BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Petition on behalf of CITIZENS) OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA to Initiate Investigation into Integrity of SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY's Repair Service Activities and Reports.

DOCKET NO. 910163-TL

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DATE:

TIME:

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REPORTED BY:

DEPOSITION OF:

TAKEN AT THE INSTANCE OF: 11

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DENNIS SLATTERY

Citizens of the State of Florida, by and through

Jack Shreve, Office of

Public Counsel

Thursday, July 30, 1992

Commenced at 8:00 a.m. Concluded at 9:45 a.m.

6451 North Federal Highway

Room 1015A

Fort Lauderdale, Florida

JANE FAUROT

Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at Large

ACCURATE STENOTYPE REPORTERS, INC. 100 SALEM COURT

TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32301

(904) 878-2221

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ACCURATE STENOTYPE REPORTERS, INC.

1	APPEARANCES:
2	REPRESENTING THE SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY:
3	HARRIS R. ANTHONY, ESQUIRE
4	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
5	d/b/a Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company
_	c/o Marshall M. Criser, III
6	150 South Monroe Street, Suite 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32301
7	
8	REPRESENTING THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA:
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3	c/o The Florida Legislature
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	Room 812
11	Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1400
12	REPRESENTING THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE
13	COMMISSION:
	JEAN WILSON, ESQUIRE and
14	STAN GREER, Class B Practitioner
	FPSC Division of Legal Services Florida Public Service Commission
15	101 East Gaines Street
16	Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0863
17	REPRESENTING MR. DENNIS SLATTERY:
18	MARK H. HILDEBRANDT, ESQUIRE
	2301 Collins Avenue
19	Suite M-14
20	Miami, Beach, Florida 33139
	ALSO PRESENT:
21	Water Park of Public Garage
22	WALTER BAER, Office of Public Counsel.
	CARL VINSON, FPSC Division of Communications.
23	
24	
_	* * * * *
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STIPULATIONS

The following deposition of DENNIS SLATTERY was taken on oral examination, pursuant to notice, for purposes of discovery, for use in evidence, and for such other uses and purposes as may be permitted by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and other applicable law. Reading and signing of said deposition by the witness is not waived. All objections, except as to the form of the question, are reserved until final hearing in this cause; and notice of filing is waived.

* * * * * * *

Thereupon,

DENNIS SLATTERY

was called as a witness, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

MS. RICHARDSON: Okay. I would like to give the date and time. Today is July 30, 1992, and it's 8:45 in the morning, and we are at Southern Bell's offices at 6451 North Federal Highway in Fort Lauderdale.

Appearances of record for the day will be Sue Richardson with the Office of Public Counsel and Walt Baer, who is on Staff with the Public Counsel.

MS. WILSON: I am Jean Wilson. I represent the Staff of the Florida Public Service Commission. With me is Stan Greer, he is a Class B Practitioner, and

is that nobody else can obtain the contents of that investigation. This cannot be discovered. As a result of that, if you should receive any questions during this deposition that ask you for your knowledge about that investigation, either what you may have been told by somebody or what you heard, or anything else that is related to the investigation, other than the fact that you participated in it, if you did, then I'm going to ask you not to answer those questions. So, to the extent that you can answer the questions with knowledge that you have that's derived from anything other than the investigation, of course, you're free to answer those questions, if they are not otherwise objectionable, and I would hope that you would do so fully, completely and honestly. Okay?

THE WITNESS: Sure.

MS. RICHARDSON: Okay. And I have just one or two preliminary things, and it deals with communications so that you and I understand what you mean when you use the words, for instance, "I don't know." I want to be sure that we are both communicating, we both understand what that means. It is a very common term but sometimes common terms get misunderstood. For instance, when you say "I don't know," or if I ask you, "Do you know this, that or the other," and you answer,

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Carl Vinson, both a part of the Commission Staff.

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MR. ANTHONY: Hank Anthony, on behalf of Southern

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Bell Telephone and Telegraph.

MR. HILDEBRANDT: Mark H. Hildebrandt, on behalf

of the witness, Mr. Slattery.

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MR. ANTHONY: Before we get started, Mr.

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Hildebrandt, we have had some stipulations throughout

8

the three days of depositions so far, and I want to

9

make sure that you don't have any problem with them.

10

We have the fact that the deposition has been noticed pursuant to proper notice; that we won't go off

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the record without the deponent's consent; that reading

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and signing will not be waived, and that we'll reserve

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any objections except as to the form of the question.

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until the time of the use of the transcript at hearing.

16

Are those agreeable with you?

17

MR. HILDEBRANDT: Fine.

18

MR. ANTHONY: One other thing, Mr. Slattery, these depositions are part of an investigation that has been

And as you probably are aware, Southern Bell has

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begun by the Florida Public Service Commission into

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Southern Bell's trouble reporting practices.

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conducted its own investigation of those practices.

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That investigation was done by the Legal Department,

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and it was a privileged investigation. What that means

"No," then I would like that, for our purposes, if you can agree to it, to mean that you have no personal, direct knowledge about whatever events or whatever persons or whatever happenings we may be discussing at that time. I would also like it to mean, for purposes of this deposition, that you have no hearsay knowledge or from any secondary source, newspaper knowledge. In other words, you just absolutely don't know. Is that acceptable?

THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.

MS. RICHARDSON: Then, also, for "I don't recall" or "I don't remember," or if I ask you do you remember such and such and you say, "No," then I would like that to mean that your mind is an absolute blank, there is no fragments of memory tickling out here, so that we are clear on that. Is that acceptable?

THE WITNESS: Sure.

MS. RICHARDSON: Okay.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. RICHARDSON:

- Q Then if you would, for the record, I would like for you to state your name, and if you would spell it, so that we have it accurate.
 - A Dennis Slattery, S-L-A-T-T-E-R-Y.
 - Q And your address, please?

1	A	
2	Q Mr. Slattery, what is your present position with	
3	Southern Bell?	
4	A I am the manager of the installation maintenance	
5	center in the North Broward Division, southeast area,	
6	Southern Bell.	
7	Q All right. And how long have you held that	
8	position?	
9	A I have been the manager there since December,	
10	1986.	
11	Q And what is your pay grade level in that position?	
12	A Five.	
13	Q You're a Pay Grade 5. Who is your present	1
14	supervisor?	
15	A Robert Sattizahn.	
16	Q All right. And who is his present supervisor?	
17	A Scott Mulcahy.	
18	Q And that's M-U-L-C-A	
19	A H-Y.	
20	Q H-Y.	
21	A Yes.	
22	Q In 1985, you said?	
23	A No, November '86.	
24	Q '86. And what did you do prior to November of '86	
25	with the Company?	

Т	A for a couple of years I reported to the general
2	manager and did management training for him.
3	Q And what kind of training or what type of
4	employees did you train?
5	A Management and nonmanagement and nontechnical,
6	fault locating, technical training.
7	Q Okay. Technical training in terms of what? Can
8	you expand on it a little bit, so that I can understand it?
9	A Technical training in relationship to finding
LO	trouble faults in cable, cable repairs, outside plant type
1	of troubles.
.2	Q Would this involve actual observation or running
.3	tests types of equipment or
.4	A No, we ran classroom seminars, four-day seminars.
.5	We ran the management people through it and then all the
.6	what we call cable repairmen and technicians through it.
.7	Q All right. Did that in any way involve how they
.8	would handle a trouble report? How those people would
.9	handle a trouble report?
io	A No, this is technical.
21	Q It's technical.
2	A On how to measure the fault using sophisticated
3	test equipment, and how to pinpoint where the fault was
4	located, and how to make sure before they dug a hole that it
5	was there, that type of training.

- Q Okay. Do you know what a multiple cable failure is or can you define one for me?

 A A multiple cable failure is where you have a trouble, and usually a wet spot or a damage where more than one customer's line is involved or more than one cable --
 - Q Okay. So, it can be just two customers on one line or one cable or --

working cable pair is involved in that multiple fault.

- A Well, we build them in a system of three or more as a multiple. But, yes, a multiple could be two or more.
- Q Okay. And in terms of an out-of-service trouble, are you familiar with the rule that the Commission (sic) is to repair out-of-service troubles within 24 hours and to complete 95 percent of those?
 - A Schedule 11?
- Q Uh-huh.
- 17 A Yes.

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- Q You're familiar with that. Then on the Schedule 11 with the multiple cable failure, does multiple cable failure count toward that out-of-service if it is over 24 hours or is it exempt from that?
 - A It depends on how -- on what it's caused by.
 - Q Okay. Can you explain that a little bit more?
- A Well, there are several exclusions that I can recall. I can't recall them all verbatim, but contractor

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1
     damage, usually is what we have down here in Florida. A
 2
     backhoe digging up a cable would be a contractor damage and
 3
     that would be excluded, so to speak. But usually we fix
     those well within the guidelines of 24 hours in most cases.
 4
               Would a multiple cable failure be excluded from
 5
 6
     the Schedule 11 report?
 7
               Yes. I think a multiple cable failure was one of
     the exclusions.
 8
 9
          Q
               Okay.
               I believe it still is to this day.
10
          Α
               All right. When did you first start with the
11
          Q
     Company and what was your entry position with the Company?
12
13
     Do you know?
14
          A
               Yes.
15
          Q
               Okay.
16
          Α
               1964.
               Wow. Okay. You're going to retire sometime soon?
17
          0
               As a repairman.
18
          Α
               As a repairman.
19
          Q
               No, I love the job. I really do.
20
          A
               But the Company doesn't have any set retirement
21
          Q
     age or time, number of years with the Company?
22
               Sixty-five, I guess, is when you have to retire.
23
          A
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Okay. I didn't know if you had 30 years of

24

25

Q

service.

- 1
- Α Twenty-eight.
- 2
- And you started as just an outside technician? 0

Repairman at that time. Can you kind of just

- 3
- Α Yes, a repairman.
- 4 5

Q

other things?

- briefly summarize all of your experience that dealt with,
- 6
- over this long period of service with the Company, that 7 deals with customer trouble report handling? I mean, has it
- 8
- all been 23 (sic) years of that, or have you been doing
- 9
- 10 I have been doing other things. I was a Α
- technician for a number of years. I was on the headquarters 11
- 12 staff position, division staff position, an area staff
- 13
- 14 manager. I have been with two companies, though. I had the

outside cable repair, station repair installation, along

position. I served three years as a business office

- 15
- 16 with what we used to call the test center, and now it's the
- 17
- maintenance center. And so I have had a variety of jobs
- 18
- And all of those positions have dealt with 19 Q

throughout the Company.

customer trouble reports?

- 20
- 21 Well, no. The business office really didn't.
- 22
- know, we took an overflow. If a customer called, we would
- 23
- 24 Okay. While you were in the business office, were

refer it to a repair foreman, but we didn't handle it.

- 25
- you at all working with customer rebates from trouble report

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handling, if they went over, you know, out-of-service over
 1
 2
     24 hours?
              Well, it was with another company in a different
 3
          A
             So, I can't -- I don't think we did it at that time,
 4
     different set of rules.
 5
 6
               So, you came to work for Southern Bell and went to
 7
     work for someone else and then came back to work for
     Southern Bell?
 8
 9
          Α
               No, I worked for another company, and I came with
10
     Southern Bell in 1979, and I have been here since.
11
          Q Mr. Slattery,
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          Α
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          Q
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          A
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          Q
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          Α
               In general terms?
               Uh-huh.
25
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14 _
 1
          A
 2
 3
 4
          Q
               Okay.
 5
          Α
 6
 7
          Q
 8
          Α
 9
          Q
10
11
          Α
12
          Q
13
               MR. ANTHONY: I'm sorry, Mr. Slattery, if you
14
          could speak up. We're having a hard time hearing.
15
               THE WITNESS: It's probably hard in this room.
                                                                Ιt
16
          always has been in this room. You're not the first to
17
          complain.
18
     BY MS. RICHARDSON:
19
20
               Does it indicate -- and if you will just look at
     it to refresh your memory.
21
22
23
          Α
24
          Q
               Okay.
25
          Α
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15 _
  1
  2
             Q
  3
  4
                  Yes, ma'am.
            Α
  5
            Q
  6
            A
  7
            Q
                  Yes.
  8
            A
  9
            Q
 10
            A
                  Yes.
            Q
 11
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13
            Α
                 Yes.
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            Q
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           A
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           Q
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           Α
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           Q
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Q Okay.

Α

A You know, our group is the customer advocate group. We are there to get the trouble cleared and get it installed. That's all we try to do day in and day out.

Q Have you, in thinking back and trying to recall events that may or may not have happened then

A No, I've thought back and my managers, which you're probably going to interview several, they have been above reproach with me, some have been with me for years and they all have integrity. And I can't honestly think of anything that we did or said or implied that would cause anybody to do anything incorrectly maliciously.

Q Not even maliciously, let's just get beyond maliciously. And for the purposes of the questions that I

ask you, I am looking for any kind of general information, not just definite falsification or deliberate falsification, but anything that would be aberrational, out of the norm, possibly mishandling of reports, unwittingly or unknowingly by employees, those kinds of activities.

MR. ANTHONY: Mistakes? Under that definition, any time anybody made a mistake, a simple clerical error, that would be included? Are you asking for that?

BY MS. RICHARDSON:

Q Clerical errors will be fine, too, and you are certainly welcome to respond in terms of breaking it out for me, those kinds of activities?

A Yes. When you deal with that volume and you deal with it, and it's a very -- I don't know if you have ever been in a center -- it's a very, very big operation. It's like a demand center. People make mistakes, type the wrong thing, put the wrong Y, when it should have been N. Those things happen. We try to keep them to a minimum. As many happen one way as the other way, I would say. But, you know, I can honestly say my people never did anything intentionally. We tried to always do it the right way.

Q All right. Now, as a supervisor, when someone makes just a clerical error or a mistake, how do you handle that?

1 You know, if we saw what we determined to be an Α error, we have sent out what we call an investigative report 2 to the responsible supervisor, the first level supervisor. 3 And they would look into it with their employee, and talk to 4 him and see if it was a training problem or a 5 misunderstanding of something or just a mistake. 6 Okay. How would you handle that particular 7 employee that was making clerical errors and administrative 8 9 mistakes? 10 Mainly training, going over it again until they Α 11 got it right. I mean, if they continued to make the clerical 0 errors and mistakes?

Well, I never really had anybody that continued to make those mistakes. In my years in there, we never, that I can honestly recall, have taken disciplinary action against anybody for making continuous mistakes, clerical mistakes. Usually people are smart enough to correct it after a couple of times you talk to them about it.

- Would they have been disciplined?
- Α Pardon?

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- Would they have been disciplined for clerical errors and general mistakes?
- If it would affect something internally it could go to that point, but it never did in our operation. We

usually corrected it.

- Q Okay. So, then, discipline in the Company is reserved for more serious types of problems?
 - A Yes. Yes, very serious problems.
- Q Okay. Then let's set aside the clerical errors and mistakes, and let's also for the moment set aside intentional deliberate falsification. Okay. We've got this group in between. We have got clerical errors on one end, those are not disciplinary matters but training matters. We have got falsification and deliberate, okay, knowing mishandling on this end. And would you agree that those are maybe disciplinary matters for the Company, that those people would be disciplined?
- A Yes, if it is done intentionally, deliberately, yes.
- Q Okay. So, that is on this hand. Now, let's take the big group that's in the middle, if we can for the moment.
- MR. ANTHONY: I object to the question. There is nothing in the record to indicate the premise of the question that there is a big group in the middle.

 BY MS. RICHARDSON:
- Q Let's take this group, and I'm going to call it a big group --
 - MR. ANTHONY: I will object to you calling it a

big group. 1 MS. RICHARDSON: That's fine. I'm calling it a 2 big group. 3 BY MS. RICHARDSON: 4 In the middle here, there may be just questionable 5 practices, people may be doing things that are improper or 6 7 violate Company procedures, but they don't know that they are doing this. 8 9 Α Could be interpretation. Interpretation problems. 10 0 Α As you well know our business is complex. The 11 rules are complex. You know, just look at your own rules 12 and try to read the PSC rules and you'll see how complex 13 14 they are. 15 Really. Okay. So, now, let's talk about this 16 group for a minute here in terms of what has been going on 17 with these activities and your thinking back now, 18 19 20 21 Α Yes. 22 Q 23 A 24 25 Α Yes.

1	Q Can you please tell me their names?
2	A The ones that I'm aware of?
3	Q Yes, uh-huh.
4	A
5	
6	Q Can you spell that?
7	A
8	Q
9	A
10	Q All right.
11	
12	A
13	Q
14	-
15	A
16	Q Okay. Now, thinking back, we have set aside
17	clerical errors, because those generally, as Company policy
18	from what I hear you saying are not discipline. They are
19	training problems. And that is how that's dealt with. And
20	we are setting aside this other group out here, the
21	deliberate falsification, the intentional mishandling of
22	reports. And now we have this area in the middle. Okay.
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Α

Q All right. Now, let's think about interpretation and perception of Company procedures that you're implementing every day and you are handling customer trouble reports. And as you have said and testified, you're making the best effort that you can to clear these out-of-service within 24 hours and to follow Company practices and procedures. Is that an accurate restatement of what you

A Uh-huh.

said?

Q You know, we have got this thing in the middle, this group in the middle. What, in your mind, went on that created a severe enough problem

A I honestly can't say that I can think of anything

23 Q All right. Let's take one more layer off.

Just in general here, and we are still talking

about this area of just general mishandling, questionable practices, unwitting, unknowing handling of customer trouble reports

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Think back for me about your position at that time and how you were handling things, okay? And I am sure you have done this on your own many, many times, and you have put it through your mind. What are some of the thoughts that you have come up with that you have handled these trouble reports that on further thought or further reflection or going back through the procedures and rules, may have appeared to be inaccurate, or may have appeared to be questionable, or may have appeared to be, okay, incorrect?

A And that is a good question. I guess from our standpoint, from the North Broward Division, we are very proactive in pushing to make the load. We call it making the load. We don't call it meeting the commitment, meeting of the load, making sure that every customer that we committed today will be cleared today or installed today. And we were very aggressive in doing that. That is about the only thing I could really -- where we stood out.

Q And when you say "making the load," is that that 95 percent index?

A No. No, that means if we have ten installation

and ten repairs committed to the customers, that we would do 1 2 ten installations and ten repairs in the time that we committed to do it, that day, we would get it done today. 3 Q Okay. So, whether we had to pull resources from other 5 groups to get it done, that is -- we were very aggressive in 6 7 that. Q And is there anything else? 8 No, not that I can think of. 9 A 10 Q 11 Α And that is? 12 Q Robert Sattizahn and Dwayne Ward, who is the head 13 Α 14 of Personnel here in the southeast area of Florida. 15 Q And is it D-W-A-Y-N-E? Yes, D-W-A-Y-N-E, I think is how you spell it. Α 16 And he is the head of Personnel? 17 Q For this area, right. He is in the operation 18 19 level. Okay. And when you met with them, there was no 20 21 one else in the meeting, was there? 22 Α No, the three of us. 23 Q 24 25

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_25 .
  1
            Α
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            Q
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  4
           A
  5
           Q
                 Okay.
                 I couldn't give you exactly everything I said.
 6
 7
           Q
                 We don't --
 8
           Α
 9
     wrong.
10
      that and
11
           Q
12
           A
13
                With the Company?
           Q
14
           Α
15
16
17
18
                Yes, I do.
           Α
                All right. In what way?
19
           Q
20
           Α
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           Q
23
           A
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           Q
25
           Α
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_26
  1
            Q
  2
            Α
                 Yes, ma'am.
  3
            Q
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            A
                 Yes, I did.
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           Q
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            A
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            Q
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           A
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           Q
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           Q
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           Α
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           Q
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           Α
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           Q
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                MR. ANTHONY: I'm sorry, Mr. Slattery, could you
20
           speak up?
21
                 THE WITNESS:
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23
     BY MS. RICHARDSON:
24
           Q
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1 A 2 3 You have been a supervisor for several 4 Q Okay. 5 years, correct? Since 1973. 6 Α 7 All right. And in all of that time, when you have had to correct an employee, either through retraining or, I 8 9 believe you didn't say you had ever disciplined anybody, but 10 you have had to correct people for actions that they have taken? 11 For clerical errors, I've disciplined people for 12 Α things other than clerical errors. 13 All right. In your experience, then, as a manager 14 and a supervisor with the Company, have you ever disciplined 15 an employee on your watch without telling them what they had 16 17 done wrong? Α Never. 18 Why? Why not just tell them they are disciplined 19 and send them back out? 20 You don't do that. 21 Α 22 Q Why not?

to know what they did wrong so they can correct it.

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Q

It's not the way things work in life. People have

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Q

Α

10 . Q

A Because of the allegations, that everybody did everything. I'm sure you've heard those rumors. Basically, there are -- the majority of the people in Southern Bell are very honest people, just trying to do their job day in and day out. And I am going to say right to you here that my people in my operation are that type of people. There is no financial gain in any of this. And working in the maintenance center is where we work, and it's probably the toughest job the telephone company has, other than the business office right now. And our whole intent is to be the customer advocate, and that is what we try to do.

Q When you said that I may have heard rumors and allegations of activities or goings on that may be the reason for -- that higher management decided that so much discipline needed to be administered, can you give me

examples?

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A Basically, what I read in the newspapers and allegations -- what I read in the newspapers when this thing started.

Q What kinds of things were happening?

A The accusations that everybody backed up times at Southern Bell.

Q And what does backing up time mean?

Backing up the time is a generic term that all the Α RBHCs use, all the telephone companies use for backing up the clearing time. You have your trouble report time, your trouble clear time and your trouble close time. The typical technician taking a job would be dispatched at a certain time. He would clear or restore service at a given time, in a given moment of time. And then he usually had some associated work that would be done, either as limited as cleaning up his tools and washing his hands, or it could be as complex as doing some, you know, reroute work, trimming trees, that would take you another few hours here. And like sometimes they use the close time as the clear time, which could cause problems. You could miss a commitment because of that. So, we always reminded people to back it up to make sure you get the accurate clear time. And I think that's what has confused a lot of people in this issue. And that is where the term "backing up" came from.

Q Are there any other types of activities that you have heard of that were problems?

A No.

MR. ANTHONY: I'm going to object to that. Mr. Slattery didn't testify that backing up the time was a problem. He testified that he read that people said that it was a problem, not that it was a problem.

BY MS. RICHARDSON:

Q Mr. Slattery, have you, or do you know of any procedure for any time that you have been with the Company for your 28 years here, and I know that is asking you to think back a far piece, an IMC procedure requiring a maintenance administrator to call a manager in order to get disposition and cause codes to close out trouble report?

A Well, sure. For example, you have a cable failure and the technician finished it up late, so they would call the supervisor in the morning to find out what the disposition and cause code was. We don't know what happened to it. Did a truck hit it, did a backhoe hit, did a contractor cut it, you know, did it get wet, whatever happened, sure there would have to be occasions where they would ask what the disposition and cause code was. We don't have but about 5,000.

Q Have you heard of anyone having that procedure for an improper purpose in the Company?

A No.

Q And you have never done that yourself?

A No.

Q You have never required your people to do that yourself?

A No.

Q And you have never directed any of your other managers to do that?

A No.

Q Are you familiar with the no access code, the NAS code?

A (Witness indicating yes.)

Q What is the purpose of a no access code?

A Well, the no access code puts the trouble in a hold status, and we hold it -- well, I hold it for three days to see if the customer calls back in. No access usually means that we have gone out there, there is a physical trouble on the line, and we have proven it in from the network interface, the ONI. And we can't gain access to the residence -- to the premise to fix the trouble. So, we leave them a no access card, and we hold the trouble report open for three days. If we don't hear from them, then we close it out.

Q All right. And then holding it open stops the clock at the no access point of that 24-hour clock for

1 out-of-service? Α Yes. Then do you know of anyone who has ever Okay. 3 Q statused a no access without leaving word with the customer 4 or contacting the customer? 5 6 A No. Have you ever heard of that being done? 7 Q 8 Α No. 9 Q Okay. And you have never directed anyone to do that? 10 No. 11 Α And you have not done that yourself? 12 0 13 Α No. 14 Q Do you know of anyone who has used the no access, 15 code to stop that 24-hour clock, to prevent that trouble from being counted in that out-of-service base? 16 17 Α You mean intentionally? Intentionally. 18 0 19 Α No. 20 Q Do you know of anyone who may have used the no access status thinking it was proper, okay, being unaware 21 that it was improper to do so if they hadn't contacted the 22 23 customer just to stop that clock? 24 No, I'm not aware because that would be the only

time you would use it, if you couldn't gain access for

1 whatever reason.

Q Do you know of anyone who may have excluded out-of-service reports that were bound to go over 24 hours and then reopened them in order to clear them and close them?

A No.

Q Okay. Now, let's separate that from an intentional to just they may have done it. They thought it was proper, maybe there was some other type of work to be done, like closing the sheath or whatever, and they thought service was restored, but the report itself was being carried forward?

A I can't give you any specifics, but I'm sure that could have happened. When you deal with a multiple fault complex splice, those things can happen. When you close it up, you could put a pressure cross on it and knock one of the 500 that you've fixed back out. Sure, those things can happen. You're not aware of it until the customer reports back again.

Q Okay. In terms of extending the time, the commitment time -- let me start over. Do you know what the commitment time means with the customer?

A Yes. That is the commitment that we gave the customer to fix it.

Q To fix the service. Okay. Do you know of anyone

who has taken the commitment time and changed the commitment time without contacting the customer?

A No, that is a strict rule. We don't do that without contacting the customer.

Q Okay. Do you know of anyone who has done it, changed that commitment time without knowing the rule or thinking that it was okay to do that without contacting the customer? They had tried and they couldn't get the customer, so they just changed the time?

- A No.
- Q Have you ever heard of anybody doing that?
- 12 A No.

- 13 Q And you have never done that yourself?
- 14 A No, ma'am.
 - Q And you have never directed any employee to do that?
 - A Absolutely not.
 - Q Going back to the out-of-service index base, the 95 percent requirement, okay? And you said that you placed a lot of emphasis on making sure that all the work that came in on the day was done that day, and that you -- let me not put words in your mouth. Did you also emphasize meeting that 95 percent index with your people?
 - A That is just one of many, many indexes that we have, and we talked mainly to our managers about it. We

don't emphasize it with the nonmanagement people, never have.

- Q But your managers are aware?
- A We mainly go on missed commitments. That is what we talked about. If we give the customer a 5:00 commitment, that is when we want to be there and have it fixed or be there and have it installed by 5:00. That is what we deal in. We try to keep our clocks always under 24 hours, so that we are always within the guidelines of the Public Service Commission, but you get into June with 24 inches of rain, you can't always do it.
- Q Do you know of anyone who has taken affecting service reports, statused them as out-of-service, in order to build the base to meet that commitment?
- A No.

- 16 Q Have you ever heard of anybody doing that?
 - A Well, I've heard things about people building, but it's just rumor. But I don't know of any specifics at all.
 - Q All right. The rumors that you have heard, are they related to this locality, to the Broward area?
 - A No, they weren't.
 - Q They weren't. Which area of the Company were they related to?
 - A Mainly in the south area.
- 25 O South Miami?

A Uh-huh.

Q Do you know of anyone who has used any means whatever to build the base of out-of-service to meet that 95 percent index?

A No.

Q And have you ever heard of anybody doing that?

A No.

Q Have you ever directed your people to do so?

A No. What I directed my people to do is you base it on what the customer reported and/or the test. If the customer says they have no dial tone; they have no dial tone. Why else would they call us?

Q Is that Company procedure to go on what the customer said instead of the test?

A Well, it was originally and/or, you know, what the customer told you, and/or your test. But now it's basically what the customer reported and the test has to meet the out-of-service criteria. You could call as a customer and say you have no dial tone, and we test it okay, that would not be statused out-of-service.

Q Okay. So, it would be an affecting service report?

A Yes.

Q Under the Company's 1992 quidelines?

A Well, actually it has been for a couple of years

now.

Q For a couple of years, and that has not changed then?

A No, that has not changed.

Q Okay. And when you say that -- the test, is that also part of the AUTOSCREEN rules that we are talking about, the VER and type combinations?

A Yes. And some are still incorrect, but, yes, it is.

Q Okay. And when you say "some are still incorrect" --

A Right. Let me rephrase that.

Q That's fine.

example, a customer reports no dial tone, and we test the receiver off of the hook. That used to go through AUTOSCREEN and go into the dispatch pool and sit there. And we have another program called AJR, automatic job reject, that if the trouble comes off, it comes up for manual, we don't dispatch it, because we don't want to go out there if they've hung up the receiver. Because of this, and I can only say because of this, that has to be manually handled now. So, it's a cost, putting it back into the business because of all this other stuff going on that should be automatically handled and gone through. And we have

appealed that. Everybody is looking at that again.

Q So, in other words, higher management has sent you notice it will be done this way, and you have appealed it?

A Yes, through the proper channels, because it just doesn't make sense to do it that way.

- Q Well, I want to thank you for clearing up auto job reject. I didn't quite understand it.
 - A We invented it right here.
 - Q You invented it here, in your area?
 - A Working with AT&T.

- Q Okay. With the VER and type combinations and statusing, then, at this point, prior to what you have just described this procedure, what was the procedure for determining? Was it always what the customer said, regardless of what the test showed?
- A No, it was a combination of what the customer said and what your test indicated.
 - Q And if the customer said no dial tone --
- A And your test indicated trouble at the time or trouble on the original scan-through, yes, you would dispatch it out-of-service.
- Q And what if the test showed line in use and the customer said, "I don't have dial tone"?
- A That would be out-of-service, because you could show line in use, and it could still be out-of-service

because MLT is not infallible. You could get -- you actually could get a line in use, test it, and it could have a short on it or ground on it, because it's just a system.

It's just a mechanical system. They are not 100 percent accurate, let me put it that way to you.

- Q At what point in the process is it going to be statused out-of-service?
 - A Right up front.
- Q Right up front, if it's an MLT or if an MA handles it, it's going to be statused right up front instead of waiting until the person, the repairman has gone outside to look at it?
 - A Yes, it's handled right up front.
 - Q Is that the same for cable?
- 15 A Pardon?

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- 16 | O Is that the same for cable?
- 17 A No, it isn't. When it goes to a failure?
- 18 | O Uh-huh.
 - A It lumps everything from the screening pool, so it doesn't get a chance. Once you build the failure, then it lumps it. And in your final closeout, you would status it.
 - O Out-of-service?
- 23 A Yes.
- Q Would you ever exclude a cable failure?
- 25 A No, absolutely not.

Would you ever exclude a customer report? 1 0 Oh, sure. You exclude customer reports all 2 Α Yes. the time informational, instructional, misdirected. 3 4 Q All right. Do you know anyone who has excluded customer out-of-service reports that have gone over 24 5 hours? 6 7 Α Intentionally? 8 Q Intentionally. 9 No. 10 Do you know of anyone who has done that 11 unintentionally thinking it was correct or not incorrect to do so? 12 They get mixed up when service orders get 13 Α Yes. involved in it. There is some confusion sometimes, and the 14 15 data is inaccurate, and they think it's a service order in progress that day, and they exclude the report. And in 16 actuality it was excluded the day before. There are 17 18 mistakes that can happen. Okay. As manager you see operational reviews and 19 0 you see statistical analyses of how these troubles are 20 flowing through and how they are being handled, correct? 21

A Oh, yes.

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Q Yes.

A During this period we have been reviewed so many times it's unbelievable.

Q All right. Have you ever noticed an aberration or more than usual taking and exclusions of out-of-service reports, a higher number than would be indicated by the normal flow?

A No. On all the reviews that we have in the North Broward, and I can only speak for North Broward, that is always one of the areas that we have done real well on. We were always okay.

- Q On that?
- A Yes.

Q And in the operational reviews, where have the problems been, where have they cropped up?

A Narrative, usually, the technicians putting in trouble found, work done. And it is so complex any more and if you use a billing code, it's got to match the trouble, you know, if we are billing for detariffed work. This is unusually the weak areas. They don't get enough narrative or they give the wrong information for one part of it.

That's usually the weak spot in the reviews.

- Q Okay. Are you familiar with the carryover no code?
- 22 A CON?
- 23 Q The CON code?
- 24 A Yes, ma'am.
- 25 Q And the purposes of that code is to?

1 The purpose of the CON code is applied in 2 centralized repair when a customer reports the trouble, say, for example, we have commitments, and they are under 24 3 4 hours. And I am going to tell you we will have your service fixed by 5:00 tomorrow, and you are out-of-service. 5 6 say, "Well, that would be fine, but I'm not going to be home. Can you come Saturday?" And we say, "Fine." And they will CON the report, because we offered you our 8 commitment and you wanted an extended commitment. So, we are not penalized for that extended commitment. 10 Okay. Does the CON code, then, like the no access 11 code stop that clock? 12

- A Stops the clock, the indicator.
- Q Do you know of anyone who has used that CON code to stop the clock to keep that report from going out-of-service over 24 hours?
- A No, and I don't think we can use it any more.
- Q That has been a rule change that you are familiar with?
- A Yes.

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- Q And that has been since January of '92?
- A You probably know better than I do, but we didn't use it at all in the maintenance center anyway. It was used by centralized repair.
 - Q Okay. Do you know of anyone who has used an

employee code other than their own to status the trouble report?

A No, but I've had employee codes pop up from time to time that there was no employee for it, so I think they typed the wrong number, you know, because that can happen when you were typing reports. And I'm sure she can allude to that, instead of typing a 1 you type a 2.

Q Okay. So, you do not know of anyone who has intentionally used another person's or a code other than their own?

A No.

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Q Do you know of anyone who has used the disposition exclusion codes or disposition cause codes that exclude a trouble report from the out-of-service-over-24-hour base in order to meet that index?

A No. It usually goes the other way. The technicians out in the field, they only remember a few codes and they always use deterioration when they should have used one of the exclusion codes.

- Q Okay. Have you ever heard of anyone doing that?
- A No.

Q In all the operation reviews and the reports that you have seen for your area, okay, on a flow-through basis, is there an approximate percentage of the number of troubles that might be coded to those disposition codes that are

excludable from the out-of-service base?

- A Not that I am aware of. Are you saying a pattern?
- O Yes.

- A No.
- Q Out of 100 percent of out-of-service reports, about how many would normally be excludable, like inside wire or something, multiple cable failure, something that wouldn't get counted?
 - A I really couldn't tell you.
- Q Have you seen any red flags in any of these operational reviews, or whatever, that have notified you that there has been maybe an excessive use or an overuse or questionable, "It looks like maybe the lightning code has been used too much, check on it," that kind of thing?
- A No, not that type of thing. Like I said, mainly it's the narratives where the staff will say, "We have got to do a better job on that."
- Q Okay. Are there any other ways of taking a report out of that out-of-service-over-24-hours index, removing it? We talked about the disposition and cause codes that are excludable. How else can that be done?
 - A Well, you said exclude, that is about it.
- Q Oh, exclude. Okay. I'm sorry. Is there any other way?
 - A Or disposition cause codes, not that I'm aware of.

Q That's it. So, you don't have any knowledge of 1 anyone using any methods, whatsoever, of taking 2 out-of-service reports that have exceeded 24 hours out of 3 that base in order to meet that index? Α No. 5 All right. Do you know of anyone who has Q 6 falsified a customer record? 7 And, again, you're saying intentionally falsified? 8 Α 9 Q Yes, falsified intentionally, yes. No, I'm saying people have made mistakes, and 10 we'll probably always make mistakes until we retire, but no. 11 12 All right. Have you heard of anybody falsifying a customer record? 13 14 Α No. 15 Q And you have never directed any employee to 16 falsify a customer record? 17 Α No. 18 And you yourself have never falsified a customer Q 19 record? 20 Α No. 21 I would like to go back to AUTOSCREEN rules for 22 just a moment. When you were in the IMC and you were 23 dealing with -- did you deal with AUTOSCREEN rules? 24 Α No. I have a staff assistant that does that and sets them all up, an administrative assistant. 25

1	Q All right. And that person reports to you?		
2	A Uh-huh.		
. 3	Q And who was that person?		
4	A Jim Thomas.		
5	Q Jim Thomas. Okay. In directing Mr. Thomas, or in		
6	supervising his activities with AUTOSCREENER rules, do you		
7	recall using a set of dry rules, what the Company calls		
8	regular rules or dry rules?		
9	A Wet rules.		
10	Q Wet rules and dry rules. So, you are familiar		
11	with the term of "wet rules and dry rules"?		
12	A Yes.		
13	Q Okay. When would you use dry rules?		
14	A We never did.		
15	Q You never used		
16	A We never used the wet rules. We always stayed on		
17	the original rules, the dry rules. We never changed.		
18	Q Did you have access to a set?		
19	A We didn't know how to do it.		
20	Q You didn't know how to do it. But the system was		
21	running on those AUTOSCREEN rules, wasn't it?		
22	A On the dry rules, we never changed them.		
23	Q You never changed. Okay.		
24	A We never saw any benefit in it. We never bothered		
25	with it.		

Q All right. And what were the wet rules supposedly for, do you know? Even though you didn't use them, do you know what they were for?

A Basically, and I am not an expert on it at all, but during rainy periods you put them in affecting service, because the problem would dry up as soon as the sun came out, anyway. But, then, we never used them. That's about all I know about them.

A Oh, yes, definitely.

Q Can you think of anything that you may have done as a supervisor over these people where anyone might have thought you had directed them to misuse the wet rules?

A We didn't use wet rules.

Q You didn't use them at all?

A We did not use wet rules, period. We never used wet rules in my tenure as the manager of the North Broward Division.

Q Okay. Are you familiar with any statistical analyses that may have been done in the last two years of your operation? I mean, in the last two years, pertaining to or related to whatever period of time that you were supervisor of the IMC?

1	A Are you talking about the reviews, staff reviews?		
2	Q No, specifics; statistical analyses that may have		
3	been run outside of just the general operational reviews?		
4	A Not that I am aware of. Maybe I am		
5	misunderstanding your question. We have had several		
6	operational reviews. They come in and do them. Can you be		
7	a little bit more specific?		
8	Q Well, operational reviews are sort of standard		
9	procedure, and they are done every two weeks, every month?		
10	A It seems like every day.		
11	Q Every day? Yes.		
12	A No, they are done about every quarter.		
13	Q About every quarter?		
14	A External, you know.		
15	Q External. So, perhaps a general run on particular		
16	types of problems that people may		
17	A We do that all the time. We do it on cable		
18	trouble, wire trouble. We run all kinds of statistical		
19	reviews trying to pinpoint trouble areas.		
20	Q Okay. And on those reviews have you ever noticed		
21	any kind of abnormal activity or something that seems not		
22	quite right that needed to be further checked to make sure		
23	that employees were not mishandling reports or		
24	misinterpreting procedures?		

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No, because we are looking for a problem area, as

far as an item of plant that is giving us a problem, a particular neighborhood that's giving us a problem, you know, say, drop troubles or squirrel bites and that is what our statistical analysis is looking for, if that is what you're asking.

Q Yes.

MS. RICHARDSON: Mr. Slattery, I know that I have run over your time a little bit. I thank you for being here. I appreciate your comments today, and I know it has been a very stressful situation covering the kinds of things we have talked about today, and I thank you. Now, the Commission may have one or two questions for you before I can release you.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. GREER:

Q Mr. Slattery, I have a couple. I'm sorry for being over here.

A You can hear better over there.

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3	MR. GREER: That's all I have.	
4	MR. VINSON: Thank you.	
5	MR. ANTHONY: I don't have any questions.	
6	(The deposition concluded at 9:45 a.m.)	
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1 CERTIFICATE OF ADMINISTERING OATH STATE OF FLORIDA: 2 COUNTY OF LEON: 3 I, JANE FAUROT, Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at Large: 4 DO HEREBY CERTIFY that on the date and place 5 indicated on the title page of this transcript, an oath was duly administered by me to the designated witness(s) before 6 testimony was taken. DATED THIS 27th day of September, 1993. 7 8 JANE FAUROT JANE / PAUROT MISSION # CC295678 EXPIRES 9 100 Salem Court July 18, 1997 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 10 (904) 878-2221 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 7/16/97 11 12 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER STATE OF FLORIDA) 13 COUNTY OF LEON I, JANE FAUROT, Court Reporter, do hereby certify 14 that the foregoing proceedings was taken before me at the time and place therein designated; that my shorthand notes 15 were thereafter translated under my supervision; and the foregoing pages numbered 1 through 50 are a true and correct 16 record of the proceedings. I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor 17 relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or financially interested in the foregoing action. DATED THIS 27th day of September, 1993. 18 19 20 JANE PAUROT 21 100 Salem Court Tallahassee, Florida 32301 22 (904) 878-2221 23 SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED TO BEFORE ME THIS The day of September, 1993, IN THE CITY OF TALLAHASSEE, COUNTY OF LEON, 24

STATE OF FLORIDA, BY THE ABOVE PERSON WEO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN BY ME.

MELANIE Y. BRADFORD
MY COMMISSION # CC 203402
EXPIRES: May 25, 1996
Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLOREDA

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