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GTE SERVICE CORPORATION

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March 16, 1998

Ms. Blanca S. Bayo, Director Division of Records & Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket Nos. 870248-TL, 870790-TL, 900039-TL, 910022-TL, 910528-TL, 910529-TL, 911185-TL, and 921193-TL

Dear Ms. Bayo:

Please find enclosed for filing an original and fifteen copies of the Direct Testimony of Charles M. Scobie on behalf of GTE Florida Incorporated in the above matters. Service has been made as indicated on the Certificate of Service. If there are any questions with regard to this matter, please contact the undersigned at 813-483-2617.

ACK Very truly yours. AFA APP CAE Kimberly Caswell CMU KG:tas CTR Enclosures EAG LIN OPC RCH SEC A part of GTE Corporation luch

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE 03236 MAR 16 # FPSC-HECCLOS/REPORTING

921193-TL

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF CHARLES M. SCOBIE
2		DOCKET 910529-TL, et al
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
4	A.	My name is Charles Michael Scobie. My business address is One
5		Tampa City Center, Tampa, Florida.
6		
7	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
8	A.	I am employed by GTE Service Corporation (GTEFL) as Manager-
9		Regulatory Affairs.
10		
11	Q.	WILL YOU BRIEFLY STATE YOUR EXPERIENCE WITH THE
12		COMPANY?
13	A.	I have been employed by GTE for over twenty seven years. For the
14		past nine and one-half years I have been employed in the regulatory
15		and governmental affairs area of GTE Florida and GTE Service
16		Corporation. Prior to my present assignment, I held the positions of
17		South Area Regulatory Affairs Manager, Tariff Administrator and
18		Service Cost Coordinator in the same department. During my career,
19		I have also held positions in Sales, Market Planning, and Forecasting
20		with GTE Florida and positions in Market Planning with GTE Service
21		Corporation.
22		
23	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
24	Α.	The purpose of my testimony is to provide GTEFL's position on the
25		issues raised in this proceeding. GTEFL has two routes impacted by DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
		03236 MAR 16 8

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

this proceeding, the Hudson Exchange to BellSouth's Brooksville
 Exchange and the Haines City Exchange to BellSouth's Orlando
 Exchange.

4

5

Q. ON THESE ROUTES, IS ONE-WAY ECS APPROPRIATE?

Ideally, competitive market forces would provide the most 6 Α. economically efficient alternatives for customers on these interLATA 7 routes. With toll prices potentially being substantially reduced in the 8 9 coming years and with the ILEC and ALEC being able to offer 10 competitive local calling plans, the marketplace will determine the appropriate service and rate level for this interLATA traffic where 11 some community of interest exists. However, since the Commission 12 has previously determined that some form of toll relief is warranted on 13 14 the Hudson to Brooksville route, GTEFL is not opposed to providing ECS. Likewise, if the Commission determines that some type of toll 15 relief is warranted for the Haines City to Orlando route, GTEFL would 16 not be opposed to providing ECS in that limited case. 17

18

19Q.IF ECS IS DETERMINED TO BE APPROPRIATE ON THESE20ROUTES, WHAT IS THE RATE THAT BELLSOUTH SHOULD21CHARGE TO TERMINATE THIS TRAFFIC?

A. If the Commission determines that one-way ECS is appropriate on the
interLATA routes in question, then GTEFL believes that BellSouth
would be justified in charging terminating switched access for this
traffic.

1	Q.	WHY DOES GTEFL BELIEVE THAT SWITCHED ACCESS IS THE
2		APPROPRIATE RATE FOR THIS TRAFFIC?
3	Α.	This would be consistent with previously executed local
4		interconnection agreements between GTE and BellSouth in other
5		states where both GTE and BellSouth serve.
6		
7	Q.	ARE THERE ANY ISSUES RELATIVE TO THE PROVISION OF
8		THIS LOCAL, INTERLATA ECS SERVICE?
9	Α.	Yes. Since GTEFL and BellSouth do not currently interconnect and
10		exchange local traffic, there would have to be a Local Interconnection
11		Agreement negotiated and executed between the two companies.
12		
13	Q.	WHAT TIME FRAME ARE WE LOOKING AT TO FINALIZE AN
14		AGREEMENT?
15	Α,	It is not known exactly how long it would take to finalize a local
16		interconnection agreement. It shouldn't take very long if an
17		agreement similar to existing agreements between GTE and
18		BellSouth in other states can be used as a model.
19		
20	Q.	IF A TERMINATION CHARGE IS APPROPRIATE ON THESE
21		INTERLATA, ECS ROUTES, WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE RATE
22		STRUCTURE FOR GTEFL TO UTILIZE?
23	Α.	The current ECS rate structure would be appropriate. Business
24		customers would pay on a per minute basis and residential
25		customers would pay on a per message basis.

1		
2	Q.	WHAT WOULD BE THE APPROPRIATE RATE LEVELS TO
3		CHARGE?
4	Α.	On both the Hudson to Brooksville route and the Haines City to
5		Orlando route, the present level of \$.10 for the first minute and \$.06
6		for each additional minute would be appropriate to charge business
7		customers. On these routes, a charge of \$.30 per message would be
8		appropriate for residential customers.
9		
10	Q.	IS THE RESIDENTIAL MESSAGE CHARGE DIFFERENT THAN IS
11		CURRENTLY CHARGED ON OTHER ECS ROUTES?
12	A.	Yes. The current residential message charge on all other GTEFL
13		ECS routes is \$.25 per message.
14		
15	Q.	WHY IS GTEFL PROPOSING A DIFFERENT RESIDENTIAL
16		CHARGE ON THE ROUTES IN THIS PROCEEDINGS?
17	A.	In order to cover the costs of the call, given the average call length of
18		residential ECS calls, and provide a contribution to joint and common
19		costs, a message charge of \$.30 is required.
20		•••• •
21	Q.	HOW DID YOU ARRIVE AT THE \$.30 PER MESSAGE AMOUNT?
22	Α.	We took the average ECS residential message length of 6.2 minutes
23		and multiplied that by the GTEFL local interconnection origination
24		rate of \$.004 per minute and the BellSouth terminating switched
25		access rate of \$.023189 per minute. That total was slightly over \$.20

1		for an average call. That number was then multiplied by the GTEFL
2		overhead factor of 47 % to arrive at a rate of \$.294 per message.
3		
4	Q.	WHAT IS THE ECONOMIC IMPACT ON GTEFL OF PROVIDING
5		ONE-WAY ECS AND HAVING TO PAY TERMINATING CHARGES
6		ON A MINUTE OF USE BASIS?
7	A.	In attempting to examine the impact of changing from an offering
8		where GTEFL is receiving originating access from an interexchange
9		carrier to an offering where it is receiving usage revenues from
10		business customers and message charges from residential customers
11		there is an unknown that makes such a direct comparison difficult.
12		
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE UNKNOWN DATA?
14	Α.	Because the proposed routes are interLATA, and the traffic was
15		carried by interexchange carriers, the call durations for business and
16		residence toll calls on the proposed routes were unavailable.
17		
18	Q.	HOW, THEN, COULD YOU ESTIMATE THE ECONOMIC IMPACT
19		OF THE PROPOSED CHANGE?
20	Α.	If one assumes that the residential call duration would be less as an
21		interLATA toll call than as an ECS message-rated call and also that
22		the call duration is five minutes, the access revenues to GTEFL would
23		be \$.256 per call under an access environment versus our proposed
24		\$.30 in as ECS environment.
25		

Q.

WHAT ABOUT BUSINESS CALLING?

A. Again, I didn't have the average business call length of the interLATA
toll calls but if you assume a 2.5 minute per call duration, which is the
same as the average ECS business call length, GTEFL is receiving
slightly over \$.128 per business message in access revenues. Under
an ECS usage sensitive structure GTEFL would receive \$.19 per
average business message.

8

9 Q. WHY DID YOU ASSUME THE SAME CALL DURATION FOR 10 INTERLATA TOLL CALLS AND ECS BUSINESS CALLS?

A. Because it was assumed that a business call was much less price
elastic over the price ranges we are examining and a business would
be much more likely to talk the same duration on a call that had a
business purpose.

15

16 Q. GIVEN THOSE ASSUMPTIONS, WHAT IS THE ECONOMIC 17 IMPACT?

18A.At the current business ECS rates, the business contribution per19message would be approximately the same under an access scenario20and an ECS scenario. Given a residential message rate of \$.30 per21message, residential contribution under the access scenario would be22approximately \$.236 per message and under the ECS scenario the23contribution would be approximately \$.10 per message. This can be24demonstrated in Exhibit No. CMS-1.

25

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY?

Α. A competitive marketplace should ultimately determine appropriate calling plans and rate levels. However, if the Commission finds one-way ECS appropriate on the two GTEFL routes in this proceeding, GTEFL would not be opposed to its provision in these limited instances. GTEFL would also agree to pay BellSouth terminating switched access on ECS calls on these two routes. The existing ECS rate structure is appropriate but the rate for residential ECS messages on the Hudson to Brooksville route and the Haines City to Orlando route should be \$.30.

13 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

14 A. Yes, it does.

Docket 910529-TL Direct Testimony of Charles M. Scobie Exhibit CMS-1 FPSC Exhibit No.

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ECONOMIC IMPACT OF ONE-WAY ECS TO BELLSOUTH EXCHANGES

UNDER A COST ANALYSIS

CURRENT	BUSINESS (2.5 MOU/MSG)	RESIDENCE (5.0 MOU/MSG)
REVENUE	\$.128/MSG (2.5 X GTEOA)	\$.256/MSG (5.0 X GTEOA)
COST	\$.01 (2.5 X .004)	\$.02 (5.0 X .004)

CONTRIBUTION \$.118 \$.236

PROPOSED

REVENUE	\$.19 (.10+(1.5x.06))	\$.30
COST	\$.081 (LOA+BSTSA)x 2.5	\$.200 (LOA+BSTSA)x 6.2
CONTRIBUTION	\$.109	\$.10

GTEOA	GTE ORIGINATING SWITCHED ACCESS
LOA	GTE LOCAL ORIGINATING ACCESS
BSTSA	BELLSOUTH TERMINATING SWITCHED ACCESS

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the Direct Testimony of Charles M. Scobie on behalf of GTE Florida Incorporated in Docket No. 870248-TL, et al. was sent via U.S. mail the 16th day of March, 1998 to the parties on the attached list.

En Kimberly Caswell

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