

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In Re: Consideration of)	DOCKET NO. 960786-TL
BellSouth Telecommunications)	FILED: July 31, 1997
Inc.'s Entry Into InterLATA)	
Services Pursuant to Section 271)	
of the Federal)	
Telecommunications Act of 1996.)	

OF
JOHN M. HAMMAN
ON BEHALF OF
AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF
THE SOUTHERN STATES INC.

1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

- 2 A. My name is John M. Hamman. My business address is 1200 Peachtree
- 3 Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30309-3579.

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5 Q. HAVE YOU FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET PREVIOUSLY?

- 6 A. Yes. I filed Direct Testimony on behalf of AT&T Communications of the
- 7 Southern States, Inc. on July 17, 1997.

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9 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to the direct testimony of 10 A. Scheye filed on behalf of BellSouth 11 Mr. Milner and Mr. 12 Telecommunications, Inc. Specifically, I will (1) refute Mr. Milner's assertions that the 86 binders he filed with his testimony demonstrate that 13 BellSouth has satisfied the requirements of the competitive checklist in § 271 14 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("the Act"); (2) rebut Mr. Milner's 15 16 and Mr. Scheye's assertions that BellSouth is offering access to unbundled network elements ("UNEs") in Florida in accordance with the provisions of 17 §§ 251(c)(3), 252(d)(1) and 271; and (3) address Mr. Milner's assertions that 18 BellSouth has made the required checklist items "functionally available" in 19

its Draft SGAT. (Issues 3, 6, 7, 8, 11)

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Q. DO THE 86 BINDERS FILED WITH MR. MILNER'S TESTIMONY SUPPORT BELLSOUTH'S CONTENTION THAT IT HAS MET ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE COMPETITIVE CHECKLIST?

No. The 86 binders are merely a repetitious collection of BellSouth's internal operating documents along with some information regarding internal testing conducted by BellSouth in March of this year. The fact that BellSouth has produced these documents (some of which were copied, verbatim, from BellSouth's access department and thus have no proven application to UNEs) does not prove that BellSouth actually can provide resale and access to UNEs under the terms and conditions required by the Act.

A.

For example, Volume 4-3, Network Interface Device, includes nearly 900 pages of material, approximately 10 pages of which are actually devoted to the NID. The few scattered pages that mention the NID are neither identified nor set off in any fashion from the rest of the information, so one must leaf through the entire 4 inches of paper to locate these few pages. When one finally locates the table that should tell a CLEC the service interval for NID installation or availability, it provides no information, only a couple of question marks. The rest of the material consists of hundreds of pages of unrelated documents such as Temporary Work Instructions (for ISDN, Selective Routing, Operator Services, LIDB and 800 Data Bases and Interoffice Transport, among other things); over 100 pages documenting system capability of the Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface (which cannot be used to test a NID); and another 100 plus pages relating to the Circuit Provisioning Group.

This volume is not unusual. Most of the volumes similarly include excessive unrelated material.

If anything, the contents of the binders reveal that BellSouth is not yet prepared to open its monopoly market to competition. The binders contain materials that are largely duplicative, incomplete, disorganized, and difficult to follow. They are insufficient to establish that BellSouth is capable of providing the items in its Draft SGAT.

A.

Q. WHAT PROCESS IS AT&T USING TO REVIEW THE 86 BINDERS?

I lead a team of Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) in reviewing the binders using a process that indexes and catalogs the information completely and thoroughly. First, the team "Bates-stamped" each page of the 86 binders, applying a sequential number to each page as a reference number. Second, we are creating an index of the documents in each of the 86 binders. This index lists the name of the document, the subject matter, the date the document was created, and any other comments regarding the specific document, such as "only odd pages" or "pages 6-8 are missing". Third, the SMEs are reviewing the material in their subject matter expertise and analyzing the material based upon Section 251(c) of the Act. Finally, this analysis by the SMEs will be combined and assembled into a summary document.

Q. HAS THIS PROCESS BEEN COMPLETED?

A. No. The process is underway. The team has completed the first step and continues with preparation of the index. The material provided in the binders is lengthy and duplicative, so we do not expect to complete this task for some time. BellSouth provided little information as to the contents of the binders, failed to ensure the contents were complete documents, and failed to control the assembly and copying process, so our team also must attempt to reassemble the material in a readable manner. This should have been unnecessary and has delayed anything but a preliminary analysis.

A.

11 Q. BASED ON THIS PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS, HOW MUCH OF THE

DOCUMENTATION PROVIDED IN THE 86 BINDERS IS

DUPLICATIVE?

Large sections of the binders contain the same documents over and over again. For example, the 58 binders relating to resale collectively contain 50 copies of several documents (one for each resold service). One of these is a 50-page document entitled "Establishing the Master Billing Account" which is reproduced 50 times. The 58 resale binders easily could have been reduced to three or four binders. Such large scale duplication is evident throughout the rest of the binders as well. Moreover, many of the items contained in the binders are documents that BellSouth has already produced in this proceeding, such as ordering guides. They do not offer anything new in support of BellSouth's assertions of compliance with the checklist. Therefore, although Mr. Milner states on page 3 of his testimony that the

volumes contain 80,000 pages of information, in fact, this grossly overstates the amount of information provided.

Α.

Q. IS THE DOCUMENTATION IN THE BINDERS COMPLETE?

No. The documentation is incomplete in several ways. First, there are recurring instances of random pages missing and references to documents that are not in the binders. Several of the documents that purport to be methods and procedures for responding to a manual order do not even provide the information necessary for a BellSouth representative to respond. For example, a document may state that the procedures for provisioning selective routing using Line Class Codes are behind a certain Tab, but a search reveals that the referenced Tab does not exist. Not only is this frustrating, but it belies Mr. Milner's assertion that these documents establish "that each item in the Draft Statement is fully implemented and functionally available." Milner Direct, page 4.

Second, much of the information is labeled "draft", "preliminary", "temporary" or "interim", further indicating that more work is necessary before procedures are finalized and tested. In many cases, BellSouth has simply announced that its existing internal procedures provide sufficient evidence that it can provide checklist elements to unaffiliated providers. That is, BellSouth wants the Commission to believe that it can implement the checklist simply because it provides service to its own customers. Without provisioning and external testing, BellSouth expects this Commission and the industry to accept paper promises.

Third, the documents do not include information that would allow the Commission to determine whether BellSouth can provide a service in a nondiscriminatory fashion. For example, as I stated in my direct testimony, the testing data included in the binders is incomplete and does not establish that sufficient testing has been completed to show that the items in the Draft SGAT are generally available on a nondiscriminatory basis to requesting CLECs. In fact, many of the testing documents indicate that systems or methods and procedures had to be changed based on test results, but do not indicate what changes were necessary, whether such changes were made, or whether retesting was conducted. It is impossible to conclude from such documentation whether BellSouth can provide nondiscriminatory access to checklist items. At best, the testing information is preliminary.

A.

Q. CAN YOU PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE OF SUCH PRELIMINARY TESTING DOCUMENTATION?

Yes. In Volume 6-1, Unbundled Local Switching, BellSouth includes under the third tab labeled "Testing", a document entitled "End-to-End Test Results, Test Results Summary Sheet". This form shows the results of a test for unbundled local usage that began on March 17, 1997 and terminated on March 31, 1997. The form indicates on its face that "there was not enough time or resources allotted for development of the product or billing", that methods and procedures were "ready and adequate for the test", but unspecified "corrections and updates" were made, and that no accurate bill was rendered ("usage being held"). Thus, the testing that BellSouth relies upon to "document" its compliance with the checklist is, at best, preliminary

in nature. Real-world testing is necessary to indicate whether BellSouth actually can provide any such service at all, let alone provide it in a nondiscriminatory fashion.

A.

O. IS THE DOCUMENTATION IN THE BINDERS CORRECT?

There is no way to tell before our review is completed. However, AT&T notes that BellSouth has not followed its own procedures for UNE provisioning found in Volume 27 of Exhibit WKM-1. In Section 4.1 of the Temporary Work Instructions Section WI.xx.x of Volume 27, BellSouth specifies that a port/loop combination will be provisioned and billed as a UNE in Florida. In practice, however, BellSouth has not done so, and specifically has argued that it should not be required to do so. (See AT&T's Motion to Compel Compliance filed in Docket No. 960833-TP on June 9, 1997.) There is simply no way to tell whether BellSouth can or will provide checklist items in a nondiscriminatory fashion without practical experience.

Α.

17 Q. SHOULD THIS COMMISSION RELY ON INFORMATION IN THE 18 86 BINDERS TO DETERMINE WHETHER BELLSOUTH MEETS 19 THE 14 POINT CHECKLIST?

No. The 86 binders do not demonstrate that BellSouth's Draft SGAT complies with the checklist. Rather, the material demonstrates that BellSouth is not yet prepared to fully implement its agreements with any CLEC and cannot ensure that it actually can provide the checklist items. In fact, the problems I have identified with the material in the binders are consistent with the problems that CLECs already have experienced in attempting to obtain

1 UNEs and the services for resale from BellSouth without adequate and 2 reliable methods and procedures in place. BellSouth simply has not yet completed the work necessary to implement paper promises in its Draft 3 4 SGAT. 5 MR. SCHEYE STATES ON PAGE 34 OF HIS TESTIMONY THAT 6 Q. BELLSOUTH HAS MET ITS OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE 7 NONDISCRIMINATORY ACCESS TO UNBUNDLED NETWORK 8 **ELEMENTS. DO YOU AGREE?** 9 No. BellSouth has not met its obligation to provide nondiscriminatory access 10 A. 11 consistent with the Act, in part because it has yet to demonstrate that it can 12 record and bill for those UNEs that are priced on a usage sensitive basis. (Issue 3, 6, 7, 11) 13 14 HAS BELLSOUTH BEEN ABLE TO BILL AT&T FOR THE USAGE 15 Q. COMPONENT OF UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS? 16 17 A. No. As stated in my direct testimony, AT&T ordered four test UNE loop 18 combinations from BellSouth in Florida. AT&T has received two bills from BellSouth for these test UNEs -- one on May 20, 1997 and another on June 19 20 20, 1997. Both of the bills were incomplete and contained several errors. 21 Importantly, however, BellSouth failed to include usage details for

information, AT&T cannot bill its customers properly. BellSouth cannot be

said to have "provided" a UNE if it cannot record and bill the use of that

Without this

chargeable items such as directory assistance calls.

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UNE. BellSouth admitted in its June 23rd response to AT&T's Motion to Compel Compliance filed on June 9, 1997, in Docket No. 960833-TP, and in Mr. Milner's direct testimony at page 21, that it does not have the ability to bill AT&T in this manner. Mr. Milner states that BellSouth will render a manually-calculated bill or "retain the usage" and issue a bill at some unspecified time in the future when it develops the capability to do so. Neither alternative is sufficient. Until BellSouth reliably can bill for UNE usage, it is premature to claim that such UNEs are available or that BellSouth can provide nondiscriminatory access to them.

The Florida billing problem is not an isolated incident. The resale bills AT&T received from BellSouth for AT&T's Georgia market entry trial are also deficient. For example, they do not include sufficient information for AT&T's billing and collection of customer calls to information service providers.

17 Q. IS BELLSOUTH CURRENTLY BILLING AT&T FOR UNBUNDLED 18 NETWORK ELEMENTS IN FLORIDA?

A. No. Although AT&T has ordered the UNE platform in Florida, as Mr. Scheye states on page 33 of his testimony, BellSouth is treating combinations of elements as resale for pricing purposes pending the outcome of AT&T's Motion to Compel Compliance, filed on June 9, 1997, in Docket No. 960833-TP.

- Q. HAS BELLSOUTH INDICATED THAT IT CURRENTLY IS
 CAPABLE OF RECORDING AND BILLING USAGE DETAIL FOR
 UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENTS?
- 4 A. No. In fact, BellSouth has admitted that it currently is not capable of billing 5 for UNE combinations or of providing usage sensitive billing for those UNEs 6 that have usage sensitive pricing such as transport, switching, and signaling 7 and databases, and that it may not be able to do so until the end of this year. Without this capability, BellSouth cannot claim that it has complied with the 8 9 requirements of the competitive checklist to provide access to UNEs at costbased rates on a nondiscriminatory basis. Even if a CLEC does not order the 10 entire UNE platform, but seeks to order one or two elements to combine with 11 12 its own facilities, BellSouth must provide usage sensitive billing. To date, it has not demonstrated that it can do so. In addition, despite its arguments to 13 14 the contrary, BellSouth also must develop the ability to bill for UNE combinations at UNE rates. The United States Court of Appeals for the 15 Eighth Circuit recently determined that incumbent local exchange carriers 16 must provide access to combinations of UNEs at cost-based rates even if they 17 duplicate services offered for resale. Iowa Utilities Board v. Federal 18 19 Communications Commission, Nos. 96-3321, et al. (8th Cir. July 18, 1997). Therefore, BellSouth must develop the capability to bill for the UNE platform 20 21 at UNE rates.

1 Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF BELLSOUTH'S INABILITY TO PROVIDE USAGE DATA?

A. First, without usage data, there is no way for a CLEC to check the accuracy of the bill. Second, there is no way for a CLEC to track costs for purposes of creating its own pricing structure. Third, there is no way for a CLEC to monitor network usage to create more efficient networks and more efficient service plans for customers. Fourth, there is no way for CLECs to bill access charges when using the unbundled switch.

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10 Q. MR. MILNER REPEATEDLY STATES IN HIS TESTIMONY THAT
11 CHECKLIST ITEMS ARE "FUNCTIONALLY AVAILABLE." IS
12 THIS THE APPROPRIATE STANDARD FOR DETERMINING
13 COMPLIANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST?

14 No. Section 271 of the Act states that Bell operating companies must provide A. 15 nondiscriminatory access to UNEs in accordance with §§ 251(c)(3) and 16 252(d)(1). Section 251(c)(3) requires LECs to make UNEs available "on 17 rates, terms and conditions that are just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory." 18 47 U.S.C.A. § 251(c)(3). This is the standard for determining whether 19 BellSouth has complied with the competitive checklist. Mr. Milner uses the 20 phrase "functionally available" no less than 19 times in his testimony. See 21 Milner Direct, pages 4, 5, 9, 12, 15, 16, 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 31, 32, 33, 35, and 22 40. That term does not appear in the Act. He states on page 4 that he means 23 by that term that a checklist item has been "fully implemented and is 24 available" whether or not another carrier has requested the item. Thus, the 25 term as defined by Mr. Milner does not address the critical aspects of the Act's requirement that BellSouth provide "just, reasonable and nondiscriminatory" access. Moreover, as addressed in my direct testimony, the items on the checklist are not "fully implemented" nor "generally available" because methods and procedures for providing these items are not in place, operational testing is not complete, and for many items, there is no operational experience that would demonstrate BellSouth's ability to provide the checklist items in the real world. Exhibit JMHR-1 to my rebuttal testimony summarizes the requirements of the 14 point checklist. BellSouth has met none of these requirements. Exhibit JMHR-2 lists four of the major deficiencies in BellSouth's plan to provide interconnection and unbundled network elements.

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13 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

14 A. Yes.

Has BellSouth Demonstrated That It Has Met EACH of the Checklist Items? FPSC Exhibit Nut FPSC Docket 96

FPSC Exhibit Number
FPSC Docket 960786-TL
Hamman Exhibit JMHR-1
Page 1 of 1

		YES	NO	???
1	Interconnection in accordance with §§251 & 252 of the Federal Act § 271 (c)(2)(B)(i)			-
2	Non-discriminatory access to unbundled network elements § 271 (c)(2)(B)(ii)			-
3	Non-discriminatory access to poles, ducts, conduits, rights of way § 271 (c)(2)(B)(iii)			
4	Local loop unbundled from local switching § 271 (c)(2)(B)(iv)			
5	Local transport unbundled from local switching § 271 (c)(2)(B)(c)			
6	Local switching unbundled from local loops and local transport § 271 (c)(2;(B)(vi)			
7	Non-discriminatory access to 911, E911, Directory Assistance, operator call completion services § 271 (c)(2)(B)(cit)			
8	White pages listings § 271 (c)(2)(B)(viii)			
9	Non-discriminatory access to telephone numbers § 271 (c)(2)(B)(32)			
10	Non-discriminatory access to signaling and databases § 271 (c)(2)(B)(x)			
11	Local number portability § 271 (c)(2)(B)(xi)			
12	Dialing parity § 271 (c)(2)(B)(Mi)			
13	Reciprocal compensation § 271 (c)(2)(B)(Niii)			
14	All telecommunications services available for resale § 271 (c)(2)(B)(xit)			

Interconnection and Access to Unbundled Network Elements

NO Has BellSouth Provided: Methods and procedures? Operational testing? Operational experience? Performance measurement?

FPSC Exhibit Number
FPSC Docket 960786-TI
Hamman Exhibit JMHI