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1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2	Comprehensive Review of )
3	Customer Rebates for Trouble ) Docket No.910163-TL Reports of Southern ) 910727-TL
4	Bell Telephone & Telegraph ) Company )
5	
6	Fort Lauderdale, Florida
7	October 15, 1992
8	8:00 o'clock A.M.
9	
10	DEPOSITION
11	OF
12	SCOTT MULCAHY
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BROWARD REPORTING SERVICE

(305) 467-1467

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6	WITNESS:	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	
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9	SCOTT MULCAHY	6	38 .	42	
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BROWARD REPORTING SERVICE (305) 467-1467

# LAWYER'S NOTES

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1	APPEARANCES:
2	
3	OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL,
4	by SUSAN RICHARDSON ESQ., of counsel,
5	appearing on behalf of the Citizens of the
6	State of Florida.
7	
8	ROBERT BEATTY, ESQ.,
9	appearing on behalf of BellSouth
10	Telecommunications, Inc.
11	
12	JEAN WILSON, ESQ.,
13	appearing on behalf of Employment Service
14	Commission Staff.
15	
16	ALSO PRESENT:
17	
18	STAN GREER, Division of Communications.
19	CARL VINSCN, Division of Research and
20	Regulatory Review.
21	•
22	~ ~ ~
23	
24	Deposition of SCOTT MULCAHY, a witness of
25	lawful age, taken by the Citizens of the State of

evidence in the above-entitled cause, In re:

Comprehensive Review of Customer Rebates for Trouble

Reports of Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company,

pending before the Florida Public Service Commission,

pursuant to notice heretofore filed, before KATHLEEN

SCHWAB, a Notary Public in and for the State of Florida

at Large, at Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph

Company, Room 1015A, 6451 North Federal Highway, Fort

Lauderdale, Broward County, Florida, on the 15th day of

October, 1992, commencing at 8:00 o'clock A.M.

Thereupon:

### •

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida, and being first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

SCOTT MULCAHY

MS. RICHARDSON: Okay. Today is October
15th and we are at Southern Bell's offices. We
are in Southern Bell's offices in Fort
Lauderdale, located at 6451 North Federal
Highway, in room 1015A.

At this time, I would like to take appearances of record. My name is Sue Richardson. I am representing the Office of

Public Counsel in Docket 910163.

2

MS. WILSON: Jean Wilson, representing
Staff of Florida Public Service Commission-

3

With me here today are two members of the

5

Commission Staff, Carl Vinson and Stan Greer.

6

MR. BEATTY: Robert Beatty on behalf of

7

BellSouth Communications, Inc. doing business as

Let me state first that the deposition's

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Southern Bell.

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taken pursuant to proper notice as to the date,

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time and location; that the parties stipulate

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and agree that all evidentiary objections are

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observed except as to form and as to relevance;

14

number three, that we do not waive reading or

15

signing of the deposition, at least to the

16

extent that it is at some point transcribed.

17

Legal Department conducted an internal

18

investigation of the matters about which we will

And fourth, that, of course, Southern Bell

20

19

discuss here today, that that investigation was

21

conducted pursuant to the attorney/client

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privilege and the attorney work product

23

doctrine. As such, there should be no

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disclosures in this deposition regarding matters

25

that were learned in the course of the

investigation.

Mr. Mulcahy, in the event then that you are asked a question, the answer to which would cause you to reveal the substance of the internal investigation, I would request that you not provide that answer but that you identify the fact that there is something you are going to disclose that would, in fact, reveal some aspect of the investigation. We will then undertake any legal matters that we need to place of record in light of that fact. That, of course, does not mean that you should not testify with regard to your personal knowledge because, of course, you should.

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

#### BY MS. RICHARDSON:

- Q To start with, would you please state your name and spell it, for the Court Reporter?
  - A Sure. My name is Scott Mulcahy.
  - Q And your business address?
- A 6451 North Federal Highway, Fort Lauderdale, Room 1015.
  - Q Didn't have to come very far, did you?
  - A Right around the corner.
  - Q What's the zip code here?

1	A 33308.
2	Q Okay. And your business phone?
3	A 492-2800.
4	Q That's area code 305?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Your home address?
7	<b>A</b>
8	
9	Q And your home phone?
10	MR. BEATTY: I would object to that.
11	Let's not have him disclose that.
12	Q Is your home phone an unlisted number?
13	A No-
14	Q It's in the telephone book?
15	A Yes.
16	MS. RICHARDSON: Do you have any objection
17	to providing that information?
18	MR. BEATTY: 1 do.
19	MS. RICHARDSON: On what grounds?
20	MR. BEATTY: I request he not answer
21	because it has no relevance to this proceeding.
22	If you have - if you need to reach him, we stand
23	ready to receive any subpoenas, any kind of
24	legal process form, so, therefore, there's
2.5	

absolutely no need for him to disclose either

1	his personal address, for that matter, and
2	certainly not his telephone number.
3	Q Just for the record, you are not going to
4	give me your home phone number, based upon not your
5	counsel, but counsel's objections this morning?
6	A Yes.
7	Q What is your present position at
8	BellSouth?
9	A I'm general manager of network operations
10	for the southeast Florida area.
11	Q And what territory does that cover?
12	A It starts in Broward County where Dade
13	County leaves off. South Florida is essentially Dade
14	and Monroe County. I have Broward and Palm up to
15	Sebastian Inlet.
16	Q Okay. What are your responsibilities, Mr.
17	Mulcahy, in this position?
18	A Okay. I am the - I have employees. I
19	have 2,645 employees that design, construct, install
20	and maintain network services for BellSouth
21	Telecommunications.
22	Q In terms of installation and maintenance
23	then, does that include new service, as well as repair?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Who is your immediate supervisor?

I	A Jerry Sanders.
	· ·
2	Q And who is next level supervisor?
3	A Bill Ferguson.
4	Q Can you tell me how long you've held this
5	present position?
6	A I came to this job in August of 1991.
7	Q What did you do immediately prior to this
8 .	position?
9	A I was the assistant vice-president of
10	organizational studies at company headquarters in
11	Atlanta, Georgia.
12	Q Was this job a promotion then for you?
13	A No. This was a lateral.
14	Q Why did you make the move?
15	A The incumbent was ill, George Fortner, who
16	retired in actually November, but he was ill in that
17	time period and took early retirement, subsequently
18	passed away. I don't know if that's relevant for the
19	record, but real tragedy, 52 years old and cancer.
20	Q When did you start with the company?
21	A June of 1970, after graduating from
22	University of Miami.
23	Q So you've been with the company all of
24	your professional life?
25	A Yes, yes.

A Yes, yes.

1	Q And in terms of your experience with the
2	company, I know you presently supervise people with
3	installation and maintenance. Have you had any direct
4	experience in IMC?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And can you tell me about when that was
7	and what your duties were?
8	A Goes back to 1975. I was a second-level
9	manager and among other responsibilities, I had test
10	centers and cable repair and station repair. I was
11	In my transition in the company, I've held
12	every network job there is. I mean, I've been in
13	switching, engineering, I've been a district engineer,
14	I've been a manager in construction, in installation,
15	in maintenance.
16	I came in in 1970 under a college hire
17	program that on purpose sent me through these different
18	phases of the business, sometimes for short periods of
19	time, but it helped. It was a good learning
20	experience.
21	Q So you're sort of a management trainee,
22	working from the ground up in the company?
23	A After almost 23 years, I'm beyond the
24	training program, yes.
25	Q When you started, talking about 1975, when

1 you first got here? 2 Yes. Okay. Would you say then or the extent -3 characterize the extent of your knowledge in terms of 4 5 handling customer repair trouble reports, can you 6 explain to me, do you have a thorough knowledge of that process from the receipt of the report through clearing 7 8 and close of that report? 9 Α Yes. 10 Are you familiar with disposition codes? Not in great detail. I've been away from 11 A 12 that intricate of detail for a while, don't have a 13 detailed knowledge. Very general knowledge. 14 Q Generally, what is the disposition code? Disposition code is what the trouble was 15 Α 16 closed to. 17 Okay. Are you aware of any -- Well, let me start off and change here. Are you familiar with 18 19 the Public Service Commission Rule requiring the 20 company to complete repairs on out-of-service reports 21 within 24 hours at least 95 percent of the time? 22 Α Yes. 23 0 You're familiar with that index?

Yes.

Α

Q

24

25

Do you know of any disposition codes that

would exclude a trouble report from that index, from 1 2 being counted in that index? 3 Yes. Okay. And just generally, do you know 4 5 which ones or what kind of problems? Inclement weather, acts of God, generally 6 things beyond our normal clearing capability are 7 excludes, but that's about the extent of what I know. 8 I mean, I don't know, you know, 0000002... 9 10 You don't know the numbers? But I know conceptually. I mean, I could 11 12 go study the detail. I just don't do it in any 13 day-to-day job. 14 Are you familiar with the computer system 15 for processing trouble reports? 16 You have to be more specific. We are 17 system-laden. We have many systems, many processes. 18 I'd have to know which one you're talking about. 19 Are you familiar with the L-M-O-S, LMOS 20 system? 21 Yes. 22 Q Can you generally describe the process in 23 LMOS system for trouble reports, what happens, how it 24 handles the trouble report?

25

Well, LMOS is a line maintenance operation

system that contains customer record information, like name, address, facility, gives the repair attendance from the time the trouble's received, enough detail to know what the customer's reporting and where they are.

Beyond that, once the report's taken, it's processed through that system to the appropriate dispatching center or test center, at which time it's tested and if it needs a dispatch, it gets dispatched and it gets cleared and then it gets closed. That's pretty much the process and then each - along the way, it's statused, so we know if the customer calls back in again, your trouble's pending dispatch or your trouble is dispatched.

The technician then has a CAT terminal, a computer access terminal that - we live in acronyms, sorry to say, but we would punch in these discreet codes and say the drop was down, the terminal was off, the wire was broken. That's the disposition code.

Q Okay. In this clearing and closing process related to the index, the 95 percent index, how does the report get counted? How do you keep track of the time that that report is out-of-service and when it gets fixed or closed out?

A Now, the machine does it. The clock time is the closing time.

1	Q How long has it been now, when you say
2	now?
3	A At least this year. At least - and again,
4	I'm reflecting back. I've been here since August of
5	'91. It was either late '91 or early '92 when these
6	features were put into where there's - I mean, time is
7.	the time. When you punch in the close time, it's the
8	time the machine says it is.
9	Q So that's just been a recent change then?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Do you know why that change was made?
12	A Well, yeah. It was done to eliminate any
13	human judgment.
14	Q In determining when a report might have
15	been closed out?
16	. A Yes.
17	Q So, before this change then, it was
18	possible for a maintenance administrator or manager or
19	someone to input a clearing and closing time?
20	A Yes, it was possible.
21	Q Okay. So they could have put in any time
22	basically in that machine for that particular - any
23	particular report?
24	A Yes.
25	Q As having cleared and closed?

## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Comprehensive Review of )
Customer Rebates for Trouble )
Reports of Southern )Docket No.910163-TL
Bell Telephone & Telegraph ) 910727-TL
Company )

To: Robert Beatty, Esq.
Suite 1910
150 West Flagler Street
Miami, Florida 33130

Your client's deposition taken in the above-styled case on the 15th day of October, 1992 is now ready for signature. Please have your client come to this office and sign same; or, if you wish to waive the signing of the deposition, please so advise.

If this deposition has not been signed by November 23, 1992 or the signature thereto waived, I shall forward the deposition under the Rules of Civil Procedure.

If you have any reason which you would like for me to place on the deposition as to your failure to sign the same, please so advise.

Very truly yours,

BROWARD REPORTING SERVICE, INC., 110 Southeast Sixth Street Suite 1890 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301

By: Xattleen Schwab
Court Reporter

DATE: November 9, 1992

COPY

A And legitimately so. There are many cases

I can cite in my own mind where we would have a major

cable failure, is the best example, and maybe have
2,000 customers out-of-service at once. There is a 
there is a discreet time to type in each close. You

got to do that 2,000 times. Time elapses.

We could have cleared that cable failure at 8:20 and not physically gotten around to closing out all those troubles till noontime, so technically, customer service has been restored.

- Q Are you familiar with the tracker program?
- A No.
- Q In cable, tracker mapper?
- A Mapper, yes. Okay. Mapper tracker.

  Tracker mapper. I think it's mapper tracker, to me,
  but, yes, I'm familiar generally with that system.
- Q Are you familiar with the process of closing out cable reports in bulk through tracker so that all the reports are closed out simultaneously, according to one time entered into the report?
- A I've heard about that. It's since my time. My time in the center was very manual, but I have heard of being able to do some of that, yes.
- Q So that would have taken care of that problem that you were just speaking about, 2,000

Hе

1 reports could be closed out in one basic key stroke? I don't know that to be a fact, but it 2 could, I guess. I'm not that familiar with mapper 3 4 tracker. Okay. Do you know whether this recent 5 change in removing discretion on inputting times was a 6 result of problems that have arisen that you're aware 7 8 of? MR. BEATTY: I'm going to object. It's 9 been asked and answered. He already indicated 10 what the purpose was. 11 MS. RICHARDSON: But he didn't tell me 12 13 what it was a result from. I got the purpose but not the result from, if it was meant to cure 14 15 a known and isolated problem in the company. just told me the purpose was to remove the 16 17 discretion. 18 In my view, it was, and, yes, I'm familiar 19 with all the cases that the company has been involved 20 It was to assure that there would be no 21 continuance or, if anything, would err in the behalf of 22 the customer, going back to the clear, close issue. 23 There are plenty of cases where our

24

delighted with their service, which may take another ten minutes, which may take another half hour, which also may carry it over the 24-hour business of the time of receipt to the time cleared. That's good business. We want to delight our customers, we want to satisfy our customers.

If that technician looks at his or her watch and says, now I'm over the 24-hour clock but, in fact, that dial tone has been back for 30 minutes, service was technically restored, but the machine's going to say you're over 24 hours.

So, I'm trying to make the point that the company has now made the policy decision to err in behalf of the customer, give the customer the benefit of the doubt. I mean, it's a rather strong move, in my judgment, in behalf of the customer.

- Q How does a report become statused out-of-service or affecting service?
  - A There are VER codes.
  - Q V-E-R?

A VER codes that, in fact, take a test and compare it to a table, and I see this kind of trouble that he indicates to an out-of-service. So there's a translation, if you will, between what the test sees and what we have determined to be an out-of-service

condition for the customer or if the customer says my phone doesn't work, then we take that and put it in as an out-of-service trouble. So we use the customer and/or this table and if there's any - when in doubt, it's stroked out-of-service.

Q Have there been any changes recently to company policy on statusing reports from out-of-service to affecting service?

those that may have been borderline in the past. Reality is a phone can be marginal. It can work, be staticky. You can test it, you can talk to the customer and one second later, it can go click and it doesn't work anymore. So technically, you got an affecting service trouble one second and an out-of-service trouble the next second. That's a reality.

But if anywhere along the line, it's determined that the trouble's out-of-service, here we go again, on the - biasing on behalf of the customer, which is the right thing to do, we're statusing out-of-service. Once it's out-of-service, it can't be changed back the other way, which I think is a good rule. I mean, if it's ever out, it's out.

Q Are you aware of any changes to the VER

Ŧ	code combinations that were statused out-of-service?
2 .	A Yes, but not the details. Again, I know
3	the tables were expanded.
4	Q Are you aware of whether or not a VER code
5	in 1990 could be manually input?
6	A Yeah, if we're saying that you could
7	status trouble manually, yes. Is that your question?
8	Q Okay. There are different ways to status.
9	One is through VER code and one is through result code.
10	Are you familiar with result codes?
11	A No.
12	Q Are you aware of a company change in
13	policy that VER codes would no longer be manually input
14	after 1992 with the exception of message reports?
15	A Not No, not in that term. I know we've
16	limited the number of people who can access the system
17	to change the trouble status. I do know that. If
18	we're saying the same thing, then I do know that, with
19	limited access to the systems, again, as a safeguard,
20	to make sure that we're beyond reproach with regard to
21	trouble reporting systems.
22	Q Okay. In your opinion, then with these
23	changes that have happened, will there be more trouble
24	reports from customers statused out-of-service than _
25	there were in the past?

A Yes.

Q So, it will increase the total number of out-of-service for the company throughout Florida?

A Yes.

meet that 95 percent index?

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In relation to the 95 percent index, with the two changes that we've talked about, increasing the total number of out-of-service base and the closing time of being machine time on final status, in your opinion, how will that affect the company's ability to

that there'll be more that we must get within 24 hours, but I've got to tell you we're geared up to do it. I mean, we have the right force plan and the right strategy to give the best service we've ever given. I mean, I can honestly say that, based on being the guy in charge.

I have almost 2,700 people, almost two million access lines to manage. I've never felt better about being able to delivery excellent service to the customers. That is a very positive feeling, so we're going to give it our best shot to get everybody within 24 hours. Forget the 95. I want them all and we're

going to try like heck to do that.

Q Okay. Mr. Mulcahy, is part of your

Ţ	responsibility as a supervisor to discipline employees
2	when you find misconduct or inappropriate behavior,
3	defalcation?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Can you briefly explain to me the
6	discipline process that you administer?
7	A Yes. Counsel, warn, suspend, terminate is
8	essentially a four-step process. There are exceptions
9	to any rule, but that's the working agreement between
10	BellSouth Telecommunications and Communication Workers
11	of America for the represented employees.
12	We also have 450 management people that
13	are not represented. They are out of the collective
14	bargaining units and, basically, the company would take
15	the same kind of counsel, warn, suspend, terminate
16	procedure, but then again, depending on the
17	circumstance, you do the discipline in accordance with
18	the offense.
19	Q So, have you had occasion then to
20	discipline craft and management employees?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Have you heard the terms backing up the
23	time used in any context during your time in the
24	company?
25	A Yes.

Q And in what context?

A Following our previous or earlier conversation about when trouble is physically complete versus physically closed, there can be a gap between clear and closed. Backing up, to me, is going back to whenever the customer had the service restored and on a percentage basis, I still agree with that because I trust people and I think they should use good judgment and what's right is right.

If the customer had service restored at 8:20 A.M. and it's now 9 o'clock and the technician, for whatever reason, forgot - didn't do what they were supposed to do, they should be able to back up to whenever it was physically completed. That's Scott's view of the word. That's not BellSouth's view of the world. BellSouth's view is if it's 9 o'clock, it's 9 o'clock.

- Q Have you ever had occasion to discipline an employee for improperly backing up the time on a report?
  - A No, not personally, no.
- Q Have you ever heard of any employee being disciplined on that charge?
  - A Heard, heard, heard. Yes.
  - Q Can you tell me what you have heard, who

was involved?

MR. BEATTY: If the substance of what you've heard resulted from or is in some way tied to the investigation, then you need to say that it is tied to the investigation.

THE WITNESS: Okay. It was tied to the investigation.

MR. BEATTY: At this point then, I would request that you not respond to the extent that his response would reveal and disclose substance of the investigation, which is privileged and confidential. I request that he not respond to that question.

Q Okay. Mr. Mulcahy, I can't -- To get just a little bit more clear on how it's tied to the investigation, did you read some - a written document from the investigation that is the basis of your information?

MR. BEATTY: Yes or no?

- A No, didn't read anything. Hearsay.
- Q Okay. When you say hearsay, you mean not information that came from the company investigators but general scuttlebutt among the staff?
- A Yes. I mean, it was -- Yes, it was general scuttlebutt among the staff.

1 Q Okay. 2 MR. BEATTY: I would withdraw my 3 objection. MS. RICHARDSON: Thank you. 5 0 Then what have you heard? 6 What I heard was hearsay. I was in 7 Atlanta and the employees in Miami that were terminated, it was based on - at least what I heard -8 9 them backing up the clock and/or the earlier question 10 of building the base of out-of-service and that, in 11 itself, was confused because I heard both versions. 12 I heard they were fired for backing up the 13 clock and I heard they were fired for building the 14 base. And it wasn't clear, you know, which was the 15 truth, if either. But you know that's the only 16 recollection I have of hearing any of the details of 17 discipline. 18 Q Did you hear any names of people that were 19 involved? 20 Yes. 21 Q All right. Who were they? 22 Α Joe Lesko and Nancy Valisia. 23 Are those the only two individuals that 24 you're familiar with?

Yes.

1	Q And was that the full extent - full and
2	complete extent of the conversations or the information
3	that you heard?
4	A Yes, best of my knowledge, yes.
5	Q Have you ever heard of a manager - or a
6	policy in an IMC where a maintenance administrator was
7	directed to call a manager to get permission to close
8.	out an out-of-service report?
9	MR. BEATTY: Object to the form of the
10	question. It's compound. You can answer.
11	A I don't really understand the question.
12	Q Have you heard of the existence of a
13	policy within an IMC where maintenance administrators
14	were directed to call managers to get permission to
15	close out out-of-service reports?
16	A No.
17	Q Have you ever directed any of your people
18	to put that policy in place in an IMC?
19	A No.
20	Q Has anyone ever directed you to put that
21	policy in place?
22	A No.
23	Q I'm going to test your memory a little
24	here, as if we haven't already been doing that.

A Okay.

1	Q Ale you familial with the no notice of
2	the NAS, no access subscriber code?
3	A Familiar with no accesses, yes.
4	Q Can you give me a general idea of what
5	your knowledge of that is?
6	A Dispatch trouble or an order -
7	installation order and try to gain access to the
8	premise and can't. The policy is a technician leaves a
9	notification that they tried to gain access and to have
10	the customer call back so we can gain access. I don't
11	know about the codes, but conceptually, we try to fix
12	it inside and nobody's home.
13	Q And is the customer notified that the
14	people were out there to fix the phone?
15	A Yes. The technician is supposed to leave
16	a door hanger or a notification of some sort that we
17	tried to gain access.
18	Q Do you know whether or not that code has
19	any effect on whether that particular report is counted
20	in the index, the out-of-service?
21	A I think it's excluded and, again, I think
22	it is because we attempted to reach a customer and
23	couldn't, so in good faith, we tried, nobody was home,
2 4	so I think it's excluded.
25	Q Do you know of anyone who has used the no

access code in order to stop the clock on out-of-service reports to keep them from going out-of-service over 24 hours?

A No, I'm not familiar with anybody doing that.

- Q Have you ever heard of anybody doing that?
- A No.
  - Q Have you ever directed anyone to do that?
  - A No.
  - Q What -- As a manager and a supervisor of close to 2,700 employees, dealing with customer repair and installation and maintenance, how do you assure yourself that the highest integrity is being met, that these people aren't attempting to meet an index when maybe your goal is integrity over index, miss the index, I rather have integrity?
  - A I've said that. It's very difficult to get almost 2,700 people marching in the same direction. We're a big business. We're trying hard. I mean, I think that you do that by example. Total quality is walk the talk. I try very hard to do that.

I've been to headquarters twice. I've seen the big picture. I think I understand where the business is going, so my job is to provide a strategic direction, which is do the right thing, do what's right

for the customer and, frankly, let the indexes fall where they may.

Measurements are necessary to run a business, but measurement shouldn't guide bad behavior and that's my philosophy. And I hope if you went out, interviewed everybody that worked for me and knows me - not all 2,700 do. I haven't had time to go see everybody, but my management team should expound that philosophy 'cause I've been beating that drum now for a year and something, a year and three or four months.

Q I have here - and I think this relates to exactly what you're trying to tell me - a memorandum with your name on the letterhead, dated December 11, 1991. I believe C.J. Sanders. Would you take a look at that page and the page following that and see if that's yours?

- A That's mine.
- Q Okay.

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- A That's my philosophy.
- Q So, in that, you state one of your number one goals is integrity and insuring that integrity is met?
  - A Yes.
- Q Then I'd like to see -- Let me ask. Other
  than setting the policy and walking the talk as an

example to your staff, how do you insure that defalcations, improper handling of reports, customer trouble reports are caught early, that you become aware of them so that you can take whatever appropriate action you deem necessary? How do you insure yourself that that is in place?

A Okay. It's a great question. Through continuous follow-up, I monitor. My philosophy of measuring my operation is continuous improvement.

Where were you this time last year and what were you doing? Where are you this year and what are you doing?

We do have a staff that goes out and does periodic reviews. They'll do reviews at my request, they'll do reviews because it's time to do reviews, which is annual in some things, quarterly in other things. I'm proud to say that we've had reviews on contract administration, on coding and scoring of troubles, on things that have been looked at and into and it is working, I mean, the philosophy of do the right thing, right out to the technicians.

The technicians in southeast Florida have been told you've got to do a good day's work. We pay you well to do well to the customers, but instead of having an absolute number of tasks per day, we want you to do the right thing by the customer.

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Now, this is a long-term buy-in by everybody because no matter how effective I am as a manager and no matter how effective my managers are as managers, if I don't convince the technician that knocks on the door and meets the customer that that customer's important, then we lose. And that, again, is my philosophy.

In follow-up, we have management reports out of MTAS, which is mechanized trouble analysis system or something like that, which give us weekly reports back into the installation, maintenance centers and it looks at all the no accesses, I mean, gives you a printout and says these are no accesses and here's how they were coded. And I've charged the managers and the associate managers in these test centers to analyze that each week and make sure that we're not having a problem in coding 'cause this is a complex business.

I mean, we're not talking about a business that has one set of codes. I mean, we've got thousands of codes. So that's the way I'm doing it. I'm trying to do what's logical and what's right and have limited the number of people that can go in the system. We've tried to make sure that if we err, it's on the side of the customer.

I'm ready to try something in '93 that I

think is kind of neat. When a customer calls in for an installation appointment, at the end of that contact, I want to try, well, when would you like that. Right now, we tell them you can of it in two days, three days. It's fun to try these new things and get customer service -- I know I'm not supposed to talk a lot. I get cranked up.

Trust me. Mr. Beatty loves this.

A I get cranked up because this is the fun stuff of running the job. If I can get other people as excited - I think I can - over trying new things. I mean, we get bogged down in too many measurements.

What's the bottom line? The bottom line is the customer wants service, when do you want it.

If you have a trouble, I'd like to clear it the same afternoon, you know, if you called in. And there's always limitations on resources. I haven't got 12,000 people. I got 2,000 or 2,600. So, those kind of things are what I see happening in our area over the next several years.

Q Would you consider that a change in emphasis?

A I'm different. Yes. Lot of it is me, I think, and my boss' emphasis - he's very customer focused.

Q That's Mr. Sanders?

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- Mr. Sanders is a great boss to have Α that kind of support 'cause you've got to have - and it's all the way through the organization. I know all the way up to our chief executive officers are focused on delighting customers.
- Did you get an impression when you came then that perhaps the emphasis was more on meeting measurements than on pleasing customers and you're trying to make an effort to change that now?
  - MR. BEATTY: Object to the form of the It's leading, but you can answer.
- I think measurements are an important part of running the business. I think measurements can and do drive behavior. I think we have to be careful with how we use measurements in our business and, yes, I think my focus is on using measurements to delight the customer. So, yes, my focus is - my focus is different and - but it's different than a lot of people's focus.
- Let me try this one different way then. 0 In inculcating your philosophy down the ranks, have you found that your managers prior to your presence had a greater emphasis on meeting measurements than they did on quality service?
  - MR. BEATTY: If you know.

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- From your discussions with them. Q
- Yes, we were very results-oriented.
- Do you primarily rely then on the Okay. day-to-day oversight of employee behavior and conduct upon your managers?
  - Mm-hm. A
- So, if your managers are involved or focused on meeting an index and impliedly - not overtly, but impliedly condoning behavior that may not be of the highest integrity, are you sure that you would find out about it?

MR. BEATTY: I object to the form of the question. It's purely speculative, but if you can answer that, you're welcome to.

That's a tough one. I aspire for them all to join in on the total quality way of running the business. I mean, I go out and speak to groups all the time, like after this, I'm off to a 30-year presentation to one of the technical people out in the network operation center. And what I'll say out there is you got to do what's right even when somebody's not watching you. And that gets into the personal ethics and integrity thing. And I'm not as naiive as to believe that I have 450 evangelists working for me, but I want them to be empowered to do the job.

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when I started with this company in 1970 in the old Bell System, there was a practice for everything. I mean, my first few months with the company was reading practices. Besides being terribly boring, it was very limiting. The company's changed. The company has increased our spans of control. We're in a competitive world.

It's much more challenging to be a good manager today. You got to be a coach and a facilitator rather than just a director of what needs to be done. And in my view, I have some of each. I have leading edge super people and I have some that I need to develop further and I got a big group in between that are in transition.

So, no, I don't think they're all perfect.

But I'm working on trying to get them to -- You got to start with what's here, you got to start with the mentality of it all. You have to buy in that we're going to do the right thing to the customers. And instead of me saying, well, you're empowered, except I'm going to go make all the decisions, I don't make all the decisions. I do empower my operations managers and their district engineers and the managers to do the right thing. And my oversight is I get tons of reports.

We're still -- We got data and lots and lots of data. And I'm good at it. I'm good at looking at trends - I think I'm good at it - and monitoring the job. And I do look for exceptions. I'm into control charts, upper limits, lower limits, things running along fairly well. Then I let the business run. If there's something that looks out of line, then we check

And again, we'll always, I think, be in continuous improvement, trying to simplify the business, but it's getting complicated, it's not getting easier. The demands from the customers are getting more complicated, so it's more of a challenge.

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And if there were things that were going wrong in my division, I didn't know about them because we had passed several operation reviews from a fairly high level in staff and the results were good.

So there was an integrity problem but it wasn't showing up on any of the BLIP mechanisms that you had?

- A Undetected by me, yes.
- Q Okay. Are you anymore comfortable now with being able to detect --
  - Yes.
  - O -- BLIPs?
- Getting back to the and I think that's Α again what prompted the changes in systems and prompted the clear-close change, making clock close out trouble, limiting access to the systems. We have changed those procedures, and the controls are much tighter.
- Q You're familiar with the system. You know the changes that have been put in place?

A Mm-hm.

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Q In your opinion, is it still possible for an individual to manipulate an out-of-service report in order to meet some of the indexes that the company requires the company employees to meet?

MR. BEATTY: Objection to the form of the question. It's purely 100 percent speculative. If you can fathom a guess on that, by all means.

A I don't think so. I think there's too many checks and balances. Even if it was changed, there are detection reports that would highlight that change.

You do realize how many orders we process and how many troubles we handle. I mean, think about - I got 1,800,000 access lines. And about two percent of them a month have a trouble, I mean, an installation order. I would say there are billions of opportunities just in my mind, running the numbers. And I think the checks and balances are very thorough.

I think the company has spent an inordinate amount of time trying to think of every way under the sun to make sure we've got the right checks and balances, in good faith. So I'd answer no, I don't know of any way they could do it.

Q Outside of what you've already testified

to here today, are you aware of any employee who has 1 2 falsified a customer trouble report? 3 No. Have you ever had occasion throughout 1975 5 to present to report an employee to company security or 6 internal affairs for mishandling a customer trouble 7 report? 8 No. 9 Do you know if anyone has ever reported 10 you for having done so? 11 No. If they did, they kept it a secret. 12 I mean, I never got accused of anything. 13 I'm going to give you an opportunity, for 14 the record. Have you, yourself, ever personally 15 falsified a customer trouble record? 16 Α Never. 17 MS. RICHARDSON: Okay. Mr. Mulcahy, I 18 want to thank you for your presence here today. 19 I appreciate the time. I know how busy you are 20 in your position. I have no further questions 21 at this time, but some of the staff may have one 22 or two before we can let you hustle off. 23 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. VINSON: 24 25 In response to one of Ms. Richard's

questions about how do you prevent defalcation, you
mentioned some staff reviews periodic and at your
request. Those staff reviews, which staff are you
referring to that performs those?

A That would be the implementation staff of BellSouth Telecommunications. They're based either here in Miami or in Jacksonville. And they're functional, so if it was a repair kind of audit, it would be Fort Lauderdale. If it was engineering, it would be Miami. If it was construction, it would be Jacksonville, so it would depend on the detail of the audit, but it's the local staff. They don't report to me. They report to people in Birmingham and Atlanta, but they're at my call to help me monitor the operation.

Q The Jacksonville - for example, the Jacksonville staff would be the one under Mr. T.C. Taylor?

A Yes, that's correct.

Q Your prior jobs specifically, I'd like to clear that up a little bit. You mentioned being a turf manager or division manager in Miami. Which division was that?

A Central Dade. Now, it's different than it's configured today but still named the same, but

some of the wire centers are the same, some aren't.

- Q What was the term, the dates when you served there as division manager?
- A September of 1987 to June of 1989, 21 months.
- Q Let me ask you, Ms. Richardson asked a very hypothetical question about an employee attempting to beat the system currently. Let me get a little bit more specific, maybe that 'll help.

If a service tech was out on a trouble, having been dispatched and was to - let's say he's approaching the 24-hour mark and he realizes it's probably going to take longer than that to clear the trouble. He goes ahead and keys in on his CAT, let's say, at 23 and a half hour mark and then proceeds over it next hour to actually clear it. How would that system be able to detect that that has been reported as cleared before it actually was?

A If there was still a trouble on the line, first thing it would show is that at this point in time, technician, whoever that person is, closed out a trouble and it still had a shorted repair or ground or some default test it's supposed to be able to test through and show that the trouble's been cleared, and it wouldn't be cleared.

I mean, I guess it would be done. I'm thinking as I'm talking here with regard to - I guess anything's possible. They could close it with it still being out-of-service, could initiate a flow report, start working on it again, but that would not only look strange, I think it would be cause for management to look at it.

Q Let me try a different question, probably a better question. After a service tech closes a trouble, is a new test required or performed by someone to verify that it is now back in service?

A It's not automatic. It's -- We're saying that it needs to be done to assure the trouble's cleared. You're right, it's not an automatic thing. When you close out the trouble, it automatically makes a test.

So theoretically, I guess you're right.

It could be closed out with trouble on the line. It would look kind of strange to have that and then have an employee report and then have it closed out again an hour later. I guess it could. I just never thought of it that way.

MR. VINSON: Those are all the questions I have.

MR. GREER: I don't have any.

1 MS. RICHARDSON: I'd like one more, if I 2 could, if that's all right. 3 MR. BEATTY: Sure. REDIRECT EXAMINATION 5 BY MS. RICHARDSON: б 0 This is a memo to R.K. Snelling, dated January 4th, 1990. It has your name on the letterhead. 7 8 Could you please see if that's yours? 9 Α Mm-hm. 10 0 Down toward the bottom of the last 11 paragraph, I think it mentioned you met with some craft 12 people, something to do with - about initial gripe 13 sessions. Can you explain to me what that involves? 14 Yeah, I'll be glad to. This dealt with 15 when I was turf manager in central Dade. I used to go 16 to the home dispatch meetings to talk about service and 17 important things to run the business. The gripe 18 session was the ice is brown, my truck is dirty, I 19 can't get the screwdriver I need. Those were the 20 initial gripe sessions. 21 What was neat about that was after we got 22 through that, we started talking about the real stuff, 23 like why do we do this in the business, I heard 24 so-and-so was happening in North Carolina. And I like

to go out and talk to those people because they were

1 desperately in need of having somebody to talk to them 2 at a high enough level in the company. That's what that meant. 3 Gripe sessions were, in my mind, things 4 that were easy to fix, that probably should have been 5 6 fixed at lower levels but for whatever reason weren't, 7 and I fixed them. I got their ice white, I got them 8 new trucks when they needed it and new tools and life 9 went on.

Q Did any of the gripe sessions entail complaints by craft about handling of customer records or being -- Let's start with that.

office people aren't working with me. A lot of my job at that level was trying to coordinate all the pieces of the puzzle to work together so, no, they never complained about out-of-services.

Q Okay. And you never heard in any of those sessions about possible problems with handling customer records?

A No. That's right, I didn't.

MS. RICHARDSON: Okay. Thanks.

(Whereupon, the deposition was concluded at 9:00 A.M.)

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(Signature of Witness)

## CERTIFICATE

STATE OF FLORIDA )
: SS.
COUNTY OF BROWARD )

I, KATHLEEN SCHWAB, a Notary Public duly commissioned and qualified in and for the State of Florida at Large, do hereby certify that pursuant to notice heretofore filed, there came before me on the 15th day of October, 1992, at Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company, Room 1015A, 6451 N. Federal Highway, Fort Lauderdale, Broward County, Florida, the following named person, to wit: SCOTT MULCAHY, who was by me duly sworn to testify to the truth and nothing but the truth of his knowledge touching and concerning the matters in controversy in this cause; that he was thereupon examined upon his oath and his examination reduced to writing under my supervision, and that the

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deposition is a true record of the testimony given by the witness; and that said witness read the same and subscribed his name thereto.

I further certify that on the 9th day of September, 1992, I notified Robert Beatty, Esq. that the deposition of SCOTT MULCAHY was now ready for signature.

I further certify that I am neither attorney nor counsel for, nor related to nor employed by, any of the parties to the action in which this deposition is taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto, or financially interested in the action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this 9th day of October, 1992.

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Notar Public, State of Florida at Large

My Commission expires: December 6, 1992.

## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Comprehensive Review of ) - Customer Rebates for Trouble )
Reports of Southern )Docket No.910163-TL
Bell Telephone & Telegraph ) 910727-TL
Company )

To: Robert Beatty, Esq.
Suite 1910
150 West Flagler Street
Miami, Florida 33130

Your client's deposition taken in the above-styled case on the 15th day of October, 1992 is now ready for signature. Please have your client come to this office and sign same; or, if you wish to waive the signing of the deposition, please so advise.

If this deposition has not been signed by November 23, 1992 or the signature thereto waived, I shall forward the deposition under the Rules of Civil Procedure.

If you have any reason which you would 'like for me to place on the deposition as to your failure to sign the same, please so advise.

Very truly yours,

BROWARD REPORTING SERVICE, INC., 110 Southeast Sixth Street Suite 1890 Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301

By: Kattleen Schwab
Court Reporter

DATE: November 9, 1992

COPY