#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Application for Increase in Wastewater Rates in Monroe County by KW Resort Utilities Corp.

DOCKET NO. 070293-SU

Filed: December 17, 2007

#### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

OF

#### KIMBERLY H. DISMUKES

# ON BEHALF OF OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED
7-14-08

Respectfully Submitted,

J. R. Kelly Public Counsel

Office of Public Counsel c/o the Florida Legislature 111 West Madison Street Room 812 Tallahassee, FL 32399-1400

(850) 488-9330

Attorney for the Citizens of the State of Florida

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1 2 3	DECLASSIFIE
4 5 6	TABLE OF CONTENTS
7 8	I. Introduction
9	II. Summary of Recommendations
10	III. Overview of Company Filing
11	IV. Affiliate Transactions
12	V. Monroe County Issues
13	VI. Other Rate Base Adjustments
14	VII. Revenue/Billing Issues 57
15	VIII. Expense Adjustments
16	IX. Staff Audit Adjustments99
17	X. Revenue Requirement102
18	
19	

1	<u>I.</u>	Introduction DECLASSIFIEI
2	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS?
4	A.	Kimberly H. Dismukes, 6455 Overton Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808.
5	Q.	BY WHOM AND IN WHAT CAPACITY ARE YOU EMPLOYED?
6	A.	I am a partner in the firm of Acadian Consulting Group, which specializes in the
7		field of public utility regulation. I have been retained by the Office of the Public
8		Counsel ("OPC") on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida to analyze the
9		application of KW Resort Utilities, Corp. ("KWRU" or the "Company" or the
10		"Utility") for increased rates for its wastewater system in Monroe County, Florida
11		("County").
12	Q.	DO YOU HAVE AN APPENDIX THAT DESCRIBES YOUR
13		QUALIFICATIONS IN REGULATION?
14	A.	Yes. Appendix I, attached to my testimony, was prepared for this purpose.
15	Q.	DO YOU HAVE AN EXHIBIT IN SUPPORT OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
16	A.	Yes. Exhibit No. KHD-1 contains 16 schedules that support my testimony.
17	Q.	HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?
18	A.	My testimony is organized into 10 sections. Section one is an introduction.
19		Section two summarizes my recommendations. The background of the proceeding
20		is discussed in section three, followed by an examination of the Company's
21		affiliates in section four. Section five addresses the Company's agreements and
22		transactions with Monroe County, Florida. Section six discusses adjustments to
23		rate base. My recommended adjustments to the Utility's revenue and expenses are

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1		detailed in sections seven and eight, respectively. In section nine I discuss the
2		Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC") Staff's audit adjustments. Finally,
3		in section ten I present the revenue requirement resulting from the adjustments
4		that have been proposed by the Citizens' witnesses thus far in this proceeding.
5	Q.	WHO ARE THE WITNESSES FOR THE OPC IN THIS PROCEEDING?
6	A.	The Citizens are sponsoring two witnesses. I am testifying on revenue
7		requirement issues. Mr. Andrew Woodcock is testifying on engineering issues.
8	<u>II.</u>	Summary of Recommendations
9 10	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS?
11	A.	Yes. Schedule 1 of my exhibit sets forth each of the adjustments that I
12		recommend. As shown on this Schedule, the revenue requirement impact of
13		these adjustments produces a rate reduction of \$827,062. This compares to the
14		Company's requested rate increase of \$601,684.
15		My analysis indicates that the Company's expenses are overstated due in
16		part to its relationship with its affiliates, inappropriate marks-ups for direct costs
17		from affiliates, the overstatement of costs associated with the upgrade to
18		Advanced Wastewater Treatment (AWT) at the South Stock Island facility,
19		excessive travel charges from the owner of the Utility, inclusion of inappropriate
20		public relations expenses and the inclusion of abnormally high expenses in the
21		test year.
22		My examination also shows that the Company's rate base is overstated
23		due to inappropriate charges to the South Stock Island facility and the AWT plant

1		related to unsupported and undocumented payments to affiliates of the Utility. In
2		addition, Mr. Woodcock has found the Company's treatment facilities to be only
3		72.14% used and useful.
4		Test year revenue is understated because the Company failed to include
5		revenue related to services provided to Monroe County and it understated rent
6		revenue.
7 8 9	III. Q.	Overview of Company Filing  WOULD YOU PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE
0		PROPOSED RATE INCREASE IN THIS PROCEEDING?
1	A.	KWRU is a Class A Utility providing wastewater service to approximately 1,556
2		customers in Key West, Florida. In the instant application the Company proposes
3		to increase wastewater revenue by \$601,684, representing an increase of 58%.
4		According to the Company, KWRU has not sought full rate relief since
15		1985. However, they have availed themselves of the Commission's pass-through
6		and indexing increases. The Company's proposed test year is the historic year
7		ending December 2006.
8	Q.	WHAT DOES THE COMPANY CLAIM ARE THE REASONS FOR THE
9		REQUESTED RATE INCREASE?
20	A.	KWRU claims that its rate request is driven largely by four issues as detailed in
21		Mr. Smith's pre-filed direct testimony.
22		First, KWRU recently resleeved their collection lines because of
23		substantial infiltration. The Company claims the degradation had impacted the

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ability to properly treat effluent and utilize the treated effluent for reuse purposes. According to the Company, the project was completed in early 2007 at a cost of approximately \$600,000.1

Second, the Company also began a project to refurbish the wastewater treatment plant because of the deterioration caused by the salt content in its environment. Construction began in 2006 and was slated to be completed by October 1, 2007.<sup>2</sup>

Third, the Company is also converting its facilities to Advanced Waste Treatment (AWT) at the request of Monroe County. The County has required all utilities operating in the Keys to convert to an AWT facility by 2010. The Company explains that the County has specifically requested it to convert prior to the 2010 deadline and has advanced it \$707,000 to complete the project before 2010. Since much of the effort to convert to an AWT facility would be duplicated in the projects already undertaken, KWRU decided to undertake the conversion now.3

Fourth, the Company claims that increased operational costs, including significant staffing changes, will result from the change to AWT causing the need for additional revenue. The Company estimates the increased operating costs will amount to approximately \$288,625 per year.4

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Smith Testimony, p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid., pp. 3-4. <sup>3</sup> Ibid., p. 4-5. <sup>4</sup> Ibid., p. 6.

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

#### 1 Q. IS THE COMPANY PROPOSING ANY CHANGES TO ITS RATE

#### 2 STRUCTURE?

A. Yes. KWRU requests to change its rate structure from a flat rate to a base facility charge and gallonage charge structure. The Company has been utilizing a flat rate charge for sewer service because it has been difficult to obtain water usage information from the water service provider Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority ("FKAA"). However, recently the Company has confirmed it will be able to obtain the necessary information to charge consumers using a base facility charge and a gallonage charge.<sup>5</sup>

#### 10 IV. Affiliate Transactions

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#### Q. WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO CLOSELY EXAMINE AFFILIATE

#### 13 TRANSACTIONS?

In a situation involving the provision of services between affiliated companies, the associated transactions and costs do not represent arms-length dealings. Cost allocation techniques and methods of charging affiliates should be frequently reviewed and analyzed to ensure that the company's regulated operations are not subsidizing the non-regulated operations. Because of the affiliation between KWRU and the affiliates that contribute to most of the expenses included on the books of KWRU, the arms-length bargaining of a normal competitive environment is not present in their transactions. Although each of the affiliated companies is supposedly separate, relationships between KWRU and its affiliates

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ibid.

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are extremely close—all have common owners or are related by family members.

	In the absence of regulation, there is no assurance that affiliate
	transactions and allocations will not translate into unnecessarily high charges for
	KWRU's customers. Even when the methodologies for pricing have been
	explicitly stated, close scrutiny of affiliate relationships is still warranted.
	Regardless of whether or not the Utility explicitly establishes a methodology for
	the allocation and distribution of affiliate costs, there is an incentive to
	misallocate or shift costs to regulated companies so that the unregulated
	companies can reap the benefits.
Q.	DOES THE COMMISSION HAVE ANY GUIDELINES WHICH
	CONTROL THE PRICING ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN UTILITIES
	AND THEIR AFFILIATES?
A.	Yes. The Commission has expressed its opinion on affiliate transactions and the
	precedent that should be followed when examining affiliate transactions.
	By their very nature, related party transactions require closer scrutiny. Although a transaction between related parties is not per

By their very nature, related party transactions require closer scrutiny. Although a transaction between related parties is not per se unreasonable, it is the utility's burden to prove that its costs are reasonable. Florida Power Corp. v. Cresse, 413 So. 2d 1187, 1191 (Fla. 1982). This burden is even greater when the transaction is between related parties. In GTE Florida, Inc. v. Deason, 642 So. 2d 545 (Fla. 1994) (GTE), the Court established that the standard to use in evaluating affiliate transactions is whether those transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair. 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In re: Investigation of rates of Aloha Utilities, Inc. in Pasco County for possible overearnings for the Aloha Gardens water and wastewater systems and the Seven Springs water system; Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS; Issued: June 27, 2001.

1	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY PRESENTED ANY TESTIMONY OR ANALYSIS
2		TO SHOW THAT THE CHARGES FROM ITS AFFILIATES ARE
3		CONSISTENT WITH THE GOING MARKET RATE?
4	A.	No, it has not.
5	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE OWNERSHIP OF KWRU?
6	A.	Yes. An organizational chart of the Company and its affiliates is shown on Schedule
7		2 of my exhibit. As shown on Schedule 2 and explained in response to Citizens'
8		Interrogatory 29: "WS Utility is the sole shareholder of KWRU." WS Utility, Inc.,
9		holds the financing note of KWRU, and is owned by Mr. William L Smith, Jr.,7
10		(70%), his daughter Mrs. Leslie Johnson (10%), and his sons Messrs. Barton
11		Smith (10%) and Alexander Smith (10%).8
12	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE PRESENT ALL BUSINESS INTERESTS AND
13		AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS OF MR. WILLIAM SMITH, JR?
14	A.	Yes. Mr. Smith owns several businesses. According to the Company's response to
15		Citizens' Interrogatory 28, Mr. Smith is "an owner, partner, employee, stock
16		holder, officer, director, secretary or treasurer" in each of the following
17		companies. In addition, other companies are listed below where a family member
18		is an owner and that company provides services to the Utility.
19 20 21 22 23		<ul> <li>KW Resort Utility Corporation (owned 100% by WS Utility, Inc.)</li> <li>WS Utility, Inc. (70% ownership)</li> <li>Green Fairways (100% ownership)</li> <li>Key West Golf Club (Owned 78% by Gwen Smith, Mr. Smith's wife)</li> <li>Keys Environmental, Inc. (100% owned by Chris Johnson, Mr. Smith's</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Throughout this testimony, reference to Mr. Smith, Mr. William Smith, and Mr. William L. Smith, Jr., all refer to the same person—the owner of the Utility.

Responses to Citizens' Interrogatories 7 and 29.

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1		son-in-law)
2		<ul> <li>Johnson Constructors (50% owned by Chris Johnson, son-in-law of Mr.</li> </ul>
3		Smith)
4		• Smith, Hemmesch & Burke (partner)
5		<ul> <li>Benicia Partners, LLC (20.5% ownership)</li> </ul>
6		• 900 Commerce (83%)
7		• Courtland Court (50% ownership)
8		• Smith & Kreisler (50% ownership)
9		• Antioch Golf, LLC (10% ownership)
10		• Rail Golf, LLC (65% ownership)
11		• Deer Creek Golf, LLC (75% ownership)
12		• Gulf County Land, LLC (33% ownership)
13		• Norcor Tradewinds, LLC (1% ownership)
14 15		<ul> <li>Norcor Caldwell, LLC (1% ownership)<sup>9</sup></li> </ul>
16		According to the Company, Green Fairways, Inc. ("Green Fairways")
17		provides management, construction and financing services for Deer Creek Golf
18		LLC, The Rail Golf LLC, Key West Golf Club, Benicia Partners LLC, Cortland
19		Court Partnership, 900 Commerce Partnership, and KW Resort Utilities, Corp.
20		Green Fairways has no ownership in any of these companies, but Mr. Smith
21		does. <sup>10</sup>
22	Q.	DO ANY OF THE ABOVE COMPANIES PROVIDE SERVICES TO
23		KWRU?
24	A.	Yes. According to the agreement between Green Fairways, Inc. and the Company,
25		Green Fairways owned 100% by Mr. Smith, provides "management, construction
26		and financing services" to KWRU. 11 Mr. Smith is also a partner and attorney for
27		the law firm Smith, Hemmesch & Burke, which sometimes provides legal

Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 28, 29, and 76.
 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 7.
 Ibid.

services to the Utility. <sup>12</sup> In addition, Mr. Smith has an 83% ownership interest in 900 Commerce, from which the Utility purchased a generator in 2005. <sup>13</sup> Key West Golf Club ("KWGC"), 78% of which is owned by Mrs. Smith, provides administrative services to the Company. Keys Environmental, Inc. ("Keys Environmental" or "KEI") provides operations, maintenance, and repair services to the Utility and is owned by Mr. Chris Johnson (Mr. Smith's son-in-law).

# Q. ARE THE TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND THESE 8 AFFILIATES SIGNIFICANT?

Yes. There are substantial transactions between the Company and its affiliates. The Utility has no employees. All functions associated with operating and managing it are performed by these affiliates—primarily KWGC and KEI. The table below depicts the charges to the Utility by each of these companies during the last three years.

KWRU Affiliate Charges			
Affiliate	2004	2005	2006
Green Fairways	\$ 86,000	\$ 95,167	\$ 66,000
Key West Golf Club	71,140	120,802	120,437
Smith, Hemmesch, & Burke	19,748		
Keys Environmental, Inc.	330,003	630,643	615,756
Johnson Constructors			100,496
Total	\$506,891	\$ 846,612	\$ 902,689

A.

<sup>12</sup> Response to Citizen's Interrogatory 28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Responses to Citizen's Interrogatories 2 and 28.

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In addition to these charges, the table below reflects the amounts paid to

Green Fairways and Smith, Hemmesch, & Burke for construction management in

prior years.

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Construction Management	Amount
Green Fairways Detention Center Mgmt Fee	\$ 32,198
Green Fairways SSI Project Mgmt Fee	75,000
Green Fairways SSI Project Mgmt Fee	226,180
Green Fairways SSI Project Mgmt Fee	11,281
Smith, Hemmesch, & Burke Legal Fee	25,000
Green Fairways AWT Mgmt Fee	111,375
Total	\$ 481,034

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#### 6 Q. LET'S DISCUSS EACH OF THESE COMPANIES SEPARATELY. WHAT

#### PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY GREEN FAIRWAYS

#### TO THE COMPANY?

A. Green Fairways provides management services to the Company. It also provides management services to several other companies. In connection with the construction of the South Stock Island Project and the connection for the Detention Center, Green Fairways was paid to perform construction management services.

1		DECLASSIFIED
2	Q.	WHAT COMPANIES DOES GREEN FAIRWAYS MANAGE BESIDES
3		THE COMPANY?
4	A.	According to the Company's response to Citizens' interrogatories and the Staff
5		Audit, Green Fairways provides services to the following companies.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		Deer Creek Golf LLC Venetian Partners The Rail Golf LLC Key West Golf Club Benicia Partners LLC Portland Court Cortland Court Partnership 900 Commerce Partnership <sup>14,15</sup> There are three employees of Green Fairways that assist in performing the management services for these companies. According to the Staff Audit, one person runs the golf courses, including Key West Golf Club, another person runs the office buildings, and Mr. Smith oversees all businesses. <sup>16</sup>
19	Q.	WHAT PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY SMITH,
20		HEMMESCH & BURKE?
21	A.	This is a law firm operating in Illinois that charged the Company \$25,000 in 2002
22		in connection with negotiating contracts for construction of the South Stock
23		Island Project.
24		

Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 7.
Staff Audit, p. 8.
Ibid.

1	Q.	WHAT PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY 900
2		COMMERCE?
3	A.	In 2006, 900 Commerce sold the Company a generator for \$75,000. It does not
4		appear that any services are provided to KWRU by this company.
5	Q	WHY DID THE COMPANY PURCHASE A GENERATOR FROM 900
6		COMMERCE?
7	A.	According to the Company's response to Citizens' Interrogatory 2, the Company
8		purchased a Kholer 750 KW generator from 900 Commerce on December 16,
9		2005, and it sold a 150 KW Caterpillar generator for \$15,000 on July 31, 2006, to
10		Key West Golf Club. The invoice for the 750 KW generator is reflected on
11		Schedule 3. Also, as shown on this schedule, the Company's 2006 Annual Report
12		shows that the Company sold a generator to KWGC for \$15,000 and the book
13		value of the generator was \$25,500, for a loss of \$10,500. However, when asked
14		about this in discovery the Company responded: 11/20/07 Supplement: "The
15		Company's Annual Report does not report a loss on the disposal of the generator
16		on its Income Statement."17 While there may be no loss shown on the income
17		statement, the Annual Report does in fact show that the asset was sold to an
18		affiliate at less than book value. In response to Interrogatory 42, the Company
19		explained why the generator was sold to KWCG:
20 21 22		KWRU could no longer use its 200 KW generator to run our expanded vacuum system because it was inadequately powered.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 42.

	KWGC purchased this generator at a fair market value of \$15,000 to run its re-use irrigation system. 18
	The Company explained the accounting entries were as follows:
	Investment: A decrease to plant in service of \$30,000; a decrease in accumulated depreciation of \$30,000; an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$15,000. This results in a net reduction to rate base of \$15,000.
Q.	WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND WITH RESPECT TO THE
	TREATMENT OF THE SALE AND PURCHASE OF THESE
	GENERATORS?
A.	I recommend that the Commission treat the sale of the generator to KWGC as if it
	was sold at net book value. This ensures that ratepayers are not harmed by the
	affiliate transaction. Therefore, accumulated depreciation should be increased by
	\$10,500.
Q.	WHAT PRODUCTS OR SERVICES HAVE BEEN PROVIDED TO THE
	UTILITY BY JOHNSON CONSTRUCTORS?
A.	Johnson Constructors provided construction services to the Utility in 2006 when
	it permitted and constructed the clarifier at the AWT project. <sup>20</sup> Mr. Chris Johnson
	owns 50% of Johnson Constructors with his father Mr. Jim Johnson who owns
	50%. 21 According to the Company, "[o]n October 27, 2006 KWRU paid
	\$34,408.80 directly to Johnson Constructors on an invoice to Green Fairways for
	work performed for the Utility. The check, payable to both Green Fairways and
	A. Q.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Ibid.
<sup>19</sup> Ibid.
<sup>20</sup> Supplemental Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 7.
<sup>21</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 76.

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1		Johnson Constructors has been previously provided. There have been no other
2		direct charges by Johnson Constructors to KWRU or payment by KWRU to
3		Johnson Constructors."22 However, as discussed in greater detail below, Green
4		Fairways billed KWRU for \$31,887 and \$34,200 on December 11, 2006 and
5		November 6, 2006 for services performed by Johnson Constructors in connection
6		with the AWT. <sup>23</sup>
7	Q.	WHAT PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY KEY WEST
8		GOLF CLUB?
9	A.	Key West Golf Club provides management, accounting, and customer service
10		functions to KWRU. <sup>24</sup> In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 7, the Company
11		stated that: "Key West Golf Course/Club does not own any companies, and only
12		provides limited services to KWRU."25
13		There are three employees of KWGC who provide services to the
14		Company. These are Doug Carter, Gillian Sheifert, and Judi Irizarry. According
15		to the Utility's MFRs, Mr. Carter, KWGC General Manager, spends
16		approximately 30% of his time on Utility work. He oversees the daily operations
17		of KWRU. In this capacity he has daily contact with KEI and Mr. Smith and also
18		has responsibility for new customer contracts and management of capital projects.
19		Ms. Seifert, KWGC Chief Financial Officer, oversees all accounting functions for

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the Utility. Ms. Seifert spends approximately 50% of her time on utility matters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 77.
<sup>23</sup> Response to Citizens' POD 3.
<sup>24</sup> Responses to Citizens' Interrogatories 7 and 29. During 2004, 2005, and 2006, Mrs. Smith owned 75% of KWGC.
<sup>25</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 7.

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1		Ms. Irizarry acts as the Customer Service Manager for the Utility, but is paid by
2		the golf club. Ms. Irizarry manages utility accounting, performs daily banking
3		tasks, performs filing and record keeping tasks associated with new connections,
4		and does field service coordination with the service company, KEI. Ms. Irizarry
5		spends almost <sup>26</sup> 100% of her time on utility matters. <sup>27</sup>
6	Q,	ARE YOU RECOMMENDING ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO CHARGES
7		FROM KWGC?
8	A.	During the test year KWGC paid bonuses to its employees in the amount of
9		\$12,038.28 Part of the bonuses were for year-end bonuses and the remainder are
0		characterized as EDU bonuses and are paid for each customer that is connected to
1		the system. I do not believe that it is appropriate to pass these bonuses on to
2		customers. The EDU bonuses are clearly designed to enhance the Company
13		revenue and therefore benefits the stockholders. In addition, the Company pays
4		KWGC a management fee of \$8,000 a month. Any bonuses paid to employees of
15		the golf course should be covered in this fee.
16	Q.	WHAT PRODUCTS OR SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY KEYS
17		ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.?

Keys Environmental, Inc. ("KEI" or "Keys Environmental") provides operational 18 A. services to KWRU. This company essentially operates the plant and performs 19 related maintenance services for the sewer treatment plant and collection system. 20

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> In her deposition, Ms. Irizarry explained that when she performs banking and post office errands on behalf of the Utility she also performs the same task for the golf club.

<sup>27</sup> MFRs, Volume IV.

<sup>28</sup> Ibid.

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Mr. Christopher Johnson is president of KEI and is the son-in-law of KWRU President William Smith.

Key's Environmental, Inc. was started by Mr. Smith's son-in-law to service KWRU. The offices of KEI are located in the Utility owned trailer for which it pays the Utility \$24,000 annually. Key's Environmental also uses all of the Company's owned vehicles for which it pays no lease fees, but does pay for its gasoline and for vehicle maintenance. Key's Environmental bills the Utility for all purchases of supplies, chemicals, and sludge hauling.

The Key's Environmental contract indicates that the following services will be provided to the Company: periodic inspections and minor maintenance to keep the system in good condition; daily inspection of pumping stations; preventative maintenance programs; monitoring the collection systems, including lift stations, manholes, gravity lines, manholes, reclaimed water lines, meters, control panels, pumps, blowers and related equipment. The contract also states that KEI will do sampling and testing. Key's Environmental is also supposed to be responsible for customer complaints and handle all service disconnections. Keys Environmental is also responsible for pumping and hauling sewage at specific rates set forth in the contract and for jet rodding of sewer lines at a cost of \$1.00 per linear foot or \$100.00 per hour for on-site services such a pump station maintenance.

1		The contract also provides for meter reading, answering services and
2		dispatch services. Finally, the contract states that Keys Environmental will
3		supervise and inspect new customer tie-ins.
4	Q.	DOES THE CONTRACT SPECIFY HOW KEI IS COMPENSATED FOR
5		ITS SERVICES OTHER THAN THE EXTRA ITEMS JUST
6		MENTIONED?
7	A.	No, it does not. However, there is a provision in the contract for compensation.
8		Unfortunately, the amounts in the contract are blank. There appears to be no
9		written arrangement between K W Resort Utilities, Corporation and KEI for the
10		amount of compensation that KEI will be paid for operating and maintaining the
11		Company's wastewater system. Such an open-ended arrangement would be
12		unlikely in an arm's length arrangement and should be considered imprudent in
13		the instant situation.
14	Q.	DOES KEYS ENVIRONMENTAL HAVE ITS OWN EMPLOYEES?
15	A.	Yes, it does. According to the Staff Audit, the contract between the Company and
16		KEI requires that two full time operators and a manager work a minimum of eight
17		hours a day on weekdays and two hours a day on weekends. In his deposition,
18		Mr. Johnson testified that:
19 20 21 22 23 24		We have parttimers and fulltimers. Fulltime staff, including myself, six fulltime, a parttime administrator, 16 hours a week, and we have an instrument calibration technician who is very limited. We calibrate about two times a year. We call him in from time to time to troubleshoot. <sup>29</sup>

<sup>29</sup> Smith Deposition, p. 6.

# Q. IS THERE A CLEAR LINE OF DEMARCATION BETWEEN THE

2		UTILITY AND KEYS ENVIRONMENTAL?
3	A.	No, there is not. For all intents and purposes Keys Environmental functions as if it
4		were the Utility. There are several facts that indicate that any distinction between
5		the Utility and KEI is minor.
6		First, Keys Environmental uses all of the vehicles owned by the Utility,
7		but pays no lease fee for their use. Since the Utility has no employees it is
8		questionable why the vehicles are even owned by the Utility.
9		Second, Keys Environmental rents the Utility's trailer that is located at the
10		sewer site but no employees of either the Utility or Key West Golf Club occupy
11		the trailer.
12		Third, Mr. Doug Carter, who is the General Manager of the Utility and
13		also works for the golf course, said in his deposition that he supervises Mr.
14		Johnson, president of Keys Environmental, on certain utility issues. <sup>30</sup>
15		Fourth, Mr. Smith stated in his deposition that to the best of his knowledge
16		all expenses of KEI are reflected on the books of the Utility. <sup>31</sup>
17		Fifth, the Utility pays a portion of Mr. Johnson's credit card bills where it
18		is determined that the expenses relate to utility business.
19		Sixth, Mr. Johnson has approved payment to vendors that were paid by the
20		Utility in connection with the purchase of a vehicle owned by the Utility. 32

<sup>Carter Deposition, p. 19.
Smith Deposition, p. 31.
Response to Citizens' POD 28.</sup> 

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1 (	).	WHAT	EXPENSES	RELATED	TO	KEI	WERE	RECORDED	ON	THE
-----	----	------	----------	---------	----	-----	------	----------	----	-----

#### 2 BOOKS OF THE COMPANY DURING THE TEST YEAR?

A. During the test year, as shown on Schedule 4, KWRU recorded charges of \$615,756 from KEI. KEI charged the Utility \$630,643 in 2005 and \$330,003 in 2004. The expenses charged to the Company during the test year include \$19,472 charged to sludge disposal, \$42,947 charged to chemicals, \$80,800 charged to materials and supplies, \$384,588 charged to contractual services-other and \$1,866 charged to miscellaneous expenses.

## 9 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY CONCERNS ABOUT THE CHARGES FROM KEI

#### THAT ARE SHOWN ON THE BOOKS OF THE COMPANY?

A.

Yes, I have several concerns. First, it appears that KEI is including a certain percentage mark-up on materials and supplies and chemicals that it purchases on behalf of the Company. This matter was discussed in the confidential portion of Mr. Johnson's deposition. Also, in response to Citizens' POD 28 the Company provided an invoice from KEI with a notation suggesting that certain charges are marked up over cost. Specifically, the invoice stated: "Pass Thru to KWRU No Mark-up Auto Accessory. KEI has 0 tangible property." I've attached this invoice as Schedule 5 of my exhibit. In response to a Staff Audit Request the Company provided additional workpapers for the electricity, chemicals and contract hauling expenses included in its proforma adjustment for the AWT. This workpaper, which is included as page 5 of Schedule 5, shows that the Company has included a 30% mark-up on chemicals and sludge hauling services provided by KEIs. In

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addition, the Company produced the invoice for chemicals that are included in test year expenses. Rather than submit the actual invoice from the vendor, the Company supplied the handwritten invoices from KEI with no supporting back up documentation. All of this information strongly suggests that KEI charges the Company more than it costs KEI to purchase the supplies. In my opinion, this is inappropriate. For all intents and purposes KEI is the Utility and performs only minor services for other entities. In addition, these services are a function of the services it provides to the Utility. If KWRU purchased the chemicals and moved the sludge, the Commission would not permit it to mark-up its expenses by more than the actual costs. Because KEI is an affiliated party and is essentially an arm of the Utility, I recommend that all mark-ups be disallowed.

While I do not have the precise amount for the expenses included in the test year, I am providing a conservative estimate. I am assuming that KEI marked up the amount of chemicals and sludge hauling expenses by 30% in the test year. To remove this mark-up, I recommend that the Commission disallow \$33,826 from test year chemicals, materials and supplies, and sludge hauling expenses, as shown in the table below. Citizens are requesting additional discovery on this matter.

Account	Expense Amount		Adjustments		Net Amount after Prior Adjustments		Mark-up Disallowance	
Chemicals	\$	50,763	\$	(16,480)	\$	34,283	\$	7,913
Sludge Hauling	\$	19,472	\$	(7,819)	\$	11,653	\$	2,690
Materials and Supplies	\$	103,361	\$	(2,739)	\$	100,622	\$	23,224
Total	\$	173,596	\$	(27,038)	\$	146,558	\$	33,826

1		DECLASSIFIED
2	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR NEXT CONCERN ABOUT KEYS ENVIRONMENTAL
3		AND THE AMOUNTS CHARGED TO THE COMPANY?
4	A.	I have concerns about the hook-up fees charge by KEI to customers of the Utility.
5		It is unclear exactly what functions are being performed for this service. Even Mr.
6		Smith and Mr. Johnson were unclear about how the cost of performing hook-ups
7		and inspections were handled by the Utility. Mr. Smith discussed this in his
8		deposition as follows:
9.0		Q. Thank you very much. I appreciate that. I want to move on to hookup fees and talk a little bit about that. What I understand is hookup fees are \$450 per connection for EDU?
2		A. Didn't he say \$150?
4 5 6		Q. I thought hookup fees to connect, the charge is \$450 per customer.
7 8 9		A. I thought the testimony was \$50. Do you have notes on this?
20		Q. I guess we can get to that.
21 22 23 24 25		A. That will give you an idea of my knowledge.
24		Q. Or mine.
26 27	T.	A. Okay.
28 29		Q. Whatever the fee is, is Keys Environmental responsible for making sure these customers are hooked up?
30 31		A. Yes.
31 32 33 34 35		Q. Does Keys Environmental collect the connection fee from the customer?
35 36		A. I don't know that. I believe KWRU collects the money.

1	DECLASSIFIED
2	Q. As far as you know, would that money be recorded on the
3	books of KWRU?
4	OUGHS OF INTINCE.
5	A. I believe it would be.
6	71. I believe it would be.
7	Q. Would you be able to
8	Q. House you do not be
9	A. But, I may be in error.
10	
11	Q. Do you know what Keys Environmental, then, is paid for their
12	service by the utility for this?
13	
14	A. The management fee plus there was a list of other things.
15	There are inspection fees. So long as you are refreshing his
16	recollection, refresh mine, too.
17	MR. BURGESS: Marty, this is interrogatories, in response to
18	Interrogatory 72.
19	
20	Q. (BY MR. BURGESS) I will show it to you.
21	
22	MR. BURGESS: Ralph, I have given Mr. Smith a copy of
23	Interrogatory 72.
24	
25	A. All right.
26	
27	Q. (BY MR. BURGESS) It is \$450?
28	
29	A. \$450 is what that answer says. I presume my staff got it right.
30	
31	Q. I am sure they did. Is that an increase from what was charged
32	in 2005 or prior years?
33	
34	A. It said it was. If it said it was, it was.
35	
36	Q. Do you know why it increased from \$350 to \$450 in '06?
37	
38	A. It took more time, more effort. You heard Mr. Johnson
39	explain what he had to do. There are 4 or 5 site visits.
40	O WILLIAM TO A CONTROL OF THE CONTRO
41	Q. What I am trying to understand is, in the process how this
42	works its way out into the account, both the cost to do it and the
43	amount that is paid by the customer. I will get to the specific
44	question. I am trying to understand, is it money collected by

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1	KWRU for the entire amount and treated as or how is it treated, or
2	is it collected by Keys Environmental, and how is the expense
3	associated with it paid by KWRU?
4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5	A. I don't know the answer to that question.
6	1
7	Q. So you wouldn't be able to lead me through an
8	examination of how the money is collected?
9	examination of now the money is concered.
10	A. That is correct, I wouldn't be able to.
11	That is contest, I wouldn't be dole to.
12	Q. Do you know whether that hookup fee is approved by the
12 13	Florida Public Service Commission?
11	1 fortua 1 done Service Commission:
14 15	A. I have been advised it was.
16	A. I have been advised it was.
17	
17	Q. So therefore, has the increase been approved by the Florida
18	Q. So therefore, has the increase been approved by the Florida Public Service Commission?
19	Public Service Commission?
20	A. I do not know. <sup>33</sup>
21	A. I do not know. <sup>33</sup>
21 22 23	The above evaluates indicates that Mr. Smith is not along an how these
23	The above exchange indicates that Mr. Smith is not clear on how these
24	costs are recovered and recorded on the Company's book.
25	Mr. Johnson was also unclear on the question as set forth below.
26	Q. When a customer seeks to connect to KWRU system
27	let's say somebody right now that is currently on septic. Is
28	Keys Environmental responsible for seeing to it that the
29	connection is performed properly and is done consistent
30	with requirements, environmental requirements and the
31	requirements of KWRU?
32	
33	A. Yes.
34	
35	Q. How are you reimbursed for that particular service?
36	Do you charge the customer that hooks up individually, and
37	they pay Keys Environmental or do you charge KWRU, or
38	is there some means for you to get paid for that service?
39	to more some means for you to got paid for that our vice.
10	A. We are billing the customer directly.
	i. The are offing the customer directly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Smith Deposition, pp. 32-35.

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1			
2		Q. How much do you charge?	
4		A. \$100 per hour.	
5		O Has that about all according	
6 7		Q. Has that changed recently?	
8		A. It did change. There was a period before where we are	
9		not being paid by the hour. We were being paid based on a	
10		percentage of work done. The utility advised us that it	
11		would be better or a more consistent way with the Public	
12		Service Commission to charge based on \$100 an hour	
13		hourly wage. We switched at some point in time, yes.	
14			
15		Q. Physically, as it is happening and I am a customer	
16		seeking to connect into the system. So I run a lateral. Is	
17		that something that Keys Environmental will perform for a	
18		fee, actually putting in the lateral?	
19			
20		A. No, no. We don't do construction work.	
21		O Id11	
22		Q. It's all private?	
23 24		A. Yes.	
25		A. 165.	
26		Q. You had said that the switch to an hourly fee was	
27		something that, it was your understanding, the Public	
28		Service Commission encouraged?	
29			
30		A. It was not my idea.	
31			
32		Q. Do you know whether the hourly fee and how you do it	
33		is approved by the Public Service Commission?	
34		34	
35		A. I don't know. <sup>34</sup>	
36 37	Ω	DID THE STAFF'S AUDIT ADDRESS THIS ISSUE CONCERN	INC THE
31	Q.	DID THE STAFF 5 AUDIT ADDRESS THIS ISSUE CONCERN	ING THE
38		HOOK-UP FEES CHARGED BY KEYS ENVIRONMENTAL?	
39	A.	Yes, it did. The Staff Audit indicated that the contract with Keys Env	rironmental
40		included a provision for connecting customers. The Staff Audit, how	ever, noted

<sup>34</sup> Smith Deposition, pp. 11-15.

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that the functions performed by KEI might be more extensive than what is set forth in the contract.

I agree with the Staff Audit in that the contract between the Company and KEI clearly specifies that KEI is responsible for overseeing and inspecting new customer connections. However, as explained in Mr. Johnson's deposition, Keys Environmental does not perform any construction associated with the hook-ups. Because the contract specifically provides for added compensation for other functions performed by KEI, like jet rodding the sewer lines and sludge hauling, I recommend that the Commission treat the functions of inspecting and hooking up customers as part of the contract for which Keys Environmental is paid a significant management fee.

Therefore, I recommend that the \$252,690 in connection charges booked to plant in service be removed. The accumulated depreciation related to these additions is \$10,983 and the depreciation expense is \$3,021.<sup>35</sup>

#### DID THE STAFF'S AUDIT ADDRESS ANY ADJUSTMENTS RELATED 15 Q. 16 TO KEYS ENVIRONMENTAL?

Yes. According to the Staff Audit, several items charged by KEI to the Company 17 A. were incorrectly recorded as expenses by the Company. First, a charge of 18 \$1.313<sup>36</sup> for lab testing should be removed as the contract with Key's 19 Environmental provides for sampling and testing. Therefore, this amount is 20 already recovered in the monthly fee charged by KEI to the Company. In 21

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Staff Audit, p. 11, 91.33% of Staff's adjustment.
 Ibid., Staff Audit p. 11.

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addition, \$15,000<sup>37</sup> in sewer hook-up fees should have been capitalized to plant in service, account 363 Services to Customers, rather than expensed. Therefore, I removed \$15,000 in sewer hook-up fees.

In addition, the Staff auditors identified \$51,663<sup>38</sup> of plant items which were expensed which may be more appropriately capitalized. According to the Staff Audit, the Utility did not respond to Staff's request for justification of these expenses. My review of the list of these costs indicates that additional information would be needed to determine if the amounts should be capitalized or expensed. In the absence of that information being provided by the Company, I recommend that the entire amount be capitalized as plant in service. Therefore, I have increased plant in service by \$51,663<sup>39</sup> and reduced test year expenses by \$51,663.

The Staff Audit also identified two items included in the expense accounts for which the utility will be reimbursed by third parties: a bill for \$2,082 for damage to a pit vacuum that will be recovered from Waste Management who caused the damage, and a bill for \$995 for Oceanside Marina that is to be reimbursed by Monroe County. I concur with Staff that these items should be removed from the expense accounts. As shown on Schedule 1, I have removed these expenses from the test year.

<sup>37</sup> Ibid.

<sup>38</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Adjustments would also need to be made for accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Staff Audit, p. 11.

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

#### Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND ANY DISALLOWANCE OF COSTS CHARGED

#### TO THE COMPANY BY GREEN FAIRWAYS?

A.

Yes. The Company failed to provide adequate documentation supporting the management fee paid to Green Fairways. Mr. Smith could not produce any timesheets in support of the amount of time that he spends managing the Utility versus the numerous other companies that he owns or operates through Green Fairways. Even assuming that Mr. Smith spends 50% of his time managing the Utility, his salary equates to an annualized salary of \$120,000, which appears excessive given the amount of time that Mr. Smith spends at the Utility's headquarters in Key West. Even while in Key West, Mr. Smith spends time managing the Key West Golf Course.

While Mr. Smith undoubtedly spends time on the phone with utility-related employees when he is not in town (which is approximately once a month) I find it difficult to believe that he spends 50% of his time on utility business given the fact that he is a managing partner of a law firm and owns numerous other businesses. Furthermore, Mr. Smith has most likely been spending more time recently on utility matters due to the rate case and other issues that should subside now that most customers have hooked up to the system. If Mr. Smith maintained time records it would be easier to determine how much time he typically spends on utility business. In the absence of documentation supporting the ongoing time spent by Mr. Smith on utility matters, I recommend that the Commission remove 50% of Mr. Smith's management fee, or \$30,000, under the

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1		assumption that on a going forward basis, Mr. Smith will spend less time or
2		utility matters and there has been no demonstration that the \$60,000 is reasonable.
3	Q.	IS THERE PRECEDENT FOR DISALLOWING COSTS WHEN A
4		UTILITY FAILS TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY DOCUMENTATION
5		TO SUPPORT THE REQUESTED COST?
6	A.	Yes. In Palm Coast Utility Corporation's ("Palm Coast" or "PCUC") most recen
7		rate case, the Commission disallowed costs charged by an affiliate because Palm
8		Coast failed to provide adequate documentation justifying the costs included in
9		the test year. The Commission found:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16		OPC witness Dismukes proposed two adjustments related to affiliate transactions. The first adjustment relates to administrative services provided by PCUC's parent (ITT). Ms. Dismukes testified that the Commission should disallow expenses in the amount of \$21,201. She testified that the utility failed to justify this expense and refused to provide on a timely basis the information needed to evaluate the reasonableness of the charge.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		Ms. Dismukes' second adjustment related to charges from ITT Community Development Corporation. During 1995, ITT Community Development Corporation began providing accounts payable processing services to PCUC. This function was previously provided by the utility. She argued that the utility provided no justification for the change, other than a memo saying that "per agreement between Jim Perry of PCUC and myself there will be [a] monthly fee of \$ 1000 for accounting services provided to PCUC." Further, the utility provided no information concerning how the fee was determined or that it is cost effective for ITT Community Development Corporation to provide this service. She proposed a \$10,564 reduction to expenses, due to the absence of supporting documentation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Florida Public Service Commission, Order PSC-96-1338-FOF-WS, November 7, 1996.

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1 Although the utility made several arguments attempting to rebut the recommendations of OPC's witness, the Commission disagreed and found the 2 utility did not provide sufficient support to determine if the charges were 3 4 reasonable. We believe that the record does not provide sufficient support to 5 determine what administrative services are provided under the ITT 6 Community Development Corporation agreement and whether 7 those transactions exceeded the market rate.... Further, we do not 8 believe that water and wastewater customers should be required to 9 pay for charges and R&D assessments to ITT headquarters to 10 cover the funding of international research and development and 11 the costs of ITT corporate administrative and commercial 12 services.42 13 14 The Commission went on to explain that the utility has the burden of proof 15 to prove that its costs are reasonable. The Commission also explained how this 16 case differed from the GTE Florida case where the court established the standard 17 18 for related party costs and prices. It is the utility's burden to prove that its costs are reasonable. 19 Florida Power Corp. v. Cresse, 413 So.2d 1187, 1191 (1982). This 20 burden is even greater when the purchase is between related 21 parties. In GTE Florida Inc. v. Deason, 642 So.2d 545 (Fla. 1994), 22 the Court established that when affiliate transactions occur, that 23 does not mean that "unfair or excessive profits are being generated, 24 without more." The standard established to evaluate affiliate 25 transactions is whether those transactions exceed the going market 26 rate or are otherwise inherently unfair. The evidence in the GTE 27 28 Florida case indicated that its related party costs were no greater than they would have been had services and supplies been 29 30 purchased elsewhere. The facts in this case differ from those established in the GTE 31 Florida case. The distinction is that in the GTE Florida case, there 32 was evidence in the record that showed that the utility's cost was 33

42 Ibid.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		equal to or less than what an arms-length transaction would have been. Other than the testimony provided by Mr. Seidman that either of the above charges are reasonable, PCUC did not provide any documentation to support these costs. As such, we find that the utility has essentially failed to prove the prudence of these charges.  We find that the utility failed to meet its burden to justify its costs. Accordingly, we have reduced affiliate charges by \$ 25,412 (\$31,765 less 20% non-used and useful) and then allocated 59.63% to water and 40.37% to wastewater. 43
11	<u>v.</u>	Monroe County Issues
12 13	Q.	COULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROJECT REFERRED TO AS
14		THE SOUTH STOCK ISLAND PROJECT?
15	A.	KWRU and Monroe County entered into an agreement whereby KWRU would
16		expand its central sewer system into South Stock Island by constructing a
17		wastewater collection system. In addition, the Utility would convert its system to
18		comply with the state's mandate that all wastewater treatment meet the Advanced
19		Wastewater Treatment (AWT) standards.
20	Q.	DID MONROE COUNTY PROVIDE FUNDING FOR THIS PROJECT?
21	A.	Yes. Essentially there were two arrangements, one for the design of the project,
22		the other for the construction of the project. For the design phase of the project,
23		Monroe County simply reimbursed KWRU for its costs to prepare the plans,
24		permits, and bids.
25		The funding arrangement for the construction phase of the project,
26		however, is more complicated. Monroe County agreed to fund the construction of

43 Ibid.

1		the project. KWRU agreed to repay Monroe County using the capacity reservation			
2		fees it collects from the new connections to the system. Therefore, ultimately the			
3		ratepayers have contributed to the cost of the project.			
4	Q.	EXACTLY HOW DID MONROE COUNTY FUND THE			
5		CONSTRUCTION OF THE SOUTH STOCK ISLAND PROJECT?			
6	A.	During the construction phase, KWRU paid its vendors and then submitted the			
7		required information to Monroe County for reimbursement. <sup>44</sup> Where the amounts			
8		were supported, Monroe County reimbursed the Company for the amounts paid to			
9		its vendors.			
0	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE EXPLAIN THE PROCESS OF KWRU			
1		REPAYING MONROE COUNTY?			
12	A.	In its response to Citizens' interrogatories, the Company provided the following			
13		description of the process of repaying Monroe County:			
14 15 16 17 18 19 20		As prescribed by the Agreement, \$2,700 per EDU is collected from the customer. Of this amount, \$2,100 is repaid to the County and \$600 is retained by the Company. In October 2006, the County funded the remaining uncollected amount of \$707,000 as an additional refundable advance as the County assumed the collection of the \$2,700 per EDU. Under this agreement the Company "collects" the \$2,700 per EDU in 3 ways:			
21 22 23 24		<ol> <li>The customer pays the Utility \$2,700 per EDU directly to KWRU; the Company records the receipt of CIAC of \$2,700 Per EDU, reducing Advances by the same amount and pays the County the \$2,700 per EDU collected;</li> </ol>			
25 26 27 28		2. The County provides a grant of \$2,700 per EDU and pays KWRU directly; the Company records \$2,700 as CIAC received, reducing Advances by the same amount. KWRU then pays the County the \$2,700 per EDU collected;			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 82.

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3. The Customer signs a Consent and Agreement to pay the County the \$2,700 per EDU over a period of time through the customers property tax bill and the customer or the County notifies the Company that the required connection fee is paid; the Company records \$2,700 as CIAC received, reducing Advances by the same amount. No cash is received by the Company or paid to the County. 45

In summary, the capacity of the South Stock Island Project is for 1,500 EDUs, \$2,100 of the \$2,700 capacity reservation fee is remitted to Monroe County as repayment for the construction of the vacuum collection system, and \$600 of the capacity reservation fee collected from customers is retained by the Company in order to fund the conversion to AWT. However, the responsibility for collecting the connection fees now lies with Monroe County as it advanced \$707,000 to KWRU for the AWT portion of the fee the Company expected to receive from new customers.<sup>46</sup>

#### 16 Q. HAVE CUSTOMERS DELAYED CONNECTING TO THE SYSTEM?

A. According to the Company, "All customers were supposed to be connected to the system within two years, however, considerable balking by customers and lax enforcement by Monroe County have delayed these connections." <sup>47</sup> Of the 1,500 EDUs that are supposed to be connected, only 761 had connected as of October 3, 2007. <sup>48</sup>

#### 22 Q. HAS THE COMPANY ADDRESSED THESE CUSTOMER DELAYS?

23 A. The Company sent 30-day connection notices to residents of South Stock Island

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<sup>47</sup> MFRs, Schedule F-6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 79.

<sup>46</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Response to Staff's Audit Request 14.

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and notified the Monroe County Attorney that the notices had been delivered. The

2 following table demonstrates the notices sent by KWRU:

KWRU 30-Day Connection Notices							
Date	Number of Notices	Cost	Method				
11/30/2003	825	\$559.54	Island Advertising				
4/5/2005	118	\$529.86					
3/17/2005	70	\$306.49					
3/27/2006	21	\$420.00	Monroe County Sherriff's Office				
4/16/2006	3	\$225.00	Anderson Process Service				

Source: Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 89.

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# Q. ARE THERE ISSUES INVOLVING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE SOUTH STOCK ISLAND COLLECTION SYSTEM AND MONROE COUNTY WHICH YOU BELIEVE SHOULD BE EXAMINED AS PART OF THIS RATE PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. Monroe County and KWRU have entered into several agreements in which the County has agreed to fund the construction of certain projects to be constructed by the Company. Therefore, it is important to examine the transactions between these two parties. In addition, KWRU's South Stock Island Project has been the source of many customer complaints, prompting a grand jury investigation.

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2	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS THE PARTICULARS OF	THE AGREEMENTS
3		GOVERNING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE SO	UTH STOCK ISLAND
4		PROJECT.	
5	A.	There are two agreements that provide for the expans	sion of KWRU's central
6		sewer system into South Stock Island and conversion of	f its system to Advanced
7		Wastewater Treatment (AWT) levels. On December 19	9, 2001, KWRU and the
8		County entered into a "Reimbursement Contract," where	eby the County agreed to
9		reimburse KWRU no more than \$199,300 for the prepara	ation of engineering plans
10		for the South Stock Island Project, which was budgeted a	s follows:
11 12 13 14 15		<ul> <li>Survey</li> <li>Design and Permitting</li> <li>Bidding</li> <li>Construction Administration and Certification</li> <li>Reimbursable Expenses Including</li> </ul>	\$35,000 \$94,750 \$16,750 \$46,800
16		Prints and Application Fees	\$ 6,000 <sup>49</sup>
17		Also, KWRU agreed to employ the Weiler Engi	neering Corporation or a
18		similarly professionally qualified Professional Engineering	ng firm. <sup>50</sup>
19		On July 31, 2002, KWRU and the County signed	the Capacity Reservation
20		and Infrastructure Contract. This contract provided that:	"As consideration for the
21		purchase the County agrees to fund the Utility's constr	uction of the wastewater
22		collection system on South Stock Island, in an amount n	not to exceed \$4,606,000,

<sup>49</sup> Reimbursement Contract, paragraph 2(b).50 Ibid., paragraph 1.

1	pursuant to the plans dated May 30, 2002 from Weiler Engineering
2	Corporation." <sup>51</sup> The construction costs were allocated as follows:
3 4 5 6 7	<ul> <li>Collection System Infrastructure</li> <li>Contingency Amount</li> <li>Engineering and Engineering Inspection</li> <li>Construction Administration and Legal Fees</li> <li>Testing</li> <li>\$3,500,000</li> <li>\$380,000</li> <li>\$279,000</li> <li>\$347,000</li> <li>\$100,000<sup>52</sup></li> </ul>
8	In a letter signed by Mr. Smith written to Mr. Danny Kolhage on
9	November 1, 2002, the construction administration and legal fee portion of the
10	budget is further allocated as \$300,000 for construction administration and
11	\$47,000 for legal fees. <sup>53</sup>
12	KWRU agreed to repay the County from the capacity reservation fees it
13	would collect from customers connecting to the Stock Island Project. <sup>54</sup> The
14	agreement provides that of the \$2,700 reservation fee KWRU collects from new
15	customers, KWRU would retain \$600 to cover the incremental costs of converting
16	its wastewater treatment facilities to AWT.55 The contract also states the
17	following:
18 19 20 21 22	Utility agrees not to add the construction cost funded by the County to its cost basis utilized by the Public Service Commission to calculate a reasonable return on invested capital. Utility further agrees not to use the advances in calculating any impact fees, connection charges, or any like charges imposed on the Utility's

Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract, paragraph 1.A.

52 Ibid., paragraph 1.B.

53 Letter from Mr. William L. Smith, Jr., to Mr. Danny L. Kolhage, March 16, 2004, in response to the Draft Audit Report of Monroe County, Exhibit K.

54 Ibid., paragraph 4.

55 Ibid., paragraph 5.

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1 2		customers, i.e., that the advances will be applied as a credit against such fees otherwise charged. <sup>56</sup>
3		This contract was amended on December 9, 2003, in order to provide an
4		alternative for property owners who were experiencing a hardship paying the
5		connection fees. The Monroe County Board of Commissioners adopted an
6		ordinance that would allow property owners to pay 5% of the connection fee and
7		finance the remainder of the \$2,700 per EDU over a period of up to 20 years. <sup>57</sup>
8		Finally, on October 8, 2004, the County Attorney certified a Contract
9		Change Request for a change to the Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure
10		Contract. The change calls for an additional \$53,225 to provide sewer lines to
11		Hurricane Hole Marina, Stock Island. The Change Order is attached as Schedule 6
12		of Exhibit KHD-1. <sup>58</sup>
13	Q.	DID KWRU RECEIVE REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE COUNTY FOR
14		ALL COSTS FOR THE SOUTH STOCK ISLAND PROJECT?
15	A.	No, it did not. As shown in the table below, Monroe County reimbursed KWRU
16		for 92% of the requested reimbursement amount.
17		

<sup>56</sup> Ibid., paragraph 6.
57 Amendment Number One to KW Resort Utilities Corporation Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract, paragraph E.
58 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 91.

# **DECLASSIFIED**

South Stock Island Project A	Submitted Invoice Amount	Amount Paid by Monroe County	Difference
Reimbursement Contract			
MC001	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000	\$ .
MC005	94,750	94,750	
MC007	16,750	16,750	
MC0021	46,800	46,800	
Total	\$193,300	\$193,300	\$
Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract			
SSI001	\$ 250,531	\$ 250,531	\$
SSI002	295,255	295,255	3
SSI003	344,809	344,809	3000 B
SSI004	345,808	345,808	
SS1005	752,877	752,877	
SS1006	607,312	607,312	
SS1007	141,802	141,802	
SSI008	115,310	115,310	
SS1009	461,960	461,960	,
SSI010	323,047	129,480	
		155,541	(38,026
SSI011	445,521	137,038	(308,483
SSI012	153,024	148,951	(4,073
Total	\$4,237,256	\$3,886,674	\$(350,582
Hurricane Hole Marina			
SS1013 Amended	\$53,225	\$53,225	\$
South Stock Island Project Total	\$4,483,781	\$4,133,199	\$(350,582

2

3

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

1	Q.	WHAT WERE THE REASONS WHY MONROE COUNTY DID NOT
2		REIMBURSE ALL THE COSTS SUBMITTED BY KWRU?
3	A.	The primary reason was that the Company could not produce documentation for
4		the amounts requested. The County withheld \$308,483 from KWRU Invoice
5		SSI011 because of lack of support. In a letter dated February 26, 2004, to Mr.
6		William Smith, Clerk of Court Mr. Danny L. Kolhage explained,
7 8 9		The adjustment of \$308,483.00 represents all of the payments made to your firm pursuant to the contract under the budget category Construction Administration and Legal.
10 11 12 13 14		As you are aware, during the conduct of the audit being performed by my office, no documentation has been presented to the auditors that would allow us to make a determination that the expenses in this category were made for purposes authorized by the contract. The County Attorney's office concurs with this action.
15		In addition, the County did not reimburse KWRU \$4,073 for sod and
16		repairs to E. Laurel Avenue as submitted on Invoice SSI012. <sup>59</sup> On Invoice
17		SSI010, Monroe County did not reimburse \$38,026, and provided no explanation
18		for the shortage.
19	Q.	DID KWRU AND MONROE COUNTY ENGAGE IN ANOTHER
20		PROJECT?
21	A.	Yes. This project is commonly referred to as the Detention Center Project as
22		governed by the Utility Agreement of August 16, 2001.
23	Q.	WHAT ARE THE SPECIFIC PROVISIONS OF THE UTILITY
24		AGREEMENT?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Responses to Citizens' PODs 65 and 66.

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1	A.	According to the agreement, the County agreed to the following:
2 3 4 5 6 7 8		<ul> <li>Pay \$1,225,800 in capacity reservation fees,</li> <li>Convey two lift stations,</li> <li>Construct and convey another lift station and sewer main,</li> <li>Purchase wastewater treatment services for the Detention Center and other public buildings, and</li> <li>Purchase reuse water for the Detention Center.</li> </ul>
9		In return for the County's reservation fees and contributed property,
10		KWRU agreed to construct a reuse line to the Detention Center and offsite
11		facilities to connect the lift station at the Detention Center to the Central Sewage
12		System. 60
13		The capacity reservation fees were to be deposited into an interest bearing
14		escrow account at a federally insured financial institution (Republic Bank) and
15		then transferred to the Utility according to the agreement's escrow terms. 61
16		Additionally, if Monroe County chose to decommission its existing treatment
17		plant, KWRU agreed to contribute up to \$10,000 toward the costs. 62
18	Q.	HOW MUCH DID KWRU RECEIVE FROM MONROE COUNTY PER
19		THE UTILITY AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 16, 2001?
20	A.	The Company received three payments of \$408,600 each and booked them to
21		CIAC. The first payment was received April 30, 2002, the second on March 31,
22		2003, and the third on March 31, 2004. <sup>63</sup>
23	Q.	HOW MUCH DID KWRU EXPEND ON THE DETENTION CENTER
24		PROJECT?

OUTILITY Agreement, dated August 16, 2001, paragraphs 1 and 3.

10 Utility Agreement, dated August 16, 2001, paragraphs 1 and 3.

11 Ibid., paragraph 7(a).

12 Ibid., paragraph 4.

13 Response to Interrogatory 66 and Staff Audit Workpapers, Binder 3.

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1 A. According to the Company's response to Citizens' discovery, the Company spent

2		\$356,247. <sup>64</sup> I	have prepared Schedule 7 detailing the costs of the Detention
3		Center Projec	t.
4	Q.	DID KWRU	EXPLAIN HOW IT USED THE FUNDS RECEIVED BY THE
5		COUNTY A	FTER THE DETENTION CENTER WAS COMPLETED?
6	A.	In the deposi	tion of Mr. Smith, Citizens inquired how these funds were used.
7		According to	Mr. Smith, the funds that were not used for the detention center and
8		jail were used	for either the South Stock Island Project or general maintenance.
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18		Q. A. Q.	Let me back up. I want to go back to Mr. Carter's answers, some of Mr. Carter's answers. I got the impression from what Mr. Carter said correct me if my impression is wrong that the amount of money that was calculated exceeded the total expenditure necessary to make that connection.  Correct.  What I want to talk about is the amount by which the
20 21 22		Q.	funding from the County was going, for the 450 EDUs were going to be used for.
		A.	Yes.
23 24 25 26 27		Q.	Can you tell me what it was going to be used for, the differential?
28 29 30		A.	It was mostly construction on Stock Island, maintenance of the plant, things of that nature.
31 32 33		Q.	There wasn't a specific separate project, or anything, that it was ear-marked toward?
34 35		A.	No.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Response to Interrogatory 85.

1		Q. It was general construction and maintenance needs?
2		A. Correct. <sup>65</sup>
4 5	Q.	WERE THERE PROVISIONS IN THE UTILITY AGREEMENT THAT
6		INDICATED THAT PROPERTY WOULD BE CONVEYED TO THE
7		COMPANY?
8	A.	Yes, as described above. However, when asked if the Utility received any
9		property, plant, or equipment from Monroe County, KWRU provided the
0		following response, "In accordance with the Laws of the State of Florida, no
1		public property was transferred to the Utility."66 This response is consistent with
2		Mr. Smith's deposition where he indicated that although the contract provided for
3		the conveyance of property, no such transaction took place.
4		However, it is important to note that in the Company's response to the
5		Monroe County Audit signed by Mr. Smith, it states, "the Utility agreed to take
6		over and manage the operations of the lift stations and assume their operating and
7		maintenance expenses."67
8		It is not clear why or how this service is being provided to the County free
9		of charge. Apparently, the service is provided by Keys Environmental, Inc. when
20		it services the other lift stations owned by the Utility. I question whether it is
21		appropriate for the Utility to provide this service to the County at the expense of
22		its general ratepayers.

<sup>65</sup> Smith Deposition, pp. 41-42.
66 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 85.
67 Letter from Mr. William L. Smith, Jr., to Mr. Danny L. Kolhage, March 16, 2004, in response to the Draft Audit Report of Monroe County, p.3.

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# Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER SIGNIFICANT ISSUES WITH THE

#### 2 PROJECTS BETWEEN KWRU AND MONROE COUNTY?

3 Yes. In the summer of 2003, citizens of Stock Island began filing complaints with A. 4 the Florida State Attorney General's Office. In addition, complaints were received 5 from County Commissioners. The complaints alleged that the costs to the 6 residents of Stock Island to connect to the new sewer system were in reality much 7 higher than the Monroe County Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) told 8 them their costs would be when the project began. In addition, residents claimed 9 that the increase of the hook-up charges was because the engineering plans were 10 changed without the knowledge or approval of the BOCC. State Attorney Mark 11 Kohl ordered an investigation of the project and the complaints, which was presented to a grand jury at the culmination of the fall term in 2004.<sup>68</sup> 12

#### 13 Q. WHAT DID THE GRAND JURY FIND?

- 14 A. The grand jury investigation found the following:
- 1. Contrary to the provisions in the Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure

  Contract, the County Engineer did not inspect all of the work for completion

  prior to the approval of invoices for payment; 69
- 18 2. The County did not recover \$147,000 KWRU paid to John L. London,
  19 former Monroe County Commissioner, as provided for in the contract; 70

1

<sup>70</sup> Ibid., p. 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Final Report of the 2004 Fall Term Grand Jury of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Ibid., p. 5.

1	3.	The BOCC Commissioners were negligent for failing to evaluate and assess
	3.	
2		the financial burden of the many fees and additional costs property owners
3		must bear with the new system; <sup>71</sup>
4	4.	The BOCC's process for reviewing KWRU's construction plans appeared to
5		be flawed; <sup>72</sup>
6	5.	The Stock Island Project was funded 100% with taxpayer money; however,
7		the infrastructure would remain property of the Utility. Also the new system
8		was to serve 1,500 EDUs, but the grand jury's consultant determined the
9		capacity would only be 850 EDUs; <sup>73</sup>
10	6.	Under the Utility Agreement, public property and equipment were again
11		being conveyed to a private entity; 74 and
12	7.	Based on the findings of the County's March 19, 2004, internal audit,
13		performed at the request of the Monroe County Clerk of the Circuit Court,
14		the County was found to be negligent and/or incompetent in their control of
15		public funds: <sup>75</sup>
16		a. Contrary to the contract, no escrow agent or agreement was put in
17		place, and KWRU had sole discretion of the reserved capacity funds;
18		b. Upon the audit department's recommendation, the County withheld
19		\$308,483 in construction and legal fees because of the Utility's failure
20		to provide supporting documentation for these fees. KWRU paid these

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Ibid., p. 7. <sup>72</sup> Ibid., p. 8 <sup>73</sup> Ibid., p. 10. <sup>74</sup> Ibid. <sup>75</sup> Ibid., p. 11-12.

D	E	CL	A	S	S	TR	TR	n
			4 min -1999	Panel	Panel	_200200_	All RI L	NO 489

1			lees to Simili, Hemmesch & Burke and Green Fairways, inc. Both are
2			affiliates of the Utility: KWRU's President William Smith is a partner
3			of Smith, Hemmesch & Burke and the president of Green Fairways,
4			Inc.
5	Q.	WH	IAT WERE THE FINDINGS OF THE COUNTY'S INTERNAL AUDIT
6		OF	THE BOCC?
7	A.	The	internal audit conclusions include the following:
8		1.	Section 7 of the Utility Agreement requires the use of an escrow agent for
9			the capacity reservation fees paid by Monroe County for the Detention
10			Center project, however, no agent was ever assigned or used.
11		2.	There were two instances where KWRU withdrew money from the
12			Detention Center escrow account to pay for work performed on the South
13			Stock Island Expansion Project. These amounts were subsequently
14			reimbursed to KWRU under the Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure
15			Contract.
16		3.	The auditors concluded that the Utility Agreement is ambiguous as to how
17			the capacity reservation funds paid by Monroe County for the Detention
18			Center project were to be used by KWRU.
19		4.	E.T. MacKenzie charged KWRU for two mobilization costs associated with
20			the Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract, however, no separate
21			construction phases occurred. During interviews the auditors conducted with
22			the county engineer, the engineer stated the costs appeared reasonable.

1			*
2			Capacity Reservation and Infrastructure Contract.
3		6.	The engineering firm URS recommended an audit of the construction phase
4			be performed to confirm the fees charged for construction administration
5			and legal fees were consistent with the services performed since KWRU
6			could not provide the supporting documentation.
7		7.	The auditors found that both the Utility Agreement and the Capacity
8			Reservation and Infrastructure Contract have unusual provisions that need
9			monitoring.
10	Q.	WH	AT IS THE NATURE OF THE PAYMENTS TO FORMER BOCC
11		CON	MMISSIONER MR. JOHN L. LONDON FOR SERVICES PROVIDED
		TO	THE COMPANY?
12			
12 13	A.		Grand Jury investigation into the contracts between Monroe County and
	A.	The	Grand Jury investigation into the contracts between Monroe County and RU revealed that monthly payments of \$2,500 were made to Mr. John
13	A.	The KWI	
13 14	A.	The KWI Lond	RU revealed that monthly payments of \$2,500 were made to Mr. John
13 14 15	A.	The KWI Lond	RU revealed that monthly payments of \$2,500 were made to Mr. John don from November 1998 to October 2003, totaling \$147,500.76 Mr.
13 14 15 16	A.	The KWI Lond	RU revealed that monthly payments of \$2,500 were made to Mr. John don from November 1998 to October 2003, totaling \$147,500. Mr. don's term on the BOCC expired in October 1998. 77
13 14 15 16 17	A.	The KWI Lond	RU revealed that monthly payments of \$2,500 were made to Mr. John don from November 1998 to October 2003, totaling \$147,500. <sup>76</sup> Mr. don's term on the BOCC expired in October 1998. <sup>77</sup> According to the Company's response to Citizens Interrogatory 64, Mr.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Final Report of the 2004 Fall Term Grand Jury of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit of the State of Florida,

p. 6.
77 Monroe County BOCC Response to the 2004 Fall Term Grand Jury, p. 7.
78 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 64.

		CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL				
1	Q.	HOW WERE THE PAYMENTS TREATED ON THE COMPANY'S				
2		BOOKS?				
3	A.	According to the Company's response to Citizens' Interrogatory 64, \$32,500 of				
4		the payments was capitalized to plant accounts and \$127,500 was expensed.				
5	Q.	CAN THE COMPANY PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION SUPPORTING				
6		THE PAYMENTS TO MR. LONDON?				
7	A.	No. The Company stated, "No invoices are associated with this oral agreement for				
8		\$2,500 per month with Mr. London (now deceased) for his assistance in				
9		negotiations with Monroe County"79				
10	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE THAT CUSTOMERS SHOULD BE CHARGED FOR				
11		THE AMOUNT PAID TO MR. LONDON THAT REMAINS				
12		CAPITALIZED ON THE COMPANY'S BOOKS?				
13	A.	No, I do not. First, the Company has not provided any support for the amounts				
14		charged by Mr. London. There were no written contracts between the Company				
15		and Mr. London nor were there any invoices from Mr. London to the Company.				
16		Second, the Company has not demonstrated that ratepayers received any benefits				
17		from the amounts paid to Mr. London. Third, the Company has not shown that the				
18		amounts should have been capitalized as opposed to expensed. Therefore, I				
19		recommend that the Commission remove the \$32,500 charges to plant in service				
20		of which \$27,500 was charged to franchises and \$5,000 was charged to force				
21		mains.				

22

Q.

BASED ON YOUR ANALYSIS OF THE CONTRACTS BETWEEN KWRU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Response to Staff Audit Request 3.

# AND MONROE COUNTY, DO YOU RECOMMEND ANY

#### ADJUSTMENTS TO PLANT?

22.

A.

Yes. I recommend that the Commission remove from plant in service the \$10,000 expended by the Utility to decommission the County's treatment facility. This money appears to have been spent to decommission a treatment plant that was not owned by KWRU. Therefore, the expenditure of these funds should not be charged to the Company's customers. Consequently, I recommend that plant in service be reduced by \$10,000. If the Company can demonstrate that the cost to decommission the plant for Monroe County was not capitalized to plant in service, then this adjustment would not be necessary.

Another adjustment to plant in service should be made for the charges from the legal firm White and Case. The invoices provided in response to Staff Audit Request 3 clearly show these services were provided to the Utility in connection with responding to the Monroe County Audit Report. I do not believe that these costs should have been capitalized and therefore should not be included in rate base. Moreover, the cost to the Utility to defend itself against Monroe County should be borne by stockholders, not ratepayers. In total, \$27,230 was charged to the Utility. Therefore, I recommend that plant in service be reduced by \$27,500 with corresponding adjustments to accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense.

Next, I recommend that all charges from Green Fairways be removed from the capitalized cost of the South Stock Island Project. Although these fees were

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supposed to be for management of the project, the invoices from Weiler Engineering indicate that they also provided management and oversight of the construction of the project. Green Fairways charged KWRU \$32,198 as a management fee<sup>80</sup> and \$301,180 for administration of the South Stock Island Project. However, when asked in connection with the Monroe County Audit for work completion logs for Green Fairways, the auditors for Monroe County noted that the logs "were completed by the engineering firm and consisted of daily work reports of approximately one page per work day." It does not appear that Green Fairways administered the project; instead, this function appears to have been performed by the engineering firm. Consequently, these costs should not be passed on to ratepayers as they received no benefit from them. Therefore, I recommend that \$333,378 be removed from plant in service as well as the associated adjustments to accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense as set forth on Schedule 1.

In addition, the \$25,000 legal fee for Smith, Hemmesch & Burke for its claimed negotiation of contracts for the South Stock Island Project should also be removed. According to the Monroe County Audit Report, the Company could not provide supporting documentation for this charge. The adjustments that I recommend are shown on Schedule 1.

# Q. ARE THERE OTHER CHARGES THAT WERE BOOKED TO THE SOUTH STOCK ISLAND PROJECT THAT YOU BELIEVE SHOULD BE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> Staff Audit Request 3.

<sup>81</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Audit Report of Monroe County Contracts with KW Resort Utilities, March 19, 2004, Exhibit R.

1		REMOVED? DECLASSIFIE					
2	A.	Yes. There are two other charges capitalized to plant for the South Stock Island					
3		Project that I believe should not be charged to ratepayers. The first is \$422 for an					
4		advertisement in the Key West Citizen which should have been expensed. The					
5		second is \$8,602 in moving expenses for Mr. Chris Johnson. <sup>83</sup> I do not believe					
6		that the cost to move Mr. Chris Johnson is an appropriate expense to be					
7		capitalized to the SSI plant. The adjustments resulting from this recommendation					
8		are shown on Schedule 1.					
9	VI.	Other Rate Base Adjustments					
10	<u>v 1.</u>	Other Rate Dase Augustments					
11	Q.	HAVE YOU INCORPORATED THE USED AND USEFUL					
12		RECOMMENDATION FROM CITIZENS' WITNESS ANDREW					
13		WOODCOCK INTO YOUR CALCULATIONS?					
14	A.	Yes. As shown on Schedule 1, removing costs associated with non-used and					
15		useful plant reduced plant in service by \$1,324,595 and test year expenses by					
16		\$6,929. <sup>84</sup>					
17	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED					
18		PROFORMA ADJUSTMENT TO PLANT?					
19	A.	Yes. KWRU proposes to add \$1,139,707 to its plant due to the conversion to					
20		AWT. In his testimony, Mr. Smith explained that KWRU undertook the					
21		conversion to AWT earlier than the state's 2010 deadline at the request of Monroe					
22							
44		County. In addition, the Utility is refurbishing its plant and to perform these					

Response to Staff Audit Request 3.

84 An adjustment may also be needed for the associated CIAC.

1		projects together would be more efficient, cost effective, and reduce duplications
2		of effort.
3		According to Mr. Smith, the conversion began in 2006 and was expected
4		to be completed by October 1, 2007.85 However, that deadline has been extended
5		to January 2008.86 The original estimates of the projects were \$426,650 for the
6		refurbishment portion <sup>87</sup> and \$792,350 for the AWT upgrade. <sup>88</sup> With the project
7		extension, the cost is expected to increase by approximately \$220,000.89
8	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY BEEN ABLE TO PROVIDE SUPPORT FOR ALL
9		OF ITS PROJECTED CAPITAL ADDITIONS?
10	A.	Citizens requested documentation in its POD 3:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		Please provide all documents supporting the pro-forma plant additions/improvements to Plant in Service, including but not limited to: invoices, budgets, projection basis, quotes, budget requisitions, monthly payment requests for all projects, signed contracts, all bids for each project either completed or still under construction, and any requirements of the DEP for the proposed plant additions.
18		KWRU's response was "The documents will be produced to the extent
19		they exist." The Utility provided the following documents:
20 21 22 23 24		<ul> <li>Bid from Bob Lomrance for the clarifier foundation in the amount of \$144,600.</li> <li>Bid from Keys Construction Services, Inc. for the clarifier foundation in the amount of \$148,200.</li> <li>A proposal from Johnson Constructors for the clarifier foundation project.</li> </ul>
4-1		- 11 proposal from Johnson Constituciots for the clarifier foundation project.

<sup>85</sup> Smith Testimony, p. 4.
86 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 56.
87 Smith Testimony, p. 4.
88 Ibid., p. 5.
89 Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 56.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	<ul> <li>A contract from USFilter Davco Products for the clarifier and AWT conversion in the amount of \$954,800.</li> <li>Invoices from Green Fairways</li> <li>An invoice from JAS Corp.</li> <li>An invoice from Johnson Constructors</li> <li>An invoice from Keys Environmental, Inc.</li> <li>Notes on a fax from Keys Environmental, Inc.</li> <li>Checks written by Green Fairways.</li> </ul>
9	Citizens' relevant interrogatories and the Company's responses are included
10	below.
11	Interrogatory 38: Please provide the status of the plant projects
12	under construction and included in the Company's test year. This
13	status should include, but not be limited to the following: a
14	discussion of the status of the addition; the original estimated date
15	of completion, the current estimated date of completion, and the
16	actual date of completion, if applicable; the status of the
17	engineering and permitting efforts, if the plant addition has not
18	been through the bidding process; the actual cost to complete the
19	addition, the amount expended as of September 2007 if the
20	addition is not complete, and the current estimate of the completed
21	cost of the addition; a statement if any of the pro forma plant is
22 23	required by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection,
23	and explain why it is required.
24	Company's Response: The documents will be produced in
25	response to OPC's Document Request.
26	11/20/07 Supplement: Documents responsive to this Interrogatory
27	(and Document Request No. 56), in the form of Change Orders
28	from US Filter/Davco, are being copied and will be produced.
29	Interrogatory 56: For purposes of this request please refer to the
30	testimony of Mr. Smith, page 5. Please provide a detailed
31	discussion of the status of the construction of the AWT
32	improvements including updated costs estimates.
33	Company's Response: AWT project is scheduled to be complete
34	Jan 1 2008, at a cost of \$1,204,600 extras to original contract

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> This amount includes payments to other contractors/subcontractors as well as the 10% management fee.

DE	CI	ASS	IF	IED
hich includ	des \$1	00,000 in	extra	
hauling	and	\$20,000	for	

26		TO RATE BASE DO YOU RECOMMEND?
25	Q.	WHAT CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S PROFORMA ADJUSTMENT
24		was to reach substantial completion by May 1, 2007.
23		the wastewater treatment plant. According to the contract, the AWT conversion
22		Key West, Florida—the same address of KEI, which the Utility trailer housed at
21		Interestingly, the address for Johnson Constructors is shown as 6330 Front Street,
20		and Johnson Constructors, LLC together are the "Contractor" on the project.
19	A.	According to the agreement for construction of the AWT, Green Fairways, Inc.
18	Q.	WHO IS THE CONTRACTOR ON THE PROJECT?
17		that contained change orders totaling \$139,470, which are provided in Schedule 8.
16		In its response to Interrogatory 56, the Company produced an attachment
		L. 'ta annual to Later and the Comment and decoder attachment
14 15		and expects to be complete by Jan 1, 2008. See Interrogatories No. 38 and 56.
12 13		11/20/07 Supplement: KWRU is in the midst of the AWT upgrade
11		11/20/07 Letter from John Wharton: The answer has been clarified.
9 10		and expects to be complete by Jan 1, 2008.
8		Company's Response: KWRU is in the midst of the AWT upgrade
7		wastewater treatment facilities including updated costs estimates.
5 6		testimony of Mr. Smith, pages 3 and 4. Please provide a detailed discussion of the status of the refurbishment of the existing
4		Interrogatory 57: For purposes of this request please refer to the
3		demobilization. Also see attached.
1 2		(\$984,600) is approx. \$220,000, which includes \$100,000 in extra steel, \$100,000 extra sludge hauling and \$20,000 for

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The Company is proposing to add \$1,139,707 to plant in service for the conversion to AWT. 91 As of November 2007, the cost of the project has increased to \$1,315,142. 92 I recommend several adjustments to the Company's proforma amount for the AWT upgrade.

First, I recommend that the Commission disallow the added costs associated with change orders from Davco as identified below. Upon examination of the Change Orders provided in response to Citizens' Interrogatory 56, it is evident that the change orders were due to the Utility's failure to have the permits in place to do the job as originally scheduled. The change orders reflect additional housing costs associated with the delayed project. The first request for a change order states: "We were originally suppose to start the job on 11/8/06. So we rented a house for \$3,300.00 a month. The customer was red tagged and could not pour the slab until the permits were done. 93" The Change Orders are duplicated on Schedule 8. The table below sets forth the amount of each change ordered resulting from the delay. The total of the Change Orders is \$13,547.

US Filter	
Products Cha	T-
Change	Amount
Order	
Number	
1	\$3,667
2	\$1,360
3	\$1,360
4	\$1,360
5	\$5,800
Total	\$13,547

A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> MFRs, Schedule A-3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup> Response to Citizens' POD 81.

<sup>93</sup> Response to Citizens' POD 56.

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I do not believe customers should have to pay for the Company's failure to properly secure the permits for the project. Therefore, I recommend removing \$13,547 from the proforma adjustment and the corresponding adjustments for accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense.

Second, I recommend that the Commission remove \$111,374 associated with Green Fairways's administration fee. The Utility has capitalized \$111,374 in Green Fairways management fees which includes \$100,094 paid in 2007 plus \$11,281 paid in 2006. Like the situation with the South Stock Island Project, it is not clear what services are being provided by Green Fairways, other than the submission of invoices to KWRU for payment. In addition, according to the contract for this project, the engineer – in this case, Weiler Engineering – is responsible for providing administration of the contract. Therefore, I recommend removing \$111,374 from the proforma plant adjustments and related adjustments to accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense. 94

Third, it appears that Johnson Constructors and JAS Corp. were also providing some management services for the AWT Upgrade. There is also an affiliate relationship between Johnson Constructors and JAS Corp, as JAS Corp is owned by Jim Johnson (Chris Johnson's father). I do not believe ratepayers should pay for two supervisors. Therefore, I recommend all JAS Corporation and Jim Johnson charges relating to project supervision be removed from plant in service. Several of these charges relate to travel charges of Mr. Jim Johnson. The Company has not demonstrated that such costs should be borne by ratepayers.

<sup>94</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 73.

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This results in a decrease of \$4,650 to plant in service and related adjustments to accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense. These charges are detailed in the table below.

	JAS Corp	
10/2/2006	Management Services	2,000
10/2/2006	Per Diem	500
10/2/2006	Flight	198
10/16/2006	Flight	198
10/17/2006	Per Diem	100
10/18/2006	Auto Expense	13
10/19/2006	Auto Rental	111
10/22/2006	Flight	198
10/22/2006	Flight	198
10/23/2006	Per Diem	250
10/26/2006	Auto Expense	3
10/30/2006	Auto Expense	20
10/30/2006	Auto Rental	214
11/13/2006	Flight	198
11/17/2006	Per Diem	150
11/16/2006	Gasoline	9
11/17/2006	Auto Rental	289
	Total	\$ 4,650
Source: POI	Os 3, 7, and 73.	

Fourth, as shown on Schedule 9, there is a \$30,000 charge from Johnson Constructors for which there is no supporting documentation. It is not clear what services were provided for this amount. Absent supporting documentation for this charge, I recommend that it be removed from the cost of the AWT upgrade.

#### 10 Q. DO YOU HAVE OTHER ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE BASE?

A. Yes. There is a possibility that an adjustment should be made to rate base for an acquisition adjustment. However, at the time of the filing of this testimony, the information necessary to examine this issue was outstanding in discovery.

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2	VII.	Revenue/Billing Issues
3	Q.	HAVE YOU EXAMINED KWRU'S TEST YEAR REVENUE AND ITS
5		PROPOSED RATE STRUCTURE CHANGES?
6	A.	Yes. According to Mr. William Smith's testimony, KWRU has historically billed
7		its customers using flat rate charges because it was impossible to obtain water
8		usage information from the Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority ("FKAA").
9		However, that has recently changed and the Company is proposing to move to a
10		Base Facility/Gallon Charge rate structure.
11		The number of bills according to the FKAA usage information is different
12		from the number of bills KWRU has reported. In response to Citizens'
13		Interrogatory 60, the Company explained this difference as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		The Utility has historically billed flat rates for all but commercial customers. With the FKAA information, certain customers which were flat rate billed, such as multifamily apartment units, have individually metered units as billed by FKAA. As a result, the number of residential customers, including individually metered apartment units, increased. Additionally, based on the FKAA data, meter sizes were updated to agree to what was being billed for commercial and multi-family bulk meters by FKAA. Also, some commercial establishments are being served by multiple meters which were being flat rate billed as a single meter.
23		In order to ensure consistency between test year revenue and the proposed
24		rate design which contains different billing units, I adjusted test year revenue
25		where possible using the FKAA billing data the Company proposes to use. As
26		shown on Schedule 10, this adjustment increases test year revenue by \$158,151.
27	Q.	WHAT IS THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT TO TEST YEAR REVENUE THAT

#### YOU RECOMMEND?

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A. The second adjustment that I recommend relates to the trailer rent paid to the Company by Weiler Engineering Corporation. As discussed earlier, KWRU owns a trailer which Keys Environmental, Inc. and Weiler Engineering, Corp. occupy. During the test year, \$37,400 in rent was generated from the construction trailer. 95 In examining the billing summary the Company provided in response to Citizens Interrogatory 4, the rent charged to KEI has always remained constant at \$2,000/month. In contrast, since 2002, the rent charged to Weiler Engineering Corporation changed four times in five years. For some unknown reason, during the test year the monthly rent charged to Weiler Engineering Corporation went from \$1,750 to \$800. Without an explanation for the change in the monthly rent charged to Weiler Engineering Corporation, I recommend that the Commission adjust test year revenues to reflect that monthly rent of \$1,750 is paid by Weiler Engineering Corporation for the entire year. Accordingly, I recommend that test year revenue be increased by \$14,600. In addition, the Commission should be aware that Johnson Constructors, another affiliate, uses the same address as the Utility trailer, but no rent is paid by this entity.

#### 18 Q. WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT TO TEST YEAR REVENUE?

19 **A.** The Company recorded \$19,624 of income below the line. According to the Company's response to Citizens' Interrogatory 74, this income was received from Monroe County to keep its lift stations and other portions of its wastewater

<sup>95</sup> Company's MFRs, Schedule E-5.

1	system clear and clean. 96 Since the Utility has no employees, this service is most
2	likely provided by KEI. The person(s) that perform this service on behalf of the
3	County would appear to be the same person(s) that maintains the Utility's lift
4	stations. I have seen no documents which indicate that KEI keeps a record of the
5	time it spends on servicing Monroe County lift stations versus the Utility lift
6	stations. Consequently, in the absence of a showing that the cost of cleaning these
7	lift stations has been excluded from the costs charged to the Company, the
8	associated revenue/income should be recorded above the line for ratemaking
9	purposes. Therefore, test year revenue should be increased by \$19,624.

#### 10 VIII. Expense Adjustments

11 12

Q. HAVE YOU MADE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE COMPANY'S TEST

13 YEAR EXPENSES TO REMOVE ABNORMAL AND NON-RECURRING

14 EXPENSES?

- 15 A. Yes, I have. Schedule 11 details the analysis that I performed in developing the 16 adjustment to test year expenses for abnormal and non-recurring levels of
- 17 expense.
- 18 Q. HAVE YOU DONE AN ANALYSIS THAT EVALUATES THE INCREASE
- 19 IN EXPENSES INCLUDED IN THE TEST YEAR?
- 20 A. Yes. I examined the level of the Company's expenses in the years 2002, 2003,
- 21 2004, 2005, and 2006. This analysis is shown on Schedule 11. As depicted on this
- schedule, many of KWRU's expense categories experienced significant cost

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 74.

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1		increases during this time period. As shown, sludge removal expenses increased
2		by 36% in 2005 and another 252% in 2006. On average over the 5-year period
3		2002 to 2006, these expenses increased by 33%. Likewise, chemical expenses
4		have increased by 145% on average over the last five years, while materials and
5		supplies increased by 22%, and contractual services - engineering increased by
6		301% over the same time period. Schedule 11, shows the year-to-year and five
7		year average of cost increases associated with each major expense account.
8	Q.	BEFORE YOU BEGIN A DISCUSSION OF THE SPECIFIC
9		ADJUSTMENTS, WERE THERE ANY PARTICULAR EVENTS THAT
10		COULD HAVE CAUSED THE COMPANY'S EXPENSES TO BE
11		UNUSUALLY HIGH DURING THE TEST YEAR?
12	Begin	Confidential
13	A.	Yes. On October 24, 2005, Key West was hit by Hurricane Wilma. According to
14		the deposition of Mr. Johnson, this event caused significant costs to be incurred
15		by Keys Environmental, which in turn caused significant cost increases to be
16		incurred by the Utility at the tail end of 2005 and for several months during 2006.
17		In his deposition, Mr. Johnson explained that the reason for the cost increases
18		incurred by Keys Environmental was the repair and maintenance work caused by
19		Hurricane Wilma.
20		Mr. Johnson explained the significance of this hurricane in his deposition:
21 22 23 24		A. That was the big one for us. October 2005 was Wilma. That incapacitated our lift stations throughout the island. It necessitated crew to bring portable power via a trailer to the lift stations on

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1	DECLASSI
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4	A. Other contract work could be a direct result, as I said
5	earlier, of Wilma. Utilities in general, when systems come under
6	stress such as a hurricane, they fail.
7	
8	Q. Callouts: Is there any other factor other than Hurricane
9	Wilma associated with activities from the hurricane?
10	
1	A. The hurricane would explain a large percentage of that
12	increase, as I said, requiring portable power supply on a twenty-
3	four hour basis, to be trailing around. That is manhours upon
4	manhours every day, including 7 o'clock at night, 10 o'clock at
5	night, 5 in the morning, 3 in the morning. That didn't end until
.6	well into January.
17	
8	
9	Q. It looks like other outside work
20	increased by about 50 percent from 2005 to 2006.
21	
21 22 23 24 25 26	A. Yes. That would probably also been that other outside work
23	is not necessarily non utility-related. It is work outside of the
24	contract. So it could include work for KWRU above and beyond
25	the contract. It could also include components of work for non
26	utility entities.
27	·
28	Q. Do you have kind of a sense or notion as to why it increased
29	by 50 percent from the year 2005 to 2006?
30	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
31	A. The hurricane was huge. Electrical systems underground,
32	pumps burning up, everything related to that.
33	
34	Q. Storm drain cleaning looks like it 15 increased by maybe 1000
35	percent.
36	
37	A. Yes. Again, that was post hurricane. Hurricanes bring debris
38	in. People wanted the debris out. There is opportunity there
39	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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2	Q. You talk about Wilma and the reason for
13	the increase in expenses. Wilma was in October 2005?

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1		A. That is correct.  DECLASSIFIE
2 3 4		Q. Yet, these increase in expenses are occurring in 2006, is that correct?
5 6 7		A. Yes.
8 9 10		Q. Why? I guess you worked real hard in October, November and December, and there was a carryover into 2006? Is that why they increased that much?
11 12 13		A. Yes. <sup>97</sup>
14	End	Confidential
15	Q.	WOULD IT BE APPROPRIATE TO INCLUDE IN TEST YEAR COSTS
16		EXPENSES RELATED TO A HURRICANE?
17	A.	No, it would not. Because hurricanes and their associated damage are not
18		incurred annually, it would be inappropriate to charge customers as if one of these
19		events occurred every year.
20	Q.	WHEN WAS THE LAST TIME THAT ANOTHER HURRICANE HIT
21		KEY WEST?
22	A.	According to the website <a href="http://www.hurricanecity.com/city/keywest.htm">http://www.hurricanecity.com/city/keywest.htm</a> Key
23		West was hit by Hurricane Irene on October 15, 1999 and did minor damage. This
24		website also stated that Key West is affected by direct hits from hurricanes once
25		every 7.16 years. Clearly, under these circumstances it would be inappropriate to
26		include in test year expenses costs related to a hurricane that caused major
27		damage and resulted in unusually high expenses.
28	0	WHEDE THEDE ANY OTHER EVENTS DUDING THE TIME DEDICE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Chris Johnson Deposition, pp. 55, 56, 59, 66, 67.

1		THAT YOU EXAMINED WHICH MAY HAVE IMPACTED EXPENSES
2		THAT SHOULD BE ADDRESSED?
3	A.	Yes. In 2003 the Company completed the construction of a new vacuum sewer
4		collection system. As result of this, the Company anticipated adding
5		approximately 1,500 new EDUs to its wastewater system. As a result, the
6		Company experienced significant growth in EDUs in 2004, 2005, and 2006. In
7		response to Staff Audit Request 18 and in response to Citizens' Interrogatory 72,
8		the Company showed that in 2004 it added 337.23 EDUs, in 2005 it added 187.50
9		EDUs and in 2006 it added another 151.80 EDUs. Therefore, where costs are
10		variable I would expect the Company's expenses to increase with the addition of
11		these customers.
12	Q.	TAKING THESE FACTORS INTO CONSIDERATION, DO YOU HAVE A
13		RECOMMENDATION ON WHICH EXPENSE ACCOUNTS SHOULD BE
14		ADJUSTED DUE TO THEIR ABNORMAL NATURE?
15	A.	Yes. I recommend that the following expenses be adjusted because test year
16		expenses are abnormally high compared to the past four years.
17		Sludge Removal
18		• Chemicals
19		<ul> <li>Materials and Supplies</li> </ul>
20		Contractual Services – Engineering
21		• Contractual Services – Other
22	Q.	DID YOU ASK THE COMPANY WHY THESE EXPENSES INCREASED

1		BETWEEN THESE YEARS?  DECLASSIFIED
2	A.	Yes. Citizens requested that the Company provide an explanation for several of
3		these expense increases. Also, the Company is required, as part of the MFR
4		requirements, to explain increases in expense levels that are not explained by a
5		change in the number of customers and the CPI-U. This information is supposed
6		to be provided since the last rate case. If the applicant has not had a previous rate
7		case, the information is to be provided for the year five years prior to the test year.
8	Q.	WHAT WAS THE COMPANY'S RESPONSE CONCERNING WHY
9		SLUDGE HAULING EXPENSES INCREASED SO SUBSTANTIALLY
10		DURING THE TEST YEAR—FROM \$5,537 IN 2005 TO \$19,472 IN 2006?
11	A.	In response to the requirements in the MFRs to explain the increase in sludge
12		hauling costs, the Company stated: "Change in sludge disposal requirements."
13		However, in the deposition of Mr. Johnson, when asked if sludge hauling
14		requirements had changed in the last five years, Mr. Johnson stated: "The
15		requirements are the requirements. They have not changed. What we have done
16		is different, if that is what you are asking."98 Citizens also asked the Company to
17		explain the increase in these expenses in its Interrogatory 18 (a). In response to
18		this interrogatory, the Company stated:

See the Response to Audit Request No. 25. After removal of this activity, (allowing for \$2,500 for normal activity) Sludge Removal Expense increased by \$5,023, or 0.91%.

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<sup>98</sup> Johnson Deposition, p. 10.

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The Company also explained in response to Interrogatory 18 that sludge
hauling costs changed in the first quarter of 2005 and KWRU was no longer able
to allow sludge to dry for 90 days on its drying beds. Consequently, the Company
began hauling the sludge to a landfill in Miami.

In response to Staff Audit Request 25, the Company indicated that the invoice for \$11,412 was high compared to other months because of blower and diffuser problems at the plant and a high solids inventory that caused the Utility to haul an "inordinate" amount of solids to continue to operate the plant within DEP requirements.<sup>99</sup>

All of these responses indicate that the amount of sludge hauling expenses included in the test year are abnormally high.

# 12 Q. HOW MUCH DID SLUDGE REMOVAL EXPENSES INCREASE OVER 13 THE LAST FIVE YEARS?

As shown on Schedule 11, annual sludge removal expenses increased on average by 33% over the last five years, with the increase from 2005 to 2006 at 252%. As shown on page 1 of this schedule, sludge removal expenses also increased significantly on a per customer basis. Examining the expenses on this basis will tend to reduce the impact of customer growth on expense levels (where relevant). In this case there would be some relationship between the amount of sludge processed and hauled and the number of customers. However, even accounting for this factor, sludge removal expenses decreased from \$8 a customer 100 in 2002

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<sup>99</sup> Response to Staff Audit Request 25.

<sup>100</sup> ERCs are used in the calculation which considers both the number of customers as well as volume.

1		to \$3 a customer in 2003, then increased to \$4 a customer in 2004, \$5 a customer
2		in 2005 and to \$14 a customer in 2006. Clearly, the level of sludge expenses
3		included in the test year is abnormal. Therefore, I recommend that the
4		Commission reduce the level of test year sludge removal expenses.
5	Q.	DID THE STAFF AUDITOR FOR THE COMMISSION FIND THAT
6		SLUDGE HAULING EXPENSES WERE UNUSUALLY HIGH DURING
7		THE TEST YEAR?
8	A.	Yes. The Staff auditor found that the expenses during the test year appeared
9		higher than normal. The following was contained in the Staff Audit:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q.	The utility recorded in Account 711 - Sludge Hauling, an expense to haul the sludge for \$11,411.82. This amount is for a total of 66.62 tons. The other four charges in this account were for lower amounts. The utility explained that due to blower and diffusers problems at the plant and also to a high solids inventory, the utility had to haul an inordinate amount of solids to continue to operate within the DEP requirements. This charge is probably not recurring and may need to be amortized over five years. The yearly amortization would be \$2,282.36. The deferred amount would be \$9,129.46. 101
23	ζ.	YEAR SLUDGE HAULING EXPENSES SHOULD BE?
24	A.	Schedule 11 of my exhibit shows three alternatives for determining a reasonable
25		on-going level of sludge hauling expenses. These three alternatives are to use a
26		three year, four year, or five year average of expenses to determine a normal level
27		of expenses. As shown, if a three year average is used, test year expenses should
28		be reduced by \$7,819, if a four year average is used, test year expenses should be

<sup>101</sup> Staff Audit, p. 30.

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1		reduced by \$9,033 and if a five year average is used, test year expenses should be
2		reduced by \$8,994. Given that KWRU has been in the process of adding new
3		customers during the last three years, I recommend using a 3-year period to
4		determine a normal level of test year expenses. Therefore, test year expenses
5		should be reduced by \$7,819. This amount is somewhat less than the amount
6		developed by the Staff auditor, but reinforces that the amount of sludge hauling
7		expense included in the test year is overstated.
8	Q.	DID YOU EXAMINE THE INCREASE IN CHEMICAL EXPENSES?
9	A.	Yes. As shown on Schedule 11, chemical expenses increased by 145% since
10		2003. Chemical expenses increased by 64% in 2003, remained almost constant in
11		2004, increased by 125% in 2005 and by 85% in 2006.
12	Q.	WHAT EXPLANATION HAS THE COMPANY GIVEN FOR THIS
13		INCREASE IN EXPENSES?
14	A.	In the MFRs the Company indicated that chemical expenses increased due to
15		"increased treatment requirement due to AWT standards." This response
16		however, appears to be geared toward the proposed 2006 increase in chemical
17		expenses of \$112,341 associated with the AWT conversion.
18		In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 18, which asked the Company to
19		explain the increase in chemical expenses from 2004 to 2006, the Company

In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 18, which asked the Company to explain the increase in chemical expenses from 2004 to 2006, the Company stated: "Documents responsive to this Interrogatory are being produced in response to the Request for Production of Documents." In response to this interrogatory, the Company produced copies of chemical bills received from its

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> MFRs, Schedule B-6.

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1		affiliate Keys Environmental. In addition, the Company explained in response to
2		this interrogatory that chlorine prices have increased considerably and that more
3		wastewater is being processed due to a significant increase in users in 2005-06.
4		In response to Interrogatory 49, which asked the Company to "[p]lease
5		explain in detail why Chemical Expenses increased from \$3,773 in October to
6		\$7,152 in November and to \$11,906 in December," the Company provided the
7		following responses:
8 9 10		Initial Response: Our accountants did not break our supplies out of the "Chemical and Supply" categories. Please see 18 (c) for chemical amounts.
11 12 13		11/20/07 Letter from John Wharton: The answer has been clarified.
14 15 16 17		11/20/07 Supplement: Included in the General Ledger account 901010000-Chemicals and Supplies are supplies other than chemicals. Invoices showing chemicals purchases have been provided in response to Interrogatory 18(c). 103
18 19		It would appear that the Company's explanation of the changes and
20		increases in chemical expenses relate to something that affected supplies as
21		opposed to chemicals. Regardless, the Company did not explain why the costs
22		increased. In my opinion, if the Company booked more than just chemicals to
23		this account, it should explain why the other expenses increased as well.
24	Q.	HAVE CHEMICAL EXPENSES INCREASED WHEN THE GROWTH OF
25		CUSTOMERS IS TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION?

Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 49(a).

		DECT ACCIETED
1	A.	Yes. As shown on page 1 of Schedule 11, chemical expenses increased from \$7
2		per customer in 2002 to \$12 in 2003, then decreased to \$11 in 2004, increased to
3		\$24 a customer in 2005 and then to \$36 a customer in 2006. 104
4	Q.	DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING THE
5		APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF CHEMICAL EXPENSE THAT SHOULD BE
6		USED FOR THE 2006 TEST YEAR?
7	A.	Yes. As shown on Schedule 11, I recommend that test year chemical expenses be
8		reduced by \$16,480. As with the case of sludge removal expenses, I recommend
9		that the normal level of expenses be established using a three-year average.
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE NEXT ACCOUNT THAT YOU EXAMINED?
11	A.	The next account is the materials and supplies account which increased an
12		average of 22% over the last five years and by 33% during the test year—
13		increasing from \$77,678 in 2005 to \$103,361 in 2006. On a per customer basis
14		materials and supplies increased from \$67 in 2005 to \$74 in 2006.
15	Q.	WHAT EXPLNATION HAS THE COMPANY GIVEN FOR THIS
16		INCREASE?
17	A.	In the MFRs the Company indicated that materials and supplies expenses
18		increased due to "system expansion and corrosive environment." 105 Also, in
19		response to Citizens' Interrogatory 49, the Company gave the following reason
20		for the increase in materials and supplies expenses:

<sup>104</sup> ERCs are used in the calculation which considers both the number of customers as well as volume.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> MFRs, Schedule B-6.

Material and supply expenses increase in July from June was mainly due to \$5,478 in office supplies which represent 2 years of a copier lease that was billed at the end of two years; to KWRU from Weiler Engineering on a copier lease in which KWRU agreed to share 50/50 with Weiler. The August to September increase of \$5,152 is due to \$8,636 repair of damaged valve pit in front of Hansen and Bringle, September. Vacuum repair for August was \$3,484 for after hours call outs. <sup>106</sup>

In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 17, the Company also explained that the increase was due to the repair and maintenance of the vacuum collection system. Specifically, the Company stated:

In 2001, the Air Vac lift stations and the Vacuum collection system were not in service, so no expenses related to these activities were incurred. In 2006 \$40,000 and \$28,052 in repairs and maintenance costs were incurred respectively for these activities. Removing this \$68,052 in expenses not incurred in 2001 yields a net increase in materials and supplies from 2001 to 2006 of \$13,622, or 0.63%, well under the benchmark index.<sup>107</sup>

The Company's response concerning the additional requirements associated with the Air Vac lift stations and the Vacuum collection system does satisfactorily account for the large increase between 2005 and 2006. These services are provided by the Utility's affiliate KEI.

However, with respect to the copier charges, I recommend removal of \$2,739 for the double charge on the copier lease, as I question how the copier is shared. If this copier is shared with KWRU as explained in the response to Citizens' Interrogatory 49, I question where the copier is located and which employees it is shared with, since the Utility has no employees. If the copier is located in the trailer owned by the Utility but leased to KEI and Weiler

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 49.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 17.

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

1 Engineering, then the copier is most likely shared with KEI, not KWRU. It would 2 be physically impossible for KWRU's employees to use the copier, since they do 3 not exist. While it might be appropriate to disallow the entire cost, I have 4 conservatively removed \$2,739 from test year expenses. 5 Q. WHAT OTHER ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND TO TEST 6 YEAR EXPENSES? 7 A. I recommend several adjustments for expenses which should not be borne by 8 ratepayers. These are discussed below. 9 Q. HAVE YOU MADE ANY ADJUSTMENT TO TRAVEL EXPENSES? 10 A. Yes, I have. I have removed the entire \$19,106 in travel expenses for Mr. Smith 11 that the Company had recorded in Account 775-Miscellaneous Expenses. 12 total travel expenses were broken down as \$6,000 paid to Green Fairways for 6 13 months lodging and a total of \$13,106 for rental cars and airplane fuel. According 14 to the Company, Mr. Smith's travel expenses are allocated on alternating months 15 to the Utility and to Key West Golf Course. I have seen no explanation of why 16 airplane fuel is allocated between the two Key West business ventures and not 17 also among the Illinois businesses which are on the other end of Mr. Smith's 18 Illinois to Florida Keys flights. For several reasons, I do not believe that these 19 expenses should be borne by ratepayers. 20 As Mr. Smith's wife owns a house on Stock Island, I see no need for the 21 Utility to be paying Mr. Smith's lodging expenses. Nor do I believe the Utility's

ratepayers should be paying for rental cars or aviation fuel. Mr. Smith is a partner

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1	in multiple business ventures, in Key West, Illinois, and San Francisco. If Mr.
2	Smith lived in the same city as this utility, ratepayers would not be asked to pay
3	for his travel expenses. The fact that his primary home and other businesses are
4	out of state should not cause any additional costs to be borne by the Company's
5	customers.
6	In his deposition, Mr. Smith indicated that the \$1,000 in monthly lodging
7	expenses were a holdover from a prior period when he paid lodging expenses. But
8	he still did not believe that the \$6,000 of lodging expenses charged to customers
9	should be removed:
10 11 12 13 14	Q. Just one other line of questioning. I am going to travel expenses. It says, a total of \$6000 was recorded for lodging expenses paid to Green Fairways. This was recorded for \$1000 a month, for January through November 2006. I thought you said you stayed at your wife's home.
15 16 17	A. Yes.
18 19	Q. How was that \$6000 calculated?
20 21 22	A. It is a carryover from when I used to come down and stay in a hotel or stay at locations that was owned by Green Fairways. When my wife bought a house, it just continued, the lodging expense.
23 24 25	Q. But the \$6000 should be removed, then?
26 27 28	A. I don't think so.
29 30 31	Q. Why?
31 32 33	A. There are expenses for me to stay down here. It is not cheap. 108

<sup>108</sup> Smith Deposition, pp. 52-3.

I disagree. I recommend that these expenses be removed. The table below itemizes the expenses incurred by Mr. Smith and his wife to travel to Key West/Stock Island.

			S	mith Tr	avel C	Charges 20	06		 
Date	555 1 654	Island City Flying Service	1	odging ftwood #4	A Fu	imburse Smith irplane uel and ntal Car	S	wenn mith nner	Total
01/2006	\$	1,259	\$	1,000					\$ 2,259
			-						\$ -
03/2006	\$	195	\$	1,000	\$	2,690	\$	249	\$ 4,134
03/2006					\$	1,885			\$ 1,885
05/2006			\$	1,000	\$	3,578	- 		\$ 4,578
06'2006	\$	165							\$ 165
07/2006			\$	1,000		0			\$ 1,000
09/2006			\$	1,000					\$ 1,000
10/2006									\$ _
12/2006			\$	1,000	\$	2,623			\$ 3,623
	\$	360	\$	6,000	\$	10,775	\$	249	\$ 18,643

A.

# 16 Q. DID THE COMPANY SUPPLY INVOICES IN SUPPORT OF THE 17 TRAVEL EXPENSES OF MR. SMITH?

Attached as Schedule 12 is the support provided by the Company for Mr. Smith's travel expenses in response to Citizens' POD 28 and Staff Audit Request 25. As shown, there were no invoices or receipts associated with the amount paid to Mr. Smith for his \$6,000 of lodging expenses. In addition, in support of his fuel and rental car expenses, Mr. Smith provided hand written documents supporting

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1		charges for \$2,691, \$1,885, \$3,578, and \$2,623. 109 In addition, Mr. Smith
2		submitted a hand written request for a \$249 charge related to a dinner apparently
3		paid for by Mrs. Smith, shown on page 14 of this Schedule. Supporting
4		documentation was provided for the three charges from Island City Flying
5		Service, Inc.
6	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION ALLOWED TRAVEL EXPENSES OF THIS
7		NATURE IN PAST PROCEEDINGS?
8	A.	No, it has not. In a case involving BFF Corp. the Commission specifically
9		disallowed travel costs for a utility owner to travel from Miami to Ocala. The
10		Commission found:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		The utility requested \$ 6,800 annually for an officer's salary. This request was based on the owner's travel time from Miami to Ocala at an estimated 40 hours a year plus \$ 800 annually for travel, meals, and lodging and 20 hours a year for a review of the books and records. The hourly rate requested was \$ 100 per hour.  We do not believe the customers of the utility should be responsible for the owner's travel time to and from work. We have allowed transportation expense in the past; however, this expense was for travel through the service area and to and from meetings with regulatory agencies and to utility related seminars. Therefore, we have disallowed the requested travel expenses for the owner of \$ 4,800. 110
25		

LIKE TO ADDRESS?

26

27

Q.

ARE THERE ANY OTHER TRAVEL EXPENSES THAT YOU WOULD

Responses to Citizens' POD 28 and Staff Audit Request 25.

110 Florida Public Service Commission, Docket No. 010919-SU; Order No. PSC-02-0487-PAA-SU, April 8, 2002.

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A. Yes. There were several other expenses included in the travel category that deserve close scrutiny. They include expenses for reimbursements for the purchase of a vehicle for the Utility (that has no employees to drive them) that was driven to Key West from Illinois. I question these expenses for several reasons.

First, the Company has not demonstrated that it could not have purchased a similar vehicle without incurring the travel plus other costs incurred to drive this vehicle from Illinois to Stock Island. One invoice was for \$598 for which \$598 was paid, another invoice was for \$445 for which \$500 was paid, and a third invoice for \$211 was paid in full. Another charge of \$500 was paid for personal services for finding the truck which was promised by WLS [William L. Smith]. Interestingly, Mr. Chris Johnson approved the payment by the Utility for this service as well as the repairs on the vehicle driven from Illinois. There is a final charge in this account which I recommend be disallowed. The amount is \$716 charged to KWRU by Chris Johnson for Southernmost Motel of \$677, a Utility lunch of \$17, and charges for an MSN dial up account that was cancelled of \$22. In total these charges amount to \$2,525.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING THE \$21,631
 TRAVEL AND AUTO EXPENSES THAT YOU HAVE JUST DISCUSSED?
 A. I recommend that all of these expenses be disallowed. The amounts charged to

the Utility by Mr. Smith are excessive and unsupported. Furthermore, as explained above, if Mr. Smith's primary residence were in Key West or Stock

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1		Island, these costs would not be incurred. In addition, the Company has provided
2		no support for the dinner expense of \$249 for Mrs. Smith. Regarding the costs
3		incurred to drive a vehicle from Illinois to Key West and the other miscellaneous
4		charges of Mr. Chris Johnson, I recommend disallowance of these as well. The
5		Company has not demonstrated that these expenses were incurred for the benefit
6		of its customers.
7	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING TELEPHONE
8		CHARGES?
9	A.	I recommend that the telephone charges not directly related to the Utility's
10		business be removed from Account 775-Miscellaneous. The Utility has included
11		\$13,814 in telephone charges in this account. Of this amount, only \$6,306 relates
12		to Bellsouth charges for sewer customer service calls and for telephone service in
13		KWRU's trailer. The remaining \$7,508 is for telephone charges for wireless
14		services. These wireless services appear to be related to Mr. Bart Smith, Mr.
15		Alexander Smith, and Ms. Leslie Johnson, all of whom are children of Mr. Smith.
16		None of these children are employed by the Company or the affiliates that work
17		for the Utility.
18		In addition, according to the Staff Audit, the remainder of these telephone
19		charges are associated with Mr. Carter's cellular phone and telephone purchases.
20		As Mr. Carter is employed by KWGC, any cellular phone charges should be
21		charged to that Company. The Utility pays a management fee of \$8,000 a month
22		to KWGC-Mr. Carter's cellular phone charges should be included as part of the

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		and the same of	Page 1	100	-006., -200.	-095	Manual !	10.10

1		management fee. There should be no other costs charged to the Company
2		associated with the management services provided by KWGC. Unfortunately,
3		there are no contracts between the Company and KWGC which govern the
4		services provided to the Company by this affiliate. 111 In the absence of a
5		contractual arrangement which sets forth the costs to be charged to the Utility, I
6		recommend that the charges for Mr. Carter's phone be disallowed.
7		In total, I recommend a disallowance of \$7,508 in miscellaneous expenses
8		which have not been supported by the Company.
9	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE AN ADJUSTMENT TO THE COMPANY'S
10		EXPENSES FOR POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS?
11	A.	Yes, I recommend that the Commission disallow \$1,023 in expenses incurred by
12		the Company related to a fund raiser for Charlie Crist's gubernatorial campaign.
13		As noted in the Staff Audit report, conformance with the NARUC Uniform
14		System of Accounts (USOA) requires that these expenses be booked below-the-
15		line and therefore should not be charged to ratepayers.
16 17		Commission Rule 25-30.115(l), Florida Administrative Code, requires water and wastewater utilities to maintain accounts and
18		records in conformity with the 1996 National Association of
19		Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) Uniform System of
20		Accounts (USOA) adopted by the National Association of
21		Regulatory Utility Commissioners. The USOA prescribes that
22		"expenditures for the purpose of influencing public opinion with
23		respect to the election or appointment of public officials should
24 25		be charged to Account 426, Miscellaneous Non-Utility Expense, a
25 26		below-the-line account.
40		

Response to Citizens' POD 29.

### CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

1	Consistent with the Staff's Audit Finding No. 16, I recommend that \$1,203 in
2	expenses related to the fund raiser be booked below-the-line and not charged to
3	ratepayers. The amounts are as follows: \$55 from Account 720-Materials and
4	Supplies, \$63 from Account 775-Miscellaneous and \$1,085 from Account 760-
5	Advertising. 112
6 <b>Q</b> .	WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT?
7 A.	The next adjustment concerns the Company expenses for advertising/public
8	relations expenses. According to the Company's response to Citizens'
9	Interrogatory 20, the costs charged to advertising included:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	The amounts included in account 760-Advertising were principally for the work of William Barry and are related to public relations rather than advertising. Certain public relations activities, including door hanging, letters to the editor, etc. were published, but there was no "advertising". The 2006 general ledger, as well as all other years, has itemization of charges (908310000 account number). 113
18	Most of the expenses included in the advertising account relate to charges
19	from Mr. William Barry. Mr. Barry labels himself as a spokesperson for KW
20	Resort Utilities Corporation. In his deposition, Mr. Barry explained that he "is a
21	media consultant, that he does media relations and he is a spokesperson in the
22	community."114 He described his work with the Company as follows:
23 24 25	I am the spokesperson for the company. In that capacity, communicate with the press when they have questions or when we have press releases or when there is a presentation to be given to

Staff Audit, p. 33.
Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 20.
Barry Deposition, p. 3.

### DECLASSIFIED

the County Commission or public meeting concerning the utility company. I would do that on behalf of the company. 115

2 3

Although Mr. Barry is supposed to be an independent contractor and own his own company, he periodically writes letters on the letterhead of the Utility, as shown on Schedule 13. In one instance, Mr. Barry sent a letter in 2005 to the South Florida World Wildlife Fund responding to a radio interview Mr. Barry heard. The letter responds to a statement about the infrastructure needed to connect to the Utility's vacuum sewer system. The next document in the schedule is a press or news release which begins "My name is Bill Barry...." but is signed by Bill Smith, President of the Utility and addresses the political struggle for wastewater funds and the Utility's bid to provide service to other areas in the Florida Keys. The next letter is to Commissioner Dixie Spehar in defense of the instant rate increase request and its relationship to the AWT. Again the letter is on the letterhead of the Utility, but is signed by Mr. Barry.

In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 20, the Company provided examples of the work performed by Mr. Barry in his capacity as a spokesperson for the Utility. I have attached as Schedule 13 to my testimony several examples of the work product of Mr. Barry. As shown in this exhibit, the costs incurred by Mr. Barry are designed to enhance the public opinion of the Company.

Similar to the items discussed above, the documents contained in Schedule 14 are designed to enhance the publics' opinion of the Company. For example, as shown on page 1 of the schedule, the Company's newsletter "Customer Pipe

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>115</sup> Ibid., p. 5.

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1		Line" attempts to persuade its readers that the Company has the lowest monthly
2		sewer bill in Monroe County and the least expensive hook-up fees in the Keys.
3		Page 5 is an opinion piece written by Mr. Barry that extols the benefits of the
4		vacuum sewer system installed by KWRU: "Our Monroe County government
5		leadership made the best choice for Stock Island property owners with their
6		selection of a vacuum system. FKAA Executive Director Jim Reynolds (an
7		engineer) also agree that a vacuum system can be an efficient and effective choice
8		for wastewater collection."
9		More recently, as shown on pages 11 and 12 of this schedule, Mr. Barry
10		has attempted to refute though newspaper articles filings made in the rate case.
11		Again, these are attempts to influence public opinion; unfortunately the
12		information written by Mr. Barry is not always accurate.
13	Q.	WHAT HAS THE COMMISSION FOUND CONCERNING SPENDING
14		RELATED TO PUBLIC RELATIONS?
15	A.	The Commission has typically disallowed expenses that are public relations
16		oriented, finding that they benefit stockholders, not customers. When discussing
17		the inclusion of membership dues and contributions in a utility's test year
18		expenses that are public relations oriented, the Commission found:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		We acknowledge that some benefits may be accrued as a result of these expenses. However, we agree with OPC that costs related to contributions and membership dues, which are public relations oriented, should be disallowed. These costs serve to improve the image of the company, resulting in a direct benefit to the utility's shareholders, not to the customers. This treatment has been consistently applied by the Commission, as evidenced by Orders Nos. PSC-93-0301-FOF-WS at 19-20 and PSC 96-1320-FOF-WS

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2 3	proceeding. 116
4	In a large water and wastewater case involving Southern States Utilities,
5	Inc., the Commission made several findings on what was appropriate to charge
6	customers as it related to public relations-related expenses.
7	Mr. Ludsen disagreed with OPC that a public relations retainer is
8	generally not a proper charge for rate case expense. Although he
9	did not know specifics about the charge, Mr. Ludsen stated that the
10	uniform rate investigation benefitted this case because of broader
11 12	customer input. Mr. Ludsen did not think that SSU was trying to
13	enhance its image, but instead trying to inform customers through brochures about the issues in the case.
14	When asked about legislative charges from the Messer Vickers law
15	firm, Mr. Ludsen could not explain to what those related. He
16	agreed, in general, that legislative expenses should not be charged
17	to customers. Specifically, Mr. Ludsen agreed that charges from
18	Landers and Parsons for preparing testimony for a Senate hearing
19	should be removed.
20	Mr. Ludsen's response to why open houses with customers, in
21	addition to the Commission hearings, should be charged to
22	customers was that it was a benefit to the case. If it benefitted the
23	case, then it benefitted the customers. He did admit that those open
24	houses were not required by the Commission.
25	ü.
26	•••
27	We believe that if SSU sees a need to inform its customers or the
28	press about the issues in the case beyond what our rules require,
29	then those expenditures must be borne by SSU, not the customers.
30	Accordingly, all charges related to telemarketing, public relations,
31	uniform rate bill inserts, mailings and door hangers, cellular
32	telephone bills and bus transportation shall be removed. Mr.
33	Ludsen was unable to justify why a banquet or lunch was
34	necessary and reasonable; accordingly, this amount shall be

<sup>1116</sup> Florida Public Service Commission, United Water Florida Inc., Docket No. 960451-WS PSC-97-0618-FOF-WS, May 30, 1997.

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2 3	charges shall also be removed. 117
4	This order provides an excellent analysis of the types of public relations
5	expenses that should not be charged to customers.
6	Another order, involving United Telephone Company of Florida, also
7	explains the Commission's policy of not requiring customers to pay for public
8	relations and/or image enhancement advertising.
9	
10	United has included intrastate institutional or image advertising
11	costs of \$ 848,000 in its proposed test year operating expense. The
12	Company asserts that LECs today are facing various forms of
13	competition and advertising is an effective tool to deal with it.
14	United is receiving payments from UTLD to compensate for the
15	many tangible and intangible benefits it receives from the
16	Company. United contends that, since the ratepayer is being
17	compensated through the payment for the value of United's name,
18	logo and reputation, it is only fair that the ratepayer pay for the
19	expenditures necessary to maintain this value.
20	
21	OPC does not agree with United's argument; OPC asserts that it is
22	flawed and a misunderstanding of the UTLD docket. The
23	compensating payment was primarily to compensate United for
24	marketing and operation benefits derived by UTLD. OPC
25	recommends that we continue our long-standing, well reasoned
26	policy of assigning the costs of institutional or image advertising to
27	the shareholder.
28	
29	We agree with OPC that institutional or image advertising benefits
30	the nonregulated portions of the business to a greater extent than
31	the regulated operations and that the UTLD compensating payment
32	is for benefits already funded by the ratepayers. We will continue
33 34	our policy of excluding institutional or image advertising from the cost of service. 118

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>117</sup> Florida Public Service Commission, Southern States Utilities, Inc. Docket No. 950495-WS; Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, October 30, 1996.

Florida Public Service Commission, United Telephone Company, Docket No. 891231-TL, 891239-TL; Order No. 24049, January 31, 1991.

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Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION CONCERNING THE COSTS
	CHARGED TO ADVERTISING EXPENSES?
A.	I recommend that the Commission disallow all of the expenses charged to
	advertising expenses because, as the Utility admitted, they are related to public
	relations functions. This amounts to \$27,738. However, as noted above, I already
	recommended that \$1,085 be removed from the advertising account because it
	was related to political contributions. Therefore, the adjustment for advertising
	expenses related to public relations is \$26,653.
Q.	WHAT IS THE NEXT EXPENSE ACCOUNT THAT YOU EXAMINED?
A.	I examined the expenses included in the account Miscellaneous Expenses. There
	are several expenses included in this account that I do not believe should be
	recovered from customers. The first two expenses relate to the Company paying
	the Monroe County Sheriff's office to serve notice to customers about the need to
	hook up to the Company wastewater system. During the test year the Company
	paid the Monroe County Sheriff's Department \$420 to hand deliver letters to
	KWRU customers that had not hooked up to the sewer system. (The County later
	refunded \$160 of this.) In addition, KWRU also paid Anderson Process Servers
	\$225 during the test year. In a newspaper article, it was reported that:
	Sheriff Rick Roth permanently stopped his office's practice of uniformed deputies hand-delivering business letters for private companies for \$20 a piece. Roth said he learned of the years-long practice only Wednesday, when the media questioned him about
	A. Q.

25 26

24

Resort Utilities....

deputies delivering letters to some Stock Island residents from KW

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2		add strength,
3 4 5 6		Roth said Monroe County deputies hand-deliver summonses and other legal documents for the Clerk of Court, but said he didn't know his deputies were delivering non-legal items.
7 8		'It's not worth it.' he said. 'It's setting the wrong impression." 119
9		The Company's hiring of the Sheriff's office to deliver hook-up notices
1		was excessive and appears to be an attempt to intimidate its customers. The
2		Commission should not endorse such practices by utilities. It is counterproductive
3		and does not comport with providing good customer service.
4		The second expense that I recommend be disallowed is a \$100 donation to
5		the Rotary Club of Key West. As explained above, the Commission has
16		consistently disallowed such expenses because customers should be permitted to
17		decide which organizations they donate to, not the utility.
8		The third expense is \$61 paid to Blossoms in Paradise. It does not appear
9		that these charges are beneficial to ratepayers.
20		In total the amount that I recommend be removed from test year
21		miscellaneous expenses is \$646.
22	Q.	WHAT IS THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT THAT YOU RECOMMEND?
23	A.	I recommend that the Commission adjust chemical and purchased power expense
24		for the cost savings associated with the Company's efforts to refurbish its sewer
25		lines. Mr. Smith explained in his testimony the significant undertaking the
26		Company took to resleeve a substantial portion of its existing collection lines.

<sup>119</sup> Key West Citizen, March 30, 2006, p. 1a.

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According to Mr. Smith	this effort was completed at the begin	nning of 2007 at a

2	OFFSETTING ADJUSTMENT FOR THE REDUCTION IN CHEMICALS
1	RESLEEVING ITS COLLECTION LINES. DID IT MAKE AN
0 <b>Q</b> .	THE COMPANY INCLUDED \$600,000 OF COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH
9	Tabassas - NATH-ANTHANS C Extract confidences as well as years record them to the confidence of the co
8	\$565,615 was the cost of the Brian Inc. slip lining project. 121
7	Also, KWRU has a 3 year warranty on the work mentioned above.
6	or replaced 200, 4 inch clean outs w/plastic meter box and lid.
5	connections, 2160 LF of laterals needed to be slip lined and added
4	620 of 12 inch LF with CIP liner, reinstatement of 158 lateral
2 3 4 5	sleeved, slip line 6080 LF of 8 inch pipe with CIP liner, slip line
2	mobilization, camera and TV reports on gravity system to be re-
1	Lincoln Gardens collection system which included, contractors
0	In October 2006 KWRU completed a slip lining of its existing
9	detail on the slip lining project:
8	In response to Citizens' Interrogatory 51, the Company provided more
7	
6	lines. 120
5	sleeving a substantial portion of the existing collection system
4	not work. Therefore, in 2006 the Utility began a project for re-
3	first fixing these infiltration problems, or the AWT system would
2	told by our engineer that we could not proceed to AWT without
1	because the infiltration is generally high in salt content, we were
0	also to utilize the treated effluent for reuse purposes. In addition,
9	substantially impacting the ability to properly treat effluent, but
8	system. It has now reached a point where it is not only
7	resulted in substantial infiltration for years within the Utility's
6	types of "soils" themselves and the age of the system, have
5	particular location of the facilities caused its degradation, but the
4	to tidal influences and is relatively old. As such, not only has the
3	The Utility's collection system is located in an area that is subject
2	cost of \$600,000. Mr. Smith explained:
	According to Mr. Simili, this errort was completed at the beginning of 2007 at a
2	The section of the se

Smith Testimony, p. 2.Response to Citizens' Interrogatory 51.

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

#### AND PURCHASED POWER EXPENSE THAT WOULD RESULT FROM

#### THIS EXPENDITURE?

A.

No, it did not. Citizens requested that the Company provide a quantification of the cost savings associated with this project. Specifically, Citizens asked: "Describe and quantify all cost savings resulting from the resleeving and explain and show where these cost savings are reflected in the rate case." 122

In its initial response to Citizens' Interrogatory 51, the Company stated: "Electrical and chemical costs will be lower since we are treating less wastewater; however KWRU expenses will definitely increase when we start treating to advanced wastewater treatment levels." Citizens did not believe that the Company's answer was responsive, so we asked the Company to supplement its response. In its supplemental response, the Company stated: "Electrical and chemical costs will be lower since we are treating less wastewater; however KWRU expenses will definitely increase when we start treating to advanced wastewater treatment levels and for the additional customers which will begin receiving service as a result of Code Enforcement." Citizens' did not believe that the Company's supplemental answer was responsive to the question of quantifying the cost savings associated with resleeving the sewer lines. In the Company's response to Citizen's Second Motion to Compel, the Company gave the following explanation:

However, by way of further response, Monroe County sought to have all wastewater treatment facilities converted to AWT by

<sup>122</sup> Citizens' Interrogatory 51.

<sup>123</sup> Letter from John Wharton 11-20-2007.

# CONTAINS INFORMATION ALLEGED TO BE CONFIDENTIAL DECLASSIFIED

2010, and KW Resort Utilities by 2007. No cost saving analysis was performed by the Utility, since AWT Conversion is a requirement of a Monroe County Ordinances and any such analysis would have been moot. While Monroe County may or may not have performed such an analysis, the Utility believes that the environmental concerns rather than cost savings is the driving force in the Ordinances enacted. 124

1 2

Although AWT conversion was required by Monroe County, there was no requirement that the collection system be resleeved. However, it was apparently necessary in order to allow for the reuse to be used by KWGC and the Monroe County Detention Center. Regardless of what caused the resleeving of the collection system, the fact remains that chemical and electric costs will be reduced as a result of the resleeving. It would be a violation of the matching principle to include the costs of the resleeving in rate base without the offsetting reduction to expenses. Unfortunately, the Company did not make such an adjustment, nor did it attempt to do so as a consequence of Citizens' request.

The Commission consistently reduces chemical and purchased power expenses when a utility has excessive infiltration and inflow. Therefore, it would only be logical to reduce the same expenses when the Company has expended considerable amounts to reduce the amount of infiltration and inflow. Because the resleeving was not complete until the end of 2006, the Company's test year expenses are overstated relative to what can be expected on a going forward basis, all else being equal. Even if expenses are expected to increase due to the conversion to AWT, it is necessary to adjust test year expense to reflect the lower

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>124</sup> KW Resort Utilities' Response to Citizens' Motion to Compel KWR to Respond to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories and PODs and Second Set of Interrogatories and PODs; and Motion for an Extension of Time to Prefile Testimony or Leave to File Supplemental Testimony, December 3, 2007.

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1		level of infiltration and inflow. Unfortunately, I have been unable to develop an
2		appropriate adjustment at this time
3	Q.	WHAT PROFORMA ADJUSTMENT DID THE COMPANY PROPOSE
4		CONCERNING THE OPERATING COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH AWT?
5	A.	Although not discussed in any detail in its filing, the Company is proposing to
6		increase test year expenses by \$177,583 for "Adjustments to AWT Level
7		Treatment."125 This consists of \$46,518 for Purchased Power; \$112,341 for
8		Chemicals; and \$18,724 for Sludge Hauling.
9	Q.	WHAT INFORMATION DID THE COMPANY PROVIDE IN SUPPORT
10		OF THESE ADUSTMENTS?
11	A.	There was no documentation included with the MFRs and there was only a brief
12		discussion by Mr. Smith as to the need to increase test year expenses. The
13		Company failed to provide any discussion of how the amount of additional
14		expenses was derived.
15	Q.	DID CITIZENS REQUEST SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR THESE
16		PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS?
17	A.	Yes, it did. However, the Company referred Citizens to its response to Citizens'
18		POD 2. In this response there was a one page word document with a memo from
19		Mr. Ed Castle to Mr. Doug Carter. This is shown on Schedule 15. The
20		documentation supplied in this response was a Memorandum from Mr. Ed Castle
21		to Mr. Doug Carter which contained the following:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>125</sup> MFRs, Schedule B-3.

n	IT.	CI	A	C	S	I	H	Name of the last	N	THE REAL PROPERTY.	M
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I have made the assumption that the flows will increase to 400,000 GPD since it looks like the trailer parks are finally going to connect. Under that assumption, the monthly budget numbers calculate out as shown below. Call me if you have questions. 126

1 2

Cost Category	AWT Level Treatment
Electricity	\$15,650
Chemicals	\$13,592
Sludge Hauling	\$3,183

Interestingly, the Company's proforma adjustment assumes that the plant flows will be 400,000 GPD. This compares to test year flows of 287,000 GPD. Therefore, the Company assumptions on the level of electricity, chemicals, and sludge hauling expenses assume a higher level of flow than experienced during the test year. If the Commission were to use this assumption, there would be a mismatch between the test year proforma level of expenses and the test year level of revenue. The Company's calculations overstate the level of expense increase associated with just the conversion to AWT.

### 23 Q. WHAT WOULD BE THE CORRECT ADJUSTMENT?

- 24 A. The correct adjustment would only account for the increased costs associated with 25 processing the wastewater under AWT standards—not costs associated with both 26 AWT standards and increased flow beyond the test year.
- 27 Q. IN YOUR EXAMINATION OF THE DOCUMENTS ASSOCIATED WITH

THIS PROFORMA ADJUSTMENT DID YOU FIND ANYTHING ELSE

29 UNUSUAL?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>126</sup> Response to Citizens' POD 2.

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- A. Yes. As discussed earlier, the Company included a mark-up of 30% on the chemicals and sludge hauling expenses used in its proforma adjustment.

  Apparently, the Company believes that because these products are purchased from its affiliate, Keys Environmental, Inc., a mark-up over cost of 30% is warranted. I disagree. If the Utility were providing this service itself, there would
- be no mark-up over cost. There is simply no reason for this mark-up.
- 7 Q. HAVE YOU ADJUSTED THE AMOUNT OF THE COMPANY'S
  8 PROPOSED AWT EXPENSES TO BRING THEM TO THE TEST YEAR

### 9 FLOW LEVEL OF EXPENSES?

A.

Yes. I have estimated what the revised level of expenses would be if one were to use the test year flows of 287,000 GPD and I have also removed the 30% mark-up. To develop my adjustment, I used the Company's estimate and assumed that each component was a direct function of the flow level. As shown on Schedule 15, I divided the proposed AWT expense amount by the 400,000 GPD assumption used by the Company to arrive at an expense amount for each category on a per GPD basis. I then multiplied this GPD amount by the test year level of flow to arrive at the amount of AWT increased expenses at test year flows. Unless this adjustment is made, there would be a mismatch between test year expenses and test year revenue. The consequence of this mismatch would be to overstate the amount of rate increase needed by the Company. As shown on Schedule 15, my adjustment amounts to \$211,517, or \$109,705 less than the Company's proposal. Removing the excessive mark-up from this adjustment reduces the proforma

		DECLASSIFII
1		adjustment by another \$33,344. Therefore, the Company's proforma adjustment
2		should be reduced by \$143,048.
3	Q.	HOW MUCH IS THE COMPANY REQUESTING IN RATE CASE
4		EXPENSE?
5	A.	The Company is requesting rate case expenses of \$200,000.
6	Q.	IN YOUR OPINION, WAS THIS RATE CASE COMPLEX? AND IF SO,
7		COULD YOU EXPLAIN THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT MADE THIS
8		CASE COMPLEX?
9	A.	I consider this case to be complex due to many factors, including but not limited
10		to:
11		<ul> <li>the significant and questionable affiliate relationships of the Company;</li> </ul>
12		• the Grand Jury investigation into the relationships and substantial money
13		transfers between the Company, its numerous affiliates, and other entities;
14		• the fact that the Commission has not established rates since 1985 for
15		KWRU; and
16		• the necessity of examining the capital investments and associated dollars
17		for the period since the Commission last established rate base in 1985.
18	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE AMOUNT OF DISCOVERY CITIZENS
19		PROPOUNDED TO KWRU.
20	A.	Due to the extensive nature of this case and the fact that it has been over 20 years
21		since the Company's last rate case, Citizens requested additional interrogatories
22		and PODs. The Commission granted 300 interrogatories and 150 PODs to

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1		Citizens in its "Amended Procedural Order." To date, Citizens has propounded
2		249 interrogatories and 115 PODs, including all subparts, in four separate sets of
3		discovery. At the time this testimony was filed, the Company had responded to
4		the first three sets. In addition, the Company, OPC, and Staff participated in
5		depositions on November 27 and 28.
6	Q.	HAS THE OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC COUNSEL ENCOUNTERED
7		DIFFICULTY WITH THE COMPANY'S RESPONSES TO DISCOVERY
8		THAT WOULD INCREASE RATE CASE EXPENSE?
9	A.	Yes. The Company has repeatedly disregarded the Commission's procedural
0		orders and has provided responses to Citizens' discovery that were both late and
11		non-definitive. Because of the Company's lack of responsiveness to its discovery,
12		Citizens has had to resort to filing three motions to compel concerning its first and
13		second sets of discovery.
14	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE COMPANY HAS DISREGARDED THE
15		COMMISSION'S PROCEDURAL ORDERS.
16	A.	On September 17, Citizens filed its First Set of Interrogatories and First Request
17		for Production of Documents. As a result of the Commission's Amended
18		Procedural Order, on September 27, Citizens filed its Amended First Set of
19		Interrogatories and First Request for Production of Documents. At that time

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Citizens also provided to the Company a copy of the Amended First Set of

Interrogatories and Request for Production of Documents that contained the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> Order PSC-07-0786-PCO-SU First Order Revising Order Establishing Procedure; Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part OPC's Motion to Permit Additional Interrogatories and PODs; and Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part the Utility's Motion for Protective Order.

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strikeouts and edits. On October 5, Citizens filed its second set of discovery.

On October 8, the Company filed its Request for Extension of Time, Request for Clarification, and Objection to OPC's Amended First Request for Production of Documents and First Set of Interrogatories. Citizens responded on October 15, by filing its Response to KW Resort's Request for Extension of Time, Request for Clarification, and Objections to OPC's Amended 1st Request for PODs and 1st Set of Interrogatories and Citizens' Motion to Compel.

The Commission issued its Second Amended Procedural Order on October 25, addressing discovery disputes and amending the procedural dates of the proceeding. In the Second Amended Procedural Order, the Commission approved the agreement reached between Citizens and the Company whereby Citizens allowed the Company four extra days to file its responses to the uncontested portion of the initial discovery, if the Utility agreed to allow Citizens four extra days in which to file its testimony and exhibits. KWRU was to submit responses to Citizens' initial set of discovery for which there was no objection on October 26. Further, the Second Amended Procedural Order provided that all contested discovery would be responded to by November 1. In addition, the Company was ordered to provide all information that is in its possession, custody, or control; state in its responses instances where information could not be provided because no such costs or charges exist; and provide information on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>128</sup> Second Order PSC-07-0851-PCO-SU Revising Order Establishing Procedure; Granting in Part and Denying in Part K W Resort's Request for Extension of Time, Request for Clarification, and Objection to OPC's Amended 1st Request for PODs and 1st Set of Interrogatories; and Granting in Part and Denying in Part OPC's Motion to Compel.

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expenses as far back as 2002.

On October 26, KWRU filed its responses to the uncontested portion of Citizens' initial discovery; however, many of these responses were not complete. Although the Company filed responses to Citizens' First Set of PODs by the agreed upon date, every answer to the PODs (1-62) contained the statement, "The documents will be produced to the extent that they exist." No documents were provided on that date.

Additionally, 27% of the responses to Citizens' First Set of Interrogatories had problems. There were seven subparts of the Interrogatories that received no response. In addition, answers to 19 different interrogatory subparts indicated that documents responsive to the interrogatory would be produced in the POD responses, but no references were given as to the specific POD providing the response. As mentioned earlier, the documents in response to the PODs were not provided as well. Another 19 of the responses were non-definitive or incomplete. Therefore, on October 31, OPC filed a Motion to Compel KW Resort Utilities Corp. to Respond to OPC's First Set of Production of Documents and Request for Extension of Time to File Prefiled Testimony.

The Utility had 38 days to respond to Citizen's First Set of Production of Documents. KWRU failed to provide any reason why the documents requested had not been produced, nor did the Utility contact OPC indicating that its responses would be late. After deliberations between the Company and OPC, the Company finally provided the documents on November 6, and on November 7 the

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Company delivered further documents in response to OPC's PODs 50 and 60 and Interrogatory 78(k).

As the Company's response to OPC's motion indicates, it did not provide the documents as Citizens requested, but chose to rely on its interpretation of the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and instead allow an inspection of the documents at its place of business. On November 8, the Commission found in its "Third Amended Procedural Order" that if the Company was not going to honor Citizens' instructions, it should have contacted OPC to work out other arrangements. Citizens and Staff were also granted an extra three days to file their testimony and exhibits due to the Company's delay in producing the documents.

In the meantime, the Company filed supplemental responses to Citizens' First Set of Interrogatories 16 and 28 on November 1, and filed its responses to Citizens' Second Set of Interrogatories and PODs on November 6.

After evaluating the Company's responses to its first and second sets of discovery, on November 13, Citizens sent the Company an email attempting to work out further discovery disagreements directly with the Company rather than filing an additional motion to compel. A copy of this email and attachment are included hereto as Schedule 16. The email requested the Company to respond by close of business the next day. On November 14, Citizens were informed that because the Company's attorney Mr. Wharton was ill, an internal KWRU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> Third Order PSC-07-0901-PCO-SU Revising Order Establishing Procedure; Granting in Part and Denying in Part OPC's Motion to Compel and Request for Extension of Time to File Prefiled Direct Testimony.

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conference call would be set up for November 15 to address the issues. After not hearing from KWRU on November 15, OPC called KWRU on November 16 to determine the status of the overdue discovery.

On the afternoon of Friday, November 16, Citizens were told that KWRU would actually meet internally on Monday, November 19 and respond to OPC on November 20. On November 20, KWRU produced some documents responsive to Citizens' discovery, but it did not produce all the required information. As a result, the outstanding responses to Citizens' First Set of Interrogatories and PODs were 31 days late, and the outstanding responses to Citizens' Second Set of Interrogatories and PODs were 21 days overdue. Therefore, Citizens had no alternative but to file its Motion To Compel KW Resort Utilities Corp. to Respond to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories and PODs and Second Set of Interrogatories and PODs; Motion for an Extension of Time to Prefile Testimony or Leave to File Supplemental Testimony on November 26.

In its motion, OPC detailed those discovery requests that were deficient and the reasons thereof. In addition, Citizens brought to the Commission's attention both the Company's failure to provide affidavits for the interrogatories and identify those persons responding to each interrogatory as instructed, and its failure to follow the Commission's Procedural Order to provide some sequential identification of the documents it provided in response to OPC's PODs. The following day, the Company filed supplemental responses to Citizens' Interrogatories 26(b), 34(e), and 34(f). The Commission issued its Fourth

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Amended Procedural Order on December 5, addressing Citizens' concerns, 1 ordering KWRU to provide further responses by December 10 and granting 2 Citizens and Staff seven additional days to file their testimony and exhibits. 130 3 DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S COMPLAINT THAT THE 4 Q. 5 AMOUNT OF DOCUMENTS REQUESTED BY CITIZENS HAS BEEN 6 **EXCESSIVE?** 7 A. No. The Company would have the Commission believe that this rate case is 8 simple. However, as I explained in my testimony earlier, there are numerous 9 issues that must be addressed. Therefore, given the complexity of this case, I do 10 not believe the number of documents requested was excessive. 11 DO YOU BELIEVE RATEPAYERS SHOULD BEAR THE COST OF THE Q. 12 **DEFICIENCIES IN THE COMPANY'S DISCOVERY?** 13 No, I do not. These costs should be borne by the Company's stockholders not A. 14 ratepayers. 15 THERE OTHER PROBLEMS WITH THE **COMPANY'S** Q. ARE REQUESTED RATE CASE EXPENSE? 16 17 Yes. Citizens are recommending a rate decrease. There was no need for the A. 18 Company to file for a rate increase for its wastewater operations. Therefore, all of

the Company's requested rate case expense should be disallowed.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>130</sup> Fourth Order PSC-07-0970-PCO-SU Revising Order Establishing Procedure; Granting in Part and Denying in Part OPC's Motion to Compel K W Resort to Respond to Discovery Requests; for all Discovery for which OPC's Motion to Compel is Granted, Utility to Respond by 12/10/07; Granting in Part and Denying in Part OPC's Request for Extension of Time to File Prefiled Direct Testimony; Denying OPC's Motion to File Supplemental Testimony.

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### Q. IS THERE PRECEDENT FOR DISALLOWING RATE CASE EXPENSES

#### IN FLORIDA?

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A.

Yes, the Florida Public Service Commission has disallowed rate case expenses on many occasions because it has found them to be imprudent. The Commission's decisions on this issue are set forth in Order No. PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU. In that order, it addressed Order No. PSC-98-1583-FOF-WS, issued November 25, 1998, in Docket No. 971663-WS, where Florida Cities Water Company was seeking recovery of court costs (and the rate case expense associated with the docket filing). In that case the Commission found that the incurrence of rate case expense was imprudent and denied the utility's request for recovery. Also, in Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued October 30, 1996, in Docket No. 950495-WS, the Commission denied legal rate case expense of \$25,000 incurred for what it deemed an imprudent appeal of an oral decision on interim rates. In addition, in Order No. 18960, issued March 7, 1988, in Docket No. 861338-WS, the Commission determined that expenditures for misspent time were imprudent and reduced the requested rate case expense by \$32,500. Finally, in Order No. PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU, issued April 30, 2002, the Commission found: "As discussed above, it is the utility's burden to prove that its requested costs are reasonable. We find that filing combined water and wastewater rate cases would have resulted in material cost savings, and the customers should not be made to pay because Aloha incurred imprudent rate case expense."

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1	IX.	Staff Audit Adjustments DECLASSIFIE
2	Q.	HAVE YOU ALSO MADE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE COMPANY'S
4		REVENUE REQUIREMENTS BASED UPON STAFF'S FINAL AUDIT
5		REPORT?
6	A.	Yes, I have. Staff filed its final audit report of KWRU on October 29, 2007.
7		Staff's audit resulted in 19 findings. In two instances, finding AF-6 Retirements
8		Related to Plant Proforma, and AF-8 CIAC, Staff's findings had no effect on the
9		Company's filing. In the case of nine findings, I concur with Staff's findings and
10		adopt their adjustments to the Company's revenue requirements. These include
11		audit findings: AF-1 Cost Study; AF-5 Offset to Land Entry; AF-7 Accumulated
12		Depreciation; AF-9 Temporary Cash Investments; AF-12 Office Expense; AF-13
13		Non-recurring Expenses; AF-15 Insurance - General Liability; AF-18 Permit
14		Fees for AWT; and AF-19 Beachcleaner Rental.
15	Q.	WOULD YOU EXPLAIN EACH OF THESE IN GREATER DETAIL?
16	A.	The first of these adjustments is AF-1 Cost Study. The last rate case order used a
17		test year of December 31, 1983, long before the current owner took over through
18		a stock purchase. Staff was not able to obtain supporting documentation for
19		\$2,137,961 of plant additions from 1984 to 1997. Unless the Company is able to
20		produce documentation in support of this amount, I recommend that the
21		Commission accept Staff's calculations which result in a reduction to average rate

base of \$972,446.53 and a reduction to depreciation expense of \$10,523.

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1	Staff AF- 5 Offset to Land Entry resulted in a reduction to average plant of
2	\$152,255, a reduction to average accumulated depreciation of \$71,274 and a
3	reduction to depreciation expense of \$6,765. This adjustment resulted from a
4	correction to an adjustment proposed by the Company.
5	Staff AF-7 Accumulated Depreciation resulted from the Company's
6	inconsistent implementation of Rule 25-30.140, F.A.C. I accept Staff's finding
7	that average accumulated depreciation should be increased by \$251,681, average
8	accumulated amortization should be increased by \$99,481 and depreciation
9	expenses increased by \$16,021.
10	Staff AF-9 Temporary Cash Investments stated "The Commission has
11	always excluded interest earning temporary cash investments from the working
12	capital because they already earn a return and to add a return on rate base is
13	duplicating that."131 I agree with Staff that the 13-month average Working Capital
14	in rate base be reduced by \$168,265.
15	In AF-13, the audit Staff found that Account 736-Contractual Services-
16	Other had an expense of \$1,290 to strip and wax the Utility's office trailer floor.
17	Amortizing this one-time non-recurring expense over five years results in an
18	annual amortization of \$258 and a deferred amount of \$1,032. Therefore, test
19	year expenses should be reduced by \$1,032.
20	Staff AF-15 Insurance - General Liability concerned the Utility's
21	inclusion of insurance finance charges in Account 757-Insurance. As Staff noted

in its report:

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<sup>131</sup> Staff Audit, p. 26.

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Commission policy has been to reduce operating expenses for interest incurred due to late payments, on the grounds that the expense is avoidable and that the Commission should not condone the incurrence of unnecessary expenses. The Commission has stated that it is inappropriate to require customers to pay for an avoidable cost which should be borne by the utility owners. (Order No. 2 1 137, Docket No. 87 1 262-WS7 issued April 27, 1989)<sup>132</sup>

1 2

I agree with Staff's determination that Account 757 be reduced by \$701 attributable to these charges.

Staff AF-17 concerned the annual expense of \$2,400 the utility recorded in Account 736-Contractual Services-Other allocated from Key West Golf Club for use of a golf cart for the Utility at \$200 per month. According to the Staff's auditors the invoiced amount paid by Key West Golf Club to Yamaha for March 2006 is \$6,034 for 85 golf carts. The invoiced amount for one golf cart for this month is \$71. I agree with Staff that the Utility should pay its affiliate no more than the market cost of the golf cart rental. As \$71 times 12 equals \$852, expenses in Account 736 should be reduced by \$1,548.

Staff AF-18 Permit Fees concerned the Utility's recording of \$9,000 payable to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Of this total, \$2,250 was for a permit renewal for the Company's class V injection wells and \$3,000 for the renewal application review. I agree with Staff that these permit renewal fees should be amortized over 5 years. The resulting increases of \$576 to average plant in service, \$52 to average accumulated depreciation, \$104 to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> Ibid. p. 32.

1		depreciation expense, and a reduction of \$7,950 to taxes other than income are			
2		shown on my Schedule 1.			
3		Finally, Staff AF-19 Rental of Beachcleaner found that \$11,825 charged			
4		to Account 742 - Rental of Equipment should have been capitalized as the charges			
5		were applied to the purchase price of the equipment. I accept Staff's adjustments			
6		of an increase of \$910 to average plant in service, an increase of \$493 to			
7		accumulated depreciation, an increase of \$986 to depreciation expense, and a			
8		decrease of \$11,825 to operating expenses.			
Cale	2022				
9	<u>X.</u>	Revenue Requirement			
10 11	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE EXPLAIN THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT			
12		THAT RESULTS FROM THE ADJUSTMENTS THAT YOU ARE			
13		PROPOSING?			
14	A.	Schedule 1 of my exhibit sets forth each of the adjustments that I recommend. As			
15		shown on this Schedule, the revenue requirement impact of these adjustments			
16		produces a rate reduction of \$827,062. This compares to the Company's requested			
17		rate increase of \$601,684.			
		THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT			
18	Q.	DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY PREFILED ON			
18 19	Q.	The state of the s			
	<b>Q.</b> A.	DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY PREFILED ON			

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1		APPENDIX I			
2	KIMBERLY H. DISMUKES				
3	QUALIFICATIONS				
4					
5	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND?			
6	A.	I graduated from Florida State University with a Bachelor of Science degree in			
7		Finance in March, 1979. I received an M.B.A. degree with a specialization in			
8	Finance from Florida State University in April, 1984.				
9	Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EMPLOYMENT HISTORY IN				
10		THE FIELD OF PUBLIC UTILITY REGULATION?			
11	A.	In March of 1979 I joined Ben Johnson Associates, Inc., a consulting firm			
12		specializing in the field of public utility regulation. While at Ben Johnson			
13	Associates, I held the following positions: Research Analyst from March 1979				
14	until May 1980; Senior Research Analyst from June 1980 until May 1981;				
15	Research Consultant from June 1981 until May 1983; Senior Research Consultant				
16	from June 1983 until May 1985; and Vice President from June 1985 until April				
17	1992. In May 1992, I joined the Florida Public Counsel's Office, as a Legislative				
18	Analyst III. In July 1994 I was promoted to a Senior Legislative Analyst. In July				
19	1995 I started my own consulting practice in the field of public utility regulation.				
20	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE TYPES OF WORK THAT YOU			
21		HAVE PERFORMED IN THE FIELD OF PUBLIC UTILITY			
22		REGULATION?			

A. Yes. My duties have ranged from analyzing specific issues in a rate proceeding to managing the work effort of a large staff in rate proceedings. I have prepared testimony, interrogatories and production of documents, assisted with the preparation of cross-examination, and assisted counsel with the preparation of briefs. Since 1979, I have been actively involved in more than 180 regulatory proceedings throughout the United States.

I have analyzed cost of capital and rate of return issues, revenue requirement issues, public policy issues, market restructuring issues, and rate design issues, involving telephone, electric, gas, water and wastewater, and railroad companies. I have also examined performance measurements, performance incentive plans, and the prices for unbundled network elements related to telecommunications companies. In addition, I have audited the purchased gas adjustment clauses of three gas companies and the fuel adjustment clause of one electronic company in the State of Louisiana.

### Q. WHAT IS YOUR EXPERIENCE CONCERNING COST OF CAPITAL?

- A. In the area of cost of capital, I have analyzed the following parent companies: American Electric Power Company, American Telephone and Telegraph Company, American Water Works, Inc., Ameritech, Inc., CMS Energy, Inc., Columbia Gas System, Inc., Continental Telecom, Inc., GTE Corporation, Northeast Utilities, Pacific Telecom, Inc., Southwestern Bell Corporation, United Telecom, Inc., and U.S. West. I have also analyzed individual companies like Connecticut Natural Gas Corporation, Duke Power Company, Idaho Power Company, Kentucky Utilities Company, Southern New England Telephone Company, and Washington Water Power Company.
- Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY ASSISTED IN THE PREPARATION OF TESTIMONY CONCERNING REVENUE REQUIREMENTS?

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A. Yes. I have assisted on numerous occasions in the preparation of testimony on a wide range of subjects related to the determination of utilities' revenue requirements and related issues.

I have assisted in the preparation of testimony and exhibits concerning the following issues: abandoned project costs, accounting adjustments, affiliate transactions, allowance for funds used during construction, attrition, cash flow analysis, conservation expenses and cost-effectiveness, construction monitoring, construction work in progress, contingent capacity sales, cost allocations, decoupling revenues from profits, cross-subsidization, demand-side management, depreciation methods, divestiture, excess capacity, feasibility studies, financial integrity, financial planning, gains on sales, incentive regulation, infiltration and inflow, jurisdictional allocations, non-utility investments, fuel projections, margin reserve, mergers and acquisitions, pro forma adjustments, projected test years, prudence, tax effects of interest, working capital, off-system sales, reserve margin, royalty fees, separations, settlements, used and useful, weather normalization, and resource planning.

Companies that I have analyzed include: Alascom, Inc. (Alaska), Arizona Public Service Company, Arvig Telephone Company, AT&T Communications of the Southwest (Texas), Blue Earth Valley Telephone Company (Minnesota), Bridgewater Telephone Company (Minnesota), Carolina Power and Light Company, Central Maine Power Company, Central Power and Light Company (Texas), Central Telephone Company (Missouri and Nevada), Consumers Power Company (Michigan), C&P Telephone Company of Virginia, Continental Telephone Company (Nevada), C&P Telephone of West Virginia, Connecticut Light and Power Company, Danube Telephone Company

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(Minnesota), Duke Power Company, East Otter Tail Telephone Company (Minnesota), Easton Telephone Company (Minnesota), Eckles Telephone Company (Minnesota), El Paso Electric Company (Texas), Entergy Corporation, Florida Cities Water Company (North Fort Myers, South Fort Myers and Barefoot Bay Divisions), Florida Power and Light, General Telephone Company (Florida, California, and Nevada), Georgia Power Company, Jasmine Lakes Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Kentucky Power Company, Kentucky Utilities Company, KMP Telephone Company (Minnesota), Idaho Power Company, Louisiana Gas Service Company, Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company (Arkansas), Kansas Gas & Electric Company (Missouri), Kansas Power and Light Company (Missouri), Lehigh Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Mad Hatter Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Mankato Citizens Telephone Company (Minnesota), Michigan Bell Telephone Company, Mid-Communications Telephone Company (Minnesota), Mid-State Telephone Company (Minnesota), Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company (Arizona and Utah), Nevada Bell Telephone Company, North Fort Myers Utilities, Inc., Northwestern Bell Telephone Company (Minnesota), Potomac Electric Power Company, Public Service Company of Colorado, Puget Sound Power & Light Company (Washington), Sanlando Utilities Corporation (Florida), Sierra Pacific Power Company (Nevada), South Central Bell Telephone Company (Kentucky), Southern Union Gas Company (Texas), Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company (Florida, Georgia, and North Carolina), Southern States Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Southern Union Gas Company (Texas), Southwestern Bell Telephone Company (Oklahoma, Missouri, and Texas), Sprint, St. George Island Utility, Ltd., Tampa Electric Company, Texas-New Mexico Power Company, Tucson Electric Power Company, Twin Valley-Ulen Telephone Company (Minnesota), United Telephone

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Company of Florida, Virginia Electric and Power Company, Washington Water Power Company, and Wisconsin Electric Power Company.

### Q. WHAT EXPERIENCE DO YOU HAVE IN RATE DESIGN ISSUES?

A. My work in this area has primarily focused on issues related to costing. For example, I have assisted in the preparation of class cost-of-service studies concerning Arkansas Energy Resources, Cascade Natural Gas Corporation, El Paso Electric Company, Potomac Electric Power Company, Texas-New Mexico Power Company, and Southern Union Gas Company. I have also examined the issue of avoided costs, both as it applies to electric utilities and as it applies to telephone utilities. I have also evaluated the issue of service availability fees, reuse rates, capacity charges, and conservation rates as they apply to water and wastewater utilities.

### Q. WHAT FUEL AUDITS HAVE YOU CONDUCTED?

A. I have conducted purchased gas adjustment audits of Louisiana Gas Company for the period 1971-2000, CenterPoint Energy Entex for the years 1971 through July 2001, and CenterPoint Energy Arkla for the years 1971 through December 2001. I have also audited the fuel adjust clause of Entergy Gulf States, Inc. for the period 1995-2004.

#### O. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED BEFORE REGULATORY AGENCIES?

A. Yes. I have testified before the Arizona Corporation Commission, the Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control, the Florida Public Service Commission, the Georgia Public Service Commission, Louisiana Public Service Commission, the Missouri Public Service Commission, the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada, the Public Utility Commission of Texas, and the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission. My testimony dealt with revenue requirement, financial, policy, rate

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design, fuel, cost study issues unbundled network pricing, and performance measures concerning AT&T Communications of Southwest (Texas), Cascade Natural Gas Corporation (Washington), Central Power and Light Company (Texas), Connecticut Light and Power Company, El Paso Electric Company (Texas), Embarq (Nevada), Florida Cities Water Company, Kansas Gas & Electric Company (Missouri), Kansas Power and Light Company (Missouri), Houston Lighting & Power Company (Texas), Lake Arrowhead Village, Inc. (Florida), Lehigh Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Louisiana Gas Service Company, Jasmine Lakes Utilities Corporation (Florida), Mad Hatter Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Marco Island Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company (Arizona), Nevada Bell Telephone Company, North Fort Myers Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company (Florida, Louisiana and Georgia), Southern States Utilities, Inc. (Florida), Sprint of Nevada, St. George Island Utilities Company, Ltd. (Florida), Puget Sound Power & Light Company (Washington), and Texas Utilities Electric Company.

I have also testified before the Public Utility Regulation Board of El Paso, concerning the development of class cost-of-service studies and the recovery and allocation of the corporate overhead costs of Southern Union Gas Company and before the National Association of Securities Dealers concerning the market value of utility bonds purchased in the wholesale market.

- Q. HAVE YOU BEEN ACCEPTED AS AN EXPERT IN THESE JURISDICTIONS?
- A. Yes.
- Q. HAVE YOU PUBLISHED ANY ARTICLES IN THE FIELD OF PUBLIC UTILITY REGULATION?

A. Yes, I have published two articles: "Affiliate Transactions: What the Rules Don't Say",

Public Utilities Fortnightly, August 1, 1994 and "Electric M&A: A Regulator's Guide"

Public Utilities Fortnightly, January 1, 1996.

### STATE OF FLORIDA

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(850) 413-6770

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## Hublic Service Commission

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

	<b>DATE:</b> <u>December 17, 2007</u>	
TO:	Stephen Burgess/Office Of Public Counsel	
FROM:	Ruth Nettles, Office of Commission Clerk	
RE:	Acknowledgement of Receipt of Confidential Filing	

This will acknowledge receipt of a CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENT filed in Docket Number 070293 or, if filed in an undocketed matter, concerning Portions of Direct Testimony of Kimberly H. Dismukes, and filed on behalf of Office Of Public Counsel. The document will be maintained in locked storage.

If you have any questions regarding this document, please contact Marguerite Lockard, Deputy Clerk, at (850) 413-6770.

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