1 2	FLORID	BEFORE THE A PUBLIC SERVICE	
3			
4	In the Ma	tter of :	DOCKET NO. 990182-TP
5	Petition of DIEC Communications,		
6	Covad Communicat for arbitration	ions Company :	
7	interconnection GTE Florida Inco	agreement with :	
8			
9			The second second
10			The state of the s
11	PROCEEDINGS:	PREHEARING CONF	ERENCE
12	BEFORE:	COMMISSIONED E	LEON JACOBS, JR.
13	BEFORE.	Prehearing Offi	
14	DATE:	Monday, April 5	, 1999
16	TIME:	Commenced at 11 Concluded at 11	
17	PLACE:		nference Center
18		Room 152 4075 Esplanade	
19		Tallahassee, Fl	Oliua
20	REPORTED BY:	KIMBERLY K. BER	
21		Hearings Report	er
22			
23			
24			
25			DOCUMENT HUMBER-DATE

APPEARANCES:

JAMES D. EARL and THOMAS KOUTSKY, 700 13TH Street NW, Suite 950, Washington, D.C. 20005, appearing on behalf of DIECA Communications, Inc. d/b/a Covad Communications Company.

KIMBERLY CASWELL, 106 East College Avenue,
Suite 810, Tallahassee, Florida, appearing
telephonically on behalf of GTE Florida Incorporated.

BETH KEATING and CATHY BEDELL, Florida

Public Service Commission, Division of Legal Services,

2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida

32399-0870, appearing on behalf of the Commission

Staff.

PROCEEDINGS 1 2 (Hearing convened at 11:00 a.m.) 3 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Counsel, read the 4 Notice. We'll call this hearing to order. 5 MS. KEATING: By Notice issued 6 March 29, 1999, this time and place has been set for a 7 prehearing conference in Docket No. 990182-TP for 8 purposes as set forth in the Notice. 9 **COMMISSIONER JACOBS:** Take appearances. MR. EARL: James D. Earl, Assistant General 10 Counsel. And since, if this matter does go to a 11 12 hearing it's likely that I will be a witness, I have 13 with me this morning a colleague from Covad. MR. KOUTSKY: My name is Thomas Koutsky, 14 15 K-O-U-T-S-K-Y, Assistant General Counsel of Covad communications. And our address is 700 13th Street, 16 Northwest, Suite 950, Washington D.C. 20005. 17 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Ms. Caswell. 18 MS. CASWELL: This is Kim Caswell on behalf 19 2.0 of GTEFL, One Tampa City Center, Tampa, Florida. Ιs 21 Mr. Earl there in person? COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes. 22 MS. CASWELL: Because I couldn't hear him at 23 24 all. 25 MR. EARL: I'm sorry. I noticed after I

1	Degan to speak that my microphone was muted. I am, in
2	fact, here.
3	MS. CASWELL: Okay. That's better. Thanks.
4	MS. KEATING: And Beth Keating and Catherine
5,	Bedell appearing for Commission Staff.
6	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Great. Any
7	preliminary matters?
8	MS. KEATING: Yes, Commissioner. Actually
9	there are a couple. The first one that I think we
10	should take up is that at the Issues Identification
11	Meeting a dispute arose about whether Issues 5 and 6
12	should be included for arbitration in this proceeding.
13	The parties submitted written statements of their
14	positions on whether these issues should be included.
15	And Staff recommends that they be allowed five minutes
16	a piece to present their positions to you.
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. That sounds
18	reasonable. We will grant that. Who goes first?
19	MS. KEATING: I recommend that Covad go
20	first.
21	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Earl
22	or Mr
23	MR. EARL: Thank you, Commissioner Jacobs.
24	I think it's appropriate to begin by asking the
25	question, why was arbitration included as a mechanism

within the 1996 Telecommunications Act? I think there are two reasons for that essentially.

One is to redress the disparity and bargaining power that Congress realized would exist between a new entrant and an established entity.

And secondly, in recognition of the fact that that established entity, the ILEC, had unique control of access to unbundled elements. And in many cases, and this is particularly true in the DSL world in which Covad operates, that ILEC, simultaneously competes with Covad as well as providing it essential elements with which to provide DSL service.

We think that this concern, or those two concerns, are indicated in several areas of the Communications Act that deal with arbitration and the mandate which the Act provides to state commissions. And specifically, I refer to 47 USC 252(b)(4)(c), which is identified in our letter, "that the State Commission shall resolve each issue set forth in the petition and the response." And later on in a following section in laying out the standards for arbitration, "in resolving by arbitration under Subsection B, any open issues." Covad sees in these statutory requirements a mandate to state commissions to resolve any open issues that are identified by the

petitioner.

We point also to the order establishing the procedure in this particular arbitration. And looking at just the first page of that order, the third paragraph cites a particular section of 252(b)(4)(c), stating that the State Commission shall resolve each issue set forth in the petition and response.

Moving on, Covad believes that there are good practical reasons that underpin the statutory requirements. In our experience, as a start-up provider of digital subscriber line services, we noted the interconnectedness of all things in our arbitration -- or excuse me -- in our interconnection agreements.

We, or other CLECs, could successfully negotiate appropriate loop rates, appropriate intervals. But if there were no penalty for violation of those requirements or an insufficient deterrent for the violation of particular terms in the interconnection agreement, then there would be no reason literally to have the long fought for and difficult negotiations that resulted in what we believe would be an appropriate access to the unbundled network elements necessary to effectuate our business.

Moreover, there needs to be an effective procedure to determine whether a violation of such things as loop rates and provisioning intervals and collocation requirements exists.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You speaking to standards that would be applied to conduct in determining whether it's a breach or not?

MR. EARL: We are talking about the terms of both the dispute resolution mechanism and the ability for parties to recover damages. In Covad's case, we collocate equipment in central offices that varies in value between half a million dollars and well over a million dollars.

And we believe that it's entirely appropriate in that type of commercial relationship between us as a competitive carrier and the ILEC that controls the central office, that there be some meaningful recovery allowed in the event that there is wrongful damage to our very valuable equipment that is collocated.

And we believe that our ability to recover direct damages, and more particularly in the case of willful misconduct or gross negligence, is very, very different from what might be found in a commercial retail tariff. An end user doesn't have a million

dollars worth of equipment that is immediately susceptible to wrongful misconduct or gross negligence.

And we believe that in order to effectively allow us to become into business and protect our interests we need both an effective dispute resolution mechanism, not one which is dictated to us, and we need to have effective recovery in the event that we -- our interests sustain injury that is recoverable from the entity on whose premises we are collocated and under an -- who alone can provide us the essential elements with which to do our business.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. So, let me make sure I'm clear. You'd like a clause in your agreement which essentially allows you a process to recover whatever damage might occur to your equipment through, in your terms you would say, gross negligence?

MR. EARL: We believe that -- yes. There are two things. One, that we should not be limited in our ability to recover damages in a variety of ways, but specifically in case here for purposes of illustration, willful misconduct or gross negligence.

And secondly, our ability to resolve disputes should not be one which even colorably limits our ability to engage in litigation.

GTE is going to essentially be our landlord in a number of different states in our collocation arrangements, and in those circumstances we think that the particular language which we have placed before GTE in our negotiations is appropriate, in light of our interest in ensuring compliance across the country with our interconnection agreements.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Ms. Caswell. Hello. I'm not on. I'm sorry. Ms. Caswell.

MS. CASWELL: I think there is dispositive Commission precedence on this issue and that is that the Commission has repeatedly refused to arbitrate legal issues, such as limitations of liability and dispute resolutions.

For instance, in GTE's arbitration with AT&T and MCI, Commission stated that GTE was correct that the Act does not require revisions to GTE's tariff limitations of liability. And the Commission further pointed out that it would limit its consideration to the items in Sections 251 and 252 of the Act. And these provisions that Covad raises do not fall within that limitation, and as the Commission has found before, the company should not require the assistance of the Commission to establish provisions in these areas.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Ms. Caswell?

MS. CASWELL: Yes.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Would you -- in your interpretation, is this covered under your tariff or this is outside of the tariff?

MS. CASWELL: Well, the Commission has found before that the tariff's limitations of liability should apply in these situations. So I would say, yes. We're not saying that we should not be liable at all. But we're saying that we should use the measure of liability reflected in our tariff, which is what the Commission has determined would apply in earlier arbitrations.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Thank you.

MS. CASWELL: And I would also like to point out that these dispute resolutions and limitation of liability issues, we've worked out with all the other carriers in our interconnection contracts. And there are scores of contracts with other ILECs. And we feel that those provisions have been proven reasonable and they haven't provoked any complaints from the CLECs.

As I said before, the issue has to be grounded in Sections 251 and 252 of the Act and these items do not come within the Act's provisions. In fact, there was a case in Kentucky recently that went

up to the Federal District Court and that court decided that consistent with GTE's position here, that the Commission is not required to litigate these things that do not fall within 252. It said the court will not conclude that silence on the part of Congress implies that it is the duty of a State Commission to include such provisions in an interconnection agreement. And in that case, similar to this one, they were talking about penalty provisions such as we are here.

Finally, Covad has threatened to take the arbitration to the FCC if the Commission declines to arbitrate the general contract terms it seeks. The FCC has explicitly stated that it will not take an expansive view of what constitutes a state's failure to act under the Act, and that's in the FCC's order implementing the local competition provisions of the Telecom Act. Many others states have refused to arbitrate such general terms and conditions. North Carolina, for instance, is one that I know of.

This Commission has complied with the time lines and procedural requirements set forth in Section 252. And there is no legal basis for Covad to unilaterally seek to have the FCC preempt this Commission's jurisdiction over this arbitration.

Now, I don't want to get into the substantive positions of the parties. Mr. Earl did that a little bit. But I would like to say that the rates that we've offered to Covad, the rates that have been arbitrated in every other case, do not include the cost of potentially unlimited liability. And if that were to be the case, then we've got to go back and do new cost studies, Commission's got to order the rates that include those costs, and that can be a very, very difficult thing to do and a thing that this

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: In your other collocation agreements, where does liability rest with regard to the physical equipment that's located -- collocated?

Commission has never done before.

MS. CASWELL: Well, we work out provisions on a contract by contract basis. But I think that in general we have liability limited to time mod of service, which is measure used in our retail tariff.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That doesn't include physical damage or lack of -- loss of operation?

MS. CASWELL: You'd have to look at each specific contract to see how that limitation -- how that liability is worked out. And that is the Commission's policy, that everybody works it out on a

case by case basis.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay.

MS. CASWELL: And it's the same with dispute resolutions. Some of our contracts say we've got to go to the Commission. Some of the contracts say it's strictly private arbitration. And that, again, is a matter to be worked out between the parties on a contract by contract basis.

So we are not saying, you know, no, we're rejecting your position, Covad. We're just saying the Commission has told parties before that we've got to work this out and that it is not an -- these are not arbitrable issues under the Act. And if they are, I would suspect that you've got to go back and redo all of the decisions you've made in previous arbitrations because you've consistently rejected these things in every past arbitration.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff.

MS. KEATING: Commissioner, Staff agrees that these issues are not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding. The Commission has consistently rejected these types of issues and has focused instead on the more substantive requirements in Sections 251 and 252. And the Commission has in the past considered arguments very similar to those raised by

Covad with regard to these types of issues.

If I could, I'd just like to read a little bit more from that order that Ms. Caswell just cited. And in that order the Commission said, "neither liability, indemnification nor liquidated damages provisions fall within that limitation," the limitation being the items enumerated in Sections 251 and 252 of the Act.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That was -- did you -- Mr. Earl you quoted me 352 or 252?

MR. EARL: 252.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Oh, you did. I'm sorry. Okay.

MS. KEATING: The Commission went on to say that, "while we should not be insensitive to the concerns raised by AT&T and MCI relating to the consequences of GTEFL performance failures, the company should not require the assistance of the Commission to establish contract provisions affording to each of them protections that will not cause unreasonable exposure to liability, direct or third party or hinder competitive injury." And Staff believes that that rationale is applicable to both Issues 5 and 6.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So, the parties are

free to establish those kinds of clauses?

MS. KEATING: That's correct, but it's between the parties themselves.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And -- now would that be on the general contract principle? Basically they go to contract law to establish those kinds of --

MS. KEATING: They would negotiate with each other to try to establish some reasonable provisions with regard to these issues.

GOMMISSIONER JACOBS: Well, see, then that gets me back to the argument because essentially their argument is, if they have to go to contract law to establish those kind of provisions, then there are this scope of activity that falls within the arbitration and then there's a scope of activity that falls outside of it. And now, do -- as to that activities outside of the arbitration, do they -- does that go to court and the rest of it goes up through the process entailed in the law and in the Telecom Act, or does all of it have to go through the process envisioned in the Telecom Act?

MS. KEATING: Anything that has to do with a complaint under an agreement, if it has to do with --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Under the scope of activity that's under 251.

MS. KEATING: Section 251 and 252. These are areas that this Commission addresses. However, this Commission has consistently rejected arbitrating any issues as far as other contractual provisions, liquidated damages, issues of this type.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Right.

MS. KEATING: Now, it's my understanding that if the parties are unable to reach agreement on those types of issues, that any dispute on that would go through another process other than the Commission, but I'm unaware personally of any, you know, court cases involving those types of issues.

MS. CASWELL: Commissioner Jacobs, can I just comment that once the parties do reach agreement on these things, the contract becomes subject to enforcement by the Commission. So you don't lose -- you don't totally lose jurisdiction over these things. We work them out. We put them in the contract. You approve the contract. And then, you know, if there are disputes we go through the dispute resolution mechanism. And if that mechanism includes the Commission, we go to the Commission. If it's a private dispute resolution we go to, you know, ADR.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: What's your view on that, Mr. Earl?

MR. KOUTSKY: Actually, if I could respond.

This is Tom Koutsky. It was just mentioned by

Ms. Keating as to what would happen. I think the

issue here is, what happens if the parties don't agree

on a limitation of liability clause and they can't

reach a meeting of the minds.

There is no such thing as a contract court which we can go to and say, I want to have a contract with GTE and I want that clause to say -- to cover liability of my equipment that's collocated. And there is no place for me to go and force somebody to make a contract. It's the Uniform Commercial Code, Title 5 or Title 2, and there is no place where I can have that contract made for me. This goes back to what Mr. Earl was talking about before.

was trying to get clarified earlier. If you agree on the general context of the agreement, and the scope of activity that comes under 251 and 252 is clear, and you form a contract, aren't you then covered by the other -- in terms of the general enforcement of that contract, aren't -- don't you have available to you the UCC and all those other provisions?

MR. KOUTSKY: If there's a contract. I think that's -- we are really two different time

periods we're talking about here. Once there is a contract, we abide by that contract and there may be -- this is actually what we're talking about. How do we actually enforce that contract? We will have -- there are several different options available. There is private litigation, there's commercial triple A arbitration. Sometimes they talk about coming here to this proceeding. We're at the stage where we don't have an agreement yet, a meeting of the minds on this issue.

MS. CASWELL: May I respond to that briefly?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Sorry. Were you

finished?

MR. KOUTSKY: I was just waiting for you to --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I was being rude.

MR. KOUTSKY: What we are really talking about is, how do we resolve a dispute over what the limitation of liability clause or the forum selection clause or the dispute resolution clause is. That is what arbitration was about. It was to provide a mechanism so that a company like Covad, who needs an agreement before we can even start doing business, to reach an agreement and close an agreement with a company like GTE in a reasonable time frame, nine

months, sit up by the 1996 Act. And essentially you read the Act and it says, nine months from your request for interconnection, any open issues will be resolved by a state commission and then you can have a contract. What we're saying here now is that 75% of the issues will be resolved. The other 25%, well, you'll just have to accept GTE's last offer because otherwise there is no recourse for you, there's no other place I can take that dispute to.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Staff.

MS. CASWELL: Can I briefly respond to that?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff had a comment

first and then you may respond.

MS. CASWELL: Okay.

MS. KEATING: Well, I was just going to try to clarify. I think I may have made a misstatement or been a little unclear a minute ago. I'm not saying that the Commission won't have continuing jurisdiction over the result of this arbitration. What I'm saying is that if the parties can't reach an agreement on these types of issues then the parties don't have an agreement. How they resolve those issues is between the parties. The Commission has consistently refused to get into those issues.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And Ms. Caswell, your

point? I'm sorry. Were you finished?

MS. CASWELL: I just want to say that the Commission disagrees with Covad's fundamental premise that you need to arbitrate any open issue. This Commission, as well as Commissions around the country, have decided that that open issue has to be within the substantive terms of Sections 251 and 252.

So, you know, I think we should realize that their premise there is fundamentally different from this Commission's and from GTE's. And there is no right for them to have this issue arbitrated in our view and the Commission's view.

The Commission has, in numerous instances, directed parties to work things out between themselves, not only on these types of issues, but on other types of issues as well. And indeed, you know, we hear of instances where, you know, we need to work out a lot of things.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Would you agree, Ms.

Caswell -- and let me just throw this out. If I buy
your interpretation that these types of issues fall
outside of the purview of 251 and 252, what they're
saying is that that leaves them no leverage at that
point. They have to accept what you offer.

MS. CASWELL: No. That's absolutely untrue.

Absolutely untrue. Because it's a negotiation situation just like it is with many other things we negotiated. We have come to an agreement with Covad on a number of items. That's how the negotiation process works.

Now, we have liability, too, in these situations. Covad is entering our central offices.

There's big security issues there. We are going to want to negotiate something that is fair to us as well as to Covad. We are not saying we should have absolutely no liability. And, in fact, on the dispute resolution stuff, I think we're going to end up agreeing on that. I think there has been some movement by GTE and some compromise in that regard.

So, it's absolutely not a situation of where we just dictate something and they take it.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. For Staff, what implications are there here -- I don't know the Section number, but if I'm not mistaken somewhere in the Telecom Act it says that it constitutes uncompetitive or noncompetitive action by the ILEC if they fail to negotiate in good faith. Isn't there some language in the Act?

MS. KEATING: The duty to negotiate in good faith, yes. There are provisions -- were already met

in the Act.

2.0

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. I'm going to follow the recommendation of Staff and my ruling is that the -- it appears that Issue 5 has to do with what process there should be and whether or not it shall be a dispute -- informal dispute resolution or private dispute resolution. And Number 6 has to do with limitation of liability.

Those both appear to be the type of issues which are described to fall outside of Section 251 and 252. I'm going to rule that they should not be a part of this arbitration. Other than with the caveat that, you know, the other provisions, the prevailing provisions having to do with the duty of the ILEC to negotiate in good faith, do apply, and the parties have the opportunity to arrive at some appropriate agreement on those issues. Is that clear enough to go forward at least from here?

MS. KEATING: That's fine.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. With that then, we will go back to -- are there any other preliminary matters?

MS. KEATING: Actually, there are. The next thing I'd like to take up is, it appears to Staff that the parties' positions on Issue 2 and 4 are very close

to agreement and we'd just like to ask if there is any 1 2 possibility that these two issues could be stipulated. 3 MS. CASWELL: Beth, I thought we had agreed 4 on those issues and I think I reflected that in my 5 prehearing statement, but I didn't see any potential 6 stipulations reflected in Covad's prehearing. 7 do think we've agreed with Covad on those issues. 8 MR. EARL: That's correct and that fact is 9 reflected in, I believe, my draft prefiled testimony 10 in identifying some of the attachments. 11 And let me confirm that Covad and GTE have, 12 in fact, reached agreement on the provision of special access and that terminology is applicable to loops and 13 14 NIDS, and we have also agreed on language that deals 15 with GTE taking into consideration Covad's present and 16 future collocation requirements. So language has been worked out between Covad and GTE. 17 18 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So then we do have 19 agreement on Issues 1 and 2? 20 MS. KEATING: 2 and 4. 21 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: 2 and 4. I'm sorry. 22 MS. KEATING: And can we reflect those in 23 the Prehearing Order as stipulated? 24 MR. EARL: Yes. If that is the way in which

the Commission reflects issues which have been agreed,

1 then yes. 2 MS. KEATING: You're withdrawing those issues then? 3 MR. EARL: Yes. Now we'd like leave to 4 5 attach the language that we've agreed to but --6 MS. CASWELL: Beth and Mr. Earl, how about 7 if we agree on some language and submit it to the 8 Commission but tentatively drop those issues out and 9 say we stipulated them. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If there is a problem 10 we can come back, but tentatively we will cite those 11 as stipulated. 12 13 MS. KEATING: Okay. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. 14 15 MS. KEATING: And the only other thing is that there are a couple of witnesses that were listed 16 17 in Covad's prehearing statement that have not prefiled testimony. 18 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Do we want to go through the whole Prehearing Order? 20 21 MS. KEATING: Yeah. That we could just take those up in the witnesses section. 22 23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Then we'll go through 24 it. Okay. We will do that real quickly. All righty.

Is that the last -- is that the --

1 MS. KEATING: That's it. 2 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Good. will do then is we'll just go through the Prehearing 3 4 Order -- draft Prehearing Order section by section and if you have any comments or revisions on each, then 5 6 we'll take them up at that time. 7 Section 1. (No response.) 8 Section 2, Case Background. No modifications there? 9 10 Section 3. Okay. 11 Section 4, Post Hearing Procedures. No 12 modifications? 13 Section 5, prefiled testimony process. 14 Section 6, Order Of Witnesses. 15 where we had the change? 16 MS. CASWELL: Yeah. 17 MS. KEATING: I think this is -- Ms. Caswell 18 had some points about this. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. 20 MS. CASWELL: Yes. The first that I saw 21 that Covad had three witnesses instead of one was in 22 its prehearing statement. As Ms. Keating pointed out, I think there's -- witnesses have not prefiled any 23 24 testimony and that is the mandatory procedure at this

Commission as I understand it. And in fact, in

Section 5 it says testimony of all witnesses to be sponsored by the parties has been prefiled. That assumes that everything -- all the testimony had been filed by the time of the prehearing statement. Now we have two additional witnesses.

б

One of those witnesses, I think Terry

Murray, was potentially going to testify on GTE's cost studies. Now, I might be able to agree to the fact that he can submit late filed testimony if it specifically pertains to GTE's cost studies as long as we have an opportunity to prefile rebuttal testimony in response to that.

Now the other witness, Chuck Haas. It says, "Chuck Haas will adopt portions of the prefiled direct testimony of James D. Earl relating to the commercial and competitive impact of the pricing of UNEs."

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: What was the name of the last person?

MS. CASWELL: Terry Murray.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And then the second person?

MS. CASWELL: Chuck Haas, H-A-A-S. I'm just reading from the witness list.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Is he on here? Oh,
Haas. H-A-A-S. Double "A". I thought you were

saying Hall. Go ahead. I'm sorry.

MS. CASWELL: Yes. As I said, we might be able to except some testimony from Terry Murray if it were filed within a reasonable time before the hearing. But as to the Chuck Haas testimony, I don't think this Commission has ever even been asked for a witness to be allowed to adopt portions of another witness' testimony.

Typically an adoption situation is where the witness who filed testimony cannot make it to the hearing or has some other good reason why he can't testify, and the second witness takes over the entire testimony. Furthermore, they file a Notice of Adoption of the entire testimony.

Now, here we have a situation where the first witness is still testifying, but they're bringing in another witness to testify allegedly to other portions of the testimony. And I looked through that testimony and I don't see any testimony on this particular issue.

This looks to me like a situation where they are trying to bring in an additional witness, for no other reasons than they considered it, figured this guy would be better equipped to testify to it, and this was after they saw GTE's rebuttal testimony.

2

1

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

This raises an issue of serious prejudice and that's why we can't agree to having this witness coming in at this late date. And, in fact, they're not even saying definitely that he will testify. They're saying he may testify. This procedure has never been used by the Commission and I don't think there is any good reason shown why it should be approved here.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Earl.

MR. EARL: When Covad undertook the arbitration, and our arbitration petition reflects this fact, we felt then as we feel now, that the issues presented to the Commission were largely legal. Particularly, the conformity of -- and in this particular case -- conformity of the rates, terms and conditions on offer by GTE with the federal pricing rules. It was not until we received prefiled testimony and the answer to the petition -circumstances which came very, very close because of the briefing schedule which had been established -that we recognized that we had a potential factual dispute over the conditions underlying the cost studies, which -- upon which GTE had based it's last offer to Covad, which itself was the arbitrated rates between GTE and AT&T.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So are you saying this came to light once you got their testimony?

MR. EARL: That's correct. And if I can extinguish a little bit between the two, although not perhaps in a way which is germane here. We requested the cost study information very shortly after it was on offer. There was a slight, but -- delay prior to the time that we received nondisclosure agreements in order to move forward.

We have now received the cost study information. It's been shipped off to our consultant. And based on what it contains, we think it appropriate to include testimony, both in terms of how our business would be effected, as well as the underlying compliance of the cost study information with the FCC rules.

MS. CASWELL: May I respond to that?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Briefly.

MS. CASWELL: This Commission's procedure has always been that the issue identification comes before the party's testimony. Parties need not see what another party's position is before they decide which issues they want to testify to and what witnesses they want to testify -- want to testify at the hearing. That's the way it works here. That's

the way it always works. That's the way that offers the least possibility of prejudice to anyone.

It is simply unfair to allow parties to see other party's positions and then decide, well, maybe we want another witness because we see something that somebody else may be better able to testify to. You know, that's not the way things work.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Staff.

MS. KEATING: Well, as far as Terry Murray, it sounds to me from listening to Covad's counsel, that the testimony he would be offering would be in the form of rebuttal. And if they determine at some point that it's necessary to file that testimony, they could seek leave to file the testimony at that time.

I would suggest, though, that you put some sort of limitation on how late they can file that so that GTE is not prejudiced in their ability to review the testimony and to conduct any discovery that they can on it prior to the hearing. Now --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Go ahead.

MS. KEATING: With regard to Chuck Haas,

Ms. Caswell is right. This is a very unusual

proposition for the Commission to have a witness adopt

part of somebody else's testimony. We regularly have

other witnesses appear at the hearing when witnesses

can't come, the ones that prefiled testimony.

2.0

2.2

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Earl -- and correct me if I'm wrong. It sounds like this -- your need to have Mr. Haas testify is in response to positions taken in GTE's direct testimony.

MR. EARL: We think it would provide the Commission with a better understanding of the practical difficulties that Covad faces in terms of the -- it's ability to do business in a competitive environment.

commissioner Jacobs: So that's why you'd rather have it as direct instead of rebuttal because you want it broader than just their statements on cost; is that correct?

MR. EARL: Yes.

MS. CASWELL: Commissioner Jacobs?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Uh-huh.

MS. CASWELL: They knew about -- that's not a new issue. That issue is consumed within the UNE pricing issues that was identified in March 9th. They had full opportunity to file testimony on that issue in direct testimony when it was originally due.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay.

MS. KEATING: Commissioner, can I just ask a question? I'm a little confused. It was my

understanding they wanted to adopt Mr. -- part of 1 Mr. Earl's testimony, but now it sounds like they 2 3 actually want to file more direct for Mr. Haas, and I 4 just wanted to see if I could get a clarification on that. 5 6 MR. EARL: We would like to have Mr. Haas 7 explain the competitive impact on Covad of the rates 8

on -- offered by GTE. Now, I'm not sure whether that's appropriate to -- descripture of our direct or rebuttal, but that's the essence of the testimony.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let's do this. Sounds like you guys can work it out with Mr. Murphy. would -- how's a week before the hearing? Is that soon enough, Ms. Caswell?

MS. CASWELL: To have Mr. Murray file testimony?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes.

MS. CASWELL: Yes, as long as we receive it a week before rather than having them mail it out and we receive it two days before the hearing. I would just ask that they overnight the testimony.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Is that okay?

MS. KEATING: That would be fine. But I would suggest that if you're going to set the limitations only a week before the hearing, that you also extend the discovery deadline.

commissioner Jacobs: Well, let's explore earlier. How -- let me ask Covad. What's -- could you guys have him ready -- have that testimony ready 10 days, 14 days before?

MR. EARL: The hearing is on the 29th. If we could do that -- have prefiled on Mr. Murray by the 20th.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm sorry. I said

Mr. Murphy. So it's nine days in advance. I think

we'll probably still need to extend it then, and we'll

do that.

MS. KEATING: Okay.

MS. CASWELL: So is that April 20th?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes.

MS. CASWELL: Okay.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: As to Mr. Haas, what I would suggest you all do is take a look at what it is they want to say. And if you guys can agree on it, great. I do think it is -- coming in as direct, it poses some manner of unfairness to have it come in in that way.

I would be willing to look at it so long as we can work it out to what is fair to all parties. We can do a conference call on that, if need be. I would

1	be willing to do that over a call if you guys can't
2	work that out, to look at whatever it is you want to
3	file and figure out whether or not it is reasonable
4	and trying to let it in. Is that okay?
5	But my suggestion is that there may be some
6	avenues there where you can work out how to do that.
7	I will prefer that you do it as rebuttal, quite
8	frankly. I think we can work that out in the same
9	time schedule if you can. If you can't, then we'll
10	see where we go from there.
11	MS. KEATING: If I could, before we move on,
12	Commissioner, could I just clarify how far you're
13	going to extend the discovery deadline?
14	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: What is it now?
15	MS. KEATING: It's a week before the
16	hearing.
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So we're going to let
18	them in nine days.
19	MS. BEDELL: The hearing is actually the
20	28th.
21	MS. KEATING: Right. Right now the
22	discovery deadline is April 21st.
23	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: 25th? Is that a
24	weekend?

MR. KOUTSKY: That's a Sunday.

MS. KEATING: 26th. 1 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes, 26th. Does that 2 take care of the witnesses? 3 MS. CASWELL: Can I just get a 4 clarification? Is the procedure now that Covad and 5 GTE and Staff discuss this issue about Chuck Haas and 6 7 see if we can reach agreement? COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes. 8 9 MS. CASWELL: Okay. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And I'm willing to sit 10 down, again, if you guys can't, but again, I really 11 12 prefer if you would. We could perhaps do the phone 13 thing just to make sure on the issues. 14 I will say now, though, I'm inclined -- as I indicated earlier, I'm inclined to go along with the 15 interpretation from Staff. 16 MS. KEATING: Perhaps, Commissioner, if we 17 could work after this prehearing conference, just keep 18 this line for a little bit longer. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. That takes care 20 of issues. Section 7, Basic Positions. 21 22 modifications or revisions. Okay. Section 8, issues and positions other than 23 those noted already with Issues 2 and 4. Well, why 24

don't we just go issue by issue. Issue 1.

response.)

Issue 3. Let me make sure I understand this. Explain to me Issue 3. What is going on there?

MS. KEATING: Perhaps Mr. Earl can explain this issue.

MR. EARL: First let me begin by noting that there are new FCC rules on collocation and we expect those to be dealt with, not in this arbitration, but pursuant to a change in law provision insofar as there are terms in the interconnection agreement that is presently under negotiation that would be effected by the FCC rules.

The difficulty is that the interconnection agreement presently on offer incorporates by reference federal, and in some cases, state tariffs, and a change of law provision in the interconnection agreement goes only to the provisions within the interconnection agreement and not to the tariff terms.

Covad's position is that if GTE or, indeed, any ILEC, wants to incorporate its federal and/or state tariffs by reference, then it's entirely appropriate for the interconnection agreement to contain a provision whereby the ILEC commits to bringing those tariffs into compliance with the state and federal rulings within a particular period of

time.

2 |

- ||

Ū

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Within the new law.

Okay. That's an interesting issue. Okay. I

understand it.

Issue 4 is the other one that was taken out.

Issue 5. Did we do Issue 5? I thought it
was 2 and 4.

MS. KEATING: 2 and 4 are the ones that the parties have agreed upon. 5 and 6 have been removed.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Oh, I'm sorry. That's right. 5 and 6 were rejected. So that's it. That's the issue. Okay. Very well.

Exhibit list.

MS. CASWELL: Can I ask a question here? I see that there are a number of exhibits that have been added and I think right in the Prehearing Order it says, each exhibit intended to support a witness' prefiled testimony shall be attached to the witness' testimony when filed.

I don't recall having these attached and I would just ask that we get copies of these exhibits before the hearing if they are intended to be used at the hearing or submitted into the record.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You have testimony but didn't get the exhibits?

1	MS. CASWELL: These exhibits, to my
2	knowledge, were not attached Mr. Earl's testimony.
3	And as such, I think its our right to get copies of
4	the exhibits before the hearing.
5	MR. KOUTSKY: Yeah, that's fine, with the
6	exception of one exhibit here, which talks about
7	current text of the of clauses of the agreements.
8	These are publicly available documents and so we
9	will so we can
10	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You can get them to
11	them pretty quickly.
12	MR. KOUTSKY: Yes, presumably. Essentially
13	these are really just decisions that have already
14	construed GTE's cost model which we didn't know was
15	going to be an issue in this case until GTE's reply
16	and the federal tariffs and things like that.
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So they can get those
18	as quickly as possible.
19	MS. KEATING: Those need to be filed here,
20	too.
21	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yeah. We need to get
22	them filed here.
23	MR. KOUTSKY: We'll provide any
24	particular number of copies that you need?

MS. KEATING: The same as for filing.

MR. EARL: If I could, please. 1 There are 2 several exhibits which were described in our 3 prehearing statement that I don't see here, and 4 perhaps that's with good reason because they are, in 5 fact, the FCC pricing rules themselves and a 6 particular statutory provision. And I take it that 7 they're not included here simply because those would be noticed appropriately. 8 9 MS. KEATING: There were certain orders and 10 rules that Staff believes can be included on a 11 notice -- I mean an official recognition list. 12 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. And do you know 13 if that includes all -- why don't you make sure that's 14 all that you have and we'll continue them. 1.5 MR. KOUTSKY: We'll do that. 16 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. All right. 17 Anything else on exhibits? Will that be exhibits from 18 those new -- from the new testimony, and if so, let's 19 make sure we get those in as quickly as possible. 20 Okay. 21 Stipulations now we have on Issues 2 and 4. 22 And the motions we dealt with. Any other motions? 23

MS. KEATING: None that Staff is aware of.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay.

MR. KOUTSKY: Not at this time.

24

[]	
1	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Any other matters to
2	come before us today?
3	MS. KEATING: No, sir.
4	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: All righty. Thank you
5	very much. Prehearing is adjourned.
6	MS. KEATING: Thank you.
7	MR. EARL: Thank you.
8	(Thereupon, the hearing concluded at
9	11:50 a.m.)
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)
3	I, KIMBERLY K. BERENS, CSR, RPR, Official Commission Reporter,
4	
5	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the Prehearing Conference in Docket No. 990182-TP was heard by the Prehearing Officer at the time and place herein
0	stated; it is further
7	CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been
8	transcribed by me; and that this transcript, consisting of 40 pages, constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
10	
	DATED this 12th day of April, 1999.
11	
12	
13	\mathcal{L}
14	KIMBERLY K. BERENS, CSR, RPR
15	Florida Public Service Commission Official Commission Reporter
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	