UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT ORIGINAL Western District of Texas

Bankruptcy Case No.: 02 - 50080

Chapter No.: 7

Judge: Ronald B. King

IN RE: Home Owners Long Distance Incorporated, Debtor(s)

Florida Public Service Comm. 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

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ORDER FIXING LAST DATE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM, COMBINED WITH NOTICE THEREOF

Notice having been previously given that creditors of the above-named debtors were not required to file proofs of claim, and it now appearing that a possible dividend may be declared for creditors at a later date, it is ORDERED, AND NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN THAT

is hereby fixed as the last date for filing of proofs of claim by any creditor of the above-named debtors who desires to have his claim allowed so that he may share in any distribution to be paid from the estate. A proof of claim filed by a governmental unit is timely filed if it is filed not later than 180 days after the date of the order for relief. Creditors and governmental units must file a claim, whether or not they are included in the list of creditors filed by the debtors, no later than the date above fixed or their claim will not be allowed, except as otherwise provided by law. Claims may be filed in the office of the undersigned Clerk on an official form prescribed for proofs of claim obtainable from most legal stationery stores or from the office of the Clerk****.

You are further notified that if a distribution is to be declared for creditors, it will not be made until conclusion of the administration of this estate by the trustee. At a later date, you will be given notice of, and an opportunity to object to, the trustee's final report and accounting.

MAIL ORIGINAL PROOF OF CLAIM TO:

MAIL COPY OF PROOF OF CLAIM TO:

U. S. Bankruptcy Court U. S. BANKRUPTCY COURT P.O. BOX 1439 SAN ANTONIO, TX 78295-1439 Jose C Rodriguez

111 W Ashby Place San Antonio, TX 78212

**** ANY CLAIMANT WHO HAS PREVIOUSLY FILED A CLAIM IN THESE PROCEEDINGS IS NOT REQUIRED TO RE-FILE SAME AND MAY DISREGARD THIS NOTICE.

AUSDated: 02/06/02
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Lawrence T. Bick

Clerk, U. S. Bankruptcy Court

DOCUMENT NUMBER - DATE

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FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.

this claim (attach copy of power of attorney, if any):

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In particular types of cases or circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases that are not filed voluntarily by a debtor, there may be exceptions to these general rules.

--- DEFINITIONS ---

Debtor

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The person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case is called the debtor.

Creditor

A creditor is any person, corporation, or other entity to whom the debtor owed a debt on the date that the bankruptcy case was filed.

Proof of Claim

A form telling the bankruptcy court how much the debtor owed a creditor at the time the bankruptcy case was filed (the amount of the creditor's claim). This form must be filed with the clerk of the bankruptcy court where the bankruptcy case was filed.

Secured Claim

A claim is a secured claim to the extent that the creditor has a lien on property of the debtor (collateral) that gives the creditor the right to be paid from that property before creditors who do not have liens on the property.

Examples of liens are a mortgage on real estate and a security interest in a car, truck, boat, television set, or other item of property. A lien may have been obtained through a court proceeding before the bankruptcy case began; in some states a court judgment is a lien. In addition, to the extent a creditor also owes money to the debtor (has a right of setoff), the creditor's claim may be a secured claim. (See also *Unsecured Claim*.)

Unsecured Claim

If a claim is not a secured claim it is an unsecured claim. A claim may be partly secured and partly unsecured if the property on which a creditor has a lien is not worth enough to pay the creditor in full.

Unsecured Priority Claim

Certain types of unsecured claims are given priority, so they are to be paid in bankruptcy cases before most other unsecured claims (if there is sufficient money or property available to pay these claims). The most common types of priority claims are listed on the proof of claim form. Unsecured claims that are not specifically given priority status by the bankruptcy laws are classified as *Unsecured Nonpriority Claims*.

Items to be completed in Proof of Claim form (if not already fitled in)

Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number:

Fill in the name of the federal judicial district where the bankruptcy case was filed (for example, Central District of California), the name of the debtor in the bankruptcy case, and the bankruptcy case number. If you received a notice of the case from the court, all of this information is near the top of the notice.

Information about Creditor:

Complete the section giving the name, address, and telephone number of the creditor to whom the debtor owes money or property, and the debtor's account number, if any. If anyone else has already filed a proof of claim relating to this debt, if you never received notices from the bankruptcy court about this case, if your address differs from that to which the court sent notice, or if this proof of claim replaces or changes a proof of claim that was already filed, check the appropriate box on the form.

1. Basis for Claim:

Check the type of debt for which the proof of claim is being filed. If the type of debt is not listed, check "Other" and briefly describe the type of debt. If you were an employee of the debtor, fill in your social security number and the dates of work for which you were not paid.

2. Date Debt Incurred:

Fill in the date when the debt first was owed by the debtor.

3. Court Judgments:

If you have a court judgment for this debt, state the date the court entered the judgment.

4. Total Amount of Claim at Time Case Filed:

Fill in the total amount of the entire claim. If interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of the claim are included, check the appropriate place on the form and attach an itemization of the interest and charges.

5. Secured Claim:

Check the appropriate place if the claim is a secured claim. You must state the type and value of property that is collateral for the claim, attach copies of the documentation of your lien, and state the amount past due on the claim as of the date the bankruptcy case was filed. A claim may be partly secured and partly unsecured. (See DEFINITIONS, above).

6. Unsecured Priority Claim:

Check the appropriate place if you have an unsecured priority claim, and state the amount entitled to priority. (See DEFINITIONS, above). A claim may be partly priority and partly nonpriority if, for example, the claim is for more than the amount given priority by the law. Check the appropriate place to specify the type of priority claim.

7. Credits:

By signing this proof of claim, you are stating under oath that in calculating the amount of your claim you have given the debtor credit for all payments received from the debtor.

8. Supporting Documents:

You must attach to this proof of claim form copies of documents that show the debtor owes the debt claimed or, if the documents are too lengthy, a summary of those documents. If documents are not available, you must attach an explanation of why they are not available.

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DISTRIBUTION CENTER

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