

JACK SHREVE PUBLIC COUNSEL

STATE OF FLORIDA

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC COUNSEL

c/o The Florida Legislature 111 West Madison Street Room 812 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1400 904-488-9330



October 8, 1990

Steve Tribble, Director Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket No. 891194-TI

Dear Mr. Tribble:

THE COUNTRY OF RECORDS

As you requested, enclosed are the original and 12 copies of A. Rebecca Dunn's direct testimony to be filed with the Florida Public Service Commission in this docket.

Ploase indicate receipt and return enclosed copy. ACK ----Sincerely, The first of the second Charles | Book ADD monotopic appearan (A P Assistant Public Counsel CTR CJB/dd EAGBreiosure UEG 1 cc: Parties of record w/enclosure The second of th MCH - -----S. C. C. Landson and advantage a second WAS -----QTH . S. S. LANGE CO. LANGE CO.

DOCUMENT NEW TO BOOK

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PSC-RECORDS/REPORTED

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Proposed tariff filings by SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY clarifying when a nonpublished number can be disclosed and introducing Caller ID to TouchStar Service

Docket No. 891194-TI Filed: October 8, 1990

DIRECT TESTINONY OF A. REBECCA DUNN

DOCUMENT RECEEDS DATE

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+SC-RECORDS/REPORTING

HEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

A. REBECCA DUNK

DOCKET NO. 891194-TI

- 1 Q. PLEAJE STATE YOUR NAME AND OCCUPATION OR AFFILIATION.
- 2 A. A. Rebecca Dunn, Director of Women's Programs, Peace
- River Center for Personal Development, Lakeland, Florida. I
- 4 am also the President of the Florida Coalition Against
- 5 Domestic Violence.
- 6 O. WEAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND WORK BACKGROUND?
- 7 A. I earned a Bachelor's Degree in Social Rehabilitation.
- 8 I became the Operational Director for a domestic violence
- shelter in early 1982. The agency has promoted me to become
- 10 the Administrative Director of three programs: the spouse
- abuse shelter, a court-based Injunction for Protection program
- 12 and a rape crisis program.
- 13 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE MEMBERSHIP AND FUNCTION OF THE
- 14 FLORIDA COALITION AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.
- 15 A. The Florida Coalition Against Domestic Violence is an
- alliance of twenty-nine battered women's shelters, concerned
- citizens, and other groups working to end domestic violence
- in Florida. The Coalition, which also consists of the State's
- 19 network of Batterer's Intervention Programs, organized in 1976

and operators under non-profit status. The FCADV gives direct

- 2 assistance to shelters by providing technical in-put/training,
- 3 by educating the public about the realities of domestic
- 4 violence, and confronting issues (such as protective laws and
- 5 improved services) which affect battered women and their
- 6 children.
- 7 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY TODAL?
- 8 A. It is my intention to inform the Commission about issues
- 9 related to Caller I.D. which are, in the opinion of FCADV, of
- 10 paramount relevance to the protection of battered women, their
- 11 children, other family members and those who work with them
- 12 and in their behalf.
- 23 Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF CALLER I.D.?
- A. Caller I.D., as I understand, is a service Southern Bell
- wishes to introduce to Florida which allows the recipient of
- 16 a phone call the ability to view the phone number of in-
- 17 coming callers. The person can view the number on a device
- 18 purchased from Southern Bell (and activated with a monthly
- 19 service charge).
- 20 Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF CALL BLOCK?
- 21 A. There are two types of call block services: per-call
- 22 block and line block. Per call block, apparently, gives the
- 23 dialing party the ability to enter a code before initiating

a call. The code, it is said, prevents the originating number

- 2 from being registered on a Caller I.D device. This service
- must be purchased on a monthly basis. Line block accomplishes
- the same purpose, but pertains to the blocking of every call
 - 5 dialed on a particular line (as opposed to having to code
 - 6 before each call).
 - 7 Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF CALL TRACE?
 - 8 A. Call Trace refers to the ability of the recipient of a
- 9 harassing or obscene phone call to transfer information about
- incoming calls to the telephone company and then to a local
- law enforcement agency. The person will not know the phone
- number of the caller. This can be offered on a per-use basis
- or by way of monthly billings.
- 24 C. WHAT EFFECT WOULD CALLER I.D. HAVE ON BATTERED WOMEN AND
- 15 THEIR CHILDREN?
- 16 A. Caller I.D. could prove to be very dangerous to battered
- women and their children who are now in hiding and those who
- 18 plan to escape. Last year, Florida's shelter hotlines
- assisted 60,000 people. Add to that the shelters, their
- 20 related programs, staff and volunteers and the total should
- 21 exceed 63,000. These are victims of crime who would not be
- in hiding if they were not afraid for their lives or the
- 23 lives/health of loved ones. It is important to understand
- that chronic abusers are unlike the general population. They

maintaining a relationship (even a bad one) with the hiding partner. Many use desperate measures to locate that person. In some cases women are subject, by court order, to facilitate contact between their children and their father. For some, carrying out such an order involves delicate planning. One mistake could result in tragedy. The abusive partner who uses caller I.D. will be able to locate the state, city, and address of the ex-partner and children. Of course, if the children are being protected due to physical or sexual abuse, the same would be true.

Since technology is not a perfect science, it stands to reason that, occasionally, problems may occur that will render Caller I.D. useless. Is it also possible that the system could display a false reading? When a battered woman responds to advertisements for Caller I.D. she will most likely, believe the service to be something that has the potential of protecting her. My fear is it could create a sense of false security among women who believe it to be absolute. They may not realize that the system can break, transmit errors, or be used against them as well as for them.

- 22 Q. WHAT EFFECT WOULD CALLER I.D. HAVE ON DONESTIC VIOLENCE
- 23 PROGRAMS AND STAFF?

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24 A. Each shelter is staffed by paid and volunteer advocates, 25 counselors, social workers and administrators. Many of these people carry beepers and respond to shelter business from home, the homes of friends and family as well as from other agencies. Shelter staff return messages left by battered women attempting to leave the residence shared with an abuser, thus a Caller I.D. device could capture information which would not only lead him to the fleeing partner, but to innocent, non-participants.

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Shelters exist to hide and protect people who cannot protect themselves. Before building or locating a shelter, extreme measures are carried out to provide for the security and privacy of residents and staff. Caller I.P. will greatly jeopardize these efforts.

O. WHAT EFFECTS DO YOU BELIEVE CALL BLOCK WILL HAVE?

is free for those who are first certified eligible. All others would have to pay a fee for a calling card or operator assisted call to obtain per-call blocking. People who enter shelters, for the most part, operate at a subsistence level. They need telephones for protective purposes, but to force them to pay for a additional service is both unrealistic and cruel (since she is actually paying to protect her own right to privacy). Secondly, it is my understanding that the Line Block service will interfere with 911 calls. Should a caller be unable to state their location, 911 staff would not be able to dispatch assistance. Call Block would, in effect, render

one who is upset or panicked) to remember or be responsible for a code. There is always a chance that a young child or angry teen might call the abuser and forget to use the code, mis-dial, or get confused about the procedure.

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Southern Bell has indicated an offer to provide free Call Elock to domestic violence shelters and staff as well as any battered women referred by local shelters. The FCADV will not recommend that member shelters accept the liability associated with such a proposal. Additionally, the expense involved in maintaining such a project is prohibitive. Of course, we cannot endorse the prospect of Southern Bell screening victims for eligibility for a Call Block service. After all, what criteria should be used to determine if someone is worthy of free Call Block? Who in Southern Bell will make the decision? How many times will a battered woman have to repeat her embarrassing story to strangers? How long will the service be offered for free?

I respectfully suggest that the Commission consider the criteria which would be needed or required to determine eligibility for Call Block to over 60,000 people per year. It is obvious that all of the individual services which will be created by Caller I.D. will also pad the bank accounts of Southern Bell. All the money the telephone company stands to make is not worth losing the life or health of one battered woman or her children.

- 1 C. What might be the effects of call trace on eattered women
- 2 AND THEIR CHILDREN?
- 3 A. More than any other method, Call Trace appears an
- appropriate way of handling obscene or harassing phone calls.
- 5 Battered women could use Call Trace to inform police of calls
- 6 from abusers. This would be an excellent record of abusers
- 7 violating court orders prohibiting harassment or phone
- 8 contact. One problem does exist which should be discussed
- 9 with law enforcement: how can it be determined that it was
- the abuser that placed the call instead of someone else in the
- 11 house?
- 12 The most significant advantage of Call Trace, as opposed
- 13 to Caller I.D., is that the purchaser of the service will not
- have access to the phone number of the caller. The number,
- instead, will be accessed by police. This should prevent
- 16 private citizens from using caller information to commit
- 17 vigilantism.
- 18 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY CLOSING COMMENTS?
- 19 A. Yes. The Florida Coalition Against Domestic Violence is
- 20 opposed to the Caller I.D. system as it appears to present
- 21 danger to victims of domestic violence. Since over 60,000
- 22 people requested assistance last year, it can be assumed that
- 23 at least that many people could be impacted annually. Those
- 24 victims could suffer consequences related to being found while
- in hiding and they could endure financial consequences of

having to pay for a block service. They could depend upon a system which is difficult to use and monitor (such as Per Call Block). Any system which depends upon combined technologies (telephone, computers and electricity — to name a few) are subject to glitches or malfunctions. Caller I.D. must work flawlessly in order to work at all for battered women. If it does work without error, it could also enable further harm to battered women. The only service proposed by Southern Bell that appears appropriate for battered women is Call Trace. This would allow an opportunity to alert police in the event of barassing or threatening phone calls from a batterer. Call Trace, however, is not without fault.

The Florida Public Service Commission has a very important duty. I encourage you to examine all issues relevant to Caller I.D., but especially to consider the number of lives which will be directly impacted by the presence of such a service. In the interest of battered women and their children as well as the staff and volunteers of shelters, I implore you to deny Southern Bell the ability to introduce Caller I.D.

- 21 Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 22 A. Yes.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket No. 891194-TI

I HFREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished by U.S. Mail or hand-delivery to the following parties this 8th day of October, 1990.

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