BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause with generating performance incentive factor.

DOCKET NO. 160001-EI ORDER NO. PSC-16-0120-PCO-EI ISSUED: March 21, 2016

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

JULIE I. BROWN, Chairman LISA POLAK EDGAR ART GRAHAM RONALD A. BRISÉ JIMMY PATRONIS

ORDER APPROVING PETITIONS FOR MID-COURSE CORRECTION

BY THE COMMISSION:

Background

On February 1, 2016, Duke Energy Florida, LLC (DEF) filed a Notice Of Intent to File a Petition for Mid-Course Correction, asserting that its Petition for Mid-Course Correction would be filed on or before February 8, 2016. On February 8, 2016, DEF filed its Petition for Mid-Course Correction to its 2016 Fuel Adjustment and Capacity Factors (DEF Petition).

On February 2, 2016, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) filed a Petition for Mid-Course Correction to its 2016 Fuel Adjustment Factors (FPL Petition).

The DEF and FPL filings seek to reduce the respective 2016 fuel and purchased power cost recovery factors (fuel factors) approved in Order No. PSC-15-0586-FOF-EI. FPL has requested that the revised fuel factors become effective with the in-service date of the Port Everglades Energy Center, which is expected to be April 1, 2016, and DEF has requested that its revised fuel factors become effective when the April 2016 billing cycle begins. The requested reductions for DEF and FPL are primarily due to decreases in projected 2016 natural gas prices.

This case was voted on at the March 1, 2016 Agenda Conference or 30 days before the April 2016 billing cycle begins. Typically, effective dates are set a minimum of 30 days after a Commission vote modifying charges as the result of a mid-course correction.² This time limit is

¹ Order No. PSC-15-0586-FOF-EI, issued December 23, 2015, in Docket No: 150001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery Clause with Generating Performance Incentive Factor.</u>

² <u>Gulf Power Co. v. Cresse</u>, 410 So.2d 492 (Fla. 1982); Order No. PSC-96-0907-FOF-EI, issued on July 15, 1996, in Docket No. 960001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause and generating performance incentive factor</u>; Order No. 96-0908-FOF-EI, issued July 15, 1996, in Docket No. 960001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause and generating performance incentive factor</u>; Order No. PSC-97-0021-FOF-EI, issued on

imposed in order to not have new rates applied to energy consumed before the effective date of the Commission's action, i.e., the date of the vote. However, we have also implemented charges in less than 30 days when circumstances warrant.³ In this instance, the interval between the Commission's vote on this matter (March 1, 2016) and the proposed implementation date (expected to be April 1, 2016) is 30 days, which we find to be sufficient.

Mid-course corrections are part of the fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause (fuel clause) proceeding, and such corrections are used by this Commission between fuel clause hearings whenever costs deviate from revenues by a significant margin. Petitions for mid-course corrections to fuel factors are addressed by Rule 25-6.0424, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). Under this rule, a utility must notify this Commission whenever it expects to experience an under-recovery or over-recovery greater than 10 percent. Pursuant to Rule 25-6.0424, F.A.C., the mid-course percentage is the estimated end-of-period total net true-up amount divided by the current period's total actual and estimated jurisdictional fuel revenue applicable to period amount.

Mid-course corrections are considered preliminary procedural decisions, and any over-recoveries or under-recoveries caused by or resulting from the new fuel factors adopted by the mid-course correction may be included in the following year's fuel factors.

Thus Commission's jurisdiction to consider fuel clause proceedings derives from the Commission's authority to set fair and reasonable rates, found in Section 366.05, Florida Statutes.

Decision

Florida Power & Light Company's Mid-Course Revision

industry for pricing natural gas.

FPL states that its original projected cost for natural gas used the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX)⁴ futures contract prices for each month of 2016, based on a forward curve as of July 27, 2015. Forward curve prices represent the price of gas for delivery in a particular month in the future. Futures contracts are actively traded and the prices can change hour-by-hour throughout a trading day.

January 6, 1997, in Docket No. 970001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause and generating performance incentive factor</u>.

³ Order No. PSC-01-0963-PCO-EI, issued April 18, 2001, in Docket No. 010001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause and generating performance incentive factor</u>, (allowing recovery of increase in fuel factor in order to decrease the carrying costs and therefore the total amount ratepayers were ultimately required to repay.); Order No. PSC-00-2383-FOF-GU, issued December 12, 2000, in Docket No. 000003-GU, <u>In re: Purchased gas adjustment (PGA) true-up</u> (allowing recovery of an increased gas fuel factor due to drastic increases in natural gas prices in winter of 2000-2001.); Order No. PSC-15-0161-PCO-EI, issued April 30, 2015, in Docket No. 150001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery Clause with Generating Performance Incentive Factor</u>. (approving FPL's petition for a mid-course correction, thereby reducing fuel factors with less than 30 days notice).

⁴ The New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) is a commodities futures exchange widely used by the electric

In its Petition, FPL noted that projected natural gas commodity prices have declined substantially since its original projections were developed. For its mid-course calculations, FPL used NYMEX futures contract prices based on a forward curve as of January 4, 2016. According to FPL, the decrease in 2016 projected gas prices from the original projections to the mid-course projections is about 21 percent.⁵

In addition, FPL updated its 2015 true-up amount to reflect twelve months of actual data (January through December 2015). Originally, the actual/estimated true-up was an under-recovery of \$66,818,243. FPL's mid-course filing shows the actual under-recovery for 2015 was \$37,050,993 or a \$29,767,250 reduction in the 2015 under-recovery amount. FPL projects that the current fuel factors for 2016 will produce an over-recovery of approximately \$256 million, resulting in a net over-recovery of about \$286 million, or 9.66 percent (rounded to 9.7 percent in the FPL Petition). FPL acknowledges that its projected over-recovery percentage of 9.66 percent is less than the threshold identified for notification under Rule 25-6.0424, F.A.C., but states that Section 2 of Rule 25-6.0424, F.A.C., does not preclude it from making a mid-course filing.

On Schedule E1-B, FPL projected its end of year net true up for 2016 would be an over-recovery of \$285,525,014, based on revised estimated figures for January through December 2016. Additionally, FPL projects that Jurisdictional Fuel Revenues Applicable for this Period will be \$2,956,151,664. Based on Rule 25-6.0424, F.A.C., the mid-course percentage is the estimated end-of-period total net true-up amount (\$285,525,014) divided by the current period's total actual and estimated jurisdictional fuel revenue applicable to period amount (\$2,956,151,664), resulting in the mid-course calculation of 9.66 percent.

For 2016, FPL projects its generation mix will be approximately 71 percent natural gas. Therefore, a decrease in the projected cost of gas for FPL can significantly decrease its fuel factors.

FPL's current 1,000 kilowatt hour (kWh) residential bill is \$93.38 per month with a fuel cost recovery component of \$25.80 per month. In the March billing cycle, FPL will be implementing a \$0.32 per month true up adjustment to the Storm Restoration Surcharge, and in April's billing cycle, FPL plans to implement the fuel factor adjustments this Commission approved for the Port Everglades Energy Center Generation Base Rate Adjustment (GBRA) approved in Order No. PSC-15-0586-FOF-EI. In its Petition, FPL requests that its mid-course correction to fuel factors be implemented concurrent with the GBRA adjustments in the April billing cycle. Assuming the Storm Restoration Surcharge adjustment (in March), the GBRA adjustments (in April), and the revised fuel cost recovery factors in its mid-course correction (proposed to coincide with the GBRA adjustments), the total residential bill for 1,000 kWh of usage for April through December 2016 will be \$91.73 per month, with a fuel cost recovery component of \$21.73 per month. Upon approval, the total of all adjustments results in a net reduction of \$1.65 per month for residential customers using 1,000 kWh of electricity, as shown in Attachment B. FPL believes implementing reduced fuel cost recovery factors is in the best

⁵ The FPL Petition states that the NYMEX average 2016 price of natural gas based on the July 27, 2015 forward curve was \$3.14 per MMBtu. The comparative forward curve as of January 4, 2016 reflects the NYMEX average 2016 price of natural gas had declined to \$2.48 per MMBtu, a reduction of \$0.66 per MMBtu (21.02 percent).

interests of its customers since the factors would be decreasing, not increasing, and customers would get the benefit of reduced rates as quickly as administratively possible.

At a noticed informal meeting between Commission staff and interested parties, FPL stated that it intended to provide notice to customers in advance of our vote regarding its mid-course correction request through bill inserts, and also via website links.⁶

Conclusion

We approve FPL's Petition for mid-course correction to its 2016 fuel cost recovery factors and the associated tariff sheets. The revised fuel cost recovery factors and associated tariffs shall become effective with the in-service date of the Port Everglades Energy Center, which is expected to be April 1, 2016. The approved fuel cost recovery factors are presented in Attachment A, and the associated tariff sheets are shown in Attachment C.

Duke Energy Florida LLC's 2016 Mid-Course Revision

Midcourse Adjustment for Fuel Cost Recovery Factors

DEF states that its original projected cost for natural gas used NYMEX futures contract prices for each month of 2016, based on a forward curve as of June 11, 2015. Forward curve prices represent the price of gas for delivery in a particular month in the future. Futures contracts are actively traded and the prices can change hour-by-hour throughout a trading day.

In its Petition, DEF noted that projected natural gas commodity prices have declined substantially since its original projections were developed. For its mid-course calculations, DEF used NYMEX futures contract prices based on a forward curve as of January 6, 2016. According to DEF, the decrease in 2016 projected natural gas prices from the original projections to the mid-course projections is about 30 percent.⁷

In addition to the revised fuel price projections, DEF updated its 2015 true-up amount to reflect twelve months of actual data (January through December 2015). Originally, the actual/estimated true-up was an over-recovery of \$78,731,031. DEF's mid-course filing shows the actual over-recovery for 2015 was \$116,588,895, a difference of \$37,857,864. Based on the updated projections for 2016, DEF anticipates an end of period total true-up over-recovery of \$161,726,581, resulting in a total end of period true-up of \$199,584,445.

Based on Rule 25-6.0424, F.A.C., the mid-course percentage is the estimated end-of-period total true-up amount (\$199,584,445) divided by the current period's total actual and estimated jurisdictional fuel revenue applicable to period amount. Schedule E1-B, attached to DEF's Petition, shows that DEF's total actual and estimated jurisdictional fuel revenue

⁶ Commission staff reviewed drafts of notices FPL will use for residential and business customers.

⁷ The Duke Petition included a matrix of Projected Market Price by Fuel Type showing the NYMEX average 2016 price of natural gas based on the June 11, 2015 forward curve was \$3.20 per MMBtu. The comparative forward curve as of January 6, 2016 reflects the NYMEX average 2016 price of natural gas had declined to \$2.47 per MMBtu, a reduction of \$0.73 per MMBtu (22.81 percent).

applicable to period amount is \$1,544,204,763, resulting in the mid-course calculation of 12.93 percent.

For 2016, DEF projects its generation mix will include approximately 74 percent natural gas. Therefore, a decrease in the projected cost of gas for DEF can significantly decrease its fuel factors.

DEF's current 1,000 kilowatt hour (kWh) residential bill is \$114.15 per month with a fuel component of \$33.53 per month. Assuming that its mid-course correction is approved, the fuel portion of a residential bill for 1,000 kWh of usage for April through December 2016 will be reduced by \$6.74 per month, to \$26.79 per month. DEF also requests an adjustment to capacity cost recovery factors due to an error that understated actual costs. On a stand-alone basis, the understated capacity costs would have increased the bill for a residential customer using 1,000 kilowatt hours by \$1.05 per month. However, when implemented concurrent with the reduction to fuel cost recovery factors pursuant to the mid-course correction, the net reduction in fuel cost recovery amounts more than offsets the understated capacity costs. Upon approval, the bill for a residential customer using 1,000 kilowatt hours falls to \$108.32 per month, a net reduction of \$5.83 per month from February bills, as shown in Attachment E.

DEF has requested that the revised fuel factors become effective with the first billing cycle of April 2016. This case was voted on at the March 1, 2016 agenda conference or 30 days before the April 2016 billing cycle begins. DEF has stated that it will provide notice of its midcourse correction request through on-bill notices in the March billing cycle, and inserts for the April cycle.⁸

Midcourse Adjustment for Capacity Cost Recovery Factors

In its Petition, DEF stated that it discovered an error in the capacity cost recovery amounts that were used in calculating the factors for 2016, which were codified in Order No. PSC-15-0586-FOF-EI. On DEF's revised Schedule E12-A, its projected capacity costs were understated by \$29,153,914, when compared to the similar schedule from its projection filing. In addition to revising its capacity cost projections, DEF updated its 2015 true-up amount to reflect twelve months of actual data (January through December 2015). Originally, the actual/estimated true-up was an under-recovery of \$38,643,256. DEF's mid-course filing shows the actual under-recovery for 2015 was \$35,762,070, a difference of \$2,881,186. Based on these updated projections for 2016, the net additional capacity cost DEF seeks recovery for is \$26,272,728. When the Revenue Tax Multiplier of 1.00072 is applied, the final adjustment DEF is proposing is \$26,291,645, as reflected on Line 41 of Schedule E12-A.

⁸ Commission staff reviewed drafts of notices DEF will use for residential and business customers.

⁹ Order No. PSC-15-0586-FOF-EI, issued December 23, 2015, in Docket No. 150001-EI, <u>In re: Fuel and Purchased Power Cost Recovery Clause with Generating Performance Incentive Factor.</u>

¹⁰ On September 1, 2015, DEF filed projection schedules for 2016, and Line 30 of Schedule E12-A reflects that DEF estimated its Total Capacity Costs for the period January-December, 2016 would be \$358,842,970. The similar schedule in DEF's mid-course correction filing revises this amount to \$387,996,884, which includes a January 2016 True-up balance adjustment of \$14,191,494.

We note that if the impact of the net changes for these capacity cost recovery amounts were calculated apart from the mid-course correction to fuel cost recovery factors, the result would increase the bill for a residential customer using 1,000 kilowatt hours by \$1.05 per month, or 8.45 percent from currently-approved capacity cost recovery amounts. However, in the interest of providing its customers with a more accurate bill and avoiding inaccurate under-recovered amounts, DEF is petitioning for the capacity cost recovery changes to be implemented concurrent with the reduction to fuel cost recovery factors described above. Implementation in this manner more than offsets what would have been a net increase to residential customers using 1,000 kilowatt hours. Attachment E summarizes the bill impact for a residential customer using 1,000 kilowatt hours, showing that on a total basis, the currently-approved amount of \$114.15 per month is reduced to \$108.32 per month for April through December 2016, a net reduction of \$5.83 per month.

Conclusion

We hereby approve DEF's Petition for mid-course correction to its 2016 fuel and capacity cost recovery factors and the associated tariff sheet. The revised fuel and capacity cost recovery factors shall become effective with the first billing cycle in April 2016. The approved fuel and capacity cost recovery factors are presented in Attachment D, and the associated tariff sheet is shown in Attachment F.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that Florida Power & Light Company's Petition for mid-course correction to its 2016 fuel cost recovery factors and the associated tariff sheets is hereby approved. The revised fuel cost recovery factors and associated tariffs shall become effective with the in-service date of the Port Everglades Energy Center, which is expected to be April 1, 2016. The fuel cost recovery factors are presented in Attachment A, and the associated tariff sheets are shown in Attachment C. It is further

ORDERED that Duke Energy Florida, LLC's Petition for mid-course correction to its 2016 fuel and capacity cost recovery factors and the associated tariff sheet is hereby approved. The revised fuel and capacity cost recovery factors shall become effective with the first billing cycle in April 2016. The fuel and capacity cost recovery factors are presented in Attachment D, and the associated tariff sheet is shown in Attachment F. It is further

ORDERED that this docket shall remain open.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this 21st day of March, 2016.

Carlotta S. Stauffer CARLOTTA S. STAUFFER

Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399 (850) 413-6770

www.floridapsc.com

Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

JEV

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

FPL's Mid-Course Correction Fuel Cost Recovery Factors April 2016 – December 2016

GROUP	RATE SCHEDULE	AVERAGE FACTOR	FUEL RECOVERY LOSS MULTIPLIER	FUEL RECOVERY FACTOR
A	RS-1 first 1,000kWh	2.495	1.00267	2.173
7 1	RS-1 all additional kWh	2.495	1.00267	3.173
A	GS-1, SL-2, GSCU-1, WIES-1	2.495	1.00267	2.502
A-1	SL-1, OL-1, PL-1	2.349	1.00267	2.355
В	GSD-1	2.495	1.00260	2.501
С	GSLD-1, CS-1	2.495	1.00185	2.500
D	GSLD-2, CS-2, OS-2, MET	2.495	0.99490	2.482
Е	GSLD-3, CS-3	2.495	0.97228	2.426
	GST-1 On-Peak	3.271	1.00267	3.280
A	Off-Peak	2.173	1.00267	2.179
A	RTR-1 On-Peak			0.778
	Off-Peak			(0.323)
В	GSDT-1, CILC-1(G), HLFT-1 (21-499 kW) On-Peak	3.271	1.00260	3.280
	Off-Peak	2.173	1.00260	2.179
С	GSLDT-1, CST-1, HLFT-2 (500-1,999 kW) On-Peak	3.271	1.00185	3.277
	Off-Peak	2.173	1.00185	2.177
D	GSLDT-2, CST-2, HLFT-3 (2,000+ kW) On-Peak	3.271	0.99545	3.256
	Off-Peak	2.173	0.99545	2.163
Е	GSLDT-3, CST-3, CILC-1(T), ISST-1(T) On-Peak	3.271	0.97228	3.180
	Off-Peak	2.173	0.97228	2.113
F	CILC-1(D), ISST-1(D) On-Peak	3.271	0.99459	3.253
	Off-Peak	2.173	0.99459	2.161

FPL's Mid-Course Correction Seasonal Demand Time of Use Rider (SDTR) Fuel Recovery Factors

On-Peak: June 2016 through September 2016 Weekdays 3:00 pm to 6:00 pm Off-Peak: All Other Hours

			FUEL	SDTR
GROUP	OTHERWISE APPLICABLE	AVERAGE	RECOVERY	FUEL
GROUP	RATE SCHEDULE	FACTOR	LOSS	RECOVERY
			MULTIPLIER	FACTOR
В	GSD(T)-1 On-Peak	4.608	1.00260	4.620
В	Off-Peak	2.218	1.00260	2.224
C	GSLD(T)-1 On-Peak	4.608	1.00185	4.617
	Off-Peak	2.218	1.00185	2.222
D	GSLD(T)-2 On-Peak	4.608	0.99545	4.587
D	Off-Peak	2.218	0.99545	2.208

	FPL's Mid-Course Correction Comparison of 1,000 kWh Residential Bill								
Component	February 2016	March 2016 (Stand-alone Storm Charge Adjustment)	April 2016 (Stand-alone GBRA Adjustment)	April – Dec. 2016 (Storm Charge Adjustment and GBRA Adjustment Combined with Mid-Course Correction)	Net Difference from Current				
Base Charge	\$54.86	\$54.86	\$57.00	\$57.00	\$2.14				
Fuel Cost Recovery	\$25.80	\$25.80	\$25.19	\$21.73	-\$4.07				
Conservation Cost Recovery	\$1.86	\$1.86	\$1.86	\$1.86	\$0				
Capacity Payment	\$4.54	\$4.54	\$4.54	\$4.54	\$0				
Nuclear Cost Recovery	\$0.34	\$0.34	\$0.34	\$0.34	\$0				
Environmental Cost Recovery	\$2.63	\$2.63	\$2.63	\$2.63	\$0				
Storm Restoration Surcharge	\$1.02	<u>\$1.34</u>	<u>\$1.34</u>	\$1.34	\$0.32				
Subtotal	\$91.05	\$91.37	\$92.90	\$89.44	-\$1.61				
Gross Receipts Tax	<u>\$2.33</u>	\$2.34	\$2.38	\$2.29	<u>-\$0.04</u>				
Totals	<u>\$93.38</u>	<u>\$93.71</u>	<u>\$95.28</u>	<u>\$91.73</u>	<u>-\$1.65</u>				

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Forty-Fifth Revised Sheet No. 8.030 Cancels Forty-Fourth Revised Sheet No. 8.030

BILLING ADJUSTMENTS
The following charges are applied to the Monthly Rate of each rate schedule as indicated and are calculated in accordance with the
formula manified by the Elevide Dublic Service Commission

RATE	FUEL			CONSE	RVATION	CAPACI	TY	ENVIRON-
SCHEDULE	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	\$/kW	¢/kWh	\$/kW	MENTAL ¢/kWh
	Levelized	On-Peak	Off-Peak					
RS-1, RS-1 w/RTR-1 1 st 1,000 kWh	2.173			0.186		0.488		0.263
RS-1, RS-1 w/RTR-1 all addn kWh	3.173			0.186		0.488		0.263
RS-1 w/RTR-1 All kWh		0.778	(0.323)	0.186		0.488		0.263
GS-1	2.502			0.177		0.466		0.251
GST-1		3.280	2.179	0.177		0.466		0.251
GSD-1, GSD-1 w/SDTR (Jan – May)(Oct – Dec)	2.501				.61		1.55	0.233
GSD-1 w/SDTR (Jun-Sept)		4.620	2.224		.61		1.55	0.233
GSDT-1, HLFT-1 GSDT-1w/SDTR (Jan – May)(Oct – Dec)		3.280	2.179		.61		1.55	0.233
GSDT-1 w/SDTR (Jun-Sept)		4.620	2.224		.61		1.55	0.233
GSLD-1, CS-1, GSLD-1w/SDTR (Jan – May)(Oct – Dec)	2.500				.68		1.78	0.232
GSLD-1 w/SDTR (Jun-Sept)		4.617	2.222		.68		1.78	0.232
GSLDT-1, CST-1, HLFT-2, GSLDT-1 w/SDTR (Jan–May & Oct–Dec)		3.277	2.177		.68		1.78	0.232
GSLDT-1 w/SDTR (Jun-Sept)		4.617	2.222		.68		1.78	0.232
GSLD-2, CS-2, GSLD-2 w/SDTR (Jan – May)(Oct – Dec)	2.482				.70		1.70	0.205
GSLD-2 w/SDTR (Jun- Sept)		4.587	2.208		.70		1.70	0.205
GSLDT-2, CST-2, HLFT-3, GSLDT-2 w/SDTR (Jan – May)(Oct – Dec)		3.256	2.163		.70		1.70	0.205
GSLDT-2 w/SDTR (Jun-Sept)		4.587	2.208		.70		1.70	0.205
GSLD-3, CS-3	2.426				.72		1.88	0.200
GSLDT-3, CST-3		3.180	2.113		.72		1.88	0.200

NOTE: The Billing Adjustments for additional Rate Schedules are found on Sheet No. 8.030.1

Issued by: S. E. Romig, Director, Rates and Tariffs Effective:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Twenty-First Revised Sheet No. 8.030.1 Cancels Twentieth Revised Sheet No. 8.030.1

		,	(Contin BILLING	nued from S ADJUSTN)			
RATE	FUEL			CONSERVATION		CAPACITY			ENVIRON -MENTAL	
SCHEDULE	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	¢/kWh	\$/kW	-	¢/kWh	\$/kW		¢/kWh
	Levelized	On- Peak	Off- Peak							
OS-2	2.482			0.142			0.366			0.210
MET	2.482				0.77			2.04		0.228
CILC-1(G)		3.280	2.179		0.79			1.98		0.205
CILC-1(D)		3.253	2.161		0.79			1.98		0.205
CILC-1(T)		3.180	2.113		0.77			1.83		0.192
SL-1,OL-1, PL-1	2.355			0.073			0.095			0.100
SL-2, GSCU-1	2.502			0.137			0.289			0.192
					RDD	DDC		RDD	DDC	
SST-1(T)		3.180	2.113		0.08	0.04		0.21	0.10	0.186
SST-1(D1)		3.280	2. 179		0.08	0.04		0.22	0.10	0.217
SST-1(D2)		3.277	2.177		0.08	0.04		0.22	0.10	0.217
SST-1(D3)		3.256	2.163		0.08	0.04		0.22	0.10	0.217
ISST-1(D)		3.253	2.161		0.08	0.04		0.22	0.10	0.217
ISST-1(T)		3.180	2.113		0.08	0.04		0.21	0.10	0.186

Issued by: S. E. Romig, Director, Rates and Tariffs Effective:

DEF's Mid-Course Correction Fuel and Capacity Cost Recovery Factors April 2016 – December 2016

	April 2016 – December 2016								
		_	very Factors						
	D 1'		Cost Recov	Capacity Cost Recovery					
Rate Schedule	Delivery Voltage Level	Levelized (c/kWh)	On-Peak (c/ kWh)	Off-Peak (c/ kWh)	(c/kWh)	(\$/ kW)			
RS-1, RST-1, RSL-1, RSL- 2, RSS-1	Secondary		3.854	2.537	1.523				
< 1,000		2.679							
> 1,000		3.679							
	Secondary	2.973	3.871	2.548	1.171				
GS-1, GST-1	Primary	2.943	3.832	2.522	1.159				
	Transmission	2.914	3.793	2.497	1.148				
GS-2	Secondary	2.973			0.836				
CCD 1	Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578		4.24			
GSD-1, GSDT-1, SS-1	Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552		4.20			
USD1-1, SS-1	Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526		4.15			
CS-1, CST-1,	Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578		2.49			
CS-2, CST-2,	Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552		2.47			
CS-3, CST-3, SS-3	Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526		2.44			
IS-1, IST-1,	Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578		3.39			
IS-2, IST-2,	Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552		3.36			
SS-2	Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526		3.33			
LS-1	Secondary	2.828			0.233				
00 1 00 2	Secondary					0.412			
SS-1, SS-2, SS-3 Monthly	Primary					0.408			
33-3 Monuny	Transmission					0.404			
SS-1, SS-2,	Secondary					0.196			
SS-3	Primary					0.194			
Daily	Transmission					0.192			

DEF's Mid-Course Correction Comparison of 1,000 kWh Residential Bill							
Component	February 2016 (Current)	April – Dec. 2016 ¹¹	Difference from Current				
Base Charge	\$58.50	\$58.50	\$0				
Fuel Cost Recovery	\$33.53	\$26.79	(\$6.74)				
Capacity Cost Recovery	\$12.42	\$13.47	\$1.05				
Energy Conservation Cost Recovery	\$3.25	\$3.25	\$0				
Environmental Cost Recovery	\$1.84	\$1.84	\$0				
Nuclear - CR3 Uprate	\$1.76	\$1.76	\$0				
Nuclear - Levy	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>				
Subtotal	\$111.30	\$105.61	(\$5.69)				
Gross Receipts Tax	<u>\$2.85</u>	<u>\$2.71</u>	(\$0.14)				
Totals	<u>\$114.15</u>	<u>\$108.32</u>	<u>(\$5.83)</u>				

^{1.}

¹¹ On Schedule E-10, DEF states that its Mid-Course Correction amounts do not include the impact of recovering the CR3 regulatory asset through issuance of low-cost bonds. The estimated bill impact for a residential customer using 1,000 kWh of electricity is \$2.93 per month, resulting in total estimated bill of \$111.32. The bonds have not been issued, but are expected to be issued in March or April, 2016.



SECTION NO. VI SEVENTY-FOURTH REVISED SHEET NO. 6.105 **CANCELS SEVENTY-THIRD REVISED SHEET NO. 6.105**

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RATE SCHEDULE BA-1 BILLING ADJUSTMENTS

Applicable:

To the Rate Per Month provision in each of the Company's filed rate schedules which reference the billing adjustments set forth below.

		COST R	COVERY FA	CTORS				
DESCRIPTION OF BOOKER	Fue	Cost Recove	ery ⁽¹⁾	ECCR ⁽²⁾		CCR ⁽³⁾		ECRC ⁽⁴⁾
Rate Schedule/Metering Level	Levelized ¢/ kWh	On-Peak ¢/ kWh	Off-Peak ¢/ kWh	¢/ kWh	\$/ kW	¢/ kWh	\$/ kW	¢/ kWh
RS-1, RST-1, RSL-1, RSL-2, RSS-1 (Sec.)		3,854	2.537	0.325	170	1.523		0.184
< 1000 > 1000	2.679 3.679							
GS-1, GST-1								
Secondary	2.973	3.871	2.548	0.268	-	1.171	-	0.181
Primary	2.943	3.832	2.522	0.265		1.159		0.179
Transmission	2.914	3.793	2.497	0.263		1.148		0.177
GS-2 (Sec.)	2.973	-	-	0.210	-	0.836		0.178
GSD-1, GSDT-1, SS-1*					4	F 1		
Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578	-	0.98	-	4.24	0.180
Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552		0.97	-	4.20	0.178
Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526		0.96	-	4.15	0.176
CS-1, CST-1, CS-2, CST-2, CS-3, CST-3, SS-3*								
Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578	999	0.67	1565	2.49	0.173
Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552		0.66	-	2.49	0.173
Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526	-	0.66		2.44	0.171
IS-1, IST-1, IS-2, IST-2, SS- 2*	2.540	0.000	2.020		0.00		2.44	0.170
Secondary	3.008	3.916	2.578	343	0.84	340	3.39	0.175
Primary	2.978	3.877	2.552	-	0.83	120	3.36	0.173
Transmission	2.948	3.838	2.526	-	0.82	-	3.33	0.172
LS-1 (Sec.)	2.828	-	-	0.108	-	0.233	-	0.173
*SS-1, SS-2, SS-3								
Monthly	l		l					
Secondary	10-1	-	~		0.096	-	0.412	-
Primary	-	-		-	0.095		0.408	-
Transmission	-	-	-		0.094		0.404	-
Daily					2902000			
Secondary	100	-			0.046		0.196	-
Primary	-	-	-	-	0.046	4	0.194	-
Transmission	-	-	-	-	0.045	-	0.192	-
GSLM-1, GSLM-2		See appropr	iate General :	Service rate	schedule			

(1) Fuel Cost Recovery Factor:
The Fuel Cost Recovery Factors applicable to the Fuel Charge under the Company's various rate schedules are normally determined annually by the Florida Public Service Commission for the billing months of January through December. These factors are designed to recover the costs of fuel and purchased power (other than capacity payments) incurred by the Company to provide electric service to its customers and are adjusted to reflect changes in these costs from one period to the next. Revisions to the Fuel Cost Recovery Factors within the described period may be determined in the event of a significant change in costs.

(2) Energy Conservation Cost Recovery Factor:

The Energy Conservation Cost Recovery (ECCR) Factor applicable to the Energy Charge under the Company's various rate schedules is normally determined annually by the Florida Public Service Commission for twelve-month periods beginning with the billing month of January. This factor is designed to recover the costs incurred by the Company under its approved Energy Conservation Programs and is adjusted to reflect changes in these costs from one period to the next. For time of use demand rates the ECCR charge will be included in the base demand only.

(Continued on Page No. 2)

ISSUED BY: Javier J. Portuondo, Director Rates & Regulatory Strategy - FL

EFFECTIVE: April 1, 2016