ORIGINAL

BEFORE THE

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

JOHN P. LYNOTT

ON BEHALF OF

AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES, INC.

AND

MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANY

AND

MCI METRO ACCESS TRANSMISSION SERVICES, INC.

Docket Nos. 960833-TP/ 960846-TP/971140-TP

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4		AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES, INC. AND
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8		
9	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
10		EMPLOYMENT.
11		
12	А.	My name is John P. Lynott, and my business address is 1875 Lawrence Street,
13		Suite 875, Denver, Colorado 80202. I am employed by AT&T Communications
14		as a District Manager in the Local Connectivity Costing and Pricing District of the
15		Local Services Division.
16		
17	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
18		
1 9	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to help this Commission establish appropriate
20		non-recurring cost (NRCs) rates for local market entry. It has been the
21		experience of AT&T and MCI that the NRC rates being proposed by most
22		incumbent local exchange carriers ("ILECs") are vastly overstated for a variety of
23		reasons, including faulty assumptions or inaccurate input values relating to

1		network architecture	e, operations support systems (OSSs) capabilities and labor
2		costs. AT&T and M	MCI have developed a costing tool that models forward-
3		looking non-recurring	ng costs in order to develop appropriate NRC rates. The
4		specific focus of my	v testimony is to explain the technical assumptions that were
5		used to develop the	AT&T and MCI Non-Recurring Cost Model (NRCM).
6			
7	Q.	HOW IS YOUR T	ESTIMONY ORGANIZED?
8			
9	А.	I begin with a descr	iption of general assumptions that are used in the NRCM. I
10		then describe in mo	re detail some of the non-recurring activities that are costed
11		out in the model. F	or brevity's sake, I do not describe in detail the technical
12		assumptions underly	ying each and every activity provided for in the model. I have
13		organized my testin	nony as follows:
14			
15		SECTION I -	Qualifications and Background
16		SECTION II	General NRCM Cost Modeling Assumptions
17		SECTION III	Customer Migration Costs
1 8		SECTION IV	Non-Recurring Costs for Installation
19		SECTION V	Non-Recurring Costs for Disconnection
20		SECTION VI	Summary and Recommendation
21			
22			

1		SECTION I - Qualifications and Background
2		
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND EMPLOYMENT
4		BACKGROUND.
5		
6	A.	I attended Pennsylvania State University and graduated from Regis University in
7		Denver, Colorado, receiving a BS degree, with a major in Technical Management
8		(Emphasis on Electrical Engineering Technology; "EET"), and a minor in
9		Economics. I have also successfully completed a mini-MBA at the Wharton
10		School of Business/University of Pennsylvania, as well as numerous other
11		technical and management training seminars and curriculums. I am presently
12		pursuing a Master of Science degree in Technology Management ("MOTM") at
13		the University of Denver. I am a member of the Institute of Electrical and
14		Electronics Engineers ("IEEE").
15		
16		I began my career as a Communications Technician with Mountain States
17		Telephone and Telegraph Company ("Mountain Bell") in 1981 in the Network
18		Switched Services department. From divestiture of the Bell System in 1984 until
19		1994, I held various assignments with US WEST Communications in the Network
20		Terminal Equipment Center/Switching Control Center ("NTEC/SCC"), Technical
21		Operations/Product Support, Network Maintenance Engineering, and Service
22		Assurance/Electronic Switching Assistance Center ("ESAC"). In 1994, I left U S
23		WEST for a position with AT&T Bell Laboratories/Network Systems as a Senior

1		Market Manager providing Custom Engineering and Development (CEAD), and
2		Tier One Operations Support Systems ("OSS") support.
3		
4		In November 1995, I accepted an assignment with AT&T Communications as a
5		Technical Support Manager on local infrastructure access issues. Then in 1996 I
6		accepted my current position within AT&T.
7		
8	Q.	MR. LYNOTT, COULD YOU PLEASE HIGHLIGHT THAT PORTION
9		OF YOUR WORK EXPERIENCE THAT IS PARTICULARLY
10		PERTINENT TO THE MATTERS DISCUSSED IN YOUR TESTIMONY?
11		
12	A.	Yes. While I have worked for AT&T since 1994, for most of my career I have
13		worked in a Regional Bell Operating Company ("RBOC") environment with
14		Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company ("Mountain Bell") or its
15		successor Company, U S WEST Communications (U S WEST). Throughout my
16		13 years with these companies, I was heavily involved with the various work
17		centers, functions, activities, and Operational Support Systems ("OSS") that are
18		the focus of our testimony which follows. That experience began in my job as a
19		Communications Technician actually performing the work, continued in various
20		managerial positions observing and supervising others who performed the work,
21		and culminated in other managerial assignments where I helped select the network
22		element technologies and develop the industry standards involved.

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE PROVIDE EXAMPLES OF THOSE JOB RESPONSIBILITIES AND EXPERIENCES THAT HAVE PARTICULAR APPLICATION HERE?

4

Certainly. My hands-on work as a Communications Technician (COT) for 5 Α. Mountain Bell included the timely provisioning and maintenance of POTS-type, 6 "designed," and high capacity DS1 services in a central office (CO) environment. 7 This required that I become very familiar with leading edge, processor-controlled 8 network element central office conversions and replacement of older technologies 9 with what were forward-looking technologies at that time. I also coordinated with 10 outside plant (Installation and Maintenance ("I&M") technicians in the 11 installation and maintenance of both POTS and designed services, as well as 12 trunks and special services for interexchange carriers ("IXCs"). I specifically 13 coordinated with the Special Services Center ("SSC") on the testing, acceptance, 14 15 and maintenance of designed circuits, with the Circuit Provisioning Center ("CPC") to resolve fall-out of incorrect circuit designs, and the Switching Control 16 Centers ("SCC"). As my career with Mountain Bell shifted into managerial roles, 17 I trained and supervised technicians who performed these work functions, and 18 interfaced on a biweekly basis with my counterparts in not only the SSC, SCC, 19 CPC, and I&M groups, but also the Facilities Maintenance Administration Center 20 ("FMAC") and Recent Change Memory Administration Center ("RCMAC," a 21 switch translations work group). All of these work centers are important to the 22 23 non-recurring cost (NRC) modeling issues addressed later in my testimony.

By 1988 my managerial responsibilities (after divestiture in 1984, with U S 1 WEST) were Company-wide in scope, covering operations across all 14 states. In 2 a series of managerial positions, I was responsible for developing and writing 3 detailed technical methods and procedures (M&Ps) to govern the provisioning 4 and maintenance of local exchange and access services; for resolving technical 5 problems on the U S WEST network when field personnel could not; and for 6 analysis and selection of vendor-specific, forward-looking OSS systems and 7 technologies such as LDS, SONET, DCS, TR-303, SS7, and ADTS, many of 8 which are discussed in the testimony which follows. In my last position at U S 9 10 WEST, I served as liaison to Bell Communications Research ("Bellcore"). In this 11 position I was responsible for assuring that the Company's new technology 12 interfaces were compatible to legacy Bellcore OSS systems, which required a 13 thorough understanding of flow-through provisioning and maintenance issues, 14 problems, fallout, and systems, both upstream and downstream, and from ordering through order completion. 15

16

After leaving U S WEST in mid-1994 for AT&T Bell Laboratories (now Lucent Technologies), I served as Marketing Manager for the Company's provisioning and maintenance OSS systems for the Western Region, and also provided Tier I systems engineering support for all interfaces with U S WEST Communications. Since transferring to AT&T Communications in late 1995, I have been immersed in the technical aspects of the crucial NRC costing and pricing issues that must be resolved as AT&T, MCI, and other local service providers ("CLECs") move into

1		the local exchange market under the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996.
2		These varied work assignments over the years have all helped prepare me for
3		addressing the issues in this case.
4		
5	Q.	HAVE YOU EVER BEEN INVOLVED IN NEGOTIATIONS AND/OR
6		ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS WITH ANY ILEC?
7		
8	A.	Yes, I was an AT&T lead negotiator on Interconnection, Unbundling,
9		Collocation, and Local Number Portability (LNP) issues in the U S WEST
10		negotiations. Subsequently, I was also involved in, and testified in Arbitration
11		Proceedings on Technical Feasibility issues.
12		
13	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS?
14		
15	A.	Yes. I have previously testified in numerous times in Colorado, Texas, New
16		York, Minnesota, Arizona, Utah, and New Mexico.
17		
18		SECTION II - NRCM Assumptions
19		
20	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE PURPOSE OF THE NON RECURRING COST
21		MODEL (NRCM).
22		

1	A.	As explained in the model's documentation (Exhibit JPL-1), the NRCM develops
2		one time non-recurring cost estimates for the tasks and activities that may be
3		performed by an ILEC such as BellSouth when a Competitive Local Exchange
4		Carrier (CLEC) requests wholesale services, or, as is the subject of this
5		proceeding, interconnection, and/or unbundled network elements. Utilizing a
6		forward-looking cost methodology, the NRCM develops a "bottoms-up" estimate
7		of non-recurring costs. To accomplish this, the NRCM reflects the individual
8		tasks and activities that may be required to respond to CLEC requests.
9		
10	Q.	WHAT DO YOU MEAN WHEN YOU SAY "FORWARD-LOOKING
11		COST" METHODOLOGY?
12		
13	A.	In the context of the NRCM, I use this term to refer to costs that an efficient
14		provider, using currently available technology would incur to conduct the non-
15		recurring activities described below.
16		
17	Q.	WHAT ARE NON-RECURRING COSTS?
18		
19	A.	Non-recurring costs are the efficient, one-time costs associated with establishing,
20		disconnecting or rearranging unbundled network elements purchased from
21		BellSouth at the request of a customer (e.g., CLEC). Non-recurring cost activities
22		are those that only benefit the CLEC requesting the elements

1 Q. WHY IS IT SO IMPORTANT THAT THE ACTIVITIES BEING 2 PERFORMED SPECIFICALLY BENEFIT THE CLEC?

3

If the activity being performed is a one-time activity, but benefits all future users 4 Α. of a particular telecommunications facility, the costs of the activity typically are 5 characterized as recurring. The costs of constructing a loop is one example. 6 Proper allocation of one-time costs is particularly important in a competitive 7 environment where more than one local exchange carrier including the ILEC may 8 9 use a particular facility at different points in that facility's lifetime. If all the 10 forward-looking costs of a one-time activity benefiting multiple users are borne 11 by the first telecommunications provider to use the facility, then obviously the 12 first user will be forced to pay more than its fair share. 13

Activities associated with manual assistance due to errors in the network management systems and databases (Operational Support Systems) are examples of activities that do not benefit the customer. This is because efficiently managed systems do not experience these errors. Rather, such activities are a function of embedded inefficiencies, and result in costs for which CLECs should not compensate an ILEC.

20

21 Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN, BRIEFLY, HOW THE NRCM IS PUT
22 TOGETHER?

1	A.	Yes. The theory behind the development of a non-recurring cost model is fairly
2		simple. First, it is necessary to identify the non-recurring actions required to
3		provision unbundled network elements to CLECs. Second, it is necessary to
4		break down each action into the detailed work activities that comprise that
5		service, and determine both the time necessary to complete these activities and the
6		associated labor rates. Finally, it is necessary to determine, for each action, the
7		probability that a particular work activity will be required to provide the action.
8		
9		The non-recurring cost of a particular action, then, is simply the sum of the costs
10		of each of the necessary work activities, calculated as the product of the required
11		time, the labor rate, and the probability of occurrence of that work activity. The
12		NRCM calculates non-recurring costs using precisely the steps I just described.
13		
14		Version 2.0 of the NRCM is included with my testimony on a diskette. Also
15		included on the diskette is the output file for Florida.
16		
17	Q.	WHAT PROCESSES DOES THE NRCM MODEL?
18		
19	Α.	The majority of non-recurring processes which the NRCM models involve
20		activities associated with pre-ordering, ordering and /or provisioning processes.
21		Short descriptions of these processes are as follows:
22		

1		• Pre-ordering: the process by which a CLEC interfaces with customers to
2		determine customer needs, usually beginning with the ILEC providing to
3		the CLEC information necessary to initiate orders. This information, such
4		as customer premise address, phone number availability, feature
5		availability and service availability, is made accessible to CLECs
6		electronically so they can accurately respond to customers when taking
7		service and feature orders.
8		·
9		• Ordering: the process by which a CLEC electronically submits a Local
10		Service Request (LSR) order to an ILEC via an electronic gateway. The
11		ILEC responds electronically with a positive confirmation of order
12		acceptance or order fallout requiring CLEC resolution.
13		
14		• Provisioning: the process by which an ILEC, after receipt of an LSR
15		order, performs the necessary functions to provide Unbundled Network
16		Elements (UNEs) requested by a CLEC.
17		
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PRE-ORDERING AND
19		ORDERING?
20		
21	A.	Pre-ordering is the process of gathering all of the information necessary to be able
22		to create an accurate end user service order. This includes all of the information

1		about the services, if any, currently subscribed to by the end user, the service
2		address, the facilities available to provide service to the end user, telephone
3		number assignments, and the like. Once all of this information has been
4		collected, ordering is the actual placing of an order for the various unbundled
5		network elements needed to provide services to the end user.
6		
7	Q.	WHY IS PRE-ORDERING A FUNCTION THAT REQUIRES ACCESSING
8		THE ILEC'S DATABASES?
9		
10	A.	When an entrant is going to use either resold services or unbundled network
11		elements provided by the incumbent, the entrant will have to place a service order
12		with the incumbent. If an entrant is to have its order properly identified with the
13		end user's current service account, all of the information about the end user to be
14		served must match the information the incumbent already has on that end user.
15		Because the market is currently a monopoly, only the incumbent has the
16		information about the billing and service address(es), the telephone numbers, and
17		the features and functions that are used by each end user. Accordingly, the entrant
18		must interface with the ILEC. Pre-ordering also allows the new entrant to talk to
19		a potential customer about what services are available at his location, how soon it
20		is likely service could be provided, and what the cost will be. This is the same
21		function a customer experiences when shopping for new tires, or new stereo
22		equipment.

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1 Q. WHAT IS PROVISIONING?

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4	٠.		

3	Α.	Provisioning is the actual assignment of all of the network elements needed to
4		provide services to a given end user. It is the turning up of service so that the new
5		entrant is ready to provide service to the new or existing customer.
6		
7	Q.	HOW ARE THE PRE-ORDERING, ORDERING AND PROVISIONING,
8		AS WELL AS MAINTENANCE AND BILLING, ELECTRONIC
9		PROCESSES MANAGED ?
10		
11	A.	These processes are managed through the use of Operational Support Systems
12		("OSS").
13		
14	Q.	WHAT ARE OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS?
15		
16	A.	OSS are the electronic, software driven computer programs and databases that
17		telephone companies use to manage their pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning,
18		repair, maintenance and billing processes for both their retail and wholesale
19		operations. Today's software programs and databases operate in a highly
20		automated, accurate and rapid manner with little to no human intervention.
21		
22	Q.	WHY ARE OSS ASSUMPTIONS IMPORTANT TO THE
23		DEVELOPMENT OF A NON-RECURRING COST MODEL?

1	A.	Telecommunications networks have evolved to the point where functions such as
2		billing, pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning and maintenance rely heavily on
3		efficient, high availability Operational Support Systems in order to minimize non-
4		recurring cost and maximize performance quality and reliability. In terms of
5		"system solutions", significant advances have been implemented in the last 10-20
6		years that minimize the need for manual labor (and non-recurring costs) when
7		these systems and databases are efficiently operated and maintained. In fact, the
8		industry has developed and begun to implement the "next generation" of OSSs
9		through industry standards such as Telecommunications Management Network, or
10		TMN.
11		
12		Not so long ago, functions such as processing a service order were very labor
13		intensive, requiring constant human intervention to update manual inventories and
14		to physically complete each and every order. Today, however, the databases
15		existing within an incumbent's OSS architecture (often referred to as 'Legacy'
16		systems) have been automated and re-engineered to virtually eliminate the need
17		for human intervention. As these automated systems have developed over the
18		past two decades, "[t]he watchwords for such systems became flow through,
19		meaning that the processing of a problem or request for service would flow
20		through several computer systems and be resolved without human intervention." ¹
21		OSS evolution has had, and will continue to have, a very significant impact on
22		non-recurring costs. Given that the major driver of high non-recurring costs had

1		been incremental labor times and labor rates, the reduced reliance on human
2		intervention due to advanced OSSs has significantly reduced the incremental non-
3		recurring cost associated with functions such as pre-ordering, ordering,
4		provisioning and maintenance. Significant cost savings can be achieved with
5		existing OSS, if their capabilities are not undermined by polluted databases or
6		inefficient configurations.
7		
8	Q	ARE THERE ANY OTHER ASSUMPTIONS REGARDING OSSs THAT
9		ARE RELEVANT TO MODELING NRCs?
10		
11	A.	Yes. Assumptions regarding recovery of OSS investment are important. First,
12		the NRCM does not capture OSS investment required for the establishment and
13		operation of the electronic gateway that serves as the medium for CLEC/ILEC
14		interfacing because it has value over many years and to all exchange carriers
15		utilizing the network. Second, BellSouth's current OSS investment is recovered
16		through recurring rates, to the extent it needs to be recovered at all. Mechanized
17		OSS manages the totality of the telecommunications network. Arguably, no OSS
18		investment should result in any cost increase, even for recurring rates, because
19	,	much, if not all, OSS investment is recovered through efficiency gains that result
20		from that investment. That is, investing in up-to-date OSSs reduces costs for the
21		ILEC, and, hence, the investment pays for itself over time.
22		

Q. DO YOU HAVE AN EXAMPLE IN WHICH OSS EFFICIENCY GAINS WERE REALIZED?

3

Yes, as I mentioned previously, the provisioning of a service request, prior to the 4 Α. advent of efficient OSSs, was a manual, labor intensive effort that was prone to 5 mistakes and service delays. Bellcore then developed, and the industry has 6 7 implemented, several OSSs that have mechanized the assignment process. One software solution product of Bellcore called Facility Assignment and Control 8 9 Systems (FACS) automated the assignment process. Another product called the 10 Computer Operations For Main Frame Operations (COSMOS) automated manual 11 inventory systems for tracking the assignment of central office equipment. 12 13 In addition, two other products from Bellcore further automate the provisioning 14 process: the Loop Facility Assignment and Control system (LFACS) provides a 15 mechanized inventory and assignment of the outside plant; and the Service Order 16 Analysis and Control System (SOAC) tracks and analyzes the service order. 17 SOAC determines if inventory assignments are required, and sends those 18 assignment requests to the inventory systems (LFACS and COSMOS). 19 20 Together, these systems have mechanized the assignment process needed to 21 provision a service request. As a result, for much of the POTS, complex, and

special services, those systems have virtually eliminated the need for manual
assignments, providing an efficient means for managing the network and

1		significantly reducing the work forces needed in the provisioning process. In
2		addition, these systems have led the way for other enhancements and systems that
3		now manage the work forces, produce translations that activate the local digital
4		switch, and provision services in a completely electronic flow-through manner.
5		
6	Q.	CAN YOU PROVIDE AN EXPLANATION OF FALLOUT?
7		
8	А.	The term used when orders do not flow through an OSS automatically is
9		"Fallout". Most ILEC systems are electronically linked and are dependent on one
10		another. Occasionally an error will occur as data flows through the systems, and
11		this error will cause a service order to "fall out" of the systems, resulting in the
12		need for manual intervention. For example, in an electronic ordering process, if
13		one of the OSSs receives erroneous or incompatible information from another
14		OSS, the order will be designated as a process "fallout" and may require manual
15		intervention to correct or complete the order.
16		
17		It is important to note that the NRCM only considers "fallout" within the OSS
18		managing the provisioning processes. Fallout during the pre-ordering and
19		ordering processes (i.e., errors on the Local Service Request itself) are the
20		responsibility of the CLEC to manually clear, as provided for in the
21		Interconnection Agreement between AT&T and BellSouth. ²
22		

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1 Q. IS FALLOUT IMPORTANT TO MEASURING NRCs?

3	A.	Absolutely. Fallout is important because in many instances it is the only cost
4		driver for an otherwise seamless electronic flow-through process. With OSSs that
5		are well managed and maintained, the rate of fallout is expected to be minimal,
6		especially in a competitive environment. This is a necessity because fallout
7		affects the customer in terms of longer delivery intervals and restoration/response
8		times, as well as higher cost of providing service; conditions a competitive
9		company can ill afford.
10		
11	Q.	WHAT FALLOUT RATE IS USED IN THE NRCM?
12		
13	A.	The NRCM assumes a conservative fallout rate of 2%. Fallout levels proposed by
14		MCI and AT&T were selected based on the judgment of our experts of a
15		competitive industry, as well as fallout levels reported by ILECs. A 98% flow-
16		through process rate is an achievable forward-looking benchmark. The level of
17		fallout currently reported by some ILECs for resale orders is approaching, at, or
18		better than, what our model proposes and this will be the trend in a competitive
19		environment for UNE orders as well. A prime example is the SWBT transcripts
20		for EASE/TSR flow through provisioning which indicate only a 1% fallout rate
21		for resale orders. ³ SWBT has also indicated that they expect the same 99% flow-
22		through for unbundled network elements (UNE) via similar systems. Moreover,

1		US West has also stated in a cost study filed before the Minnesota Public Service
2		Commission on 7/11/97 that "97% of all CSB PIC Changes are completely
3		mechanized." PIC changes involve the transfer of ILEC facilities between inter-
4		exchange carriers and, thus, involve non-recurring activities comparable to those
5		an ILEC must perform to provision unbundled network elements to CLECs.
6		
7		Even BellSouth admits that low fallout rates currently are achievable. ⁴ Further, a
8		competitive local environment will necessitate a low fallout rate, as indicated in
9		the requirements RBOCs have supplied to Bellcore. According to Bellcore GR-
10		2869, Issue 2, (Oct. 1996) pg.4-25, section 4.6.2 on Immediate Service
11		Activation, "Activation will occur at the time of assignment" (i.e., immediately).
12		Such requirements will not allow for high levels of fallout.
13		
14	Q.	IS THE 2% NRCM FALLOUT RATE SIMILAR TO THE ASSUMPTIONS
15		BEING UTILIZED BY BELLSOUTH IN THEIR COST STUDIES?
16		
1 7	А.	Not at all. BellSouth, like several other ILECs, has assumed a significantly higher
18		degree of manual intervention in its OSS systems, such as COSMOS/SWITCH,
19		PREMIS, TIRKS, and LFACS. For the reasons discussed above, this assumption
20		is invalid because it does not represent efficiently managed and forward looking
21		systems, and, accordingly, produces a higher non-recurring cost than should be
22		experienced even with the automatic flow-through processes that actually exists

1		today. In addition, BellSouth introduces unnecessary workgroups, such as the
2		LCSC and ACAC, to internally rework orders that BellSouth deems contain
3		CLEC order entry errors. Any manual assistance required to clear errors
4		associated with the data on the Local Service Order will be performed by the
5		CLEC, which incurs all cost. Since all order errors, not OSS fallout, are 100%
6		electronically returned to the CLEC, BellSouth inappropriately overstates relevant
7		non-recurring cost.
8		
9	Q.	IN ADDITION TO OSS, IS THE NETWORK ARCHITECTURE
10		ASSUMPTION CRITICAL WHEN MODELING NON-RECURRING
11		COSTS?
12		
13	A.	Yes. It's also important to understand and utilize forward looking network
14		architectures in modeling non-recurring costs. For example, the NRCM utilizes
15		Local Digital Switches ("LDS"), Integrated Digital Loop Carrier (IDLC/GR-303)
16		for loops greater than 9 Kilofeet (for loops less than 9 Kilofeet, copper is
17		assumed), Digital Cross-connect Systems ("DCS"), and Synchronous Optical
18		Network ("SONET") rings for transport. These architectures are important
19		because they are forward looking intelligent processor controlled network
20		elements that can communicate over standard interfaces to the OSSs in such a
21		manner that little-or-no manual intervention is required for provisioning or
22		maintenance activities. These architectures are also the ones currently be
23		deployed by BellSouth today. Technologies such as these work hand-in-hand

1		with advanced OSSs to minimize cost and improve customer service and are
2		essential to the development of forward looking non-recurring costs.
3		
4	Q.	ARE THESE FORWARD LOOKING NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES
5		AVAILABLE TODAY?
6		
7	А.	Yes, current forward looking network technologies are available to the
8		telecommunications industry. In fact, BellSouth made headlines in a November
9		2, 1993, AT&T News press release: "BellSouth makes ISDN call via GR-303-
10		compliant loop carrier." The news release stated that the demonstration points to
11		substantially lowered costs for ISDN connections, expected to make ISDN service
12		more attractive and widespread. SONET technology also is deployed currently
13		within the BellSouth network, and is the existing, forward-looking technology in
14		the industry. BellSouth offers a variety of SONET services in its Interstate
15		Access Tariff.
16		
17	Q.	CAN YOU BRIEFLY DESCRIBE OTHER SIGNIFICANT ASPECTS OF
18		THE NRCM'S METHODOLOGY AND ASSUMPTIONS?
19		
20	Α.	Yes. As a threshold matter, the model develops separate non-recurring costs for
21		migration, installation, and disconnection functions. The cost to disconnect has
22		been modeled separately in order to model accurately an entrant's non-recurring
23		costs, depending on whether the new entrant chooses to disconnect the feature or

1	function at the time an end user cancels service, or maintain the service, feature or
2	function installed for a future customer. By contrast, in the current, non-
3	competitive environment, ILEC connect charges often recover the cost of both the
4	connection and the disconnection.
5	
6	In addition, the NRCM assumes certain levels of testing. As an example, the
7	NRCM does recognize continuity-type testing to insure connectivity. The costs of
8	conformance-type testing (necessary to insure that installed facilities deliver
9	services meeting the required specifications), however, are captured within the
10	maintenance loading factor on recurring rates because this testing is performed
11	during the Engineer, Furnish and Install (EF&I) phase associated with plant
12	placement. As a result, the NRCM does not duplicate inclusion of these costs.
13	The NRCM also assumes that BellSouth will proactively maintain its network to
14	ensure that it operates properly and provides reliable customer service. Such
15	proactive monitoring of the network is done in order to be aware of potential
16	failures before they occur. In addition, BellSouth must respond to customer
17	generated inquiries about service problems. The NRCM assumes that the costs
18	for these types of testing are recovered in recurring rates.
19	
20	Lastly, the NRCM models different process flows depending upon whether the
21	service, feature, and/or function is considered a plain old telephone service
22	("POTS") or a designed/private line type special service. This distinction is
23	critical from a cost perspective since a designed service may be significantly more

1		costly. For example, the use of special services test access points will trigger a
2		costly designed circuit, which, in turn, triggers other costly processes
3		(equipment/technology intensive designs), special services OSSs, and work
4		centers/work groups that BellSouth does not use itself when provisioning or
5		maintaining its own non-designed POTS type services. In addition, it is important
6		for parity reasons to ensure that BellSouth charges new entrants for designed
7		process flows only in circumstances in which BellSouth, for its own customers,
8		would incur this expense.
9		
10	Q.	WHAT CRITERION SHOULD THE COMMISSION USE TO EVALUATE
11		THE APPROPRIATENESS OF NRCs?
12		
13	А.	As is the case with network elements in general, the Commission should ensure
14		that NRCs are not structured in a manner that forces new entrants to pay for costs
15		that they do not cause. Presently, for example, ILECs commonly "disconnect"
16		unbundled network elements by software command only (i.e., without physical
17		disconnection of any sort). This activity is referred to as 'soft dial tone' and
18		requires no manual work. Yet, the non-recurring installation charges BellSouth
19		proposes to charge new entrants invariably reflect the costs of physical
20		reconnection, regardless of whether the facilities in question were ever physically
21		disconnected in the first instance. Structuring NRCs so that new entrants must
22		pay for costs that the incumbent will not actually incur is yet another means by

23 which ILECs can erect competitive barriers to competition. Modeling costs that

1		reflect the elimination of such proposals not only minimizes initial barriers to
2		entry, but also closely links cost recovery with the manner in which the costs are
3		actually incurred.
4		
5		SECTION III - NRCs for Customer Migration
6		
7	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT IS MEANT BY THE TERMS MIGRATION
8		AND INSTALLATION.
9		
10	А.	Migration occurs when a customer with existing service requests changes in its
11		local service provider (i.e., moving existing ILEC customers to a CLEC). This
12		contrasts with an installation, which is defined as the establishment of any new (or
13		additional) service for a CLEC customer.
14		
15	Q.	COULD YOU BRIEFLY DESCRIBE THE STEPS FOR MODELING THE
16		NON-RECURRING COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH CUSTOMER
17		MIGRATION?
18		
19	A.	The NRCM assumes that migration activities can be accomplished electronically
20		through the electronic gateway that exists between a CLEC and BellSouth and
21		BellSouth's OSSs that the CLEC is accessing. Thus, the cost for a migration order
22		potentially is processing time only, which is recovered in recurring rates.

1		When an order does fall out, the NRCM assumes that the Provisioning Analyst
2		Work Station ("PAWS"), or a similar OSS, clears some of the jeopardy conditions
3		automatically, again resulting only in the cost for processing time. The NRCM,
4		however, assumes that some manual work will be required to resolve fallout
5		problems that PAWS cannot resolve (e.g., communication link failures between
6		different OSSs, software release incompatibility, database errors, hardware
7		failures, system maintenance, etc.).
8		
9		Based on my experience with New England Telephone Co.'s Mechanized Loop
10		Assignment Center (MLAC), I have estimated that the average time expended by
11		technicians to resolve system problems consists of 2.5 minutes to retrieve and
12		analyze the order and 15 minutes to actually clear the jeopardy.
13		
14	Q.	CAN YOU EXPLAIN HOW PAWS CLEARS SOME OF THE JEOPARDY
15		CONDITIONS?
16		
17	A.	Yes. The PAWS system is a software product from Bellcore that manages and
18		tracks fallout or jeopardy conditions. When fallout is detected, OSSs such as
19		SOAC route information about the fallout to PAWS. PAWS, in turn, routes this
20		data to a particular work group or system that can assist in resolution of the
21		problem. The PAWS software also comes equipped with a "work scripting" tool
22		set which allows companies like BellSouth to construct work scripts that emulate
23		otherwise manual transactions required to resolve the jeopardy condition. If, for

1		example, the system detects an interfering station condition (primary service
2		cannot be installed, possibly because the disconnect for that service location has
3		not been received yet), the work scripts would perform the necessary inquiry
4		transactions on various systems, evaluate the condition and clear the conflict or
5		reroute the fallout to a workgroup for further investigation.
6		
7		SECTION IV - NRCs for Customer Installation
8		
9	Q.	HOW DOES THE NRCM DEVELOP INSTALLATION COSTS?
10		
11	A.	The best way to answer this question is using the development of non-recurring
12		unbundled loop (For cost modeling purposes, 2 Wire POTS and ISDN BRI are the
13		same. In addition, the NRCM provides for different activities that take place
14		depending upon whether a copper loop or GR-303 fiber loop is being
15		provisioned.) and port installation costs as an example. (Exhibit JPL-2.) The
16		NRCM multiplies individual work activity times by the applicable rate per hour to
17		determine the activity cost. After the total costs of provisioning the service type
18		are calculated, the model sums the costs and applies an "overhead factor" to arrive
19		at the total cost of provisioning that service type.
20		
21	IS IT	TECHNICALLY FEASIBLE FOR A FLOW-THROUGH PROVISIONING
22		PROCESS TO OCCUR?

А.	Yes. With the deployment today of efficient OSS, a flow-through provisioning
	process takes place the majority of the time.
Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE GENERAL SERVICE FLOW FOR THE
	DEVELOPMENT OF INSTALLATION NON-RECURRING COSTS?
А.	Generally, the service order flow for OSS and INE is as follows and is illustrated
	below:
	1. The Service Order Processor ("SOP") sends the order to the Service Order
	Analysis & Control System ("SOAC"). SOAC analyzes the order and
	determines if assignments or updates are necessary to outside plant
	(assignments/updates), interoffice facilities or central office equipment
	(assignments/updates), and whether local digital switch (recent change
	translations) functions are needed. If required, SOAC then generates an
	assignment request and sends it to the appropriate Provisioning Systems
	(e.g., Computer System for Mainframe Operations [COSMOS], Loop
	Facility Assignment and Control System [LFACS], Trunk Inventory and
	Record Keeping System [TIRKS], etc.). It should be noted here, that in
	the case of a simple request of a customer to change providers with no
	change in what he or she is currently receiving in service (e.g., "as is" ("As
	Is" means that the existing customer and their services are in place today
	and will remain identical.), Unbundled Network Element Platform, and
	Q.

1		Soft Dial Tone (Soft Dial Tone is where the circuit facilities and the
2		switch port are not reassigned, but are left in place even though the
3		premises is vacated.), there is no need to access any down-stream systems
4		via SOAC because all facilities are already in place. Thus, the only cost
5		associated with this activity is processor time to change some records in
6		BellSouth's databases.
7		
8	2.	The Provisioning Systems (e.g. Memory Administration/Recent Change)
9		respond with assignments or updates and SOAC formulates the Element
10		Management System ("EMS"), and Provisioning Systems Translation
11		Packets and Messages based upon the component response data.
12		
13	3.	SOAC electronically sends the Translation Packets and Messages to EMS,
14		and/or Provisioning Systems (e.g., Memory Administration Recent
15		Change [MARCH] and Operations Processor System for Intelligent
16		Network Elements [OPS/INE].
17		
18	4.	The Provisioning Systems and/or EMS electronically sends Translation
19		Packets and Recent Change Messages to the Local Digital Switching
20		Systems ("LDS") ⁵ , Digital Cross-connect Systems ("DCS") ⁶ , and/or other
21		Stored Program or Processor Controlled Network Elements ("PCNE").
22		The EMS ⁷ also sends Translation Packets or Recent Change Messages to

 Terminal Systems ("ADTS")⁹, Fiber in The Loop ("FITL")¹⁰, SONET ADM/LTE¹¹ or other Processor Controlled Intelligent Digital Loop Cart ("DLC")¹². 	ier
	ier
4 $("DLC")^{12}$.	
5	
6 5. Upon receipt of the Message or Translation Packets, the EMS,	
7 Provisioning Systems, and Processor Controlled Network Element	
8 ("PCNE") will respond in one of two ways:	
9	
10 (a) The first is a positive acknowledgment that the Translation Pack	ets
11 or Messages received have been worked successfully. Assuming	, a
12 positive acknowledgment response, service is normally	
13 provisioned within 2.0 seconds.	
14 (b) The second is an error acknowledgment (fallout) sent to SOAC	0
15 indicate that the EMS, PCNE, and/or Provisioning Systems were	;
16 unable to translate the Translation Packet or Message successful	ly.
17 If this occurs, the order falls out of the system, the error(s) are	
18 resolved and the order is re-input into the process.	
19	
20 6. Assuming successful flow-through (no fallout or RMA), SOAC stores	
21 EMS, PCNE, and/or Provisioning Systems requests/responses in its	
22 databases for use of reports and inquiries. SOAC also sends the	

		(ISODI) and
1		assignment section to the service order processor ("SOP"), and
2		completions are automatically posted in the affected OSS Systems (e.g.,
3		Provisioning Systems, Work Management Systems, and Billing Systems,
4		etc.)
5		
6	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT COST
7		MODELING ASSUMPTIONS.
8		
9	А.	First, the non-recurring cost model assumes, that SONET rings for interoffice
10		transport are the proper forward looking technology to employ and that DS1 and
11		DS3 are virtual paths over the SONET ring.
12		
13		Second, forward-looking Digital Crossconnect System/Electronic Digital Signal
14		Crossconnect (DCS/EDSX 13) technology is assumed. There is no need to
15		manually perform option settings on the SONET equipment (i.e., line codes,
16		features) because DCS/EDSX has default settings, and because it is software
17		controlled. If changes of the default settings are required, it will be remote and in
18		a flow-through manner from upstream OSS systems(s) such as the Bellcore
19		Operations Processing System for Intelligent Network Elements ("OPS/INE").
20		The cross connects are performed electronically and will take approximately 50
21		milliseconds for CPU processing time with an acknowledgment response within 2
22		seconds per Bellcore specifications. ¹⁴

1	Third, the study also assumes that the performance monitoring for Error Seconds
2	("ES"), Bit Error Rate ("BER"), Cyclical Redundancy Check ("CRC),
3	Unavailable Seconds ("UAS"), Severely Error Seconds ("SES"), and Automatic
4	Protection Switch Counts ("APS") have been set. Remote DS1 loop-back testing
5	is facilitated by the use of a Testing OSS system ("TOS"). Finally, Quad (4-port)
6	plug-in cards have been assumed.
7	
8	Fourth, the transport non-recurring cost modeling does not include the end-to-end
9	provision of special access/private line services, but rather only designed
10	interoffice facilities ("IOF") transport and, therefore, the entire transport process
11	is controlled by the Facilities Maintenance Administration Center ("FMAC") and
12	not the Special Services Center (SSC). Thus, this transport cost reflects ordering
13	capacity only.
14	
15	Fifth, alarms are typically tested with the Facility Maintenance Administration
16	Center ("FMAC") upon acceptance and turn-up of the intelligent network
17	elements (i.e., DCS/EDSX, SONET Mux, etc.) and not on a facility by facility
18	basis. This feature has no manual labor for testing other than trace lamp
19	continuity because performance monitoring is performed automatically between
20	the EDSX/DCS/EDSX and the Network Monitoring and Analysis ("NMA") OSS.
21	This assumes, of course, that the FMAC has already built the parse rules,
22	templates, and databases in the NMA OSS System. If performance monitoring

1		("PM") fails then intrusive testing will occur via a remote Integrated Test System
2		("ITS") or similar Test Operations System OSS system.
3		
4		Finally, the cost for DS1 grooming within the DS3 Interoffice Transport is CPU
5		processing time only. This feature has no manual labor because it assumes the
6		new entrant has access to Flexcom/LINC, which is a Bellcore OSS end-user
7		partitioned system, or Customer Network Controller ("CNC"), which is a Lucent
8		end-user OSS system, that allows for end user customer access to EDSX/DCS and
9		SONET Add/Drop Multiplexers for reconfiguration of their own DS3, DS1,
10		and/or DSO bandwidth. This allows the new entrant the ability to groom the DS1
11		within the DS3 interoffice Transport.
12		
13	Q.	WHAT TIMES AND ACTIVITIES WERE ASSUMED FOR
14		INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT?
15		
16	A.	Two channel units or plug-ins were assumed for each DS3. Three channel units
17		or plug-ins were assumed for a DS1. The cards required to be installed are in
18		DCS/EDSX, high speed SONET Multiplexer and low speed SONET multiplexer
19		(applicable to DS1 only). This allows low speed drops (e.g., DS1s) from a high
20		speed SONET ring (e.g., OC-48) to a low speed DS1. The times to install the
21		cards was estimated at 2 minutes each. However, the time was divided by 4 to
22		reflect the Quad (4-port) cards plug-ins for DCS/EDSX and the low speed
23		multiplexer. The time for the high speed plug-in was divided by 28 to reflect the

1		capacity of an STS-1, DS3, or OC-1. For testing, its was assumed, as discussed
2		above, all performance monitoring ("PM") registers were pre-set for autonomous
3		reporting of PM threshold crossings to the OSS. However, it was assumed that it
4		took the FMAC technician 3 minutes to retrieve and analyze the data. In addition,
5		it was assumed that 1% of the time an ITS or intrusive test will be performed, if a
6		performance Monitoring test fails. Fall out was included and the center assumed
7		was the Circuit Provisioning Center.
8		
9		V. NRCs for Customer Disconnects
10		
11	Q.	PLEASE DEFINE DISCONNECT.
12		
13	A.	Disconnect occurs when a service to a customer is ended.
14		
15	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE WHY THE NRCM MODELS DISCONNECTION
16		NRCs SEPARATELY?
17		
18	Α.	While ILECs, including BellSouth in its model, typically model installation NRC
19		charges to include the cost of disconnection, the NRCM separates installation and
20		disconnection for costing and pricing purposes. The rationale for this method is
21		two fold. First, the ILEC should only receive the revenue for the disconnect at the
22		time the actual disconnection occurs. This eliminates a "time value of money"
23		concern that is inherent in most current ILEC methodologies.

1		Second, the disaggregation of installation and disconnect costs and prices also
2		allows the new entrant the ability to benefit from the long standing and efficient
3		practices with respect to Dedicated Inside Plant ("DIP") and Dedicated Outside
4		Plant ("DOP"). The DIP and DOP processes allow for rapid activation or
5		deactivation of services at an end user location without the need for physical
6		disruption of the facility because, with DIP and DOP, physical connections
7		remain in place and only a command from the OSS to the network element is
8		necessary to activate or de-activate the service. If a new entrant chooses to have
9		service de-activated using only software commands, disconnection NRCs become
10		almost non-existent. BellSouth's current disconnect policy adheres to this
11		practice of DIP and DOP in order to provide immediate service activation to the
12		next customer at that premise. Thus, by modeling the installation separately from
13		disconnection, the new entrant would have the same benefits from the DIP and
14		DOP processes as would BellSouth.
15		
16		VI. Summary and Recommendation
17		
18	Q.	WILL YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY?
19		
20	A.	Yes. In order for a competitive environment to exist, new entrants must have non-
21		discriminatory access to the incumbent's databases and other resources for
22		entering service orders to eliminate the need for costly, intermediate customer
23		service contacts. Also, new entrants must only incur costs equal to those which

1	the IL	EC would incur using a forward looking network architecture and efficient
2	OSS o	r else the CLEC is burdened with a barrier to entry and the ILEC has no
3	incent	ive to become efficient. Finally, NRCs must be based upon TELRIC
4	princij	ples.
5		
6	The N	RCM recognizes those requirements. The NRCM, therefore, corrects the
7	many	faulty assumptions that have been found in ILEC cost studies. The Non-
8	Recur	ring Cost Model correctly adheres to the following:
9		
10	(1)	A forward looking cost model should incorporate the efficiencies of
11		automated OSSs which provide for maximum electronic flow through of
12		orders.
13		
14	(2)	To the extent fallout does indeed occur, it should be limited to
15		approximately 2% of the total orders processed.
16		
17	(3)	Manual work times should reflect appropriate intervals based on the use of
18		forward looking network technologies.
19		
20	(4)	Wherever appropriate, service orders should be processed through a non-
21		designed POTS provisioning process as opposed to a more expensive
22		designed services process.

1		(5)	A forward looking cost model should incorporate the efficiencies of
2			automated Intelligent Network Elements (SONET, GR-303/IDLC,
3			DCS/EDSX, LDS, etc.) which provide for maximum electronic flow
4			through for provisioning of orders.
5			
6		(6)	Wherever appropriate, the same work centers, work groups, technicians,
7			and associated labor rates should be modeled at parity with how BellSouth
8			provides similar services to itself.
9			
10		(7)	Migrations and installations should be recognized as mechanized
11			whenever DIP and DOP will permit.
12			
13		(8)	Installation and disconnection should be calculated separately to account
14			for significant cost differences dependent on a new entrant's disconnect
15			decisions regarding DIP/DOP.
16			
17	Q.	DO Y	OU RECOMMEND ANY NRCs TO THIS COMMISSION?
18			
19	Α	Yes. I	recommend the NRCs found in Exhibit JPL-3.
20			
21			
22			

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

- 3 A. Yes.

- 17
 18

1 <u>ENDNOTES</u>:

2 3 4	1.	The Froehlich/Kent ENCYCLOPEDIA OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS, VOLUME 12, Page 480.
5 6 7 8	2.	Agreement between BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. and AT&T Communications of the South Central States, Inc.; Part I, Sections 28.1 and 28.6.4.
9 10 11 12 13	3.	Southwestern Bell recently indicated in its Texas filing that their EASE system, which services residential lines, has a fallout rate of 1%. (Transcripts; Open Meeting Prehearing Conference - 6/24/97 - Southwestern Bell before the PUC and ALJ.)
14 15 16 17	4.	BellSouth Surrebuttal Testimony on 9/8/97 of William N. Stacy before the Georgia PSC in Docket No. 7061-U ("BellSouth has achieved a flow-through rate of approximately 97% in certain exchanges").
18 19 20	5.	LDS requirements and objectives are found in modules of Bellcore's LSSGR; FR- 64.
21 22	6.	DCS requirements and objectives can be found in Bellcore's TR-NWT-000170.
23 24 25	7.	EMS requirements, objectives, and interface specifications can be found in Bellcore's GR-2869-CORE & FR-439.
26 27 28	8.	IDLC requirements and objectives can be found in TR-TSY-000303 and GR-303-CORE.
28 29 30	9.	ADTS requirements and objectives can be found in Bellcore's TR-TSY-000174.
31 32	10.	FITL requirements and objectives can be found in Bellcore's TA-NWT-000909.
33 34 35	11.	SONET requirements and objectives can be found in Bellcore's GR-253-CORE of FR-440 (TSGR)
36 37	12.	DLC requirements and objectives can be found in Bellcore's TR-NWT-000057.
38 39 40 41 42 43 44	13.	Bellcore SR-TSV-002275, BOC Notes on the LEC Network, Issue 2 (April 1994), section 9.2.2.2, pages 9-7 and 9-8. states that "EDSXs are software controlled alternatives to the manual DSX." It also states that "DCSs are software -controlled devices considered to be intelligent network elements because they can provide the following features Remote Provisioning and rearrangement of the digital interconnections; Continuous service monitoring; Automatic equipment and facilities protection (self-healing capabilities); and Remote test access.

38

1 14. Bellcore TR-199-CORE Memory Administration Messages (OTGR).

Exhibit Docket Nos. 960833-TP, 960846-TP, 971140-TP Lynott Exhibit JPL-1 NRCM 2.0 Documentation





NON-RECURRING COST MODEL

Version 2.0

Model Description

Description

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List of Attachments

- A. Non-Recurring Types
- **B.** Detailed Work Activities
- C. Activity Assignment Table

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I. OVERVIEW

The Non-Recurring Cost Model (NRC Model) develops one time (non-recurring) cost estimates for the tasks and activities that may be performed by an Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) when a Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) requests wholesale services, interconnection, and/or unbundled network elements.

Utilizing a forward looking cost methodology, the *NRC Model* develops a "bottoms-up" estimate of non-recurring costs. The NRC Model reflects the individual OSS tasks and activities that may be required to respond to a CLEC request. To the extent feasible, each component has been separately costed.

The majority of non-recurring element types involve activities associated with the preordering, ordering and /or provisioning process. A short description of these processes follows:

Pre-ordering: The process by which a CLEC interfaces with customers to determine customer needs. A CLEC and ILEC exchange necessary information to initiate orders. This information, such as customer premise address, phone number availability, feature availability and service availability is made accessible to CLECs electronically so they can accurately respond to customers when taking service and feature orders.

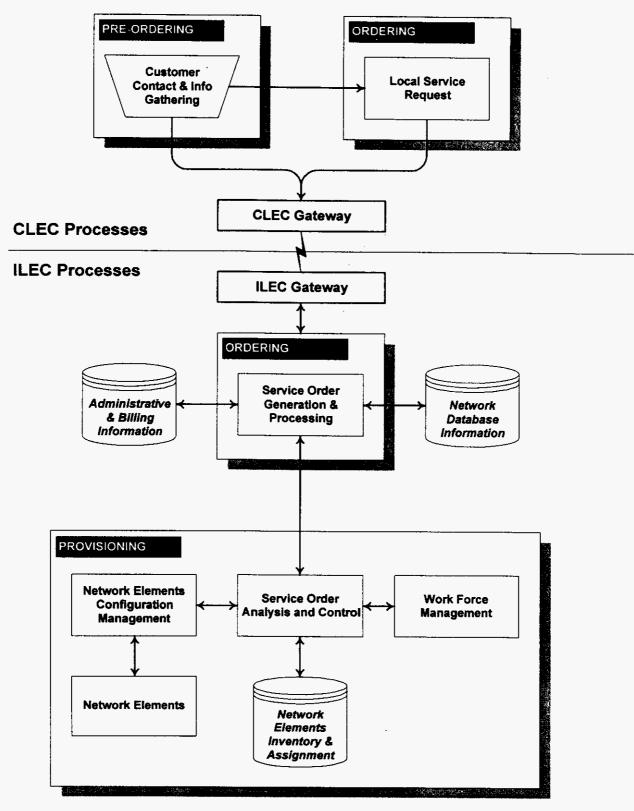
Ordering: The process by which a CLEC electronically submits a Local Service Request (LSR) to an ILEC via an electronic gateway. The ILEC responds electronically with a positive confirmation of order acceptance.

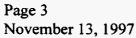
Provisioning: The process by which an ILEC, after receipt of an LSR order, performs the necessary functions to provide the service, interconnection, or Unbundled Network Elements (UNE) requested by a CLEC.

These processes are depicted in the high-level chart on the next page.

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Description



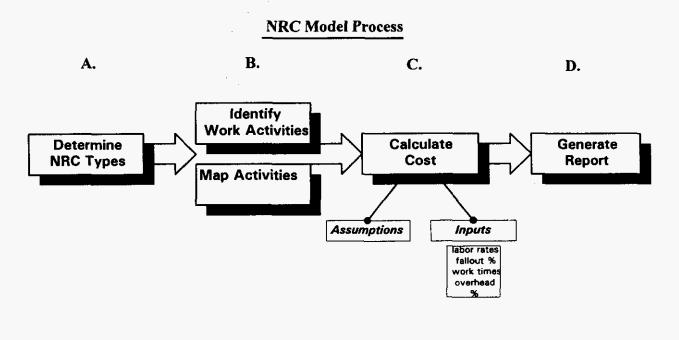


Description

In summary, the *NRC Model* provides a detailed step-by-step understanding of the systems required and the manual work activities performed by an ILEC in the ordering and provisioning of wholesale services and unbundled network elements. The model is designed to reflect the most efficient management and operations of existing ILEC OSSs.

II. METHODOLOGY

As shown by the following chart, the NRC Model develops costs in four distinct stages:



A. Determine Non-Recurring Cost Element Types:

The NRC element types that were initially selected for calculation by the model were developed based on a review of the charges proposed by ILECs during negotiation and arbitration proceedings. These NRC element types consist primarily of functions performed in the provisioning of service to existing customers (migration)¹ and to new

¹ Migration is defined as moving existing ILEC customers to a CLEC.

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Description

customers (installation)². It is anticipated that additional elements will be provided in future releases of the NRC Model. A number of additional elements have been added with this release.

The *Telecommunication Act of 1996* explicitly allows new entrants to provide local telecommunication services by means of various connectivity options. To the extent these options cause different costs to be incurred, such costs are modeled separately within the NRC Model. The local connectivity options include:

Total Services Resale (TSR): ILEC acts as a wholesaler of local telephone service which the CLEC then resells to end user customers.

Unbundled Network Elements Platform (UNE-P): CLEC purchases unbundled network elements in combination from the ILEC at cost-based rates.

Unbundled Network Elements (UNE): CLEC purchases individual unbundled network element(s), e.g., unbundled network element-loop (UNE-Loop), from an ILEC that may be used alone or in combination to provide telecommunication services to CLEC end user customers.

One example of a element type developed by the *NRC Model* is a "*POTS/ISDN Migration -UNE-P*. This element type represents the situation where an existing POTS or ISDN customer changes it's local service provider from an ILEC to a CLEC, and the CLEC serves the customer by purchasing the unbundled network elements in combination (UNE-P).

See Attachment A for a complete list of the NRC element types included in the model. Within the model, the user has the ability of either costing individual element types or batch processing a user selected list of element types all at once.

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² Installation is defined as the establishment of service for a CLEC customer that is not currently served by an ILEC. Service may be for an existing or new customer premise.

Description

B. Identify and Map Activities:

The *NRC Model* identifies the individual systems utilized and manual work activities performed, when an ILEC provides a non-recurring service. These activities are considered generic for the ILEC and fall primarily within the pre-ordering, ordering and provisioning processes. There have been 290 work activities identified and captured in the model. See **Attachment B** for a complete list and description of the activities included in the model.

The model then maps the appropriate set of work activities to each NRC element type. For example, to migrate a POTS customer under the UNE-P option, requires eighteen identified work activities. The logic of the *NRC Model* maps these activities to the NRC element type through an assignment table contained on the "*Process & Calcs*" sheet of the *NRC Model*.

As demonstrated in the following table excerpt, activity assignment is made by the placement of an "X" at the table intersection of activity and NRC element type. (Note: while some activities are generic to many NRC element types, others are specific to only a few.)

Siet an	「東京の「中国の中国市では、「「「「「「「「「「」」」」」	1	2	48
你的。		NUMBER OF	POTS /	
and a second		POTS /	ISDN BRI	12 mar (2)
ID		ISDN BRI	Migration -	
No.	Process Flow / Activity	Migration -	UNE-	Mar Lite ID I
		TSR	Platform	世代主要の15-
1	CLEC customer contact	X	X	
2	CLEC requests customer address data, CSR, and appointment	x	x	
3	ILEC gateway requests address data from Administrative Info	x	x	
4	ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and appoint	n		
5	CLEC customer service representative inputs LSR information	X	x	
6	ILEC gateway receives, validates and logs LSR, returns FOC	x	x	
7	CLEC gateway sends LSR to EXACT			
8	ILEC SOG retrieves CSR data, formats and passes to SOP	x	x	
9	EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP			
10	SOP sends request to SOAC	x	x	
11	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for OSP	x	x	
290		19 16-07	1 (12.5, 41.6)	

When a user of the model chooses to cost out a particular NRC element type, the model selects the column corresponding to that NRC element type and looks for the activities

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that are required to be performed. If an "X" is shown, the activity in that row is required. In the table shown above, for example, a *POTS Migration* under the TSR connectivity option requires steps 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, and 11. (Note: this is only a sample of activities required for this element type).

For each activity described above, the model incorporates costing inputs. These inputs include the probability of the activity's occurrence, the time to complete the work activity, and the labor rate associated with the work activity. The model then calculates the cost of each individual activity based upon these inputs and model assumptions. For a complete list of the activity assignment table, see Attachment C.

C. Calculate Costs:

The third stage of the model calculates the cost of each activity and process. The *NRC Model* uses advanced features of Microsoft Excel 7.0 including Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) macros and dialog boxes. The User Guide, which is a separate document, contains additional information on how to run the model.

Through the use of "drop-down" input screens, the model provides the user with alternative input feeds that impact non-recurring service costs. These input screens include the following:

NRC Model - Control Panel: Prompts the user to select NRC element type and state.

Customize Batch: Allows the user to exclude elements from a Batch Run Scenario.

Manual Labor Rates: Prompts the user to either accept or override default values for the input labor rates.

Other NRC Model Inputs: Prompts the user to either accept or override default input values for the following NRC Model inputs. (Note: the Assumptions and Inputs of the model are described in more detail later in this document)

- Copper Fiber Ratio (Copper %)
- Central Office Staffing Ratio (% of lines served via staffed central offices)
- Average Trip Time
- Setup Time
- Work Activities per Order (in central office)
- Percentage Non Dedicated Facilities
- Variable Overhead (%)
- POTS System Fallout
- Complex System Fallout

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After the user has selected a element type, and has accepted or adjusted any of the default inputs, the model selects all of the activities associated with that particular non-recurring element type based upon the assignment table. Once these activities are selected, the model calculates the cost of each activity using the following formula:

Activity Cost = (Activity Probability (%) x Time (minutes)) x Rate (\$ per hour) / 60

The chart below demonstrates how the model performs this step:

A Probability (%)	B Time (minutes)	C Rate (\$/hour)	D = (A x H Cost w/out (\$	Overhead
NA		人民的政策的问题	CHILD IN THE ART OF	
100.0%	-	R	\$	
NA				
100.0%	-	R	\$	-
40.0%	2.50	36.64	\$	0.61
2.0%	20.00	36.64	\$	0.24
40.0%	0.25	36.64	\$	0.06
40.0%	2.00	36.64	\$	0.49
40.0%	0.25	36.64	\$	0.06
40.0%	1.50	36.64	\$	0.37
2.0%	-	R	\$	-
2.0%	2.50	33.87	\$	0.03
2.0%	15.00	33.87	\$	0.17
60.0%	-	R	\$	-

As reflected above, an assumption in the model is that forward looking OSS investments and system processing costs should be recovered in competitively neutral recurring rates as opposed to non-recurring rates. Therefore, the costs of these activities are set to zero by the placement of an "R" in the *Rate* input field.

Finally, the model sums the costs of all appropriate activities for each element type and then applies the user defined "overhead factor" to arrive at the total cost of providing the element.

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D. Generate Results

After all calculations have been completed, the model populates the results into a table. NRC element types that are run individually are output by the model as follows:

Alabama - NRC Elements	Cost
POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - UNE - Loop	\$ 2.17 with overhead
	\$ 1.97 without overhead

When results are run in batch mode, the model outputs the cost of each NRC element type generated by the model in a single table.

III. Assumptions And Data Inputs

This section provides a description of the data inputs and general assumptions (technical and otherwise) used by the *NRC Model*.

A. Efficient Operations Support Systems

The *NRC Model* assumes the existence of OSSs which are operated efficiently by the ILEC. Such systems are automated and mechanized today, and should be capable of handling all movement of data electronically between other systems and databases.

The NRC Model OSSs are defined by the following minimum criteria:

- All databases are updated on a timely basis, regularly maintained for maximum performance, and are consistent with each other
- OSSs are appropriately sized and electronically linked
- OSSs use front-end edits to minimize the possibility that erroneous information is entered
- OSSs rely on the latest software releases and reside on high availability platforms

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In addition, the environment in which the NRC Model OSSs are operated is defined by the following:

- No network exhaustion is assumed
- To the extent problems occur, the ILEC will pro-actively conduct a proper root cause analysis and will implement changes to eliminate the problem
- CLECs will have access to these OSSs via an electronic interface
- Work throughput is efficiently planned (i.e., POTS and ISDN BRI-type services should not be classified as designed circuits. Such a classification is unnecessary, does not mirror ILEC procedures, and drives up costs.)
- Company personnel are adequately trained
- The deployment of the latest data communications network technology

B. Recovery of Operations Support System Investment

The NRC Model assumes that the costs of the underlying OSSs (i.e., hardware, system software, and processor costs) should be recovered in the LEC's recurring wholesale and retail rates.

In general, OSSs are not developed or partitioned to support only one class of customer, such as a CLEC, nor are they established to support a particular set of functions, such as non-recurring functions. Instead, the architecture of OSSs today is designed to manage the totality of the LEC's telecommunication network, with individual systems and databases reliant on each other for optimal integrity.

In the FCC's order in Docket 96-325, a recurring cost was defined as one that is incurred periodically overtime.³ OSS development is predicated on the assumption that the OSS will have a life-span of several years. To properly recover this investment in a one-time charge would require a precise present value calculation to prevent over or under recovery of this cost. However, the FCC has found that, "in practice, the present value of the recurring costs cannot be calculated with sufficient accuracy to warrant up-front recovery of these costs".⁴

⁴ Ibid., paragraph 746.

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FCC Order 96-325, paragraph 745. First Report And Order - Released: August 8,
 1996

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The FCC has concluded that:

"imposing non-recurring charges for recurring costs could pose a barrier to entry because these charges may be excessive, reflecting costs that may (1) not actually occur, (2) be incurred later than predicted; (3) not be incurred as long as predicted; (4) be incurred at a level that is lower than predicted; (5) be incurred less frequently than predicted; and (6) be discounted to the present using a cost of capital that is too low."⁵

Further, OSS investments, like switching and loop investments, produce long term assets, the recovery of which should, like the recovery of switching and loop costs, be amortized over the life of those assets.

C. Electronic Fallout

Fallout refers to errors in an electronic flow-through process. For example, in an electronic ordering process, if one of the OSSs receives erroneous or incompatible information from another OSS, the order will "fallout" of the electronic process and may require manual intervention to correct or complete the order.

Fallout is important because in many instances it is the only cost-driver for an otherwise seamless electronic flow-through process. In the absence of fallout, many processes would only have systems processing costs, costs which should be recovered via competitively neutral recurring rates.

There are four major categories of electronic fallout.

- 1. Database synchronization errors
- 2. Network element denial
- 3. Communication errors
- 4. Synchronization Errors

Database synchronization errors occur when databases that contain identical data do not match, or they disagree as to the availability or status of a needed resource. Typical database synchronization errors that fallout include street names that exist in one database that are not duplicated in other databases. Another example is when facilities marked as 'spare' in one database are not reflected as available in another database.

Network element denial is a second type of fallout. It can happen when an Intelligent Network Element (INE), such as a Local Digital Switch, responds that it cannot perform a

⁵ Ibid., paragraph 747.

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task requested by another component of the network for whatever reason. For example, the element management system might believe that a certain version of software is available to activate certain features, when in reality the installation of this software has not yet been performed.

Communication errors represent the failure of the communication links between OSS, the Element Management Systems (EMS), and/or the INE. These errors take place because a valid communication path cannot be found between the elements.

Synchronization errors occur when two separate components (OSS to OSS or OSS to EMS & INE) attempt to communicate, but fail to establish the necessary communications protocols, even though the link is functioning.

Of the four categories of fallout, the error that occurs most often is database synchronization error. The degree of fallout from these four categories can and should be minimized by properly maintaining the OSS databases and the telecommunication network.

In determining the input values for fallout, in both a simple (POTS) and complex environment, the NRC Model draws upon industry experience and comparable industry information⁶. Relying on the assumption of efficiently operated OSSs and processes, the default fallout rate utilized in the NRC Model is 2%. This is further supported in Bellcore GR-22869, where according to Section 4.6.2 (Immediate Service Activation) "Activation will occur at the time of assignment"(i.e., immediately)⁷. This variable is user adjustable for both POTS and complex fallout.

D. Labor Rates

The labor rates used by the *NRC Model* represent a fully assigned rate, which includes wages and benefits for first-line supervision through third level management. In addition, the labor rate accounts for non-productive time, overtime pay, clerical support and other

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⁶ Southwestern Bell recently indicated in its Texas filing that their EASE system, which services residential lines, has a fallout rate of 1% (transcripts; Open Meeting Prehearing Conference- 6/24/97- Southwestern Bell before the P.U.C. and A.L.J.) In addition, US West states in a cost study filed before the Minnesota Public Service Commission on 7/11/97 that "97% of all CSB PIC Changes are completely mechanized."

⁷ Bellcore GR-2869, Issue 2, (Oct. 1996) pg. 4-25, section 4.6.2

Description

miscellaneous expenses. Finally, labor rates have been developed and applied for 14 different job classifications in order to account for the varying levels of labor costs incurred by different work centers and process activities.

When available, union contract labor rates are used as the foundation for developing the appropriate rates. Since data was not readily available to derive average rates by adjusting for pay zones and wage progression, the top pay zone represented by the union contract for each state is used for all rates, thereby assuming that the entire work force is at the maximum rate within their pay band.

The particular job classifications used in the *NRC Model* were identified by reviewing individual work activities included in the model. This information, when combined with knowledge of job descriptions, job function codes, union contracts and information drawn from publicly available cost studies, enabled the identification of the following technical titles to be used in the model.

Technician Type
Business Dispatch Administration Center (BDAC)
Consumer Dispatch Administration Center
Circuit Provisioning Center (CPC)
Customer Service Center
Frame Control Center (FCC)
Facility Maintenance Adminstration Center
Installation & Maintenance / Outside Plant
Loop Assignment Center (LAC)
Network Terminal Equipment Center (NTEC)
Recent Change Memory Administration Center
Switching Control Center (SCC)
Special Service Center (SSC)
Splicing
InterLATA Carrier Service Center

Publicly available cost models suggest that benefits generally equate to approximately a 33%-35% increase over the contract labor rates. The *NRC Model* uses a 40% benefits loading to provide a conservatively high cost estimate. The first through third level

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management salaries and benefits were calculated and loaded on to the labor rates based on a ratio of 15:1 for contract to supervisory personnel, and 5:1 for the next two layers of management. The salary and benefits for one clerical position were also incorporated.

The loaded hourly rates were inflated by 23% to represent productive hourly rates. This includes paid time off for vacations, holidays, personal days, training, coffee breaks, etc. Miscellaneous expenses were added to cover such items as travel expense, training, and office supplies. Finally, another increment was added to cover premium pay for overtime worked.

Wage Rate Components	input	Hourty	Cumulative	Derivation
Basic wage rate		\$20.00	\$20.00	Union contract
Benefits loading	40%	\$8.00	\$28.00	Subject matter expert
Non productive time loading	123%	\$6.56	\$34.56	2080 paid hrs / 1685 prod hrs
Overtime loading		\$1.78	\$36.34	\$3000 annual overtime / 1685 prod hrs
Miscellaneous loading		\$1.19	\$37.53	\$2000 annual misc exp / 1685 prod hrs
First line supervisor salary w/benefits	\$75,000			SME estimate
First Level hourly w/benefits	\$36.06			Salary & bene / 2080 paid hours
First Level hourly		\$2.40	\$39.94	1st level sal & bene / 15 reports
Second level mgmt. ave. salary w/benefits	\$105,000			SME estimate
Second level hourly w/benefits	\$50.48			Salary & bene / 2080 paid hours
Second Level hourty		\$0.67	\$40.61	2nd level sal & bene / 75 reporting people
Third level ave. salary w/benefits	\$135,000			SME estimate
Third level hourly w/benefits	\$64.90			Salary & bene / 2080 paid hours
Third level sal. (Hr.) divided by 375		\$0.17	\$40.78	3rd level sal & bene / 375 reporting people
Support Clerk ave, salary w/benefits	\$51,800			SME estimate
Support clerk hourly w/benefits	\$24.90			Salary & bene / 2080 paid hours
Support clerk sal. (Hr.) divided by 375		\$0.07	\$40.85	Support clerk sal & bene / 375 people

Provided below is an example of the labor rate calculation.

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E. Work Times And Probabilities

The estimated work times contained within the *NRC Model* incorporate the following underlying assumptions:

1. Dedicated Facilities

The NRC Model assumes dedicated facilities exist in the plant, both inside (Dedicated Inside Plant-DIP) and outside (Dedicated Outside Plant-DOP). Long standing practices have demonstrated that it is more cost efficient to commit facilities ahead of time to facilitate rapid service activation. This is accomplished during the construction phase (i.e., building of the plant). Anticipated living units are assigned facilities in the inventory systems such as LFACS and SWITCH. The inventory systems are updated to reflect this commitment.

When customers move from one location, it is assumed that in time another customer will move into the same location. Therefore, the "disconnect" of a service is in reality a "deactivation" of service to a particular living unit, (i.e., no physical work is performed).

2. Testing

For the TSR and UNE-P local market entry scenarios, the *NRC Model* assumes that all testing will be performed by the ILEC and that the cost of this testing is recovered through recurring rates. In addition, the *NRC Model* assumes that the CLEC will be responsible for the testing of customer loops once the customer is terminated on the CLEC switch. Problems reported by the customer could be verified and located using the new entrant's Mechanized Loop Testing system (MLT). If the problem was in the new entrant's equipment the new entrant would repair it. If the trouble was determined to be outside of the new entrant's local switch and collocated equipment, it would be referred to the ILEC. Any other information that would be required by the ILEC could be obtained from the new entrant's test center.

In addition, it is assumed that special service circuits will be tested prior to "turn-up". These costs have been accounted for in the *NRC Model*.

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3. Activity Work Times And Probabilities

Work time estimates and probabilities are associated with various activities. The work time estimate is the average amount of time required to perform a particular work function. These time estimates were obtained from subject matter experts. A probability represents the percentage time a particular work function/activity is performed when processing a particular service offering. For example, if 20% of the lines are served by unstaffed central offices, the probability of travel time would also be 20%. As with the time estimates, these probabilities were determined by subject matter experts.

F. Other Input Fields

1. NRC Element type

This input variable allows the user to cost out individual NRC element types. There are 48 element types to select from (see Attachment A). It is expected that other element types will be added in the future.

2. State Selection

The user is able to choose a state jurisdiction to model. State selection is intended to drive the appropriate labor rates for that particular state.

3. Manual Labor Rates (\$ per hour)

When the state selection is made, the model provides an input screen containing the labor rates for that particular run. This screen can be used to modify the default labor rates contained in the model.

4. Copper-Fiber Ratio

This ratio represents the percent of lines served by straight copper as opposed to lines served by fiber (i.e., Integrated Digital Loop Carrier). The model default is 60% fiber, 40% copper. The significance of this variable is that there are additional work steps associated with copper plant. This ratio can be user adjusted .

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5. Central Office Staffed Ratio

This input variable represents the number of lines in a state that are served out of central offices which have technicians on site. The significance of this variable is that additional travel time and cost is required in order to do work in those offices that are not normally staffed. For example, service orders may require a technician to be dispatched for work to be completed at a non-staffed office. As the default ratio, the NRC Model assumes that 80% of the lines in a state are served by staffed central offices.

6. Average Trip Time

This variable accounts for the travel time of a technician. These technicians may need to periodically make trips to the field to rearrange outside plant, or will need to travel to the non-staffed central offices to complete various work activities such as customer orders, on-going maintenance, etc. The Work Management OSS will schedule and develop the work load and activities for the traveling technicians. Thus, the travel time is associated with several work activities, not just one. The default value contained in the NRC Model for the travel time is 20 minutes.

7. Setup Time

This user adjustable variable accounts, as an example, for the time associated with setting up cones while working at the Feeder Distribution Interface (FDI) or the Service Area Interface (SAI). A default value of 5 minutes is used in the Model.

8. Number of Work Activities Per Order (central office)

The average number of work activities is set at four. The default assumption is that the technician will complete four work activities.

9. Percentage Non Dedicated Facilities

This input represents the percentage of non dedicated facilities for POTS type service. A default of 0% is used in the model. As indicated in the model any cost associated with non dedicated facilities should be recovered via recurring rate elements of services.

10. Variable Overhead (%)

This input represents the loading variable overhead expenses not already captured in the model. The default is 10.4% and is derived from Hatfield Model support documentation.

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Non-Recurring Element Types

1. POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - TSR

2. POTS/ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform

- 3. POTS/ISDN BRI Migration UNE-Loop
- 4. POTS/ISDN BRI Install TSR
- 5. POTS/ISDN BRI Install UNE-Platform
- 6. POTS/ISDN BRI Install UNE-Loop
- 7. 4 Wire Migration UNE-Loop
- 8. 4 Wire Install UNE-Loop

9. Feature Changes

10. 2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration

- 11. 2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI Install
- 12. 4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI Migration
- 13. 4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI Install
- 14. Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID Install

15. Channelized DS1 Virtual Feeder to RT - Install

16. DS1 Interoffice Transport

17. DS3 Interoffice Transport

18. POTS/ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR/UNE - Platform

19. POTS/ISDN BRI - Disconnect - UNE Loop

20. 4 Wire Disconnect - UNE Loop

21. 2 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI

22. 4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI

23. Channelized DS1 Virtual Feeder to RT

24. 2 wire Loop, different CO - Migration

25. 2 wire Loop, different CO - Install

26. 4 wire Loop, different CO - Migration

27. 4 wire Loop, different CO - Install

28. DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Migration

- 29. DS1 Loop to Customer Premise Install
- 30. Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) Install

31. Channelized DS1 Line Port (TR-303-IDT) - Install

32. 2 wire Loop, different CO - disconnect

33. 4 wire Loop, different CO - disconnect

34. DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - disconnect

35. Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - disconnect

36. Channelized DS1 Line Port (TR-303-IDT) - disconnect

37. Fiber Cross Connects - Install

38. Fiber Cross Connects - disconnect

39. SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) - Install

40. SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) - disconnect

41. SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) - Install

42. SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) - disconnect

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43. SS7 STP global title translations - Install

44. SS7 STP message transfer part - Install

45. SS7 STP global title translations - disconnect

46. SS7 STP message transfer part - disconnect

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Detailed Work Activities

NRC Model

Activity Descriptions

STEP	TASK/ACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION
1	CLEC customer contact	Customer service representative obtains
		the service address, customer name, and
		customer service requests.
2	CLEC requests customer address	CLEC representative requests service
	data, CSR, and appointment from	address information from the customer
	ILEC	and then inputs that information into the
		gateway to confirm that the service
		address is listed in the ILEC's databases.
		For migrating customers, the CLEC also
		requests additional customer information that is found in the Customer Service
		Record which is stored by the ILEC.
3	ILEC gateway requests address	The gateway processes the CLEC service
-	data from Administrative	request by obtaining Customer Service
	Information System and CSR	Record information from the
		Administrative Information System.
4	ILEC gateway formats and returns	The gateway passes address verification
	address, CSR, and appointment	and CSR information back to CLEC.
	data to CLEC	
5	CLEC customer service	CLEC creates Local Service Request
	representative inputs LSR	(LSR) from information gathered from the
	information into LOS	customer and ILEC CSR (if available).
6	ILEC gateway receives, validates	The gateway receives, validates and logs
	and logs LSR, returns FOC, and	the Local Service Request (LSR). At this
	passes LSR to SOG	point, if erroneous information was input
		into the LSR, the gateway would return
		the order to a CLEC service representative
		who would have to correct, then re-input
		the order. If the order is valid, the ILEC confirms that the order is complete by
		sending the CLEC a Firm Order
		Commitment to the CLEC. The ILEC
		then passes the LSR back to its Service
		Order Generator (SOG) for further down-
		stream processing.
7	CLEC gateway sends LSR to	EXACT validates service order request
	EXACT	and transmits to TUF.

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8	ILEC SOG retrieves CSR data,	The II EC's SOC measings the LOD 1
0	1	The ILEC's SOG receives the LSR data
	formats and passes to SOP	from the gateway and generates a service
		order (e.g., formats the LSR data into a
		service order) which is passed to the
		Service Order Processor (SOP) for
		processing.
9	EXACT and TUF sends request to	TUF is the OSS which translates the
	SOP	USOCs and FIDs that are required; then
		sends to the ILEC SOP.
10	SOP sends request to SOAC	The ILEC Service Order Processor
l		receives a service order and passes the
		service order to the SOAC-like system. If
		the service order is not properly formatted,
		SOAC will send the service order back to
		an ILEC service rep for correction.
11	SOAC analyzes order, generates	SOAC analyzes the service order and
	assignment requests for OSP, COE,	sends assignment request to the inventory
	IOF, etc.	systems e.g., LFACS, SWITCH, and
		TIRKS
12	SOAC analyzes order, generates	SOAC analyzes the service order and
14	assignment requests for COE and	sends assignment request to the inventory
1	IOF, etc.	
12		systems e.g., SWITCH, and TIRKS
13	LFACS makes OSP assignments,	LFACS commits OSP facilities for the
	e.g., cable and pair	assignment request and then sends back to
		SOAC.
14	LFACS makes OSP spare and	LFACS spares up OSP facilities for re-
	available for reassignments, e.g.,	assignment.
	cable and pair	
15	COE and EICT assignments are	SWITCH commits central office
	made	equipment for the assignment request and
		then sends it back to SOAC.
16	COE and EICT spare and available	SWITCH spares up central office
	for reassignments are made	equipment for the reassignment
17	SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF,	SOAC receives information back from
	etc.	LFACS, SWITCH, and TIRKS.
18	SOAC receives COE and IOF, etc.	SOAC re-assembles the pieces of
		information and formulates the customer
		vertical features (call forwarding, call
		waiting, etc.) based on customer service
		demands which are recorded in USOCs
		and FIDs. SOAC then forwards this
		information to MARCH.
19	COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE /	COSMOS/SWITCH commits central
	LU	office equipment for the assignment
۱		on or operprised for the assignment

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COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU SWITCH assigns IDT port SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)	COSMOS/SWITCH spares up central office equipment for the reassignment SWITCH commits LDS ports CPU processing time
SWITCH assigns IDT port SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)	SWITCH commits LDS ports
SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)	SWITCH commits LDS ports
SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)	
values (CRV)	
SWITCH deletes call reference	CPU processing time
values (CRV)	
SOAC delivers recent change	SOAC re-assembles the pieces of
translation information	information and formulates the customer
	vertical features (call forwarding, call
	waiting, etc.) based on customer service
	demands which are recorded in USOCs
	and FIDs. SOAC then forwards this
	information to MARCH.
SOAC delivers recent change	SOAC notifies MARCH of disconnect
disconnect information	
MARCH updates LDS	MARCH updates the Local Digital Switch
	(LDS) with information about the features
	and services that the customer has
	requested.
	TIRKS transmits a formatted electronic
facility information to NSDB	"word document" which contains the
	assignment and other information to the
	Network and Services Database and to the
	Work Force Administration Control
-	NSDB stores active record and passes the
OPS/INE	appropriate assignments to Operations
	Systems/Intelligent Network Elements
	(OPS/INE). OPS/INE takes the
	information from NSDB and updates
	specific INE's.
	Operations Systems sends a message to
	the actual Intelligent Network Element
message to me	and tells it to make certain changes to establish a circuit.
OBS/INE delivers Cross Connect	
	After the INE has been updated, the INE sends a positive acknowledgment back to
	OPS/INE which then forwards this
IO HAL	acknowledgment back to WFA/C. WFA/C
	then sends completion reports (jeopardies)
	back to NSDB.
OPS/INE undates WFA/C	After the INE has been updated, the INE
	sends a positive acknowledgment back to
	SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information

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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ODS/DUE and ish there formerals all in
		OPS/INE which then forwards this
		acknowledgment back to NSDB.
32	WFA/C updates NSDB	Question as to whether line 32 should read
		OPS/INE updates NSDB.
33	SOAC updates SOP	SOAC updates the SOP with completion
		information.
34	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS,	After all completion work is done, SOP
	BOSS, CRIS, etc.	electronically updates LMOS to make sure
		that the repair center recognizes Business
		Office Records to keep a record of the
		types of service and other information
l		about customers (credit report); CRIS to
		update or create billing records. Question
		as to whether WFA, NSDB should be
		included in line 34.
35	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, and	SOP notifies CABS with updated
	CABS	information
36	PICS sends plug-in assignments to	PICS sends correct plug- in to TIRKS for
	TIRKS	specific service
37	TIRKS provides equipment and	TIRKS receives request from SOAC for
	facility assignments	trunk and high capacity service
		information. TIRKS inventories
		equipment and assigns the required
		resources to S.O. This step is only
		performed for special services, interoffice
		facilities, high capacity services, etc.
38	TIRKS updates SOAC	After TIRKS has assigned equipment, it
		sends an assignment completion status to
		SOAC and forwards an electronic "word
		document" to WFA/DI (DO) and NSDB.
39	CPU time for NMA for PM data	NMA monitors certain network elements
	from test	for reliability purposes
40	SOP completes LSR	ILEC Service Order Processor updates the
		Customer Service Record and LSR to
_		complete status.
41	ILEC gateway notifies CLEC of	The electronic gateway notifies the CLEC
	completed order	that the service order has been completed.
42	ILEC billing system issues final	The ILEC's billing system (CRIS) issues a
	bill to migrating customer	final bill to its retail customer. This step
		only needs to be completed for migrations.
43	TSR, UNE-PLATFORM, &	
	CHANGES	
44	Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to	PAWS has the ability to automatically and
	PAWS for reconciliation	manually clear RMAs.

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45	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	This entails analyzing the order and manually clearing the RMA and re- entering the order back into the mechanized process.
46	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy	Technician in the RCMAC clears the RMA.
47	2-WIRE LOOP	
48	Copper	
49	Pull and analyze order (copper)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
50	Pull and analyze order (copper)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
51	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
52	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
53	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)	Before disconnecting from ILEC switch, test for accurate TN.
54	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)	Frame technician runs cross connect in CO
55	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)	Frame technician runs cross connect in CO
56	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)	After running new Cross Connect perform continuity test and ANI.
57	Close order	Technician closes order in SWITCH which sends information to SOAC, SOAC sends SOP completion information.
58	Close order	Technician closes order in SWITCH which sends information to SOAC, SOAC sends SOP completion information.
59	ILEC MLT test and or ISTF test	ILEC performs MLT and ISTF test
60	CLEC MLT test and or ISTF test	CLEC performs it's own MLT and ISTF test
61	Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation	Some RMAs are cleared utilizing pre- programmed scripts in PAWS. Other RMAs require manual assistance
62	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order (copper)	This entails analyzing the order and manually clearing the RMA and re- inserting back into the mechanized process
63	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy	Technician in the LAC clears the RMA

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64	Pull and analyze order (copper)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
65	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO(assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
66	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Copper)	Frame technician removes cross connect jumper that connects to ILEC switch
67	Close order	Technician closes order in SWITCH which sends information to SOAC, SOAC sends SOP completion information.
68	IDLC (GR-303)	
69	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)	This is CPU time only and is done by OPS/INE to the INE at the RT
70	Disconnect DSO TSI at RT (CPU Time)	This is CPU time only and is done by OPS/INE to the INE at the RT
71	CHANNELIZED DS1 CAPACITY FOR THE VRT (TR-303)	This is CPU time only and is done by OPS/INE to the INE at the VRT
72	Pull and analyze order	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
73	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
74	Install IDT line port card	Place card in LDS
75	Install DSX cross connect (5 Wire)	Technician places the 5 wire cross connect at the DSX frame in the CO to the CLEC collocation.
76	Perform quasi random signaling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU	TL1 command sent from ITS
77	Disconnect DSX cross connect (5 Wire)	Technician removes the 5 wire cross connect at the DSX frame
78	CPU time at SONET MUX (DS1)	This is CPU time only and is done by OPS/INE in the CO
79	CPU time at RT (DS1 TSI)	This is CPU time only and is done by OPS/INE at the RT
80	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU	
81	Close Order	WFA/DI notifies TIRKS which sends completion to SOAC, SOAC sends SOP completion notice.

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82	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	This antails analyzing the andre to
02	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	This entails analyzing the order to
0.2		determine next action to take.
83	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout	Circuit Provisioning Center (CPC)
		performs the design function
84	Pull and analyze order	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes
		the order
85	Travel time to the central office	When a CO is not staffed a technician
	(non-staffed) minutes / 4 work	must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the
	activities	technician will perform 4 functions at the
		same CO)
86	CPU Time at SONET MUX (DS1)	This is CPU time only and is done by
		OPS/INE in the CO
87	CPU Time at RT (DS1 TSI)	This is CPU time only and is done by
		OPS/INE at the RT
88	Disconnect DSX Cross Connect (5	Technician removes the 5 wire cross
	Wire)	connect jumper at the DSX frame in the
		CO
89	Close Order	WFA/DI notifies TIRKS which sends
		completion to SOAC, SOAC sends SOP
		completion notice.
90	FIBER CROSS CONNECTS	
91	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)	FMAC Technician prints and analyzes the
		order.
92	Travel time to the central office	This is completed by a Cable Splicing
		Technician.
93	Install 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2	This functions is performed by FMAC
	Pigtails)	Technician.
94	Remove 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2	This function is performed by FMAC
	Pigtails)	Technician.
95	OTDR (Optical Time Domain	This function is performed when a fiber
	Reflectometer) testing using Fiber	cross connect is tested.
	Check 5000 type system	
96	Close order	WFA/DO notifies Design Center, updates
		TIRKS, and SOAC notifies SOP of
		completion.
97	2 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT	The 2 wire Cross Connect that is done at
	AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP	the Feeder Distribution Interface by the
	UNBUNDLING)	Installation Technician
98	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes
		the order
99	Travel time to FDI / 2 work	This includes the time to travel to the FDIs
	activities	
100	Setup time / 2 work activities	This includes setting safety cones, opening
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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ſ		FDI, getting required tools
101	Conduct continuity test for ILEC	This test is done to insure that the correct
		Cross Connects are identified
102	Cross Connect (Binding Post)	Perform Cross Connect functions using
		Binding Posts
103	Conduct continuity test for CLEC	When the Cross Connect is completed, a
		continuity test is performed
104	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work	This function is performed by the
	activities	Installation Technician and entails closing
		the Cross Connect box, replacing tools,
		and collecting safety
		cones
105	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies SOP of completion,
		SOP notifies SOAC of completion
106	Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to	Installation Technician using FAS
	PAWS for restoration	contacts the Loop Assignment Center
107	Eall Outs Dall and another at	(LAC) for correct assignments
107	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	LAC analyzes the order and makes corrections
108	Fall Out: Clear isonardy	
108	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy Pull and analyze order	LAC updates LFACS
109	I un and anaryze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes the order
110	Travel time to FDI (more than 2	This includes the time to travel to the FDI
110	miles) / 2 work activities.	This includes the time to daver to the PDI
111	Setup time / 2 work activities	This includes setting safety cones, opening
		FDI, getting required tools
112	Conduct continuity test for ILEC	When the Cross Connect is completed, a
		continuity test is performed
113	Disconnect existing Cross Connect	Disconnect performed at Binding Post
	(Binding Post)	
114	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work	This function is performed by the
	activities	Installation Technician and entails closing
		the Cross Connect box replacing tools and
		collecting safety
		cones
115	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies SOP of completion,
116	4 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT	SOP notifies SOAC of completion
110	AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP	The 4 wire Cross Connect that is done at the Feeder Distribution Interface by the
	UNBUNDLING)	Installation Technician
117	Pull and analyze order	Technician prints and analyzes the order
118	Pull and analyze order	Technician analyzes the order
119	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes
		the order

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120	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work	This is the travel time to the FDI from the
	activities	dispatch location
121	Negotiate customer release	
122	Setup time / 1 work activity	This includes setting safety cones, opening
		FDI, getting required tools
123	Cross Connect (Binding Post)	This is connecting a Cross Connect at the
		FDI
124	Tear Down Set Up	This function is performed by the
		Installation Technician and entails closing
		the Cross Connect box replacing tools and
l		collecting safety cones
125	Travel Time to 4 wire NID	This is the time to travel to the customers
		location
126	Setup Time to 4 wire NID	This includes setting safety cones, getting
		required tools
127	1000 Hz test	Technician conducts 1000 Hz test
128	Tear Down Set Up	This function is performed by the
		Installation Technician and entails closing
		the Cross Connect box, replacing tools,
		and collecting safety
l		cones
129	Travel time to the central office	When a CO is not staffed a technician
	(non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities	must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the
		technician will perform 4 functions at the
		same CO)
130	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)	CO technician performs wire wrap
		disconnections in order to disconnect the
		SMAS points
131	Disconnect cross connect from	Frame technician removes cross connect
	MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g.	jumper that connects to ILEC switch
	punch down, 2 four wire)	J
132	Travel time with in the staffed CO	This time includes moving from floor to
1.52	/ 4 work activities	floor within the same building
133	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies SCC which completes
		in TIRKS, TIRKS then notifies SOAC
		which notifies SOP of completion
134	Close Order	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
1.54		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion
		notice
135	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
133		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion
		notice
L		

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136	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	CPC analyzes the order and makes corrections
137	Fall Out: Manual design process	CPC performs design functions
138	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes the order
139	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities	This includes the time to travel to the FDI from the dispatch center
140	Setup time / 1 work activities	This includes setting safety cones, opening FDI, getting required tools
141	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)	This is disconnecting a Cross Connect at the Binding Posts
142	Tear Down Set Up / 1 work activities	This function is performed by the Installation Technician and entails closing the Cross Connect box replacing tools and collecting safety cones
143	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies Design Center which completes in TIRKS, TIRKS then updates SOAC which notifies SOP of completion
144	4 - WIRE LOOP - And other	
	Designed Services	
145	Pull and analyze order (SSC)	Technician in the SSC analyzes the order
146	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
147	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
148	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician is dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
149	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	When a CO is not staffed a technician is dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO)
150	Negotiate customer release	SSC contacts the customer to negotiate a time when service can be interrupted
151	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch- down, 1 four wire jumper)	NTEC technician runs cross connect in CO
152	Remove cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch- down, 1 four wire jumper)	NTEC technician disconnects jumper in CO
153	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-	NTEC technician runs cross connect in CO

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	down, 2 four wire jumpers)	
154	Install cross connect (COSMIC-like	NTEC technician runs cross connect in
	frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire	CO
	jumpers)	
155	Cross connect (Wire Wrap, to AD4	NTEC technician runs cross connect in
	ADTS Channel Bank / unitized	CO
	SMAS)	
156	Disconnect (Wire Wrap, to AD4	NTEC technician disconnects jumper in
	ADTS Channel Bank / unitized	CO
	SMAS)	
157	Install channel unit at AD4	NTEC places channel unit in AD4 bank
158	Remove cross connect (COSMIC-	NTEC technician disconnects jumpers in
	like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire	CO
	four jumpers)	
159	Remove cross connect - Wire	NTEC technician disconnects jumpers in
	Wrap to AD4 Channel Bank	CO
	(ADTS) / unitized SMAS	
160	Remove channel unit from AD4	NTEC technician disconnects jumpers in
		СО
161	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire	NTEC technician runs cross connect in
	Wrap, to D4 Channel Bank /	СО
	unitized SMAS)	
162	Remove cross connect (4 wire	NTEC technician disconnects jumpers in
	SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channel	СО
	Bank / unitized SMAS)	
163	Install 2 two wire shielded pair	NTEC technician connects jumpers in CO
	cross connects at the protector	
	frame	
164	Install 2 two wire shielded pair	FMAC technician connects jumpers in CO
	cross connects at the protector	
	frame	
165	Install 2 four wire cross connect at	NTEC technician connects jumpers in CO
	the Toll Distribution Frame	
166	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX	NTEC technician connects jumpers in CO
	bay	
167	Install 2 four wire cross connect at	FMAC technician connects jumpers in CO
1/0	the Toll Distribution Frame	
168	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX	FMAC technician connects jumpers in CO
160	bay	NTROAL
169	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair	NTEC technician connects jumpers in CO
	cross connects at the protector frame	
170	Remove 1 four wire cross connect	NTEO 4-1-1-1-1
170	at the Toll Distribution Frame	NTEC technician disconnects jumpers in
	at the 1011 Distribution Frame	СО

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171	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX	FMAC technician disconnects jumpers in
	bay	СО
172	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair	FMAC technician disconnects jumpers in
	cross connects at the protector	CO
	frame	
173	Remove 1 four wire cross connect	FMAC technician disconnects jumpers in
	at the Toll Distribution Frame	СО
174	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX	FMAC technician disconnects jumpers in
	bay	СО
175	Perform quasi random signaling	TL1 command sent from ITS
	source (QRSS) test via remote ITS -	
	DTAU	
176	Place plug-in at RT	NTEC places plug-in at Remote Terminal
177	Place plug-in at ADM	NTEC technician places plug-ins at Add
		Drop Mux
178	Place plug-in at RT	FMAC places plug-in at Remote Terminal
179	Place plug-in at ADM	FMAC technician places plug-ins at Add
		Drop Mux
180	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)	CPU time only
181	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS)	NTEC technician performs wire wrap
	(Wire Wrap)	connections in order to connect the SMAS
100		points
182	Remove Cross connect (4 wire	NTEC technician performs disconnection
183	SMAS) (Wire Wrap) Conduct SS7 test	to the SMAS points
		SSC performs test
184	Conduct loop back analysis test	SSC performs test
185	Conduct loop back analysis test	SSC performs test
186	Conduct testing (1000 Hz.)	SSC performs test
187	Close Order (SSC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion notice
188	Close Order (NTEC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
100		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion
		notice
189	Close Order (FMAC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
105		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion
		notice
190	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	All 4 wire loops are designed. CPC
	(CPC)	analyzes the order.
191	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout (CPC)	CPC designs circuit and re-inputs into
		mechanized process

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102	E-11 O-4 D-11 1 1	
192	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	All 4 wire loops are designed. CPC
100	(CPC)	analyzes the order.
193	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout (CPC)	CPC designs circuit and re-inputs into
		mechanized process
194	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes
		the order
195	Pull and analyze order (SSC)	Technician analyzes the order
196	Travel time to the central office	When a CO is not staffed a technician
	(non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities	must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the
		technician will perform 4 functions at the
		same CO)
197	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)	NTEC technician performs disconnection
	(F)	to the SMAS points
198	Disconnect cross connect from	NTEC technician disconnects jumper in
	MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g.	CO
	punch down, 2 four wire)	
199	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
177		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion notice
200	Class Order (SSC)	
200	Close Order (SSC)	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which notifies
		SOAC and updates SOP completion
		notice
201	SIMPLE CROSS CONNECT	This cross connect is done at the customer
	AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP	premise Network Interface Device
	UNBUNDLING)	
202	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes
		the order
203	Travel time to customer premises /	This is the time to travel to the customers
	1 work activities	location
204	Setup time / 1 work activity	This includes setting safety cones, getting
		required tools
205	Terminate to NID	The Installation Technician mounts the
		Network Interface Device and connects
		the required wires
206	Conduct dial tone continuity test	After the NID is mounted the Installation
		Technician conducts test
207	Tear Down Set Up / 1 work	This function is performed by the
	activities	Installation Technician and entails
		replacing tools, and collecting safety
		cones
208	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies SOP of completion,
200		
		SOP notifies SOAC of completion

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209	Fall Out: RMAs cleared	Some orders are cleared by PAWS while
	automatically by PAWS	others require RMA
210	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	LAC analyzes the order and makes
		corrections
211	Fall Out: Clear Jeopardy	LAC updates LFACS
212	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes
		the order
213	Travel time to customer premises /	This includes the time to travel to the NID
	4 work activities	
214	Disconnect cross connect from	This activity includes disconnecting the
	NID	connections at the NID
215	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies SOP of completion,
		SOP notifies SOAC of completion
216	SMART CROSS CONNECT AT	This Cross Connect is done at the
1	THE NID (SUB-LOOP	customer premise Network Interface
	UNBUNDLING)	Device
217	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes
		the order
218	Travel time to customer premises /	This is the time to travel to the customers
	4 work activities	location
219	Card plug in	Install plug-in card
220	Install wiring to NID (J-Mounting	Place appropriate wiring and perform the
	Shelf including RJ-48 jack exists)	Cross Connect function
221	Conduct continuity and card loop	This test is performed to ensure that the
	back test	new plug-in card performs as required
222	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies Design Center which
		completes in TIRKS, TIRKS then notifies
		SOAC which notifies SOP of completion
223	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	CPC analyzes the order and makes
		corrections
224	Fall Out: Manual design process	CPC performs design functions
225	Pull and analyze order	Installation Technician prints and analyzes
		the order
226	Travel time to customer premises /	This is the time to travel to the customers
- 227	4 work activities	location
227	Disconnect cross connect from NID	Technician disconnects wiring
228	Close Order	WFA/DO notifies Design Center which
		completes in TIRKS, TIRKS then updates
		SOAC which notifies SOP of completion
229	DS3 INTEROFFICE	
	TRANSPORT (BAND WIDTH)	
230	Pull and analyze order	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes
		the order •

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(non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 232 Install card for DCS Install plug-in card 233 Install card for SONET MUX Install plug-in card 234 Electronic Cross Connect on DCS CPU time at the DCS 235 Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX CPU time at the MUX 236 Performance Monitoring Testing This function includes setting up for the test and all associated criteria, monitoring the test 237 Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data The function includes setting up the PM testing capability and routing to the PM center 238 Intrusive Test (ITS) This a 15 minute,30 minute, or 1 hour test and monitoring 239 CPU time for registers UFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion to TIRKS which updates SOAC and sends SOP completion notice 241 Fall Out: Pull and analyze order CPC perform design function 242 Fall Out: Resolve Fallout CPC perform design function 244 Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 245 Remove the card Remove the plug-in 246	231	Travel time to the central office	When a CO is not staffed a technician
activities technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 232 Install card for DCS Install plug-in card 233 Install card for SONET MUX Install plug-in card 234 Electronic Cross Connect on DCS CPU time at the DCS 235 Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX CPU time at the MUX 236 Performance Monitoring Testing This function includes setting up for the test and all associated criteria, monitoring the test 237 Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data The function includes setting up the PM testing capability and routing to the PM center 238 Intrusive Test (ITS) This a 15 minute, 30 minute, or 1 hour test and monitoring 239 CPU time for registers WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice 240 Close Order WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends corrections 242 Fall Out: Resolve Fallout CPC perform design function 243 Pull and analyze order Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order 244 Travel time to non-staffed office / When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 245 Remove the card Remove the plug-in 246		(non-staffed) minutes / 4 work	must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the
232 Install card for DCS Install plug-in card 233 Install card for SONET MUX Install plug-in card 234 Electronic Cross Connect on DCS CPU time at the DCS 235 Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX CPU time at the MUX 236 Performance Monitoring Testing This function includes setting up for the test and all associated criteria, monitoring the test 237 Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data The function includes setting up the PM testing capability and routing to the PM center 238 Intrusive Test (ITS) This a 15 minute, 30 minute, or 1 hour test and monitoring 239 CPU time for registers WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice 240 Close Order WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice 241 Fall Out: Resolve Fallout CPC perform design function 242 Fall Out: Resolve Fallout CPC perform design function 244 Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 245 Remove the card Remove the plug-in 246 Close Order WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice 247 DS1 INTEROFFICE Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order 248 Pull		activities	
233 Install card for SONET MUX Install plug-in card 234 Electronic Cross Connect on DCS CPU time at the DCS 235 Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX CPU time at the MUX 236 Performance Monitoring Testing monitoring data This function includes setting up for the test and all associated criteria, monitoring the test 237 Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data The function includes setting up the PM testing capability and routing to the PM center 238 Intrusive Test (ITS) This a 15 minute, 30 minute, or 1 hour test and monitoring 239 CPU time for registers WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion to TIRKS which updates SOAC and sends SOP completion notice 240 Close Order CPC analyzes the order and makes corrections 241 Fall Out: Pull and analyze order CPC perform design function 243 Pull and analyze order When a CO is not staffed a technician must be dispatched to the CO (assumes the technician will perform 4 functions at the same CO) 244 Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice 245 Remove the card Remove the plug-in Conder 246 Close Order WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends completion notice			same CO)
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250 Install card for DCS Install plug-in card			
	250	Install card for DCS	
251 Instant card for SONET MOX Instant plug-in card	251	Install card for SONET MUX	Install plug-in card

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<u></u>	(high speed - OC48 to STS1)	
252	Install plug in for low speed DS1	Install plug-in card
	(low speed STS1 to DS1)	
253	Electronic cross connect on DCS	CPU time at the DCS
254	Electronic cross connect on low	CPU time at the DS1 cross connect
	speed DS1 (low speed DS1)	
255	Conduct continuity test - quasi	Keep alive signal applied to prevent
ĺ	random signaling source (QRSS)	alarms from activating
	from ITS/DTAU	
256	Performance Monitoring Testing	The function includes setting up the PM
1		testing capability and routing to the PM
		center
257	Retrieve and analyze performance	This function includes setting up for the
1	monitoring data	test and all associated criteria monitoring
		the test
258	Conduct SS7 test	Overall continuity test
259	Intrusive Test (ITS)	This a 15 minute, 30 minute, or 1 hour test
		and monitoring
260	CPU time for registers	
261	Close order	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which updates
<u> </u>		SOAC and sends SOP completion notice
262	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	CPC analyzes the order and makes
		corrections and notifies installation
262	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout	technician
263 264		CPC updates TIRKS minimal RMAs
204	Pull and analyze order	Technician in the CO prints and analyzes the order
265	Travel time to non-staffed office /	When a CO is not staffed a technician is
	4 work activities	dispatched to the CO (assumes the
		technician will perform 4 functions at the
		same CO)
266	Remove the card	Remove plug-in from equipment bay
267	Close Order	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which updates
		SOAC and sends SOP completion notice
268	Intra-Building Travel	
269	Travel time with in the staffed CO	NTEC technicians go from frame to frame
	/ 4 work activities	which are located on different floors of the
		same building
270	Travel time with in the staffed CO	FMAC technicians go from frame to
	/ 4 work activities	frame which are located on different floors
071		of the same building
271	SS7 STP global title translations	

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070	Descrive work request	I SD is transmitted to the U DO (
272	Receive work request	LSR is transmitted to the ILEC (pre order
0.50		completed if required)
273	Analyze request	CPC analyzes LSR for completeness
274	Build request into WFA	Populate appropriate WFA fields
275	Pull and analyze order	SSC coordinates the orders
276	Services - GTT translations (input	Input GTT into SEAS
	into SEAS)	
277	close order	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which updates
		SOAC and sends SOP completion notice
278	Fallout: Pull and analyze order	CPC analyzes the order
279	Fallout: Resolve Fallout	CPC updates TIRKS minimal RMAs
280	SS7 STP message transfer part	
281	Receive work request	LSR is transmitted to the ILEC
282	Analyze request	SSC analyzes LSR for completeness
283	Build request into WFA	Populate appropriate WFA fields
284	Pull and analyze order	SSC coordinates the orders
285	Create and input screening table	Establish STP screening tables as related
		to A LINK point code
286	MTP point code to link set	Build MTP to point code to link set
	translations	translation at ILEC STP
287	Establish link set	MRVT test which checks MTP to link set
		functionality
288	close order	WFA/DI notifies WFA/C and sends
		completion to TIRKS which updates
		SOAC and sends SOP completion notice
289	Fallout: Pull and analyze order	CPC analyzes the order
290	Fallout: Resolve Fallout	SSC updates TIRKS minimal RMAs

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SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

1.Star		L	1	3		5.000	6	7	8	9	10	11
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - TSR	POT8 / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Mignition - UNE - Loop	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - TSR	- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - UNE - Loop	UNE - Loop	4 Wire - Install - UNE - Loop	Feeture Changes	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install
1	CLEC customer contact	×	×	×	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	x
2	CLEC requests customer address data, CSR, and appointment from ILEC					~	v	x	x	x	x	x
٦ 4	ILEC gateway requests address data from Administrative Information System and	x	×	×	x	x	x	â	ŵ	â	Î x	Â
4	ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and appointment data to CLEC CLEC customer service representative inputs LSR information into LOS	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
6	ILEC gateway receives, validates and logs LSR, returns FOC, and passes LSR to	1	x	x	Ŷ	Â	x	x	x	x	x	×
7	CLEC gateway receives, various and logs ESR, returns POC, and passes ESR to CLEC gateway sends LSR to EXACT				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	â	~	, n			04091
8	ILEC SOG retrieves CSR data, formats and passes to SOP	x	x	×				x	×	x	x	X
9	EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP											
10	SOP sends request to SOAC	x	×	x	x	×	x	x	x	x	X	X
11	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for OSP, COE, IOF, etc.	x	×	×	×	×	x	x	X	x	x	X
12	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for COE and IOF, etc											
13	LFACS makes OSP assignments, e g., cable and pair			×	×	X	X	x	X		x	X
14	LFACS makes OSP spare and available for reassignments, e.g., cable and pair				1	(
15	COE and EICT assignments are made	1		×	×	×	x	×	×			
16	COE and EICT spare and available for reassignments are made		1		1							
17	SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF, etc.	×	×	×	X	X	X	×	X	x	×	X
18	SOAC receives COE and IOF, etc.											
19	COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE / LU										1	
20	COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU								1			
21	SWITCH assigns IDT port					1						
22	SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)											
22												
23	SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV)	x	x	x	x	x	1		1 1	x	×	
25	SOAC delivers recent change translation information SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information	^	^	· ^	1 ^	1 ^	[[°]		
26	MARCH updates LDS	x	x	x	x	x				x	×	
27	SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB		î	x	x	x	x					
28	NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE		[x	x	X	x				1	
29	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE			x	x	x	x					
.30	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE											
31	OPS/INE updates WFA/C			}								
32	WFA/C updates NSDB			×	X	×	X					
33	SOAC updates SOP	X	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	x	X	l û
34 35	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CRIS, etc SOP updates WFA, NSDB, and CABS	x	×	×	×	×	X	· ^	^	^	1 ^	
36	PICS sends plug-in assignments to TIRKS					1						
37	TIRKS provides equipment and facility assignments							×	x		1	
38	TIRKS updates SOAC							x	x			
39	CPU time for NMA for PM data from test											
40	SOP completes LSR	X	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	×	×
41	ILEC gateway notifies CLEC of completed order	x	x	x	X	X	X	x	x	x	X	X
	ILEC billing system issues final bill to migrating customer	X	X	<u>x</u>				X			X	
43	TSR, UNE-PLATFORM, & CHANGES											
44	Fall Out. RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation	X	X		X	X				x		
	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	X	x		×	x				X		
	Fall Out. Clear jeopardy	x	×		×	x				^		
	2-WIRE LOOP Copper											
	Copper Pull and analyze order (copper)			x			x					
	an and analysic order (copper)		1	^	1.	1		1	1			

200		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wine Cross Connect al the FDI - Migration	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install		DS1 interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Transport	POTS/ ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect- UNE Loop	4 -Wine Discontract - UNE Loop	2 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect et the FDI	4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect st the FDI	Channelized DS1Virtual Fielder to RT - Disconnect
1	CLEC customer contact	X	X	X				×	X	X	X	X	
2	CLEC requests customer address data, CSR, and appointment from ILEC	200-1	540.										
3	ILEC gateway requests address data from Administrative Information System and		X	X				X	X	X	x	X	
4	ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and appointment data to CLEC	x x	x x	X			~	<u> </u>	X	x	x	x	x
6	CLEC customer service representative inputs LSR information into LOS ILEC gateway receives, validates and logs_LSR, returns FOC, and passes LSR to		x	X	X X	××	X	x	x	x	x	x	â
7	CLEC gateway receives, varioates and logs LSR, returns POC, and passes LSR to CLEC gateway sends LSR to EXACT	^	^	^	Â	â	Â		Ŷ		Ŷ		<u>^</u>
8	ILEC SOG retrieves CSR data, formats and passes to SOP	x	x	x		[^]	~	×					
9	EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP				X	X	x						
10	SOP sends request to SOAC	x	x	X	×	x	X		x	X	x	x	x
11	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for OSP, COE, IOF, etc	x	x	X	x	X	X	x	x	X	x	X	x
12	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for COE and IOF, etc.												
13	LFACS makes OSP assignments, e g, cable and pair	x	X		X								
14	LFACS makes OSP spare and available for reassignments, e.g., cable and pair							×	X	X	X	X	X
15	COE and EICT assignments are made				X								
16	COE and EICT spare and available for reassignments are made								X	X			
17	SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF, etc.	x	X		X	x	x		×	X	x	×	×
18	SOAC receives COE and IOF, etc.												
19	COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE / LU		[}	
20	COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU												
21	SWITCH assigns IDT port			1									
22	SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)			J									1
23	SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV)				1			1					1
24	SOAC delivers recent change translation information											i i	
25	SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information							X					
26 27	MARCH updates LDS												
27	SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE				X	X	X		×	X			l Ç
29	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE				Â	â	Â		^	^			
30	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE				Ŷ	<u>^</u>			x	X	1		×
31	OPS/INE updates WFA/C				x	x	x		X	X			X
32	WFA/C updates NSDB	1			×	x	X		X	X		1	X
33	SOAC updates SOP	х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
34	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CRIS, etc.	×	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	×
35	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, and CABS					X	X			1			
36 37	PICS sends plug-in assignments to TIRKS		v			x	x	x		x			x
38	TIRKS provides equipment and facility assignments TIRKS updates SOAC	x	x		X	X	x	^		Â		X	Ŷ
39	CPU time for NMA for PM data from test	Â	^	1	x	x	Ŷ			Î Î		<u>^</u>	
40	SOP completes LSR	x	x	x	x	x	Â	x	x	x	x	x	x
41	ILEC gateway notifies CLEC of completed order	x	x	×	x	x	X	x	X	x	x	x	x
42 .	ILEC billing system issues final bill to migrating customer	X		X									·
	TSR, UNE-PLATFORM, & CHANGES												
44 45	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation							X					
40	Fall Out Pull and analyze order Fall Out Clear jeopardy							X					
47	2-WIRE LOOP							^					
48	Copper												
49	Pull and analyze order (copper)												
				2	e i			-			2		

ID Dist Loop to Dist Loop to Line Port Line Port (Line Port Analys) Line Port Dist Loop to Average Loop (Line Port Analys) Line Port (Line Port (Line Port Analys) Line Port (Line Port Analys) Line Port (Line Port (Line Port Analys) Dist Loop to Dist Loop to (Line Port (Line Port Analys) Dist Loop to Dist Loop to (Line Port (Line Port	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Disconnect X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	(DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Disconnect X X X	DS1 Loop tol (1 Customer An Premise 18 disconnect Disc X X	4 wire Loop, (different CO 1 disconnect d	2 wire Loop, different CO - disconnect	DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) -	(DSO, Analog,		DS1 Loop to				金雅之(1)		27.5
2 CLEC requests outcome address data from Address data from Address data from Address on Syntem and X <t< th=""><th>x x x x x x x</th><th>x x</th><th>x</th><th>X</th><th></th><th>D SPEEDU</th><th>Install</th><th>Premise - Instali</th><th>Premise - Migration</th><th>4 wire Loop, different CO - Install</th><th>different CO - Migration</th><th>different CO - Install</th><th>different CO - Migration</th><th>o. Process Flow / Activity</th><th>No.</th></t<>	x x x x x x x	x x	x	X		D SPEEDU	Install	Premise - Instali	Premise - Migration	4 wire Loop, different CO - Install	different CO - Migration	different CO - Install	different CO - Migration	o. Process Flow / Activity	No.
3 ILEC gateway requests address dual from Administrative Information System and ILEC gateway fromts and returns address. CSR, and appointment dual to CLEC X </td <td>X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>x</td> <td>×</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td>	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X			X		x	×	X	X	X	X	X		
4 ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and appointment data to CLEC X <td>X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>Y</td> <td>Y</td> <td></td> <td>- v </td> <td>Y</td> <td>v</td> <td>Y</td> <td>v</td> <td>×</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X		Y	Y		- v	Y	v	Y	v	×			
Description Construction Co	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		X											<i>b</i> , , ,	
6 I.EEC garway receives, validites and logs LSR, returns FOC, and passes LSR to CLEC garway sends LSR to EXACT X<	x x x					X								,	
7 CLEC gateway sends LSR to EXACT X <td>×</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1202</td> <td></td> <td>10.100</td> <td></td> <td></td>	×	X					1.000				1202		10.100		
8 ILEC SQR data, formats and passes to SOP X <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Construction of the second second</td> <td></td>					2.5									Construction of the second	
Note			X	x	X			x	x	x	x	x	x		8
11 SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for OSP, COE, IOF, etc X <td>x x</td> <td></td> <td>EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP</td> <td>9</td>	x x													EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP	9
12 SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment, requests for COE and IOF, etc X <td></td> <td>×</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>×</td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		×				×	x								
13 LFACS makes OSP assignments, e.g., cable and pair X				x	X			x	x	X	X	x	X		
14 LFACS makes OSP spare and available for reassignments, e.g., cable and pair X<	X X	X				X	×								
15COE and EICT assignments are madeXX<				~						X	X	X	X	B	
16 COE and EICT spare and available for reassignments are made X				^	^ I	1	I	v I	Y	Y	Y	~			
17SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF, etcXX <t< td=""><td>×</td><td>×</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td><td>^</td><td>^</td><td>^</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	×	×	x	x	x					^	^	^	^		
18 SOAC receives COE and IOF, etc 19 COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE / LU 20 COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU 21 SWITCH assigns IDT port 22 SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV) 23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers requipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE 31 OPS/INE updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB								Y	Y	Y	Y	v	×		
19 COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE / LU 20 COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU 21 SWITCH assigns 1DT port 22 SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV) 23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers requipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE 30 OPS/INE delivers from and equipment provisioning message to INE 31 OPS/INE updates WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	x	v		^	^		~	Ŷ	Ŷ	^	^		L ^	 A statistic statistic second statistic statistic statistics. 	
20 COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU 21 SWITCH assigns 1DT port 22 SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV) 23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	^	Ŷ					~~ /								
21 SWITCH assigns IDT port 22 SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV) 23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 27 SOAC delivers quipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB							^							er al bis 1911 al 10 m Annee Charles and Sand Sand Sand Sand	
22 SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV) 23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE 30 OPS/INE delivers WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	X	X													
23 SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV) 24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	X														
24 SOAC delivers recent change translation information 25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB						X								y	
25 SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information 26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE. 31 OPS/INE updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	X														
26 MARCH updates LDS 27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE 31 OPS/INE updates NSDB 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	×	×					×								
27 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB 28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE 31 OPS/INE updates WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	x	v	1 1											8	
28 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE 29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE. 31 OPS/INE updates WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB 34 X	x x					Y									
29 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE. 30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE. 31 OPS/INE updates WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB	<u> </u>	0												······································	
30 OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE 31 OPS/INE updates WFA/C 32 WFA/C updates NSDB X															29
32 WFA/C updates NSDB X															30
														OPS/INE updates WFA/C	31
33 SOAC updates SOP	X									1000					
	X X X X														
34 SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CRIS, etc. X<		^	^		×	· ·	· · ·	^		×	×		×	and the second	
36 PICS sends plug-in assignments to TIRKS								[
37 TRKS provides equipments and facility assignments X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x			x	×	x		x	x	x	x	x	x		
	X													, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
39 CPU time for NMA for PM data from test X						X			- N	2 ⁴⁴		1970			
40 SOP completes LSR X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	x x				0260			625	825.5					Long and the second secon	
41 TLEC gateway notifies CLEC of completed order X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X	X	×	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x			
42 ILEC billing system issues final bill to migrating customer X X X			<u>∔−</u>						X		X		X		
43 TSR, UNE-PLATFORM, & CHANGES 44 Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation X	x	v .													
44 Pail Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation A	x	210 3	1 1												
45 Fail Out Clear giopardy K	â														
47 ZWIRELOOP														and the second se	
48 Copper	1													HILL F FILLS	
49 Pull and analyze order (copper)		1			[X							Pull and analyze order (copper)	49

OKan's		37	38	39	40	41	42	4	44	45	46.
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	Fiber Cross Connects - Install		SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Install	SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Disconnect	SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) Install	SS7 Linka (A&D, D81) Disconnect	SS7 STP global title translations install	SS7 STP message transfer part - install	SS7 STP global title translations Disconnect	SS7 STP message transfer part Disconnect
1	CLEC customer contact			X	X						
	CLEC requests customer address data, CSR, and appointment from ILEC	6 K					h h				
	ILEC gateway requests address data from Administrative Information System and			X	X						
	ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and appointment data to CLEC			<u>×</u>	X						
	CLEC customer service representative inputs LSR information into LOS	x	××	x	x	X	×				
	ILEC gateway receives, validates and logs_LSR, returns FOC, and passes LSR to CLEC gateway sends LSR to EXACT	â	â	^	^	Â	Ŷ				
	ILEC SOG retrieves CSR data, formats and passes to SOP	^	^	x	x	<u>^</u>	<u>^</u>				
	EXACT and TUF sends request to SOP				<u> </u>	x	X				
	SOP sends request to SOAC	x	x	x	x	x	x				
	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for OSP, COE, IOF, etc	×	x	x	×	x	X				
	SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests for COE and IOF, etc										
13	LFACS makes OSP assignments, e.g., cable and pair									1	
	LFACS makes OSP spare and available for reassignments, e.g., cable and pair										
	COE and EICT assignments are made			×	x						
16	COE and EICT spare and available for reassignments are made									(
17	SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF, etc.	x	×	×	×	X	X				
18	SOAC receives COE and IOF, etc										
19	COSMOS / SWITCH assigns OE / LU										
20	COSMOS / SWITCH removes OE / LU										
21	SWITCH assigns IDT port				J						
	SWITCH assigns call reference values (CRV)										
	SWITCH deletes call reference values (CRV)										
	SOAC delivers recent change translation information										
	SOAC delivers recent change disconnect information										
26	MARCH updates LDS					1					
27	SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to NSDB					X	X				
	NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE					X	X				
	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provisioning message to INE					X	X				
	OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment disconnect message to INE										
	OPS/INE updates WFA/C					X	X				
	WFA/C updates NSDB	~		J		X	X				
	SOAC updates SOP SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CRIS, etc	x x	x x	X	x	^	^ I				
	SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CKIS, etc SOP updates WFA, NSDB, and CABS	^	^	^	^	x	x				
	PICS sends plug-in assignments to TIRKS					x	x				
	TIRKS provides equipment and facility assignments	x	x	X	X	x	x				
	TIRKS updates SOAC	x	x	x	x	x	X				
	CPU time for NMA for PM data from test					X	X				
	SOP completes LSR	X	X	X	x	Χ.	X				
	ILFC gateway notifies CLEC of completed order	X	X	x	x	x	X				
	ILEC billing system issues final bill to migrating customer										
	TSR, UNE-PLATFORM, & CHANGES Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation										
	Fail Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation Fail Out Pull and analyze order										
	Fall Out Clear jeopardy										
	2-WIRE LOOP										
	Copper										
	Pull and analyze order (copper)										

SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

e) 6400		ALC I SA	1	- (1.3)- ···	12 4 - 13	5	6 6	PIT I WI	-	9	10	11
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - TSR	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Mignation - UNE - Loop	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - TSR	- Platform	POTS/ ISDN BRI - Install - UNE + Loop	4 Wire - Migration - UNE - Loop	4 Wine - Install - UNE - Loop	Feature	2 Wire Croas Connect at the FDI - Migration	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install
	Pull and analyze order (copper)				x	×	x					
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities			X	x	x	^					
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities			x	^						1	
	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI) Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)			x			x					1
	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)			Ŷ	x	x	n n					
	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)			x	î î	^	x		[)
	Close order			x			x					
	Close order				x	x						
	ILEC MLT test and or ISTF test				x	x						
	CLEC MLT test and or ISTF test						x					
61	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation			x			X					
62	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order (copper)			x			x				1	
63	Fall Out Clear jeopardy			X			x				1	
64	Pull and analyze order (copper)											
65	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities				}							
66	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Copper)								1		1	
	Close order											
	IDLC (GR-303)											1
	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)			X			X		×		1	
	Disconnect DSO TSI at RT (CPU Time)								(
	CHANNELIZED DSI CAPACITY FOR THE VRT (TR-303)				1							
	Pull and analyze order											
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities											
	Install IDT line port card Install DSX cross connect (5 Wire)											1
	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU											
	Disconnect DSX cross connect (5 Wire)											
	CPU time at SONET MUX (DS1)				ļ							
	CPU time at RT (DS1 TSI)											
	Conduct continuity test - guasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU					}		1				
81	Close Order											
82	Fall Out Pull and analyze order					}						
	Fall Out Resolve Fallout											
	Pull and analyze order				1		1				ļ	
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities CPU Time at SONET MUX (DS1)											
	CPU Time at RT (DS1 TSI)											
	Disconnect DSX Cross Connect (5 Wire)					I			1		1	
	Close Order										1	
	FIBER CROSS CONNECTS											
	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)					-						
	Travel time to the central office											
	Install 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)										1	
	Remove 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)											1
	OTDR (Optical Time Domain Reflecometer) testing using Fiber Check 5000 type	system										
	Close order										[
	2 WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDL (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)											
	Pull and analyze order										×	x
	Travel time to FDI / 2 work activities										x	x
	Setup time / 2 work activities				1	1			1		X	X

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573	A CARD BOOK OF A CONTRACT OF A	12	13	14	15	= 16	12	18	19	20	21	22	23
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Mignation	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI- Install	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install		DS1 Interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Treosport	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	FOTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect- UNE Loop			4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	Channelized DS1Virtual Feeder to RT - Disconnect
50	Pull and analyze order (copper)			and the second									
51 52	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities						1						
53	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)												
54	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)												
55	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)												
56	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)									1			
57	Close order												
58	Close order												
59	ILEC MLT test and or ISTF test				8								
60	CLEC MLT test and or ISTF test							1	J				
61	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation								x				
62	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order (copper)								â				
63 64	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy Pull and analyze order (copper)	(x				
65	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities								X				
66	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Copper)								x				1
67	Close order								X				
68	IDLC (GR-303)			Ì						ł			
69	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)										1		
70	Disconnect DSO TSI at RT (CPU Time)						1		x			1	
71	CHANNELIZED DSI CAPACITY FOR THE VRT (TR-303)				x		[
72 73	Pull and analyze order Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities				Ŷ								
74	Install IDT line port card											1	
75	Install DSX cross connect (5 Wire)				X		}						
76	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU												1
77	Disconnect DSX cross connect (5 Wire)												
78	CPU time at SONET MUX (DS1)				X								
79	CPU time at RT (DSI TSI)				X								
80	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU				X		1						
81	Close Order				X								
82 83	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order Fall Out: Resolve Fallout				â								
84	Pull and analyze order]	x
85	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities							1					×
86	CPU Time at SOMET MUX (DS1)												x
87	CPU Time at RT (DSI TSI)]				1					×
88	Disconnect DSX Cross Connect (5 Wire)												X
89	Close Order							1		1			*
90	FIBER CROSS CONNECTS												
91	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)												
92 93	Travel time to the central office Install 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)												
93 94	Remove 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)												1
95	OTDR (Optical Time Domain Reflecometer) testing using Fiber Check 5000 type	s											
96	Close order	~											
97	2 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)												
98	Pull and analyze order												
99	Travel time to FDI / 2 work activities												
100	Setup time / 2 work activities						1			1		I	ł

Exhibit Dockets Nos 960833/960846/971140 Lynott Exhibit JPL-1 Service Order Process Page 1 of 24

171-		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	33	34	35	36
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity				4 wire Loop, different CO - Install	Customer	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Install	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Install	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Install	2 wire Loop, different CO			Line Port (DSO, Analog, ISLU) - Disconnect X	Channefized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Disconnect
50	Pull and analyze order (copper)							x					x	
51	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities							<u></u>						
52	Travel time to the contral office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities													
53	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)							x						
54	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)					ĺ								
55	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)													
56	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)							x						
57 58	Close order Close order					(1							
59	U.EC MLT test and or ISTF test							×						1
60	CLEC MLT test and or ISTF test				ĺ									
	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation													
61 62	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (copper)													
63	Fall Out Clear jeopardy													
64	Pull and analyze order (copper)													
65	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities													
66	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Copper)												x	
67	Close order												X	
68	IDLC (GR-303)									1				
69	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)													
70	Disconnect DSO TSI at RT (CPU Time)									1				
71	CHANNELIZED DSI CAPACITY FOR THE VRT (TR-303)													
72	Pull and analyze order							1	X					X
73	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities								X					X
74	Install IDT line port card						1		X					
75	Install DSX cross connect (5 Wire)								X	[
76	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU								x					
77	Disconnect DSX cross connect (5 Wire)								[×
78	CPU time at SONET MUX (DS1)													
79	CPU time at RT (DSI TSI)													
80	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU													
81	Close Order								X					X
82	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order								×	1				X
83	Fall Out Resolve Fallout								X					X
84	Pull and analyze order													
85	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities													1
86	CPU Time at SONET MUX (DSI)													
87	CPU Time at RT (DS1 TSI)								ł	1				
88	Disconnect DSX Cross Connect (5 Wire)													
89	Close Order													
90	FIBER CROSS CONNECTS						(1				
91	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)								[
92	Travel time to the central office				1									
93	Install 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)								1					
94	Remove 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)													
95	OTDR (Optical Time Domain Reflecometer) testing using Fiber Check 5000 type	s												
96	Close order													
97	2 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)													
98	Pull and analyze order	8												
99	Travel time to FDI / 2 work activities													
100	Setup time / 2 work activities				I		1		L.			ι		1

1.62.53		37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	Fiber Cross Connects - Install	Fiber Cross Connects - Disconnect	SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Install	SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Disconnect		SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) Disconnect	SS7 STP global title translations Install	SS7 STP message transfer part - install	SS7 STP global title translations Disconnect	SS7 STP missage transfer part - Disconnact
50	Pull and analyze order (copper)										
51	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities										
52 53	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities										
53	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI) Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)										
55	Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (copper)										
56	Conduct continuity test (check dial tone and ANI)										
57	Close order										
58	Close order										
59	ILEC MLT test and or ISTF test										
60	CLEC MLT test and or ISTF test										
61	Fall Out. RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliation										
62	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order (copper)										
63	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy										
64	Pull and analyze order (copper)										
65	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities				1						
66	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Copper)										
67	Close order										
68	IDLC (GR-303)										
69	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)										
70	Disconnect DSO TSI at RT (CPU Time)										
71	CHANNELIZED DSI CAPACITY FOR THE VRT (TR-303)										
72 73	Pull and analyze order Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities										
74	Install IDT line port card					1					
75	Install DSX cross connect (5 Wire)										
76	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU										
77	Disconnect DSX cross connect (5 Wire)				1						
78	CPU time at SONET MUX (DSI)										
79	CPU time at RT (DSI TSI)										
80	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU										
81	Close Order				ļ						
82	Fall Out Pull and analyze order										
83	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout										
84	Pull and analyze order Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities										
85 86	CPU Time at SONET MUX (DS1)										
87	CPU Time at RT (DSI TSI)										
88	Disconnect DSX Cross Connect (5 Wire)										
89	Close Order										
90	FIBER CROSS CONNECTS								l,		
91	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)	x	X								
92	Travel time to the central office	X	X		· .						
93	Install 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)	x									
94	Remove 2 Pigtails (2 minutes x 2 Pigtails)		х								
95	OTDR (Optical Time Domain Reflecometer) testing using Fiber Check 5000 type		1991								
96	Close order	x	x								
97	2 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)										
98 .	Pull and analyze order										
99	Travel time to FD1 / 2 work activities										
100	Setup time / 2 work activities	b.				L	L I				

SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

1400		1 day	2	3	and te	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - TSR	POTS/ ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE - Loop	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - TSR	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - UNE - Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - UNE - Loop	4 Wire - Migration - UNE - Loop	4 Wire - Install - UNE - Loop	Feature Changes	Migration	Connact at the FDI - Install
101	Conduct continuity test for ILEC										X	X
102	Cross Connect (Binding Post)										×	×
103	Conduct continuity test for CLEC								1		X	
104	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities										X	X
105	Close Order										X	X
106	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for restoration										x	Â
107	Fall Out Pull and analyze order										Â	Â
108	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy										^	^
109 110	Pull and analyze order Travel time to FDI (more than 2 miles) / 2 work activities"											
111	Setup time / 2 work activities											
112	Conduct continuity test for ILEC											
113	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)											
114	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities											
115	Close Order											
116	4 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)											
117	Pull and analyze order								i			i i
118	Pull and analyze order						1					
119	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)											
120	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities											
121	Negotiate customer release											
122	Setup time / 1 work activity											
123	Cross Connect (Binding Post)											
124	Tear Down Set Up			1								
125	Travel Time to 4 wire NID											
126	Setup Time to 4 wire NID											
127	1000 hz test											
128	Tear Down Set Up											
129	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities											
130	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap) Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four	(anima)										
131 132	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities	wire)										
132	Close Order											
134	Close Order								1			1
135	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)											
136	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order											
137	Fall Out Manual design process											
138	Pull and analyze order											
139	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities											
140	Setup time / I work activities											
141	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)											
142	Tear Down Set Up / I work activities											
143	Close Order											
144	4 - WIRE LOOP - And other Designed Services											
145	Pull and analyze order (SSC)							X	X			1
146	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)							x	×			
147	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)											
148	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities							x	X			
149	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes/ 4 work activities							~				
150	Negotiate customer release			h	l.	1	I	x	1 1		l .	I

in the	RUCE CARLES CONTRACTOR	12	13	14	15	16	.17	10	19	20	21	22	23
1D No,	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - install	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install	Channelized DS1 Virtual Feeder Io RT - Install	DS1 Interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Transport	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect- UNE Loop		2 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect st the FDI	4 Wirs Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	Channelized DS1Virtual Feeder to RT - Disconnect
101	Conduct continuity test for ILEC												
102	Cross Connect (Binding Post)												
103	Conduct continuity test for CLEC							1					
104	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities												
105	Close Order										x		
106	Fall Out RMAs forwarded to PAWS for restoration										x		1
107	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order										x		
108	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy										x		
109	Pull and analyze order										x		
110	Travel time to FDI (more than 2 miles) / 2 work activities"										x		
111	Setup time / 2 work activities							1			Â		
112	Conduct continuity test for ILEC										x		
114	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post) Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities						1				x		
115	Close Order					l.					X		
116	4 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)												
117	Pull and analyze order	×	x										
118	Pull and analyze order	x	x							1	1	×	
119	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)	×											
120	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities	x	x				1	5					
121	Negotiate customer release	x											
122	Setup time / I work activity	x	x				[1		
123	Cross Connect (Binding Post)	x	x										1
124	Tear Down Set Up	x	x										
125	Travel Time to 4 wire NID	X	x						1				
126	Setup Time to 4 wire NID	×	x										
127	1000 hz test	x	x										
128	Tear Down Set Up	X	x										
129	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities	×											
130	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)	x											
131	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four											1	
132	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities	×											1
133	Close Order	X	X										
134	Close Order	×	X									X	
135	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)	×	~						i i			1	
136	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order	×	X							1			
137	Fall Out: Manual design process	×	x				}				1	x	
138	Pull and analyze order											x	
139	Travel Time to FDI / I work activities											x	
140	Setup time / 1 work activities											Â	
141 142	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post) Tear Down Set Up / Lwork activities											Â	[
142	Close Order											x	
144	4 - WIRE LOOP - And other Designed Services							1]
145	Pull and analyze order (SSC)	J											
146	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)								[
147	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)												
148	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities				1								
149	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes/ 4 work activities												
150	Negotiate customer release							1					ļ

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105	an the state of th	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	u	34	35	36
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity		2 wire Loop, different CO - Install		4 wire Loop, different CO	Customer	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Install	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Install	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Install	different CO	4 wirs Loop, different CO - disconnect		Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Disconnect	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Disconnect
101	Conduct continuity test for ILEC													
102	Cross Connect (Binding Post)													
103	Conduct continuity test for CLEC					1								
104 105	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities Close Order													
105	Fall Out, RMAs forwarded to PAWS for restoration													
107	Fall Out Pull and analyze order													
108	Fall Out Clear jeopardy													
109	Pull and analyze order													
110	Travel time to FDI (more than 2 miles) / 2 work activities"													
111	Setup time / 2 work activities													
112	Conduct continuity test for ILEC													
113	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)													
114	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities													
115	Close Order	[
116	4 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)						1 1							
117	Pull and analyze order													
118	Pull and analyze order													
120	Pull and analyze order (NTEC) Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities								1					
120	Negotiate customer release													
122	Setup time / 1 work activity													
123	Cross Connect (Binding Post)					l .								
124	Tear Down Set Up													
125	Travel Time to 4 wire NID													
126	Setup Time to 4 wire NID													
127	1000 hz test													
128	Tear Down Set Up													
129	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities								1					
130	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)											[]		
131	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four													
132	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities													
133	Close Order													
134	Close Order													
135	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)	[]												
130	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order Fall Out: Manual design process													
138	Pull and analyze order													
139	Travel Time to FD1 / I work activities													
140	Setup time / 1 work activities													
141	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)													
142	Tear Down Set Up / I work activities													
	Close Order													
144	4 - WIRE LOOP - And other Designed Services													
145	Pull and analyze order (SSC)	X	x	X	X	X	×			X	X	×		
146	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)	X	x	X	x					x	x			
147	Pull and analyze order (FMAC)					x	X					x		
148	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities	X	X	X	X		1000			x	X			
149	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes/ 4 work activities					X	X					X		
150	Negotiate customer release	x		x		x			I	X	x	x		

- AVERATE		37	38	39	40	41	42	45	- 44	. 45	46
						世界にある	1000		ET. AL	10	
ID		Ether Cross	Fiber Cross	SS7 Links	SS7 Links	SS7 Links	857 Links	SS7 STP global little	SS7 STP measage	SS7 STP global title	BS7 STP message
No.	Process Flow / Activity	Connects -	Connects - Disconnect	(A&D, DS0) Install	(A&D, DS0) Disconnect	(A&D, DS1)	(A&D, DS1) Disconnect		transfer part	translations Discorned	transfer part - Disconnect
101	Conduct continuity test for ILEC	i detentit a									
102	Cross Connect (Binding Post)				-						
103	Conduct continuity test for CLEC										
104	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities	1									
105	Close Order		1								
106	Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for restoration										
107	Fall Out Pull and analyze order				1						
108	Fall Out: Clear jeopardy										
109	Pull and analyze order										
110	Travel time to FDI (more than 2 miles) / 2 work activities"										
111	Setup time / 2 work activities										
112	Conduct continuity test for ILEC		ļ)						
113	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)										
114	Tear Down Set Up / 2 work activities				1	1					
116	Close Order 4 - WIRE CROSS CONNECT AT THE FDI (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)										
110	Pull and analyze order										
118	Pull and analyze order										
119	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)										
120	Travel Time to FDI / I work activities										
121	Negotiate customer release										
122	Setup time / I work activity		ł								
123	Cross Connect (Binding Post)										
124	Tear Down Set Up				1						
125	Travel Time to 4 wire NID										
126	Setup Time to 4 wire NID										
127	1000 hz test										
128	Tear Down Set Up				1						
129	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities										
130	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)	3									
131	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four										
	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities										
133	Close Order										
	Close Order							}			
	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)										
136	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order										
	Fall Out: Manual design process										
	Pull and analyze order										
	Travel Time to FDI / 1 work activities										
	Setup time / 1 work activities										
	Disconnect existing Cross Connect (Binding Post)				1						
	Tear Down Set Up / 1 work activities										
	Close Order				2						
	4 - WIRE LOOP - And other Designed Services			~							
	Pull and analyze order (SSC)			x	X						
	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)			^	^						
	Pull and analyze order (FMAC) Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities			x	x						
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities			^	<u>^</u>						
	Negotiate customer release										
100	regonate continer release		L	L	1	E .	l.	1	1	l.	

SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

	CENTRAL STRUCTURE OF THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	1	2	3	4 - 2	3	6.3	1.0.7	8	9	10	11
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	POTS / ISON BRI - Migration - TSR	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE - Loop	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - TSR		POTS / ISDN BRJ - Install - UNE - Loop	UNE - Loop	4 Wire - Install - UNE - Loop	Feature Changes	2 Wine Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install
151	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 1 four wire jur			0				x				
152	Remove cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, I four wire j						i		x			
153	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e g punch-down, 2 four wire jur	npers)							<u>^</u>			
154	Install cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire jumpers)											
155	Cross connect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)											
156	Disconnect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channnel Bank / unitized SMAS)						1 1					
157	Install channel unit at AD4								1 1			
158	Remove cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire four jumper						1 1					
159 160	Remove cross connect - Wire Wrap to AD4 Channnel Bank (ADTS) / unitized SN Remove channel unit from AD4	145										
161	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, 10 D4 Channel Bank / unitized SMAS	A							1 1			
162	Remove cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to 04 Channel Bank / unitized Storas								1 1			
163	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame	0.0					1					
164	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame					1	1 1					
165	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame											
166	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay											
167	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame					1						
168	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay						1 1					
169	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame						!					
170	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame					1						
171	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay								1 1			
172	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame					1	1 1					
173	Remove I four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame								1 1		1	
174	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay											1
175	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU						1 1				1	
176	Place plug-in at R f											
177	Place plug-in at ADM											
178	Place plug-in at RT											
179	Place plug-in at ADM											
180	Install DSO TSI at R F (CPU time) Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)						1 1		x			
182	Remove Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)								â			
183	Conduct SS7 test											
184	Conduct loop back analysis test						1 1				1	
185	Conduct loop back analysis test											
186	Conduct testing (1000 Hz)						1	x	x		1	
187	Close Order (SSC)					1		x	x			
188	Close Order (NTEC)				ļ	}]]	x	x			
189	Close Order (FMAC)				}	1	1 1		0.000		1	
190	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC)							x	x			
191	Fall Our Resolve Fallout (CPC)					1	1	x	x			
192	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC)											
193	Fall Out Resolve Fallout (CPC)						1					
194	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)											
195	Pull and analyze order (SSC)	1					1					
196	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities											
197	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)											
198	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four	wire)										
199	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)	ŕ										
200	Close Order (SSC)										1	

					Construction of the state of the second	and the second se	Index of Longing Street, or other	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER		A DECEMBER OF THE OWNER.		the same with the se	the starting of the
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	4 Wiru Cross Connect et the FDI - Install	Croas Connect 2 wins, 6 line NID - Install		DS1 Interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Transport	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect- UNE Loop	4 -Wire Disconnect - UNE Loop	2 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	Cross Connect	Channelized DS1Virtual Feeder to RT - Disconnect
	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 1 four wire ju												
	Remove cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 1 four wire												
	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 four wire ju	n											
	Install cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire jumpers) Cross connect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)									i l			
	Disconnect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 AD13 Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)												
	Install channel unit at AD4												1
158	Remove cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire four jumpe				1 1								
	Remove cross connect - Wire Wrap to AD4 Channel Bank (ADTS) / unitized SN			1						l i			
	Remove channel unit from AD4												
	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channnel Bank / unitized SMAS)				1 1								
	Remove cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channnel Bank / unitize												
	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame												1
164	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame												
	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame				1 1								1
	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay												
	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame												13
	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay				1 1								
	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame												
	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame												
	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame				í l						l		[
	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame												
	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay				1 1		1					5	
	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU										l:		
	Place plug-in at RT												
	Place plug-in at ADM												
	Place plug-in at RT									1			
	Place plug-in at ADM												1
	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)												
181	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)			[
182	Remove Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)												
183	Conduct SS7 test				1								
184	Conduct loop back analysis test				1 1								
185	Conduct loop back analysis test												
186	Conduct testing (1000 Hz)			1	1								
187	Close Order (SSC)												1
	Close Order (NTEC)				1 1		1					1	
	Close Order (FMAC)						í						}
	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC)	1											
	Fall Our Resolve Fallout (CPC)									x		x	Y
	Fall Our Pull and analyze order (CPC)									x		Â	Ŷ
	Fall Out Resolve Fallout (CPC)					6				x		^	^ I
	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)				1					x			
	Pull and analyze order (SSC)									x			
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities									x			
	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap) Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four									x			
	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)				1 1					x			
199													1

Exhibit Dockets Nos 960833/960846/971140 Lynott Exhibit JPL-1 Service Order Process Page 1 of 24

and a		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	1 - 34 L -	35	36
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity			4 wire Loop, different CO - Migration		DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Mignation	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Install	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Install	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Install	2 wire Loop, different CO	4 wirs Loop, different CO - disconnect	Premise -	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Disconnect	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Disconnect
151	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, I four wire jun			X	X									
152	Remove cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e g punch-down, 1 four wire						L.				×			
153	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 four wire jui													
154	Install cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire jumpers)	X	X											
155	Cross connect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)	x	X											
156 157	Disconnect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)	x	x	x	x									
157	Install channel unit at AD4 Remove cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire four jumpe		· ^	l ^	^					x				
159	Remove cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 write four jumpe Remove cross connect - Wire Wrap to AD4 Channnel Bank (ADTS) / unitized SN	100								x	x			
160	Remove channel unit from AD4									Ŷ	x	1 1		
161	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channel Bank / unitized SMAS			X	x					<u>^</u>				
162	Remove cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channel Bank / unitize SMAS			Î Î	^									
163	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame													1
164	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame						×				1			
165	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame													
166	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay													
167	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame						×					i		
168	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay					x	x			ł				1
169	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame													
170	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame		1									1 1		
171	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay)						[]		1
172	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame											x		
173	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame											×		
174	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay	1										×		
175	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU					×	×							
176	Place plug-in at RT			1								1 1		
177	Place plug-in at ADM													
178	Place plug-in at RT						X							
179	Place plug-in at ADM						×							
180	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)											1 1		
181	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)		ļ											
182	Remove Cruss connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap) Conduct SS7 test			1								1 1		
184	Conduct SS7 test													1
185	Conduct loop back analysis test						×							
186	Conduct testing (1000 Hz.)	x	x	×	x							i		1
187	Close Order (SSC)	x	x	x	x	x	×			x	×	x		
188	Close Order (NTEC)	x	x	x	x					X	X			
189	Close Order (FMAC)					x	x			0.03	510	×		
190	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC)	x	x	×	x	X	x			x	X	x		
191	Fall Out. Resolve Fallout (CPC)	x	x	x	X	X	x		1	x	X	X		
192	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order (CPC)													
193	Fall Out Resolve Fallout (CPC)													
194	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)													
195	Pull and analyze order (SSC)													
196	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities													
197	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)			1										
198	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four													
199	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)													
200	Close Order (SSC)									l				

1	A STATE OF	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	Connects - Install	Fiber Cross Connects - Disconnect	SS7 Linka (A&D, DS0) Install	SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Disconnect	a women of the provident	SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) Disconnect	S87 STP global litia translations Install	SS7 STP message transfer part - install	SS7 STP global fille translations Disconnect	SS7 STP message transfer part - Disconnect
151	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 1 four wire ju										
152 153	Remove cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 1 four wire										
154	Install cross connect MDF (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 four wire ju	n									
155	Install cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire jumpers)			x		1					
155	Cross connect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channel Bank / unitized SMAS)			^	x						
150	Disconnect (Wire Wrap, to AD4 ADTS Channnel Bank / unitized SMAS) Install channel unit at AD4			x	^						
158	Remove cross connect (COSMIC-like frame, e.g. punch-down, 2 wire four jumpe			^							
159	The second										
160	Remove cross connect - Wire Wrap to AD4 Channel Bank (ADTS) / unifized SN Remove channel unit from AD4	•			x						
161					^						
162	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channnel Bank / unitized SMAS Remove cross connect (4 wire SMAS, Wire Wrap, to D4 Channnel Bank / unitized										
163	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame	1									
164	Install 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame						}				
165	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame										
166	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay										
167	Install 2 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame										
168	Install 5 wire cross connect DSX bay										
169	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame				1						
170	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame										
171	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay										
172	Remove 2 two wire shielded pair cross connects at the protector frame										
173	Remove 1 four wire cross connect at the Toll Distribution Frame										
174	Remove 5 wire cross connect DSX bay										
175	Perform quasi random signalling source (QRSS) test via remote ITS - DTAU				1						
176	Place plug-in at RT										
177	Place plug-in at ADM				Ê.						
178	Place plug-in at RT										
179	Place plug-in at ADM										
180	Install DSO TSI at RT (CPU time)					1					
181	Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)										
182	Remove Cross connect (4 wire SMAS) (Wire Wrap)										
183	Conduct SS7 test			x							
184	Conduct loop back analysis test			X							
185	Conduct loop back analysis test										
186	Conduct testing (1000 Hz)										
187	Close Order (SSC)			X	X	1					
188	Close Order (NTEC)	9		x	x						
189 190	Close Order (FMAC)				~						
	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC) Fall Out Resolve Fallout (CPC)			x	x						
	Fall Out Pull and analyze order (CPC)			^	^						
192	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout (CPC)										
194	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)										
195	Pull and analyze order (NTEC)					1		8			
196	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 activities										
197	Disconnect SMAS (wire wrap)										
198	Disconnect cross connect from MDF (Cosmic-like frame, e.g. punch down, 2 four										
199	Close Order (NTEC Contact SSC)										
	Close Order (SSC)										
		1	8		5	21 C	-	-	-		

SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

1.73		88.91 - 91	2	3	4	5-	6	7	- A.	. 9	10	Ш
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - TSR	POTS / ISON BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE - Loop	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - TSR		Install - UNE	4 Wire - Migration - UNE - Loop	4 Wire - Instali - UNE - Loop	Feature Changes	2 Wire Cross Connect at Ins FDI - Migration	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install
201	SIMPLE CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)											
202	Pull and analyze order											
203 204	Travel time to customer premises / 1 work activities											
204	Setup time / 1 work activity Terminate to NLD								1 1			
206	Conduct dial tone continuity test											
207	Tear Down Set Up / 1 work activities								1 1			
208	Close Order											1
209	Fall Out RMAs cleared automatically by PAWS											
210	Fall Out Pull and analyze order						1 1					
211	Fall Out Clear Jeopardy											
212	Pull and analyze order											
213	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities											
214 215	Disconnect cross connect from NID Close Order											
215	SMART CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)											
217	Pull and analyze order											
218	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities											
219	Card plug in											
220	Install wiring to NID (J-Mounting Shelf including RJ-48 jack exists)											
221	Conduct continuity and card loop back test											
222	Close Order											
223 224	Fall Out Pull and analyze order Fall Out Manual design process											
	Pull and analyze order]]			
226	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities											
227	Disconnect cross connect from NID											
228	Close Order											
229	DS3 INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT (BAND WIDTH)											
230	Pull and analyze order											
23 I 232	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities											
232	Install card for DCS Install card for SONET MUX											
234	Electronic Cross Connect on DCS											
235	Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX						1 1		1 1			
236	Performance Monitoring Testing											
237	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data											
238	Intrusive Test (ITS)								1 1			
239	CPU time for registers											
240	Close Order						1 1					
241 242	Fall Out' Pull and analyze order Fall Out Resolve Fallout											
243	Pull and analyze order											
244	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities											
245	Remove the card											
246	Close Order											
247	DSI INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT											
248	Pull and analyze order											
249 250	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities Install card for DCS											
250	Install card for DCS Install card for SONET MUX (high speed - OC48 to STS1)											
	(inglished - Octor (of 5151)	- 1				I. State	, 1		ι J		L I	

		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	-20	21	22	23
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install	Channelized DS1 Virtual Feeder to RT - Install	DS1 Interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Transport	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Piatform	POTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect - UNE Loop	4 -Wire Disconnect - UNE Loop	2 Wire Crose Gannect Disconnect at the FDI	4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	Channelized DS1Virtual Feeder to RT - Disconnect
201 202	SIMPLE CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING) Pull and analyze order			x									
202	Travel time to customer premises / 1 work activities			x x									
	Setup time / 1 work activity			x									
205	Terminate to NID			x									
206	Conduct dial tone continuity test			x									
207	Tear Down Set Up / I work activities			x									
208	Close Order			×]
209	Fall Out. RMAs cleared automatically by PAWS							1	3				1
210	Fall Out Pull and analyze order												
211	Fall Out Clear Jeopardy						1						
	Pull and analyze order									1			
213	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities												
214	Disconnect cross connect from NID			(
215	Close Order	1 1											
216 217	SMART CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)												
218	Pull and analyze order Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities												
219	Card plug in												
220	Install wiring to NID (J-Mounting Shelf including RJ-48 jack exists)												
221	Conduct continuity and card loop back test			1									
222	Close Order												
223	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order												
224	Fall Out Manual design process						1						
225	Pull and analyze order			ľ									
226	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities												
227	Disconnect cross connect from NID	1					ļ						
228	Close Order	1											
229	DS3 INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT (BAND WIDTH)												1
230	Pull and analyze order						X						
231	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities						X						
232	Install card for DCS						X						
233	Install card for SONET MUX			1			X						
234	Electronic Cross Connect on DCS	1 1					X						
235	Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX			-			X						1
	Performance Monitoring Testing						x			1			
237 238	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data Intrusive Test (ITS)				1		x						
	CPU time for registers						Â					Í .	1
	Close Order						Â						
241	Fall Out Pull and analyze order	1 1					x						
242	Fall Out Resolve Fallout						X						
243	Pull and analyze order												
244	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities	1											
245	Remove the card												
246	Close Order												
247	DS1 INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT												
248	Pull and analyze order	1 1				X							
	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities					X							
250	Install card for DCS					X							
251	Install card for SONET MUX (high speed - OC48 to STSI)	1		l	I	X	1	1	I.	l.	}	L	ł.

10.000		24	25	26	27	-28	29	30	- 31	32	33	34	35	36
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	2 wire Loop,	2 wire Loop, different CO	4 wire Loop,	4 wire Loop, different CO	DS1 Loop to Customer	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Install	Lina Port (OSO, Anatog, ISLU) - install	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Install	2 wire Loop, different CO	4 wire Loop, different CO - disconnect	Promise -	Line Port (DS0, Aneilog, ISLU) - Disconnect	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Disconnect
201	SIMPLE CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)	-												
202	Pull and analyze order							}						
20.3	Travel time to customer premises / 1 work activities	[
204	Setup time / 1 work activity													
205	Terminate to NID	1												
206 207	Conduct diał tone continuity test Tear Down Set Up / I work activities							1						
208	Close Order													
209	Fall Out RMAs cleared automatically by PAWS													
210	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order								J					
211	Fall Out: Clear Jeopardy							1						
212	Pull and analyze order	1												
213	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities													
214	Disconnect cross connect from NID								1					
215	Close Order	1												
216	SMART CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)							1		1				
217	Pull and analyze order								1		(
218	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities													
219 220	Card plug in Install wiring to NID (J-Mounting Shelf including RJ-48 jack exists)													
221	Conduct continuity and card loop back test					1					}			
222	Close Order)				
223	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order													
224	Fall Out: Manual design process													
225	Pull and analyze order													
226	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities							1		1				
227	Disconnect cross connect from NID													
228	Close Order													
229	DS3 INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT (BAND WIDTH)										}			
	Pull and analyze order													
231	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities													
232 233	Install card for DCS Install card for SONET MUX							J						
233														
235	Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX								}					
236	Performance Monitoring Testing	1												
237	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data							1						
238	Intrusive Test (ITS)													
239	CPU time for registers								1					
240	Close Order													
241	Fall Out Pull and analyze order													
	Fall Out Resolve Fallout													
	Pul) and analyze order]						
244	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities													
245	Remove the card													
246	Close Order													
247	DSI INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT													
	Pull and analyze order Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities													
249 250	Install card for DCS													
251	Install card for SONET MUX (high speed - OC48 to STS1)													
	and an and the second sec	<i>b</i> .									171			

(53.7)		37	38	39	40	41	42	43	- 44	45	46
ID No,	Process Flow / Activity	Fiber Cross Connects Install	Fiber Cross Connacts - Disconnect		SS7 Links (ABD, DS0) Disconnect	SS7 Linka (A&D, DS1) Install	SS7 Linka (A&D, DS1) Discomed		SS7 STP message transfer part - install	SS7 STP global title translations Disconnect	SS7.STP message transfer part - Disconnect
201	SIMPLE CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)										
202	Pull and analyze order										
203	Travel time to customer premises / I work activities										
204	Setup time / 1 work activity			1							
205	Terminate to NID										
206	Conduct dial tone continuity test										
207	Tear Down Set Up / 1 work activities										
208	Close Order										
209	Fall Out: RMAs cleared automatically by PAWS										
	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order										
211	Fall Out Clear Jeopardy										
212	Pull and analyze order Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities										
213	Disconnect cross connect from NID			1							
215	Close Order										
216	SMART CROSS CONNECT AT THE NID (SUB-LOOP UNBUNDLING)					1					
217	Pull and analyze order			1							
218	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities										
219	Card plug in										
220	Justall wiring to NID (J-Mounting Shelf including RJ-48 jack exists)										
221	Conduct continuity and card loop back test			ļ				Î	1		
	Close Order										
	Fall Out Pull and analyze order										
	Fall Out Manual design process			i i						1	
225	Pull and analyze order						1				
226	Travel time to customer premises / 4 work activities										
227	Disconnect cross connect from NID Close Order										
228 229	DS3 INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT (BAND WIDTH)										
230	Pull and analyze order										
231	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities								1		
232	Install card for DCS					1					
233	Install card for SONET MUX										
234	Electronic Cross Connect on DCS										
235	Electronic Cross Connect on SONET MUX		ſ								
236	Performance Monitoring Testing					1					
237	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data										
238	Intrusive Test (ITS)	{						1	1		
239	CPU time for registers			İ.		1					
240	Close Order	ļ									
241	Fall Out Pull and analyze order										
242	Fall Out Resolve Fallout										
243	Pull and analyze order										
244	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities										
245	Remove the card										
246	Close Order										
247	DSI INTEROFFICE TRANSPORT										
248	Pull and analyze order					X	x				
249	Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes / 4 work activities					×	^				
250	Install card for DCS Install card for SONET MUX (high speed - OC48 to STS1)					Â					
251	maren verei for a o real more (mgn speen - Ocke to a raif)	I	L	L.	1						

SERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NON-RECURRING TYPE MATRIX

1.1	The second s	The states	2	3	4	5	6	7.	111 B	9	19	u -
ALC: NO		POTS/	POTS /	POTS/		POTS /	POTS /		Contraction of the		2 Wre Cross	
ID		ISDN BRI -	Migration -	ISON BRI -	POTS /	ISDN BRI -	ISON BRI -	4 Wire - Migretion -	4 Wire - Install	Feature	Connect at the FDI -	2 Wire Cross Connect at the
No.	Process Flow / Activity	Migration - TSR	UNE- Platform	Migration - UNE - Loop	ISDN BRI - Install - TSR	Install - UNE - Platform	-Loop	UNE - Loop	- UNE - Loop		Migration	FDI - Install
252	Install plug in for low speed DS1 (low speed STS1 to DS1)									and the second se		
253	Electronic cross connect on DCS											
254	Electronic cross connect on low speed DS1 (low speed DS1)											
255	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU											
256	Performance Monitoring Testing											
257	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data											
258	Conduct SS7 test					1						
259	Intrusive Test (ITS)									1		
260	CPU time for registers											
261	Close order											
262	Fall Out Pull and analyze order Fall Out Resolve Fallout											
263 264	Pull and analyze order											
265	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities									1		
266	Remove the card				1							
267	Close Order											
268	Intra-Building Travel											
269	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities							X	X			
270	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities								1			
271	SS7 STP global title translations											
272	Receive work request											
273	Analyze request											
274	Build request into WFA								1			
275	Pull and analyze order											
276	Services - GTT translations (input into SEAS)											
277	close order											
278	Fallout Pull and analyze order					[
274	Fallout Resolve Fallout											
280	SS7 STP message transfer part											
281	Receive work request				1							
282 283	Analyze request Build request into WFA											
283	Pull and analyze order				[
285	Create and input screening table				1							
286	MTP point code to link set translations											
287	Establish link set			1		1						
288	close order											
289	Fallout: Pull and analyze order											
290	Fallout Resolve Fallout									ł		

200	AN ALL AND AN ALL AND A	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	the FDI -	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install		DS1 Interoffice Transport	DS3 Interoffice Transport	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	POTS / ISDN BRI- Disconnect UNE Loop			4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	Channelized DS1Virtual Feeder to RT - Disconnect
252	Install plug in for low speed DSI (low speed STSI to DSI)					x x							
253	Electronic cross connect on DCS					x							
254	Electronic cross connect on low speed DS1 (low speed DS1)		1	1		x						1	
255	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU					372		1					
256	Performance Monitoring Testing					X							
257	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data					x							
258	Conduct SS7 test					~							
259	Intrusive Test (ITS)					×				1			
260	CPU time for registers					x							i i
261	Close order			1		×							
262	Fall Out: Pull and analyze order					Ŷ							
263	Fall Out Resolve Fallout Pull and analyze order					Ŷ							
264 265	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities											1	
265	Remove the card												
267	Close Order											1	
268	Intra-Building Travel											1	
269	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities				x					x			X
270	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities				~					~~	1		
271	SS7 STP global title translations								[
272	Receive work request												
273	Analyze request			1									
274	Build request into WFA												
275	Pull and analyze order												
276	Services - GTT translations (input into SEAS)												
277	close order												
278	Fallout: Pull and analyze order												
279	Fallout. Resolve Fallout												
280	SS7 STP message transfer part	Í]
281	Receive work request								1				
282	Analyze request												
283	Build request into WFA												
284	Pull and analyze order												
285	Create and input screening table			1						1			1
286	MTP point code to link set translations												
287	Establish link set			1									
288	close order]	
289	Fallout Pull and analyze order												
290	Fallout Resolve Fallout	1		t,	i i			E	1	1	I	1	1.

14		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity				4 wire Loop, different CO - Install	Customer	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - tratell	Line Port (DS0, Analog, ISLU) - Install	Channelized DST line port (TR- 303-IDT) - install	2 wire Loop, different CO	4 wire Loop, different CO - disconnect		Line Port (DS0, Analog, TSLU) - Disconnect	Channelized DS1 line port (TR- 303-IDT) - Disconnect
252	Install plug in for low speed DS1 (low speed STS1 to DS1)													
253	Electronic cross connect on DCS													
254	Electronic cross connect on low speed DS1 (low speed DS1)													
255	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU													
256	Performance Monitoring Testing													
257	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data													
258	Conduct SS7 test													
259	Intrusive Test (ITS)													
260	CPU time for registers Close order													
261 262	Fall Out Pull and analyze order													
263	Fall Out, Resolve Fallout													
264	Pull and analyze order													
265	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities													
266	Remove the card													
267	Close Order													
268	Intra-Building Travel													
269	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities	x	x	x	x					×	x			
270	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities					x	x					x		
271	SS7 STP global title translations											2271		
272	Receive work request													
273	Analyze request													
274	Build request into WFA													
275	Pull and analyze order							1						
276	Services - GTT translations (input into SEAS)													
277	close order													
278	Fallout Pull and analyze order													
279	Fallout Resolve Fallout													
280	SS7 STP message transfer part													
281	Receive work request													
282	Analyze request													
283	Build request into WFA													
284	Pull and analyze order													
285	Create and input screening table MTP point code to link set translations													
286 287	Establish link set													
287	close order													
288	Fallout Pull and analyze order													
290	Fallout, Resolve Fallout													
270	ranou, resorver anout	L I	l	1	i		1	L.	1	P S				1

6000		37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
ID No.	Process Flow / Activity	Fiber Cross Connects - Install	Fiber Cross Connects - Disconnect	(A&D, DSO)	SS7 Links (A&D, DS0) Disconnect	SS7 Links (A&D, DS1) Install		SS7 STP global little translations trastall	S87 STP measage transfer part - install	S87 STP global title translations Disconnect	SS7 STP message transfer part - Disconnect
252	Install plug in for low speed DS1 (low speed STS1 to DS1)					X					
253	Electronic cross connect on DCS					X	x				
254	Electronic cross connect on low speed DS1 (low speed DS1)			1		X	x				
255	Conduct continuity test - quasi random signaling source (QRSS) from ITS/DTAU					x					
256	Performance Monitoring Testing				}	X					
257	Retrieve and analyze performance monitoring data					x					
2.58	Conduct SS7 test					x					
259	Intrusive Test (ITS)					x					
260	CPU time for registers					x	x				
261	Close order					x	x				
262	Fall Out. Pull and analyze order					x	x				
263	Fall Out: Resolve Fallout					x	X				
264	Pull and analyze order										
265	Travel time to non-staffed office / 4 work activities										
266	Remove the card										
267	Close Order										
268	Intra-Building Travel										
269	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities			×	×						
270	Travel time with in the staffed CO / 4 work activities	×	X			x	X				
271	SS7 STP global title translations										
272	Receive work request							X		X	
273	Analyze request							X		X	
274	Build request into WFA							X		X	
275	Pull and analyze order							X		X	
276	Services - GTT translations (input into SEAS)							X		X	
277	close order							X		X	
278	Fallout Pull and analyze order							x		X	
279	Fallout: Resolve Fallout							x		x	
280	SS7 STP message transfer part										
281	Receive work request								X		x
282	Analyze request								X		x
283	Build request into WFA								X		X
284	Pull and analyze order								X		x
285	Create and input screening table						1		X		X
286	MTP point code to link set translations								X		X
287	Establish link set								X		x
288	close order								X		x
289	Fallout Pull and analyze order								X		x
290	Fallout Resolve Fallout				l,	1	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	L,	X		X

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Florida - BS - NRC	Elements	Total Cost				ī		
POTS / ISDN BRI - Install -	UNE - Platform	\$ 0.21 \$ 0.19				e	R = Recurr element. Operation S	
No ILEC cost is reflected for errors identified on the LSR due to the 100% electronic return of this fallout to the CLEC for clearance.					User I or SM define	E t	System ma otality of th	anage the he network.
ERVICE ORDER PROCESS / NOM	I-RECURRING TYP	E MATRIX					+	
1 2	Local Service Reque	st (LSR) Processo	4	5	6	7	8	9
Reflects the individual task required to	Pre-Order - Determine Order - Submit LSR v receive positive accep Provisioning - ILEC pe to provide request.	ia Electronic Gatew stance (FOC) or fall	out.		A	R	с	D=(Ax) xC)/60 Cost w/out
respond to CLEC	tivity	Step	System or Action	Work Center	Probability (%)	Time (minutes)	Rate (\$/hour)	Overhea (\$)
CLEC customer contact		Pre-Order	CLEC Customer Service Re	presentative	NA	the second		
3 ILEC gateway requests address data from Administrat	ive Information System and CSR	Pre-Order	Premis, ALOC, BOSS, CRIS		100.0%	-	R	s .
4 ILEC gateway formats and returns address, CSR, and	appointment data to CLEC	Pre-Order	WFA/FORCE, ACTIVIEW		100.0%	-	R	s -
5 CLEC customer service representative inputs LSR info	ormation into LOS	Order	ACTIVIEW		NA			1
6 ILEC gateway receives, validates and logs LSR, retur	ns FOC, and passes LSR to SOG	Order	ILEC gateway, STAREP, DO	OE	100.0%	-	R	s -
0 SOP sends request to SOAC		Provisioning	SOP	OSS or OSS-like	100.0%		R	s -
I SOAC analyzes order, generates assignment requests in the second se	or OSP, COE, IOF, etc.	Provisioning	SOAC	that manages the	100.0%	-	R	s -
3 LFACS makes OSP assignments, e.g., cable and pair		Provisioning	LFACS	activity.	100.0%	-	R	s -
5 COE and EICT assignments are made		Provisioning	SWITCH	activity.	100.0%	-	R	s -
7 SOAC receives COE, OSP, IOF, etc.		Provisioning	SOAC	en an en	100.0%	-	R	S -
4 SOAC delivers recent change translation information		Provisioning	MARCH (ASAP for ISDN E		100.0%	-	R	S -
6 MARCH updates LDS	1000	Provisioning	MARCH (ASAP for ISDN E	BRI)	100.0%	-	R	S -
7 SOAC delivers equipment and facility information to 1 NORD 4 and a description of the facility of the fac	ASDR	Provisioning	NSDB OPS / INE		69.0%	-	R	S -
 NSBD downloads assignments to OPS/INE OPS/INE delivers Cross Connect and equipment provi 	incine manage to INE	Provisioning Provisioning	OPS / INE		69.0% 69.0%	-	R R	s - s -
2 WFA/C updates NSDB	sound message to me	Provisioning	OPS / INE		69.0%	-	R	s -
3 SOAC updates SOP		Provisioning	SOP	10.0.000	100.0%		R	s -
4 SOP updates WFA, NSDB, LMOS, BOSS, CRIS, etc.		Provisioning	SOP	lentifies Activities	100.0%		R	s -
0 SOP completes LSR		Provisioning	SOP	that involve	100.0%		R	s .
1 ILEC gateway notifies CLEC of completed order		Provisioning	ILEC gateway	manual work.	NA		n	
4 Fall Out: RMAs forwarded to PAWS for reconciliatio	Fallout represents erro	n	PAWS CPU Time	7	205	1 a .	R	s -
5 Fall Out: Pull and analyze order	within OSS that require	10	ILEC manual activity	RCMAC	Z.046	2.50	12/201	S 0.03
6 Fall Out: Clear jeopardy	assistance to clear.	Provisioning	ILEC manual activity	RCMAC	2.0%	15.00		S 0.11
0 Pull and analyze order (copper)	assistance to deal.	Provisioning	ILEC manual activity	FCC	1.2%	2.50	R	s -
2 Travel time to the central office (non-staffed) minutes	4 work activities	Provisioning	ILEC manual activity	FCC	0.1%	20.00	R	s -
5 Install cross connect from MDF to terminal block (cop		Provisioning	ILEC manual activity	FCC	1.2%	2.00	R	s -
8 Close order		Provisioning	ILEC manual activity	FCC	1.2%	1.50	R	s -
9 ILEC MLT test and or ISTF test		Provisioning	ILEC MLT or ISTF		100.0%		R	s -

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FLORIDA Non-Recurring Cost Price

Proposal

Element		TOTAL
No.	NRC TYPE	COST
2	POTS / ISDN BRI - Migration - UNE- Platform	0.21
5	POTS / ISDN BRI - Install - UNE - Platform	0.21
7	4 Wire - Migration - UNE - Loop	27.34
8	4 Wire - Install - UNE - Loop	13.33
10	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	16.22
11	2 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install	16.04
12	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Migration	53.51
13	4 Wire Cross Connect at the FDI - Install	43.87
14	Cross Connect 2 wire, 6 line NID - Install	19.54
16	DS1 Interoffice Transport	11.20
18	POTS / ISDN BRI - Disconnect - TSR / UNE - Platform	0.21
20	4 -Wire Disconnect - UNE Loop	12.95
21	2 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	15.29
22	4 Wire Cross Connect Disconnect at the FDI	31.60
28	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Migration	37.72

28	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Migration	37.72
29	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - Install	27.84
31	Channelized DS1 line port (TR-303-IDT) - Install	12.43
34	DS1 Loop to Customer Premise - disconnect	38.65
36	Channelized DS1 line port (TR-303-IDT) - Disconnect	12.16