

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery
clause with generating performance incentive
factor.

DOCKET NO. 140001-EI
ORDER NO. PSC-14-0148-CFO-EI
ISSUED: April 2, 2014

ORDER GRANTING FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S FIRST REQUEST FOR
EXTENSION OF CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION (DOCUMENT NO. 05723-13)

On September 25, 2013, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) filed its first request for extension of confidential classification (Request) of information provided pursuant to Audit No. 08-003-4-2 (Audit) (Document No. 05723-13). This Request was filed in Docket No. 130001-EI.

Request for Confidential Classification

FPL filed an original request followed by a renewed request for confidential treatment of information provided during the Audit. The renewed request was granted by Order No. PSC-12-0154-CFO-EG, issued March 29, 2012, and included First Revised Exhibits A, B, C, and D. FPL states that some of the information that was the subject of Order No. PSC-12-0154-CFO-EG warrants continued treatment as proprietary and confidential business information. Accordingly, FPL has included Second Revised Exhibits A, B, C, and D to reduce the number of pages for which confidential treatment is sought. FPL's First Revised Exhibit C is a table that identifies the specific pages, lines, or columns that remain confidential along with the statutory basis for confidentiality and supporting affidants. First Revised Exhibit D contains the affidavits of Antonio Maceo, Solomon L. Stamm, Lisa Fuca, Damaris Rodriguez, Gerard J. Yupp, and Martin A. Garmendia in support of its request.

FPL contends that the designated portions of the information contained in its responses to the Audit constitutes proprietary confidential business information entitled to continued protection under Section 366.093, F.S., and Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C. FPL states that this information is intended to be and continues to be treated by FPL as private and has not been publicly disclosed.

FPL asserts that certain information provided by FPL contains or constitutes internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors or information relating to internal auditing reports issued in 2007. FPL also asserts that certain information contains or constitutes auditing controls or reports of external auditors or information relating to the same. FPL contends that such information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(b), F.S.

FPL further asserts that certain information contains confidential business information which includes data related to security measures and negotiated agreements for the protection of FPL facilities. FPL contends that public disclosure of this information would disclose certain

FPL security measures, systems, or procedures to the detriment of FPL and its customers, and would impair FPL's efforts to enter into contracts on commercially favorable terms. Further, FPL asserts that certain information contains confidential business information relating to heavy oil hedges and including contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair FPL's efforts to contract for goods and services on favorable terms in the future. FPL contends that this information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(d), F.S.

Additionally, FPL contends that certain information contains or constitutes contractual data such as pricing and other terms, as well as vendor and supplier rates regarding fuel procurement, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of FPL to contract for gas and oil procurement on favorable terms for the benefit of its customers and would impair the competitive interests of FPL and its vendors. Certain portions of the information would also place FPL at a disadvantage when coupled with other information that is publicly available. FPL asserts that this information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(d), F.S.

FPL further asserts that certain documents contain information or constitute customer-specific account information, the disclosure of which would impair FPL's competitive interests. FPL states that it is the utility's corporate policy not to disclose customer-specific information. This policy includes, but is not limited to: customer names, addresses, telephone numbers, account numbers, rates, billing determinants, conservation savings, and bills. FPL states that it treats such information as confidential and does not disclose it, except as required by law, to entities or persons other than the customer absent the customer's consent. FPL contends that this information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(e), F.S.

In its First Request for Extension, FPL states that it incorporates by reference and adopts the arguments propounded in its original request. FPL asserts that the period of confidential treatment of the above-numbered documents is due to expire soon. FPL contends that the information deemed confidential warrants continued treatment as proprietary and confidential business information within the meaning of Section 366.093(3), F.S. FPL further asserts that the confidential information is intended to be and has been treated by FPL as private and its confidential nature has been maintained. FPL also asserts that the disclosure of the information would cause harm to FPL and its customers. Finally, FPL contends that nothing has changed since the filing of the original requests to render the information stale or public, such that continued confidential treatment would not be appropriate.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S., provides that records that the Florida Public Service Commission (Commission) has found to contain proprietary confidential business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company's ratepayers or business operations, and that has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), F.S., provides, in pertinent part, that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

- (b) Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors.
- (d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms.
- (e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

Upon review, it appears the above-referenced information satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for continued classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information described above appears to be “Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors;” “information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms;” or “information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.” Thus, the information identified in Document No. 05723-13 shall be granted a continuation of confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. At the conclusion of the 18-month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., unless FPL or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

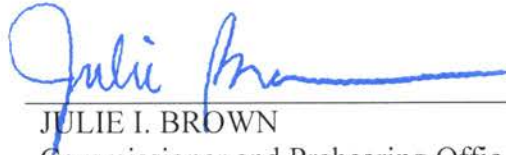
Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by Commissioner Julie I. Brown, as Prehearing Officer, that Florida Power & Light Company’s First Request for Extension of Confidential Classification of Document No. 05723-13 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information contained in Document No. 05723-13 for which confidential classification has been granted shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order will be the only notification by the Commission to the parties concerning the expiration of the confidentiality time period.

By ORDER of Commissioner Julie I. Brown, as Prehearing Officer, this 2nd day of April, 2014.



JULIE I. BROWN
Commissioner and Prehearing Officer
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Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.