BEFORE THE 1 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 2 3 : DOCKET NO. 891194-TL In The Matter of 1 Proposed Tariff Filings : 5 by SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE : IMAIM AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY : CUSTOMER SERVICE HEARING 6 7 lished Number Can Be : Disclosed, and Introducing: VOLUME - II Caller ID to TouchStar : 8 Pages 122 through 273 Service. 9 RECEIVED Radisson Mart Plaza 10 Division of Records & Reporting North Ballroom 711 Northwest 72nd Avenue 11 OCT 22 1990 Miami, Florida 33126 12 Florida Public Service Commission Thursday, September 27, 1990 13 Met pursuant to notice adjournment at 1:40 p.m. 14 BEFORE: COMMISSIONER MICHAEL McK. WILSON, Chairman COMMISSIONER THOMAS M. BEARD 15 COMMISSIONER BETTY EASLEY COMMISSIONER GERALD L. GUNTER 16 COMMISSIONER FRANK MESSERSMITH 17 APPEARANCES: 18 (As heretofore noted.) 19 20 ALSO PRESENT: 21 ANN SHELFER, FPSC Division of Communications. 22 23 CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RPR REPORTED BY: JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR 24 Official Commission Reporters 25 DOCUMENT NO. 09391-90

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10/22/90

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Hearing reconvened at 1:40 p.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN WILSON: We will reconvene the
4	hearing.
5	Mr. Shreve, do you have any other witnesses
6	here to testify?
7	MR. SHREVE: Yes, sir. Now, some of these
8	may be gone but I think there are some here.
9	CHAIRMAN WILSON: All right.
.0	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Russ Livermore. (Pause)
.1	Sharon McFadden. (Pause) Mr. Sastre. (Pause) Kathy
.2	McCallister. (Pause) Harriet Calucci.
L3	HARRIET CALLUCCI
.4	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
L 5	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
L6	testified as follows:
L 7	WITNESS CALUCCI: My name is Harriet Calucci.
18	I have been a resident of Dania, Florida, for 20 years,
.9	and I'm also the Executive Director of the Dania
0	Chamber of Commerce for 13 years.
1	I would like to go on record as definitely in
2	favor of Caller ID. It's not only just for the
3	benefits allowed to us personally but the business
4	aspect.
5	Dania is a very small community and,
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therefore, our Chamber is often looked to as a watchdog to the community, and not only to serve the businesses but the residents. And we do have a large retired community and we are not a wealthy community. People will call us frequently where they have been solicited over the phone, whether it be for roofing or painting, or what have you, and they failed to get telephone numbers. They will just get names of businesses. Some Chambers will say, "Well, they're not a member, we can't help you." That's not our policy in Dania because we want to help our community.

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I think a legitimate business person would not mind the fact that if they were calling to solicit for work that their number was displayed to the person. I feel that it would help eliminate some of the fly-by-night businesses, the whitewashing of roofs, and what have you, and I know you are all familiar with that. And a lot of times the best interest of the consumer is not in mind on some of these boiler-room operations.

I have also seen through my daily experiences, because of where my office is in Dania -- we are right next door to the Fire Department -- and many times we see all the emergency vehicles leave and return shortly knowing that it was nothing but a false

1	alarm. And I can't help but think that this would
2	deter false alarms. Again, the word "deter" comes up.
3	But I just can't explain how important I
4	think this would be in dealing with a lot of the
5	retired people in the community. And we also have a
6	large minority group in our community that is
7	uneducated, and this would help them also from being
8	taken advantage of. And I do feel that Call Blocking
9	would defeat the purpose of the person having Caller
10	ID.
11	I just want to thank you for the opportunity
12	of coming before you and I hope that you will see fit
13	to approve Caller ID.
14	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you for coming. We
15	appreciate you taking the time to come here.
16	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: I appreciate your
17	waiting.
18	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Yes, thank you for waiting.
19	(Witness Calucci excused.)
20	OPID ERRO E-101 HUID HAID
21	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Premer.
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HOWARD PREMER

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn testified as follows:

WITNESS PREMER: Good afternoon,

Commissioners. My name is Howard Premer, and I come to
you wearing a couple of hats this afternoon. One is as
a broadcaster, I am the owner of Radio "Suave," or

WSUA, which is a popular Hispanic radio station here in
Miami. I am also a City Councilman in North Miami.

I would like to first speak on the broadcasting end, and I used to be the -- I was former president of the South Florida Radio Broadcasters Association. I feel somewhat comfortable in representing broadcasting as a whole. And I would like to share with you two quick incidents that are personal and very specific in nature.

The first was approximately a year ago in acquiring Radio Suave we had a dramatic situation occur. We were brokering the station prior to ownership. We had made a conscious decision to be somewhat more liberalized in our programming aspects in terms of the Cuban community. We took a program on the air that wasn't taken well by some of the conservative elements in the Cuban community, and we received severe

bomb threats. The owner of the station overruled our decision because of the safety and welfare issue, and we took the program off the air.

that lasted several months, and several hundred thousand dollars later we finally acquired the station. I don't know whether the bomb threats were real; obviously, you know, we don't know. But the reality of the situation, and the practical reality is that it took several months for us to acquire the station, several hundred thousand dollars in legal bills, and a community that was shaken, the Cuban community. Clearly this was the object of major coverage and it was a very severe incident.

Had there been Caller ID, I don't believe this would have happened. I think the deterrent alone would have prevented the people from calling. I wish there was.

Now, let me transpose a decade, go back a decade in time, and I'll share with you another personal incident. I was General Manager of WKAT, another radio station that my family currently owns. I made a conscious decision -- we were talk radio, the "Talk of Miami." We pioneered this format of talk radio in South Florida back in the sixties. In 1981 we

had had a series of phone calls that disturbed the talk format from people that thought it comical to go ahead and make phone calls and disturb our talk format. And I won't be lengthy but the bottom line of the situation is that after about six months of these phone calls we were forced to make a decision to change formats. We, indeed, did; we changed format, and the primary reason was that the callers were inconsistent and we could not be depended upon to have the sincerity of those callers.

We brought in Southern Bell, and this was about ten years ago, and they did assist us, as did the police, but it's a very bureaucratic process, an extremely bureaucratic process. And eventually we did find the people that were responsible but after that our market condition was lost and we were no longer the "Talk of Miami," and we made the correct decision to change to Big Band format at WKAT.

So that's radio, and that's broadcasters, and I will tell you that even though we don't do talk radio at WKAT, and I will tell you that the talk radio stations in this town are still plagued by this problem, and across the state of Florida.

The political hat: Very briefly, my phone is listed in the phone book. If people have a problem at

night, city politics is the first defense. We have about 50,000 people in the city of North Miami and if their garbage is being taken out a little bit too late, they are going to call good old Howard Premer and say, you know, "Howard, can you help me?" We should be that way; we should be accessible.

Frankly, many of my peers in politics choose to have unlisted phone numbers, and I don't blame them. We are the object of crank phone calls on an ongoing basis. So one of the best results that I can see happening as a direct result of Caller ID would be that politicians especially on a local level, where it is the most critical to touch the people, will say that there is no need anymore to have unlisted phone numbers. We're going to list our phone number and we know that if that person is calling us, that they are sincere people; if not, they are going to be caught very quickly.

So, again, I understand your concerns, it is not an easy decision. But, frankly, from my perspective, and again wearing those two hats, broadcasting and government, I think clearly that Caller ID is one of the best technological advances to come down the pike in many, many years and I'm thrilled to death to have it. Thank you for your time.

1 COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you. 2 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much. 3 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. (Witness Premer excused.) 4 5 6 MR. SHREVE: Bob Sherman. 7 BOB SHERMAN 8 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 9 State of Florida, and having been first duly sworn, 10 testified as follows: 11 WITNESS SHERMAN: Good afternoon, 12 Commissioners. My name is Bob Sherman. I am a photo 13 journalist for a national magazine. I am also a 14 freelance journalist and I am also the husband of a woman who owns the largest privately-owned news service 15 in the Southeastern United States. 16 Before I start with what I had planned to 17 discuss, I would like to, if I may, address some of the 18 concerns that other people who preceded me here today 19 20 have mentioned to you. I am utterly shocked that during all of the 21 testimony that you heard this morning from 95% of the 22 23 people that spoke to you, that used the phrase, "Call Trace, and then said, "Well, how great it would be if 24

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we had Caller ID." No one from Southern Bell offered

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Commissioners, that that answer is already in place.

They have a tariffed service called "Call Return." It has been around for over a year now, I believe. It is available from any central office that will be able to handle Caller ID, mainly a System 7 office. It is part of the same class software package that offers

Caller ID. If you can't get Call Trace and you can't

9 get Call Return, you can't get Caller ID.

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All of the people who said, "Well, the police may not want to get involved," or, "We don't want to involve the police, we want to handle it ourselves." They don't need that piece of paper with a phone number written on it to go to the Bressers or to go to a computer database that I, for one, know that the Donnelly Corporation sells under the name of Metromel, that has 114 million people listed in it, 80 million addresses, and over 65 million telephone numbers, including some that are nonpublished. They don't need to go to that to force a confrontation that the police chief said in this heavily-armed society, especially down here, is a possibility. All they have to do is dial Star 69 right now if they subscribe to Call Return and the phone will ring from wherever the call was placed. If it's children playing with the phone, you

now have their parents, you can talk to them. If it's someone who has said something obscene, you have the opportunity to talk to them. If that doesn't work, now you can use Call Trace and notify the law enforcement.

And the other thing I would like to mention before I go on to what I wanted to say to you is that the options, or what Southern Bell tells most people are acceptable options for Caller ID to block it, such as using a public telephone or putting in another line or using a credit card or an operator-assisted call, or using a cellular telephone, none of those are acceptable for call blocking. They all cost you extra money. The people have their privacy now, and now all of a sudden they want to charge you more money by having you run to the phone, a pay phone, to make a pay phone call if you want to keep your privacy?

Most every other state that has addressed the Caller ID issue, including most recently Nevada, and California has mandated it by law, have insisted that if they offer Caller ID, they must offer free Call Blocking to anyone who asks for it.

Now, the reason I came before you today, I come before you as a journalist; I come before you representing many people from the Radio/Television News Directors Association, and I hope Mr. Premer is still

here to hear this, also several people in Sigma Delta Chi, which is the Professional Journalists Society. Many of us work from home, investigative reporters, and so on and so forth. Many of us deal with the same element of people that your law enforcement agents do; the druggies, the slime, everything else. We have our own tipsters, our own informants, and just as "Deep-Throat" was an informant for Watergate, do you think there would have been a Watergate or would there have been a "Deep-Throat" if we had had Caller ID? I doubt it very, very much.

We do not want our home phone numbers given out to this element of the society that the police are afraid will kill police officers. They carry guns, we don't. If they are afraid of them, we certainly are afraid of them. For example, we also, if we should, let's say, write a pro or a con story about abortion — and I only take that as an instance — and the other side doesn't like it, we don't want the next demonstration in front of our home. If we interview a Mafia person and they don't like what is written about them, we don't want our families jeopardized.

Now, they have spoken about per-call Call Blocking. PacTel has done an extensive in-house survey in California because they are under legal mandate that

if they offer Caller ID, they must offer free Call Blocking to every customer. And they did an in-house survey, and I have the gist of it here in the envelope if you would like to read it, that says it would still be profitable and still be salable even if every person in this state can have Call Blocking. They go on to say that if we only offer per-call blocking, that within 60 to 90 days most of the people will become lax and will forget to dial the Star 67, which is the software code to block your number, and so the number of blocked calls will decrease constantly as people get annoyed with it.

So what we need, Commissioners, if you are to grant Caller ID -- and I must say that I'm against it to start with -- but if it's to be granted, it is the option not only for law enforcement, and that's all we have heard is law enforcement and we've heard HRS, if you write that into the tariff and that tariff then becomes a model for other states and it perpetuates, as it is already doing from other states and you are looking at their tariffs, then they only exclude law enforcement.

There are many other occupations that need exclusion, and I think it would be better worded if you are to allow blocking is that blocking is available to

enforcement, we don't need to specify HRS, and the blocking should be available not only on a per-call basis to those who might want to use it once in a while at no charge, but it should be available on a permanent basis on any line that one wishes it on. And I might say that in that case I envision a reverse twist will be necessary.

My envision, based upon what I am reading and hearing and learning, is within two years after it is implemented, it will become a way of life for many businesses. And if you have a permanently-blocked telephone, you virtually will not be able to call up and order a pizza to be delivered, or dinner to be delivered, or perhaps a plumber to come to stop your pipe that just broke because he can't see your number on his display and he's not coming. So you have to have the code do the opposite thing, and that is for that particular call activate Caller ID to satisfy them that you are not going to rob them or kill his deliveryman, or his plumber, or whoever it is that you are trying to get to come out to your premises. And I have not heard that discussed here at all.

Now, one person today from the Chamber of Commerce, I believe, said that a lot of their

businesses, banks and so on, would like the service that Sears has where it would automatically -- and I believe Commissioner Easley questioned them about this -- that it would automatically put the number on. don't need caller ID for that. It's already happening. It's part of a package called "ISDN" that you Commissioners okayed a year or two ago in the state of Florida. As a matter of fact, I supplied a telephone number to Ron Tutor at FDLE, and Emmy, Mr. Shreve's assistant, said the number filtered down to their office and they tried it. It was an 800 telephone number located in Michigan, and it is a company in Texas who is selling equipment to cable television operators so that when their customers call in, they know who is calling them. And as part of the demonstration that this recording gives you, and it's all recorded, I mean, you can call at 2:00 in the morning, 4:00 in the morning, it's all taped. It tells you the number of the telephone that you are presently calling from, even though you are in Florida. So they are sending that information out already in violation of the fact that you have not even approved Caller ID. Northern Telecom --CHAIRMAN WILSON: That call goes to Michigan? WITNESS SHERMAN: The call goes to Michigan,

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yes, sir.

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CHAIRMAN WILSON: That will be an interstate

service that we wouldn't necessarily have any

jurisdiction over anyway.

WITNESS SHERMAN: All right, but the call is emanating here in this state.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: It doesn't matter.

witness sherman: Okay. Northern Telecom has an instrument that just came on the market for \$2,500 that intercepts those ISDN signals, which puts it in the reach of every drug dealer in the country because \$2,500 to them is like a loaf of bread to most of us. And law enforcement officers who are fooled under the guise of having their lines blocked for Caller ID don't realize that their number is still going out when they make certain calls, and can still be compromising their lives.

Now, one question that has come up in several states before various Public Service Commissions, and there is no technician from any of the telephone companies who has yet been able to say that it won't happen. And this does involve crossing state lines but it also involves lives.

If, for example, a call is made from a blocked telephone here in Miami, to a telephone in New

Jersey, let's say, where they do not allow Call

Blocking and have not activated that part of the

software, that software, as best we can determine, will

not recognize the privacy flag and the number will

appear, once it goes across state lines, will appear on

those displays. Even with Call Blocking, the number is

sent to the other end.

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- CHAIRMAN WILSON: Let me see if I can find out on that. Is that correct? Does the blocking occur in the originating office or does it occur in the terminating office?
- MR. CRISER: There are two issues there that

 I want to be sure that we are clear about. Because, a

 Signal 7 --
- CHAIRMAN WILSON: Get the microphone over there so we can hear you.
- MR. CRISER: The Signaling System 7 network today does not extend -- which carries the Caller ID signal -- does not extend on the long distance network. So that a call today to New Jersey would be outside of that network and the Caller ID function would not deliver a number. However, you do have the interstate 8JO-type services. I just want to be clear that you could have an instance where an 800-type call would do that today.

1 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Okay. 2 WITNESS SHERMAN: What about the other 3 question that the Chairman asked you as to whether or Δ not the Caller ID data is passed from the originating 5 office to the termination office and only stopped by a software flag at the box? 6 7 MR. CRISER: Okay. I believe that the 8 blocking is done on the central office of the called 9 party, the person receiving the call. But, again, the 10 network today would not transmit that signal because 11 Signaling System 7 does not exist on the interLATA or 12 interstate network. 13 WITNESS SHERMAN: But it does exist within the city of Miami, or would if it was okayed? 14 MR. CRISER: It exists in the City of Miami; 15 it may exist in a city in New Jersey, but there is no 16 17 bridge between the two. WITNESS SHERMAN: And there never will be, is 18 that correct? 19 20 MR. CRISER: No, that is not true. 21 WITNESS SHERMAN: Oh. So we are talking about within a year or two this would then be 22 appropriate? 23 MR. CRISER: There will be the development of 24 25 Signaling System 7 into the long distance network.

WITNESS SHERMAN: So then this becomes a real problem, am I correct?

MR. CRISER: Then the issue would be, as I understand it, the blocking today exists in the terminating office, the office in New Jersey.

WITNESS SHERMAN: Right, but if they don't allow termination -- if they don't allow call blocking in the state of New Jersey, then is it correct to assume that the software is not set up to register that bit and, therefore, would stop that from appearing on the display?

MR. CRISER: I probably have gotten about as far as I understand about the technology. I would be happy to meet with you after the meeting, and anything I can address, or if there is anything else that you wish to inquire about.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: That would certainly be an issue that would need to be addressed on the interstate offering of that service. I guess the FCC would be the one to address that.

withess sherman: Mr. Chairman, if I may, that is one of the reasons why some of the telephone companies, not Southern Bell and not Central Bell but some of the companies, are advocating regulation at the Federal level because without that there is nothing

that will force New Jersey to honor the privacy flag from Miami, or from Illinois or from Ohio. And this very same matter, and I have some of the testimony here, has come up before other Commissions in other states and it is a very valid concern of law enforcement.

And, as I say, it also would be a valid concern of any of us who feel we need the protection of call blocking if Caller ID is to be implemented.

Now, I would also like to add that there has just been an experiment concluded in the northwest part of our country that only involved 150 customers at the time, but it was Enhanced Caller ID, if you will, and it supplied a name and a telephone number, not just a telephone number. At the conclusion of that experiment — U.S. West was the telephone company involved — they now have a six-month experiment going in one city which provides name, address and telephone number on the Caller ID recepticle.

If that is a success there, can it be far behind in other areas where right now we're only talking about Caller ID?

Now, let me for a moment pretend to be -CHAIRMAN WILSON: Are you aware -- I was
reading a Northern Telecom publication that indicated

that you also had -- there was a variation of this where, instead of the number, a name was transmitted so you did not, in fact, reveal the telephone number but only the name that was associated with that number. Are you familiar with that?

witness sherman: I have not seen that, no, sir, I haven't. And I have all the copy from BOC Week and Common Carrier Week, and I monitor the trades by computer very closely. In fact, at 3:00 this morning in preparation for coming here, I was updating the past two weeks that I didn't have a chance to get because I was out of town.

COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: Did the caller wake you up?

home of dealing with calls that we don't want to handle. It's called an answering machine. And if we don't like what people say, we don't pick it up. It works a lot better than Caller ID because here the people identify themselves. You don't have to stop and scratch your head and say who is number is that? And I might, I don't know if you're aware --

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Are you familiar with --I
don't know exactly all the nomenclature for it but it's
called the "block the blocker", that concept. So that

the blocked calls so that if someone were blocking their number from being transmitted, that phone simply would not ring. The only calls that a person would receive would be those on which the ID was transmitted.

WITNESS SHERMAN: I have heard discussion on that, yes.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: What is your appraisal of that situation?

where you can put six numbers into the computer and if the call isn't coming from one of those six numbers, your phone doesn't ring at all. You just get a recorded announcement or something. I think that's better than this one; at least you have half a chance of getting through.

the option of blocking numbers from your phone to block the Caller ID from being transmitted, and the receiving party had the option of designating or indicating to the telephone company that if a blocked call is coming to my number, I want that call blocked. I don't even want my phone to ring; I don't want the number to be transmitted; I don't want the ring to be transmitted because if someone

is not going to transmit their number to me, I have no interest in even having my phone. Would that situation give both the called party and the calling party, basically, maximum privacy or control over their own phones?

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WITNESS SHERMAN: I'm inclined to think that that could conceivably be quite an impasse.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: I hear this, and I ask this sort of out of intellectural curiosity. I here this entire issue being portrayed as the privacy of the called party versus the privacy of the calling party.

And under the arguments I've heard on one side say that if you allow Caller ID and you have eliminated the privacy of the calling party, and you're protecting only the privacy of the called party.

WITNESS SHERMAN: Well, I had one doctor, who I was discussing this with a few weeks ago, who told me, he said, "My answering service calls me at home all hours of the night after screening the calls. If it's a genuine emergency, I sit up in bed and I call the people right back." He said, "If I can't block my telephone so that the people can't get my home number so that my service can't screen the calls, and I get all these hysterical mothers calling me all the time," he said, "You're going to have a situation where a

mother wakes up to a crying baby, finds out it's got a 104 degree temperature, going into convulsions and she calls my service hysterically. And I'm going to get up to in bed, I'm going to go into the bathroom, I going to put water on my face to wake up, I going to get dressed, and I'm going to get into my car and I'm going to tool 12 blocks down to the 7-Eleven to call that woman back that baby could be dead."

CHAIRMAN WILSON: I think Southern Bell -- we just approved a tariff that they filed with the Commission which would allow a person in that situation, the doctor, for instance, to subscribe to a phone line that did not have an incoming ring, only the output.

respect, that's not an acceptable answer to this.

Because those databases with all these telephone
numbers in it can still yield the person's home address
and other numbers listed at that address, and in some
cases unlisted. Now, people may not be looking for
repercussions against a doctor or reprisals against a
doctor, but in other professions such as journalism
that would be enough to endanger our family.

The fact that the phone doesn't ring, I mean, you could a take regular phone, and with a screwdriver

remove one wire and the phone will never ring. That would solve the problem, you would think. But, no, it doesn't because even if -- as long as it sends that number, that number is traceable to you. And with all due respect to everyone from the Bell System here, I will tell you, Commissioners, in case you don't know it, that any private investigator, any licensed PI worth his salt, for a price of \$150, approximately, can obtain any unlisted telephone number in this country. They can obtain long distance calling records.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: How do they do that?

investigator but I can tell you that I, myself, have accessed, through them, when I needed it, unlisted telephone numbers. And I can give you one classic case in point and that was a very, very popular singer by the name of Julio Iglesius (ph). Some years ago his father was kidnapped and held hostage in Italy. And we wanted to know where the guy lived so we could have people over there. If not in his house, in front of his house, out in front of his house, in front of his house, out in front of his house. I mean, he was in the news. Needless to say, it's like a Frank sinatra, if nobody is giving you his home address and his home telephone number. I made one phone call and thirty minutes later met a guy at a Dennys near where I

1	live, and he handed me a computerized printout that not
2	only told me the four numbers that were in Mr. Iglesius'
3	house and his address, but had on it on this printout
4 (50)	showed every manhole and every termination point of thos
5	pairs in case he wanted to go in and either work on the
6	lines or put taps on the lines.
7	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: And you're worried
8	about Caller ID?
9	WITNESS SHERMAN: Well, this is the real
10	world, Commissioner.
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: That's an invasion of
12	privacy.
13	WITNESS SHERMAN: Most definitely. But, I'm
14	saying these things are out there. So if that number
15	that the doctor puts in that doesn't ring, doesn't mean
16	very much. They can still find him. They can still
17	find the undercover police officer. They can still
18	find the journalist or anybody else.
19	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: But, sir, what you are
20	telling me is without Caller ID that information is out
21	there. You're telling me nobody is safe under any set
22	of circumstances.
23	WITNESS SHERMAN: Commissioner
24	CHAIRMAN WILSON: You're saying that anybody
COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	" CIED

Mr. Friedman, I guess, talking about this elite that was going to be out there who only had access. And I guess the elite that we're talking about is the people who have \$150 to pay a private investigator could get any number they want.

WITNESS SHERMAN: Well, the investigator may charge more than 150, but that's about what he is charged.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Well, the people who don't have \$150, now, aren't able to find out those numbers like people who do have \$150.

commissioner BEARD: If I can, I appreciate your example of the doctor's splashing his face and getting in his car and driving down to the nearest pay phone, but that's isn't what's going to happen.

To listen to a guy who manufacturers and sells CPE last night in Orlando, what the will happen will be a burgeoning separate network where the answering service now uses a PBX and splash that doctor back through and will show the phone number to the individual that they dialed in the first place, which was the answering service. That, in reality, is probably what's going to happen. There may be some dollars involved in an upgrade of the system at the answering service, but with the demand it will probably

1	be there associated with that. That is in reality
2	probably what will happen. It is an increased cost
3	probably to the service; it's probably increased cost
4	to that doctor associated with that since the answering
5	service doesn't give it away. But what I mean is if
6	we're going to use examples, I think we ought to have a
7	little dose of reality in.
8	WITNESS SHERMAN: But that technology is not
9	yet in place.
10	COMMISSIONER BEARD: Sure. Because it's
11	available today, that small PBX that they can talk to
12	the doctor.
13	WITNESS SHERMAN: Okay. Okay. Now, one
14	other thing before I leave, if I may. I would like to
15	pretend for a moment that I'm a bad guy.
16	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: You did say you
17	were a photojournalist, didn't you?
18	WITNESS SHERMAN: Well, we're going there.
19	CHAIRMAN WILSON: You may not have to
20	pretend. (Laughter)
21	WITNESS SHERMAN: I take out an ad in the
22	local newspaper and I say that I have mohogany
23	custom-made cases to house and display your expensive
24	coin collection. And I put my phone number or a phone
つち	number. And people start to call me to inquire about

this case because it's very cheap. By the time I finish getting responses, I have an awful lot of telephone numbers of people that I now know have expensive coin collections. And by going to the library and using the Bresser's (ph), or to more sophisticated means such as a database, I can turn these telephone numbers into names and address. And if I'm a bad guy, I've got now enough houses to hit for a long time that I know would house expensive coin collections.

or, perhaps, I may advertise for a very, very economical computer hard drive, and get calls from people who have to have a computer if they are going to use a hard drive. And I now I know all the houses that have computers in them, and I can set them up at my leisure to watch them and wait until people go out and hit the house, and know exactly what I'm going in for and know exactly what I'm going to take out. This is one of the bad effects of Caller ID that has not been brought before the Commission, today at least anyway.

Plus, I have a brochure here from a company in Texas, Rochelle Communications, Incorporated, which is now marketing Caller ID Plus. And it's a little plug that plugs into the rear of any PC or PC Clone. It does not have a display on it like the common boxes

we're talking about, but what it does is you plug the phone wire into the back of it, and as soon as your phone rings, irregardless of what else you are doing on computer, a little windows pops up on the screen and says, "This is the number the call is coming from."

You hit a key and the whole history of anything you know about that phone number pops up on the screen. If you don't want to talk to the person, you hit another key go about your business, and it creates a caller log with the name, the date -- I'm sorry, the phone number, the date and the time of the call. And you can call it back later, and then ask some questions like: what's your name, who are you and build a database so the next time they call, you know who they are.

It's not only the good guys that have access to this. It's the bad guys. The guys who run the ads that I just described and many other versions of it such as a house watching service when you go away or whatever the deal may be. Innocent people are going to be calling this.

I might suggest, Commissioners, and I don't think -- this has only been brought up in one other state. If you do allow Caller ID in the state of Florida, that it be mandated that anyone who advertises their telephone number in a newspaper ad or a radio ad

sort of a symbol with that telephone number, be it an asterick or some sort of a character, so that people will know if they're calling an alcoholic drug line, and they don't see that symbol, they know that there is no Caller ID on the other end of it. They can feel sort of safe, because by law if they advertise that number and they don't put the symbol in, they are not allowed to have Caller ID on it.

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And if they are going to call up to inquire about a mattress sale from a mattress warehouse, and they see that little asterisk or whatever it is, they know before they call that they are going capture their number and sooner or later are going to be sold on a mailing list, phone list; direct mail has come out. See, it's putting them out of business. People won't use it; compile a telephone list and sell them. And I might add that under the Florida law that prohibits some of these sale solicitations from initiating calls to people, that once you call them, unbeknownst to you, they have captured your number. They have now initiated the contact and they can call you back freely without worrying about the law. And these are all concerns that no one has brought up. I'm sorry, but I have listened to all of the arguments today, and, as I

1	say, 95% of what I heard could be handled with Call .
2	Return and Call Trace. And the other 5%, I think
3	answering machines can handle. But, if you do allow
4	Caller ID, then I think people because otherwise, it
5	would be the death of hot lines. It would be the death
6	of the crisis switchboards and things of that nature
7	which serve a very good purpose. It will be the death
8	of crime busters and others things, if people who are
9	told they will remain anonymous cannot be assured of it.
10	Thank you very much.
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you Mr. Sherman.
12	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, sir.
13	MR. FALGOUST: Mr. Chairman.
14	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Yes, sir.
15	MR. FALGOUST: One question, please, for
16	Mr. Sherman.
17	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Sure.
18	MR. FALGOUST: Mr. Sherman, it's true, isn't
19	it, that you and I this afternoon for a few dollars
20	could buy the subscription list of any magazine or
21	newsletter dealing with almost any subject, whether it
22	be coin collecting, stamp checking, art, et cetera.
23	Isn't that true?
24	WITNESS SHERMAN: That's true. And many of

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those also contain post office boxes and not home

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1	addresses.
2	MR. FALGOUST: That's that is all I had,
3	Mr. Chairman.
4	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. Mr. Shreve?
5	MR. SHREVE: Thank you. Kathy McAllister
6	, ,
7	KATHY MCALLISTER
8	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
9	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
ro	testified as follows:
1.11	WITNESS MCALLISTER: Good afternoon. My name
L 2	is Kathy McAllister. And I'm employed as Vice
13	President of Marketing for Junior Achievement of South
L4	Florida, which is based out of Ft. Lauderdale. I am a
L5	resident of Broward County.
16	I come to you today as an average law-abiding
L7	Christian citizen, and I believe I have a genuine
18	concern for my own personal safety.
19	I've an extreme problem that existed over 12
20	years spanning three states with prank phone calls. My
21	caller knows my name. I have been to the police; I
2	have an answering machine. I do screen my calls. I
3	have always had unlisted numbers. I've had unpublished
14	numbers. I have reported my problem to the phone

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company. I have had police reports, I have had police

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in my home. I filled out sheriff's reports. I filled out information for reports on suspects. I filled out paperwork and gone through the hassel for a phone tap.

My arriving at home a caller has called me and I have been in positions when I was afraid to be home alone by myself. I have been in for protection and I have been in situations that I have left my home because I have been aware of my own personal safety. I have locked my doors. I've left my phone unplugged for days at a time, and I've kept my phone after the hook for weeks at a time. I have had my number changed. I have moved and the problem still persists.

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I believe that if I had some way of assisting the police and the phone company in establishing a pattern of calls, establishing whether these are local calls or long distance calls, I might be able to provide some more suspects. I understand that the Caller ID cannot identify an individual person but they can identify an originating source of a phone call. That would help me help identify with suspects. I believe the Caller Identification is a step in the right direction. I support it. This is the second time that I have been in front of you with my testimony. When this, hopefully, is established, I will be one of the first people that will definitly

1	sign up for this service. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Ms. McAllister, there's a
3	question.
4	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: Before you step
5	down there, in all this time period and those problems,
6	have you involved yourself in that process c alled Call
7	Trace at all.
8	WITNESS MCALLISTER: Part of this occurred in
9	two other states where that service at that time was
ro	not yet available.
11	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: How about here?
12	WITNESS McALLISTER: Not as of this time.
13	Being a single female, to be real honest with you, I
14	can't afford all the little luxuries that come out on
15	the market everyday. I feel that this is probably the
16	easiest and the quickest and the most immediate source
17	that could provide me some information that would
18	actually let me make a choice of the next decision and
1 9	how I can support the next authorities. It's a problem
20	and it scares me, particularly being in this kind of
21	community.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you.

MR. SHREVE: Thank you. Russ Livermore. (No response.) Sharon McFadden. (No response.) Bernard

Davis. (No response.) Brett Bennett.

BRETT BENNETT

was called as a witness on behalf of Citizens of the

State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,

testified as follows:

WITNESS BENNETT: Good afternoon. Mr. and
Ms. Commissioners, my name is Brett Bennett. I'm from
Royal Palm Beach.

Until the recently proposed CID service, I've felt that in all aspects Southern Bell has provided me with excellent service.

As a matter of record and just very briefly,

I'd like to formally protest the exclusion of any
notifications by Southern Bell regarding the informing of
the general public of these most important hearings in
either last month's or this month's telephone billing
statements. And, of course, a notice in the phone bill is
the most effective means to inform the public of a PSC
hearing which affects the utility customers on service.

Now, on to the matter at hand.

I believe the Bell spokespersons has repeated their pitch about a service that will put an end to harassing phone calls so often that they may actually believe it. The idea is that if you don't recognize the number displayed on your CID terminal, that you

don't have to answer the phone. And as a test, how many phone numbers do you actually recognize a business call from a client's office, your child's school office, an out-of-town friend calling from a hotel, the notion that CID is an effective way to screen unwanted calls is ludicrous.

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In terms of the personal privacy matters for both myself and the general public, and I might add I have very serious objections to CID.

CID would be used to identify and then harass or cover up a private citizen's attempt to blow the whistle on a government official's misconduct or a government agency's misconduct by identifying a caller who thinks that he or she is making a call anonymously. CID would allow businesses that you call to record your phone number for future use or sell the information to telemarketers. As we've heard from other witnesses, a call to a car dealer or furniture store might prompt a string of return calls whether or not you agree to give out your number.

CID could be used by some customers, and I'm not trying to single out real estate agents here, but such as real estate agencies that might decline to answer phone calls originating from telephone exchanges in minority neighborhoods.

1	People who make calls from home but do not
2	wish to reveal their private numbers such as doctors
3	psychiatrists, social workers, others, including
4	professional recruiters, such as myself, feel that CID
5	would not only rob them of what little privacy they
6	have, but also make their job much harder. And, in the
7	instance for some professions, potentially dangerous,
8	as we've heard. In the case of shelter workers or those
9	who give aid to actually provide the shelter and the
ro	volunteers who call abuse victims from their homes,
L1	these professionals could be subject to potential
L2	harassment or even physical attack from abusers seeking
L3	their fleeing family members or simply seeking revenge
L4	for interferring. CID posses
1.5	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Mr. Bennett, slow down
16	just a little bit for the court reporter, please.
1.7	WITNESS BENNETT: I was trying to work under
18	this dead the time deadline.
19	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Well, she's more
20	important than the deadline.
21	WITNESS BENNETT: I can give you a
22	transcription. I can give you a copy, if you like.
23	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Okay. (Laughter)
24	WITNESS BENNETT: I do have a copy with me
25	for the stenographer. It's marked for steno.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: That'll be fine.

as I feel an even more serious threat to domestic abuse victims. CID will provide an additional means for abusers to control, endanger, terrorize their victims.

Battered wives or husbands who, many times, are virtual prisoners in their own homes. If the victim gains enough courage to flee from the abusive situation, CID will add immeasureably to his or her risk every time they call home to check on a remaining loved one or call a mutual friend or third party. Once a number is obtained, a reverse phone directory, as we have been made aware of, can be leading an abuser straight to the victim.

Now, I would like to make note of situations that other states have experienced with regard to CID, and I'll try not to be redundant in this instance.

In California the state legislature recently passed a law requiring customers to have the option to block caller identification on a call-by-call basis.

Instead of displaying the caller's number, the CID device would list a "P" for private. However, a judge there said, in recommending the blocking feature, that the situation with both CID and the blocking feature reminded him of an arms dealer selling advanced weapons

to both sides in a war so that the most modern technology -- excuse me, in a war so that each side may alternatively defend an attack with the most modern technology. Opponents of the blocking feature cite New Jersey, where CID has been available without the blocking feature, but that's not a compelling argument because the average caller may not even know that their number is being disclosed.

with regard to the situation in Pennsylvania, even before the state court ruled this summer that CID violated privacy provisions of the state constitution, a judge there concluded that balancing the rights of both the called and the calling party required a mechanism already included in this CID software to allow callers to block the calling number transmission when a call was made.

Also in Pennsylvania various representations of the law enforcement community, including the Pennsylvania Office of the Attorney General, the State Fraternal Order of Police, and a county district attorney testified that CID would threaten undercover work in the receipt of anonymous tips, as we have heard, and it will here, too.

Do -- I was going to say, "Do," but I guess the questions is: Do we think that the police emergency

services should also have CID. Enhanced 911 services, which we already have, already provide more features without the loss of personal privacy in the normal conduct of business and personal affairs. And, also, to end with Pennsylvania, also testifying in Pennsylvania were dozens of crises hotline workers who testified that CID threatened the privacy of individuals who called suicide prevention, drug treatment, and other hotlines, assuming they had anonymity.

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shelters to use complicated arrangements to protect their anonymity and to give the clients a password so that they could make calls without charge through an operator. However, Bell never disputed that these proposals would reach less than 10% of those who needed protection, and hardly a complete solution to the problem there.

I also oppose CID for specific reasons related to my business activities. As an executive recruitment and executive replacement professional, it's necessary that I contact candidates at their current employer. Keep in mind that as a specialist in a relatively narrowly focused industry, I am well-known and respected by companies and the candidates who are

prominent members of society. Contrary to popular belief, it is I who am usually contacted by the candidates wishing to improve their career track and lifestyle, and not me trying to locate them.

My prospective employers may also have urgent need to contact these candidates at their current employment during normal business hours to verify personal or professional resumes or to make arrangements or adjustments on items such as flight schedules, interview times, physical testing, various interview agenda, or make job offers for that matter.

Obviously, if my phone number, or a prospective employer's phone number is recognized by the receptionist, a secretary or a communications system computer, the candidate's job security will be in question, and I guarantee you they would be the first in line for the ax the next time there is a business slow-down or a layoff.

Perhaps the candidate even wanted to reject the job offer, God forbid, and stay where they are.

This has to be a violation of the candidate's right to privacy and, although I'm not a lawyer, common sense dictates that there could be serious litigation by a disgruntled candidate who later loses their job as a result of CID, which would implicate not only the

personnel firm but the current employer, the prospective employer, and well as the phone company.

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An equally serious complication affecting the personnel industry was recognized by the President of the Florida Association of Personnel Consultants, that's FAPC, of which I am a member, as well as the National Association of Personnel Consultants, the NAPC. The observation, which is to the detriment of the corporate community, is as follows, and I quote: "CID could hurt confidentiality with an employer if they are reorganizing and have asked you to work with them finding suitable candidates, but do not wish their present personnel to be made aware of the search. you are requested by the employer not to leave your name or number when you call them, and that is a fact. This is way it happens." That is the end of the quote, and possibly the end of searches for employers seeking confidentiality.

Based on the foregoing, and please for the record, Mr. and Ms. Commissioners, in the unforeseeable event that you would ignore public objections to CID based on the testimony by citizens such as myself, I request a personal exemption from the CID passing on the basis that it will negatively impact my business by breaching the confidentiality guaranteed by me to both

my candidates and my employers.

Although I cannot speak officially for either the FAPC or the NAPC, I speculate that you will have some of their petitions from everyone in the personnel-related business.

Now, I would like to just address what I feel are some viable alternatives to CID, first of all on a nonacceptable basis, and then followed with acceptable alternatives.

Nonacceptable alternatives: CID blocking,
because it would be an annoyance to have to manually
block every call and a waste of time, leading to even
further diminished productivity and, of course, that's
what our country needs right now, lessened productivity.
And, also, the fact that you are blocking your number will
be construed by the recipients of calls that you are
trying to hide something malicious when you're simply
keeping your number private.

A question that comes to mind is why is Bell so interested in preventing CID display blocking and so quick to ignore the benefits of other systems that it already offers, including Call Trace Subscriber Service which sends the caller's number back to the proper authorities; Call Block Subscriber Service, which blocks unwanted calls by a particular phone number, and

Call Return Subscriber Service, which allows a customer to actually return the last call, as we have heard and, I'm sorry, that was redundant. But why? Because the other services have no commercial value. CID has a potentially large commercial value.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Mr. Bennett, I'm going to have to ask you to compress your remarks, as the other witnesses have done, if you would.

WITNESS BENNETT: Also nonacceptable is the CID Display Blocking feature provided only for police investigative efforts and social service agencies, and similar shelter, and I'm going to add that I don't really know what all the blocking options are at this time, as I believe the Commissioners don't, either. That information just has not generally been made available to the public. (Pause)

May I just review this so that I can move quickly through this?

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Sure. (Pause)

WITNESS BENNETT: Yes, this is important:

Furthermore, before CID was shot down in Pennsylvania
by the appeals court, Joseph Rhodes, a member of the

Pennsylvania Public Utilities Commission, commented as
follows regarding selective Caller ID blocking: "The

CID service, as approved by the PUC, will put abused

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1	and threatened Pennsylvanians as risk. The comprise
2	leaves completely unprotected those abuse victims
3	unwilling or unable to enter nonprofit, tax-exempt or
4	domestic abuse agencies." And this is what to
5	important: "A bureaucratic nightmare will now ensue to
6	try and make workable a fundamentally flawed order.
7	The process by which these intervention agencies, their
8	staff members, law enforcement agencies and their
9	designees, are able to obtain an elective blocking
10	ability will be expensive, discriminatory and dangerous
11	by opening up substantial liability questions for those
12	charged with the certification."
13	Also unacceptable to me is Call Tracing, but
14	only acceptable under the condition that it is offered
15	as a monthly service charge arrangement.
16	What do I feel are preferred alternatives to
17	the CID? A service like a media Call Tracing, which I

What do I feel are preferred alternatives to the CID? A service like a media Call Tracing, which I support and would personally use, could be available to everyone on a per-usage basis to immediately bounce off the caller's number to the appropriate authorities.

(Pause) I'm just trying to cut this down a bit, please.

I have a question: With the current Call Blocking service, do the customers have to know the phone number of the caller they want to block?

MR. CRISER: No, they don't. 1 WITNESS BENNETT: They do not. Then is it 2 possible, if I used immediate Call Tracing, or something 3 that was available immediately by hitting a couple of 5 buttons, or whatever the case might be, could I request 6 that the phone company, without me knowing the number, 7 block a number that is a nuisance call to my phone 8 immediately. 9 MR. CRISER: You can actually block the number separate from the Call Trace function. There is 10 a code that you can punch into the telephone which will 11 12 block the last call, the number that called you last. WITNESS BENNETT: Okay, and I don't have to 13 14 know that person's number? MR. CRISER: No, you don't. 15 WITNESS BENNETT: I don't to violate their 16 privacy but solves my nuisance problem, my nuisance 17 call problem. 1.8 MR. CRISER: You don't need to know their 19 20 number. WITNESS BENNETT: Okay, fine. In closing, 21 just given all the real negative implications of CID 22

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that can happen in the open society, I cannot

comprehend CID becoming a way of life. Is it really

too much to ask that we be given the ability to protect

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*	but privacy, and in some cases, avoid more serious
2	consequences which could be caused by the CID
3	technology?
4	I ask that you reconsider the implications of
5	CID technology and advance the interest of the consumer
6	instead of the wishes of the telephone company.
7	Please, and I repeat, please serve the public and
8	rescind the approval of CID and support immediate call
9	tracing, possibly with immediate call blocking.
10	I thank you, the Commissioners, for holding
11	the hearings and allowing me the opportunity to speak
12	at length, and I apologize for the quickness, but I
13	will give the stenographer a transcript of this.
14	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mr. Bennett.
15	Any questions?
16	MR. KEENER: No questions.
17	MR. SHREVE: Thank you very much.
18	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, sir.
19	(Witness Bennett excused.)
20	objet waste trial creat despir
21	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Stern? David Stern?
22	(Pause) Mr. McCartney? Mr. Charles McCartney?
23	CHARLES L. MCCARTNEY, JR.
24	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
25	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,

testified as follows:

WITNESS McCARTNEY: At least I will be brief,
I hope. Good afternoon. When I originally scribbled
these notes, it was this morning, good morning, and
that was at 10:00.

My name Charles L. McCartney, Jr. I am a free-lance writer and editor residing in Hollywood, Florida, and I appear before you as a private citizen voicing his concerns.

Judging from the total testimony that we have heard today, I seem to be in a minority voice here, but this latest technological intrusion into my privacy, and the privacy of other American citizens chills my soul. It's smacks of even further "Big Brotherism" and this greatly concerns me, and it should concern a lot of other Americans who still cherish their personal freedoms.

I urge you to deny Southern Bell's request to implement a Caller ID system. As a consumer, and as citizen of the United States, such a system to me is a clear invasion of my right to privacy and it is an invasion of my right to privacy for the worst possible reason, and that is greed.

Southern Bell is willing, and apparently even eager, to sacrifice my right to privacy to make a buck.

1	This system is proposed by the telephone company to
2	wring a few more dollars from self-important rich
3	people and social-climbing gadget-conscious Yuppies.
4	Are the privacy rights of these people superior to or
5	any more important than mine, and those thousands of
6	other ordinary middle-class citizens? Of course, they
7	are not. These rich people can afford telephone
8	answering machines, and you've heard of other gadgets
9	that already serve as call screening devices, thus
10	rendering the Caller ID system unnecessary and point
11	out just how much of an invasion of a caller's rights
12	it really is.
13	Once more, I urge you to deny the Southern
14	Bell request to implement this invasive system. If it
15	is implemented, in answer to the Counsel's repeated
16	questions earlier, then I urge the Public Service
17	Commission to force Southern Bell to provide to
18	concerned citizens a device to block the Caller ID
19	system. And this device should be provided at no cost
20	to the customer. Thank you very much.
21	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, sir.
22	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mr. McCartney.
23	Are there any questions?
24	MR. SHREVE: No, sir. Thank you.
25	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, sir, and we

1	appreciate you waiting.
2	(Witness McCartney excused.)
3	Miller Marin Salan Salan
4	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Poglitsch? Mr. John
5	Poglitsch? (Pause) Laura Weinsoff? Laura Weinsoff.
6	Barry Lindquist.
7	WITNESS LINDQUIST: Mr. Chairman, I missed
8	the beginning.
9	CHAIRMAN WILSON: All right, if you would
ro	raise your right hand, please.
L1	(Witness sworn.)
12	BARRY LINDQUIST
13	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
L4	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
L5	testified as follows:
L6	WITNESS LINDQUIST: My name is Barry
L7	Lindquist, I am glad to see you all in Miami after my
18	two-day trip to Tallahassee back early in July. I
L9	wasn't going to bore you with my face in front of you
50	again, but I felt it important to come up and touch on
21	one or two little items.
2	I am the Commander of the Investigations
3	Division in the Police Department in Pompano Beach, and
4	I'm in charge of the detectives and the Vice guys and
:5	all of that. But I am a little bit concerned about the

perception that this is a law enforcement issue, anti-Caller ID against Southern Bell and all that.

There have been -- I have been attending the committee meetings, the Law Enforcement Committee meetings, and I'm not speaking for them. I share their concerns about Caller ID very much, and I think it could have a serious impact on law enforcement, specifically in our undercover operations. But I do think that -- I feel like the Graham-Rudman Bill is about ready to fall on top of this and that everybody that has been negotiating at Andrews Air Force Base and couldn't make ends meet, you know, everything is falling apart.

I would hope that the Commission would have some mechanism, and in all deference to the Commissioner Staff, I don't know that the Staff is the appropriate one, either. It seems to me that there has been — it's developed into somewhat of a personality issue; this one can't get along with that one, on both sides; on the law enforcement side and on the Southern Bell side and the Commissioner Staff side. And we need to get a little smaller group, start working on the problem, because I think it is resolvable. I honestly do.

I think we need universal blocking. We need

that are forcing this poison down our children's mouths
that when we arrest somebody, and we've got that guy in
jail and say, "The only way you're going help yourself
is to get us your supplier," and when he makes that
call to that second subject, we have to be able to
convince him where he says he is.

That's part of the stumbling block that we're dealing with. We need the blocking; we need to be able to blend in.

parceiving that -- see, we're supposed to be out here making them feel comfortable, so that they feel safe in their homes and that they need this Caller ID. It is not the panacea that Southern Bell has portrayed it to be, but I think it's going to help them. And if the citizens feel comfortable with it, as a police officer, I want them to have it, okay, and we have to be able to adapt to the new technologies. Computers are great; I am a computer nut. But we really need to look at another mechanism of getting to work with those guys at the end of the table, and somebody else in the middle to sit down with a small group and try to work it out, because I honestly think it is resolvable.

We have technical people in the law

1 enforcement side and we have got technical people on 2 the Southern Bell side, and we need to have their 3 The managers in law enforcement and the 4 managers in Southern Bell need to kind of look at the 5 overall issues of things and try to resolve this. 6 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. We appreciate 7 that, and I appreciate the common sense advice as well. 8 (Witness Lindquist excused.) 10 MR. SHREVE: Mr. Webster. 11 GEORGE WEBSTER 12 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 13 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows: 14 WITNESS WEBSTER: Thank you. I was starting 15 to think that my phone number had as much luck as the 16 17 Lotto does up here. (Laughter) Commissioners, my name is George Webster. I . 18 19 am the Secretary of the Florida State Lodge of 20 Fraternal Order of Police. I am a disabled, retired 21 police sergeant from the city of Coral Gables. The Fraternal Order of Police in the State of 22 23 Florida represents over 16,000 federal, state, county, 24 and local sworn law enforcement officers, and we want

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

to go on record, as we have before you before, I'm

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sure, as standing opposed to Caller ID unless and until all of the concerns of law enforcement can be answered.

I know you have been sitting through a lot of hearings and you have heard all of these arguments before, and I'm not going to go through them, but there are obviously some serious problems with Caller ID or we wouldn't all be up here talking to you.

Legal and medical professions, suicide prevention, crisis hotlines, Crime Stoppers, spouse abuse services, all of those have problems with this.

Illinois, Nevada, California, Pennsylvania,
North Carolina, Chio, and ever New Jersey, even though
they've got it, I understand law enforcement up there
is pushing for legislation to have it outlawed. And
the Committee of the Congress of the United States have
all found this to be illegal or have taken action to
control it in some way whatsoever.

call Tracing, and I understand that Centel just put Call Tracing into effect down here a couple of days ago on a per-call basis rather than a tariff, but it does the same job as Caller ID. I think it does it more effectively and it really makes more sense to us, from an investigatory point of view.

I don't see, really, all of the positive things that I have heard about Caller ID up here, other

than possibly being able not to answer the telephone when your mother-in-law calls, at least if she calls from her home. Pay phones, things of that nature, the Martin County gentleman from the school board up there are worried about the bomb threats, on kids sneaking out at lunch time and going to the 7-Eleven and calling up on a pay phone is certainly not going to have any effect on that.

From what you said earlier, Mr. Chairman, I understand that the phone company is willing to sell me an additional service after they sell this so that I can block this and probably down the line someplace they are going to offer something else to get around that if I want to pay for it.

Ms. Easley, you commented earlier on the availability of the computer services, and all, and you had a response up here that a lot of the people can't afford that and Caller ID will do it for them. Well, I'm sorry, but it won't do it for them unless they can afford the same computers and the same expenses that the big companies have anyway to provide that.

Mr. Messersmith, I believe, asked a question earlier about availability in long distance calls, and all of that sort of thing. There is a report to the Public Service Commission from the Law Enforcement

1	Committee by Ronald Tutor here that quotes, in very
2	brief part and, naturally, I folded to the wrong
3	page "Bell representatives have stated within one or
4	two years long distance calls will be delivered through
5	Caller ID. In addition, a number of technical research
6	committees in Washington, D.C. advised the committee
7	chairman that a test delivering cellular telephone
8	numbers to Caller ID boxes is slated for implementation
9	within six months. And telephone industry trade
10	journals indicate a nationwide plan to be able to
11	deliver all of the numbers throughout the nation within
12	five years will be available."
13	Very briefly, and once again on behalf of the
14	16,000-plus officers that we represent as a fraternal
15	and a labor organization, we do stand opposed to this,
16	and all. I don't hold myself out as any kind of a
17	technical expert, but if I can answer any questions
18	from anybody on our position.
19	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Any questions?
20	WITNESS WEBSTER: Thank you very much for
21	your time.
22	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
23	(Witness Webster excused.)
24	· Wall- etch and table series
25	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Warmoth?

DETECTIVE LARRY WARMOTH

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state of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS WARMOTH: Hello. I am Detective
Larry Warmoth with the Hialeah Police.

I have some random things I'd like to bring up to you that I have heard at this meeting and some other ones. One of them is the constant argument that when you call someone and you present your call to their phone that the Caller ID acts as a peephole where you can see who is coming to your door, you might say. I view this as someone coming to your door and not just showing who they are but giving you the keys to their house.

Once you have someone else's telephone number, you have it forever. So for the one time that someone may call your house with a nonpublished phone number, forever their number is out. And I don't think it's exactly equal. They always say the rights of the person getting called, in this case, outweigh the caller, and I'm not so sure that's true.

I want to bring up another thing, and, again, some of this is random. It is that you have heard us talk a lot about undercover drug investigations. There

is also cases that I work that have nothing to do with drugs but where Caller ID would be very detrimental, and that's in kidnapping cases. We have had cases in Hialeah where people have been kidnapped and we have had to move them from the house. They were told by the kidnapper, the family was told, "Don't call the police and don't leave the house." We have had to go to other locations and makes from those locations.

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beepers, obviously, or pay phones. But in one particular case the person was at a stationary location and then they kept moving. Had they had Caller ID, they would have known that we had moved the family that they were negotiating the ransom with and they could have killed the person that they held. As it turned out, they released to person. But this was a scenario that was brought up with our Crimes-Person's detectives when we were discussing the problems with Caller ID. But I just wanted to bring that up; that there are many other situations in law enforcement where Caller ID is going to cause a problem in its present proposed state.

Another thing I wanted to bring up is that Caller ID has already surfaced in Baltimore, Maryland, as being used by a heroin dealer a few months ago. I called, myself, the lead detective, and that was a

local and federal task force. The lead detective said that when they busted the heroin dealer, they also had a search warrant for his Caller ID box because he had been directing the undercover operatives to go to specific pay phones. In other words, he was controlling the scenario. He took it out of the hands of law enforcement and said, "If I don't calls from these four numbers, I'm not going to deal with you."

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positions. They were pay phones. To the best of my knowledge, they were all pay phones. He spoke of two in particular where they didn't know if the person was in someone's rifle sights or not when they were there. They could not tape record the call because the suction cup, or whatever they would do at a pay phone, is not as convenient as some of the direct means that we use to tape the calls. So they lost a lot of valuable evidence. And Caller ID had been there just very briefly and the person was using this. Once he found out what the police can and can't do, then he set up a blueprint. He controlled the investigation and removed it from law enforcement.

One of the other things that I have heard over and over at this meeting, and the last one in Tallahassee, and lots of tears and people screaming

about harassing phone calls, I investigate harassing telephone calls. And under the present system, even before TouchStar, I was able to bring people to court.

Some of the two cases that Richard Shiffron spoke about earlier were my cases. What he didn't say was there are a lot more cases that are brought in front of the State Attorney, but at his level. Down in the misdemeanor section many cases are brought there; they are hard to prove, but with trap and trace, with Call Tracing, I have been successful, along with taping the person's voice and doing a little interviewing and a little homework figuring out who is making the calls.

Most of the calls do come from pay telephones, which will negate what half the people have said, you know, they will know right away where it is coming from. Especially the school people.

we had cases that were coming from pay phones, extortions and death threats on a daily basis to where we even had helicopters in the sky trying to get to the pay phone. That particular day there was a thunderstorm and the chopper was grounded and we missed the call. But because of some other things that we did, by moving the victim to another location, we think that somehow that got out and that, in fact, stopped.

But the fact that they are up here saying

that nothing will work but Caller ID is wrong. If you use Call Trace and Call Return and Call Block, all of them, all three of those features, you can pretty well do what Caller ID is going to do. If someone calls you, my first recommendation is you use Call Trace. has already been approved, it's already there, and then if you want to, hit Call Return if you want to call the person. You don't number, you didn't go to the library, you are not showing up at the wrong address. You are shocking that person saying, "Now, what did you say?" And chances are it's finished right then and there. Then if you want to follow it up, as long as you don't receive another call you can use Call Block, and then that person can't physically call you again. You don't know the number, everybody's privacy supposedly is protected, but you don't have to have Caller ID to achieve the goals that the people are demanding that they have to have Caller ID to achieve.

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The Southern Bell's Annoyance Call Center,
through Trap and Trace and through this, most of the
time can bluff them into not calling again. I work in
the 911 Center. We get harassing calls on 911. People
will dial 911, a lot of times it's kids, and we'll call
back, the parents will answer and say, "Nobody from
here made that call, nobody." Before the phone is on

the receiver, we hear them saying, "You did what?"

Thump. And they'll defend the kids to us but the calls

will stop.

The bottom line is, there is a slight bluff factor on a return call. But everyone is saying that they have to have that number, they want to see that number. And I think a lot of that is electronic voyeurism.

I think some studies have said that people can't remember more than 10 different numbers. This screening thing that they are saying, to decide whether you want to answer or not, is not going to work. I've got a beeper, I get hundreds of calls, and I can't remember sometimes some of the most obvious ones and I work with phone numbers all the time.

negotiations, I think, between the police and Southern
Bell is that in almost every case myself, and I know
with the other agencies, the chief law enforcement
administrator of our agency has given us the right to
make a decision. When we meet with Southern Bell
Telephone and Telegraph Company, we are talking to
people that still must go back to corporate
headquarters, either by phone or in person, and maybe
even to BellSouth and get permission. We ask a

technical question, they relay that technical question, and a lot of times that's filtered. And by the time it comes back to us, it is not in the same form that we asked.

Our negotiations broke down and what the gentleman -- I think Mr. Lindquist was his name -- what he said is true, that we do need to retalk with them, we do need to sit down. But we need to sit down with people that have the decision-making process. They have a lot of money invested in this, they want this thing to go, and there's a couple of things we need to make it go. Otherwise, this going to end up with as much revenue as local measured service -- zero; it's not going to happen.

But if they think this is serious, then I think in good faith they need to sit down with us and we've asked repeatedly don't just give us the point-man in Tallahassee. Give us the people that can make the decision; break the old rule for the last 20 years of letting us talk to your technical people, even if you don't want them to speak and commit you to something you can't back up. Let us talk to them. Let them hear what your concerns are. Technical people are creative people they may have thought of something we didn't think of beforement

per-call blocking is an easier way out than trying to list 500 HRS worker, 15,000 police officers. If you have per-call blocking, you put the burden on the police officer and all of those to dial 3, 4 digits before they make the call. We forget to block that one person's phone call. And I see that as a much, much easier method than us giving them a list of police officers coming on and off the police department. I think in most of the law enforcement communities' opinion that is a good answer, not just for us to satisfy all of the concerns.

I took the liberty of checking with the customers as they left the podium. I said, "If you could have per-call blocking," and I explained what it was, "would you still feel the same way?" They go, "No, not if I have to pay for it." When it was explained to them, it seems that would satisfy a lot of the people's concerns of the anonymity.

That's basically all I have to say right now.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Any questions? Thank you.

MR. SHREVE: Thank you. Anyone else wish to

testify? Anyone else?

CHAIRMAN WILSON: In that case, we'll adjourn this portion of the hearing and we will resume at 6:30.

1	Thank you very much.
2	(Recess taken.)
3	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Call the hearing to order.
4	Would you read the notice please?
5	MS. GREEN: Pursuant to notice, this hearing
6	was convened on Thursday, September 27th, 1990, in
7	Miami, Florida. This is Docket No. 891194-TL, Proposed
8	Tariff Filings by Southern Bell.
9	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Do we need to take
10	appearances of counsel again? We might well. So folks
11	will know who people are, why don't we go ahead and do
12	that. Mr. Keener.
13	MR. KEENER: David Falgoust and Barlow Keener
14	representing Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph
15	Company. And with us is Marshall Criser.
16	MS. GREEN: I'm Angela Green. I represent
17	the Commission Staff. That is Ann Shelfer. She's a
18	member of the Commission Staff.
19	MR. SMITH: I'm David Smith of the
20	Commission's Division of Appeals here representing the
21	as counsel to the Commissioners.
22	MR. SHREVE: Jack Shreve, Emmy Will, Public
23	Counsel's office, Tallahassee, Florida, representing
24	the Citizens of the State of Florida.
25	CHAIRMAN WILSON: I'm Michael Wilson. I'm

Chairman of the Public Service Commission. With me here today are Commissioner Betty Easley to my far right, Commissioner Gerald Gunter to my immediate right, Commissioner Frank Messersmith to my far left and Commissioner Tom Beard to my immediate left.

of Southern Bell on the Caller ID service. We realize this is a matter of interest to a number of customers and groups of customers. There have been issues raised which we need to address and which need to be fully aired. The Public Service Commission wants to hear this testimony about the desirability of the service or concern with the service or objections to the service.

After hearing this testimony there will be two additional days of hearings to be held in Tallahassee. And after hearing the evidence in those hearings the Commission will hopefully be able to fashion a solution which will appropriately accommodate the differing public and private interests that are of concern here with this tariff.

Mr. Shreve has previously asked those who wish to testify here today to sign up on a witness list. If there are those, any present at this point who have not signed up who would like to testify, I would ask you to sign up with Mr. Shreve. We will call

the witnesses in the order in which they have signed up. If there are any parties who are intervenors in this case and who will be participating in the Tallahassee hearings, it's really unnecessary to testify here today. And if there are those who testified in either the Jacksonville or Orlando hearings held the previous two nights, those remarks are already a matter of record in this proceeding and it would be unnecessary to duplicate those. If you have already testified earlier today, likewise it would be unnecessary to duplicate those remarks.

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If you're part of a group with the same position, I think it would be appropriate for a member of that group to indicate what the position is and not necessary for each member of the group to testify to the same matters. And you have the option, of course, if a previous witness has already made the points that you would like to make, you may adopt that testimony and the record will so indicate that you have done that.

I would ask you to confine your remarks to approximately five minutes so that we have an opportunity to hear anyone who comes to testify this evening. We will take a break at about 7:30, after we've been at it about a hour.

Mr. Shreve, if you would call your first 1 witness. 2 MR. SHREVE: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Fuentes. 3 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Before he start, all of those who have signed up to testify, I'd like to swear 5 you in. The reason we do that, and I don't want you to 6 7 be intimidated by the fact that you're going to be under oath. The reason we do that is so that we can 8 9 consider your testimony in this proceeding. And in order to do that we do have to have you under oath. If 10 all of those who are going to testify would please 11 stand and raise your right hand, I'll swear you all in 12 at once and we'll save some time. 13 (Witnesses collectively sworn.) 14 CHAIRMAN WILSON: And when you come to the 15 podium, if you'll just state your name and then tell us 16 whatever your feelings are about this service that's 17 been proposed by Southern Bell. 18 JOSE K. FUENTES 19 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 20 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, 21 testified as follows: 22 WITNESS FUENTES: Hello. My name is Jose 23 Fuentes, and I'm a Citizen of the State of Florida, and 24 a resident of Dade County. I believe that Caller ID is 25

1	in the best interest of the public. I think the
2	blocking features should not be there. It defeats the
3	purpose of Caller Identification, and my position is in
4	favor of it.
5	We have currently return call, caller return,
6	and it has been a positive to my wife and myself,
7	especially in a job that I have. We get a lot of calls
8	that are crank calls sometimes. And thanks to the
9	caller return, we have been able to eliminate that.
10	The caller identification would be a step in the
11	positive direction toward eliminating the other calls
12	that we just can't block out I guess. And my position
13	is in favor of caller identification. Thank you.
14	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Good. Are there any
15	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN WILSON: are there any questions?
17	Thank you very much. We appreciate your coming here
18	tonight.
19	(Witness Fuentes excused.)
20	, Mayer sagan diba tahu dabu
21	MR. SHREVE: Elaine Adler. (Pause)
22	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: She's not been sworn.
23	CHAIRMAN WILSON: She was not sworn. Would
24	you raise your right hand, please?
25	(Witness sworn.)

2	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
3	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
4	testified as follows:
5	WITNESS ADLER: My name is Elaine Adler. I
6	live in Miramar, Florida, and I am here in support of
7	the option of having Caller ID. I do believe that it
8	is my right as the receiver of a call to know who is or
9	the other line. I have in the past had a history of
10	people calling me, obscene phone callers, just hang ups
11	in the middle of the night and I'm tired of it. And I
12	want to be able to do something about it. Up until
13	this point there's really nothing I could do about it.
14	And I really feel that if the caller were forced to
15	have their telephone number displayed, it would stop as
16	awful lot of these annoying, harassing, obscene phone
17	calls.
18	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, ma'am.
19	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Are there any questions of
20	the witness?
21	MR. KEENER: No questions.
22	MR. SHREVE: No questions. Thank you.
23	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much.
24	(Witness Adler excused.)
25	mour date daily after mets

ELAINE ADLER

MR. SHREVE: Mark Zientz.

MARK ZIENTZ

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appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS ZIENTZ: Mr. Chairman, members of the Commission, my name is Mark Zientz. I'm an attorney, a telephone subscriber and a former criminal prosecutor in New York.

I come here to speak on behalf of Caller ID.

I think it's a good service, and I view the telephone
as just another opportunity for people to intrude upon
my privacy in my home. I have a peephole in the door.

If somebody comes to the door and I look through it and
I don't like who's outside, I either don't answer it or
don't open the door. Caller ID is nothing more than a
peephole for the telephone. I'm certainly sure you
wouldn't outlaw peepholes in front doors.

The telephone I have now in my home is unlisted recently, and I pay for that because of the number of unwanted calls that I get. I get them because Breslers lists me by the area that I live in.

I get them because the Department of Motor Vehicles gives out my name as the owner of a certain type of automobile. I get them because I'm listed as an

attorney. People look up my home number after not reaching me at the office at 2, 3 or 4 in the morning.

calls as they come in, take those that I choose to answer, let the answering machine take those that I don't want to answer, and be able to complain to the authorities or call back a party who is bothering me and saying, "Look, I know who you are, I know what your number is, stop calling me." I think all of that is very important to a telephone subscriber, and I think the right of privacy is in the telephone subscriber, not in the person making the call. That person is the one who's initiating an electronic intrusion as far as I can see.

I understand, having been a criminal prosecutor, the law enforcement community's objections. I think we will serve the same purpose; instead of coming up with a blocking idea, to merely have a delay. Let the telephone company put in a very short announcement before the call goes through saying, "The number you have dialed is equipped with Caller ID. Hang up now if you don't want to be identified." And at that point give the caller a few seconds to hang up. If that's put in, you eliminate the objections of most of the law enforcement people because if they are

1	calling from a number from which they do not want to be
2	identified, all they have to do is hang up and call
3	from a different number. You eliminate obscene callers
4	because they know they are going to be identified and
5	you, at the same time, allow the right of privacy of
6	the recipient of telephone calls. So I'm here in favor
7	of Caller ID, either with or without an identifying
8	tone or announcement, but I think the tone or
9	announcement will solve the law enforcement community's
10	objections.
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you.
12	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: That's a good idea.
13	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. Are there any
14	questions?
15	MR. SHREVE: No questions. Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much.
17	(Witness Zientz excused.)
18	·
19	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Lesher.
20	DAVID LESHER
21	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
22	State of Florida and, after being first duly sworn,
23	testified as follows:
24	WITNESS LESHER: Mr. Chairman, members of the
25	committee, my name is David Lesher. I'm an Electrical

Engineer.

I've listened to several different work arounds, I would call them, for the law enforcement community. Some of them don't sound very practical.

Most of them sound like their real intent is to increase Bell's revenue through a back door, either cellular service or something else. The direct ones of blocking or some form of blocking a pseudo number strike me as at best hazardous.

Number one, the officer making the call has no way of knowing if this blocking is really working or not working. The problem with that is that whereas for most people, if he has blocking and it fails, he may have lost some privacy. In the case of the officer, he may have just put himself and his family at risk, a tremendous risk, but he doesn't know that.

My question is that -- the problem is that the entire telephone switching system is not designed to be totally fault free the way, for example, the aircraft control computers and the air bus are. They are designed with the aspect that a failure is life critical. The telephone system is not. If a call down't go through or if the blocking doesn't get applied, well, try again next time. By installing Caller ID with some form of blocking, you've now made

-	10 d 1110 officer back for an officer, and no man we
2	idea whether it has failed or not.
3	One of my questions is, is Bell liable if
4	they have promised blocking and not delivered it and
5	someone gets killed? Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN WILSON: That's a good question.
7	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Mr. Chairman, if I may.
8	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Yes, just a moment.
9	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: A similar issue was
10	raised at the Orlando hearing last night as to what
11	would happen if the software failed, and did the number
12	go out, but the blocking didn't. The response that we
13	were given was that if the software failed for
14	blocking, because they're in the same and I don't
15	know the technical words but because it is the same
16	basic system and service, that probably Caller ID would
17	have failed, the number would not have been
18	transmitted, so that if you have the failure of one,
19	you would have the failure of the other.
20	WITNESS LESHER: Probably.
21	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: And I'm not sure
22	whether that's my word or theirs, to be perfectly
23	truthful.
24	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Your point is it probably
25	isn't good eno ugh.

]	WITHESS LESHER: FOU Ve NOW made the system
2	where "probably" is not good enough. That's the
3	essence of the problem. And to redesign the entire
4	switch software to life critical specs, like a hospital
5	respirator, is impossible.
6	The other aspect that I neglected to mention
7	is all of these schemes for providing blocking to
8	various officers delivers a list of undercover and
9	overt officers to many people in Bell. Are all those
10	people above suspicion? I don't mean to imply that
11	Bell employees are corrupt, but how can I put this
12	delicately? We've had situations with the police
13	officers tempted by large amounts of drug money in this
14	city. Are Bell's employees more upstanding than that?
15	CHAIRMAN WILSON: If Caller ID were allowed,
16	then you would favor a universal blocking?
17	WITNESS LESHER: I don't see
18	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Either per call or
19	WITNESS LESHER: any way around it.
20	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Either per call or
21	WITNESS LESHER: Any system that provides
22	blocking or pseudo blocking only to a select list of
23	people has two problems.
24	CHAIRMAN WILSON: It identifies that select
25	list

1	withess lesher: it identifies that select
2	person. If not to the person at the far end, to vast
3	numbers of people in Bell. And while we'd all like to
4	believe that those people are reliable, computers are
5	not unless they're designed to be the way NSAs are
6	and isolated, they're not secure.
7	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: How about a per-call
8	blocking, which would allow the user, the originator of
9	the call to on a feature such as TouchStar?
10	WITNESS LESHER: I'm sorry, I didn't hear,
11	feature such as what?
12	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: TouchStar.
13	WITNESS LESHER: TouchStar, yes.
14	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: If you had a feature
15	an additional feature which would allow with a two
16	digit input that that particular call be blocked?
17	WITNESS LESHER: How do you know the call's
18	blocked?
19	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Well, how do I know
20	that I'm going to be breathing in five minutes?
21	WITNESS LESHER: Well, my point is that
22	you've now made this large diverse multi-processor
23	computer system a possible threat that you can't prove
24	isn't.
25	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Yes, but then, I'm
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	working on your I'm trying to disect yours one piec
2	at a time because then there's no list of people.
3	COMMISSIONER BEARD: I think you're talking
4	by each other. He is saying universal per-call
5	blocking as opposed he's trying to differentiate
6	your universal call blocking into blanket versus per
7	call.
8	WITNESS LESHER: Okay.
9	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: On a per-call basis
LO	there's no list
Ll	WITNESS LESHER: That's correct.
L2	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: to the utility.
13	WITNESS LESHER: That's correct for
L4	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: There's no
15	identification of people?
l.6	WITNESS LESHER: that solves one very
L7	large problem.
18	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Right.
L9	COMMISSIONER BEARD: It also takes an
3 O	affirmative action on the part of the caller.
21	WITNESS LESHER: Yes. The additional
2	problem, of course, that I'm sure others have
3	mentioned, is if you have call blocking reserved for
24	law enforcement officers, then if you get a blocked
25	call, you know it's coming from a cop.

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	II YOU HAVE SOME SIZADIE CUSCOME! DABE OF
ı	people who prefer not reveal their unlisted numbers,
	then you have some plausible deniability, I guess.
	"No, I don't give out my number. I'm an attorney," or
;	"I have problems with my ex-wife" or something like
,	that.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Sure.

commissioner BEARD: What about the technology of block the blocker?

WITNESS LESHER: I'm sorry.

COMMISSIONER BEARD: The technology of block the blocker. You call me, you block it so that my Caller ID doesn't pick you up.

WITNESS LESHER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BEARD: I have a service that I have purchased or if it's provided, however, that says, "You block your call, my phone doesn't ring."

witness Lesher: I have no problems with that. That doesn't provide a problem. My basic concern is one of block failure, unannounced block failure. Because the blocking takes place at the terminating central office, it takes place maybe all the way across town.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Got you. Good point.

COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you. 1 2 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. 3 (Witness Lesher excused.) 5 SUSAN WATSON 6 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 7 State of Florida and, after being first duly sworn, testified as follows: 8 WITNESS WATSON: Hello, Mr. Chairman and 9 Commissioners. I am Susan Watson and I'm a deaf, proud 10 citizen of Dade County, and I'm very strongly in 11 support of Caller ID and very strongly against a 12 blocking feature. 13 I think that for deaf people this is 14 particularly important. If we could see a number that 15 would flash up and tell us who was calling, we wouldn't 16 have to depend on wondering if the person calling us 17 was using voice or TDD. We would know whether we were 18 19 getting a TDD call. And if we were getting a voice call, we would have a number right there so that we 20 could return the call through a relay system. 21 It's particularly important to us from a 2.2 safety emergency feature because when we're calling 911 23

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not all of us are able to tell the police who we are,

where we are, what's wrong, but the number would flash

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- 1	up immediately and the police would know by our
2	telephone number where we are and be able to take
3	action. The National Association of the Deaf has come
4	out very strongly endorsing Caller ID and is very
5	strongly against the blocking feature. As a deaf
6	individual, as the mother of a deaf child and as a
7	representative of many deaf people in Dade County, I
8	would strongly urge that we be allowed to use this
9	service without blocking. Thank you.
LO	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. Are there any
L1	questions?
1.2	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
13	CHAIRMAN WILSON: No. Thank you very much.
1.4	(Witness Watson excused.)
15	্ব বিশ্ব বিশ্ব বি
16	MR. SHREVE: Doctor Webster.
17	DR. JUAN WEBTER
18	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
19	State of Florida and, after being first duly sworn,
30	testified as follows:
21.	WITNESS WEBSTER: Ladies and gentlemen, my
22	name is Juan Webster and I'm the President of the
23	Broward County Medical Association. I'm a licensed
24	physician in the State of Florida, and also in the
25	State of Georgia, and I represent about 1,700 licensed

physicians in Broward, about 2,600 in Dade County, and also by extension, 17,000 doctors in the state of Florida. And I represent them specifically opposing the concept of Caller ID without universal blocking.

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The reason is reflected in what I've been doing in the last 25 years. I've been spending many days, many weeks, months and years, day and night taking care of you, of us, of the public in general. Taking care of emergencies; I'm a surgeon. And sometimes when we get back home, we keep getting a lot of calls through our service. We feel this is a good system. We would like to have the protection of our privacy, which we have purchased already through the telephone company by having unlisted or unpublished numbers. I cannot see how it could hurt for the system to function with a blocking system for those that legitimately are entitled to it. Entitled to it as a matter of fact, in the way of the human rights, of the rights of privacy. And this is to say nothing about the law enforcement persons who obviously have even much more at stake than their privacy by having their identification divulged in the phone call with ID. So in short, I can also argue a bit against the system being foolproof as far as obscene calls. Naturally, you can go and make an obscene call with the ID service

1	in place or the identification in place if you just go
2	and do it from either a cellular phone, as we all know,
3	or from a public phone. So it really is not
4	eliminating all that much just by itself.
5	In short, representing the doctors of the
6	state of Florida, I feel it is the Caller ID system
7	in its present form, without a foolproof free blocking,
8	free blocking is unacceptable and intolerable, not to
9	mention an economic burden, which is not in the best
10	interest of the public but may be in the interest of
11	the phone company. Thank you.
12	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, sir.
13	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Are there any questions?
14	MR. SHREVE: No questions.
15	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Dr. Webster.
16	(Witness Webster excused.)
17	PROF LAST WARE 4500 CAP
18	MR. SHREVE: John Kross.
19	JOHN KROSS
20	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
21	State of Florida and, after being first duly sworn,
22	testified as follows:
23	WITNESS KROSS: My name is John Kross. I'm a
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resident of Pembroke Pines, Florida. I support Caller

ID for two reasons: One, I work in a drug treatment

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center in Dade County here and the benefits in a crisis situation the Caller ID are obvious to us and I'm sure to you.

Secondly, my full time occupation is as a radio and television broadcaster. I've done that in this market for 15 years, and I'll recount to you two stories briefly, things that have happened to me through the years.

I was stalked by a listener for a period of two or three months which was extremely upsetting to me and my family. They finally apprehended her within a mile of my house. One of the things she did was phone harassment and it was directed towards my wife and children.

At that time, if we had had a feature such as Caller ID, it might very well have shortened the discomfort that we had.

Approximately two years ago my children began or obscene harassing phone calls began at my house directed towards my children. Very specifically, very foul by name, and I don't have to tell you I'm sure many of you or all of you have families, the type of terror that that, in fact, is. We spent a long period of time and a lot of effort to try to apprehend this person. We were unable to do it. And to this day,

	acommission of the service scopped, a never crary rest
2	because of that particular incident.
3	In closing, I'd just like to say that if we
4	had a feature such as that, it might have made it
5	definitely would have made my family situation a lot
6	better.
7	And I feel that with Caller ID, I'm in
8	control of what calls go out, so I'm not that concerned
9	about that. But with Caller ID I can also have some
10	control about what calls come in. And as a public
11	person, there are a lot of people I understand what
12	the doctors are saying on some of the downsides. I
13	think I could easily live with those downsides as
14	opposed to the downsides that I've had to live with
15	with just the invasion of the phone. Thank you very
16	much.
17	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you Mr. Kross. Any
18	questions?
19	MR. SHREVE: No questions.
20	(Witness Kross excused.)
21	dana, spile Giller 400 comis
22	MR. SHREVE: Dorothy Wilson.
23	DOROTHY WILSON
24	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
25	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,

testified as follows:.

WITNESS WILSON: My name is Dorothy Wilson,

3 |and I live --

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Would you pull that micriphone down a little bit?

WITNESS WILSON: -- and I live right in this neighborhood.

You know, years ago when you had the telephone that you wound up and there was about six or seven people on the line, they didn't seem to have all our problems.

I have an unlisted telephone. Are you going to do away with with them now? There's no point in us having an unlisted telephone. What is the point of it? I think you're invading my privacy. Someone calls me and they start any obscenities, the whistle takes very good care of it and they don't bother to call back. I think it's a scheme for the telephone company to make more money. Since the telephone companies have been broken up, they are a little short of cash, and this is a way to make some more. \$80 for the box, \$7.50 a month, and how are people on social security going to pay for that? Even if they wanted it, how could they pay for it when there's so many people got \$300, \$350 a month. I think it's ridiculous. I think it's an

invasion of my privacy and I don't think it should be 1 2 allowed. COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, ma'am. CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. 5 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. 6 (Witness Wilson excused.) 7 8 MR. SHREVE: Mayor Flanagan. 9 CHARLES FLANAGAN 10 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 11 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, 12 testified as follows: 13 WITNESS FLANAGAN: Good evening, 14 Commissioners. My name is Charles Flanagan. I'm the Mayor of the City of Pembroke Pines in Broward County, 15 16 a city of approximately 70,000 people. I believe one of my commissioners, Thibault, was here today. 17 COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Right. 18 19 WITNESS FLANAGAN: I've been in office for 14 20 I'm sure you can well imagine in those 14 years the numerous harassment calls that I've received. Not 21 only obscene, I've had several death threats. I would 22 23 love to have the opportunity to have Caller ID available. I also have the authority this evening, I 24

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talked to my police chief, and he has no problem with

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1	Caller ID. Our police department may be taking a
2	different position from other law enforcement agencies.
3	The chief feels that any of the problems that could
4	arise, certainly there are numerous ways to overcome
5	it. So I would hope that this could be made available
6	to us in the very near future. Thank you.
7	COMMISSIONER EASLEY: Thank you, Mayor.
8	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mayor.
9	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
10	(Witness Flanagan excused.)
11	AND NOTE AND NOTE.
12	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Richards no, Pichard, I'm
13	sorry. Pichardo?
14	ADOLFO S. PICHARDO
15	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
16	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
17	testified as follows:
18	WITNESS PICHARDO: Good evening, ladies and
19	gentlemen of the Commission. My name is Adolfo
20	Pichardo, I am a Certified Public Accountant, and I
21	have been living and practicing here in Dade County.
22	I would like to state that I am in favor of
23	Caller ID. I have four children and the harassing
24	calls that we get at home are unbelieveable. I think
25	this would be one way to deter these harassing calls.

1	Thank you very much.
2	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. We appreciate
3	you coming.
4	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
5	(Witness Pichardo excused.)
6	and the star come
7	MR. SHREVE: Jose Pichardo.
8	JOSE A. PICHARDO
9	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
10	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
11	testified as follows:
1.2	WITNESS PICHARDO: Good evening, ladies and
13	gentlemen. My name is Jose Pichardo.
14	I am here to support the Caller ID option. I
15	think the issues have been brought out and are clear so
16	I will be brief. I just want to say that I think it
17	would be a good form of deterrent for those harassing
18	calls and the problems that arise in that type of
19	thing. This is just to let you know I'm in favor of
20	it. Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mr. Pichardo.
22	(Witness Pichardo excused.)
23	neps cata district states states
24	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Smith.
25	AL SMITH

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, 2 testified as follows: 3 WITNESS SMITH: My name is Al Smith. happen to be a physician. I am appearing at the 5 request of the Dade County Medical Association and I have two requests. If the Commission has already heard the petition from the Florida Medical Association I would like not to present that again. 9 COMMISSIONER GUNTER: We heard in 10 Jacksonville --11 CHAIRMAN WILSON: I believe it has been filed 1.2 13 with us, has it not? WITNESS SMITH: I think it has been filed. 14 MS. GREEN: They are an official intervenor. 15 CHAIRMAN WILSON: You all are official 16 intervenors and parties in the case. 17 WITNESS SMITH: Yes. Now that you have that 1.8 and it is redundent, I would like to present the 19 Commission what I think the physicians' concern is, 20 particularly as regards psychiatrists, people who are 21 dealing with disturbed patients. They feel that their 22 privacy is extremely important in that when they return 23

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a telephone call from their home that their number

would be identified to the caller.

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There are obviously arguments in favor of the Caller ID service that are very strong, and I am wondering if perhaps the Southern Bell, or the AT&T people, could in some way, if a person is called through their answering service, could they then call their answering service back, patch the call forward and the identifying number would be the number of the answering service.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Yes.

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WITNESS SMITH: That seems to me to solve the problem perhaps without the block. I don't believe that the physicians are entitled to any more privacy than anyone else. I believe that most of us who have home numbers, listed or unlisted number, and I happen to have a listed number, would choose not to have prank calls, would choose not to have obscene calls. And in the instance where there's perhaps the threat of bodily harm, or the perception of threat of bodily harm to persons taking care of mentally disturbed patients, then I believe that the Commission could perhaps help us arrange a patching system so that the answering service would be the intermediary, or the hospital would be the intermediary and identified as the calling number. We choose not, and I'm sure you'd choose not if you have an unlisted number, not to have that

displayed. Thank you very much.

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COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Doctor, in addition to have that splash capability back through, for instance, in answering the service, how would you personally feel if we had a universal per-call blocking where you would punch, for instance, a 63, or whatever two numbers on your telephone, and then make the call. Then that call would be blocked, that number would be blocked on a Caller ID, on an individual call basis. Then that would let you use your telephone, you know, to call the grocery store or friends, or whatever, on a normal basis. But when a physician or a psychiatrist, and they are physicians also, but when physicians have to deal with situations where they would rather not have that number out, then on a call-by-call basis they could block that call. Would that make sense? WITNESS SMITH: It does make sense, yes, but it kind of defeats the benefit provision of a crank call identification.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: I understand.

WITNESS SMITH: Because if I were a crank caller I could do the 63 tic-tac-toe and do the same thing.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Well, one of the things, as Commissioner Beard said, you could also have

1 the capability of a blocking, you know, to block a 2 blocked call. WITNESS SMITH: Yes, sir. 3 COMMISSIONER GUNTER: If someone called you and the number didn't come up, you say if they want to 5 hide that I don't want to talk to them. 6 WITNESS SMITH: Well, I think the concerns of 7 the public outweigh the concerns for privacy. But when 8 it becomes the point of perhaps injury, or perception 9 of injury, that's a different matter. 10 I also would like to know from the 11 12 Commissioner, or from the Commissioners, or from Southern Bell if this could be, this ID is effective 13 14 from a mobile phone because of the payment problem with incoming calls to a mobile phone. My wife doesn't know 15 my mobile phone number. (Laughter) They beep me on 16 the beeper and I can call them back because I just 17 prefer not to be called. So I hope that's not going to 18 spread to that. If it doesn't spread to that then I 19 think perhaps the system is somewhat ineffective, 20 though. Thank you very much. 21

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, doctor.

MR. SHREVE: Thank you.

(Witness Smith excused.)

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MR. SHREVE: Ms. Shay, I believe it is. I'm not sure whether it's S-h or S-n. Sorry.

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BENTONNE SNAY

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS SNAY: Good evening, Commissioners.

My name is Bentonne Snay, I am the Executive Director of a nonprofit organization that works with at-risk youth. And I believe there are a number of good reasons to support Caller ID, and those include being able to have some control, in terms of being the recipient, of crank phone calls as a private citizen.

I also support Caller ID because I think that it would be a great thing for school personnel who often receive very unpleasant phone calls, sometimes from students and sometimes from parents. It would enable them to handle these problems much better.

Also, I think that the argument about crank callers could go to a phone booth is not terribly valid in that in my experience most crank phone calls have come from adolescents who are at home, maybe their parents are away, they have nothing better to do than make phone calls and giggle a lot, in the meantime disturbing many people. So I would think that it would

cut down on crank phone calls in many ways.

Also, in my experience with adolescents, it has been a great concern of many parents that their children get into arguments or disputes with other children and then they start harassing each other on the phone, and it involves the entire family. And I have seen this go on for the better part of a school year where there were all kinds of allegations made; I mean, this went into the principal's office, and nobody could prove anything and no action could be taken short of changing the phone number, which was a great harassment for the family to have to do. So that's another reason why I feel that it would be very beneficial to citizens to have this option.

And last but not least, it would empower school personnel to not be completely disarmed and have their entire school disrupted in the case of a bomb threat.

So I urge you to please support Caller ID. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much.

MR. SHREVE: Thank you.

(Witness Snay excused.)

MR. SHREVE: Mr. Snay.

Mark Dillioves. Els. Chay

PATRICK SNAY

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appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS SNAY: Good evening. My name is

Patrick Snay, I am the Assistant Principal of Miami

Killian High School, and my major job is dealing with

the discipline of 3,000 students.

What a great thing Caller ID would be for me.

I'm not sure if we had Caller ID if I would have a job
because most of the things I do is settling disputes
between students, and very often it's because of
harassing phone calls. Likewise, on a personal level,
since I am the person that gives out punishment in a
large school system, I often get harassing phone calls
myself at my home.

I have been a member of this community myself for 40 years and I take pride that my number is listed in the phone book. And even though I am an administrator with the school system, I want my phone number to be available. The thing that does bother me is that very often I am submitted to things from students because of them having my phone number.

I am very much in support of Caller ID. I also am the person that bomb threats do come to in the

1	school system, in our particular school system. There
2	has been time when we have had to actually have all
3	students, 3,000 students, leave the school while we
4	have done searches for bomb threats. What a great
5	thing Caller ID would have been for us if we had had it
6	at that time.
7	I am definitely in support. Thank you very
8	much.
9	COMMISSIONER BEARD: Mr. Snay, as a former
10	assistant principal I can assure you that you won't be
11	out of a job if we have Caller ID. (Laughter)
12	WITNESS SNAY: I would make my job much
13	simpler, though.
14	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
15	(Witness Snay excused.)
16	ages allow Ages Title Teach
17	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Casbarro.
18	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Were you here when we swore
19	in the witnesses?
20	WITNESS CASBARRO: Yes. I didn't write my
5 1	name clearly so they didn't know how to pronounce it.
22	JOHN CASBARRO
23	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
24	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
25	testified as follows:

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1 WITNESS CASBARRO: Good evening. My name is 2 John Casbarro, I am Executive Director of a nonprofit 3 organization called PACE, Performing Arts for Community Education. I am a resident of Broward County. 5 I am here to speak in favor of the Caller ID 6 system without blocking, for two reasons: One is that I feel that my privacy, as the receiver of a call, is 7 8 more important and supersedes the privacy of the person 9 who is calling me. I would presume that if the person 10 is calling me that they want to get in touch with me 11 and they would not need to have their identity not 12 revealed by their phone number. 13 Also, my family and my household have been harassed, and I felt and feel invaded by many types of 14 15 obscene calls and unwanted calls. And I think this 16 feature would be a wonderful thing to be able to alleviate some of that. Thank you very much. 17 18 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. 19 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. (Witness Casbarro excused.) 20 21 22 MR. SHREVE: Mr. Molloy. DOUGLAS MOLLOY 23 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 24

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State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,

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testified as follows:

WITNESS MOLLOY: Good evening, Commissioners.

My name is Douglas Molloy, I am the Chief Assistant

Statewide Prosecutor.

Every case that the Statewide Prosecutor's Office handles involves organized crime or multi-jurisdictional criminal activity. Every case that we handle has an undercover operative or confidential informant, and every case we handle would be adversely affected by Caller ID.

The confidential informant, the undercover operative, they don't know whether the recipient of the call has Caller ID. The call reveals not only the phone number but eventually, because of address, phone directories, the address of that particular caller.

You see, I've got a responsibility to the people that I send out there to fight organized crime, the people that I direct to fight organized crime, and I have a responsibility to them to come and talk to you and tell you that Caller ID gives organized crime figures the vehicles they need to determine whether the undercover agents are in contact with them.

Per-call blocking arouses the suspicion because the undercover operative or the confidential informant in almost every case would have no need for

per-call blocking in the way that they appear to that organized crime figure.

sure that the Commission will give this a great deal of thought, one of the groups of people that organized crime preys upon in our state are the elderly. And Caller ID is a means for identifying them as potential groups of victims for the many boiler room schemes that victimize so many elderly people in our state. You can entice them to call a specific number and it's a boiler room operator's dream.

I would ask you to consider the alternatives because I believe that Caller ID is a dangerous thing for the people that I work with, the people that are my responsibility. And there are alternatives:

Alternatives that can reach the irritation, the harassment by adolescents, the bomb threats. There are alternatives in Call Priority, Call Block, Call Trace and, to a certain extent universal blocking that do not affect law enforcement adversely.

I would ask you Commissioners, and I know that you will, to give serious thought to those people who are out there doing the things that they need to do to make this a better state. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. We appreciate

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2 MR. SHREVE: Thank you.

3 (Witness Molloy excused.)

testified as follows:

MR. SHREVE: Mr. Nelson.

KEN NELSON

7 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 8 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,

WITNESS NELSON: Good evening. My name is

Ken Nelson, I am the Area Security Director for

Domino's Pizza.

I appeared before the Commission in

Jacksonville on Tuesday evening so I do not wish to,

you know, take unnecessary time and re-read a statement

that I have already read into the record. I would just

like to appear here this evening to re-support my

position, and the position of Domino's Pizza, that we

would be in support of Caller ID.

We believe that this is a good system to protect our employees. All too often our drivers are susceptible to the elements, to the criminal elements that prey upon our society. We lose drivers nationwide because of bad orders where robbers intentionally provide false phone numbers and lure our drivers to

robbery setups.

As an example, I would like to read into the record a portion of the statement dealing with the feature, the Caller ID feature that is already in effect in the State of New Jersey, and that is in an overwhelming --

CHAIRMAN WILSON: This is already in the record from Jacksonville?

WITNESS NELSON: Yes, sir, it is.

COMMISSIONER BEARD: And from Orlando?

WITNESS NELSON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Then there really isn't any need for you to read it again. It is in the record and it is before the Commission at this point.

reaffirm that position. And I also wanted to reaffirm bomino's Pizza's position that we highly support the law enforcement community. Being a former law enforcement officer myself, I would be remiss in all of my years devoted to that profession if I didn't truly believe that there were adequate devices available to the law enforcement community to effectively circumvent any shortcomings that the Caller ID system may provide to the criminal elements of our society.

I have no further comments unless the

Commission has any questions.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Let me ask you one question. Do you operate currently in states that have Caller ID with call blocking, per-call blocking?

witness NELSON: I honestly don't know the answer to that, sir. I do know that in those states where Caller ID is made available that we are utilizing it, and utilizing it very effectively.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Is your Company policy, or would your Company policy be if you had blocked calls that you would not deliver pizzas to called-in orders that were from blocked numbers?

that there might have been some misunderstanding from the individual who appeared before the Commission in Orlando last night. It is our position that if we received a call that was blocked that the persons on the telephone receiving that order could perhaps take some other means of identifying whether or not they felt that that order might be either a valid order or an unsafe order for our driver. We have a lot of different methods that we teach our employees who are answering these phones that they can, you know, ask certain questions that would make the order appear to be more legitimate.

1 COMMISSIONER BEARD: There was no confusion. 2 WITNESS NELSON: Okay. 3 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much. We appreciate your coming here tonight. 4 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. 5 (Witness Nelson excused.) б 7 MR. SHREVE: Mr. Knuck. 8 FRANCIS KNUCK 9 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 10 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, 11 testified as follows: 12 WITNESS KNUCK: Mr. Chairman, members of the 13 Board, my name is Francis Knuck. I have for the last 14 27 years been a trial judge of the Circuit Court of the 15 Eleventh Judicial Circuit of Florida. I retired in 16 1988, in December, but I still -- you can't be a judge 17 that long without making a lot of people unhappy. 18 (Laughter) 19 I can almost predict when the calls are 20 coming. You can read the morning's paper and there's 21 an article about a judge, critical, and I will that day 22 23 get one or two phone calls and hang up. One woman called me for a period of 12 years. 24 Sometimes when I am out of town she would fill up the 25

1	entire tape deck on my answering service with lectures
2	to me about God and good, but we have eliminated her by
3	identifying her. But still on occasions I get calls
4	that hang up. And in 1989 my house was robbed three
5	times, and my wife is concerned that someone is casing
6	the house. We have never gotten any threats but we do
7	get a lot of harassment.
8	I favor it very much and I think it will be a
9	service to our community.
10	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Judge.
11	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	MR. SHREVE: Thank you, sir.
13	(Witness Knuck excused.)
14	was any to the state state.
15	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Oertel.
16	CARL OERTEL
17	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
18	State of Florida and having been first duly sworn,
19	testified as follows:
20	WITNESS OERTEL: Good evening, Mr. Chairman,
21	Commissioners, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Carl
22	Oertel.
23	Before I make a statement, and I don't have a
24	prepared statement, I wonder if I could ask what is the
25	problem at this point with the institution of the

Caller ID? Is it merely the lack of agreement upon which law enforcement agencies are granted the call blocking, or what exactly is the status at this point?

My reason for asking is that Southern Bell has told me a number of times when I requested the service that it would be available on a certain date, you wait for that date to come, and then they tell you, "Well, it's not." I just wondered can you advise me as to what the status is right now?

CHAIRMAN WILSON: The Commission has considered Caller ID issues on three occasions, is that right.

COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Yes, three occasions.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Three occasions, I believe, beginning in January of this year. And as we considered that folks brought concerns to our attention that appear to be legitimate concerns that ought to be fully fleshed out in public hearings, evidentiary hearings, where whoever cared to could comment on those provisions.

There were concerns by law enforcement, there were concerns by some agencies, spouse abuse, child abuse, other social agencies, that seem to us to have some legitimacy to them. There's also the concern about the commercial distribution of numbers that may

be derived from Caller ID. Commissioner Easley is quite concerned with that, and I think that is a valid concern as well.

So if you want to put the blame someplace you could probably put it on us for allowing this process to stretch out, but it's better to have enough information to make the right decision, I think, than to make a hasty one.

WITNESS OERTEL: Absolutely.

chairman wilson: And I think that's why you are experiencing the delays. Presently, the decision is scheduled to be made, I believe, in either January or February.

witness OERTEL: Will that be final? In other words, will it either be allowed or not allowed?

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Yes. It's as final as those kinds of things are. (Laughter)

witness oertel: My wife, who is working and couldn't be here, and I are phone subscribers. We have been the victims of harassing, obscene and life-threatening phone calls for a number of years. We have an unlisted nonpublished number for a number of years, which has been of no value. The phone company, as good as their intentions are, have not been able to help us at all. We are also currently victims of

physical assault, which the case is still pending.

In regard to the speakers who have made the case for law enforcement, that the officers need to be protected, I understand that and I am in full agreement with that. And I think that if a Southern Bell employee, for instance -- and I'm just saying hypothetically -- if they wanted to find out the number of a law enforcement person they could probably do it without too much trouble. So I don't think it's valid by denying the public, especially the victims of phone harassment, which I feel is a criminal act, I don't see how their lives would be jeopardized if it's treated in a confidential manner.

I may be wrong, I don't have all the answers; however, in regard to this physical assault that I told you about where the case is still pending, I got a call one night about 10:30 or 10:40. I was asleep already because I have to get up early, and not having my full wits about me the caller claimed to be a detective. He said his name very quickly and said he was calling about the case, that he couldn't read all the writing. This was a couple of weeks after the report was filed. He said he couldn't read it, and it sounded rationale and logical so I went ahead and did it, and I neglected to get his name. He had already stated his name and I

neglected to get his number, his phone number or badge number, or what have you. So I don't really know if that was an officer who called me or not. You know, it could very well have been, you know, someone on the side of the person that committed this assault on us.

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So the reason that I am here is to state very emphatically that I am with all of the people that have registered their opinion that it should be instituted.

And I think you would be doing a great service to the victims of phone harassment by doing so.

I understand that there is a problem commercially with people selling these lists. I have had this unlisted nonpublished number for a number of years and yet I still get all of these solicitations from, I don't know, the Donnelly list, or whatever. This is some kind of a commercial list that people can get. So Southern Bell hasn't been any help that way to insure our privacy to the extent that we are not harassed.

I feel like under America's Constitution that this should not be allowed to go on. It has been going on for a long time and I think that Caller ID would be a very good way to cut it down. It's not a panacea, it will not stop it entirely, because people can still go to phone booths, pay phones, and this would not show up

their number, the phone number would not show up on the Caller ID, and I understand that and I'm willing to live with that. I think it would greatly reduce the people that enjoy tormenting others by use of the telephone.

Unfortunately, the telephone is the only game in town unless you use a two-way radio or something.

We all have to use it and I think that the privacy and the well being of the legitimate subscribers who use the phone for a tool, who do not to start ignoring the phone, because when this happens a lot and you get no satisfaction from Southern Bell then, you know, instead of jumping for the phone when it rings, you know, you tend to -- it becomes, instead of a tool for your use, it becomes an object of harassment, is what it boils down to, sir.

So I would appreciate very much your consideration in instituting Caller ID.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: I believe there's a question.

commissioner messersmith: Mr. Oertel, in all of this time frame and the problems you have been having in working with Southern Bell, have you ever utilized the service called Call Trace or talked with them about that?

WITNESS OERTEL: Yes, sir, I have, and I feel like Call Trace falls short of solving the problem.

COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: Could you just explain that to me? Did you use Call Trace?

WITNESS OERTEL: No, sir, I haven't. What I did do was fill out this log that the Annoyance Call Department at Southern Bell wants you to fill out. I filled out a couple of pages of it and they were not able to do anything. They said Call Tracing would provide, possibly provide, the identity of the person, or persons, doing this to Southern Bell, but Southern Bell, you know, may or may not do anything about it. And their contention is that they don't want to be liable if a person goes back and does something to the person that is harassing them in the first place. And I understand that; I understand that they don't want to be liable that way. But I think that Southern Bell, if they can't stop the harassment, they really owe their subscribers a little piece of mind.

Like I said, it's not going to guarantee in every case that it won't happen, but I think, and I honestly believe that it would cut down on it. And I think, say, if the problem is law enforcement blocking, I think that allowing the people, the victims especially, if a person has been experiencing this for

1	years. Because when you change your phone number you
2	don't know if eventually that person is going to get it
3	again, say through an acquaintance of an acquaintance,
4	or what have you.
5	I don't know about the per-call blocking. I
6	think that if you limit them, like the physicians
7	wanted that, I think that if a person is qualified,
8	pre-qualified, that, you know, common sense tells you
9	that they are not the ones that are doing it. You know
10	what kind of people do this, and I really honestly
11	agree emphatically with the people that have spoken and
12	said that they were in favor of Caller ID, and that if
13	it had been in place that a lot of needless suffering
14	would not have occurred.
15	Is there anything else that I might answer?
16	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Any other questions?
17	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: No.
18	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much, sir.
19	We appreciate your coming down to testify.
20	WITNESS OERTEL: Thank you very much.
21	(Witness Oertel excused.)
22	*-max quine code year #alli
23	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Iglesias.
24	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Mr. Shreve, how many more

witnesses do you have at this point?

MR. SHREVE: I have eight.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: All right. We will take just one more witness and then we will take a ten-minute break.

DAVID IGLESIAS

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS IGLESIAS: My name is David Iglesias,

I serve as Crisis Counselor for the Metropolitan Dade

County Advocates for Victims Safe Space Shelter for

Battered Women. I am here on behalf of the Director,

Mr. Robert Schroeder. He was here earlier this

afternoon and he didn't get a chance to speak and he

had a crisis at one of the other centers so he asked me

to come.

As Director for the Metro Dade Advocates for Victims Program, I oversee three residential domestic violence centers, and I am opposed to the implementation of the Caller ID system.

Domestic violence is not just a family matter, it is a criminal violation of Florida Statutes. More women are injured in this country due to domestic violence than are injured as a result of muggings, auto accidents and rapes combined.

The most dangerous time for a woman in an abusive situation is actually when she attempts to flee from the abuser. Indeed, the majority of women that are murdered as the result of domestic violence are killed during that time period that they are attempting to escape.

I am not as concerned about the ability of protecting the battered women in our shelter as I am about protecting the battered women who are not in our shelter.

You obviously cannot provide our shelters the technology to avoid Call Tracing. However, only about 3% of battered women ever make it to a domestic violence shelter. How do you propose to protect the other 97% of women who aren't in a shelter? What about the women who go to their friend's or relative's house or to a hotel? What about the children of the battered women who miss daddy and place the call home?

The Caller ID system will make it ridiculously simple for the abuser to find the woman he is seeking. Caller ID, in my opinion, without a doubt will directly result in additional serious injuries, and even death to women once the abuser knows where she is located.

In closing, upon leaving our shelters in Dade

1	County we present the women with a Guardian Angel pin
2	as a symbolic gesture of the need for her to remain
3	safe from continued abuse. If the Caller ID is
4	permitted then we will probably have to give the women
5	bullet proof vests or a one-way ticket out of town.
6	Please vote against the Caller ID. It's
7	signed Sincerely, Robert Schroeder, Director, Advocates
8	for Victims. Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mr. Iglesias.
10	(Witness Iglesias excused.)
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: We're going to take a
12	10-minute break and come back at about a quarter to 8.
13	(Brief recess.)
14	GPTB SINCE MAIN WARE
15	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Mr. Shreve, we have got to
16	be getting down into the witnesses who have not been
17	sworn by now, haven't we?
18	MR. SHREVE: I would think we probably are.
19	CHAIRMAN WILSON: If there are those who have
20	signed up to testify who have not been previously
21	sworn, if you would all stand at this point, I will
22	swear you in and we'll carry on.
23	(Witnesses sworn simultaneously.)
24	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Call your next witness,
25	Mr. Shreve.

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ALAN RIGERMAN

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS RIGERMAN: Well, I was going to say, "Commissioner Easley and gentlemen," but we'll just make it gentlemen for now.

Hi, my name is Alan Rigerman. I want to speak from two points of view: First from a consumer. I think Caller ID is a horrendous, horrendous invasion of privacy. We all get junk mail. It's no problem. We choose to abandon some of it into the garbage; in other cases we might open it, peruse it, and we might respond to it at our leisure. We don't respond to a junk phone call at our leisure, and I can see junk phone calls replacing junk mail. I can picture myself, perhaps you can picture yourselves in the shower, in a bathroom, backyard, in a portion of your house not close to a phone or to a cordless phone. You run in for the phone call, and it's somebody wants to sell you something; you perhaps call to see if a company or a business has maybe a particular air conditioner, a particular product or a vehicle, or something you are interested in, they have your phone number and they are

going to call you back whether you want them to or not.

As I say, I think it's a horrendous invasion of our privacy and instead of our mail boxes being stuffed with junk mail, I can just see our phones ringing off

the hook with junk phone calls.

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Now, from another point of view, I'm a Dade County teacher. I heard the gentleman from, I think, Miami Killian speak before. I can sympathize with an assistant principal, but they do most of their work from the school. I would think, and I can't speak to this but I would make a guess that any older kid with a brain would make a threatening phone call from a pay phone. And it's my understanding, unless you tell me otherwise, that Caller ID cannot be used in this case. But I am mandated by contract to call parents. I deal with, and many other high school teachers deal with, age 16 through 18, and unfortunately, very often when I call, it's not with good news. And what I try and do, and what most of us try and do, is call before it's bad news. When there is academic difficulty, when a kid comes late to class, a couple of times before it becomes chronic, when a kid is absent; I just don't like the idea of my phone number being available for that kid. I'm not that concerned about the parent, but two-thirds of time the kid answers the phone. Now, why

T	give them that phone number? Again, i'm mandated by
2	contract to do this. And, frankly, the thought of
3	Caller ID making my number available makes me angry.
4	And I thank you very much for being here tonight.
5	CHAIRMAN WILSON: The concern with pay
6	phones, Caller ID works on pay phones. It's just that
7	you don't associate a name with the pay phone number
8	that you get, is that correct?
9	MR. CRISER: Caller ID will deliver a pay
10	telephone.
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: It will deliver a pay phone
12	number, all right.
13	All right. Thank you very much.
14	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
15	(Witness Rigerman excused.)
16	, and and and and
17	MR. SHREVE: Mr. Berkheimer.
18	GIL BERKHEIMER
19	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
20	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
21	testified as follows:
22	WITNESS BERKHEIMER: My name is Gil
23	Berkheimer. I'm president of a small independent
24	manufacturers' rep organization called Tropitech,
25	located in Plantation. I have been to another informal
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meeting once before and I feel strongly enough about the Caller ID issue that I wanted to come down and address this meeting.

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I have both business and personal reasons why

I'm in favor of Caller ID without call blocking. My

company, as most small businesses have the same

problem, it is very important for us that we properly

record phone numbers of incoming calls. Caller ID

would help us eliminate most all human errors that we

now have due to phone numbers given or taken

incorrectly. If when returning a call you find you

have an error or an error has been made, a quick check

of the Caller ID memory would give you a quick fix

without the problem of dragging out the phone books or

the need of phoning for information.

Many of the frequent and known callers to our company have more than one location where they originate calls. And Caller ID would give us an instant fix on where to return this is calls. Many of the benefits to the small business also apply to the home. Besides reducing obscene phone calls, I feel will also help reduce the number of illegal boiler-room operation calls resulting in the reduction of annoying phone calls often during my dinner hour.

I also feel that with wide use of Caller ID

many lives could be saved. The very young, the elderly, those with speech or language difficulty, et cetera, could have problems with the phone in an emergency or stress situation.

I will give only one example of many possible scenarios: Imagine the grandparent with many children or grandchildren receiving a call. "Grandma, Daddy is on the floor and won't get up." Caller ID would quickly tell grandma what parent was in trouble and if the call was from their home or possibly their vacation cottage.

Last month I was found unconscious on the hall floor of my home. Fortunately, I was found in time and woke up two days later in the hospital.

In my case Caller ID would have helped had I succombed just minutes earlier while on the phone with a plumbing supply house who could have had the equipment. This near-death experience has made me even more aware of how important this service could be.

Obviously, I'm very happy to be alive and well so that I can be here to speak in favor of Caller ID and hore that this service will become available for us in Florida. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Mr. Berkheimer.
MR. SHREVE: Thank you.

(Witness Berkheimer excused.)

MR. SHREVE: Mr. Neidhart.

PAUL NEIDHART

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS NEIDHART: My name is Paul Neidhart and I own and operate a florist shop in South Dade.

As you might suspect, most of my business, or a good share of my business does come over the telephone.

One problem that I have had is fraudulent credit cards. I think if we had Caller ID, it might help our case being able to identify the phone number the caller gives with the phone number that he's calling from. Within the past, about two months ago, I had a run from one person of apparently legitimate credit card calls, all of which we got authorization for. We they finally got suspicious. I called VISA. We worked it out and found out that it was, in fact, a stolen credit card, but the owner of the credit card was not yet aware of it so we were able to get authorization in all cases. It was about a \$400 lesson that we took. Because VISA doesn't make allowances for these mistakes. I have to agree with most of the other

1 people. I guess all of us have had our share of 2 harassing calls and obscene calls, but when it gets into your pocket, it's a little irritating, too. 3 Thank you. 5 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much. MR. SHREVE: Thank you. 6 7 (Witness Neidhart excused.) 8 9 MR. SHREVE: Mr. Caballero. 10 DAVID MELANCON 11 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 12 State of Florida, and having been first duly sworn, 13 testified as follows: WITNESS MELANCON: Let me just say that I'm 14 speaking for Mr. Cabalegro. 15 16 My name is right below his. I'm David Melancon. And we came together, and he had a previous 17 18 meeting, so he asked me to speak in his place as well 19 as for myself. And we both have to -- after talking with 20 21 Southern Bell and other people, find that this particular service, Caller ID, would be very beneficial 22 to somebody in our position who is visually 23 handicapped. Now, people would say, well, how could it 24 25 help us because we have to have a screen. We have

1 talked to manufacturers about adding a voice chip. Handicapped people are very unique in the sense that 2 3 they have to be able to identify who was calling them. And I've spoken to different other people, paralyzed and deaf, who feel that this would be a good service. 5 I have had some negative input, but on a personal note 6 7 and for Gus, we both feel it would be very beneficial to us if the Public Service Commission would approve 8 this and vote in favor of it, that it would help us a great deal. Me, myself, if I have a number that is on 10 this Caller ID that I don't want to return, I'm not 11 qoing to return it. And if I call someone in the type 12 13 of business I'm in, I want people to call me back. I have a private unlisted number. I give it to those who I want to call me. And if I call someone, it's for 15 16 that specific reason that I want to talk to that person, or get that service that person has to offer. 17 18 So I really hope in your decision that you 19 consider that it is a good thing, and those who have something to hide might not want it, but those who 20 really need it really need it. And it would be a good 21 thing to have. 22 23 Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: So you have been advised by Southern Bell that the technology exists to take this

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1	number that is delivered and with a voice chip be able
2	to recite that number on a piece of equipment from you?
3	WITNESS MELANCON: Right. From what I can
4	understand as the screen or memory would hold it so it
5	could be applicated to a voice system for the visually
6	impaired.
7	CHAIRMAN WILSON: I see. And Southern Bell
8	so far has provided a lot of equipment for the
9	disabled, not only deaf or blind, but also those in
10	wheelchairs. And they are working on some other
11	things, too.
12	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Good. Thank you for
13	coming.
14	(Witness Melancon excuses.)
15	ough ents 1860 min 140
16	MR. SHREVE: Dr. Laporta.
17	MARK LaPORTA
18	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
19	State of Florida, and having been first duly sworn,
20	testified as follows:
21	WITNESS LaPORTA: Gentlemen, first of all,
22	for the record, as a citizen here in Florida for seven
23	years, I really admire the fact that this kind of
24	program exists for a group like yourselves to do a road
25	trip, so to speak, and really hear what the citizens

1 have to say. 2 Question number one, who are these people off to the side? 3 CHAIRMAN WILSON: If you start down at the end of the table --5 WITNESS LaPORTA: I mean in general, okay. 6 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Down at the end of the 7 table, the first three there are Southern Bell folks, 8 and the other three are staff of the Public Service 9 Commission. 10 WITNESS LaPORTA: Great. 11 CHAIRMAN WILSON: And down here, Mr. Shreve 12 is the Public Counsel, and his assistant, and they 13 14 represent the citizens of Florida in proceedings before us. And, obviously, these are the court reporters. 15 WITNESS LaPORTA: I apologize for needing to 16 ask. After ten and a half hours of seeing patients 17 this afternoon, today, I was a little late getting 18 here. 19 MR. FALGOUST: Mr. Chairman, would the 20 gentleman identify him, please? 21 WITNESS LaPORTA: I'm sorry. LaPorta, Mark 22 A., M.D.; asked to be here by the Dade County Medical 23 Association and the Florida Medical Association.

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fact, and I have no experience with these things;

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<u></u>	you'll lorgive me. I'd like to not bore you by reading
2	a very boring letter, if I may ask that this be entered
3	in.
4	CHAIRMAN WILSON: We can make it a part of
5	the record as an exhibit.
6	WITNESS LaPORTA: I don't want to bore you
7	with that.
8	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Excuse me, do we have any
9	other exhibits that have been received?
10	MS. GREEN: Lots of written statements. They
11	had to leave and they couldn't speak, but they wanted
12	to have it put in the record.
13	MR. SHREVE: We have some to put on the
14	correspondence side of the docket, but I think the
15	other exhibits have already been
16	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Okay. Do we know what
17	exhibit number this would get if it got one, or would
18	we number it Exhibit No. 1 from this night?
19	We'll give it the appropriate number.
50	(Exhibit No. Miami-1 marked for identification.)
21	WITNESS LaPORTA: Fine. I trust you. The
22	letter is boring as hell. (Laughter) Okay. And dry.
23	So, actually, even though I was asked to be
24	here by them, it was what stimulated me. I probably
25	would have been here by myself anyway.

I have a lot of admiration for Southern Bell and AT&T and all its daughters. And I think the advent of technology is a wonderful thing, and I'm a son of the post-Jetson's generation.

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I think when I first saw Caller ID in catalogs, \$80 per box, \$7.50 a month, I thought, "Great idea. I'm going to know who is calling me." And then when I started to think about the fact that if I know who's calling me, they know who's calling them and where I'm calling from. You know this already. I don't need to go over there this with you.

facetiously, is Southern Bell, because not only do they get to sell \$80 boxes -- and I have four phones in my house, so that's \$320, plus \$7 a month -- but they are going to find some way to charge me, as a doctor, for asking not to have the service. And they are going to do it just like they do with unpublished phone numbers. They are going to charge me for not publishing my phone number and blocking the call if possible. They win. Fine, great. And technology moves on. And I'm delighted that a Commission like this exists to temper our move forward with technology.

Our society has seen a lot of catastrophes with technology. We've seen nuclear weapons before we

had the ethics and morals to deal with them. We've

seen life support system used unnecessarily before we

have the ethics and morals to deal with them. And now

we have something that seems a little less

catastrophic, important, dramatic; but it really is,

with regards to privacy, just as important.

As a doctor, I appreciate that. I want to know -- it's going to sound hypocritical. I want to know who is calling me, but I don't want them to know the phone number that I'm calling from.

I have a small sheaf -- and this is a quiet day today -- I have about ten calls to make on a little call tickets. When I get home, I'm going to call; I'm going to apologize for calling late, but I was involved in a conference; what can I help you with today? Can we arrange it for tomorrow?

I really don't want my wife to be bothered with phone calls when I'm not there from patients looking for me by calling my home. When I have a big expensive, very expensive listing in the phone book with my name and my phone number, 24-hour availability, and an answering service that is Johnny-on-the-spot, and I pay a lot of money for them. I pay a lot of extra money because I want a service that really does what the patients need.

1	COMMISSIONER GUNTER: Doctor, let me ask you
2	a question: Probably before you got here, if in your
3	circumstance you were able to call and splash back
4	through your answering service so the number that a
5	patient or whoever you called would see the number of
6	the answering service, not your number at home, would
7	that satisfy your needs?
8	WITNESS LaPORTA: Excellent question. In
9	fact, I've done that on occasions when I'm at a pay
10	phone, or when I'm at some other difficult location.
11	Unfortunately, the technology as it stands now, you can
12	barely hear the person on that conference line. And
13	I've done that many times.
1.4	I'm real pleased to note, to have observed
15	correct me if I'm wrong, gentlemen, but this technology
16	has been around for almost 20 years, perhaps 23 years,
17	like in northern New Jersey around 1967. The Star
18	Services, Caller ID, all of this stuff has been around
19	for a while.
20	MR. KEENER: The TouchStar services are just
21	a recent innovation.
2 2	WITNESS LaPORTA: In Florida.
23	MR. KEENER: I believe across the nation.
24	There are other services, for instance, Call Waiting,

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that have been around for a number of years.

25

WITNESS LaPORTA: Okay. I have a vague memory. I don't mean to disagree with you. I just, for the record, I have a vague memory of things that have been around for a long time. I thought, and again, it may be the Jetsons I'm thinking of.

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But anyway, I don't think that all the issues have been settled and that's one of the reasons I appreciate a Commission like this. Because you're going to be able to decide what should be black and white and where the gray areas are.

I'm willing to pay something for the privilege of having it say, "Hey, you know, if you guys can make it say my phone number, then you can make it say doctor," okay. Because if you can make the phone listings in the book say my phone number or you can say — what is it? You can have it say, "Doctor," in the phone book. And they can dial "D-o-c-t-o-r," then I'm sure there's lots of compromises that can be made and lots of more clever ideas. These guys are brilliant. They sit around all day thinking up these ideas; they can come up with more.

But the bottom line and I'm sure you understand, is that as a private doctor -- never mind what I do -- as a detective, as a journalist, as a lawyer, as a judge -- and I think his attitude might

have been a little bit different if he had to make the same kind of number of phone calls from home at night as I do. You don't want people knowing the phone number you call from. And every time I call the operator to dial a call for me, you know how much it costs. I don't want to write it off as a business expense. And every time, if I have to go through my answering service again. An excellent question, and I've used it before: the clarity of the conversation just isn't there. And in medicine in general, the phone is only 70% accurate. And when you're listening through a lousy line, I don't want to take that chance with my patients.

If you have questions, I appreciate again the opportunity. Nothing personal. I want it. I want to be able to look at the number and know who's calling. But I'm afraid when I call, who it's going to be who gets my number and I will never hear the end of it if my wife starts getting harassing phone calls.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: I think you've identified one of the principal issues that has to be addressed by this Commission as we weigh the different sides in this issue, and that is whether this new technology presents an opportunity or a threat, and whether it in fact -- WITNESS LAPORTA: Both.

1.	CHAIRMAN WILSON: represents or is going
2	to take the form of a new intrusion into our lives, or
3	whether it is going to offer an opportunity to exercise
4	more control over our lives. And I think the way it's
5	structured, it depends on the way it's structured which
- 6	result you get, and we hope we're going to go for the
7	best result.
8	WITNESS LaPORTA: Sometimes we hear that we
9	on the earth are part of a big one organism and this is
10	part of the connection that ties us together. But in
11	any organism there have to be controls as to how the
12	cells are tied together.
13	Thank you very much.
14	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you, Doctor. We
15	appreciate your coming.
16	WITNESS LaPORTA: I'll stay through it.
17	(Witness LaPorta excused.)
18	AND THE
19	MR. SHREVE: Barbara Howard.
20	BARBARA HOWARD
21	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
22	State of Florida, and having been first duly sworn,
23	tertified as follows:
24	WITNESS HOWARD: Mr. Chairman, Commissioners,
25	hi, I'm Barbara Howard. And I'd like to speak in favor

of this new technology.

have been a single parent for 11 years. I have been divorced for 20. I intend to stay that way. But I also would like to have the opportunity to be in my home and feel safe from intruders on my telephone. I'd like the opportunity to be able to have the policeman track within seconds those teenagers, or those men who have nothing else to do with their lives at that particular moment, but to dial a phone number at random and harass me.

I don't like that. I don't feel safe with that. I need to have the option. This is a fantastic toy, if you will, for my safety. I'd like to have that option. The doctor says he doesn't want anybody to know where he's calling from because he doesn't want anybody to call him at home. All you have to do -- and the police say, "Well, we don't want to have our sting operations jeopardized." All you have to do is, like you said, be creative. If you don't want your patients to call you at home, tell them not to call you at home.

Policemen are great people when they come to stings. They think up these elaborate operations. I'm sure they can think of others that will keep them from being available with their numbers being known where they can be traced back to having the crooks know they

are cops. They do that quite well. They get these suites in these hotels; they do it every day.

So I don't see that this is an infringement upon the law enforcement operation or anybody else.

What I see it as, is a benefit to somebody like me. If I am alone and something happens to me, God forbid, but I may have a heart attack and I can get to the telephone and just call 911 and can't speak any further. Then I know that somebody on that other line will be able to know that I'm there on the floor in need of help.

We talked about the battered women. I was a battered woman 20 years ago before anybody wanted to even talk about it. If I had had a system where I could have let somebody know that my ex-husband was constantly calling my phone and harassing me, I would have loved it. I can see this as a benefit for those of us women who are the quote "weaker sex" and oftentimes the unprotected ones, with this kind of operation.

I pray that you look at that very seriously and weigh all the options that you have and look at the fact that the majority of people in this nation are women and a lot of us are single women, and we'd love to have this protection.

I thank you. 1 2 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much. 3 MR. SHREVE: Thank you. (Witness Howard excused.) 5 MR. SHREVE: Lonnie Robinson. 6 7 LONNIE ROBINSON 8 appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 9 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows: 10 11 WITNESS ROBINSON: Mr. Chairman, Commissioners, my name is Lonnie Robinson, I live at 12 6031 Northwest 201st Lane, Miami, Florida. 13 14 I would like to say that I am in favor of Caller ID. I think it is very essential that this 15 technology go forward. Each one of us is the castle of 16 our home, and everything, so we would like to know the 17 calls that are coming in. I think it would be a good 18 idea if this technology is advanced for us. 19 A couple of months ago I had an incident 20 occur that some young lady called my house and she was 2 1 using language my spouse said, "Do you know this lady?" 22 And if we had caller ID, we would have been able to 23

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trace the call, but I think it is very essential in the

future that these things that occur we can look at

24

25

this. I thank you.

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much.

3 MR. SHREVE: Thank you.

(Witness Robinson excused.)

MR. SHREVE: Mr. Gordon.

SETH GORDON

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS GORDON: My name is Seth Gordon.

There are a couple of things that I wanted to say, and part of what I was going to say is on behalf of my friend, Laura Bradley, because she wasn't sure that she wanted to speak tonight. So I guess she decided that you are a friendly looking group and that she decided that she would like to speak after me. So I would like to say half of what I was going to say and then let her say the other half of it.

To me, and I apologize, I know I am coming in at the end of a long day when you have probably heard every conceivable comment or observation or viewpoint about the subject, so I don't imagine that there is much new or original to say. But the whole question about, you know the concept of the technology, the

advances in technology, I see this as kind of a correction of a flaw that has been in place in the telephone system since its invention.

1.4

Many things in life have a bitter and sweet side to it and I think we have all been so appreciative of the good side of telephone service that we have been willing to accommodate or ignore the down side. And I think that the anonymity that telephone service, or intrusion into your home, has always been something that has been the dark side of telephone service.

enter my home. You can come in through the door or the windows or you can come in through the telephone. I would never allow anyone in my home through the door if they were clothed or hooded; if I didn't know who they were or didn't disclose their identity. I think we all feel that way, that that would be preposterous. That we would never let anyone into our home under those circumstances. Yet for 80 or 100 years, or as long as we have had telephones, we have been allowing anonymous people into our homes that way. Oftentimes it is not of great consequence, you know, even if the person is vexatious or troublesome, we can hang up on them and forget it. Oftentimes you can't do that, though, because they are persistent and they have an evil

-	libert and jou out to cause, blanc them off. It is that
2	part of the dark side of the anonymity of telephone
3	service that this holds the promise to correct.
4	I would like for my friend, Laura, to talk
5	about that because she had a particularly personal
6	experience with it. And I think if this technology had
7	been available as recently as eight months ago, she
8	would have been spared a great deal of heartache. And
9	because it wasn't, it was a little problem. So if
LO	Laura would, I would like for her to come up, and I
11	think she's next on the list if that would be all
12	right.
13	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Were you here when we swore
14	in the witnesses?
15	WITNESS GORDON: No, I wasn't.
16	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Can I go ahead and do that
17	with you and we will sort of make your oath
18	retroactive?
19	WITNESS GORDON: Absolutely.
50	(Witness Gordon sworn.)
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. SHREVE:
23	Q One question, Mr. Gordon, if I may.
24	A Sure.
25	Q Mr. Gordon, I take it from your comments that
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1	you would oppose blocking of a number on the screen?
2	A I suppose there might be some circumstances
3	where blocking under tight regulation would be okay.
4	There are certain sort of official phones I've heard,
5	you know, like in homes for battered women or places
6	where an identifiable telephone, where you know no
7	harassing calls are going to originate from there, I
8	think that blocking under those kinds of circumstances
9	would make a lot of sense.
10	Q But for the general public you feel that the
11	service would be not as effective, or not effective, if
12	blocking were allowed, either free or for a fee?
13	A I can't imagine a circumstance where that
14	would be justifiable, where a person could purchase the
15	block without giving a good reason why they should be
16	allowed to make anonymous phone calls.
17	Q If a person just by making that decision
18	themselves could purchase a block, that would make the
19	system ineffective?
20	A I believe so, yes.
31	MR. SHREVE: Thank you, sir.
22	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you.
23	(Witness Gordon excused.)
24	netty tops, over entir state
25	LAURA BRADLEY

appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:

witness BRADLEY: I'm not very comfortable speaking off-the-cuff to groups of people that I haven't rehearsed or written anything out, but I think this is important.

I guess a little less than a year ago, or maybe a year and a half --

CHAIRMAN WILSON: Would you give us your name, please, for the record?

WITNESS BRADLEY: I'm Laura Bradley.

A year and a half ago I had a prank caller which started off innocent enough and very rapidly took a decline to life-threatening. To the point where I had to involve the Metro-Dade Police Department and four detectives; Southern Bell, who tapped my phone; a 24-hour watch at one point on myself; police patrolling my apartment complex because the sounds and the tapes and the messages that the prank caller would record and would give into my phone recorder were something to take concern over. I mean, like I said, they were life-threatening.

If at the time when I was able to record these, or be at home and listening and being able to

look at the screen, I could have maybe avoided eight months of emotions such as terror, sleepless nights. I changed all the locks on my house, I changed my phone number. I met one, two, three times a week with the detectives, even to get them to take the case seriously enough was quite difficult to do. And at the time when they did take it seriously enough, they then terrified me because they would have these, you know, watches on the house; and they would call me to check in and they would say, "Perhaps you want to move in with your parents. Perhaps you want to go to a hotel."

1.4

This was really probably the worst thing that has ever happened in my life. It affected my school work, I was a college student; it affected my job; it affected my relationship with my family and friends because I became a liar. I had to lie to them and say that everything was fine. No, there's nothing wrong with me, while I'm losing weight, why I jump at everything.

I live next door to a cop. I couldn't confide in him because I didn't know who this person was. And Southern Bell could get me a list of the numbers from the tap, or the trace that they would put on my phone, but something always happened. Oh, this one was turned off, or they hadn't put the right

switching station on, and they would have to try again next week. Or this method was working but he didn't call this week.

Like I said, it was just hell. And if I had had something on my phone that would have enabled me right from the very start to identify a number, whether or not the caller knew about this, that I could have worked in conjunction with the Police Department and we could have caught the person. Or if he had known about this, he would have either have been asking to be caught or he would not have done this to begin with.

Now, I don't know what kind of a person I would be today if I had not undergone this experience, but I would have had a lot more nights of sleep and I probably would have had a lot more joyous moments because it really did take, you know, a toll on me personally, and all of my relationships, and everything in my life. It was a 24-hour-a-day problem.

And I would really ask that you consider strongly this type of case, and the fact that it happens to thousands of women out there, no matter what they look like, no matter who they are, no matter what their jobs are, no matter how educated they are, that this happens from men, from women, from all walks of life, and that you would be helping to improve their

peace of mind and the potential for any kind of danger. 1 2 CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you. 3 MR. SHREVE: Could I ask a question, please? CHAIRMAN WILSON: 4 Sure. 5 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. SHREVE: 6 7 In your situation there, you would like the Q 8 number to appear on the screen so that you could see it? 9 10 Yes. 11 And you would not be in favor of a system 12 where a person, like the person that was making the 13 calls to you, would be able to pay Southern Bell to 14 block their number off that screen, would you? I mean, I guess I would have to pay the 15 No. 16 price if that person was someone on the cooking staff at a battered woman's shelter, or someone, you know, a 17 doctor who was being able to do this on the side, 18 19 that's fine and I would accept that if they went as far 20 as even saying that 95% of the calls coming in would 21 have some kind of a number to register on my phone. But ignoring abuse centers and law 22 23 enforcement, or possibly doctors? I would be very unhappy if anyone could 24 Yes.

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25

block it.

1	Q If Bell had a system where a person could pay
2	either 75 cents or a dollar and block that off of your
3	screen, you would not be in favor of that?
4	A No.
5	Q Have you heard of Call Trace? I don't know
6	if anyone mentioned it to you or not.
7	A Of course. It became established shortly
8	after my case was
9	Q Okay. Then yo u are familiar with how the old
10	Call Trace was used and that did not work very well,
11	evidently?
12	A Right.
13	Q If Call Trace were available to you, not
14	necessarily instead of Caller ID, but if Call Trace
15	were available to you at any time at any phone that you
16	receive that type of call and you, by keying in a
17	certain number, could track that number or record that
18	number, would that be helpful?
19	A Yes, it would
20	Q Okay.
21	A Yes, it would.
22	MR. SHREVE: Thank you very much.
23	WITNESS BRADLEY: Thank you. We appreciate
24	your coming down and testifying.
25	(Witness Bradley excused.)

5	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Mr. Shreve, do you have any
3	other witnesses?
4	MR. SHREVE: I think that's all we have.
5	Is there anyone else here who wishes to
6	testify? (Pause) Yes, sir, did you want to testify?
7	Okay.
8	Have you been sworn, sir?
9	WITNESS KIMBALL: No.
10	(Witness Kimball sworn.)
11	FRED KIMBALL
12	appeared as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the
13	State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn,
14	testified as follows:
15	DIRECT EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. SHREVE:
17	Q If you would, go ahead and give us your name
18	and address up there and we will just take it down.
19	A My name is Fred Kimball, and I reside at 7715
20	Southwest 122nd Street.
21	I would like to voice my opposition to the
22	caller ID. After just listening to the last witness,
23	if I were that type of a person that I wanted to harass
24	someone and I knew that Caller ID was available, I
25	don't know how this exactly works, from just coming in

here, but I would go to a pay phone and each time I called her I would go to a different phone. If I knew that they had Caller ID and I knew the system was in place. So I don't think it would stop someone who wants to harass someone like what this lady went through, because there's always a way to get around it.

1.7

Many people pay for an unlisted number, and they have done it because they want their privacy protected. And it doesn't matter whether they call up a store for a quote on a price or they call whomever, they have chosen to pay for that unlisted number and they only give it out to the people that they want to have it.

I think I'm not opposed to Caller ID as having the service available, but I think that anyone who would want to have the blocking should have that option available at no extra costs if they are already paying for an unpublished number.

And I'm sure you have heard during the day, I heard the doctor here earlier, judges, policemen, if a teacher needs to get ahold of a student or call a parent in the evening when they are home from their house, then all of a sudden that teacher's number could become, you know, the student that she is calling about could find out her number and pass that number around

1	to all his friends. And a lot of teachers also get
2	harassed and having problems with students.
3	So I think this Caller ID, unless free
4	blocking is available for those that wish to have it,
5	that it is an invasion of their privacy.
6	Any questions?
7	That's all I have to say.
8	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Any questions?
9	COMMISSIONER BEARD: No questions.
10	COMMISSIONER MESSERSMITH: No.
11	CHAIRMAN WILSON: Thank you very much. Thank
12	you for coming here.
13	MR. SHREVE: Thank you.
14	(Witness Kimball excused.)
15	MR. SHREVE: Anyone else? (Pause)
16	That's all we have, Mr. Chairman.
17	CHAIRMAN WILSON: All right. If there are no
18	more witnesses, we will adjourn this hearing. Thank
19	you all very much for coming.
20	(Thereupon, hearing was adjourned at 8:25
21	p.m.)
22	and disp stee com
23	
24	
25	

1	FLORIDA)
2	COUNTY OF LEON)
3	
4	WE, CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RPR, and JOY
5	KELLY, CSR, RPR, Official Commission Reporters,
6	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the hearing in the
7	captioned matter, Docket No. 891194-TL, was heard by
8	the Florida Public Service Commission at the time and
9	place therein stated; it is further
10	CERTIFIED that we reported in shorthand the
11	proceedings held at such time and place; that the same
12	has been transcribed under our direct supervision, and
13	that the transcript consisting of 271 pages,
14	constitutes a true and accurate transcription of our
15	notes of said proceedings;
16	it is further
17	CERTIFIED that we are neither of counsel nor
18	related to the parties in said cause and have no
19	interest, financial or otherwise, in the outcome of
20	this docket.
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and seals at Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida, this 22nd day of October, A.D., 1990.

1.3

CAROL C. CAUSSEAUX, CSR, RPR

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