities, propane is delivered in portable cylinders or by "bobtail" trucks, owned and operated by the Company, to tanks located at the customer's premises.

Sharpgas competes with several other propane distributors in its service territories, primarily on the basis of service and price, emphasizing reliability of service and responsiveness. Competition is generally local because distributors located in close proximity to customers incur lower costs of providing service.

Propane competes with both fuel oil and electricity as an energy source. Propane competes against fuel oil based upon cleanliness and its environmental advantages. Propane is also typically less expensive than both fuel oil and electricity based on equivalent BTU value. Because natural gas has historically been less expensive than propane, propane is generally not distributed in geographic areas serviced by natural gas pipeline or distribution systems.

The Company's propane distribution activities are not subject to any federal or state pricing regulation. Transport operations are subject to regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous materials promulgated under the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Act, which is administered by the United States Department of Transportation and enforced by the various states in which such operations take place. Propane distribution operations are also subject to state safety regulations relating to "hook-up" and placement of propane tanks.

The Company's propane operations are subject to all operating hazards normally incident to the handling, storage and transportation of combustible liquids, such as the risk of personal injury and property damage caused by fire. The Company carries general liability insurance in the amount of \$35,000,000 per occurrence, but there is no assurance that such insurance will be adequate.

#### (i) (d) Advanced Information Services

Chesapeake's advanced information services segment is comprised of United Systems, Inc. ("USI") and Capital Data Systems, Inc. ("CDS"), both wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. CDS provided programming support for application software, until the first quarter of 1997, at which time they disposed of substantially all of their assets.

USI is an Atlanta-based company that primarily provides support for users of PROGRESS<sup>6</sup>, a fourth generation computer language and Relational Database Management System. USI offers consulting, training, software development "tools" and customer software development for its client base, which includes many large domestic and international corporations.

The advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a number of larger competitors having substantially greater resources available to them than the Company. In addition, changes in the advanced information services businesses are occurring rapidly, which could adversely impact the markets for the Company's products and services.

#### (i) (e) Other Subsidiaries

Skipjack, Inc. ("Skipjack") and Chesapeake Investment Company ("Chesapeake Investment"), are wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeake Service Company. Skipjack owns and leases to affiliates, two office buildings in Dover, Delaware. Chesapeake Investment is a Delaware affiliated investment company.

On March 6, 1997, in connection with the acquisition of Tri-County, the Company acquired Eastern Shore Real Estate, Inc. ("ESR"), which will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake Service Company. ESR owns and leases office buildings to affiliates and external companies.

#### (ii) Seasonal Nature of Business

Revenues from the Company's residential and commercial natural gas sales and from its propane distribution activities are affected by seasonal variations, since the majority of these sales are to customers using the fuels for heating purposes. Revenues from these customers are accordingly affected by the mildness or severity of the heating season.

#### (iii) Capital Budget

The Company's current capital budget for 1997 contemplates expenditures totaling approximately \$18.9 million. The total includes approximately \$8.5 million for Chesapeake's natural gas distribution divisions, consisting mainly of extensions to and replacements of the distribution facilities and related equipment; \$4.5 million for natural gas transmission operations, providing principally for improvements to the pipeline system and for finishing construction of a compressor station in Delaware City, \$3.8 million for environmental related expenditures, \$1.8 million for propane distribution, principally for the purchase of storage facilities, additional tanks and the construction of a new operation center in Pocomoke, Maryland; \$150,000 for computer hardware, furniture and fixtures for the Company's advanced information services group; along with \$150,000 for general plant. These capital requirements are expected to be financed by cash flow provided by the Company's operating activities short-term borrowing, and the issuance of long-term debt, common equity or a combination thereof.

#### (iv) Employees

The Company has 338 employees including 131 natural gas distribution employees, 18 natural gas transmission employees, 97 propane distribution employees and 49 advanced information services employees. The remaining 43 employees are considered general and administrative and include officers of the Company and treasury, accounting, data processing, planning, human resources and other administrative personnel. The acquisition of Tri-County will add approximately 43 employees to the total number of employees of the Company.

#### Item 2. Properties

#### (a) General

The Company owns offices and operates buildings in Salisbury, Cambridge, and Princess Anne, Maryland; Dover, Seaford, Laurel and Georgetown, Delaware; and Winter Haven, Florida, and rents office space in Dover, Delaware; Plant City, Florida; Chincoteague and Belle Haven, Virginia; Easton and Pocomoke, Maryland; and Atlanta, Georgia. In general, the properties of the Company are adequate for the uses for which they are employed. Capacity and utilization of the Company's facilities can vary significantly due to the seasonal nature of the natural gas and propane distribution businesses.

#### (b) Natural Gas Distribution

Chesapeake owns over 514 miles of natural gas distribution mains (together with related service lines, meters and regulators) located in its Delaware and Maryland service areas, and 459 miles of such mains (and related equipment) in its Central Florida service areas. Chesapeake also owns facilities in Delaware and Maryland for propane-air injection during periods of peak demand.

A portion of the properties constituting Chesapeake's distribution system are encumbered pursuant to Chesapeake's First Mortgage Bonds.

#### (c) Natural Gas Transmission

Eastern Shore owns approximately 271 miles of transmission lines extending from Parkesburg, Pennsylvania to Salisbury, Maryland. Eastern Shore also owns three compressor stations located in Delaware City, Delaware, Daleville, Pennsylvania and Bridgeville, Delaware. The Delaware City compressor station is currently under construction with a proposed in-service date of March 19,1997. The Delaware City compressor facility and associated piping are needed to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a result of steadily declining inlet pressures at the Hockessin interconnect with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. The Daleville station is utilized to increase Columbia supply pressures to match Transco supply pressures, and to increase Eastern Shore's pressures in order to serve Eastern Shore's firm customers' demands, including demands from Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland divisions. The Bridgeville station is being used to provide increased pressures required to meet the demands on the system.

#### (d) Propane Distribution

Sharpgas owns bulk propane storage facilities with an aggregate capacity of 1,482,000 gallons at 26 plant facilities in Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, located on real estate it either owns or leases.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. The Company is also involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental agencies concerning rates. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

#### Environmental

#### (a) Dover Gas Light Site

In 1984, the State of Delaware notified the Company that a parcel of land it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light Company, a predecessor gas company, contains hazardous substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any clean-up and prospective environmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control ("DNREC") investigated the site and surroundings, finding coal tar residue and some ground-water contamination.

In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). At that time under CERCLA, both the State of Delaware and the Company were named as potentially responsible parties ("PRP") for clean-up of the site.

The EPA issued the site Record of Decision ("ROD") dated August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA in the ROD addresses the ground-water contamination with a combination of hydraulic containment and natural attenuation. Remediation selected for the soil at the site is to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two feet of soil and less stringent standards for the soil below two feet. The ROD estimates the costs of selected remediation of ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

On November 18, 1994, EPA issued a "Special Notice Letter" (the "Letter") to Chesapeake and three other PRPs. The Letter includes, inter alia, (1) a demand for payment by the PRPs of EPA's past costs (estimated to be approximately \$300,000) and future costs incurred overseeing Site work; (2) notice of EPA's commencement of a 60 day moratorium on certain EPA response activities at the Site; (3) a request by EPA that Chesapeake and the other PRPs submit a "good faith proposal" to conduct or finance the work identified in the ROD; and (4) proposed consent orders by which Chesapeake and other parties may agree to perform the good faith proposal.

In January 1995, Chesapeake submitted to the EPA a good faith proposal to perform a substantial portion of the work set forth in the ROD, which was subsequently rejected. The Company and the EPA each attempted to secure voluntary performance of part of the remediation by other parties. These parties include the State of Delaware, which is the owner of the property and was identified in the ROD as a PRP, and a business identified in the ROD as a PRP for having contributed to ground-water contamination.

On May 17, 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other PRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial penalties for failure to comply. Although notifying EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply. GPU informed EPA that it does not intend to comply with the Order.

On March 6, 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to carry out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the State agreed to support the Company's proposal to reduce the soil remedy for the site, described below, to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD, and to reimburse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of Delaware being reached

within the next two years. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be dismissed with prejudice.

On July 7, 1995, the Company submitted to EPA a study proposing to reduce the level and cost of soil remediation from that identified in the ROD. Although this proposal was supported by the State of Delaware, as required by the Settlement, it was rejected by the EPA on January 30, 1996.

On June 25, 1996, the Company initiated litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount, if any, of proceeds to be received.

In July 1996, the Company commenced the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and investigation. A predesign investigation report ("the report") was filed in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which requires EPA approval, will provide up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the remedial design selected in the ROD is still the appropriate remedy.

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

In the third quarter of 1994, the Company increased its accrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflects the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD for remediation of the site according to the ROD. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the design phase progresses and the Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

As of December 31, 1996, the Company has incurred approximately \$4.2 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period beginning in 1990. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission, authorized recovery of all unrecovered environmental cost incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to base rates, applicable to all firm service customers. The costs would be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax benefit associated with those environmental costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year a new rider rate will be calculated to become effective December 1. The rider rate will be based on the amortization of expenditures through September of the filing years plus amortization of expenses from previous years. The advantage of the rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses incurred. As of December 31, 1996, the unamortized balance and amount of environment cost not included in the rider, effective January 1, 1997 was \$1,206,000 and \$191,000, respectively. With the rider mechanism established, it is management's opinion that these costs and any future cost, net of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates.

## (b) Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), the Company has completed an assessment of the Salisbury manufactured gas plant site. The assessment determined that there was localized contamination of ground-water. A remedial design report was submitted to MDE in November 1990 and included a proposal to monitor, pump and treat any contaminated ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, the remedial action workplan was revised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The remediation process for ground-water was revised from pump-and-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in a substantial reduction in overall costs. During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and will be reporting on an ongoing basis the remediation and monitoring results to the Maryland Department of the Environment.

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$650,088 on December 31, 1996, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of December 31, 1996, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.2 million for remedial actions and environmental studies and has charged such costs to accumulated depreciation. In January 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental cost incurred through September 30, 1995 less amounts previously amortized and insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization was \$964,251. Of the \$2.2 million in costs reported above, approximately \$417,000 has not been recovered through insurance proceeds or received ratemaking treatment. It is management's opinion that these costs incurred and future costs incurred, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

#### (c) Winter Haven Coal Gas Site

The Company is currently conducting investigations of a site in Winter Haven, Florida, where the Company's predecessors manufactured coal gas earlier this century. A Contamination Assessment Report ("CAR") was submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") in July, 1990. The CAR contained the results of additional investigations of conditions at the site. These investigations confirmed limited soil and ground-water impacts to the site. In March 1991, FDEP directed the Company to conduct additional investigations on-site to fully delineate the vertical and horizontal extent of soil and ground-water impacts.

Additional contamination assessment activities were conducted at the site in late 1992 and early 1993. In March 1993, a Contamination Assessment Report Addendum ("CAR Addendum") was delivered to FDEP. The CAR Addendum concluded that soil and ground-water impacts have been adequately delineated as a result of the additional field work. The FDEP approved the CAR and CAR Addendum in March of 1994. The next step is a Risk Assessment ("RA") and a Feasibility Study ("FS") on the site. A draft of the RA and FS were filed with the FDEP during 1995; however, until the RA and FS are not complete until accepted as final by the FDEP. On May 10, 1996, CFGC transmitted to FDEP an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for FDEP's review and approval. The Work Plan described CFCG's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction pilot study to evaluate the effectiveness of air sparging as a groundwater remedy combined with soil vapor extraction at the Property. CFGC is currently awaiting FDEP's comments to the Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation.

The Company has spent approximately \$660,000, as of December 31, 1996, on these investigations, and expects to recover these expenses, as well as any future expenses, through base rates. These costs have been accounted for as charges to accumulated depreciation. The Company requested and received from the Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC") approval to amortize through base rates \$359,659 of clean-up and removal costs incurred as of December 31, 1986. As of December 31, 1992, these costs were fully amortized. In January 1993, the Company received approval to recover through base rates approximately \$217,000 in additional costs related to the former manufactured gas plant. This amount represents recovery of \$173,000 of costs incurred from January 1987 through December 1992, as well as prospective recovery of estimated future costs which had not yet been incurred at that time. The FPSC has allowed for amortization of these costs over a three-year period and provided for rate base treatment for the unamortized balance. In a separate docket before the FPSC, the Company has requested and received approval to apply a refund of 1991 overearnings of approximately \$118,000 against the balance of unamortized environmental charges incurred as of December 31, 1992. As a result, these environmental charges were fully amortized as of June 1994. The FPSC issued an order in January 1997, applying a refund of \$292,000, pertaining to 1994 and 1995 overearnings, toward the balance of unamortized environmental charges. Of the \$660,000 in costs reported above, all costs have received ratemaking treatment. The FPSC has allowed the Company to continue to accrue for future environmental costs. At December 31, 1996, the Company has \$396,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

#### (d) Smyrna Coal Gas Site

On August 29, 1989 and August 4, 1993, representatives of DNREC conducted sampling on property owned by the Company in Smyrna, Delaware. This property is believed to be the location of a former manufactured gas plant. Analysis of the samples taken by DNREC show a limited area of soil contamination.

On November 2, 1993, DNREC advised the Company that it would require a remediation of the soil contamination under the state's Hazardous Substance Cleanup Act and submitted a draft Consent Decree to the Company for its review. The Company met with DNREC personnel in December 1993 to discuss the scope of any remediation of the site and, in January 1994, submitted a proposed workplan, together with comments on the proposed Consent Decree. The final Work Plan was submitted on September 27, 1994. DNREC has approved the Work Plan and the Consent Decree. Remediation based on the Work Plan was completed in 1995, at a cost of approximately \$263,000. In June 1996, the Company received the certificate of completion from DNREC. It is management's opinion that these costs will be recoverable in rates.

### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

#### Item 10. Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Executive Officers of the Company is as follows:

Ralph J. Adkins (age 54) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Adkins is President and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapeake. He has served as President and Chief Executive Officer since November 8, 1990. Prior to holding his present position, Mr. Adkins served as President and Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Treasurer of Chesapeake. Mr. Adkins is also Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapeake Service Company, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Sharp Energy, Inc., Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., Chesapeake Service Company and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, all wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeake. He has been a director of Chesapeake since 1989.

John R. Schimkaitis (age 49) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Schimkaitis is Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Assistant Treasurer. He has served as Executive Vice President since February 23, 1996. He previously served as Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary. From 1983 to 1986 Mr. Schimkaitis was Vice President of Cooper & Rutter, Inc., a consulting firm providing financial services to the utility and cable industries. He was appointed a director of Chesapeake in February 1996.

Philip S. Barefoot (age 50) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Barefoot joined Chesapeake as Division Manager of Florida Operations in July 1988. In May 1994 he was elected Senior Vice President of Natural Gas Operations, as well as Vice President of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. Prior to joining Chesapeake, he was employed with Peoples Natural Gas Company where he held the positions of Division Sales Manager, Division Manager and Vice President of Florence Operations.

Michael P. McMasters (age 38) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. McMasters is Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since December, 1996. He previously served as Vice President of Eastern Shore, Director of Accounting and Rates and Controller. From 1992 to May 1994, Mr. McMasters was employed as Director of Operations Planning for Equitable Gas Company.

#### PART II

### Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

### (a) Common Stock Dividends and Price Ranges:

The following table sets forth sale price and dividend information for each calendar quarter during the years December 31, 1996 and 1995:

	4 16			Dividends Declared	
Quarter Ended	High	Low	Close	Per Share	
1996	18				
March 31	\$17.000	\$14.500	\$16.750	\$0.2325	
June 30	17.875	15.875	16.000	0.2325	
September 30	17.750	15.125	17.500	0.2325	
December 31	18.000	16.375	16.875	0.2325	
1995					
March 31	\$13.625	\$12.125	\$13.250	\$0.2250	
June 30	13.375	12.250	13.125	0.2250	
September 30	14.375	12.250	14.000	0.2250	
December 31	15.500	14.000	14.625	0.2250	

The common stock of the Company trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CPK".

#### (b) Approximate number of holders of common stock as of December 31, 1996:

Title of Class
Common stock, par value \$.4867

Number of Shareholders
of Record
2,213

## (c) Dividends:

During the years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995, cash dividends have been declared each quarter, in the amounts set forth in the table above.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain a restriction that the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I Bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As of December 31, 1996, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant are \$13.0 million.

(d) On March 6, 1997, in conjunction with the acquisition of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., the Company issued 639,000 shares of Company stock to William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider in reliance on the private placement exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation D, thereunder.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

	(Dollars in T)	Dollars in Thousands Except Stock Data)			
For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992
Operating					
Operating revenues	\$119,330	\$104,020	\$98,572	\$85,873	\$75,935
Operating income	\$9,244	\$9,562	\$7,227	\$6,311	\$5,770
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle					
and discontinued operations Cumulative effect of change in	\$6,910	\$7,237	\$4,460	\$3,914	\$3,475
accounting principle				\$58	
Income from discontinued operations				350	\$74
Net income	\$6,910	\$7,237	\$4,460	\$3,972	\$3,549
Balance Sheet					
Gross plant	\$127,961	\$115,283	\$110,023	\$100,330	\$91,039
Net plant	\$90,564	\$81,716	\$75,313	\$69,794	\$64,596
Total assets	\$131,138	\$118,794	\$108,271	\$100,988	\$89,557
Long-term debt, net	\$28,984	\$29,795	\$24,329	\$25,682	\$25,668
Common stockholders' equity	\$47,153	\$42,301	\$37,063	\$34,878	\$33,126
Capital expenditures	\$14,302	\$12,100	\$10,653	\$10,064	\$6,720
Capital expenditures	\$14,302	\$12,100	\$10,033	310,004	30,720
Common Stock					
Primary earnings per share:					
Income before cumulative effect of					
change in accounting principle					
and discontinued operations	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23	\$1.10	\$1.00
Cumulative effect of change in				***	
accounting principle				\$0.02	60.00
Income from discontinued operations	** **			** **	\$0.02
Net income	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23	\$1.12	\$1.02
Average shares outstanding	3,793,467	3,701,981	3,632,413	3,556,037	3,477,244
Fully diluted earnings per share: Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle					
and discontinued operations Cumulative effect of change in	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20	\$1.08	\$0.99
accounting principle				\$0.02	
Income from discontinued operations					\$0.02
Net income	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20	\$1.10	\$1.01
Average shares outstanding	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190	3,816,295	3,749,130
Cash dividends per share	\$0.93	\$0.9	\$0.88	\$0.86	\$0.86
Book value per share	\$12.41	\$11.37	\$10.15	\$9.76	\$9.50
Common equity/Total capitalization	61.93%	58.67%	60.37%	57.59%	56.34%
Return on equity	14.66%	17.11%	12.03%	11.39%	10.71%
Number of Employees	338	335	320	326	317
Number of Registered Stockholders	2,213	2,098	1,721	1,743	1.674
Heating Degree Days	4,717	4,593	4,398	4,705	4,645
Heating Degree Days (10-year average)	4,596	4,586	4,564	4,588	4,598



#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's capital requirements reflect the capital intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to its construction program and the retirement of its outstanding debt. The Company relies on cash generated from operations and short-term borrowings to meet normal working capital requirements and to temporarily finance capital expenditures. During 1996, the Company's net cash provided by operating activities, net cash used by investing activities and net cash provided by financing activities were \$11.3 million, \$14.1 million and \$3.7 million, respectively.

On January 23, 1997, the Board of Directors increased the amount the Company was authorized to borrow from various banks and trust companies from \$14.0 million to a ceiling of \$20.0 million. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had four unsecured bank lines of credit, each in the amount of \$8,000,000. Funds provided from these lines of credit are used for short-term cash needs to meet seasonal working capital requirements and to fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of short-term borrowings at December 31, 1996 and 1995 were \$12.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. Based upon anticipated cash requirements in 1997, the Company may refinance the short-term debt and provide 1997 capital requirements through the issuance of long-term debt. The timing of such an issuance is dependent upon the nature of the securities involved as well as current market and economic conditions.

In 1996, the Company used cash provided by operating activities coupled with short-term borrowings to fund the capital expenditures and increases in working capital requirements. The increase in working capital was primarily due to the significant increase in natural gas and propane prices during the fourth quarter of 1996. In 1995, the Company's capital additions were funded by operating activities. In 1994, cash provided by operations increased due to the collection of a large amount of underrecovered purchased gas costs present at the end of 1993.

During 1996, 1995 and 1994, capital expenditures were approximately \$14,302,000, \$12,100,000 and \$10,653,000, respectively. For 1997, the Company has budgeted \$18.9 million for capital expenditures. This amount includes \$8.5 million for natural gas distribution, \$4.5 million for natural gas transmission, \$3.8 million for environmental related expenditures, \$1.8 million for propane distribution, \$150,000 for advanced information services and \$150,000 for general plant. The natural gas and propane distribution expenditures are for expansion and improvement of facilities in existing service territories. Natural gas transmission expenditures are for improvement of the pipeline system and completion of the Delaware City compressor station. The advanced information services expenditures are for computer hardware, software and related equipment. Financing for the 1997 construction program is expected to be provided from short-term borrowings, cash from operations and from an issuance of long-term debt. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification. Actual construction expenditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, load growth and the cost and availability of capital.

The Company expects to incur environmental related expenditures during 1997 and in future years (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

### Capital Structure

As of December 31, 1996, common equity represented 61.9% of permanent capitalization, compared to 58.7% in 1995 and 60.4% in 1994. The Company remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings in order to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This

commitment, along with adequate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that the Company will be able to attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost. The achievement of these objectives will provide benefits to customers and creditors, as well as to the Company's investors.

#### Financing Activities

On October 2, 1995, the Company finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010. The Company used the proceeds to retire \$4,091,000 of the 10.85% Senior Notes of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, the Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary ("Eastern Shore"), originally due October 1, 2003. The remaining proceeds of \$5,909,000 were used to repay short-term borrowings under the Company's lines of credit. The Company issued no long-term debt in 1996 and 1994. During 1996, the Company repaid a total of approximately \$869,000 of long-term debt, compared to \$5,018,000 and \$1,291,000 in 1995 and 1994, respectively.

The Company issued 33,926, 38,660 and 30,928 shares of common stock in connection with its Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan during the years of 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

#### Results of Operations

Net income for 1996 was \$6,910,428, as compared to \$7,236,695 for 1995. Exclusive of matters relating to the settlement and associated accruals described below, earnings in 1996 increased by \$320,969. The 1995 net income reflected the settlement between Eastern Shore and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") regarding Eastern Shore's purchased gas adjustment ("PGA") computation. This settlement, which was a non-recurring event, contributed \$833,000 to 1995 net income due to the reversal of the excess liability for a potential refund previously recorded, and resulted in a reduction in the required level of accruals from \$750,000 after tax in 1994 to \$186,000 after tax in 1995. Earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994 were \$13.2 million, \$13.6 million and \$9.8 million.

#### Natural Gas Distribution

The natural gas distribution segment contributed EBIT of \$7.2 million in 1996 compared to \$4.7 million in both 1995 and 1994. The increase in EBIT in 1996 was due to higher gross margin partially offset by higher operating expenses.

Gross margin in 1996 increased \$4.0 million due to a full year of rate increases, which went into effect in 1995, coupled with a 20% increase in deliveries to residential and commercial customers located in the Company's northern service territory. The rate increase became effective during December, 1995 for Maryland operations and interim rates were in effect during June, 1995 for Delaware operations. The rate increases were designed to increase revenues \$975,000 and \$900,000 annually for the Maryland and Delaware operations, respectively. The increase in deliveries to residential and commercial customers located in the Company's northern service territory was related to temperatures which were colder than the previous year.

Gross margin in 1995 increased \$1.7 million due to the partial year of rate increases for the Maryland and Delaware operations in 1995 and an increase of 88% and 23% in transportation and delivery volumes, respectively, by the Florida distribution operations. These increases in Florida's volumes reflected sales to phosphate producing and citrus processing customers and to three co-generation plants.

Operations expenses for 1996 increased by \$583,000 or 7% after increasing by \$1.2 million or 16% in 1995 over 1994. The 1996 increases related to compensation, benefits, data processing costs, uncollectibles and regulatory expenses. The increases in 1995 related to compensation, data processing conversion costs, consulting, legal and regulatory expenses.

Maintenance expenses were slightly less in 1996 compared to 1995, when expenses were \$66,000 or 7% higher than 1994 expenses due to a greater level of maintenance on meter and regulating stations. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant additions placed in service during the past two years. Other taxes increased by \$460,000 or 23% in 1996, partially due to the inclusion of certain state revenue related taxes in 1996.

#### Natural Gas Transmission

The natural gas transmission segment contributed EBIT of \$2.5 million, \$6.1 million and \$3.0 million during 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The large increase in 1995 EBIT includes the effect of the settlement between Eastern Shore and the FERC regarding Eastern Shore's PGA computation (see Note K to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The settlement, which was a non-recurring event, contributed \$1.3 million to EBIT for 1995 due to the reversal of excess liability for the potential refund previously recorded, and resulted in a reduction in the required level of accruals from \$1.2 million in 1994 to \$289,000 in 1995. Exclusive of matters relating to the settlement and associated accruals, EBIT decreased \$2.6 million in 1996, increased \$890,000 in 1995 and increased \$1.1 million in 1994.

The reduction in 1996 EBIT of \$2.6 million was primarily the result of a decrease in gross margin on sales to industrial customers. Contributing to the increases in 1995 and 1994 EBIT were increased gross margins, primarily attributable to increased deliveries of industrial sales volumes, offset slightly by higher operating expenses.

The decline in 1996 gross margin resulted from a 67% decrease in volumes delivered, primarily reflecting decreased deliveries to two industrial interruptible customers, a municipal power plant and a methanol plant. The methanol plant shut down operations on April 1, 1996. The management of the methanol plant has indicated that they would monitor methanol prices and would re-evaluate their position as to reopening or permanently closing on or about April 1, 1997. To our knowledge, no decision has been made regarding reopening or permanently closing the methanol plant. During 1996, 1995 and 1994, deliveries to methanol and power plants contributed to gross margin approximately \$284,000, \$2.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. These two customers are interruptible customers and have no ongoing commitment, contractual or otherwise, to purchase natural gas from the Company (see Note A to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

Operations expense increased 4% in 1996, primarily reflecting increased compensation and benefit related expenses. Operations expense increased by \$314,000 or 14% in 1995 compared to 1994. The majority of the increases were in payroll, telemetering and legal fees.

Maintenance expense declined slightly in 1996 after declining by \$47,000 or 8% in 1995. Maintenance expenses in 1994 increased by \$125,000 due to the painting of a pipeline bridge structure and a higher level of natural gas main maintenance. Depreciation expense increased in 1996 due to plant placed in service during the past two years.

On October 15, 1996, Eastern Shore filed with the FERC for a rate increase of approximately \$1,445,000. This increase would be effective for only revenues earned on sales to regulated customers.

In connection with the FERC Order relating to the settlement, Eastern Shore applied in December of 1995 to the FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system. The implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Eastern Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at FERC regulated rates. Open access is thus likely to result in a shift of Eastern Shore's business from margins earned on sales of gas to large industrial customers to a possibly lower margin earned on transportation services. After the implementation of open access, it is expected that Eastern Shore's earnings, which in the past have been driven to a substantial extent by widely varying levels of unregulated sales, will tend to be more stable and closer to a regulated return.

## Propane Distribution

The propane distribution segment contributed EBIT of \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million and \$2.3 million for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The 1996 increase in EBIT was primarily the result of an increase in gross margin mostly offset by greater operating expenses. The 1995 decrease in EBIT was a combined impact of a decrease in gross margin coupled with greater operating expenses.

The increase in gross margin of \$1.1 million or 12% for 1996 was primarily the result of a 12% increase in sales volumes due to temperatures being colder than the previous year. The decrease in gross margin of \$281,000 for 1995 was primarily due to a 4% decline in sales volume, partially offset by a higher average margin per gallon. Overall, temperatures in 1995 were 4% colder than temperatures in 1994, yet volumes were lower due to the timing and severity of weather conditions experienced in 1994. In 1995, the segment did not secure a contract with one wholesale customer under which it had supplied large quantities of propane, contributing \$64,000 to gross margin, in 1994.

Operations expense for 1996 increased by \$766,000 or 14% after increasing by \$225,000 or 4% in 1995. The increase in expenses for 1996 and 1995 occurred primarily in compensation, benefits and outside services. Maintenance expenses increased by \$84,000 or 28% in 1996 after reducing by \$42,000 or 12% in 1995. The maintenance expense increases occurred primarily on vehicles.

Starting in 1997, the Company will be integrating the operations of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County"), acquired on March 6, 1997, and the Company's current propane distribution operations.

#### Advanced Information Services

The advanced information services segment contributed EBIT of \$1.3 million, \$1.2 million and \$174,000 for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994. During 1996, revenue and operating expenses decreased by \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. These declines resulted from the segment no longer providing facilities management services during 1996. These 1996 declines were partially offset by increases in consulting and programming revenues along with associated operating expenses, such as compensation, benefits and reimbursed costs.

In 1995 revenues increased due to higher consulting and programming revenues, placement services and non-recurring revenue earned by providing services to a large facilities management customer. These services were provided during a period of system conversion by this customer in connection with the termination of its contract. Operating expenses declined in 1995 due to downsizing efforts at the Company's North Carolina operation to change the focus from a product development and facilities management company to a fixed price contract programming services company.

Included in the results of the advanced information services segment for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 were intersegment revenues of \$711,000, \$1,722,000 and \$2,277,000, respectively, which were eliminated in consolidation. The intercompany LBIT (Loss Before Interest and Taxes) connected with the development of the Company's natural gas distribution billing system, which was finalized during 1995, totaled \$165,000 and \$468,000 for the years 1995 and 1994, respectively.

#### Other

Non-operating income was \$379,000, \$357,000 and \$16,000 for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The 1995 increase was primarily due to a one-time termination fee paid to the advanced information services segment by its largest facilities management customer in connection with a change in control of that customer. This was somewhat offset by costs to downsize the operation to no longer provide facilities management service in connection with its Page-ITTM software.

#### **Environmental Matters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impact and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any future costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in rates.

#### Competition

Historically, the Company's natural gas operations have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal considerations have been price and to a lesser extent, accessibility. Since Eastern Shore has only recently elected to be an open access pipeline, with implementation during 1997, the Company has not previously been subject to the competitive pressures from other sellers of natural gas. Upon implementation of open access transportation services on Eastern Shore's system, third party suppliers will compete with the Company to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system. Eastern Shore will shift from providing sales service to providing contract storage and transportation services.

The Company's distribution operations located in Delaware and Maryland will then face the possibility of the unbundling of their services to certain industrial customers, thus increasing the competition for sales services. The Company has already addressed these issues in 1994 and 1993 in its Florida distribution operation, when the Company was required to unbundle its services to large industrial customers. The Company established a natural gas brokering and supply operation to compete for these customers' business.

Both the propane distribution and the advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a number of larger competitors with substantially greater resources available to them than the Company. In addition, in the advanced information services business, changes are occurring rapidly which could adversely impact the markets for the Company's services.

#### Inflation

Inflation impacts the prices the Company must pay for labor and other goods and services required for operation, maintenance and capital improvements. In recent years, however, the impact of inflation has lessened, except for its effect on purchased gas costs. Although historically stable, these costs were higher in 1996. These costs are passed on to customers through the purchased gas adjustment clause in the Company's tariffs. To help cope with the effects of inflation on its capital investments and returns, the Company seeks rate relief from its regulatory commissions for its regulated operations and constantly monitors the returns of its unregulated business operations.

#### Cautionary Statement

Statements made herein and elsewhere in this Form 10-K which are not historical fact are forward looking statements. In connection with the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company is providing the following cautionary statement to identify important factors that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in forward looking statements made herein or otherwise by or on behalf of the Company.

A number of factors and uncertainties make it difficult to predict the effect on future operating results, relative to historical results, of Eastern Shore becoming an open access pipeline. First, while open access is likely to diminish industrial interruptible sales margins, such sales have varied widely from year to year and, in future years, might make a less significant contribution to earnings even in the absence of open access. Second, the level of regulated transportation rates that will be in effect under open access has not yet been determined. Third, the outcome of Eastern Shore's rate increase filling with FERC for an increase in revenue earned on sales to regulated customers has not yet been determined. Fourth, there are a number of uncertainties, including the outcome of open access

proceedings and the effects of competition, which will affect whether the Company will be able to provide economical gas marketing services.

In addition, a number of factors and uncertainties affecting other aspects of the Company's business could have a material impact on earnings. With respect to the acquisition of Tri-County, these include: actual performance for the future periods, the actual costs of the acquisition and the ability of the combined company to execute the integration and realize the expected synergies. With respect to the Company's business in general, these include: the seasonality and temperature sensitivity of our natural gas and propane businesses, the relative price of alternative energy sources and the effects of competition both on our unregulated businesses and on natural gas sales once the Company operates in an open access environment.

#### Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplemental Data

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Stockholders of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows, stockholders' equity, and income taxes for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996, and the consolidated financial statement schedule listed in Item 14(a)(1) and (2) of this Form 10-K. These financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and the financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, the consolidated financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be included therein.

We have also previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted standards, the consolidated balance sheets and statements of capitalization as of December 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows, common stockholders' equity, and income taxes for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 1993 (none of which are presented herein) and we expressed unqualified opinions on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the Financial Highlights included in the Selected Financial Data for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 1996, appearing on page 20 is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements from which it has been derived.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland February 13, 1997

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

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At December 31,	1996	1995
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Natural gas distribution	\$70,497,872	\$64,785,616
Natural gas transmission	30,655,492	25,651,558
Propane distribution	21,101,579	19,645,973
Advanced information services	1,003,850	841,661
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,004
Other plant	3,907,657	3,563,247
Total property, plant and equipment	127,961,454	115,283,059
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(37,397,752)	(33,567,446)
Net property, plant and equipment	90,563,702	81,715,613
Investments	2,263,068	1,957,218
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,952,998	977,407
Accounts receivable (less allowance for uncollectibles	13,328,333	12,701,256
of \$392,412 and \$309,955 in 1996 and 1995, respectively)	13,320,333	12,701,230
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,160,522	844,786
Propane inventory, at average cost	2,129,914	1,442,633
Storage gas prepayments	3,731,680	2,663,721
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	2,192,170	
Income taxes receivable	112,902	193,916
Prepaid expenses	801,939	842,460
Deferred income taxes	158,010	1,362,289
Total current assets	25,568,468	21,028,468
Deferred Charges and Other Assets		
Environmental regulatory assets	6,650,088	7,113,572
Environmental expenditures, net	1,778,348	1,505,140
Order 636 transition cost	943,209	1,463,157
Other deferred charges and intangible assets	3,371,027	4,010,812
Total deferred charges and other assets	12,742,672	14,092,681
		2
Total Assets	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980

Capital	lization	and	Lieblilles
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At December 31,	1996	1995
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	\$1,849,626	\$1,811,211
Additional paid-in capital	18,848,851	17,592,242
Retained earnings	26,780,831	23,385,097
Less: Unearned compensation related to restricted stock awarded	(364,529)	(415,107
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, net	38,598	(72,839
Total stockholders' equity	47,153,377	42,300,604
Long-term debt, net of current portion	28,984,368	29,794,639
Total capitalization	76,137,745	72,095,243
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	791,271	864,849
Short-term borrowings	12,000,000	4,800,000
Accounts payable	13,176,126	11,162,775
Refunds payable to customers	353,734	966,940
Accrued interest	741,768	742,701
Dividends payable	883,621	837,358
Overrecovered purchased gas costs		53,374
Other accrued expenses	3,447,397	3,123,191
Total current liabilities	31,393,917	22,551,188
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	9,798,676	9,136,808
Deferred investment tax credits	876,432	931,247
Environmental liability	6,650,088	7,113,572
Order 636 transition liability	943,209	1,463,157
Accrued pension costs	1,866,660	2,118,545
Other liabilities	3,471,183	3,384,220
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	23,606,248	24,147,549
Commitments and Contingencies		
(Notes J and K)		
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Revenues	\$119,330,068	\$104,020,416	\$98,572,297
Operating Expenses			
Purchased gas costs	72,530,507	58,454,410	59,013,165
Operations	22,954,470	21,387,989	19,681,435
Maintenance	2,014,106	2,079,121	2,181,404
Depreciation and amortization	5,101,823	5,461,752	5,140,679
Other taxes	3,538,402	3,050,351	2,798,905
Income taxes	3,946,986	4,025,274	2,529,635
Total operating expenses	110,086,294	94,458,897	91,345,223
Operating Income	9,243,774	9,561,519	7,227,074
Other Income			
Interest income	174,359	141,161	123,271
Other income and (deductions), net	173,231	256,237	(144,038)
Income taxes	(83,739)	(105,280)	(12,733)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	115,434	65,198	49,154
Total other income	379,285	357,316	15,654
Income Before Interest Charges	9,623,059	9,918,835	7,242,728
Interest Charges			
Interest on long-term debt	2,392,458	2,282,247	2,322,942
Amortization of debt expense	120,345	109,399	103,859
Other	264,148	383,976	426,242
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(64,320)	(93,482)	(70,237)
Total interest charges	2,712,631	2,682,140	2,782,806
Net Income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock :			
Primary:			
Earnings per share	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23
Average shares outstanding	3,793,467	3,701,891	3,632,413
Fully diluted:			
Earnings per share	\$1.76	\$1,89	\$1.20
Average shares outstanding	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - . 14

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Activities			
Net Income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash:			
Depreciation and amortization	5,782,759	5,905,090	5,786,013
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(115,434)	(65,198)	(49,154)
Investment tax credit adjustments	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815)
Deferred income taxes, net	1,794,147	252,727	(669,404)
Employee benefits	471,869	178,803	492,082
Employee compensation from lapsing of stock restrictions	334,745	431,694	374,121
Allowance for refund		(1,356,705)	1,238,705
Other, net	438,510	(339,080)	424,832
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
A novembre associately most	(627,077)	(4,284,963)	1,303,517
Other current assets	(1,949,441)	1,380,216	(979,125)
Other deferred charges	(502,491)	(946,450)	(271,937)
Accounts payable, net	1,300,252	3,149,573	382,913
Refunds payable to customers	(613,206)	399,123	59,999
(Underrecovered) Overrecovered purchased gas costs	(2,245,544)	162,399	1,723,432
Other current liabilities	369,536	948,846	159,910
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,294,238	12,997,955	14,381,011
Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, net	(14,045,947)	(11,691,192)	(10,473,565)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	115,434	65,198	49,154
Purchases of investments	(129,406)	(38,836)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(14,059,919)	(11,664,830)	(10,424,411)
Financing Activities			
Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$555,121, \$506,941 and \$427,190 in 1996,			
1995 and 1994, respectively	(2,959,573)	(2,791,373)	(2,736,388)
Sale of stock	369,709	254,484	201,704
Net borrowings (repayments) under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	7,200,000	(3,200,000) 10,000,000	(900,000)
Repayments of long-term debt	(868,864)	(5,017,580)	(1,285,962)
Net cash used by financing activities	3,741,272	(754,469)	(4,720,646)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	975,591	578,656	(764,046)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	977,407	398,751	1,162,797
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$1,952,998	\$977,407	\$398,751
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information			
Cash paid for interest	\$2,660,595	\$2,657,972	\$2,652,323
			\$3,509,034

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#### Principles of Consolideration

The Concollidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned substituties, Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore"), Sharp Energy, Inc. and Chesapeake Service Company. Sharp Energy, Inc.'s accounts include those of its wholly owned substituty, Sharpgao, Inc. Chesapeake Service Company's accounts include United Systems, Inc. ("USI"), Capital Data Systems, Inc. and Skipjack, Inc. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### System of Accounts

The natural gas distribution divisions of the Company located in Delaware, Maryland and Florida are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and Florida Public Service Commissions with respect to their rates for service, maintenance of their accounting records and various other matters. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") and the Delaware Public Service Commission. The Company's financial statements are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles which give appropriate recognition to the ratemaking and accounting practices and policies of the various commissions. The propane and advanced information services subsidiaries are not subject to regulation with respect to ates or maintenance of accounting records.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's policy is to invest cash in excess of operating requirements in overnight income producing accounts. Such amounts are stated at cost which approximates market. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

Utility property is stated at original cost while the assets of the propane subsidiary are valued at cost. The costs of repairs and minor replacements are charged to income as incurred and the costs of major renewals and betterments are capitalized. Upon retirement or disposition of utility property, the recorded cost of removal, net of salvage value is charged to accumulated depreciation. Upon retirement or disposition of non-utility property, the gain or loss, net of salvage value, is charged to income. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method at rates which will amortize the unrecovered cost of depreciable property over the estimated useful life. Depreciation and amortization expense for financial statement purposes is provided at an annual rate averaging 4.50% for natural gas distribution, 2.70% for natural gas transmission. 4.56% for propane distribution, 5.11% for gas plant acquisition adjustments, 16.10% for advanced information services and 2.22% for other plant.

### Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

The allowance for funds used during construction ("AFUDC") is an accounting procedure whereby the cost of borrowed funds and other funds used to finance construction projects is capitalized as part of utility plant on the balance sheet, crediting the cost as a non-cash item on the income statement. The cost of borrowed and equity funds is segregated between interest expense and other income, respectively. AFUDC was capitalized on utility plant construction at the rates of 9.51%, 7.31% and 7.15% for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

#### Environmental Regulatory Assets

Environmental regulatory assets represent amounts related to environmental liabilities for which cash expenditures have not been made. As expenditures are incurred the environmental liability can be reduced along with the environmental regulatory asset. These amounts are recorded to either environmental expenditures or accumulated depreciation as cost of removal. All amounts incurred are amortized in accordance with the ratemaking treatment granted in each jurisdiction.

#### Other Deferred Charges and Intangible Assets

Other deferred charges include discount, premium and issuance costs associated with long-term debt, restricted stock earned for services performed but not yet awarded and rate case expenses. The discount, premium and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the original lives of their respective debt issues. Gains and losses on the reacquisition of debt are amortized over the remaining lives of the original issuances. Rate case expenses are deferred and amortized over periods approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. Intangible assets are associated with the acquisition of non-utility companies, and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of twelve to 40 years. The gross intangible assets were \$1,920,851 and \$5,020,851 at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively. Accumulated amortization related to intangible assets was \$962,227 and \$3,587,090 at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

#### Income Taxes and Investment Tax Credit Adjustments

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return. Income tax expense allocated to the Company's subsidiaries is based upon their respective taxable incomes and tax credits.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and are measured using current effective income tax rates. The portion of the Company's deferred tax liabilities applicable to utility operations which has not been reflected in current service rates represents income taxes recoverable through future rates.

Investment tax credits on utility property have been deferred and are allocated to income ratably over the lives of the subject property.

The Company had state tax loss carryforwards of \$46,000 and \$2,004,000 at December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively. The Company anticipates using all of the loss carryforwards at December 31, 1996, and therefore no valuation allowance at December 31, 1996 and 1995 had been recorded. The loss carryforwards expire in various years beginning in 1997 through 2007.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Various items within the balance sheet are considered to be financial instruments because they are cash or are to be settled in cash. The carrying values of these items approximate their fair value (see Note C to the Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of fair value of investments). The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology. Based on published corporate borrowing rates for debt instruments with similar terms and average maturities, the estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt

(including current maturities) at December 31, 1996, is approximately \$30.3 million as compared to the carrying value of \$29.8 million. At December 31, 1995, the estimated fair value was approximately \$32.8 million as compared to a carrying value of \$30.7 million.

### **Operating Revenues**

Revenues for the natural gas distribution divisions of the Company and a portion of Eastern Shore's revenues are based on rates approved by the various commissions. Customers' base rates may not be changed without formal approval by these commissions. The Company, except for its Florida division, recognizes revenues from meters read on a monthly cycle basis. This practice results in unbilled and unrecorded revenue from the cycle date through month-end. The Florida division recognizes revenues based on services rendered and records an amount for gas delivered but not billed. The propane segment recognizes revenue for certain customers on a metered basis and all other customers on an as-delivered basis.

The natural gas distribution divisions of the Company and Eastern Shore have purchased gas adjustment ("PGA") clauses that provide for the adjustment of rates charged to customers as gas costs fluctuate. These amounts are collected or refunded through adjustments to rates in subsequent periods.

The Company had sales to one customer in 1995, an industrial interruptible customer of the natural gas transmission segment, which exceeded 10% of total revenue. Total sales were approximately \$10,600,000 or 10.2% of total revenue during 1995. During 1996 and 1994, no individual customer accounted for 10% or more of operating revenues.

The Company's natural gas transmission and distribution segments have industrial interruptible customers that are charged rates which can be adjusted up or down to make natural gas competitive with alternative fuels. These customers, based on competitive pricing, can choose natural gas or alternative types of supply. Neither the customer nor the Company is obligated by contract to receive or deliver natural gas.

#### Earnings Per Share

Primary earnings per common share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, adjusted for stock options for each year presented. On a fully diluted basis, both earnings and shares outstanding are adjusted to assume the conversion of convertible debentures.

#### Certain Risks and Uncertaintles

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that require management to make estimates (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements for significant estimates) in measuring assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses. These estimates involve judgements with respect to, among other things, various future economic factors which are difficult to predict and are beyond the control of the Company. Therefore, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company records certain assets and liabilities in accordance with Statement of Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 71. If the Company were required to terminate application of SFAS No. 71 for all of its regulated operations, all such amounts that are deferred would be recognized in the income statement at that time, resulting in a charge to earnings, net of applicable income taxes.

## Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

During 1996, the Company adopted SFAS No. 121 "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets." This statement requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Additionally, the standard requires rate-

regulated companies to write off regulatory assets to earnings whenever those assets no longer meet the criteria for recognition of a regulatory asset as defined by SFAS No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." When circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may be impaired, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the undiscounted expected future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the Company recognizes an impairment loss in accordance with SFAS No. 121. The adoption of SFAS No. 121 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

## Reclassification of Prior Years' Amounts

Certain prior years' amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 1996 presentation.

## B. Acquisition

In January 1997, the Company entered into an agreement and plan of merger to acquire all the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") and associated properties. The principal business of Tri-County is the distribution of propane to both retail and wholesale customers on the Delmarva Peninsula.

The transaction, which is expected to be completed in the first calendar quarter, will be effected through the exchange of 639,000 shares of the Company's common stock and accounted for as a pooling of interests.

Accordingly, historical financial data in future reports will be restated to include Tri-County data. The following unaudited pro forma data summarizes the combined results of operations of the Company and Tri-County as though the transaction had occurred at the beginning of calendar year 1995.

For the Years	Ended	Decem	ber 31	ı,
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(Unaudited pro forms)	1996	1995 \$ 111,825,347	
Operating revenue	\$ 130,234,503		
Operating income before income taxes	\$ 14,034,590	\$ 14,050,757	
Operating income	\$ 9,857,769	\$ 9,916,355	
Net income	\$ 7,335,790	\$ 7,455,242	
Primary earnings per share	\$ 1.66	\$ 1.72	
Fully diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.61	S 1.67	

The unaudited pro forms data does not purport to be indicative of what results may occur of the combined companies in the future.

#### C. Investments

The investment balance at December 31, 1996 and 1995 consists primarily of the common stock of Florida Public Utilities Company ("FPU"). The Company's ownership at December 31, 1996 and 1995 represents a 7.41% and 7.04% interest, respectively. The Company has classified its investment in FPU as an "Available for Sale" security, which requires that all unrealized gains and losses be excluded from earnings and be reported net of income tax as a separate component of stockholders' equity. At December 31, 1996, the market value exceeded the aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio by \$63,598. The aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio at December 31, 1995 exceeded its market value by \$120,839.

# D. Lease Obligations

The Company has entered into several operating leases for office space at various locations. Rent expense related to these leases was \$293,038, \$409,214 and \$418,047 for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Future minimum payments under the Company's current lease agreements are \$220,103; \$139,533; \$141,958; \$146,454 and \$74,396 for the years of 1997 through 2001, respectfully; and \$114,261 thereafter.

# E. Segment Information

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Revenues, Unaffiliated Customers		7	
Natural gas distribution	\$74,904,076	\$54,120,280	\$49,523,743
Natural gas transmission	15,188,777	24,984,767	22,191,896
Propane distribution	22,333,969	17,607,956	20,684,150
Advanced information services and other	6,903,246	7,307,413	6,172,508
Total operating revenues, unaffiliated customers	\$119,330,068	the second second second second	\$98,572,297
Intersegment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$8,711	\$42,037	\$55,888
Natural gas transmission	21,543,327	16,663,043	17,303,529
Propane distribution	2,059	139,052	85,552
Advanced information services and other	710,949	1,722,135	2,277,361
Total intersegment revenues	\$22,265,046	\$18,566,267	\$19,722,330
Operating Income Before Income Taxes			
Natural gas distribution	\$7,167,236	\$4,728,348	\$4,696,659
Natural gas transmission	2,458,442	6,083,440	3,018,212
Propane distribution	2,053,299	1,852,630	2,287,688
Advanced information services and other	1,305,203	1,170,970	174,033
Total	12,984,180	13,835,388	10,176,592
Add (Less): Eliminations	206,580	(248,595)	(419,883
Total operating income before income taxes	\$13,190,760	\$13,586,793	\$9,756,709
Depreciation and Amortization			
Natural gas distribution	\$2,854,843	\$2,502,531	\$2,136,979
Natural gas transmission	697,834	638,099	641,485
Propane distribution	1,306,053	1,312,048	1,323,698
Advanced information services	131,877	969,588	1,021,944
Other plant	111,216	39,486	16,573
Total depreciation and amortization	\$5,101,823	\$5,461,752	\$5,140,679
Capital Expenditures			
Natural gas distribution	\$6,634,827	\$7,236,848	\$8,160,874
Natural gas transmission	5,567,509	1,335,793	619,852
Propane distribution	1,693,113	1,640,203	828,519
Advanced information services	162,189	114,461	411,957
Other plant	244,120	1,772,454	632,137
Total capital expenditures	\$14,301,758	\$12,099,759	\$10,653,339
Identifiable Assets, at December 31,			
Natural gas distribution	\$81,250,030	\$75,630,741	\$68,528,774
Natural gas transmission	23,981,989	19,292,524	17,792,415
Propane distribution	20,791,588	18,855,507	16,949,431
Advanced information services	1,496,418	1,635,100	3,196,064
Other	3,617,885	3,380,108	1,803,933
Total identifiable assets	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980	\$108,270,617

All significant intersegment revenues have been eliminated from consolidated revenues.

## F. Long-Term Debt

The outstanding long-term debt, net of current maturities is as follows:

At December 31,	1996	1995
First mortgage sinking fund bonds:		
Adjustable rate Series G*, due January 1, 1998	\$62,500	\$312,500
9.37% Series I, due December 15, 2004	4,820,000	5,340,000
12.00% Mortgage, due February 1, 1998	14,868	28,139
8.25% Convertible debentures, due March 1, 2014	4,087,000	4,114,000
7.97% Senior uncollateralized note, due February 1, 2008	10,000,000	10,000,000
6.91% Senior uncollateralized note, due October 1, 2010	10,000,000	10,000,000
Total long-term debt	\$28,984,368	\$29,794,639

<sup>•</sup> The Series G bonds are subject to an interest rate equal to neventy-three percent (73%) of the prime rate (8.25% and 8.5% at December 31, 1996 and 1995), respectively.

The convertible debentures may be converted, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$17.01 per share. During 1996, \$15,000 in debentures were converted. The debentures are redeemable at the option of the holder, subject to an annual non-cumulative maximum limitation of \$200,000 in the aggregate. As of December 31, 1996, approximately \$8,000 of the debentures have been accepted for redemption in 1997. At the Company's option, the debentures may be redeemed at the stated amounts.

On October 2, 1995, the Company issued \$10,000,000 of 6.91% senior notes due on October 1, 2010. The Company used a portion of the proceeds to repay \$4,091,000 of the 10.85% senior notes that were originally due October 1, 2003.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain various restrictions. The most stringent restrictions state that the Company must maintain equity of at least 40% of total capitalization, the times interest earned ratio must be at least 2.5 and the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As of December 31, 1996, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant approximated \$13.0 million.

A portion of the natural gas distribution plant assets owned by the Company are subject to a lien under the mortgage pursuant to which the Company's first mortgage sinking fund bonds are issued.

Annual maturities of consolidated long-term debt for the years 1997 through 2001 are \$791,271, \$597,368, \$1,520,000, \$2,665,091 and \$2,665,091.

#### G. Short-Term Borrowings

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20,000,000 from various bank and trust companies. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had four \$8,000,000 unsecured bank lines of credit, none of which required compensating balances. Under these lines of credit at December 31, 1996 and 1995, the Company had short-term debt outstanding of \$12,000,000 and \$4,800,000, respectively, with a weighted average interest rate of 6.12% and 6.00%, respectively.

## H. Common Stock, Additional Paid-in Capital and Treasury Stock

The following is a schedule of changes in the Company's shares of common stock.

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Common Stock: Shares issued and outstanding*			
Balance - beginning of year	3,721,589	3,668,791	3,605,152
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	33,926	38,660	30,928
USI restricted stock award agreements	21,859	14,138	32,418
Conversion of debentures	881		293
Exercised stock options	1,863		
Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Savings Plan	20,398		
Balance - end of year	3,800,516	3,721,589	3,668,791
Shares of common stock held in treasury			
Balance - beginning of year		15,609	30,084
Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Savings Plan		(15,609)	(14,475)
Balance - end of year			15,609
12,000,000 shares are nuthorized at a par value of \$.4867 per share.			

Certain key USI employees entered into restricted stock award agreements under which shares of Chesapeake common stock can be issued. Shares were awarded as a non-cash transaction over a five-year period beginning in 1992, and restrictions lapse over a five to ten-year period from the award date, if certain financial targets are met. At December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively, 24,350 and 29,598 shares valued at \$364,529 and \$415,107 remain restricted.

The Performance Incentive Plan, which was adopted in 1992, provides for the granting of stock options to certain officers of the Company over a 10-year period. In November 1994, the Company executed Tandem Stock Option and Performance Share Agreements ("Agreements") with certain executive officers. These Agreements provide the participants an option to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable in cumulative installments of one-third on each anniversary of the commencement of the award period. The Agreements also enable the participants the right to earn performance shares upon the Company's achievement of the performance goals set forth in the Agreements. When performance shares are issued, the option will expire. Exercise of the option will cancel the participant's right to earn a corresponding number of performance shares. In 1996, the Company recorded \$276,522 to recognize the compensation expense associated with the performance shares. Changes in outstanding options were as follows:

	1996 Number of shares	Option price	1995 Number of shares	Option price	1994 Number of shares	Option price
Balance - beginning of year	125,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75	80,280	\$12.75
Options granted					55,906	\$12.625
Options exercised	(12,135)	\$12.75				
Options forfeited			(11,000)	\$12.625		
Balance - end of year	113,051	\$12.625 - \$12.75	125,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75
Exercisable	83,114	\$12.625 - \$12.75	80,280	\$12.75	53,520	\$12.75

During 1996, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", for note disclosure purposes only, as prescribed by the standard. No stock options were granted during 1996 or 1995, and therefore, no pro forma disclosures have been provided.

## I. Employee Benefit Plans

#### Pension Plan

The Company sponsors a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all of its employees. Benefits under the plan are based on each participant's years of service and highest average compensation. The Company's funding policy provides that payments to the trustee shall be equal to the minimum funding requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

**Total Net Pension Cost** 

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994	
Service cost	\$656,985	\$474,000	\$592,294	
Interest cost	658,238	562,003	518,184	
Less: Actual (return) loss on assets	(1,142,287)	(1,546,325)	742,949	
Net amortization and deferral	269,135	689,947	(1,465,744)	
Total net pension cost	442,071	179,625	387,683	
Amounts capitalized as construction cost	(38,860)	(30,740)	(52,549)	
Amount charged to expense	\$403,211	\$148,885	\$335,134	
Discount rate used in calculating net pension cost	7.25%	8.50%	7.00%	

The following schedule sets forth the funding status of the pension plan at December 31, 1996 and 1995.

#### **Accrued Pension Cost**

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At December 31,	1996	1995
Vested	\$6,834,661	\$5,730,239
Non-vested	139,483	100,878
Total accumulated benefit obligation	\$6,974,144	\$5,831,117
Plan assets at fair value	\$10,720,514	\$9,173,094
Projected benefit obligation	(10,265,987)	(9,331,890)
Plan assets less projected benefit obligation	454,527	(158,796)
Unrecognized net gain	(2,820,957)	(2,319,138)
Unamortized net assets from adoption of SFAS No. 87	(141,579)	(156,683)
Accrued pension cost	(\$2,508,009)	(\$2,634,617)
Assumptions:		
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%
Average increase in future compensation levels	4.75%	5.50%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets	8.50%	8.50%

## Other Postretirement Benefits

The Company sponsors a defined benefit postretirement health care and life insurance plan that covers substantially all natural gas and corporate employees. In the first quarter of 1994, the Company increased the amount that future retirees would be required to contribute to participate in the Company's health care program. The change reduced the Company's transition obligation and annual costs to \$357,000 and \$70,000, respectively. The change also rest lted in a one-time curtailment loss of \$64,000 in 1994. The Company had deferred approximately \$126,000. which represented the difference between the Maryland division's SFAS No. 106 expense and its actual pay-as-yougo ost. The amount is being amortized over five years starting in 1995. The unamortized balance is \$101,000 at December 31, 1996.

#### Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost

At December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Service cost	\$2,820	\$1,827	\$3,553
Interest cost on APBO	54,651	59,706	44,118
Amortization of transition obligation over 20 years	27,859	27,859	22,148
Curtailment loss			63,821
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	85,330	89,392	133,640
Amount capitalized as construction cost	(16,672)	(14,010)	(20,134)
Amount deferred	3.0	(20,561)	(13,212)
Amount charged to expense	\$68,658	\$54,821	\$100,294
Assumption:			
Discount rate	7.25%	8.50%	7.00%

At December 31,	1996	1995
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation:		
Retirees	\$567,599	\$616,664
Fully eligible active employees	137,378	135,297
Other active	86,894	90,724
Total accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	791,871	842,685
Unrecognized transition obligation	(273,013)	(300,872)
Unrecognized net (loss) gain	(67,155)	(70,873)
Accrued postretirement liability	\$451,703	\$470,940
Assumption:		
Discount rate	7.25%	7.259

The health care inflation rate for 1996 is assumed to be 10%. This rate is projected to gradually decrease to an ultimate rate of 5% by the year 2007. A one percentage point increase in the health care inflation rate from the assumed rate would increase the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation by approximately \$90,396 as of January 1, 1997, and would increase the aggregate of the service cost and interest cost components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost for 1997 by approximately \$7,366.

#### Retirement Savings Plan

The Company sponsors a Retirement Savings Plan, a 401(k) plan ("Plan"), which provides participants a mechanism for making contributions for retirement savings. Each participant may make pre-tax contributions based upon eligible compensation. The Company makes a contribution equal to 60% or 100% of each participant's pre-tax contributions, not to exceed 6%, of the participant's eligible compensation for the plan year. The Company's contributions totaled \$353,350, \$301,794 and \$240,103 for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. As of December 31, 1996, there are 79,602 shares reserved to fund future contributions to the Plan.

## J. Environmental Commitments and Contingencies

The Company currently is participating in the investigation, assessment or remediation of four former gas manufacturing plant sites located in different jurisdictions, including the exploration of corrective action options to remove environmental contaminants. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites, the Dover Gas Light and Salisbury Town Gas Light sites.

The Dover site has been listed by the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") on the Superfund National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"). On August 19, 1994, the EPA issued the Record of Decision ("ROD") for the site, which selected a remedial plan and estimated the costs of the selected remedy at \$2.7 million for ground-water remediation and \$3.3 million for soil remediation. On May 17, 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under Section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other potentially responsible parties ("PRPs") such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. In July 1996, the Company commenced the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filed in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which requires EPA approval, will provide up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the remedial design selected in the ROD is still the appropriate remedy.

On March 6, 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to carry out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the State agreed to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD and to reimburse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of Delaware being reached within the next two years. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be dismissed with prejudice.

On June 25, 1996, the Company initiated litigation against one of the other PRPs for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount of proceeds to be received, if any.

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

In the third quarter of 1994, the Company increased its liability recorded with respect to the Dover site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflected the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD, for remediation of the site according to the ROD. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the design phase progresses and the Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset

of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and will be reporting, on an ongoing basis, the remediation and monitoring results to the Maryland Department of the Environment. The Company has accrued a liability with respect to the Salisbury site of \$650,088 as of December 31, 1996. This amount is based on the estimated operating costs of the remediation facilities. A corresponding regulatory asset has been recorded, reflecting the Company's belief that costs incurred will be recoverable in rates.

Portions of the liability payouts for the Dover and Salisbury sites are expected to be over 30 and five-year periods, respectively. In addition, the Company has two other sites. One site located in the state of Florida, is currently being evaluated for which no estimate of liability can be made at this time. The other site has been remediated, and in 1996 the Company received the site closure certificate. It is management's opnion that any unrecovered current costs and any other future costs incurred will be recoverable through future rates or sharing arrangements with other responsible parties.

At December 31,			1916	1995
Environmental Costs Incurred	43.456	7 3.80		
Delaware	4.03	President	\$4,423,843	\$3,929,417
Maryland		14	2,1 17,810	1,805,572
Florida		30	600,828	629,153
	210		7,272,481	6,364,142
Less: Amounts approved for ratemaki	ing treatment,	7.		
net of insurance proceeds		7	6,3 6,108	6,066,096
Amounts pending ratemaking recover	y		\$8 6,373	\$298,046

# K. Commitments and Contingencies

#### FERC PGA

On May 19, 1994, the FERC issued an Order directing Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore") to refund, with interest, what the FERC characterized as overcharges from November 1, 1992 to the current billing month. Eastern Shore contested the order and requested a rehearing. Subsequent y, Eastern Shore and the FERC entered into negotiations to resolve this issue.

In response to the FERC's May 19, 1994 Order, Eastern Shore accrued \$412,000 furing the second quarter of 1994 as an estimated liability for potential refunds relating to prior periods. Thereafter, Eastern Shore accrued each month to ensure that the potential refund was fully accrued. On August 17, 1995, the FERC issued an Order approving an Offer of Settlement submitted by Eastern Shore. The Order approved a change in Eastern Shore's PGA methodology retroactive to June 1, 1994, which resulted in a rate reduction of approximately \$234,000 per year. The reserves that the Company had accrued for the potential refund were significantly greater than the rate reduction ordered. Accordingly, Eastern Shore reversed a large portion of the estimated liability that had been accrued. This reversal contributed \$1,385,000 to pre-tax earnings, or \$833,000 to after-tax earnings, during the third quarter of 1995. In connection with the offer of settlement and the resulting FERC Order, Eastern Shore applied in December 1995 to the FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its

pipeline system. The implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Eastern Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at FERC regulated rates. Open access is thus likely to result in a shift of Eastern Shore's business from margins earned on sales of gas to large industrial customers, to a possibly lower margin earned on transportation services.

#### Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. The Company is also involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental agencies concerning rates. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

## L. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

In the opinion of the Company, the quarterly financial information shown below includes all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the operations for such periods. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in operations reported on a quarterly basis.

1996	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operating Revenue	\$44,270,265	\$23,850,551	\$18,475,914	\$32,733,338
Operating Income	\$5,277,681	\$1,401,082	\$153,444	\$2,411,567
Net Income	\$4,649,009	\$832,457	(\$390,871)	\$1,819,833
Primary Earnings Per Share	\$1.24	\$0.22	(\$0.10)	\$0.48
Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$1.17	\$0.22	(\$0.10)	\$0.46
1995	-7			
Operating Revenue	\$30,896,798	\$22,074,663	\$20,564,994	\$30,483,961
Operating Income	\$4,330,962	\$1,369,342	\$1,492,200	\$2,369,015
Net Income	\$3,658,431	\$764,085	\$988,122	\$1,826,057
Primary Earnings Per Share	\$1.00	\$0.21	\$0.27	\$0.49
Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$0.95	\$0.21	\$0.26	\$0.47

Results for the third quarter 1995 reflect a non-recurring increase in net income of \$833,000, (see Note K to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

## **OPERATING STATISTICS**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992
Revenues (In thousands)					
Natural gas					
Residential	\$18,256	\$14,857	\$15,228	\$14,007	\$12,935
Commercial	14,339	11,383	11,594	10,837	9,857
Industrial	28,546	36,898	32,718	31,622	26,977
Sale for resale	24,481	12,459	9,586	5,242	3,843
Transportation	3,369	2,993	2,639	2,480	2,400
Other	1,102	515	(50)	193	(134
Total natural gas revenues	90,093	79,105	71,715	64,381	55,878
Propane	22,334	17,608	17,789 *	16,908	16,489
Other	6,903	7,307	6,173	4,584	3,568
Total revenues	\$119,330	\$104,020	\$95,677	\$85,873	\$75,935
Volumes					
Natural gas deliveries (in MMCF)					
Residential	1,987	1,686	1,665	1,596	1,561
Commercial	2,092	1,792	1,771	1,676	1,633
Industrial	7,501	13,622	10,752	9,308	8,014
Sale for resale	1,065	990	998	984	997
Transportation	12,096	11,131	7,542	5,880	5,139
Total natural gas deliveries	24,741	29,221	22,728	19,444	17,344
Propane (in thousands of gallons)	19,853	17,748	18,355 *	17,250	17,125
Customers	200				
Natural gas					
Residential	30,349	29,285	28,260	27,312	26,523
Commercial	4,151	4,030	3,879	3,759	3,683
Industrial **	210	212	204	196	198
Sale for resale **	3	3	3	3	3
Total natural gas customers	34,713	33,530	32,346	31,270	30,407
Propane	23,096	22,609	22,180	21,622	21,132
Total customers	57,809	56,139	54,526	52,892	51,539

Excludes revenue of \$2,895,000, which resulted from the sale of nine million gallons of propane to one large wholesale customer in 1994.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes transportation customers.

## Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

#### PART III

#### Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Directors of the Company is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Information Regarding the Board of Directors and Nominees", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

The information required by this item with respect to executive officers is, pursuant to instruction 3 of paragraph (b) of Item 401 of Regulation S-K, set forth in Item 10 of Part I of this Form 10-K under "Executive Officers of the Registrant."

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Report on Executive Compensation", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1996.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

#### PART IV

#### Item 14. Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules, and Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### (a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:

- 1. Financial Statements:
  - Accountants' Report dated February 13, 1997 of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P., Independent Accountants
  - Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995
     and 1994
  - Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 1996 and December 31, 1995
  - Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996,
     1995 and 1994

- Consolidated Statements of Common Stockholders' Equity for each of the three years ended
   December 31, 1996
- Consolidated Statements of Income Taxes for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- The following additional information for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994 is submitted herewith:
   Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are inapplicable, or the information is otherwise shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

#### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

On January 13, 1997, the Company filed a report on Form 8-K, reporting under Item 5 that the Company has agreed to purchase all of the outstanding shares of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.

#### (c) Exhibits

Exhibit 3.(a) - Certificate of Incorporation

Amended Certificate of Incorporation of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.(b) to the Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1995, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.

Exhibit 3.(b) - Bylaws

Amended Bylaws of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.

- Exhibit 4.(a) The Form of Indenture between the Company and Boatmen's Trust Company, Trustee, with respect to the 8 1/4% Convertible Debentures is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-2, Reg. No. 33-26582, filed on January 13, 1989.
- Exhibit 4.(b) Note Agreement dated February 9, 1993, by and between the Company and Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company and MML Pension Insurance Company, with respect to \$10,000,000 7.97% Unsecured Senior Notes due February 1, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 4.(c) The Directors Stock Compensation Plan adopted by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation in 1995, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 17, 1995, in connection with the Company's annual meeting held in May, 1995.
- Exhibit 4.(d) The Note Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company on October 2, 1995, pursuant to which the Company privately placed \$10 million of its 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010, is not

being filed herewith, in accordance with Item 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to furnish a copy of that agreement to the Commission upon request.

- Exhibit 10.(a) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(a) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(b) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(c) Service Agreement for General Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(c) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(d) Service Agreement for Preferred Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(d) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(e) Service Agreement for Firm Transportation Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(e) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(f) Form of Service Agreement for Interruptible Sales Services dated May 11, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(f) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.
- Exhibit 10.(g) Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated February 23, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(g) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(h) Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated November 30, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(h) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(i) Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1992, by and between Chesap-ake Utilities Corporation and Ralph J. Adkins is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(a) to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1992, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*

- Exhibit 10.(j) Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1992, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and John R. Schimkaitis, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(b) to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1992, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(k) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Cash Bonus Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(o) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(1) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 20, 1992, in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting held on May 19, 1992.
- Exhibit 10.(m) Form of Tandem Stock Option and Performance Share Agreement dated November 18, 1994, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Ralph J. Adkins, John R. Schimkaitis, Philip S. Barefoot and Jerry D. West, filed is incorporated herein by reference to exhibit 3.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(n) Agreement and Plan of Merger by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. is incorporated herein by reference from the Form 8-K filed on January 13, 1997.
- Exhibit 11. Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 12. Computation of Ratio of Earning to Fixed Charges, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 21. Subsidiaries of the Registrant, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 23. Consent of Independent Accountants, filed herewith.
  - Filed under commission file #0-593.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

By: /s/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 17, 1997

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/S/ JOHN W. JARDINE, JR.

John W. Jardine, Jr.,

Chairman of the Board and Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ JOHN R. SCHIMKAITIS

John R. Schimkaitis, Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer,

Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ JEREMIAH P. SHEA

Jeremiah P. Shea, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ WILLIAM G. WARDEN, III

William G. Warden, III, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ RICHARD BERNSTEIN

Richard Bernstein, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins, President,

Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ MICHAEL P. MCMASTERS

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Chief Financial

Officer and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ ROBERT F. RIDER

Robert F. Rider, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/s/ RUDOLPH M. PEINS, JR.

Rudolph M. Peins, Jr., Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ WALTER J. COLEMAN

Walter J. Coleman, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996, 1995 AND 1994

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C		DLUMNB COLUMN C COLI		COLUMN D	COLUMN E
	-	Addi	tions				
Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expense	Charged to Other Accounts	Deductions	Balance at End of Period		
Valuation accounts deducted from assets to which they apply for doubtful accounts receivable:	1	,					
1996	\$309,955	\$364,622	\$55,631 (B)	(\$337,796)(A)	\$392,412		
1995	\$202,152	\$328,012	\$43,151 (B)	(\$263,360)(A)	\$309,955		
1994	\$186,018	\$130,263	\$57,633 (B)	(\$171,762)(A)	\$202,152		

### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>A) Uncollectible accounts charged off.

<sup>(</sup>B) Recoveries.

# CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 11 COMPUTATION OF PRIMARY AND FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

. 10	For the Years Ended December 31,				
Item	1996	1995	1994		
Shares issued at beginning of year	3,721,589	3,668,791	3,605,152		
Treasury stock at beginning of year	0	(15,609)	(30,084)		
Sale of treasury stock	0	15,609	14,475		
Issuance of common stock for dividend reinvestment plan Issuance of common stock pursuant to USI restricted stock	33,926	38,660	30,928		
award agreements	21,859	14,138	32,418		
Issuance of common stock for conversion of debentures	881	0	293		
Exercised stock options	1,863	0	0		
Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Savings Plan	20,398	0	0		
Shares outstanding at end of year	3,800,516	3,721,589	3,653,182		
Primary earnings per share calculation:					
Weighted average number of shares	3,793,467	3,701,891	3,632,413		
Consolidated net income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922		
Primary earnings per share	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23		
Fully diluted earnings per share calculation: Weighted average number of shares Contingent shares related to assumed conversion of	3,794,306	3,701,891	3,632,413		
convertible debt	242,742	248,833	255,777		
Weighted average number of shares assuming full dilution	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190		
Adjusted income					
Net income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922		
Interest on convertible debt	340,697	349,251	358,998		
Less: Applicable income taxes	(132,872)	(136,208)	(140,009)		
Adjusted net income	\$7,118,253	\$7,449,738	\$4,678,911		
Fully-diluted earnings per share	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20 *		

### Notes:

This calculation is submitted in accordance with Regulation S-K item 601(b)(11) although not required by footnote 2 to paragraph 14 of APB Opinion No. 15 because it results in dilution of less than 3%.

# CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 12 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the	Vann	Fredad	Denne	han 21
LAL PER	14013	ESCOUNT.	Target	

The second secon	For the 1 and 2 more perception 51,				
	1996	1995	1994		
Income from continuing operations	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922		
Add:					
Income taxes	4,030,725	4,131,177	2,542,368		
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	170,530	182,211	187,012		
Interest on indebtedness	2,656,606	2,666,223	2,637,654		
Amortization of debt discount and expense	120,345	109,399	103,859		
Earnings as adjusted	\$13,888,634	\$14,325,705	\$9,930,815		
Fixed Charges	to be a second				
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	\$170,530	\$182,211	\$187,012		
Interest on indebtedness	2,656,606	2,666,223	2,637,654		
Amortization of debt discount and expense	120,345	109,399	103,859		
Fixed Charges	\$2,947,481	\$2,957,833	\$2,928,525		
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	4,71	4.84	3.39		

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION EXHIBIT 21 SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Subsidiaries

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company
Sharp Energy, Inc.
Chesapeake Services Company
United Systems, Inc.
Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.
Eastern Shore Real Estate

State Incorporated

Delaware Delaware Delaware Georgia Maryland Maryland

Subsidiary of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company

**Dover Exploration Company** 

State Incorporated

Delaware

Subsidiaries of Sharp Energy, Inc.

Sharpgas, Inc. Sharpoil, Inc. State Incorporated

Delaware Delaware

Subsidiaries of Chesapeake Service Company

Skipjack, Inc.
Capital Data Systems, Inc.
Currin and Associates, Inc.
Chesapeake Investment Company

State Incorporated

Delaware North Carolina North Carolina Delaware

### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectuses prepared in accordance with the requirements of Form S-2 (File No. 33-26582). Form S-3 (File Nos. 33-28391, and 33-64671) and Form S-8 (File No. 33-301175) of our report dated February 13, 1997 accompanying the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated financial statement schedule of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation as of December 31, 1996 and 1995 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996 included in this Annual Report and Form 10-K of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland March 17, 1997 Chesapeake will provide, without charge, upon written request, a copy of any exhibit to Chesapeake's Annual Report on Form 10-K not included herewith.

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-Q

[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period endedJune 30, 1997
	OR
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period fromto
	Commission file number 001-11590
	CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
	Delaware51-0064146
	(State of other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
	incorporation or organization) Identification No.)
	909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904
	(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
	(302) 734-6798
	(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)
	(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)
Indicat	e by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant(1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No [ ].

Common Stock, par value \$.4867 - 4,467,121 shares issued as of June 30, 1997.

### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 1997 (Unaudited)	December 31, 1996 (As restated)
Property, Plant And Equipment	(Cindino)	(ve resures)
Natural gas distribution	\$73,137,536	\$70,497,872
Natural gas transmission	32,908,712	30,655,492
Propane distribution	25,979,255	25,279,217
Advanced information services	688,593	1,003,850
Other plant	4,852,694	4,769,431
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,004
Total property, plant and equipment	138,361,794	133,000,866
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(41,512,353)	(39,430,738)
Net property, plant and equipment	96,849,441	93,570,128
Investments	2,248,880	2,263,068
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,442,021	2,213,529
Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectibles	7,973,745	14,488,945
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,323,562	1,284,876
Propane inventory, at average cost	1,402,579	2,345,531
Storage gas prepayments	2,264,975	3,731,680
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	442,054	2,192,170
Income taxes receivable		112,942
Prepaid expenses	643,083	942,359
Deferred income taxes	734,477	158,010
Total current assets	16,226,496	27,470,042
Deferred Charges and Other Assets		
Environmental cost	8,365,312	8,428,436
Order 636 transition cost	0	943,209
Other deferred charges and intangible assets	3,352,993	3,371,027
Total deferred charges and other assets	11,718,305	12,742,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Total Assets** 

\$127,043,122

\$136,045,910

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	11 12 2	
	June 30, 1997	December 31, 1996
Capitalization and Liabilities	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common Stock, par value \$.4867 per share;		
(authorized 12,000,000 shares; issued 4,467,121		
and 4,439,516 shares, respectively)	\$2,174,064	\$2,160,628
Additional paid-in capital	19,198,037	18,745,718
Retained earnings	28,773,677	26,957,049
Less:		
Unearned compensation - restricted stock awards	(277,810)	(364,529)
Net unrealized gain on marketable securities	30,944	38,598
Total stockholders' equity	49,898,912	47,537,464
Long-term debt, net of current portion	28,647,000	30,776,919
Total capitalization	78,545,912	78,314,383
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	717,368	1,285,938
Short-term borrowings	9,900,000	12,700,000
Accounts payable	7,389,991	14,426,983
Refunds payable to customers	241,049	353,734
Income taxes payable	2,036,844	
Accrued interest	750,664	741,768
Dividends payable	1,083,277	883,621
Other accrued expenses	3,355,033	3,733,235
Total current liabilities	25,474,226	34,125,279
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	10,191,835	9,798,676
Deferred investment tax credits	853,905	876,432
Environmental liability	6,539,084	6,650,088
Accrued pension costs	2,116,533	1,866,660
Order 636 transition liability	0	943,209
Other liabilities	3,321,627	3,471,183
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	23,022,984	23,606,248
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$127,043,122	\$136,045,910

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

		For the Quarter Ended June 30,		
		1997	1996	
		(Unaudited)	(As restated)	
Operating Revenues		\$24,725,489	\$25,215,069	
Operating Expenses				
Purchased gas costs		13,912,083	14,640,392	
Operations		6,144,227	6,167,166	
Maintenance		598,908	578,688	
Depreciation and amortization		1,348,961	1,412,486	
Other taxes	-35	923,281	853,043	
Income taxes		389,058	478,902	
Total operating expenses		23,316,518	24,130,677	
Operating Income		1,408,971	1,084,392	
Other Income and Deductions		63,654	72,396	
Income Before Interest Charges		1,472,625	1,156,788	
Interest Charges		779,784	670,477	
Net Income		\$692,841	\$486,311	
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock		200		
Earnings per share		\$0.16	\$0.11	
Average shares outstanding		4,463,213	4,408,718	

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

	For the Six M	onths Ended
	June	30,
11007	1997	1996
	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Operating Revenues	\$68,371,075	\$74,248,560
Operating Expenses		
Purchased gas costs	41,905,264	44,695,948
Operations	12,469,975	12,614,786
Maintenance	1,091,355	1,154,910
Depreciation and amortization	2,697,308	2,820,291
Other taxes	2,036,504	1,952,788
Income taxes	2,661,602	3,257,947
Total operating expenses	62,862,008	66,496,670
Operating Income	5,509,067	7,751,890
Other Income and Deductions	128,817	147,546
Income Before Interest Charges	5,637,884	7,899,436
Interest Charges	1,578,931	1,412,968
Net Income	\$4,058,953	\$6,486,468
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary:		
Earnings per share	\$0.91	\$1.47
Average shares outstanding	4,481,467	4,414,307
Fully diluted:		
Earnings per share	\$0.88	\$1.41
Average shares outstanding	4,721,806	4,658,366

<sup>(1)</sup> See Exhibit 11 - Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Six Months Ended		
	June		
	1997	1996	
	(Unaudited)	(As restated)	
Operating Activities		20,000,000	
Net Income	\$4,058,953	\$6,486,468	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash			
Depreciation and amortization	2,468,138	2,570,101	
Deferred income taxes, net	(176,775)	(140,770)	
Investment tax credit adjustments	(22,527)	(22,527)	
Employee benefits	249,872	218,101	
Employee compensation from lapsing stock restrictions	86,719	167,273	
Other	(149,555)	13,543	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	6,515,199	5,465,583	
Inventory, materials, supplies and storage gas	2,370,972	1,230,830	
Prepaid expenses	299,278	245,601	
Other deferred charges	(89,823)	(16,608)	
Accounts payable	(7,036,992)	(4,981,099)	
Refunds payable to customers	(112,685)	(221,971)	
Over/(Under) recovered purchased gas costs	1,750,116	(267,456)	
Other current liabilities	1,780,479	1,320,610	
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,991,369	12,067,679	
Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, net	(5,687,475)	(5,106,967)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(5,687,475)	(5,106,967)	
Financing Activities			
Common stock dividends net of amounts reinvested of			
\$272,738 and \$291,399, respectively	(1,769,930)	(1,342,571)	
Net repayments under line of credit agreements	(2,800,000)	(5,225,000)	
Proceeds from issuance of stock to Company 401(k) plan	193,017	159,089	
Repayments of long-term debt	(2,698,489)	(595,953)	
Net cash used by financing activities	(7,075,402)	(7,004,435)	
Net Decrease in Cash	(771,508)	(43,723)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	2,213,529	1,395,614	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$1,442,021	\$1,351,891	

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

### 1. Quarterly Financial Data

The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, the financial information reflects normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's interim results. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in the results of operations reported on a quarterly basis. Certain amounts in 1996 have been reclassified to conform with the 1997 presentation.

### 2. Acquisition

On March 6, 1997, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") and associated properties. The principal business of Tri-County is the distribution of propane to both retail and wholesale customers on the Delmarya Peninsula.

The transaction was effected through the exchange of 639,000 shares of the Company's common stock and accounted for as a pooling of interests. Accordingly, the financial statements for 1997 and 1996, as restated, include the financial results of Tri-County along with the shares of stock issued in connection with the acquisition as required by the accounting rules.

The combined operations of the Company and Tri-County will serve approximately 32,000 propane customers on the Delmarva Peninsula during 1997.

### 3. Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements Issued

### SFAS No. 128 - Earnings Per Share

In February 1997, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128 regarding earnings per share, requiring the dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the income statement for all entities with a complex capital structure. The Company must adopt the requirements of this standard in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 1997. Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

### SFAS No. 130 - Reporting Comprehensive Income

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130 regarding the reporting of comprehensive income in the full set of financial statements. The Company must adopt the requirements of the standard in its financial statements for the year beginning January 1, 1998. The effects of the adoption of the standard are currently under evaluation by the Company.

#### SFAS No. 131 — Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 131, establishing standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requiring that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports to shareholders. The Company will adopt the requirements of this standard in the first quarter for the fiscal year 1998.

### 4. Commitments and Contingencies — Environmental Matters

### Dover Gas Light Site

In 1984, the State of Delaware notified the Company that a parcel of land it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light Company, a predecessor gas company, contains hazardous substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any cleanup and prospective environmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control ("DNREC") investigated the site and surroundings, finding coal tar residue and some ground-water contamination.

In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). Under CERCLA, both the State of Delaware and the Company were named as potentially responsible parties ("PRP") for clean up of the site at that time.

The EPA issued the site Record of Decision ("ROD") dated August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA in the ROD addresses the ground-water contamination with a combination of hydraulic containment and natural attenuation. Remediation selected for the soil at the site is to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two feet of soil and less stringent standards for the soil below two feet. The ROD estimates the costs of selected remediation of ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

On November 18, 1994, EPA issued a "Special Notice Letter" (the "Letter") to Chesapeake and three other PRPs. The Letter includes, inter alia, (1) a demand for payment by the PRPs of EPA's past costs (estimated to be approximately \$300,000) and future costs incurred overseeing Site work; (2) notice of EPA's commencement of a 60-day moratorium on certain EPA response activities at the Site; (3) a request by EPA that Chesapeake and the other PRPs submit a "good faith proposal" to conduct or finance the work identified in the ROD; and (4) proposed consent orders by which Chesapeake and other parties may agree to perform the good faith proposal.

In January 1995, Chesapeake submitted to the EPA a good faith proposal to perform a substantial portion of the work set forth in the ROD, which was subsequently rejected. The Company and the EPA each attempted to secure voluntary performance of part of the remediation by other parties. These parties include the State of Delaware, which is the owner of the property and was identified in the ROD as a PRP, and a business identified in the ROD as a PRP for having contributed to ground-water contamination.

On March 6, 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to carry out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the State agreed to support the Company's proposal to reduce the soil remedy for the site, described below, contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD and to reimburse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of Delaware being reached within the next two years. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be dismissed with prejudice.

On May 17. 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other PRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial penalties for failure to comply. Although notifying EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply. GPU informed EPA that it did not intend to comply with the Order.

On July 7, 1995, the Company submitted to EPA a study proposing to reduce the level and cost of soil remediation from that identified in the ROD. Although this proposal was supported by the State of Delaware, as required by the Settlement, it was rejected by the EPA on January 30, 1996.

On June 25, 1996, the Company initiated litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount of proceeds to be received, if any.

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

In July 1996, the Company commenced the design phase of the ROD, which consists of on-site pre-design and investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filed in October 1996 with the SPA. The report, which requires EPA approval, provided up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the remedial design selected in the ROD is still the appropriate remedy.

In the report, the Company proposed a modification to the soil cleanup remedy selected in the ROD to take into account existing land use restriction that bans future development at the site. In April of 1997, the EPA issued a fact sheet stating that the EPA was considering the proposed modification. The fact sheet included an overall cost estimate of \$5.7 million for the proposed modified remedy and a new overall cost estimate of \$13.2 million for the remedy selected in the ROD. On April 30, 1997, the EPA held a public meeting to receive comments concerning the proposed modification. A statement on behalf of the Company supporting a reduced level of soil remediation was filed at the meeting. Attached to the Company's statement were letters from the State of Delaware and DNREC supporting the Company's proposal. If the EPA elects to modify the ROD, the EPA will file an Explanation of Significant Differences ("ESD") for public comment before taking final action.

In the third quarter of 1994, the Company increased its accrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflected the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD, for remediation of the site according to the ROD. Current estimates for remediation of the site range from \$5.7 million to \$13.2 million, depending on the remedy selected by the EPA. At this time, it is management's opinion that no one amount within the range can be determined to be a better estimate of the cost to remediate the site. Accordingly, the Company has not adjusted its \$6.0 million accrual. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward, depending on the outcome of the EPA's consideration of the remedy and the Company's estimate of the cost of the remedy selected. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$4.4 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period beginning in 1990. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission authorized a process to review and provide recovery of all current and future unrecovered environmental costs incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to base rates, applicable to all firm service customers. The costs would be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax benefit associated with those environmental costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cash flow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deductions allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year a new rider rate will be calculated to become effective December 1. The rider rate will be based on the amortization of expenditures through September of the filing years plus amortization of expenses from previous years. The rider reduces the administrative costs of obtaining recovery of environmental expenditures. As of June 30, 1997, the amount of environmental cost not included in the rider, effective January 1, 1997 was \$482,000. With the rider mechanism established, it is management's opinion that these costs and any future costs, net of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates.

### Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), the Company has completed an assessment of the Salisbury manufactured gas plant site. The assessment determined that there was localized contamination of ground-water. A remedial design report was submitted to MDE in November 1990 and included a proposal to monitor, pump and treat any contaminated ground-wateron-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, the remedial action work plan was revised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The remediation process for ground-water was revised from pump-and-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in a substantial reduction in overall costs. During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and will be reporting the remediation and monitoring results to the MDE on an ongoing basis.

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$650,088 on December 31, 1996, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of June 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.3 million for remedial actions and environmental studies and has charged such costs to accumulated depreciation. In January 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental costs incurred through September 30, 1995 less amounts previously amortized and insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization period was \$964,251. Of the \$2.3 million in costs reported above, approximately \$528,000 has not been recovered through insurance proceeds or received ratemaking treatment. It is management's opinion that these costs incurred and future costs incurred, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

### Winter Haven Coal Gas Site

The Company is currently conducting investigations of a site in Winter Haven, Florida, where the Company's predecessors manufactured coal gas earlier this century. A Contamination Assessment Report ("CAR") was submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") in July 1990. The CAR contained the results of additional investigations of conditions at the site. These investigations confirmed limited soil and groundwater impacts to the site. In March 1991, FDEP directed the Company to conduct additional investigations on-site to fully delineate the vertical and horizontal extent of soil and ground-water impacts.

Additional contamination assessment activities were conducted at the site in late 1992 and early 1993. In March 1993, a Contamination Assessment Report Addendum ("CAR Addendum") was delivered to FDEP. The CAR Addendum concluded that soil and ground-water impacts have been adequately delineated as a result of the additional field work. The FDEP approved the CAR and CAR Addendum in March of 1994. The next step is a Risk Assessment ("RA") and a Feasibility Study ("FS") on the site. A draft of the RA and FS were filed with the FDEP during 1995; however, the RA and FS are not complete until accepted as final by the FDEP. On May 10, 1996, the Company transmitted to FDEP an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for FDEP's review and approval. The Work Plan described the Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction pilot study to evaluate the effectiveness of air sparging as a ground-water remedy combined with soil vapor extraction at the site. The Company is currently awaiting FDEP's comments to the Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation.

The Company has spent approximately \$668,000 on these investigations of June 30, 1997, and expects to recover these expenses, as well as any future expenses, through base rates. These costs have been accounted for as charges to accumulated depreciation. The Company requested and received from the Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC") approval to amortize through base rates \$359,659 of cleanup and removal costs incurred as of December

31, 1986. As of December 31, 1992, these costs were fully amortized. In January 1993, the Company received approval to recover, through base rates, approximately \$217,000 in additional costs related to the former manufactured gas plant. This amount represents recovery of \$173,000 of costs incurred from January 1987 through December 1992, as well as prospective recovery of estimated future costs which had not yet been incurred at that time. The FPSC has allowed for amortization of these costs over a three-year period and provided for rate base treatment for the unamortized balance. In a separate docket before the FPSC, the Company has requested and received approval to apply a refund of 1991 over earnings of approximately \$118,000 against the balance of unamortized environmental charges incurred as of December 31, 1992. As a result, these environmental charges were fully amortized as of June 1994. The FPSC issued an order in January 1997, applying a refund of \$292,000, pertaining to 1994 and 1995 over earnings, toward the balance of unamortized environmental charges. Of the \$668,000 in costs reported above, all costs have received ratemaking treatment. The FPSC has allowed the Company to continue to accrue for future environmental costs. At June 30, 1997, the Company has \$424,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

### Smyrna Coal Gas Site

On August 29, 1989 and August 4, 1993, representatives of DNREC conducted sampling on property owned by the Company in Smyrna, Delaware. This property is believed to be the location of a former manufactured gas plant. Analysis of the samples taken by DNREC show a limited area of soil contamination.

On November 2, 1993, DNREC advised the Company that it would require a remediation of the soil contamination under the state's Hazardous Substance Cleanup Act and submitted a draft Consent Decree to the Company for its review. The Company met with DNREC personnel in December 1993 to discuss the scope of any remediation of the site and in January 1994, submitted a proposed work plan, together with comments on the proposed Consent Decree. The final Work Plan was submitted on September 27, 1994. DNREC has approved the Work Plan and the Consent Decree. Remediation based on the Work Plan was completed in 1995, at a cost of approximately \$263,000. In June 1996, the Company received the certificate of completion from DNREC. It is management's opinion that these costs will be recoverable in rates.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

The Company recognized net income of \$692,841 for the three months ended June 30, 1997, representing an increase in net income of \$206,530 as compared to the corresponding period in 1996. The financial results for 1997 and 1996 include the operating results of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County"), which was acquired on March 6, 1997 and was accounted for as a pooling of interests. As indicated in the table below, the increase in earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") is due to higher earnings by the natural gas transmission and advanced information services segments coupled with a reduction in loss before interest and taxes ("LBIT") by the propane distribution segment. These were partially offset by a decrease in EBIT contributed by the natural gas distribution segment.

	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30,					
and the second s		1997		1996		Change
Earnings Before Interest and Taxes						
Natural Gas Distribution	5	998,202	\$	1,126,234	\$	(128,032)
Natural Gas Transmission		696,878		641,989		54,889
Propane Distribution		(311,326)		(633,923)	1	322,597
Advanced Information Services		310,217		256,162		54,055
Eliminations & Other		104,058		172,831		(68,773)
Total EBIT		1,798,029		1,563,293		234,736
Operating Income Taxes	5	389,058		478,902		(89,844)
Interest		779,784		670,477		109,307
Non-Operating Income, Net	2	63,654		72,397		(8,743)
Net Income	3	692,841	\$	486,311	\$	206,530

### **Natural Gas Distribution**

The natural gas distribution segment reported EBIT of \$998,202 for the second quarter of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$1,126,234 for the corresponding period last year — a decrease of \$128,032. The decrease in EBIT is due to an increase in operating expenses mostly offset by an increase in gross margin.

- 100	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30,				
	1997	1996		Change	
Revenue	\$ 15,811,302	\$ 15,602,300	5	209,002	
Cost of Gas	10,669,854	10,727,790		(57,936)	
Gross Margin	5,141,448	4,874,510		266,938	
Operations & Maintenance	2,736,605	2,426,999		309,606	
Depreciation & Amortization	789,003	744,453		44,550	
Other Taxes	617,638	576,824		40,814	
EBIT	\$ 998,202	\$ 1,126,234	\$	(128,032)	

The increase in gross margin is primarily due to 8% colder than normal temperatures in our northern service territory which resulted in a 4% increase in deliveries to residential and commercial customers. Operations expenses increased in the areas of distribution, legal, data processing, uncollectibles, benefits and regulatory related expenses. Maintenance expenses primarily increased in mains, meters and regulators. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due

to plant placed in service during the past twelve months. Other taxes were higher due to revenue related taxes and property taxes.

### **Natural Gas Transmission**

The natural gas transmission segment reported EBIT of \$696,878 for the second quarter of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$641,989 for the corresponding period last year — an increase of \$54,889. The increase in EBIT is primarily due to an increase in gross margin somewhat offset by higher expenses.

Para Maria	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30,							
Revenue		1997 6,673,540	s	1996 7,660,939	5	Change (987,399)		
Cost of Gas		4,877,330		6,016,536		(1,139,206)		
Gross Margin	3 30	1,796,210		1,644,403		151,807		
Operations & Maintenance	15.	774,055		707,824		66,231		
Depreciation & Amortization	T. Take	222,688		191,332		31,356		
Other Taxes	Milons.	102,589		103,258	4	(669)		
EBIT	3	696,878	\$	641,989	\$	54,889		

The gross margin increase was primarily the result of a rate increase that went into effect mid-April. The higher rates are subject to refund pending the final outcome of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company's ("Eastern Shore") rate increase filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). Operations and maintenance expenses increased in the areas of legal fees and maintenance of communication equipment. Depreciation and amortization increased due to the capital additions placed in service during the past twelve months.

As previously reported, Eastern Shore filed with FERC an abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of public convenience to provide open access transportation service. It is expected that open access transportation service would be implemented in the second half of 1997.

### **Propane Distribution**

For the second quarter of 1997, the propane distribution segment experienced a LBIT of \$311,326. These results were more favorable than those achieved for the corresponding quarter of 1996, with the segment recognizing a decrease in LBIT of \$322,597, or 51%, over the second quarter 1996 LBIT of \$633,923. The decrease in LBIT was attributable to lower operating expenses partially offset by a decrease in gross margin. The 1997 and 1996 financial results of the propane distribution segment include the operating results of Tri-County.

707		FOR THE	QU	ARTER END	ED 1	UNE 30,
		1997		1996		Change
Revenue	\$	4,370,878	\$	4,350,153	\$	20,725
Cost of Gas		2,361,212		2,107,997		253,215
Gross Margin	1/2/3	2,009,666		2,242,156		(232,490)
Operations & Maintenance	1	1,901,541		2,347,390		(445,849)
Depreciation & Amortization		298,622		427,482		(128,860)
Other Taxes		120,829		101,207		19,622
EBIT		(311,326)	\$	(633,923)	\$	322,597

The decrease in gross margin is due primarily to a reduction in sales prices partially offset by an increase in deliveries. Operations and maintenance expenses declined primarily in the areas of legal fees, outside services, compensation and insurance. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$128,860 which is primarily the result of a non-compete agreement which became fully amortized in November of 1996. Other taxes increased due to property taxes on capital additions in 1996.

### **Advanced Information Services**

The advanced information services segment recognized an EBIT of \$310,217 and \$256,162 for the quarters ended June 30, 1997 and 1996, respectively. This increase in EBIT of \$54,055 is attributable to higher revenue slightly offset by increased operating expenses.

200	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30,						
		1997		1996		Change	
Revenue	\$	1,911,836	\$	1,798,823	2	113,013	
Operations & Maintenance		1,502,886		1,441,970		60,916	
Depreciation & Amortization		24,480		36,234		(11,754)	
Other Taxes		74,253		64,457		9,796	
EBIT	3	310,217	\$	256,162	\$	54,055	

The increase in revenue is due primarily to an increase in consulting and resource services revenue. Operation expenses were higher, primarily compensation expense.

#### Interest

The increase in interest expense is associated with higher short-term borrowing balances, as compared to the same period last year.

### **Operating Income Taxes**

Operating income taxes decreased by \$89,844 because the 1996 LBIT for the propane distribution segment does not include income tax benefits, since Tri-County was a subchapter S corporation prior to the acquisition in the first quarter of 1997.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1997

The Company recognized net income of \$4,058,953 for the six months ended June 30, 1997, representing a decrease in net income of \$2,427,515 as compared to the corresponding period in 1996. The financial results for 1997 and 1996 include the operating results of Tri-County. As indicated in the table below, the decrease in EBIT is due to lower earnings in the distribution and propane segments, offset by increased earnings in transmission, advanced information services and other.

- U-DEALS	1	FOR THE	SIX I	MONTHS EN	DED JUNE 30,
		1997		1996	Change
Earnings Before Interest and Taxes	2 4	8	1.2	4 114 144	- 10 714 3223
Natural Gas Distribution	2	4,419,765	S	5,882,954	\$ (1,463,189)
Natural Gas Transmission	1	1,314,290		1,197,085	117,205
Propane Distribution	- 10	1,390,847		3,077,269	(1,686,422)
Advanced Information Services		721,300		565,955	155,345
Eliminations & Other		324,467		286,574	37,893
Total EBIT		8,170,669		11,009,837	(2,839,168)
Operating Income Taxes		2,661,602		3,257,947	(596,345)
Interest		1,578,931		1,412,968	165,963
Non-Operating Income, Net		128,817		147,546	(18,729)
Net Income	\$	4,058,953	\$	6,486,468	\$ (2,427,515)

### Natural Gas Distribution

The natural gas distribution segment reported EBIT of \$4,419,765 for the first six months of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$5,882,954 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in EBIT is due to a reduction in gross margin, coupled with increased expenses.

	FOR THE	SIX MONTHS EN	IDED JUNE 30,
10 mm	1997	1996	Change
Revenue	\$ 42,290,107	\$ 43,318,721	\$ (1,028,614)
Cost of Gas	29,639,265	29,791,577	(152,312)
Gross Margin	12,650,842	13,527,144	(876,302)
Operations & Maintenance	5,308,144	4,852,157	455,987
Depreciation & Amortization	1,576,489	1,486,506	89,983
Other Taxes	1,346,444	1,305,527	40,917
EBIT	\$ 4,419,765	\$ 5,882,954	\$ (1,463,189)
B 12.00 PRE20			The second second

The decrease in gross margin is primarily due to first quarter temperatures which were 14% warmer than the first quarter in 1996, resulting in an 11% reduction in deliveries during that period. Operations expenses increased in the areas of distribution, legal, data processing, benefits and regulatory related expenses. Maintenance expenses primarily increased in mains, meters and regulators. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant placed in service during the last twelve months.

#### **Natural Gas Transmission**

The natural gas transmission segment reported EBIT of \$1,314,290 for the first six months of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$1,197,085 for the corresponding period last year — an increase of \$117,205. The increase in EBIT is due to an increase in gross margin slightly offset by an increase in operating expenses.

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE							
1997	1996		Change				
\$ 18,733,593	\$ 19,370,231	5	(636,638)				
15,254,182	16,020,684		(766,502)				
3,479,411	3,349,547		129,864				
1,510,372	1,558,369		(47,997)				
445,376	382,663		62,713				
209,373	211,430		(2,057)				
\$ 1,314,290	\$ 1,197,085	\$	117,205				
	\$ 18,733,593 15,254,182 3,479,411 1,510,372 445,376 209,373	\$ 18,733,593 \$ 19,370,231 15,254,182 16,020,684 3,479,411 3,349,547 1,510,372 1,558,369 445,376 382,663 209,373 211,430	1997 1996 \$ 18,733,593 \$ 19,370,231 \$ 15,254,182 16,020,684 3,479,411 3,349,547 1,510,372 1,558,369 445,376 382,663 209,373 211,430				

The gross margin increase was primarily the result of a rate increase that went into effect mid-April. The higher rates are subject to refund pending the final outcome of the Eastern Shore rate increase filing with the FERC. Operations and maintenance expenses decreased in the areas of compensation and data processing. These reductions were somewhat offset by an increase in legal fees. Depreciation and amortization increased due to the capital additions placed in service during the past twelve months.

### Propane Distribution

The propane distribution segment recognized EBIT of \$1,390,847 for the first six months of 1997, as compared to \$3,077,269 EBIT for the six months ended June 30, 1996. The financial results for 1997 and 1996 include the operating results of Tri-County. The decrease in EBIT of \$1,686,422 was primarily due to a reduction in gross margin, somewhat offset by lower expenses.

S. N. S.	FOR THE	FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,						
	1997	1996	Change					
Revenue	\$ 15,548,906	\$ 19,104,053	\$ (3,555,147)					
Cost of Gas	9,033,868	10,165,446	(1,131,578)					
Gross Margin	6,515,038	8,938,607	(2,423,569)					
Operations & Maintenance	4,259,712	4,742,956	(483,244)					
Depreciation & Amortization	587,877	854,040	(266,163)					
Other Taxes	276,602	264,342	12,260					
EBIT	\$ 1,390,847	\$ 3,077,269	\$ (1,686,422)					

The decrease in gross margin occurred primarily during the first quarter when sales volumes and margin earned per gallon sold declined 21% and 20%, respectively. The declines resulted from warm temperatures experienced during the first quarter of 1997. Operations and maintenance expenses declined in the areas of legal fees, outside services, compensation and insurance. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$128,860 which is primarily the result of a non-compete agreement which became fully amortized in November 1996.

#### **Advanced Information Services**

For the six months ended June 30, the advanced information services segment recognized an EBIT of \$721,300 and \$565,955 for 1997 and 1996, respectively. This increase in EBIT of \$155,345 is the outcome of higher revenue and lower operating expenses.

	FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,							
The state of the s		1997		1996		Change		
Revenue	S	3,903,552	S	3,818,823	\$	84,729		
Operations & Maintenance		2,955,967		3,022,919		(66,952)		
Depreciation & Amortization		50,763		72,348		(21,585)		
Other Taxes		175,522		157,601		17,921		
EBIT	\$	721,300	\$	565,955	\$	155,345		

The increase in revenue primarily occurred in consulting and resource services revenues due to a rise in demand for progress training and programmers.

#### Interest

The increase in interest expense is associated with higher short-term borrowing balances, as compared to the same period last year.

### **Operating Income Taxes**

Operating income taxes decreased \$596,345 due to a reduction in EBIT and the lack of income tax expense recorded by Tri-County in 1996, offset by a one-time expense of \$318,000 recorded during the first quarter. The one-time expense was required to establish deferred income taxes for Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., acquired during the first quarter of 1997. Prior to the acquisition, Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. was a Subchapter S Corporation for income tax reporting; therefore, no deferred income taxes were recorded on their balance sheet. In addition, the Company's 1996 restated financial statements do not include any income tax expense on EBIT reported for Tri-County due to their 1996 Subchapter S status.

### **Environmental Matters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impacts and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any future costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in future rates.

### FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's capital requirements reflect the capital intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to its construction program and the retirement of its outstanding debt. The Company relies on funds provided by operations and short-term borrowings to meet normal working capital requirements and temporarily finance capital expenditures. During the first six months of 1997, the Company's net cash flow provided by operating activities, net cash used by investing activities and net cash used by financing activities were approximately \$12.0 million, \$5.7 million and \$7.1 million, respectively. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in the results of operations reported on a quarterly basis.

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20 million from banks and trust companies. As of June 30, 1997, the Company had four \$8 million unsecured bank lines of credit. Funds provided from these lines of credit are used for short-term cash needs to meet seasonal working capital requirements and to fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of short-term borrowings at June 30, 1997 and 1996 were \$9.9 million and \$175,000, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 1997 and 1996, net property, plant and equipment expenditures were approximately \$5.7 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. For 1997, the Company has budgeted \$18.9 million for capital expenditures. The components of this amount include \$8.5 million for natural gas distribution, \$4.5 million for natural gas transmission, \$3.8 million for environmental related expenditures, \$1.8 million for propane distribution, \$150,000 for advanced information services, with the remaining \$150,000 for computer, office equipment and general plant. The natural gas and propane expenditures are for expansion and improvement. Natural gas transmission expenditures are to improve the pipeline system and completion of the Delaware City compressor station. Financing of the 1997 construction will be provided primarily by short-term borrowings and cash from operations and the issuance of the long-term debt. In the fourth quarter of 1997, the Company expects to finalize the issuance of \$10.0 million of senior notes due in December 2007. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification by management. Actual construction expenditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, load growth and the cost and availability of capital.

The Company expects to incur environmental related expenditures in the future (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

The Company is continually evaluating new business opportunities and acquisitions such as Tri-County. The Company may need to obtain financing in conjunction with any future opportunities or acquisitions. Management will consider the impact of such financing on the financial position of the Company in its evaluation of the business opportunity or acquisition. Such financings are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

As of June 30, 1997, common equity represented 63.5% of permanent capitalization, compared to 60.7% as of December 31, 1996. The Company remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings in order to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This commitment, along with adequate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that the Company will be able to attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost. The achievement of these objectives will provide benefits to customers and creditors, as well as the Company's investors.

### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIPIARIES

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2: Changes in Securities

None

Item 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on May 20, 1997. Proposals as submitted in the proxy statement were voted on as follows:

- 1. All Board of Director nominees were elected to the classes indicated in the proxy statement.
- Ratification of the selection of the Company's independent auditors through the fiscal year ending December 31, 1997 was approved.

Item 5: Other Information

None

Item 6(a): Exhibits

- Exhibit 3 Amendments to the Bylaws of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, effective July 11, 1997, are filed herewith.
- Exhibit 10 Form of the Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1997, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each of Ralph J. Adkins and John R. Schimkaitis, is submitted herewith.
- Exhibit 11 Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share is submitted herewith.

Item 6 (b): Reports on Form 8-K

None

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

/s/ Michael P. McMasters

Michael P. McMasters
Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 13, 1997

### **CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**

### EXHIBIT 11 COMPUTATION OF PRIMARY AND FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

And the second	For the Quarter Ended June 30, (1)		For the Six I		
	1997	1996	1997	1996	
Primary earnings per share calculation: Weighted average number of shares	4,486,966	4,428,860	4,481,467	4,414,307	
Consolidated net income	\$692,841	\$486,311	\$4,058,953	\$6,486,468	
Primary earnings per share	\$0.15	\$0.11	\$0.91	\$1.47	
Fully diluted earings per share calculation: Weighted average number of shares Contingent shares related to assumed	4,487,954	4,428,860	4,481,467	4,414,307	
conversion of convertible debt	240,137	242,761	240,339	244,059	
Weighted average number of shares assuming full dilution	4,728,091	4,671,621	4,721,806	4,658,366	
Adjusted income  Consolidated net income Interest on convertible debt Less: Applicable income taxes Adjusted net income	\$692,841 84,030 (32,772) \$744,099	\$486,311 84,715 (33,039) \$537,987	\$4,058,953 167,275 (65,237) \$4,160,991	\$6,486,468 170,338 (66,432) \$6,590,374	
Fully diluted earnings per share	\$0.16	\$0.12	\$0.88	\$1.41	

<sup>(1)</sup> This calculation is submitted in accordance with Regulation S-K item 601(b)(11), although it is contrary to paragraph 40 of APB Opinion No. 15, because it produces an anti-dilutive result for the quarters ended June 30, 1997 and 1996.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CONTROL

1997 SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES
DISTRIBUTION UTILITY PLANT
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1997
UNAUDITED

PLANT ACCOUNT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL 1997 CAPITAL ESTIMATED
301	ORGANIZATION	\$0
302	FRANCHISE AND CONSENTS	\$0
303	INTANGIBLE PLANT	\$0
304	LAND AND LAND RIGHTS	\$19,321
305	STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS	\$215,968
311	LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM	\$1,075,154
374	LAND AND LAND RIGHTS	\$2,373,649
375	STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS	\$484,406
376	MAINS	\$727,754
378	M & R EQUIPMENT - GENERAL	\$109,144
379	M & R EQUIPMENT - CITY GATE	\$121,915
380	SERVICES	\$1,087,140
381	METERS	\$309,529
382	METER INSTALLATIONS	\$165,950
383	HOUSE REGULATORS	\$143,181
384	REGULATOR INSTALLATIONS	\$0
385	INDUSTRIAL M & R STATION	\$426,243
387	OTHER EQUIPMENT	\$83,756
389	LAND AND LAND RIGHTS	\$0
390	STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS	\$287,502
391	OFFICE FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT	\$193,864
392	TRANSPORTATION	\$455,164
393	STOPES EQUIPMENT	\$0
394	TOOLS, SHOP, AND GARAGE EQUIP	\$40,325
395	LABORATORY EQUIPMENT	\$0
396	POWER OPERATED EQUIPMENT	\$6,350
397	COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT	\$8,338
398	MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT	\$161,337
399	OTHER TANGIBLE PROPERTY	\$0
	TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	\$8,515,990

### SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The proceeds from stock and debt issuances will be used to administer the Company's Retirement Savings Plan, Performance Incentive Plan, Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan and Convertible Debentures, as well as for other corporate purposes including, but not limited to, working capital, retirement of short-term debt, retirement of long-term debt, capital improvements and/or acquisitions.

### **EXHIBIT B**

Sources and Uses of Funds Statement and Construction Budget.



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March 17, 1998

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Mr. Bruce H. Burcat
Executive Director
Delaware Public Service Commission
861 Silver Lake Boulevard
Suite 100
Dover, DE 19904

Re:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake")

Application for Approval to Issue Common Stock (P.S.C. Docket No. 98-86)

Dear Mr. Burcat:

Please find enclosed an original and nine copies of certain amendments to the above-mentioned Application, which was previously filed with the Delaware Public Service Commission on March 2, 1998. The amendments that we are enclosing herewith include the following:

Exhibit C
Schedule No. 1
Schedule No. 2
Schedule No. 3

In addition, part "5" of the Application should now read as follows:

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Chesapeake proposes to issue to the shareholders of SSWC 25,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock. Contemporaneously with the purchase of the stock of SSWC by Chesapeake's subsidiary, CPK Sub-B, CPK Sub-B and SSWC intend to merge, with SSWC being the surviving entity.

These amendments reflect a change in the number of shares of Chesapeake stock to be issued in the transaction from 33,000 to 25,000. The original Application included one piece of property which is no longer part of the transaction, thereby resulting in a decrease of 8,000 shares to be issued. Excluding the change in the number of shares, the draft Merger Agreement that was included as part of the original Application has not substantially changed.

If you have any questions with respect to the above or the amendments attached hereto, please do not hesitate to call either Beth Cooper at (302) 734-6015 or myself at (302) 734-6798.

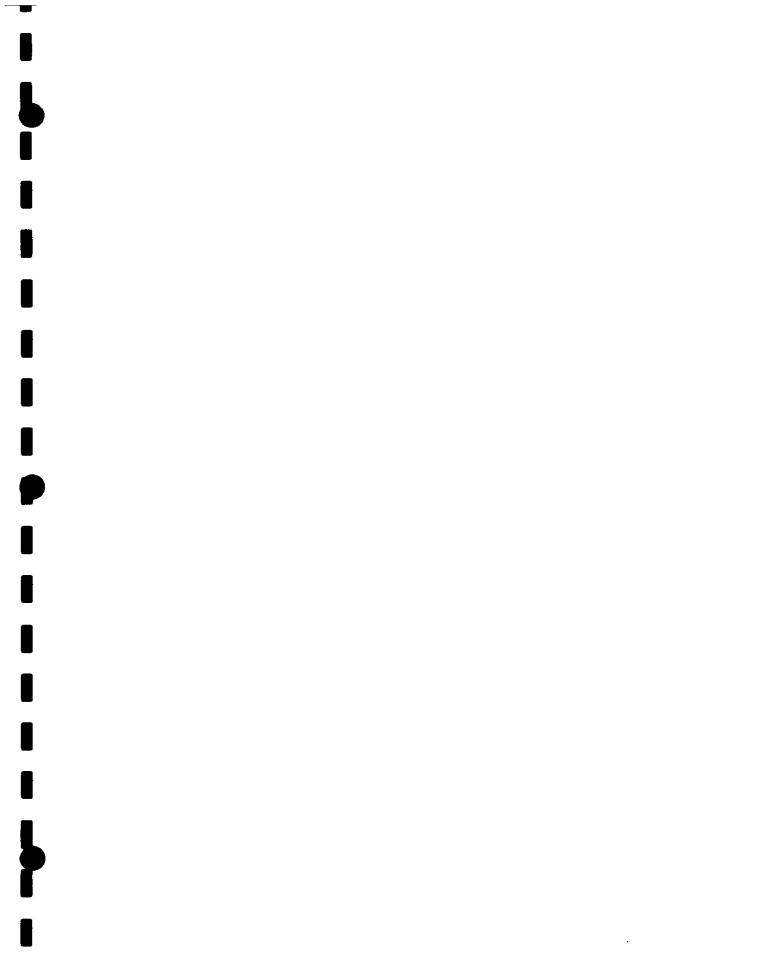
Sincerely,

Mules P M. Nasan

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

cc: William A. Denman



Consolidated Balance Sheet
As of September 30, 1997

# UNAUGHTED

TOTAL ASSETS	Total deferred charges & other assets	DEFERRED CHARGES Environmental regulatory assets Environmental expenditures, net Order 688 Transition cost Other deferred charges & intargible assets	Total current assets	Cush and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Materials and supplies Propase inventory Storage gas prepayments Other _repaid expenses Deferred income taxes Underrecovered purchased gas costs	INVESTMENTS	Net property, plant and equipment	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT At original cost Last: Accum. depreciation and amortization	ASSETS
\$131,820,212	12,017,044	6,501,505 2,262,896 0 3,863,401	18,708,808	1,467,700 7,367,140 1,584,040 2,420,356 4,005,715 750,720 813,681 203,586	2,340,007	90,153,453	\$140,954,367 (42,800,914)	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
8	0		•		0	0		ADJUSTIMENT
\$131,820,212	12,617,844	6,501,505 2,782,898 0 3,883,401	18,709,808	1,467,700 7,357,140 1,884,040 2,426,356 4,006,715 750,720 613,681 200,556	2,340,007	90,153,453	\$140,954,367 (42,800,914)	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$780,477	284,084	2000	180,804	44,516 67,150 47,081 0 7,288	0	329,700	\$750,746 (420,957)	ISSUA" & OF COMMON STOCK
800,000 ZE18	12,881,928	6,501,505 2,282,838 0 4,117,485	10,000,512	1,512,216 7,44,299 1,731,701 2,426,369 4,006,715 757,986 813,681 209,559	2,340,007	96,483,212	\$141,705,113 (43,221,871)	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION	Total deferred credits and other liabilities	Deferred income taxes Deferred investment tax credits Environmental lability Accrued pension costs Order 636 transition lability Other labilities	Total current liabilities	CURRENT LIABILITIES Current person of larg-term debt Short-term borresings Accounts payette Returns payette to customers Account physics to customers Account physics to customers Account payette Distance payette Income terms payette Income terms payette Distance terms payette	TOTAL CAPITALIZATION	LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT	Total stockholders' equity	CAPITALIZATION Common etock Addition i peld in capital Retained earnings Lear: Unearned compensation Net unrealized gain on mid. securitios	UNAUDITED  LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION
\$131,820,212	23,255,846	10,230,179 840,201 8,501,505 2,230,258 0 3,463,703	31,530,123	18,400,000 18,400,000 18,41,741 18,414 10,	77,034,243	28,542,000	46,362,243	\$2,181,014 19,433,279 26,947,736 (234,346) 64,580	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
8	0		(10,000,000)	(10,000,000)	10,000,000	10,000,000	0		ADJUSTMENT
\$131,820,212	23,255,846	10,230,179 840,201 6,501,505 2,230,256 0 3,453,703	21,530,123	650,068 6,400,000 6,348,741 538,576 618,444 0 1,086,080 216,574	87,034,243	34,642,000	48,392,243	\$2,181,014 19,433,279 26,947,738 (234,348) 64,580	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$780,477	0	00000	116,668	5	185,536	0	195,536	\$12,108 36,533 144,536 0	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK
\$132,600,689	23,255,846	10,230,179 <b>840,201</b> <b>6,501,505</b> <b>2,230,258</b> 0 3,463,703	22,115,004	3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	87.220,778	30,542,000	44,567,779	\$2,165,162 19,472,112 27,082,274 (234,348) 84,580	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION
Annualized Consolidated Income Statement
For the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 1997

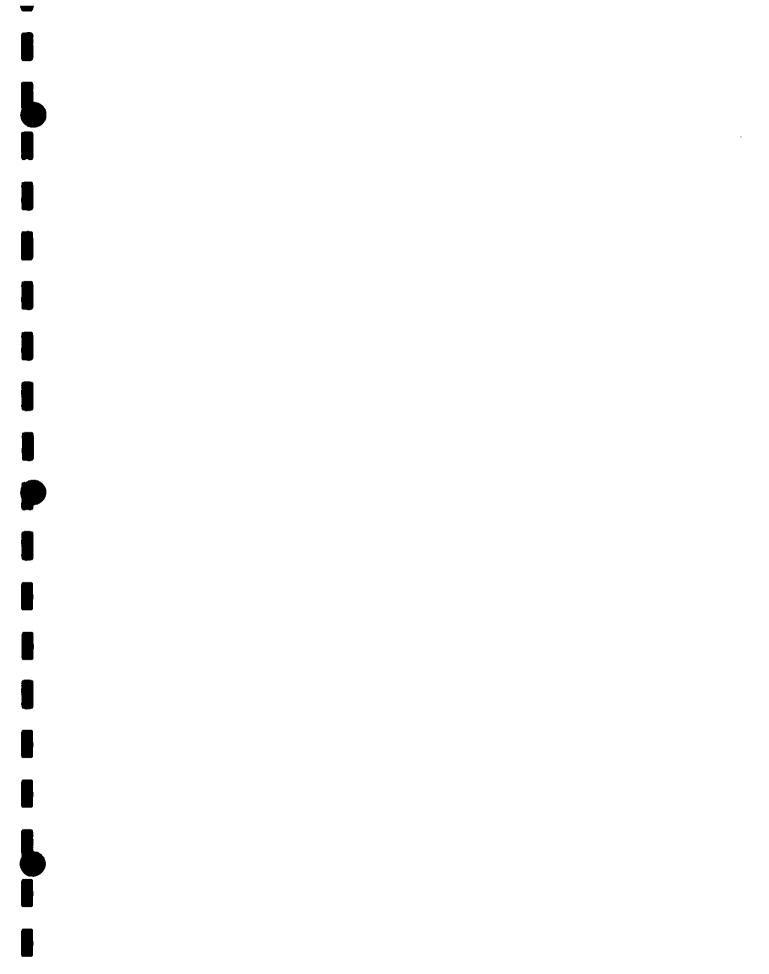
EXHIBIT C

### UNAUDITED

	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
OPERATING REVENUES	\$124,860,424	\$0	\$124,060,424	\$1,539,638	\$128,209,062
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased gas costs	75,630,932		75,630,932	0	75,630,932
Operations	28,404,834		26,404,834	1,223,003	27,627,927
Maintenance	2.216.550		2.216,559	73,643	2,290,202
Depreciation and amortization	5,353,076		5,353,076	61,496	5,414,572
Taxas-other than income	3,824,831		3,824,831	58,050	3,882,890
Taxes-income .	3,186,411		3,186,411	38,331	3,224,742
Total Operating Expenses	116,616,643		116,616,643	1,464,822	118,071,285
NET OPERATING INCOME	8,002,781	0	8,062,781	86,016	8,137,767
OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS	277,347	0	377,347	1,200	378,637
INCOME BEFORE INTEREST CHARGES	8,430,128	0	8,430,128	86,306	8,516,434
INTEREST CHARGES	46		,		
interest - Long-Term Debt	2,339,859	685,000	3,024,859	0	3,024,859
Interest - Short Term Borrowings	623,776	(562,680)	61,096	27,519	88,615
Interest - Other	247,838		247,838	0	247,838
Amortization of Debt Expense	115,632		115,632	0	115,632
Capital Leases	0		0	0	0
AFUDC	(82,964)		(82,964)	0	(82,964)
Total Interest Charges	3,244,141	122,320	3,366,461	27,519	3,393,980
TOTAL NET INCOME	\$5,185,987	(\$122,320)	\$5,063,667	\$58,787	\$5,122,454

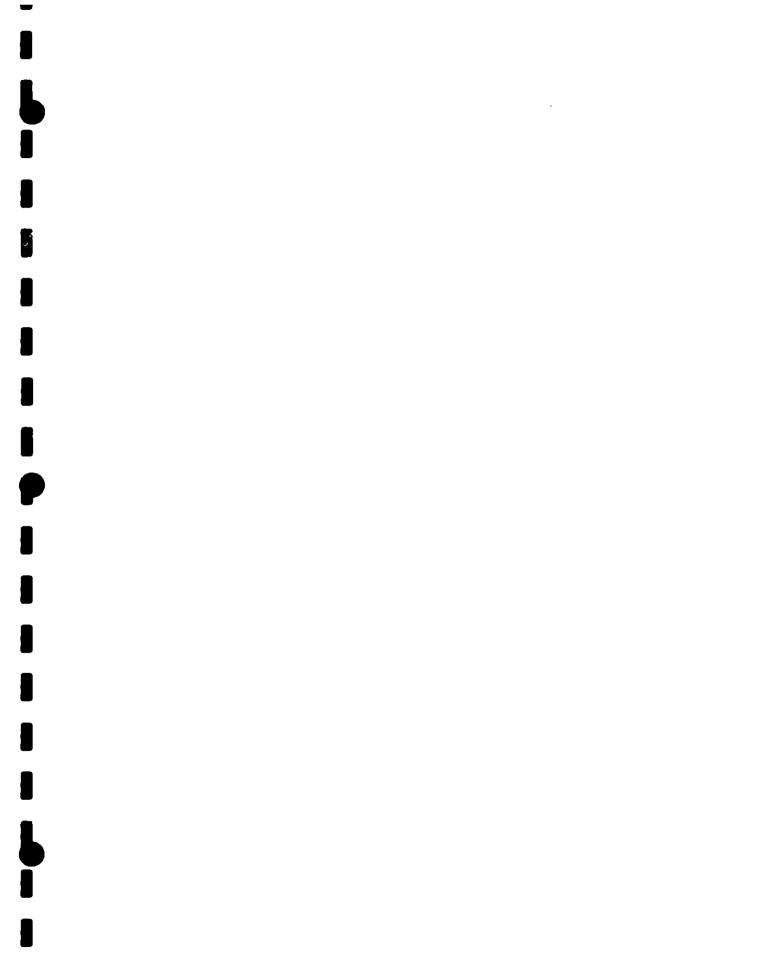
The following adjustments have been made to the income Statement and Salance Sheet for September 30, 1997:

- (1) The results as of September 30, 1997 have been adjusted to reflect the 6.85%, \$10 million long-term debt financing rummated on December 15, 1997 by Chesapeake
- (2) A reclass was made between Common stock and Additional paid-in capital for SSWC so that the Common stock number would represent 25,000 shares of Chesapeake stock at a par value of \$.4867.
- (3) All notes payable, mortgages payable, and loans payable of SSWC would be paid off by Chasapeake at closing ate would increase its short-term borrowings to pay off these items.
- 900 5.6259%. An adjustment was made to both long-term and short-term interest as a result of the \$10 million financing is expense was recalculated using Chesapeate's average short-term borrowing interest rate for 1997, which was ber 15, 1997. Interest was also recalculated on the SSWC indebtedness that will be paid off by Chesapeaks
- (5) SSMC does not record income taxes each month, but rather waits until the end of the respective fiscal year, August 31. taxes for a full year were calculated at 40%



UNMUDITED

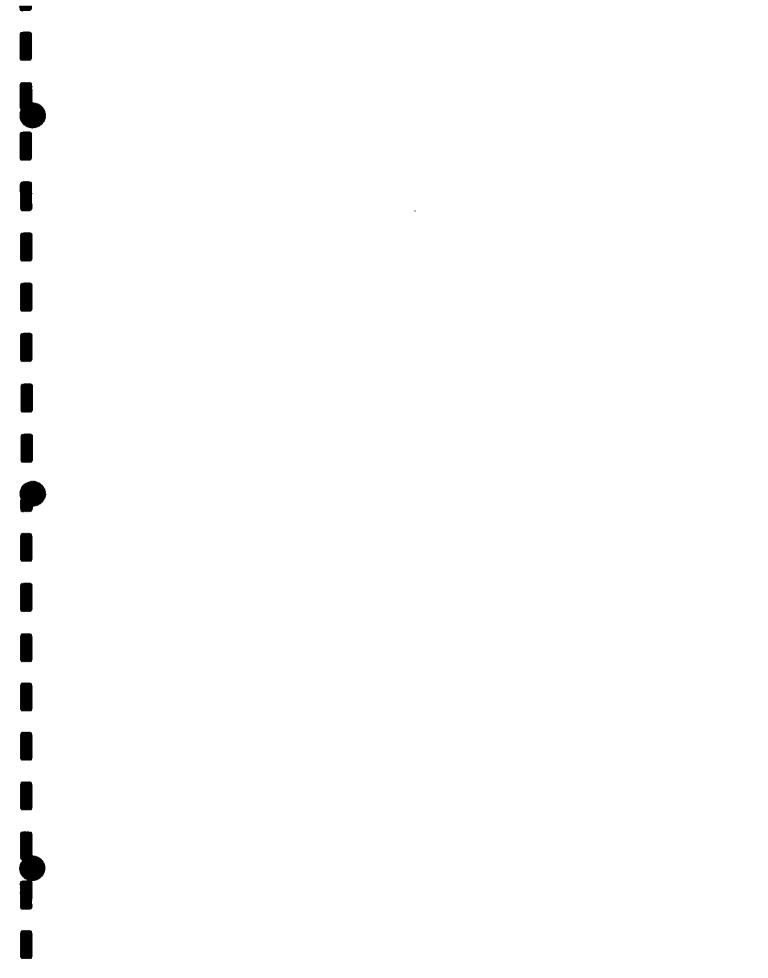
90	3	N	φ.		7			, 194 - I	1	दर			′			
TOTAL CAPITALIZATION	SHORICTERM DEBI	CUBBENT PORTION OF LTD	TOTAL PERMANENT CAPITAL	TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT	CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES	FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS	LONG-TERM DERT	PREFERMED STOCK	TOTAL COMMON EQUITY	RETAINED EARNINGS	PAID IN CAPITAL	COMMON STOCK	COMMON EQUITY	TYPE OF CAPITAL	
380,094,111	18,400,000	650,000	77,034,249	28,642,000	20,000,000	4,082,000	4,500,000		0	48,392,243	26,777,950	19,433,279	\$2,181,014		ANOUNT OUTSTANDING	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
100,00%	10.14%	2500	80.17%	29.91%	20.81%	4.25%	4.75%		0.00%	50.30%	27.87%	20.22%	227%		IOIA * OF	AL AL
8	(10,000,000)		10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	•	•		0	0	0	0	8		ADJUSTIMENT	•
\$98,094,111	8,400,000	050,008	87,034,243	36,042,000	30,000,000	4,082,000	4,580,000		0	44,392,243	28,777,950	19,433,279	\$2,181,014		AMOUNT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
100,00%	8.73%	0.69%	80,59%	40.22%	31.22%	4.25%	4.75%		0.00%	50.30%	27.87%	20.22%	227%		NOF TOTAL	RMA SUANCE
\$594,612	480,076	0	196,536	0	0	0	0		0	185,536	144,536	34,833	\$12,168		SIOCK	
\$85.778.723	8,200,076	959,858	87.228.778	36,642,000	SOCIODO DE	4,082,000	4,500,000		0	48,587,779	28,922,485	19,472,112	\$2,183,182		AMOUNT OUTSTANDING	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
100.00%	2.16%	0.09%	90,14%	MESTE	31,00%	4.23%	4.71%		0.00%	\$17.00	27.82%	20.12%	227%		NO.	NOE OF



CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPO'(ATION Schedule No. 2 Rate of Return, Actual Annualized and Pro Forma For the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 1997

### UNAUDITED

		ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
	Statement of Income					
	1 Operating revenues	\$124,669,424	\$0	\$124,669,424	\$1,539,638	\$125,209,062
	2 Operating expenses before income taxes	\$113,430,232	\$0	\$113,430,232	\$1,416,291	\$114,846,523
	3 Income taxes (including Deferrals)	\$3,186,411	\$0	\$3,186,411	\$38,331	\$3,224,742
	4 Operating Income (1-(2+3))	\$8,062,781	\$0	\$8,052,781	\$85,016	\$8,137,797
	5 AFUDC (Equity Only)	\$101,384	. 30	\$101,384	\$0	\$101,384
	6 Other Income, Not	\$275,963	* · <b>\$0</b>	\$275,963	\$1,290	\$277,253
	7 Income Before Interest Charges (4+5+6)	\$8,430,126	\$0	\$8,430,128	\$86,306	\$8,516,434
	8 Interest Charges (including debt portion of AFUDC)	\$3,244,141	\$122,320	\$3,366,461	\$27,519	\$3,393,980
ŀ	9 Not Income From Continuing Operations (7-8)	85,185,987	(\$122,320)	\$5,063,667	\$58,787	\$5,122,454
ĺ	10 Preferred stock dividends	90	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ę	11 Earnings available to common equity (9-10)	\$5,185,987	(\$122,320)	\$5,063,667	\$58,787	\$5,122,454
Š	12 Average capitalization	\$77,698,787	\$10,000,000	\$87,698,787	7 \$195,536	\$87,894,323
-	13 Average common equity	\$48,455,505	\$0	\$48,455,508	\$195,536	\$48,651,041
	14 Return on average capitalization (7/12)	10.85%		9.61%	6	9.69%
	15 Return on average common equity (11/13)	10.70%		10.45%	6	10.53%



Schedule No. 3
Schedule No. 3
Flued Charge Coverage Ratios
For the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 1997

DATIONAL

	HISTORICA	RICAL	ANNA	LIZED
Type of 'Asthod	ACTUAL	PRO FORMA	PRO FORMA	PRO FORMA AFTER
Par Financial Statements	BEFORE	OF EQUITY	BEFORE	ANCE DE EQUITY
Before Income Texas, all interest	3,4323	3.4273	3,3482	3.323
Before income Texas, all interest, before AFUDC	3.4028	3.3979	3.3195	3.294
After Income Taxes, all interest	1.5187	1.5216	1.4062	1.437
After Income Taxes, all interest, before AFUDC	1.4890	1.4923	1.4378	1.4086
Overall Coverage, (after income tasse)	1.5167	1.5216	1.4082	1.437
Overall Coverage, (after income taxes) before AFUDC	1,4800	1.4923	1.4378	1.4086
Modified Industry, Maribod				
Before Income Taume, all Interest	3.9811	3.9400	3.0030	3.810
Before Income Taxes, all inherest, before AFUDC	3.6200	3.9142	3.7710	3.7777
After Income Tesse, all Interest	1.8451	1.8439	1.7322	1.736
After Income Taxes, all interest, before AFUDC	1.8109	1.8101	1.0003	1.703
Overall Coverage, (after income taxes)	1.8451	1.8439	1.7322	1.7358
Overall Coverage, (after income taxas) before AFUDC	1.8109	1.8101	1.6993	1.7032



o Discrivado Ligidado en Carro

Santama r.S.C

March 2, 1998

Mr. Bruce H. Burcat
Executive Director
Delaware Public Service Commission
861 Silver Lake Boulevard
Suite 100
Dover, DE 19904

Re: Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake")

**Application for Approval to Issue Common Stock** 

Dear Mr. Burcat:

Please find enclosed an original and nine copies of the above mentioned application for approval of the issuance of 33,000 shares of Checapeake Utilities Corporation common stock for the purpose of acquiring all of the outstanding common stock of Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service.

If you have any questions with respect to the above, please do not hesitate to call me at (302) 734-6798.

Sincerely,

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

cc: William A. Denman

### DEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK

- P.S.C. Docket No. 98-86
- APPLICATION

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (hereinafter sometimes called "Chesapeake") pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> section 215, makes the following application for approval by the Commission of the issuance of 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock.

- 1. Chesapeake is a Delaware public utility with its principal place of business located at 909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904. All communications should be addressed to Chesapeake at the foregoing address, attention: Michael P. McMasters, Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer, or Beth W. Cooper, Assistant Treasurer.
- Counsel for the applicant is William A. Denman, 414 South State Street, P.O.
   Box 497, Dover, Delaware 19903. Correspondence and other communications concerning this application should be directed to counsel at the foregoing address.
- 3. Chesapeake is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware. The voting stock of Chesapeake is publicly owned. Shares of common stock, 4,504,079 of which were outstanding as of December 31, 1997, are the only voting securities of Chesapeake. Each share is entitled to one vote.
- 4. Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service, ("SSWC") is a family-owned company located in Salisbury, Maryland, specializing in residential,

commercial and industrial water treatment systems and irrigation. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, by agreement and plan of merger, Chesapeake, through a subsidiary of Chesapeake formed for the purpose of effecting said transaction, CPK Sub-B, has agreed to purchase all of the outstanding common stock of SSWC. A draft of the proposed Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by reference.

- 5. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Chesapeake proposes to issue to the shareholders of SSWC 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock. Contemporaneously with the purchase of the stock of SSWC by Chesapeake's subsidiary, CPK Sub-B, CPK Sub-B and SSWC intend to merge, with SSWC being the surviving entity.
- 6. The shares of Chesapeake common stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement will be issued as restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933.
- 7. At the time the Merger Agreement is consummated, Chesapeake will simultaneously pay off the notes, loans and mortgages payable of SSWC. In so doing, Chesapeake's short-term borrowings will likewise increase.
- 8. The issuance of Chesapeake's stock for the outstanding common stock of SSWC is advantageous to Chesapeake because it expands Chesapeake's presence on the Delmarva Peninsula.
- 9. The reason for the selection of the type and amount of proposed new securities is to provide for a tax free exchange for the shareholders of SSWC and to be able to account for the acquisition under the pooling of interests method of accounting.

- 10. The Board of Directors of Chesapeake approved the aforesaid is:uance of common stock on the 19th day of January 1998.
- 11. A copy of the opinion of counsel for Chesapeake with respect to the legality of the proposed issuance of common stock is attached hereto as Exhibit "B".
- 12. Attached hereto as Exhibit "C" and incorporated herein by reference is a schedule setting forth Chesapeake's balance sheet and income statement for the twelve months ended September 30, 1997 both before and after the issuance of the common stock.
- 13. Attached hereto as Exhibit "D" is a copy of Chesapeake's annual report on Form 10-K for the calendar year ending December 31, 1996. Attached hereto as Exhibit "E" is Chesapeake's most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Both reports have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 14. Pursuant to the Commission's minimum filing requirements Part (D), attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference are the following schedules:
  - A. Schedule No. 1 Capitalization ratios, actual and pro forma, as of September 30, 1997.
  - B. Schedule No. 2 Rate of return, actual, pro forms and annualized for the twelve months ended September 30, 1997.
  - C. Schedule No. 3 Fixed charge coverage ratios, historical and annualized, for the twelve months endec September 30, 1997.

15. Chesapeake represents that the proposed issuance of common stock is in accordance with law, for a proper purpose, and consistent with the public interest.

WHEREFORE, Chesapeake prays as follows:

- A. That the Commission file this application and make such investigation and hold such hearings in the matter as it deems necessary;
- B. That the Commission approve the proposed issuance of common stock by Chesapeake as described herein.

**CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION** 

By:

Michael P. McMasters Vice President, Tressurer & CFO

**SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.** 

Bur

WILLIAM A. DENMAN, ESQUIRE

P.O. Box 497 Dover, DE 19903

DATED:

March 2, 1998

STATE OF DELAWARE

**COUNTY OF KENT** 

BE IT REMEMBERED that on this 2nd day of March, A.D., 1998, personally appeared before me, a Notary Public for the State of Delawere, MICHAEL P. McMASTERS, who being by me duly swom, did depose and say that he is the Vice President, Traceurer & CFO of Checapeatre Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation. and that insofar as the Application of Checapeake Utilities Corporation states facts and insofar as those facts are within his personal knowledge, they are true; and insofar as those facts are not within his personal knowledge, he believes them to be true; and that the exhibits accompanying this Application and attached hereto are true and correct copies of the originals of the aforesaid exhibits; and that he has executed this Application on behalf of the Company and pursuant to the authorization of its Board of Directors.

Vice President, Tressurer & CFO

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me that day and year first above written.

My Commission Expires: October 21, 2001

### APPLICATION OF CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF STOCK

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EXHIBIT D - 1996 Annual Report on Form 10-K

EXHIBIT E - September 30, 1997 Quarterly Report on Form 10Q

SCHEDULE NO. 1 - Capitalization Ratios - Actual and Pro Forma as of

September 30, 1997

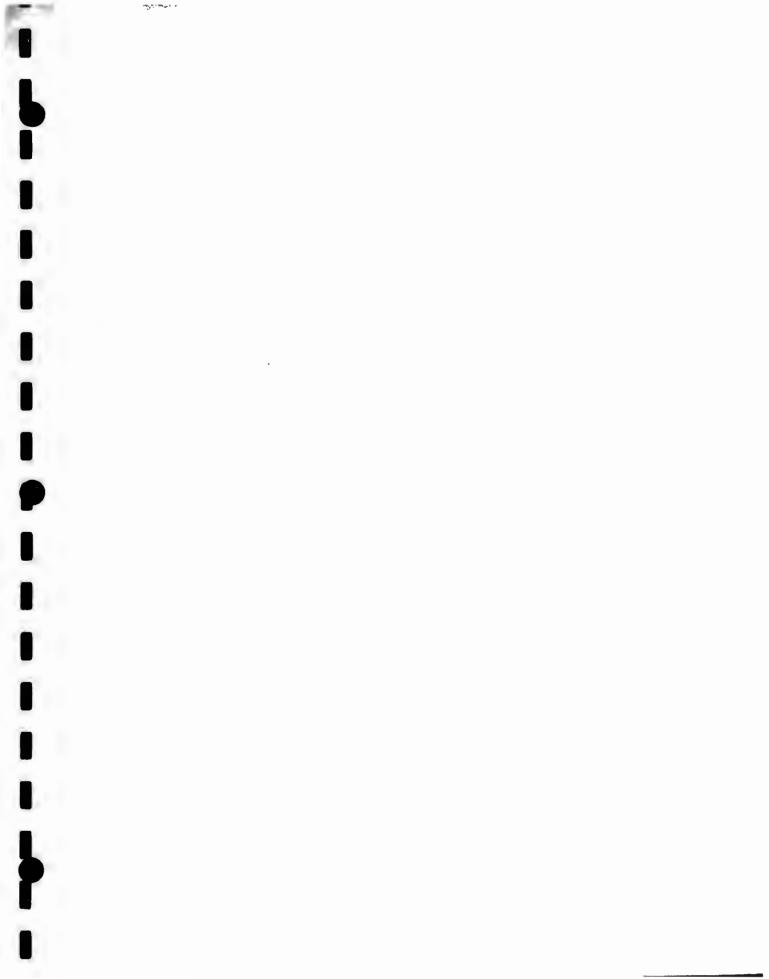
SCHEDULE NO. 2 - Rate of Return - Actual, Pro Forms and Annualized for

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SCHEDULE NO. 3 - Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios - Historical and

Annualized for the Twelve Months Ended September

30, 1997



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Exhibit A

### AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AGRHEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (the "Agreement") is made and entered into this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 1998, by and among Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Chesapeake"), CPK Sub-B, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("CPK Sub-B"), Sam Shannahan Well Cumpany, Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service, a Maryland corporation ("SSWC"), and Dashiell J. (Duke) Shannahan, and Joyce C. Shannahan, residents of Maryland (each, a "Shareholder" and collectively, the "Shareholders").

### ARTICLE I THE MERGER

SECTION 1.1 The Merger. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions hereof, as promptly as practicable following the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions set forth in Article VIII hereof, but in no event later than two business days thereafter, unless the parties hereto shall otherwise agree, articles of merger (the "Articles of Merger") providing for the merger of CPK Sub-B with and into SSWC (the "Merger") shall be duly prepared, executed and filed by SSWC, as the surviving corporation (the "Surviving Corporation"), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law (the "MGCL") and the Merger shall become effective. Following the Merger, the Surviving Corporation shall continue under the same name as SSWC and the separate corporate existence of CPK Sub-B shall cease. The date and time the Merger becomes effective is referred to herein as the "Effective Time." Immediately prior to the filing of the Articles of Merger, a closing (the "Closing") shall take place at the offices of Laws & Laws, P.A., 209 East Main Street, Salisbury, Maryland 21801, or such other place and time as the parties shall agree.

SECTION 1.2 Effects of the Merger. The Merger shall have the effects set forth in Section 3-114 of the MGCL.

SECTION 1.3 Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws. The Articles of Incorporation of SSWC and the By-laws of CPK Sub-B (both of which have been heretofore delivered by SSWC to Chesapeake or Chesapeake to SSWC, as the case may be), in each case as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, shall be the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws of the Surviving Corporation until duly amended in accordance with applicable law.

SECTION 1.4 Directors. The directors of CPK Sub-B immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial directors of the Surviving Corporation and shall hold office until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws of the Surviving Corporation, or their earlier death, resignation or removal.

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Surviving Corporation. the officers of the Surviving Corporation at the pleasure of the Board of Directors of the Effective Time she SECTION 1.5 Officers. The officers of CPK Sub-B immediately prior to the Time shall be the initial officers of the Surviving Corporation and shall serve as

Merger and without any action on the part of the holders thereof: SECTION 1.6 Conversion of Shares. At the Effective Time, by virtue of the

- Chosspeake (the "Cherepeake Common Stock"), which shall be determined by dividing 33,000 by the aggregate number of outstanding shares of SSWC Common Stock at the Effective Times (the "Buchange Ratio"), provided that in the event of a stock split or reverse stock split in either the SSWC Common Stock or the Chesspeake Common Stock prior to the Effective Time, the Exchange Ratio shall be adjusted proportionately in order to prevent either dibu paid and none (a) Subject to Section 2.2, each issued and outstanding shares of common stock, per value \$10.00 per share, of SSWC (the "SSWC Common Stock") shall automatically be converted into the right to receive (the "Merger Consideration") that amount of fully seable shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of at of the rights of the Sharebolders.
- (b) Each share of aspital stock of SSWC that is held in the treasury of SSWC shall be canceled and ratived and cases to exist and no consideration shall be issued in exchange therefor.
- converted into and become, in the aggregate, common stock of the Surviving Corporation. (c) The issued and outstanding charcs of capital stock of CPK Sub-B shall be pate, 1000 fully paid and nonassessable shares of

### ARTICLE II EXCHANGE OF SHARES

SECTION 2.1 Summing of Cartificates. At the Effective Time, each of the Shareholders shall surrender the cartificate or certificates that formerly represented that Seller's shares of SSWC Common Stock to the Surviving Corporation, and shall Common Stock farmerly represented by such certificate or certificates, and the certificates so summedered shall forthwith be cancelled. thereupon receive in exchange therefor the Merger Consideration for each share of SSWC

SECTION 2.2 No Fractional Sharm. No certificate or scrip representing fractional shares of Chempeaks Common Stock shall be issued upon the surrender for exchange of certificates of SSWC Common Stock, and such fractional share interests will not entitle the owner thereof to vote or to any rights of a stockholder of Chempeake. In lieu of any such fractional share interest, Chempeake shall issue to Shareholders jointly, as tomants by the e editional abare interest, Chesapeake shall leave to Shareholders jointly, satiraties, any share which would otherwise be required or be divided res by applying the Exchange Ratio to the Shareholders' separate

respective shares of the SSWC Common Stock as provided in Section 1.6(a) of this Agreement.

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### ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SSWC AND SHAREHOLDERS

SSWC and each of the Shareholders, severally and not jointly, represents and warrants to Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B as follows:

### SECTION 3.1 Cornerate Organization.

- (a) SSWC is a comporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of Maryland and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. SSWC is currently qualified and properly licensed to do business in and is in good standing in each of these states: Delaware, Maryland and Virginia. SSWC has heretofore delivered to Chesapeak, accurate and complete copies of its Articles of Incorporation and By-laws, as in effect on the date of this Agreement.
- (b) SSWC does not own, directly or indirectly, any capital stock or other equity securities or similar interest in any corporation, partnership, joint venture, or other business association or entity.
- (c) Since at least December 31, 1995, SSWC has never been a subsidiary of another organization or had any other corporation, partnership, joint venture, or other business association or entity own or hold any of its capital stock, equity securities or similar interest.

### SECTION 3.2 Capitalization.

(a) The authorized capital stock of SSWC consists of shares of SSWC Common Stock, of which 5100 shares are issued and outstanding. Shareholder Dashiell J. Shannahan owns 2,600 shares and Shareholder Joyce C. Shannahan owns 2,500 shares. All of the issued and outstanding shares of SSWC Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonsessessible. As of the date of this Agreement, no shares of SSWC Common Stock were issuable upon exercise of stock options or warrants or conversion of any preferred stock or debt security or instrument. There are not as of the date of this Agreement, and at the Effective Time there will not be, any shares of capital stock (or securities substantially equivalent to cepital stock) of SSWC issued or outstanding or any subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities or other agreements or commitments of any character obligating SSWC to issue, transfer or sell any of its securities or outstanding shares of SSWC Common Stock.

(b) There has been no change in the equity ownership of SSWC, since, at the latest, December 31, 1995.

### SECTION 3.3 Authority Relative to this Agreement: Binding Effect.

- (a) SSWC has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consuments the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly authorized and approved by the Board of Directors of SSWC and by the unanisates vote or written consent of the stockholders of SSWC and no other corporate proceedings on the part of SSWC are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by SSWC and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of SSWC, enforceable against SSWC in accordance with its terms.
- (b) This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each Seller and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of each Seller, enforceable against each Seller in accordance with its terms.

SECTION 3.4 Concerts and Approvals; No Violations. Except for the filing and recordation of the Articles of Merger, as required by the MGCL, no filing with or notification to, and no permit, suthorization, consent, waiver or approval of, any government, executive official thereof, governmental or regulatory authority, agency or commission, including courts of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign (a "Governmental Butity"), is necessary for the consummation by SSWC and the Shareholders of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, excluding, however, filings, permits, authorizations, consents, or approvals of any kind required by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") or the Public Utility Commission or similar utility regulatory body of the States of Florida, Maryland or Delaware. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by SSWC and the Shareholders nor the consummation by SSWC and the Shareholders of the transactions contemplated hereby nor compliance by SSWC and the Shareholders with any of the provisions hereof will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Articles of Incorporation or By-laws of SSWC, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancellation or acceleration or result in the creation of any mortgage, pledge, charge, security interest, claim or encumbrance of any kind (collectively, a "Lien") under, any of the terms conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which SSWC or a Shareholder is a party or by which they or any of their properties or assets may be bound, or (iii) violate any order, writ, injunction, decree, or statute applicable to SSWC or a Shareholders or any of their properties or assets, or (iv) result in a violation of any rule or regulation applicable to SSWC or a Shareholder or any of their properties or assets.

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SECTION 3.5 Absence of Certain Changes, Since November 30, 1997 SSWC has not:

- (a) suffered any Material Adverse Change; "Material Adverse Change" means (i) any material change in the nature of SSWC, business, assets, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects, (ii) the less of a contract which contributed in excess of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000.00) of revenues to SSWC in fiscal year 1997, and (iii) any change that creates a material limitation on the ability to conduct the business of SSWC as heretofore conducted;
- (b) paid, discharged or otherwise satisfied any material claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) other than the payment, discharge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;
- (c) permitted or allowed any of its material property or assets (real, or mixed, tangible or intangible) to be subjected to any Liens, except for: (i) Liens for current taxes or other governmental charges not yet due and payable, or the validity of which is being contested by appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established; (ii) Liens of carriers, warehousemen, mechanics and materialmen and similar Liens incurred in the ordinary course of business: and (iii) zoning and other land use regulations (collectively, "Permitted Liens");
- (d) sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of any of its properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible), except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;
- (e) granted any increase in the compensation or benefits of any officer or employee (including any such increase pursuant to any bonus, pension, profit sharing or other plan or commitment) or any increase in the compensation or benefits payable or to become payable to any officer or employee, and no such increase is customary on a periodic basis or required by agreement or understanding:
  - (f) made any change in severance policy or practices:
- (g) made any expenditure capitalized in accordance with SSWC's current accounting policies of acquired any property or assets (other than new materials and supplies) for a cost in excess of \$20,000, in the aggregate, excluding from this aggregate amount expenditures in the ordinary course of business on water treatment supplies and equipment and new vehicles, the purchase of which has been previously disclosed to Chesapeake;
- (h) declared, paid or set aside for payment any dividend or other distribution in respect of its capital stock or redeamed, purchased or otherwise acquired, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock or other securities of SSWC;

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- (i) made any material change in any method of tax or financial accounting or accounting practice or made or changed any election for Federal income tax purposes without the consent of Chaspeaks;
- (j) paid, loaned or advanced any amount to, or sold, transferred or leased any properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible) to, or entered into any agreement or arrangement with, any of its of officers, directors or stockholders or any affiliate or associate of any of its officers, directors or stockholders; or
- (k) agreed or planned, whether in writing or otherwise, to take any action described in this Section.

SECTION 3.6 Unsudited Financial Statements. SSWC shall have furnished to Chesapeake prior to the date of this Agreement an unsudited balance sheet of SSWC as of November 30, 1997 and an unsudited statement of operations for the three month period ending November 30, 1997 (collectively, the "Unsudited Financial Statements"). The Unsudited Financial Statements are attached to this Agreement and made a part hereof as Exhibit 1. Such Unsudited Financial Statements shall be certified by the Chief Executive Officer of SSWC as having been prepared under his supervision; to be true, correct and complete in all material respects; and to reflect accurately the books and records of SSWC, in all material respects, subject to normal year-end adjustments.

SBCTION 3.7 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as and to the extent provided in the Unsudited Financial Statements, since November 30, 1997, SSWC has not incurred any liability except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice.

SECTION 3.8 No Default. SSWC is not in default or violation (and no event has occurred that with notice or the lapse of time or both would constitute a default or violation) of any term, condition or provision of (i) its Articles of Incorporation or its Bylaws, (ii) any nots, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which SSWC is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets may be bound (unless, in the case of a contract, such default would not have a material adverse effect on SSWC), or (iii) any order, written injuction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to SSWC or any of its properties or assets, unless such default or violation will not have a material adverse effect on SSWC.

SECTION 3.9 <u>Litisation</u>. There is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, or investigation pending or threatened by or before any Governmental Entity involving SSWC or any of its properties or assets. Neither SSWC nor any of its properties or assets is subject to any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award. There is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration or investigation initiated by SSWC currently pending or that SSWC presently intends to initiate.

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### SECTION 3.10 Compliance with Applicable Law.

- (a) The business of SSWC has not been conducted in violation of any applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decree or order of any Governmental Entity. SSWC holds all permits, licenses, variances, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Entities necessary for the lawful conduct of its businesses (the "SSWC Permits") and is in compliance with the terms of the SSWC Permits. Neither SSWC nor either Shareholder has received any notification of any asserted present or past failure by SSWC to comply with such laws, rules or regulations or such SSWC Permits, or any such asserted failures have been previously cured, and to the knowledge of SSWC, there is no pending audit, investigation or other review by any Governmental Entity to determine the existence of any violation of such laws, rules or regulations or such SSWC Permits.
- (b) For purposes of this Agreement, "knowledge of SSWC" or "known by SSWC" shall include knowledge of either SSWC or either of the Shareholders.

### SECTION 3.11 Taxes.

- (a) Since \_\_\_\_\_, SSWC has been a C corporation as defined by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Code").
- (b) The amounts, if any, provided as a liability on the Unaudited Financial Statements for all Taxes (as hereinafter defined) are adequate to cover all unpaid liabilities for all Taxes, whether or not disputed, that have accrued or will accrue with respect to or are applicable to the period ended on and including the Effective Time (including, without limitation, as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) or to any years and periods prior thereto and for which SSWC may be directly or contingently liable in its own right or as a transferee of the assets of, or successor to, any person. SSWC has incurred no Tax liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business for any taxable year for which the applicable statute of limitations has not expired. There are no liens for Taxes (other than Liens for current Taxes not yet due and payable, or the amount or validity of which is being contested by the appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established) upon the properties or assets of SSWC or of any Shareholder. SSWC has not granted or been requested to grant any waiver of any statutes of limitations applicable to any claim for Taxes. Apart from normal elections for inventory, amortization, and depreciation, SSWC has made no material elections for federal income tax purposes.
- (c) SSWC (i) has filed (or has had filed on its behalf) or will file or cause to be filed timely all Tax Returns (as hereinafter defined) required by applicable law to be filed prior to cr as of the Effective Time and (ii) has paid all Taxes shown thereon as owing. Each such Tax Return is true, accurate and complete. All Taxes that SSWC is required by law to withhold or collect, including sales and use taxes, and amounts required to be withhold for Taxes of employees and other withholding taxes, have been duly withhold or

collected and, to the extent required, have been paid in a timely manner to the propergovernmental authorities or are held in separate bank accounts for such purpose.

- (d) No extensions of time have been granted for SSWC to file any Tax Return required by applicable law to be filed prior to or as of the Effective Time, which have expired, or will expire, prior to or as of the Effective Time without such Tax Return having been filed.
- (e) To the knowledge of the Shareholders, or as should be reasonably known by SSWC, none of the Tax Returns filed by or on behalf of SSWC are currently undergoing any Audit (as hereinafter defined), SSWC has received no notice that any Tax Return will undergo any Audit, and no facts exist that would constitute grounds for the assessment against SSWC of any material additional Taxes by any governmental authority for periods that have not been sudited. No naterial issues have been raised in any Audit by any governmental authority with respect to the business and operations of SSWC that, by application of similar principles, reasonably could be expected to result in a proposed adjustment to the liability for Taxes for any other period not so examined. No deficiency or adjustment for any Taxes has been threatened, proposed, asserted, or assessed against SSWC.
- (f) No power of attorney has been granted by SSWC with respect to any matter relating to Taxes which is currently in force.
- (g) SSWC is not a party to any agreement providing for the allocation or sharing of Taxes.
- (h) SSWC has not entered into any agreement that would result in the disallowance of any tax deduction pursuant to Code Section 280G (relating to "golden parachutes").
- (i) No "consent" within the meaning of Code Section 341(f) has been filed with respect to SSWC (relating to "collapsible corporations").
- (j) None of the assets of SSWC constitutes tax-exempt bond financed property or tax-exempt use property within the meaning of Code Section 168, and none of the assets reflected on the Unsudited Financial Statements is subject to a lease, safe harbor lease or other arrangement as a result of which SSWC is not treated as the owner of such assets for federal income tax purposes.
- (k) To the knowledge of or as reasonably should be known by SSWC, the basis of all depreciable or amortizable assets, and the methods used in determining allowable depreciation or amortization (including cost recovery) deductions of SSWC, are materially correct and in compliance with the Code.

(I) To the knowledge of SSWC, SSWC is not required to make any material adjustment under Code Section 481(a) by reason of a change or proposed change in accounting method or otherwise.

## (m) For purposes of this Agreement:

- customs duties), levice or other assessments, including income, gross receipts, net proceeds, ad valorem, turnover, resi and personal property (tangible and intangible), sales, use, franchise, cucies, value added, stamp, lessing, lesse, user, transfer, fuel, excess profits, occupational, interest equalization, windfall profits, severance, license, payroll, state or local governmental author or additions to tax attributable the withholding, unemployment and Social Security taxes, which are imposed by any federal state or local governmental authority, and such term shall include any interest, penaltic environmental, capital stock, (i) the term "Turns" shall mean all tenes, charges, fees, duties (including disability. ad such term shall include any interest, penaltics amployee's income withholding.
- returns, declarations, statements, reports, act-dules, forms and information returns and any amended Tax Return relating to Tures; and (ii) the term "Tax Return" shall include all federal, state and local tax
- of Taxes or other examination proceedings or appeal of such proceedings relating to (iii) the term "Audit" shall include any taxing authority's sudit, assessment

### SECTION 3.12 ERISA

- regulations promptigated thereunder ("ERISA"). The employee benefits plans disclosed in subparagraph (g) hereof are referred to as the "ERISA Plans." With respect to any ERISA Plans." With respect to any ERISA Plans. "With respect to any ERISA Plans." With respect to any ERISA Plans." With respect to any ERISA Plans." With respect to any ERISA Plans. "With respect to any of each of the following: (i) the current plan document (including all amendments) and the most recent summary plan description; (ii) the annual report on Form 5500 for the most recent year for which such report has been filed; (iii) each related trust agreement, insurance contract or investment management agreement; and (iv) the most recent internal Revenue Service ("IRS") determination letter. Any obligation of SSWC to provide postretirement recent financial statements. benefits or postemployement benefits under any ERISA Plan is reflected in SSWC's most (a) Except as and to the extent described in subparagraph (g) hereof, SSWC does not maintain or contribute to any "amployee bonefit plan," as such term is defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the rules and
- would not have a material adverse effect on SSWC. the ERISA Plans, except for compliance failures that individually or in the aggregate ERISA and the Code and with any other laws, rules, and regulations that are applicable to (b) SSWC has complied in all material respects with all applicable provisions of

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- individual, or to the family members of any individual, for any period extending beyond the termination of the individual's employment, except to the extent required by the health care continuation coverage ("COBRA") provisions in ERLISA and the Code. ast offered to provide health insurance coverage to any
- (d) SSWC has not at any time during the ten calendar years preceding the year of the merger maintained, or contributed to, any defined benefit plan covered by Title IV of ERISA or incurred any liability under Title IV of ERISA, and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not subject SSWC to any liability under Title IV of and will not subject SSWC to any liability under Title IV of
- than routine claims for benefits) by or on behalf of any ERISA Plan, or otherwise involving any ERISA Plan, by any participant, beneficiary, or fiduciary under such ERISA Plan. (e) There are no pending or, to the knowledge of SSWC, threatened claims (other utine claims for benefits) by or on behalf of any ERISA Plan, or otherwise ξη . Υδ:
- 2 COM (f) Each ERUSA Plan and any other employee benefit plan maintained by SSWC be terminated within a period of 30 days, without payment of additional venting or acceleration of any benefits.
- (g) Employee benefit plans, including but not limited to ERISA plans, that are maintained by SSWC as of the Effective Date, are set forth below:

# SECTION 3.13 Environmental Matters.

- any communication (writties or oral), whether from a governmental authority, citizens group, employee or otherwise, that allagas or suggests that SSWC or either Shareholders is not in full compliance with the Environmental Laws. (a) Neither SSWC nor either Shareholder has learned, been advised, or received
- could result in future Buvironmental Clai either Shareholder or against any person or entity whose liability for any Environmental Claim S°WC or either Shareholder has assumed, either contractually or by operation of law, and neither SSWC nor either Shareholder knows of any facts or allegations that Environmental Claims (as bereinafter defined) pending or threatened against SSWC or (b) To the knowledge of SSWC and each Shareholder, there are
- (as defined herein), nor say other property leased by SSWC, is on the National Priorities List or the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability as a landfill or dispo Information System, and no such property is a Resource Conservation and Reserve Act "permitted facility." No such property is permitted by the State of Maryland to be used (c) To the knowledge of SSWC and each Shareholder, none of the Real Property, sal site of any type.

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(d) To the knowledge of SSWC and each Shareholder, and without limiting the generality of Section 3.10 of this Agreement, all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, decrees or orders of any Governmental Entity having to do with SSWC's businesses, including but not limited to water treatment, well-drilling, clean water or water composition and/or the handling, use and disposal of chemicals or chemical products or wastes, have been and are being fully complied with and adhered to.

### (e) For purposes of this Agreement:

- (i) "Environmental Claim" means any claims, action, cause of action, litigation, proceeding, order, decree, investigation or notice (written or oral) alleging potential liability or responsibility (including, without limitation, potential liability or responsibility for investigatory costs, cleanup costs, costs of compliance with laws, requirements, guidelines, or enders, governmental response costs, natural resources damages, property damages, personal injuries, or panelties) arising out of, based on or resulting from(a) the presence, or release into the environment, of any Material of Environmental Concern at any location, whether or not owned or operated by SSWC or (b) circumstances forming the basis of any violation, or alleged violation, of any Environmental Law.
- (ii) "Environmental Laws" means all Federal, state and local laws, regulations, ordinances, rules, guidelines, orders, directives, judgments and determinations relating in any way to pollution or protection of human health or the environment (including, without limitation, ambient sir, surface water, ground water, land surface or subsurface strata), including, without limitations, laws and regulations relating to emissions, discharges, rulesses or threatened rulesses of Materials of Environmental Concern, or otherwise relating to the manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment storage, disposal, transport or handling of Materials of Environmental Concern, as amended from time to time.
- (iii) "Materials of Environmental Concern" means chemicals, pollutants, contaminants, hazardous material, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes, toxic substances, petroleum and petroleum products, and any substance controlled or regulated by any Environmental Law.
- SECTION 3.14 Change in Control. SSWC is not a party to any contract, agreement or understanding which contains a "change in control," "potential change in control" or similar provision. The consumention of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (either alone or upon the occurrence of any additional acts or event) result in any payment (whether of severance pay or otherwise) becoming due from SSWC to any person.
- SECTION 3.15 Intellectual Property. SSWC owns, or is licensed or otherwise has the full right to use, all copyrights, trademarks and service marks (including all applications and registrations therefor), trade names, computer software, patents

(including applications therefor), and all other intellectual property that is necessary for the conduct of its business as haratofore conducted (collectively, the "Intellectual Property"), including but not limited to, a valid and subsisting franchise agreement (the "Franchise Agreement") with Ecowater, a true and complete copy of which, with any and all amendments, addends or modifications, is attached as Exhibit 2 hereto. There are no outstanding claims, judgments, settlements or proceedings against SSWC asserting the invalidity, abuse, misuse or unsufpressbility of the Intellectual Property or the Franchise Agreement.

### SECTION 3.16 Contracts and Commitments.

- (a) SSWC has no agreements, contracts, commitments, or restrictions that are material to its business, prospects, financial condition, working capital, assets, liabilities -(absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) or operations.
- (b) There are no purchase contracts or commitments of SSWC, except the contracts with copies of which have been previously provided to Chesipeake.
- (c) There are no outstanding sales contracts or commitments of SSWC, except the contracts, copies of which have been previously provided to Chesapeake.
- (d) SSWC has no outstanding contracts with officers, directors or employees that are not cancelable by it on notice of not longer than thirty (30) days and without liability, penalty, or premium, except for any agreement or arrangement providing for the payment of any bonus or commissions based on sales or carnines.
- (e) SSWC is not restricted by agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world.
- (f) SSWC's debts, obligations, and liabilities, including any guaranties or agreements to assume debts or liabilities of others, are shown on Exhibit 1. The debts, obligations, and liabilities represent the same indebtedness shown on the November 30. 1997 Unaudited Financial Statements, except for non-material changes to dollar amounts as a result of payments made or interest accrued in the ordinary course of SSWC's business since the Unsudited Financial Statements were prepared.

SECTION 3.17 Labor Relations. As of the date hereof, there is no strike or other labor dispute pending against SSWC. SSWC is not bound by or subject to (and none of its properties or assets is bound by or subject to) any written or oral, express or implied, contract, commitment or arrangement with any labor union, and no labor union has requested or sought to represent any of the employees, representative or agents of SSWC, nor is SSWC aware of any labor organization activity involving its employees.

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employee benefit plans, programs or antengements, maintained or contributed to by SSWC, other than those listed at Exhibit 3. SECTION 3.18 Employee Benefit Plans. SSWC has previously given to Chesarcake true and correct copies of its manuals, work rules, policies or other guidelines relating to employee componention, retirement and severance and each employment or committing contract to the attent they exist. There are no other significant

SECTION 3.19 Personnel. SSWC has furnished to Chempeake a list of the names and current salaries of each officer and employee of SSWC as of the date of this Agreement, including a complete and correct list of all written employment, compensation, severance, consulting or indemnification contracts between SSWC and its present or former employees, officers, directors and consultants to the extent SSWC has and correct copies of all such agreements. any continuing obligation resider. SSWC has made available to Chesapeake true

companies have been previously disclosed to Chesapeake and, to the best knowledge of Time will have been paid, and no notice of emcellation of termination has been received with respect to any such policy. All known claims, if any, made against SSWC that are covered by insurance have been disclosed to and accepted by the appropriate insurance SSWC, are being defended by such appropriate insurance companies. premiums with respect thereto covering all periods up to and including the Effective SECTION 3.20 Insurance, SSWC has supplied to Cheespeake an accurate and complete list of all policies of fire, liability, workmen's compensation and other forms of insurance owned or held by SSWC. All such policies are in full force and effect, all

Unaudited Financial Statements which are a part bereof. related parties (including stockholders, directors and officers), other than indebtedness that was entered into on an arm's length basis and which is fully reflected on the at November 30, 1997. SSWC has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with enforceable in accordance with their terms. SSWC has previously made available to Chesapeake lists of the aging and amounts of all accounts and notes due and uncollected SECTION 3.21 Receivables. All accounts and notes due and uncollected as reflected on the Unaudited Financial Statements, and all accounts and notes due and uncollected and arising subsequent to November 30, 1997: (i) have arisen in the ordinary course of business of SSWC, and (ii) represent valid obligations due to SSWC

### SECTION 3.22 Real Property.

(a) Attached as Exhibit 4 is a true and complete list and description of all real property and land owned by SSWC or either of the Shareholders and used in the business of SSWC, and the buildings, improvements and structures located thereon ("Real Property").

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- (b) As of the Effective Time, SSWC has or will have good and marketable title to the Real Property in fee simple and to the structures and fixtures attached or appurtenant to the Real Property, fee and clear of all Liens, except Permitted Liens.
- (c) Neither SSWC nor any Shareholder has received any notice of or writing referring to any requirements or demends by any insurance company that has issued a policy covering any part of any Real Property or by any board of fire underwriters or other body exercising similar functions that any repairs or work be done on any part of the Real Property.

SECTION 3.23 Absence of Certain Payments. Neither SSWC, or any of its affiliates or any of their respective officers, directors, employees or agents or other people acting on behalf of any of them, have engaged in any activity prohibited by the U sted States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 or any other similar law, or, without limiting the generality of the preceding clause, used any corporate or other funds for unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or entertainment, or made any unlawful expenditures relating to political activity to government officials or others.

SECTION 3.24 Disclosure. No representation or warranty by SSWC or either Sharpholder in this Agreement, and no statement in any document, schedule or certificate furnished or to be furnished by SSWC or either Shareholder to Chesapeake pursuant to the provisions hereof or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstance under which they were made, not misleading.

### ARTICLE IV REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF CHESAPEAKE

Chesapeake represents and warrants to SSWC and the Shareholders as follows:

SECTION 4.1 Corporate Organization. Each of Chesspeake and CPK Sub-B is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. Chesspeake is duly qualified or licensed to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the property owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of the business conducted by it makes such qualification or licensing necessary, unless failure to do so would not result in a material adverse effect (for purposes of this Agreement, the phrase "material adverse effect on Chesspeake" will mean such effect on Chesspeake and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole). The Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of Chesspeake, as currently in effect, are filed as exhibits to Chesspeake's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Chesspeake has haretofore delivered to the Sellers accurate and complete copies of its Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws.

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with its terms. CPK Sub-B and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of each of Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B, enhanceable against each of Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B in accordance with its terms. CPK Sub-B and by Cheespeake as the sole stockholder of CPK Sub-B and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Cheespeake or CPK Sub-B are necessary to Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each of Cheaspeake and duly and validly authorized and approved by the Boards of Directors of Chesapcake and this Agreement and the consumutation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of CPK Sub-B has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement SECTION 4.2 Authority Relative to this Agreement. Each of Chosepeake and

provisions of any note, bond, mortuage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Champesho or any of its subsidiaries is alparty or by which any of them or any of their respective properties or assets may be bound; (iii) violate any order, writ, injuction, decree, or statute applicable to Chesaposto or CPK Sub-B or any of their properties or assets, or; (iv) result in a violation of any rule or regulation applicable to Champesho or CPK Sub-B or any of their properties or assets, Sub-B or the Margar. unless such violation would not result in a material adverse effect on Chesapeake or CPK Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Chesapeake or CPK Sub-B nor the consummation by Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B of the transactions contemplated bereby nor compliance by Chesapeake or CPK Sub-B with any of the provisions hereof will: (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or By-Laws of Chesapeake or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) presult in a the consummation by Chempeste of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Chempeste or CPK Sub-B nor SECTION 4.3 Commit and Approvate we your need the filing with the recordation of the Articles of Margar, as required by the MGCL, and the filing with the Delaware Public Utilities Commission, no filing with or notification to and no permit, Delaware Public Utilities Commission, no filing with or notification to and no permit, violation or breach of, or constitute a default un est, wriver or approval of, any Governmental Botity, is necessary for dar, any of the terms, o nditions or

Reports"), each of which has compiled in all materials respects with all applicable requirements of the Securities Act of 1993 (the "Securities Act") and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), as each was in effect on the dates so filed. At the request of SSWC or either of the Shareholders, Cheespeake will deliver Form 10-K's, proxy statements, Quarterly Reports, Form 10-Q's, Annual Reports to Shareholders and/or Form 8-K's as duly filed in the last three (3) fiscal years. The sudited consolidated financial statements forms, reports, registration statements and documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") since January 1, 1994 (collectively, the "Chosapeake SEC Reports"), each of which has compiled in all materials respects with all applicable SECTION 4.4 SEC R north. Champosto has filed on a timely basis all required

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all material respects. of Chesapeake included in the Chesapeake SEC Reports are true, correct and complete in

formation and the transactions conten SECTION 4.5 CPK Sub-B. CPK Sub-B has not conducted any operations or incurred any liabilities or obligations other than arising under or in connection with its shead by this Agreement.

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Stock to be insued in connection with the Merger will, at the time of such issuance, be validly issued, fully paid and nonanassable and free of preemptive rights and free of any adverse liens, claims, charges or encumbrances. SECTION 4.6 Chaspeake Sharp, All of the shares of Chesapeake Common

Agreement, and no statement contained in any document (including without limitation, the Chesapeake SEC Reports), schedule or outlificate furnished or to be furnished by Chesapeake to SSWC or the Shareholders pursuant to the provisions bereof or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits to state any material fact possessery in order to make the statements misleading. berein or therein, in light of the chromatieness under which they were made, not SECTION 4.7 Discipants. No representation or warranty by Chestapeake in this next, and no statement contained in any document (including without limitation,

SECTION 4.8 <u>Bundoys</u> <u>Banelt</u> <u>Plans</u>. Cheespeake has previously given to SSWC true and correct copies of its personnel manuals, rules, policies or other guidelines relating to employee companision and retirement, for those benefits plans and guidelines that will be extended to SSWC employees, including Shareholder Dashiell J. Sharmahan, following the Merger. Buogst as previously disclosed to SSWC and Shareholders in writing, there are no other significant employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements, maintained or contributed to by Chesapeaks (excluding the pension plan, severance, maintained or contributed to by Chesapeaks (excluding the pension plan, severance, employment or consulting contracts, and sho excluding the Employment and Non-Competition Agreement attac had bareto as Exhibit 7).

# ARTICLE V COVENANTS OF SSWC AND SHAREHOLDERS

agrees as follows: SSWC and each of the Shareholders, severally and not jointly, each covenants and

present officers, employees and consultants and preserve its present relationships with Shareholder will cause SSWC to) conduct its operations only in the ordinary and usual course of business and consistent with past practices and will preserve intact its present business organization, take all reasonable efforts to keep available the services of its SECTION 5.1 Conduct of Business Funding the Margor. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or as otherwise consented to in writing by Chesapeake, from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, SSTMC will (and each

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licensors, licensees, customers, suppliers, employees, labor organizations and others with whom it has a significant business relationship. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, SSWC will not, directly or indirectly (and each Shareholder will cause SSWC not to), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, without the prior written consent of Chesapenke:

- (a) adopt any amendment to or otherwise change its Articles of Incorporation or By-laws or other organizational documents;
- (b) authorize for issuance, sale, pledge, disposition or encumbrance, or issue, sell, pledge, dispose of or encumber (whather through the issuance or granting of options, warrants, commitments, subscriptions, rights to purchase, convertible securities or otherwise), any capital stock of any class or any other securities of, or any other ownership interest in, SSWC or exceed any of the terms of any such securities or agreements outstanding on the date hereof;
- (c) reclassify, combine, split or subdivide any shares of its capital stock, declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or property or any combination thereof) in respect of any class or series of its papital stock;
- (d) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or propose or offer to redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, any outstanding shares of SSWC Common Stock or other securities of SSWC;
- (e) organize any new subsidiery, anquire any capital stock or equity securities of any corporation or acquire any equity or ownership interest (financial or otherwise) in any business;
- (f) (i) incur, assume or prepay any material liability, including, without limitation, any indebtedness for borrowed money except in the ordinary course of business and confistent with past practice, and in no event in excess of \$50,000, (ii) assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become liable or responsible (whether directly, ecutingently or otherwise) for obligations of any third party, (iii) make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investments in, any third party, (iv) mortgage or pledge any of its material properties or assets, tangible or intangible, or create any material Lien thereupon other than Permitted Liens, or (v) authorize any new capital expenditures which, individually or in the aggregate, are in excess of \$20,000;
- (g) license (except to end users in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice and pursuant to a written license agreement) or otherwise transfer, dispose of, permit to lapse or otherwise fail to preserve any of SSWC's Intellectual Property, or dispose of or disclose to any person any trade secret, formula, process or know-how not heretofore a matter of public knowledge;

- (h) enter into any agreement, contract, commitment or transaction other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices, that would contravene the representation set forth in Section 3.16 hereof, if entered into prior to the date of this Agreement;
- (i) increase the compensation payable or to become payable to its officers or employees, except for increases in malary or wages of non-officer employees of SSWC in accordance with past practices, or grant any severance or termination pay or stock options to, or enter into any employment or severance agreement with any director, officer, or other employee of SSWC, or establish, adopt, enter into, or amend any collective bargaining, bonus, profit sharing, thrift, compensation, stock option, restricted stock, pension, retirement, deferred compensation, employment, termination, severance, or other plan, agreement, trust, fund, policy, or arrangement for the benefit of any ourrent or former directors, officers, or employees;
- (j) cancel any debts or waive, release or relinquish any material contract rights or other rights of substantial value other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices;
- (k) authorize, recommend, propose or enter into or announce an intention to authorize, recommend, propose or enter into an agreement in principle or a definitive agreement with respect to any merger, consolidation, liquidation, dissolution, or business combination, any acquisition of a material amount of property or assets or securities or any disposition of a material amount of property or assets or securities;
- make any material change with respect to accounting policies or procedures except as may be required by generally accepted accounting principles;
- (m) pay, discharge or satisfy any claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, asserted or unasserted, contingant or otherwise) other than the payment, discharge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice, of liabilities reflected or reserved against in the Unaudited Pinancial Statements or incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices since the date hereof; or
- (n) commit or agree (in writing or otherwise) to take any of the foregoing actions or any action which would make any representation or warranty in this Agreement untrue or incorrect, including as of the date hereof and as of the Effective Time.
- SECTION 5.2 Access to Information. Upon reasonable notice and subject to restrictions contained in confidentiality agreements with third parties to which SSWC is subject (from which SSWC shall use reasonable efforts to be released), SSWC shall afford to the officers, employees, accountants, counsel, environmental consultants and other representatives of Chesapeake, reasonable access, during normal business hours during the period prior to the Effective Time, to all its properties, books, contracts,

commitments and records and, during such period. SSWC shall furnish promotly to Chesapeake all information concerning its business, properties and personnel as Chesaneake may reasonably request.

SECTION 5.3 No Solicitation. Shareholders and SSWC will not initiate or solicit, directly or indirectly, any inquiries or the making of any proposal with respect to, or engage in negotiations concerning, provide any information or data to, or have any discussions with any Third Party (as bereinafter defined) relating to, any public offering of securities of, or acquisition, business combination or purchase of all or any significant portion of the properties or assets of, or any equity interest in, SSWC (an "Acquisition Proposal"). Shareholders and SSWC will immediately cease any existing activities, discussions or negotiations with any Third Party conducted heretofore with respect to any Acquisition Proposal. Shareholders and SSWC shall immediately notify Chesapeake if, subsequent to the date hereof, any such negotiations, provision of information or data or discussions are entered into or made or any such inquiries are received in respect thereof, and shall provide details with, including the identity of such Third Porty and the price and terms of any Proposal. As used in this Agreement, the term "Third Party" means any "group", as such terms are defined in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than Chesapeake or any affiliate of Chesapeake.

SECTION 5.4 Further Information. As soon as practicable after such information becomes available, and in any event not later than thirty (30) days after the end of each fiscal month, SSWC shall provide to Chasapeaks an unaudited balance sheet as of the end of such month and the related consolidated statements of results of operations and statements of cash flows for such period.

SECTION 5.5 Affiliates. Prior to the execution of this Agreement, SSWC shall deliver to Chesapeake a letter identifying all persons who may be deemed, as of the date of this Agreement, "affiliates" of SSWC for purposes of Rule 145 under the Securities Act. SSWC shall cause each person named in such letter to deliver a written agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 5.

### ARTICLE VI **COVENANTS OF CHESAPEAKE**

SECTION 6.1 Employment Matters. It is Cheespeeke's present intention to integrate, following the Effective Time, certain employee benefit plans currently maintained by Chesapeake and its subsidiaries and SSWC, respectively. To the extent that SSWC employees become participants in any such plans of Chesapeake and its subsidiaries ("Chesapeake Plans") following the Effective Time, SSWC employees shall be credited under the Chesapeaks Pleas for prior years of service with SSWC for purposes of eligibility and vesting, to the extent such service was recognized by SSWC under any similar employee benefit plan. With respect to Chesapeake's pension plan, SSWC employees will not become participants. With respect to the Chesapeake 401(k)

Plan, SSWC employees will not be entitled to retroactive matching contributions for years of service prior to the Effective Time.

SECTION 6.2 Release of Personal Guaranties. At the Effective Time, Chesapeake shall pay all indebtedness of SSWC that has been reasonably incurred in connection with its business and is guaranteed or co-signed by a Shareholder. Exhibit 6 hereof includes a complete schedule of all such indebtedness currently outstanding.

### ARTICLE VII MUTUAL COVENANTS

SECTION 7.1 Reasonable Efforts. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of the parties hereto agrees to use all reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary, proper or advisable to assure that all conditions to Closing set forth in Article VIII of this Agreement are satisfied as expeditiously as possible including, without limitation, the preparation and filing of all forms, registrations and notices required to be filed to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and the taking of such actions as are necessary to obtain any requisite approvals, consents, orders, exemptions, or waivers by any public or private third party. Each party shall promptly consult with the other with respect to, provide any necessary information with respect to, and provide the other (or its counsel) copies of all filings made by such party with any Governmental Entity in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

SECTION 7.2 Broken or Finders. No agent, broker, investment banker, financial advisor or other firm or person is or will be entitled to any brokers' or finder's fee or any other commission or similar fee in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

SBCTION 7.3 Notification of Certain Matters. SSWC and each of the Shareholders shall give prompt notice to Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B, and Chesapeake and CPK Sub-B shall give prompt choice to SSWC and Shareholders, of the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of any event which would be likely to cause any representation or warranty contained in this Agreement to be untrue or inaccurate in any respect (including as of the Effective Time) and of any failure of either party to comply with or satisfy any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied by it hereunder; provided, however, that delivery of any notice pursuant to this Section 7.3 shall not limit or otherwise affect the remedies available to either party hereunder.

SECTION 7.4 Fore and Expenses. Whether or not the Merger is consummated, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, including the parties' respective legal fees, shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses, except that Chesapeake will reimburse such expenses of SSWC or Shareholders up to a maximum of \$\_\_\_\_\_\_.

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request in order more ca conveyance and transfer an cost or expense to the requ Shareholders shall from time to time, at the request of the other party and without further SECTION 7.5 P ectively to carry out this Agreement. take such other actions as such other party may reasonably esting party, execute and deliver such other instruments of strongs After the Closing, Chespeake and the

### ARTICLE VIII

satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions: SECTION 8.1 Conditions to Rach Party's Obligation to Effect the Merger. The respective obligations of each party to effect the Merger shall be subject to the

- United States court or Governmen that prohibits the consumuation of the Merger. (s) No statute, rule, regulation, executive order, decree or injunction, by any States court or Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction, shall be in effect
- (b) The Closing shall have taken place no later than April 30, 1998

by SSWC and the Share obligation of SSWC and the Share satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived SECTION 8.2 Conditions of Obligations of SSWC and the Shareholders. sholders to effect the Merger is further subject to the The

- the Effective Time. shall be true and correct in all material respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of (a) The representations and warranties of Chesapeake set forth in this Agreement
- all obligations, covenents and conmuons required we wunder this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time. (b) Chesapeaks shall have performed and complied, in all material respects, with sts and conditions required to be performed or complied with by it
- Chesapeake and its subsidiaries) necessary for the consummation by Chesapeake of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable (c) Champ eaks shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and
- Competition Agreement with Dashiell J. Shannshan substantially in the form of Exhibit 7 attached hereto. (d) Chesapeake shall have executed and delivered an Employment and Non-
- peake an opinion subs (e) SSWC and the Shareholders shall have received from legal counsel for ntially in the form of Exhibit 8 attached bereto.

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- not have suffered a Material Adverse Cha (f) From the date of this Agree est throu the Effective Time, Che peake shall
- (g) The Chesqueske shares to be issued pursuent to this Agreement shall have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

SECTION 8.3 Conditions of Obligations of Chemposks. The obligation of Chemposks to effect the Marger is further subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived by Chemposks:

- (a) The representations and warmaties of SSWC and the Shurcholders set forth in this Agreement shall be true and current in all material respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Effective Time. maties of SSWC and the Shareholders set forth in
- material respects, all obligations, covenants and conditions required to be complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time. (b) SSWC and the Shareholders shall have performed and complied with, in all ste and conditions required to be performed or
- (c) SSWC and the Sharzholders shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable to SSWC) necessary for the consummation by SSWC and the Sharcholders of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- Non-Competition Agreement with Champenke substantially in the form of Exhibit 7 attached hereto. (d) Dashiell J. Shannahan shall have executed and delivered an Employment and
- or prior to the Effective Time. (e) The lands and improvements, presently titled in the name of Shareholder Dashiell J. Shannshan, individually (which is part of the Real Property, as defined herein and more particularly described on Exhibit 4), shall be retitled in the name of SSWC, at
- (f) Cheespeake shall have received from counsel to the Shareholders and to SSWC an opinion substantially in the form of Exhibit 9 attached hereto.
- substa (g) Chesapeake shall have received from each Shareholder an investment letter, stally in the form of Exhibit 10 attached hereto.
- (h) From the date of this Agreement through the Effective time, SSWC shall not have suffered a Material Adverse Change.
- (i) All necessary approvals from the Delaware Public Service Commission regarding the issuance of the shares of Chesapeake Common Stock shall have been granted by final order.

(j) The results of the due diligence investigation being conducted by Chesepeake with respect to SSWC, shall be acceptable to Chesepeake, in Chesepeake's sole discretion.

### ARTICLE IX SURVIVAL AND INDEMNIFICATION

SECTION 9.1 Survival of Representations and Warranties. All statements, certifications, representations, warranties, covenants, agreements and obligations provided for herein shall survive beyond the Effective Time and continue (and shall not in any manner be affected or impaired by the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) until the time specified in Section 9.2 hereof or until the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1.

### SECTION 9.2 Indomnification

### (a) Indemnity by Cheseneske.

- (i) Cheespeake shall indomnify and defend and hold each Shareholders harmless from and against all claims, liabilities, demages, losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and character (exclusive of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(b)) resulting from or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, nonfulfillment, nonperformance or breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of Chasspeake contained herein.
- (ii) No Shareholder shall have any claim for indemnification hereunder unless such claim is asserted not later than the earlier of (A) one year following the Effective Time or (B) the date on which an independent audit report on Chesapeake is issued which reflects the Marger; but if such claim is asserted within such time period, any such Shareholder's right to indemnification for such matters shall continue until such liability is finally determined by written settlement between the parties involved or by a final judgmen' ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. No indemnification shall be psyable to Shareholders in excess of \$200,000, exclusive of amounts psyable as a result of a knowing, fraudulent, or intentional breach by Chesapeake.

### (b) Indemnity by the Shersholders.

(i) Shareholders shall indemnify and defend and hold Chesapeake and its affiliates harmless from and against all claims, liabilities, damages, losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and cheracter (exclusive of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(a)) resulting from or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, nonfulfillment, nonperformance or breach of any representation warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of Shareholders or SSWC contained headin.

- by written actilement between the parties involved or by a final judgment ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. No indumnification shall be payable to Chesapeake in reflects the Margar; but if as (ii) Chasapeals shall have no claim for indomnification hereunder unless such claim is asserted not later than the earlier of (A) one year following the Effective Time or (B) the date on which an independent sudit report on Chasapeake is issued which reflects the Margar, but if such claim is asserted within such time period, Chasapeake's intentional breach by either Shareholder. excess of \$200,000 exclusive of amounts right to indemnity for such matters shall continue until such liability is finally determined s payable as a result of knowing, fraudulent or
- (c) Each Shareholder's rights to indemnification become may not be transferred or assigned, except in accordance with the laws of descent and distribution.
- extent held or other limit prescribed by law or regulation, in Champeake Common Stock. For purposes of this Section 9.2(d), the value of such Champeake Common Stock shall be deemed to be the closing methat price of the Cammon Stock at of the Effective Time. be deemed to be the closing market price of the Co extent held or other limit pres (d) Amounts due to or by Champung under this Article IX shall be paid, to the

### TERMINATION AND AMBIDMENT ARTICLE X

prior to the Effective Time: SECTION 10.1 Term This Agreement may be terminated at any time

- (a) by mutual comment of Cheespeaks, SSWC and the Shareholders;
- (b) by either Chempeake or the Shareholders, if the Closing shall not have been consummated on or before April 30, 1998 (unless the failure to consummate the merger by such date shall be due to the action or failure to act of the party seeking to terminate);
- Merger shall have become final and noneppealable. or other order of a court or other competent authority preventing the consummation of the (c) by either Che seposite, SSWC or the Shareholdors, if any permanent injunction

material breach of any covenant of this Agreement or any material breach or misropresentation of the repres nothing contained in this Section 10.2 shall relieve any party from liability for any abandonment of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 hereof, this Agreement shall hereto or its affiliates, direct forthwith become void and have no offect, without any liability on the part of any party SECTION 10.2 Ribet of Termination. ors, officers or stockholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing. one or warranties contained berein. In the event of the termination and FLATA 140 1000

SECTION 10.3 Amendment. This Agreement may be amended by the parties hereto at any time prior to the Effective Time. This Agreement may not be amended except by an instrument in writing executed by all the parties hereto.

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LARE & LAND

SECTION 10.4 Extension: Waiver. At any time prior to the Effective Time, the parties may, to the extent legally allowed: (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other parties hereto, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other parties hereto contained herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto and (iii) waive compliance with any of the agreements or conditions contained herein by the other parties hereto. Any agreement on the part of a party hereto to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in a written instrument.

### ARTICLE XI MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 11.1 Notices. All notices and other communications bereunder shall be in writing, and shall be deemed given upon receipt if delivered personally, sent by facsimile transmission or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, or by a nationally recognized private overnight courier to the parties at the following addresses:

(a) if to SSWC, to:

Sam Shennahen Well Company, Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service Attention: Duke Shennahen, President 716 Naylor Mill Road Salisbury, MD 21801

with a copy to:

H. Michael Hickson, Hequire Banks, Nason & Hickson 113 Baptist Street Salisbury, MD 21801

(b) if to the Shereholders to:

Court feet and the said the

Dashiell J. Shannahan Joyes C. Shannahan 917 Camden Avenue Salisbury, MD 21801 with a copy to:

H. Michael Hickson, Baquire Banks, Nason & Hickson 113 Baptist Street Salisbury, MD 21801

(c) if to Chesapeake, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation
Attention: John R. Schimkaitis, President
909 Silver Lake Boulevard
Dover, Delaware 19904

with a copy to:

Victor H. Laws, III, Require Laws & Laws, P.A. 209 East Main Street P.O. Box 75 Salisbury, MD 21803-0075

SECTION 11.2 <u>Descriptive Headings</u>. The descriptive headings herein are inserted for convenience only and are not intended to be part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

SECTION 11.3 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when two or more counterparts have been singed by each of the parties and delivered to the other parties, it being understood that all parties need not sign the same counterpart.

### SECTION 11.4 Butire Agreement: Successors and Assigns.

- (a) This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and supersedes all prior agreements and understanding, both written and oral, among the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- (b) This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, successors, and permitted assigns. As used herein, the successors of a party shall include, but not be limited to, any successor by way of merger, consolidation, sale or transfer of all or substantially all of its assets (pursuant to liquidation or otherwise) or similar reorganization. In no event may either Shareholder assign any rights or duties under this Agreement, except with Chesapeake's written consent.

SECTION 11.5 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Maryland.

SECTION 11.6 Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that if any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached, irreparable damage would occur, no adequate remedy at law would exist and damages would be difficult to determine, and that the parties shall be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof, in addition to any other remedy at law or equity.

SECTION 11.7 <u>Publicity</u>. Chesapeaks may issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement or make any filing with the SEC with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as it deems appropriate. Neither SSWC nor Shareholders shall issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement without the prior approval of Chesapeake.

SECTION 11.9 Confidentiality Agreements. At the Effective Time, the Confidentiality Agreements dated January 28, 1998 betwee Chesapeake and SSWC and the Shareholders will terminate and have no further force or effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be signed (where applicable by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized), as of the date first written above.

ATTEST:	CHESAPEAKE UTI CORPORATION	LITTES
	By: John R. Schimksin	(SEAL)
ATTEST:	SAM SHANNAHAN INC., 4/6/2 TOLAN	
	By:	(SEAL)
ATTEST:	CPK SUB-B, INC.	i
	By:Authorized Office	(SEAL)
		1

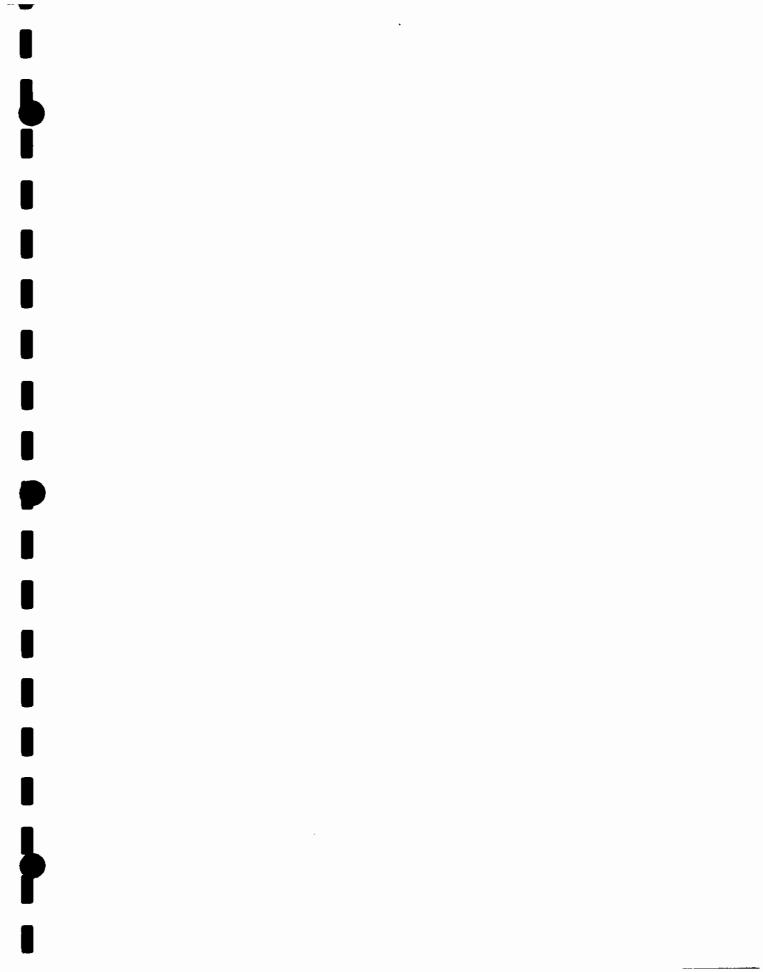
2410 749 7508

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foregoing Agreement and Plan of Merger to be the act and deed of said corporation.

AS WITNESS my hand and notorial seel. My Commission Expires: STATE OF MARYLAND COUNTY OF WICOMICO: I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this day of before me, the undersigned officer, personally appeared Dashiell J. Shannahan. Shareholder, Tolan Water Services, Inc., and on its behalf did acknowledge the foregoing Agreement and Plan of Merger to be the act and deed of said corporation. AS WITNESS my hand and notarial seal My Commission Expires: STATE OF MARYLAND COUNTY OF WICOMICO: I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this \_\_\_\_ day of before me, the undersigned officer, personally appeared Joyce C. Shannahan, Shareholder, Tolan Water Services, Inc., and on its behalf did acknowledge the foregoing Agreement and Plan of Merger to be the act and deed of said corporation. AS WITNESS my Land and notarial seal. My Commission Expires:

2410 748 7508



### SCHMITTINGER AND RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

LAWYERS

414 SOUTH STATE STREET PO BOX 497

DOVER, DELAWARE 19903-0497 TELEPHONE (302) 674-0140

TELECOPIER (302) 674-1830

BRANDYWINE GATEWAY PLAZA 1300 N MARRET STREET, SLITE 206 WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19801 YELEPHONE (302) 682-3676 TELECOPER (302) 682-8788

> REHOBOTH BEACH OFFICE 4602 HIGHWAY ONE CORESTATES BULDING REHOBOTH BEACH, DELAWARE 19871 TELEPHONE (202) 227-1400

> > TELECOPIER (302) 648-1843

WILMINGTON OFFICE

ODESSA OFFICE
ODESSA PROFESSIONAL PARK
PO BOX 626
ODESSA, DELAWARE 19730-0626
TELEPHONE (302) 379-1659
TELECHER (302) 379-1659

NICHOLAS H. RODRIGUEZ PAUL H. BOSWELL JOHN J. SCHONTTHIOGR BRUCE C. Eleas LARRY W FUER DOUBLAS & CATTS WILLIAM D. FLETCHER, JR. WILLIAM A DEPARTMENT JAMES T. VALIGHOL JR. CATHERINE T. HICKEY WILLIAM W. PEPPER, SR. CRAIG T. ELIASSEN CRYSTAL L CAREY SCOTT E. CHAMBERS MARDI F. PYOTT NOEL & PRINCE DAVID A. BOSWELL MICHELE L. PROCINO WALT F. SCHMITTINGER JEFFREY J CLARK R SCOTT KAPPES KATHY & GRAVELL"

ALSO ADMITTED IN MARYLAND

March 2, 1998

Delaware Public Service Commission Cannon Building, Suite 100 861 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, DE 19904

RE: Application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation For The Approval of Issuance of Stock

Dear Commissioners:

We are Delaware counsel for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") in connection with Chesapeake's application for Commission approval of the issuance of approximately 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock, pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215.

We are familiar with the terms, interpretation, and application of 26 Del. C. \$215 which sets forth the required, but limited, findings to be made by the Commission in its consideration of such a proposed issue. We note the limited scope of Commission review, as determined by the Delaware Supreme Court in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, 367 A.2d 644 (1976). Specifically, in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, the Delaware Supreme Court held that the powers legislated to the Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215 were intended to be applied in cases of a proposed issuance of stock for an inadequate consideration or for some other improper purpose. In Diamond State, the Delaware Supreme Court stated that in the absence of a showing of improper consideration, fraud, bad faith, or self-dealing on the part of the members of a utility's board of directors in their decision to issue shares of stock for the purpose of raising needed funds, it would be improper for the Commission to substitute its judgment for that of the board of directors.

Delaware Public Service Commission March 2, 1998 Page 2

Based upon our knowledge of the applicable statute, and its regulatory and judicial interpretation and application, it is our opinion that the proposed issuance of approximately 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock has been duly authorized and is valid and in accordance with law, subject, of course, to the approval of the Public Service Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215, and necessary approval on the part of the Florida Public Service Commission, and satisfactory compliance by Chesapeake with all applicable federal securities laws.

It is also our opinion, based upon the statement of Chesapeake's intended purpose for issuing said stock, that the subject stock issue is for a proper purpose, and is consistent with the public interest, by enabling Chesapeake to acquire Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc.

Accordingly, it is our opinion that Chesapeake's pending application for Commission approval pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> \$215 fully complies with the limited statutory requirements and findings necessary for Commission approval.

Sincerely yours,

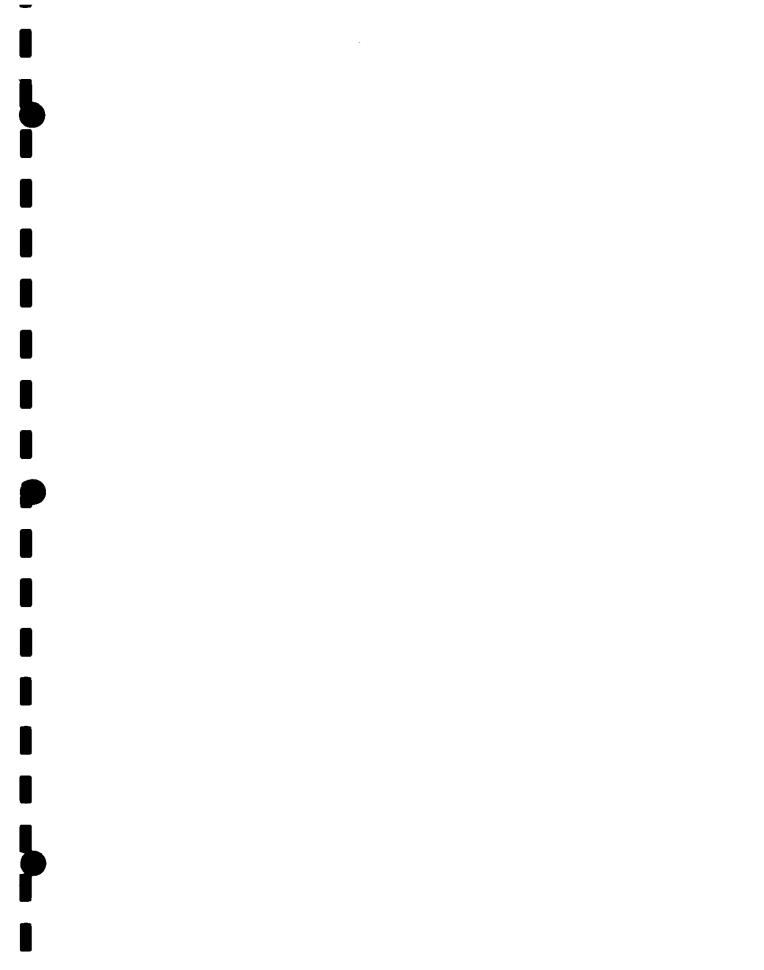
SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

BY: blead Name

WILLIAM A. DENMAN, ESQUIRE

نف الشامية

WAD: pmw



UNAUDITED

ASSETS	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT At original cost Less: Accum. depreciation and amortization	\$140,954,387 (42,800,914)		\$140,954,367 (42,800,914)	\$910,746 (420,957)	\$141,865,113 (43,221,871)
Net property, plant and equipment	96,153,453	0	98,153,453	489,789	98,643,242
INVESTMENTS	2,340,007	0	2,340,007	0	2,340,007
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Meterials and supplies Propane inventory Storage gas prepayments Other prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes Underrecovered purchased gas costs	1,467,700 7,357,140 1,684,040 2,428,356 4,005,715 750,720 813,661 203,566		1,467,700 7,357,140 1,684,040 2,426,356 4,005,715 750,720 813,661 203,566	44,516 87,159 47,661 0 0 7,268 0	1,512,216 7,444,290 1,731,701 2,428,356 4,005,715 757,988 813,661 203,566
Total current assets	18,700,900	0	18,708,908	186,604	18,895,512
DEFERRED CHARGES Environmental regulatory assets Environmental expenditures, net Order 636 Transition cost Other deferred charges & intangible assets	6,501,505 2,262,938 0 3,853,401	a.	6,501,505 2,262,938 0 3,863,401	0 0 0 284,084	6,501,506 2,262,938 0 4,117,486
Total deferred charges & other assets	12,617,844	0	12,617,844	264,084	12,881,928
TOTAL ASSETS	\$131,820,212		\$131,820,212	\$940,477	\$132,760,689

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1		

EXHIBIT C Page 2 of 4

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION
Consolidated Balance Sheet
As of September 30, 1997

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION	Total deferred credits and other liabilities	DEFERRED CREDITS Deferred income tours Deferred investment tax credits Environmental fability Accrued penalish costs Order 636 transition liability Other flabilities	Total current liabilities	CUPPRENT LIABILITIES Current portion of lang-term debt Strort-term borrowings Accounts payeths Referes payeths to customers Account interest Overnocovered purchased gas costs Dividends payeths Citier scorued expenses	TOTAL CAPITALIZATION	LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT	Total stockholders' equity	CAPTIALIZATION Common stock Additional paid in capital Retained earnings Lear: Uncarned compensation Net unrealized gain on mid. securities	LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION
\$131,820,212	23,256,846	10,230,179 840,201 0,801,506 2,230,258 0 3,463,703	31,530,123	10,400,000 0,340,741 330,575 619,444 0 1,080,000 210,574 3,802,271	77,034,243	28,642,000	48,382,243	\$2,181,014 19,433,279 26,947,738 (234,348) 64,680	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$6	0		(10,000,000)	(10,000,000)	10,000,000	10,000,000	0		ADJUSTMENT
\$131,820,212	23,255,846	10,230,179 840,201 6,501,505 2,230,258 0 3,463,703	21,530,123	650,868 8,400,000 8,348,741 336,575 619,444 0 1,086,650 216,574 3,862,271	87,034,243	36,642,000	48,392,243	\$2,181,014 19,433,279 26,947,738 (234,348) 64,580	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$940,477	0		744,941	649,076 80,6833 0 0 15,232	195,536	0	195,536	\$16,061 34,839 144,536 0	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK
\$132,760,689	23,256,846	10,230,178 840,201 6,501,505 2,230,258 0 3,453,703	22,275,084	9,049,078 9,049,078 9,429,974 338,575 919,444 0 1,088,689 2,887,509	87,229,779	36,642,000	48,587,779	\$2,197,075 19,468,218 27,082,274 (234,348) 64,880	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY

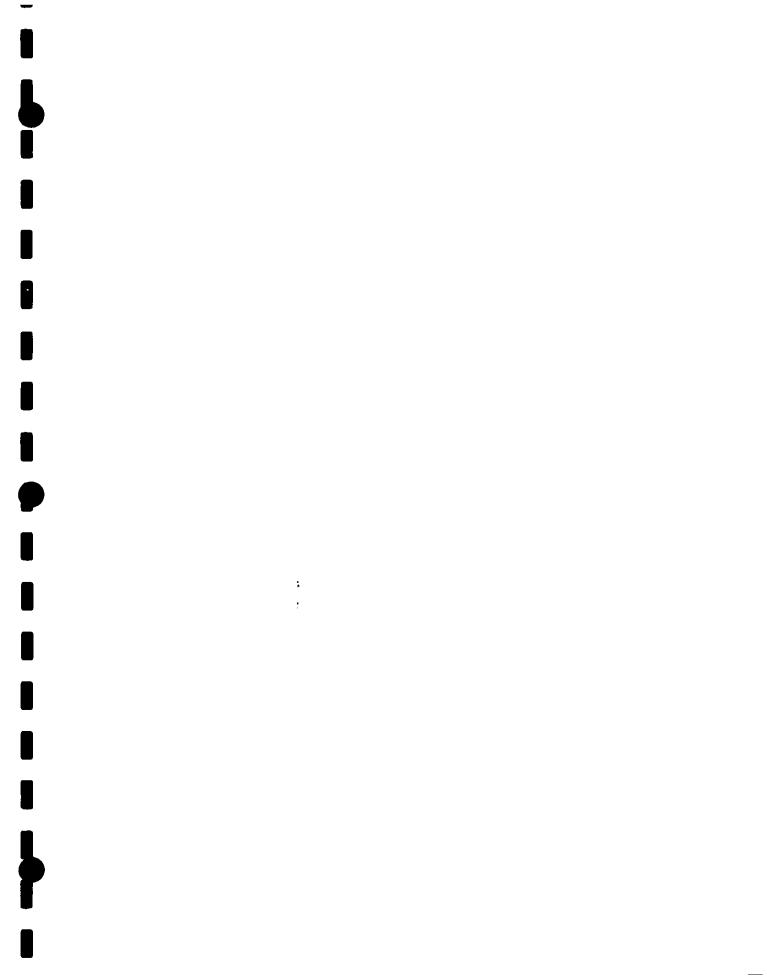
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UNAUDITED

		***	9		20	2 p			
TOTAL NET INCOME	Total Interest Charges	Interest CHARGES Interest - Long-Term Debt Interest - Short Term Borrowings Interest - Other Amortization of Debt Expense Capital Lesses AFUDC	INCOME BUFORE INTEREST CHARGES	OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS	NET OPERATING INCOME	Total Operating Expenses	OPERATING EXPENSES Purchased gas costs Operations Maintenance Depreciation and amortization Taxas-chaome Taxas-income	OPERATING REVENUES	
\$5,185,987	3,244,141	2,339,869 623,776 247,838 115,632 0 (62,964)	8,430,128	377,347	8,062,781	116,616,643	75,630,932 26,404,634 2,216,559 5,353,076 3,424,631 3,186,411	\$124,089,424	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
(\$122,320)	122,320	685,000 (562,680)		0	0	0		8	ADJUSTMENT
\$5,063,667	3,306,461	3,024,859 81,086 247,838 115,632 0 (82,984)	8,430,128	377,347	8,062,781	116,616,643	75,630,932 26,404,634 2,216,559 5,353,076 3,824,631 3,186,411	\$124,000,424	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$53,365	36,522	36,522 o	80,907	1,200	98,017	1,461,021	0 1,223,083 73,643 61,496 56,069 34,730	\$1,539,638	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK
\$5,117,062	3,402,963	3,024,859 97,918 247,838 115,632 0	0,520,006	279,657	8,141,398	118,057,884	75,630, "32 27,627,927 2,280,262 5,414,572 3,862,860 3,221,141	\$126,209,062	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUMNCE OF EQUITY

The following adjustments have been made to the income Statement and Balance Sheet for September 30, 1997:

- (1) The results as of September 30, 1997 have been adjusted to reflect the 6.85%, \$10 million long-term debt financing consummated on December 15, 1997 by Chesapeata.
- (2) A reclass was made between Common stock and Additional paid-in capital for SSWC so that the Common stock number would represent 33,000 shares of Chesapeake stock at a par value of \$.4867.
- (3) All notes payable, mortgages payable, and loans payable of SSWC would be paid off by Chasapeake at closing. Chasapeaks would increase its short-term borrowings to pay off these items.
- made to both long lated on the SSWC indebt sing interest rate for 1997, which was t of the \$10 million financing be paid off by Chesaper
- the end of the respective flecal year, August 31.



### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 1996

Commission File Number 0-593

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Delettate
(State or other jurisdiction of

51-0064146 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

909 Silver Lake Benkevard, Destar, Deleware (Address of principal executive offices) 19984 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 302-734-6713

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Zitk efendulen Common Stock - per value per share \$.4867 New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: 8.25% Convertible Debentures Due 2014 (Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the pseceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendments to this Form 10-K. [X]

As of March 14, 1997, 4,452,704 shares of common stock were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares held by non-affiliates of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, based on the last trade price on March 14, 1997, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$78,478,908.

### **DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

DOCUMENTS
Definitive Presy Statement dated April 4, 1997

PART OF FORM 10-K

42 March 18 dollar

402.60

### CHESAPSAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FORM 10-K

### Year Ended December 31, 1996

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### Item I. Budnes

# (a) General Development of Business

natural gas distribution and trus Chesapoake Utilities Corporation ("Cl to" or "the Com ution and advanced information services. ty") is a diversified willty compa engaged in

Maryland. The Comp and products to a wide v Eastern Shore of Mary pipeline syste gas transmission subsi industrial customers in southern Dela Chosapeake's three natural gas distribution division etribution divisions, as well as to o 70 vare, Maryland's Es serve approximately 34,700 recidential, commercial and trial customers in Deleware and the Eastern Shore of many ("Eastern Shore"), operates a 271-mile interstate em Shore and Central Florida. The Company's natural lety 23,100 cue rylvania to the Company's Delaware and Maryland tomers in southern Delaware and the et provides software services

For the Years Ended Documber 31.	1996	1995	1894
Operating Revenues, Unadditated Continues Natural gas distribution	\$74,904,076	854,120,280	\$49,523,743
Natural pa trassatistica	15,188,777	24,984,767	22,191,896
Propene distribution	22,333,969	17,607,956	20,664,150
Advanced information services and other	6.903.246	7.307.413	6.172.508
Total operating revenues, madiliated customers	850 OCE 611S	\$104.020.416	\$98, 577, 297
Interregment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$8,711	\$42,037	\$35,888
Natural gas transmission	21,543,327	16,663,043	17,303,529
Propage distribution	2,059	139,052	85,552
Advanced information services and other	710.949	1.722.135	2277.361
Total intersegment revenues	\$22,265,046	\$18.566.267	\$19.722.330
Income These			
Natural gas distribution	\$7,167,236	84,728,348	\$4,696,659
Natural gas transmission	2,458,442	6,083,440	3,018,212
Propune distribution	2,053,299	1,852,630	2,287,688
Advanced information services and other	1.305.300	1.170.970	174.033
Total	12,994,180	13,205,346	10,176,592
Add (Less): Eliminations	206.500	C48.595)	(619.813)
Total operating income before income taxes	\$15,190,760	\$13.586.793	\$9,756,709
Identifiable Assets, at December 31,			
Manual Pas cremoments	1000,000	19,000,741	-// e7C'80¢
Natural gas transmission	23,981,989	19,292,524	17,792,415
Propane distribution	20,791,588	18,855,507	16,949,431
Advanced information services ::	1,496,418	1,635,100	3,196,064
Other	3,617,985	SOL COL. E	1.801.933
Total identifiable assets	8131,137,910	SILLE 293.280	\$108.270.617

All significant interrugatest revenues have been eliminated from expeditional revenue

Allen area

The state of

Mildel Ser

# (c) Narrative Description of Business

revenue. Total sales to this cu Refining and Marketing, an accounted for 10% or more of o The Company is e ree subsidiaries es terruptible customer of Eastern Shore, which exceeded 10% of total usiness activities: natural gas transmission; natural gas distribution; siden assvices. In addition to the four primary groups, Chesapeake has usined businesses. During 1996 and 1994, no individual customer use. In 1995, the Company had sales to one customer, Texado sely \$10.6 million or 10.2% of total revenue during 1995

## (b) (c) Natural Gas Transmittates

However, Eas (see competiti delivers gas to five utility : Eastern Shore is t Eastern Shore, Body ten Shore has a 0 an to two of its 's wholly owned transmission subsidiary, operates an interstate pipeline that Stirtees industrial customers in Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland. 7 ty from the Federal Energy Re supply for Chesapeake's Maryland and Deleware divisions and for two ing 1996 and previously, Eastern Shore was not an open access pipelinton the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") to provide on for gas they own and deliver to Eastern Shore for redelivery. ry) which would provide transportation service to all customers.

### Natural Gas Shape

Fransmission Corporation ("Guil"), all of which are open access pipelines. Corporation ("Transco"), Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation ("Columbia") and Columbia Gulf have has firm contracts with three major intervisite pipelines, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line

100<u>0</u> C expires in 2006; (c) three firm bundled storage services providing a peak day entitlement of 7,046 Mcf and a expires in 2005; (b) firm on pacity of 278,264 Mcf; and (d) two unit Aracta with Transco ortation especity of 500 Mcf per day for December through February, which include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 22,900 Mef per day, which adled storage services with a total capacity of 432,663 Mcf.

(c) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 563 Mcf and a total capacity of 50,686 Mcf, which commences in 1996 and expires in 2018; and (d) firm storage service providing a peak day extitlement of 563 contracts with Columbia also include: (a) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 10,525 Mcf Mcf and a total capacity of 50,606 Mcf, which commences in 1999 and expires in 2019. (d) firm transportation capacity of 86 expires in 2004; (b) firm transports in 2017; (c) firm transportation or nd a total capac insportation capacity of 192 McC per day for April through August, which expires in 2003. Eastern Shore's en Shore's 20 sent of 1,150 Mcf and a total capacity of 103,459 Mcf, which commences in 1997 and expires in 2017; ty of 509,954 Med, which expires in 2004; (b) firm storage service providing a peak day acts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 1,481 Mcf per day, which 99 Mcf per day, which commences in 1999 and expires 2019; and (e) firm on especity of 1,971 Mcf per day, which com sty of 869 Mcf per day, which commences in 1998 and expires in 2018; sences in 1997 and capires

Eastern Shore's contract with Guiff is for firm transportation of 1,510 Mcf per day, which also expires in 2004

have various expiration date: these five sup oth Transco and Cole Paster: Shore currently has com its for the purchase of firm natural gas supplies with five reputable suppliers na Shore's firm transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts n form daily entitle ment of 20,469 Mcf, which is true 2 20

transported by Transco and/or Colo Adequacy of Lies Sugary, Electers Shore's firm netural gas obligations to its customers, including Cheespeake Delaware and Maryland utility divisions, are 40,237 Mcf for peak days and 9,180,203 Mcf on an annual basis. Eastern Shore's maximum daily firm transportation capacity on the Transco and Columbia systems is 42,452 Mcf per day. Currently, Electern Shore's firm daily peak supply is 38,540 Mcf and its total annual firm supply Eastern Shore's customers. believes that Eastern Shore's available firm and "spot market" supply is ample to meet the anticipated needs of firm demand, Eastern Shore obtains gas supply on the "spot market" from various other suppliers which is is 6,032,665 Mcf. This is equivalent to 96% of Eastern Shore's firm daily demand and approximately 66% of Adequacy of Gas Su ts annual firm demand being extisted by firm supply sources. To meet the difference between firm supply and haral gas obligations to its customers, including Cheespeake's Shore's customers as needed. The Company

such curtailment during 1997. There was no curtailment of firm gas supply to Es ŝ em Shore in 1996, nor does Eastern Shore anticipate any

compete with alternative fuels. competition between the Company and suppliers of other sources of energy is price and, to a lesser extent, competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal consideration in the Competition with Alternative Fuels. Historically, the Comp accessibility. All of the Company's divisions have the capability of adjusting their interruptible rates to eny's natural gas operations have successfully

alternative to matural gas. When oil prices deciling, some of Champeake's natural gas distribution and transmission interruptible outlement convert to eil to satisfy their fuel requirements. Lower levels in business to maximize sales volu this funcertainty, the Company uses fleti there is always uncertainty prices as well as the prices of oth The Company has several lar interruptible sales occur when oil prices re in the country ble prich ns that have the capacity to use fuel oil as an tetive to the price of natural gas. However, oil p at any time for a variety of rea ng metural gas and other fuels. In order to address nts on both the supply and sales side of its

energy source. commercial equipm heating equipment, the cost of conversion is a disamong fuels, primarily in reside To a lesser extent than pri 2 1 20 saffal and com shilly of equipment ed for a particular energy source, and espo-is a dis-incentive for individuals and busin settings. Heating, water heating and other domestic or rgy source, and especially with resp stional efficiency are also factors in competition 2 2 2 2 De their 5

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companies because they are providing expertise in gas pur of the commodity. If they choose to be a seerchant of yea, they must form a separate marketing operation customers on an equal footing. Under this open so which, when combined, may reduce end-u independent of their pipeline oper unbundled the trad Competition within the Natural Gas Industry trional co to of their service. FERC Order 636 enables all natural gas suppliers to compete for STATES SEE hasing along with collective pur es have developed as a viable opti est, interstate pipeline companies have ing, transportation and storage from the hading capabilit ion for many

utility divisions, and, in turn, cus existing customers. Thus, most of Eastern Shore's custo alternative sources of gas supply and he Currently, Ea ern Shore is not an op ern Shere transport the gas to them. In December 1995, Eas mis, do not have the capability of directly contract ad is permitted to transport gas for only two of its ers, including Cheespooks's Maryland and Delewere

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Shore applied to the FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system (see open access plan filing below). The implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Bastern Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at PERC regulated rates. For further discussion, see "Open Access Plan Filing" and Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations.

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can charge its transportation and sale for resale customers. In addition, the FERC regulates the rates Eastern Shore is charged for transportation and transmission line capacity or services provided by Transco and Columbia. Eastern Shore's direct sales mass to industrial customers are currently not regulated. The rates for Service Commission ("Commission FERC regulates the provision of a such sales are established by con n is sedden to n stracts negotiated between Eastern Shore and each industrial customer. a") as a supplier of gas to industrial customers in the state of Delaware. The nevice, terms and conditions of service, and the rues and fees Eastern Shore pulation by the FERC as an interstate pipeline and the Delaware Public

After Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline, the FERC will have sole regulatory authority over Eastern Shore. Accordingly, the Delaware Public Service Commission will come having any regulatory authority over Eastern Shore.

provisions that parmit automatic adjus suppliers' from rates. The rates for Eastern Shore's "sale for res 1,8% 244 at for the full amount of increases or decreases in Eastern Shore's is" customers (i.e., sales to its utility customers) are subject to a 10.00 - <u>}</u>, industrial contracts generally include tracking

Regulatory Proceedings

EERC PGA. On May 19, 1994, the PERC issued as Order directing Eastern Shore to refund, with interest, what the FERC characterized as overcharges from November 1, 1992 to the current billing month. The May 19, 1994 Order also directed Eastern Shore to file a report showing how the refund was calculated, and revised turiff language clarifying the purchased gas adjustment provisions in its turiff.

accrued for the potential refund was significantly greater than the rate reduction ordered. Accordingly, Eastern Shore reversed a large portion of the liability that it had accrued. This reversal contributed \$1,385,000 to pre-On August 17, 1995, the FERC issued as Order approving an Offer of Settlement submitted by Eastern Shore. The Order approved a change in Eastern Shore's PGA methodology retroactive to June 1, 1994, which will result in a rate reduction of approximately \$234,000 per year. The estimated liability that the Company had tax earnings or \$833,000 to after-tax cernin gs during the third quarter of 1995.

certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system. For further discussion see "Open Access Plan Filing" below. In connection with the FERC Order, Eastern Shore applied in December 1995, to the FERC for a blanket

operate slightly less than one mile of 16-inch pi necessity authorizing Bastern Shore to: (1) essett und operate a 2,170 horsepower compressor station in Delaware City. New Castle County, Delaware on a portion of its existing pipeline system known as the "Hockessin Line", such new station to be known as the "Delaware City Compressor Station"; (2) construct and Delawars City Compressor Station Filing. On December 5, 1995, Eastern Shore filed an application before the FERC pursuant to Sections 7(b) and (e) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and the suction side of the pro P 202 S so in Dolaw or Station into the Hocks are City, New Castle County, Delaware to tie sin Line; and (3) incre

the maximum allowable operating pressure ("MAOP") from 500 PSIG to 590 PSIG on 21.7 miles of Eastern Shore's existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Bridgeville, Sussex County, Delaware to its terminus in Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.

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result of steadily declining inist pressures at the Hockessin interconnect with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. Construction of the facilities started during the second half of 1996. The proposed in-service date of the facilities is March 19, 1997. Eastern Shore estimates the total cost of the compressor facilities to be \$6.9 The con pressor facility and as piping are needed to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a

Shore also requested authoriz customers who have executed agreements for the additional firm service for terms of 10 and 20 years. Ea customers. The proposed facilities would also eachie Eas Å 1 nation to abandon 100 Mcf per day of firm sales service to one of its direct sales han Shore to provide additional firm services to several of its

On September 28, 1996 the FERC issued its Final Order, which

- authorized Eastern Shore to con
- authorized Eastern Shore to construct and operate the facilities requested in its application; authorized Eastern Shore to roll-in the cost of the facilities into its existing rates if the revenues from se in services exceed the cost associated with the expension portion of the project;
- denied Eastern Shore the authority to increase the level of sales and storage service it provides its E \* 8
- uthorized Ba It completes its metrostering in its open access proceeding; and area Shore to abundon the 100 Mot per day of firm sale service, to one of its direct sale

operating revenue of approximately \$1,445,000. Eastern Shore also stated in the filing that it intended to use the cost-of-service submitted in the general rate increase filing to develop rates in the pending Open Access maximum five-month period as allowed by Con Docket. The Commission, by letter order dated Nevember 14, 1995, suspended the tariff sheets for the filing proposed an increase in Eastern Shore's jus Rate Case Filing. On October 15, 1996 Eastern Shore filed for a general rate increase with the FERC. The nission regulation. indictional rates that would generate additional annual

to establish a preliminary list of consessed issues and to advise the Presiding Judge of any matters which need to be resolved. Hearings are tentatively acheduled to start in 1997. On March 4, 1997, a pre-hearing conference was conducted at FERC's office to establish a procedural schedule

certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the transportation of natural gas on behalf of others. Open Access Filing. On December 29, 1995, Eastern Shore filed its abbreviated application for a blanks

received bundled sales service having no-notice characteristics will have the right to elect no-notice firm transportation capacity, including contract storage, it holds on its upstream pipelines so that the Converting pipeline system. Eastern Shore will release or assign to the remaining Converting Cust firm transportation service on Esserm Shore's pipeline in a quantity equivalent to their current service rights. Customers can become direct customers of such upstream pipelines. Converting Customers who previously and to facilitate "no-notice" (se prior notification required to receive service) transportation service on its Eastern Shore proposed to retain some of its pipeline entitlements and storage capacity for operational issues firm sales and storage services on East Eastern Shore proposed to unbundle the sales and storage services it currently provides. Customers receiving ern Shore (the "Converting Customers") would receive entitlements to

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variable ("MFV") rate design, Eastern Shore made a Section 4 rate filing with the FERC on January 17, 1997 into the ("SPV") cast chan a, allocation and rate design, Eastern Shore proposes to implement straight in order to accomplish a change from its current modified fixed

result of the technical confirmace, Entern schedules on January 17, 1997. The filling parties in an effort to gain som effective date of the Open Access blanket certificate. Since January 17, 1997, several parties have filed During 1996, numerous technical conferences were held at the FERC's office in Washington, D.C. to review timing of the implementation of Open Access on Eastern Shore's system, significant progress has been made, As a result of the March 4 technical conference, Eastern Shore will be submitting a revised proposal to the comments. Bartern Shore filed reptly comments and a technical conference was convened on March 4, 1997. goment expects that im ed Open Access wriff. On December 2, 1996, Eastern Shore filed a revised Pro-forma Open Access nes was conducted on December 12, 1996 to discuss Eastern Shore's filing. As a senses on the major issues. While at this time it is impossible to predict the exact plementation will occur sometime during the second or third quarter of 1997. stern Shore formally filed a revised Open Access tariff including rate ing included a proposed effective date, the latter of May 1, 1997 or the

## (I) (b) Neared Gas Distribution

one division in Mi ("PESCO") Florids. These activities are conducted through three utility divisions, consisting of the division in Delaware **Jouthern Del** distributes asterni gas to approximately 34,700 residential, commercial and industrial customers invest, the Salisbury and Cambridge, Maryland areas on Maryland's Eastern Shore, and Central nyland and one division in Florida. In 1993, the Company started natural gas supply is it the state of Florith under the name of Peninsula Energy Services Company gas to approximately 34,700 residential, commercial and industrial customers

purchase gas, primerily on an interruptible basis, for a variety of manufacturing, agricultural and other uses. Most of Chesapeake's customer growth in these divisions comes from new residential construction utilizing gas purposes. Residential and come the divisions, and 78% of the At seating equip Deleguere and Marsh ont, and 78% of the divisions' reve nazyland. The Delawere and Maryland divisions serve approximately 26,160 customers, of setsly 26,050 are residential and commercial customers purchasine sas primarily for hard-2 tomers account for approximately 69% of the volume delivered by aue, on an annual basis. The divisions' industrial customers mercial customers purchasing gas primarily for heating

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operating income of \$209,000 in 1996. delivered by the Florida division, and 63% of the division's natural gas sales and transportation revenues, on an purchase and transport gas on a firm and interruptible basis, account for approximately 90% of the volume industrial customers in Polit, Cessola and Hillsborough Counties. Currently 42 of the division's industrial customers, which are engaged primarily in the circus and phosphate industries and electric cogeneration, and Florida. The Florida division distributes natural gas to approximately 8,450 residential and commercial and 87 ccess environment. Currently, sinctoes can mmual basis. The Company's Florida division also provides natural gas supply services to compete in the open mers receive such management service which generated

### Natural Gas Supply

to a maximum of 5,704,535 Mcfemently). The divisions have additional firm supplies available under contract with Eastern Shore for peak demand periods occurring during the winter heating season. These which extend through November 1, 2000. The contracts provide for the purchase of 15,629 firm Mef daily (up requirements from Bastern Shore. The divisions purchase most of this gas under contracts with Eastern Shore Delaware and Manda Chespeake's Delivers and Maryland utility divisions receive all of their gas supply

with Eastern Shore totaled \$29,220 Med, with a firm peak daily withdrawal entitlement of 14,606 Mcf. On withdrawal to meet heavier w Eastern Shore are greater the Shore for firm and interruptible maximum of 13,500 Mcf contracts, which are renewable on a year-to-year basis, provide for the purchase of up to 450 McI daily (up to a facilities for peak shaving. those days when requireme lower cost gas during the off-peak su their requirements, gas is injected into storage and is then available for functions to purchase functions. These storage contracts also permit the utility divisions to purchase lty) of peaking service. In addition, the divisions have contracted with Eastern sad these contract pipeline supplies, the divisions have propane-air injection ir season. Effective July 1, 1996, the storage capacity under contract ity. On days when gas volumes available to the divisions from

divisions will assume the responsibility of purchasing their natural gas requirements. The two divisions could contract with a natural gas supply management company or handle the process internally. Eastern Shore's rates. After Eastern Shore been gas, they benefit from East Maryland divisious currently; however, while Chesapeake's divisions have no direct access to "spot market" Eastern Shore has no authority to transport as s Shore's ability to obtain "spot market" gas and the resulting reductions in ral gas purch nes an open access pipeline the Delaware and Maryland ed from a third party for the Delaware and

years. After the expiration of the primary or secondary term, Chesapeake has the right to first refuse to match the terms of any competing bids for the capacity. The firm transportation contract (FTS-2) expires on March 1, 2015. The preferred interruptible contract expires on the earlier of: (a) the effective date of FGT's first rate case which includes come for phase III expansion or (b) August 1, 1995, and/or (c) August 1 of any subsequent year, provided that FGT or Champanio gives to the other at least one hundred eighty (180) days written notice prior to such August 1. The interruptible transportation contract is effective until August 1, 2010 and month to month thereafter unless canceled by either party with thirty days notice. FGT's interruptible transportation services (ITS-1) rule schedule. The firm transportation contract (FTS-1) expires on August 1, 2000 with the Company retaining a unilateral right to extend the term for an additional November through April under FOT's firm transportation service (FTS-2) rate schedule; (c) preferred interruptible transportation service up to 2,300,000 detatherms annually under FGT's preferred transportation dekatherms in November through April under PGT's firm transportation service (F13-1) rate scneous; (c daily firm transportation capacity of 5,100 dekatherms in May through October, and 8,100 dekatherms in service (PTS-1) rate school capacity of 20,523 detection ("FGT"), a major interstate pipeline. Che Florida The Florida division receives transportation service from Florida Gas Transmission Company his; and (d) delly interruptible transportation capacity of 20,000 dekatherms under to is May the sapeaks has concrete ware.

27,105 dekatherms in October, and 26,919

28,015 dekatherms in October, and 26,919 any retaining a unilateral right to extend the term for an additional ten her PGT's firm transportation service (FTS-1) rate schedule; (b) ice has contracts with FGT for: (a) daily firm transportation

spot market and some is bought under the terms of two firm supply contacts with MG National Gas Corp. and The Florida division currently receives its gas supply from various suppliers. Some supply is bought on the Hadson Gas Systems, Inc.

Having restructured its arrangements with FGT, Cheespeake believes it is well positioned to meet the continuing needs of its customers with secure and cost effective gas supplies.

ample to meet the articipated needs of the Company's Delaware and Maryland natural gas distribution divisions. Availability of gas supply to the Florida division is also expected to be adequate under existing open access pipeline. arrangements. Moreover, additional supply sources have become available as a result of FGT becoming an Adequate of Got Supply. The Con ry believes that Eastern Shore's available firm and interruptible supply is

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solely by POT. In 1990, POT became an outcomers now have the spities of remain Cheespeake's Florida division, gas marketers and other natural gas providers for industrial oustomers in Central rs or other suppliers. These conditions have increa Calling open access pipeline. The Florida division's large industrialing with the Florida division for gas susply or obtaining alternative Historically, Che ako's Florida division has been su

divisions will be sale to pr Shore becomes en of brough the respo stern Shore has an on access thing and accordated rate filing pending before the FERC. When Bassers from third party gas suppliers in accordance with regulations established , eertain custon ners in Cheespeake's Delewers and Maryland distribution

### Rate and Repu

full recovery of gas costs. relevant regulatory author Florida division are also subject to purchased gas adjustment cla the rates for sales to all of their cas General Chesaposko's natural gas dis ed Piorida Publio Service Comm P // ity, but do not re ers in each jurisdiction. All of Cheespealss's firm distribution rates are with respect to various aspects of the Company's business, including see, which metch revenues with gas costs and normally allow eventus Bution divisions are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland 10.0 is require periodic filings and bearings with the ng. Rates on interruptible sales by the

adjustment applications. Management mealters the rate of return in each jurisdiction in order to ensure the timely filing of rate

Service Commission ("MPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$1,426,711 or 17.09%. The two largest components of the increase were estributable to environmental costs and a new outcomer information implemented in 1995. The request included a return on equity of 13%. Regulatory Proceedings

Maryland division filed an application with the Maryland Public

Maryland. On July 31, 1995, Chanapada's Maryland division filed an application with the Maryland Public nestal costs and a new oustomer information system,

margins between firm ratespayers and the Company and new pervices that would allow customers using more than 30,000 Ccf of gas per year to purchase gas from suppliers other than the Company. customers, the un On November 30, 1986, the MPSC issued an order approving a settlement proposal of a \$975,000 increase in annual base rates effective for gas provided on or after December 1, 1995. As required in the settlement of the rate case, the Company find a cost of service study with the MPSC on June 28, 1996. The purpose of a cost of service study is to allocate revenue among sustance or rate classifications. The filing also included proposals for: restructuring sales services that more eleasty reflect the cost of serving commercial and industrial diag of pas costs fro m distribution system costs, revisions to sharing of in

proposed order is still pending. The settle After negotiations with MIPSC staff and other interested parties, a settlement was reached on most sales service isues and a proposed order was lieued by the Hearing Examiner on March 7, 1997. Commission action on the

- Class reves and industrial rate dules for go hand sales services which provide for separate firm commercial dium volume, large volume and high load factor
- 'n Unbundling of pas costs from disc

- rate will be estimated portion of the gas rate will be forecasted on an annual basis and the commodity cost portion of the ism, which utilizes a projected period under which the fixed cost
- rate will be estimated quarterly, based on projected market prices; and low to the Company, but Interruptible margins will continue to be shared, \$0% to customers and 10% to the Company, but distribution costs incurred for incremental load additions can be recovered with carrying charges utilizing 100% of the incremental margin if the payback period is within three years.

Eastern Shore's open access filing is still pending before the FERC. It is expected that these services will be addressed in the spring of 1997.

the remediation proposed by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") of the site of a former coal gas manufacturing plant operated in Dover, Delaware. The Company and the DPSC agreed to separate the environmental recovery from the rate increase so each could be addressed individually. Service Commission ("DPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$2,751,000 or 14% over current rates. The largest component, representing a third of the total requested increase, is attributable to projected costs associated with Delawars. On April 4, 1995, Champants's Delaware division filed an application with the Delaware Public g a rate increase of \$2,751,000 or 14% over current rates. The largest

January 1,1996. The Company had interim rates subject to refund in effect starting June 3, 1995 to collect \$1.0 million on an annualized basis. A refund of \$42,000 was calculated and used to offset environmental costs On December 20, 1995, the DPSC approved an order authorizing a \$900,000 increase to base rates effective

to file a rate case every year to avcover expe allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year, the rider rate will be calculated based on the deferred tax benefit of these costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by Gas Light Site by means of a rider (supplement) to bese rates. The DPSC approved a rider effective January 1, 1996 to recover over five years all unrecovered environmental costs through September 30, 1995 offset by the the Company in connection with a reduced income tex liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction Also on December 20, 1995, the DPSC approved a recovery of environmental costs associated with the Dover mortization of expenses for greyious years. The adve ge of the environmental rider is that it is not necess

increasingly competitive environment anticipated in the near future when Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline. This initial filing proposed new rate schedules for commercial and industrial sales service. On December 15, 1995, Che mechanism and a natural gas vehicle tariff. individual pricing for interruptible negotiated contract rates, a modified purchased gas cost recovery On December 15, 1995, Chaespeake's Deleware division filed its rate design proposal with the DPSC to initiate Phase II of this proceeding. The principal objective of the filing was to prepere the Company for an increasingly competitive environment anticipated in the near future when Bastern Shore becomes an open

On May 15, 1996, the Delaware division filed its proposal relating to transportation and balancing services with the DPSC which proposed that transportation of customer owned gas be available to all commercial and industrial customers with summal openingtion over 30,000 Cef per year.

supporting the parties settlement proposal for final DPSC approval. On February 4, 1997 the DPSC approved an order authorizing new services offerings and rate design for services rendered on and after March 1, 1997. A tentative settlement proposal which was as On January 23, 1997 the DPSC Hearing Bus which was extent to the DPSC Heart ed bis propor ed findings and rea Exa fact on November 22, 1996.

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The approved changes include:

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- general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor services; gas east recovery mechanism which takes into consideration the unbundling of percial and industrial customers with various service
- COST PRINT IN load factor s as well as charging certain firm service classifications different gas
- 'n dun out ed on the level of to 7 omers and the Company, with chi misse for sharing interruptible, capacity release and off-system sales iging margin sharing perc
- annual consumption ever 30,000 Ccf per year to transport customer-owned gas on the Company's ncing services for commercial and industrial customers with

On January 21, 1997 the Florida Public Service Commission voted to allow the division to apply the total or minus the result of subtracting the average yield of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds for the period of October, November and December, 1994 from the average yield of 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds for October, November Order attent on equity for 1995 was lemmed to a mids equity ceiling of 12% by \$62,000. the Florida Division was for were deferred until 1995. The sm division's 1994 amo Flarids. On September 28, 1995, the Florida Public Service Commission issued an order finalizing the Florida od Dece mber 1995, act to com gs for 1994 and 1995 in the emor out of ou ad to have exceeded its allowed rate of return equity ceiling of 11.5% by \$230,000 1001 unitys. The division was found to have exceeded its allowed rate of return I. As a result of an agreement reached February 6, 1995, the excess earnings are agreement capped the Florida Division's 1995 return on equity at 12% plus ed in Pebruary, 1997. point of 10.5% for determining the level of overcamings. For 1995, points in either direction. As a result, the Florida Division's return mat of \$292,000 to its environmental reserve. The Commission

## (I) (c) Propose Distribution

thany of Ch ite's propose distribution group consists of Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), a wholly owned y of Champasic, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Sharpgas, Inc. ("Sharpgas").

propene during 1996. customers on the Dela County"), a family-owned and opera On March 6, 1997, Chesspeaks acquired all of the outstanding shares of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-Maryland. The combined operat naula and delivered approximately 30-million retail and wholesale gallons of ons of the Company and Tri-County served approximately 32,000 propens and propage distribution business located in Salisbury and Pocomoke,

Sharpgas stores and distributes propese to approximately 23,100 customers on the Deimarva Peninsula. The propese distribution business is affected by many factors such as seasonality, the absence of price regulation od competition among local providers.

the crude oil refining process. Althu Propune is a form of liquefied petroleum gas which is typically extracted from natural gas or separated during the crude oil refining process. Although propune is gaseous at normal pressures, it is easily compressed into environmental superiority, safety, efficiency, transportability and ease of use relative to alternative forms of iquid form for store and true . Propere is a clean-burning fuel, gaining increased recognition for its

Propage is sold primarily in salestess as typically much higher in the winter much relative severity of winter ten perstures, because of its use in residential and commercial heating. rand neal eres which are not served by natural gas pipelines. Demand is ithe and is significantly affected by seasonal variations, particularly the

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independent producers of gas liquids and oil. Supplies of propans from these and other sources are readily available for purchase by the Company. Supply comments generally include minimum (not subject to a take-orpay premiums) and maximum purchase provisions. The Company purchases prop me primerity from suppliers, including major domestic oil companies and

The Company uses trucks and railroad cars to transport propane from refineries, natural gas processing plants or pipeline terminals to the Company's bulk storage facilities. From these facilities, propane is delivered in portable cylinders or by "bobtail" trucks, owned and operated by the Company, to tanks located at the customer's premises.

Sharpgas competes with several other propase distributors in its service territories, primarily on the basis of service and price, emphasizing reliability of service and responsiveness. Competition is generally local because distributors located in close proximity to customers incur lower costs of providing service.

distribution systems. than propene, propene is generally not distributed in geographic areas serviced by natural gas pipeline or based upon cleanliness and its environmental advantages. Propone is also typically less expensive than both fuel oil and electricity based on equivalent BTU value. Because natural gas has historically been less expensive Propane competes with both 2 had oil and aleasticity as an energy source. Propuse competes against fuel oil

propane tanks. distribution operations are also subject to sta Transport operations are subject to regulations esseeming the transportation of hazardous materials promulgated under the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Act, which is administered by the United States Department of Transportation and enthroad by the various states in which such operations take place. The Company's propage distribution activities are not subject to any federal or state pricing regulation eathry regulation as relating to "hook-up" and placement of Propend

but there is no assurance that such in caused by fire. The Company carries gas The Company's propuse operations are subject to all operating hemsels normally incident to the handling storage and transportation of combustible liquids, such as the risk of personal injury and property damage rance will be adequate. eral liability in urance in the amount of \$35,000,000 per occurrence,

# (1) (a) Advanced Information Services

Data Systems, Inc. ("CDS"), both wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. CDS provided programming support for application software, until the first quarter of 1997, at which time they disposed of substantially all Chesapeake's advanced information services segment is comprised of United Systems, Inc. ("USI") and Capital

development "tools" and customer software development for its client base, which includes many large computer language and Relational Database Management System. USI offers consulting, training, software domestic and international corporations. USI is an Atlanta-based company that primarily provides support for users of PROGRESS\*, a fourth generation

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the Company's products and services. advanced information services busines having substantially great ter resources available to them than the Company. In addition, changes in the sinesses face significant competition from a number of larger competitors as are occurring rapidly, which could adversely impact the markets for

## (I) (e) Other Subsidiaries

owned subsidiaries of Chr Skipjack, Inc. ("Skipjack") and Chessp buildings in Dover, Deliumers. Che esta Service Co is investment Company ("Chesapeake investment"), are wholly apany. Skipjack owns and leases to affiliates, two office est is a Delaware affiliated investment company.

On March 6, 1997, in connection with the acquisition of Tri-County, the Company acquired Eastern Shore Real Estate, Inc. ("ESR"), which will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake Service Company. ESR owns and leases office buildle gs to affiliates and external companies. illy owned subsidiary of Ches

## (II) Seasonal Nature of Business

the heating season. for heating purposes. activities are affected Revenues from the Con by sessonal vari any's residential and cor -c 1930 3m intions, since the majority of these sales are to customers using the fuels ers are accordingly affected by the mildness or severity of nercial natural gas sales and from its propene distribution

### (III) Capital Budget

operating activities short-term borrowing, and the iss plant. These capital rec expenditures, \$1.8 mill million. The total inc furniture and fixtures for the Company's adverand for finishing cons million for meteral gas to tanks and the construction of a new open consisting ma The Company's current cape thy of ea lion for propene distribu ion of a com The Dead heion operations, providing principally for improvements to the pipeline system the are expec get for 1997 contemplates expenditures totaling approximately \$15.9 mainly \$1.5 million for Chesapeake's natural gas distribution divisions, stion center in Pocomoke, Maryland; \$150,000 for compu r station in Delaware City, \$3.8 million for environmental related tion, principally for the purchase of storage facilities, additional seats of the distribution facilities and related equipment; \$4.5 sce of long-term debt, common equity or a combination moed by cash flow provided by the Company's tion services group; along with \$150,000 for general or hardware

### (h) Employees

treasury, accounting, data processis acquisition of Tri-County will add approxim remaining 43 employees are considered go employees, 97 propage distribu The Company has 338 employees including 131 natural gas distribution employees, 18 natural gas transmission ation employees and 49 advanced information services employees. The P eral and administrative and include officers of the Company and ng, human resources and other administrative personnel. The stely 43 employees to the total number of employees of the

### Item 2. Properties

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### (a) General

The Company owns offices and operates buildings in Salisbury, Cambridge, and Princess Anne, Maryland; Dover, Seaford, Laurel and Georgetown, Delaware; and Winter Haven, Floride, and rents office space in Dover, Delaware; Plant City, Florida; Chiacoteague and Baile Haven, Virginia; Easton and Pocomoke, Maryland; and Atlanta, Georgia. In general, the properties of the Company are adequate for the uses for which they are employed. Capacity and utilization of the Company's facilities can vary significantly due to the seasonal nature of the natural gas and propane distribu

## (b) Natural Gas Distribution

propeno-sir injection during part equipment) in its Control Florida service as regulators) located in its Delaware and Maryland service areas, and 459 miles of such mains (and related Chesapeake owns over 514 miles of ne tural gas distribution mains (together with related service lines, meters and 0 peaks also owns facilities in Delaware and Maryland for

First Mortgage Bonds. A portion of the properties cented of Chan the's distribution system are encumbered pursuant to Chesape

## (c) Natural Gas Transmission

pressures at the Hockessin interconnect with Transconting utilized to increase Columbia supply pressures to match I pressures in order to serve Bartern Shore's firm customers. Salisbury, Maryland. Bastern Shore also owns three compressor stations located in Delaware City, Delaware, Daleville, Pennsylvania and Bridgeville, Delaware. The Delaware City compressor station is currently under meet the demands on the system. Delaware and Maryt construction with a proposed in service date of March 19,1997. The Delaware City compressor facility and Eastern Shore owns approximately 271 miles of transmission lines extending from Parkesburg, Pennsylvania to sociated piping are needed to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a result of steadily declining inlet en Shore's firm customers' des E. The Bridge area to match Transco supply pressures, and to increase Eastern Shore's wille station is being used to provide increased pressures required to estal Gas Pipe Line Corporation. The Deleville station is nands, including den ands from Chesapeake's

## (d) Propage Distribution

Sharpgas owns bulk propage storage facilities with an aggregate capacity of 1,482,000 gallons at 26 plans facilities in Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, located on real estate it either owns or leases.

## Item 3. Legal Proceedings

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proceedings will not have a material effect on the opgovernmental agencies concernin business. The Company is also involved in certain in The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of 4 do on m OR OF THE pal and administrative proceedings before various pement, the ultimate disposition of these ncial position of the Company

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### TO A DAMES HAD TO A DECT

## (a) Dover Gas Light Site

In 1954, the State of Delaware notified the Company that a parcel of hand it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light Company, a prodecessor gas company, contains humarious substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any clean-up and prospentive savironmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware finding coal tar residue and some grow Department of Natural Resources and Environment ad Control ("DNRBC") investigated the site and surroundings.

In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). At that time under CERCLA, both the State of Delaware and the Company were named as potentially responsible parties ("TRP") for clean-up of the site.

EPA in the ROD addresses the ground-water contamination with a combination of hydraulic containment and natural attenuation. Remediation selected for the soil at the site is to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two fact of soil and less stringent chandrads for the sell below two fact. The ROD estimates the costs of selected remediation of ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. The EPA issued the sits Record of Decision ("ROD") desired August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA in the ROD addresses the ground-water communication with a combination of hydraulic containment and

The Letter includes, <u>inter alia.</u> (1) a demand for payment by the PRPs of EPA's past costs (estimated to be approximately \$300,000) and frame costs incurred overseing Site work; (2) notice of EPA's commencement of a 60 day moretorium on certain EPA response activities at the Site; (3) a request by EPA that Chesspeake and the other PRPs submit a "good faith proposal" to conduct or finance the work identified in the ROD; and (4) proposed consent orders by which Chesspeaks and other parties may agree to perform the good faith proposal. On November 18, 1994, EPA issued a "Special Nesign Letter" (the "Letter") to Chesapeake and three other PRFs. The Letter includes, inter alls. (1) a demand for payment by the PRPs of EPA's past costs (estimated to be

In January 1995, Cheespeaks submitted to the EPA a good flaits proposal to porform a substantial portion of the work set forth in the ROD, which was subsequently rejected. The Company and the EPA each attempted to se voluntary performance of part of the remediation by other parties. These parties include the State of Delaware, a PRP for having contribut which is the owner of the property and was identif ed to ground-water on had in the ROD as a PRP, and a business identified in the ROD as antial portion of the spied to secure

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On May 17, 1995, EPA issued as order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to sind or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other PRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial penalties for failure to comply. Although notifying EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply. GPU informed EPA that it does not intend to comply with the Order.

On March 6, 1995, the Company commitmed Highlien against the State of Dokware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to early out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without projudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the Stategred to support the Company's proposal to reduce the soil remedy for the site, described below, to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD, and to reimburse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. Settlement is contingent upon a formal settle urse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The un EPA and the State of Delaware being reached

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projection. within the next two years. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be dismissed with

Sottlement, it was rejected by the EPA on James 30, 1996. On July 7, 1995, she Co he BOD. Althou agh this proposal was supported by the State of Delaware, as required by the les EPA a study proposing to reduce the level and cost of soil remediation

On June 25, 1996, the Company inkined litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Changesto in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of be litigation or the amount, if any, of proceeds to be received.

design investigation report ("the re In July 1996, the Com selected in the ROD is still the appropria approval, will provide up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the remodial design adeath com art") was filed in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which requires EPA id the design phase of the ROD, on-the pre-design and investigation. A pre-

these investigations, the Company regotiations with PRPs in an enter The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will examine suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued pt to resolve these matters.

the ROD. The recorded liability may be edjusted symmet or down Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Manager In the third quarter of 1994, the Company increased its accrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflects the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD for remediation of the site according to the Company's rates. contribution from of expected to be contribe medies selected in the ROD. Manag ed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to his parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the ¥2. also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in hed symmed or downward as the design phase progresses and the ge of the work. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset meat believes that in addition to the \$600,000

respectively. With the rider as effective December 1. The rider rate will be based on the amortization of expenditures through September of the net of the deferred income tax b amount of environment cost not inc to file a rate case every year to recover expen filing years plus amortization of expenses from provious years. The advantage of the rider is that it is not necessary allowed on certain environmen by the Company is connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction associated with those environment service customers. The costs were unrecovered environmen period beginning in 1990. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission, authorized recovery of all As of Docember 31, 1996, the Company has inserred approximately \$4.2 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year risk east incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to base rates, applicable to all firm real costs when incurred. Each year a new rider rate will be calculated to become email costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized ald be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax ben efft, will be recoverable in rates. theded in the rider, effective January 1, 1997 was \$1,206,000 and \$191,000, incurred. As of December 31, 1996, the unamortized balance and gement's opinion that these costs and any future cost

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# (b) Salisbury Terre Gas Light Site

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process for ground-water and access. During 1996, the Company completes community and monitoring results to the Maryland Depart proposal to momiter, pr remedial action wer ment of the Bavironment. r was period from pu Pand west ony conte M 444 747 7 and Department of the Einvironment ("MDE"), the Company has completed an ised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The remediation and gas plant site. The sense mineted ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, spend-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in ign report was extend mest determined that there was localized and to MDB in November 1990 and included

was \$964,251. Of the \$2.2 million in cents reported sh beginning in 1990. The final in companies resulting in proces future costs incurred, if any, will be receiverable in rates. Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental cost incurred through September 30. 52.2 million for remains 1990, the Campany entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance depreciation. In January 1990, the Campany entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance depreciation. In January 1990, the Campany entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance depreciation. \$2.2 million for remot site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of December 31, 1996, the Company has incurred approximately The cost of remediation is entire fee range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$650,088 on December 31, 1996, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this insurance proceeds or sectived rate names preceds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the environmental studies and has charged such costs to accumulated mos proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization eve, approximately \$417,000 has not been recovered through nt's opinion that these costs incurred and

## (c) Winter Haven Coal Gas She

The Company is currently conducting investigations of a sits in Winter Haven, Florida, where the Company's predecessors manufactured coal gas earlier this century. A Contamination Assessment Report ("CAR") was submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP") in July, 1990. The CAR contains results of additional investigations of qualities as a factorial transfer of the CAR contains and additional investigations of additional investigations of additional investigations of additional investigations of additional investigations. to fully delineate the vertical and horiz results of additional investigations water impacts to the site. In March B of cond 1991, FDEP directed the Company to conduct additional investigations on-site ditions at the site. These investigations confirmed limited soil and ground asi expect of soil and ground-water impacts. Protection ("FDEP") in July, 1990. The CAR contained the

vapor extraction at the Property. CFGC is currently awaiting Extraction pilot study to evaluate review and approval. The Work Plan described CFCG's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor FDEP during 1995; however, small the RA and FS are not complete until accepted as final by the FDEP. On May additional field work. The FDEF approved the CAR and CAR Addendum in March of 1994. The next step is a Risk Assessment ("RA") and a Feasibility Study ("FS") on the site. A draft of the RA and FS were filed with the Addendum concluded that soil and ground-water impacts have been adequately delineated as a result of the 1993, a Contamination Assess o determine whether run 10, 1996, CFGC transm Additional contam on assument activities were conducted at the site in late 1992 and early 1993. In March Assument Report Addendum ("CAR Addendum") was delivered to FDEP. The CAR ited action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation. to PDEP on Air Sp the effectiveness of air sparging as a groundwater remedy combined with soil arging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for FDEP's ng FDEP's con nents to the Work Plan. It is not possible

The Company has spent approximately \$660,000, as of December 31, 1996, on these investigations, and expects to recover these expenses, as well as any fisture expenses, through base rates. These costs have been accounted for as charges to accumulated depreciation. The Company requested and received from the Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC") approval to amortize through base rates \$359,659 of clean-up and removal costs incurred as of December 31, 1986. As of December 31, 1992, these costs were fully amortized. In Jenuary 1993, the Company received approval to recover through base rates approximately \$217,000 in additional costs related to the former manufactured gas plant. This amount represents recovery of \$173,000 of costs incurred from January 1987 through December 1992, as well as prospective recovery of estimated future costs which had not yet been incurred at that time. The FPSC has allowed for amertization of these costs over a three-year period and provided for rate base treatment for the unamorti ad balance. In a separate docket before the FPSC, the Company has requested and received approval to apply a refund of 1991 oversamings of approximately \$118,000 against the balance of unamortized environmental charges incurred as of December 31, 1992. As a result, these environmental charges were fully amortized as of June 1994. The FPSC issued an order in January 1997, applying a refund of \$292,000, pertaining to 1994 and 1995 overcomings, toward the balance of unamortized environmental charges. Of the \$660,000 in costs reported above, all costs have received ratemaking treatment. The FPSC has allowed the Company to continue to accrue for future environmental costs. At December 31, 1996, the Company has \$396,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

### (d) Smyrna Coal Gas Site

On August 29, 1989 and August 4, 1993, representatives of DNREC conducted sampling on property owned by the Company in Smyrna, Delaware. This property is believed to be the location of a former manufactured gas plant. Analysis of the samples taken by DNREC show a limited area of soil contamination.

On November 2, 1993, DNREC advised the Company that it would require a remediation of the soil contamination under the state's Hazardous Substance Cleanup Act and submitted a draft Consent Decree to the Company for its review. The Company met with DNREC personnel in December 1993 to discuss the scope of any remediation of the site and, in January 1994, submitted a proposed workplan, together with comments on the proposed Consent Decree. The final Work Plan was submitted as September 27, 1994. DNREC has approved the Work Plan and the Consent Decree. Remediation based on the Work Plan was completed in 1995, at a cost of approximately \$263,000. In June 1996, the Company received the certificate of completion from DNREC. It is management's opinion that these costs will be recoverable in seaso.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 10. Executive Officers of the Registrant

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Information pertaining to the Executive Officers of the Company is as follows:

Ralph J. Adkins (age 54) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Adkins is President and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapsake. He has served as President and Chief Executive Officer since November 8, 1990. Prior to holding his present position, Mr. Adkins served as President and Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Treasurer of Chesapsake. Mr. Adkins is also Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapsake Service Company, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Sharp Energy, Inc., Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., Chesapsake Service Company and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, all wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapsake. He has been a director of Chesapsake since 1989.

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John R. Schimkaitis (age 49) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Schimkaitis is Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Assistant Treasurer. He has served as Executive Vice President since February 23, 1996. He previously served as Chief Pinancial Officer, Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary. Prem 1963 to 1966 Mr. Schimkaitis was Vice President of Cooper & Rutter, Inc., a consulting firm providing financial services to the utility and cable industries. He was appointed a director of Chesapeake in February 1996.

Philip S. Barefoot (age 50) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. Barefoot joined Chesspeake as Division Manager of Florida Operations in July 1988. In May 1994 he was elected Senior Vice President of Natural Gas Operations, as well as Vice President of Chesspeake Utilities Corporation. Prior to joining Chesspeake, he was employed with Peoples Natural Gas Company where he held the positions of Division Sales Manager, Division Manager and Vice President of Florence Operations.

Michael P. McMasters (age 36) (present term expires May 20, 1997). Mr. McMasters is Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Champeake Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since December, 1996. He previously served as Vice President of Eastern Shore, Director of Accounting and Rates and Controller. From 1992 to May 1994, Mr. McMasters was employed as Director of Operations Planning for Equitable Gas Company.

### PART II

### Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

### (a) Common Stock Dividends and Price Ranges:

The following table sets forth sale price and dividend information for each calendar quarter during the years December 31, 1996 and 1993:

	,			Dividends Declared	
Quarter Ended	High	Lott	Close	Per Share	
1996					
March 31	\$17,000	\$14.500	\$16.750	\$0.2325	
June 30	17.875	15.875	16.000	0.2325	
September 30	17.750	15.125	17.500	0.2325	
December 31	18.000	16.375	16.875	0.2325	
1995					
March 31	\$13.625	\$12.125	\$13.250	\$0.2250	
June 30	13.375	12.250	13.125	0.2250	
September 30	14.375	12.250	14.000	0.2250	
December 31	15.500	14.000	14,625	0.2250	

The common stock of the Company trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CPK".

### (b) Approximate number of holders of common stock as of December 31, 1996:

<u>Title of Class</u>
Common stock, par value \$.4867

Number of Shareholders
of Record
2,213

### (c) Dividends

During the years ended December 31, 1996 and 1995, cash dividends have been declared each quarter, in the amounts set forth in the table above.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain a restriction that the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I Bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As o December 31, 1996, the amounts available for fisture dividends permitted by the Series 1 covenant are \$13.0 million.

(d) On March 6, 1997, in conjunction with the acquisition of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., the Company issued 639,000 shares of Company stock to William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider in reliance on the private placement exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation D, thereunder.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

		(Dollars in T	housends Except	Stock Data)	
For the Years Ended Becember 31,	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992
Operating					
Onemine reverses	\$119,330	\$104,020	\$98,572	\$85,873	\$75,93
Operating income	\$9,244	\$9,562	\$7,227	\$6,311	\$5,77
Income before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle					
and discontinued operations  Cumulative effect of change in	\$6,910	\$7,237	\$4,460	\$3,914	\$3,47
accounting principle			•	\$58	
Income from discontinued operations					\$74
Net income	\$6,910	. \$7,237	\$4,460	\$3,972	\$3,54
Balance Sheet					
Gross plant	\$127,961	\$115,283	\$110,023	\$100,330	\$91,039
Net plant	\$90,564	\$81,716	\$75,313	\$69,794	\$64,59
Total assets	\$131,138	\$118,794	\$108,271	\$100,988	389,55
Long-term debt, net	\$28,984	\$29,795	\$24,329	\$25,682	\$25,66
Common stockholders' equity	\$47,153	\$42,301	\$37,063	\$34,878	\$33,126
Capital expenditures	\$14,302	\$12,100	\$10,653	\$10,064	\$6,720
Common Stock					
Primary carnings per shere:					
Income before cumulative effect of					
change in accounting principle					
and discontinued operations	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23	\$1.10	\$1.00
Cumulative effect of change in					
accounting principle				\$0.02	
Income from discontinued operations					\$0.02
Net income	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23	\$1.12	\$1.02
Average shares outstanding	3,793,467	3,701,981	3,632,413	3,556,037	3,477,244
Fully diluted earnings per share: Income before cumulative effect of					
change in accounting principle and discontinued operations Cumulative effect of change in	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20	\$1.08	\$0.99
accounting principle				\$0.02	
Income from discontinued operations				•	\$0.02
Net income	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20	\$1.10	\$1.01
Average shares outstanding	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190	3,816,295	3,749,130
Cash dividends per share	\$0.93	\$0.90	\$0.88	\$0.86	\$0.86
Book value per share	\$12.41	\$11.37	\$10.15	\$9.76	\$9.50
Common equity/Total capitalization	61.93%	58.67%	60.37%	57.59%	56.34%
Return on equity	14.66%	17.11%	12.03%	11.39%	10.71%
Number of Employees	338	335	320	326	317
Number of Registered Stockholders	2,213	2,098	1,721	1,743	1,674
Heating Degree Days	4,717	4,593	4,398	4,705	4,645
Heating Degree Days (18-your average)	4,596	4,586	4,564	4,588	4,598

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Liquidity and Capital Beasuress

The Company's capital requirements reflect the capital intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to its construction program and the retirement of its outstanding debt. The Company relies on cash generated from operations and short-term borrowings to meet normal working capital requirements and to temporarily finance capital expenditures. During 1996, the Company's net cash provided by operating activities, net cash used by investing activities and net cash provided by financing activities were \$11.3 million, \$14.1 million and \$3.7 million, respectively.

On January 23, 1997, the Beard of Directors increased the amount the Company was authorized to borrow from various banks and trust companies from \$14.0 million to a ceiling of \$20.0 million. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had four unsecured bank lines of credit, each in the amount of \$8,000,000. Funds provided from these lines of credit are used for short-term cash needs to meet seasonal working capital requirements and to fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of short-term borrowings at December 31, 1996 and 1995 were \$12.0 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. Based upon anticipated cash requirements in 1997, the Company may refinance the short-term debt and provide 1997 capital requirements through the issuance of long-term debt. The timing of such an issuance is dependent upon the nature of the securities involved as well as current market and economic conditions.

In 1996, the Company used cash previded by operating activities coupled with short-term borrowings to fund the capital expenditures and increases in working capital requirements. The increase in working capital was primarily due to the significant increase in natural gas and prepare prices during the fourth quarter of 1996. In 1995, the Company's capital additions were funded by operating activities. In 1994, cash provided by operations increased due to the collection of a large amount of underrecovered purchased gas costs present at the end of 1993.

During 1996, 1995 and 1994, capital expanditures were approximately \$14,302,000, \$12,100,000 and \$10,653,000, respectively. For 1997, the Company has budgeted \$18.9 million for capital expanditures. This amount includes \$8.5 million for natural gas distribution, \$4.5 million for natural gas transmission, \$3.8 million for environmental related expanditures, \$1.8 million for propose distribution, \$150,000 for advanced information services and \$150,000 for general plant. The natural gas and prepase distribution expanditures are for expansion and improvement of facilities in existing service territories. Natural gas transmission expanditures are for improvement of the pipeline system and completion of the Delaware City compressor station. The advanced information services expanditures are for computer hardware, software and related equipment. Financing for the 1997 construction program is expected to be provided from short-term berrowings, cash from operations and from an issuance of long-term debt. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification. Actual construction expanditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, load growth and the cent and availability of capital.

The Company expects to incur environmental related albenditures during 1997 and in future years (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

### Capital Structure

As of December 31, 1996, common equity represented 61.9% of permanent capitalization, compared to 58.7% in 1995 and 60.4% in 1994. The Company remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings in order to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This

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the Company will be able to as objectives will provide ben equate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost. The achievement of these 10 00 CH omers and creditions, as well as to the Company's investors.

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### Financing Activities

Company, the Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary ("Eastern Shore"), originally due October 1, 2003. The remaining proceeds of \$5,909,000 were used to repay short-term borrowings under the Company's lines of credit. The Company issued so long-term debt in 1996 and 1994. During 1996, the Company repaid a total of approximately \$569,000 of larg-term debt, companed to \$5,018,000 and \$1,291,000 in 1995 and 1994, respectively. On October 2, 1995, the Company finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010. The Company, used the proceeds to retire \$4,091,000 of the 10.35% Senior Notes of Eastern Shore Natural Gas The Company, used the proce

Dividend Reinvestment and Stack Purchase Plan during the years of 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The Company issued 33,526, 38,668 and 30,928 shares of common stock in connection with its Automatic

### Results of Operations

million, \$13.6 million and \$9.8 million. recorded, and resu after tax in 1995. Earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994 were \$13.2 Eastern Shore's purchased gas adjusts contributed \$833,000 to 1995 not income reflected the settlement between Ea Net income for 1996 was \$6,910,428, as compared to \$7,236,695 for 1995. Exclusive of matters relating to the settlement and associated scornals described below, earnings in 1996 increased by \$320,969. The 1995 net income in a reduction in the required level of accruals from \$750,000 after tax in 1994 to \$186,000 seen Shore and the Federal Energy Regulatory Con mission ("FERC") regarding se due to the reversal of the excess liability for a potential refund previously met ("FGA") computation. This settlement, which was a non-recurring event

### Natural Gas Distribution

deliveries to reside coupled with a 20% increase in deliveries to residential and commercial customers located in the Company's northern service territory. The rate increase became effective during December, 1995 for Maryland operations and to temperatures which were colder than the previous year. interim rates were in ed rgin is 1996 increa tial and con st during June, 1995 for Delaware operations. The rate increases were designed a increase 190,000 amunally for the Maryland and Delaware operations, respectively. The it crease in ed \$4.0 million due to a full year of rate increases, which went into effect in 1995, ercial customers located in the Company's northern service territory was related

citrus proo Florida distribution operations. These increases in Florida's volumes reflected sales to phosphete producing and operations in 1995 and an increase of 20% and 20% in transportation and delivery volumes, respectively, by the Gross margin in 1995 increased \$1.7 million due to the partial year of rate increases for the Maryland and Delaward HE CH of co samp or pure the ration plants.

Operations expenses for 1996 inc 1994. The 1996 increases related expenses. The increases in 1995 related to so regulatory expenses sed by \$583,000 or 7% after increasing by \$1.2 million or 16% in 1995 over estion, benefits, data processing costs, uncollectibles and regulatory estion, data proceeding conversion costs, consulting, legal and

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amortization expense increased due to plant additions placed in service during the past two years. Other taxes increased by \$460,000 or 23% in 1996, partially due to the inclusion of certain state revenue related taxes in 1996. 1994 expenses due to a greater level of maintenance on meter and regulating stations. Depreciation and Maintenance expenses were slightly less in 1996 compared to 1995, when expenses were \$66,000 or 7% higher than

Natural Get Transmission segment contributed EBIT of \$2.5 million, \$6.1 million and \$3.0 million during 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The large increase in 1995 EBIT includes the effect of the settlement between Eastern Shore and the FERC regarding Bastern Shore's FGA computation (see Note X to the Consolidated Financial Control of the Control of the Consolidated Financial Control of the Contro Statements). The settlement, which was a non-recarring event, contributed \$1.3 million to EBIT for 1995 due to the reversal of excess liability for the potential refund previously recorded, and resulted in a reduction in the required level of accruals from \$1.2 million in 1994 to \$239,000 in 1995. Exchasive of matters relating to the settlement and ssociated accruals, EBIT decreased \$2.6 million in 1996, increased \$890,000 in 1995 and increased \$1.1 mill: n in

The reduction in 1996 EBHT of \$2.6 million was primarily the result of a decrease in gross margin on sales to industrial customers. Contributing to the increases in 1995 and 1994 EBHT were increased gross margins, printributable to increased deliveries of industrial sales volumes, offset slightly by higher operating expenses.

(see Note A to the Consolidate deliveries to two industrial interruptible customers, a smeak plant shut down operations on April 1, 1996. The manager customers and have so on approximately \$284,000, \$2.4 mill methanol plant. During 1996, 1995 and 1994, April 1, 1997. To our imowindge, no decision has been made regarding reopening or permanently closing the The decline in 1996 gross margin resulted from a 67% decrease in volumes delivered, primarily reflecting decree monitor methanol prices and would re-evaluate their position as to reopening or permanently closing on or about 7.0 5 and 1994, defiveries to mechanol and power plants contributed to gross margin ion and \$1.4 million, respectively. These two customers are interruptible ocial St occupace era, a menicipal power plant and a men al or otherwise, to purchase natural gas from the Company penent of the methanol plant has indicated that they would ol plant. The methanol

Operations expense increased 4% in 1996, primarily reflecting increased compensation and benefit related expenses Operations expense increased by \$314,000 or 14% in 1995 compared to 1994. The majority of the increases were in payroll, telemetering and legal flee.

maintenance. Depreciation expense increased in 1996 due to plant placed in service during the past two years. 1994 increased by \$125,000 due to the painting of a pipeline bridge structure and a higher level of natural gas main Maintenance expense declined slightly in 1996 after declining by \$47,000 or 8% in 1995. Maintenance expenses in

On October 15, 1996, Eastern Shore filed with the FERC for a rate increase of approximately \$1,445,000. This increase would be effective for only reven es earned on sales to regulated customers.

Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at PERC regulated rates. Open access is thus likely to result in a shift of Eastern Shore's business from margins earned on sales of gas to large industrial customers to a possibly lower margin earned on transportation services. After the implementation of open access, is expected that Eastern Shore's earnings, which is the past have been driven to a substantial extent by widely FERC for a blanket certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its pipeline system. The varying levels of unregulated sales, will tend to be more stable and closer to a regulated return. In connection with the FERC Order relating to the settlement, Eastern Shore applied in December of 1995 to the implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Eastern

### Propone Distribution

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The propose distribution segment contributed EBIT of \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million and \$2.3 million for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The 1996 increase in EBIT was primarily the result of an increase in gross margin mostly offset by greater operating expenses. The 1995 decrease in EBIT was a combined impact of a decrease in gross margin coupled with greater operating expenses.

The increase in gross margin of \$1.1 million or 12% for 1996 was primarily the result of a 12% increase in sales volumes due to temperatures being colder than the previous year. The decrease in gross margin of \$281,000 for 1995 was primarily due to a 4% decline in sales volume, partially offset by a higher average margin per gallon. Overall, temperatures in 1995 were 4% selder than temperatures in 1994, yet volumes were lower due to the timing and severity of weather conditions experienced in 1994. In 1995, the segment did not secure a contract with one wholesale customer under which it had supplied large quantities of propene, contributing \$64,000 to gross margin, in 1994.

Operations expense for 1996 increased by \$766,000 or 14% after increasing by \$225,000 or 4% in 1995. The increase in expenses for 1996 and 1995 occurred primarily in compensation, benefits and outside services. Maintenance expenses increased by \$84,000 or 28% in 1996 after reducing by \$42,000 or 12% in 1995. The maintenance expense increases occurred primarily on vehicles.

Starting in 1997, the Company will be integrating the operations of Tri-County Ges Company, Inc. ("Tri-County"), acquired on March 6, 1997, and the Company's current propose distribution operations.

### Advanced Information Services

The advanced information services segment contributed EBIT of \$1.3 million, \$1.2 million and \$174,000 for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994. During 1996, revenue and operating expenses decreased by \$1.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. These declines resulted from the segment no longer providing facilities management services during 1996. These 1996 declines were partially offset by increases in consulting and programming revenues along with associated operating expenses, such as compensation, benefits and reimbursed costs.

In 1995 revenues increased due to higher consulting and programming revenues, placement services and non-recurring revenue carned by providing services to a large facilities management customer. These services were provided during a period of system conversion by this customer in connection with the termination of its contract. Operating expenses declined in 1995 due to downsizing efforts at the Company's North Carolina operation to change the focus from a product development and facilities management company to a fixed price contract programming services company.

Included in the results of the advanced information services segment for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994 were intersegment revenues of \$711,000, \$1,722,000 and \$2,277,000, respectively, which were eliminated in consolidation. The intercompany LBIT (Less Before Interest and Taxes) connected with the development of the Company's natural gas distribution billing system, which was finalized during 1995, totaled \$165,000 and \$468,000 for the years 1995 and 1994, respectively.

### Other

Non-operating income was \$379,000, \$357,000 and \$16,000 for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The 1995 increase was primarily due to a que-time termination fee paid to the advanced information services segment by its largest facilities management customer in connection with a change in control of that customer. This was somewhat offset by costs to downsize the operation to no longer provide facilities management service in connection with its Page-ITTM software.

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### **Environmental Matters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impact and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any future costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in rates.

### Competition

Historically, the Company's natural gas operations have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal considerations have been price and to a lesser extent, accessibility. Since Eastern Shore has only recently elected to be an open access pipeline, with implementation during 1997, the Company has not previously been subject to the competitive pressures from other sellers of natural gas. Upon implementation of open access transportation services on Eastern Shore's system, third party suppliers will compete with the Company to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system. Eastern Shore will shift from providing sales service to graviding contract storage and transportation services.

The Company's distribution operations located in Delaware and Maryland will then face the possibility of the unbundling of their services to certain industrial exchanges, thus increasing the competition for sales services. The Company has already addressed these issues in 1994 and 1993 in its Fierida distribution operation, when the Company was required to unbundle its services to large industrial customers. The Company established a natural gas brokering and supply operation to compete for these customers' business.

Both t'e propane distribution and the advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a number of larger competitors with substantially greater resources available to them than the Company. In addition, in the advanced information services business, changes are occurring rapidly which could adversely impact the markets for the Company's services.

### Inflation

Inflation impacts the prices the Company must pay for labor and other goods and services required for operation, maintenance and capital improvements. In recent years, however, the impact of inflation has lessened, except for its effect on purchased gas costs. Although historically stable, these costs were higher in 1996. These costs are passed on to customers through the purchased gas adjustment clause in the Company's tariffs. To help cope with the effects of inflation on its capital investments and returns, the Company seeks rate relief from its regulatory commissions for its regulated operations and constantly monitors the returns of its unregulated business operations.

### Cautionary Statement

Statements made herein and elsewhere in this Form 10-K which are not historical fact are forward looking statements. In connection with the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the Company is providing the following cautionary statement to identify important factors that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in forward looking statements made herein or otherwise by or on behalf of the Company.

A number of factors and uncertainties make it difficult to predict the effect on future operating results, relative to historical results, of Eastern Shore becoming an open access pipeline. First, while open access is likely to diminish industrial interruptible sales margins, such sales have varied widely from year to year and, in future years, might make a less significant contribution to earnings even in the absence of open access. Second, the level of regulated transportation rates that will be in effect under open access has not yet been determined. Third, the outcome of Eastern Shore's rate increase filling with FERC for an increase in revenue earned on sales to regulated customers has not yet been determined. Fourth, there are a number of uncertainties, including the outcome of open access

proceedings and the effects of competition, which will affect whether the Company will be able to provide economical gas marketing services.

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In addition, a number of factors and uncertainties affecting other aspects of the Company's business could have a material impact on earnings. With respect to the acquisition of Tri-County, these include: actual performance for the future periods, the actual costs of the acquisition and the ability of the combined company to execute the integration and realize the expected synergies. With respect to the Company's business in general, these include: the seasonality and temperature sensitivity of our natural gas and propane businesses, the relative price of alternative energy sources and the effects of competition both on our unregulated businesses and on natural gas sales once the Company operates in an open access environment.

Table and Town

# Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplemental Data

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Stockholders of

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

responsibility is to express an opinion on these fin consolidated fin our audits. statements and the far stockholders' equity, and income to Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1996 and 1995, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows, We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and at schedule listed in Item 14(a)(1) and (2) of this Form 10-K. These financial hile are the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our h of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996, and the 医巨器 ments and the financial statement schedule based on

require that we plen and perform the sudit to ebt believe that our audits provide a rea significant estimates made by Min disclosures in the financial st free of material misstatem We conducted our sadits in accord A Committee peats. As easily also includ sale back for our opinion. and, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We se with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards 3 ining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and able assurance about whether the financial statements are es assessing the accounting principles used and

financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be consolidated financi ended December 31, 1996 in conf 1995, and the consolid consolidated financial position of Che included therein. In our opinion, the finencial statemen al statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period braity with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, the Imports Utili ats referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the ins Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1996 and

Highlights included in the Scienced Financial Data for each of the five years in the period ended December 31 opinions on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the Financial consolidated statements of income, cash flows, common stockholders' equity, and income taxes for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 1993 (none of which are presented herein) and we expressed unqualified balance sheets and statements of capitalization as of December 31, 1994, 1993 and 1992, and the related it has been derived 1996, appearing on page 20 is fairly see We have also previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted standards, the consolidated ial respects in relation to the financial statements from which

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland February 13, 1997

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

At December 31,	1996	1995
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Natural gus distribution	\$70,497,872	\$64,785,616
Natural gas transmission	30,655,492	25,651,558
Propane distribution	21,101,579	19,645,973
Advanced information services	1,003,850	841,661
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,004
Other plant	3,907,657	3,563,247
Total property, plant and equipment	127,961,454	115,283,059
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(37,397,752)	(33,567,446
Net property, plant and equipment	90,563,702	\$1,715,613
Investments	2,263,068	1,957,218
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,952,998	977,407
Accounts receivable (less allowance for uncollectibles of \$392,412 and \$309,955 in 1996 and 1995, respectively)	13,328,333	12,701,256
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,160,522	844,786
Propane inventory, at average cost	2,129,914	1,442,633
Storage gas prepayments	3,731,680	2,663,721
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	2,192,170	
Income taxas receivable	112,902	193,916
Prepaid expenses	801,939	842,460
Deferred income taxes	158,010	1,362,289
Total current assets	25,568,468	21,028,468
Deferred Charges and Other Assets		
Environmental regulatory assets	6,650,088	7,113,572
Environmental expenditures, net	1,778,348	1,505,140
Order 636 transition cost	943,209	1,463,157
Other deferred charges and intangible assets	3,371,027	4,010,812
Total deferred charges and other assets	12,742,672	14,092,681
Total Assets	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980

See accompanying actor

Capitalization	and the	I LANGE
	-	

At December 31,	1996	1995
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	\$1,849,626	\$1,811,211
Additional paid-in capital	18,848,851	17,592,242
Retained earnings	26,780,831	23,385,097
Less: Unearned compensation related to restricted stock awarded	(364,529)	(415,107
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, not	38,598	(72,839
Total stockholders' equity	47,153,377	42,300,604
Long-term debt, net of current portion	28,984,368	29,794,639
Total capitalization	76,137,745	72,095,243
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	791,271	864,849
Short-term borrowings	12,000,000	4,800,000
Accounts payable	13,176,126	11,162,775
Refunds payable to customers	353,734	966,940
Accrued interest	741,768	742,701
Dividends payable	883,621	837,358
Overrecovered purchased gas costs		53,374
Other accrued expenses	3,447,397	3,123,191
Total current liabilities	31,393,917	22,551,188
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	9,798,676	9,136,808
Deferred investment tax credits	876,432	931,247
Environmental liability	6,650,088	7,113,572
Order 636 transition liability	943,209	1,463,157
Accrued pension costs	1,866,660	2,118,545
Other liabilities	3,471,183	3,384,220
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	23,606,248	24,147,549
Commitments and Contingencies		
(Notes J and K)		
Controlleration and Vinkillator	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	413111311314	0010,000,000

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Operating Revenues	\$119,330,068	\$104,020,416	\$98,572,297
Operating Expenses :h			
Purchased gas costs	72,530,507	58,454,410	59,013,165
Operations f 4	22,954,470	21,387,989	19,681,435
Maintenance	2,014,106	2,079,121	2,181,404
Depreciation and amortization	5,101,823	5,461,752	5,140,679
Other taxes	3,538,402	3,050,351	2,798,905
Income taxes	3,946,986	4,025,274	2,529,635
Total operating expenses	110,086,294	94,458,897	91,345,223
Operating Income	9,243,774	9,561,519	7,227,074
Other Income			
Interest income	174,359	141,161	123,271
Other income and (deductions), net	173,231	256,237	(144,038)
Income taxes	(83,739)	(105,280)	(12,733)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	115,434	65,198	49,154
Total other income	379,285	357,316	15,654
Income Before Interest Charges	9,623,059	9,918,835	7,242,728
Interest Charges			
Interest on long-term debt	2,392,458	2,282,247	2,322,942
Amortization of debt expense	120,345	109,399	103,859
Other	264,148	383,976	426,242
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(64,320)	(93,482)	(70,237)
Total interest charges	2,712,631	2,682,140	2,782,806
Net Income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock : Primary:			
Earnings per share	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23
Average shares outstanding	3,793,467	3,701,891	3,632,413
Fully diluted:			
Earnings per share	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20
Average shares outstanding	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190

See accompanying notes

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Activities			
Net Income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922
Adjustments to reconcile net income to not operating cash:	00,710,100	0.100,000	01,101,101
Depreciation and amortization	5,782,759	5,905,090	5,786,013
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	(115,434)	(65,198)	(49,154
Investment tax credit adjustments	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815
Deferred income taxes, net	1,794,147	252,727	(669,404
Employee benefits	471,869	178,803	492,082
Employee compensation from lapsing of stock restrictions	334,745	431,694	374,121
Allowance for refund		(1,356,705)	1,238,705
Other, net	438,510	(339,080)	424,832
Changes in assets and liabilities:	450,510	(000,000)	
Accounts receivable, net	(627,077)	(4,284,963)	1,303,517
Other current assets	(1,949,441)	1,380,216	(979,125
Other deferred charges	(502,491)	(946,450)	(271,937
Accounts payable, not	1,300,252	3,149,573	382,913
Refunds payable to customers	(613,206)	399,123	59,999
(Underrecovered) Overrecovered purchased gas costs	(2,245,544)	162,399	1,723,432
Other current liabilities	369.536	948,846	159,910
	11,294,238	12,997,955	14,381,011
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,434,438	12,997,933	14,361,011
nvesting Activities .			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, net	(14,045,947)	(11,691,192)	(10,473,565
Allowance for equity funds used during construction	115,434	65,198	49,154
Purchases of investments	(129,406)	(38,836)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(14,059,919)	(11,664,830)	(10,424,411)
inancing Activities			
Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$555,121, \$506,941 and \$427,190 in 1996,			
1995 and 1994, respectively	(2,959,573)	(2,791,373)	(2,736,388)
Sale of stock	369,709	254,484	201,704
Net borrowings (repayments) under line of credit agreements Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	7,200,000	(3,200,000)	(900,000)
Repayments of long-term debt.	(868,864)	(5,017,580)	(1,285,962)
Not cash used by financing activities	3,741,272	(754,469)	(4,720,646)
Not call most by landing southing	3,141,272	(134,405)	(4,720,040)
et Increuse (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	975,591	578,656	(764,046)
ash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Your	977,407	398,751	1,162,797
ash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$1,952,998	\$977,407	\$398,751
applemental Disclosure of Cash Plow Information			
Cash paid for interest	\$2,660,595	\$2,657,972	\$2,652,323
Cash paid for income tax	\$2,122,120	\$3,288.895	\$3,509,034
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### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Common Stock			
Balance beginning of year	\$1,811,211	\$1,785,514	\$1,754,547
Dividend Reinvestment Plant	16,514	18,816	15,046
USI restricted stock award agreements	10,639	6,881	15,770
Conversion of debentures	429		143
Company's Retirement Sevings Plan	9,927		
Exercised stock options	906		
Balance end of year	1,849,626	1,811,211	1,785,514
Additional Pald-in Capital			
Balance beginning of year	17,592,242	16,834,823	15,850,319
Dividend Reinvestment Plant	538,607	488,125	412,144
USI restricted stock award agreements	344,570	176,029	458,335
Sale of treasury stock to Company's			
Retirement Savings Plan		93,265	109,184
Conversion of debentures	14,557		4,841
Company's Retirement Savings Plan	328,464		
Exercised stock options	30,411		
Balance — end of year	18,848,851	17,592,242	16,834,823
Retained Earnings			
Balance beginning of year	23,385,097	19,480,374	18,219,083
Net income	6,910,428	7,236,695	4,459,922
Cash dividends (1)	(3,514,694)	(3,331,972)	(3,198,631
Balance end of year	26,780,831	23,385,097	19,480,374
Treasury Stock			
Balance beginning of year		(99,842)	(192,362
Sale of treasury stock to Company's			
Retirement Savings Plan	-	99,842	92,520
Balance — end of year	-		(99,842
Unearned Compensation			
Balance beginning of your .	(415,107)	(696,679)	(663,557
Issuance of award	(284,167)	(121,343)	(474,113
Amortization of prior years' awards	334,745	402,915	440,991
Balance - end of year	(364,529)	(415,107)	(696,679)
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Marketoble Socurities (2)	38,596	(72,839)	(241. '9
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$47,153,377	\$42,300,604	\$37,062,581

<sup>(1)</sup> Dividends per share of common stock were \$.93, \$.90 and \$.88 for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

See accessmenting notes

<sup>(2)</sup> Not of income tax expense (benefit) of appreximately \$25,000, (\$48,000) and (\$160,000) for the years 1990, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME TAXES

or the Years Englet Recember 31,	1996	1995	1994
urrent Income Tex Expense	•		•
Federal	\$1,884,609	\$3,182,346	\$2,375,332
State	356,576	621,238	707,190
nvestment tax credit adjustments, ast	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815
tal current income ten expense	2,186,370	3,748,769	3,027,707
red Income Tex Expense			
crty, plant and equipment	581,373	455,151	383,306
rred gas costs	873,904	(56,915)	(656,772
ions and other employee benefits	107,131	57,508	(169,731
ative minimum tax			230,575
lled revenue	54,320	(260,922)	188,356
ributions in aid of construction	(6,979)	(283,033)	(32,345
ronmental expenditures	108,578	272,068	(22,067
wance for refund	121,671	442,064	(580,361
	4,357	(244,136)	173,700
al deferred income tax expense (1)	1,844,355	381,785	(485,339
Income Tax Expense	\$4,030,725	\$4,130,554	\$2,542,368
iliation of Effective Income Tax Rules ral income tax expense at 34% income taxes, not of Pederal benefit	3,719,992 505,481 (194,748)	3,864,864 530,471 (264,781)	2,3 <b>8</b> 0,779 322,105
come tax expense			
	\$4,030,725	\$4,130,554	(160,516)
ective income tax rate	\$4,030,725	84,130,554 36.3%	(160,516 \$2,542,368
l Income Tixus			(160,516 \$2,542,368
I Income Tixues red income tax liabilities:	36.8%	36.3%	(160,516 \$2,542,368
d Income Twees  rred income tax liabilities:  Property, plant and equipment	36.8% \$10,716,757		(160,516 \$2,542,368
rred income Taxes  Property, plant and equipment  Deferred gas costs	36.8% \$10,716,757 \$53,851	36.3% \$10,363,259	(160,516 \$2,542,368
I Income Taxes red income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other	\$10,716,757 \$53,851 1,322,272	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income text liabilities:  Property, plant and equipment  Deferred gas costs	36.8% \$10,716,757 \$53,851	36.3% \$10,363,259	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income tax liabilities: Property, plent and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities	\$10,716,757 \$53,851 1,322,272	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563	(160,516 \$2,542,368
Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other	\$10,716,757 \$53,851 1,322,272	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income Texas erred income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities erred income tax assets:	36.8% \$10,716,757 \$53,851 1,322,272 12,892,880	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income Taxes erred income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities erred income tax assets: State operating loss carryforwards	36.8% \$10,716,757 853,851 1,322,272 12,892,880	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities erred income tax assets: State operating loss carryforwards Deferred investment tax credit	36.8%  \$10,716,757  853,851  1,322,272  12,892,880  3,320 426,565	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822 126,073 454,590	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities erred income tax assets: State operating loss carryforwards Deferred investment tax credit Unbilled revenue	36.8% \$10,716,757 853,851 1,322,272 12,892,880 3,320 426,565 863,679	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822 126,073 454,590 918,001	(160,516 \$2,542,368
erred income tax liabilities: Property, plant and equipment Deferred gas costs Other Total deferred income tax liabilities erred income tax assets: State operating loss carryforwards Deferred investment tax credit Unbilled revenue Pension and other employee benefits	36.8% \$10,716,757 853,851 1,322,272 12,892,880  3,320 426,565 863,679 917,568	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822 126,073 454,590 918,001 1,024,698	
Income Taxes  rred income tax liabilities:  Property, plant and equipment  Deferred gas costs  Other  Total deferred income tax liabilities  rred income tax assets:  State operating loss carryforwards  Deferred investment tax credit  Unbilled revenue  Pension and other employee benefits  Self insurance	36.8% \$10,716,757 853,851 1,322,272 12,892,880  3,320 426,565 863,679 917,568 545,836	36.3% \$10,363,259 1,149,563 11,512,822 126,073 454,590 918,001 1,024,698 529,559	(160,516) \$2,542,368

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See accompanying notes

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. Summary of Accounting Policies

### Nature of Business

of clients. distribution segment serves approximately 23,100 or utility and industrial customers in Delawr various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's De and Central Florids. The Company owns a natural gas tri natural gas distribution to approxima Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (the "Com and Virginia. The advanced inform bety 34,700 ca pany") is a diversified utility company. The Company is engaged in 2 stomers located in southern Delaware, Maryland's East vers and Maryland distribution divisions, as well as other k provides software services and products to a wide variety ers in southern Deleware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland in Shore of Maryland. The Company's propene mission subsidiary which operates a pipeline from em Shore

### Principles of Consolidation

Sharp Energy, Inc.'s accounts include those of its who significant intercompany tran Company's accounts include United By Eastern Shore Natural Gas Cor The Consolidated Financial Sta The Case siem Shore"), Sharp En is, Inc. ("USI"), Capital Data Systems, Inc. and Skipjack, Inc. All By owned as 20.00 n of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, arp Energy, Inc. and Chesapeake Service Company. sidiery, Sharpgas, Inc. Chesapeaks Service

### System of Accounts

service, maintenance of their accounting records and various other matters. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") and the Delaware Public Service Commission. The The natural gas distribution divisions of the Company leased in Delar regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and Florida Public Service Con maintenance of accounting records Company's financial statements are prepared on the bests of pass propane and advanced informs appropriate recognition to the rates idiaries are not subject to regulation with respect to rates or hed in Delaware, Maryland and Florida are subject to 20 missions with respect to their rates for tes of the various co ed accounting principles which give

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's policy is to invest cash in excess of operating requirements in overnight income producing three months or less are considered cash equivalen accounts. Such amounts are stated at cost which app Barket. Investments with an original maturity of

# Property, Plant and Equipment and Deprochation

gas plant acquisition adjustments, 16.10% for advi 4.50% for natural gas distribution, 2.70% for natural Depreciation and amortization expe method at rates which will amortize the unrecovered cost of deprec loss, net of salvage value, is charged to income. The prevision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line value, is charged to accumulated depreciation. Upon retin are capitalized. Upon retirement or disposition of utility property, the seconded cost of removal, not of salvage repairs and minor replacements are charged to ince Utility property is stated at original cost while the assets of the propuse subsidiary are valued at cost. The costs of repairs and minor replacements are charged to income as incurred and the costs of major renewals and betterments 日本日 nt or die n, 4.56% for propose distribution, services and 2.22% for other plant He property over the estimated useful life. se to provided at an annual rate averaging seition of son-utility property, the gain or nee distribution, 5.11% for

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is segregated between linewest expense and other income, respectively. AFUDC was capital construction at the rates of 9.51%, 7.31% and 7.15% for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. balance sheet, crediting the cost as a non-ca The allowance for funds used during equatruction ("AFUDC") is an accounting procedure whereby the cost of borrowed funds and other funds used to finance construction projects is capitalized as part of utility plant on the other income, respectively. AFUDC was capitalized on utility pit ash item on the income statement. The cost of borrowed and equity funds

depreciation as cost of removal covironmental regulat Environmental regulatory assets represent as have not been made. As expanditures are in granted in each jurisdiction. 7 I. All amounts incurred are amortized in accordance with the ratemaking treatment These association stred the eaviro is are recorded to either environmental expenditures or accumulated to related to environ mail liability can be reduced along with the and Habilities for which cash expanditures

# Other Deferred Charges and he

period of twelve to 40 years. The gross les deferred and amortized over periods approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. Intangible assets are associated with the acquisition of non-stillity companies, and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over December 31, 1996 and 1995, and and 1995, resp the reacquisition of debt are amortized over the re Other deferred charges include disc issuance costs are deferred and am stock carned for services performed but not yet awarded and rate case expenses. The discount, premium and timed ever the original lives of their respective debt issues. Gains and lon-sideway the remaining lives of the original issuences. Rate case expenses are this assets were \$1,920,851 and \$5,020,851 at December 31, 1996 and issuance costs associated with long-term debt, restricted ins, and are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a 2 2 1 ets was \$962,227 and \$3,587,090 at 200

Income Taxes and Investment Tax Credit Adjustments
The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return. Income tax expense allocated to the Company's subsidiaries is based upon their respective tauble incomes and tax credits.

current service rates repre portion of the Company's deflared tax liabilities applicable to utility operations which has not been reflected in Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and are measured using current effective income tax rates. The es recoverable through future rates.

the subject property. Investment tax credits on utility property have been deferred and are allocated to income ratably over the lives  $\circ :$ 

years beginning in 1997 through 2007. valuation allowance at December 31, 1996 and 1995 had been recorded. The loss carryforwards expire in various respectively. The Company anticipates using all of the loss carryforwards at December 31, 1996, and therefore no The Company had state tax loss carryforwards of \$46,000 and \$2,004,000 at December 31, 1996 and 1995

# Fair Value of Financial Instrum

estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology. instruments with similar terms and ever Financial State...outs for disclosure of fair value of inv Various items within the balance sheet are considered to be financial instruments because they are cash or are to be settled in cash. The carrying values of these items approximate their fair value (see Note C to the Consolida De esta Based on published corporate borrowing rates for debt sents). The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is ad fair value of the Company's long-term debt

compared to a carrying value of \$30.7 million. value of \$29.8 million. At December 31, 1995, the estin ber 31, 1996, is approximately \$30.3 million as compared to the carrying and thir value was approximately \$32.8 million as

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other customers on an as-dei delivered but not billed. The propose segu month-end. The Florida divisi read on a mouthly cycle beats. This praes Revenues for the natural gas distribut based on rates approved by the variou Revenues for the nat approval by these comm ions. The Company, except for its Florida division, recognizes revenues from meters etc. This practice results to unbitted and unrecorded revenue from the cycle date through Freed In COLUMN NO ses revenues based on services rendered and records an amount for gas est recognizes revenue for certain customers on a motered basis and all as of the Company and a portion of Eastern Shore's revenues are ons. Customers' base rates may not be changed without formal

collected or refunded through edje clauses that provide for the adju The natural gas distribu an divisions of the Campany and Eastern Shore have purchased gas adjustment ("PGA") he adjustment of rains charged to custor...crs as gas costs fluctuate. These amounts are nders at sever of the post periods.

segment, which exceeded 10% of tabli revenue. Total sales were approximately \$10,600,000 or 10.2% of total revenue during 1995. During 1996 and 1994, no individual customer accounted for 10% or more of operating revenues. The Company had sales to car er in 1995, an industrial interruptible customer of the natural gas transmission

The Company's natural gas transmission and distribution sugments have industrial interruptible customers that charged rates which can be adjusted up or down to make natural gas competitive with alternative fuels. The customers, based on competitive pricing, can choose natural gas or alternative types of supply. Neither the customer nor the Company is obligated by comment to receive or deliver natural gas. tural gas competitive with alternative fuels. These ints have industrial interruptible customers that 5

### unings For Share

outstanding are adjus outstanding, adjust Primary carnings per co ted for stock options for each 200 smos share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock k year presented. On a fully diluted basis, both earnings and shares 0000 wertible debe

# Certain Risks and Uncertainties

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measuring assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses. These estimates involve judgements with respect to, among other things, various future economic factors which are difficult to predict and are beyond the control of The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that require management to make actimates (see Note I to the Consolidated Financial Statements for significant estimates) in the Company. Therefore, actual reto could differ from those estim

No. 71. If the Company were requ all such amounts that are deferred would be recogn The Company records cartain assets and liabilities in accordance with States earnings, net of applicable income taxes. fred to termin fined in the income statement at that time, resulting in a charge to slication of SPAS No. 71 for all of its regulated operations, ent of Accounting Standards ("SFAS")

statement requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

During 1996, the Company adopted SPAS No. 121 "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets." This indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Additionally, the standard requires rate

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regulated companies to write off regulatory assets to earnings whenever those assets no longer meet the criteria for recognition of a regulatory asset as defined by SFAS No. 71, "Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation." When circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may be impaired, the Company estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of the undiscounted expected future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the Company recognizes an impairment loss in accordance with SFAS No. 121. The adoption of SFAS No. 121 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

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### Reclassification of Prior Yours' Amounts

Certain prior years' amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 1996 presentation.

### B. Acquisition

In January 1997, the Company entered into an agreement and plan of merger to acquire all the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") and associated properties. The principal business of Tri-County is the distribution of propene to both retail and wholesale customers on the Delmarva Peninsula.

The transaction, which is expected to be completed in the first calender quarter, will be effected through the exchange of 639,000 shares of the Company's common stock and accounted for as a peoling of interests.

Accordingly, historical financial data in future reports will be restated to include Tri-County data. The following unaudited pro forms data summarizes the combined results of operations of the Company and Tri-County as though the transaction had occurred at the beginning of calender year 1995.

### For the Years Ended December 31.

(Unaudited pro forma)	1996	1995
Operating revenue	\$ 130,234,303	\$ 111,825,347
Operating income before income taxes	\$ 14,034,590	\$ 14,050,757
Operating income	\$ 9,857,769	\$ 9,916,355
Net income	\$ 7,335,790	\$ 7,455,242
Primary earnings per share	\$ 1.66	\$ 1.72
Fully diluted earnings per shere	\$ 1.61	\$ 1.67

The unaudited pro forms data does not purport to be indicative of what results may occur of the combined companies in the future.

### C. Investments

The investment balance at December 31, 1996 and 1995 consists primarily of the common stock of Florida Public Utilities Company ("FPU"). The Company's ownership at December 31, 1996 and 1995 represents a 7.41% and 7.04% interest, respectively. The Company has classified its investment in FPU as an "Available for Sale" security, which requires that all unrealized gains and losses be excluded from earnings and be reported not of income tax as a separate component of stockholders' equity. At December 31, 1996, the market value exceeded the aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio by \$63,598. The aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio at December 31, 1995 exceeded its market value by \$120,839.

### D. Lease Obligations

The Company has entered into several operating bases for office pace at various locations. Rent expense related to these leases was \$293,038, \$409,214 and \$418,047 for 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Future minimum payments under the Company's current lease agreements are \$220,103; \$139,533; \$141,958; \$146,454 and \$74,396 for the years of 1997 through 2001, respectfully; and \$114,261 thereafter.

### E. Segment Information

For the Years Ended December \$1,	1996	1995	1994
Operating Revenues, Unaffiliated Customers			
Natural gas distribution	\$74,904,076	\$54,120,280	\$49,523,743
Natural gas transmission	15,188,777	24,984,767	22,191,896
Propene distribution	22,333,969	17,607,956	20,684,150
Advanced information services and other	6,903,246	7,307,413	6,172,508
Total operating revenues, unaffiliated customers	\$119,330,068	\$104,020,416	\$98,572,297
Intersegment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$8,711	\$42,037	\$55,888
Natural gas transmission	21,543,327	16,663,043	17,303,529
Propane distribution	2,059	139,052	85,552
Advanced information services and other	710,949	1,722,135	2,277,361
Total intersegment revenues	\$22,265,046	\$18,566,267	\$19,722,330
Operating Income Before Income Taxor			
Natural gas distribution	\$7,167,236	\$4,728,348	\$4,696,659
Natural gas transmission	2,458,442	6,083,440	3,018,212
Propane distribution	2,053,299	1,852,630	2,287,688
Advanced information services and other	1,305,203	1,170,970	174,033
Total	12,984,180	13,835,388	10,176,592
Add (Less): Eliminations	206,580	(248,595)	(419,883)
Total operating income before income taxes	\$13,190,760	\$13,586,793	\$9,756,709
Depreciation and Americantion			
Netural gas distribution 'att	\$2,854,843	\$2,502,531	\$2,136,979
Natural gas transmission	697,834	638,099	641,485
Propene distribution	1,306,053	1,312,048	1,323,698
Advanced information services	131,877	969,588	1 721,944
Other plant	111,216	39,486	16,573
Total depreciation and amortization	\$5,101,823	\$5,461,752	\$5,140,679
Capital Expenditures			
Natural gas distribution	\$6,634,827	\$7,236,848	\$8,160,874
Natural gai transmission	5,567,509	1,335,793	619,852
Propene distribution	1,693,113	1,640,203	828,519
Advanced information services	162,189	114,461	411,957
Other plant	244,120	1,772,454	632,137
Total capital expenditures	\$14,301,758	\$12,099,759	\$10,653,339
dentifiable Assets, at December 31,		ý	
Natural gas distribution	\$81,250,030	\$75,630,741	\$68,528,774
Natural gas transmission	23,981,989	19,292,524	17,792,415
Propane distribution	20,791,588	18,855,507	16,949,431
Advanced information services	1,496,418	1,635,100	3,196,064
Other	3,617,885	3,380,108	1,803,933
Total identifiable assets	\$131,137,910	\$118,793,980	\$108,270,617

All significant interesgment revenues have been eliminated from consolidated revenues.

### F. Long-Term Debt

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The outstanding long-term debt, not of current materities is as follows:

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\$29,794,639	\$28,984,368	Total long-term debt
10,000,000	10,000,000	6.91% Senior uncollateralized nota, due October 1, 2010
10,000,000	10,000,000	7.97% Senior uncollateralized note, due February 1, 2008
4,114,000	4,087,000	8.25% Convertible debentures, due March 1, 2014
28,139	14,368	12.00% Mortgage, due February 1, 1998
5,340,000	4,820,000	9.37% Scries I, due December 15, 2004
\$312,500	862,500	Adjustable rate Series Go, due January 1, 1996
. 1995	1996	At December 31,

The Series G bonds are subject to an inte 1996 and 1995), respectively. --have persons (73%) of the prime rate (8.25% and 8.5% at Documber 31,

stock at a conversion price of \$17.01 per sham. During 1996, \$15,000 in debentures were converted. The debentures are redeemable at the option of the helder, subject to an annual non-cumulative maximum limitation of \$200,000 in the aggregate. As of December 31, 1996, approximately \$8,000 of the debentures have been accepted for redemption in 1997. At the Company's option, the debentures may be redeemed at the stated amounts. The convertible debestures may be a at the aption of the holder, into shares of the Company's common

On October 2, 1995, the Company issued \$10,000,000 of 6.91% senior notes due on October 1, 2010. The Company used a portion of the proceeds to repay \$4,091,000 of the 10.25% senior notes that were originally due On October 2, 1995, the Company October 1, 2003.

Series I covenant approxim on or after January 1, 1989. As of Decem dividends after Dece Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain various restrictions. The most stringent restrictions state that the Company must maintain equity of at least 40% of total capitalization, the times interest earned ratio m iber 31, 1968 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated not income recognized set be at least 2.5 and the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I bonds, pay any ad \$13.0 million. ber 31, 1996, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the

pursuant to which the Company's first mortgage sinking fund bonds are issued. A portion of the natural gas distribution plant assets owned by the Company are subject to a lien under the mortgage

\$1,520,000, \$2,665,091 and \$2,665,091. Annual maturities of consolidated long-term debt for the years 1997 through 2001 are \$791,271, \$397,368,

# G. Short-Term Borrowings

companies. As of December 31, 1996, the Company had four \$3,000,000 unsecured bank lines of credit, none of of 6.12% and 6.00%, res which required comp The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20,000,000 from various bank and trust sating balances. Under these lines of credit at December 31, 1996 and 1995, the Company of \$12,000,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively, with a weighted average interest rate

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# H. Common Stock, Paid-in Capital and Treasury Stock

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The following is a sched

Balance - and of year •12,000,000 share are substituted at a per value of \$4007 per share.	Shares of common stack held in traumy Balance - beginning of year Sale of stock to Company's Radioment Savings Plan	Balance - end of year	Common Sheck: Shares forced and entitled balance - beginning of year Dividend Reinvestment Plan USI restricted stock event agreements Conversion of debeatures Exercised stock optoons Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Savings Plan	For the Years Ended Documber 31,
	1.	3,800,516	3,721,589 33,926 21,859 881 1,863 20,398	1996
	15,609 (15,609)	3,721,589	3,668,791 38,660 14,138	1995
15,609	30,0 <b>84</b> (14,475)	3,668,791	3,605,152 30,928 32,418 293	1994

common stock can be issued. S restricted. At December 31, 1996 and 1995, respectively, 24,350 and 29,598 shares valued at \$364,529 and \$415,107 remain 1992, and restrictions lapse over a five to ten-year period from the award date, if certain financial targets are met. Certain key USI employees et 13 ad into restricted stock award agreements under which shares of Chesapeaks ns were swarded as a non-cash transaction over a five-year period beginning in Ange Marie

officers of the Co outstanding options were as foll recorded \$276,522 to recogn cancel the participant's right to e participants the right to earn performance one-third on each anniversary of the co participants an option to purch The Performance Incentive Plan, which was adopted in 1992, provides for the granting of stock options to certain forth in the Agreements. When performs and Performance Sh sepany over a 10-year period. In November 1994, the Company executed Tundem Stock Option Share Agreements ("Agreements") with certain executive officers. These Agreements provide the 10 SE CO ares of the Company's common stock, exercisable in cumulative installments of supon the Company's achievement of the performance goals set eres are issued, the option will expire. Exercise of the option will at of the award period. The Agreements also enable the g number of performance shares. In 1996, the Company ase associated with the performance shares. Changes in

\$12	53,520	\$12.75	80,280	812.625 - 812.75	611,00	Exercisable
\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12.625 \$17.625-\$12.75	(11,000)	\$12.625 - \$12.75	113,051	Options forfeited Balance - and of year
				\$12.75	(12,135)	Options exercised
\$12.625	55,906					Options granted
812.75	80,280	\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12.635 - \$12.75	125,106	Balance - beginning of year
Option	of about	Option	A PER ST		No.	
	2		3		3	

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During 1996, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Besed Compensation", for note disclosure purposes only, as prescribed by the standard. No stock options were granted during 1996 or 1995, and therefore, no pro forms disclosures have been provided.

### I. Employee Benefit Plans

### Pension Plan

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The Company spensors a defined banefit pension plan covering substantially all of its employees. Benefits under the plan are based on each participant's years of service and highest average compensation. The Company's funding policy provides that payments to the trustee shall be equal to the minimum funding requirements of the Employee Retirement income Security Act of 1974.

**Total Nat Panalist Cast** 

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994
Service cost	\$656,985	\$474,000	\$592,294
Interest cost	658,238	562,003	518,184
Less: Actual (return) loss on assets	(1,142,287)	(1,546,325)	742,949
Net amortization and deformal	269,135	689,947	(1,465,744)
Total net pension cost	442,071	179,625	387,683
Amounts capitalized as construction cost	(38,860)	(30,740)	(52,549)
Amount charged to expense	\$403,211	\$148,885	\$335,134
Discount rate used in calculating not pension cost	7.25%	8.50%	7.00%

The following schedule sets forth the funding status of the pension plan at December 31, 1996 and 1995.

**Accrued Pension Cost** 

At December 31,	1996	1995
Vested	\$6,834,661	\$5,730,239
Non-vested	139,483	100,878
Total accumulated benefit obligation	\$6,974,144	\$5,831,117
Plan assets at fair value	\$10,720,514	\$9,173,094
Projected benefit obligation	(10,265,987)	(9,331,890)
Plan assets less projected benefit obligation	454,527	(158,796)
Unrecognized net gain	(2,820,957)	(2,319,138)
Unamortized net assets from adoption of SFAS No. 87	(141,579)	(156,683)
Accrued pension cost	(\$2,508,009)	(\$2,634,617)
Assumptions:		
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%
Average increase in future compensation levels	4.75%	5.50%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets	8.50%	8.50%

## Other Postretirement Langitt

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December 31, 1996. resulted in a onethe Company's tr retirees would be re The Company spo go cost. The amount is be all natural gas of 1994, the Company increased the amor d life insurance plan that covers substantially mee and its actual pay-se-you-itsed balance is \$101,000 at **4y \$126,000.** and their future ouber age

# Not Periodic Personatrament Bengal China

Discount rate	Account postroitement Hobbits	Total ecountriesed postroitement benefit obligation Unrecognized transition obligation Unrecognized not (loss) gain	Accumulated postruitrament benefit obligations Retiroes Fully eligible active employees Other active	At December 31,	Assumption: Discount rate Accraed Presentational Bengle Links	Amount charged to expense	Not periodic pessonitument benefit cont Amount capitalized as construction cost Amount deferred	Service sost interest sost on APSO Amortization of transition obligation over 20 years Curtailment loss	At December 31,
	1				7.25%	\$68,658	85,330 (16,672)	54,651 27,859	1984
7.25%	2451,700	791,871 (273,013) (87,138)	\$367,599 137,378 <b>86,89</b> 4	38	1.50%	\$54,521	\$9,392 (14,010) (20,561)	\$1,427 \$9,706 27,859	1996
7.25%	9470,040	(300,872) (70,873)	\$616,664 135,297 90,724	1995	7.00%	\$100,294	133,640 (20,134) (13,212)	\$3,553 44,118 22,148 63,821	1994

The health care inflation rate for 1996 is assumed to be 10%. This rate is propostretirement benefit cost for 1997 by ap assumed rate would increase the accumulated postret ultimate rate of 5% by the year 2007. A one percentage point incre January 1, 1997, and would increase the aggregate of the se y \$7,366. se is the health care inflation rate from the ion by approximately \$90,396 as of jected to gradually decrease to an

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### Retrement Servings Plan

upon eligible compensation. The Company makes a contribution equal to 60% or 100% of each participant's pre-tax contributions, not to exceed 6%, of the participant's eligible compensation for the plan year. The Company's contributions totaled \$353,350, \$301,794 and \$240,103 for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994, respectively. As of December 31, 1996, there are 79,602 shares reserved to fund future contributions to the Pl. n. The Company sponeors a Retirement Savings Plan, a 401(k) plan ("Plan"), which provides participants a mechanism for making contributions for retirement savings. Each participant may make pro-tax contributions based

# J. Environmental Commitments and Contingencies

manufacturing plant sites located in different jurisdictions, including the exploration of corrective action option: to remove environmental contaminants. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites the Possessian Company has accrued the possessian company has a comp The Company currently is participating in the investigation, assessment or remediation of four former gas Light and Salisbury Town Gas Light sites. sits. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites, the Dover Gas

remedial design selected in the ROD is still the appropriate remedy. investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filed in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which requires EPA approval, will previde up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the CERCLA. Other potentially responsible parties ("PRPs") such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. In July 1996, the Company commenced the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under million for soil remediation. On May 17, 1995, EPA tes remedial plan and estimated the costs of the selected remedy at \$2.7 million for ground-water remediation and \$3.3 The Dover site has been listed by the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") on the Superfund National Priorities List under the Compensative Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"). On August 19, 1994, the EPA issued the Record of Decision ("ROD") for the site, which selected a and an order to the Company under Section 106 of

litigation will be dismissed with prejudice. oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of remedial costs being incurred to carry out the RCD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the State On March 6, 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the Delaware being reached within the next two years. Upon antisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the agreed to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD and to reimburge the EPA for \$400,000 in

costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount of proceeds to be received, if any. On June 25, 1996, the Company initiated litigation against one of the other PRPs for contribution to the remedial

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

In the third quarter of 1994, the Company increased its liability recorded with respect to the Dover site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflected the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD, for remediation of the site according to the Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work. The Company h. s also recorded a regulatory asset ROD. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the design phase progresses and the

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remedies selected in the ROD. Manage contribution from other respon expected to be contribu of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the a the Company's rates. cading to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 and by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the ROD. Management she believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in

During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Sallabury sits and with reporting, on an ongoing basis, the remediation and monitoring results to the Maryland Department of the Environment. The Company has accrued a liability with respect to the Sallabury site of \$650,088 as of December 31, 1996. This amount is based on the estimated operating costs of the remediation facilities. A corresponding regulatory asset has been recorded, reflecting the Company's belief that costs incurred will be recoverable in rates pan remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and will

respectively. In addition, the Company has two other sites. One site located in the state of Florida, is currently being evaluated for which no estimate of Hability can be made at this time. The other site has been remediated, and costs and any other future costs incurred will be recover responsible parties. Portions of the liability payouts for the Dover and Salisbury sites are expected to be over 30 and five-year periods, in 1996 the Company received the site closure certificate. It is manage ble through future rates or sharing arrangements with other ment's opinion that any unrecovered current

Amounts pending ratemaking recovery	net of insurance proceeds		Florida	Maryland	Delaware	Environmental Costs Incurred	At December 31,
\$876,373	6,396,10	אַמבוּנוֹ *	660,821	2,187,810	\$4,423,843		1996
173 \$298,046	08 6,066,096	6364,142	28 629,153	1,805,572	M3 \$3,929,417		1995

# K. Commitments and Contingencies

### FERC PGA

On May 19, 1994, the FERC issued an Order directing Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore") to refund, with interest, what the FERC characterized as overtherges from November 1, 1992 to the current billing month. Eastern Shore contested the order and requested a rehearing. Subsequently, Eastern Shore and the FERC characterized as rehearing. entered into negotiations to resolve this issue.

accrued. This reversal contributed \$1,385,000 to pre-tax earnings, or \$833,000 to after-tax earnings, during the third quarter of 1995. In connection with the offer of settlement and the resulting FEF C Order, Eastern Shore reduction ordered. Accordingly, Eastern Shore reversed a large portion of the estimated Hability that had been In response to the FERC's May 19, 1994 Order, Eastern Shore accrued \$412,000 during the second quarter of 1994 as an estimated liability for potential refunds relating to prior periods. Thereafter, Eastern Shore accrued each month to ensure that the potential refund was fully accrued. On August 17, 1995, the FERC issued an Order applied in December 1995 to the FERC for a blan year. The reserves that the Company had accreed for the potential refund were significantly gree approving an Offer of Settlement submitted by Eastern Shore. The Order approved a change in Eastern Shore's PGA methodology retroactive to June 1, 1994, which resulted in a rate reduction of approximately \$234,000 per itet certificate authorizing open access transportation service on its eer than the rate

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pipeline system. The implementation of open access transportation service, expected to occur during 1997, will provide all of Eastern Shore's customers with the opportunity to transport gas over its system at PERC regulated rates. Open access is thus likely to result in a shift of Eastern Shore's business from margins earned on sales of gas to large industrial customers, to a possibly lower margin earned on transportation services.

### Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. The Company is also involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental agencies concerning rates. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

### L. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

In the opinion of the Company, the quarterly financial information shown below includes all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the operations for such periods. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in operations reported on a quarterly basis.

1996	- First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operating Revenue	4,270,265	\$23,850,551	\$18,475,914	\$32,733,338
Operating Income	\$5,277,681	\$1,401,082	\$153,444	\$2,411,567
Net Income	34,649,009	\$832,457	(\$390,871)	\$1,819,833
Primary Earnings Per Share	\$1.24	\$0.22	(\$0.10)	\$0.4
Pully Dikated Baralogs For Miles	81.17	\$0.22	(\$0.10)	\$0.4
1995				
Operating Revenue	\$30,896,798	\$22,074,663	\$20,564,994	\$30,483,961
Operating Income	\$4,330,962	\$1,369,342	\$1,492,200	\$2,369,015
Net Income	\$3,658,431	\$764,085	\$988,122	\$1,826,057
Primary Earnings Per Share	\$1.00	\$0.21	\$0.27	\$0.4
Fully Diluted Earnings For Share	30.95	\$0.21	\$0.26	\$0.4

Results for the third quarter 1995 reflect a non-recurring increase in net income of \$833,000, (see Note K to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

### **OPERATING STATISTICS**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992
Revenues (in thousands)					
Natural gas					
Residential	\$18,256	\$14,857	\$15,228	\$14,007	\$12,935
Commercial	14,339	11,383	11,594	10,837	9,857
Industrial	28,546	36,898	32,718	31,622	26,977
Sale for resale	24,481	12,459	9,586	5,242	3,843
Transportation 2	3,369	2,993	2,639	2,480	2,400
Other	1,102	515	(50)	193	. (134
Total natural gas revenues	90,093	79,105	71,715	64,381	55,878
Propens	22,334	17,608	17,789 •	16,908	16,489
Other	6,903	7,307	6,173	4,584	3,568
Total revenues	\$119,330	\$104,020	\$95,677	\$85,873	\$75,935
Volumes					
Natural gas deliveries (in MMCF)					
Residential	1,987	1,686	1,665	1,596	1.561
Commercial	2,092	1,792	1,771	1.676	1.633
Industrial	7,501	13,622	10,752	9,308	8.014
Sale for resale	1,065	990	998	984	997
Transportation 1.	12,096	11,131	7,542	5,880	5,139
Total natural gas deliveries	24,741	29,221	22,728	19,444	17,344
Propens (in thousands of gallans)	19,853	17,748	18,395 •	17,250	17,125
lustemers			•		
Natural gas					
Residential	30,349	29,285	28,260	27,312	26,523
Commercial	4,151	4,030	3,879	3,759	3,683
Industrial **	210	212	204	196	198
Sale for resale **	3	3	3	3	3
Total natural gas customers	34,713	33,530	32,346	31,270	30,407
Propane	23,096	22,609	22,180	21,622	21,132
Total customers	57,809	56,139	54,526	52,892	51,539

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes revenue of \$2,095,000, which resulted from the sale of nine million gallons of propose to one large wholesale customer in 1994.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes transportation customers.

### Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

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None

### PART III

### Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Directors of the Company is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Information Regarding the Board of Directors and Nominees" deted and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

The information required by this item with sespect to executive officers is, pursuant to instruction 3 of paragraph (b) of item 401 of Regulation S-K, set forth in item 10 of Part I of this Form 10-K under "Executive Officers of the Registrant."

### Item 11. Executive Compensation

This information is incorporated berein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Report on Executive Compensation", dated and to be filled on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

### Item 12. Security Ownership of Cortain Beneficial Owners and Management

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Francy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1996.

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before April 4, 1997 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 20, 1997.

### PART IV

### Item 14. Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules, and Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:
  - 1. Financial Statements:
    - Accountants' Report dated February 13, 1997 of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P., Independent Accountants
    - Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994
    - Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 1996 and December 31, 1995
    - Consolidated Statements of Cash Plows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996, 1995 and 1994

Secretary de design

Documber 31, 1996 S chalders' Equity for each of the three years ended

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- Consolidated Str of last se Taxes for each of the three years ended December 31, 1996
- Notes to Cossolidated Financial Statements
- Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Account The following additional information for the years 1996, 1995 and 1994 is submitted herewith:

shown in the financial statements or notes the All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are inapplicable, or the information is otherwise

# (b) Reports on Form 8-K

has agreed to purchase all of the o On January 13, 1997, the Con the o page Au ding charas of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ert on Form 8-K, reporting under Item 5 that the Company

### (c) Exhibits

# Exhibit 3.(a) - Certificate of Incorporation

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by reference to British 3.(b) to the Ferm 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1995, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporat Amended Certificate of Incorpor 200 ake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein

### Exhibit 3.(b) - Bylaws

Chaspesia Utilities Corporation. Exhibit 3.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 of Amended Bylaws of Cheespeaks Utilities Corporation, are incorporated herein by reference to

- Exhibit 4.(a) respect to the 8 1/4% Convertible Debe the Company's Registration Stat The Form of in se between the Company and Bostmen's Trust Company, Trustee, with nt on Form S-2, Reg. No. 33-26582, filed on January 13, as is incorporat ted herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of
- Exhibit 4.(b) -Note Agrees Life Insurance Company and MML Pension insurance Company, with respect to \$10,000,000 7.97% Unsecured Senior Notes due February 1, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992, of ike Utilities Corporation.\* est dated February 9, 1993, by and between the Com any and Massachusetts Mutual
- Exhibit 4.(c) -The Directors Stock Compensation Plus adopted by Chesapeaks Utilities Corporation in 1995, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 17, 1995, in connection with the Company's amount meeting held in May, 1995.
- Exhibit 4.(d) which the Comp The Note Purchase Agreement on my privately placed \$10 million of its 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010, is not ered into by the Company on October 2, 1995, pursuant to

.

- being filed herewith, in accordance with Item 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to furnish a copy of that agreement to the Commission upon request.
- Exhibit 10.(a) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(a) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(b) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Columbia Gas Transmission
  Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to
  Exhibit 10.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, of
  Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(c) Service Agreement for General Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas

  Transmission Company and Chesspeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference
  to Exhibit 10.(c) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of
  Chesspeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(d) Service Agreement for Preferred Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas
  Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference
  to Exhibit 10.(d) to the Assumil Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of
  Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(e) Service Agreement for Firm Transportation Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(e) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(f) Form of Service Agreement for Interruptible Sales Services dated May 11, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(f) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.
- Exhibit 10.(g) Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated February 23, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(g) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.
- Exhibit 10.(h) Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated November 30, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(h) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.
- Exhibit 10.(i) Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1992, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Ralph J. Adicins is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(a) to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1992, of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*

The same of the sa

- Exhibit 10.(j) Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1992, by and between Chesapeake Utilities

  Corporation and John R. Schimkaitis, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(b) to the

  Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1992, of Chesapeake Utilities

  Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(k) Chesepeake Utilities Corporation Cash Bonus Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.(e) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991, of Chesepeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(1) Chesspeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 20, 1992, in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting held on May 19, 1992.
- Exhibit 10.(m) Form of Tandem Stock Option and Performance Share Agreement dated November 18, 1994, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Ralph J. Adkins, John R. Schimkaitis, Philip S. Barefoot and Jerry D. West, filed is incorporated herein by reference to exhibit 3.(b) to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.\*
- Exhibit 10.(a) Agreement and Phn of Morger by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. is incorporated herein by reference from the Form 8-K filed on January 13, 1997.
- Exhibit 11. Computation of Primary and Pully Diluted Earnings Per Share, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 12. Computation of Ratio of Earning to Fixed Charges, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 21. Subsidiaries of the Registrant, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 23. Consent of Independent Accountants, filed herewith.
  - Filed under commission file #0-593.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

By: /S/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 17, 1997

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/S/ JOHN W. JARDINE JR.

John W. Jardine, Jr.,

Chairman of the Board and Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ JOHN R. SCHIMKATTIS

John R. Schimkaitis, Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer,

Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/s/ JEREMIAH P. SHEA
Jeremiah P. Shea, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/s/ WILLIAM G. WARDEN, III William G. Warden, III, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ RICHARD BERNSTEIN
Richard Bernstein, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ MICHAEL P. MCMASTERS

Michael P. McMasters
Vice President, Chief Financial
Officer and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 17, 1997

/S/ ROBERT F. RIDER

Robert F. Rider, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/s/ RUDOLPH M. PEINS, JR.

Rudolph M. Peins, Jr., Director

Date: March 17, 1997

/s/ WALTER J. COLEMAN

Walter J. Coleman, Director

Date: March 17, 1997

# CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1996, 1995 AND 1994

COLUMNA	COLUMN C — Additions —			COLUMN D	COLUMNE	
Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expense	Charged to Other Accounts	Doductions	Belance at End of Period	
Valuation accounts deducted from assets to which they apply for doubtful accounts receivable:						
1996	\$309,955	\$364,622	\$55,631 (E	(\$337,796)(A)	: \$392,412	
1995	\$202,152	\$328,012	\$43,151 (8	(\$263,360)(A)	\$309,955	
1994	\$186,018	\$130,263	\$57,633 (E	(\$171,762)(A)	\$202,152	

#### Notes:

(A) Uncollectible accounts charged off.

(B) Recoveries.

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 11 COMPUTATION OF PRIMARY AND FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

* u=	For the Years Ended December 31.			
lien.	1996	1995	1994	
Shares issued at beginning of year	3,721,589	3,668,791	3,605,152	
Treasury stock at beginning of year	0	(15,609)	(30,084)	
Sale of treasury stock	0	15,609	14,475	
Issuance of common stock for dividend reinvestment plan	33,926	38,660	30,928	
Issuance of common stock pursuent to USI restricted stock	41.63			
award agreements	21,859	14,138	32,418	
Issuance of common stock for conversion of debentures	881	0	293	
Exercised stock options	1,863	0	0	
Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Savings Plan	20,398	9		
Sheres outstanding at end of year	3,200,516	3,721,589	3,653,182	
Primary earnings per share calculation:				
Weighted average number of shares	3,793,467	3,701,891	3,632,413	
Consolidated net income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,499,922	
Primary carnings per share	\$1.82	\$1.95	\$1.23	
Fully diluted earnings per share calculation: Weighted average number of shares	3,794,306	3,701,891	3,632,413	
Contingent shares related to secured conversion of	3,174,300	3,701,071	3,032,413	
convertible debt	242,742	248,833	255,777	
Weighted everage number of shares assuming full dilution	4,037,048	3,950,724	3,888,190	
Adjusted income				
Net income	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922	
Interest on convertible debt	340,697	349,251	358,998	
Less: Applicable income taxes	(132,872)	(136,208)	(140,009)	
Adjusted net income	\$7,118,253	\$7,449,738	\$4,678,911	
Fully-diluted carnings per share	\$1.76	\$1.89	\$1.20	

#### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> This calculation is submitted in accordance with Regulation S-K item 601(b)(11) although not required by footnote 2 to paragraph 14 of APB Opinion No. 15 because it results in dilution of less than 3%.

# CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 12 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the	Vann	Poded	December	. 20
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	1996	1995	1994
Income from centinuing operations	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695	\$4,459,922
Add:			
Income taxes	4.030,725	4,131,177	2,542,368
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	170,530	182,211	187,012
Interest on indebtedness	2,656,606	2,666,223	2,637,654
Amortization of debt discount and expense	120,345	109,399	103,859
Earnings as adjusted	\$13,888,634	\$14,325,705	\$9,930,815
Fixed Charges			
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	\$170,530	\$182,211	\$187,012
Interest on indebtedness	2,656,606	2,666,223	2,637,654
Amortization of debt discount and expense	120,345	109,399	103,859
Pixed Charges	\$2,947,481	\$2,957,833	\$2,928,525
Ratio of Earnings to Fined Charges	471	4.84	3,39

# EXHIBIT 21 SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company
Sharp Energy, Inc.
Chesapeaks Services Company
United Systems, Inc.
Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.
Eastern Shore Real Estate

State Incorporated

Delaware
Delaware
Delaware
Georgia
Maryland
Maryland

Subsidiary of Eastern Share Natural Cas Company

**Dover Exploration Company** 

State Incorporated

Delaware

Subsidieries of Shern Energy, Inc.

Sharpgas, Inc. Sharpoil, Inc. State Incorporated

Delaware Delaware

Subsidiaries of Cheenneske Service Company

Skipjack, Inc.
Capital Data Systems, Inc.
Currin and Associates, Inc.
Chesapeake Investment Company

State Incorporated

Delaware North Carolina North Carolina Delaware

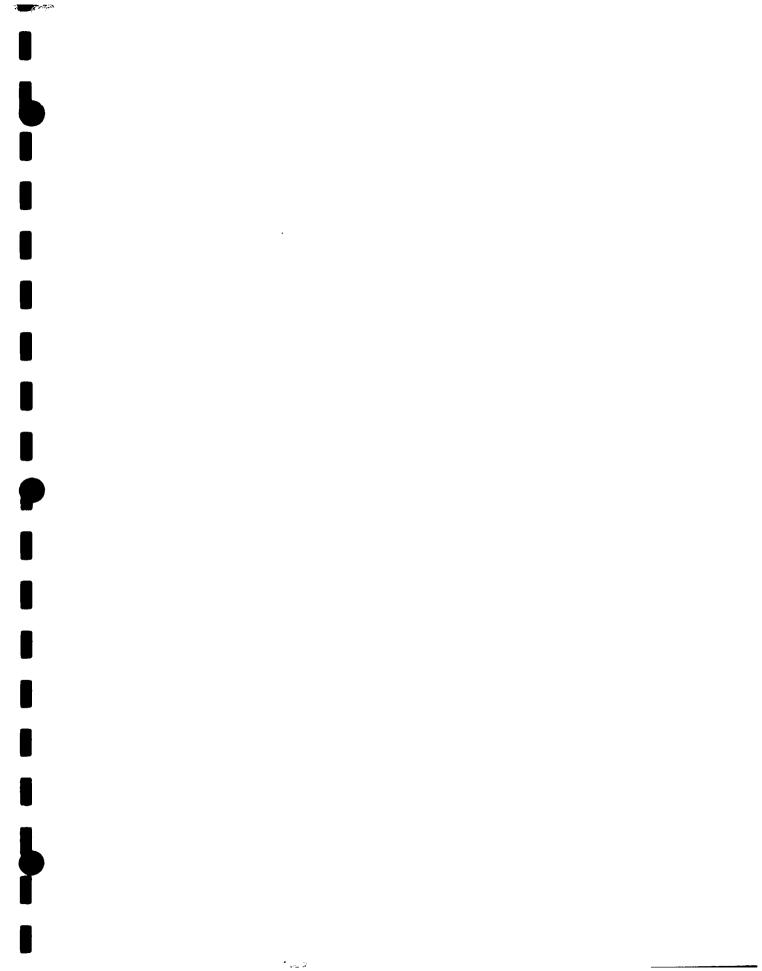
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#### CONSENT OF HUMBER CHRISTIPHED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectuses prepared in accordance with the requirements of Form S-2 (File No. 33-26582). Form S-3 (File Nos. 33-28391, and 33-64671) and Form S-8 (File No. 33-301175) of our report dated February 13, 1997 accompanying the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated financial statement achedule of Chasepeake Utilities Corporation as of December 31, 1996 and 1995 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1996 included in this Annual Report and Form 10-K of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland March 17, 1997 Chesepeake will provide, without charge, agon written request, a copy of any exhibit to Chesapeake's Annual Report on Form 10-K not included herewith.



### FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT PURBUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES pg EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended \_\_\_\_\_September 30, 1997 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES [] **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** For the Ampallian period from \_ Commission file number 001-11590 CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware 51-0084146 (State of other juriediction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.) 909 Silver Lake Bouleverd, Dover, Delawere 19904 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zio Code) (302) 734-6798 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No.{ }.

we distribute .

(Former name, former address and former flacal year, if changed since last report.)

Common Stock, per value \$.4867 - 4,481,394 shares issued as of September 30, 1997.

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 1997	December 31, 1996
Capitalization and Liabilities	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common Stock, per value \$.4867 per share;		
(authorized 12,000,000 shares; issued 4,481,394		
and 4,439,516 shares, respectively)	\$2,181,014	\$2,160,628
Additional paid-in capital	19,433,280	18,745,718
Retained earnings	26,947,737	26,957,049
Less:		
Unearned compensation - restricted stock awards	(234,348)	(364,529)
Net unrealized gain on marketable securities	64,560	38,598
Total stockholders' equity	48,392,243	47,537,464
Long-term debt, net of current portion	28,642,000	30,776,919
Total capitalization	77,034,243	78,314,383
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	659,868	1,285,938
Short-term borrowings	18,400,000	12,700,000
Accounts payable	6,348,741	14,426,983
Refunds payable to customers	336,575	353,734
Income taxes payable	216,574	
* Accrued Interest	619,444	741,768
Dividends payable	1,086,650	883,621
Other accrued expenses	3,862,271	3,733,235
Total current liabilities	31,530,123	34,125,279
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	10,230,179	9,798,676
Deferred investment tex credits	840,201	876,432
Environmental liability	6,501,506	6,660,088
Accrued pension costs:	2,230,258	1,866,660
Order 638 transition liability	0	943,209
Other liabilities	3,453,703	3,471,183
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	23,255,846	23,606,248
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$131,820,212	\$136,045,910

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

m.

For the Nine Months Ended

	September 30,	
	1997	1996
To.	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Operating Revenues	\$88,286,384	\$93,896,237
Operating Expenses		
Purchased gas costs	52,983,499	56,200,448
Operations	19,138,841	18,409,062
Maintenance	1,561,932	1,840,266
Depreciation and amortization	4,071,882	4,223,444
Other taxes	2,894,350	2,759,268
Income taxes	2,111,636	2 872,281
Total operating expenses	82,752,140	86,304,769
Operating Income	5,534,244	7,591,468
Other Income and Deductions	180,847	261,749
Income Before Interest Charges	5,715,091	7,853,217
Interest Charges 1997	2,395,330	2,114,528
Net Income	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):		
Primary:	20.74	04.00
Earnings per share	\$0.74	\$1.30
Average shares outstanding	4,488,482	4,423,878
Fully Diluted:	<b>A</b>	• • • • •
Earnings per share	\$0.73	\$1.26
Average shares outstanding	4,733,912	4,871,289

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(1) See Exhibit 11 - Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1997 (Unaudited)	(As restated)	
Operating Activities	(Crisconec)	(VP (defend)	
Net Income	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash	40,010,101	4011001000	
Depreciation and amortization	4,575,567	4,934,216	
Deferred income taxes, net	(275,145)	220,549	
Investment tax credit adjustments	(36,231)	(36,231)	
Employee benefits	363,597	328,412	
Employee compensation from lapsing stock restrictions	130,181	257,204	
Other	(1,109,270)	(420,383)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	7,131,804	6,721,321	
Inventory, materials, supplies and storage gas	(754,024)	(1,578,465)	
Prepaid expenses	191,641	(157,759)	
Other deferred charges	531,703	316,389	
Accounts payable	(8,078,242)	(5,173,828)	
Refunds payable to customers	(17,159)	(302,299)	
Over/(Under) recovered purchased gas costs	1,988,614	(631,181)	
Other current liabilities	336,226	474,175	
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,299,023	10,690,809	
Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, net	(9,565,768)	(9,372,957)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(9,565,768)	(9,372,957)	
Financing Activities			
Common stock dividends net of amounts reinvested of			
\$409,920 and \$426,341, respectively	(2,716,123)	(2,168,446)	
Net repayments under line of credit agreements	5,700,000	825,000	
Proceeds from issuance of stock to Company 401(k) plan	298,028	260,126	
Repayments of long-term debt	(2,760,989)	(586,646)	
Net cash used by financing activities	520,916	(1,669,966)	
Net Decrease in Cash	(745,829)	(352,114)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	2,213,529	1,395,614	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$1,467,700	\$1,043,500	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

incurred in connection with the remed be equitably entitled to contribu tion from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be les selected in the ROD.

- Care . . .

management's opinion that these costs and any future costs, net of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates. For additional information pertaining to the rider, piesse rafer to Public Service Commission authorized a process to review and provide recovery of all current and future unrecovered environmental costs incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to base rates, applicable to all firm service customers. As of September 30, 1997, \$966,000 of environmental costs are not included in the rider, effective December 1, 1996. With the rider mechanism established, it is "Environmental -- Dover Gas Light Site" on page 15 of the Company's report on Form 10-K. agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period beginning in 1990. In December 1995, the Delaware As of September 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$4.9 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remadial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement

Company began quarterly reporting of the remediation and monitoring results to the MDE. completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site. In addition, the Salisbury Town Gas Light Site in cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), in 1996 the Company

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$850,055 on December 31, 1996, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of September 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.3 million for remedial actions and environmental studies. In January 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental costs incurred through September 30, 1995 less amounts previously amortized and future costs incurred, will be recoverable in rates. \$2.3 million in costs reported above, approximately \$566,000 has not been recovered through insurance proceeds or received retermiting treatment. It is management's opinion that these and any insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization period was \$964,251. Of the

will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation. modified AS/SVE Pitot Study Work Pien, scope of work to complete the site assessment activities and a report describing a limited sediment investigation performed recently. The Company will be awaiting FDEP's comments to the modified Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action Plan described the Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction ("AS/SVE") pilot study to evaluate at the site. After discussions with the FDEP, the Company filed a In May 1998, the company filed an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for the Winter Haven site with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Work

recoverable in rates. Company had \$432,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be Service Commission to continue to scarue for future environmental costs. At September 30, 1997, the The company has spent and received ratemaking treatment of approximately \$678,000 on these investigations as of September 30, 1997. The Company has been allowed by the Florida Public mains. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant placed in service during the past twelve months. Other taxes were higher due to revenue related taxes and properly taxes.

#### **Natural Gas Transmission**

The natural gas transmission segment reported EBIT of \$777,484 for the third quarter of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$600,455 for the corresponding period last year — an increase of \$177,029. The increase in EBIT is primarily due to an increase in gross margin somewhat offset by higher expenses.

· · · ·	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEME			
8. 1	1997	1996	Chence	
Revenue	\$ 6,857,335	\$ 6,701,703	\$ 155,632	
Cost of Gas	5,078,678	5,109,832	(31,154)	
Gross Margin	1,778,557	1,591,871	186,766	
Operations & Maintenance	680,275	709,022	(28,747)	
Depreciation & Amortization	, a <b>223,926</b>	185,249	38,679	
Other Taxes	98,970	97,145	(175)	
EBIT	\$ 777,484	\$ 600,455	\$ 177,029	

The gross mergin increase was primarily the result of a rate increase that went into effect mid-April. The higher rates resulted from of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company's ("Eastern Shore") rate increase filing with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). Eastern Shore reached a settlement with FERC during the quarter, and any refund resulting from the settlement has been accrued, pending final approval. Operations expenses increased \$42,000, primarily in the areas of legal fees, outside services and corporate related costs offset by a decrease in payroll. Depreciation and amortization increased due to the capital additions placed in service during the past twelve months.

As previously reported, Eastern Shore filed with FERC an abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of public convenience to provide open access transportation service. Effective November 1, 1997, Eastern Shore initiated the provision of open access transportation services on its system. Eastern Shore will no longer sell gas, but has converted to a provider of contract storage and transportation services. Going forward, third party suppliers will compete with the Company to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system.

#### **Propers Distribution**

For the third quarter of 1997, the propose distribution segment experienced LBIT of \$1,165,868. These results were more favorable than those achieved for the corresponding quarter of 1996, with the segment recognizing a decrease in LBIT of \$25,261 over the third quarter 1996 LBIT of \$1,191,129. The decrease in LBIT was attributable to lower operating expenses partially offset by a decrease in grcss margin. The 1997 and 1996 financial results of the propose distribution segment include the operating results of Tri-County.

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1997

The Company recognized net income of \$3,319,761 for the nine months ended September 30, 1997, representing a decrease in net income of \$2,418,928 as compared to the corresponding period in 1998. The financial results for 1997 and 1998 include the operating results of Tri-County. As indicated in the table below, the decrease in EBIT is due to lower earnings in the natural gas and propane distribution segments, partially offset by increased earnings in transmission, advanced information services and other.

	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBE					
- Jack	1997	1996	Change			
Earnings Before Interest and						
Taxon						
Natural Gas Distribution	\$ 3,921,919	\$ 5,631,176	\$(1,709,257)			
Natural Gas Transmission	2,091,774	1,797,540	294,234			
Propane Distribution	224,979	1,886,140	(1,661,161)			
<b>Advanced Information Services</b>	975,681	770,100	205,581			
Eliminations & Other	431,527	378,793	52,734			
Total EBIT	7,845,880	10,463,749	(2,817,889)			
Operating Income Taxes	2,111,636	2,872,281	(760,645)			
Interest ***	2,305,330	2,114,528	280,802			
Non-Operating Income, Net	180,847	261,749	(80,902)			
Net Income	\$ 3,319,761	\$ 5,738,689	\$ (2,418,928)			

#### Natural Gas Distribution

The natural gas distribution segment reported EBIT of \$3,921,919 for the first nine months of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$5,631,176 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in EBIT is due to a reduction in gross margin, coupled with increased expenses.

EAD THE	MINE MACAIT	LTG ENDED	REDTEMBED	30
TOR ITE	MINE MUN	I U2 EUDED	SEPTEMBER	30.

Revenue . Cost of Gas	1997 953,778,515 37,432,642	1996 \$54691434 37,729,820	\$ (912,819) (297,178)
Gross Margin	16,345,973	16,961,614	(615,641)
Operations & Maintenance	8,232,520	7,269,995	962,525
Depreciation & Amortization	2,371,871	2,324,536	47,335
Other Taxes	1,919,063	1,825,907	93,756
EBIT	\$ 3,821,919	\$ 5,541,176	\$(1,719,257)

The decrease in gross margin is primarily due to first quarter temperatures which were 14% warmer than the first quarter in 1996, resulting in an 11% reduction in deliveries during that period. Partially offsetting the decrease in margin was an \$89,000 increase in service work revenue. Operations expenses increased in the areas of billiable service work, legal fees, outside services, data processing and regulatory related expenses. Maintenance expenses primarily increased in mains, meters and regulators. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant placed in service during the last twelve months.

#### **Advanced Information Services**

For the nine months ended September 30, the advanced information services segment recognized an EBIT of \$975,681 and \$770,100 for 1997 and 1996, respectively. This increase in EBIT of \$206,581 is the outcome of higher revenue and lower operating expenses.

#### FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

F	1997	1996	Change
Revenue	\$ 5,064,733	\$ 5,482,677	\$ 472,056
Operations & Maintenance	4,641,232	4,395,184	246,048
Depreciation & Amortization	84,175	102,978	(18,803)
Other Texes	253,645	214,415	39,230
EBIT '	\$ 975,681	\$ 770,100	\$ 205,581

The increase in revenue occurred primarity in consulting and resource services due to a rise in demand for PROGRESS training and programmers. Operations expenses were higher due to billable compensation directly related to increases in revenue, non-billable compensation and other costs related to overall growth.

#### Interest

The increase in interest expense is associated with higher short-term borrowing balances, as compared to the same period last year.

#### **Operating Income Taxes**

Operating income taxes decreased \$760,645 due to a reduction in EBIT and the lack of income tax expense recorded by Tri-County in 1995, offset by a one-time expense of \$318,000 recorded during the first quarter. The one-time expense was required to establish deferred income taxes for Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., acquired during the first quarter of 1997. Prior to the acquisition, Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. was a Subchapter 8 Corporation for income tax reporting; therefore, no deferred income taxes were recorded on its balance sheet. In addition, the Company's 1995 restated financial statements do not include any income tax expense on EBIT reported for Tri-County due to its 1996 Subchapter S status.

#### Non-Operating Income

The decrease in 1997 is related primarity to a reduction in interest income and AFUDC. In addition, 1996 includes a one-time gain on the sale of real property.

#### **Environmental Metters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impacts and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any future costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in future rates.

#### PART II OTHER INFORMATION

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 1: ..

Legal Processings
See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Changes in Securities Item 2:

None

**Defaults Upon Senior Securities** Item 3:

None

Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Other Information Item 5:

None

Item 6(a): **Exhibits** 

Exhibit 11 - Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share is submitted

Item 6 (b): Reports on Form 8-

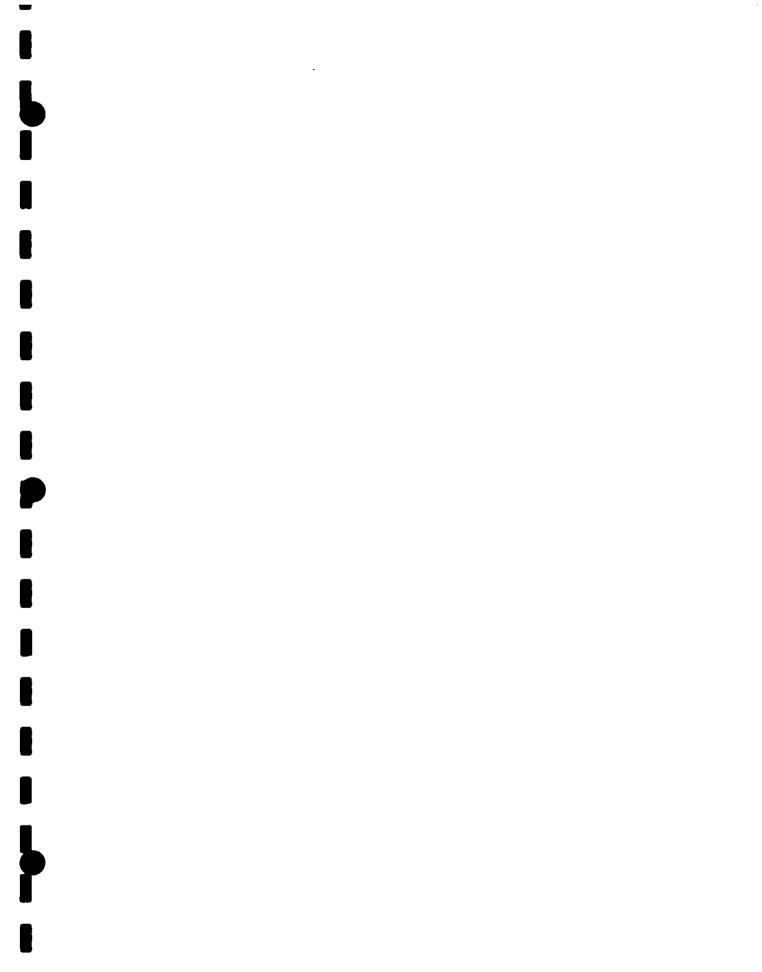
None

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### EXHIBIT 11 COMPUTATION OF PRIMARY AND FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

	For the C Ended Septe		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	1997	1996	1997	1996		
Primary earnings per share calculation:						
Weighted average number of shares	4.502.279	4.442.713	4,488,482	4,423,878		
Consolidated net income	(\$739,193)	(\$747,779)	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689		
rimary earnings per share	(\$0.16)	(\$0.17)	\$0.74	\$1.30		
Fully diluted earings per share calculation:	W. 4576					
Weighted average number of shares	4,567,798	4,445,501	4,493,708	4,427,862		
Contingent shares related to assumed conversion of convertible debt	.200,000	242,171	240,204	249 427		
Weighted average number of shares assuming		492,171	210,201	243,427		
full dilution	4.747.737	4.667.672	4,733,912	4,671,289		
Adjusted income	1834					
Consolidated net income	(\$739,193)	(\$747,779)	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689		
interest on convertible debt	84,882	B5,438	252,157	255,775		
Less: Applicable income taxes	(33,104)	(33,321)	(98,341)	(99,752)		
Adjusted net income	(\$267.A15)	(\$695,662)	\$3,473,577	\$5,894,712		
Fully diluted earnings per share	(20.14)	(\$0,15)	\$0.73	\$1.26		

<sup>(1)</sup> This calculation is submitted in accordance with Regulation S-K item 601(b)(11), although it is contrary to paragraph 40 of APB Opinion No. 15, because it produces an anti-dilutive result for the quarters ended September 30, 1997 and 1996.



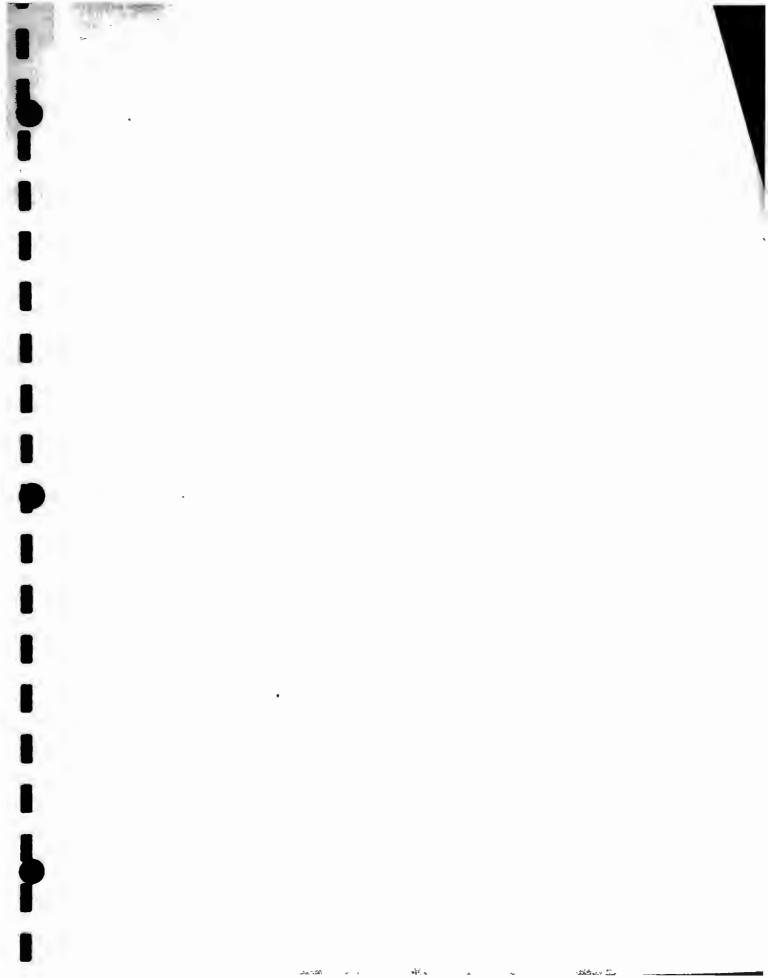
SCHOOLS NO. 2

Rate of Return, Actual Annualized and Pro Forma For the Twelve Months Ended September 30, 1987

UNAUDITED

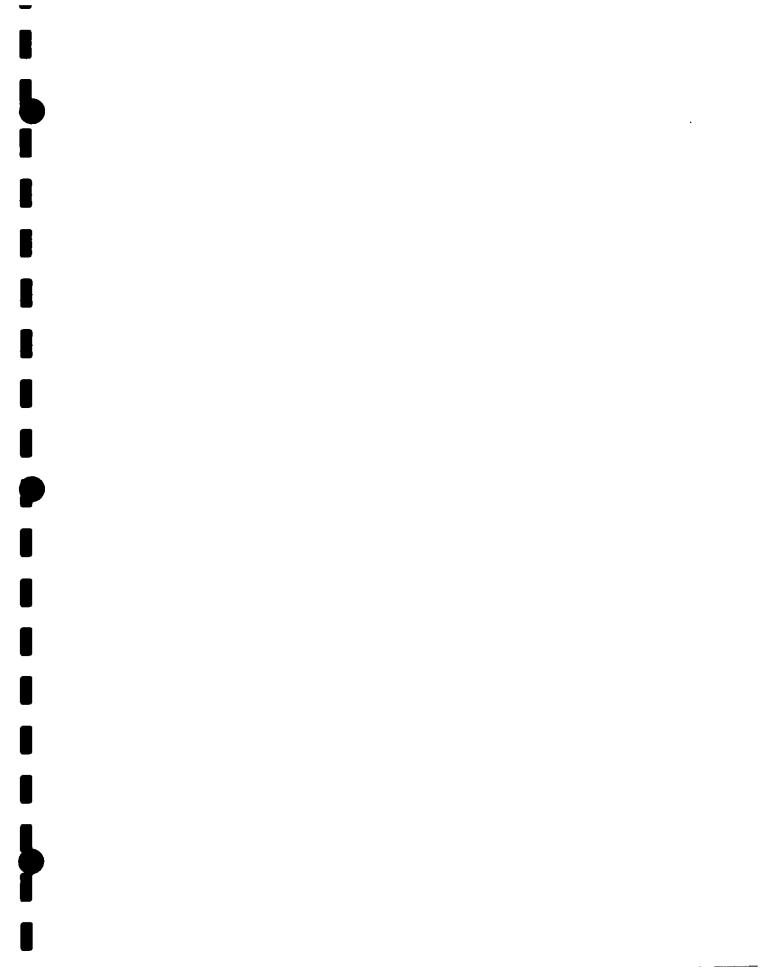
				13		1.5	377	list.	200	m sn.	প্রয়ে গু	and side	-	47		•
15 Return on average common equity (11/13)	14 Return on average capitalization (7/12)	13 Average common equity	*: 12 Average capitalization	11 Earnings available to common equity (\$-10)	10 Preferred stock dividends	9 Net Income From Continuing Operations (7-8)	8 Interset Charges (Including debt portion of AFUDC)	7 Income Before Interest Charges (4+5+6)	6 Other Income, Net	8 AFUDC (Equity Only)	4 Operating Income (1-(2+3))	3 Income taxes (including Deferrals)	2 Operating expenses before income taxes	1 Operating revenues	Statement of Income	
10.70%	10.86%	\$48,465,506	\$77,000,767	\$5,185,967	3 <i>a</i> 2	\$5,185,967	\$3,244,141	\$8,430,128	\$276,963	\$101,384	\$8,062,781	\$3,186,411	\$113,430,232	\$124,000,424		ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
		*	\$77,000,767 🐺 \$10,000,000	(\$122,320)	8	(0cs.2216)	\$122,320	8	8	*	8	*	*	*		ADJUSTMENT
10.45%	9.61%	\$48,455,505	\$87,090,787	\$6,083,067		\$5,083,687	\$3,396,461	\$6,430,128	\$275,963	\$101,384	\$8,052,781	\$3,186,411	\$113,430,232	\$124,669,424		PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
		\$196,536	\$196,536	\$63,366		\$53,385	Ĺ	\$89,907	\$1,290	*	\$88,617	\$34,730	\$1,416,291	\$1,539,638		ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK
10.52%	9,00%	\$48,651,041	\$87,894,323	86,117,062	***	\$5,117,062	\$36,522 \$3,402,983	\$0,520,036	\$277,253	\$101,384	\$8,141,388	83,221,141	\$114,846,523	\$126,209,062		AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY

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Ion Ratios Actual & Pro Forms as of September 30, 1997

TYPE OF CAPITAL COMMON FOUTTY CHROSENT PORTION OF LTD THE PRESENT COMMON STOCK PAD IN CAPITAL RETANGED EARSHINGS HORT-TERM DEST TOTAL COMMON EQUITY ACCOUNT GENERAL SERVICES TOTAL CAPITALIZATION RET MORTBAGE BONDS MANUAL CAPITAL AMOUNT OUTSTANDING \$95,094,111 \$2,181,014 1111 19,433,279 18,400,000 13224 ACTUAL BEFORE IBSUANCE TOTAL 100,007 27.87% 2022% 20.30% 227% 0.00% 4.75% ADJUSTNENT 10,000,000 AMOUNT OUTSTANDING 28,777,950 805.094,111 19,433,279 \$2,181,014 48,382,243 4 60 0 PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE 1,400,000 NO. 100,00% 50.38% 20.22% 27.87% 227% 200% 077 STOCK SMM 612 \$16,061 144,538 185,538 34,930 AMOUNT OUTSTANDING PRO FORMA
AFTER ISSUANCE OF
EQUITY **896, 836, 723** \$2,197,075 31,942,000 20,922.488 19,468,218 49,597,779 87 229 77 30,000,00 8,049,076 4,082,00 4,500,000 FOLK SOF 100,00% BILE 20,00% 20.00 227% NO. 2007 KE



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bad Charge Coverage Ratios or the Twake Months Ended Septem

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Giant Corongo, (after Japanes terms) before AFLEC	Orand Corongo, (after bisques laure)	After Income Temp, of Integral, before AFUDC	After Income Planes, of Inspect	Before brooms Taxes, est interest, before AFLOC	Before Income Taxes, all interest	Modified Indenture Method	Overall Coverage, (after Income taxes) before AFUDC	Overall Coverage, (after income taxes)	After Income Taxes, all Interest, before AFUDC	After Income Taxes, all Interest	Before Income Tesse, all Interest, before AFUDC	Before Income Taxes, all interset	Par Financial Statements	Type of Method	
1,0100	1,0001	1.0100	10001	3,000	3.0011		1.4800	1.5167	1.4860	1.5187	3.4026	3.4323	BEFORE	ACTUAL	HISTO
1.8101	1.54	roint.	1,0430	200	3.9480		1.4923	1.5216	1.4823	1.5216	3.3979	3.4273	OF EQUITY	PRO FORMA AFTER	RICAL
1,000	1.7322	1.0903	1,732	2.7710	3,8030		1.4378	1.4002	1.4376	1.4002	3.3196	3.3482	BEFORE		ANNUAL
1.0005	1.7200	1.0005	1.7290	3.7808	3,7980		1.4036	1.4319	1.4036	1.4319	3.2863	3.3146	OF EQUITY	AFTER	UZED

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#### STATE OF DELAWARE

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE CONGISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION	)	
OF CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION	)	
FOR APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF	)	PSC DOCKET NO. 98-86
25,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK	)	
(FILED MARCH 2,1998 AND	)	
AMENDED MARCH 17, 1998)	)	

#### ORDER NO. 4758

AND NOW, to-wit, on this 24th day of March, 1998, the Applicant, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake" or the "Company"), having sought Commission approval to issue 25,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of consummating the acquisition by the Company, acting through a subsidiary (CPK Sub-B), of all of the issued and outstanding common stock of Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service ("SSWC"), presently a family-owned company specializing in residential, commercial, and industrial water treatment systems and irrigation headquartered in Salisbury, Maryland, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") filed with the above-referenced application;

and, after the consummation of the merger, the surviving company continuing to use the name SSWC will be operated as a subsidiary of Chesapeake;

AND, the Commission having examined the Company's original and amended application and having made such investigation in connection with said matters as the Commission deemed necessary, and having heard the presentation of the Company and the Commission Staff at the Commission meeting of March 24, 1998;

AND, the Commission having been advised by Staff of certain concerns that Staff has regarding said merger and its potential effect on ratepayers of the Delaware Division of Chesapeake and the Company having agreed to said conditions;

AND, the Commission having been advised, and having determined, that the proposed issuance of 25,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock to consummate the Merger Agreement is in accordance with law, for a proper purpose, and consistent with the public interest; now, therefore,

#### IT IS ORDERED THAT:

1. The application filed by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation in this matter on or about March 2, 1998, and amended on March 17, 1998, is hereby approved, and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is hereby authorized to issue up to 25,000 shares of

Chesapeake common stock to consummate the above-described acquisition of Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc.

- 2. Said approval is based upon Chesapeake's representation and guarantee: (1) that no expenses associated with this transaction shall be recovered, in the future, in rates from Delaware Division ratepayers; and (2) that the Company will quantify and allocate to Delaware Division ratepayers those savings in corporate overhead expenses that may be achieved through and as a result of said transaction.
- Commission shall not be construed as approving any capitalization ratios that result for any purposes or procedures involving ratemaking; nor are the Commission's rules regarding the burden of proving the merits of any related issue waived hereby. The Commission's approval of Chesapeake's application is limited to that which is necessary under 26 Del. C. § 215.
- 4. Nothing in this Order shall be construed as a guarantee, warranty, or representation by the State of Delaware or by any agency, commission, or department hereof, with respect to the shares to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement and this Order.

- 5. Chesapeake shall file with this Commission a written report within sixty (60) days of the closing of the merger transaction setting forth the steps which have been taken in connection with such transaction including, but not limited to, the resulting capitalization ratios arising from the issuance of Chesapeake's common stock.
- 6. The Commission reserves the jurisdiction and authority to enter such further Orders in this matter as may be deemed necessary or proper.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:

Charrman

Vice Chairman

Commissioner

Commissioner

Commissioner

ATTEST:

Secretary

#### AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of April 28, 1998, by and among Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Chesapeake"), CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake ("CPK-Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr. and Patrick E. Armand, residents of Texas (each individually a "Shareholder," together, the "Shareholders," and with Xeron collectively, the "Sellers").

#### ARTICLE I THE MERGER

SECTION 1.1 The Merger. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions hereof, as promptly as practicable following the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions set forth in Article VIII hereof, but in no event later than two business days thereafter, unless the parties hereto shall otherwise agree, articles of merger (the "Articles of Merger") and a certificate of merger (the "Certificate of Merger") providing for the merger of CPK-Sub-C with and into Xeron (the "Merger") shall be duly prepared, executed and filed by Xeron, as the surviving corporation (the "Surviving Corporation"), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Mississippi General Corporation Law (the "MGCL") and the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") and the Merger shall become effective. Following the Merger, the Surviving Corporation shall continue under the same name as Xeron and the separate corporate existence of CPK-Sub-C shall cease. The date and time the Merger becomes effective is referred to herein as the "Effective Time." Immediately prior to the filing of the Articles of Merger and the Certificate of Merger, a closing (the "Closing") shall take place at the offices of Xeron in Houston, Texas or at such other place and at such time as the parties shall agree.

SECTION 1.2 Effects of the Merger. The Merger shall have the effects set forth in Section(s) 79-4-11.01 through 79-4-11.07 of the MGCL and Sections 259, 260 and 261 of the DGCL.

SECTION 1.3 Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws. The Articles of Incorporation of Xeron and the By-laws of CPK-Sub-C (both of which have been heretofore delivered by Xeron to Chesapeake or Chesapeake to Xeron, as the case may be), in each case as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, shall be the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws of the Surviving Corporation until duly amended in accordance with applicable law.

SECTION 1.4 <u>Directors</u>. The directors of CPK-Sub-C immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial directors of the Surviving Corporation and shall hold office until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws of the Surviving Corporation, or their earlier death, resignation or removal.

SECTION 1.5 Officers. The officers of CPK-Sub-C immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial officers of the Surviving Corporation and shall serve as the officers of the Surviving Corporation at the pleasure of the Board of Directors of the Surviving Corporation.

SECTION 1.6 Conversion of Shares. At the Effective Time, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of the holders thereof:

- (a) Subject to Section 2.2, each issued and outstanding share of common stock, par value \$10.00 per share, of Xeron (the "Xeron Common Stock") shall automatically be converted into the right to receive (the "Stock Consideration") that number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of Chesapeake (the "Chesapeake Common Stock"), which shall be determined by dividing a total of 475,000 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock by the aggregate number of shares of Xeron Common Stock outstanding at the Effective Time, provided that in the event of a stock split or reverse stock split of the Chesapeake Common Stock prior to the Effective Time, the number of shares of Chesapeake Common Stock to be issued shall be adjusted proportionately to prevent either dilution or enlargement of the rights of the Shareholders.
- (b) Each share of capital stock of Xeron that is held in the treasury of Xeron shall be canceled and retired and cease to exist and no consideration shall be issued in exchange therefor.
- (c) The issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of CPK-Sub-C shall be converted into and become, in the aggregate, one thousand fully paid and nonassessable shares of common stock of the Surviving Corporation.

### ARTICLE II EXCHANGE OF SHARES

SECTION 2.1 Surrender of Certificates. At the Effective Time, each of the Shareholders shall surrender the certificate or certificates that formerly represented that Shareholder's shares of Xeron Common Stock to the Surviving Corporation, and shall thereupon receive in exchange therefor the Stock Consideration for each share of Xeron Common Stock formerly represented by such certificate or certificates, and the certificates so surrendered shall forthwith be cancelled.

SECTION 2.2 No Fractional Shares. No certificate or scrip representing fractional shares of Chesapeake Common Stock shall be issued upon the surrender for exchange of certificates of Xeron Common Stock, and such fractional share interests will not entitle the owner thereof to vote or to any rights of a shareholder of Chesapeake. In lieu of any such fractional share interest, Chesapeake shall pay to each shareholder of

1. 18.1°

Xeron who otherwise would be entitled to receive a fractional share of Chesapeake Common Stock (after aggregating all certificates formerly representing shares of Xeron Common Stock held by the same holder) an amount of cash determined by multiplying (i) the average of the closing prices of Chesapeake Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), as reported by The Wall Street Journal, for the twenty (20) consecutive trading days immediately preceding the second day prior to the Effective Time, by (ii) the fraction of a share of Chesapeake Common Stock to which such holder would otherwise be entitled pursuant to Section 1.6(a) of this Agreement.

# ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE SELLERS

Each of the Sellers represents and warrants to Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C as follows:

#### SECTION 3.1 Corporate Organization.

- (a) Xeron is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Mississippi and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. Section 3.1(a) of the disclosure schedule to be delivered to Chesapeake prior to the data of this Agreement (the "Xeron Disclosure Schedule") sets forth the name of each jurisdiction in which Xeron is qualified or licensed to do business. Xeron is duly qualified or licensed to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the property owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of the business conducted by it makes such qualification or licensing necessary unless failure to qualify would not result in a material adverse effect on Xeron. Xeron has heretofore delivered to Chesapeake accurate and complete copies of its Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws, as in effect as of the date of this Agreement.
- (b) Xeron does not own, directly or indirectly, any capital stock or other equity securities or similar interest in any corporation, partnership, joint venture, or other business association or entity except as set forth in Section 3.1(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule.

SECTION 3.2 <u>Capitalization</u>. The authorized capital stock of Xeron consists of 7500 shares of Xeron Common Stock, of which 6750 shares are issued and outstanding. All of the issued and outstanding shares of Xeron Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. There are no subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities or other agreements or commitments of any character (whether or not currently exercisable) obligating Xeron to issue, transfer or sell any of its securities. Section 3.2 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth (i) the name

of the holder and beneficial owner of each outstanding share of Xeron Common Stock, and (ii) the number of shares of Xeron Common Stock held by such holder.

#### SECTION 3.3 Authority Relative to this Agreement: Binding Effect.

- (a) Xeron has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly authorized and approved by the Board of Directors of Xeron and by the unanimous vote or written consent of the shareholders of Xeron and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Xeron are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Xeron and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of Xeron, enforceable against Xeron in accordance with its terms.
- (b) This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each Seller and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of each Seller, enforceable against each Seller in accordance with its terms.

SECTION 3.4 Consents and Approvals: No Violations. Except for the filing and recordation of the Articles of Merger, as required by the MGCL, and the Certificate of Merger, as required by the DGCL, and as set forth in Section 3.4 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, no filing with or notification to, and no permit, authorization. consent, waiver or approval of, any government, executive official thereof, governmental or regulatory authority, agency, commission, or court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign (a "Governmental Entity"), is necessary for the consummation by the Sellers of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Except as set forth in Section 3.4 of Xeron Disclosure Schedule, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Sellers nor the consummation by the Sellers of the transactions contemplated hereby nor compliance by the Sellers with any of the provisions hereof will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Articles of Incorporation or By-laws of Xeron, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancellation or acceleration or result in the creation of any mortgage, pledge, charge, security interest, claim or encumbrance of any kind (collectively, a "Lien")) under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which any Seller is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets may be bound, or (iii) violate any order, writ, injunction. decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Sellers or any of their properties or assets.

SECTION 3.5 Absence of Certain Changes. Except as and to the extent set forth in Section 3.5 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, since November 30, 1997 Xeron has not:

- (a) suffered any Material Adverse Change; "Material Adverse Change" means (i) any material change in the nature of Xeron's business, assets, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects, (ii) the loss of a material contract (other than spot contracts which have been performed by the parties thereto in accordance with their terms), and (iii) any change that creates a material limitation on the ability of Xeron to conduct its business as heretofore conducted;
- (b) paid, discharged or otherwise satisfied any material claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) other than the payment, discharge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;
- (c) permitted or allowed any of its material property or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible) to be subjected to any Liens, except for (i) Liens for current taxes or other governmental charges not yet due and payable, or the amount or validity of which is being contested by the appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established and is reflected in the Financial Statements (as defined below), (ii) Liens disclosed in Sections 3.23(b) and 3.23(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, (iii) Liens of carriers, warehousemen and mechanics and similar Liens incurred in the ordinary course of business, and (iv) zoning, entitlement and other land use regulations (collectively, "Permitted Liens");
- (d) sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of any of its properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible), except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;
- (e) granted any increase in the compensation or benefits of any director, officer or employee (including any such increase pursuant to any bonus, pension, profit sharing or other plan or commitment) or any increase in the compensation or benefits payable or to become payable to any director, officer or employee, and no such increase is customary on a periodic basis or required by agreement or understanding;
  - (f) made any change in Xeron's severance policy or practices;
- (g) made any expenditure capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or acquired any property or assets for a cost in excess of \$25,000, in the aggregate, other than in the ordinary course of business;
- (h) declared, paid or set aside for payment any dividend or other distribution in respect of its capital stock or redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock or other securities of Xeron;

- (i) made any change in any method of tax or financial accounting or accounting practice or made or changed any election for Federal income tax purposes;
- (j) paid, loaned or advanced any amount to, or sold, transferred or leased any properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible) to, or entered into any agreement or arrangement with, any of its officers, directors or shareholders or any affiliate or associate of any of its officers, directors or shareholders except for directors' fees, and compensation to officers at rates not exceeding the rates of compensation paid during the six month period immediately prior to November 30, 1997;
- (k) agreed or planned, whether in writing or otherwise, to take any action described in this Section.

SECTION 3.6 Financial Statements. Xeron shall have furnished to Chesapeake prior to the date of this Agreement audited balance sheets for the last two completed fiscal years, audited statements of income, equity and cash flows of Xeron for the last three completed fiscal years and an unaudited balance sheet and statement of income for the nine month period ending February 28, 1998 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"). The audited financial statements are true, correct and complete in all material respects, fairly present, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in Section 3.6 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule) the financial position of Xeron as of the dates thereof and its consolidated results of operations and changes in financial position and changes in stockholders equity and cash flows for the periods then ended. Such unaudited balance sheet and statement of income shall be certified by the Chief Executive Officer of Xeron as having been prepared under his supervision; as presenting the financial position of Xeron in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied (except as may be indicated in Section 3.6 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule); to be true, correct and complete in all material respects; and to reflect accurately the results of operations of Xeron for such nine month period.

SECTION 3.7 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as and to the extent provided in the Financial Statements or Section 3.7 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron does not have any material liabilities (whether contingent or absolute, direct or indirect, known or unknown to Xeron or matured or unmatured) not fully reflected or fully reserved against in the Financial Statements. Except as set forth in Section 3.7 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, since November 30, 1997, Xeron has not incurred any liability except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice.

SECTION 3.8 No Default. Except as set forth in Section 3.8 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron is not in default or violation (and no event has occurred that with notice or the lapse of time or both would constitute a default or violation) of any term, condition or provision of (i) its Certificate of Incorporation or its

By-laws, (ii) any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Xeron is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets are bound, or (iii) any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to Xeron or any of its properties or assets, unless any such default or violation would not have a material adverse effect on Xeron.

SECTION 3.9 Litisation. Except as set forth in Section 3.9 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, there is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, or investigation pending or, to the knowledge of Xeron, threatened involving Xeron or any of its properties or assets. Neither Xeron nor any of its properties or assets is subject to any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award. There is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration or investigation initiated by Xeron that is currently pending or that Xeron presently intends to initiate.

Section 3.10 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, the business of Xeron has not been conducted in violation of any applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decree or order of any Governmental Entity, unless such violation will not result in a material adverse effect on Xeron. Xeron holds all permits, licenses, variances, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Entities necessary for the lawful conduct of its businesses (the "Xeron Permits") and is in compliance with the terms of the Xeron Permits, unless the failure to obtain any Xeron Permits or be in compliance therewith will not result in a material adverse effect on Xeron. Except as set forth in Section 3.10 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has not received any notification of any asserted present or past failure by Xeron to comply with such laws, rules or regulations or such Xeron Permits which have not been previously cured, and there is, to the knowledge of Xeron, no pending audit, investigation or other review by any Governmental Entity to determine the existence of any violation of such laws, rules or regulations or such Xeron Permits.

#### SECTION 3.11 Taxes.

- (a) Since June 1, 1979, Xeron has been a C corporation for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Code").
- Statements for all Taxes (as hereinafter defined) ("tax liability amounts") are adequate to cover all unpaid liabilities for all Taxes, whether or not disputed, that have accrued or will accrue with respect to or are applicable to the period ended on and including the Effective Time (including, without limitation, as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) or to any years and periods prior thereto and for which Xeron may be directly or contingently liable in its own right or as a transferee of the assets of, or successor to, any person; provided, however, that with respect to tax liability amounts reflected on the unaudited financial statements for the nine-month period ending February

- 28, 1998, the term "adequate" means that such amounts are reasonable estimates made in good faith based on currently available information. Except as set forth in Section 3.11(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has incurred no Tax liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business for any taxable year for which the applicable statute of limitations has not expired. There are no Liens for Taxes (other than Liens for current Taxes not yet due and payable, or the amount or validity of which is being contested by the appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established and is reflected in the Financial Statements) upon the properties or assets of Xeron. Xeron has not granted or been requested to grant any waiver of any statutes of limitations applicable to any claim for Taxes. Xeron has made no elections for federal income tax purposes, except for customary elections for inventory, amortization and depreciation.
- (c) Xeron (i) has filed (or has had filed on its behalf) or has caused to be filed timely all Tax Returns (as hereinafter defined) required by applicable law to be filed and (ii) has paid all Taxes shown thereon as owing. To the knowledge of Xeron, each such Tax Return is true, accurate and complete and Xeron has paid all Taxes as are due, except such as are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which Xeron is maintaining reserves adequate for their payment. All Taxes that Xeron is required by law to withhold or collect, including sales and use taxes, and amounts required to be withheld for Taxes of employees and other withholding taxes, have been duly withheld or collected and, to the extent required, have been paid over in a timely manner to the proper governmental authorities or are held in separate bank accounts for such purpose.
- (d) No extensions of time have been granted for Xeron to file any Tax Return required by applicable law to be filed, which have expired, without such Tax Return having been filed.
- Disclosure Schedule, none of the Tax Returns filed by or on behalf of Xeron are currently undergoing any Audit (as hereinafter defined), Xeron has received no noti e that any Tax Return will undergo any Audit, and no facts exist that would constitute grounds for the assessment against Xeron of any material additional Taxes by any governmental authority for periods that have not been audited. No material issues have been raised in any Audit by any governmental authority with respect to the business and operations of Xeron that, by application of similar principles, reasonably could be expected to result in a proposed adjustment to the liability for Taxes for any other period not so examined. No deficiency or adjustment for any Taxes has been threatened, proposed, asserted, or assessed against Xeron.
- (f) No power of attorney has been granted by Xeron with respect to any matter relating to Taxes which is currently in force.

- (g) Xeron is not a party to any agreement providing for the allocation or sharing of Taxes.
- (h) Xeron has not entered into any agreement that would result in the disallowance of any tax deduction pursuant to Code Section 280G.
- (i) No "consent" within the meaning of Code Section 341(f) has been filed with respect to Xeron.
- (j) Except as disclosed in Section 3.11(j) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron is not subject to any arrangement that (a) gives rise to a deduction or loss before the Effective Time and a corresponding recognition of taxable gain or income after the Effective Time or (b) gives rise to the recognition of taxable income or gain after the Effective Time without the receipt of a corresponding amount of cash.
- (k) None of the Shareholders is a "foreign person" as defined in Code Section 1445(f)(3).
- (l) None of the assets of Xeron constitutes tax-exempt bond financed property or tax-exempt use property within the meaning of Code Section 168, and none of the assets reflected on the Financial Statements is subject to a lease, safe harbor lease or other arrangement as a result of which Xeron is not treated as the owner of such assets for federal income tax purposes.
- (m) The basis of all depreciable or amortizable assets, and the methods used in determining allowable depreciation or amortization (including cost recovery) deductions of Xeron, are materially correct and in compliance with the Code.
- (n) To the knowledge of Xeron, Xeron is not required to make any material adjustment under Code Section 481(a) by reason of a change or proposed change in accounting method or otherwise.

#### (o) For purposes of this Section:

(i) the term "Taxes" shall mean all taxes, charges, fees, duties (including customs duties), levies or other assessments, including income, gross receipts, net proceeds, ad valorem, turnover, real and personal property (tangible and intangible), sales, use, franchise, excise, value added, stamp, leasing, lease, user, transfer, fuel, excess profits, occupational, interest equalization, windfall profits, severance, license, payroll, environmental, capital stock, disability, employee's income withholding, other withholding, unemployment and Social Security taxes, which are imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign

governmental authority, and such term shall include any interest, penalties or additions to tax attributable thereto;

- (ii) the term "Tax Return" shall include all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns, declarations, statements, reports, schedules, forms and information returns and any amended Tax Return relating to Taxes; and
- (iii) the term "Audit" shall include any taxing authority's audit, assessment of Taxes, or other examination proceedings or appeal of such proceedings relating to Taxes.

### SECTION 3.12 Benefit Plans and Arrangements

- (a) Section 3.12(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule contains a list of all employee benefits, plans or arrangements (whether or not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder ("ERISA"), and whether written or oral) that Xeron has maintained or to which it has contributed at any time for the benefit of its employees (the "Employee Benefit Plans").
- (b) Xeron has provided Chesapeake with a true and complete copy of each of the following for the Employee Benefit Plans which are currently in effect: the current plan document, including any amendments thereto, the most recent summary plan description, annual reports on form 5500 for the three most recent years (if such forms were required to be filed), and any trust agreements, insurance contracts, service provider agreements or similar agreements. Xeron has no plan or commitment, whether legally binding or not, to create any additional benefit plans or arrangements or to change the terms of the Employee Benefits Plans.
- provisions of ERISA and the Code and all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations with respect to the Eraployee Benefit Plans except for compliance failure(s) that individually or in the aggregate would not have a material adverse effect on Xeron. The Employee Benefit Plans are not subject to any ongoing audit or other administrative proceeding of any governmental entity, and are not the subject of any pending application for administrative relief under any program of the IRS, the Department of Labor, or any other governmental entity. Xeron has disclosed in Section 3.12(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule all material liabilities with respect to the Employee Benefit Plans to Chesapeake. There are no pending or threatened claims (other than routine claims for benefits) against the Employee Benefit Plans by any person. The Employee Benefit Plans are not multiemployer plans within the meaning of ERISA except as set forth in Section 3.12(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule. The Employee Benefit Plans can be terminated, without penalty, with no requirement for the further provision of benefits.

within a period of 30 days. None of the representations in this Section will be affected by the occurrence of the Merger.

### SECTION 3.13 Environmental Matters.

- (a) Except as set forth in Section 3.13 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, neither Xeron nor any Shareholder has learned, been advised, or received any communication (written or oral), whether from a governmental authority, citizens group, employee or otherwise that alleges or suggests that Xeron or any Shareholder is not in full compliance with the Environmental Laws. Section 3.13 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule lists the permits or other governmental authorizations that Xeron has pursuant to the Environmental Laws.
- (b) To the knowledge of Xeron, there are no Environmental Claims (as hereinafter defined) pending or threatened against Xeron or any Shareholder or against any person or entity whose liability for any Environmental Claim Xeron or any Shareholder has retained, or has assumed either contractually or by operation of law and neither Xeron nor any Shareholder knows of any facts or allegations that could result in future Environmental Claims.
- (c) To the knowledge of Xeron, none of the Real Property, as such term is defined in Section 3.23, nor any property owned or leased by Xeron is on the National Priorities List or the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System, and no such property is a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act "permitted facility." No such property is permitted by the state in which it is located to be used as a landfill or disposal site of any type.
- (d) To the knowledge of Xeron, Section 3.13 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule lists all tanks that have been owned, leased, operated or used by Xeron, or which are currently used by Xeron and are located on the Real Property, as such term is defined in Section 3.23.

## (e) For purposes of this Agreement:

(i) "Environmental Claim" means any claim, action, cause of action, litigation, proceeding, order, decree, investigation or notice (written or oral) by any person or entity alleging potential liability or responsibility (including, without limitation, potential liability or responsibility for investigatory costs, cleanup costs, costs of compliance with laws, requirements, guidelines. or orders, governmental response costs, natural resources damages, property damages, personal injuries, or penalties) arising out of, based on or resulting from (a) the presence, or release into the environment, of any Materials of Environmental Concern at any location, whether or not owned or operated by Xeron or

- (b) circumstances forming the basis of any violation, or alleged violation, of any Environmental Laws.
- (ii) "Environmental Laws" means all Federal, state, local and foreign laws, regulations, ordinances, rules, guidelines, orders, directives, judgments and determinations relating in any way to pollution or protection of human health or the environment (including, without limitation, ambient air, surface water, ground water, land surface or subsurface strata), including, without limitation, laws and regulations relating to emissions, discharges, releases or threatened releases of Materials of Environmental Concern, or otherwise relating to the manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment, storage, disposal, transport or handling of Materials of Environmental Concern, as amended from time to time.
- (iii) "Materials of Environmental Concern" means chemicals, pollutants, contaminants, hazardous materials, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes, "axic substances, petroleum and petroleum products, and any substance controlled or regulated by any Environmental Law.

SECTION 3.14 Change in Control. Except as set forth in Section 3.14 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron is not a party to any contract, agreement or understanding which contains a "change in control," "potential change in control" or similar provision. Except as set forth in Section 3.14 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (either alone or upon the occurrence of any additional acts or events) result in any payment (whether of severance pay or otherwise) becoming due from Xeron to any person.

### SECTION 3.15 Intellectual Property.

- Disclosure Schedule, Xeron owns, or is licensed or otherwise has the full right to use, all copyrights, trademarks and service marks (including all applications and registrations therefor), trade names, computer software, patents (including applications therefor), and all other intellectual property that is necessary for the conduct of its business as heretofore conducted (collectively, the "Intellectual Property"). Xeron has not sold or conveyed to any third-party the right to use proprietary software developed by or for Xeron.
- (b) Except as set forth in Section 3.15(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, there are no outstanding claims, judgments, settlements or proceedings against Xeron asserting the invalidity, abuse, misuse or unenforceability of any of the Intellectual Property and there are no threatened claims or proceedings relating to the validity of or enforceability of the Intellectual Property. There are no pending or threatened opposition or other administrative proceedings with respect to any Intellectual

Property which is the subject of a pending application that would prevent the registration in due course of such Intellectual Property.

SECTION 3.16 Contracts and Commitments. Except as set forth in Section 3.16 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule:

- (a) Xeron has no agreements, contracts, commitments, or restrictions that are material to its business, prospects, financial condition, working capital, assets, liabilities (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) or operations;
- (b) There are no purchase contracts or commitments under which Xeron is required to pay in excess of \$300,000, other than those incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (c) There are no outstanding sales contracts or commitments of Xeron that call for the payment to, or receipt by, Xeron of more than \$300,000, other than those incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (d) Xeron has no outstanding contracts with officers, directors or employees that are not cancelable by it on notice of not longer than thirty (30) days and without liability, penalty, or premium or any agreement or arrangement providing for the payment of any bonus or commissions based on sales or earnings;
- (e) Xeron is not in default, nor aware of any facts or circumstances which could serve as the basis for any valid claim of default, under any material contract made or obligation owed by it;
- (f) Xeron is not restricted by agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world;
- (g) Xeron has no obligation with respect to borrowed money (except for a line of credit from Norwest Bank in the maximum amount of \$5,000,000), including debt obligations of its own or guarantees of or agreements to acquire any debt obligation of others;
- (h) Xeron has no power of attorney outstanding or any obligations or liabilities (whether absolute, accrued, contingent, or otherwise), as guarantor, surety, co-signer, endorser, co-maker or indemnitor for the obligation of any person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, organization, or other entity; and
- (i) None of the officers, directors or shareholders of Xeron has any interest in any property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, including without limitation Intellectual Property, that is used in the business of Xeron.

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SECTION 3.17 <u>Labor Relations</u>. As of the date hereof, there is no strike or other labor dispute pending against Xeron. Xeron is not bound by or subject to (and none of its properties or assets is bound by or subject to) any written or oral, express or implied, contract, commitment or arrangement with any labor union, and no labor union has requested or sought to represent any of the employees, representatives or agents of Xeron, nor is Xeron aware of any labor organization activity involving its employees. Except as previously disclosed in writing to Chesapeake, no officer or employee of Xeron has any plans to terminate his employment with Xeron.

3.18 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has previously given to Chesapeake true and correct copies of its work rule manuals, rules, policies or other guidelines relating to employee compensation, retirement and severance and each employment or consulting contract to the extent they exist. Except as set forth in Section 3.18 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule and except as previously disclosed to Chesapeake in writing, there are no other significant employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements, maintained or contributed to by Xeron.

SECTION 3.19 Personnel. Xeron has furnished to Chesapeake a list of the names and current salaries of each officer and employee of Xeron as of the date of this Agreement. Section 3.19 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth a complete and correct list of all written employment, compensation, severance, consulting or indemnification contracts between Xeron and its present or former employees, officers, directors and consultants to the extent Xeron has any continuing obligations thereunder. Xeron has made available to Chesapeake true and correct copies of all such agreements.

SECTION 3.20 Insurance. Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule contains an accurate and complete list of all policies of fire, liability, workmen's compensation and other forms of insurance owned or held by Xeron, except with respect to the policies as disclosed in Section 3.12 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule. In the reasonable judgment of the Sellers, such policies are in adequate amounts and cover risks customarily insured against by businesses of the type operated by Xeron. Except as set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, all such policies are in full force and effect, all premiums with respect thereto covering all periods up to and including the Effective Time will have been paid, and no notice of cancellation of termination has been received with respect to any such policy. Except as set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, such policies will remain in full force and effect through the respective dates set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule without the payment of additional premiums, and will not be materially affected by, or terminate or lapse by reason of, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. All of such policies have been issued by reputable insurance companies actively engaged in the insurance business. All known claims, if any, made against Xeron that are covered by insurance have been disclosed to and accepted by the appropriate insurance companies and, to the knowledge of Xeron, are being defended by

such appropriate insurance companies and are described in Section 3.20(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, and, except as disclosed in Section 3.20(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, no claims have been denied coverage during the last three years.

SECTION 3.21 Receivables. All accounts and notes due and uncollected as reflected on the Financial Statements, and all accounts and notes due and uncollected arising subsequent to February 28, 1998 (i) have arisen in the ordinary course of business of Xeron, except as set forth in Section 3.21 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, and (ii) represent valid obligations due to Xeron enforceable in accordance with their terms, net of applicable reserves. Xeron has previously made available to Chesapeake lists of the aging and amounts of all accounts and notes due and uncollected at February 28, 1998. No reserve for bad debts is required as of February 28, 1998.

SECTION 3.22 Related Party Contracts. Except as set forth in Section 3.22 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with related parties (including shareholders, directors and officers), other than the related-party agreements described in Sections 3.16(d) and 3.16(i) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule. Except as set forth in Section 3.22 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, each of the related-party agreements was entered into between Xeron and the party thereto on an arm's length basis on terms no less favorable to Xeron than it could obtain from an unrelated third party.

### SECTION 3.23 Real Property: Leased Premises.

- (a) Section 3.23(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list and description of all real property and land owned by Xeron and the buildings, improvements and structures located thereon, except for the Leased Premises (as defined below) (collectively, the "Real Property"). Each of the material improvements located upon the Real Property owned or used by Xeron (including, without limitation, all buildings, land and equipment leased by Xeron) is in reasonably good repair and operating condition.
- (b) Xeron has good and valid title to the Real Property in fee simple and to the structures and fixtures attached or appurtenant to or used in connection with the Real Property, free and clear of all Liens, except (i) as set forth in Section 3.23(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, and (ii) Permitted Liens.
- (e) Section 3.23(e) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of each lease of premises executed by or binding upon Xeron as lessee, sublessee, tenant or assignee (the "Leased Premises"). Except as set forth in Section 3.23(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, each such lease is in full force and effect without any default or breach thereof by Xeron or, to the knowledge of Xeron, by any other party thereto. True and complete copies of all leases listed on Schedule 3.23(c)

of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule (including all amendments, addenda, waivers and all other binding documents relating thereto) have been made available to Chesapeake.

(d) Except as set forth in Section 3.23(d) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has not received any notice of or writing referring to any requirements by any insurance company that has issued a policy covering any part of any Real Property or Leased Premises or by any board of fire underwriters or other body exercising similar functions, requiring any repairs or work to be done on any part of any Real Property or Leased Premises.

SECTION 3.24 Absence of Certain Payments. Neither Xeron nor any of its affiliates or any of their respective officers, directors, employees or agents or other people acting on behalf of Xeron have (i) engaged in any activity prohibited by the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 or any other similar law, regulation, decree, directive or order of any other country and (ii) without limiting the generality of the preceding clause (i), used any corporate or other funds for unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or entertainment, or made any unlawful expenditures relating to political activity to government officials or others. None of Xeron or any of its affiliates or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents of other persons acting on behalf of Xeron, has accepted or received any unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or expenditures.

SECTION 3.25 Disclosure. No representation or warranty by Xeron or the Sellers in this Agreement and no statement in any document, schedule or certificate furnished or to be furnished by the Sellers to Chesapeake or any of its representatives pursuant to the provisions hereof or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits or will omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstance under which they were made, not misleading.

## SECTION 3.26 PUHCA.

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- (a) Xeron is not a "public-utility company," as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(5) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and the rules and regulations thereunder (the "1935 Act").
- (b) Upon consummation of the Merger, none of the Shareholders, individually or in the aggregate, shall constitute a "holding company" with respect to Chesapeake, as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(7) of the 1935 Act.
- (c) None of the Sellers, individually or in the aggregate, directly or indirectly owns, controls or holds with power to vote five percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public-utility company, as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(5) of the 1935 Act.

SECTION 3.27 <u>Pooling Matters</u>. The representations, warranties and covenants of Xeron set forth in the form of letter from Xeron to Coopers & Lybrand, attached hereto as Annex A-1, are true and correct in all material respects (except as such matters may be subject to the control of Chesapeake or its affiliates).

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SECTION 3.28 Year 2000. Except as set forth in Section 3.28 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron does not rely on any computer or information systems or equipment that will not operate or perform properly using dates for January 1, 2000 and beyond.

SECTION 3.29 <u>Knowledge</u>. The phrase "to the knowledge of Xeron" means to the knowledge of Xeron or any of its officers.

# ARTICLE IV REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF CHESAPEAKE

Chesapeake represents and warrants to the Sellers as follows:

SECTION 4.1 Corporate Organization. Each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. The Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of Chesapeake, as currently in effect, are filed as exhibits to Chesapeake's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Chesapeake has heretofore delivered to the Sellers accurate and complete copies of the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws, as currently in effect, of Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.2 Capitalization. As of the date of this Agreement, the authorized capital stock of Chesapeake consists of 12,000,000 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock and 2.000.000 shares of preferred stock, of which 4.577,778 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock are issued and outstanding. All of such issued and outstanding shares of Chesapeake Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights. As of the date of this Agreement, (i) 163,637 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were issuable upon exercise of warrants or stock options; 26,700 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were issuable in accordance with Chesapeake's Long Term Incentive Awards Plan; and 173,771 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were reserved for issuance under such plans and (ii) there are \$3,852,000 face amount convertible debt securities outstanding that are convertible into 226,455 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock. Except as set forth above and in the Chesapeake financial statements and other public filings, or as may be required in connection with Chesapeake's ongoing acquisition activities, there are not any shares of capital stock (or securities substantially equivalent to capital stock) of Chesapeake issued or outstanding or any subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities or other

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agreements or commitments of any character obliging Chesapeake to issue, transfer or sell any of its securities.

SECTION 4.3 Authority Relative to this Agreement. Each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly authorized and approved by the Boards of Directors of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C and by Chesapeake as the sole shareholder of CPK-Sub-C and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C and constitutes a valid and binding agreement of each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C, enforceable against each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C in accordance with its terms.

SECTION 4.4 Consents and Approvals: No Violations. Except for the filing and recordation of the Articles of Merger, as required by the MGCL, and the Certificate of Merger, as required by the DGCL, the filing with the Delaware Public Utilities Commission, and as set forth in Section 4.4 of the disclosure schedule to be delivered to the Sellers prior to the date of this Agreement (the "Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule"), no filing with or notification to, and no permit, authorization, consent, waiver or approval of, any Governmental Entity, is necessary for the consummation by Chesapeake of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Except as set forth in Section 4.4 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C nor the consummation by Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C of the transactions contemplated hereby nor compliance by Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C with any of the provisions hereof will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or By-laws of Chesapeake or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute (with or without due notice or large of time or both) a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancellation or acceleration or result in the creation of any Lien) under, any of the terms. conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Chesapeake or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of them or any of their respective properties or assets may be bound or (iii) violate any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, treaty, rule or regulation applicable to Chesapeake, any of its subsidiaries or any of their properties or assets.

SECTION 4.5 SEC Reports. Chesapeake has filed on a timely basis all required forms, reports and documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") since January 1, 1994 (collectively, the "Chesapeake SEC Reports"), each of which has complied in all material respects with all applicable requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

the "Exchange Act"), and the rules and regulations of the SEC, as each was in effect on the dates so filed. Chesapeake has heretofore delivered to Xeron and the Sellers in the form filed with the SEC, its (i) Annual Reports on Form 10-K for each of the last three fiscal years and (ii) all definitive proxy statements relating to Chesapeake meetings of shareholders (whether annual or special) held since January 1, 1994. The audited consolidated financial statements and unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of Chesapeake included in the Chesapeake SEC Reports are true, correct and complete in all material respects; fairly present, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto), the consolidated financial position of Chesapeake and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates thereof and their consolidated results of operations and changes in financial position and changes in stockholders equity and cash flows for the periods then ended (subject to normal year-end and audit adjustments in the case of any unaudited interim financial statements).

SECTION 4.6 <u>CPK-Sub-C</u>. CPK-Sub-C has not conducted any operations or incurred any liabilities or obligations other than arising under or in connection with its formation and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

SECTION 4.7 <u>Chesspeake Shares</u>. All of the shares of Chesapeake Common Stock to be issued in connection with the Merger will, at the time of such issuance, be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights and free of any adverse liens, claims, charges or encumbrances.

SECTION 4.8 <u>Disclosure</u>. No representation or warranty by Chesapeake in this Agreement and no statement contained in any document (including without limitation, the Chesapeake SEC Reports), schedule or certificate furnished or to be furnished by Chesapeake to the Sellers or any of their representatives pursuant to the provisions hereof or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits or will omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

SECTION 4.9 <u>Pooling Matters</u>. The representations, warranties and covenants of Chesapeake set forth in the form of letter from Chesapeake to Coopers & Lybrand attached to this Agreement as Annex A-2 are true and correct in all material respects (except as such matters may be subject to the control of Xeron or its affiliates).

SECTION 4.10 Absence of Certain Changes. Except as and to the extent set forth in Section 4.10 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, since December 31, 1997 Chesapeake has not:

(a) suffered any material Adverse Change; "Material Adverse Change" means (i) any material change in the nature of Chesapeake's business, assets, financial

condition, results of operations, or prospects, (ii) the loss of a contract which would have a material adverse effect on Chesapeake, and (iii) any change that creates a material limitation on the ability of Chesapeake to conduct its business as heretofore conducted;

(b) agreed or planned, whether in writing or otherwise, to take any action described in this Section.

SECTION 4.11 <u>Audited Financial Statements</u>. Chesapeake shall have furnished to Xeron prior to the date of this Agreement copies of Chesapeake's Form 10-K for the fiscal years 1995, 1996 and 1997 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 4.12 No Undisclosed Liabilities. Except as and to the extent provided in the Chesapeake SEC Reports or Section 4.12 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake does not have any material liabilities (whether contingent or absolute, direct or indirect, known or unknown to Chesapeake or matured or unmatured) not fully reflected or fully reserved against in the Chesapeake financial statements.

SECTION 4.13 No Default. Except as set forth in Section 4.13 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake is not in default or violation (and no event has occurred that with notice or the lapse of time or both would constitute a default or violation) of any material term, condition or provision of (i) its Certificate of Incorporation or its By-Laws, (ii) any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Chesapeake is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets are bound, or (iii) any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to Chesapeake or any of its properties or assets, unless such default would not have a material adverse effect on Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.14 Litigation. Except as set forth in Chesapeake's SEC Reports or in Section 4.14 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, there is no material action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, or investigation pending or to the best of Chesapeake's knowledge, threatened by or before any Governmental Entity involving Chesapeake or any of its properties or assets. Except as set forth in Chesapeake's SEC Reports or in Section 4.14 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, neither Chesapeake nor any of its material properties or assets is subject to any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or sward.

SECTION 4.15 Compliance with Applicable Law. Except as set forth in Section 4.15 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, the business of Chesapeake has not been conducted in violation of any applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decree or order of any Governmental Entity, unless such violation would not result in a material adverse effect on Chesapeake. Chesapeake holds all permits, licenses, variances, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Entities necessary for the lawful conduct of its businesses (the "Chesapeake Permits") and is in compliance with the terms

of the Chesapeake Permits, unless the failure to obtain any Chesapeake Permits or be in compliance therewith will not result in a material adverse effect on Chesapeake. Except as set forth in Section 4.15 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake has not received any notification of any asserted present or past failure by Chesapeake to comply with such laws, rules or regulations or such Chesapeake Permits which have not been previously cured, and there is, to the knowledge of Chesapeake, no pending audit, investigation or other review by any Governmental Entity to determine the existence of any violation of such laws, rules or regulations or such Chesapeake Permits.

#### SECTION 4.16 Taxes.

- (a) To the knowledge of Chesapeake, Chesapeake has duly filed with the appropriate governmental authorities all Tax Returns (as defined in Section 4.16(c)) required to be filed by it for all periods ending on or prior to the date hereof. and such Tax Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects, and (ii) duly paid in full all Taxes (as defined in Section 4.16(b)) due in connection with or with respect to the filing of such Tax Returns and has paid all other Taxes as are due, except such as are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceeding and with respect to which Chesapeake is maintaining reserves adequate for their payment. Neither the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") nor any other governmental entity or taxing authority or agency is now asserting, either through audits, administrative proceedings, court proceedings or otherwise, or threatening to assert against any deficiency or claim for additional Taxes. Chesapeake has not been granted any waiver of any statute of limitations with respect to, or any extension of a period for the assessment of, any Tax that is currently in effect. There are no tax liens on any assets of Chesapeake. Chesapeake has not received a ruling or entered into an agreement with the IRS, or any other governmental entity or taxing authority or agency that would have a material adverse effect on Chesspeake after the Effective Time. The accruals and reserve for Taxes reflected in Chesapeake's most recent balance sheet included in the Chesapeake SEC Reports are adequate to cover all Taxes accruable through the date thereof (including Taxes being contested) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Except for Chesapeake and its subsidiaries' intercompany tax allocation agreements, no agreements relating to allocating or sharing of Taxes exist among Chesapeake and its subsidiaries and no tax indemnities given by Chesapeake is connection with a sale of stock or assets remain in effect.
- (b) For purposes of this Section, the term "Taxes" shall mean all taxes, including, without limitation, income, gross receipts, excise, property, sales, withholding, social security, occupation, use, service, service use, license, payroll, franchise, transfer and recording taxes, fees and charges, windfall profits, severance, customs, import, export, employment or similar taxes, charges, fees, levies or other assessments imposed by the United States, or any state, local or foreign government or subdivision or agency thereof, whether computed on a separate, consolidated, unitary, combined or any other basis, and such terms shall include any interest, fines, penalties, or

additional amounts and any interest in respect to any addition, fines, or penalties attributable or imposed or with respect to any such taxes, charges, fees, levies or other assessments.

(c) For purposes of this Section, the term "Tax Return" shall mean any return, report or other document or information required to be supplied to a taxing authority in connection with Taxes.

SECTION 4.17 <u>Labor Relations</u>. As of the date hereof, there is no material strike or other labor dispute pending against Chesapeake. Except as previously disclosed in writing to Xeron, no officer of Chesapeake has notified Chesapeake of any plans to terminate his employment with Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.18 Related Party Contracts. Except as set forth in Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule or the Chesapeake SEC Reports, Chesapeake has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with related parties (including shareholders, directors and officers), other than the related-party agreements described in Section 4.21 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule. Except as set forth in Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, each of the related-party agreements was entered into between Chesapeake and the party thereto on an arm's length basis on terms less favorable to Chesapeake than it could obtain from an unrelated third party.

SECTION 4.19 Absence of Certain Payments. Neither Chesapeake nor any of its affiliates or any of their respective officers, directors, employees or agents or other people acting on behalf of Chesapeake have (i) engaged in any activity prohibited by the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 or any other similar law, regulation, decree, directive or order of any other country and (ii) without limiting the generality of the preceding clause (i), used any corporate or other funds for unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or entertainment, or made any unlawful expenditures relating to political activity to government officials or others. None of Chesapeake or any of its affiliates or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents of other persons acting on behalf of Chesapeake, has accepted or received any unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or expenditures.

SECTION 4.20 Environmental Matters. Except as set forth in the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule or in the Chesapeake SEC Reports, to Chesapeake's knowledge Chesapeake has no material liabilities relating to environmental matters.

SECTION 4.21 Contracts and Commitments. Except as set forth in Section 4.21 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule:

(a) Chesapeake is not restricted by agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world;

- (b) Chesapeake has no obligation with respect to borrowed money, including debt obligations of its own or guarantees of or agreements to acquire any debt obligation of others not reflected on the Chesapeake financial statements; and
- (c) Chesapeake has no power of attorney outstanding or any obligations or liabilities (whether absolute, accrued, contingent, or otherwise), as guarantor, surety, co-signor, endorser, co-maker or indemnitor for the obligation of any person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, organization, or other entity not reflected in the Chesapeake financial statements.

SECTION 4.22 <u>Knowledge</u>. The phrase "to the knowledge of Chesapeake" means to the knowledge of Chesapeake or any of its officers.

# ARTICLE V COVENANTS OF XERON AND SELLERS

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Each of the Sellers covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 5.1 Conduct of Business Pending the Merger. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or as otherwise consented to in writing by Chesapeake, from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Xeron will (and the Shareholders will cause Xeron to) conduct its operations only in the ordinary and usual course of business and consistent with past practices and will preserve intact its present business organization, take all reasonable efforts to keep available the services of its present officers, employees and consultants and preserve its present relationships with licensors, licensees, customers, suppliers, employees, labor organizations and others with whom it has a significant business relationship. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or as set forth in Section 5.1 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron will not directly or indirectly (and the Shareholders will cause Xeron not to), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, without the prior written consent of Chesspeake:

- (a) adopt any amendment to or otherwise change its Articles of Incorporation or By-laws or other organizational documents;
- (b) authorize for issuance, sale, pledge, disposition or encumbrance, or issue, sell, pledge, dispose of or encumber (whether through the issuance or granting of options, warrants, commitments, subscriptions, rights to purchase, convertible securities or otherwise), any capital stock of any class or any other securities of, or any other ownership interest in, Xeron or amend any of the terms of any such securities or agreements outstanding on the date hereof;

- (c) reclassify, combine. split or subdivide any shares of its capital stock, declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or property or any combination thereof) in respect of any class or series of its capital stock;
- (d) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or propose or offer to redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, any outstanding shares of Xeron Common Stock or other securities of Xeron:
- (e) organize any new subsidiary, acquire any capital stock or equity securities of any corporation or acquire any equity or ownership interest (financial or otherwise) in any business;

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- (f) (i) incur, assume or prepay any material liability, including without limitation, any indebtedness for borrowed money except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice; (ii) assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become liable or responsible (whether directly, contingently or otherwise) for obligations of any third party, (iii) make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investments in, any third party, (iv) mortgage or pledge any of its material properties or assets, tangible or intangible, or create any material Lien thereupon other than Permitted Liens, or (v) authorize any new capital expenditures which, individually or in the aggregate, are in excess of \$25,000;
- (g) license (except to end users in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice and pursuant to a written license agreement) or otherwise transfer, dispose of, permit to lapse or otherwise fail to preserve any of Xeron's Intellectual Property, or dispose of or disclose to any person any trade secret, formula, process or know-how not theretofore a matter of public knowledge;
- (h) enter into any agreement, contract, commitment or transaction other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices or that would be required to be included in Section 3.16 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule if entered into prior to the date of this Agreement;
- its officers or employees, except for increases in salary or wages of non-officer employees of Xeron in accordance with past practices, or grant any severance or termination pay or stock options to, or enter into any employment or severance agreement with, any director, officer, or other employee of Xeron, or establish, adopt, enter into or amend any collective bargaining, bonus, profit sharing, thrift, compensation, stock option, restricted stock, pension, retirement, deferred compensation, employment, termination, severance, or other plan, agreement, trust, fund, policy, or arrangement for the benefit of any current or former directors, officers, or employees;

- (j) cancel any debts or waive, release or relinquish any material contract rights or other rights of substantial value other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices;
- (k) authorize, recommend, propose or enter into or announce an intention to authorize, recommend, propose or enter into an agreement in principle or a definitive agreement with respect to any merger, consolidation, liquidation, dissolution, or business combination, any acquisition of a material amount of property or assets or securities, or any disposition of a material amount of property or assets or securities;
- (I) make any change with respect to accounting policies or procedures in effect as of November 30, 1997 except as may be required by generally accepted accounting principles;
- (m) pay, discharge or satisfy any claims, !iabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, asserted or unasserted, contingent or otherwise) other than the payment, discharge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices, of liabilities reflected or reserved against in the Financial Statements or incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices since the date hereof; or
- (n) commit or agree (in writing or otherwise) to take any of the foregoing actions or any action which would make any representation or warranty in this Agreement untrue or incorrect, either as of the date hereof or of the Effective Time, as if made as of such time.
- SECTION 5.2 <u>Tax Status</u>. Shareholders and Xeron shall refrain from taking any action that would impair Xeron from being deemed a "C" corporation for federal income tax purposes at the Effective Time.
- SECTION 5.3 Access to Information. Upon reasonable notice, Xeron shall afford to the officers, employees, accountants, counsel, environmental consultants and other representatives of Chesapeake, reasonable access, during normal business hours during the period prior to the Effective Time, to all its properties, books, contracts, commitments and records and, during such period, Xeron shall furnish promptly to Chesapeake all information concerning its business, properties and personnel as Chesapeake may reasonably request.
- SECTION 5.4 No Solicitation. Sellers vill not and will cause their affiliates not to, and will cause their respective officers, directors, employees and agents retained by Sellers or any of their affiliates not to, initiate or solicit, directly or indirectly, any inquiries or the making of any proposal with respect to, or engage in negotiations concerning, provide any information or data to, or have any discussions with, any Third Party (as hereinafter defined) relating to, any public offering of securities of, o. acquisition, business combination or purchase of all or any significant portion of the

properties or assets of, or any equity interest in. Xeron (an "Acquisition Proposal"). Sellers and Xeron will immediately cease and cause to be terminated any existing activities, discussions or negotiations with any Third Party conducted heretofore with respect to any Acquisition Proposal. Sellers and Xeron shall immediately notify Chesapeake if, subsequent to the date hereof, any such negotiations, provision of information or data or discussions are entered into or made or any such inquiries are received in respect thereof, and shall provide details with respect thereto, including the identity of such Third Party and the price and terms of any Acquisition Proposal. As used in this Agreement, the term "Third Party" means any "person" or "group", as such terms are defined in Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than Chesapeake or any affiliate of Chesapeake.

SECTION 5.5 Further Information. As soon as practicable after such information becomes available, and in any event not later than thirty (30) days after the end of each fiscal month, Xeron shall provide to Chesapeake an unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of the end of such month and the related consolidated statements of results of operations and statements of cash flows for such period.

SECTION 5.6 Affiliates. Prior to the execution of this Agreement, Xeron shall deliver to Chesapeake a letter identifying all persons who may be deemed, as of the date of this Agreement, "affiliates" of Xeron for purposes of Rule 145 under the Securities Act. Xeron shall cause each person named in such letter to deliver a written agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 5.6.

SECTION 5.7 PIHCA. Each Shareholder covenants that he will take no action at any time that will cause the Shareholders to be deemed a "holding company" with respect to Chesapeake as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(7) of the 1935 Act. With respect to Chesapeake, each Shareholder will act as an individual and on his own behalf, and not in concert with or as a group with any other Shareholder or any other person. The covenants contained in this Section 5.7 will continue with respect to a Shareholder as long as the Shareholders remain in the aggregate owners of ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of Chesapeake. This Section 5.7 and any claims for breach hereof are not subject to the limitations set forth in Article IX.

### ARTICLE VI COVENANTS OF CHESAPEAKE

SECTION 6.1 Conduct of Business Pending the Merger. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, as disclosed in its SEC filings or press releases, in connection with its ongoing acquisition program, in connection with Chesapeake's compensation program for directors or as otherwise consented to in writing by Xeron, from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Chesapeake will conduct its operations in the ordinary and usual course of business and consistent with

past practices, will preserve intact its present business organization, take all reasonable efforts to keep available the services of its present officers, employees and consultants and preserve its present relationships with licensors, licensees, customers, suppliers, employees, labor organizations and others with whom it has a significant business relationship, and will not

- (a) adopt any amendment to or otherwise change its Certificate of Incorporation of By-laws or other organizational documents;
- (b) authorize for issuance, sale, pledge, disposition or encumbrance, or issue, sell, pledge, dispose of or encumber (whether through the issuance or granting of options, warrants, commitments, subscriptions, rights to purchase, convertible securities or otherwise), any capital stock of any class or any other securities of, or any other ownership interest in, Chesapeake or amend any of the terms of any such securities or agreements outstanding on the date hereof; or
- (c) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or propose or offer to redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, any outstanding shares of Chesapeake Common Stock or securities of Chesapeake.

## ARTICLE VII MUTUAL COVENANTS

SECTION 7.1 Reasonable Efforts. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of the parties hereto agrees to use all reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary, proper or advisable to assure that all conditions to Closing set forth in Article VIII of this Agreement are satisfied as expeditiously as possible including, without limitation, the preparation and filing of all forms, registrations and notices required to be filed to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and the taking of such actions as are necessary to obtain any requisite approvals, consents, orders, exemptions or waivers by any public or private third party. Each party shall promptly consult with the other with respect to, provide any necessary information with respect to and provide the other (or its counsel) copies of, all filings made by such party with any Governmental Entity in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

SECTION 7.2 Brokers or Finders. Each of the Sellers and Chesapeake represents, as to itself, its subsidiaries and its affiliates, that no agent, broker, investment banker, financial advisor or other firm or person is or will be entitled to any broker's or finder's fee or any other commission or similar fee in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Sellers and Chesapeake agree to indemnify and hold the other harmless from and against any such claims, liabilities or

obligations with respect to any broker's or finder's fees, commissions or expenses determined to be owed by them or it.

SECTION 7.3 Notification of Certain Matters. The Sellers shall give prompt notice to Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C, and Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C shall give prompt notice to the Sellers, of the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of any event of which Sellers, Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C has knowledge, respectively, the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of which would be likely to cause any representation or warranty contained in this Agreement to be untrue or inaccurate in any respect (including as of the Effective Time) and of any failure of either party to comply with or satisfy any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied by it hereunder; provided, however, that delivery of any notice pursuant to this Section 7.3 shall not limit or otherwise affect the remedies available to either party hereunder.

SECTION 7.4 Fees and Expenses. Whether or not the Merger is consummated, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses in the normal course of business.

SECTION 7.5 Further Assurances. After the Closing, Chesapeake and the Sellers shall from time to time, at the request of the other party and without further cost or expense to the requesting party, execute and deliver such other instruments of conveyance and transfer and take such other actions as such other party may reasonably request in order more effectively to carry out this Agreement.

# ARTICLE VIII CONDITIONS

SECTION 8.1 Conditions to Each Party's Obligation to Effect the Merger. The respective obligations of each party to effect the Merger shall be subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions: no statute. rule, regulation, executive order, decree or injunction shall have been enacted, entered, promulgated or enforced by any United States court or Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction that prohibits the consummation of the Merger and shall be in effect.

SECTION 8.2 Conditions of Obligations of the Sellers. The obligation of the Sellers to effect the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived by Sellers:

(a) The representations and warranties of Chesapeake set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Effective Time (except that representations and warranties that are made as of a specified date shall be true and correct in all respects as of such specified date).

- (b) Chesapeake shall have performed and complied, in all respects, with all obligations and covenants required to be performed or complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time.
- (c) Chesapeake shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable to Chesapeake and its subsidiaries) necessary for the consummation by Chesapeake of the transactions consumplated by this Agreement.
- (d) Sellers shall have received from Chesapeake an officer's certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.2(d) attached hereto.
- (e) The Stock Consideration to be issued pursuant to this Agreement shall have been listed on the NYSE.
- (f) Chesapeake shall have executed and delivered the letter to Coopers & Lybrand in the form of Annex A-2 attached hereto.
- (g) Chesapeake shall have delivered executed Employment Agreements for J. Phillip Keeter and Earnest A. Allen, Jr. in the form of Annexes B-1 and B-2 hereto, and Chesapeake shall have delivered executed employment agreements for Patrick Armand, Carl E. Mendenhall, David Snyder and Marilyn Johnson satisfactory to the parties thereto.
- (h) Chesapeake shall have caused the Shareholders to be released from their personal guaranties of the indebtedness of Xeron listed on Schedule 8.2(h) hereto.
- (i) From the date of this Agreement through the Effective Time, Chesapeake shall not have suffered a Material Adverse Change.
- SECTION 8.3 <u>Conditions of Obligations of Chesapeake</u>. The obligation of Chesapeake to effect the Merger is further subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived by Chesapeake:
- (a) The representations and warranties of Sellers set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Effective Time (except that representations and warranties that are made as of a specified date shall be true and correct in all respects as of such specified date).
- (b) Sellers shall have performed and complied with, in all respects, all obligations and covenants required to be performed or complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time.

- (c) so Sellers shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable to Xeron or any of its shareholders) necessary for the consummation by Sellers of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (d) The Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement dated September 28, 1987, as amended or supplemented, shall have been terminated in writing in accordance with the terms thereof.
- (e) Chesapeake shall have received from Xeron an officer's certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(e) attached hereto.
- (f) Chesapeake shall have received from each Shareholder a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(f) attached hereto.
- (g) Chesapeake shall have received from Lowrey & Millikin, L.L.P., counsel to the Sellers, an opinion substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(g) attached hereto.
- (h) Chesapeake shall have received from each of the Shareholders, investment representation letters substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(h) attached hereto.
- (i) From the date of this Agreement through the Effective Time, Xeron shall not have suffered a Material Adverse Change.
- (j) All necessary approvals from the Delaware Public Service Commission regarding the issuance of the shares of Chesapeake Common Stock shall have been granted by final order.
- (k) All rights of first refusal pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation of Xeron or otherwise held by any Shareholder shall have been waived or terminated in writing.
- (l) All waiting periods shall have expired and/or all necessary approvals, authorizations, consents, or waivers have been received for the consummation of the transaction pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended.
- (m) Xeron shall have executed and delivered the letter to Coopers & Lybrand in the form of Annex A-1 attached hereto.

(n) Coopers & Lybrand shall have delivered to Chesapeake an opinion letter confirming that the merger may be accounted for as a pooling of interests

under the requirements of Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 16. Business Combinations, and the related published interpretations of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Financial Accounting Standards Board, and the published rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

- (o) The Sellers shall have delivered executed Employment Agreements for J. Phillip Keeter and Earnest A. Allen, Jr. in the form of Annexes B-1 and B-2 hereto, and the Sellers shall have delivered executed employment agreements for Patrick Armand, Carl E. Mendenhall, David Snyder and Marilyn Johnson satisfactory to Chesapeake.
- (p) The Sellers shall have provided Chesapeake with such representations and evidence as Chesapeake's counsel advises are necessary or appropriate to ensure compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws.

# ARTICLE IX SURVIVAL AND INDEMNIFICATION

SECTION 9.1 Survival of Representations and Warranties. All statements, certifications, representations, and warranties provided for herein shall survive beyond the Effective Time and continue in full force and effect at all times as provided in this Article IX (and shall not in any manner be affected or impaired by the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or by any investigation made by or on behalf of any party) until the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 or the period for identifying a claim of breach or default pursuant to the limitations prescribed under Section 9.2(d)(i) and (ii) shall have expired.

#### SECTION 9.2 Indemnification.

- (a) Indemnity by Chesapeake. Chesapeake shall indemnify and defend and hold each Shareholder harmless from and against all claims, liabilities, damages, losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and character (exclusive however of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(b)) resulting from or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, nonfulfillment, nonperformance or breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of Chesapeake contained herein.
- (b) Indemnity by the Shareholders. Each Shareholder shall indemnify and defend and hold Chesapeake and its affiliates harmless from and against all claims, liabilities, damages, losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and character (exclusive however of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(a)) incurred by Chesapeake and its affiliates and resulting from or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, nonfulfillment, nonperformance or breach of any

representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of the Sellers contained herein.

(c) Third Party Claims. If a claim for which indemnification may be sought under this Section 9.2 is asserted by third parties (including any environmentally related remedial or clean up work) (the "Third Party Claims"), such Third Party Claim will be subject to the following terms and conditions: (i) upon receipt of written notice of any Third Party Claim asserted against, imposed upon or incurred by Chesapeake and its affiliates or the Shareholders, as the case may be (the "Indemnified Party"), the party from whom indemnification is sought (the "Indemnifying Party") may, at its own expense, participate in and, upon notice to the Indemnified Party undertake the defense thereof by counsel of its own choosing, which counsel shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Indemnified Party, provided that, if in the Indemnified Party's reasonable judgment a conflict of interest may exist between such Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party with respect to such Third Party Claim, such Indemnified Party shall be entitled to select counsel of its own choosing to defend the Third Party Claim (with the fees and costs of such counsel being at the Indemnifying Party's sole cost and expense); (ii) if (A) within a reasonable time after written notice to the Indemnifying Party of a Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party fails to notify the Indemnified Party that it will assume the defense of the Third Party Claim or (B) within a reasonable time after written notice to the Indemnified Party of its intention to undertake the defense of any Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party fails to defend the Indemnified Party, the Indemnified Party will have the right to undertake the defense, compromise or settlement of such Third Party Claim for the account and at the risk of the Indemnifying Party; (iii) anything in this Section 9.2(c) to the contrary notwithstanding, if there is a reasonable probability in the Indemnified Party's judgment that a claim may materially and adversely affect the Indemnified Party, other than as a result of money damages or other money payments, the Indemnified Party will have the right to defend, co-defend, compromise or settle such Third Party Claim (with full disclosure of the proposed settlement terms being given to the Indemnifying Party prior to settlement thereof) by selecting counsel of its own choosing (with the fees and costs of such counsel being the Indemnified Party's sole cost and expense); (iv) the Indemnified Party shall cooperate fully in all reasonable respects with the Indemnifying Party in any such defense, compromise or settlement including, without limitation, by making available to the Indemnifying Party all pertinent information and all books and records under the control of the Indemnified Party; (v) the Indemnifying Party shall not compromise or settle any such action, suit, proceeding, claim or demand without the prior written approval of the Indemnified Party; provided that, if such prior written approval is unreasonably withheld by the Indemnified Party, the liability of the Indemnifying Party with respect to such action, suit, proceeding, claim or demand shall be limited to the amount of the settlement recommended by the Indemnifying Party and not approved by the Indemnified Party.

(d) <u>Limitations</u>. The Indemnified Party shall have no claim for indemnification hereunder or other claims against the Indemnifying Party with respect to

this Agreement (other than a claim arising out of the knowing, fraudulent or intentional breach of any provision of this Agreement) unless such claim is identified:

- (i) with respect to claims relating to Sections 3.11 and 4.16 within the relevant statute of limitations for assessment and collection of additional taxes; or
- (ii) with respect to all other claims, within the earlier of (A) one (1) year following the Effective Time or (B) the date on which an independent audit report on Chesapeake is issued which reflects the Merger.

If such a claim for indemnification or such other recourse is not identified in writing within the appropriate time period provided above, such claim against and right to indemnification from the Indemnifying Party shall be deemed released, waived and relinquished for all purposes. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 9.2 or other provisions of this Agreement to the contrary (except as expressly stated in Section 5.7 and Article XI hereof), no indemnification shall be payable to an Indemnified Party by an Indemnifying Party unless the total of all claims for indemnification by an Indemnified Party under this Agreement shall exceed \$500,000 in the aggregate, whereupon the excess of the amount of such claims over \$500,000 shall be recoverable in accordance with the terms hereof, subject to the maximum amounts set forth in Section 9.2(e).

- (e) Maximum Amount of Indemnification. The maximum amount payable to Chesapeake by the Shareholders in the aggregate pursuant to this Section 9.2 shall be \$500,000 and the maximum amount payable by each Shareholder shall be such Shareholder's proportionate ownership percentage of the outstanding Xeron Common Stock immediately prior to the Merger multiplied by \$500,000. The maximum amount payable to the Shareholders, in the aggregate, by Chesapeake pursuant to this Section 9.2, shall be \$500,000. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the respective maximum amounts shall not be applicable to amounts owed arising out of the knowing, fraudulent or intentional breach of any provision of this Agreement by an Indemnifying Party. Furthermore, in no event shall Chesapeake be obligated to pay the Shareholders any indemnification if the market price of Chesapeake Common Stock for the last day of the preceding month end is \$17 per share or above, as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends and similar events.
- (f) Reimburgement in Stock. Ar ounts due to Chesapeake under this Article IX shall be paid first in Chesapeake Common Stock and, to the extent the Shareholders do not hold sufficient shares of Chesapeake Common Stock to pay the amount due, then in cash. For purposes of this Section 9.2(f), the value of such Chesapeake Common Stock shall be deemed to be the closing price of Chesapeake Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the day the Effective Time occurs

(or the next succeeding trading day on which shares are sold if none are sold on the day the Effective Time occurs).

## ARTICLE X TERMINATION AND AMENDMENT

SECTION 10.1 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Effective Time:

- (a) by mutual consent of Chesapeake and the Sellers;
- (b) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if the Merger shall not have been consummated before May 31, 1998 (unless the failure to consummate the Merger by such date shall be due to the action or failure to act of the party seeking to terminate); or
- (c) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if any permanent injunction or other order of a court or other competent authority preventing the consummation of the Merger shall have become final and nonappealable.

SECTION 10.2 Effect of Termination. In the event of the termination and abandonment of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 hereof, this Agreement shall forthwith become void and have no effect, without any liability on the part of any party hereto or its affiliates, directors, officers or shareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained in this Section 10.2 shall relieve any party from liability for any material breach of any covenant of this Agreement or any material breach or misrepresentation of the representations or warranties contained herein, which occurred prior to such termination.

SECTION 10.3 <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended by the parties hereto at any time prior to the Effective Time. This Agreement may not be amended except by an instrument in writing signed by or on behalf of each of the parties hereto.

SECTION 10.4 Extension: Waiver. At any time prior to the Effective Time, the parties may, to the extent legally allowed, (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other parties hereto, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other parties hereto contained herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto and (iii) waive compliance with any of the agreements or conditions contained herein by the other parties hereto. Any agreement on the part of a party hereto to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in a written instrument signed on behalf of such party.

(or the next succeeding trading day on which shares are sold if none are sold on the day the Effective Time occurs).

# ARTICLE X TERMINATION AND AMENDMENT

SECTION 10.1 <u>Termination</u>. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Effective Time:

- (a) by mutual consent of Chesapeake and the Sellers:
- (b) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if the Merger shall not have been consummated before May 31, 1998 (unless the failure to consummate the Merger by such date shall be due to the action or failure to act of the party seeking to terminate); or
- (c) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if any permanent injunction or other order of a court or other competent authority preventing the consummation of the Merger shall have become final and nonappealable.

SECTION 10.2 Effect of Termination. In the event of the termination and abandonment of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 hereof, this Agreement shall forthwith become void and have no effect, without any liability on the part of any party hereto or its affiliates, directors, officers or shareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained in this Section 10.2 shall relieve any party from liability for any material breach of any covenant of this Agreement or any material breach or misrepresentation of the representations or warranties contained herein, which occurred prior to such termination.

SECTION 10.3 <u>Amendment</u>. This Agreement may be amended by the parties hereto at any time prior to the Effective Time. This Agreement may not be amended except by an instrument in writing signed by or on behalf of each of the parties hereto.

SECTION 10.4 Extension: Waiver. At any time prior to the Effective Time, the parties may, to the extent legally allowed, (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the obligations or other acts of the other parties hereto, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other parties hereto contained herein or in any document delivered pursuant hereto and (iii) waive compliance with any of the agreements or conditions contained herein by the other parties hereto. Any agreement on the part of a party hereto to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in a written instrument signed on behalf of such party.

# ARTICLE XI NON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

SECTION 11.1 Covenant Not to Solicit Customers. Hire Employees or Compete. For and in consideration of the purchase of Xeron and in addition to any non-competition agreements in the Employment Agreements attached as Annex B hereto, each of the Shareholders agrees that he will not, for a period of three years following the Effective Time:

- (a) directly or indirectly, on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person or entity other than Chesapeake, solicit, or attempt to solicit, for the purpose of providing any product or service of the same or similar kind or character as any product or service sold, provided or under development by Xeron prior to the Effective Date, any person or entity that is or was a customer or a prospective customer of Xeron.
- (b) directly or indirectly, on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person or entity other than Chesapeake, solicit for employment or hire any employee or former employee of Xeron or any affiliate of Xeron who is or was employed by Xeron or any affiliate during the twelve months preceding the Effective Date.
- (c) (i) directly or indirectly engage in, (ii) have any interest in any person, firm, corporation or other entity that directly or indirectly engages in, or (iii) perform any services for any person, firm, corporation or other entity that directly or indirectly engages in, the same or similar lines of business as Xeron, except for such Shareholders' ownership of the stock of Chesapeake, except for ownership of interests in publicly traded companies where such ownership represents less than one percent of the outstanding shares of such publicly traded company.

Nothing in this Section 11.1 is intended or shall restrict the right of any Shareholder to engage in speculative transactions in propose futures traded on a public exchange for his own individual investment account (or the investment account of a member of his immediate family) and not for the benefit of any third party, provided that any such transaction shall be permitted only if (1) executed on a public exchange and (2) such transaction shall not have an adverse effect on Xeron. This Article XI and any claims for breach hereof are not subject to the limitations set forth in Article IX.

# ARTICLE XII MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 12.1 Notices. All notices and other communications hereunder shall be in writing, and shall be deemed given upon receipt if delivered personally, sent by facsimile transmission (receipt of which is confirmed) or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, or by a nationally recognized private overnight courier to

the parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified by like notice):

### (a) if to the Shareholders, to:

J. Phillip Keeter 1405 Colony Circle Longview, TX 75604 Fax: (903) 236-6807

Earnest A. Allen, Jr. 3126 Robinson Road Missouri City, TX 77459

Patrick E. Armand 9119 Devoncroft Houston, TX 77037

### (b) if to Xeron, to

Xeron, Inc.
9301 Southwest Freeway, Suite 325
Houston, TX 77074
Attn: Earnest A. Allen, Jr.
Fax: (713) 988-3476

## with a copy to:

J. Richard Millikin, Jr.
Lowrey & Millikin, L.L.P.
1127 Judson Road, Suite 141
Longview, TX 75601
Fax: (903) 236-3050

## (c) if to Chesapeake, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimkaitis Fax: (302) 734-6750 with a copy to:

Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20004
Attention: Ruth S. Epstein
Fax: (202) 662-6291

SECTION 12.2 <u>Descriptive Headings</u>. The descriptive headings herein are inserted for convenience only and are not intended to be part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

SECTION 12.3 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when two or more counterparts have been signed by each of the parties and delivered to the other parties, it being understood that all parties need not sign the same counterpart.

SECTION 12.4 Entire Agreement: Assignment. This Agreement
(a) constitutes the entire agreement and supersedes all prior agreements and
understandings, both written and oral, among the parties with respect to the subject matter
hereof and (b) shall not be assigned by operation of law or otherwise.

SECTION 12.5 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to any applicable principles of conflicts of law.

SECTION 12.6 Specific Performance. The parties hereto agree that if any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached, irreperable damage would occur, no adequate remedy at law would exist and damages would be difficult to determine, and that the parties shall be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof, in addition to any other remedy at law or equity.

SECTION 12.7 <u>Publicity</u>. Chesapeake may issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement or make any filing with the SEC with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as it deems appropriate; <u>provided</u> that, to the extent practicable, Chesapeake shall provide the Shareholders with a copy of any such press release or other public announcement or filing prior to the time of release or filing. The Sellers shall not issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement without the prior approval of Chesapeake.

SECTION 12.8 Parties in Interest. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure solely to the benefit of each party hereto and nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other person or persons any rights, benefits or remedies of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be signed (where applicable by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized), as of the date first written above.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

Title: President and 600

CPK-SUB-C, INC.

Name: John A. Schimkait

Title:

President

XERON, INC

Name: Ewast A.

Title: CEO

**SHAREHOLDERS** 

Earnest A. Allen, Jr.

Patrick E. Armand

### AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER (the "Amendment") is entered into this 28th day of May, 1998, by and among Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Chesapeake"); CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake ("CPK Sub-C"); Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"); J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr. and Patrick E. Armand, residents of Texas (each individually a "Shareholder," together, the "Shareholders," and with Xeron collectively, the "Sellers").

## WIINESS

WHEREAS, Chesapeake, CPK Sub-C, and the Sellers are parties to a certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated April 28, 1998; and

WHEREAS, Section 10.3 of the Agreement and Plan of Merger allows for amendments prior to the effective time,

NOW THEREFORE, Chesapeake, CPK Sub-C, and the Sellers hereby agree to the following amendments to the Agreement and Plan of Merger:

- 1. Paragraph (c) of SECTION 1.6 shall be deleted and replaced in its entirety with the following paragraph:
  - "(c) The issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of CPK Sub-C shall be converted into and become, in the aggregate, 500 fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock of the Surviving Corporation."
- 2. SECTION 4.18 of the Agreement and Plan of Merger shall be deleted and replaced in its entirety with the following provision:

"SECTION 4.18 Related Party Contracts. Except as set forth in Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule or the Chesapeake SEC Reports, Chesapeake has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with related parties (including shareholders, directors and officers), other than the related-party agreements described in Section 4.21 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule. Except as set forth in Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, each of the related-party agreements was entered into between Chesapeake and the party thereto on an arm's length basis on terms no less favorable to Chesapeake than it could obtain from an unrelated third party."

3. SECTION 1.5 shall be deleted and replaced in its entirety with the following provision:

"SECTION 1.5 Officers. The officers of CPK Sub-C immediately prior to the effective time and Carl E. Mendenhall shall be the initial officers of the surviving corporation and shall serve as the officers of the Surviving Corporation at the pleasure of the board of directors of the Surviving Corporation."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be signed (where applicable by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized), as of the date first written above.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

Name: Web 7

Title: President

CPK SUB-C, INC.

Name: Toka R. Schimkaria

Title: President

XERON, INC.

By: Lug & Minde Sall
Name: Cast & Mendertall

Title: Present

SHAREHOLDERS

W:\EPSTEINR\CHESAPSA\AMBND.629

### REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This Registration Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of May 29, 1998, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and J. Phillip Keeter ("Shareholder").

This Agreement is made as contemplated by that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of April 28, 1998, by and among the Company, CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("CPK Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr., and Patrick Armand (the "Merger Agreement"), which provides for the merger of CPK Sub-C with and into Xeron (the "Merger"). Whereas the securities to be delivered to Shareholder pursuant to the Merger Agreement are restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, in order to induce Xeron and Shareholder to enter into the Merger Agreement, the Company has agreed to provide the registration rights set forth in this Agreement.

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Securities Subject to this Agreement. The securities entitled to the benefits of this Agreement are the shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock") issued to Shareholder in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement (the "Registrable Securities").

## 2. Registration.

Within 60 days following the time at which results covering at least 30 days of post-Merger combined operations of the Company have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), sent to stockholders of the Company or otherwise publicly issued, the Company will, subject to the terms of this Agreement, and subject to the full cooperation of Shareholder. at its expense, file with the Commission a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") covering the sale by Shareholder of the Registrable Securities. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to become effective as promptly as practicable and to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement for a period of the se (3) years from the Effective Time, as that term is defined in the Merger Agreement, or such shorter time as may be required by Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or any successor provision. The Company may postpone for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days, the filing or effectiveness of the Registration Statement, or the undertaking of any work by the Company with respect to the preparation of the Registration Statement, if the Board of Directors of the

Company in good faith determines that such filing or registration would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on any plan or proposal by the Company with respect to any financing, acquisition, recapitalization, reorganization or other material transaction.

- (b) Before filing with the Commission the Registration Statement or any amendments or supplements thereto, the Company will furnish to Shareholder for review copies of all documents proposed to be filed.
- (c) The Company shall furnish to Shareholder such number of copies of the Registration Statement and of each amendment and supplement thereto (in each case including all exhibits), such number of copies of the prospectus included in such Registration Statement (including each preliminary prospectus and summary prospectus), and such other documents as Shareholder may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities by Shareholder.
- qualify the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement under such other securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as Shareholder may reasonably request, provided that the Company shall not for any such purpose be required to qualify generally to do business as a foreign corporation in any jurisdiction where, but for the requirements of this Section 2(d), it would not be obligated to be a qualified, to subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction, or to consent to general service of process in any such jurisdiction (a general service of process would not include a consent on Form U-2 or its substantial equivalent).
- (e) The Company may require Shareholder to furnish the Company with such information regarding Shareholder and pertinent to the disclosure requirements relating to the registration and the distribution of the Registrable Securities as the Company may from time to time reasonably request.
- (f) If Shareholder determines to distribute the Registrable Securities in an underwritten offering, all costs, fees, and disbursements of underwriters and all underwriting discounts, commissions and transfer taxes relating to such distribution will be the sole responsibility of Shareholder.
- (g) Shareholder agrees that upon notice from the Company he will suspend from time to time all sales of the Registrable Securities for such period of time as is required to permit the Company to complete any future financing transaction involving an underwritten offering by the Company of its Common Stock. Shareholder will not be required to suspend sales of the Registrable

Securities (pursuant to this Section 2(g)) for more than three months in any 12-month period.

the Company that the Company has become aware that the prospectus included in the Registration Statement, as then in effect, includes an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading in the light of the circumstances then existing. Shareholder will forthwith discontinue disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement until Shareholder's receipt of copies of a properly supplemented or amended prospectus and, if so directed by the Company, Shareholder will deliver to the Company all copies, other than permanent file copies then in Shareholder's possession, of the prospectus covering Registrable Securities current at the time of receipt of such notice. The Company will diligently prepare an amended prospectus and deliver sufficient copies thereof to Shareholder.

### 3. Indemnification.

Indemnification by the Company. The Company will indemnify and hold harmless, to the extent permitted by law, Shareholder against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which Shareholder may become subject under the Securities Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions or proceedings, whether commenced or threatened, in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and subject to the provisions of Section 3(c), the Company will reimburse Shareholder for any legal or any other expenses reasonably incurred by it in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, liability, action or proceeding; provided, however, that the Company shall not be liable to Shareholder in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in respect thereof) or expense arises out of or is based upon an unurue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any such preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation thereof; and provided further that the Company shall not be liable under this Section 3(a) to Shareholder to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in

respect thereof) or expense arises out of Shareholder's failure to send or give a copy of the final prospectus, as the same may be then supplemented or amended, to the person asserting an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission at or prior to the written confirmation of the sale of Registrable Securities to such person if such statement or omission was corrected in such final prospectus. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of Shareholder and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.

- indemnify and hold harmless (in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in subdivision (a) of this Section 3) the Company, each director of the Company and each officer of the Company with respect to any statement or alleged statement in or omission or alleged omission from the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, if such statement or alleged statement or omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation of the Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company, any director of the Company or any officer of the Company and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.
- (c) Notice of Claims, etc. Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding or threat of claim involving a claim referred to in the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against an indemnifying party, give written notice to the latter of the commencement of such action or threat of claim, provided that the failure of any indemnified party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the indemnifying part of its obligations under the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is prejudiced by such failure to give notice. In case any such action is brought against an indemnified party, unless and except to the extent that in the reasonable judgment of the indemnified party, based on advice of counsel. a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying parties exists in respect of such claim, the indemnifying party hall be entitled to participate in and to assume the defense thereof, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to the extent that the indemnifying party may wish, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party, and after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party for any legal or

other expenses subsequently incurred by the latter in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. No indemnified party shall consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement of any such action the defense of which has been assumed by an indemnifying party without the consent of such indemnifying party.

- (d) <u>Indemnification Payments</u>. The indemnification required by this Section 3 shall be made by periodic payments of the amount thereof during the course of the investigation or defense, as and when bills are received or expense, loss, damage or liability is incurred subject to the receipt of such documentary support therefor as the indemnifying party may reasonably request.
- (e) Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in this Section 3 shall for any reason be unavailable to an indemnified party in respect of any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other with respect to the statements or omission which resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party on the one hand or the indemnified party on the other, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission, but not by reference to an indemnified party's stock ownership in the Company. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, referred to above in this paragraph shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this paragraph, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 12(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

### 4. Restriction on Transfer.

(a) Shareholder covenants and agrees that in any calendar quarter he will not offer to sell, sell or otherwise dispose of any amount of

Registrable Securities in excess of one percent (1%) of the total number of shares of Common Stock then issued and outstanding.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4(a) of this Agreement, in the event that a Shareholder becomes liable for a payment obligation under the indemnification provisions of the Merger Agreement, Shareholder may, at his option, sell or pledge in accordance with the Registration Statement as then in effect or pursuant to an applicable exemption from registration, such number of shares of the Registrable Securities sufficient to generate net funds in the amount of that payment obligation.
- 5. Notices. Any notices or other communications required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed duly given upon (a) confirmed delivery by a standard overnight carrier or when delivered by hand, or (b) the expiration of five business days after the day when mailed by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, addressed at the following addresses (or at such other address as the parties hereto shall specify by like notice):
  - (x) If to the Company, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimkaitis

with a copy to:

Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Post Office Box 7566
Washington, D.C. 20044
Attention: Ruth S. Epstein

- (y) If to Shareholder, to the most recent address given by Shareholder to the Company, which address initially appears below his signature.
- 6. Miscellaneous. This Agreement and any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated only by an instrument in writing, signed by the party against which enforcement of such change, waiver, discharge or termination is sought or by Shareholder and the Company. This Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of

Delaware. The section headings in this Agreement are for purposes of convenience only and shall not constitute a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and Shareholder have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

3v: \

hn R. Schimkaitis

President

SHAREHOLDER

J. Phillip Keeter

Address

1405 Colony Circle

Longview, TX 75604

### REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This Registration Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of May 29, 1998, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and Earnest A. Allen, Jr. ("Shareholder").

This Agreement is made as contemplated by that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of April 28, 1998, by and among the Company, CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("CPK Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr., and Patrick Armand (the "Merger Agreement"), which provides for the merger of CPK Sub-C with and into Xeron (the "Merger"). Whereas the securities to be delivered to Shareholder pursuant to the Merger Agreement are restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, in order to induce Xeron and Shareholder to enter into the Merger Agreement, the Company has agreed to provide the registration rights set forth in this Agreement.

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Securities Subject to this Agreement. The securities entitled to the benefits of this Agreement are the shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock") issued to Shareholder in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement (the "Registrable Securities").

### 2. Registration.

(a) Within 60 days following the time at which results covering at least 30 days of post-Merger combined operations of the Company have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), sent to stockholders of the Company or otherwise publicly issued, the Company will, subject to the terms of this Agreement, and subject to the full cooperation of Shareholder, at its expense, file with the Commission a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") covering the sale by Shareholder of the Registrable Securities. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to become effective as promptly as practicable and to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement for a period of three (3) years from the Effective Time, as that term is defined in the Merger Agreement, or such shorter time as may be required by Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or any successor provision. The Company may postpone for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days, the filing or effectiveness of the Registration Statement, or the undertaking of any work by the Company with respect to the preparation of the Registration Statement, if the Board of Directors of the

Securities (pursuant to this Section 2(g)) for more than three months in any 12-month period.

the Company that the Company has become aware that the prospectus included in the Registration Statement, as then in effect, includes an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading in the light of the circumstances then existing, Shareholder will forthwith discontinue disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement until Shareholder's receipt of copies of a properly supplemented or amended prospectus and, if so directed by the Company, Shareholder will deliver to the Company all copies, other than permanent file copies then in Shareholder's possession, of the prospectus covering Registrable Securities current at the time of receipt of such notice. The Company will diligently prepare an amended prospectus and deliver sufficient copies thereof to Shareholder.

### 3. Indemnification.

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Indemnification by the Company. The Company will (a) indemnify and hold harmless, to the extent permitted by law, Shareholder against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which Shareholder may become subject under the Securities Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions or proceedings, whether commenced or threatened, in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and subject to the provisions of Section 3(c), the Company will reimburse Shareholder for any legal or any other expenses reasonably incurred by it in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, liability, action or proceeding; provided, however, that the Company shall not be liable to Shareholder in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in respect thereof) or expense arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement. any such preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation thereof; and provided further that the Company shall not be liable under this Section 3(a) to Shareholder to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in

respect thereof) or expense arises out of Shareholder's failure to send or give a copy of the final prospectus, as the same may be then supplemented or amended, to the person asserting an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission at or prior to the written confirmation of the sale of Registrable Securities to such person if such statement or omission was corrected in such final prospectus. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of Shareholder and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.

- indemnify and hold harmless (in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in subdivision (a) of this Section 3) the Company, each director of the Company and each officer of the Company with respect to any statement or alleged statement in or omission or alleged omission from the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, if such statement or alleged statement or omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation of the Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company, any director of the Company or any officer of the Company and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.
- Notice of Claims, etc. Promptly after receipt by an (c) indemnified party of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding or threat of claim involving a claim referred to in the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against an indemnifying party, give written notice to the latter of the commencement of such action or threat of claim, provided that the failure of any indemnified party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the indemnifying part of its obligations under the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is prejudiced by such failure to give notice. In case any such action is brought against an indemnified party, unless and except to the extent that in the reasonable judgment of the indemnified party, based on advice of counsel, a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying parties exists in respect of such claim, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate in and to assume the defense thereof, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to the extent that the indemnifying party may wish, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party, and after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party for any legal or

other expenses subsequently incurred by the latter in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. No indemnified party shall consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement of any such action the defense of which has been assumed by an indemnifying party without the consent of such indemnifying party.

- (d) <u>Indemnification Payments</u>. The indemnification required by this Section 3 shall be made by periodic payments of the amount thereof during the course of the investigation or defense, as and when bills are received or expense, loss, damage or liability is incurred subject to the receipt of such documentary support therefor as the indemnifying party may reasonably request.
- Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in this Section 3 shall for any reason be unavailable to an indemnified party in respect of any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other with respect to the statements or omission which resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party on the or e hand or the indemnified party on the other, the intent of the parties and their re stive knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission, but not by reference to an indemnified party's stock ownership in the Company. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, referred to above in this paragraph shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this paragraph, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 12(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

### 4. Restriction on Transfer.

(a) Shareholder covenants and agrees that in any calendar quarter he will not offer to sell, sell or otherwise dispose of any amount of

Registrable Securities in excess of one percent (1%) of the total number of shares of Common Stock then issued and outstanding.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4(a) of this Agreement, in the event that a Shareholder becomes liable for a payment obligation under the indemnification provisions of the Merger Agreement, Shareholder may, at his option, sell or pledge in accordance with the Registration Statement as then in effect or pursuant to an applicable exemption from registration, such number of shares of the Registrable Securities sufficient to generate net funds in the amount of that payment obligation.
- 5. Notices. Any notices or other communications required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed duly given upon (a) confirmed delivery by a standard overnight carrier or when delivered by hand, or (b) the expiration of five business days after the day when mailed by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, addressed at the following addresses (or at such other address as the parties hereto shall specify by like notice):
  - (x) If to the Company, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimkaitis

### with a copy to:

Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Post Office Box 7566
Washington, D.C. 20044
Attention: Ruth S. Epstein

- (y) If to Shareholder, to the most recent address given by Shareholder to the Company, which address initially appears below his signature.
- 6. Miscellaneous. This Agreement and any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated only by an instrument in writing, signed by the party against which enforcement of such change, waiver, discharge or termination is sought or by Shareholder and the Company. This Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of

Delaware. The section headings in this Agreement are for purposes of convenience only and shall not constitute a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and Shareholder have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

y: 1

John R. Schimkaitis

President

SHAREHOLDER

Earnest A. Allen, Jr.

Address

3126 Robinson Road

Missouri City, TX 77459

### REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

This Registration Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of May 29, 1998, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and Patrick E. Armand ("Shareholder").

This Agreement is made as contemplated by that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of April 28, 1998, by and among the Company, CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("CPK Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr., and Patrick Armand (the "Merger Agreement"), which provides for the merger of CPK Sub-C with and into Xeron (the "Merger"). Whereas the securities to be delivered to Shareholder pursuant to the Merger Agreement are restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, in order to induce Xeron and Shareholder to enter into the Merger Agreement, the Company has agreed to provide the registration rights set forth in this Agreement.

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Securities Subject to this Agreement. The securities entitled to the benefits of this Agreement are the shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock") issued to Shareholder in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement (the "Registrable Securities").

### Registration.

Within 60 days following the time at which results covering at least 30 days of post-Merger combined operations of the Company have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), sent to stockholders of the Company or otherwise publicly issued, the Company will, subject to the terms of this Agreement, and subject to the full cooperation of Shareholder, at its expense, file with the Commission a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") covering the sale by Shareholder of the Registrable Securities. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to become effective as promptly as practicable and to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement for a period of three (3) years from the Effective Time, as that term is defined in the Merger Agreement, or such shorter time as may be required by Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or any successor provision. The Company may postpone for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days, the filing or effectiveness of the Registration Statement, or the undertaking of any work by the Company with respect to the preparation of the Registration Statement, if the Board of Directors of the

Company in good faith determines that such filing or registration would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on any plan or proposal by the Company with respect to any financing, acquisition, recapitalization, reorganization or other material transaction.

- (b) Before filing with the Commission the Registration Statement or any amendments or supplements thereto, the Company will furnish to Shareholder for review copies of all documents proposed to be filed.
- (c) The Company shall furnish to Shareholder such number of copies of the Registration Statement and of each amendment and supplement thereto (in each case including all exhibits), such number of copies of the prospectus included in such Registration Statement (including each preliminary prospectus and summary prospectus), and such other documents as Shareholder may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities by Shareholder.
- (d) The Company shall use its best efforts to register or qualify the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement under such other securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as Shareholder may reasonably request, provided that the Company shall not for any such purpose be required to qualify generally to do business as a foreign corporation in any jurisdiction where, but for the requirements of this Section 2(d), it would not be obligated to be so qualified, to subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction, or to consent to general service of process in any such jurisdiction (a general service of process would not include a consent on Form U-2 or its substantial equivalent).
- (e) The Company may require Shareholder to furnish the Company with such information regarding Shareholder and pertinent to the disclosure requirements relating to the registration and the distribution of the Registrable Securities as the Company may from time to time reasonably request.
- (f) If Shareholder determines to distribute the Registrable Securities in an underwritten offering, all costs, fees, and disbursements of underwriters and all underwriting discounts, commissions and transfer taxes relating to such distribution will be the sole responsibility of Shareholder.
- (g) Shareholder agrees that upon notice from the Company he will suspend from time to time all sales of the Registrable Securities for such period of time as is required to permit the Company to complete any future financing transaction involving an underwritten offering by the Company of its Common Stock. Shareholder will not be required to suspend sales of the Registrable

Securities (pursuant to this Section 2(g)) for more than three months in any 12-month period.

(h) Shareholder agrees that, upon receipt of any notice from the Company that the Company has become aware that the prospectus included in the Registration Statement, as then in effect, includes an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading in the light of the circumstances then existing, Shareholder will forthwith discontinue disposition of Registrable Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement until Shareholder's receipt of copies of a properly supplemented or amended prospectus and, if so directed by the Company, Shareholder will deliver to the Company all copies, other than permanent file copies then in Shareholder's possession, of the prospectus covering Registrable Securities current at the time of receipt of such notice. The Company will diligently prepare an amended prospectus and deliver sufficient copies thereof to Shareholder.

### 3. Indemnification.

Indemnification by the Company. The Company will (a) indemnify and hold harmless, to the extent permitted by law, Shareholder against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which Shareholder may become subject under the Securities Act or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions or proceedings, whether commenced or threatened, in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of any material fact contained in the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, or any omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and subject to the provisions of Section 3(c), the Company will reimburse Shareholder for any legal or any other expenses reasonably incurred by it in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, liability, action or proceeding; provided, however, that the Company shall not be liable to Shareholder in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in respect thereof) or expense arises out of or is based upon an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in the Registration Statement, any such preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation thereof; and provided further that the Company shall not be liable under this Section 3(a) to Shareholder to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in

respect thereof) or expense arises out of Shareholder's failure to send or give a copy of the final prospectus, as the same may be then supplemented or amended, to the person asserting an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission at or prior to the written confirmation of the sale of Registrable Securities to such person if such statement or omission was corrected in such final prospectus. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of Shareholder and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.

- indemnify and hold harmless (in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in subdivision (a) of this Section 3) the Company, each director of the Company and each officer of the Company with respect to any statement or alleged statement in or omission or alleged omission from the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, if such statement or alleged statement or omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation of the Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company, any director of the Company or any officer of the Company and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.
- Notice of Claims, etc. Promptly after receipt by an (c) indemnified party of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding or threat of claim involving a claim referred to in the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against an indemnifying party, give written notice to the latter of the commencement of such action or threat of claim, provided that the failure of any indemnified party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the indemnifying part of its obligations under the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is prejudiced by such failure to give notice. In case any such action is brought against an indemnified party, unless and except to the extent that in the reasonable judgment of the indemnified party, based on advice of counsel, a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying parties exists in respect of such claim, the indemnifying party shall be emitted to participate in and to assume the defense thereof, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to the extent that the indemnifying party may wish, with counsel reasonably satisfactory to such indemnified party, and after notice from the indemnifying party to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the indemnifying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party for any legal or

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other expenses subsequently incurred by the latter in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. No indemnified party shall consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement of any such action the defense of which has been assumed by an indemnifying party without the consent of such indemnifying party.

- (d) <u>Indemnification Payments</u>. The indemnification required by this Section 3 shall be made by periodic payments of the amount thereof during the course of the investigation or defense, as and when bills are received or expense, loss, damage or liability is incurred subject to the receipt of such documentary support therefor as the indemnifying party may reasonably request.
- Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in this (e) Section 3 shall for any reason be unavailable to an indemnified party in respect of any loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in lieu of indemnifying such indemnified party, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result of such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying party on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other with respect to the statements or omission which resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault shall be determined by reference to whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party on the one hand or the indemnified party on the other, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission, but not by reference to an indemnified party's stock ownership in the Company. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as a result of the loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, referred to above in this paragraph shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this paragraph, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 12(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

### Restriction on Transfer.

(a) Shareholder covenants and agrees that in any calendar quarter he will not offer to sell, sell or otherwise dispose of any amount of

Registrable Securities in excess of one percent (1%) of the total number of shares of Common Stock then issued and outstanding.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4(a) of this Agreement, in the event that a Shareholder becomes liable for a payment obligation under the indemnification provisions of the Merger Agreement, Shareholder may, at his option, sell or pledge in accordance with the Registration Statement as then in effect or pursuant to an applicable exemption from registration, such number of shares of the Registrable Securities sufficient to generate net funds in the amount of that payment obligation.
- 5. Notices. Any notices or other communications required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed duly given upon (a) confirmed delivery by a standard overnight carrier or when delivered by hand, or (b) the expiration of five business days after the day when mailed by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, addressed at the following addresses (or at such other address as the parties hereto shall specify by like notice):
  - (x) If to the Company, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimkaitis

### with a copy to:

Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Post Office Box 7566
Washington, D.C. 20044
Attention: Ruth S. Epstein

- (y) If to Shareholder, to the most recent address given by Shareholder to the Company, which address initially appears below his signature.
- 6. Miscellaneous. This Agreement and any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated only by an instrument in writing, signed by the party against which enforcement of such change, waiver, discharge or termination is sought or by Shareholder and the Company. This Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of

Delaware. The section headings in this Agreement are for purposes of convenience only and shall not constitute a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and Shareholder have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

Bv:

1

hn R. Schimkaitis

President

SHAREHOLDER

Patrick E. Armand

Address

9119 Devoncroft

Houston, TX 77037

STANK.

Registration No.: 553-64751

### ECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-3 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

**CHERAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION** (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Deleware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

51-0064146 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

900 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 (302) 734-8799 (Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of Registrant's principal executive offices)

Michael P. McMasters Vice President, Tressurer and **Chief Financial Officer** speaks Utilities Corporation 900 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware, 19804 (302) 734-6799 (Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: Sales are expected to take place from time to time after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. [ ]

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a deleyed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. (XI)

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. [ ]

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 482(c) under the Securities Act, check the . following box and flet the adjustice Act registration athlement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. [ ]

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. [ ]

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Proposed Proposed maximum offering meximum Title of each class of securities to be Amount to be price aggregate Amount of per share (1) offering price (1) registration fee recistered registered Common Stock, par \$ 2,703.59 \$ 17.84375 \$ 8,921,857 value \$.4867 per share

Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) based on the average of the high and low prices as reported by the New York Stock Exchange for September 28, 1998.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said section 8(a), may determine.

## Available information

Chesapeaks Utilities Corporation is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1834, as amended (the Texchange Act') and, in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). Such reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Corporation may be inspected and copied at the Commission's Regional Offices in New York (13th Floor, Suite 1300, Seven World Trade Center, New York, New York) and Chicago (14th Floor, Suite 1400, 500 West Madison Street, Chicago, illinois). Copies of this material also may be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Commission at Judiciary Plaza, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. The Commission also maintains a web site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy materials and other information concerning the Corporation. Common Stock of the Corporation is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and reports, proxy material and other information concerning the Corporation also may be inspected at the offices of the NYSE, Room 401, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

The Corporation has filed a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") with the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 relating to the shares of Common Stock offered for sale hereby. This Prospective has been filed as a part of the Registration Statement and does not contain all information set forth in the Registratic. Statement and the exhibits thereto, and reference is hereby made to such Registration Statement and the exhibits thereto may be inspected and copied, and copies may be obtained at prescribed rates, in the manner set forth above.

# Incorporation of Certain Documents By Reference

The following documents, heretofore filed by the Corporation with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, are incorporated by reference in this Prospectus and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- 3 The Corporation's Avausal Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997;
- 3 The Corporation's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ending March 31, 1998 and June 30, 1998;
- O The Corporation's Current Reports on Form 8-K dated April 29, 1998, June 11, 1998 and September 1, 1998; and
- 3 The description of Common Stock contained in the Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, including any amendment or reports filed for the purpose of updating such description, and further described in the section "Description of Common Stock".

All reports and other documents filed pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act subsequent to the date of this Prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the Common Stock offered hereby shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into the Prospectus and to be made a part hereof from their respective dates of filing. Any statement contained in an incorporated document shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed incorporated document or in any accompanying supplement to this Prospectus modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or

Mr. Kester is employed as Energy Advisor, both pursuant to two-year employment contracts. Mr. Armand is employed as Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to a three-year employment contract. As of the commencement date of this offering, Mr. Allen, Mr. Kester and Mr. Armand hold approximately 4.4%, and .5%, respectively, of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation.

The Shares were acquired by the Selling Shareholders on March 31, 1998 as a result of the merger of Sam Shannahan Well Co., Inc. ("SSWC") and CPK Sub-B, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, pursuant to an agreement and plan of merger. The Selling Shareholders were officers and the sole shareholders of SSWC prior to the merger. Mr. Shannahan is employed as President of SSWC, pursuant to a five-year employment contract. Ms. Shannahan serves as a consultant to the Corporation, pursuant to a five-year consulting contract. As of the commencement date of this offering, Mr. and Ms. Shannahan hold approximately .3% and .2%, respectively, of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation.

### Pian of Distribution

The Shares may be offered and sold from time to time by the Selling Shareholders, or by pledgees, doness, transferees or other successors in interest. Such offers and sales may be effected by the Selling Shareholders from time to time in one or more types of transactions on one or more securities exchanges or in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions or otherwise at market prices and on terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then-current market price, or at negotiated prices. Such transactions may or may not involve brokers or dealers. The Shares may be sold by one or more of the following: (a) a block trade in which a broker or dealer so engaged will attempt to sell the Shares as agent but may position and recell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction; (b) purchases by a broker or dealer as principal and resale by such broker or dealer for its account; (c) an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of such exchange; (d) ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchasers; and (e) a combination of any such methods of sale. In effecting sales, brokers or dealers engaged by the Selling Shareholders may arrange for other brokers or dealers to participate. Brokers or dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the Selling Shareholders or from purchasers in amounts to be negotiated immediately prior to the sale. The Setting Shareholders and any brokers or dealers that act in connection with the sale of the Shares and any other participating brokers or dealers may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales, and any commissions received by such brokers or dealers and any profit on the resale of the Shares sold by them while acting as principals might be deemed to be underwriting discounts or commissions under the Securities Act.

In addition, any securities covered by this Prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act ("Rule 144") may be sold under Rule 144 rather than pursuant to this Prospectus.

The Company and Messrs. Allen, Keeter and Armand have entered into agreements concerning indemnification and the provision of information in connection with the sale of the Shares.

Each of the Selling Shareholders has agreed that in any calendar quarter, he will not offer to sell, or otherwise dispose of any amount of the Shares in excess of one percent (1%) of the total outstanding common stock of the Corporation then issued and outstanding.

The Shares will be sold by the Selling Shareholders for their own accounts. The Corporation will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the Shares. All costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the Shares offered hereby will be borne by the Corporation. Brokerage commissions and

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corporation (other than a corporation 50% or more of the Common Stock of which is owned by the Corporation), if such corporation or its affiliates singly or in the aggregate own or control directly or indirectly 5% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, unless the transaction is approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation prior to the acquisition by such corporation or its affiliates of ownership or control of 5% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. In addition, the Corporation's Certificate of incorporation provides for a classified Board of Directors under which one-third of the members are elected annually for three-year terms. The supermajority voting requirement for certain mergers and consolidations and the classified Board of Directors may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of the Corporation.

The transfer agent and registrar of the Common Stock is BankBoston N.A., o/o Boston EquiServe L.P., P.O. Box 8040, Boston, MA 02266.

### Legal Opinion

The validity of the Shares of Common Stock offered hereby has been passed upon for the Corporation by Covington & Burling, Washington, D.C.

### **Experts**

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation as of December 31, 1997 and 1996 and for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement have been incorporated herein in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of that firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

### **CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE**

Proposed Proposed Title of each class meximum offering meximum of securities to be Amount to be **Amount of** orice aggregate per share (1) offering price (1) registered recistered registration fee \$ 8.921,857 Common Stock, per \$ 2,703.59 490.9 \$ 17.84375 value \$.4867 per share

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said section 8(a), may determine.

Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) based on the average of the high and low prices as reported by the New York Stock Exchange for September 28, 1998.

### PROSPECTUS

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

### 400,000 Shares of Common Stock (pay value \$.4857 per share)

This Prospectus relates to 499,999 presently outstanding shares (the "Shares") of Common Stock, par value \$.4867 per share (the "Common Stock"), of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Corporation" or "Registrant"), which may be offered from time to time by shareholders of the Corporation (the "Selling Shareholders" and each individually, a "Selling Shareholders") as stated herein under the heading "Selling Shareholders".

The distribution of the Shares by the Selling Shareholders may be effected in one or more transactions through one or more of the securities exchanges, or in the over-the-counter market, in negotiated transactions or otherwise at market prices and on terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then current market price or at negotiated prices. The Corporation will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the Shares.

The Common Stock of Checapealte Utilities Corporation is listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "CPK". On September 29, 1998, the last trade on the NYSE for shares of the Corporation's Common Stock was consummated at a price of \$17.9375.

No dealer, selemen or other person is authorized to give any information or to make any representation in connection with the shares of Common Stock offered by this Prospectus other than those contained or incorporated by reference herein and, if given or r ade, any such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been exthorized by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation or the Selling Shareholders. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than those to which it relates, or an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy securities by or to any person in any jurisdiction in which it would be unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor any sale made hersunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation since the date hersof.

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this Prospectus is September 30, 1998.

### **Available information**

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and, in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). Such reports, proxy statements and other information concerning the Corporation may be inspected and copied at the Commission's office at Room 1024, Judiciary Plaza, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. and the Commission's Regional Offices in New York (13th Floor, Suite 1300, Seven World Trade Center, New York, New York) and Chicago (14th Floor, Suite 1400, 500 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois). Copies of this material also may be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the Commission at Judiciary Plaza, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. The Commission also maintains a web site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy materials and other information concerning the Corporation. Common Stock of the Corporation is fisted on the New York Stock Exchange and reports, proxy material and other information concerning the Corporation also may be inspected at the offices of the NYSE, Room 401, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005.

The Corporation has filed a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") with the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 relating to the shares of Common Stock offered for sale hereby. This Prospectus has been filed as a part of the Registration Statement and does not contain all information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits thereto, and reference is hereby made to such Registration Statement and exhibits for further information relating to the Corporation and the Shares. The Registration Statement and the exhibits thereto may be inspected and copied, and copies may be obtained at prescribed rates, in the manner set forth above.

### Incorporation of Certain Documents By Reference

The following documents, heretofore filed by the Corporation with the Commission pursuant to the Exchange Act, are incorporated by reference in this Prospectus and shall be deemed to be a part hereof:

- (a) The Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997;
- (b) The Corporation's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ending March 31, 1998 and June 30, 1998;
- (c) The Corporation's Current Reports on Form 8-K dated April 29, 1998, June 11, 1998 and September 1, 1998; and
- (d) The description of Common Stock contained in the Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 8-A filed pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act, including any amendment or reports filed for the purpose of updating such description, and further described in the section "Description of Common Stock".

All reports and other documents filed pursuant to Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act subsequent to the date of this Prospectus and prior to the termination of the offering of the Common Stock offered hereby shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this Prospectus and to be made a part hereof from their respective dates of filing. Any statement contained in an incorporated document shall be deemed to be modified or superseded for purposes of this Prospectus to the extent that a statement contained herein or in any other subsequently filed incorporated document or in any accompanying supplement to this Prospectus modifies or supersedes such statement. Any such statement so modified or

Prospectus. superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of this 37

be directed to Office of the Dover, Delevare 19804, Tele the written or on Any person to whom a copy of this Prospectus is delivered may obtain without charge, upon oral request of su phone (302) 734-6799. such person, a copy of any of the documents incorporated by reference is to such documents. Requests for copies of such documents should learnismy, Chasapsaits Utilities Corporation, 908 Silver Lake Boulevard, 7,0

### The Corporation

Chesapeals Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation, is a diversified utility company natural gas distribution and transmission, propane distribution and marketing, and advanced PACES. Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation, is a diversified utility company engaged in information

transmission subsidiary operates an interstate pipeline that transports gas from various points in Pennsylvania and northern Delaware to the Corporation's Delaware and Maryland distribution divisions, as well as to other utilities and industrial customers in Delaware and Maryland's Eastern Shore. The Corporation's propane segment distributes propane to customers in central and southern Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia and markets propane to large wholesale customers in the southeastern United States. The advanced information services segment provides consulting, programming and training services to a variety of clients. The Corporation's three natural gas divisions serve residential, commercial and industrial customers in central and southern Delaware, Maryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The natural gas

The principal executive offices of the Corporation are located at 909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904, (telaphone number 302-734-8799).

## Selling Shareholders

The Selling Shareholders are September 30, 1966. fieted in the table below. The table sets forth information as ci

Name	Presently Owned	Shares That May Be Sold	Owned After (
Earnest A. Allen, Jr. 117	225,607	225,607	
Jay Phillip Keeter (1)	225,907	225,607	
Patrick E. Armand (1)	23,785	23,785	
Dashiell J. Shannahan ell	12,745	12,745	
Joyce C. Shannahan an	12,255	12,255	

The Shares were acquired by the Selling Shareholders on May 29, 1998 as a result of the merger of Xeron, Inc. ("Xeron") and CPK Sub-C, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, pursuant to an agreement and plan of merger. The Selling Shareholders were officers and the sole shareholders of Xeron prior to the merger. All of the Selling Shareholders are presently employed by Xeron, pursuant to employment contracts. Mr. Allen is employed as Assistant to the Pracident and

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Mr. Keeter is employed as Energy Advisor, both pursuant to two-year employment contracts. Mr. Armand is employed as Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to a three-year employment contract. As of the commencement date of this offering, Mr. Allen, Mr. Keeter and Mr. Armand hold approximately 4.4%, and .5%, respectively, of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation.

The Shares were acquired by the Seiling Shareholders on March 31, 1998 as a result of the merger of Sam Shannahan Well Co., Inc. ("SSWC") and CPK Sub-B, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation, pursuant to an agreement and plan of merger. The Selling Shareholders were officers and the sole shareholders of SSWC prior to the merger. Mr. Shannahan is employed as President of SSWC, pursuant to a five-year employment contract. Ms. Shannahan serves as a consultant to the Corporation, pursuant to a five-year consulting contract. As of the commencement date of this offering, Mr. and Ms. Shannahan hold approximately .3% and .2%, respectively, of the issued and outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation.

### Plan of Distribution

The Shares may be offered and sold from time to time by the Selling Shareholders, or by pledgees, donese, transferees or other successors in interest. Such offers and sales may be effected by the Selling Shareholders from time to time in one or more types of transactions on one or more securities exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. In negotiated transactions or otherwise at market prices and on terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then-current market price, or at negotiated prices. Such transactions may or may not involve brokers or dealers. The Shares may be sold by one or more of the following: (a) a block trade in which a broker or dealer so engaged will attempt to sell the Shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction; (b) purchases by a broker or dealer as principal and resale by such broker or dealer for its account; (c) an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of such exchange; (d) ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchasers; and (e) a combination of any such methods of sale. In effecting sales, brokers or dealers engaged by the Seiling Shareholders may arrange for other brokers or dealers to participate. Brokers or dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the Selling Shareholders or from purchasers in amounts to be negotiated immediately prior to the sale. The Selling Shareholders and any brokers or dealers that act in connection with the sale of the Shares and any other participating brokers or dealers may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales, and any commissions received by such brokers or dealers and any profit on the resale of the Shares sold by them while acting as principals might be deemed to be underwriting discounts or commissions under the Securities Act.

In addition, any securities covered by this Prospectus which qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act ("Rule 144") may be sold under Rule 144 rather than pursuant to this Prospectus.

The Company and Mesers. Allen, Kester and Armand have entered into agreements concerning indemnification and the provision of information in connection with the sale of the Shares.

Each of the Selling Shareholders has agreed that in any calendar quarter, he will not offer to sell, or otherwise dispose of any amount of the Shares in excess of one percent (1%) of the total outstanding common stock of the Corporation then issued and outstanting.

The Shares will be sold by the Selling Shareholders for their own accounts. The Corporation will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the Shares. All costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the Shares offered hereby will be borne by the Corporation. Brokerage commissions and

similar selling expenses, if any, attributable to the sale of the Shares will be borne by the Selling Shareholders.

The Corporation has agreed with the Selling Shareholders to maintain the effectiveness of the Registration Statement (of which this Prospectus is a part) for three years from May 29, 1998, or such shorter time as may be required by Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any successor provision,

The Selling Shareholders have indicated that they wish to be in a position to sell the number of Shares indicated above. The number of shares that may actually be sold by the Selling Shareholders will be determined from time to time by each Selling Shareholder, and will depend on a number of facts, including the price of the Corporation's Common Stock and the Selling Shareholder's respective personal financial circumstances from time to time. There is no assurance that any of the Selling Shareholders will offer for sale or sell any or all of his respective portion of the Shares.

### Description of Common Stock

The Corporation's authorized capital stock consists of 12,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.4867 per share, and 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, further described below. As of September 30, 1998, 5,076,939 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding. No shares of preferred stock are issued and outstanding.

The holders of charge of Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders and are entitled to receive dividends when and as declared by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefor for distribution to the holders of Common Stock and to share ratably in the assets legally available for distribution to the holders of Common Stock in the event of the liquidation or dissolution, whether voluntary or involuntary, of the Corporation. Holders of Common Stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors and have no preemptive, subscription or conversion rights. The Common Stock is not subject to redemption by the Corporation.

The preferred stock may be issued by the Corporation from time to time, by authorization of the Board of Directors and without the necessity of further action or authorization by the Corporation's stockholders, in one or more series and with such voting powers, designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications as the Board may, in its discretion, determine, including, but not limited to (a) the distinctive designation of such series and the number of shares to constitute such series; (b) the dividends, if any, for such series; (c) the voting power, if any, of shares of such series; (d) the terms and conditions (including price), if any, upon which shares of such stock may be converted into or exchanged for shares of stock of any other class or any other series of the same class or any other securities or assets; (e) the right, if any, of the Corporation to redeem shares of such series and the terms and conditions of such redemption; (f) the retirement or sinking fund provisions, if any, of shares of such series and the terms and provisions relative to the operation thereof; (g) the amount, if any, which the holders of the shares of such series shall be entitled to receive in case of a liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Corporation; (h) the limitations and restrictions, if any, upon the payment of dividends or the making of other distributions on, and upon the purchase, redemption, or other acquisition by the Corporation of, the Corporation's Common Stock; and (f) the conditions or restrictions, if any, upon the creation of indebtedness or upon the lecuance of any additional stock of the Corporation.

Under the Corporation's Certificate of incorporation, the affirmative vote of not less than 75% of the total voting power of all outstanding shares of its capital stock is required to approve a merger or consolidation of the Corporation with, or the sale of substantially all of its assets or business to, any other

corporation (other than a corporation 50% or more of the Common Stock of which is owned by the Corporation), if such corporation or its affiliates singly or in the aggregate own or control directly or indirectly 5% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, unless the transaction is approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation prior to the acquisition by such corporation or its affiliates of ownership or control of 5% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock. In addition, the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation provides for a classified Board of Directors under which one-third of the members are elected annually for three-year terms. The supermajority voting requirement for certain mergers and consolidations and the classified Board of Directors may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of the Corporation.

The transfer agent and registrar of the Common Stock is BankBoston N.A., c/o Boston EquiServe L.P., P.O. Box 8040, Boston, MA 02266.

### Legal Opinion

The validity of the Shares of Common Stock offered hereby has been passed upon for the Corporation by Covington & Burling, Washington, D.C.

### **Experts**

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation as of December 31, 1997 and 1996 and for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement have been incorporated herein in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of that firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

### PART II

### INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

### Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuence and Distribution

The estimated expenses of the Corporation in connection with the issuance and distribution of the Shares being registered hereunder are as follows. All such expenses will be borne by the Corporation.

Registration iss many transfer of the second	2,704
Accounting face and expenses and expenses and the second s	5,000
Legal face and expenses,	5,000°
Miscollanacus (consequentes de la consequence del la consequence del la consequence de la consequence de la consequence del la consequence de la consequence	3.000
	15.704

### \* Estimates.

### Item 15. indemnification of Directors and Officers

Under the Corporation's Bylaws, each person who was or is made a party or is threatened .) be made a party to any action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact he is or was a director or officer of the Corporation is entitled to indemnification by the Corporation to the fullest extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines or penalties and amounts paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such person in connection therewith, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These indemnification rights include the right to be paid by the Corporation the expenses incurred in defending any action, suit or proceeding in advance of its final disposition, subject to the receipt by the Corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay all amounts so advanced if it is ultimately determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified. These indemnification rights under the Bylaws are not exclusive of any other indemnification right which any person may have or acquire.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law permits indemnification of a director, officer, employee or agent of a corporation who acted in good faith in a manner he reasonably believed to be in control opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. In all proceedings other than those by or in the right of the corporation, this indemnification covers expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the indemnified person. In actions brought by or in the right of the corporation (such as derivative actions), Section 145 provides for indemnification against expenses only and, unless a court determines otherwise, only in respect of a claim as to which the person is not judged liable to the corporation.

The Corporation has in effect liability insurance policies covering certain claims against any director or officer of the Corporation by reason of certain breaches of duty, neglect, error, misstatement, omission or other act committed by such person in his capacity as director or officer.

Article Eleven of the Corporation's Certificate of incorporation provides that a director of the Corporation shall not be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (I) for breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Corporation or its stockholders, (II) for acts or orniseions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law, (III) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or (Iv) for any transaction from which the director derived any improper personal benefit.

against public policy as expressed in the Act and is therefore unerforce directors, officers or persons controlling the Corporation pursuant to the foregoing provisions, the Corporation has been informed that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is Insofar as indemnification for liabili ities arising under the Securities Act of 1983 may be permitted to

item 16. Exhibits

Exhibit No.

23.2 S Consent of Covington & Burling (included in Exhibit No. 5) Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Opinion of Covington & Burling regarding legality of the securities being offered

item 17. Underteiding

The undersigned Registrant haveby undertakes

- amendment to this Registra to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective
- 3 to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
- 3 from the from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus flad with the Commission pursuant to Ruis 424(b) (Section 220.424(b) of this chapter) If, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective Registration Statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the Registration Statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any ingresse or degresse in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the any increase or decrease securities offered would ed would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Ruis 424(b) ement; and
- to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the Registration Statement or any material change to such information in the Registration Statement;

provided, however, that paragraphs (1)(f) and (1)(f) do not apply if the Registration Statement is on Form S-3 or Form S-8, and the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in periodic reports filed by the Registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1994 that are incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement;

(2) that, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof; and

(5) to remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain uncold at the termination of the offering.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the Registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that is incorporated by reference in this Registration Statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for fieblities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer, or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

### **EIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Dover, State of Delaware, on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 1998.

### **CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION**

By: /s/ RALPH J. ADKINS
Raiph J. Adkins
Chairman of the Board and
Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Stoneture 3	Title	Date
/s/ RALPH J. ADMINS Ralph J. Adidne	Chairman of the Board (Principal Executive Officer)	September 30, 1996
John R. Schmikaltis	Precident (Principal Operating Officer)	September 30, 1998
/a/ MICHAEL P. MCMASTERS Michael P. McMasters	Vice President and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	September 30, 1998
/s/ RICHARO REPARTIEN Richard Bernstein	Director	September 30, 1998
/s/ WALTER J. COLEMAN Walter J. Coloman	Director	September 30, 1998
/s/ JOHN W. JARONIE Jr. John W. Jardine, Jr.	Director	September 30, 1998
Rudolph M. Peine, Jr.	Director	September , 1998
/s/ ROBERT F. RIDER Robert F. Rider	Director	September 30, 1998
/s/ JEREMAN P. SNEA Jeremish P. Shea	Director	September 30, 1998
/s/ WILLIAM G. WARDEN. III William G. Warden, III	Director	September 30, 1998

### OPINION OF COVINGTON & BURLING

September 30, 1998

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, DE 19904

### Gentlemen:

This opinion is being furnished to you in connection with the Registration Statement on Form S-3 (the "Registration Statement") to be filled with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on the date hereof, by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (the "Corporation"), with respect to the resale of up to 499,999 shares of Common Stock par value \$.4867 per share (the "Shares") of the Corporation by certain shareholders.

We have acted as counsel to the Corporation in connection with the preparation of the Registration Statement, and have examined signed copies of the Registration Statement. We have also examined and relied upon copies of minutes of meetings of the Board of Directors of the Corporation relating to the authorization of the shares.

We also have examined originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of such other documents, and have made such other investigations, as we have deemed necessary to form a basis for the opinion hereinafter expressed. In making such examination, we have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the legal capacity of all natural persons, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, and the conformity to original documents of documents submitted to us as copies. As to all matters of fact relevant to our opinion, we have relied exclusively, without independent investigation or verification, upon the foregoing documents and on the certificates of public officials and officials of the Corporation.

Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that the Shares have been duly authorized and are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as part of the Registration Statement and to the use of our name therein and in the related prospectus under the caption "Legal Opinion".

It is understood that this opinion is to be used only in connection with the offer and sale of the Shares as described in the Registration Statement and only while the Registration Statement is in effect.

La real or with the Strate of the

Very truly yours,

COVINGTON & BURLING

### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-3 of our report, dated February 12, 1996, on our audits of the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, as of December 31, 1997 and 1998 and for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996, and 1995.

We also consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" in the Registration Statement.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, LLP

Baltimore, Maryland September 30, 1998



April 29, 1998

Mr. Bruce H. Burcat
Executive Director
Delaware Public Service Commission
861 Silver Lake Boulevard
Suite 100
Dover, DE 19904

Re: Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake")
Application for Approval to Issue Common Stock

Dear Mr. Burcat:

Please find enclosed an original and nine copies of the above mentioned application for approval of the Issuance of 475,000 shares of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation common stock for the purpose of acquiring all of the outstanding common stock of Xeron, Inc.

If you have any questions with respect to the above, please do not hesitate to call me at (302) 734-6798.

Sincerely,

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

cc: William A. Denman

# OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE

TN THE MATTER OF	THE APPLICATION OF
CHESAPEAKE UTILI	TIES CORPORATION
OR APPROVAL OF	THE ISSUANCE OF
COMMON STOCK	

•	P.S.C.	<b>Docket</b>	No.	
	P.3.U.	DOCKET	140.	

•

APPLICATION

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (hereinafter sometimes called "Chesapeake")

ursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> section 215, makes the following application for approval by the

commission of the issuance of 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock.

- 1. Chesapeake is a Delaware public utility with its principal place of business ocated at 909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904. All communications should be addressed to Chesapeake at the foregoing address, attention: Michael P. McMasters, Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer, or Beth W. Cooper, Assistant Treasurer.
- 2. Counsel for the applicant is William A. Denman, 414 South State Street, P.O. Box 497, Dover, Delaware 19903. Correspondence and other communications concerning this application should be directed to counsel at the foregoing address.
- 3. Chesapeake is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware. The voting stock of Chesapeake is publicly owned. Shares of common stock, 4,569,576 of which were outstanding as of March 31, 1996, are the only voting securities of Chesapeake. Each share is entitled to one vote.
- 4. Xeron, Inc. Is a privately-owned natural gas liquids trading company headquartered in Houston, Texas. Xeron markets natural gas liquids, primarily propane,

natural gas liquids resellers and southeastern retail propane companies. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, by agreement and plan of merger, Chesapeake, through a subsidiary of Chesapeake formed for the purpose of effecting said transaction, CPK Sub-C, has agreed to purchase all of the outstanding common stock of Xeron, Inc. A true and correct copy of the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by reference.

- 5. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Chesapeake proposes to issue to the shareholders of Xeron, Inc. 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock. Contemporaneously with the purchase of the stock of Xeron, Inc. by Chesapeake's subsidiary, CPK Sub-C, CPK Sub-C and Xeron, Inc. intend to merge, with Xeron, Inc. being the surviving entity.
- 6. The shares of Chesapeake common stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement will be issued as restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, Chesapeake has agreed to provide certain registration rights for these shares. A draft of the Registration Rights Agreement, setting forth the terms and conditions of these registration rights, is attached hereto as Exhibit "B". The Registration Rights Agreement will be consummated at the time of closing.
- 7. The issuance of Chesapeake's stock for the outstanding common stock of Xeron, Inc. is advantageous as it is a vertical integration of Chesapeake's existing propane distribution operations into the trading aspect of the business. Xeron has substantial propane supply and risk management expertise and benefits from many long-

4

term customer relationships. Chesapeake will benefit from improved supply capabilities, increased purchasing power and expanded marketing opportunities. The two principal shareholders have signed employment agreements and will provide their insight and expertise on an as-needed basis. The other key employees will be signing employment agreements, including the President who oversees the daily operations of Xeron.

- 8. The reason for the selection of the type and amount of proposed new securities is to provide for a tax free exchange for the shareholders of Xeron, Inc. and to be able to account for the acquisition under the pooling of interests method of accounting.
- 9. The Board of Directors of Chesapeake approved the aforesaid issuance of common stock on the 27th day of February, 1998.
- 10. A copy of the opinion of counsel for Chesapeake with respect to the legality of the proposed issuance of common stock is attached hereto as Exhibit "C".
- 11. Attached hereto as Exhibit "D" and incorporated herein by reference is a schedule setting forth Chesapeake's balance sheet and income statement for the twelve months ended December 31, 1997 both before and after the issuance of the common stock.
- 12. Attached hereto as Exhibit "E" is a copy of Chesapeake's annual report on Form 10-K for the calendar year ending December 31, 1997. Attached hereto as Exhibit "F" is Chesapeake's most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Both reports have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 13. Pursuant to the Commission's minimum filling requirements Part (D), attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference are the following schedules:
  - A. Schedule No. 1 Capitalization ratios, actual and pro forma, as of December 31, 1997.

- B. Schedule No. 2 Rate of return, actual, pro forms and annualized for the twelve months ended December 31, 1997.
- C. Schedule No. 3 Fixed charge coverage ratios, historical and annualized, for the twelve months ended December 31, 1997.
- 14. Chesapeake represents that the proposed issuance of common stock is in accordance with law, for a proper purpose, and consistent with the public interest.

WHEREFORE, Chesapeake prays as follows:

- A. That the Commission file this application and make such investigation and hold such hearings in the matter as it deems necessary;
- B. That the Commission approve the proposed issuance of common stock by Chesapeake as described herein.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

Bv:

Michael P. McMasters

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

water .

By:

\* WILLIAM A. DENMAN, ESQUIRE

P.O. Box 497 Dover, DE 19903

DATED: April 29, 1998.

TATE OF DELAWARE

**COUNTY OF KENT** 

BE IT REMEMBERED that on this 29th day of April, A.D., 1998, personally ppeared before me, a Notary Public for the State of Delaware, MICHAEL P. McMASTERS, who being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that he is the Vice President, Treasurer & CFO of Chesepeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and that insofar as the Application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation states facts and nsofar as those facts are within his personal knowledge, they are true; and insofar as those facts are not within his personal knowledge, he believes them to be true; and that The exhibits accompanying this Application and attached hereto are true and correct copies of the originals of the aforesaid exhibits; and that he has executed this Application on ehalf of the Company and pursuant to the authorization of its Board of Directors.

Vice President, Treasurer & CFO

WORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me that day and year first above written.

y Commission Expires: October 21, 2001

# APPLICATION OF CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FOR APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF STOCK

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>EXHIBIT A</b>	-	Agreement and Plan of Merger between Chesapeaks
		Litilities Corporation and Xeron, Inc.

EXHIBIT B - Draft Registration Rights Agreement between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr. and Patrick E. Armand

EXHIBIT C - Opinion of Legal Counsel

- DAMES 14

- Balance Sheet and Income Statement for Chesapeake
Utilities Corporation for the Twelve Months Ended
December 31, 1997

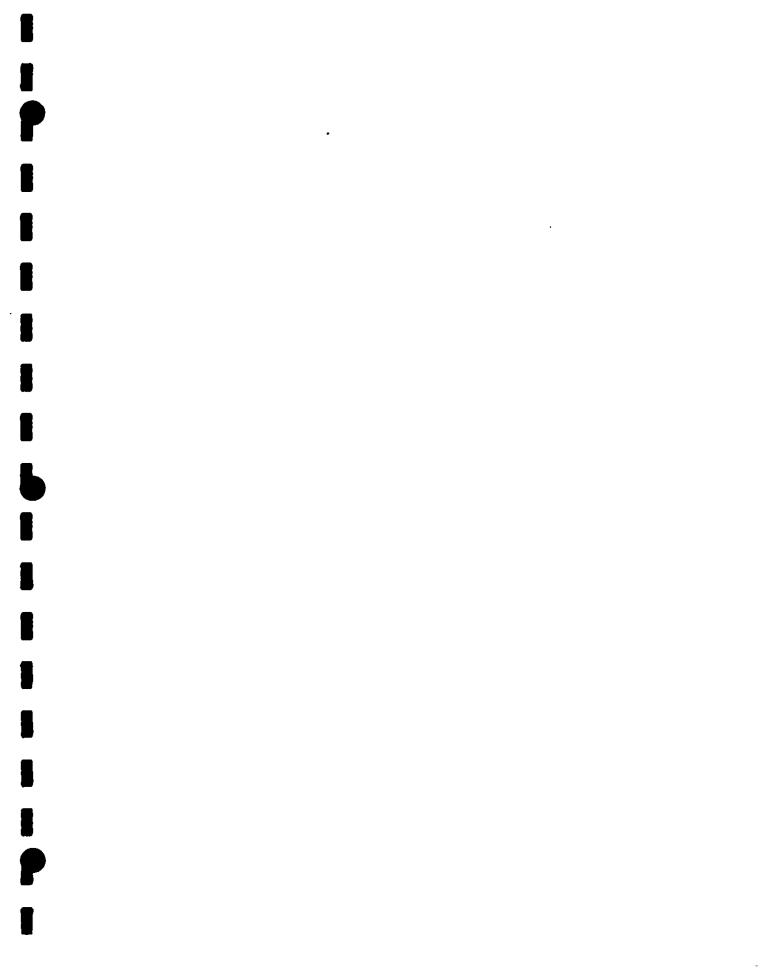
EXHIBIT E - 1997 Annual Report on Form 10-K

EXHIBIT F - September 30, 1997 Quarterly Report on Form 10Q

SCHEDULE NO. 1 - Capitalization Ratios - Actual and Pro Forma as of Decamber 31, 1997

SCHEDULE NO. 2 - Rate of Return - Actual, Pro Forma and Annualized for the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 1997

SCHEDULE NO. 3 \*- Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios - Historical and Annualized for the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 1997



MSG ID: 003386-290176

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 28, 1998

#### CHESAPRAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Delaware	× 001-11590	51-0064146	
(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)		Employer sation No.
909 Silver Lake B	oulevard, Dover,	Delaware	19904
(Address of princ	ipal executive of (302) 734-6799	(fices) (f	Zip Code)
(Registrant's tel	ephone number, in	cluding are	e code)
(Former name, for if cha	mer address and fi nged since last r		l year,

#### Item 5. Other Events

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") has agreed to purchase all of the outstanding shares of Xeron, Inc. ("Xeron"), a privately held natural gas liquids trading company headquartered in Houston, Texas. In the transaction, the Xeron shareholders will receive 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock for all the outstanding common stock of Xeron. After the purchase of Xeron's stock, the total number of Chesapeake outstanding shares will be approximately 5,064,000.

The transaction, which is subject to regulatory and other required approvals and other conditions of closing, is expected to close by May 31, 1998. Attached herein as Exhibits I and II, respectively, are copies of the executed Agreement and Plan of Merger and the press release relating thereto.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

By: /s/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: April 29, 1998

Exhibit I.

#### AGREEMENT AND PLAN OF MERGER

THIS AGREEMENT AND PLAM OF MERGER (the "Agreement") is made and entered into as of April 28, 1998, by and among Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Chesapeake"), CPK Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake ("CPK-Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr. and Patrick E. Armand, residents of Texas (each individually a "Shareholder," together, the "Shareholders," and with Xeron collectively, the "Sellers").

#### ARTICLE I THE MERGER

SECTION 1.1 THE MERGER. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions hereof, as promptly as practicable following the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions set forth in Article VIII hereof, but in no event later than two business days thereafter, unless the parties hereto shall otherwise agree, articles of merger (the "Articles of Merger") and a tertificate of merger (the "Certificate of Merger") providing for the merger of CPK-Sub-C with and into Xeron (the "Merger") shall be duly prepared, executed and filed by Xeron, as the burviving corporation (the "Surviving Corporation"), in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Mississippi General Corporation Law (the "MGCL") and the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL") and the Merger shall become effective. Following the Merger, the Surviving Corporation bhall continue under the same name as Xeron and the separate corporate existence of CPK-Sub-C shall cease. The date and time the Merger becomes effective is referred to herein as the "Effective Time." Immediately prior to the filling of the Articles of Merger and the Certificate of Merger, a closing.

(the "Closing") shall take place at the offices of Xeron in Mouston, Texas or at such other place and at such time as the parties shall agree.

SECTION 1.2 EFFECTS OF THE MERGER. The Merger hall have the effects set forth in Section(s) 79-4-11.01 through 79-4-11.07 of the MGCL and Sections 259, 260 and 261 of the DGCL.

BECTION 1.3 CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND BY-LAMS. The Articles of Incorporation of Keron and the By-laws of CPK-Sub-C (both of which have been heretofore delivered by Keron to Chesapeake or Chesapeake to Keron, as the case may be), in each case as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Time, shall be the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Surviving Corporation until duly amended in accordance with applicable law.

SECTION 1.4 DIRECTORS. The directors of CPK-Sub-C immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial directors of the Surviving Corporation and shall hold office until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified in accordance with the Articles of Incorporation and By-laws of the Surviving Corporation, or their earlier death, resignation or removal.

SECTION 1.5 OFFICERS. The officers of CPK-Sub-C immediately prior to the Effective Time shall be the initial officers of the Surviving Corporation and shall serve as the officers of the Surviving Corporation at the pleasure of the Board of Directors of the Surviving Corporation.

SECTION 1.6 CONVERSION OF SHARES. At the Effective lime, by virtue of the Merger and without any action on the part of the holders thereof:

ta) Subject to Section 2.2, each issued and sutstanding share of common stock, par value \$10.00 per share, of Xeron (the "Xeron Common Stock") shall automatically be converted into the right to receive (the "Stock Consideration") that number of fully paid and nonassessable shares of common stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of Chesapeake (the "Chesapeake Common Stock"), which shall be determined by dividing a total of 475,000 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock by the aggregate number of shares of Xeron Common Stock outstanding at the Effective Time, provided that in the event of a stock split or reverse stock split of the Chesapeake Common Stock to be issued shall be adjusted proportionately to prevent either dilution or anlargement of the rights of the Shareholders.

b) Each share of capital stock of Keron that is held in the treasury of Keron shall be canceled and retired and cease to exist and no consideration shall be issued in schange therefor.

(c) The issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of CPK-Sub-C shall be converted into and become, in the aggregate, one thousand fully paid and nonassessable hares of common stock of the Surviving Corporation.

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#### ARTICLE II EXCHANGE OF SHARES

SECTION 2.1 SURRENDER OF CERTIFICATES. At the Effective Time, each of the Shareholders shall surrender the certificate or certificates that formerly represented that Shareholder's shares of Keron Common Stock to the Surviving Corporation, and shall thereupon receive in exchange therefor the Stock Consideration for each share of Keron Common Stock formerly represented by such certificate or certificates, and the certificates so surrendered shall forthwith be cancelled.

SECTION 2.2 NO FRACTIONAL SHARES. No certificate or scrip representing fractional shares of Chesapeake Common Stock shall be issued upon the surrender for exchange of certificates of Xeron Common Stock, and such fractional share interests will not entitle the owner thereof to vote or to any rights of a shareholder of Chesapeake. In lieu of any such fractional share interest, Chesapeake shall pay to each shareholder of Meron who otherwise would be entitled to receive a fractional share of Chesapeake Common Stock (after aggregating all certificates formerly representing shares of Xeron Common Stock held by the same holder) an amount of cash determined by multiplying (i) the average of the closing prices of Chesapeake Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), as reported by The Mall Street Journal, for the twenty (20) consecutive trading days immediately preceding the second day prior to the Effective Time, by (ii) the fraction of a share of Chesapeake Common Stock to which such holder would otherwise be entitled pursuant to Section 1.6(a) of this Agreement.

# ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE SELLERS

Each of the Sellers represents and warrants to Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C as follows:

#### SECTION 3.1 CORPORATE ORGANIZATION.

(a) Xeron is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Mississippi and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to marry on its business as now being conducted. Section 3.1(a) of the disclosure schedule to be delivered to Chesapeake prior to the date of this Agreement (the "Meron Disclosure Schedule") sets forth the name of each jurisdiction in which there is qualified or licensed to do business. Meron is duly qualified or licensed to do business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the property owned, leased or operated by it or the nature of the business conducted by it takes such qualification or licensing necessary unless failure to qualify would not result in a material adverse effect on Meron. Meron has heretofore delivered to Chesapeake accurate and complete copies of its Certificate of Incorporation and y-laws, as in effect as of the date of this Agreement.

(b) Xeron does not own, directly or indirectly, any capital stock or other equity securities or similar interest in any corporation, partnership, joint venture, or other business association or entity except as set forth in Section 3.1(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule.

SECTION 3.2 CAPITALIZATION. The authorized capital stock of Xeron consists of 7500 shares of Xeron Common Stock, of which 6750 shares are issued and outstanding. All of the issued and outstanding shares of Xeron Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. There are no subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities or other agreements or commitments of any character (whether or not currently emercisable) obligating Xeron to issue, transfer or sell any of its securities. Section 3.2 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth (i) the name of the holder and beneficial owner of each outstanding share of Xeron Common Stock, and (ii) the number of shares of Xeron Common Stock held by such holder.

# SECTION 3.3 AUTHORITY RELATIVE TO THIS AGREEMENT; BINDING EFFECT.

- (a) Xeron has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly authorized and approved by the Board of Directors of Xeron and by the unanimous vote or written consent of the shareholders of Xeron and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Xeron are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Xeron and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of Xeron, enforceable against Xeron in accordance with its terms.
- (b) This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each Seller and constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of each Seller, enforceable against each Seller in accordance with its terms.

SECTION 3.4 CONSENTS AND APPROVALS; NO VIOLATIONS.

Except for the filing and recordation of the Articles of Merger, as required by the NGCL, and the Certificate of Merger, as required by the DGCL, and as set forth in Section 3.4 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, no filing with or notification to, and no permit, authorization, consent, waiver or approval of, any government, executive official thereof, governmental or regulatory authority, agency, commission, or court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign (a "Governmental Entity"), is necessary for the consummation by the Sellers of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Except as set forth in Section 3.4 of Xeron Disclosure Schedule, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by the Sellers nor the consummation by the Sellers of the transactions contemplated hereby nor compliance by the Sellers with any of the provisions hereof will (i) conflict with or result in any breach of any provision of the Articles of Incorporation or By-laws of Xeron, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute (with or without due

As a second district

notice or lapse of time or both) a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancellation or acceleration or result in the creation of any mortgage, pledge, charge, security interest, claim or encumbrance of any kind (collectively, a "Lien")) under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which any Seller is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets may be bound, or (iii) violate any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to the Sellers or any of their properties or assets.

SECTION 3.5 ABSENCE OF CERTAIN CHANGES. Except as and to the extent set forth in Section 3.5 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, since November 30, 1997 Xeron has not:

(a) suffered any Material Adverse Change;
"Material Adverse Change" means (i) any material change in the nature of Xeron's business, assets, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects, (ii) the loss of a material contract (other than spot contracts which have been performed by the parties thereto in accordance with their terms), and (iii) any change that creates a material limitation on the ability of Xeron to conduct its business as heretofore conducted;

(b) paid, discharged or otherwise satisfied any material claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) other than the payment, lischarge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;

(c) permitted or allowed any of its material property or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible) to be subjected to any Liens, except for (i) Liens for current taxes or other governmental charges not yet due and payable, or the amount or validity of which is being contested by the appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established and is reflected in the Financial Statements (as defined below), (ii) Liens disclosed in Sections 3.23(b) and 3.23(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, (iii) Liens of carriers, warehousemen and mechanics and similar Liens incurred in the ordinary course of business, and (iv) soning, entitlement and other land use regulations (collectively, "Permitted Liens");

(d) sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of any of its properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible), except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice;

e) granted any increase in the compensation or benefits of any director, officer or employee (including any such increase pursuant to any bonus, pension, profit sharing or other plan or commitment) or any increase in the compensation or benefits payable or to become payable to any irector, officer or employee, and no such increase is customary on a periodic basis or required by agreement or understanding;

were in while of their

f) made any change in Xeron's severance,

policy or practices;

- (g) made any expenditure capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or acquired any property or assets for a cost in excess of \$25,000, in the aggregate, other than in the ordinary course of business;
- (h) declared, paid or set aside for payment any dividend or other distribution in respect of its capital stock or redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired, directly or indirectly, any shares of capital stock or other securities of Xeron;
- (i) made any change in any method of tax or financial accounting or accounting practice or made or changed any election for Federal income tax purposes;
- (j) paid, loaned or advanced any amount to, or sold, transferred or leased any properties or assets (real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible) to, or entered into any agreement or arrangement with, any of its officers, directors or shareholders or any affiliate or associate of any of its officers, directors or shareholders except for directors' fees, and compensation to officers at rates not exceeding the rates of compensation paid during the six month period immediately prior to November 30, 1997;
- (k) agreed or planned, whether in writing or otherwise, to take any action described in this Section.

SECTION 3.6 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. Xeron shall have furnished to Chesepeake prior to the date of this Agreement audited balance sheets for the last two completed fiscal years, audited statements of income, equity and cash flows of Xeron for the last three completed fiscal years and an unaudited balance sheet and statement of income for the nine month period ending February 28, 1998 (collectively, the "Financial Statements"). The audited financial statements are true, correct and complete in all material respects, fairly present, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in Section 3.6 of the Meron Disclosure Schedule) the financial position of Xeron as of the dates thereof and its consolidated results of operations and changes in financial position and changes in stockholders equity and cash flows for the periods then ended. Such unaudited balance sheet and statement of income shall be certified by the Chief Executive Officer of Xeron as having been prepared under his supervision; as presenting the financial position of Xeron in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied (except as may be indicated in Section 3.6 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule); to be true, correct and complete in all material respects; and to reflect accurately the results of operations of Xeron for such nine month period.

SECTION 3.7 NO UNDISCLOSED LIABILITIES. Except as and to the extent provided in the Financial Statements or Section 3.7 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Yeron does not have any material liabilities (whether contingent or absolute, direct or indirect, known or unknown to Xeron or matured or

unmatured) not fully reflected or fully reserved against in the Financial Statements. Except as set forth in Section 3.7 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule, since Movember 30, 1997, Keron has not incurred any liability except in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice.

SECTION 3.8 MO DEFAULT. Except as set forth in Section 3.8 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule, Keron is not in default or violation (and no event has occurred that with hotice or the lapse of time or both would constitute a default or violation) of any term, condition or provision of (i) its Certificate of Incorporation or its By-laws, (ii) any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Xeron is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets are bound, or (iii) any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to Xeron or any of its properties or assets, unless any such default or violation would not have a material adverse effect on Xeron.

SECTION 3.9 LITIGATION. Except as set forth in Section 3.9 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, there is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, or investigation pending or, to the knowledge of Xeron, threatened involving Meron or any of its properties or assets. Neither Xeron nor any of its properties or assets is subject to any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award. There is no action, suit, proceeding, arbitration or investigation initiated by Xeron that is currently pending or that Xeron presently intends to initiate.

SECTION 3.10 COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. Except as set forth in Section 3.10 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, the business of Xeron has not been conducted in violation of any applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decree or order of any Governmental Entity, unless such violation will not result in a material adverse effect on Keron. Meron holds all permits, licenses, variances, exemptions, orders and approvals of all Governmental Entities pecessary for the lawful conduct of its businesses (the 'Xeron Permits") and is in compliance with the terms of the Xeron Permits, unless the failure to obtain any Xeron Permits or be in compliance therewith will not result in a material adverse effect on Xeron. Except as set forth in Section 3.10 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has not received any notification of any asserted present or past failure by Xeron to comply with such laws, rules or regulations or such Xeron Permits which have not been previously cured, and there is, to he knowledge of Keron, no pending audit, investigation or other review by any Governmental Entity to determine the existence of any violation of such laws, rules or regulations or such Xeron Permits.

SECTION 3.11 TAXES.

a) Since June 1, 1979, Keron has been a C corporation for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Code").

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b) The amounts, if any, provided as a

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liability on the Financial Statements for all Taxes (as ereinafter defined) ("tax liability amounts") are adequate to over all unpaid liabilities for all Taxes, whether or not disputed, that have accrued or will accrue with respect to or are applicable to the period ended on and including the Effective Time (including, without limitation, as a result of he transactions contemplated by this Agreement) or to any years and periods prior thereto and for which Xeron may be directly or contingently liable in its own right or as a ransferee of the assets of, or successor to, any person; rovided, however, that with respect to tax liability amounts reflected on the unaudited financial statements for the nineonth period ending February 28, 1998, the term 'adequate' eans that such amounts are reasonable estimates made in good saith based on currently available information. Except as set forth in Section 3.11(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, feron has incurred no Tax liabilities other than in the rdinary course of business for any taxable year for which the pplicable statute of limitations has not expired. There are no Liens for Taxes (other than Liens for current Taxes not yet he and payable, or the amount or validity of which is being ontested by the appropriate proceedings and for which an appropriate reserve has been established and is reflected in the Financial Statements) upon the properties or assets or eron. Xeron has not granted or been requested to grant any aiver of any statutes of limitations applicable to any claim Tor Taxes. Xeron has made no elections for federal income tax purposes, except for customary elections for inventory, mortization and depreciation.

- (c) Xeron (i) has filed (or has had filed on its behalf) or has caused to be filed timely all Tax Returns as hereinafter defined) required by applicable law to be liled and (ii) has paid all Taxes shown thereon as owing. To the knowledge of Xeron, each such Tax Return is true, accurate and complete and Xeron has paid all Taxes as are due, except uch as are being contested in good faith by appropriate roccedings and with respect to which Xeron is maintaining reserves adequate for their payment. All Taxes that Xeron is required by law to withhold or collect, including sales and see taxes, and amounts required to be withheld for Taxes of imployees and other withholding taxes, have been duly withheld or collected and, to the extent required, have been paid over in a timely manner to the proper governmental authorities or the held in separate bank accounts for such purpose.
- (d) No extensions of time have been granted for Xeron to file any Tax Return required by applicable law to filed, which have expired, without such Tax Return having been filed.
- e) Except as disclosed in Section 3.11(e) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, none of the Tax Returns filed by or on behalf of Xeron are currently undergoing any Audit (as hereinafter defined), Xeron has received no notice that my Tax Return will undergo any Audit, and no facts exist that ould constitute grounds for the assessment against Xeron of any material additional Taxes by any governmental authority for periods that have not been audited. No material issues are been raised in any Audit by any governmental authority with respect to the business and operations of Xeron that, by

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application of similar principles, reasonably could be expected to result in a proposed adjustment to the liability for Taxes for any other period not so examined. No deficiency or adjustment for any Taxes has been threatened, proposed, asserted, or assessed against Xeron.

- (f) No power of attorney has been granted by Xeron with respect to any matter relating to Taxes which is currently in force.
- (g) Xeron is not a party to any agreement providing for the allocation or sharing of Taxes.
- (h) Xeron has not entered into any agreement that would result in the disallowence of any tax deduction pursuant to Code Section 2800.
- (i) No "consent" within the meaning of Code Section 341(f) has been filed with respect to Meron.
- (j) Except as disclosed in Section 3.11(j) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron is not subject to any arrangement that (a) gives rise to a deduction or loss before the Effective Time and a corresponding recognition of taxable gain or income after the Effective Time or (b) gives rise to the recognition of taxable income or gain after the Effective Time without the receipt of a corresponding amount of cash.
- (k) None of the Shareholders is a "foreign person" as defined in Code Section 1465(f)(3).
- (1) None of the assets of Xeron constitutes tax-exempt bond financed property or tax-exempt use property within the meaning of Code Section 168, and none of the assets reflected on the Financial Statements is subject to a lease, safe harbor lease or other arrangement as a result of which Keron is not treated as the owner of such assets for federal income tax purposes.
- (m) The basis of all depreciable or mortizable assets, and the methods used in determining allowable depreciation or amortization (including cost recovery) deductions of Xeron, are materially correct and in compliance with the Code.
- (n) To the knowledge of Xeron, Xeron is not required to make any material adjustment under Code Section 181(a) by reason of a change or proposed change in accounting method or otherwise.
  - (o) For purposes of this Section:
    - (i) the term "Taxes" shall mean all taxes, charges, fees, duties (including customs duties), levies or other assessments, including income, gross receipts, net proceeds, ad valorem, turnover, real and personal property (tangible and intangible), sales, use, franchise, excise, value added, stamp, leasing, lease, user, transfer, fuel, excess profits, occupational, interest equalisation, windfall profits, severance, license, payroll, environmental, capital stock, .

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disability, employee's income withholding, other withholding, unemployment and Social Security taxes, which are imposed by any federal, state, local or foreign governmental authority, and such term shall include any interest, penalties or additions to tax attributable thereto;

- (ii) the term "Tax Return" shall include all federal, state, local and foreign tax returns, declarations, statements, reports, schedules, forms and information returns and any amended Tax Return relating to Taxes; and
- (iii) the term "Audit" shall include any taxing authority's audit, assessment of Taxes, or other examination proceedings or appeal of such proceedings relating to Taxes.

#### SECTION 3.12 BENEFIT PLANS AND ARRANGEMENTS

- (a) Section 3.12(a) of the Keron Disclosure Schedule contains a list of all employee benefits, plans or arrangements (whether or not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder ("ERISA"), and whether written or oral) that Xeron has maintained or to which it has contributed at any time for the benefit of its employees (the "Employee Benefit Plans").
- (b) Xeron has provided Chesapeake with a true and complete copy of each of the following for the Employee Benefit Plans which are currently in effect: the current plan document, including any amendments thereto, the most recent summary plan description, annual reports on form 5500 for the three most recent years (if such forms were required to be filed), and any trust agreements, insurance contracts, service provider agreements or similar agreements. Xeron has no plan or commitment, whether legally binding or not, to create any additional benefit plans or arrangements or to change the terms of the Employee Benefits Plans.
- (c) Xeron has complied in all material respects with all applicable provisions of ERISA and the Code and all other applicable laws, rules, and regulations with respect to the Employee Benefit Plans except for compliance failure(s) that individually or in the aggregate would not have a material adverse effect on Meron. The Employee Benefit Plans are not subject to any ongoing audit or other administrative proceeding of any governmental entity, and are not the subject of any pending application for administrative relief under any program of the IRS, the Department of Labor, or any other governmental entity. Xeron has disclosed in Section 3.12(c) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule all material liabilities with respect to the Employee Benefit Plans to Chesapeake. are no pending or threatened claims (other than routine claims for benefits) against the Employee Benefit Plans by any person. The Employee Benefit Plans are not multiemployer plans within the meaning of ERISA except as set forth in Section 3.12(c) of the Keron Disclosure Schedule. The Employee Benefit Plans can be terminated, without penalty, with no requirement for the further provision of benefits,

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within a period of 30 days. Mone of the representations in this Section will be affected by the occurrence of the Merger.

#### SECTION 3.13 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS.

- (a) Except as set forth in Section 3.13 of the
  Xeron Disclosure Schedule, neither Xeron nor any Shareholder
  has learned, been advised, or received any communication
  (written or oral), whether from a governmental authority,
  citizens group, employee or otherwise that alleges or suggests
  that Xeron or any Shareholder is not in full compliance with
  the Environmental Laws. Section 3.13 of the Xeron Disclosure
  Schedule lists the permits or other governmental
  authorizations that Xeron has pursuant to the Environmental
  Laws.
- (b) To the knowledge of Xeron, there are no Environmental Claims (as hereinafter defined) pending or threatened against Xeron or any Shareholder or against any person or entity whose liability for any Environmental Claim Xeron or any Shareholder has retained, or has assumed either contractually or by operation of law and neither Xeron nor any Shareholder knows of any facts or allegations that could result in future Environmental Claims.
- (c) To the knowledge of Xeron, none of the Real Property, as such term is defined in Section 3.23, nor any property owned or leased by Xeron is on the Mational Priorities List or the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System, and no such property is a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act "permitted facility." Ho such property is permitted by the state in which it is located to be used as a landfill or disposal site of any type.
- (d) To the knowledge of Xeron, Section 3.13 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule lists all tanks that have been owned, leased, operated or used by Xeron, or which are currently used by Xeron and are located on the Real Property, as such term is defined in Section 3.23.
  - (e) For purposes of this Agreement:
    - (i) "Environmental Claim" means any claim, action, cause of action, litigation, proceeding, order, decree, investigation or notice (written or oral) by any person or entity alleging potential liability or responsibility (including, without limitation, potential liability or responsibility for investigatory costs, cleanup costs, costs of compliance with laws, requirements, guidelines, or orders, governmental response costs, natural resources damages, property damages, personal injuries, or penalties) arising out of, based on or resulting from (a) the presence, or release into the environment, of any Materials of Environmental Concern at any location, whether or not owned or operated by Xeron or (b) circumstances forming the basis of any violation, or alleged violation, of any Environmental Laws.
    - (ii) "Environmental Laws" means all Federal, state, local and foreign laws, regulations, ordinances,

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rules, guidelines, orders, directives, judgments and determinations relating in any way to pollution or protection of human health or the environment (including, without limitation, ambient air, surface water, ground water, land surface or subsurface strata), including, without limitation, laws and regulations relating to emissions, discharges, releases or threatened releases of Materials of Environmental Concern, or otherwise relating to the manufacture, processing, distribution, use, treatment, storage, disposal, transport or handling of Materials of Environmental Concern, as amended from time to time.

(iii) "Materials of Environmental Concern" means chemicals, pollutants, contaminants, hazardous materials, hazardous substances, hazardous wastes, toxic substances, petroleum and petroleum products, and any substance controlled or regulated by any Environmental Law.

SECTION 3.14 CHANGE IN CONTROL. Except as set forth in Section 3.14 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron is not a party to any contract, agreement or understanding which contains a "change in control," "potential change in control" or similar provision. Except as set forth in Section 3.14 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will not (either alone or upon the occurrence of any additional acts or events) result in any payment (whether of severance pay or otherwise) becoming due from Xeron to any person.

#### SECTION 3.15 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.

- (a) Except as set forth in Section 3.15(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron owns, or is licensed or otherwise has the full right to use, all copyrights, trademarks and service marks (including all applications and registrations therefor), trade names, computer software, patents (including applications therefor), and all other intellectual property that is necessary for the conduct of its business as heretofore conducted (collectively, the "Intellectual Property"). Xeron has not sold or conveyed to any third-party the right to use proprietary software developed by or for Xeron.
- (b) Except as set forth in Section 3.15(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, there are no outstanding claims, judgments, settlements or proceedings against Xeron asserting the invalidity, abuse, misuse or unenforceability of any of the Intellectual Property and there are no threatened claims or proceedings relating to the validity of or enforceability of the Intellectual Property. There are no pending or threatened opposition or other administrative proceedings with respect to any Intellectual Property which is the subject of a pending application that would prevent the registration in due course of such Intellectual Property.

SECTION 3.16 CONTRACTS AND CONSTRUCTS. Except as set forth in Section 3.16 of the Keron Disclosure Schedule:

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(a) Xeron has no agreements, contracts,

commitments, or restrictions that are material to its business, prospects, financial condition, working capital, assets, liabilities (absolute, accrued, contingent or otherwise) or operations;

- (b) There are no purchase contracts or commitments under which Keron is required to pay in excess of \$300,000, other than those incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (c) There are no outstanding sales contracts or commitments of Keron that call for the payment to, or receipt by, Keron of more than \$300,000, other than those incurred in the ordinary course of business;
- (d) Xeron has no outstanding contracts with officers, directors or employees that are not cancelable by it on notice of not longer than thirty (30) days and without liability, penalty, or premium or any agreement or arrangement providing for the payment of any bonus or commissions based on sales or earnings;
- (e) Xeron is not in default, nor aware of any facts or circumstances which could serve as the basis for any valid claim of default, under any material contract made or obligation owed by it;
- (f) Xeron is not restricted by agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world;
- (g) Xeron has no obligation with respect to borrowed money (except for a line of credit from Norwest Bank in the maximum amount of \$5,000,000), including debt obligations of its own or guarantees of or agreements to acquire any debt obligation of others;
- (h) Xeron has no power of attorney outstanding or any obligations or liabilities (whether absolute, accrued, contingent, or otherwise), as guarantor, surety, co-signer, endorser, co-maker or indemnitor for the obligation of any person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, organization, or other entity; and
- (i) None of the officers, directors or shareholders of Xeron has any interest in any property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, including without limitation Intellectual Property, that is used in the business of Xeron.

SECTION 3.17 LABOR RELATIONS. As of the date hereof, there is no strike or other labor dispute pending against Xeron. Xeron is not bound by or subject to (and none of its properties or assets is bound by or subject to) any written or oral, express or implied, contract, commitment or arrangement with any labor union, and no labor union has requested or sought to represent any of the employees, representatives or agents of Zeron, nor is Xeron aware or any labor organization activity involving its employees. Except as previously disclosed in writing to Chesapeake, :> officer or employee of Xeron has any plans to terminate his employment with Xeron.

SECTION 3.18 . EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS. Except as disclosed in Section 3.18 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has previously given to Chesapeake true and correct copies of its work rule manuals, rules, policies or other guidelines relating to employee compensation, retirement and severance and each employment or consulting contract to the extent they exist. Except as set forth in Section 3.18 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule and except as previously disclosed to Chesapeake in writing, there are no other significant employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements, maintained or contributed to by Xeron.

SECTION 3.19 PERSCENEL. Xeron has furnished to Chesapeake a list of the names and current salaries of each officer and employee of Xeron as of the date of this Agreement. Section 3.19 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule sets forth a complete and correct list of all written employment, compensation, severance, consulting or indemnification contracts between Xeron and its present or former employees, officers, directors and consultants to the extent Xeron has any continuing obligations thereunder. Xeron has made available to Chesapeake true and correct copies of all such agreements.

SECTION 3.20 INSURANCE. 4 Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule contains an accurate and complete list of all policies of fire, liability, workmen's compensation and other forms of insurance owned or held by Xeron, except with respect to the policies as disclosed in Section 3.12 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule. In the reasonable judgment of the Sellers, such policies are in adequate amounts and cover risks customarily insured against by businesses of the type operated by Xeron. Except as set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, all such policies are in full force and effect, all premiums with respect thereto covering all periods up to and including the Effective Time will have been paid, and no notice of cancellation of termination has been received with respect to any such policy. Except as set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, such policies will remain in full force and effect through the respective dates set forth in Section 3.20(a) of the Keron Disclosure Schedule without the payment of additional premiums, and will not be materially affected by, or terminate or lapse by reason of, the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. All of such policies have been issued by reputable insurance companies actively engaged in the insurance business. All known claims, if any, made against Xeron that are covered by insurance have been disclosed to and accepted by the appropriate insurance companies and, to the knowledge of Keron, are being defended by such appropriate insurance companies and are described in Section 3.20(b) of the Meron Disclosure Schedule, and, except as disclosed in Section 3.20(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, no claims have been denied coverage during the last three years.

SECTION 3.21 RECEIVABLES. All accounts and notes due and uncollected as reflected on the Financial Statements. and all accounts and notes due and uncollected arising subsequent to February 28, 1998 (i) have arisen in the ordinary course of business of Xeron, except as set forth in

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Section 3.21 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, and (ii) represent valid obligations due to Xeron enforceable in accordance with their terms, net of applicable reserves. Xeron has previously made available to Chesapeake lists of the aging and amounts of all accounts and notes due and uncollected at February 28, 1998. No reserve for bad debts is required as of February 28, 1998.

SECTION 3.22 RELATED PARTY CONTRACTS. Except as set forth in Section 3.22 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with related parties (including shareholders, directors and officers), other than the related-party agreements described in Sections 3.16(d) and 3.16(i) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule. Except as set forth in Section 3.22 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, each of the related-party agreements was entered into between Xeron and the party thereto on an arm's length basis on terms no less favorable to Xeron than it could obtain from an unrelated third party.

#### SECTION 3.23 REAL PROPERTY; LEASED PREMISES.

- (a) Section 3.23(a) of the Maron Disclosure
  Schedule sets forth a true and complete list and description
  of all real property and land owned by Maron and the
  buildings, improvements and structures located thereon, except
  for the Leased Premises (as defined below) (collectively, the
  "Real Property"). Each of the material improvements located
  upon the Real Property owned or used by Maron (including,
  without limitation, all buildings, land and equipment leased
  by Maron) is in reasonably good repair and operating
  condition.
- (b) Xeron has good and valid title to the Real Property in fee simple and to the structures and fixtures attached or appurtement to or used in connection with the Real Property, free and clear of all Liens, except (i) as set forth in Section 3.23(b) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, and (ii) Permitted Liens.
- (c) Section 3.23(c) of the Xeron Disclosure
  Schedule sets forth a true and complete list of each lease of
  premises executed by or binding upon Xeron as lessee,
  sublessee, tenant or assignee (the "Leased Premises"). Except
  as set forth in Section 3.23(c) of the Xeron Disclosure
  Schedule, each such lease is in full force and effect without
  any default or breach thereof by Xeron or, to the knowledge of
  Xeron, by any other party thereto. True and complete copies
  of all leases listed on Schedule 3.23(c) of the Xeron
  Disclosure Schedule (including all amendments, addenda,
  waivers and all other binding documents relating thereto) have
  been made available to Chesapeake.
- (d) Except as set forth in Section 3.23(d) of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron has not received any notice of or writing referring to any requirements by any insurance company that has issued a policy covering any part of any Real Property or Leased Premises or by any board of fire underwriters or other body exercising similar functions, requiring any repairs or work to be done on any part of any Real Property or Leased Premises.

SECTION 3.24 ABSENCE OF CERTAIN PAYMENTS. Neither

Xeron nor any of its affiliates or any of their respective officers, directors, employees or agents or other people acting on behalf of Xeron have (i) engaged in any activity prohibited by the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 or any other similar law, regulation, decree, directive or order of any other country and (ii) without limiting the generality of the preceding clause (i), used any corporate or other funds for unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or entertainment; or made any unlawful expenditures relating to political activity to government officials or others. None of Xeron or any of its affiliates or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents of other persons acting on behalf of Xeron, has accepted or received any unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or expenditures.

SECTION 3.25 DISCLOSURE. No representation or warranty by Xeron or the Sellers in this Agreement and no statement in any document, schedule or certificate furnished or to be furnished by the Sellers to Chesapeake or any of its representatives pursuant to the provisions hereof or in connection with the transections contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits or will omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstance under which they were made, not misleading.

#### SECTION 3.26 PUHCA.

- (a) Xeron is not a "public-utility company," as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(5) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and the rules and regulations thereunder (the "1935 Act").
- (b) Upon consummation of the Herger, none of the Shareholders, individually or in the aggregate, shall constitute a "holding company" with respect to Chesapeake, as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(7) of the 1935 Act.
- (c) None of the Sellers, individually or in the aggregats, directly or indirectly owns, controls or holds with power to vote five percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public-utility company, as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(5) of the 1935 Act.
- SECTION 3.27 POOLING MATTERS. The representations, warranties and covenants of Xeron set forth in the form of letter from Xeron to Coopers & Lyhrand, attached hereto as Annex A-1, are true and correct in all material respects (except as such matters may be subject to the control of Chesapeake or its affiliates).
- SECTION 3.28 YEAR 2000. Except as set forth in Section 3.28 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron does not rely on any computer or information systems or equipment that will not operate or perform properly using dates for January 1, 2000 and beyond.
- SECTION 3.29 KNOWLEDGE. The phrase "to the knowledge of Xeron" means to the knowledge of Xeron or any of

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its officers.

### REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF CHESAPEAKE

Chesapeake represents and warrants to the Sellers as follows:

SECTION 4.1 CORPORATE ORGANIZATION. Each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation and has all requisite corporate power and authority to own, lease and operate its properties and to carry on its business as now being conducted. The Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws of Chesapeake, as currently in effect, are filed as exhibits to Chesapeake's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Chesapeake has heretofore delivered to the Sellers accurate and complete copies of the Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws, as currently in effect, of Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.2 CAPITALIZATION. As of the date of this Agreement, the authorized capital stock of Chesapeake consists of 12,000,000 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock and 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, of which 4,577,778 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock are issued and outstanding. All of such issued and outstanding shares of Chesapeake Common Stock are validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights. As of the date of this Agreement, (i) 163,637 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were issuable upon exercise of warrants or stock options; 26,700 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were issuable in accordance with Chesapeake's Long Term Incentive Awards Plan; and 173,771 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock were reserved for issuance under such plans and (ii) there are \$3,852,000 face amount convertible debt securities outstanding that are convertible into 226,455 shares of Chesapeake Common Stock. Except as set forth above and in the Chesapeake financial statements and other public filings, or as may be required in connection with Chesapeake's ongoing acquisition activities, there are not any shares of capital stock (or securities substantially equivalent to capital stock) of Chesapeake issued or outstanding or any subscriptions, options, warrants, calls, rights, convertible securities or other agreements or commitments of any character obliging Chesapeake to issue, transfer or sell any of its securities.

SECTION 4.3 AUTHORITY RELATIVE TO THIS AGREDIENT.
Each of Chesapeake and CPR-Sub-C has full corporate power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly and validly authorized and approved by the Boards of Directors of Chesapeake and CPR-Sub-C and by Chesapeake as the sole shareholder of CPR-Sub-C and no other corporate proceedings on the part of Chesapeake or CPR-Sub-C are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions so contemplated. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by each of Chesapeake and CPR-Sub-C and

constitutes a valid and binding agreement of each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C, enforceable against each of Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C in accordance with its terms.

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SECTION 4.4 CONSENTS AND APPROVALS; NO VIOLATIONS. Except for the filing and recordation of the Articles of Merger, as required by the MGCL, and the Certificate of Merger, as required by the DGCL, the filing with the Delaware Public Utilities Commission, and as set forth in Section 4.4 of the disclosure schedule to be delivered to the Sellers prior to the date of this Agreement (the "Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule"), no filing with or notification to, and no permit, authorization, consent, waiver or approval of, any Bovernmental Entity, is necessary for the consummation by thesapeake of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Except as set forth in Section 4.4 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement by Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C nor the consummation by Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C of the transactions contemplated hereby nor compliance by Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C with any of the provisions hereof will (i) conflict with or result in any preach of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or sy-laws of Chesapeake or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) result in a violation or breach of, or constitute (with or without due notice or lapse of time or both) a default (or give rise to any right of termination, cancellation or acceleration or result in the creation of any Lien) under, any of the terms, conditions or provisions of any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or bligation to which Chesapeake or any of its subsidiaries is a party or by which any of them or any of their respective properties or assets may be bound or (iii) violate any order, wit, injunction, decree, statute, treaty, rule or regulation pplicable to Chesepeake, any of its subsidiaries or any of their properties or assets.

ECTION 4.5 SEC REPORTS. Chesapeake has filed on a imely basis all required forms, reports and documents with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") since January , 1994 (collectively, the "Chesapeake SEC Reports"), each of hich has complied in all material respects with all pplicable requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act"), and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), and the rules and regulations of the EC, as each was in effect on the dates so filed. Chesapeake as heretofore delivered to Keron and the Sellers in the form filed with the SEC, its (i) Annual Reports on Form 10-K for each of the last three fiscal years and (ii) all definitive roxy statements relating to Chesapeake meetings of hareholders (whether annual or special) held since January 1, 1994. The audited consolidated financial statements and maudited consolidated interim financial statements of hesapeake included in the Chesapeake SEC Reports are true, correct and complete in all material respects; fairly present, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles pplied on a consistent basis (except as may be indicated in he notes thereto), the consolidated financial position of Chesapeake and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates thereof and their consolidated results of operations and hanges in financial position and changes in stockholders quity and cash flows for the periods then ended (subject to

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normal year-end and audit adjustments in the case of any maudited interim financial statements).

SECTION 4.6 CPK-SUB-C. CPK-Sub-C has not conducted any operations or incurred any liabilities or obligations other than arising under or in connection with its formation and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

SECTION 4.7 CHESAPEAKE SHARES. All of the shares of Chesapeake Common Stock to be issued in connection with the Herger will, at the time of such issuance, be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of preemptive rights and free of any adverse liens, claims, charges or encumbrances.

warranty by Chesapeake in this Agreement and no statement contained in any document (including without limitation, the Chesapeake SEC Reports), schedule or certificate furnished or to be furnished by Chesapeake to the Sellers or any of their representatives pursuant to the provisions hereof or in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, contains any untrue statement of material fact or omits or will omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

SECTION 4.9 POOLING MATTERS. The representations, warranties and covenants of Chesapeake set forth in the form of letter from Chesapeake to Coopers & Lybrand attached to this Agreement as Annex A-2 are true and correct in all material respects (except as such matters may be subject to the control of Keron or its affiliates).

SECTION 4.10 ABSENCE OF CERTAIN CHANGES. Except as and to the extent set forth in Section 4.10 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, since December 31, 1997 Chesapeake has not:

- (a) suffered any material Adverse Change; "Material Adverse Change" means (i) any material change in the nature of Chesapeake's business, assets, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects, (ii) the loss of a contract which would have a material adverse effect on Chesapeake, and (iii) many change that creates a material limitation on the ability of Chesapeake to conduct its business as heretofore conducted;
- (b) agreed or planned, whether in writing or otherwise, to take any action described in this Section.

SECTION 4.11 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Chesapeake shall have furnished to Xeron prior to the date of this Agreement copies of Chesapeake's Form 10-K for the fiscal years 1995, 1996 and 1997 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

SECTION 4.12 NO UNDISCLOSED LIABILITIES. Except as and to the extent provided in the Chesapeake SEC Reports or Section 4.12 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake does not have any material liabilities (whether contingent or absolute, direct or indirect, known or unknown to Chesapeake or matured or unmatured) not fully reflected or fully reserved

against in the Chesapeake financial statements.

SECTION 4.13 NO DEFAULT. Except as set forth in Section 4.13 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake is not in default or violation (and no event has occurred that with notice or the lapse of time or both would constitute a default or violation) of any material term, condition or provision of (i) its Certificate of Incorporation or its By-Laws, (ii) any note, bond, mortgage, indenture, license, contract, agreement or other instrument or obligation to which Chesapeake is a party or by which it or any of its properties or assets are bound, or (iii) any order, writ, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation applicable to Chesapeake or any of its properties or assets, unless such default would not have a material adverse effect on Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.14 LITIGATION. Except as set forth in Chesapeake's SEC Reports or in Section 4.14 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, there is no material action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, or investigation pending or to the best of Chesapeake's knowledge, threatened by or before any governmental Entity involving Chesapeake or any of its properties or assets. Except as set forth in Chesapeake's SEC Reports or in Section 4.14 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, neither Chesapeake nor any of its material properties or assets is subject to any order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree, determination or award.

BECTION 4.15 COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. except as set forth in Section 4.15 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, the business of Chesapeake has not been conducted in violation of any applicable law, ordinance, rule, regulation, decree or order of any Governmental Entity, unless such violation would not result in a material adverse effect on Chesapeake. Chesapeake holds all permits, licenses, variances, exemptions, orders and approvals of all overnmental Entities necessary for the lawful conduct of its usinesses (the "Chesapeake Permits") and is in compliance with the terms of the Chesapeake Permits, unless the failure to obtain any Chesapeake Permits or be in compliance therewith vill not result in a material adverse effect on Chesapeake. except as set forth in Section 4.15 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, Chesapeake has not received any potification of any asserted present or past failure by hesapeake to comply with such laws, rules or regulations or such Chesapeake Permits which have not been previously cured, and there is, to the knowledge of Chesapeake, no pending pudit, investigation or other review by any Governmental intity to determine the existence of any violation of such laws, rules or regulations or such Chesapeake Permits.

ECTION 4.16 TAXES.

(a) To the knowledge of Chesapeake, Chesapeake has duly filed with the appropriate governmental authorities all Tax Returns (as defined in Section 4.16(c)) required to be filed by it for all periods ending on or prior to the data hereof, and such Tax Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects, and (ii) duly paid in full all Taxes as defined in Section 4.16(b)) due in connection with or with respect to the filing of such Tax Returns and has paid all.

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other Taxes as are due, except such as are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceeding and with respect to which Chesapeake is maintaining reserves adequate for their payment. Neither the Internal Revenue Service (the 'IRS') nor any other governmental entity or taxing authority or agency is now asserting, either through audits, administrative proceedings, court proceedings or otherwise, or threatening to assert against any deficiency or claim for additional Taxes. Chesapeake has not been granted any waiver of any statute of limitations with respect to, or any extension of a period for the assessment of, any Tax that is currently in effect. There are no tax liens on any assets of Chesapeake. Chesapeake has not received a ruling or entered into an agreement with the IRS, or any other governmental entity or taxing authority or agency that would have a material adverse effect on Chesapeaks after the Effective Time. The accruals and reserve for Taxes reflected in Chesapeake's most recent balance sheet included in the Chesapeake SEC Reports are adequate to cover all Taxes accruable through the date thereof (including Taxes being contested) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Except for Chesapeake and its subsidiaries' intercompany tax allocation agreements, no agreements relating to allocating or sharing of Taxes exist among Chesapeake and its subsidiaries and no tax indesmities given by Chesapeake is connection with a sale of stock or assets remain in effect.

(b) For purposes of this Section, the term
"Taxes" shall mean all taxes, including, without limitation, income, gross receipts, excise, property, sales, withholding, social security, occupation, use, service, service use, license, payroll, franchise, transfer and recording taxes, fees and charges, windfall profits, severance, customs, import, export, exployment or similar taxes, charges, fees, levies or other assessments imposed by the United States, or any state, local or foreign government or subdivision or agency thereof, whether computed on a separate, consolidated, unitary, combined or any other basis, and such terms shall include any interest, fines, penalties, or additional amounts and any interest in respect to any addition, fines, or penalties attributable or imposed or with respect to any such taxes, charges, fees, levies or other assessments.

(c) For purposes of this Section, the term
"Tax Return" shall mean any return, report or other document
or information required to be supplied to a taxing authority
in connection with Taxes.

SECTION 4.17 LABOR RELATIONS. As of the date hereof, there is no material strike or other labor dispute pending against Chesapeake. Except as previously disclosed in writing to Xeron, no officer of Chesapeake has notified Chesapeake of any plans to terminate his employment with Chesapeake.

SECTION 4.18 RELATED PARTY CONTRACTS. Except as set forth in Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule or the Chesapeake SEC Reports, Chesapeake has no agreements, arrangements or commitments with related parties (including shareholders, directors and officers) other than the related-party agreements described in Section 4.21 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule. Except as set forth in.

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Section 4.18 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule, each of the related-party agreements was entered into between thesapeake and the party thereto on an arm's length basis on terms less favorable to Chesapeake than it could obtain from an unrelated third party.

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Chesapeake nor any of its affiliates or any of their respective officers, directors, employees or agents or other beople acting on behalf of Chesapeake have (i) engaged in any activity prohibited by the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 or any other similar law, regulation, decree, directive or order of any other country and (ii) without limiting the generality of the preceding clause (i), used any corporate or other funds for unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or entertainment, or made any unlawful expenditures relating to political activity to government officials or others. Mone of Chesapeake or any of its affiliates or any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents of other persons acting on behalf of Chesapeake, has accepted or received any unlawful contributions, payments, gifts or expenditures.

SECTION 4.20 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS. Except as set forth in the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule or in the Chesapeake SEC Reports, to Chesapeake's knowledge Chesapeake has no material liabilities relating to environmental matters.

ECTION 4.21 CONTRACTS AND CONGITMENTS. Except as let forth in Section 4.21 of the Chesapeake Disclosure Schedule:

- a) Chesapeake is not restricted by agreement from carrying on its business anywhere in the world;
- (b) Chesapeaks has no obligation with respect to borrowed money, including debt obligations of its own or uarantees of or agreements to acquire any debt obligation of others not reflected on the Chesapeake financial statements;
- c) Chesapeake has no power of attorney outstanding or any obligations or liabilities (whether obsolute, accrued, contingent, or otherwise), as guarantor, urety, co-signor, endorser, co-maker or indemnitor for the bligation of any person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, organization, or other entity not meflected in the Chesapeake financial statements.

ECTION 4.22 KNOWLEDGE. The phrase "to the knowledge of Chesapeake" means to the knowledge of Chesapeake ar any of its officers.

### COVENANTS OF XERON AND SELLERS

Each of the Sellers covenants and agrees as follows:

Andrew Marie Marie

ECTION 5.1 CONDUCT OF BUSINESS PENDING THE MERGER.

\*\*EXCEPT as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement.

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or as otherwise consented to in writing by Chesapeake, from he date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Xeron will and the Shareholders will cause Xeron to) conduct its operations only in the ordinary and usual course of business and consistent with past practices and will preserve intact ts present business organization, take all reasonable efforts o keep available the services of its present officers, employees and consultants and preserve its present relationships with licensors, licensees, customers, suppliers, ployees, labor organizations and others with whom it has a ignificant business relationship. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement or as set forth in ection 5.1 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule, Xeron will not irectly or indirectly (and the Shareholders will cause Xeron not to), from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, without the prior written consent of Chesapeake:

- (a) adopt any amendment to or otherwise change its Articles of Incorporation or By-laws or other progenizational documents;
- (b) authorize for issuance, sale, pledge, disposition or encumbrance, or issue, sell, pledge, dispose of or encumber (whether through the issuance or granting of options, warrants, commitments, subscriptions, ights to purchase, convertible securities or otherwise), any capital stock of any class or any other securities of, or any other ownership interest in, Keron or amend any of the terms of any such securities or agreements outstanding on the date hereof;
- (c) reclassify, combine, split or subdivide in shares of its capital stock, declare, set aside or pay any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or property or any combination thereof) in respect of any class or series of its capital stock;
- d) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or propose or offer to redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, any outstanding shares of Xeron Common Stock or other securities of Xeron;
- (e) organize any new subsidiary, acquire any capital stock or equity securities of any corporation or acquire any equity or ownership interest (financial or otherwise) in any business;
- (f) (i) incur, assume or prepay any material liability, including without limitation, any indebtedness for borrowed money except in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice; (ii) assume, guarantee, endorse br otherwise become liable or responsible (whether directly, contingently or otherwise) for obligations of any third party, (iii) make any loans, advances or capital contributions to, or investments in, any third party, (iv) mortgage or pledge any of its material properties or assets, tangible or intangible, or create any material Lien thereupon other than Permitted Liens, or (v) authorize any new capital expenditures which, individually or in the aggregate, are in excess of \$25,000;
  - (g) license (except to end users in the

ordinary course of business, consistent with past practice and pursuant to a written license agreement) or otherwise transfer, dispose of, permit to lapse or otherwise fail to preserve any of Xeron's Intellectual Property, or dispose of or disclose to any person any trade secret, formula, process or know-how not theretofore a matter of public knowledge;

- (h) enter into any agreement, contract, commitment or transaction other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices or that would be required to be included in Section 3.16 of the Xeron Disclosure Schedule if entered into prior to the date of this Agreement;
- (i) increase the compensation payable or to become payable to its officers or employees, except for increases in salary or wages of non-efficer employees of Xeron in accordance with past practices, or grant any severance or termination pay or stock options to, or enter into any employment or severance agreement with, any director, officer, or other employee of Xeron, or establish, adopt, enter into, or amend any collective bargaining, bonus, profit sharing, thrift, compensation, stock option, restricted stock, pension, retirement, deferred compensation, employment, termination, severance, or other plan, agreement, trust, fund, policy, or arrangement for the benefit of any current or former directors, officers, or employees;
- (j) cancel any debts or waive, release or relinquish any material contract rights or other rights of substantial value other than in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices;
- (k) authorize, recommend, propose or enter into or announce an intention to authorize, recommend, propose or enter into an agreement in principle or a definitive agreement with respect to any merger, consolidation, liquidation, dissolution, or business combination, any acquisition of a material amount of property or assets or securities, or any disposition of a material amount of property or assets or securities;
- (1) make any change with respect to accounting policies or procedures in effect as of November 30, 1997 except as may be required by generally accepted accounting principles;
- (m) pay, discharge or satisfy any claims, liabilities or obligations (absolute, accrued, asserted or unasserted, contingent or otherwise) other than the payment, discharge or satisfaction in the ordinary course of business, consistent with past practices, of liabilities reflected or reserved against in the Financial Statements or incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practices since the date hereof; or
- (n) commit or agree (in writing or otherwise) to take any of the foregoing actions or any action which would make any representation or warranty in this Agreement untrue or incorrect, either as of the date hereof or of the Effective Time, as if made as of such time.

SECTION 5.2 TAX STATUS. Shareholders and Xeron shall refrain from taking any action that would impair Xeron rom being deemed a "C" corporation for federal income tax purposes at the Effective Time.

ptice, Xeron shall afford to the officers, employees, accountants, counsel, environmental consultants and other representatives of Chesapeake, reasonable access, during brmal business hours during the period prior to the Effective lime, to all its properties, books, contracts, commitments and records and, during such period, Xeron shall furnish promptly to Chesapeake all information concerning its business, reperties and personnel as Chesapeake may reasonably request.

SECTION 5.4, NO SOLICITATION. | Bellers will not and will cause their affiliates not to, and will cause their espective officers, directors, employees and agents retained y Sellers or any of their affiliates not to, initiate or solicit, directly or indirectly, any inquiries or the making f any proposal with respect to, or engage in negotiations pncerning, provide any information or data to, or have any Ascussions with, any Third Party (as hereinafter defined) relating to, any public offering of securities of, or pquisition, business combination or purchase of all or any ignificant portion of the properties or assets of, or any quity interest in, Xeron (an "Acquisition Proposal"). Sellers and Xeron will immediately cease and cause to be erminated any existing activities, discussions or respect to any Acquisition Proposal. Sellers and Keron shall immediately notify Chesapeake if, subsequent to the date ereof, any such negotiations, provision of information or ata or discussions are entered into or made or any such Inquiries are received in respect thereof, and shall provide details with respect thereto, including the identity of such hird Party and the price and terms of any Acquisition roposal. As used in this Agreement, the term "Third Party" means any "person" or "group", as such terms are defined in ection 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than Chesapeake or my affiliate of Chesapeake.

SECTION 5.5 FURTHER INFORMATION. As soon as cracticable after such information becomes available, and in my event not later than thirty (30) days after the end of each fiscal month, Xeron shall provide to Chesapeake an unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of the end of such month and the related consolidated statements of results of perations and statements of cash flows for such period.

SECTION 5.6 APPILIATES. Prior to the execution of his Agreement, Xeron shall deliver to Chesapeake a letter dentifying all persons who may be deemed, as of the date of this Agreement, "affiliates" of Xeron for purposes of Rule 145 under the Securities Act. Xeron shall cause each person named in such letter to deliver a written agreement substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 5.6.

SECTION 5.7 PUHCA. Each Shareholder covenants that will take no action at any time that will cause the hareholders to be deemed a 'holding company' with respect to

Chesapeake as that term is defined in Section 2(a) (7) of the 1935 Act. With respect to Chesapeake, each Shareholder will act as an individual and on his own behalf, and not in concert with or as a group with any other Shareholder or any other person. The covenants contained in this Section 5.7 will continue with respect to a Shareholder as long as the Shareholders remain in the aggregate owners of ten percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of Chesapeake. This Section 5.7 and any claims for breach hereof are not subject to the limitations set forth in Article IX.

#### ARTICLE VI COVENANTS OF CHESAPEAKE

SECTION 6.1. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS PENDING THE MERGER.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, as disclosed in its SEC filings or press releases, in connection with its ongoing acquisition program, in connection with Chesapeake's compensation program for directors or as otherwise consented to in writing by Xeron, from the date of this Agreement to the Effective Time, Chesapeake will conduct its operations in the ordinary and usual course of business and consistent with past practices, will preserve intact its present business organization, take all reasonable efforts to keep available the services of its present officers, employees and consultants and preserve its present relationships with licensors, licensees, customers, suppliers, employees, labor organizations and others with whom it has a significant business relationship, and will not

- (a) adopt any amendment to or otherwise change its Certificate of Incorporation of By-laws or other organizational documents;
- (b) authorize for issuance, sale, pledge, dispose of disposition or encumbrance, or issue, sell, pledge, dispose of or encumber (whether through the issuance or granting of options, warrants, commitments, subscriptions, rights to purchase, convertible securities or otherwise), any capital stock of any class or any other securities of, or any other ownership interest in, Chesapeake or amend any of the terms of any such securities or agreements outstanding on the date hereof; or
- (c) redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, or propose or offer to redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire, any outstanding shares of Chesapeake Common Stock or securities of Chesapeake.

#### ARTICLE VII MUTUAL COVENANTS

SECTION 7.1 REASONABLE EFFORTS. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, each of the parties hereto agrees to use all reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions, and to do, or cause to be done, all things necessary, proper or advisable to assure that all conditions to Closing set forth in Article VIII of this Agreement are satisfied as expeditiously as possible

including, without limitation, the preparation and filing of all forms, registrations and notices required to be filed to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and the taking of such actions as are necessary to obtain any requisite approvals, consents, orders, exceptions or waivers by any public or private third party. Each party shall promptly consult with the other with respect to, provide any necessary information with respect to and provide the other (or its counsel) copies of, all filings made by such party with any Governmental Entity in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby.

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SECTION 7.2 BROKERS OR FINDERS. Each of the Sellers and Chesapeake represents, as to itself, its subsidiaries and its affiliates, that no agent, broker, investment banker, financial advisor or other firm or person is or will be entitled to any broker's or finder's fee or any other commission or similar fee in connection with any of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. The Sellers and Chesapeake agree to indemnify and hold the other harmless from and against any such claims, liabilities or obligations with respect to any broker's or finder's fees, commissions or expenses determined to be owed by them or it.

SECTION 7.3 NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN MATTERS. The Sellers shall give prompt notice to Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C, and Chesapeake and CPK-Sub-C shall give prompt notice to the Sellers, of the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of any event of which Sellers, Chesapeake or CPK-Sub-C has knowledge, respectively, the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of which would be likely to cause any representation or warranty contained in this Agreement to be untrue or inaccurate in any respect (including as of the Effective Time) and of any failure of either party to comply with or satisfy any covenant, condition or agreement to be complied with or satisfied by it hereunder; provided, however, that delivery of any notice pursuant to this Section 7.3 shall not limit or otherwise affect the remedies available to either party hereunder.

SECTION 7.4 FEES AND EXPENSES. Whether or not the Merger is consummated, all costs and expenses incurred in connection with this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses in the normal course of business.

SECTION 7.5 FURTHER ABSURANCES. After the Closing, Chesapeake and the Sellers shall from time to time, at the request of the other party and without further cost or expense to the requesting party, execute and deliver such other instruments of conveyance and transfer and take such other actions as such other party may reasonably request in order more effectively to carry out this Agreement.

#### ARTICLE VIII CONDITIONS

SECTION 8.1 CONDITIONS TO EACH PARTY'S OBLIGATION
TO EFFECT THE MERGER. The respective obligations of each
party to effect the Merger shall be subject to the

satisfaction at or prior to the Effective Time of the following conditions: no statute, rule, regulation, executive order, decree or injunction shall have been enacted, entered, promulgated or enforced by any United States court or Governmental Entity of competent jurisdiction that prohibits the consummation of the Merger and shall be in effect.

- SECTION 8.2 CONDITIONS OF CALIGATIONS OF THE SELLERS.
  The obligation of the Sellers to effect the Merger
  is further subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the
  Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived by
  Sellers:
- (a) The representations and warranties of Chesapeake set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Effective Time (except that representations and warranties that are made as of a specified date shall be true and correct in all respects as of such specified date).
- (b) Chesapeake shall have performed and complied, in all respects, with all obligations and covenants required to be performed or complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time.
- (c) Chesapeake shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable to Chesapeake and its subsidiaries) necessary for the consummation by Chesapeake of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (d) Sellers shall have received from Chesapeake an officer's certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.2(d) attached hereto.
- (e) The Stock Consideration to be issued pursuant to this Agreement shall have been listed on the NYSE.
- (f) Chesapeake shall have executed and delivered the letter to Coopers & Lybrand in the form of Annex A-2 attached hereto.
- (g) Chesapeake shall have delivered executed Employment Agreements for J. Phillip Keeter and Barnest A. Allen, Jr. in the form of Annexes B-1 and B-2 hereto; and Chesapeake shall have delivered executed Employment Agreements for Patrick Armand, Carl E. Mendenhall, David Snyder and Marilyn Johnson satisfactory to the parties thereto.
- (h) Chesapeake shall have caused the Shareholders to be released from their personal guaranties of the indebtedness of Keron listed on Schedule 8.2(h) hereto.
- (i) From the date of this Agreement through the Effective Time, Chesapeake shall not have suffered a Material Adverse Change.
- SECTION 8.3 COMPITIONS OF OBLIGATIONS OF CHESAPEARE.
  The obligation of Chesapeake to effect the Merg r
  is further subject to the satisfaction at or prior to the

Effective Time of the following conditions, unless waived by Chesapeake:

- (a) The representations and warranties of Sellers set forth in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of this Agreement and as of the Effective Time (except that representations and warranties that are made as of a specified date shall be true and correct in all respects as of such specified date).
- (b) Sellers shall have performed and complied with, in all respects, all obligations and covenants required to be performed or complied with by it under this Agreement at or prior to the Effective Time.
- (c) Sellers shall have obtained all consents, approvals, authorizations and permits required from third parties and any Governmental Entity (applicable to Xeron or any of its shareholders) necessary for the consummation by Sellers of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.
- (d) The Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement dated September 28, 1987, as amended or supplemented, shall have been terminated in writing in accordance with the terms thereof.
- (e) Chesapeake shall have received from Xeron an officer's certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(e) attached hereto.
- (f) Chesapeake shall have received from each Shareholder a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(f) attached hereto.
- (g) Chesapeake shall have received from Lowrey & Millikin, L.L.P., counsel to the Sellers, an opinion substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(g) attached hereto.
- (h) Chesapeake shall have received from each of the Shareholders, investment representation letters substantially in the form of Exhibit 8.3(h) attached hereto.
- (i) From the date of this Agreement through the Effective Time, Xeron shall not have suffered a Material Adverse Change.
- (j) All necessary approvals from the Delaware Public Service Commission regarding the issuance of the shares of Chesapeake Common Stock shall have been granted by final order.
- (k) All rights of first refusal pursuant to the Articles of Incorporation of Meron or otherwise held by any Shareholder shall have been waived or terminated in writing.
- (1) All waiting periods shall have expired and/or all necessary approvals, authorisations, consents, or waivers have been received for the consummation of the transaction pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended.

- (m) Xeron shall have executed and delivered the letter to Coopers & Lybrand in the form of Annex A-1 attached hereto.
- (n) Coopers & Lybrand shall have delivered to Chesapeake an opinion letter confirming that the merger may be accounted for as a pooling of interests under the requirements of Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APS) No. 16, Business Combinations, and the related published interpretations of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Financial Accounting Standards Board, and the published rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (o) The Sellers shall have delivered executed
  Employment Agreements for J. Phillip Keeter and Earnest A.
  Allen, Jr. in the form of Annexes B-1 and B-2 hereto; and the
  Sellers shall have delivered executed Employment Agreements
  for Patrick E. Armand, Carl E. Mendenhall, David Snyder and
  Marilyn Johnson satisfactory to Chesapeake.
- (p) The Sellers shall have provided Chesapeake with such representations and evidence as Chesapeake's counsel advises are necessary or appropriate to ensure compliance with applicable federal and state securities laws.

### SURVIVAL AND INDEROVIPICATION

SECTION 9.1 SURVIVAL OF REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES. All statements, certifications, representations, and warranties provided for herein shall survive beyond the Effective Time and continue in full force and effect at all times as provided in this Article IX (and shall not in any manner be affected or impaired by the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or by any investigation made by or on behalf of any party) until the termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 or the period for identifying a claim of breach or default pursuant to the limitations prescribed under Section 9.2(d)(i) and (ii) shall have expired.

### SECTION 9.2 INDEMNIFICATION.

Standard Barrier

- (a) INDFMNITY BY CHESAPEAKE. Chesapeake shall indemnify and defend and hold each Shareholder harmless from and against all claims, liabilities, damages, losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and character (exclusive however of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(b)) resulting from or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, nonfulfillment, nonperformance or breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of Chesapeake contained herein.
- (b) INDEMNITY BY THE SHAREHOLDERS. Each
  Shareholder shall indemnify and defend and hold Chesapeake and
  its affiliates harmless from and against all claims,
  liabilities, damages, losses and expenses (including
  reasonable attorneys' fees) of every kind and character
  (exclusive however of any amounts covered by Section 9.2(a))
  incurred by Chesapeake and its affiliates and resulting from

....

or relating to or arising out of the inaccuracy, confulfilment, nonperformance or breach of any epresentation, warranty, covenant, agreement or obligation of the Sellers contained herein.

- c) THIRD PARTY CLAIMS. If a claim for which indemnification may be sought under this Section 9.2 is asserted by third parties (including any environmentally related remedial or clean up work) (the "Third Party Claims"), such Third Party Claim will be subject to the following terms and conditions:
  - (i) upon receipt of written notice of any
    Third Party Claim asserted against, imposed upon or incurred
    by Chesapeake and its affiliates or the Shareholders, as the
    case may be (the "Indemnified Party"), the party from whom
    indemnification is sought (the "Indemnifying Party") may, at
    its own expense, participate in and, upon notice to the
    Indemnified Party undertake the defense thereof by counsel of
    its own choosing, which counsel shall be reasonably
    satisfactory to the Indemnified Party, provided that, if in
    the Indemnified Party's reasonable judgment a conflict of
    interest may exist between such Indemnified Party and the
    Indemnifying Party with respect to such Third Party Claim,
    such Indemnified Party shall be entitled to select counsel of
    its own choosing to defend the Third Party Claim (with the
    fees and costs of such counsel being at the Indemnifying
    Party's sole cost and expense);
  - (ii) if (A) within a reasonable time after written notice to the Indemnifying Party of a Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party fails to notify the Indemnified Party that it will assume the defense of the Third Party Claim or (B) within a reasonable time after written notice to the Indemnified Party of its intention to undertake the defense of any Third Party Claim, the Indemnifying Party fails to defend the Indemnified Party, the Indemnified Party will have the right to undertake the defense, compromise or settlement of such Third Party Claim for the account and at the risk of the Indemnifying Party;
  - (iii) anything in this Section 9.2(c) to the contrary notwithstanding, if there is a reasonable probability in the Indemnified Party's judgment that a claim may materially and adversely affect the Indemnified Party, other than as a result of money damages or other money payments, the Indemnified Party will have the right to defend, co-defend, compromise or settle such Third Party Claim (with full disclosure of the proposed settlement terms being given to the Indemnifying Party prior to settlement thereof) by selecting counsel of its own choosing (with the fees and costs of such counsel being the Indemnified Party's sole cost and expense);
  - (iv) the Indemnified Party shall cooperate fully in all reasonable respects with the Indemnifying Party in any such defense, compromise or settlement including, without limitation, by making available to the Indemnifying Party all pertinent information and all books and records under the control of the Indemnified Party;
  - (v) the Indemnifying Party shall not compromise or settle

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any such action, suit, proceeding, claim or demand without the prior written approval of the Indemnified Party; provided that, if such prior written approval is unreasonably withheld by the Indemnified Party, the liability of the Indemnifying Party with respect to such action, suit, proceeding, claim or demand shall be limited to the amount of the settlement recommended by the Indemnifying Party and not approved by the Indemnified Party.

- (d) LIMITATIONS. The Indemnified Party shall have no claim for indemnification hereunder or other claims against the Indemnifying Party with respect to this Agreement (other than a claim arising out of the knowing, fraudulent or intentional breach of any provision of this Agreement) unless such claim is identified:
  - (i) with respect to claims relating to Sections 3.11 and 4.16 within the relevant statute of limitations for assessment and collection of additional taxes; or
  - (ii) with respect to all other claims, within the earlier of
    - (A) one (1) year following the Effective Time or (B) the date on which an independent audit report on Chesapeake is issued which reflects the Merger.

If such a claim for indemnification or such other recourse is not identified in writing within the appropriate time period provided above, such claim against and right to indemnification from the Indemnifying Party shall be deemed released, waived and relinquished for all purposes.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section 9.2 or other provisions of this Agreement to the contrary (except as expressly stated in Section 5.7 and Article XI hereof), no indemnification shall be payable to an Indemnified Party by an Indemnifying Party unless the total of all claims for indemnification by an Indemnified Party under this Agreement shall exceed \$500,000 in the aggregate, whereupon the excess of the amount of such claims over \$500,000 shall be recoverable in accordance with the terms hereof, subject to the maximum amounts set forth in Section 9.2(e).

(e) MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF INDEMNIFICATION. The maximum amount payable to Chesapeake by the Shareholders in the aggregate pursuant to this Section 9.2 shall be \$500,000 and the maximum amount payable by each Shareholder shall be such Shareholder's proportionate ownership percentage of the outstanding Xeron Common Stock immediately prior to the Merger multiplied by \$500,000. The maximum amount payable to the Shareholders, in the aggregate, by Chesapeake pursuant to this Section 9.2, shall be \$500,000. Motwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the respective maximum amounts shall not be applicable to amounts owed arising out of the knowing, fraudulent or intentional breach of any provision of this Agreement by an Indemnifying Party. Furthermore, in no event shall Chesapeake be obligated to pay the Shareholders any indemnification if the market price of Chesapeake Common Stock for the last day of the preceding month end is \$17 per share

or above, as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends and similar events.

(f) REIMBURSEMENT IN STOCK. Amounts due to Chesapeake under this Article IX shall be paid first in hesapeake Common Stock and, to the extent the Shareholders do to hold sufficient shares of Chesapeake Common Stock to pay the amount due, then in cash. For purposes of this Section 4.2(f), the value of such Chesapeake Common Stock shall be seemed to be the closing price of Chesapeake Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the day the Effective Time occurs (or the next succeeding trading day on which shares are old if none are sold on the day the Effective Time occurs).

### ARTICLE X TERMINATION AND AMENDMENT

SECTION 10.1 TERNINATION. This Agreement may be terminated at any time prior to the Effective Time:

- a) by mutual consent of Chesapeake and the Sellers;
- b) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if he Merger shall not have been consummated before May 31, 1998 (unless the failure to consummate the Merger by such date shall be due to the action or failure to act of the party eeking to terminate); or
- (c) by either Chesapeake or the Sellers, if any permanent injunction or other order of a court or other competent authority preventing the consummation of the Nerger shall have become final and nonappealable.
- of the termination and abandonment of this Agreement pursuant to Section 10.1 hereof, this Agreement shall forthwith become void and have no effect, without any liability on the part of any party hereto or its affiliates, directors, officers or hareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained in this Section 10.2 shall relieve any party from liability for any material breach of any covenant of this greement or any material breach or misrepresentation of the epresentations or warranties contained herein, which occurred prior to such termination.

ECTION 10.3 AMENDMENT. This Agreement may be mended by the parties hereto at any time prior to the Effective Time. This Agreement may not be amended except by an instrument in writing signed by or on behalf of each of the arties hereto.

SECTION 10.4 EXTENSION, MAIVER. At any time prior to the Effective Time, the parties may, to the extent legally illowed, (i) extend the time for the performance of any of the bligations or other acts of the other parties hereto, (ii) waive any inaccuracies in the representations and warranties of the other parties hereto contained herein or in any locument delivered pursuant hereto and (iii) we ive compliance with any of the agreements or concitions contained herein by

the other parties hereto. Any agreement on the part of a party hereto to any such extension or waiver shall be valid only if set forth in a written instrument signed on behalf of such party.

### ARTICLE XI MON-COMPETITION AGREEMENT

SECTION 11.1 COVENANT NOT TO SOLICIT CUSTOMERS,
HIRE EMPLOYEES OR COMPETE. For and in consideration of the
purchase of Keron and in addition to any non-competition
agreements in the Employment Agreements attached as Annex B
hereto, each of the Shareholders agrees that he will not, for
a period of three years following the Effective Time:

- (a) directly or indirectly, on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person or entity other than Chesapeake, solicit, or attempt to solicit, for the purpose of providing any product or service of the rame or similar kind or character as any product or service sold, provided or under development by Xeron prior to the Effective Date, any person or entity that is or was a customer or a prospective customer of Xeron.
- (b) directly or indirectly, on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person or entity other than Chesapeake, solicit for employment or hire any employee or former employee of Xeron or any affiliate of Xeron who is or was employed by Xeron or any affiliate during the twelve months preceding the Effective Date.
- (c) (i) directly or indirectly engage in, (ii) have any interest in any person, firm, corporation or other entity that directly or indirectly engages in, or (iii) perform any services for any person, firm, corporation or other entity that directly or indirectly engages in, the same or similar lines of business as Xeron, except for such Shareholders' ownership of the stock of Chesapeake, except for ownership of interests in publicly traded companies where such ownership represents less than one percent of the outstanding shares of such publicly traded company.

Nothing in this Section 11.1 is intended or shall restrict the right of any Shareholder to engage in speculative transactions in propane futures traded on a public exchange for his own individual investment account (or the investment account of a member of his immediate family) and not for the benefit of any third party, provided that any such transaction shall be permitted only if (1) executed on a public exchange and (2) such transaction shall not have an adverse effect on Xeron. This Article XI and any claims for breach hereof are not subject to the limitations set forth in Article IX.

### ARTICLE XII

- THE LOCAL COMP

SECTION 12.1 MOTICES. All notices and ther communications hereunder shall be in writing, and shall be deemed

given upon receipt if delivered personally, sent by facsimile transmission (receipt of which is confirmed) or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, or by a nationally recognized private overnight courier to the parties at the following addresses (or at such other address for a party as shall be specified by like notice):

(a) if to the Shareholders, to:

J. Phillip Keeter 1405 Colony Circle Longview, TX 75604 Fax: (903) 236-6807

Earnest A. Allen, Jr. 3126 Robinson Road Missouri City, TX 77459

Patrick E. Armand 9119 Devoncroft Houston, TX 77037

(b) if to Xeron, to

Xeron, Inc.
9301 Southwest Freeway, Suite 325
Houston, TX 77074
Attn: Earnest A. Allen, Jr.
Fax: (713) 988-3476

with a copy to:

J. Richard Millikin, Jr. Lowrey & Millikin, L.L.P. 1127 Judson Road, Suite 141 Longview, TX 75601 Fax: (903) 236-3050

(c) if to Chesapeake, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimkaitis Fax: (302) 734-6750

with a copy to:

Covington & Burling 1201 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20004 Attention: Ruth S. Epstein Fax: (202) 662-6291

SECTION 12.2 DESCRIPTIVE HEADINGS. The descriptive headings herein are inserted for convenience only and are not intended to be part of or to affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.

SECTION 12.3 COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which shall be

considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when two or more counterparts have been signed by each of the parties and delivered to the other parties, it being understood that all parties need not sign the same counterpart.

SECTION 12.4 ENTIRE AGREMMENT, ASSIGNMENT. This
Agreement (a) constitutes the entire agreement and supersedes all
prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, among
the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and
(b) shall not be assigned by operation of law or otherwise.

SECTION 12.5 GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to any applicable principles of conflicts of law.

SECTION 12.6 SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE. The parties hereto agree that if any of the provisions of this Agreement were not performed in accordance with their specific terms or were otherwise breached, irreparable damage would occur, no adequate remedy at law would exist and damages would be difficult to determine, and that the parties shall be entitled to specific performance of the terms hereof, in addition to any other remedy at law or equity.

SECTION 12.7 PUBLICITY. Chesapeake may issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement or make any filing with the SEC with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement as it deems appropriate; provided that, to the extent practicable, Chesapeake shall provide the Shareholders with a copy of any such press release or other public announcement or filing prior to the time of release or filing. The Sellers shall not issue or cause the publication of any press release or other public announcement with respect to the transactions contemplated by this Agreement without the prior approval of Chesapeake.

SECTION 12.8 PARTIES IN INTEREST. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure solely to the benefit of each party hereto and nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to or shall confer upon any other person or persons any rights, benefits or remedies of any nature whatsoever under or by reason of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be signed (where applicable by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized), as of the date first written above.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

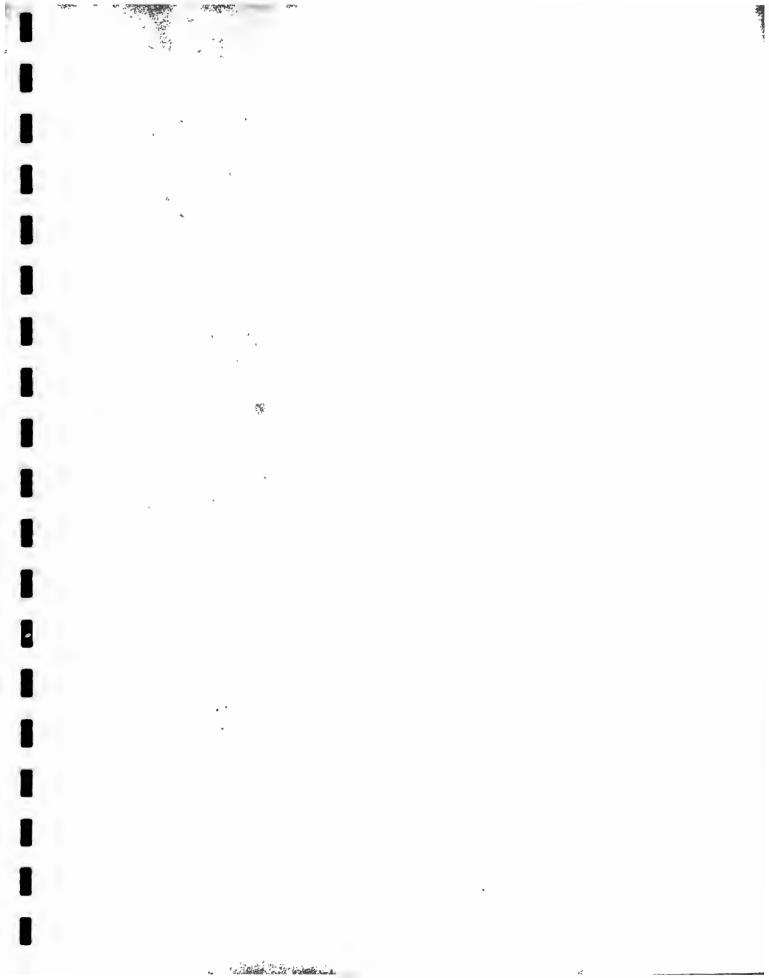
By: /s/ John R. Schimkaitis

Name: John R. Schimkaitis

Title: President

CPK-SUB-C, INC.

By: /s/ John R. Schimkaitis



Name: John R. Schimkaitis

Title: President

XERON, INC.

By: /s/ Earnest A. Allen, Jr.

Name: Earnest A. Allen, Jr. Title: Chief Executive Officer

SHAREHOLDERS

/s/ J. Phillip Keeter

J. Phillip Keeter

/s/ Earnest A. Allen, Jr.

Barnest A. Allen, Jr.

/s/ Patrick E. Armand

Patrick E. Armand

Exhibit II.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: April 29, 1998 MYSE Symbol: CPK

> CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION ENTERS AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE THE STOCK OF XERON, INC.

DOVER, DELAWARE - Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") announced today that it has signed an agreement to purchase all of the outstanding shares of Xeron, Inc. ("Xeron"), a privately held natural gas liquids trading company headquartered in Houston, Texas. Xeron will be operated as a subsidiary of Chesapeake. In the transaction, which will be accounted for as a pooling of interests, Xeron shareholders will receive 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock for all the outstanding common stock of Xeron. After the purchase of Xeron's stock, the total number of Chesapeake outstanding shares will be approximately 5,064,000.

Excluding one-time merger costs, this transaction is not expected to have a dilutive effect on earnings per share. The purchase, which is subject to regulatory and other required approvais and conditions of closing, is expected to close by May 31, 1998.

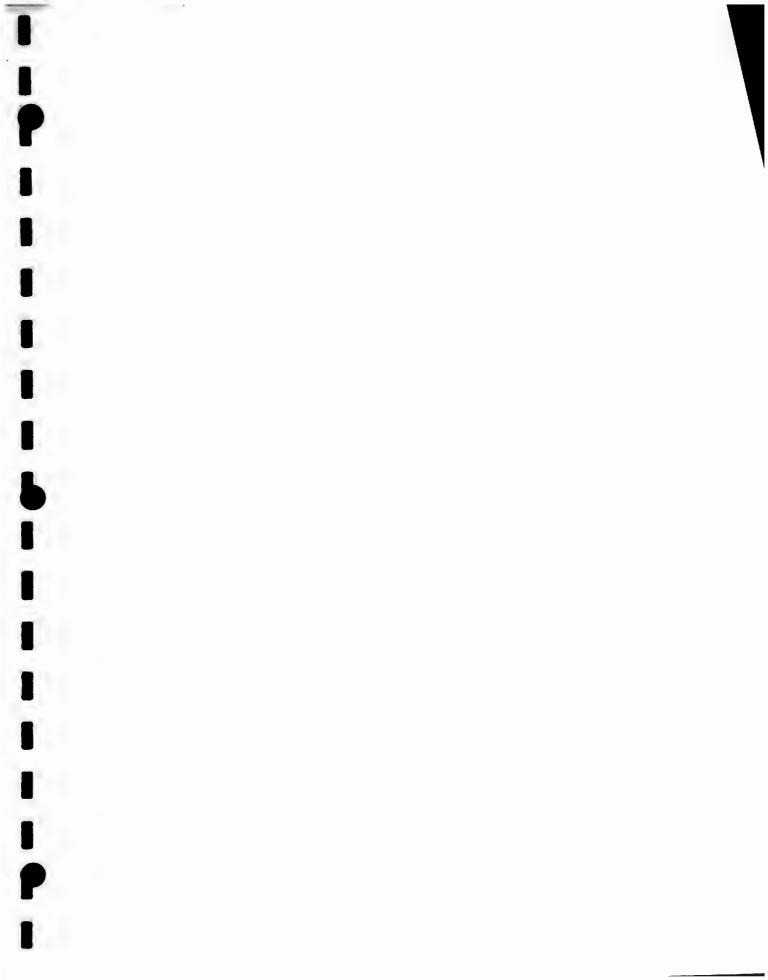
Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is a diversified utility company angaged in natural gas distribution and transmission, propane distribution, advanced information services and water treatment. Chesapeake's three natural gas distribution divisions serve approximately 35,800 residential, commercial and industrial rustomers throughout central and southern Delaware, Maryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The Company's propane segment serves approximately 34,000 customers in central and southern Delaware and the Eastern Shore region of Maryland and Virginia.

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For more information, please contact: Michael P. McMasters, Vice President, Treasurer & Chief Financial Officer Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, 302.734.6798

Beth W. Cooper, Assistant Treasurer Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, 302.734.6015

This press release includes forward-looking information relating to the proposed business combination, including its anticipated impact on earnings per share. This forward-looking information involves risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially, including without limitation, whether or not the proposed acquisition actually occurs, actual performance for the periods indicated, the actual costs of the acquisition and the ability of the combined company to execute the anticipated integration and realize the expected synergies.



# REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

("Shareholder"). contered into as of 1998, by and between Chesapeaka Utilities Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and This Registration Rights Agreement (the "Agreement") is made and

for the merger of CPK Sub-C with and into Moron (the "Merger"). Whereas the securities to be delivered to Shareholder pursuant to the Merger Agreement are restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, in order to induce Xeron and Shareholder to enter into the Merger Agreement, the Company has agreed to provide the registration rights set forth in this Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of April 1998, by and among the Company, CPK. Sub-C, Inc., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("CPK Sub-C"), Xeron, Inc., a Mississippi corporation ("Xeron"), J. Phillip Keeter, Earnest A. Allen, Jr., and Patrick Armand (the "Merger Agreement"), which provides next is m de as contemplated by that certain Agreement

which is hereby acknowled For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of god, the parties hereby agree as follows:

the benefits of this Agreement are the shares of corumon stock, par value \$.4867 per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock") issued to Shareholder in accordance with the terms of the Margar Agreement (the "Registrable Securities"). Securities Subject to this Agreement. The securities entitled to

### 2. Registration

required by Rule 144(k) under the Sa Statement") covering the sale by Shareholder of the Registrable Securities. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to cause the Registration Statement to "Securities Act"), or any suce that term is defined in the M Registration Statement for a period of three (3) years from the Effective Time, as become effective as promptly as practicable and to maintain the effectiveness of the to the terms of this Agreements expense, file with the Co stockholders of the Company or otherwise publicly issued, the Company will, subject (a) Within 60 days following the time at which results covering at least 30 days of post-Merger combined operations of the Company have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), sent to H nourities Act of 1933, as amended (the a registration statement (the "Registration ent, or such shorter time as may be to the full cooperation of Shareholder, at The Company may postpone for a

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reasonable period of time, not to exceed 60 days, the filing or effectiveness of the Registration Statement, or the undertaking of any work by the Company with respect to the preparation of the Registration Statement, if the Board of Directors of the Company in good faith determines that such filing or registration would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on any plan or proposal by the Company with respect to any financing, acquisition, recapitalization, reorganization or other material transaction.

- (b) Before filing with the Commission the Registration
  Statement or any amondments or supplements thereto, the Company will furnish to
  Shareholder for review copies of all documents proposed to be filed.
- (c) The Company shall furnish to Shareholder such number of copies of the Registration Statement and of each amendment and supplement thereto (in each case including all exhibits), such number of copies of the prospectus included in such Registration Statement (including each preliminary prospectus and summary prospectus), and such other documents as Shareholder may reasonably request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities by Shareholder.
- (d) The Company shall use its best efforts to register or qualify the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement under such other securities or blue sky laws of such jurisdictions as Shareholder may reasonably request, provided that the Company shall not for any such purpose be required to qualify generally to do business as a foreign corporation in any jurisdiction where, but for the requirements of this Section 2(d), it would not be obligated to be so qualified, to subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction, or to consent to general service of process in any such jurisdiction (a general service of process would not include a consent on Form U-2 or its substantial equivalent).
- (e) The Company may require Shareholder to furnish the Company with such information regarding Shareholder and pertinent to the disclosure requirements relating to the registration and the distribution of the Registrable Securities as the Company may from time to time reasonably request.
- (f) If Shareholder determines to distribute the Registrable Securities in an underwritten offering, all costs, fees, and disbursements of underwriters and all underwriting discounts, commissions and transfer taxes relating to such distribution will be the sole responsibility of Shareholder.
- (g) Shareholder agrees that upon notice from the Company he will suspend from time to time all sales of the Registrable Securities for such

month period. Common Stock. Sharcholder will not be required to suspend sales of the Registrable Securities (pursuant to this Section 2(g)) for more than three months in any 12financing transaction involving an underwritten o period of time as is required to permit th bring by the Company of its to any future

Company will dill than permanent file copies than in She necessary to make the statements the the Company that the Company h hereof to Sharehol Registrable Securities pursuant to t material fact or omits to state a m the Registration Statement, as the covering Registrable Securities receipt of copics of a properly supplemented or automatical formany all copies, other circumstances then existing. Shareholder will forthwith discontinue disposition of odly prope 8 TO BE SEEDEN reholder agrees that, upon receipt of any notice from has became aware that the prospectus included in rein not misle al that required to be stated therein or the time of receipt of such notice. The led prospectus and deliver sufficient copies stration Statement until Shareholder er's possession, of the prospectus les an untrue statement of a ding in the light of the

### Indemnification

or supplement thereto in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished untrue statement or omission or a provisions of Section 3(c), the Company will reimburse Shareholder for any legal or commenced or threatened, in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any indemnify and hold harmless, to the extent permitted by law, Sharcholder against any and all losses, claims, demages or liabilities, joint or several, to which thereof) or expense arises out of or is but defending any such lose, claim, liability, action or proceeding; provided harvaver, that the Company shall not be liable to Shareholder in any such case to the extent hat any such loss, claim, dame Registration Statement, any proliminary, prospectus contained therein, or any am Shareholder may become subject un my such preliminary prospectus, final pros herein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and subject to the untrue statement or alleged untrue statem ruch losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions or proceedings, whether ndemnify and hold harmless, to the ext my other expenses reasonably incurred by it in connection with investigating or mission or alloged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated a, liability (or action or proceeding in respe logod or ary, prospectus, final prospectus or summary he the Securiti ent of any ma ed upon an unitruo statement or alleged ocius, summary prospectus, sion made in the Registration Statement, ant or supplement thereto, or any he Compa Act or otherwise, insofur as terial fact contained in the The Company will uncodment

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to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation thereof; and provided further that the Company shall not be liable under this Section 3(a) to Shareholder to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage, liability (or action or proceeding in respect thereof) or expense arises out of Shareholder's failure to send or give a copy of the final prospectus, as the same may be then supplemented or amended, to the person asserting an untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or emission or alleged omission at or prior to the written confirmation of the sale of Registrable Securities to such person if such statement or omission was corrected in such final prospectus. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of Shareholder and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.

- (b) Indemnification by Shareholder. Shareholder will indemnify and hold harmless (in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in subdivision (a) of this Section 3) the Company, each director of the Company and each officer of the Company with respect to any statement or alleged statement in or omission or alleged omission from the Registration Statement, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or surimary prospectus contained therein, or any amendment or supplement thereto, if such statement or alleged statement or omission or alleged omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished to the Company by Shareholder for use in the preparation of the Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, summary prospectus, amendment or supplement thereto. Such indemnity shall remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of the Company, any director of the Company or any officer of the Company and shall survive the transfer of such securities by Shareholder.
- indemnified party of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding or threat of claim involving a claim referred to in the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against an indemnifying party, give written notice to the latter of the commencement of such action or threat of claim, provided that the failure of any indemnified party to give notice as provided herein shall not relieve the indemnifying part of its obligations under the preceding subdivisions of this Section 3, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is prejudiced by such failure to give notice. In case any such action is brought against an indemnified party, unless and except to the extent that in the reasonable judgment of the indemnified party, based on advice of counsel, a conflict of interest between such indemnified and indemnifying parties exists in respect of such claim, the indemnifying party shall be entitled to participate in and to assume the defense thereof, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly notified, to the extent that the indemnifying party may wish, with counsel reasonably

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to such indemnified party of its election so to assume the defense thereof, the defensitying party shall not be liable to such indemnified party for any legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the latter in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation. No indemnified party shall busent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement of any such action the coffense of which has been assumed by an indemnifying party without the consent of such indemnifying party.

(d) <u>indemnification Payments</u>. The indemnification required by this Section 3 shall be made by periodic payments of the amount thereof during a course of the investigation or defense, as and when bills are received or expense, loss, damage or liability is incurred subject to the receipt of such documentary support therefor as the indemnifying party may reasonably request.

Contribution. If the indemnification provided for in this **(e)** ection 3 shall for any reason be unavailable to an indemnified party in respect of ny loss, claim, damage or liability, or any action in respect thereof, referred to therein, then each indemnifying party shall, in Hea of Indemnifying such indemnified prty, contribute to the amount paid or payable by such indemnified party as a result such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, in such proportion as shall be appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the indemnifying erty on the one hand and the indemnified party on the other with respect to the latements or omission which resulted in such loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The lative fault shall be determined by reference to whether the untrue or alleged. ntrue statement of a material fact or omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by the indemnifying party on the one and or the indemnified party on the other, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission, but not by reference to an indomnified party's stock wnership in the Company. The amount paid or payable by an indemnified party as I result of the loss, claim, damage or liability, or action in respect thereof, referred to above in this paragraph shall be deemed to include, for purposes of this. aragraph, any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by such indemnified party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 12(f) of he Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

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## Rostriction on Transfer

- Registrable Securities in case Common Stock then issued a (a) quarter he will not offer 8 cone percent (1%) of the total number of shares of Il or otherwise dispose of any amount of its and agrees that in any calendar
- that payment obli effect or pursuan under the indemnification provisions of the Merger Agreement, Shareholder may, at shares of the Ro his option, sell or plex Agreement, in the event that a Sha 3 go in accord e exemption from registration, such number of metanding the provisions of Section 4(a) of this metaolder becomes liable for a payment obligation sufficient to generate pet funds in the amount of ance with the Registration Statement as then in
- other address as the partie registered mail, postage p (b) the expiration of five (a) confirmed delivery by a str permitted herous in writing and shall be deemed duly given upon reto shall specify by like notice): addressed at the following addresses (or at such rd overn ys after the day when mailed by certified or s or other communications required or ght carrier or when delivered by hand,
- (x) If to the Company, to:

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation 909 Silver Laks Boulevard Dover, Delaware 19904 Attention: John R. Schimknitis

with a copy to:

Covington & Burling
1201 Pennsylvania Avcauc, N.W.
Poet Office Box 7566
Washington, D.C. 20044
Attention: Ruth S. Epetein

solder to the Company, which address initially If to Shareholder, to the most recent address given by appears on below

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6. Miscellaneous. This Agreement and any term hereof may be changed, waived, discharged or terminated only by an instrument in writing, signed the party against which enforcement of such change, waiver, discharge or termination is sought or by Shareholder and the Company. This Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of relaware. The section headings in this Agreement are for purposes of convenience only and shall not constitute a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company and Shareholder have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

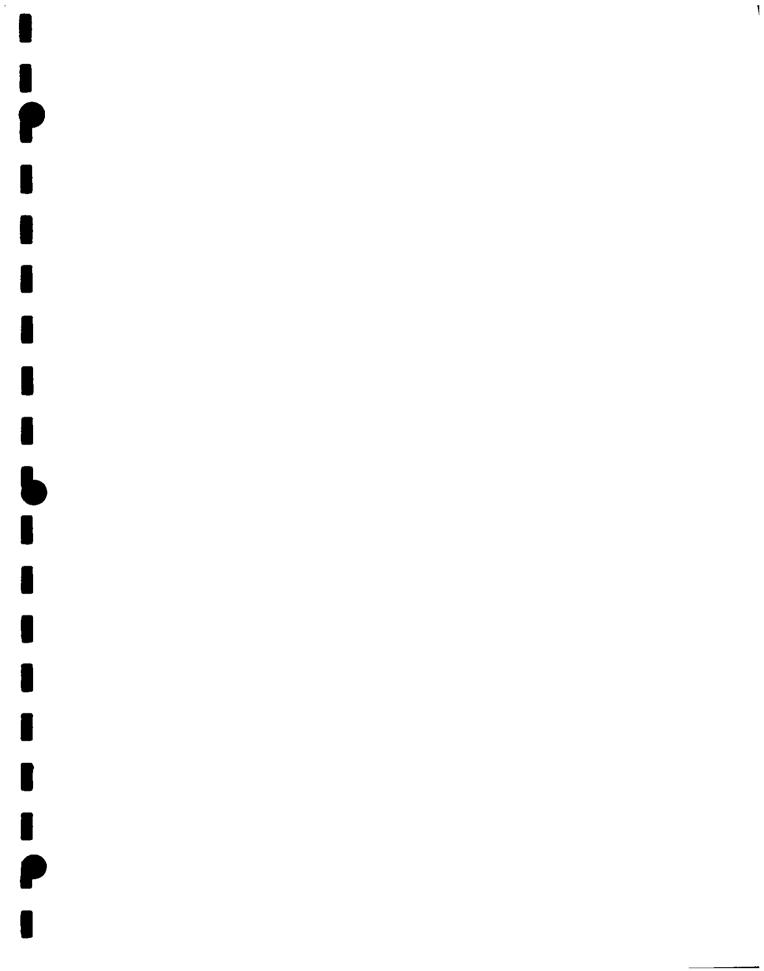
By:

John JR. Sohimkaitis President

SHAREHOLDER

Name [address]

- 7 -



SCHMITTINGER AND RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

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LAWYERS

414 SOUTH STATE STREET

DOVER, DELAWARE 19903-0497 TELEPHONE (302) 674-0140 TELECOPIER (302) 674-1830 Wilmigton Office BRANDYWINE GATEWAY PLAZA 1 300 N. MARKET STREET, SUITE 205 WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19801 TELEPHONE (302) 652-3676 TELECHPER (302) 652-3786

REHORDTH BEACH OFFICE
4802 HIGHWAY CHE
CONESTATES BULLONG
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April 29, 1998

HAROLD SCHMITTINGER NICHOLAS H. RODRIGUEZ

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ELE L. PROCING

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NOCL E PRIMOS

STAL L. CAREY'S TE CHAMBERS'

IAM A. DENMAN

ES T. VAUGHAL JR.

Delaware Public Service Commission Cannon Building, Suite 100 861 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, DE 19904

RE: Application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation For The Approval of Issuance of Stock

Dear Commissioners:

We are Delaware counsel for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") in connection with Chesapeake's application for Commission approval of the issuance of approximately 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock, pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> §215.

We are familiar with the terms, interpretation, and application of 26 Del. C. \$215 which sets forth the required, but limited, findings to be made by the Commission in its consideration of such a proposed issue. We note the limited scope of Commission review, as determined by the Delaware Supreme Court in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, 367 A.2d 644 (1976). Specifically, in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, the Delaware Supreme Court held that the powers legislated to the Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215 were intended to be applied in cases of a proposed issuance of stock for an inadequate consideration or for some other improper purpose. In <u>Diamond State</u>, the Delaware Supreme Court stated that in the absence of a showing of improper consideration, fraud, bad faith, or self-dealing on the part of the members of a utility's board of directors in their decision to issue shares of stock for the purpose of raising needed funds, it would be improper for the Commission to substitute its judgment for that of the board of directors.

www.data

Delaware Public Service Commission April 29, 1998 Page 2

Based upon our knowledge of the applicable statute, and its regulatory and judicial interpretation and application, it is our opinion that the proposed issuance of approximately 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock has been duly authorized and is valid and in accordance with law, subject, of course, to the approval of the Public Service Commission pursuant to 26 Dal. C. \$215, any necessary approval on the part of the Florida Public Service Commission, and satisfactory compliance by Chesapeake with all applicable federal securities laws.

It is also our opinion, based upon the statement of Chesapeake's intended purpose for issuing said stock, that the subject stock issue is for a proper purpose, and is consistent with the public interest, by enabling Chesapeake to acquire Xeron, Inc.

Accordingly, it is our opinion that Chesapeake's pending application for Commission approval pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> \$215 fully complies with the limited statutory requirements and findings necessary for Commission approval.

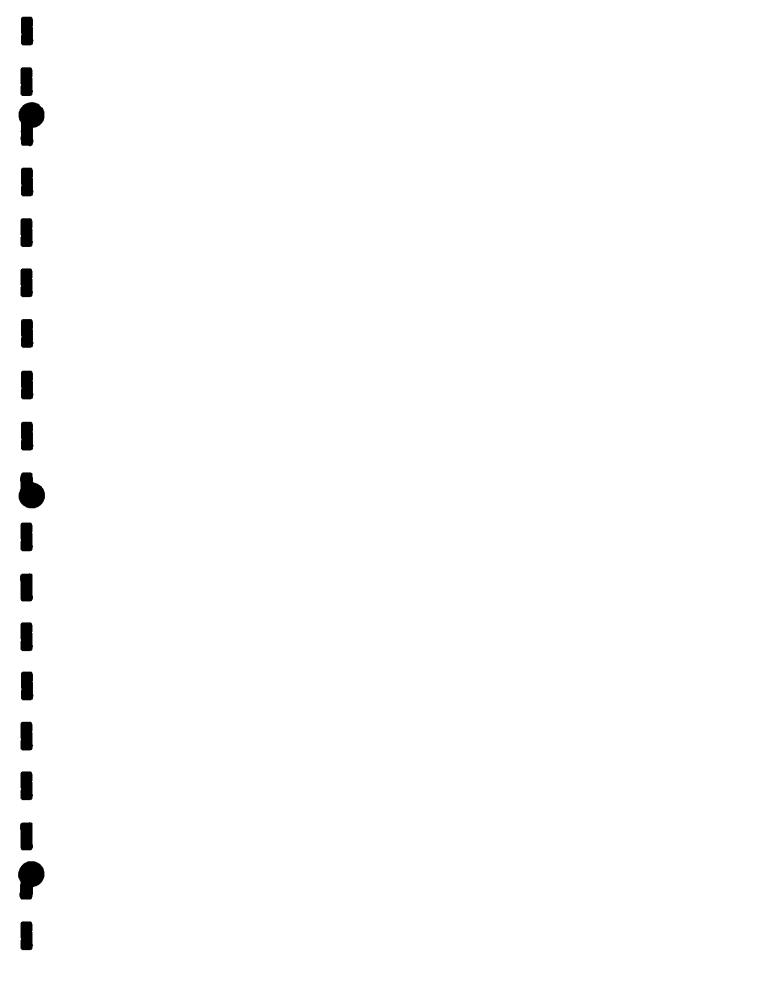
Sincerely yours,

SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

BY: William Co Demont

WILLIAM A. DENMAN, ESQUIRE

WAD: pmw



### UNAUDITED

ASSETS	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT BEFORE ISSUANCE		ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT						
At original cost	\$143,345,126	\$750,746	\$144,095,872	\$170,700	\$144,266,572	
Less: Accum. depreciation and amortization	(43,827,961)	(420,957)	(44,248,918)	(119,373)	(44,368,291)	
Net property, plant and equipment	99,517,165	329,789	99,846,954	51,327	99,898,281	
INVESTMENTS	2,721,443	0	2,721,443	0	2,721,443	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	555,198	44,516	599,714	702,577	1,302,291	
Accounts receivable, net	13,087,999	87,159	13,175,158	2,945,687	16,120,845	
Materials and supplies	1,380,120	47,661	1.427.781	0	1,427,781	
Propene inventory	2,288,516	0	2,288,516	101,333	2,389,849	
Storage gas prepayments	2,926,618	. 0	2,926,618	0	2,926,618	
Other prepaid expenses	1,910,534	7,268	1,917,802	313,802	2,231,604	
Deferred income taxes	247,487	- t 0	247,487	0	247,467	
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	1,673,389	0	1,673,389	0	1,673,380	
Total current assets	24,089,861	186,804	24,256,465	4,083,399	29,319,864	
DEFERRED CHARGES	· ·		•			
Environmental regulatory assets	4,865,073	0	4,865,073	0	4,865,073	
Environmental expanditures, net	2,372,929	0	2,372,929	0	2,372,929	
Order 636 Transition cost	0	0	0	0	0	
Other deferred charges & intangible assets	3,832,389	264,084	4,096,473	0	4,096,473	
Total deferred charges & other assets	11,070,391	264,084	11,334,475	0	11,334,475	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$137,378,880	\$780,477	\$138,159,337	\$4,114,726	\$142,274,083	

Q

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION	Total deferred credits and other liabilities	DEFERRED CREDITS Defend income taxes Defend investment tax credits Environmental liability Accrued pension costs Order 636 transition liability Other liabilities	Total current fatilities	Dividends payable income tones payable Citier accrued expenses		0 g	CURRENT LIABILITIES Current portion of long-term debt	TOTAL CAPITALIZATION	LONG-TERM DEBT, NET OF CURRENT	Total stockholders' equity	CAPITALIZATION Common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Lest: Unearned compensation Net unrealized gain on mid. securities	As of December 31, 1997 UNAUDITED  LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION
\$137,378,860	22,141,419	11,490,358 821,517 4,866,073 1,754,715 0 3,209,866	28,675,295	1,082,168 0 3,807,484	784,533	7,800,000 12,461,570 367,041	582,500	88,562,146	38,226,000	50,336,145	\$2, 191,792 19,819,604 28,218,763 (190,886) 296,872	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$780,477	0	\$0000	594,941	300	<b>6</b> 6	489,076 80,633 0	0	196,536	0	195,536	\$12,168 38,833 144,536 0	ADJUSTMENT
\$138,159,337	22,141,419	11,490,358 821,617 4,985,073 1,754,715 0 3,209,658	27,280,237	1,082,168 0 3,822,716	784,533	8,089,076 12,532,203 357,041	582,500	88,757,681	38,228,000	50,531,681	\$2,203,960 19,858,437 28,363,299 (190,886) 296,872	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE
\$4,114,726	0	00000	808,474	674,586	60	(3,256,925) 3,388,614 0	•	3,308,252	0	3,308,252	\$231.183 (156.183) 3.233.252 0	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK
\$142,274,083	22,141,419	11,480,358 821,617 4,885,073 1,754,715 0 3,200,668	28,086,711	1,082,198 0 4,487,301	784,533	4,832,151 16,921,017 357,041	582,500	92,085,933	38,226,000	53,839,933	\$2,435,142 19,702,254 31,598,551 (190,598) 298,972	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY

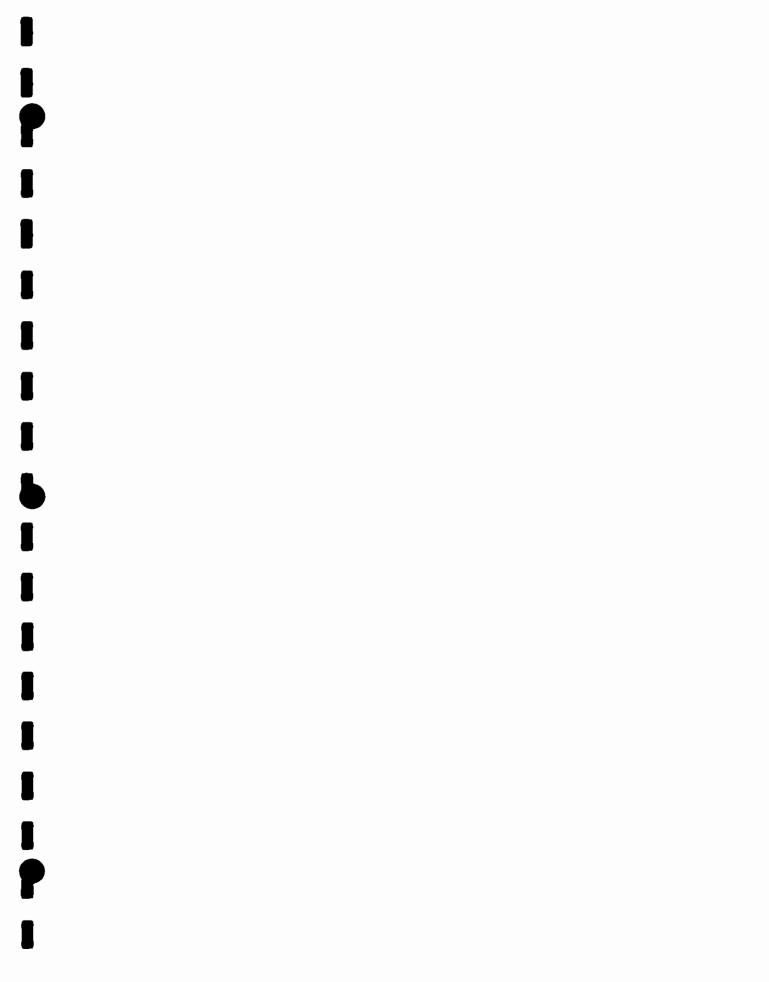
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### UNAUDITED

	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK 2-5/	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
OPERATING REVENUES	\$122,774,593	\$1,539,638	\$124,314,231	\$127,451,157	\$251,765,388
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased gas costs	77,764,830	0	77,764,830	125,505,822	203,270,652
Operations	21,831,194	1,223,093	23,054,287	1,148,185	24,202,472
Maintenance	2,041,043	73,643	2,114,686	0	2,114,686
Depreciation and amortization	5,396,975	61,496	5,458,471	9,950	5,468,421
Taxes-other than income	3,863,964	58,059	3,912,013	0	3,912,013
Taxes-income	3,327,627	38,331	3,365,958	267,648	3,633,606
Total Operating Expenses	114,215,623	1,454,622	115,670,245	126,931,605	242,601,850
NET OPERATING INCOME	8,558,970	86,016	8,643,986	519,552	9,163,538
OTHER INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS	427,711	1,290	429,001	378,129	807,130
INCOME BEFORE INTEREST CHARGES	8,986,681	86,308	9,072,967	807,081	8,970,868
INTEREST CHARGES	**		. 1	TA.	1985
Interest - Long-Term Debt	2,347,360	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 2,347,369	0	2,347,360
Interest - Short Term Borrowings	764,536	27,519	792,055	. 0	792,055
Interest - Other	157,574	. 0	157,574	* u O	157,574
Amortization of Debt Expense	119,401	, 0	119,401	0	119,401
Colores Colores ,	0	0	0	0	0
AFUDC	(85,145)	0	(85,145)	-	(85,145)
Total Interest Charges	3,303,735	27,519	3,331,254	0	3,331,254
TOTAL NET INCOME	\$5,682,946	\$58,787	\$5,741,733	\$897,681	\$6,639,414

The following adjustments have been made to the Income Statement and Balance Sheet for December 31, 1997

- that was previously submitted to and approved by the Delaware Public Service Commission (Order No. 4758). (1) The Adjustment column incorporates the financial impact from the Sam Shannahan Well Co., Inc. transaction with Chesapeake
- (2) A reclass was made between Common stock and Additional paid-in capital for Xeron, Inc. so that the Common Stock amount would represent 475,000 shares of Chesapsake stock at a par value of \$.4867
- (3) Average annual gross margin for the six year period (June 1, 1991-May 31, 1997) was used
- (4) Compensation expense, including an amount associated with profit-sharing, has been adjusted to be consistent **n the employment contracts.**
- (5) Xeron, Inc. has excess cash of approximately \$3.26 million that Chesapeake would invest in its existing businesses Checapeake's other businesses, assuming Checapeake's 1997 avers This would replace the interest income that Xeron, Inc. has historically to reset their capital requirements. The amount shown as other income represents the return on the cash available for investment in har's 1997 everage return on equity of 11.61% (per the Annual Report). y earned on this cash.
- (6) Income taxes were calculated at a 34% tax rate, since Texas has no state income tax



### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF** THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended: December 31, 1997 Commission File Number: 001-11590

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

to of Dal

51-0064146

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909 Silver Lake Benievard, Boyer, Deleware (Address of principal one

19904 (Zin Cade)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 302-734-6799

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of one had Common Stock - par va

Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: 8.20% Convertible Bahantures Due 2014 (Title of glass)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X]. No [ ].

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendments to this Form 10-K. [X]

As of March 20, 1998, 4,543,695 shares of common stock were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares held by non-affiliates of Cheespeake Utilities Corporation, based on the last trade price on March 20, 1997, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$67 million.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE** 

DOCUMENTS Definitive Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998 PART OF FORM 10-K Part III

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FORM 10-K

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### Year Ended December 31, 1997

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gas distribution and transm Chesapeake Utilities Corpora on, propose distribution and advanced information services. a" or "the Company") is a diversified utility company engaged in natural

Company's propose segment serves a of Maryland and Virginia. The advance wide variety of customers and clients. divisions, as well as to other utilities and industrial customers in Delaware and on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The transmission subsidiary, Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore"), operates a 271-mile interstate pipeline system that transports gas from various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's Delaware and Maryland distribution customers in southern De Chesapeake's three natural gas distr In advanced information services segment provides software services and products to a tes serve approximately 35,300 residential commercial and industrial Season. Shore and Casaral Florida. The Company's natural gas

(b) Financial information Financial information by busi tustry Segments

It is included in Item 7 under the heading Notes to Consolidated Financial

# (c) Narrative Description of Busine

The Company is engaged in thus primary business activities: natural gas transmission, natural gas distribution, propane distribution and advanced information services. In addition to the four primary groups, Chesapeake has three subsidiaries engaged in other service related businesses.

commission ("FERC"). During 1997, Eastern Shore implemented open access transportation services. Eastern Shore now provides transportation services, contract storage services as well as purchasing and selling small amounts of gas for system (I) (a) Natural Gas Transmission

Eastern Shore, the Company's wholly owned transmission subsidiary, operates an interstate natural gas transportation and provides contract storage services for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an transportation and provides contract storage services for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an transportation and provides contract storage services for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an transportation and provides contract storage services for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an analysis of Maryland. \*\* tern Shore's rates are subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory em Pennsylvania to Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

## Adequacy of Resource

three firm storage services providing peak day entitlements of 7,046 Mcf. Corporation ("Transco") for 4,916 thousand cubic that ("Mcf") firm transportation capacity, expiring in 2005, and With the implementation of open scools effective November 1, 1997, Eastern Shore released, through the and contract storage service to customers. Eastern Shore retained contracts with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line iem of its upstree m service providers teriffs, various levels of firm transportation especity

316

entitlements of 363 Mcf and a total capacity of 50,686 Mcf, which expires in 2018. Eastern Shore retained the firm of 1,111 Med and total ca Eastern Shore also retained contracts with Columbia Gas T. ansportation ("Columbia") for services, including: firm transportation capacity of \$69 Mcf per day, which expires in 2018; storage service providing a peak day entitlement daily capacity of 20,469 Mcf: service. Prior to open acc torage services coupled with firm contracts for as pacity of 53,738 Mcf, expiring in 2004; and firm storage service providi been had firm ecotracts with three interests pipelines for transportation and ationservice to a limited number of customers that requested this stural gas supply with five suppliers providing a maximum firm

### Compedition

e e

purchasing along with collective purchasing capabilities which, when combined, may reduce end-user cost. Additional discussion on competition is included in from 7 under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Regults of Operations". their service — gas gathering, transportation and storage — from the salt of the commounty. Pipesmes was converted to be merchants of gas must form separate marketing operations independent of their pipeline operations. Hence, gas marketies have developed as a viable option for many companies because they are providing expertise in gas Under this open access est, interstate pipeline compenies have unbundled the traditional components of

### Rates and Regulation

transmission line capacity and services provided by Transco and Columbia. transportation customers. In addition, the FERC regulates the rates Eastern Shore is charged for transportation and General. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the FERC as an interstate pipeline. The FERC regulates the provision of service, terms and conditions of service, and the rates and fees Eastern Shore can charge to its

### Regulatory Proceedings

New Castle County, Delaware on a portion of its existing pipeline system known as the "Hockessin Line", such new station to be known as the "Delaware City Compressor Station"; (2) construct and operate slightly less than one mile of 16-inch pipeline in Delaware City, New Castle County, Delaware to tie the suction side of the proposed Delaware City Compressor Station into the Hockessin Line; and (3) increase the maximum allowable operating pressure from 500 psig to 590 psig on 28.7 miles of Eastern Shore's pipeline from Eastern Shore's existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Bridgeville, Sussex County, Delaware to its terminus in Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland. Delanare City Communar Station Filing. In December 1995, Eastern Shore filed an application before the FERC pursuant to Sections 7(b) and (c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity surborizing Eastern Shore to: (1) construct and operate a 2,170 horsepower compressor station in Delaware City, w.

facilities started during the second half of 1996 and was completed during the first quarter of 1997. associated piping were seeded to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a result of steedily declining inlet pressures at the Hockestin interconnect with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. Construction of the to abandon the 100 Mcf per day of firm sale service, to one of its direct sale customers. The compressor facility and of the project; (3) denied Eastern Shore the authority to increase the level of sales and storage service it provides its customers until it completes its restructuring in its open access proceeding; and (4) — authorized Eastern Shore In September 1996 the FERC issued its Final Order, which: (1) authorized Eastern Shore to construct and operate the facilities requested in its application; (2) authorized Eastern Shore to roll-in the cost of the facilities into its existing rates if the revenues from the increase in services exceed the cost associated with the expansion portion

submitted in the general rate increase filing to develop rates in the pending Open Access Docket. In September 1997, the FERC approved a rate increase of \$1.2 million. Rate Case Filling. In October 1996 Eastern Shore filed for a general rate increase with the FERC. The filing proposed an increase in Eastern Shore's jurisdictional rates that would generate additional annual operating revenue of approximately \$1.4 million. Bastern Shore also existed in the filing that it intended to use the cost-of-service

transportation service on Sentern Shore's pipelishore proposed to retain some of its pipelishore proposed to retain some of the retain some of the retain some of the retain some of the retain some proposed to unbundle the sales and storage services it had provided. Customers who had previously received firm sales and storage services on Eastern Shore (the "Converting Customers") would receive entitlements to firm public convenience and measuity authorizing the transportation of natural gas on behalf of others. Eastern Shore Open Access Filling in Decem line entitlements and storage capacity for operational issues and to eline in a quantity equivalent to their existing service rights. Eastern Shore filed its abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of

including contract storage, it held on its upstream pipelines so that the Converting Customers would be able to become direct customers of such upstream pipelines. Converting Customers who previously received bundled sales service having no-notice characteristics would have the right to elect no-notice firm transportation service. facilitate "no-notice" (no prior notification required to receive service) transportation service on its pipeline system. Eastern Shore would release or assign to the remaining Converting Customers the firm transportation capacity,

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1. (Called - 1.2)

In connection with the rate increase settlement, the bases pertaining to Bastern Shore operating as an open access pipeline were also settled in September 1997, with open access implementation occurring on November 1, 1997.

## (i) (b) Natural Gas Distribution

Chesapeake distributes natural gas to approximately 35,300 residential, commercial and industrial customers in southern Delaware, the Salisbury and Cambridge, Maryland areas on Maryland's Eastern Shore, and Central in the state of Florida under the name of Peninsula Energy Services Company ("PESCO"). Florida. These activities are conducted through three utility divisions, one division in Delaware, another in Maryland and a third division in Florida. In 1993, the Company started natural gas supply management services

interruptible basis, for a variety of manufacturing, agricultural and other uses. Most of Chesapeake's customer growth in these divisions comes from new residensial construction using gas beeting equipment. divisions, and 79% of the divisions' revenue. The divisions' industrial outtomers purchase gas, primerily on an Annually, residential and commercial customers account for approximately 69% of the volume delivered by the <u>Delaware and Maryland</u>. The Delaware and Maryland divisions serve approximately 29,950 customers, of which approximately 26,560 are residential and commercial customers purchasing gas primarily for heating purposes.

\$70,000 in 1997. revenues. These customers are primarily engaged in the circus and phosphate industries and electric cogeneration.

The Company's Florida division also provides satural gas supply management services to compete in the open access environment. Currently, twenty-one customers receive such services, which generated gross margin of customers, which purchase and transport gas on a firm and interruptible basis, account for approximately 90% of the volume delivered by the Florida division and 60% of the division's annual natural gas and transportation industrial customers in Polic, Oscocia and Hillsborough Counties. Currently 42 of the division's industrial Florida. The Florida division distributes natural gas to approximately 8,748 residential and commercial and 84

### Adequacy of Resources

and Columbia Gulf Transmission Company ("Gulf"). interconnected with Eastern Share and services upstream of Eastern Shore are contracted with Transco, Columbia firm and interruptible contracts with four (4) interests "open access" pipelines. The Divisions are directly General Choseposks's Deirware and Maryland utility divisions ("Deirware", "Maryland" or "the Divisions") have

per day, which expires in 2005; (b) firm transportation especity of 3 l l Dr per day for December through February, expiring in 2006; and (c) firm storage service, providing a total capacity of 142,830 Dt, which expires in 1998. Delaware's contract with Transco include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 8,4.53 delatherms ("Dt")

firm storage service providings yeark day eastlement of 635 Dx and a total especity of 57,139 Dx, expring in 2017. Delaware's contracts with Columbia for esorage related transportation provide quantities that are equivalent to the peak day entitlement for the parted of Counter through March and are equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the peak providing a peak day extitionment of 6,193 Dt and a total capacity of 296,195 Dt, which expires in 2004; and (d) 2004; (b) firm transportation capacity of 1,132 Dt per day, which expires in 2017; (c) firm storage service, Delaware's contracts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 852 Dt per day, which expires in

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day entitlement for the period of Agril through mirror the storage shriftens that they support. mber. The terms of the storage related transportation contracts

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Delaware's contract with Guif, which expires in 2004, provides firm transportation capacity of 868 Dr per day for the period November through March and 798 Dt per day for the period April through October.

capacity of 1,346 Dt per day es Transco's pipeline system, retained by Eastern Shore, in addition to Delaware's Transco capacity sufavaconflegation gift (b) an interruptible storage service under Transco's Rate Scheckle ESS that supports a swing supply service provided under Transco's Rate Schedule FS. capacity of 5,708 Dt, which expires in 2006. Delaware's firm transportation contracts with Eastern Shore also include Eastern Shore's provision of swing transportation service. This service include: (a) firm transportation storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LGA providing a peak day entitlement of 911 Dt and a total providing a peak day entitlement of 580 Dt and a total capacity of 29,000 Dt, which expires in 2013; and (d) firm period December through February, 22,2772 Dt per day for the months of November, March and April, and 13,196 Dt per day for the period May through October, with various expiration dates ranging from 2004 to 2017; (b) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Ruse Schedule GSS providing a peak day entitlement of 2,455 Dt and a total capacity of 131,370 Dt, which expires in 2013; (c) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Ruse Schedule LSS Deisware's contracts with Eastern Si ude: (a) firm transportation capacity of 23,494 Dr per day for the

have various expiration dates. provide the availability Transco, Columbia, Gulf and Ea Delaware currently has contracts for the purchase of firm natural gas suppy with five (5) suppliers. These contracts by of a maxim tern Shore under Delaware's transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts firm daily extitionent of 10,958 Dt and the supplies are transported by

Maryland Maryland's contracts with Transco include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 4,738 Dt per day, which expires in 2005; (b) firm transportation espacity of 155 Dt per day for December through February, expiring in 2006; and (c) firm storage service providing a total capacity of 33,120 Dt, which expires in 1998.

mirror the storage services that they support. day entitlement for the period April through September. The terms of the storage related transportation contracts Maryland's contracts with Columbia for storage related transportation provide quantities that are equivalent to the peak day entitlement for the period October through March and are equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the peak service providing a peak day entitlement of 521 Dt and a total capacity of 46,881 Dt, which expires in 2017. a peak day entitlement of 3,142 Dt and a total capacity of 154,756 Dt, which expires in 2004; and (d) firm storage 2004; (b) firm transportation capacity of 906 Dt per day, which expires in 2017; (c) firm storage service providing Maryland's contracts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 442 Dt per day, which expires in

the period November through March and Maryland's contract with Gulf, which expires in 2004, provides firm transportation capacity of 590 Dt per day for 1543 Dt per day for the period April through October.

Maryland's firm transport capacity of 15,500 Dt, which expires in 2013; and (d) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LGA providing a peak day matitionment of 569 Dt and a total capacity of 3,560 Dt, which expires in 2006. providing a peak day entitionment of 1,426 Dr and a total capacity of 70,565 Dr, which expires in 2013; (c) firm period December through February, 12,304 Dt per day for the months of November. March and April, and 7,743 Dt per day for the period May through Occober; (b) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule GSS transportation service. Maryland's contracts with East Tals service includes: (a) firm transportation capacity of 969 Dt per day on ern Shere's Rate Schedule LSS providing a peak day entitlement of 309 Dt and a total sern Shore include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 13,028 Dt per day for the ent of 569 Dt and a total capacity of 3,560 Dt, which expires with Eastern Shore also include Bastern Shore's provision of swing Transco's

under Transco's Rate Schedule FS. hore, in addition to Maryland's Transco capacity referenced earlier and (b) so's Rate Schedule ESS that supports a swing supply service provided

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needs of their customers. believes that Delaware and Maryland's available firm and "apot market" supply is ample to meet the anticipated projected demand requirements. In order to meet the difference between firm supply and firm demand, Delaware and Maryland obtain gas supply on the "spot market" from various other suppliers that is transported by the upstream pipelines and delivered to the Divisions' interconnects with Eastern Shore as needed. The Company have various expiration datas. The Divisions use their firm supply sources to meet a significant percentage of their Transco, Columbia, Gulf and Eastern Shore under Maryland's transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts Maryland currently has come provide the availability of a r in the purchase of firm actural gas supply with five (5) suppliers. These contracts maximum firm daily entitlement of 6,243 Dt and the supplies are transported by \$ ...

effective until August 1, 2010 and month to mor secondary term, Chesapeake has the right to first reflue to match the terms of any competing bids for the capacity. The firm transportation contract (FTS-2) expires on March 1, 2015. The interruptible transportation contract is (ITS-1) rate schedule. The firm transportation contract (ITS-1) expires on August 1, 2000 with the Company retaining a unilateral right to extend the term for an additional ten years. After the expiration of the primary or transportation service (FTS-1) rate schedule; (b) delly firm transportation capacity of 5,100 Dt in May through Elorida. The Florida division masters transportation service from Florida Gas Transmission Company ("FGT"), a major interstate pipeline. Chesapeaks has contracts with FGT for: (a) daily firm transportation capacity of 20,523 Dt in May through September, 27,105 Dt in October, and 26,919 Dt in November through April under FGT's firm October, and 8,100 Dt in November through April un and (c) daily interruptible to asportation ca ly of 20,000 Dt under PGT's interruptible transportation services Seresher unless canceled by either party with thirty days notice الي في he PGT's firm transportation service (FT3-2) rate schedule

be adequate under existing arrang The Florida division currently receives in gas supply from various suppliers. If needed, some supply is bought on the spot market; however, the majority is bought under the terms of two firm supply contacts with Natural Gas Clearinghouse and LG&E Basegy Marketing. Availability of gas supply to the Florida division is also expected to

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### Competition

competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal consideration in the with alternative fuch. accessibility. All of the Company's divisions have the capability of adjusting their interruptible rates to compete competition between the Company and suppl Competition with Alternative Prints Historica by the Company's materal gas distribution divisions have successfully hers of other sources of energy is price and, to a leaser extent,

business to maximize sales volus address this uncertainty, the Co therefore, there is always uncertainty in the oos However, oil prices as well as the prices of other the Lower levels in interruptible sales occur when oil prices remain depressed relative to the price of natural gas. to natural gas. When oil prices decline, these interrupti The divisions have several large volum reparty was flexible pricing arras se industrial customers that heve the capacity to use first oil as an alternative nough help are subject to change at any time for a variety of reasons; sing competition among natural gas and other fuels. In order to ble customers convert to oil to satisfy their fuel requirements its on both the supply and sales side of its

among fuels, primerily in residential and or To a leaser extent than price, availabili commercial settings. Heating, water heating and other domestic or 6 14 and operational efficiency are also factors in competition

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rally designed for a particular energy source, and especially with respect to heating ion is a disinountive for individuals and businesses on the contract of go their energy source.

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commodity. If they choose to be a merchant of gas, they must form a separate marketing operation independent of their pipeline operations. Hence, gas marketers have developed as a viable option for many companies because they the traditional cor customers on an equal footi are providing expertise in gas purchasing along with collective purchasing capabilities which, when combined, may eats of their service - gas gatheris F of Gas Industry. FERC Order 636 enables all natural gas suppliers to compete for die open access env est, interstate pipeli aportation and storage from the sale of the es have unbundled

capability to bypase the dies customers at risk are use transmission company if the distri Also resulting from an open as lerves for these ca ers to retain their bu Where we work ceas environment, the distribution division can be in competition with the interstate bution customer is located close to the transmission company's pipeline. The division. In certain situations the distribution divisions may adjust rates and ne commercial and industrial customers with the financial resources and

Florida Public Service Cor General Champa f gas costs. As plect so ba thority, but de 3 site's setural gas distribution divisions are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and ters in each jurisdiction. All of Chesapealte's firm distribution rates are subject to , which match revenues with gas costs and normally allow eventual full recovery es with respect to various aspects of the Company's business, including the rates see classes require periodic filis ding. Rates on interruptible sales by the Florida division are also gs and bearings with the relevant regulatory

nes the sate of preum in each jurisdiction in order to ensure the timely filing of rate adjustment

**Regulatory Proceedings Harriand. In July 1995, Champeste's Maryland** division filed an application with the Maryland Public Service Age alea seed ommission ("MPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$1,426,711 or 17,09%. The two largest components of the debie to environ saital costs and a new customer information system, implemented in 1995.

year to purchase gas from suppli annual base rates effective for gas provided on or after December 1, 1995. As required in the settlement of the rate case, the Company filed a cost of service study with the MPSC in June 1996. The purpose of a cost of service study was to allocate revenue among outcomer or rate classifications. The filing, which included proposals for On November 30, 1995, the MPSC issued an order approving a settlement proposal of a \$975,000 increase in mbundling of gas costs from distribution system costs, revisions to sharing of interruptible margins between firm stepayers and the Company and new astrices that would allow customers using more than 30,000 Ccf of gas per structuring sales services that m are closely reflect the cost of serving commercial and industrial customers, the Busion system costs, revisions to sharing of interruptible margins between firm her then the Comp

of gas costs from a under which the fixed cost portion of the gas rate will be forecasted on an annual basis wid the commodity cost requirements and restructured sales services which provide for separate firm commercial and industrial rate After negoties seves and the Co ions with MPSC staff and other interested parties, a settlement was reached on most sales service ission approved a proposed order in March 1997. The settlement includes: (1) class revenue ten charger; (3) a new gas cost recovery mechanism, which utilizes a projected period e, large volume and high load factor custon er groups; (2) unbu

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portion of the gas rate will be estimated quarterly, based on projected market prices; and (4) interruptible margins will continue to be shared, \$35% to essentiates and 10% to the Company, but distribution costs incurred for incremental load additions can be recovered with carrying charges utilizing 100% of the incremental margin if the payback period is within three years.

At the request of MPSC staff, consideration of the new transportation services were postponed until Eastern Shore's open access filing was settled with the FERC.

Delaware. In April 1995, Cheespeake's Delaware division filed an application with the Delaware Public Service Commission ("DPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$2,751,000 or 14% over current rates. The largest component, one-third of the total requested increase, was attributable to projected costs associated with the remediation proposed by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") of the site of a former coal gas manufacturing plant operated in Dover, Delaware. The Company and the DPSC sureed to separate the environmental recovery from the rate increase so each could be addressed individually. In December 1995, the DPSC approved an order authorizing a \$900,000 increase to base rates effective January 1,1996.

In December 1995, the DPSC approved a recovery of environmental costs associated with the Dover Gas Light Site by means of a rider (supplement) to base rates. The DPSC approved a rider effective January 1, 1996 to recover over five years all unrecovered environmental costs through September 30, 1995 offset by the deferred tax benefit of these costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year, the rider rate will be calculated based on the amortization of expenses for previous years. The adventage of the environmental rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses.

In December 1995, Chesapasite's Delaware division filed its rate design proposal with the DPSC to initiate Phase II of this proceeding. The principal ebjective of the filing was to prepare the Company for an increasingly competitive environment anticipated when Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline. This initial filing proposed new rate schedules for commercial and industrial sales service, individual pricing for interruptible negotiated contract rates, a modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism and a natural gas vehicle tariff.

In May 1996, Delawere division filed its proposed relating to transportation and balancing services with the DPSC, which proposed that transportation of customer-owned gas be available to all commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 3,000 Mcf per year.

In February 1997, the DPSC approved an order authorizing new service offerings and rate design for services rendered on and after March 1, 1997. The approved changes include: (1) restructured sales services which provide commercial and industrial customers with various service classifications such as general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor services; (2) a modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism which takes into consideration the unbundling of gas costs from distribution charges as well as charging certain firm service classifications different gas cost rates based on the service classification's load factor; (3) the implementation of a mechanism for sharing interruptible, capacity release and off-system sales margins between firm sales customers and the Company, with changing margin sharing percentages based on the level of total margin; and (4) a provision for transportation and balancing services for commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 30,000 Ccf per year to transport customer-owned gas on the Company's distribution system.

<u>Florida</u>. On November 26, 1997, the Florida Division filed a request with the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) in Docket No. 971559-GU, for a Limited Proceeding to Restructure Rates and for Approval of Gas Transportation Agreements. The Florida Division has entered into Gas Transportation Contracts with its two largest

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customers which resulted in retaining these two customers on the Company's distribution system at rates lower than previously achieved. As a result of this reduction in revenue, the Company has proposed in its application to restructure rates for its remaining customers to more closely reflect the cost of service for each rate class and to recover the level of revenues previously generated by the two Contract customers.

The Company's restructuring proposal is revenue neutral. Approval of this request would not result in additional revenues to the Company; however, FPSC approval would enable the Company to retain its two largest customers while providing the Company with the opportunity to achieve its FPSC authorized rate of return.

FPSC Staff inseed their recommendation in this docket on March 12, 1998. The Commission voted to approve the Company's restructuring proposal on March 24, 1998. A Commission Order in this docket is expected April 14, 1998.

### (I) (c) Propene Distribution

Chesapeake's propane distribution group consists of Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeaka, its wholly owned subsidiary, Sharpgas, Inc. ("Sharpgas") and Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") a wholly subsidiary of Chesapeake.

On March 6, 1997, Cheespeaks acquired all of the outstanding shares of Tri-County a family-owned and operated propose distribution business located in Salisbury and Pocossoke, Maryland. The combined operations of the Company and Tri-County served approximately 34,000 propose customers on the Delmarva Peninsula and delivered approximately 27-million retail and wholesale gallons of propose during 1997.

The propose distribution business is affected by many factors such as seasonality, the absence of price regulation and competition among local providers.

Propose is a form of Equation petroleum gas which is typically extracted from natural gas or separated during the crude oil refining process. Although propose is gaseous at normal pressures, it is easily compressed into liquid form for storage and transportation. Propose is a clean-burning fuel, gaining increased recognition for its environmental superiority, safety, efficiency, transportability and ease of use relative to alternative forms of energy. Propose is sold primarily in suburban and rural areas which are not served by natural gas pipelines. Demand is typically much higher in the winter months and is algorificantly affected by seasonal variations, particularly the relative severity of winter temperatures, because of its use in residential and commercial heating.

### Adequacy of Resources

Sharp Energy and Tri-County purchase propose primarily from suppliers, including major domestic oil companies and independent producers of gas liquids and oil. Supplies of propose from these and other sources are readily available for purchase by the Company. Supply contracts generally include minimum (not subject to a take-or-pay premiums) and maximum purchase provisions.

Sharp Energy and Tri-County use trucks and railroad cars to transport propose from refineries, natural gas processing plants or pipeline terminals to the Company's bulk storage facilities. From these facilities, propose is delivered in portable cylinders or by "behtnii" trucks, owned and operated by the Companies, to tanks located at the customer's premises.

### Competition

Sharp Energy and Tri-County compute with several other propose distributors in their service territories, primarily on the basis of service and price, emphasizing reliability of service and responsiveness. Competition is generally local because distributors located in close proximity to customers incur lower costs of providing service.

propune is generally not distribu electricity, based on equivalent BTU value. Since natural gas has historically been less expensive than propase, its clossime Propane compates with both fiel oil an and coviro 2 duffeed up per electricity as an energy source. Propune competes with fuel oil based on . Propose is also typically less expensive than both fuel oil and this areas serviced by natural gas pipeline or distribution systems

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operations are subject to reg to state safety regulations relating to "hook-up" and ple enforced by the various states in which such operations take place. Propune distribution operations are also subject Federal Motor Carrier Sai The Company's propane regulations enangualing the transportation of hexardous materials promulgated under the fety Act, which is administered by the United States Department of Transportation and lettles are not subject to any federal or state pricing regulation. Transport coment of propens tenta.

by fire. The Compa The Company's propene operations are subject to all operating hazards normally associated with the handling, storage and transportation of combantals liquids, such as the risk of personal injury and property damage caused A contract of Market ust of \$35,000,000 per occurrence, but there

# (I) (d) Advanced Inform

for application software, u Data Systems, Inc. ("CDS"), both wholly owner Chesapeake's advanced infor stion services se he of 1997, at which time it disposed of substantially all of its assets ment is comprised of United Systems, Inc. ("USI") and Capital shaidlaries of the Company. CDS provided programming support

development "book" and cr USI is an Atlanta-based company that primarily prevides support for users of PROGRESS", a fourth generation computer language and Relational Database Management System. USI offers consulting, training, software md international corporatio nagement System. USI offers consulting, training, software opment for its client base, which includes many large domestic

### Competition

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products and services. information services b having substantially greater resources evaliable to them then the Company. In addition, changes in the advanced The advanced inform idon services b ing rapidity, which could adversely impact the markets for the Company's 100 mg (4) 100 mg (4) 100 mg (4) the significant competition from a number of larger com

subsidiaries of Chesapeake Service Company. Skipjack owns and leases to affiliates, two office buildings in Dover, Delaware. Chesapeake Investment is a Delaware affiliated investment company. (I) (e) Other Subaidiaries
Skipjack, Inc. ("Skipjack") and Chesapeake Investment Company ("Chesapeake Investment"), are wholly owned

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Estate, Inc. ("ESR"), which therems a wholly owned subsidilenses office buildings to affiliases and external companies. On March 6, 1997, in com estion with the acquisition of Tri-County, the Company acquired Eastern Shore Real me a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake Service Company. ESR owns and

# (II) Seasonal Nature of Bu

Revenues from the Company's resid beating purpo activities are affected by see es. Revenues from these cu tal and con a, eince the anglority of these sales are to customers using the fuels for ers are accordingly affected by the mildness or severity of the heating evial natural gas sales and from its propene distribution

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Capital Resources". sion of on res by bu ses segment is included in Item 7 under the heading "Liquidity and

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### (N) Employees

The Company Is added 43 employees to the total number of employees of the Company. data proceeding, plans general and edu a propu The second 163 in advanced information services. The remaining 80 employees are considered de officers of the Company and marketing, engineering, treasury, accounting, security, and other administrative personnel. The acquisition of Tri-County hiding 114 in natural gas distribution, nine in natural gas transmission, 131

### Rem 2. Properties

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### (a) General

employed. Capacity and utilization of the Companional gas and propuse distribution businesses. Michigan; and Atlanta, Georgia. In general, the properties of the Company are adequate for the uses for which they are Dover, Seaford, Leurel and Georgetown, Deleware; and Winter Haven, Florida, and rents office space in Dover, Delaware; Plant City, Florida; Chincoteague and Belle Haven, Virginia; Easton and Pocomoke, Maryland; Detroit, The Company owns of ion of the Company's facilities can vary significantly due to the seasonal nature of the as Sectities in Pocomoke, Selinbury, Cambridge, and Princess Anne, Maryland;

## (b) Natural Gas Distribution

encumbered pursuant to Ch during periods of peak de in its Central Florida eary regulators) located in its Del Chesapeake owns over \$42 miles of meteral gas distribution mains (together with related service lines, meters and Ingenes Ch nand. A portion of the properties constituting Chesspeaks's distribution system are apeake's First Mortgage Bonds. s and \$ dayshad service areas, and 469 miles of such mains (...d related equipment) te also owns facilities in Delaware and Maryland for propane-air injection

## (c) Natural Ges Trans

being used to provide incres to match Transco supply pressures, and to increase Eastern Shore's pressures in order to serve Eastern Shore's firm stabilize capacity on Eastern Sheer's system as a result of steadily declining inlet pressures at the Hockessin interconnect Eastern Shore owns approximately 271 miles of transmission lines extending from Parkesburg, Pennsylvmia to Salisbury, Maryland. Sectorn Shore also owns three compressor stations located in Delaware City, Delaware, Daleville, with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. The Daleville station is used to increase Columbia supply pressures Pennsylvania and Bridgsville, Dalaware. The Delaware City compressor facility and associated piping are needed to including those of Chasepo and pa niles of transmission lines extending from Parkesburg, Pennsylvania to mired to meet demands on the system. 1 ke's Delaware and Maryland divisions. The Bridgeville station is

### (d) Propene Distribution

Sharpgas and Tri-County own bulk propose storage facilities with an aggregate capacity of 1.9 million gallons at 33 plant facilities in Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, located on real estate they either own or lease.

### Item 3. Legal Proce

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. The Company is size involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental material effect on the consolid agencies concernia ig rates. In the op iss are involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of taion of man fail position of the Company. ment, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have

### Environmental

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(a) Dover Gas Light Site

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in 1924, the State of Delaware notified the Company that a purcel of hand it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light Company, a predecessor gas company, contained hazardous substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any clean-up and prospective environmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control ("DNIREC") investigated the site and surroundings, finding coal far residue and some ground-water contamination.

responsible parties ("PRPs") for clean-up of the site. Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). At that time under CERCLA, both the State of Delaware and the Company were named as potentially In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National Principles I let under the Communication Students and Section Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National 100 nation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or

of soil and less stringent standards for the soil be ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million attenuation. Remediation selected for the soil at the site was to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two feet The EPA issued the site Record of Decision ("ROD") dated August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA in the ROD addressed the ground-water contamination with a combination of hydraulic containment and natural how two fact. The ROD estimated the costs of selected remediation of Pastacepart.

In May 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which required the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other PRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial GPU informed EPA that it did not intend to comply with the Order. penalties for failure to comply. Although notifying EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply

In March 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to carry out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a Settlement, the litigation will be dis Company's proposal to reduce the still remedy for the stin, described below, to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of In March 1995, the Company on a formal settlement agreement between implementing the ROD and to reini settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settles hause the EPA the \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon BPA and the State of Deleware. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the d with project sent"). Under the Settlement, the State agreed to support the State of Delewere for contribution to the remedial costs

In June 1996, the Company initiated litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount, if any, of proceeds to be received.

still the appropriate remedy. provided up to date status on the site, which the EPA used to determine if the remedial design sejected in the ROD was In July 1996, the Company began the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filled in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which required EPA approval, ٠.

an existing land use restriction beaming flature development at the site. In April of 1997, the EPA issued a fact sheet stating that the EPA was considering the proposed modification. The fact sheet included an overall cost estimule of 53.7 million for the proposed modified sensely and a new everall cost estimate of 513.2 million for the remedy selected in the ROD. On August 28, 1997, the EPA issued a Proposed Plan to modify the current clean-up plan that would involve: (1) excavation of off-site thermal treatment of the on In the report, the Company proposed a modification to the soil clean-up remedy selected in the ROD to take into eccount as of the former subsurface gas holders; (2) implementation

future development of the Site. The overall estimated clean-up cost of the Site under the proposed plan was \$4.2 million, as compared to EPA's estimate of the current clean-up plan at \$13.2 million. In January 1995, the EPA issued a revised of soil vaporization extraction; (3) pavement of the parking lot; and (4) use of institutional controls that would restrict future development of the Site. The overall estimated clean-up cost of the Site under the proposed plan was \$4.2 million. of Stabilion ROD, which modified the soil remediation to coul was to the proposed plan and included the estimated clean-up costs

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PRPs in an attempt to resolve there The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will comider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with ions related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these 2

believes that the amounts not so com the recorded liability. Managam bids for performance of the work. The Cu liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the desi The Company adjusted its accrued Helifity recentled with respect to the Dover Site to \$4.2 million. This amount reflects the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD issued in 1998 for remediation of the site according to the ROD. The recorded for a portion of the expenses to be im Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitable ted will be secoverable in the Company's rates. 100 the addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of has also recor nection wi ign place progresses and the Company obtains construction ty entitled to contribution from other responsible parties the remedies selected in the ROD. Managem ted a regulatory asset of \$4.2 million, correspon

opinion that these costs and any t December 31, 1997, the unamortize January 1, 1998 was \$2.1 million are amortization of expenditures through September of the filing years plus amortization of expenses from previous year. The advantage of the rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses incurred. As of costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when cost incurred by a means of a rider (supplies incurred. Each year a new rider rate is calculated to become effective December 1. The rider rate is based on the be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax benefit associated with those environmental insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund at in December 1995, the Delevere Public Service Co As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$5.0 million in costs resumg to envaronmentatesing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period. \$3190,000, respectively. With the rider mechanism established, it is manage are cost, net of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates I belence and emount of environmental costs not included in the rider, effective next) to been rains, applicable to all firm service customers. The costs would matistion, authorized recovery of all unrecovered environmental

# (b) Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

Maryland Department of the Enviro remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and has been reporting the remediation and monitoring results to the remediation process for ground-water was revised from pump-and-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in a substantial reduction in overall costs. During 1996, the Company completed construction and began and included a proposal to monitor, pump and treat any contaminated ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, the remedial action work plan was revised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), the Company has completed assessment construction and has begun remediation of the Salisbury manufactured gas plant site. The assessment determined that there was localized con No se so x M.A reme edial design report was submitted to MDE in November 1990 ed ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a defirmed regulatory asset of \$665,000 on December 31, 1997, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.4 million for

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approximately \$597,000 has not been recovered through management's opinion that these costs incurred and fail of all environmental cost incurred through September 38, 1995 has amounts previously amortized and insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization was \$964,251. Of the \$2.4 million in costs reported above, were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund setual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds remedial actions and environmental studies and has char the seats incurred, if any, will be recoverable in rates. h costs to accumulated depreciation. In January 1990 aking treatment. It is

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# (c) Winter Haven Coal Gas Site

The Company will be awaiting FDEP's comments to the modified Work Plan. It is remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if an, the cost of such remediation. to complete the site assessment activities and a suport describing a limited sediment inves site. After discussions with the FDEP, the Company filed a modified ASSVE Pilot Study Work Plan, scope of work Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sperging and Soil Vapor Extraction ("AS/SVE") pilot study to evaluate at the Haven site with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Work Plan described the In May 1996, the Company filed an Air Spargi ring and Soli Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for the Wister dified Work Plan. It is not por gation performed recently office to determine whether

September 30, 1997. The Company has been allowed by the Florida Public Service Common for future environmental costs. At September 30, 1997, the Company had \$432,000 accrued. that future costs, if any, will be recovere The company has spent and received rai making treats est of approximately \$678,000 on these investigations as of pany had \$432,060 accreed. It is man asion to continue to accrue agement's opinio

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders None

Item 10. Executive Officers of the Regi Information pertaining to the Executive Office Cast of the Cas pany is as follows:

Rainh J. Adkins (seps 55) Mr. Adkins is Chemmas of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapeake. He has served as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer since August 1997. Prior to holding his present position, Mr. Adkins served as President and Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Treasurer of Chesapeake. Mr. Adkins is also Officer of Sharp Energy, Isa., Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., Chesapeake Service Company and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, all wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeake. He has been a director of Chesapeake since Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Che apeals Service Company, and Chairman and Chief Executive 1

President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary. From 1963 to 1986, Mr. Schimknitis was Vice President of Cooper & Rutter, Inc., a consulting firm providing financial services to the utility and cable industries. He was appointed as a director of Cheespedie in February 1996. since August 1997. His previously served as Executive Vice President, Chief Flancial Officer, Senior Vice John R. Schimkaitis (age 50) Mr. Schimknitis is President and Chief Operating Officer. He has served as President

December 1996. He previously served as Vice President of Eastern Shore, Director of Accounting and Rates and Controller. From 1992 to May 1994, Mr. McMasters was employed as Director of Operations Planning for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Tressurer since Equitable Gas Company. Michael P. McMasters (ago 39) Mr. McMasters is Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of

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### Environmental

(a) Dover das Light dies

Company, a predecessor gas company, contained hazardous substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any clean-up and prospective environmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware Department of Natural some ground-water or Resources and Environmental Control ("DNREC") investigated the site and surroundings, finding coal tar residue and Septem C al of had it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light

Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). At that time state CERCLA, both the State of Delovace and the Company were named as potentially responsible parties ("TERS") the shifting of the whe. In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National

in the ROD addressed the ground-mater communication with a combination of hydraulic contail ment and natural attenuation. Remediation salected for the soil at the size was to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two feet of soil and less stringent standards for the soil below two fact. The ROD estimated the costs of selected remodiation of ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. The EPA issued the site Record of Decision ("ROD") deted August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA the soil below two fact. The ROD estimated the costs of selected remediation of

In May 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which required the Company to fined or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other FRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial GPU inform penalties for failure to po r failure to open ply. Although motifying EPA of objection of EPA that it did not insend to comply with the Order. as activing EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply

a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of Delaware. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be disartised with projudice. exusement agreement between the parties (the "Sentement"). Under the Sentement, the State agreed to support the Company's proposal to sudane the soil remedy for the site, described below. In contribute Sant name of the support the In March 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to earny out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a spassi to sydnos the sail remedy for the site, described below, to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of the BOD and to reimburse the BPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is costingent upon

In June 1996, the Company initiated litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeaks in coansection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the ou come of the litigation or the amount, if any, of proceeds to be received.

In July 1996, the Company began the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filled in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which required EPA approval, provided up to dest stages the site, which the EPA used to determine if the remedial design sejected in the ROD was still the appropriate remissity.

million for the proposed modifies the ROD. On August 28, 1997, the stating that the EPA was consider In the report, the Company proposed an existing land use restriction beau (1) excavation of off-site thermal tre sing thins development at the site. In April of 1997, the EPA issued a fact sheet dification to the soil clean-up res and a new overall opet estimate of \$13.2 million for the remedy selected in ed a Proposed Plan to medify the current clean-up plan that would involve: eed modification. The fact sheet included an overall cost estimate of \$5.7 ats of the former subsurface ans holders; (2) implementation edy selected in the ROD to take into account of soil vaporization extraction; (3) pavement of the parking lot; and (4) use of institutional controls that would restrict future development of the Site. The overall applicated clean-up cost of the Site under the proposed plan was \$4.2 million, as compared to EPA's estimate of the current often-up plan at \$13.2 million. In January 1998, the EPA issued a revised ROD, which modified the self-remediation to conform to the proposed plan and included the estimated clean-up costs of \$4.2 million.

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider guit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

The Company adjusted its accrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$4.2 million. This amount effects the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD issued in 1996 for remediation of the site according to the ROD. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the design phase progresses and the Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work. The Genpany has also recorded a regulatory asset of \$4.2 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management hullswar that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be insurred in connection with the remedies sejected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$5.0 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission, authorized recovery of all unrecovered environmental cost incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to base rates, applicable to all firm service customers. The costs would be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax benefit associated with those environmental costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year a new rider rate is calculated to become effective December 1. The rider rate is based on the amortization of expenditures through September of the filling years plus amortization of expenses from previous years. The advantage of the rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses incurred. As of December 31, 1997, the unamortized belence and amount of environmental costs not included in the rider, effective January 1, 1998 was \$2.1 million and \$190,000, respectively. With the rider mechanism established, it is management's opinion that these costs and any future cost, not of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates.

### (b) Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), the Company has completed assessment, construction and has begun remediation of the Salisbury manufactured gas plant site. The assessment determined that there was localized contamination of ground-water. A remedial design report was submitted to MDE in November 19' 0 and included a proposal to monitor, pump and treat any contaminated ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, the remedial action work plan was revised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The remediation process for ground-water was revised from pump-and-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in a substantial reduction in overall costs. During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and has been reporting the remediation and monitoring results to the Maryland Department of the Environment on an ongoing basis.

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a defarred regulatory asset of \$665,000 on December 31, 1997, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.4 million for

or with the

the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number or measurements in 1990. The final insurance proceeds actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds actually amortized and insurance proceeds actually amortized and insurance proceeds actually amortized and insurance proceeds actually amortized and insurance proceeds actually actual remedial actions and environmental studies and has charged such costs to accumulated depreciation. In January 1990 inanagement's opinion that these costs incurred and fisture costs incurred, if any, will be recoverable in rates. approximately \$597,000 has not been recovered thro proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization was \$964,251. Of the \$2.4 million in costs reported above, of all environmental cost incurred through Septem abor 30, 1995 ions amounts previously amortized and insurance ice proceeds or received retemaking treatment. It is

# (c) Winter Haven Coal Gas Site

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In May 1996, the Company filed an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for the Winter Haven site with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Work Plan described the Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction ("AS/SVE") pilot study to evaluate at the site. After discussions with the FDEP, the Company filed a modified AS/SVE Pilot Study Work Plan, acope of work to complete the site assessment activities and a report describing a limited sediment investigation performed recently. The Company will be awaiting FDEP's equaments to the modified Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation.

The company has spent and received retemaking treatment of approximately \$673,000 on these investigations as of September 30, 1997. The Company has been allowed by the Florida Public Service Commission to continue to accrue for future environmental costs. At September 30, 1997, the Company had \$432,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recovers . () d? this in rates.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
None

# Item 10. Executive Officers of the Registrest Information pertaining to the Executive Officers of the Con spany is as follows:

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapesice Service Company, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Sharp Energy, Inc., Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., Chesapesice Service Company and Eastern Shore served as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer since August 1997. Prior to holding his present position, Mr. Adkins served as President and Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, Natural Gas Company, all wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeaks. He has been a director of Chesapeake since Rainh J. Adkins (age 55) Mr. Adkins is Chair Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Treasurer of Chesepeake. Mr. Adkins is also man of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Ches. peaks. He has

President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary. From 1983 to 1986, Mr. Schimkaitis was Vice President of Cooper & Rutter, Inc., a consulting firm providing financial services to the utility and cable industries. He was appointed as a director of Chesapeake in February 1996. John R. Schimkaitis (age 50) Mr. Schimknitis is President and Chief Operating Officer. He has served as President since August 1997. He previously served as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice naisi services to the willty and cable industries. He was appointed -

Controller. From 1992 to May 1994, Mr. McMassers was employed as Director of Operations Planning for December 1996. He previously served at Vice President of Eastern Shore, Director of Accounting and Rates and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since Michael P. McManters (age 39) Mr. McManters is Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Tressurer of Equitable Gas Company.

ind Regional M or for the Florida distribution Operations. te Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President since May 1997. He has served as 37) Mr. Tho ger, Director of Gas Supply and Marketing and Superintendent of Eastern Shore on is Vice President of the Natural Gas Operations, as well as Vice

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Division Man he was employed by Peoples Natural Gas Company where he held the positions of Division Sales Manager, 1988. In May 19 Pair S B per and Vice Preside a cleared Vice President of Ch ut of Florence Operations. after joined Ches peaks as Division Manager of Florida Operations in July speaks Utilities Corporation. Prior to joining Chesapeake.

resident of Str lemmy D. West (age 46) Mr. West joined Ches: peake as President of Sharp Energy in June 1990. In May 1992 Vice President of Ch egic Planning and Acquisitions. Prior to joining Checapeake, he was employed by Columbia δ 2 poration. He ha Ty of Co also serviced as Regional Manager of Suburban Propens. mbia Gas System, as Vice President of Marketing, and later, President ke's Propune Operations and in May 1997, he was promoted to Vice

### PART |

on Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

d dividend information for each calendar quarter during the years December

	_			3					1987	
December 31	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		March 31	1.	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31	Quarter Breiss	
18.90									<b>7</b> 4	1
Ĭ	17.790	17375	000/18	3	21,750	1020	17300	371.000	13.05	
	15.125	•	\$14.500		18.375	16.250	16,000	316500	MOT	
16.875		16,000	\$16.750 \$0.2325		20.500	18.375	17.000		Close	
0.2325	0.2325	0.2325	\$0.2325		0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	\$0.2425	Per Shere	Dividende Deciared

The common stock of the Company trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CPK"

(b) Approximate number of holders of co non stock as of December 31, 1997:

Title of Class

minon stock, par vyide \$.4867

Number of Shareholders
of Resort

L. Wale

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(c) Dividends:

During the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1996, cash dividends paid by Chesapeake have been declared each quarter, in the amounts set forth in the table above. During 1996 and 1995, Tri-County paid dividends of \$79,000 and \$592,000, respectively.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain a restriction that the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I Bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As of December 31, 1997, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant are \$14.6 million.

(d) On March 6, 1997, in conjunction with the acquisition of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., the Company issued 639,000 shares of Company stock to William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider in reliance on the private placement exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation D, thereunder.

Item 6. Selected Financial Date

10	tr .	(dollars in t	ouennds excep	et stock data)	
For the Years Ended Departher 31,	1997	1996	1996	1994 (1)	1993 (1)
Operating		•			
Operating revenues	\$122,775	\$130,213	\$111,796	\$98,572	\$85,87
Operating income	\$8,559	\$10,110	\$10,067	\$7,227	\$6,31
Income before cumulative effect of	, 05,000	0.00	0.0,00.	0.,	
change in accounting principle	\$5,683	\$7,605	\$7,594	\$4,460	\$3,91
Cumulative offect of change in					
accounting principle	,				\$5
Net income	\$5,683	\$7,605	\$7,594	\$4,460	\$3,977
Balance Sheet					
Gross plant	\$143,345	\$133,001	\$119,837	\$110,023	\$100,330
Net plant .	\$99,517	\$93,570	\$84,589	\$75,313	\$69,79
Total assets	\$137,379	\$136,046	\$123,339	\$108,271	\$100,98
Long-term debt, net	\$38,226	\$28,984	\$31,619	\$24,329	\$25,682
Common stockholders' equity	\$50,336	\$47,537	\$42,582	\$37,063	\$34,87
Capital expenditures	\$11,381	\$14,837	\$12,887	\$10,653	\$10,06
Common Stock					
Basic earnings per share:					
Income before cumulative affect of					
change in accounting principle	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75	\$1.23	\$1.10
Cumulative effect of change in	•				
accounting principle					\$0.00
Net income	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75	\$1.23	\$1.13
Diluted carnings per share:	•				
Income before cumulative effect of					
change in accounting principle	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70	\$1,20	\$1.00
Cumulative effect of change in	•	•	•	-	
accounting principle					\$0.02
Net income	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70	\$1.20	\$1.10
Average shares outstanding	4,472,087	4,412,137	4,336,431	3,628,056	3,551,932
Cash dividends per share	\$0.97	\$0.93	\$0.90	\$0.88	\$0.86
Book value per share	\$11.18	\$10.71	\$9.77	\$10.15	\$9.76
Common equity/Total capitalization	56.80%	62.10%	57.40%	60.37%	27.59%
Return on equity	11.29%	16.00%	17.80%	- 12.03%	11.399
ther					
Number of Employees	. 397	386	383	320	326
Number of Registered Stockholders	2,178	2,213	2,098	1,721	1,743
Heating Degree Days	4,418	4,717	4,593	4,398	4,705
Heating Degree Days (10-year average)	4,577	4,596	4,586	4,564	4,588

<sup>(1) 1994</sup> and 1993 have not been restated to include the business combination with Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The capital requirements of Checapeake Utilities Corporation ("Checapeake" or "the Company") reflect the capital-intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to the construction program and the retirement of outstanding debt. The Company relies on cash generated from operations and short-term borrowing to meet normal working capital requirements and temporarily finance capital expenditures. During 1997, not cash provided by operating activities, used by investing activities and used by financing activities were \$12.3 million, \$12.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20.0 million from various banks and trust companies. As of December 31, 1997, Chesquette had four unsecured bank lines of credit, totaling \$34.0 million, for short-term cash needs to meet sessonal warking capital requirements and to temporarily fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of these term borrowing at December 31, 1997 and 1996 were \$7.6 million and \$12.7 million, respectively.

In 1997, Chesapeake used cash provided by operations and the issuance of long-term debt to fund capital expenditures and reduce short-term borrowing. During 1996, the Company used cash provided by operating activities and short-term borrowing to fund the capital expenditures and increases in working capital requirements.

During 1997, 1996 and 1995, capital expanditures were approximately \$12.8 million, \$14.8 million and \$12.9 million, respectively. Chesapeaks has budgeted \$15.6 million for capital expanditures during 1998. This amount includes \$8.7 million and \$2.7 million for natural gas and propose distribution, respectively; \$3.1 million for natural gas transmission, \$395,000 for advanced information services and \$632,000 for general plant. The natural gas and propose distribution expanditures are for expansion and improvement of facilities in existing service territories. Natural gas transmission expanditures are for improvement and expansion of the pipeline system. The advanced information services expanditures are for computer hardware, software and related equipment. Financing for the 1998 construction program is expected to be provided from short-term borrowing and each from operations. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification. Asterial construction expanditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, sales growth and the cost and availability of capital.

Chesapeake has budgeted \$2.8 million for environmental related expenditures during 1998 and expects to incur additional expenditures in future years (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

### **Capital Structure**

As of December 31, 1997, common equity represented 56.8% of permanent capitalization compared to 62.1% in 1996 and 57.4% in 1995. Chesapeake remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This commitment, along with adequate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that Chesapeake will be able to attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost. The achievement of these objectives will provide benefits to customers and creditors, as well as to the Company's investors.

### **Financing Activities**

In December 1997, Chesapeake finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.85% Senior Notes due January 1, 2012. The Company used the proceeds to repay a portion of its short-term borrowing. In October 1995, the Company finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010. The Company used the proceeds to retire \$4.1

million of the 10.85% Senior Notes of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, the Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary ("Eastern Shore") originally due in 2003. The remaining proceeds were used to reduce short-term borrowing. The Company issued no long-term debt in 1996. During 1997, the Company repaid approximately \$3.1 million of long-term debt, compared to \$823,000 and \$5.4 million in 1996 and 1995, respectively. The increase in debt payments for 1997 resulted from the payoff of \$2.2 million of debt assumed in the pooling of interests with Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County").

On March 6, 1997, the Campany acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County and associated properties.

Tri-County distributes propose to both retail and wholesale customers on the peninsula. The transaction was effected through the exchange of 639,000 sheres of the Company's common stock and was accounted for as a pooling of interests.

Chesapeake lessed 32,169, 33,926 and 38,660 shares of common stock in connection with its Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan during the years of 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

### **Results of Operations**

Net income for 1997 was \$5,682,946 as compared to \$7,604,915 for 1996. The decrease in net income is primarily related to temperatures in the Company's northern service territory, which were, on average, 6% warmer than in 1996. The warmer weather resulted in a reduction in volumes sold by the natural gas and propane distribution segments. The lower gas volumes contributed to the reduction in Earnings Before Interest and Taxes ("EBIT") for both distribution segments as shown in the table below.

EARNINGS INSTANTANTIAL AND TAXES (in thousands):

e ·			increese /			Increase /
For the Years Brided December 31,	1997	1996	(decreese)	1996	1995	(decrees)
EDIT by Bullion Commence of the						
Noticeal gas distribution	\$5,496	\$7,167	(\$1,669)	\$7,167	\$4,728	\$2,439
Natural gas transmission	3,721	2,458	1,263	2,458	6,083	(3,625
Propane distribution	1,064	2,815	(1,751)	2,815	2,252	563
Advanced information services	1,046	1,056	(10)	1,056	1,061	(5
Other	258	561	(3)	561	(32)	593
Tenitsett	311,887	\$14,057	(\$2,170)	\$14,057	\$14,092	(\$35)

Chesapeake's 1996 not income was \$7,604,915, as compared to \$7,593,506 for 1995. Although net income was relatively unchanged, the contribution to not income from each business segment differed during the two-year period. Natural gas distribution EBIT was higher in 1996 due to rate increases placed in effect in two of the three service territories during 1995. EBIT for the propage distribution segment increased due to greater volumes sold due to temperatures being 3% colder than in 1995. Natural gas transmission's contribution decreased due to a reduction in volumes sold to industrial interruptible customers during 1996. In addition, 1995 net income includes a one-time benefit from a settlement with the Federal Baergy Regulatory Commission (see Note K to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

### Natural Gas Distribution

The reduction in EBIT of \$1.7 million from 1996 to 1997 is primarily related to a decline in total gross margin, as indicated in the following table, coupled with an overall increase in expenses. The reduction in gross margin earned on volumes sold is primarily the result of a 3% decline in volumes sold to residential and commercial customers and a decrease in volumes sold to industrial interruptible customers in Chesapeake's Florida service territory. The reduction in volumes sold to residential and commercial customers was directly related to warmer temperatures, primarily during the first quarter of 1997. Operations and maintenance expenses increased \$633,000 and \$108,000, respectively.

Compensation, regulatory commission expenses and costs related to data processing and billable service revenue contributed to the increase in operations expenses. A greater level of maintenance to the gas pipeline system resulted in an increase in maintenance expenses.

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The \$2.4 million rise in EBIT from 1995 to 1996 resulted from an increase in gross margin earned on sales of natural gas in two of Chesapeake's three service territories, offset by an overall increase in expenses. The \$4.0 million increase in gross margin was partially due to a fail year of rate increases, which went into effect in 1995. Maryland operations' rates became effective during December and interim rates were in effect during June of 1995 for Delaware operations. In addition, colder temperatures contributed to the 20% increase in deliveries to residential and commercial custo, were located in Chesapeake's northern service territory. The \$583,000 increase in operations expenses was primarily the result of higher compensation, benefits, data processing costs, bad debts and regulatory expenses. Plant additions placed in service during 1996 resulted in higher depreciation expense. In addition, other taxes increased by \$460,000 or 23%, partially due to the inclusion of certain state revenue related taxes, which were previously included as reductions to revenue.

**GROSS MARGIN SUMMARY (in thousands)** 

For the Years Ended	Cassinber 81,	1997	1906	Increase / (decrease)	1996	1995	(decrease)
Revenue:					-		
Gus sold "	પ્લ 🚉	\$54,205	\$52,290	\$1,915	\$52,290	\$42,784	\$9,506
Ges transported	r+	3,061	2,991	70	2,991	2,618	373
Gas marketed	<b>2</b> € 5	18,419	19,382	(963)	19,382	8,555	10,827
Other .	, ,	275	193	82	193	168	25
Total Revenues		375,560	\$74,856	\$1,164	\$74,856	\$54,125	\$20,731
Cost of Sules:							
Gas sold	w ya p	\$35,507	\$32,846	\$2,661	\$32,846	\$26,789	\$6,057
Gas marketed	-14	18,233	19,117	(884)	19,117	8,410	10,707
Total Cast of Sales		\$53,740	\$51,963	\$1,777	\$31,963	\$35,199	\$16,764
Gross Margin:							
	ë · -	\$18,698	\$19,444	(\$746)	\$19,444	\$15,995	\$3,449
Ges transported	,	3,061	2,991	70	2,991	2,618	373
Gas marketed		186	265	(79)	265	145	120
Other		· 275	193	82	193	168	25
Total Gross Margin		\$22,220	\$22,893	(\$673)	\$22,893	\$18,926	\$3,967

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### Natural Gas Transmission

The Company's natural gas transmission segment, Eastern Shore, which became an open access pipeline on November 1, 1997, had an increase in EBIT of \$1.3 million for 1997. The rise in EBIT is partially attributable to a rate increase and an increase in firm services implemented in 1997, as well as an overall reduction in expenses. The rate increase is designed to generate additional gross margin of approximately \$1.2 million annually. Also contributing to the increase in EBIT were additional revenues generated by the increase in transportation services that were effective with the implementation of open access. On an annual basis, the additional services will generate revenue of approximately \$1.3 million. Operations expense decreased by \$143,000 or 5%, primarily consisting of compensation, relocation costs and property insurance. Maintenance expenses were also lower due to reduced maintenance required during the year on the gas pipeline system. Capital additions during the year resulted in higher depreciation expense.

The \$3.6 million reduction in 1996 EBIT was primarily due to lower gross margin on sales to industrial customers. The gross margin decreased due to 4 67% reduction in volumes delivered, primarily reflecting lower deliveries to two

industrial interruptible customers — a municipal power plant and a methanol plant. The methanol plant shut down operations on April 1, 1996. During 1996 and 1995, deliveries to the methanol and power plants contributed approximately \$284,000 and \$2.4 million, respectively to gross margin. As interruptible customers, they had no ongoing commitment, contractual or otherwise, to purchase natural gas from the Company (see Note A to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The \$109,000 increase in operating expanses reflects increased compensation and benefit related expenses. Depreciation increased due to plant placed in service.

With Eastern Shore's conversion to open access, all of its customers will have the opportunity to transport gas over its system at rates regulated by the FERC. The variability in Eastern Shore's margins, historically driven by the sales to industrial customers, will dramatically decrease, as capacity reservation fees for transportation services will drive prospective margins. It is expected that in the future, Eastern Shore's EBIT will tend to be more stable and resemble a fully regulated return. Taking the 1997 rate increase, revenues associated with additional capacity and lower margins on services provided to industrial customers into account, the Company expects gross margin during 1998 to be between \$7.9 and \$8.2 million (see Cautionary Statement). Comparatively, gross margin for the past three years has been \$7.9 million, \$6.7 million and \$10.2 million for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

### Propene Distribution

In 1997, Chesapeake integrated the operations of Tri-County and the Company's existing propane distribution operations. Like Chesapeake's existing propane operations, Tri-County's earnings are heavily dependent upon weather conditions.

The reduction in 1997 EBIT of \$1.8 million was primarily due to a reduction in gross margin, partially offset by a reduction in expenses. Gross margin decreased due to an 11% reduction in sales volumes coupled with a 13% lower margin per gallon sold. The decline in sales volumes is directly related to the warmer temperatures, which averaged 6% warmer than the prior year. Purtheringra, decing the first quarter of 1997 temperatures were 14% warmer than normal. The Company normally sells a high percentage of its annual volume during this period. The reduction in margin per gallon sold was also the result of abnormally warmer temperatures. As temperatures warmed during the first quarter, demand decreased and supply-prices declined rapidly. Due to the low cost of wholesale-supply, retail prices declined, thereby reducing margins. Operations expenses decreased \$554,000 or 7% primarily in the areas of compensation, delivery related costs, advertising and legal fees. Maintenance expenses declined primarily in equipment and structures. Depreciation and amortization expenses declined \$477,000 or 28% primarily the result of a non-compete agreement, which became fully amortized in November of 1996.

The increase in 1996 ERIT of \$563,000 is primarily attributable to a rise in gross margin partially offset by higher expenses. Gross margin was higher due to a 12% increase in volumes sold and a slight increase in margin earned per gallon sold. The increases are directly related to temperatures which were 3% colder than those in 1995. Operating expenses increased \$1.3 million or 19% in 1996 primarily due to compensation, delivery related costs, benefits and outside services. Maintenance expenses increased in the areas of propane storage facilities, equipment and structures.

### Advanced Information Services

The results of the advanced information services segment consisted primarily of those of United Systems, Inc. ("USI"), due to the downsizing of Chesepseke's North Caroline operations in early 1997. Although the EBIT contribution of this segment has remained unchanged from 1996 to 1997, USI's gross margin has increased by \$970,000 or 34%. Operating expenses increased due to the opening of a new office in Detroit, Michigan and the expansion of staff training and marketing efforts to position USI to be able to provide new services and for future growth of current services. Since the rise in operating costs offset most of the growth in gross margin, EBIT remained constant.

Although the EBIT contributed by the advanced information segment was relatively unchanged from 1995 to 1996, EBIT contributed by USI increased \$266,000. This was mostly offset by a reduction in EBIT contributed by the North Carolina operation as they caused to provide thelities management services beginning in early 1996.

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### Income Taxes

Tri-County was a subchapter 8 Carporation for income tax reporting; therefore, no deferred income taxes were recorded on its balance sheet. In addition, the Company's 1996 and 1995 rectaed financial statements do not include any income tax expense for Tri-County due to its subchapter 8 status during those years. time expense of \$318,000 recorded in 1997 to establish the deferred income tax liability for Tri-County. Prior to 1997, Operating income taxes in 1997 decreased \$619,000 due to a reduction in EBIT. This was partially offset by the one-

·...

Non-operating income was \$428,000, \$438,000 and \$391,000 for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. The decrease in sales of fixed assets. increase in 1996 is primarily the result of a rise in interest income carned partially offset by a reduction in the gain on 1997 is primarily due to a reduction in interest income, partially offset by the gain on the sale of fixed assets. The

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Statements). The Company believes that any fature costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in rates. explore corrective action at several former gas measufacturing plant sites (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Environmental Matters

The Company continues to work with Indentiand state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impact and

### The Year 2000

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applications and is in the process of developing plans to counct its wendors, test and remediate to the extent necessary not be significant. Each application will be used during 1998. Champeake has developed an inventory of other primary applications, Chesapesis has conducted initial evaluations and estimates that the cost of any remediation will applications, Chesspeake has updeted its proper compliant version. This system will be tested furt control and data acquisition for the pipeline, as well as other vendors' systems. With respect to the three primary customer information, billing and delivery. Other applications include systems for services such as telephone, system deficiencies. The Company has segregated the evaluation of its readiness and the potential impact of the year 2000 on its systems into two components: primary internal applications and other applications. The Company's primary applications include systems for its flanncial information; natural gas customer information and billing; and propene Chesapeake is dependent upon information systems to operate efficiently and effectively. In order to address the impact of the year 2000 on its many information systems, Chesapeake is in the process of evaluating and remediating any deficiencies. The Company has suggested the evaluation of its readiness and the potential impact of the year 2000 on ne customer information, billing and delivery system to a year 2000 ther to issue compliance during 1995. With respect to the other two

suppliers will compete with Chesipeake to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system. Eastern Shore has skifted from providing sales service to providing transportation and contract storage of Eastern Shore's recent conversion to apen access, the Company expects to be subject to competitive pressures from other sellers of natural gas. With open access transportation services available on Eastern Shore's system, third party electricity, oil and propane. The principle considerations have been price, and to a lesser extent, accessibility. As a result Historically, the Company's natural gas operations have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as

also begin offering transportation services. The Company expects to expand the availability of transportation services to additional customers in the fiture. Since the Florida distribution operations have been open to certain industrial customers in December 1997. Chesapeake expects that during 1998, the distribution operations located in Maryland will The Company's distribution operations located in Deleware began to offer transportation services to certain industrial

established a n ustomers since 1994, the C pany has gained experience in operating in an open access environment. The Company ring and supplies operation in Florida to compete for these customers. The Company is a similar services in our seathern service tradition. less in our northern service territory.

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The state of the s

the markets for the Co Both the propess of at compa ageny's service d inform igns with an ten and the advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a tially greater resources available to them then those of the Company. In II CHE ages are occurring rapidly, which could adversely affect

### mount

commissions for regulated operation costs are passed on to customers the with the effects of inflation on its ca improvements. The impact of latter inflation affects the cost of labor and other goods and services required for operation, maintenance and capital E h the purchased gas edjustment clause in the Company's tariffs. To help cope storing the returns of its unregulated business operations. nents and returns, the Company secks rate relief from regulatory in recent years, except for the effect on purchased gas costs. These

### Cautionary Statement -

is providing the following cautionary agreement to identify materially from those anticipated in forward-looking star in connection with the "Safe Harbor" provide Statements made berein and elsewhere in this Forms 10-K, which are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements as of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Chesapeaks est to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ ements made herein or otherwise by or on behalf of the

contribution to earnings even in the abea operating as an open access pipeline, relation provide economical gas ma future open access proceed sales margins, such sales have varied widely from year to year and, in fixture years, might have made a less significant A number of factors and uncertainties ma s is the absence of open access. Additionally, there are a number of uncertainties, including age and the officets of competition, which will affect whether the Company will be able to 1 he it difficult to predict the effect on future operating results of Eastern Short p) > historical results. While open access eliminates industrial interruptible ation and other services.

and natural gas sales, now that the Company operates in an open access environment. There are also uncertainties relative to the impact of the year 2000 on the information systems of the Company, its vendors and other third parties. propene bus meterial impact on earnin In addition, a number of factors and uncertainties affecting other aspects of the Company's business could have a ea, the re limive price of alternative en ossity and temperature sensitivity of Chesaposite's natural gas and gy sources and the effects of competition on both unregulated

Section 1

# Item S. Financial Statements and Supplemental Deta

1.

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Stockholders of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

an opinion on these financial stat and financial statem Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidia We have audited the con ant schedules are the respain and the fin ies listed in Item 14(a) of this Form 10-K. These financial statements ibility of the Company's Management. Our responsibility is to express cial statement schedules based on our audits. tements and comolidated financial statement schedules of

provide a reasonable basis for our opini made by Managemen material misstatement. An audit i that we plan and perform the and in the fina We conducted our see ncial statements. An audit also inc C, as well as oval to edicin remonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of the overall fin so with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require bing, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclose ing the accounting principles used and significant estimates ncial statement presentation. We believe that our audits

therein. financial statements taken as a whole, press consolidated financial eta December 31, 1997 in or and the consolidated re consolidated financial pos In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the medifinancial position of Chesapeaks Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1997 and 1996, uts flirity, in all meterial respects, the information required to be included as and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended ally ecospted accounting principles. In addition, in our opinion, the med to above, when considered in relation to the basic consolids

for each of the five ye 31, 1994 (none of which are presen of income, cash flows, stockholders' equ sheets and statements of capitalization as of December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, and the related consolidated statements respects in relation to the financial sta statements. In our op We have also previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted standards, the consolidated balance inion, the inform ers in the per tion set forth in the Pinancial Highlights included in the Selected Pinancial Data ments from which it has been derived. ly, and income taxes for each of the two years in the period ended December ded Dece in) and we expressed unqualified opinions on twee consolidated financial ber 31, 1997, appear ing on page 15 is fairly stated in all material

Baltimore, Maryland February 12, 1998

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

At December 34	1997	1996
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Natural gas distribution	\$74,769,458	\$69,853,05
Natural gas transmission	33,856,873	30,655,49
Propens distribution	26,920,403	25,279,21
Advanced information services	841,757	1,003,85
Other plant ' Real Real Real Real Real Real Real Real	6,161,631	5,414,24
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,00
Total property, plant and equipment	143,345,126	133,000,86
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(43,827,961)	(39,430,73
Net property, plant and aquipment	99,517,165	93,570,12
Investments .	2,721,443	2,263,06
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	555,198	2,213,52
Accounts receivable (less allowance for uncollectibles		4,210,02
of \$331,775 and \$392,412 in 1997 and 1996, respectively)	13,087,999	14,488,94
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,380,120	1,284,87
Propene levestery, at everage cost	2,288,516	2,345,53
Storage gas propayments	2,926,618	3,731,68
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	1,673,389	2,192,17
Income taxes receivable	849,623	112,94
Prepaid expenses	1,060,911	942,359
Dubani faccas tress · ·	247,487	158,010
Could equippe guestion	24,069,861	27,470,041
SECTION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		
referred Charges and Other Assets		
Environmental regulatory assets	4,865,073	6,650,081
Environmental expenditures, ast	2,372,929	1,778,348
Other deferred charges and latangible assets	3,832,389	4,314,235
otal deferred charges and other asests	11,070,391	12,742,671
n of the		
Total Assets a 2	\$137,378,860	\$136,045,908

Capitalization	A Seifersteine
CERTIFICATION	The Real Property lies

At December 31,	1997	1996
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	\$2,191,792	\$2,160,621
Additional paid-in capital	19,819,604	18,745,718
Retained carnings	28,218,763	26,957,041
Less: Uncarned compensation related to restricted stock awarded	(190,886)	(364,529
Unrealized gain on markstable securities, net	296,872	38,598
Total stockholders' equity	50,336,145	47,537,463
Long-term dobt, sixt of register, possibly	38,226,000	28 984,368
Total capitalization	88,562,145	76,521,831
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	582,500	3,078,489
Short-term borrowings	7,600,000	12,700,000
Accounts payable	12,451,570	14,426,983
Refunds payable to customers	357,041	353,724
Accrued interest	784,533	741,768
Dividends psyable	1,092,168	883,621
Other accraed expenses	3,807,484	3,733,233
Total current liebilities	26,675,296	35,917,828
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	11,490,358	9,798,676
Deferred investment tax credits	821,617	876,432
Environmental liability	4,865,073	6,650,088
Accrued pension costs	1,754,715	1,866,661
Other Mobilities	3,209,656	4,414,392
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	22,141,419	23,606,249

### Commitments and Contingencies

(Notes J and II)

Total Capitalization and Liabilities \$137,378,860 \$136,045,908

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1906	1905
Operating Revenues	\$122,774,593	\$130,213,409	\$111,795,77
Cost of Sales	77,764,830	82,226,644	65,616,361
Gross Margin	45,009,763	47,986,765	46,179,410
Operating Expenses			
Operations	21,831,194	22,230,425	20,612,585
Maintenance	2,041,043	2,504,894	2,477,454
Depreciation and amortization	5,396,975	5,504,637	5,802,884
Other taxes	3,853,954	3,68),748	3,194,673
Income taxes	3,327,627	3,947,056	4,025,274
Total operating expenses	36,450,793	37,876,760	36,112,870
Operating Income	8,558,970	10,110,005	10,566,540
Other Income			
Interest income	239,543	249,509	191,845
Other income, net	405,156	177,045	239,687
Income taxes	(216,988)	(83,739)	(105,280
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		115,434	65,198
Total other income	427,711	458,249	391,450
Income Before Interest Charges	8,986,681	10,568,254	10,457,990
Interest Charges			
Interest on long-term debt	2,347,369	2,392,458	2,282,247
Amortization of debt expense	119,401	120,345	109,399
Other	922,110	514,856	566,320
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(85,145)	(64,320)	(93,482)
Total interest charges	3,303,735	2,963,339	2,864,484
Nat Income	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Earnings Par Share of Common Stock :		e '	**
Basic:	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75
Diluted:	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS .

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1906	1995
Operating Activities			
Net Income	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,500
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash:		4	
Depreciation and amortization	6,090,665	6.148.232	6,246,222
Allowance for equity finds used during construction		(115,434)	(65,19)
Investment tax credit adjustments	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,81
Deferred income trees, net	1,437,206	1,794,146	252,72
Employee benefits	(238.826)	471,870	178,80
Employee compensation from legeing of stock restrictions	173,643	334,745	431,694
Allowance for refund			(1,356,705
Other, net	(286,147)	83,301	(339,081
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	1,400,945	(904,516)	(4,727,364
Other current assets	648,282	(2,141,048)	1,588,675
Other deferred charges	(625,395)	(977,652)	(946,450
Accounts payable, net	(1,823,912)	1,422,807	3,619,023
Refunds payable to customers	3,307	(613,206)	400,192
Overrecovered (underrecovered) purchased gas easis	518,781	(2,245,544)	162,399
Other current fiabilities	(619,668)	396,326	939,750
Not cash provided by operating activities	12,307,012	11,204,127	13,923,371
Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments	(12,380,826)	(14,069,116) 115,434 (129,406)	65,198 (38,836
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments		115,434	65,198 (38,836
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments Net cash used by investing activities	(36,167)	115,434 (1 <b>29</b> ,406)	65,198 (38,836
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, set Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments Net cash used by investing activities Financing Activities	(36,167)	115,434 (1 <b>29</b> ,406)	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932,	(36,167) (12,416,993)	115,434 (129,406) (14,083,088)	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments Net cash used by investing activities Financing Activities Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752)	115,434 (129,406) (14,083,088)	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively  Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337	115,434 (129,406) (14,083,088) (3,337,755) 208,813	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297	115,434 (129,406) (14,003,008) (3,337,755) 200,813 349,031	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835
Property, plant and equipment expanditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000)	115,434 (129,406) (14,003,008) (3,337,755) 200,813 349,031	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039) 10,428,753
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively  Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash  Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  Repayment of long-term debt	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,908,223	(129,406) (14,063,068) (3,337,755) 206,813 349,031 7,300,000	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039 10,428,753 (5,439,151)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  Repayment of long-term debt  Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,908,223 (3,098,455) (1,548,350)	115,434 (129,406) (14,003,008) (3,337,755) 200,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039) 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repsyments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  Repsyment of long-term debt  Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,908,223 (3,098,455) (1,548,350)	115,434 (129,406) (14,063,068) (3,337,755) 206,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,000 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039) 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Repayment of long-term debt Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,908,223 (3,098,455) (1,548,350)	115,434 (129,406) (14,003,008) (3,337,755) 200,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt  Repayment of long-term debt  Net cash (used) provided by financing activities  Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents at Baglanting of Plant	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,908,223 (3,098,455) (1,548,350)	115,434 (129,406) (14,063,068) (3,337,755) 206,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039) 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978)
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Repayment of long-term debt Net cash (used) provided by financing activities  Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,904,223 (3,094,455) (1,548,350) (1,658,331) 2,213,529	115,434 (129,406) (14,083,088) (3,337,755) 208,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876 817,915 1,395,614	65,198 (38,836 (11,640,080 (3,324,376 202,835 (3,197,039) 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978) 954,320 441,294
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not Allowance for equity funds used during construction Purchases of investments  Net cash used by investing activities  Financing Activities  Common stock dividends, not of amounts reinvested of \$382,932, \$346,308 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively Issuance of stock — Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash Issuance of stock — Retirement Savings Plan  Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements  Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	(36,167) (12,416,993) (3,829,752) 167,337 404,297 (5,100,000) 9,904,223 (3,094,455) (1,548,350) (1,658,331) 2,213,529	115,434 (129,406) (14,083,088) (3,337,755) 208,813 349,031 7,300,000 (823,213) 3,696,876 817,915 1,395,614	(3,197,039) 10,428,753 (5,439,151) (1,328,978) 954,320 441,294

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Years Baded Symmeor	1987	1906	1995
Common Stock	•		
Balance beginning of year	\$2,160,628	\$2,122,212	\$2,096,515
Dividend Reinvestment Plen	15,398	16,514	18,816
USI restricted stock award agreements		10,639	6,881
Conversion of disbentures	4,461	429	
Company's Retirement Savings Plan	11,305	9,928	
Exercised stock aptions		906	N. Company
Belance — and of year	2,191,792	2,160,628	2,122,212
Additional Paid in Capital			•
Balance — beginning of year	18,745,718	17,489,108	16,731,689
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	529,453	538,607	488,125
USI restricted stock award agreements		344,570	176,029
Sale of treasury stock to Company's			
Retirement Savings Plan			93,265
Conversion of debentures	151,441	14,557	
Company's Retirement Savings Plan	392,992	328,465	
Exercised stock aptions		30,411	
Beinnes end of year	19,819,604	18,745,718	17,489,108
Retained Earnings			
Balance - beginning of year	26,957,048	23,458,776	19,480,374
Net income	5,682,946	7,604,915	7,593,506
Cash dividends — Chesepeaks (2)	(4,341,964)	(3,514,694)	(3,331,972)
Cash dividents Pooles companies	(79,267)	(591,949)	(283,132)
Balance — and of year	28,218,763	26,957,048	23,458,776
Treasury Stock (9			•
Uncerned Compensation			
Balance - beginning of year	(364,529)	(415,107)	(696,679)
leavence of award		(284,167)	(121,343)
Amortization of prior years' awards	173,643	334,745	402,915
Balance — end of year	(190,886)	(364,529)	(415,107)
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Marketable Securities (4	296,872	38,598	(72,839)
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$50,336,145	\$47,537,463	\$42,582,150

<sup>(1)</sup> The following adjustments have been made to 1995 presentation to reflect the Tri-County pooling of interests: Beginning balances of Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital have been adjusted by \$311,001 and (\$103,314), respectively. Not income as shown in the Retained Barnings section has been adjusted by \$356,811.

<sup>(</sup>I) Dividends per share of common stock wase \$.07, \$.59 and \$.50 for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

<sup>(399,842)</sup> was sold to the Company's Retirement Savings Plan during 1995, leaving a zero balance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Net of income tax expense (benefit) of appreximately \$190,000, \$25,000 and (\$48,000) for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME TAXES**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Current Income Tax Expense			
Pederal	\$1,916,654	\$1,884,609	\$3,182,346
State	442,563	356,576	621,238
Investment tex credit adjustments, not	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815
Total current income tax expense	2,304,402	2,186,370	3,748,769
Deferred Income Tax Deponer			
Property, plant and equipment	1,335,802	581,373	455,151
Deferred gas costs	(204,170)	873,904	(56,915
Pensions and other employee benefits	(19,508)	107,131	57,508
Unbilled revenue	(104,632)	54,320	(260,922)
Contributions in aid of construction	(33,028)	(6,979)	(283,033)
Environmental expenditures	249,417	108,578	272,068
Allowance for refund		121,671	442,064
Other :	16,332	4,427	(244,136)
Total deferred income tax expense (1)	1,240,213	1,844,425	381,785
Total Income Tax Expense	\$3,544,615	\$4,030,795	\$4,130,554
Reconciliation of Effective Income Tex Rates			
Federal income tax-expense at 34%	3,171,505	3,956,118	3,986,180
State income testes, net of Federal benefit	399,213	537,566	546,955
Acquisition of subchapter 8 Corporation (4)	317,821	(268,211)	(137,800)
Other	(343,924)	(194,678)	(264,781)
Total income text expense	\$3,544,615	\$4,030,795	\$4,130,554
Effective income test rate	38.4%	36.8%	36.3%
For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1906	
Deferred Income Taxis			
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Property, plant and equipment	\$12,095,782	\$10,716,757	
Deferred gas costs	649,681	853,851	
Other	1,560,908	1,322,272	
Total deferred income tax fieldities	14,306,451	12,892,880	
Deferred income tax assets:			
State operating loss carryforwards	57,303	3,320	
Deserred investment tax credit	403,789	426,565	
Unbilled revenue	968,311	863,679	
Pension and other employee benefits	898,060	917,568	
Self insurance	585,995	545,836	
Other	150,122	495,246	
Total deferred income tax assets	3,063,580	3,252,214	
Deferred Income Taxes Per Consolidated Belence Short	\$11,242,871	\$9,640,666	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$200,000, \$392,000 and \$100,000 of deferred state income taxes for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Accounted for as a pooling of interests (see Note B to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

# Summ

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### Natura OF B

Maryland. The Company's p the Eastern Shore of Maryle transmission subsidiary operates a pipeline from various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's Delaware and Manyland distribution divinions, as well as other utility and industrial customers in Delaware and the Eastern Shore of customers located in sout Nature of Susmess

Chasapeaks Utilities Corporation (the "Company") is engaged in natural gas distribution to approximately 35,800 and products to a wide variety of cite ny's propage distribution segment serves approximatory 27,444 versus as a segment provides software services terpland and Virginia. The advanced information services segment provides software services hern Delaward, Meryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The Company's natural gas pment serves approximately 34,000 customers in southern Delaware,

## Principles of Conso

("Tri-County") and 'Chesapeate Service Company. Sharp Energy's accounts include those of its wholly owned The Consolidated Planacial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Basern Shore"), Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. consolidation. Systems, Inc. and obsidiary, Sharp In the Chang Control Co y method. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in to in entities in which the Company owns more than 20 percent but 50 percent ty's accounts include United Systems, Inc. ("USI"), Capital Deta

### System of Accounts

regulation with respect to rates or m The metural gas distribution divisions of the Company located in Delawars, Maryland and Florida are subject to regulation by the Delawars, Maryland and Florida Public Service Commissions with respect to their rates for service, policies of the vari Energy Regulatory Commission ("FE ccapted account aintenance of their account form commissions. The propens and advanced information services subsidiaries are not subject to Spound Se ties which give appropriate recognition to the ratemaking and accounting practices and ing records and various other metters. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the Federal C'). The Company's financial statements are prepared on the basis of generally ance of accounting records.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Such amounts are stated at cost, which approxima less are considered cash equivalents. The Company's policy is to invest cash in excess of operating requirements in overnight income producing accounts. ites market. Investments with an original maturity of three months or

# Property, Plant, Eq

segment and 2.59% for a for natural gas distribution; 3.04% for natural gas transmission and 5.46% for propene distribution. In addition, the annualized rates average 4.73% for gas plant acquisition edjustments, 17.75% for the advanced information services amortization expense for financial stat which will amortize the salvage value, is charged to income. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method at rates, charged to accumulated depreciation. Upon retirement or disposition of non-utility property, the gain or loss, net of capitalized. Upon retires Utility property is see and minor replaceme suipment and Depreciation ad at original cost while the assets of the propene subsidiary are valued at cost. The costs of repairs is are charged to income as incurred and the costs of major renewals and betterments are unrecovered cost of depreciable property over the estimated useful life. Depreciation and sent or disposition of stility property, the recorded cost of removal, net of salvage value, is mest purposes is provided at an annual rate for each segment averaging 4.73%

### Allowance for Funds Used Dur Co

funds and other funds used to fin The allowance for funds w crediting the cost as a non-cast a item on the income statement. The costs of borrowed and equity funds are segregated 2000 dan ("AFUDC") in an accor ion projects is capitalized as part of utility plant on the balance sheet, esting procedure whereby the cost of borrowed

The state of the

between interest expense and other income, respectively. AFUDC was capitalized on utility plant construction at the rates of 5.63%, 9.51% and 7.31% for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

### **Environmental Regulatory Assets**

Environmental regulatory assets represent amounts related to environmental liabilities for which cash expenditures have not been made. As expenditures are incurred, the environmental liability can be reduced along with the environmental regulatory asset. These amounts are recorded to either environmental expenditures or accumulated depreciation as cost of removal. All amounts incurred are amortized in accordance with the retemaking treatment granted in each jurisdiction.

### Other Deferred Charges and Intangible Assets

Other deferred charges include discount, premium and issuance costs associated with long-term debt and rate case expenses. The discount, premium and issuance costs are deferred, then amortized over the original lives of the respective debt issues. Gains and losses on the reacquisition of debt are amortized over the remaining lives of the original issuance(s). Rate case expenses are deferred, then amortized over periods approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. Intangible assets are associated with the acquisition of non-utility companies, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of five to 40 years. The gross intangible assets were \$2,516,120 and \$1,920,851 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. Accumulated amortization related to intangible assets was \$1,093,905 and \$962,227 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. In addition, the 1997 acquisition of a propane business resulted in the Company acquiring goodwill, a customer list and a non-compete agreement valued at \$437,000, \$108,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

### Income Taxes and Investment Tax Credit Adjustments

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return. Income tax expense allocated to the Company's subsidiaries is based upon their respective taxable incomes and tax credits.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and are measured using current effective income tax rates. The portion of the Company's deferred tax liabilities applicable to utility operations which has not been reflected in current service rates represents income taxes recoverable through future rates. Investment tax credits on utility property have been deferred and are allocated to income ratably over the lives of the subject property.

The Company had state tex loss carryforwards of \$796,000 and \$46,000 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. The Company expects to use all of the loss carryforwards; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded at December 31, 1997 or 1996. The loss carryforwards expire in 2006 through 2012.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Various items within the balance sheet are considered to be financial instruments because they are cash or are to be settled in cash. The carrying values of these items generally approximate their fair value (see Note C to the Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of fair value of investments). The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt at December 31, 1997, including current maturities, is approximately \$40.7 million as compared to a carrying value of \$38.8 million. At December 31, 1996, the estimated fair value was approximately \$30.3 million as compared to a carrying value of \$29.8 million. These estimates are based on published corporate borrowing rates for debt instruments with similar terms and average maturities.

### **Operating Revenues**

Revenues for the natural gas distribution divisions of the Company are based on rates approved by the various commissions. Customers' base rates may not be changed without formal approval by these commissions. With the exception of the Company's Florida division, the Company recognizes revenues from meters read on a monthly cycle

The state of the s

division recognizes revenues based on services rendered and records an amount for gas delivered but not billed. The basis. This practice results in unbilled and unrecorded revenue from the cycle date through month-end. The Florida 200,100 evenue for certain customers on a metered basis and all other customers on an as-delivered

The natural gas distribut to rates in subsec BE OF THE is charged to customers as gas costs fluctuate. These amounts are collected or refunded through tion divisions of the Company have purchased use adjustment ("PGA") clauses that provide for s periods.

2

transmission segment records revenue for service only, the PGA clause no longer applies, now that open access is in rates approved by FERC. Before open access, only portions of revenues were based on rates approved by FERC. The natural gas tr Ment bec t had a PGA clause similar to those in the distribution operations. Since the me an open access pipeline on November 1, 1997 with revenues based on

The Company charges flexible to natural gas compatitive with aim natural gas com ternative types of supply. No 3 and to the matural gas distribution segment industrial interruptible customers to make rebe Company nor the customer is contractually obligated to deliver or receive natural native types of fuel. Based on pricing, these customers can choose natural gas or

### Earnings Per Share

options for each yes share have been rea Accounting Standards Board ("TASB") in February 1997, requiring dual presentation of basic and diluted per share The Company has adap 128 did not have a man theres of common stock out carnings on the face of the income sta ed to confirm to the guidelines of SFAS No. 128. ced State set on the Company's financial statements. Prior years' presentations of earnings per not of Pinancial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, issued by the Financial . On a diluted basis, both earnings and shares outstanding are adjusted for stock not. Besic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of ned conversion of the convertible debentures. The adoption of SFAS No.

# CALCULATION OF DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:

For the Years Ended December 31,	1907	1996	1996
Reconciliation of Numerator			
Net Income besto	\$5,682,946	57,604,915	\$7,593,506
Effect of 8.25% Convertible debestures	204,070	207,825	213,043
Adjusted summerator — differed	\$3,887,016	\$7,812,740	\$7,806,549
Reconciliation of Denominator:			
Weighted Shares Outstanding — basic	4,472,067	4,412,137	4,336,431
Effect of Dilutive Securities			
8.25% Convertible debendures	238,353	242,742	248,833
Stock options and performance shares	38,462	22,053	4,487
Adjusted describator — diluted	4,744,902	4,676,932	4,589,751
Dilwind Earnings per Share	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70

The impact of the 93,492 stock eraings per share in the fai

# Certain Risks and Uncertainties

Company; therefore, actual resu management to make estimates ( The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that require neasuring assets and liabilit mong other things, various future econo ies and related reve its could differ from those es se Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements for significant estimates) in us and supenses. These estimates involve judgements with respect to fors that are difficult to predict and are beyond the control of the

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The Company records certain assets and liabilities in accordance with SFAS No. 71. If the Company were required to terminate application of SFAS No. 71 for regulated operations, all such deferred amounts would be recognized in the income statement at that time, resulting in a charge to earnings, not of applicable income taxes.

### **FASB Statements lesued**

Comprehensive income. In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130 regarding the reporting of comprehensive income in the full set of financial statements. The Company must adopt the requirements of the standard in its financial statements for the year beginning January 1, 1998. The effect of the adoption of the standard pertains primarily to SFAS No. 115 regarding held for sale investments, and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Segment Information. In June 1997, FASB issued SFAS No. 131, establishing standards for public business enterprises to report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requiring that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in inverim financial reports to shareholders. The Company will adopt the requirements of this standard in the first quarter of the 1998 fiscal year. The adoption of the standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### **Reclassification of Prior Years' Amounts**

Certain prior years' amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

### **B. Business Combinations**

In March 1997, the Company sequired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. and associated properties. Tri-County's principal business is the distribution of propane to both retail and wholesale customers in southern Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia. Six hundred thirty-nine thousand shares of the Company's common stock were exchanged in the transaction, which was accounted for as a pooling of interests. All prior period consolidated financial statements presented have been restated to include the combined results of operations, financial position and cash flows of Tri-County. All material transactions between the Company and Tri-County have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations for the separate companies and the combined amounts are presented in the consolidated financial statements to follow.

	Two menting ended February 48, 1997	Year Ended December 31, 1996	Year Ended December 31, 1996
Operating Revenues			
Chesapeake	\$29,690,819	\$119,330 068	\$104,020,416
Tri-County	2,652,910	10,883,341	7,775,362
Combined	\$32,343,729	\$130,213 409	\$111,795,778
Net Income			
Chesepeake	\$2,434,351	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695
Tri-County	265,059	694,487	356,811
Combined	\$2,699,410	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Unecklided File Forms Not Income			•
Chesapeake	». N/A	\$6,910, 128	\$7,236,695
Tri-County	N/A	426,276	219,011
Combined	NA	\$7,336,704	\$7,455,706

<sup>•</sup> Unaudited pro forms not income sellents adjustments to not income to record an estimated provision for income taxes, assuming Tri-County was a tax paying entity in 1996 and 1995. During 1997, Tri-County was a C Corporation for federal income tax purposes. Tri-County will be included in the Company's U.S. federal income ant return, effective Merch 1997.

### C. Investments

Marie Marie

The investment balance at December 31, 1997 and 1996 consists primarily of the common stock of Florida Public Utilities Company ("FPU"). The Company's ownership at December 31, 1997 and 1996 represents a 7.34% and 7.41%

interest, respectively. The Company has classified its investment in FPU as an "Available for Sale" security, which requires that all unrealized gains and losses be excluded from earnings and be reported net of income tax as a separate component of stockholders' equity. At Documber 31, 1997 and 1996, the market value exceeded the aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio by \$486,872 and \$63,598, respectively.

### D. Lease Obligations

The Company has entered several operating lease arrangements for office space at various locations. Rent expense related to these leases was \$277,000, \$293,000 and \$409,000 for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. Future minimum payments under the Company's current lease agreements are \$236,000; \$228,000; \$232,000; \$145,000 and \$91,000 for the years of 1996 through 2002, respectively; and \$198,000 thereafter.

### E. Segment Information

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1906	1995
Operating Revenues, Unaffiliated Customers			
Natural gas distribution	\$75,940,968	\$74,904,100	\$54,120,280
Natural gas transmission	12,164,369	15,188,752	24,984,76
Propene distribution	26,994,404	33,179,114	25,345,690
Advanced information services	7,636,407	6,903,246	7,307,413
Other	38,445	38,197	37,622
Total operating revenues, unaffiliated customers	\$122,774,593	\$130,213,409	\$111,795,770
Intersegment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$18,970	\$12,232	\$5,095
Natural gas transmission	19,282,359	21,543,352	16,663,043
Propene distribution	52,230	2,059	139,052
Advanced information services	149,602	326,913	1,554,490
Other	523,007	332,512	349,500
Total intersegment revenues	\$20,026,168	\$22,217,068	\$18,711,196
Operating Income Before Income Torres			
Natural gas distribution	\$5,498,471	\$7,167,237	\$4,728,348
Natural gas transmission	3,721,148	2,458,442	6,083,440
Propens distribution	1,063,554	2,814,958	2,252,165
Advanced information services	1,045,912	1,056,201	1,061,309
Other	\$24,785	406,632	215,146
Total	11,231,870	13,903,470	14,340,400
Add (Less): Eliminations	32,727	153,591	(248,594
Total operating income before income taxes	\$11,886,597	\$14,057,061	\$14,091,814
Depreciation and Amerikation			
Natural gas distribution	\$3,076,654	\$2,907,831	\$2,468,141
Natural gas transmission	892,258	697,834	638,099
Propens distribution	1,204,968	1,681,588	1,629,971
Advanced information services	122,081	131,877	969,587
Other	101,014	85,507	97,086
Total depreciation and americation	\$5,396,975	\$5,504,637	\$5,802,884
Capital Expenditures :			05,000,000
Natural gas distribution	\$5,826,065	\$6,472,459	\$7,424,489
Natural gas transmission	3,286,860	5,567,509	1,335,793
Propene distribution	2,820,166	2,189,368	2,427,773
Advanced information services	277,015	162,189	114,461
Other	559,043	445,916	1,584,813
Total capital expenditures	\$12,769,149	\$14,837,441	\$12,887,329
dentifiable Assets, at December 31,	914/10/11/7	***************************************	012,007,020
	<b>930 333 6</b> 40	692 494 993	077 266 041
Natural gas distribution	. \$78,732,860 24,781,382	\$77,426,232	\$72,256,841
Natural gas transmission	24,781,292	23,981,989	19,292,524
Propane distribution	24,209,693	25,009,751	22,723,647
Advanced information services	1,751,192	1,496,419	1,635,100
Other	7,903,823	8,131,517	7,430,616
Total Kentifiable assets	\$137,378,860	\$136,045,906	\$123,338,728

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### F. Long-term Debt

The entermeding lympium debt, set of current metarities, is as follows:

At December 31,	1907	198
First mortgage sinking find bands: Adjustable rate Series G*, due January 1, 1998	w 0	\$ 62.500
9.37% Series I, due December 15, 2004	4,300,000	4,820,000
8.29% Convertible debenderes, due March 1, 2014	3,926,000	4,087,000
Uncellateralized Senior meter: 7.97% moin, dwg Pabruary 1, 2006	10,000,000	10,000,000
6.91% note, due October 1, 2010 6.85% note, due January 1, 2012	10,000,000	10,000,000
المراجعة الم	\$34,226,000	\$28,984,368

nt (73%) of the prime rate (8.50% and 8.33% at Dec

rm diffe the the next five years are as follows: 5,582,500 for 1990, 51,520,000 for 1999 and 52,665,091

the proces On Dec mber 15, 1997, das Ca Select or spe TO CONC 4510 million of 6.85% senior notes due Jenuary 1, 2012. The Company used pany's short-term borrowing.

redeemable at the option of the et a conversion price of \$17.01 per she option, the debentures may be rede The convertible deb a. As of Dece ber 31, 1997, and bolder, subject to an annual non-cumulative maximum limitation of \$200,000 in the R CO H ingles the option of the holder, into sheres of the Company's common stock ing 1997, \$156,000 in debentures were converted. The debentures are res have been accepted for redemption in 1998. At the Company's ed amounts.

Docember 31, 1968 which exceed the sum of 1, 1969. As of December 31, 1997, the sum of 1, 1997, the sum of 1 ratio must be at least 2.5 and the Compan restrictions state that the Cor pproximated \$14.6 million. Indentures to the long-term debt of the Con m of \$2,135,155 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January amounts invalidable for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant ly cannot, until the retirement of its Series I bonds, pay any dividends after tain equity of at least 40% of total capitalization, the times interest samed sy and its subsidiaries contain various restrictions. The most stringent

pursuant to which the Company's first mortgage shiring fund bonds are issued. A portion of the natural gas distribution plant excets owned by the Company are subject to a lien under the mortgage

### G. Short-term Borrowing

of 5.63% and 6.12%, reof which required co companies. As of December 31, 1997, the Company had four unsecured bank lines of credit totaling \$34.0 million, none The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20.0 million from various bank and trust ing of \$7.6 million and \$12.7 million, respectively, with a weighted average interest rate xa. Under these lines of credit at December 31, 1997 and 1996, the Company

# The follows H. Common

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20,389 20,388 21,859 811 1,863
0,589 3,936 0,398 1,899 1,863

- business combination with Tri-County.
  12,000,000 shares are nuthorized at a par vi
- or when of \$.4867 per share.
- 33 Includes dividends and relevant

were sold to the Company's retirement savings plan. At the beginning of 1995, the Company had 15,609 sha res of common stock held in treasury. During 1995, all of these

31, 1997 and 1996, respectively, 12,515 and 24,350 shares valued at \$190,886 and \$364,529 remain restricted. restrictions lapse over a five to tem-year pe Certain key USI employees entered into restricted stock stock can be issued. Shares were awarded as a non-car ind from the award date, if certain financial targets are met. At December and transaction over a five-year period beginning in 1992, and sements under which shares of Chesapeaks common

officers of the Company over a 10-year parks
Performance Share Agreements ("Agreements) performance shares. Ch on February 27. in 1997, st performance shares. Forty-f schieved. Following the ap Agreements. During the I The Performance Incentive Flan, which was adopted a articipants an option to pur e-third on each anniversary of the or 0 our thousand minety-six stock options expired upon the issuance of the performance sha ea-year period maded December 31, 1997, the aforementioned performance goals were f the Board of Directors on February 27, 1998, the Company issued 44,081 Comp porded \$415,681 to reco S not the award period. The Agreements also enable the participants mapsey's schievement of the performance goals set forth in the ed in 1992, provides for the granting of stock options to certain ty's common stock, exercisable in cumulative installments of her 1994, the Company executed Tandem Stock Option and setain enacutive officers. These Agreements provide the its the compensation expense associated with the

				<b>198</b>		
	Ì			Option price	Number of charge	Price as
Balance - beginning of year	113,051	\$12.425 - \$12.75	125,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75
Options granted Options exercised	95,492	\$20.50	(12,135)	\$12.75		
Options forfaited	,				(11,000)	\$12.625
Balance – end of year	SP-FEE	204,543 \$12,623 - \$28,50	113,051	113,051 \$12.625 - \$12.75	125,186	125,186 \$12.625 - \$12.75
Exercisable	98,083	96,083 812.625-812.75	83,114	83,114 \$12.625 - \$12.75	80,280 -	\$12.75

SFAS No. 123, 1997 pro forms not inc in December 1997, the Company gr based compensation costs is \$5,679,603. Preforms basic and diluted earnings per share are \$1.27 and \$1.24. S S to certain executive officers of the Company. As required by ed accounting had been used to account for the stock-

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f 15.53%; risk-fr R rate of 5.89%; and expec es for 1997 are not likely to be p d for grants in 1997: dividend yield of 4.73%; expected valuality ed lives of four years. B OC B ent using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model active of future effects of reported net income.

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ent's years of service and highest average compensation. The Company's funding policy ee shall be equal to the minimum funding requirements of the Employee Retirement ion plan covering substantially all of its employees. Benefits under the

	\$403,211	\$371,698	
179,625	442,071 (24,860)	405,640	Total and production of the control
\$474,000 \$62,003 (1,546,325) 689,947	\$656,965 658,238 (1,142,287) 269,135	\$600,192 732,188 (2,427,768) 1,421,028	Service cost Interest cost Actual return on assess Net amortization and deferral
1996	1986	1987	For the Years and the Standar St.

The follow status of the pension plan at December 31, 1997 and 1996.

At December 31,	1987	1
Vested	\$7,613,194	36,834,661
Total accumulated beautic obligation	57,730,449	11,570,32
	\$11,592,699	\$10,720,514
Projected benefit obligation	(11,534,355)	(10,265,987)
Plan sarets less projected baseft obligation	2,050,44	454,527
Unrecognized set gain	(4,034,679)	(2,820,957)
Unemortized net assets from adoption of SPAS No. 67	(194,326)	(141,579)
Acqued penalon cost	(\$2,178,661)	(\$2,508,009)
Assumptions: Discount rate	7.29%	7.29%
Average increage in feture compensation levels Expected leng-form rate of actions on agents	4.75% 8.50%	4.75% 8.30%

# Other Post-retirement

ali natural gas and corpor The Company sponsors a de d over five ye r The Car ty had deferred approximately \$126,000, which represented the 106 expense and its actual pay-as-you-go cost. The amount is s beath care and life insurance plan that covers substantially d balance is \$78,000 at December 31, 1997.

Service cost on APBC	For the Years Ended Becomber
780	Section Box
• 9	ember ge,
.	
\$3,287 60,221	1907
	199
15978 00872	
\$1,527	1966

1

Amortization of transition chilipation over 20 years	29,413	77,899	27,859
Net periodic post-retirement benefit cost Amount capitalized as commercien cost Amount amortized (defensel)	92,921 (16,274) 25,254	84,390 (16,672) 23,254	39,392 (14,010) (20,561)
Amount charged to espages	\$101,901	\$93,912	854,821
Accrued Poet-rethanism Marinny At December 31,	1007		
Accommunated produced singuisting and produced Retires Pully eligible active employees Other sorive	\$621,203 145,356 102,340	8367,599 137,378 86,894	
Total accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation Unrecognized transition obligation Unrecognized net (loss) gain	868,899 (245,154) (147,422)	791,871 (273,013) (67,155)	
Accrued post-redrement fability	\$476,323	\$451,703	
Assumption:	7.25%	7.25%	

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would increase the accumulated persectivement would increase the aggregate of the service cost. for 1998 by approxime rate of 5% by the year 2007. A one pero The health care inflation nate for 1997 is assume bely \$8,293. ed to be 9.5%. This rate is projected to gradually decrease to an ultimate a point increase in the health care inflation rate from the assumed rate Interest cost components of net periodic post-retirement benefit cost efit obliga stion by approximately \$98,650 as of January 1, 1998, and

### Retirement Savings PI

not to exceed 6%, of the participant's eligible compensation for the plan year. The Company's contributions totaled \$404,406, \$353,350 and \$301,794 for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. As of making contributions for retire December 31, 1997, there are 56,374 shares reserved to find future contributions to the Plan. compensation. The Company makes a com The Company sponsors a Re net eavings. Each participant may make pre-tax communities a contribution equal to 60% or 100% of each participant's pre-tax contributions, totaled gs Plan, a 401(k) plan ("Plan"), that provides participants a mechanism for

J. Environmental Commitments and Contingencies
The Company currently is participating in the investigation, assessment or remediation of three former gas manufacturing plant sites located in different jurisdictions, including the exploration of corrective action options to remove environmental contaminants. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites, the Dover Gas Light and Salisbury Town Gas Light sites. K. Min

was based on the original Record of Decision issued by the EPA in 1994. million. The Company has also recorded a regulatory ass Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") in Jarwary 1998. The Company and General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU") were ordered by the EPA to fund or lary tement the ROD. During 1998, the Company will commence with the design phase. The Company has adjusted the Liability associated with the Dover sits from \$6.0 million to \$4.2 The Dover site's remediation costs are estim had at \$4.2 million in the Record of Decision ("ROD") issued by the et in the same a ount. The previous accrual of \$6.0 million

costs incurred by Chesapeake in connec The Company initiated litigation ag plant eas of the other potentially responsible parties for contribut(::: to the remedial management cannot predict

St.M.

be recoverable in the Co will be equitably a nation from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in nt of proceeds to be received, if any. Manager he ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will not believes that the Company

Salisbury site of \$665,000 as of December 31, 1997. This amount is based on the estimated operating costs of the neurred will be receverable in re ration with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), in 1996 the Company completed rading regulatory asset has been recorded, reflecting the Company's belief that costs results to the MDE. The Company has established a liability with respect to the procedures at the Salisbury site. In addition, the Company began quarterly reporting

other future costs incurred will be recover respectively. In addition, the Company has a site located in the state of Florida, which is currently being evaluated. At Portions of the liability payor te of liability can be ma its for the Dover and Salisbury sites are expected to be over 30 and five-year periods, de, it is ma ble through future rates or sharing arrangements with other rea pement's opinion that any unrecovered curre

\$876,373	\$1,058,443	Amounts pending internating processy
(6,395,108)	(\$7,319,496)	have been approved for retensibly necessari
7,272,481	8,377,939	Total costs incerted.
660,828	692,391	Plorids C. S.
2,187,810	2,368,168	Maryland
\$4,423,843	\$5,317,380	Delaware
		Environmental Coop through
198	1997	A3 Thomas (1976)

## K. Commitments and Contingencies FERC PGA

reversal contri methodology. Accord in the third qu cordingly, Eastern Shore seve and \$1,385,000 to pre-tex our tern Shore sever ed a settlement with the FERC pertaining to Eastern Shore's PGA ps, or \$833,000 to after-tax earnings, for the period. da large portion of the estime and liability that had been accrued. This

# Other Commitments and Contingencies

consolidated financial po In the opinion of me The Company is involved in certain legal action is also involved in certain legal and a an of the Company. et, the ultimate disp inistrative proceedings before various governmental agencies concerning rat ns and claims writing in the normal course of business. The Company osition of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the

## L. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited

substantial variations in In the opinion of the Cor erations for such periods. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are lai information shown below includes all adjustments necessary for

Net income	Operating Revenue Operating Incomes	For the Guarters Stor
		8
83.66,113	\$0,645,111 \$4,104,438	March 51
\$492,841	\$24,805,428 \$1,409,752	June 30
(\$739,193)	\$19,910,307 \$25,177	Soptember 30
\$2,363,185	\$34,413,746	December 31

Earnings per share: Spale Diluted	**	39.76 90.72	\$0.16 \$0.15	(\$0.17) (\$0.17)	\$0.53 \$0.51
1906 Operating Revenue		849,026,542	\$25,213,979	\$19,637,074	\$36,335,814
Operating Income		\$6,667,499	\$1,084,392	(\$160,422)	\$2,518,536
Net Income		\$6,000,157	\$486,311	(\$747,779)	\$1,866,226
Earnings per share: Basic Diluted	A MAN	\$1.37 \$1.30	\$0.11 \$0.11	(\$0.17) (\$0.17)	\$0.42 \$0.41

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

#### PART III

#### Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Directors of the Company is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Information Regarding the Board of Directors and Nominees", deted and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

The information required by this item with respect to executive officers is, pursuant to instruction 3 of paragraph (b) of Item 401 of Regulation S-K, and forth in Item 10 of Part 1 of this Form 10-K under "Executive Officers of the Registrant."

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

This information is incorporated berein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Report on Executive Compensation", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

#### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

#### PART IV

Item 14. Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules, and Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:

- 1. Financial Statements:
  - Accountants' Report dated February 12, 1998 of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P., Independent Accountants
  - Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and

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at December 31, 1997 and December 31, 1996

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- 1995 ref Cash Flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996
- nber 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995 ints of Common Stockholders' Equity for each of the three years ended
- 996 and 1995 s of Income Taxes for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997,
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- The follow nation for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995 is submitted herewith:
- Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are inapplicable or the information is otherwise shown in the financial st S OF BOISE S

## (b) Reports on Form S-K

## (c) Exhibits

- Exhibit 2(a) -Company, Inc., filed on the Company's Form S-K, File No. 001-11590 on January 13, 1997, is ed herein by reference. stand Plan of Merger by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Tri-County Gas
- Exhibit 3(a)-30, 1995, File No. 001-11590. reference to Builde 3 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June SP tificate of Incorporation of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is incorporated herein by
- Exhibit 3(b) -Amended Bylaws of Chasapeake Utilities Corporation, effective July 11, 1997, are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1997, File No. 001-11990.
- Exhibit 4(a) -8 1/4% Convertible Deber Form of h Debentures is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's set on Form 5-2, Rop. No. 33-26582, filed on January 13, 1989. tween the Company and Box amen's Trust Company, Trustee, with respect to the
- Exhibit 4(b) -0-593 4 to the Comp Note Agreement dated February 9, 1993, by and between the Company and Massachusetts Mutual since Company and MML Pension Insurance Company, with respect to \$10 million of seasond Senior Notes due February 1, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit peny's And al Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992, File No.

4 4 3 7 19

- Exhibit 4(c) -Directors Stock Compensation Plan adopted by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation in 1995 is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Froxy Statement dated April 17, 1995 in with the Con spany's Annual Meeting held in May 1995.
- Exhibit 4(d) Comp Note Purch TWICH, In son tish a copy of that agre as Agreement entered into by the Company on October 2, 1995, pursuant to which the rivately placed \$10 million of its 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010, is not being filed se with hem 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to EX TO SEE COR anission upon request.

The second second

- Exhibit 4(e) in a copy of that agree hased \$10.million of its 6.85 senior notes due 2012, is not being filed this form 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to est to the Commission upon request. red into by the Company on December 15, 1997, pursu at to which
- Exhibit 10(a) Service Agree 10 to the Com 0-593. A S. Com in Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit d November 1, 1989, by and between Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line mil Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, File No.
- Exhibit 10(b) -Service Agreements 10 to the Con 2 party's Annual Raport on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989; File No at deted November 1, 1989, by and between Columbia Gas Transmission an Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit
- Exhibit 10(c) -Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Service Agreement for General Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas File No. 0-993. Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990,
- Exhibit 10(d) -Service Agreement Transmission Com Exhibit 10 to the Company's A t for Fredhred Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas impany's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, mike Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to
- Exhibit 10(e) -Service Agraement tos Gas Transmission Com File No. 0-593. to Exhibit 10 to the Com peat for Plan Tree superty and Changesia Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference buspany's Assaul Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, sportation Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida seals Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference

r.

- Exhibit 10(1) -31, 1990, File No. 0-593 reference to Exhibit 10 to the Comp Florida Ges Transmission Company and Cheespeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by Form of Service Agreement for Interruptible Sales Services dated May 11, 1990, by and between my's Annual Report on Form : 0-K for the year ended December
- Exhibit 10(g) -Exhibit 10 to the Company's Ann Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated February 23, 1990, by and between Florida Gas File No. 0-593. Transmission Company and Champeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to ad Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990.
- Exhibit 10(h) -Gas Transmission Company and Classapeals Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated November 30, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chasapaste Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(1) -Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1997, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each Raiph J. Adkins and John R. Schimkaitis is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Compan File No. 001-11590. ty's Quarterty Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1997.

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- Exhibit 10(j) Form of Performance Share Agreement dated January 1, 1998, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each of Ralph J. Adkins and John R. Schimkaitis is filed herewith.
- Exhibit 10(k) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Cash Bonus Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991, File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(I) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 20, 1992, in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting held on May 19, 1992.
- Exhibit 10(m) Form of Stock Option Agreement dated January 1, 1998, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation
  Performance Incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each of Michael
  P. McMasters, Stephen C. Thompson, William C. Boyles, Philip S. Barefoot, Jeremy D. West,
  William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider, is filed herewith.
- Exhibit 12 Computation of Ratio of Saraing to Pixed Charges, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 23 Consent of Independent Accountants, filed herewith.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Seption 13 or 15 (d) of the Separities Exchange Act of 1934, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation has daily caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

By: /B/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 20, 1998

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the especities and on the dates indicated.

/S/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: March 20, 1998

A JOHN R. SCHIMKAITS

John R. Schimkaitie, President, Chief Operating Officer and Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ MICHAEL P. MCMASTERS

Michael P. McMasters, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Pinancial Officer)

Date: March 20, 1998

/s/ RICHARD BERNSTEIN

Richard Bernstein, Director

Date: March 20,1998

/S/ WALTER J. COLEMAN

Walter J. Coleman, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/s/ JOHN W. JARDINE, JR.

John W. Jardine, Jr., Director

Dete: March 20, 1998

/S/ RUDOLPH M. PENS. JR.

Rudolph M. Peins, Jr., Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/s/ ROBERT F. RIDER

Robert F. Rider, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ JEREMIAH P. SHEA

Jeremiah P. Shea, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ WILLIAM G. WARDEN, III

William G. Warden, III, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

## CHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997, 1996 AND 1995

COLUMNA	COLUMN B	COLL	MIN C		COLUMN D	COLUMN E
		Add	tions			
	Belance at	Charged to	Charged to			Balance at
為動	Beginning '	Costs and	Other			End
Description	of Period	Expense	Accounts		Deductions	of Period
Valuation accounts deducted from assets.	ethinor			,		
to which they apply for doubtful						
accounts receivable:						
1997 ,	\$392,412	\$203,624	\$68,038	<b>(B)</b>	(\$332,299) (A)	\$331,775
1996	\$309,955	\$364,622	\$55,631	(B)	(\$337,796) (A)	\$392,412
1995	\$202,152	\$328,012	\$43,151	(B)	(\$263,360) (A)	\$309,955

#### Notes:

- (A) Uncollectible accounts charged off
- (B) Recoveries

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 12 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

63	For the Ye	ers Ended Decen	ber 31,
Side and Sid	1997	1996	1996
Income from continuing operations	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Add:	**************************************		;
Income taxes	3,599,430	4,085,610	3,865,179
Portion of rents representative of interest failer	140,491	129,223	182,211
Interest on indebtedness	3,269,479	2,907,314	2,848,567
Amortization of debt discount and expense	119,401	120,345	109,399
Earnings as adjusted	\$12,811,747	\$14,847,407	\$14,598,862
Fixed Charges	4		
Portion of rents representative of interest forces	\$140,491	\$129,223	\$182,211
Interest on indebtedness	3,269,479	2,907,314	2,848,567
Amortization of debt discount and engage	119,401	120,345	109,399
Fixed Charges	\$3,529,371	\$3,156,882	\$3,140,177
Ratio of Fernings to Fixed Charges	1.63	4.70	4.65

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION EXHIBIT 21 SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Substillaries

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company

Sharp Energy, Inc.

Chesapeales Services Company

. United Systems, Inc.

Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.

Eastern Shore Real Estate

State Incorporated

Delaware

Delaware

Delaware

Georgia

Maryland Maryland

Subsidiary of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company

**Dover Exploration Company** 

State Incorporated

Delaware

Subsidiaries of Shern Paerry, Inc.

Sharpgas, Inc. Sharpoil, Inc. State Incorporated

Delaware

Delaware

Subsidiaries of Chaseneaka Service Company

Skinjack, Inc.

Capital Data Systems, Inc.

Currin and Associates, Inc.

Chesapeaks Investment Company

State Incorporated

Delaware

North Carolina

North Carolina

Withdied 32

Delaware

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

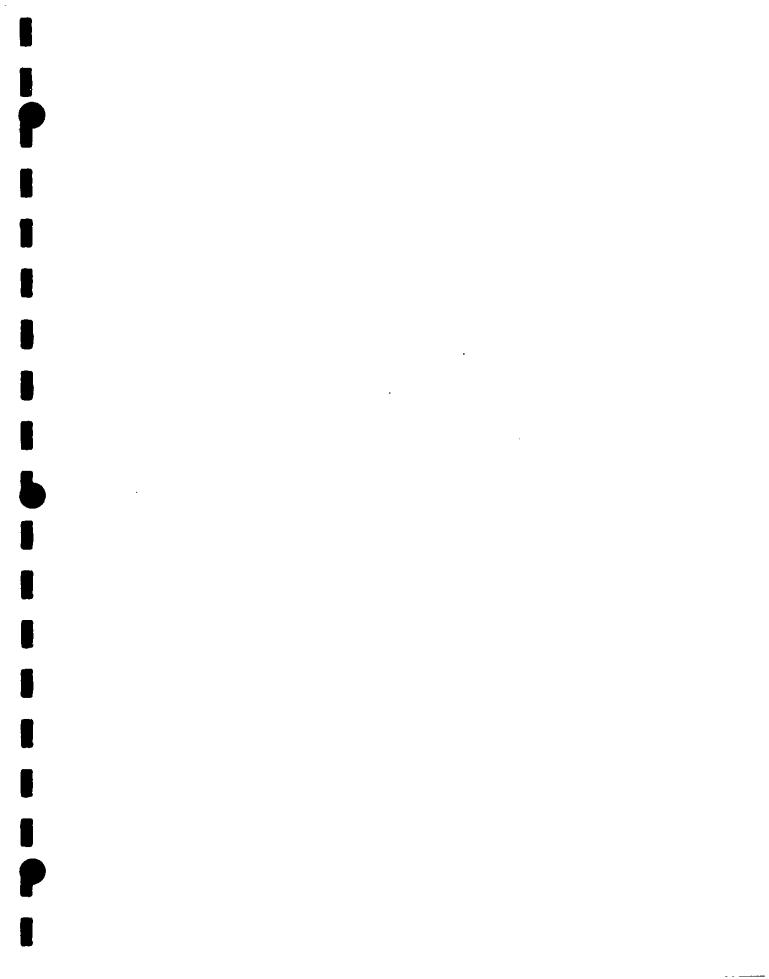
We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectuses of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation on Form S-2 (File No. 33-26582), Form S-3 (File Nos. 33-28391 and 33-64671) and Form S-8 (File No. 33-301175) of our report dated February 12, 1998 on our audits of the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated financial statement schedules of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation as of December 31, 1997 and 1996 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1997 included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland March 23, 1998

White the same of the same

Upon written request,
Chesapeaks will provide, without
charge, a copy of any exhibit to
Chesapeake's Annual Report on
Form 10-K not included herewith.



#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	ON 13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SECURITIES
For the quarterly period ended	September 30	1997
OR OR		
TRANSITION REPORT PURBUANT TO SECTION EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	ON 13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SECURITIES
For the transition period from	n to	
Commission file number	001-11590	
CHESAPEAKE UTILITIE	S CORPO	RATION
(Exact name of registrant se	pecified in its ch	arter)
Delewere	51-006	4146
(State of other juriediction of	(I.R.S. E	imployer
incorporation or organization)	Identific	ation No.)
909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dove	ar. Deleware	19904
(Address of principal executive		(Zip Code)
(302) 734-6	798	_
(Registrant's Telephone Number		Code)
• ;		
(Former name, former address and former fisc	al unes Wohans	and alone last secont \
(1 Officer frame, former addition and former fac	an yeer, it clinkly	en suice iest report.)

3 or rlod nts for the past 90 days. Yes DQ No[].

Common Stock, per value \$.4867 - 4,481,394 shares issued as of September 30, 1997.

## PART I

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

a t	September 30, 1997	December 31, 1996
Assets	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Property, Plant And Equipment		
Natural gas distribution	\$74,148,712	\$70,497,872
Natural gas transmission	33,399,202	30,655,492
Propane.distribution	26,762,385	25,279,217
Advanced information services 37	823,375	1,003,850
Other plant	5,025,689	4,769,431
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,004
Total property, plant and equipment	140,954,367	133,000,866
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(42,800,914)	(39,430,738
Net property, plant and equipment	98,153,453	93,570,128
Investments	2,340,007	2,263,068
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,467,700	2,213,529
Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectibles	7,357,140	14,488,945
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,684,040	1,284,876
Propane Inventory, at average cost	2,426,356	2,345,531
Storage gas prepayments	4,006,715	3,731,680
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	203,556	2,192,170
income taxes receivable	0	112,942
Prepaid expenses	750,720	942,359
Deferred income taxes	813,681	158,910
Total current assets	18,708,908	27,470,042
Deferred Charges and Other Assets		
Environmental regulatory assets	6,501,505	6,659,088
Environmental expenditures, net	2,262,938	1,778,348
Order 636 transition cost	0	943,209
Other deferred charges and intangible assets	3,853,401	3,371,027
Total deferred charges and other assets	12,617,844	12,742,672
5.75		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$131,820,212 \$136,045,910

**Total Assets** 

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

· my	September 30, 1997	December 31, 1996
- Capitalization and Liabilities	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Capitalization .		
Stockholders' equity		
Common Stock, per value \$.4867 per share;		
(authorized 12,000,000 shares; issued 4,481,394		
and 4,439,516 shares, respectively)	\$2,181,014	\$2,160,628
Additional paid-in capital	19,433,280	18,745,718
Retained earnings	26,947,737	26,957,049
Unearned compensation - restricted stock awards	(234,348)	(364,529)
Net unrealized gain on marketable securities	64,560	38,598
Total stockholders' equity	48,392,243	47,537,464
Long-term débt, net of surrent portion	28,642,000	30,776,919
Total capitalization	77,034,243	76,314,383
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	665,868	1,285,938
Short-term borrowings	18,400,000 -	
Accounts payable	6,348,741	14,426,983
- Refunds payable to customers	336,575	353,734
Income taxes psyable	216,574	
7 - Accrued Interest	619,444	741,768
Dividends psyable	1,086,650	883,621
Other accrued expenses	3,862,271	3,733,235
Total current liabilities	31,530,123	34,125,279
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	10,230,179	9,798,676
Deferred investment tax credits	840,201	876,432
Environmental liability	8,501,505	6,650,088
Accrued pension costs	2,230,258	1,866,660
Order 636 transition liability	0	943,209
Other liabilities	3,453,703	3,471,183
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	23,255,846	23,606,248
Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$131,820,212	\$136,045,910

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS-

	For the Quarter Ended September 30,	
	1997	1996
	(Unaudited)	(As restated)
Operating Revenues	\$19,915,309	\$19,647,677
Operating Expenses		
Purchased gas costs	11,078,236	11,464,752
Operations	6,668,866	5,873,772
Maintenance	460,577	645,609
Depreciation and amortization	1,374,574	1,403,152
Other taxes	857,846	806,480
Income taxes	(549,987)	(385,666)
Total operating expenses	19,890,132	19,808,099
Operating income	25,177	(160,422)
Other Income and Deductions	52,029	114,203
Income Before Interest Charges	77,206	(46,219)
Interest Charges	816,399	701,560
Net Income	(\$739,193)	(\$747,779)
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock		
Earnings per ettire	(\$0.17)	(\$0,17)
Average shares outstanding ************************************	4,477,569	4,422,835

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

Community		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 1997 1996	
Operating Expenses         52,983,499         56,200,448           Operations         19,138,841         18,409,062           Maintenance         1,561,932         1,840,268           Depreciation and amortization         4,071,882         4,223,444           Other taxes         2,894,350         2,759,268           Income taxes         2,111,636         2,572,281           Total operating expenses         62,752,140         86,304,769           Operating income         5,534,244         7,591,468           Other income and Detaillons         180,847         281,749           Income Before Interest Charges         8,715,081         7,853,217           Interest Charges         2,395,330         2,114,528           Net Income         \$3,319,761         \$5,738,689           Earnings per share         \$0.74         \$1.30           Average shares outstanding         4,488,482         4,423,878           Fully Diluted:         Earnings per share         \$0,73         \$1.26			, ,,,,,
Purchased gas costs Operations Operations Maintenance Maintenance Depreciation and amortization Other taxes Income taxes Total operating expenses Operating income  Other Income and Deductions Other Income and Deductions Interest Charges  Net Income  Earnings Par Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share  So.73  So.74  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.74  So.73  So.74  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.73  So.74  So.74  So.75  So.75  So.76  So.77  So.76  So.77  So.76  So.77  So.77  So.78  So.77  So.78  So.7		\$88,296,384	\$63,896,237
Operations       19,138,641       18,409,082         Maintenance       1,561,932       1,840,268         Depreciation and amortization       4,071,882       4,223,444         Other taxes       2,894,350       2,759,268         Income taxes       2,111,638       2,672,281         Total operating expenses       82,752,140       86,304,789         Operating income       5,534,244       7,591,468         Other income and Detections       180,847       281,749         Income Before interest Charges       8,715,081       7,883,217         Interest Charges       2,395,330       2,114,528         Net income       \$3,319,781       \$5,738,689         Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):       Primary:         Earnings per share       \$0,74       \$1,30         Average shares outstanding       4,488,482       4,423,878         Fully Diffused:       Earnings per share       \$0,73       \$1,26		52,983,499	58,200,448
Maintenance       1,551,932       1,840,268         Depreciation and amortization       4,071,882       4,223,444         Other taxes       2,894,350       2,759,288         Income taxes       2,111,638       2,672,281         Total operating expenses       82,752,140       86,304,789         Operating income       5,534,244       7,591,468         Other income and Detections       180,847       281,749         Income Before interest Charges       5,715,091       7,853,217         Interest Charges       2,395,330       2,114,528         Net Income       \$3,319,761       \$5,738,689         Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):       Primary:         Earnings per share       30,74       \$1,30         Average shares outstanding       4,488,482       4,423,878         Fully Diluted:       Earnings per share       \$0,73       \$1,26			
Depreciation and amortizations   4,071,882   4,223,444     Other taxes   2,894,350   2,759,288     Income taxes   2,111,836   2,572,281     Total operating expenses   32,752,140   86,304,789     Operating income   5,534,244   7,591,468     Other income and Dedications   180,847   281,749     Income Before interest Charges   5,715,091   7,853,217     Interest Charges   2,396,330   2,114,528     Net Income   \$3,319,761   \$5,738,689     Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1): Primary:     Earnings per share   \$0,74   \$1,30     Average shares outstanding   4,488,482   4,423,678     Fully Diluted:     Earnings per share   \$0,73   \$1,26     Earnings per share   \$0,73   \$1,26			
Other taxes         2,894,350         2,759,268           Income taxes         2,111,836         2,572,281           Total operating expenses         82,752,140         86,304,769           Operating Income         5,534,244         7,591,468           Other Income and Detections         180,847         261,749           Income Before Interest Charges         5,715,091         7,883,217           Interest Charges         2,395,330         2,114,528           Net Income         \$3,319,761         \$5,738,689           Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):         Primary:         \$0,74         \$1,30           Average shares outstanding         4,488,482         4,423,678           Fully Diluted:         \$0,73         \$1,26			
Income taxes			
Total operating expenses Operating Income  Detailing For Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share  Average shares outstanding  Total operating expenses  B2,752,140 B8,304,769  5,534,244 7,591,468  180,847 281,749 8,715,091 7,853,217  Interest Charges 2,395,330 2,114,528  83,319,761 \$5,738,689  Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share 30,74 \$1,30  Average shares outstanding 4,488,482 4,423,878  Fully Offuled: Earnings per share \$0,73 \$1,26	Income taxes		
Operating Income         5,534,244         7,591,468           Other Income and Dedigitions Income Before Interest Charges         180,847         281,749           Interest Charges         5,715,091         7,853,217           Interest Charges         2,395,330         2,114,528           Net Income         \$3,319,761         \$5,738,689           Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1): Primary: Earnings per share         \$0.74         \$1,30           Average shares outstanding         4,488,482         4,423,878           Fully Diffuted: Earnings per share         \$0.73         \$1,26	Total operating expenses		
Interest Charges 5,715,091 7,853,217  Interest Charges 2,395,330 2,114,528  Net Income \$3,319,761 \$5,738,689  Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share \$0,74 \$1,30  Average shares outstanding 4,488,482 4,423,878  Fully Diluted: Earnings per share \$0,73 \$1,28		5,534,244	
Interest Charges 5,715,091 7,853,217  Interest Charges 2,395,330 2,114,528  Net Income \$3,319,761 \$5,738,689  Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share \$0,74 \$1,30  Average shares outstanding 4,488,482 4,423,878  Fully Diluted: Earnings per share \$0,73 \$1,28	Other Income and Dedictions		
Net Income \$3.319.761 \$5,738,689  Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share \$0.74 \$1.30  Average shares outstanding \$4.488,482 \$4,423,878  Fully Diluted: Earnings per share \$0.73 \$1.28	Income Before Interest Charges	5,715,001	7,853,217
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock (1):  Primary: Earnings per share  \$0.74 \$1.30  Average shares outstanding  4.488,482 4.423,878  Fully Dituted: Earnings per share  \$0.73 \$1.28	Interest Charges	2,395,330	2,114,528
Primary: Earnings per share  \$0.74 \$1.30  Average shares outstanding  4,488,482 4,423,878  Fully Diluted: Earnings per share  \$0.73 \$1.26	Net Income	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689
Earnings per share \$0.74 \$1.30  Average shares outstanding 4,488,482 4,423,878  Fully Diffuted: \$0.73 \$1.26			
Fully Diluted: \$0,73 \$1.26		\$0.74	\$1.30
Earnings per share \$0.73 \$1.26	Average shares outstanding	4,488,482	4.423.878
			** **
Average shares outstanding 4,733,912 4,671,289	Countile has every	30./3	\$1.20
	Average shares outstanding	4,733,912	4,671,289

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(1) See Exhibit 11 - Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share

#### CHREAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### 1. Quarterly Financial Data

The financial information included herein is unaudited; however, the financial information reflects normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's interim results. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in the results of operations reported on a quarterly basis. Certain amounts in 1886 have been reclassified to conform with the 1997 presentation.

#### 2. Acquisition

On March 6, 1997, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") and associated properties. The principal business of Tri-County is the distribution of propane to both retail and wholesale customers on the Delmarva Peninsula.

The transaction was affected through the exchange of 639,000 shares of the Company's common stock and accounted for as a pooling of interests. Accordingly, the financial statements for 1997 and 1996, as restated, include the financial results of Tri-County along with the shares of stock issued in connection with the acquisition as required by the accounting rules.

The combined operations of the Company and Tri-County serves approximately 34,000 propens customers on the Delmarva Peninsula.

## 3. Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements Issued SFAS No. 128 — Earnings Per Share

In February 1997, the FASB leaved Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128 regarding earnings per share, requiring the dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the income statement for all entities with a complex capital structure. The Company must adopt the requirements of this standard in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 1997. Adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

#### SFAS No. 130 - Reporting Comprehensive Income

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130 regarding the reporting of comprehensive income in the full set of financial statements. The Company must adopt the requirements of the standard in its financial statements for the year beginning January 1, 1998. The effects of the adoption of the standard are currently under evaluation by the Company.

SFAS No. 131 — Disclosure About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information In June 1997, the FASS issued SFAS No. 131, establishing standards for the way that public business enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requiring that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports to shareholders. The Company will adopt the requirements of this standard in the first quarter for the fiscal year 1998.

#### 4. Commitments and Contingencies — Environmental Matters

The Company currently is participating in the investigation, assessment and remediation of three former gas manufacturing plant sites located in different jurisdictions, including the exploration of

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH PLOWS

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	1997 (Unaudited)	1996 (As restated)	
Operating Activities Net income	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash Depreciation and amortization	4,575,567	4,934,216	
Deferred income terres, net	(275,145)	220,549	
Investment tex credit adjustments	(38,231)	(36,231)	
Employee benefits	363,597	328,412	
Employee compensation from lapsing stock restrictions	130,181	257,204	
Other	(1,109,270)	(420,383)	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable	7,131,804	6,721,321	
Inventory, meterials, supplies and storage gas	(754,024)	(1,578,465)	
Prepaid expenses	191,641	(157,729)	
Other deferred charges	531,703	316,389	
Accounts payable	(8,078,242)	(5,173,828)	
Refunds payable to customers	(17,159)	(302,299)	
Over/(Under) recovered purchased gas costs	1,988,614	(631,181)	
Other current liabilities	336,226	474,175	
Net cash provided by operating activities	8,299,023	10,690,809	
Investing Activities	aff k		
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, net	(9,565,768)	(9,372,957)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(9,565,768)	(9,372,957)	
Financing Activities Common stock dividends net of amounts reinvested of			
\$409,920 and \$426,341, respectively	(2,716,123)	(2,168,446)	
Not repayments under line of credit agreements	5,700,000	825,000	
Proceeds from Issuance of stock to Company 401(k) plan	298,028	260,126	
Repayments of long-term debt	(2,760,969)	(586,646)	
Net cash used by financing activities	520,916	(1,669,966)	
Net Decrease in Chil	(745,829)	(352,114)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	2,213,529	1,395,614	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$1,487,700	\$1,043,500	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the " financial statements.

corrective action options to remove environmental contaminants. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites, the Dover Ges Light and Sallebury Town Ges Light alles.

#### **Dover Gas Light-Site**

The Dover alla has been listed by the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EF-A") on the Superfund National Prigities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERGLA"). On August 19, 1994, the EPA issued the Record of Decision ("ROD") for the site, which selected a remedial plan and estimated the costs of the selected remedy at \$2.7 million for ground-water remediation and \$3.3 million for soil remediation. On May 17, 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under Section 108 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which requires the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, inc. ("GPU"). Other potentially responsible parties ("PRPs") such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. Please refer to "Environmental — Dover Gas Light Site" in the Company's report on Form 10-K for additional information pertaining to the cost to remediate the site, investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs and/or litigation initiated by the Company pertaining to the site.

In conjunction with the commencement of the design phase of the ROD, a pre-design investigation report ("the report) was fluit in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which requires EPA approval, provided an up to date status on the site, which the EPA will use to determine if the remedial design selected in the ROD is still the appropriate remedy.

In the report, the Company proposed a modification to the soil cleanup remedy selected in the ROD to take into account an existing land use restriction that bans future development at the site. In April of 1597, the EPA issued a fact sheet stating that the EPA was considering the proposed modification. The fact sheet included an everall cost estimate of \$5.7 million for the proposed modified remedy and a new overall cost estimate of \$13.2 million for the remedy selected in the ROD. On August 28, 1997, the EPA issued a Proposed Plan to modify the current clean-up plan that would involve: (1) excevation and off-site thermal treatment of the contents of the former subsurface gas holders; (2) implementation of soil vaporization extraction; (3) pevernent of the parking lot; and (4) use of institutional controls that would restrict future development of the Site. The overall clean-up cost of the Site under the proposed plan was estimated at \$4.2 million, as compared to EPA's estimate of the current clean-up plan at \$13.2 million.

EPA's public comment period began August 29, 1997 and closed on September 29, 1997. The EPA will consider all comments received during this public comment period before any final decision is made. If the decision is made to modify the current clean-up plan, it will be formally noted by an amendment to the RSD.

In 1994, the Company increased its socrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$6.0 million. This amount reflected the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD, for remediation of the site.

Current estimates for remediation of the site range from \$4.2 million to \$13.2 million, depending on the remedy selected by the EPA. The Company has not adjusted its \$6.0 million accruel, since at this time, it is management's opinion that no one amount within the range can be determined to be a better estimate of the cost to remediate the site. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward, depending on the outcome of the EPA's reconsideration of the remedy and the Company's estimate of the cost of the remedy selected. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset of \$6.0 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will

be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD.

As of September 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$4.9 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period beginning in 1990. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission authorized a process to review and provide recovery of all current and future unrecovered environmental costs incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to bese rates, applicable to all firm service customers. As of September 30, 1997, \$966,000 of environmental costs are not included in the rider, effective December 1, 1996. With the rider mechanism established, it is management's opinion that these costs and any future costs, not of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates. For additional information pertaining to the rider, please refer to "Environmental — Dover Gas Light Site" on page 15 of the Company's report on Form 10-K.

#### Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), in 1996 the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site. In addition, the Company began quarterly reporting of the remediation and monitoring results to the MDE.

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$650,088 on December 31, 1995, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of September 30, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.3 million for remedial actions and environmental studies. In January 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental costs incurred through September 30, 1995 less amounts previously amortized and insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization period was \$964,251. Of the \$2.3 million in costs reported above, approximately \$566,000 has not been recovered through insurance proceeds or received reternating treatment. It is management's opinion that these and any future costs incurred, will be recoverable in retes.

#### Winter Haven Coal Gas Site

In May 1996, the company filed an Air Sperging and Soil Vepor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for the Winter Haven site with the Floride Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Work Plan described the Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sperging and Soil Vepor Extraction ("AS/SVE") pilot study to evaluate at the site. After discussions with the FDEP, the Company filed a modified AS/SVE Pilot Study Work Plan, scope of work to complete the site assessment activities and a report describing a limited sediment investigation performed recently. The Company will be awaiting FDEP's comments to the modified Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation.

The company has spent and received relembling treatment of approximately \$678,000 on these investigations as of September 30, 1997. The Company has been allowed by the Florida Public Service Commission to continue to scorue for future environmental costs. At September 30,1997, the Company had \$432,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### REBULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 19:7

The Company recognized a net loss of \$739,193 for the three months ended September 30, 1997, representing a decrease in net loss of \$8,586 as compared to the corresponding period in 1996. The financial results for 1887 and 1996 include the operating results of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County"), which was acquired on March 6, 1997 and was accounted for as a pooling of interests. As indicated in the table below, the decrease in loss before interest and taxes ("LBIT") is due to greater earnings before interest and taxes ("EBIT") for the natural gas transmission, information services and other segments, a decrease in LBIT in propene distribution, offset by an increased LBIT in the natural gas distribution segment.

7.25 - Mol. J.	FOR THE QUA	RTER ENDED S	SEPTEMBER 30,
Loss Below Interest and Texas	1997	1996	Change
Natural Ges Distribution	\$ (497,846)	\$ (251,778)	\$ (246,068)
Natural Gas Transmission	777,484	600,455	177,029
Propene Distribution	(1,165,868)	(1,191,129)	25,261
Advanced Information Services	254,381	204,145	50,236
Eliminations & Other	107,069	92,210	14,840
Total LBIT	(524,790)	(546,000)	21,298
Operating income Taxes	(549,967)	(385,666)	(164,301)
interest #	816,399	701,560	114,839
Non-Operating (Loss) Income, Net	52,029	114,203	(62,174)
Net Loss	\$ (739,193)	\$ (747,779)	\$ 8,588

#### **Natural Gas Distribution**

The natural gas distribution segment reported LBIT of \$497,846 for the third quarter of 1997 as compared to \$251,778 for the corresponding period test year — an increase of \$246,068. The increase in LBIT is due to higher operating expenses mostly offset by an increase in gross margin.

	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,						
1	1997	1996	Change				
Revenue	\$11,488,507	\$11,372,713	\$ 115,794				
Cost of Gas	7,793,376	7,938,243	(144,887)				
Groes Mergin	3,695,131	3,434,470	260,661				
Operations & Maintenance	2,824,374	2,417,837	408,537				
Depreciation & Amortization	795,382	748,030	47,362				
Other Taxes	573,221	520,381	52,840				
EBIT	\$ (497,846)	\$ (251,778)	\$ (248,088)				

The increase in gross margin is primarily due to an \$86,000 increase in revenue from service work, customer growth and rate restructurings which went into effect during the first half of 1997. Operations expenses increased in the areas of bittable service work, payroll, legal fees, outside services and regulatory related expenses. The increase in maintenance expenses is primarily due to maintenance of

mains. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant placed in service during the past twelve months. Other taxes were higher due to revenue related taxes and properly taxes.

#### Natural Gas Transmission

The natural gas transmission segment reported EBIT of \$777,484 for the third quarter of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$600,455 for the corresponding period last year — an increase of \$177,029. The increase in EBIT is primarily due to an increase in gross margin somewhat offset by higher expenses.

28 2 2 487	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,						
	1997	1996	Change				
Revenue	\$ 6,857,335	\$ 6,701,703	\$ 155,632				
Cost of Gas	5,078,578	5,100,832	(31,154)				
Gross Margin	1,778,657	1,591,871	188,786				
Operations & Maintenance	680,275	709,022	(28,747)				
Depreciation & Amortization	223,928	185,249	38,679				
Other Taxes	96,970	97,145	(175)				
EBIT	8 777,484	\$ 600,455	\$ 177,029				

The gross margin increase was primarily the result of a rate increase that went into effect mid-April. The higher rates resulted from of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company's ("Eastern Shore") rate increase filling with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). Eastern Shore reached a settlement with FERC during the quarter, and any refund resulting from the settlement has been accrued, pending final approval. Operations expenses increased \$42,000, primarily in the areas of legal fees, outside services and corporate related costs offset by a decrease in payroll. Depreciation and amortization increased due to the capital additions placed in service during the past twelve months.

- As previously reported, Eastern Shore filed with FERC an abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of public convenience to provide open access transportation service. Effective November 1, 1997, Eastern Shore initiated the provision of open access transportation services on its system. Eastern Shore will no longer sell gas, but has converted to a provider of contract storage and transportation services. Going forward, third party suppliers will compate with the Company to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system.

#### **Propose Distribution**

For the third quarter of 1997, the propose distribution segment experienced LBIT of \$1,165,868. These results were more favorable than those achieved for the corresponding quarter of 1996, with the segment recognizing a decrease in LBIT of \$25,261 over the third quarter 1996 LBIT of \$1, 21,129. The decrease in LBIT was attributable to lower operating expenses partially offset by a decrease in gross margin. The 1997 and 1996 financial results of the propose distribution segment include the operating results of Tri-County.

1001.2857631	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTE							
100 CO. All Co	1997	1996 -	Change					
Revenue	\$ 2,979,855	\$ 3,335,058	\$ (355,203)					
Cost of Gas	1,640,731	1,787,561	(146,830)					
Gross Margin	1,339,124	1,547,497	(208,373)					
Operations & Maintenance	2,097,645	. 2,206,200	. (108,555)					
Depreciation & Amortization	308,341	427,116	(118,775)					
Other Taxes	99,006	105,310	(6,304)					
EBIT	\$(1,165,868)	\$ (1,191,129)	\$ 25,261					

The decrease in gross margin is due primerity to a 9% reduction in deliveries and a 15% reduction in margin earned per gallon sold. Decreased expenses for vehicles, buildings and equipment resulted in lower maintenance costs. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$118,775 which is primarily the result of a non-compute agreement which became fully amortized in November of 1996. Other taxes increased due to properly taxes on capital additions in 1996.

#### **Advanced Information Services**

The advanced information services segment recognized an EBIT of \$254,381 and \$204,145 for the quarters ended September 30, 1997 and 1996, respectively. This increase in EBIT of \$50,236 is attributable to higher revenue elightly offset by increased operating expenses.

AWG 2006, 529 521 5	FOR THE QUA	SEPT	EMBER 30,	
220000000000000000000000000000000000000	1997	1996		Change
Revenue	\$ 2,051,180	\$ 1,663,855	\$	387,325
Operations & Maintenance	1,686,265	1,372,266		312,999
Depreciation & Amortization	33,412	30,630		2,782
Other Taxes	78,122	56,814		21,308.
EBIT	8 254,381	\$ 204,145	- 8	50,235

The increase in revenue is due primarily to increases in consulting and resource services. Operations expenses were higher due to billable compensation directly related to increases in revenue, non-billable compensation and other costs related to overall growth.

#### Interest

The increase in interest appears is associated with higher short-term borrowing balances, as compared to the same period last year.

#### Operating Income Taxes

Operating income taxes decreased by \$164,301 primarily due to the propene distribution segment not including income tax benefits, since Tri-County was a subchapter S corporation prior to the acquisition in the first quarter of 1997.

#### Non-Operating Income (Loss)

The increase in the loss for the quarter is primarily due to a reduction in interest income and the allowance for equity funds used during construction ("AFUDC").

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## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NIME MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1997

The Company recognized net income of \$3,319,761 for the nine months ended September 30, 1997, representing a decrease in net income of \$2,418,928 as compared to the corresponding period in 1998. The financial results for 1997 and 1996 include the operating rectilts of Tri-County. As indicated in the table below, the decrease in EBIT is due to lower earnings in the natural gas and propane distribution segments, partially offset by increased earnings in transmission, advanced information services and other.

A	FOR THE NINE	MONTHS ENDE	D SEPTEMBER 30
Earnings Before Interest and	1997	1996	Change
Taxes		.9	
Natural Gas Distribution	\$ 3,921,919	\$ 5,631,176	\$(1,709,257)
Natural Gas Transmission	2,091,774	1,797,540	294,234
Propene Distribution	224,979	1,886,140	(1,661,161)
Advanced Information Service	975,681	, 770,100	205,581
Eliminations & Other	431,527	378,793	52,734
Total EBIT	7,645,880	10,463,749	(2,817,869)
Operating Income Texas	2,111,636	2,872,281	(760,645)
- Interest	2,395,330	2,114,528	280,802
Non-Operating Income, Net	180,847	261,749	(80,902)
Net Income	\$ 8,319,761	\$ 5,738,689	\$(2,418,928)

#### **Natural Gas Distribution**

The natural gas distribution segment reported EBIT of \$3,921,919 for the first nine months of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$5,631,176 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in EBIT is due to a reduction in gross margin, coupled with increased expenses.

3	FOR THE NINE	MONTHS ENDE	D SEPTEMBER 30,
	1997	1996	Change
Revenue	\$53,778,615	\$54691434	\$ (912,819)
Cost of Gas	37,432,642	37,729,820	(297,178)
Gross Margin	16,345,973	16,961,614	(615,641)
Operations & Maintenance	8,232,520	7,269,995	962,525
Depreciation & Amortization	2,371,871	2,324,536	47,335
Other Texes	1,919,663	1,825,907	93,756
EBIT	\$ 3,821,919	\$ 5,541,176	\$(1,719,257)

The decrease in gross margin is primarity due to first quarter temperatures which were 14% warmer than the first quarter in 1996, resulting in an 11% reduction in deliveries during that period. Partially offsetting the decrease in margin was an \$89,000 increase in service work revenue. Operations expenses increased in the areas of bitisble service work, legal fees, outside services, data processing and regulatory related expenses. Maintenance expenses primarily increased in mains, maters and regulators. Depreciation and amortization expense increased due to plant placed in service during the last twelve months.

#### **Natural Gas Transmission**

The natural gas transmission segment reported EBIT of \$2,091,774 for the first nine months of 1997 as compared to EBIT of \$1,767,540 for the corresponding period lest year — an increase of \$294,234. The increase in EBIT is due to an increase in gross margin.

FOR THE NINE	MONTHS	ENDED	SEPTEMBER	30.
	1000011110			

Revenue	1 <u>997</u> \$25,590,929	1996 \$26,071,935	<u>Change</u> \$ (481,006)
Cost of Gas	20,332,861	21,130,517	(797.666)
Gross Margin	5,258,068	4,941,418	31e i 50
Operations & Maintenance	2,190,647	2,267,391	(76,744)
Depreciation & Amortization	669,304	567,913	101,391
Other Taxes	306,343	308,574	(2,231)
EBIT	\$ 2,091,774	\$ 1,797,540	\$ 294,234

The gross margin increase was primarily the result of a rate increase that went into effect in mid-April. The higher rates were subject to refund pending the final outcome of the Eastern Shore rate increase filling with the FERC. A settlement was reached with FERC during the quarter and any refunds have been accrued. Operations and maintenance expenses decreased in the areas of compensation and date processing. These reductions were somewhat affect by an increase in legal fees. Depreciation and amortization increased due to the capital additions pieced in service during the past twelve months.

#### **Propene Distribution**

The propane distribution segment recognized EBIT of \$224,979 for the first nine months of 1997, as compared to EBIT of \$1,885,140 for the nine months ended September 30, 1996. The financial results for 1997 and 1996 include the operating results of Tri-County. The decrease in EBIT of \$1,661,161 was primarily due to a reduction in gross margin, comowhat offset by lower expenses.

#### FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30.

	1997	1996	Change
Revenue	\$18,528,761	\$22,439,111	\$ (3,910,350)
Cost of Ges	10,674,599	11,992,755	(1,318,156)
Gross Mergin &	7,854,162	10,446,356	(2,592,194)
Operations & Maintenance	6,357,357	6,909,408	(552,051)
Depreciation & Amortization	896,218	1,281,157	(384,939)
Other Taxes	375,608	369,651	5,957
EBIT	\$ 24,979	\$ 1,888,140	\$(1,661,161)

The decrease in gross mergin occurred primarity during the first quarter when sales volumes and margin earned per gallon sold declined 21% and 20%, respectively. The declines resulted from warm temperatures experienced during the first quarter of 1997. Year to date volumes are still down 13% and margin earned per gallon sold declined 17%. Operations expenses declined in the areas of legal fees, outside services and compensation. Depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$384,939 which is primarily the result of a non-compete agreement which became fully amortized in November 1996.

#### **Advanced Information Services**

For the nine months ended September 30, the advanced information services segment recognized an EBIT of \$975,681 and \$770,100 for 1997 and 1996, respectively. This increase in EBIT of \$205,581 is the outcome of higher revenue and lower operating expenses.

	FOR THE NINE	MONTHS ENDE	D SEPTEMBER 3	0
	1997	1996	Change	
Revegue	\$ 5,954,733	\$ 5,482,877	\$ 472,056	
Operations & Maintenance 142	4,641,232	4,395,184	246,048	
Depreciation & Amortization	84,175	102,978	(18,803)	
Other Taxes	253,645	214,415	39,230	
EBIT	\$ 975,681	\$ 770,100	\$ 205,581	

The increase in revenue occurred primarity in consulting and resource services due to a rise in demand for PROGRESS training and programmers. Operations expenses were higher due to biliable compensation directly related to increases in revenue, non-biliable compensation and other costs related to overall growth.

#### Interest

The increase in interest expense is appropriated with higher short-term borrowing balances, as compared to the same period last year.

#### **Operating Income Taxes**

Operating income taxes decreased \$760,645 due to a reduction in EBIT and the lack of income tax expense recorded by Tri-County in 1998, affect by a one-time expense of \$318,000 recorded during the expense recorded by Tri-County in 1998, affect by a one-time expense of \$318,000 recorded during the Company. Tri-County Ges Company, Inc., acquired during the first quarter of 1997. Prior to the acquisition, Tri-County Ges Company, Inc. was a Subchapter S Corporation for income tax reporting; therefore, no deferred income taxes were recorded on its balance sheet. In addition, the Company's 1998 restated financial statements do not include any income tax expense on EBIT reported for Tri-County due to its 1996 Subchapter S status.

#### Non-Operating Income

The decrease in 1997 is related primarily to a reduction in interest income and AFUDC. In addition, 1998 includes a one-time gain on the sale of real property.

#### **Environmental Matters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impacts and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any future costs associated with these altes will be recoverable in future rates.

#### FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's capital requirements reflect the capital intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to its construction program and the retirement of its outstanding debt. The Company reflect on funds provided by operations and short-term borrowings to meet normal working capital requirements and temporarily finance capital expenditures. During the first nine months of 1997, the Company's net cash flow provided by operating activities, not cash used by investing activities and not cash used by financing activities were approximately \$8.3 million, \$9.6 million and \$520,090, respectively. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in the results of operations reported on a quarterly basis.

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$24 million from banks and trust companies. As of September 30, 1997, the Company had one \$10 million and three \$8 million unsecured bank lines of credit. Funds provided from these lines of credit are used for short-term cash needs to meet seasonal working capital requirements and to fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of short-term borrowings at September 30, 1997 and 1996 were \$16.4 and \$6.2 million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 1997 and 1996, net property, plant and equipment expenditures were approximately \$9.6 and \$9.4 million, respectively. For 1997, the Company has budgeted \$15.6 million for capital expenditures. The components of this amount include \$7.5 million for natural gas distribution, \$4.3 million for natural gas transmission, \$1.2 million for environmental related expenditures, \$1.9 million for propene distribution, \$350,000 for advanced information services, with the remaining \$350,000 for computers, office equipment and general plant. The natural gas and propene distribution expenditures are for expansion and improvement. Natural gas transmission expenditures are to improve the pipeline system and completion of the Delaware City compressor station. Financing of the 1997 construction will be provided primarity by short-term borrowings and cash from operations and the issuance of the long-term debt. The Company is in the process of finalizing a refinancing of \$10 million of short-term debt with a \$.85% senior note. The refinancing is expected to be consummated in December 1997. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification by management. Actual construction expenditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, load growth and the cost and availability of capital.

5

The Company expects to incur environmental related expenditures in the future (see Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

The Company is continually evaluating new business opportunities and acquisitions, some of which may require the Company to obtain financing. Management will consider the impact of any such financing on the Company's financial position in its evaluation of the business opportunity or acquisition. Such financings are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

As of September 30, 1997, common equity represented 62.8% of permanent capitalization, compared to 60.7% as of December 31, 1996. The Company remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings in order to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This commitment, along with adequate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that the Company will be able to attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost.

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### PART II

#### CHEENPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 1: Legal Proceedings

See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2: Changes in Securities

None

Item 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

Item 5: Other Information

None

Item 6(a): Exhibits

Exhibit 11 - Computation of Primary and Fully Diluted Earnings Per Share is submitted

herewith.

Item 6 (b): Reports on Form 8-K

None

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### CHIEN PEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

/s/ Michael P. McMesters

Michael P. McMasters
Vice President, Tressurer and Chief Financial Officer

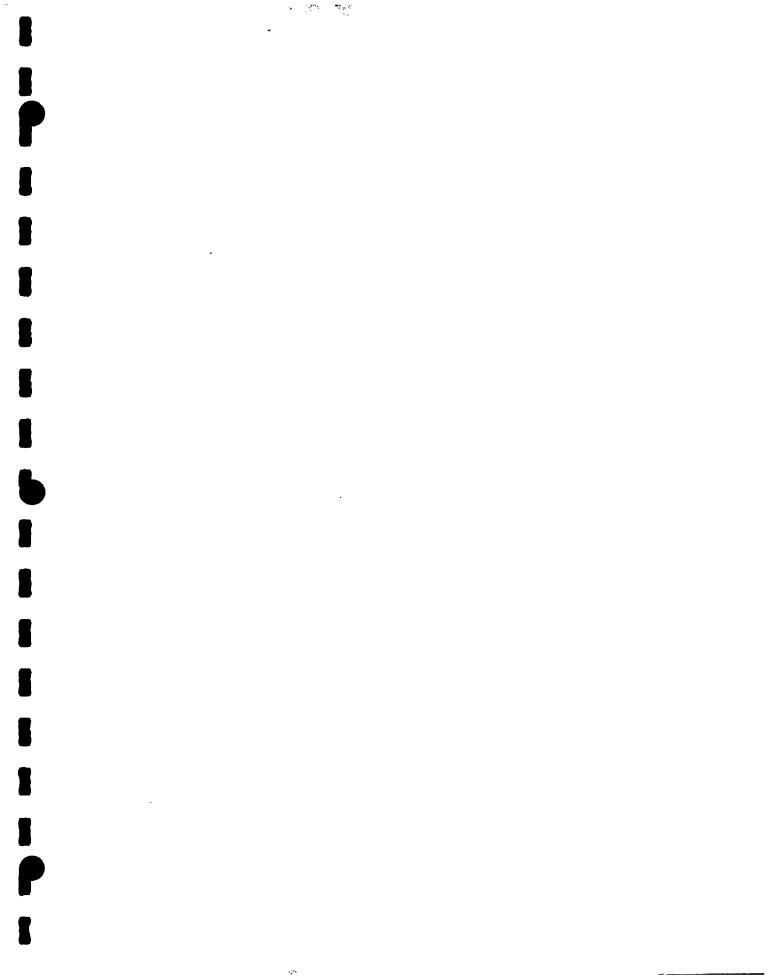
Date: November 12, 1997

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## EXCHIBIT 11 COMPUTATION OF PRINCIPLY AND FULLY DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

	For the C Ended Septer		For the Nin Ended Sect	
	1967	1983	1997	1996
Primary earnings per shere calculation:	ngi.			
Weighted average number of shares	4,502,279	4,442,713	4,488,482	4.423.878
Consolidated net income	(\$739.193)	(\$747,779)	\$3,319.761	\$5,738,689
Primary earnings per share	(\$0.15)	* (\$0.17)	\$0.74	\$1.30
Fully diluted earings per share calculation:	200			
Weighted average number of sheres	4,507,798	4,445,501	4,493,708	4,427,862
Contingent shares related to assumed conversion of convertible debt	239,939	242,171	240,204	243,427
Weighted average number of sheres assuming full dilution	4.747.737	4.007.572	4,733,912	4,671,289
Adjusted income	100	70		
Consolidated net income	(\$739,193)	(\$747,779)	\$3,319,761	\$5,738,689
Interest on convertible debt	84,882	85,438	252,157	255,775
Less: Applicable income taxes	(33,104)	(33,321)	(98,341)	(99,752)
Adjusted net income	(\$687.415)	(\$695,662)	\$3,473,577	\$5,894,712
Fully diluted earnings per share	(80,14)	(\$0.15)	80.73	\$1.26

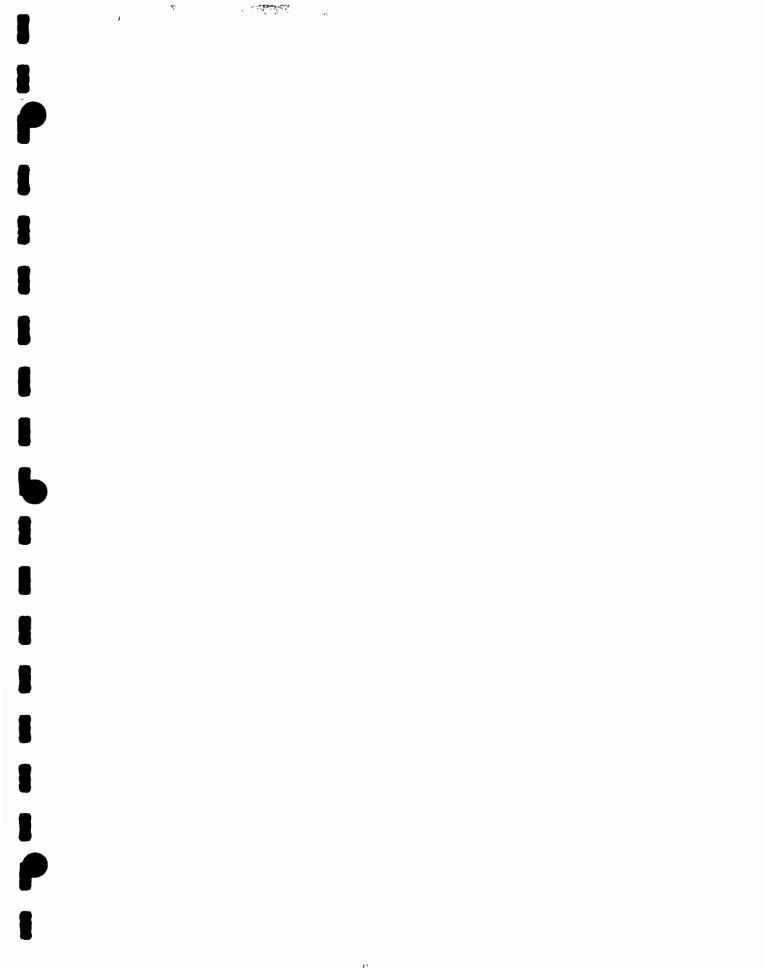
<sup>(1)</sup> This calculation is submitted in accordance with Regulation S-K item 601(b)(11), although it is contrary to paragraph 40 of APB Opinion No. 15, because it produces an anti-dilutive result for the quarters ended September 30, 1997 and 1996.



Schedule No. 1
Capitalization Ratios Adual & Pro Forme as of December 31, 1997

UNAUDITED

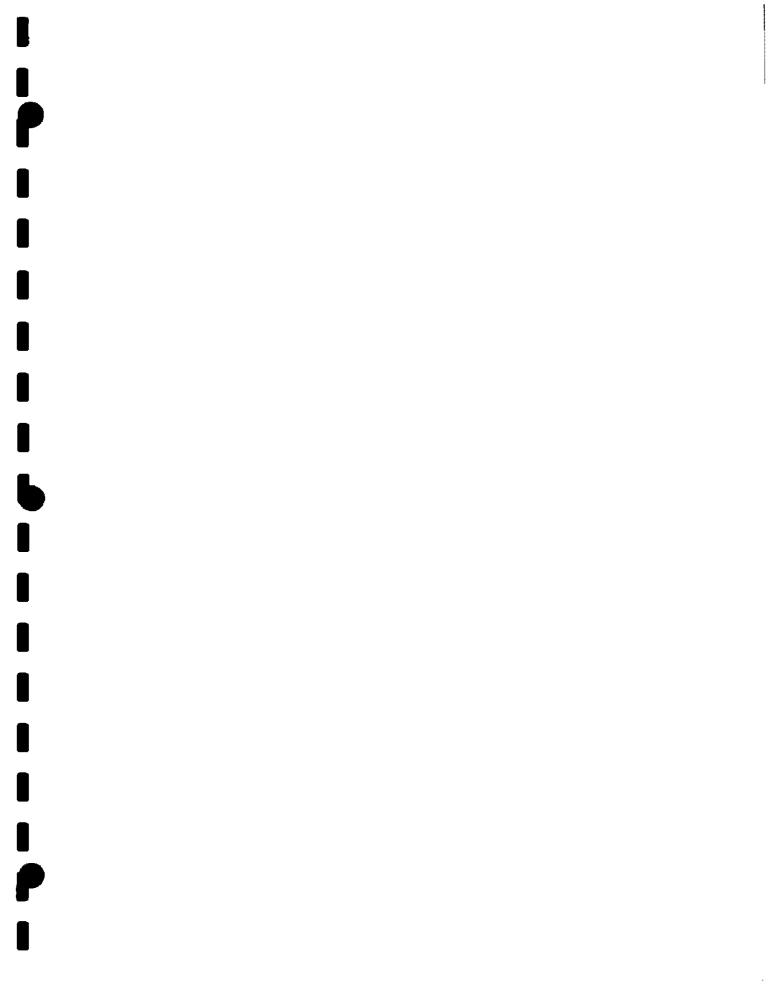
	SHORI-TERM DEBIT 7,000,000 7,86% 489,078 8,089,978 8,31%	GLEBRENT ECRITICAL CELLID 582,500 0.00% 0 582,500 0.00%	TOTAL PARTAMENT CAPITAL BLOOD, 145 91.00% 105.635 80,757,881 91.00%	TOTAL LONG-TERM DEST 38,228,000 38,578,000 39,278.	OTHER LONG-TERM DEST 30,000,000 \$1,01% 0 30,000,000 30,78%	CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES . 3,926,000 4.09% . 0 3,926,000 . 4.09%	FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS 4,300,000 4.44% 0 4,300,000 4.41%	TONG-TERM DEBIT	PREFERBED STOCK 0 0.00% 0 0.00%	TOTAL COMMON EQUITY 50,336,146 52.04% 186,538 50,531,881 51.85%	RETAINED EARNINGS 28,334,749 29,28% 144,538 28,469,265 29,22%	PAID IN CAPITAL 19,819,504 20.49% 36,833 19,858,437 20.38%	COMMON STOCK \$2,191,792 2.27% \$12,168 \$2,203,980 2.26%	COMMON EQUITY	TYPE OF CAPITAL OUTSTANDING TOTAL ADJUSTMENT OUTSTANDING TOTAL	ACTUAL PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE BEFORE ISSUANCE
	489,078	•	186,536	0	-1	0			0	195,536	144,538	36,633	\$12,168			1
	8,089,076	\$82,500	86,757,981	36,226,000	30,000,000	3,928,000	4,300,000	€.	0	50,531,001	28,469,285	19,858,437	\$2,203,960		AMOUNT OUTSTANDING	PRO FO
	MICE	200%	91,09%	39.23%	30.79%	4.03%	4.41%		0.00%	51.00%	29.22%	20.36%	2.26%		TOTAL	ORMA SUANCE
	(3,250,925)	•	3,308,282	0	0	0	0		0	3,308,252	3,233,252	(156, 183)	\$231,183		STOCK	
	4,832,151	582,500	82,086,833	36,226,000	30,000,000	3,926,000	4,300,000		0	53,839,933	31,702,537	19,702,254	\$2,435,142		ONTSTANDING	AFTER ISSUANCE OF
200 000	4.99%	200%	27.67.2	31.2%	30,79%	4.03%	2012		0.00%	55.23%	भूक कर विकास स्टब्स	20.21%	2.50%		NOE & OF	NAME OF



Schedule No. 2
Rate of Return, Actual Annualized and Pro Forma
For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 1997

#### UNAUDITED

		ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	ADJUSTMENT	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK	PRO FORMA AFTER ISSUANCE OF EQUITY
	Statement of Income					
in the second	1 Operating revenues	\$122,774,593	\$1,539,638	\$124,314,231	\$127,451,157	\$251,765,388
	2 Operating expenses before income taxes	\$110,887,996	\$1,416,291	\$112,304,287	\$126,663,957	\$238,968,244
	3 income taxes (including Deferrals)	\$3,327,627	\$38,331	\$3,365,958	\$267,648	\$3,633,606
	4 Operating Income (1-(2+3))	\$8,558,970	\$85,016	\$8,643,986	\$519,552	\$9,163,538
	5 AFUDC (Equity Only)	\$0	\$0	\$0	. \$0	\$0
. 3	6 Other Income, Not	\$427,711	a, \$1,290	\$429,001	\$378,129	\$807,130
h	7 Income Before Interest Charges (4+5+6)	\$8,986,681	386,306	\$9,072,987	\$897,681	\$9,970,668
	8 Interest Charges (Including debt portion of APUDC)	\$3,303,736	\$27,519	\$3,331,254	\$0	\$3,331,254
K	9 Nat Income From Continuing Operations (7-5)	\$5,682,946	\$58,787	\$6,741,733	\$897,681	\$6,639,414
N.	10 Preferred stock dividends	\$0	··. *. \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	11 Earnings available to common equity (9-10)	\$5,682,946	\$58,787	\$5,741,733	\$897,681	\$6,639,414
	12 Average capitalization	\$79,914,832	\$195,536	\$80,110,368	\$3,308,252	\$83,418,620
	13 Average common equity	\$49,233,558	\$195,536	\$49,429,094	\$3,308,252	\$52,737,346
	14 Return on average capitalization (7/12)	11.25%		11.33%		11.95%
	15 Return on average common equity (11/13)	11.54%		11.62%		12.59%



ν	780	77	쮓	, b	CONT.	cal-	0.9	# T	, ***	7.7			Alik Pr. July
Overall Coverage, (after income taxas) before AFUDC	Overell Coverage, (after income taxes)	After Income Tenes, of Interest, before AFUDC	Aller Inspire Tenns of Interes	Before Income Texas, ed Interest, before AFUDC	Before Income Terrar, of Informat	Overed Coverege, (after income tunes) before AFUDC	Overall Coverage, (after income texas)	After trooms Taxes, all interest, before AFUDC	After Income Texas, all Interest	Beltire Income Taxes, all interest, before AFUDC	Before Income Taxes, all interest	<b>Dyn. or. Helinoo</b> Per Financial Statements	
1.5147	1.5147	1.5147	1.5147	3.148	;;· <b>\$</b>	1.0000	1.8600	1.8600	1.6600	3,0363	3.6363	ACTUAL BEFORE ISSUANCE	HSTO
1.5778	1.5778	1.5778	1.5770	3,401	2.69	1.7156	1.7156	1.7166	1.7156	3.7066	3.7056	AFTER ISSUANCE OF FOURTY	BCAL
1.4980	1.4980	1.4980	1,4980	3.3992		1.6300	1.6309	1.6369	1.6369	3.6174	3.6174	PRO FORMA BEFORE ISSUANCE	Merv
1.7621	1.7621	1.7621	1.7621	3.7381	3.7381	1.9124	1.9124	1.9124	1.9124	3.9611	3.9611	AFTER SSUANCE OF EQUITY	MWTGED

## STATE OF DELAWARE

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION	)		
OF CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION	)		
FOR APPROVAL OF THE ISSUANCE OF	}	PSC DOCKET NO.	98-197
475,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK	}		
(FILED APRIL 29, 1998)	)		

## ORDER NO. 4798

AND NOW, to-wit, on this 26th day of May, 1998, the Applicant, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake" or the "Company"), having sought Commission approval to issue, inter alia, 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock for the purpose of consummating the acquisition by the Company, acting through a merger subsidiary CPK Sub-C, of all the issued and outstanding common stock of Xeron, Inc. ("Xeron"), a trading company based in Houston, Texas, which trades natural gas liquids, primarily propane, to major independent oil and petrochemical companies, wholesale natural gas liquid resellers, and retail propane companies;

AND, as a result of the contemplated Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") filed with the application, the surviving merged corporation Xeron will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chesapeake;

application and made such investigation in connection with said matters as the Commission deemed necessary, and having heard the presentation of the Company and the Commission Staff at the Commission meeting of May 26, 1998;

AND, the Commission having been advised by Staff of certain concerns that Staff has regarding said merger and its potential effect on ratepayers of the Delaware Division of Chesapeake and the Company having agreed to certain conditions;

AND, the Commission having been advised, and having determined, that the proposed issuance of 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock in accordance with the Merger Agreement is in accordance with law, for a proper purpose, and consistent with the public interest; now, therefore,

## IT IS ORDERED THAT:

1. The application filed by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation in this matter on or about April 29, 1998, is hereby approved and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is hereby authorized to issue up to 475,000 shares of its common stock to consummate the Merger Agreement.

- Said application and approval is based and 2. conditioned upon: (1) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's representation and quarantee that no expenses associated with this acquisition and merger shall be recovered in the future, in rates, from Delaware Division ratepayers; (2) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation hereby agrees not to seek recovery from Delaware Division ratepayers any costs associated with any environmental liability arising from or in connection with any business activity conducted by or to be conducted by Meron, Inc., including ownership of any real estate assets; and (3) that Chesapeake Utilities Corporation will quantify and allocate to Delaware Division ratepayers those savings in corporate overhead expenses that may be achieved through and as a result of this merger.
- application by the Commission shall not be construed as approving any capitalization ratios that result for any purposes or procedures involving ratemaking; nor are the Commission's rules regarding the burden of proving the merits of any related issue waived hereby. The Commission's approval of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation's application is limited to that which is necessary under 26 Del. C. § 215.

- 4. Nothing in this Order shall be construed as a guarantee, warranty, or representation by the State of Delaware or by any agency, commission, or department hereof, with respect to the Shares to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement and this Order.
- 5. That Chesapeake Utilities Corporation shall file with this Commission a written report within sixty (60) days of the closing of the merger transaction setting forth the steps which have been taken in connection with such transaction including, but not limited to, the resulting capitalization ratios arising from the issuance of Chesapeake's common stock.
- 6. That the Commission reserves the jurisdiction and authority to enter such further Orders in this matter as may be deemed necessary or proper.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION:

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Commissioner

PSC Docket No. 98-197, Order No. 4798 Cont'd.

Commissioner

Commissioner

ATTEST:

i mark

Acting Secretary

5

LAW OFFICES

Exhibit 6

LAWS & LAWS, P.A.

200 EAST MAIN STREET R O. BOK 75

SALISBURY, MERYLAND 2003-0075

TELEPHONE: (480) 749-7500 PAK: (480) 749-7509 206 CEDAR STREET CAMBRIDGE, MARYLAND 21613 TELEPHONE: (410) 378-0287

March 3/, 1998

Dashiell J. Shannahan
Joyce C. Shannahan
Sam Shannahan Well Co., Inc.
d/b/a Tolan Water Service
716 Naylor Mill Road
Salisbury, MD 21801

VICTOR H. LAWS

JEAN S. LAWS

KATHRYN KNEE +

VICTOR H. LAWS, III

TALSO ADM. IN MA., PLA

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Shannahan:

We have acted as counsel to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (the "Purchaser") in connection with the execution and delivery of that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger dated Nacle 20, 1998 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Purchaser, CPK Sub-B, Inc. ("CPK Sub-B"), Sam Shannahan Well Co., Inc., d/b/a Tolan Water Service, Dashiell J. Shannahan and Joyce C. Shannahan. Capitalized terms used, but not defined, herein shall have the same meanings assigned to such terms in the Merger Agreement. This opinion is being furnished to you pursuant to Section 8.2(e) of the Merger Agreement.

In connection with the opinion set forth below, we have examined originals, or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of the following documents: (a) the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Purchaser; (b) the Merger Agreement; (c) such instruments, certificates, records, and other documents as we have deemed necessary or appropriate as a basis for the opinions expressed below.

We have assumed, without independent verification, the genuineness of all signatures; the legal capacity of natural persons; the valid existence of each party to the Merger Agreement, other than the Purchaser and CPK Sub-B; that each party to the Merger Agreement, other than the Purchaser and CPK Sub-B, has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Merger Agreement; the due authorization, execution and delivery of the Merger Agreement by each party thereto other than the Purchaser and CPK Sub-B; the enforceability of the Merger Agreement against each party thereto other than the Purchaser and CPK Sub-B; and the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformally to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified, photostatic, reproduced or conformed, copies, and the authenticity of the originals of such copies. As to matters of fact relevant to our opinion, we have relied exclusively, without independent

Dashiell J. Shannahan Joyce C. Shannahan Page 2 March 3/, 1998

verification or investigation, upon the above-referenced, instruments, certificates, records, and other documents, including the accuracy and completeness of the representations, warranties, and covenants contained in the Merger Agreement and certificates delivered to and by you in connection with the Merger Agreement and in other certificates of persons on whom we believe we are justified in relying. As to paragraph 2, we express no opinion as to any liens, charges, or encumbrances that may be imposed by actions or liabilities of persons other than the Purchaser or its officers and employees.

We express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than the federal laws of the United States of America and the Maryland General Corporation Law.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

- 1. The Purchaser is a corporation validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware.
- 2. The shares of Chesapeake Common Stock, par value \$0.4867 per share, to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement (the "Shares") have been duly authorized, and upon issuance in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and will be delivered free and clear of all liens, charges and encumbrances of any kind or nature and such issuance will not be in violation of any preemptive rights. The issuance of the Shares in accordance with the Merger Agreement is exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- Agreement and to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby. The execution and delivery of the Merger Agreement by the Purchaser and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized by the requisite corporate action on the part of the Purchaser. The Merger Agreement has been executed and delivered by the Purchaser and is a valid and binding obligation of the Purchaser, enforceable against the Purchaser in accordance with its terms, except to the extent that enforcement thereof may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws now or hereafter in effect relating to creditors' rights generally and (b) general principles of equity (regardless of whether enforceability is considered in a proceeding at law or in equity).

Dashiell J. Shannahan Joyce C. Shannahan Page 3 March 3/, 1998

4. The execution, delivery and performance of the Merger Agreement by the Purchaser will not result in a breach or violation of any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws of the Purchaser.

This letter is furnished solely for your benefit in connection with the Merger Agreement and may not be used for any other purpose and may not be circulated to or relied on by any other person, without our written consent. This opinion is effective as of the date hereof, and we hereby disclaim any obligation to supplement this opinion for any changes that may occur hereafter with respect to any matters of fact or law addressed herein.

Sincerely yours,

Victor H. Laws III

## SCHMITTINGER AND RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

## LAWYERS

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HAROLD SCHOTTINGER

"ALSO ADMITTED IN MARYLAND

March 2, 1998

Delaware Public Service Commission Cannon Building, Suite 100 861 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, DE 19904

-

RE: Application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation For The Approval of Issuance of Stock

Dear Commissioners:

We are Delaware counsel for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") in connection with Chesapeake's application for Commission approval of the issuance of approximately 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock, pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215.

We are familiar with the terms, interpretation, and application of 26 Del. C. \$215 which sets forth the required, but limited, findings to be made by the Commission in its consideration of such a proposed issue. We note the limited scope of Commission review, as determined by the Delaware Supreme Court in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, 367 A.2d 644 (1976). Specifically, in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, the Delaware Supreme Court held that the powers legislated to the Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215 were intended to be applied in cases of a proposed issuance of stock for an inadequate consideration or for some other In Diamond State, the Delaware Supreme Court improper purpose. stated that in the absence of a showing of improper consideration, fraud, bad faith, or self-dealing on the part of the members of a utility's board of directors in their decision to issue shares of stock for the purpose of raising needed funds, it would be improper for the Commission to substitute its judgment for that of the board of directors.

Delaware Public Service Commission March 2, 1998 Page 2

Based upon our knowledge of the applicable statute, and its regulatory and judicial interpretation and application, it is our opinion that the proposed issuance of approximately 33,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock has been duly authorized and is valid and in accordance with law, subject, of course, to the approval of the Public Service Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215, any necessary approval on the part of the Florida Public Service Commission, and satisfactory compliance by Chesapeake with all applicable federal securities laws.

It is also our opinion, based upon the statement of Chesapeake's intended purpose for issuing said stock, that the subject stock issue is for a proper purpose, and is consistent with the public interest, by enabling Chesapeake to acquire Sam Shannahan Well Company, Inc.

Accordingly, it is our opinion that Chesapeake's pending application for Commission approval pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> \$215 fully complies with the limited statutory requirements and findings necessary for Commission approval.

Sincerely yours,

SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

BY: Whall Non-

WILLIAM A. DENMAN, BSQUIRE

WAD: pmw

## SCHMITTINGER AND RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

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HAROLD SCHMITTINGER

"ALSO ADMITTED IN MARYLAND

April 29, 1998

Delaware Public Service Commission Cannon Building, Suite 100 861 Silver Lake Boulevard Dover, DE 19904

RE: Application of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation For The Approval of Issuance of Stock

Dear Commissioners:

We are Delaware counsel for Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake") in connection with Chesapeake's application for Commission approval of the issuance of approximately 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock, pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215.

We are familiar with the terms, interpretation, and application of 26 Del. C. \$215 which sets forth the required, but limited, findings to be made by the Commission in its consideration of such a proposed issue. . We note the limited scope of Commission review, as determined by the Delaware Supreme Court in the <u>Diamond State</u> Telephone Company case, 367 A.2d 644 (1976). Specifically, in the Diamond State Telephone Company case, the Delaware Supreme Court held that the powers legislated to the Commission pursuant to 26 Del. C. \$215 were intended to be applied in cases of a proposed issuance of stock for an inadequate consideration or for some other improper purpose. In <u>Diamond State</u>, the Delaware Supreme Court stated that in the absence of a showing of improper consideration, fraud, bad faith, or self-dealing on the part of the members of a utility's board of directors in their decision to issue shares of stock for the purpose of raising needed funds, it would be improper for the Commission to substitute its judgment for that of the board of directors.

Delaware Public Service Commission April 29, 1998 Page 2

Based upon our knowledge of the applicable statute, and its regulatory and judicial interpretation and application, it is our opinion that the proposed issuance of approximately 475,000 shares of Chesapeake common stock has been duly authorized and is valid and in accordance with law, subject, of course, to the approval of the Public Service Commission pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> \$215, any necessary approval on the part of the Florida Public Service Commission, and satisfactory compliance by Chesapeake with all applicable federal securities laws.

It is also our opinion, based upon the statement of Chesapeake's intended purpose for issuing said stock, that the subject stock issue is for a proper purpose, and is consistent with the public interest, by enabling Chesapeake to acquire Xeron, Inc.

Accordingly, it is our opinion that Chesapeake's pending application for Commission approval pursuant to 26 <u>Del. C.</u> \$215 fully complies with the limited statutory requirements and findings necessary for Commission approval.

Sincerely yours,

SCHMITTINGER & RODRIGUEZ, P.A.

WILLIAM A. DENMAN, ESQUIRE

WILLIAM A. DEMMAN, ESQUIRE

WAD:pmw

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended: December 31, 1997

Commission File Number: 001-11590

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

State of Deleware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 51-0064146 (LR.S. Employer Identification No.)

909 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware (Address of principal exceptive offices)

19904 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 302-734-6799

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class
Common Stock - per value per share \$.4867

Name of each exchange on which resistered New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

Socurities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: 8.25% Convertible Debentures Due 2014 (Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X]. No [ ].

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendments to this Form 10-K. [X]

As of March 20, 1998, 4,543,695 shares of common stock were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares held by non-affiliates of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, based on the last trade price on March 20, 1997, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, was approximately \$67 million.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE** 

DOCUMENTS
Definitive Proxy Statement dated March 30, 1998

PART OF FORM 10-K
Part III

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION FORM 10-K

## YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997

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## PARTI

## Item 1. Business

## (a) General Development of Business

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake" or "the Company") is a diversified utility company engaged in natural gas distribution and transmission, propose distribution and advanced information services.

Chesapeake's three natural gas distribution divisions serve approximately 35,800 residential, commercial and industrial customers in southern Delaware, Maryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary, Bastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore"), operates a 271-mile interstate pipeline system that transports gas from various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's Delaware and Maryland distribution divisions, as well as to other utilities and industrial customers in Delaware and on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The Company's propane segment serves approximately 34,000 customers in southern Delaware and on the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia. The advanced information services segment provides software services and products to a wide variety of customers and clients.

## (b) Financial Information about Industry Segments

Financial information by business segment is included in Item 7 under the heading Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## (c) Narrative Description of Business

The Company is engaged in four primary business activities: natural gas transmission, natural gas distribution, propene distribution and advanced information services. In addition to the four primary groups, Chesapeake has three subsidiaries engaged in other service related businesses.

## (I) (a) Natural Gas Transmission

Eastern Shore, the Company's wholly owned transmission subsidiary, operates an interstate natural gas transportation and provides contract storage services for affiliated and non-affiliated companies through an integrated gas pipeline extanding from southeastern Pennsylvania to Delaware and the Eestern Shore of Maryland. During 1997, Eastern Shore implemented open access transportation services. Eastern Shore now provides transportation services, contract storage services as well as purchasing and selling small amounts of gas for system balancing purposes ("swing gas"). Eastern Shore's rates are subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC").

## Adequacy of Resources

With the implementation of open access effective November 1, 1997, Eastern Shore released, through the permanent release mechanism of its upstream service providers tariffs, various levels of firm transportation capacity and contract storage service to customers. Eastern Shore retained contracts with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation ("Transco") for 4,916 thousand cubic feet ("Mcf") firm transportation capacity, expiring in 2005, and three firm storage services providing peak day entitlements of 7,046 Mcf.

Eastern Shore also retained contracts with Columbia Gas Transportation ("Columbia") for services, including: firm transportation capacity of 869 Mcf per day, which expires in 2018; storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 1,111 Mcf and total capacity of 53,738 Mcf, expiring in 2004; and firm storage service providing peak day entitlements of 563 Mcf and a total capacity of 50,686 Mcf, which expires in 2018. Eastern Shore retained the firm transportation capacity to provide swing transportation service to a limited number of customers that requested this service. Prior to open access, Eastern Shore had firm contracts with three interstate pipelines for transportation and storage services coupled with firm contracts for natural gas supply with five suppliers providing a maximum firm daily capacity of 20,469 Mcf.

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## Competition

Under this open access environment, interstate pipeline companies have unbundled the traditional components of their service — gas gathering, transportation and storage — from the sale of the commodity. Pipelines that choose to be merchants of gas must form separate marketing operations independent of their pipeline operations. Hence, gas marketers have developed as a viable option for many companies because they are providing expertise in gas purchasing along with collective purchasing capabilities which, when combined, may reduce end-user cost. Additional discussion on competition is included in Item 7 under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations".

## Rates and Regulation

<u>General</u>. Eastern Shore is subject to regulation by the FERC as an interstate pipeline. The FERC regulates the provision of service, terms and conditions of service, and the rates and fees Eastern Shore can charge to its transportation customers. In addition, the FERC regulates the rates Eastern Shore is charged for transportation and transmission line capacity and services provided by Transco and Columbia.

## Regulatory Proceedings

10.

Delaware City Compressor Station Filing. In December 1995, Eastern Shore filed an application before the FERC pursuant to Sections 7(b) and (c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing Eastern Shore to: (1) construct and operate a 2,170 horsepower compressor station in Delaware City, New Castle County, Delaware on a portion of its existing pipeline system known as the "Hockessin Line", such new station to be known as the "Delaware City Compressor Station"; (2) construct and operate slightly less than one mile of 16-inch pipeline in Delaware City, New Castle County, Delaware to tie the suction side of the proposed Delaware City Compressor Station into the Hockessin Line; and (3) increase the maximum allowable operating pressure from 500 psig to 590 psig on 28.7 miles of Eastern Shore's pipeline from Eastern Shore's existing Bridgeville Compressor Station in Bridgeville, Sussex County, Delaware to its terminus in Salisbury, Wicomico County, Maryland.

In September 1996 the FERC issued its Final Order, which: (1) authorized Eastern Shore to construct and operate the facilities requested in its application; (2) authorized Eastern Shore to roll-in the cost of the facilities into its existing rates if the revenues from the increase in services exceed the cost associated with the expansion portion of the project; (3) denied Eastern Shore the authority to increase the level of sales and storage service it provides its customers until it completes its restructuring in its open access proceeding; and (4) authorized Eastern Shore to abandon the 100 Mcf per day of firm sale service, to one of its direct sale customers. The compressor facility and associated piping were needed to stabilize capacity on Eastern Shore's system as a result of steadily declining inlet pressures at the Hockessin interconnect with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. Construction of the facilities started during the second half of 1996 and was completed during the first quarter of 1997.

Rate Case Filing. In October 1996 Eastern Shore filed for a general rate increase with the FERC. The filing proposed an increase in Eastern Shore's jurisdictional rates that would generate additional annual operating revenue of approximately \$1.4 million. Eastern Shore also stated in the filing that it intended to use the cost-of-service submitted in the general rate increase filing to develop rates in the pending Open Access Docket. In September 1997, the FERC approved a rate increase of \$1.2 million.

Open Access Filing. In December 1995, Eastern Shore filed its abbreviated application for a blanket certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the transportation of natural gas on behalf of others. Eastern Shore proposed to unbundle the sales and storage services it had provided. Customers who had previously received firm sales and storage services on Eastern Shore (the "Converting Customers") would receive entitlements to firm transportation service on Eastern Shore's pipeline in a quantity equivalent to their existing service rights. Eastern Shore proposed to retain some of its pipeline entitlements and storage capacity for operational issues and to

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facilitate "no-notice" (no prior notification required to receive service) transportation service on its pipeline system.

Eastern Shore would release or assign to the remaining Converting Customers the firm transportation capacity, including contract storage, it held on its upstream pipelines so that the Converting Customers would be able to become direct customers of such upstream pipelines. Converting Customers who previously received bundled sales service having no-notice characteristics would have the right to elect no-notice firm transportation service.

In connection with the rate increase settlement, the issues pertaining to Eastern Shore operating as an open access pipeline were also settled in September 1997, with open access implementation occurring on November 1, 1997.

## (I) (b) Natural Gas Distribution

Chesapeake distributes natural gas to approximately 35,800 residential, commercial and industrial customers in southern Delaware, the Salisbury and Cambridge, Maryland areas on Maryland's Eastern Shore, and Central Florida. These activities are conducted through three utility divisions, one division in Delaware, another in Maryland and a third division in Florida. In 1993, the Company started natural gas supply management services in the state of Florida under the name of Paninsula Energy Services Company ("PESCO").

<u>Delaware and Maryland</u>. The Delaware and Maryland divisions serve approximately 29,950 customers, of which approximately 26,860 are residential and commercial customers purchasing gas primarily for heating purposes. Annually, residential and commercial customers account for approximately 69% of the volume delivered by the divisions, and 79% of the divisions' revenue. The divisions' industrial customers purchase gas, primarily on an interruptible basis, for a variety of manufasturing, agricultural and other uses. Most of Chesapeake's customer growth in these divisions comes from new residential construction using gas heating equipment.

Florida. The Florida division distributes natural gas to approximately 8,748 residential and commercial and 84 industrial customers in Polk, Occools and Hillsborough Counties. Currently 42 of the division's industrial customers, which purchase and transport gas on a firm and interruptible basis, account for approximately 90% of the volume delivered by the Florida division and 60% of the division's annual natural gas and transportation revenues. These customers are primarily engaged in the citrus and phosphate industries and electric cogeneration. The Company's Florida division also provides natural gas supply management services to compete in the open access environment. Currently, twenty-one customers receive such services, which generated gross margin of \$70,000 in 1997.

### Adequacy of Resources

General Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland utility divisions ("Delaware", "Maryland" or "the Divisions") have firm and interruptible contracts with four (4) interstate "open access" pipelines. The Divisions are directly interconnected with Eastern Shore and services upstream of Eastern Shore are contracted with Transco, Columbia, and Columbia Gulf Transmission Company ("Gulf").

<u>Delaware</u>: Delaware's contracts with Transco include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 8,663 dekatherms ("Dt") per day, which expires in 2005; (b) firm transportation capacity of 311 Dt per day for December through February, expiring in 2006; and (c) firm storage service, providing a total capacity of 142,830 Dt, which expires in 1998.

Delaware's contracts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 852 Dt per day, which expires in 2004; (b) firm transportation capacity of 1,132 Dt per day, which expires in 2017; (c) firm storage service, providing a peak day entitlement of 6,193 Dt and a total capacity of 298,195 Dt, which expires in 2004; and (d) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 635 Dt and a total capacity of 57,139 Dt, expring in 2017. Delaware's contracts with Columbia for storage related transportation provide quantities that are equivalent to the peak day entitlement for the period of October through March and are equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the peak

day entitlement for the period of April through September. The terms of the storage related transportation contracts mirror the storage services that they support.

Delaware's contract with Gulf, which expires in 2004, provides firm transportation capacity of \$68 Dt per day for the period November through March and 798 Dt per day for the period April through October.

Delaware's contracts with Eastern Shore include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 23,494 Dt per day for the period December through February, 22,272 Dt per day for the months of November, March and April, and 13,196 Dt per day for the period May through October, with various expiration dates ranging from 2004 to 2017; (b) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule GSS providing a peak day entitlement of 2,655 Dt and a total capacity of 131,370 Dt, which expires in 2013; (c) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LSS providing a peak day entitlement of 580 Dt and a total capacity of 29,000 Dt, which expires in 2013; and (d) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LGA providing a peak day entitlement of 911 Dt and a total capacity of 5,708 Dt, which expires in 2006. Delaware's firm transportation contracts with Eastern Shore also include Eastern Shore's provision of swing transportation service. This service includes: (a) firm transportation capacity of 1,846 Dt per day on Transco's pipeline system, retained by Eastern Shore, in addition to Delaware's Transco capacity referencedearlier and (b) an interruptible storage service under Transco's Rate Schedule ESS that supports a swing supply service provided under Transco's Rate Schedule FS.

Delaware currently has contracts for the gurchase of firm natural gas suppy with five (5) suppliers. These contracts provide the availability of a maximum firm daily entitlement of 10,95% Dt and the supplies are transported by Transco, Columbia, Gulf and Bastern Shore under Delaware's transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts have various expiration dates.

<u>Maryland's contracts with Transco include:</u> (a) firm transportation capacity of 4,738 Dt per day, which expires in 2005; (b) firm transportation capacity of 155 Dt per day for December through February, expiring in 2006; and (c) firm storage service providing a total capacity of 33,120 Dt, which expires in 1998.

Maryland's contracts with Columbia include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 442 Dt per day, which expires in 2004; (b) firm transportation capacity of 908 Dt per day, which expires in 2017; (c) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 3,142 Dt and a total capacity of 154,756 Dt, which expires in 2004; and (d) firm storage service providing a peak day entitlement of 521 Dt and a total capacity of 46,881 Dt, which expires in 2017. Maryland's contracts with Columbia for storage related transportation provide quantities that are equivalent to the peak day entitlement for the period October through March and are equivalent to fifty percent (50%) of the peak day entitlement for the period April through September. The terms of the storage related transportation contracts mirror the storage services that they support.

Maryland's contract with Gulf, which expires in 2004, provides firm transportation capacity of 590 Dt per day for the period November through March and 543 Dt per day for the period April through October.

Maryland's contracts with Eastern Shore include: (a) firm transportation capacity of 13,028 Dt per day for the period December through February, 12,304 Dt per day for the months of November. March and April, and 7,743 Dt per day for the period May through October; (b) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule GSS providing a peak day entitlement of 1,428 Dt and a total capacity of 70,665 Dt, which expires in 2013; (c) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LSS providing a peak day entitlement of 309 Dt and a total capacity of 15,500 Dt, which expires in 2013; and (d) firm storage capacity under Eastern Shore's Rate Schedule LGA providing a peak day entitlement of 569 Dt and a total capacity of 3,560 Dt, which expires in 2006. Maryland's firm transportation contracts with Eastern Shore also include Eastern Shore's provision of swing transportation service. This service includes: (a) firm transportation capacity of 969 Dt per day on Transco's

pipeline system, retained by Eastern Shore, in addition to Maryland's Transco capacity referenced earlier and (b) an interruptible storage service under Transco's Rate Schedule ESS that supports a swing supply service provided under Transco's Rate Schedule FS.

Maryland currently has contracts for the purchase of firm natural gas supply with five (5) suppliers. These contracts provide the availability of a maximum firm daily entitlement of 6,243 Dt and the supplies are transported by Transco, Columbia, Gulf and Eastern Shore under Maryland's transportation contracts. The gas purchase contracts have various expiration dates. The Divisions use their firm supply sources to meet a significant percentage of their projected demand requirements. In order to meet the difference between firm supply and firm demand, Delaware and Maryland obtain gas supply on the "spot market" from various other suppliers that is transported by the upstream pipelines and delivered to the Divisions' interconnects with Eastern Shore as needed. The Company believes that Delaware and Maryland's available firm and "spot market" supply is ample to meet the anticipated needs of their customers.

Florida. The Florida division receives transportation service from Florida Gas Transmission Company ("FGT"), a major interstate pipeline. Chesapsale has contracts with PGT for: (a) daily firm transportation capacity of 20,523 Dt in May through September, 27,105 Dt in October, and 26,919 Dt in November through April under FGT's firm transportation service (FTS-1) rate schedule; (b) daily firm transportation capacity of 5,100 Dt in May through October, and 8,100 Dt in November through April under FGT's firm transportation service (FTS-2) rate schedule; and (c) daily interruptible transportation capacity of 20,000 Dt under FGT's interruptible transportation services (ITS-1) rate schedule. The firm transportation contract (FTS-1) expires on August 1, 2000 with the Company retaining a unilateral right to extend the term for an additional ten years. After the expiration of the primary or secondary term, Chesapsales has the right to first refuse to match the terms of any competing bids for the capacity. The firm transportation contract (PTS-2) expires on March 1, 2015. The interruptible transportation contract is effective until August 1, 2010 and month to month thereafter unless canceled by either party with thirty days notice.

The Florida division currently receives its gas supply from various suppliers. If needed, some supply is bought on the spot market; however, the majority is bought under the terms of two firm supply contacts with Natural Gas Clearinghouse and LG&E Energy Marketing. Availability of gas supply to the Florida division is also expected to be adequate under existing arrangements.

## Competition

Competition with Alternative Fuels. Historically, the Company's natural gas distribution divisions have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principal consideration in the competition between the Company and suppliers of other sources of energy is price and, to a lesser extent, accessibility. All of the Company's divisions have the capability of adjusting their interruptible rates to compete with alternative fuels.

The divisions have several large volume industrial customers that have the capacity to use fuel oil as an alternative to natural gas. When oil prices decline, these interruptible customers convert to oil to satisfy their to el requirements. Lower levels in interruptible sales occur when oil prices remain depressed relative to the price of natural gas. However, oil prices as well as the prices of other fuels are subject to change at any time for a variety of reasons; therefore, there is always uncertainty in the continuing competition among natural gas and other fuels. In order to address this uncertainty, the Company uses flexible pricing arrangements on both the supply and sales side of its business to maximize sales volumes.

To a lesser extent than price, availability of equipment and operational efficiency are also factors in competition among fuels, primarily in residential and commercial settings. Heating, water heating and other domestic or

commercial equipment is generally designed for a particular energy source, and especially with respect to heating equipment, the cost of conversion is a disincentive for individuals and businesses to change their energy source.

<u>Competition within the Natural Gas Industry.</u> FERC Order 636 enables all natural gas suppliers to compete for customers on an equal footing. Under this open access environment, interstate pipeline companies have unbundled the traditional components of their service — gas gathering, transportation and storage from the sale of the commodity. If they choose to be a merchant of gas, they must form a separate marketing operation independent of their pipeline operations. Hence, gas marketers have developed as a viable option for many companies because they are providing expertise in gas purchasing along with collective purchasing capabilities which, when combined, may reduce end-user cost.

Also resulting from an open access environment, the distribution division can be in competition with the interstate transmission company if the distribution customer is located close to the transmission company's pipeline. The customers at risk are usually large volume commercial and industrial customers with the financial resources and capability to bypass the distribution division. In certain situations the distribution divisions may adjust rates and serves for these customers to retain their business.

## Rates and Regulation - 32

General. Chesapeake's natural gas distribution divisions are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and Florida Public Service Commissions with sespect to various aspects of the Company's business, including the rates for sales to all of their customers in each jurisdiction. All of Chesapeake's firm distribution rates are subject to purchased gas adjustment clauses, which seatch revenues with gas costs and normally allow eventual full recovery of gas costs. Adjustments under these clauses require periodic filings and hearings with the relevant regulatory authority, but do not require a general rate proceeding. Rates on interruptible sales by the Florida division are also subject to purchased gas adjustment clauses.

Management monitors the rate of return in each jurisdiction in order to ensure the timely filing of rate adjustment applications.

## Regulatory Proceedings

Maryland. In July 1995, Chesapeake's Maryland division filed an application with the Maryland Public Service Commission ("MPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$1,426,711 or 17.09%. The two largest components of the increase were attributable to environmental costs and a new customer information system, implemented in 1995.

On November 30, 1995, the MPSC issued an order approving a settlement proposal of a \$975,000 increase in annual base rates effective for gas provided on or after December 1, 1995. As required in the settlement of the rate case, the Company filed a cost of service study with the MPSC in June 1996. The purpose of a cost of service study was to allocate revenue among customer or rate classifications. The filing, which included proposals for restructuring sales services that more closely reflect the cost of serving commercial and industrial customers, the unbundling of gas costs from distribution system costs, revisions to sharing of interruptible margins between firm ratepayers and the Company and new services that would allow customers using more than 30,000 Ccf of gas per year to purchase gas from suppliers other than the Company.

After negotiations with MPSC staff and other interested parties, a settlement was reached on most sales service issues and the Commission approved a proposed order in March 1997. The settlement includes: (1) class revenue requirements and restructured sales services which provide for separate firm commercial and industrial rate schedules for general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor customer groups; (2) unbundling of gas costs from distribution charges; (3) a new gas cost recovery mechanism, which utilizes a projected period under which the fixed cost portion of the gas rate will be forecasted on an annual basis and the commodity cost

portion of the gas rate will be estimated quarterly, based on projected market prices; and (4) interruptible margins will continue to be shared, 90% to customers and 10% to the Company, but distribution costs incurred for incremental load additions can be recovered with carrying charges utilizing 100% of the incremental margin if the payback period is within three years.

At the request of MPSC staff, consideration of the new transportation services were postponed until Eastern Shore's open access filing was settled with the FERC.

<u>Delaware</u>. In April 1995, Chesapeaks's Delaware division filed an application with the Delaware Public Service Commission ("DPSC") requesting a rate increase of \$2,751,000 or 14% over current rates. The largest component, one-third of the total requested increase, was attributable to projected costs associated with the remediation proposed by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") of the site of a former coal gas manufacturing plant operated in Dover, Delaware. The Company and the DPSC agreed to separate the environmental recovery from the rate increase so each could be addressed individually. In December 1995, the DPSC approved an order authorizing a \$900,000 increase to base rates effective January 1,1996.

In December 1995, the DPSC approved a recovery of environmental costs associated with the Dover Gas Light Site by means of a rider (supplement) to base rates. The DPSC approved a rider effective January 1, 1996 to recover over five years all unrecovered environmental costs through September 30, 1995 offset by the deferred tax benefit of these costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year, the rider rate will be calculated based on the amortization of expenses for previous years. The advantage of the environmental rider is that it is not necessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses.

In December 1995, Chesapeake's Delaware division filed its rate design proposal with the DPSC to initiate Phase II of this proceeding. The principal objective of the filing was to prepare the Company for an increasingly competitive environment anticipated when Eastern Shore becomes an open access pipeline. This initial filing proposed new rate schedules for commercial and industrial sales service, individual pricing for interruptible negotiated contract rates, a modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism and a natural gas vehicle tariff.

In May 1996, Delaware division filed its proposal relating to transportation and balancing services with the DPSC, which proposed that transportation of customer-owned gas be available to all commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 3,000 Mcf per year.

In February 1997, the DPSC approved an order authorizing new service offerings and rate design for services rendered on and after March 1, 1997. The approved changes include: (1) restructured sales services which provide commercial and industrial customers with various service classifications such as general service, medium volume, large volume and high load factor services; (2) a modified purchased gas cost recovery mechanism which takes into consideration the unbundling of gas costs from distribution charges as well as charging certain firm service classifications different gas cost rates based on the service classification's load factor; (3) the implementation of a mechanism for sharing interruptible, capacity release and off-system sales margins between firm sales customers and the Company, with changing margin sharing percentages based on the level of total margin; and (4) a provision for transportation and balancing services for commercial and industrial customers with annual consumption over 30,000 Ccf per year to transport customer-owned gas on the Company's distribution system.

Florida. On November 26, 1997, the Florida Division filed a request with the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) in Docket No. 971559-GU, for a Limited Proceeding to Restructure Rates and for Approval of Gas Transportation Agreements. The Florida Division has entered into Gas Transportation Contracts with its two largest

customers which resulted in retaining these two customers on the Company's distribution system at rates lower than previously achieved. As a result of this reduction in revenue, the Company has proposed in its application to restructure rates for its remaining customers to more closely reflect the cost of service for each rate class and to recover the level of revenues previously generated by the two Contract customers.

The Company's restructuring proposal is revenue neutral. Approval of this request would not result in additional revenues to the Company; however, FPSC approval would enable the Company to retain its two largest customers while providing the Company with the opportunity to achieve its FPSC authorized rate of return.

FPSC Staff issued their recommendation in this docket on March 12, 1998. The Commission voted to approve the Company's restructuring proposal on March 24, 1998. A Commission Order in this docket is expected April 14, 1998.

## (I) (c) Propens Distribution

Chesapeake's propane distribution group consists of Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake, its wholly owned subsidiary, Sharpgas, Inc. ("Sharpgas") and Tri-Count' Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake.

On March 6, 1997, Chesspeaks acquired all of the outstanding shares of Tri-County a family-owned and operated propone distribution business located in Salisbury and Pocomoke, Maryland. The combined operations of the Company and Tri-County served approximately 34,000 propone customers on the Delmarva Peninsula and delivered approximately 27 million retail and wholesale gallons of propane during 1997.

The propane distribution business is affected by many factors such as seasonality, the absence of price regulation and competition among local providers.

Propane is a form of liquefied petroleum gas which is typically extracted from natural gas or separated during the crude oil refining process. Although propane is gaseous at normal pressures, it is easily compressed into liquid form for storage and transportation. Propane is a clean-burning fuel, gaining increased recognition for its environmental superiority, safety, efficiency, transportability and ease of use relative to alternative forms of energy. Propane is sold primarily in suburban and rural areas which are not served by natural gas pipelines. Demand is typically much higher in the winter months and is significantly affected by seasonal variations, particularly the relative severity of winter temperatures, because of its use in residential and commercial heating.

## Adequacy of Resources

Sharp Energy and Tri-County purchase propane primarily from suppliers, including major domestic oil companies and independent producers of gas liquids and oil. Supplies of propane from these and other sources are readily available for purchase by the Company. Supply contracts generally include minimum (not subject to a take-or-pay premiums) and maximum purchase provisions.

Sharp Energy and Tri-County use trucks and railroad cars to transport propane from refineries, natural gas processing plants or pipeline terminals to the Company's bulk storage facilities. From these facilities, propane is delivered in portable cylinders or by "bobtail" trucks, owned and operated by the Companies, to tanks located at the customer's premises.

## Competition

Sharp Energy and Tri-County compete with several other propane distributors in their service territories, primarily on the basis of service and price, emphasizing reliability of service and responsiveness. Competition is generally local because distributors located in close proximity to customers incur lower costs of providing service.

Propane competes with both fuel oil and electricity as an energy source. Propane competes with fuel oil based on its cleanliness and environmental advantages. Propane is also typically less expensive than both fuel oil and electricity, based on equivalent BTU value. Since natural gas has historically been less expensive than propane, propane is generally not distributed in accordance serviced by natural gas pipeline or distribution systems.

The Company's propane distribution activities are not subject to any federal or state pricing regulation. Transport operations are subject to regulations concerning the transportation of hazardous materials promulgated under the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Act, which is administered by the United States Department of Transportation and enforced by the various states in which such operations take place. Propane distribution operations are also subject to state safety regulations relating to "hook-up" and placement of propane tanks.

The Company's propane operations are subject to all operating hazards normally associated with the handling, storage and transportation of combustible liquids, such as the risk of personal injury and property damage cau id by fire. The Company carries general liability insurance in the amount of \$35,000,000 per occurrence, but there is no assurance that such insurance will be adequate.

## (I) (d) Advanced information Services -

Chesapeake's advanced information services segment is comprised of United Systems, Inc. ("USI") and Capital Data Systems, Inc. ("CDS"), both wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. CDS provided programming support for application software, until the first quarter of 1997, at which time it disposed of substantially all of its assets.

USI is an Atlanta-based company that primarily provides support for users of PROGRESS<sup>™</sup>, a fourth generation computer language and Relational Database Management System. USI offers consulting, training, software development "tools" and customer software development for its client base, which includes many large domestic and international corporations.

## Competition

The advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a number of larger competitions having substantially greater resources available to them than the Company. In addition, changes in the advanced information services businesses are occurring rapidly, which could adversely impact the markets for the Company's products and services.

## (i) (e) Other Subaldiaries

Skipjack, Inc. ("Skipjack") and Chesapeake Investment Company ("Chesapeake Investment"), are wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeake Service Company, Skipjack owns and leases to affiliates, two office buildings in Dover. Delaware. Chesapeake Investment is a Delaware affiliated investment company.

On March 6, 1997, in connection with the acquisition of Tri-County, the Company acquired Eastern Shore Real Estate, Inc. ("ESR"), which became a wholly owned subsidiary of Chesapeake Service Company. ESR owns and leases office buildings to affiliates and external companies.

## (II) Seasonal Nature of Business

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Revenues from the Company's residential and commercial natural gas sales and from its propane distribution activities are affected by seasonal variations, since the majority of these sales are to customers using the fuels for heating purposes. Revenues from these customers are accordingly affected by the mildness or severity of the heating season.

# (III) Capital Budget

Capital Resources". A discussion of capital expanditures by business segment is included in Item 7 under the heading "Liquidity and

## (N) Employees

The Company has 397 employees, including 114 in natural gas distribution, nine in natural gas transmission, 131 in propane distribution and 63 in advanced information services. The remaining 80 employees are considered general and administrative and include officers of the Company and marketing, engineering, treasury, accounting, added 43 employees to the total number of employees of the Company. data processing, planning, busten resources and other administrative personnel. The acquisition of Tri-County

## Item 2. Properties

## a) General

natural gas and propene distribution bu Michigan; and Atlanta, Georgia. In general, the properties of the Company are adequate for the uses for which they are employed. Capacity and utilization of the Company's facilities can vary significantly due to the seasonal nature of the Delaware; Plant City, Florida; Chincoteague and Belle Haven, Virginia; Easton and Pocomoke, Maryland; Detroit, Dover, Seaford, Laurel and Georgetown, Delaware; and Winter Haven, Florida, and rents office space in Dover, The Company owns offices and operates facilities in Pocomoke, Salisbury, Cambridge, and Princess Anne, Maryland;

# (b) Natural Gas Distribution

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regulators) located in its Delaware and Maryland service areas, and 469 miles of such mains (and related equipment) encumbered pursuant to Champeake's First Mortgage Bonds. during periods of peak demand. A portion of the proporties constituting Chasapeake's distribution system are in its Contral Florida service areas. Chesapeake also owns facilities in Delaware and Maryland for propane-air injection Chesaponics owns over \$42 miles of natural gas distribution mains (togother with related service lines, meters and

# (c) Natural Gas Transmission

being used to provide increased pressures required to meet demands on the system. customers' demands, including those of Chesapeake's Delaware and Maryland divisions. The Bridgeville station is to match Transco supply pressures, and to increase Eastern Shore's pressures in order to serve Eastern Shore's firm with Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation. The Daleville station is used to increase Columbia supply pressures stabilize capacity on Base Eastern Shore owns approximately 271 miles of transmission lines extending from Parkeeburg, Pennsylvania to Salisbury, Maryland. Eastern Shore also owns three compressor stations located in Delaware City, Delaware, Daleville, Pennsylvania and Bridgeville, Delaware. The Delaware City compressor facility and associated piping are needed to earn Shore's system as a result of steadily declining inlet pressures at the Hockessin interconnect

# (d) Propene Distribution

plant facilities in Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, located on real estate they either own or lease Sharpgas and Tri-County own bulk propune storage facilities with an aggregate capacity of 1.9 million gallons at 33

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of a material effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company agencies concerning rates. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have business. The Company is also involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental

## **Environmental**

## (a) Dover Gas Light Site

In 1984, the State of Delaware notified the Company that a parcel of land it purchased in 1949 from Dover Gas Light Company, a predecessor gas company, contained hazardous substances. The State also asserted that the Company is responsible for any clean-up and prospective environmental monitoring of the site. The Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control ("DNREC") investigated the site and surroundings, finding coal tar residue and some ground-water contamination.

In October 1989, the Environmental Protection Agency Region III ("EPA") listed the Dover Site on the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA" or "Superfund"). At that time under CERCLA, both the State of Delaware and the Company were named as potentially responsible parties ("PRPs") for clean-up of the site.

The EPA issued the site Record of Decision ("ROD") dated August 16, 1994. The remedial action selected by the EPA in the ROD addressed the ground-water contamination with a combination of hydraulic containment and natural attenuation. Remediation selected for the soil at the site was to meet stringent cleanup standards for the first two feet of soil and less stringent standards for the soil below two feet. The ROD estimated the costs of selected remediation of ground-water and soil at \$2.7 million and \$3.3 million, respectively.

In May 1995, EPA issued an order to the Company under section 106 of CERCLA (the "Order"), which required the Company to fund or implement the ROD. The Order was also issued to General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU"), which both EPA and the Company believe is liable under CERCLA. Other PRPs such as the State of Delaware were not ordered to perform the ROD. EPA may seek judicial enforcement of its Order, as well as significant financial penalties for failure to comply. Although notifying EPA of objections to the Order, the Company agreed to comply. GPU informed EPA that it did not intend to comply with the Order.

In March 1995, the Company commenced litigation against the State of Delaware for contribution to the remedial costs being incurred to carry out the ROD. In December of 1995, this case was dismissed without prejudice based on a settlement agreement between the parties (the "Settlement"). Under the Settlement, the State agreed to support the Company's proposal to reduce the soil remedy for the site, described below, to contribute \$600,000 toward the cost of implementing the ROD and to reimburse the EPA for \$400,000 in oversight costs. The Settlement is contingent upon a formal settlement agreement between EPA and the State of Delaware. Upon satisfaction of all conditions of the Settlement, the litigation will be dismissed with prejudice.

In June 1996, the Company initiated litigation against GPU for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount, if any, of proceeds to be received.

In July 1996, the Company began the design phase of the ROD, on-site pre-design and investigation. A pre-design investigation report ("the report") was filed in October 1996 with the EPA. The report, which required EPA approval, provided up to date status on the site, which the EPA used to determine if the remedial design selected in the ROD was still the appropriate remedy.

In the report, the Company proposed a modification to the soil clean-up remedy selected in the ROD to take into account an existing land use restriction beaning future development at the site. In April of 1997, the EPA issued a fact sheet stating that the EPA was considering the proposed modification. The fact sheet included an overall cost estimate of \$5.7 million for the proposed modified remedy and a new overall cost estimate of \$13.2 million for the remedy selected in the ROD. On August 28, 1997, the EPA issued a Proposed Plan to modify the current clean-up plan that would involve: (1) excavation of off-site thermal treatment of the contents of the former subsurface gas holders; (2) implementation

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of soil vaporization extraction; (3) pavament of the parking lot; and (4) use of institutional controls that would restrict future development of the Site. The overall estimated clean-up cost of the Site under the proposed plan was \$4.2 million, as compared to EPA's estimate of the current clean-up plan at \$13.2 million. In January 1998, the EPA issued a revised ROD, which modified the soil remediation to conform to the proposed plan and included the estimated clean-up costs of \$4.2 million.

The Company is currently engaged in investigations related to additional parties who may be PRPs. Based upon these investigations, the Company will consider suit against other PRPs. The Company expects continued negotiations with PRPs in an attempt to resolve these matters.

The Company adjusted its accrued liability recorded with respect to the Dover Site to \$4.2 million. This amount reflects the EPA's estimate, as stated in the ROD issued in 1998 for remediation of the site according to the ROD. The recorded liability may be adjusted upward or downward as the design phase progresses and the Company obtains construction bids for performance of the work. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset of \$4.2 million, corresponding to the recorded liability. Management believes that in addition to the \$600,000 expected to be contributed by the State of Delaware under the Settlement, the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$5.0 million in costs relating to environmental testing and remedial action studies. In 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in precede to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a five to seven-year period. In December 1995, the Delaware Public Service Commission, authorized recovery of all unrecovered environmental cost incurred by a means of a rider (supplement) to beer rates, applicable to all firm service customers. The costs would be recovered through a five-year amortization offset by the deferred tax benefit associated with those environmental costs. The deferred tax benefit equals the projected cashflow savings realized by the Company in connection with a reduced income tax liability due to the possibility of accelerated deduction allowed on certain environmental costs when incurred. Each year r new rider rate is calculated to become effective December 1. The rider rate is based on the amortization of expenditures through September of the filling years plus amortization of expenses from previous years. The advantage of the rider is that it is not accessary to file a rate case every year to recover expenses incurred. As of December 31, 1997, the unamortized balance and amount of environmental costs not included in the rider, effective January 1, 1998 was \$2.1 million and \$190,000, respectively. With the rider mechanism established, it is management's opinion that these costs and any future cost, net of the deferred income tax benefit, will be recoverable in rates.

## (b) Salisbury Town Gas Light Site

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), the Company has completed assessment, construction and has begun remediation of the Salisbury manufactured gas plant site. The assessment determined that there was localized contamination of ground-water. A remedial design report was submitted to MDE in November 1990 and included a proposal to monitor, pump and treat any contaminated ground-water on-site. Through negotiations with the MDE, the remedial action work plan was revised with final approval from MDE obtained in early 1995. The remediation process for ground-water was revised from pump-and-treat to Air Sparging and Soil-Vapor Extraction, resulting in a substantial reduction in overall costs. During 1996, the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site and has been reporting the remediation and monitoring results to the Maryland Department of the Environment on an ongoing basis.

The cost of remediation is estimated to range from \$140,000 to \$190,000 per year for operating expenses. Based on these estimated costs, the Company recorded both a liability and a deferred regulatory asset of \$665,000 on December 31, 1997, to cover the Company's projected remediation costs for this site. The liability payout for this site is expected to be over a five-year period. As of December 31, 1997, the Company has incurred approximately \$2.4 million for

remedial actions and environmental studies and has charged such costs to accumulated depreciation. In January 1990, the Company entered into settlement agreements with a number of insurance companies resulting in proceeds to fund actual environmental costs incurred over a three to five-year period beginning in 1990. The final insurance proceeds were requested and received in 1992. In December 1995, the Maryland Public Service Commission approved recovery of all environmental cost incurred through September 30, 1995 less amounts previously amortized and insurance proceeds. The amount approved for a 10-year amortization was \$964,251. Of the \$2.4 million in costs reported above, approximately \$597,000 has not been recovered through insurance proceeds or received ratemaking treatment. It is management's opinion that these costs incurred and ft. ure costs incurred, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

## (c) Winter Haven Coel Gas Site

In May 1996, the Company filed an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction Pilot Study Work Plan for the Winter Haven site with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Work Plan described the Company's proposal to undertake an Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction ("AS/SVE") pilot study to evaluate at the site. After discussions with the FDEP, the Company filed a modified AS/SVE Pilot Study Work Plan, scope of work to complete the site assessment activities and a report describing a limited sediment investigation performed recently. The Company will be awaiting FDEP's comments to the modified Work Plan. It is not possible to determine whether remedial action will be required by FDEP and, if so, the cost of such remediation.

The company has spent and received reternaking treatment of approximately \$678,000 on these investigations as of September 30, 1997. The Company has been allowed by the Florida Public Service Commission to continue to accrue for future environmental costs. At September 30, 1997, the Company had \$432,000 accrued. It is management's opinion that future costs, if any, will be recoverable in rates.

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders None

## Item 10. Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Executive Officers of the Company is as follows:

Ralph J. Adkins (age 55) Mr. Adkins is Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapeake. He has served as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer since August 1997. Prior to holding his present position, Mr. Adkins served as President and Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Operating Officer, Executive Vice President, Senior Vice President, Vice President and Treasurer of Chesapeake. Mr. Adkins is also Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Chesapeake Service Company, and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Sharp Energy, Inc., Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., Chesapeake Service Company and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, all wholly owned subsidiaries of Chesapeake. He has been a director of Chesapeake since 1989.

John R. Schimkaitis (age 50) Mr. Schimkaitis is President and Chief Operating Officer. He has served as President since August 1997. He previously served as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary. From 1983 to 1986, Mr. Schimkaitis was Vice President of Cooper & Rutter, Inc., a consulting firm providing financial services to the utility and cable industries. He was appointed as a director of Chesapeake in February 1996.

Michael P. McMasters (age 39) Mr. McMasters is Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since December 1996. He previously served as Vice President of Eastern Shore, Director of Accounting and Rates and Controller. From 1992 to May 1994, Mr. McMasters was employed as Director of Operations Planning for Equitable Gas Company.

Stephen C. Thompson (age 37) Mr. Thompson is Vice President of the Natural Gas Operations, as well as Vice President of Chesspeaks Utilities Corporation. He has served as Vice President since May 1997. He has served as President, Vice President, Manager, Director of Gas Supply and Marketing and Superintendent of Eastern Shore and Regional Manager for the Florida distribution Operations.

Philip S. Berefrot (age 50) Mr. Berefrot joined Chesapeake as Division Manager of Florida Operations in July 1988. In May 1994 he was elected Vice President of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation. Prior to joining Chesapeake, he was employed by Peoples Natural Gas Company where he held the positions of Division Sales Manager, Division Manager and Vice President of Florence Operations.

Jeremy D. West (age 48) Mr. West joined Cheespeake as President of Sharp Energy in June 1990. In May 1992 he was elected Vice President of Cheespeake's Propose Operations and in May 1997, he was promoted to Vice President of Strategic Planning and Acquisitions. Prior to joining Cheespeake, he was employed by Columbia Propose Corporation, a subsidiary of Columbia Gas System, as Vice President of Marketing, and later, President of Columbia Propose Corporation. He has also serviced as Regional Manager of Suburban Propose.

## PART I

## Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters (a) Common Stock Dividends and Price Ranges:

The following table sets forth sale price and dividend information for each calendar quarter during the years December 31, 1997 and 1996:

	Quarter Ended	High	Low	Cicee	Dividends Declared Per Share
1997					
	March 31	\$18.000	\$16.500	\$17.375	\$0.2425
	June 30				
	September 30	18.500	16.250	18.375	0.2425
	December 31	21.750	18.375	20.500	0.2425
1996					
	March 31	\$17.000	\$14.500	\$16.750	\$0.2325
	June 30	17.875	15.875	16,000	0.2325
	September 30	17.750	15.125	17.500	0.2325
	December 31	18.000	16.375	16.875	0.2325

The common stock of the Company trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CPK".

(b) Approximate number of holders of common stock as of December 31, 1997:

Title of Class
Common stock, per value \$.4867

L. Della Ball

Number of Shareholders
of Record
2.178

## (c) Dividends:

During the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1996, cash dividends paid by Chesapeake have been declared each quarter, in the amounts set forth in the table above. During 1996 and 1995, Tri-County paid dividends of \$79,000 and \$592,000, respectively.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain a restriction that the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I Bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated net income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As of December 31, 1997, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant are \$14.6 million.

(d) On March 6, 1997, in conjunction with the acquisition of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc., the Company issued 639,000 shares of Company stock to William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider in reliance on the private placement exemption provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation D, thereunder.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

		(dollars in thousands except stock data)						
For the Years Ended December 31,	1907	1996	1995	1994 (1)	1993 <sup>(1)</sup>			
Operating								
Operating revenues	\$122,775	\$130,213	\$111,796	\$98,572	\$85,873			
Operating income	\$8,559	\$10,110	\$10,067	\$7,227	\$6,311			
Income before cumulative effect of								
change in accounting principle	\$5,683	\$7,605	\$7,594	\$4,460	\$3,914			
Cumulative effect of change in								
accounting principle					\$51			
Net income	\$5,603	\$7,605	\$7,594	\$4,460	\$3,977			
Balance Sheet								
Gross plant	\$143,345	\$133,001	\$119,837	\$110,023	\$100,330			
Net plant	\$99,517	\$93,570	\$84,589	\$75,313	\$69,794			
Total assets	\$137,379	\$136,046	\$123,339	\$108,271	\$100,980			
Long-term debt, net	\$38,226	\$28,984	\$31,619	\$24,329	\$25,682			
Common stockholders' equity	\$50,336	\$47,537	\$42,582	\$37,063	\$34,870			
Capital expenditures	\$11,381	\$14,837	\$12,887	\$10,653	\$10,064			
Common Stock								
Basic earnings per share:								
Income before cumulative effect of								
change in accounting principle	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75	\$1.23	\$1.10			
Cumulative effect of change in								
accounting principle					\$0.02			
Net income	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75	\$1.23	\$1.12			
Diluted carnings per share:								
Income before cumulative effect of								
change in accounting principle	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70	\$1.20	\$1.00			
Cumulative effect of change in								
accounting principle					\$0.02			
Net income	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70	\$1.20	\$1.10			
Average shares outstanding	4,472,087	4,412,137	4,336,431	3,628,056	3,551,932			
Cash dividends per share	\$0.97	\$0.93	\$0.90	\$0.88	\$0.86			
Book value per share	\$11.18	\$10.71	\$9.77	\$10.15	\$9.76			
Common equity/Total capitalization	56.80%	62.10%	57.40%	60.37%	57.599			
Return on equity	11.29%	16.00%	17.80%	12.03%	11 399			
Other								
Number of Employees	397	386	383	320	326			
Number of Registered Stockholders	2,178	2,213	2,098	1,721	1,743			
Heating Degree Days	4,418	4,717	4,593	4,398	4,705			
Heating Degree Days (10-year average)	4,577	4,596	4,586	4,564	4,588			

<sup>(</sup>I) 1994 and 1993 have not been restated to include the business combination with Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.

Literature Market State Engineering Comment

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The capital requirements of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation ("Chesapeake" or "the Company") reflect the capital-intensive nature of its business and are attributable principally to the construction program and the retirement of outstanding debt. The Company relies on cash generated from operations and short-term borrowing to meet normal working capital requirements and temporarily finance capital expenditures. During 1997, not cash provided by operating activities, used by investing activities and used by financing activities were \$12.3 million, \$12.4 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20.0 million from various banks and trust companies. As of December 31, 1997, Chesapeake had four unsecured bank lines of credit, totaling \$34.0 million, for short-term cash needs to meet seasonal working capital requirements and to temporarily fund portions of its capital expenditures. The outstanding balances of short-term borrowing at December 31, 1997 and 1996 were \$7.6 million and \$12.7 million, respectively.

In 1997, Chesapeake used cash provided by operations and the issuance of long-term debt to fund capital expenditures and reduce short-term borrowing. During 1996, the Company used cash provided by operating activities and short-term borrowing to fund the capital expenditures and increases in working capital requirements.

During 1997, 1996 and 1995, capital expanditures were approximately \$12.8 million, \$14.8 million and \$12.9 million, respectively. Chesapeake has budgeted \$15.6 million for capital expanditures during 1998. This amount includes \$8.7 million and \$2.7 million for natural gas and propose distribution, respectively; \$3.1 million for natural gas transmission, \$395,000 for advanced information services and \$632,000 for general plant. The natural gas and propose distribution expanditures are for expansion and improvement of facilities in existing service territories. Natural gas transmission expanditures are for improvement and expansion of the pipeline system. The advanced information services expanditures are for computer hardware, software and related equipment. Financing for the 1998 construction program is expected to be provided from short-term borrowing and cash from operations. The construction program is subject to continuous review and modification. Actual construction expanditures may vary from the above estimates due to a number of factors including inflation, changing economic conditions, regulation, sales growth and the cost and availability of capital.

Chesapeake has budgeted \$2.8 million for environmental related expenditures during 1998 and expects to incur additional expenditures in future years (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements), a portion of which may need to be financed through external sources. Management does not expect such financing to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or capital resources of the Company.

## Capital Structure

As of December 31, 1997, common equity represented 56.8% of permanent capitalization compared to 62.1% in 1996 and 57.4% in 1995. Chesapeake remains committed to maintaining a sound capital structure and strong credit ratings to provide the financial flexibility needed to access the capital markets when required. This commitment, along with adequate and timely rate relief for the Company's regulated operations, helps to ensure that Chesapeake will be able to attract capital from outside sources at a reasonable cost. The achievement of these objectives will provide benefits to customers and creditors, as well as to the Company's investors.

## **Financing Activities**

In December 1997, Chesapeake finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.85% Senior Notes due January 1, 2012. The Company used the proceeds to repay a portion of its short-term borrowing. In October 1995, the Company finalized a private placement of \$10 million of 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010. The Company used the proceeds to retire \$4.1

million of the 10.85% Senior Notes of Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, the Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary ("Eastern Shore") originally due in 2003. The remaining proceeds were used to reduce short-term borrowing. The Company issued no long-term debt in 1996. During 1997, the Company repaid approximately \$3.1 million of long-term debt, compared to \$823,000 and \$5.4 million in 1996 and 1995, respectively. The increase in debt payments for 1997 resulted from the payoff of \$2.2 million of debt assumed in the paoling of interests with Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County").

On March 6, 1997, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County and associated properties. Tri-County distributes propose to both retail and wholesale customers on the peninguia. The transaction was effected through the exchange of 639,000 shares of the Company's common stock and was accounted for as a pooling of interests.

Chesapeake issued 32,169, 33,926 and 38,660 shares of common stock in connection with its Automatic Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan during the years of 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

## Results of Operations

Net income for 1997 was \$5,682,946 as compared to \$7,604,915 for 1996. The decrease in net income is primarily related to temperatures in the Company's northern service territory, which were, on average, 6% warmer than in 1996. The warmer weather resulted in a reduction in volumes sold by the natural gas and propane distribution segments. The lower gas volumes contributed to the reduction in Earnings Before Interest and Taxes ("EBIT") for both distribution segments as shown in the table below.

EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST AND TAXES (In thousands):

For the Years Ended December 31,	1007	1906	increase / (decrease)	1996	1996	(decrease)
EBIT by Business Segment:						
Natural gas distribution	\$5,498	\$7,167	(\$1,669)	\$7,167	\$4,728	\$2,439
Natural gas transmission	3,721	2,458	1,263	2,458	6,063	(3,625)
Propene distribution	1,064	2,815	(1,751)	2,815	2,252	563
Advanced information services	1,046	1.056	(10)	1,056	1,061	(5)
Other	558	561	(3)	561	(32)	593
Total EBIT	\$11,887	\$14,057	(\$2,170)	\$14,057	\$14,092	(\$35)

Chesapeake's 1996 net income was \$7,604,915, as compared to \$7,593,506 for 1995. Although net income was relatively unchanged, the contribution to not income from each business segment differed during the two-year period. Natural gas distribution EBIT was higher in 1996 due to rate increases placed in effect in two of the three service territories during 1995. EBIT for the propose distribution segment increased due to greater volumes sold due to temperatures being 3% colder than in 1995. Natural gas transmission's contribution decreased due to a reduction in volumes sold to industrial interruptible customers during 1996. In addition, 1995 net income includes a one-time benefit from a settlement with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (see Note K to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

## Natural Gas Distribution

The reduction in EBIT of \$1.7 million from 1996 to 1997 is primarily related to a decline in total gross margin, as indicated in the following table, coupled with an overall increase in expenses. The reduction in gross margin earned on volumes sold is primarily the result of a 3% decline in volumes sold to residential and commercial customers and a decrease in volumes sold to industrial interruptible customers in Chesapeake's Florida service territory. The reduction in volumes sold to residential and commercial customers was directly related to warmer temperatures, primarily during

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the first quarter of 1997. Operations and maintenance expenses increased \$633,000 and \$108,000, respectively. Compensation, regulatory commission expenses and costs related to data processing and billable service revenue contributed to the increase in operations expenses. A greater level of maintenance to the gas pipeline system resulted in an increase in maintenance expenses.

The \$2.4 million rise in EBIT from 1995 to 1996 resulted from an increase in gross margin earned on sales of natural gas in two of Chesapeake's three service territories, offset by an overall increase in expenses. The \$4.0 million increase in gross margin was partially due to a fall year of rate increases, which went into effect in 1995. Maryland operations' rates became effective during December and interim rates were in effect during June of 1995 for Delaware operations. In addition, colder temperatures contributed to the 20% increase in deliveries to residential and commercial customers located in Chesapeake's northern service territory. The \$583,000 increase in operations expenses was primarily the result of higher compensation, benefits, data processing costs, bad debts and regulatory expenses. Plant additions placed in service during 1996 resulted in higher depreciation expenses. In addition, other taxes increased by \$460,000 or 23%, partially due to the inclusion of certain state revenue related taxes, which were previously included as reductions to revenue.

GROSS MARGIN SUMMARY (In thousands)

			Increase /			Increase /
For the Years Ended December 31,	1007	1906	(deereese)	1996	1905	(decrease
Revenues:	ıt					
Gas sold	\$54,205	\$52,290	\$1,915	\$52,290	\$42,784	\$9,506
Gas transported	3,061	2,991	70	2,991	2,618	373
Gas marketed	18,419	19,382	(963)	19,382	3,555	10,827
Other	275	193	82	193	168	25
Total Revenues	\$75,960	\$74,856	\$1,104	\$74,856	\$54,125	\$20,731
Cost of Sales: *						
Gas sold	\$35,507	\$32,846	\$2,661	\$32,846	\$26,789	\$6,057
Gas marketed	18,233	19,117	(854)	19,117	8,410	10,707
Total Cost of Sales	\$53,740	\$\$1,963	\$1,777	\$51,963	\$35,199	\$16,764
Gross Margin:						
Gas sold	\$18,698	\$19,444	(\$746)	\$19,444	\$15,995	\$3,449
Gas transported	3,061	2,991	70	2,991	2,618	373
Gas marketed	186	265	(79)	265	145	120
Other	275	193	82	193	168	25
Total Gross Margin	\$22,220	\$22,893	(\$673)	\$22,893	\$18,926	\$3,967

Transportation service does not have an associated cost of sales.

## Natural Gas Transmission

The Company's natural gas transmission segment, Eastern Shore, which became an open access pipeline on November 1, 1997, had an increase in EBIT of \$1.3 million for 1997. The rise in EBIT is partially attributable to a rate increase and an increase in firm services implemented in 1997, as well as an overall reduction in expenses. The rate increase is designed to generate additional gross margin of approximately \$1.2 million annually. Also contributing to the increase in EBIT were additional revenues generated by the increase in transportation services that were effective with the implementation of open access. On an annual basis, the additional services will generate revenue of approximately \$1.3 million. Operations expense decreased by \$143,000 or 5%, primarily consisting of compensation, relocation costs and property insurance. Maintenance expenses were also lower due to reduced maintenance required during the year on the gas pipeline system. Capital additions during the year resulted in higher depreciation expense.

The \$3.6 million reduction in 1996 EBIT was primarily due to lower gross margin on sales to industrial customers. The gross margin decreased due to a 67% reduction in volumes delivered, primarily reflecting lower deliveries to two industrial interruptible customers — a municipal power plant and a methanol plant. The methanol plant shut down operations on April 1, 1996. During 1996 and 1995, deliveries to the methanol and power plants contributed approximately \$284,000 and \$2.4 million, respectively to gross margin. As interruptible customers, they had no ongoing commitment, contractual or otherwise, to purchase natural gas from the Company (see Note A to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The \$109,000 increase in operating expenses reflects increased compensation and benefit related expenses. Depreciation increased due to plant placed in service.

With Eastern Shore's conversion to open access, all of its customers will have the opportunity to transport gas over its system at rates regulated by the FERC. The variability in Eastern Shore's margins, historically driven by the sales to industrial customers, will dramatically decrease, as capacity reservation fees for transportation services will drive prospective margins. It is expected that in the fisture, Eastern Shore's EBIT will tend to be more stable and resemble a fully regulated return. Taking the 1997 rate increase, revenues associated with additional capacity and lower margins on services provided to industrial customers into account, the Company expects gross margin during 1998 to be between \$7.9 and \$8.2 million (see Cautionary Statement). Comparatively, gross margin for the past three years has been \$7.9 million, \$6.7 million and \$10.2 million for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

## Propene Distribution

In 1997, Chesapeake integrated the operations of Tri-County and the Company's existing propane distribution operations. Like Chesapeake's existing propane operations, Tri-County's earnings are heavily dependent upon weather conditions.

The reduction in 1997 EBIT of \$1.8 million was primarily due to a reduction in gross margin, partially offset by a reduction in expenses. Gross margin decreased due to an 11% reduction in sales volumes coupled with a 13% lower margin per gallon sold. The decline in sales volumes is directly related to the warmer temperatures, which averaged 6% warmer than the prior year. Furthermore, during the first quarter of 1997 temperatures were 14% warmer than normal. The Company normally sells a high percentage of its annual volume during this period. The reduction in margin per gallon sold was also the result of abnormally warmer temperatures. As temperatures warmed during the first quarter, demand decreased and supply-prices declined rapidly. Due to the low cost of wholesale-supply, retail prices declined, thereby reducing margins. Operations expenses decreased \$554,000 or 7% primarily in the areas of compensation, delivery related costs, advertising and legal fees. Maintenance expenses declined primarily in equipment and structures. Depreciation and amortization expenses declined \$477,000 or 28% primarily the result of a non-compete agreement, which became fully amortized in November of 1996.

The increase in 1996 EBIT of \$563,000 is primarily attributable to a rise in gross margin partially offset by higher expenses. Gross margin was higher due to a 12% increase in volumes sold and a slight increase in margin earned per gallon sold. The increases are directly related to temperatures which were 3% colder than those in 1995. Operating expenses increased \$1.3 million or 19% in 1996 primarily due to compensation, delivery related costs, benefits and outside services. Maintenance expenses increased in the areas of propane storage facilities, equipment and structures.

## **Advanced Information Services**

The results of the advanced information services aggment consisted primarily of those of United Systems, Inc. ("US!"), due to the downsizing of Chesapeake's North Carolins operations in early 1997. Although the EBIT contribution of this segment has remained unchanged from 1996 to 1997, USI's gross margin has increased by \$970,000 or 34%. Operating expenses increased due to the opening of a new office in Detroit, Michigan and the expension of staff training and marketing efforts to position USI to be able to provide new services and for future growth of current services. Since the rise in operating costs offset most of the growth in gross margin, EBIT remained constant.

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Although the EBIT contributed by the advanced information segment was relatively unchanged from 1995 to 1996, EBIT contributed by USI increased \$268,000. This was mostly offset by a reduction in EBIT contributed by the North Carolina operation as they ceased to provide facilities management services beginning in early 1996.

## Income Taxes

Operating income taxes in 1997 decreased \$619,000 due to a reduction in EBIT. This was partially offset by the onetime expense of \$318,000 recorded in 1997 to establish the deferred income tax liability for Tri-County. Prior to 1997, Tri-County was a subchapter S Corporation for income tax reporting; therefore, no deferred income taxes were recorded on its balance sheet. In addition, the Company's 1996 and 1995 restated financial state. Lents do not include any income tax expense for Tri-County due to its subchapter S status during those years.

## Other

Non-operating income was \$428,000, \$458,000 and \$391,000 for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. The decrease in 1997 is primarily due to a reduction in interest income, partially offset by the gain on the sale of fixed assets. The increase in 1996 is primarily the result of a rise in interest income earned partially offset by a reduction in the gain on sales of fixed assets.

## **Environmental Matters**

The Company continues to work with federal and state environmental agencies to assess the environmental impact and explore corrective action at several former gas manufacturing plant sites (see Note J to the Consolidated Financial Statements). The Company believes that any fature costs associated with these sites will be recoverable in rates.

## The Year 2000

Chesapeake is dependent upon information systems to operate efficiently and effectively. In order to address the impact of the year 2000 on its many information systems, Chesapeake is in the process of evaluating and remediating any deficiencies. The Company has segregated the evaluation of its readiness and the potential impact of the year 2000 on its systems into two components; primary internal applications and other applications. The Company's primary applications include systems for its financial information; natural gas customer information and billing; and propane customer information, billing and delivery. Other applications include systems for services such as telephone, system control and data acquisition for the pipeline, as well as other vendors' systems. With respect to the three primary applications, Chesapeake has updated its propane customer information, billing and delivery system to a year 2000 compliant version. This system will be tested further to insure compliance during 1998. With respect to the other two primary applications, Chesapeake has conducted initial evaluations and estimates that the cost of any remediation will not be significant. Each application will be tested during 1998. Chesapeake has develop— an inventory of other applications and is in the process of developing plans to contact its vendors, test and remediate to the extent necessary.

## Competition

Historically, the Company's natural gas operations have successfully competed with other forms of energy such as electricity, oil and propane. The principle considerationshave been price, and to a lesser extent, accessibility. As a result of Eastern Shore's recent conversion to open access, the Company expects to be subject to competitive pressures from other sellers of natural gas. With open access transportation services available on Eastern Shore's system, third party suppliers will compete with Chesapeake to sell gas to the local distribution companies and the end users on Eastern Shore's system. Eastern Shore has shifted from providing sales service to providing transportation and contract storage services.

The Company's distribution operations located in Delaware began to offer transportation services to certain industrial customers in December 1997. Chesapeake expects that during 1998, the distribution operations located in Maryland will also begin offering transportation services. The Company expects to expand the availability of transportation services to additional customers in the future. Since the Florida distribution operations have been open to certain industrial

customers since 1994, the Company has gained experience in operating in an open access environment. The Company established a natural gas brokering and supplies operation in Florida to compete for these customers. The Company is evaluating whether to establish similar services in our northern service territory.

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the markets for the Company's services. number of larger competitors with substantially greater resources available to them than those of the Company. In Both the propage distribution and the advanced information services businesses face significant competition from a addition, in the advanced information services business, changes are occurring rapidly, which could adversely affect

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costs are passed on to customers through commissions for regulated operations while monitoring the returns of its unregulated business operations. improvements. The impact of inflation has lessened in recent years, except for the effect on purchased gas costs. These Inflation affects the cost of labor and other goods and services required for operation, maintenance and capital ers through the purchased gas adjustment clause in the Company's turiffs. To help cope on its capital investments and returns, the Company seeks rate relief from regulatory

## **Cautionary Statement**

materially from those anticipated in forward-looking stat Company. is providing the following cautionary statement to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ In connection with the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Chesapeake Statements made her ein and ebewhere in this Form 10-K, which are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements aments made herein or otherwise by or on behalf of the

provide economical gas marketing, transportation and other services. contribution to earnings even in the absence of open access. Additionally, there are a number of uncertainties, including sales margins, such sales have varied widely from year to year and, in future years, might have made a less significant operating as an open access pipeline, relative to historical results. While open access eliminates industrial interruptible A number of factors and uncertainties make it difficult to predict the effect on future operating results of Eastern Shore future open access proceedings and the effects of competition, which will affect whether the Company will be able to

relative to the impact of the year 2000 on the information systems of the Company, its vendors and other third parties propuse businesses, the relative price of alternative energy sources and the effects of competition on both unregulated material impact on earnings. These include: the seasonality and temperature sensitivity of Chesapeake's natural gas and and natural gas sales, now that the Company operates in an open access environment. There are also uncertainties In addition, a number of factors and uncertainties affecting other aspects of the Company's business could have a

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# item 8. Financial Statements and Supplemental Deta

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Stockholders of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation

an opinion on these financial statements and the financial statement schedules based on our sudits. and financial statement schedules are the responsibility of the Company's Management. Our responsibility is to express Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries listed in Item 14(a) of this Form 10-K. Those financial statements We have audited the consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statement schedules of

material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require

consolidated financial statement schedules referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be included December 31, 1997 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, in our opinion, the consolidated financial position of Chesapoulus Utilities Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1997 and 1996, In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the

We have also previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted standards, the consolidated balance sheets and statements of capitalizationas of December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, and the related consolidated statements respects in relation to the financial statements from which it has been derived for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 1997, appearing on page 16 is fairly stated in all material statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the Financial Highlights included in the Selected Financial Data 31, 1994 (none of which are presented herein) and we expressed unqualified opinions on those consolidated financial of income, cash flows, stockholders' equity, and income taxes for each of the two years in the period ended December

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland February 12, 1998

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

#### Assets

At December 31,	1907	1996
Property, Plant and Equipment		
Natural gas distribution	\$74,769,458	\$69,853,05
Natural gas transmission	33,856,873	30,655,49
Propene distribution	26,920,403	25,279,21
Advanced information services	841,757	1,003,85
Other plant	6,161,631	5,414,24
Gas plant acquisition adjustment	795,004	795,00
Total property, plant still equipment	143,345,126	133,000,86
Loss: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(43,827,961)	(39,430,73
Net property, plant and equipment	99,517,165	93,570,12
Investments	2,721,443	2,263,06
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	555,198	2,213,52
Accounts receivable (less allowance for uncollectibles		
of \$331,775 and \$392,412 in 1997 and 1996, respectively)	13,087,999	14,488,94
Materials and supplies, at average cost	1,380,120	1,284,87
Propone inventory, at average cost	2,288,516	2,345,53
Storage gas propayments	2,926,618	3,731,68
Underrecovered purchased gas costs	1,673,389	2,192,17
Income taxes receivable	849,623	112,943
Prepaid expenses	1,060,911	942,359
Deferred income taxes	247,487	158,010
Total current assets	24,069,861	27,470,041
Deferred Charges and Other Assatu		
Environmental regulatory assets	4,865,073	6,650,088
Environmental expenditures, net	2,372,929	1,778,348
Other deferred charges and intangible assets	3,832,389	4,314,235
Total deferred charges and other assets	11,070,391	12,742,671
Fotal Assets	\$137,378,860	\$136,045,908

#### Capitalization and Liabilities

At December 31,	1907	1996
Capitalization		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock	<b>42,191,792</b>	\$2,160,62
Additional paid-in capital	19,819,604	18,745,71
Retained carnings	28,218,763	26,957,04
Less: Unserned compensation related to restricted stock awarded	(190,886)	(364,52
Unrealized gain on meriotable securities, not	296,872	38,59
Fotal stockholders' equity	50,336,145	47,537,46
Long-term debt, not of current parties	38,226,000	28,984,36
Total capitalization	88,562,145	76,521,83
Current Liebilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	582,500	3,078,48
Short-term borrowings	7,600,000	12,700,00
Accounts payable	12,451,570	14,426,98
Refunds payable to customers	357,041	353,73
Accrued interest	784,533	741,76
Dividends payable	1,092,168	883,62
Other accroed expenses	3,807,484	3,733,23
Total current liabilities	26,675,296	35,917,82
Deferred Credits and Other Liebilities		
Deferred income taxes	11,490,358	9,798,676
Deferred investment tax credits	821,617	876,43
Environmental Hability	4,865,073	6,650,08
Accrued pension costs	1,754,715	1,866,66
Other liabilities	3,209,656	4,414,39
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	22,141,419	23,606,249

(Notes J and II)

Total Capitalization and Liabilities	\$137,378,860	\$136,045,908
Total Capitalization and Lineauties	313/63/600	\$130,043,700

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Operating Revenues	\$122,774,593	\$130,213,409	\$111,795,778
Cost of Sales	77,764,830	82,226,644	65,616,368
Grees Mergin	45,009,763	47,986,765	46,179,410
Operating Expenses			
Operations	21,831,194	22,230,425	20,612,585
Maintenance	2,041,043	2,504,894	2,477,454
Depreciation and amortization	5,396,975	5,504,637	5,802,884
Other taxes	3,853,954	3,689,748	3,194,673
Income taxes	3,327,627	3,947,056	4,025,274
Total operating expenses	36,450,793	37,876,760	36,112,870
Operating Income	8,558,970	10,110,005	10,066,540
Other Income			
Interest income	239,543	249,509	191,845
Other income, net	405,156	177,045	239,687
Income taxes	(216,988)	(83,739)	(105,280
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		115,434	65,198
Total other income	427,711	458,249	391,450
Income Before Interest Charges	8,986,681	10,568,254	10,457,990
Interest Chargas			
Interest on long-term debt	2,347,369	2,392,458	2,282,247
Amortization of debt expense	119,401	120,345	109,399
Other	922,110	514,856	566,320
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(85,145)	(64,320)	(93,482
Total interest charges	3,303,735	2,963,339	2,864,484
Net Income	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Earnings Per Share of Common Stock :			
Basic:	\$1.27	\$1.72	\$1.75
Diluted:	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Operating Activities			
Net Income	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net operating cash:			
Depreciation and amortization	6,090,665	6,148,232	6,246,222
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		(115,434)	(65,198
Investment tax credit adjustments	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815
Deferred income taxes, net	1,437,206	1,794,146	252,727
Employee benefits	(238,826)	471,870	178,803
Employee compensation from lapsing of stock restrictions	173,643	334,745	431,694
Allowance for refund			(1,356,705
Other, net	(286,147)	83,301	(339,061
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	1,400,945	(904,516)	(4,727,364
Other current assets	648,282	(2,141,048)	1,588,675
Other deferred charges	(625,395)	(977,652)	(946,450)
Accounts payable, net	(1,823,912)	1,422,807	3,619,023
Refunds payable to customers	3,307	(613,206)	400,192
Overrecovered (underrecovered) purchased gas costs	518,781	(2,245,544)	162,399
Other current liabilities	(619,668)	396,326	939,750
Net cash provided by operating activities	12,307,012	11,204,127	13,923,378
Investing Activities			
Property, plant and equipment expenditures, not	(12,380,826)	(14,069,116)	(11,666,442)
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		115,434	65,198
Purchases of investments	(36,167)	(129,406)	(38,836)
Not cash used by investing activities	(12,416,993)	(14,063,068)	(11,640,060)
Financing Activities .			
Common stock dividends, net of amounts reinvested of \$382,932,			
\$346,306 and \$304,106 in 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively	(3,829,752)	(3,337,755)	(3,324,376)
Issuance of stock - Dividend Reinvestment Plan optional cash	167,337	208,813	202,835
Issuance of stock Retirement Savings Plan	404,297	349,031	
Net (repayments) borrowings under line of credit agreements	(5,100,000)	7,300,000	(3,197,039)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	9,908,223		10,428,753
Repayment of long-term dubt	(3,098,455)	(823,213)	(5,439,151)
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(1,548,350)	3,696,876	(1,328,978)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,658,331)	817,915	954,320
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Baginning of Your	2,213,529	1,395,614	441,294
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Your	\$555,198	\$2,213,529	\$1,395,614
Supplemental Disciouse of Cash Flow Information			
	\$3,203,709	\$2,831,109	\$2,884,864
Cash paid for interest	\$3,203,709	42,031,103	32,001,001

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Common Stock			
Balance beginning of year	\$2,160,628	\$2,122,212	\$2,096,515
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	15,398	16,514	18,816
USI restricted stock award agreements		10,639	6,881
Conversion of debentures	4,461	429	
Company's Retirement Savings Plan	11,305	9,928	
Exercised stock options		906	
Balance end of year	2,191,792	2,160,628	2,122,212
Additional Paid-in Capital			
Balance — beginning of year	18,745,718	17,489,108	16,731,689
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	529,453	538,607	488,125
USI restricted stock award agreements		344,570	176,029
Sale of treasury stock to Company's			
Retirement Savings Plan			93,265
Conversion of debantures	151,441	14,557	
Company's Retirement Savings Plan	392,992	328,465	
Exercised stock options		30,411	
Balance end of year	19,819,604	18,745,718	17,489,108
Retained Earnings			
Balance beginning of year	26,957,048	23,458,776	19,480,374
Net income	5,682,946	7,604,915	7,593,506
Cash dividends - Chesapeake (C)	(4,341,964)	(3,514,694)	(3,331,972)
Cash dividends Pooled companies	(79,267)	(591,949)	(283,132)
Balance end of year	28,218,763	26,957,048	23,458,776
Treasury Stock (1)			
Unearned Compensation			
Balance beginning of year	(364,529)	(415,107)	(696,679)
issuance of award		(284,167)	(121,343)
Amortization of prior years' awards	173,643	334,745	402,915
Balance end of year	(190,886)	(364,529)	(415,107)
Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Marketable Securities (4)	296,872	38,598	(72,839)
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$50,336,145	\$47,537,463	\$42,582,150

<sup>(1)</sup> The following adjustments have been made to 1995 presentation to reflect the Tri-County pooling of interests: Beginning balances of Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital have been adjusted by \$311,001 and (\$103,314), respectively. Net income as shown in the Retained Earnings section has been adjusted by \$356,811.

See accompanying notes

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<sup>(2)</sup> Dividends per share of common stock were \$.97, \$.93 and \$.90 for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

<sup>(1)</sup> The entire Treasury Stock balance of (\$99,842) was sold to the Company's Retirement Savings Plan during 1995, leaving a zero balance.

<sup>(4)</sup> Net of income tax expense (benefit) of approximately \$190,000, \$25,000 and (\$48,000) for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME TAXES**

or the Years Ended December 31,	1907	1996	1995
urrent Income Tax Expense			
Federal	\$1,916,654	\$1,884,609	\$3,182,346
State	442,563	356,576	621,238
Investment tax credit adjustments, net	(54,815)	(54,815)	(54,815
Total current income tax expense	2,304,402	2,186,370	3,748,769
referred Income Tax Expense			
Property, plant and equipment	1,335,802	581,373	455,151
Deferred gas costs	(204,170)	873,904	(56,915
Pensions and other employee benefits	(19,508)	107,131	57,508
Unbilled revenue	(104,632)	54,320	(260,922
Contributions in aid of construction	(33,028)	(6,979)	(283,033
Environmental expenditures	249,417	108,578	272,068
Allowance for refund		121,671	442,064
Other	16,332	4,427	(244,136
Total deferred income tax expense (1)	1,240,213	1,844,425	381,785
Total Income Tax Expense	\$3,544,615	\$4,030,795	\$4,130,554
econciliation of Effective Income Tax Rates			
Federal income tax expense at 34%	3,171,505	3,956,118	3,986,180
State income taxes, net of Federal benefit	399,213	537,566	546,955
Acquisition of subchapter S Corporation (5)	317,821	(268,211)	(137,800
Other	(343,924)	(194,678)	(264,781
Total income tax expense	\$3,544,615	\$4,030,795	\$4,130,554
Effective income tax rate	38.4%	36.8%	36.3%
or the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	
eferred Income Taxes			
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Property, plant and equipment	\$12,095,782	\$10,716,757	
Deferred gas costs	649,681	853,851	
Other	1,560,988	1,322,272	
Total deferred income tax liabilities	14,306,451	12,892,880	
Deferred income tax assets:			
State operating loss carryforwards	57,303	3,320	
Deferred investment tax credit	403,789	426,565	
Unbilled revenue	968,311	863,679	
Pension and other employee benefits	898,060	917,568	
Self insurance	585,995	545,836	
Other	150,122	495,246	
Total deferred income tax assets	3,063,580	3,252,214	
Deferred Income Taxes Per Consolidated Balance Sheet	\$11,242,871	\$9,640,666	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$208,000, \$392,000 and \$106,000 of deflured state income taxes for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

<sup>(2)</sup> Accounted for as a pooling of interests (see Note B to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

#### A. Summery of Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Business

Chesapeake Utilities Corporation (the "Company") is engaged in natural gas distribution to approximately 35,800 customers located in southern Delaware, Maryland's Eastern Shore and Central Florida. The Company's natural gas transmission subsidiary operates a pipeline from various points in Pennsylvania to the Company's Delaware and Maryland distribution divisions, as well as other utility and industrial customers in Delaware and the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The Company's propose distribution segment serves approximately 34,000 customers in southern Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia. The advanced information services segment provides software services and products to a wide variety of clients.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company ("Eastern Shore"), Sharp Energy, Inc. ("Sharp Energy"), Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. ("Tri-County") and Chesapeake Service Company. Sharp Energy's accounts include those of its wholly owned subsidiary, Sharpgas, Inc. Chesapeake Service Company's accounts include United Systems, Inc. ("USI"), Capital Data Systems, Inc. and Skipjack, Inc. Investments in entities in which the Company owns more than 20 percent but 50 percent or less, are accounted for by the equity method. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### System of Accounts

The natural gas distribution divisions of the Company located in Delaware, Maryland and Florida are subject to regulation by the Delaware, Maryland and Florida Public Service Commissions with respect to their rates for service, maintenance of their accounting records and various other matters. Bastern Shore is subject to regulation by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). The Company's financial statements are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles which give appropriate recognition to the ratemaking and accounting practices and policies of the various commissions. The propage and advanced information services subsidiaries are not subject to regulation with respect to rates or maintenance of accounting records.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's policy is to invest cash in excess of operating requirements in overnight income producing accounts. Such amounts are stated at cost, which approximates market. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

#### Property, Plant, Equipment and Depreciation

Utility property is stated at original cost while the assets of the propose subsidiary are valued at cost. The costs of reper and minor replacements are charged to income as incurred and the costs of major renewals and betterments are capitalized. Upon retirement or disposition of utility property, the recorded cost of removal, net of salvage value, as charged to accumulated depreciation. Upon retirement or disposition of non-utility property, the gain or loss, net of salvage value, is charged to income. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method at rates, which will amortize the unrecovered cost of depreciable property over the estimated useful life. Depreciation and amortization expense for financial statement purposes is provided at an annual rate for each segment averaging 4.73% for natural gas distribution; 3.04% for natural gas transmission and 5.46% for propane distribution. In addition, the annualized rates average 4.73% for gas plant acquisition adjustments, 17.78% for the advanced information services segment and 2.59% for general plant.

#### Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

The allowance for funds used during construction ("AFUDC") is an accounting procedure whereby the cost of borrow ed funds and other funds used to finance construction projects is capitalized as part of utility plant on the balance she et, crediting the cost as a non-cash item on the income statement. The costs of borrowed and equity funds are segregated

between interest expense and other income, respectively. AFUDC was capitalized on utility plant construction at the rates of 5.63%, 9.51% and 7.31% for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

#### **Environmental Regulatory Assets**

Environmental regulatory assets represent amounts related to environmental liabilities for which cash expenditures have not been made. As expenditures are incurred, the environmental liability can be reduced along with the environmental regulatory asset. These amounts are recorded to either environmental expenditures or accumulated depreciation as cost of removal. All amounts incurred are amortized in accordance with the retempting treatment granted in each jurisdiction.

#### Other Deferred Charges and Intangible Assets

Other deferred charges include discount, premium and issuance costs associated with long-term debt and rate case expenses. The discount, premium and issuance costs are deferred, then amortized over the original lives of the respective debt issues. Gains and losses on the reacquisition of debt are amortized over the remaining lives of the original issuance(s). Rate case expenses are deferred, then amortized over periods approved by the applicable regulatory authorities. Intangible assets are associated with the acquisition of non-utility companies, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of five to 40 years. The gross intangible assets were \$2,516,120 and \$1,920,851 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. Accumulated amortization related to intangible assets was \$1,093,905 and \$962,227 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. In addition, the 1997 acquisition of a propane business resulted in the Company acquiring goodwill, a customer list and a non-compete agreement valued at \$437,000, \$108,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

#### Income Taxes and Investment Tax Credit Adjustments

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return. Income tax expense allocated to the Company's subsidiaries is based upon their respective taxable incomes and tax credits.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the tax effect of temporary differences between the financial statements and tax bases of assets and liabilities, and are measured using current effective income tax rates. The portion of the Company's deferred tax liabilities applicable to utility operations which has not been reflected in current service rates represents income taxes recoverable through future rates. Investment tax credits on utility property have been deferred and are allocated to income ratably over the lives of the subject property.

The Company had state tax loss carryforwards of \$796,000 and \$46,000 at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively. The Company expects to use all of the loss carryforwards; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded at December 31, 1997 or 1996. The loss carryforwards expire in 2006 through 2012.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Various items within the balance sheet are considered to be financial instruments because they are cash or are to be settled in cash. The carrying values of these items generally approximate their fair value (see Note C to the Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosure of fair value of investments). The fair value of the Company's long-term debt is estimated using a discounted cash flow methodology. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt at December 31, 1997, including current maturities, is approximately \$40.7 million as compared to a carrying value of \$38.8 million. At December 31, 1996, the estimated fair value was approximately \$30.3 million as compared to a carrying value of \$29.8 million. These estimates are based on published corporate borrowing rates for debt instruments with similar terms and average maturities.

#### Operating Revenues

Revenues for the natural gas distribution divisions of the Company are based on rates approved by the various commissions. Customers' base rates may not be changed without formal approval by these commissions. With the

exception of the Company's Florida division, the Company recognizes revenues from meters read on a monthly cycle basis. This practice results in unbilled and unrecorded revenue from the cycle date through month-end. The Florida division recognizes revenues based on services rendered and records an amount for gas delivered but not billed. The propene segment recognizes revenue for certain customers on a metered basis and all other customers on an as-delivered basis.

The natural gas distribution divisions of the Company have purchased gas adjustment ("PGA") clauses that provide for the adjustment of rates charged to customers as gas costs fluctuate. These amounts are collected or refunded through adjustments to rates in subsequent periods.

The natural gas transmission segment became an open access pipeline on November 1, 1997 with revenues based on rates approved by FERC. Before open access, only portions of revenues were based on rates approved by FERC. In addition, the transmission segment had a PGA clause similar to those in the distribution operations. Since the transmission segment records revenue for service only, the PGA clause no longer applies, now that open access is in effect.

The Company charges flexible rates to the natural gas distribution segment industrial interruptible customers to make natural gas competitive with alternative types of fael. Based on pricing, these customers can choose natural gas or alternative types of supply. Neither the Company nor the customer is contractually obligated to deliver or receive natural gas.

#### Earnings Per Share

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") in February 1997, requiring dual presentation of basic and diluted per share earnings on the face of the income statement. Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. On a diluted basis, both earnings and shares outstanding are adjusted for stock options for each year presented and the assumed conversion of the convertible debentures. The adoption of SFAS No. 128 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements. Prior years' presentations of earnings per share have been restated to conform to the guidelines of SFAS No. 128.

#### CALCULATION OF DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE:

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Reconciliation of Numerator,			
Net Income — basic	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Effect of 8.25% Convertible debentures	204,070	207,825	213,043
Adjusted numerator — diluted	\$5,887,016	\$7,812,740	\$7,806,549
Reconciliation of Denominator;			
Weighted Shares Outstanding — basic	4,472,087	4,412,137	4,336,43
Effect of Dilutive Securities			
8.25% Convertible debentures	238,353	242,742	248,833
Stock options and performance shares *	38,462	22,053	4,487
Adjusted denominator — diluted	4,748,902	4,676,932	4,589,751
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$1.24	\$1.67	\$1.70

The impact of the 95,492 stock options that were granted in 1997 (see Note H to the Consolidated Financial Statements) could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future.

# Certain Rieks and Uncertainties

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Company; therefore, actual results could differ from those estimates. among other things, various future economic factors that are difficult to predict and are beyond the control of the measuring assets and liabilities and related revenue and expenses. These estimates involve judgements with respect to, management to make estimates (see Note I to the Consolidated Financial Statements for significant estimates) in The financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles that require

income statement at that time, resulting in a charge to carnings, not of applicable income taxes. The Company records certain assets and liabilities in accordance with SFAS No. 71. If the Company were required to terminate application of SFAS No. 71 for regulated operations, all such deferred amounts would be recognized in the

# **FASB Statements Issued**

comprehensive income in the full set of financial statements. The Company must adopt the requirements of the standard in its financial statements for the year beginning January 1, 1998. The effect of the adoption of the material impact on the Company's financial st standard pertains primerily to SPAS No. 115 regarding held for sale investments, and is not expected to have a Comprehensive income. In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130 regarding the reporting of

the standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. enterprises to report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requiring that those enterprises report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports to shareholders. The Company will adopt the requirements of this standard in the first quarter of the 1998 fiscal year. The adoption of Segment information. In June 1997, FASB issued SFAS No. 131, establishing standards for public business

# Reclassification of Prior Years' Amounts

Certain prior years' amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation

#### **B. Business Combinations**

In March 1997, the Company acquired all of the outstanding common stock of Tri-County Gas Company, Inc. and associated properties. Tri-County's principal business is the distribution of propane to both retail and wholesale customers in southern Delaware, the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia. Six hundred thirty-nine thousand shares of the Company's common stock were exchanged in the transaction, which was accounted for as a pooling of interests. All prior period consolidated financial statements presented have been restated to include the combined results of operations, financial position and each flows of Tri-County. All material transactions between the Company and Tri-County have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations for the separate companies and the combined amounts are presented in the consolidated financial statements to follow.

	Two months ended February 28, 1997	Year Ended December 31, 1996	Year Ended December 31, 1986
Operating Revenues			
Chesapeake	\$29,690,819	\$119,330,068	\$104,020,416
Tri-County	2,652,910	10.883,341	7,775,362
Combined	\$32,343,729	\$130,213,409	\$111,795,778
Net Income			
Chesaponke	\$2,434,351	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695
Tri-County	265,059	694,487	356,811
Combined	<b>\$2,699,410</b>	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506
Unaudited Pro Forma Net Income *			
Chesapeake	√ N/A	\$6,910,428	\$7,236,695
Tri-County	N/A	426,276	219,011
Combined	N/A	\$7,336,704	\$7,455,706

<sup>\*</sup> Unaudited pro forms not income suffects affectments to not income to record an estimated provision for income taxes, assuming Tri-County was a tax paying entity in 1996 and 1995. During 1997, Tif-County was a C Corporation for federal income tax purposes. Tri-County will be included in the Company's U.S. federal income tax setum, effective March 1997.

#### C. Investments

The investment balance at December 31, 1997 and 1996 consists primarily of the common stock of Florida Public Utilities Company ("FPU"). The Company's ownership at December 31, 1997 and 1996 represents a 7.34% and 7.41% interest, respectively. The Company has classified its investment in FPU as an "Available for Sale" security, which requires that all unrealized gains and losses be excluded from earnings and be reported net of income tax as a separate component of stockholders' equity. At December 31, 1997 and 1996, the market value exceeded the aggregate cost basis of the Company's portfolio by \$486,872 and \$63,598, respectively.

#### D. Lease Obligations

The Company has entered several operating lease arrangements for office space at various locations. Rent expense related to these leases was \$277,000, \$293,000 and \$409,000 for 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. Future minimum payments under the Company's current lease agreements are \$236,000; \$228,000; \$232,000; \$145,000 and \$91,000 for the years of 1998 through 2002, respectively; and \$196,000 thereafter.

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#### E. Segment Information

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Operating Revenues, Uneffiliated Customers			
Natural gas distribution	\$75,940,968	\$74,904,100	\$54,120,280
Natural gas transmission	12,164,369	15,188,752	24,984,767
Propane distribution	26,994,404	33,179,114	25,345,696
Advanced information services	7,636,407	6,903,246	7,307,413
Other	38,445	38,197	37,622
Total operating revenues, unaffiliated customers	\$122,774,593	\$130,213,409	\$111,795,778
Intersegment Revenues *			
Natural gas distribution	\$18,970	\$12,232	\$5,095
Natural gas transmission	19,282,359	21,543,352	16,663,043
Propane distribution	52,230	2,059	139,052
Advanced information services	149,602	326,913	1,554,490
Other	523,007	332,512	349,508
Total intersegment revenues	\$20,026,168	\$22,217,068	\$18,711,196
Operating Income Before Income Texase			
Natural gas distribution	\$5,498,471	\$7,167,237	\$4,728,348
Natural gas transmission	3,721,148	2,458,442	6,083,440
Propone distribution	1,063,554	2,814,958	2,252,165
Advanced information services	1,045,912	1,056,201	1,061,309
Other	524,785	406,632	215,146
Total	11,853,870	13,903,470	14,340,408
Add (Less): Eliminations	32,727	153,591	(248,594
Total operating income before income taxes	\$11,886,597	\$14,057,061	\$14,091,814
Depreciation and Amortization			
Natural gas distribution	\$3,076,654	\$2,907,831	\$2,468,141
Natural gas transmission	892,258	697,834	638,099
Propene distribution	1,204,968	1,681,588	1,629,971
Advanced information services	122,081	131,877	969,587
Other	101,014	85,507	97,086
Total depreciation and amortization	\$5,396,975	\$5,504,637	\$5,802,884
Capital Expanditures		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Natural gas distribution	\$5,826,065	\$6,472,459	\$7,424,489
Natural gas transmission	3,286,860	5,567,509	1,335,793
Propune distribution	2,820,166	2,189,368	2,427,773
Advanced information services	277,015	162,189	114,461
Other	559,043	445,916	1,584,813
Total capital expenditures	\$12,769,149	\$14,837,441	\$12,887,329
Identifiable Assets, at December 31,			
Natural gas distribution	\$78,732,860	\$77,426,232	\$72,256,841
Natural gas transmission	24,781,292	23,981,989	19,292,524
Propane distribution	24,209,693	25,009,751	22,723,647
Advanced information services	1,751,192	1,496,419	1,635,100
Other	7,903,823	8,131,517	7,430,616
Total identifiable assets	\$137,378,860	\$136,045,908	\$123,338,728

All significant interperment revenues have been aliminated from consolidated revenues.

#### F. Long-term Debt

The outstanding long-term debt, not of current maturities, is as follows:

At December 31,	1997	1986	
First mortgage sinking fund bonds:			
Adjustable rate Series Go, due January 1, 1998	\$ 0	\$ 62,500	
9.37% Series I, due December 15, 2004	4,300,000	4,820,000	
12.00% Mortgage, due Pebruary 1, 1998		14,868	
8.25% Convertible debentures, due March 1, 2014	3,926,000	4,087,000	
Uncollateralized Senior notes:			
7.97% note, due February 1, 2008	10,000,000	10,000,000	
6 91% note, due October 1, 2010	10,000,000	10,000,000	
6.85% note, due Jennety 1, 2012	10,000,000		
Total long-term debt	\$38,226,000	\$28,984,368	

<sup>\*</sup> The Series G bonds are subject to an interest rate equal to seventy-three percent (73%) of the prime rate (8.50% and 8.25% at December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively).

Annual maturities of consolidated long-town debt for the next five years are as follows: \$582,500 for 1996, \$1,520,000 for 1999 and \$2,665,091 for the years 2000 through 2002.

On December 15, 1997, the Company issued \$10 million of 6.85% senior notes due January 1, 2012. The Company used the proceeds to repay a portion of the Company's short-term borrowing.

The convertible debentures may be converted, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$17.01 per share. During 1997, \$156,000 in debentures were converted. The debentures are redeemable at the option of the holder, subject to an annual non-cumulative maximum limitation of \$200,000 in the aggregate. As of December 31, 1997, no debentures have been accepted for redemption in 1998. At the Company's option, the debentures may be redeemed at the stated amounts.

Indentures to the long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries contain various restrictions. The most stringent restrictions state that the Company must maintain equity of at least 40% of total capitalization, the times interest earned ratio must be at least 2.5 and the Company cannot, until the retirement of its Series I bonds, pay any dividends after December 31, 1988 which exceed the sum of \$2,135,188 plus consolidated not income recognized on or after January 1, 1989. As of December 31, 1997, the amounts available for future dividends permitted by the Series I covenant approximated \$14.6 million.

A portion of the natural gas distribution plant assets owned by the Company are subject to a lien under the mortgage pursuant to which the Company's first mortgage sinking fund bonds are issued.

#### G. Short-term Borrowing

Section Section 5

The Board of Directors has authorized the Company to borrow up to \$20.0 million from various bank and trust companies. As of December 31, 1997, the Company had four unsecured bank lines of credit totaling \$34.0 million, none of which required compensating balances. Under these lines of credit at December 31, 1997 and 1996, the Company had short-term debt outstanding of \$7.6 million and \$12.7 million, respectively, with a weighted average interest rate of 5.63% and 6.12%, respectively.

#### H. Common Stock, Additional Paid-in Capital and Treesury Stock

The following is a schedule of changes in the Company's shares of common stock.

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995 (1)
Common Stock: Shares leaved and outstanding (2)			
Balance - beginning of year	4,439,516	4,360,589	4,307,79
Dividend Reinvestment Plan (9)	32,169	33.926	38.66
Sale of stock to Company's Retirement Sevings Plan	23,228	20.398	
USI restricted stock award agreements		21,859	14.13
Conversion of debentures	9.166	88!	14,15
Exercised stock aptions	2,100	1,863	
Belance - and alyest	4,504,079	4,479,516	4,360,58

<sup>(1)</sup> The 1995 beginning balance of 4,307,791 has been restated to include 639,000 shares of Common Stock that were issued to effect the business combination with Tri-County.

At the beginning of 1995, the Company had 15,609 shares of common stock held in treasury. During 1995, all of these were sold to the Company's retirement sevings plan.

Certain key USI employees entered into restricted stock award agreements under which shares of Chesapeake common stock can be issued. Shares were awarded as a non-cash transaction over a five-year period beginning in 1992, and restrictions lapse over a five to tem-year period from the award date, if certain financial targets are met. At December 31, 1997 and 1996, respectively, 12,515 and 24,350 shares valued at \$190,886 and \$364,529 remain restricted.

The Performance Incentive Plan, which was adopted in 1992, provides for the granting of stock options to certain officers of the Company over a 10-year period. In November 1994, the Company executed Tandem Stock Option and Performance Share Agreements ("Agreements") with certain executive officers. These Agreements provide the participants an option to purchase shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable in cumulative installments of one-third on each anniversary of the commencement of the award period. The Agreements also enable the participants the right to earn performance shares upon the Company's achievement of the performance goals set forth in the Agreements. During the three-year period ended December 31, 1997, the aforementioned performance goals were achieved. Following the approval of the Board of Directors on February 27, 1998, the Company issued 44,081 performance shares. Forty-four thousand ninety-six stock options expired upon the issuance of the performance shares on February 27. In 1997, the Company recorded \$415,681 to recognize the compensation expense associated with the performance shares. Changes in outstanding options were as follows:

	1997		1906		1905	
	Number of shares	Option Price	Number of shares	Option price	Number of shares	Option Price
Balance - beginning of year	113,051	\$12.625 - \$12.75	125,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75	136,186	\$12,625 - \$12.75
Options granted	95,492	\$20.50				
Options exercised			(12,135)	\$12.75		
Options forfeind					(11,000)	\$12.625
Balance - end of year	208,543	\$12.625 - \$20.50	113,051	\$12.625 - \$12.75	125,186	\$12.625 - \$12.75
Exercisable	96,063	\$12.625 - \$12.75	83,114	\$12.625 - \$12.75	80,280	\$12.75

<sup>(2) 12,000,000</sup> shares are authorized at a per value of \$.4067 per share.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes dividends and relevented optional cash payments.

In December 1997, the Company granted stock options to certain executive officers of the Company. As required by SFAS No. 123, 1997 pro forms not income as if fair value based accounting had been used to account for the stock-based compensation costs is \$5,679,603. Pro forms basic and diluted earnings per share are \$1.27 and \$1.24, respectively. Pro forms disclosures for 1997 are not likely to be representative of future effects of reported net income. The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in 1997: dividend yield of 4.73%; expected volatility of 15.53%; risk-free interest rate of 5.89%; and expected lives of four years.

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#### I. Employee Benefit Plans

#### Pension Plan

The Company sponsors a defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all of its employees. Benefits under the plan are based on each participant's years of service and highest average compensation. The Company's funding policy provides that payments to the trustee shall be equal to the minimum funding requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

#### **Pension Cost**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1997	1996	1995
Service cost	\$680,192	\$656,985	\$474,000
Interest cost	732,188	658,238	562,003
Actual return on assets	(2,427,768)	(1,142,287)	(1,546,325)
Net amortization and deferral	1,421,028	2 <del>69</del> ,135	689,947
Total net pension cost	405,640	442,071	179,625
Amounts capitalized as construction cost	(33,942)	(38,860)	(30,740)
Amount charged to expense	\$371,698	\$403,211	\$143,885

The following schedule sets forth the funding status of the pension plan at December 31, 1997 and 1996.

#### **Accrued Pension Cost**

At December 31,	1997	1906
Vested	\$7,615,194	\$6,834,661
Non-vested	123,255	139,483
Total accumulated benefit obligation	\$7,738,449	\$6,974,144
Plan assets at fair value	\$13,592,699	\$10,720,514
Projected benefit obligation	(11,534,355)	(10,265,987)
Plan assets less projected benefit obligation	2,058,344	454,527
Unrecognized net gain	(4,038,679)	(2,820,957)
Unamortized net assets from adoption of SFAS No. \$7	(198,326)	(141,579)
Accrued pension cost	(\$2,178,661)	(\$2,508,009)
Assumptions:		
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%
Average increase in future compensation levels	4.75%	4.75%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets	8.50%	8.50%

#### Other Post-retirement Benefits

The Company sponsors a defined benefit post-retirement health care and life insurance plan that covers substantially all natural gas and corporate employees. The Company had deferred approximately \$126,000, which represented the

difference between the Maryland division's SFAS No. 106 expense and its actual pay-as-you-go cost. The amount is being amortized over five years starting in 1995. The unamortized balance is \$78,000 at December 31, 1997.

#### **Post-retirement Cost**

For the Years Ended December 31,	1907	1986	1905
Service cost	\$3,287	\$2,820	\$1,827
Interest cost on APBO	60,221	54,651	59,706
Amortization of transition obligation over 20 years	29,413	27,859	27,859
Net periodic poet-retirement benefit cost	92,921	85,330	89,392
Amount capitalized as construction cost	(16,274)	(16,674)	(14,010
Amount amortized (deferred)	25,254	25,254	(20,561
Amount charged to expense	\$101,901	\$93,912	\$54,821

**Accrued Post-retirement Linklith** 

At December 31,	1997	1996
Accumulated post-retirement benefit shilystion:		
Retirees	\$621,203	\$567,599
Fully eligible active employees	145,356	137,378
Other active	102,340	86,894
Total accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation	868,899	791,871
Unrecognized transition obligation	(245,154)	(273,013)
Unrecognized net (loss) gain 👙 . 41	(147,422)	(67,155
Accrued post-retirement lightlity	\$476,323	\$451,703
Assumption:		
Discount rate	7.25%	7.25%

The health care inflation rate for 1997 is assumed to be 9.5%. This rate is projected to gradually decrease to an ultimate rate of 5% by the year 2007. A one percentage point increase in the health care inflation rate from the assumed rate would increase the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation by approximately \$98,650 as of January 1, 1998, and would increase the aggregate of the service cost and interest cost components of net periodic post-retirement benefit cost for 1998 by approximately \$8,293.

#### **Retirement Savings Plan**

The Company sponsors a Retirement Savings Plan, a 401(k) plan ("Plan"), that provides participants a mechanism for making contributions for retirement savings. Each participant may make pre-tax contributions based upon eligible compensation. The Company makes a contribution equal to 60% or 100% of each participant's pre-tax contributions, not to exceed 6%, of the participant's eligible compensation for the plan year. The Company's contributions totaled \$404,406, \$353,350 and \$301,794 for the years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. As of December 31, 1997, there are 56,374 shares reserved to fund future contributions to the Plan.

#### J. Environmental Commitments and Contingencies

The Company currently is participating in the investigation, assessment or remediation of three former gas manufacturing plant sites located in different jurisdictions, including the exploration of corrective action options to remove environmental contaminants. The Company has accrued liabilities for two of these sites, the Dover Gas Light and Salisbury Town Gas Light sites.

The Dover site's remediation costs are estimated at \$4.2 million in the Record of Decision ("ROD") issued by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") in January 1998. The Company and General Public Utilities Corporation, Inc. ("GPU") were ordered by the EPA to fund or implement the ROD. During 1998, the Company will commence with the design phase. The Company has adjusted the liability associated with the Dover site from \$6.0 million to \$4.2 million. The Company has also recorded a regulatory asset in the same amount. The previous accrual of \$6.0 million was based on the original Record of Decision issued by the EPA in 1994.

The Company initiated litigation against one of the other potentially responsible parties for contribution to the remedial costs incurred by Chesapeake in connection with complying with the ROD. At this time, management cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the amount of proceeds to be received, if any. Management believes that the Company will be equitably entitled to contribution from other responsible parties for a portion of the expenses to be incurred in connection with the remedies selected in the ROD. Management also believes that the amounts not so contributed will be recoverable in the Company's rates.

In cooperation with the Maryland Department of the Environment ("MDE"), in 1996 the Company completed construction and began remediation procedures at the Salisbury site. In addition, the Company began quarterly reporting of the remediation and monitoring results to the MDE. The Company has established a liability with respect to the Salisbury site of \$665,000 as of December 31, 1997. This amount is based on the estimated operating costs of the remediation facilities. A corresponding regulatory asset has been recorded, reflecting the Company's belief that costs incurred will be recoverable in rates.

Portions of the liability payouts for the Dover and Salisbury sites are expected to be over 30 and five-year periods, respectively. In addition, the Company has a site located in the state of Florida, which is currently being evaluated. At this time, no estimate of liability can be made. It is management's opinion that any unrecovered current costs and any other future costs incurred will be recoverable through future rates or sharing arrangements with other responsible parties.

At December 31,	1907	1996
Environmental Costs Incurred		
Delaware	\$5,317,380	\$4,423,843
Maryland	2,368,168	2,187,810
Florida	692,391	660,828
Total costs incurred	8,377,939	7,272,481
Less: Amounts, net of insurance proceeds, which have been approved for ratemaking treatment	(\$7,319,496)	(6,396,108)
Amounts pending ratemaking recovery	\$1,058,443	\$876,373

#### K. Commitments and Contingencies FERC PGA

In the third quarter of 1995, Eastern Shore reached a settlement with the FERC pertaining to Eastern Shore's PGA methodology. Accordingly, Eastern Shore reversed a large portion of the estimated liability that had been accrued. This reversal contributed \$1,385,000 to pre-tax earnings, or \$833,000 to after-tax earnings, for the period.

#### Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is involved in certain legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. The Company is also involved in certain legal and administrative proceedings before various governmental agencies concerning rates. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company.

#### L. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

In the opinion of the Company, the quarterly financial information abown below includes all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the operations for such periods. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, there are substantial variations in operations reported on a quarterly basis.

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For the Quarters Ended:	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
1997				
Operating Revenue	\$43,645,111	\$24,805,428	\$19,910,307	\$34,413,740
Operating Income	\$4,104,438	\$1,409,752	\$25,177	\$3,019,603
Net Income	\$3,366,113	\$692,841	(\$739,193)	\$2,363,185
Earnings per share:  Basic Diluted	\$0.76 \$0.72	\$0.16 \$0.15	(\$0.17) (\$0.17)	\$0.53 \$0.51
1996	J.			
Operating Revenue	\$49,026,542	\$25,213,979	\$19,637,074	\$36,335,814
Operating Income .	\$6,667,499	\$1,084,392	(\$160,422)	\$2,518,536
Net Income	\$6,000,157	\$486,311	(\$747,779)	\$1,866,226
Earnings per share:				
Basic	* \$1.37	\$0.11	(\$0.17)	\$0.42
Diluted	\$1.30	\$0.11	(\$0.17)	\$0.41

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure None

#### PART III

#### item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information pertaining to the Directors of the Company is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Information Regarding the Board of Directors and Nominees", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

The information required by this item with respect to executive officers is, pursuant to instruction 3 of paragraph (b) of Item 401 of Regulation S-K, set forth in Item 10 of Part I of this Form 10-K under "Executive Officers of the Registrant."

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation

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This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Report on Executive Compensation", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filed on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

This information is incorporated herein by reference to the Proxy Statement, under "Beneficial Ownership of the Company's Securities", dated and to be filled on or before March 30, 1998 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting to be held on May 19, 1998.

#### PART N

### Item 14. Financial Statements, Financial Statement Schedules, and Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K (a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:

- 1. Financial Statements:
  - Accountants' Report dated February 12, 1998 of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P., Independent Accountants
  - Consolidated Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995
  - Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 1997 and December 31, 1996
  - Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996
     and 1995
  - Consolidated Statements of Common Stockholders' Equity for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995
  - Consolidated Statements of Income Taxes for each of the three years ended December 31, 1997, 1996 and 1995
  - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
- 2. The following additional information for the years 1997, 1996 and 1995 is submitted herewith:
  - Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other schedules are omitted because they are not required, are inapplicable or the information is otherwise shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

#### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

None.

#### (c) Exhibits

- Exhibit 2(a) Agreement and Plan of Merger by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and Tri-County Gas
  Company, Inc., filed on the Company's Form 8-K, File No. 001-11590 on January 13, 1997, is
  incorporated herein by reference.
- Exhibit 3(a) Amended Certificate of Incorporation of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1995, File No. 001-11590.
- Exhibit 3(b) Amended Bylaws of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, effective July 11, 1997, are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1997, File No. 001-11590.
- Exhibit 4(a) Form of Indenture between the Company and Boatmen's Trust Company, Trustee, with respect to the 8 1/4% Convertible Debentures is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-2, Reg. No. 33-26582, filed on January 13, 1989.

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- Exhibit 4(b)

  Note Agreement dated February 9, 1993, by and between the Company and Massachusetts Mutual
  Life Insurance Company and MML Pension Insurance Company, with respect to \$10 million of
  7.97% Unsecured Senior Notes due February 1, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit
  4 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992, File No.
  0-593.
- Exhibit 4(c) Directors Stock Compensation Plan adopted by Chesapeake Utilities Corporation in 1995 is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 17, 1995 in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting held in May 1995.
- Exhibit 4(d) Note Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company on October 2, 1995, pursuant to which the Company privately placed \$10 million of its 6.91% Senior Notes due in 2010, is not being filed herewith, in accordance with Item 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to furnish a copy of that agreement to the Commission upon request.
- Exhibit 4(e) Note Purchase Agreement entered into by the Company on December 15, 1997, pursuant to which the Company privately placed \$10.million of its 6.85 senior notes due 2012, is not being filed herewith, in accordance with Item 601(b)(4)(iii) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to furnish a copy of that agreement to the Commission upon request.
- Exhibit 10(a) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(b) Service Agreement dated November 1, 1989, by and between Columbia Gas Transmission Corporation and Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(c) Service Agreement for General Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas
  Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to
  Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990,
  File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(d) Service Agreement for Preferred Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Florida Gas
  Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to
  Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990,
  File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(e) Service Agreement for Firm Transportation Service dated November 1, 1989, by and between Flor In Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(f) Form of Service Agreement for Interruptible Sales Services dated May 11, 1990, by and between Florida Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhi! it 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990, File No. 0-593.

- Exhibit 10(g) Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated February 23, 1990, by and between Florida Gas
  Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference to
  Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990,
  Pile No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(h)
  Interruptible Transportation Service Agreement dated November 30, 1990, by and between Florida
  Gas Transmission Company and Chesapeake Utilities Corporation, is incorporated herein by reference
  to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990,
  File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(i) Executive Employment Agreement dated March 26, 1997, by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each Ralph J. Adkins and John R. Schimkaitis is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 1997, File No. 001-11590.
- Exhibit 10(j) Form of Performance Share Agreement dated January 1, 1998, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each of Ralph J. Adkins and John R. Schimkaitis is filed herewith.
- Exhibit 10(k) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Cash Bouus Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991, File No. 0-593.
- Exhibit 10(I) Chesapeake Utilities Corporation Performance Incentive Plan dated January 1, 1992, is incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Proxy Statement dated April 20, 1992, in connection with the Company's Annual Meeting held on May 19, 1992.
- Exhibit 10(m) Form of Stock Option Agreement dated January 1, 1998, pursuant to Chesapeake Utilities Corporation
  Performance Incentive Plan by and between Chesapeake Utilities Corporation and each of Michael
  P. McMasters, Stephen C. Thompson, William C. Boyles, Philip S. Barefoot, Jeremy D. West,
  William P. Schneider and James R. Schneider, is filed herewith.
- Exhibit 12 Computation of Ratio of Barning to Fixed Charges, filed herewith.

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- Exhibit 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant, filed herewith.
- Exhibit 23 Consent of Independent Accountants, filed herewith.

#### BIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Chesapeake Utilities Corporation has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

#### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION

y: " /W RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 20, 1998

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

/S/ RALPH J. ADKINS

Ralph J. Adkins, Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ JOHN R. SCHIMKAITIS

John R. Schimkaitis, President,

Chief Operating Officer and Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ MICHAEL P. MCMASTERS

Michael P. McMasters, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ RICHARD BERNSTEIN

Richard Bernstein, Director

Date: March 20,1998

/S/ WALTER J. COLEMAN

Walter J. Coleman, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ JOHN W. JARDINE, JR.

John W. Jardine, Jr., Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ RUDOLPH M. PEINS, JR.

Rudolph M. Peins, Jr., Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ ROBERT F. RIDER

Robert F. Rider, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ JEREMIAH P. SHEA

Jeremiah P. Shea, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

/S/ WILLIAM G. WARDEN, III

William G. Warden, III, Director

Date: March 20, 1998

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1997, 1996 AND 1995

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COLUMN A	COLUMN B	COLUMN C			COLUMN D	COLUMN E
,		— Add	tions			
\$ - 2, 4	,. ix <b>Relence at</b>	Charged to	Charged to			Balance at
	Beginning	Costs and	Other			End
Description	of Period	Expense	Accounts		Deductions	of Period
Valuation accounts deducted from asso	ts -					
to which they apply for doubtful	2 12					
accounts receivable:	k to the					
1997		\$203,624	\$68,038	(B)	(\$332,299) (A)	\$331,775
1996	\$309,955	\$364,622	\$55,631	(B)	(\$33,7,796) (A)	\$392,412
1995	\$202,152	\$328,012	\$43,151	<b>(B)</b>	(\$263,360) (A)	\$309,955

#### Notes:

<sup>(</sup>A) Uncollectible accounts charged off.

<sup>(</sup>B) Recoveries.

## CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT 12 COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

	For the Years Ended December 31,				
	1997	1986	1995		
Income from continuing operations	\$5,682,946	\$7,604,915	\$7,593,506		
Add:					
Income taxes	3,599,430	4,085,610	3,865,179		
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	140,491	129,223	182,211		
Interest on indebtedness	3,269,479	2,907,314	2,348,567		
Amortization of debt discount and expense	119,401	120,345	109,399		
Earnings as adjusted	\$12,811,747	\$14,847,407	\$14,598,862		
Fixed Charges					
Portion of rents representative of interest factor	\$140,491	\$129,223	\$182,211		
Interest on indebtedness	3,269,479	2,907,314	2,848,567		
Amortization of debt discount and expense	119,401	120,345	109,399		
Fixed Charges	\$3,529,371	\$3,156,882	\$3,140,177		
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	3.43	4.70	4.65		

### CHESAPEAKE UTILITIES CORPORATION EXHIBIT 21 SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Subsidiaries

Eastern Shore Natural Gas Company
Sharp Energy, Inc.
Chesapeake Services Company
United Systems, Inc.
Tri-County Gas Company, Inc.
Eastern Shore Real Estate

State Incorporated

Delaware
Delaware
Delaware
Georg.ia
Maryland
Maryland

Subsidiary of Eastern Shere Natural Gas Company

Dover Exploration Company

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Subsidiaries of Sharp Energy, Inc. Sharpgia, Inc. Sharpoil, Inc. State Incorporated

Delaware

Delaware

State Incorporated
Delaware

Subsidiaries of Cheseneake Service Company
Skipjack, Inc.
Capital Data Systems, Inc.
Currin and Associates, Inc.
Chesapeake Investment Company

State Incorporated
Delaware
North Carolina
North Carolina
Delaware

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Prospectuses of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation on Form S-2 (File No. 33-26582), Form S-3 (File Nos. 33-28391 and 33-64671) and Form S-8 (File No. 33-301175) of our report dated February 12, 1998 on our audits of the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated financial statement schedules of Chesapeake Utilities Corporation as of December 31, 1997 and 1996 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1997 included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Baltimore, Maryland March 23, 1998 Upon written request,
Chesapeake will provide, without
charge, a copy of any exhibit to
Chesapeake's Annual Report on
Form 10-K not included herewith.