BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Proposed amendment of Rule 25-6.0423, F.A.C., Nuclear Power Cost Recovery, and Rule 25-22.081, F.A.C., Contents of Petition.

DOCKET NO. 070672-EI ORDER NO. PSC-08-0038-FOF-EI ISSUED: January 15, 2008

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

LISA POLAK EDGAR, Chairman MATTHEW M. CARTER II KATRINA J. McMURRIAN NANCY ARGENZIANO NATHAN A. SKOP

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF RULES

BY THE COMMISSION:

NOTICE is hereby given that the Florida Public Service Commission, pursuant to Section 120.54, Florida Statutes, has adopted the amendments to Rules 25-6.0423 and 25-22.081, Florida Administrative Code, relating to nuclear power plant cost recovery and contents of petition without changes.

The rule amendments were filed with the Department of State on January 14, 2008 and will be effective on February 3, 2008. A copy of the rules as filed with the Department is attached to this Notice.

This docket is closed upon issuance of this notice.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this 15th day of January, 2008.

ANN COLE

Commission Clerk

(SEAL)

DES

000UMENT NUMBER-DATE

EDSC-COMMISSION CLERK

25-6.0423 Nuclear or Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle Power Plant Cost Recovery.

- (1) Purpose. The purpose of this rule is to establish alternative cost recovery mechanisms for the recovery of costs incurred in the siting, design, licensing, and construction of nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plants in order to promote electric utility investment in nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plants and allow for the recovery in rates of all such prudently incurred costs.
 - (2) Definitions. As used in this rule, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) "Nuclear power plant" or "plant" is an electrical power plant that utilizes nuclear materials as fuel, as defined in Sections 403.503(13) and 366.93(1)(c), F.S.
- (b) "Integrated gasification combined cycle power plant" is an electrical power plant that uses synthesis gas produced by integrated gasification technology, as defined in Sections 403.503(13) and 366.93(c), F.S.
- (c) "Power plant" or "plant" means a nuclear power plant or an integrated gasification combined cycle power plant.
- (d)(b) "Cost" includes, but is not limited to, all capital investments including rate of return, any applicable taxes and all expenses, including operation and maintenance expenses, related to or resulting from the siting, licensing, design, construction, or operation of the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant as defined in Section 366.93(1)(a), F.S.
- (e)(e) "Site selection." A site will be deemed to be selected upon the filing of a petition for a determination of need for a nuclear <u>or integrated gasification combined cycle</u> power plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S.
 - (f)(d) "Site selection costs" are costs that are expended prior to the selection of a site.

- (g)(e) "Pre-construction costs" are costs that are expended after a site has been selected in preparation for the construction of a nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant, incurred up to and including the date the utility completes site clearing work.
- (h)(f) Site selection costs and pre-construction costs include, but are not limited to: any and all costs associated with preparing, reviewing and defending a Combined Operating License (COL) application for a nuclear power plant; costs associated with site and technology selection; costs of engineering, designing, and permitting the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant; costs of clearing, grading, and excavation; and costs of on-site construction facilities (i.e., construction offices, warehouses, etc.).
- (i)(g) "Construction costs" are costs that are expended to construct the nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant including, but not limited to, the costs of constructing nuclear power plant buildings and all associated permanent structures, equipment and systems.
- (3) Deferred Accounting Treatment. Site selection and pre-construction costs shall be afforded deferred accounting treatment and shall, except for projected costs recovered on a projected basis in one annual cycle, accrue a carrying charge equal to the utility's allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC) rate until recovered in rates.
- (4) Site Selection Costs. After the Commission has issued a final order granting a determination of need for a nuclear power plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., a utility may file a petition for a separate proceeding, to recover prudently incurred site selection costs. This separate proceeding will be limited to only those issues necessary for the determination of prudence and alternative method for recovery of site selection costs of a nuclear power plant.
 - (5) Pre-Construction Costs and Carrying Costs on Construction Cost Balance. After the

Commission has issued a final order granting a determination of need for a nuclear power plant pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., a utility may petition the Commission for recovery of preconstruction costs and carrying costs of construction cost balance as follows:

- (a) Pre-Construction Costs. A utility is entitled to recover, through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause, its actual and projected pre-construction costs. The utility may also recover the related carrying charge for those costs not recovered on a projected basis. Such costs will be recovered within 1 year, unless the Commission approves a longer recovery period. Any party may, however, propose a longer period of recovery, not to exceed 2 years.
- 1. Actual pre-construction costs incurred by a utility prior to the issuance of a final order granting a determination of need pursuant to Section 403.519, F.S., shall be included in the initial filing made by a utility under this subsection for review, approval, and a finding with respect to prudence.
- 2. The Commission shall include pre-construction costs determined to be reasonable and prudent in setting the factor in the annual Capacity Cost Recovery Clause proceedings, as specified in subparagraph (5)(c)3. of this rule. Such costs shall not be subject to disallowance or further prudence review.
- (b) Carrying Costs on Construction Cost Balance. A utility is entitled to recover, through the utility's Capacity Cost Recovery Clause, the carrying costs on the utility's annual projected construction cost balance associated with the nuclear power plant. The actual carrying costs recovered through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause shall reduce the allowance for funds used during construction (AFUDC) that would otherwise have been recorded as a cost of construction eligible for future recovery as plant in service.
 - 1. For nuclear power plant need petitions submitted on or before December 31, 2010, the

associated carrying costs shall be computed based on the pretax AFUDC rate in effect on June 12, 200719, 2006;

- 2. For nuclear power plant need petitions submitted after December 31, 2010, the utility's pretax AFUDC rate in effect at the time the petition for determination of need is filed is presumed to be appropriate unless the Commission determines otherwise in its need determination order;
- 3. The Commission shall include carrying costs on the balance of construction costs determined to be reasonable or prudent in setting the factor in the annual Capacity Cost Recovery Clause proceedings, as specified in paragraph (5)(c) of this rule.
- (c) Capacity Cost Recovery Clause for Nuclear <u>or Integrated Gasification Combined</u>

 Cycle Power Plant Costs.
- 1. Each year, a utility shall submit, for Commission review and approval, as part of its Capacity Cost Recovery Clause filings:0
- a. True-Up for Previous Years. By March 1, a utility shall submit its final true-up of preconstruction expenditures, based on actual preconstruction expenditures for the prior year and previously filed expenditures for such prior year and a description of the pre-construction work actually performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its final true-up of carrying costs on its construction expenditures, based on actual carrying costs on construction expenditures for the prior year and previously filed carrying costs on construction expenditures for such prior year and a description of the construction work actually performed during such year.
- b. True-Up and Projections for Current Year. By May 1, a utility shall submit for Commission review and approval its actual/estimated true-up of projected pre-construction

expenditures based on a comparison of current year actual/estimated expenditures and the previously-filed estimated expenditures for such current year and a description of the preconstruction work projected to be performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its actual/estimated true-up of projected carrying costs on construction expenditures based on a comparison of current year actual/estimated carrying costs on construction expenditures and the previously filed estimated carrying costs on construction expenditures for such current year and a description of the construction work projected to be performed during such year.

- c. Projected Costs for Subsequent Years. By May 1, a utility shall submit, for Commission review and approval, its projected pre-construction expenditures for the subsequent year and a description of the pre-construction work projected to be performed during such year; or, once construction begins, its projected construction expenditures for the subsequent year and a description of the construction work projected to be performed during such year.
- 2. The Commission shall, prior to October 1 of each year, conduct a hearing and determine the reasonableness of projected pre-construction expenditures and the prudence of actual pre-construction expenditures expended by the utility; or, once construction begins, to determine the reasonableness of projected construction expenditures and the prudence of actual construction expenditures expended by the utility, and the associated carrying costs. Within 15 days of the Commission's vote, the Commission shall enter its order. Annually, the Commission shall make a prudence determination of the prior year's actual construction costs and associated carrying costs. To facilitate this determination, the Commission shall conduct an on-going auditing and monitoring program of construction costs and related contracts pursuant to Section 366.08, F.S. In making its determination of reasonableness and prudence the Commission shall apply the standard provided pursuant to Section 403.519(4)(e), F.S.

- 3. The Commission shall include those costs it determines, pursuant to this subsection, to be reasonable or prudent in setting the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause factor in the annual Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery proceedings. Such prior year actual costs associated with nuclear power plant construction subject to the annual proceeding shall not be subject to disallowance or further prudence review.
- 4. The final true-up for the previous year, actual/estimated true-up for the current year, and subsequent year's projected nuclear power plant costs as approved by the Commission pursuant to subparagraph (5)(c)2. will be included for cost recovery purposes as a component of the following year's capacity cost recovery factor in the Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery. The utility must file all necessary revisions to the fuel and purchased power cost recovery filings no later than October 15 of the current year.
- 5. By May 1 of each year, along with the filings required by this paragraph, a utility shall submit for Commission review and approval a detailed analysis of the long-term feasibility of completing the <u>power nuclear</u> plant.
- (6) Failure to Enter Commercial Service. Following the Commission's issuance of a final order granting a determination of need for the nuclear power plant, in the event the utility elects not to complete or is precluded from completing construction of the nuclear power plant, the utility shall be allowed to recover all prudent site selection costs, pre-construction costs, and construction costs.
- (a) The utility shall recover such costs through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause over a period equal to the period during which the costs were incurred or 5 years, whichever is greater.
- (b) The amount recovered under this subsection will be the remaining unrecovered

 Construction Work in Progress (CWIP) balance at the time of abandonment and future payment

of all outstanding costs and any other prudent and reasonable exit costs. The unrecovered balance during the recovery period will accrue interest at the utility's overall pretax weighted average midpoint cost of capital on a Commission adjusted basis as reported by the utility in its Earnings Surveillance Report filed in December of the prior year, utilizing the midpoint of return on equity (ROE) range or ROE approved for other regulatory purposes, as applicable.

- (7) Commercial Service. As operating units or systems associated with the nuclear power plant and the nuclear power plant itself are placed in commercial service:
- (a) The utility shall file a petition for Commission approval of the base rate increase pursuant to Section 366.93(4), F.S., separate from any cost recovery clause petitions, that includes any and all costs reflected in such increase, whether or not those costs have been previously reviewed by the Commission; provided, however, that any actual costs previously reviewed and determined to be prudent in the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause shall not be subject to disallowance or further prudence review except for fraud, perjury, or intentional withholding of key information.
- (b) The utility shall calculate the increase in base rates resulting from the jurisdictional annual base revenue requirements for the nuclear power plant in conjunction with the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause projection filing for the year the nuclear power plant is projected to achieve commercial operation. The increase in base rates will be based on the annualized base revenue requirements for the nuclear power plant for the first 12 months of operations consistent with the cost projections filed in conjunction with the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause projection filing.
- (c) At such time as the nuclear power plant is included in base rates, recovery through the Capacity Cost Recovery Clause will cease, except for the difference between actual and

projected construction costs as provided in subparagraph (5)(c)4. above.

- (d) The rate of return on capital investments shall be calculated using the utility's most recent actual Commission adjusted basis overall weighted average rate of return as reported by the utility in its most recent Earnings Surveillance Report prior to the filing of a petition as provided in paragraph (7)(a). The return on equity cost rate used shall be the midpoint of the last Commission approved range for return on equity or the last Commission approved return on equity cost rate established for use for all other regulatory purposes, as appropriate.
- (e) The jurisdictional net book value of any existing generating plant that is retired as a result of operation of the nuclear power plant shall be recovered through an increase in base rate charges over a period not to exceed 5 years. At the end of the recovery period, base rates shall be reduced by an amount equal to the increase associated with the recovery of the retired generating plant.
- (8) A utility shall, contemporaneously with the filings required by paragraph (5)(c) above, file a detailed statement of project costs sufficient to support a Commission determination of prudence, including, but not limited to, the information required in paragraphs (8)(b) (8)(e), below.
- (a) Subject to suitable confidentiality agreements or, to the extent necessary, protective orders issued by the Commission, a utility will ensure reasonably contemporaneous access, which may include access by electronic means, for review by parties of all documents relied on by utility management to approve expenditures for which cost recovery is sought. Access to any information that is "Safeguards Information" as defined in 42 U.S.C. 2167 and 10 C.F.R. 73.21, incorporated by reference into this Rule, shall only be in accordance with applicable Nuclear Regulatory Commission requirements.

- (b) Regarding technology selected, a utility shall provide a description of the technology selected that includes, but is not limited to, a review of the technology and the factors leading to its selection.
- (c) The annual true-up and projection cost filings shall include a list of contracts executed in excess of \$1 million to include the nature and scope of the work, the dollar value and term of the contract, the method of vendor selection, the identity and affiliation of the vendor, and current status of the contract.
- (d) Final true-up filings and actual/estimated true-up filings will include monthly expenditures incurred during those periods for major tasks performed within Site Selection, Preconstruction and Construction categories. A utility shall provide annual variance explanations comparing the current and prior period to the most recent projections for those periods filed with the Commission.
- (e) Projection filings will include monthly expenditures for major tasks performed within Site Selection, Preconstruction and Construction categories.
- (f) Annual Reports Required by Rule 25-6.135, F.A.C. On an annual basis following issuance of the final order granting a determination of need and until commercial operation of the nuclear power plant, a utility shall include the budgeted and actual costs as compared to the estimated in-service costs of the nuclear power plant as provided in the petition for need determination in its annual report filed pursuant to Rule 25-6.135, F.A.C. The estimates provided in the petition for need determination are non-binding estimates. Some costs may be higher than estimated and other costs may be lower. A utility shall provide such revised estimated in-service costs as may be necessary in its annual report.

Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1) FS.

Law Implemented 366.93 FS.

History–New 4-8-07.

25-22.081 Contents of Petition.

- (1) Petition for Fossil, Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle, or Nuclear Fuel Electric Plants. Petitions submitted to commence a proceeding to determine the need for a proposed fossil, integrated gasification combined cycle, or nuclear fuel electrical power plant or responses to the Commission's order commencing such a proceeding shall comply with the other requirements of Chapter 25-22, F.A.C., as to form and style except that a utility may, at its option, submit its petition in the same format and style as its application for site certification pursuant to Sections 403.501 through 403.517, F.S., so long as the informational requirements of this rule and Chapter 25-22, F.A.C., are satisfied. The petition, to allow the Commission to take into account the need for electric system reliability and integrity, the need for adequate reasonable cost electricity, the need for fuel diversity and supply reliability, and the need to determine whether the proposed plant is the most cost effective alternative available, and the need to determine whether renewable energy sources and technologies, as well as conservation measures, are utilized to the extent reasonably available, the petition shall contain the following information:
- (a) A general description of the utility or utilities primarily affected, including the load and electrical characteristics, generating capability, and interconnections.
- (b) A general description of the proposed electrical power plant, including the size, number of units, fuel type and supply modes, the approximate costs, and projected in-service date or dates.

- (c) A statement of the specific conditions, contingencies or other factors which indicate a need for the proposed electrical power plant including the general time within which the generating units will be needed. Documentation shall include historical and forecasted summer and winter peaks, number of customers, net energy for load, and load factors with a discussion of the more critical operating conditions. Load forecasts shall identify the model or models on which they were based and shall include sufficient detail to permit analysis of the model or models. If a determination is sought on some basis in addition to or in lieu of capacity needs, such as fuel diversity, then detailed analysis and supporting documentation of the projected costs and benefits is required. Where a determination is sought for a nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant, the nonbinding estimate provided for in paragraph (2)(b) below shall be considered to be sufficient for purposes of this paragraph.
- (d) A summary discussion of the major available generating alternatives which were examined and evaluated in arriving at the decision to pursue the proposed generating unit. The discussion shall include a general description of the generating unit alternatives, including purchases where appropriate; and an evaluation of each alternative in terms of economics, reliability, long-term flexibility and usefulness and any other relevant factors such as fuel diversity and fuel supply reliability. These major generating technologies generally available and potentially appropriate for the timing of the proposed plant and other conditions specific to it shall be discussed. In addition, each investor-owned utility shall include a detailed description of the selection process used and a detailed description of the generating unit alternatives proposed by each finalist, if any, selected to participate in subsequent contract negotiations pursuant to Rule 25-22.082, F.A.C. No provision of Rule 25-22.082, F.A.C., shall be applicable to a nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant sited after June 19, 2006.

- (e) A discussion of viable nongenerating alternatives including an evaluation of the nature and extent of reductions in the growth rates of peak demand, KWH consumption and oil consumption resulting from the goals and programs adopted pursuant to the Florida Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act both historically and prospectively and the effects on the timing and size of the proposed plant.
- (f) An evaluation of the adverse consequences which will result if the proposed electrical power plant is not added in the approximate size sought or in the approximate time sought.
- (g) If the generation addition is the result of a purchased power agreement between an investor-owned utility and a nonutility generator, the petition shall include a discussion of the potential for increases or decreases in the utility's cost of capital, the effect of the seller's financing arrangements on the utility's system reliability, any competitive advantage the financing arrangements may give the seller and the seller's fuel supply adequacy.
- (2) In addition to complying with paragraphs (1)(a) through (g) above, a nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant petition shall contain the following information:
- (a) The description required by Section 403.519(4)(a)2., F.S., including a discussion about how the proposed nuclear <u>or integrated gasification combined cycle</u> power plant will enhance the electric supply reliability by reducing the exposure to fossil fuel supply disruptions;
- (b) A description of and a nonbinding estimate of the cost of the proposed nuclear or integrated gasification combined cycle power plant, including associated transmission facilities;
- (c) The annualized base revenue requirement for the first 12 months of operation of the proposed nuclear <u>or integrated gasification combined cycle</u> power plant, based on the nonbinding estimate of the cost provided pursuant to paragraph (2)(b) above; and

(d) A summary of any discussions with other electric utilities regarding ownership of a portion of the plant by such electric utilities.

Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1) FS.

Law Implemented 403.519 FS.

History-New 12-22-81, Formerly 25-2.133, 25-22.81, Amended 1-10-94, 2-20-07.