1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION			
2				
3	In the Matter of:	DOCKET NO. 990696-WS		
4	APPLICATION FOR ORI			
5	CERTIFICATES TO OPE   WASTEWATER UTILITY	IN DUVAL AND		
6	ST. JOHNS COUNTIES   UTILITY CORPORATION	BY NUCATEE .		
7	APPLICATION FOR CER			
8	OPERATE A WATER AND UTILITY IN DUVAL AN COUNTIES BY INTERCO	D ST. JOHNS		
9	INC.	ASTAL UTILITIES		
10		ITC VEDSTONS (MODDEDEECT AND DDE		
11	FORMAT) C	IIC VERSIONS (WORDPERFECT AND PDF OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE CONVENIENCE OF THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT		
12	COPIES ONLY AND NOT THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT.  THE WORDPERFECT VERSION OF THE TRANSCRIPT.			
13	DUES	NOT CONTAIN PREFILED TESTIMONY		
14		VOLUME 4 PAGES 584 THROUGH 755		
15	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING		
16	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN E. LEON JACOBS, JR. COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON		
17		COMMISSIONER LILA A. JABER COMMISSIONER BRAULIO L. BAEZ		
18		COMMISSIONER MICHAEL A. PALECKI		
19	DATE:	Tuesday, May 8, 2001		
20	TIME:	Commenced at 9:00 a.m.		
21	PLACE:	Clarion Hotel Banquet Room 1300 Ponce DeLeon Boulevard		
22		St. Augustine, Florida		
23	REPORTED BY:	TRICIA DeMARTE Official FPSC Reporter		
24		official fisc Reporter		
25	APPEARANCES:	(As heretofore noted.)		
	FLOR	IDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 06492 MAY 23 5		

EDGC-DECORDS/REPORTING

1	INDEX	
2	WITNESSES	
3	NAME:	DACE NO
4		PAGE NO.
5	TIMOTHY E. PERKINS	
6	Direct Examination by Mr. Menton Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted	587 590 605
7	Cross Examination by Mr. Melson Cross Examination by Mr. Wharton	616 617
8	Cross Examination by Ms. Espinoza Redirect Examination by Mr. Menton	626
9	Red I ect Examination by Mr. Menton	626
10	MICHAEL E. BURTON	
11	Direct Examination by Mr. Deterding Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted	631
12	Cross Examination by Mr. Melson	653 666
13	PATRICIA ARENAS	
14	Direct Examination by Mr Korn	702
15	Direct Examination by Mr. Korn Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted Cross Examination by Mr. Wharton Redirect Examination by Mr. Korn	705 709
16	Redirect Examination by Mr. Korn	712
17	RALPH DON FLURY	
18		716
19	Direct Examination by Mr. Korn Prefiled Direct Testimony of	715
20	Prefiled Direct Testimony of Richard Olson adopted by Ralph Don Flury Inserted Cross Examination by Mr. Wharton	719
21	Cross Examination by Mr. wharton	741
22	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	755
23		
24		
25		

				586
1 2		CVIIDITC		
3	NUMBER:	EXHIBITS	ID.	ADMTD.
4	NOMBER.		ID.	AUTTU.
5	28	TEP-1	589	628
6	29	MB-1 and MB-2	635	
7	30	MB-3	635	
8	31	PA-1	704	
9	32	ARO-1 through ARO-5	718	754
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
		FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSI	ON	

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript continues in sequence from Volume 3.)
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Good afternoon. We'll go back on
4	the record, and we'll proceed again. I think JEA's next
5	witness is up.
6	MR. MENTON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I do not
7	believe Mr. Perkins was here when the witnesses were sworn.
8	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well.
9	(Witness sworn.)
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you. You may be seated.
11	TIMOTHY E. PERKINS
12	was called as a witness on behalf of Jacksonville Electric
13	Authority and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
14	DIRECT EXAMINATION
15	BY MR. MENTON:
16	Q Could you please state your name.
17	A Timothy Perkins.
18	Q Mr. Perkins, by whom are you employed?
19	A JEA.
20	Q And what is your position with JEA?
21	A Vice president of system planning.
22	Q Okay. Mr. Perkins, did you cause to be prepared in
23	this docket prefiled direct testimony dated March 17th
24	consisting of 15 pages, and then rebuttal testimony consisting
25	of 8 pages?

1	Α	Yes, I did.
2	Q	Was your testimony true and correct at the time that
3	it was pre	epared and filed?
4	Α	Yes, it was.
5	Q	Have there been any changes to your prefiled
6	testimony	since it was submitted?
7	А	No.
8	Q	Has your position changed since the time
9	А	Well, my title has changed, and my position has
10	changed s	lightly.
11	Q	And what is your current position with JEA?
12	A	Vice president of system planning.
13	Q	And do you still oversee water resources planning and
14	consumptiv	ve use permitting for JEA?
15	A	Yes, I do.
16	Q	With that correction, if I asked you the same
17	questions	today that are in your prefiled and rebuttal
18	testimony	, would your answers be the same?
19	Α	Yes.
20	Q	Your prefiled testimony included one exhibit. Are
21	there any	changes or corrections to that exhibit?
22	А	Just my title.
23		MR. MENTON: Mr. Chairman, I would ask that
24	Mr. Perki	ns' prefiled and rebuttal testimony be entered into
25	the record	d as though read.

1	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show
2	Mr. Perkins' prefiled direct and rebuttal testimony is entered
3	into the record as though read.
4	MR. MENTON: And I would ask that his exhibit be
5	marked as the next exhibit; I think it's 28.
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: We will mark 28, and that will
7	be it will contain
8	MR. MENTON: TEP-1. There's only one exhibit.
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. TEP-1.
10	(Exhibit 28 marked for identification.)
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
2	A.	My name is Timothy E. Perkins. My business address is 21 West Church
3		Street, Jacksonville, Florida 32202-3139.
4	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED?
5	A.	I am employed by JEA.
6	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR POSITION WITH JEA?
7	A.	of system planning. My current position is Vice President, Environmental.
8	Q.	WHAT IS THE NATURE OF YOUR WORK FOR JEA?
9	A.	My primary responsibilities include oversight of environmental compliance
10		and permitting issues related to JEA's utility operations in JEA's four county
11		service area. As part of my responsibilities, I am JEA's primary contact with
12		environmental and legislative bodies regarding all aspects of electric, water
13		and sewer permitting as well as water quality and industrial pretreatment
14		issues.
15	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ROLE IN PERMITTING FOR JEA'S
16		WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES?
17	A.	As part of my job responsibilities, I oversee the preparation of permit
18		applications and participate in the permitting process for all of JEA's water
19		and wastewater facilities.
20	Q.	FOR PURPOSES OF HAVING YOU QUALIFIED AS AN EXPERT IN
21		THE FIELD OF ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITTING AND WATER
22		RESOURCE REGULATION, PLEASE SET FORTH YOUR
23		EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
24	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science degree in environmental engineering with
25		highest honors from the Florida Institute of Technology. Lam a licensed

professional engineer in the State of Florida. I have been in my current position as Vice President, Environmental for JEA since 1998. I was the Vice President for water and wastewater treatment for JEA's predecessor, the Jacksonville Electric Authority from 1997-1998 prior to which I was the Managing Engineer, Water Division Chief, for the Department of Public Utilities from 1987-1996. In both of those positions, I was responsible for the operation and maintenance of 28 water treatment plants, a 2,160 mile water distribution system, a water quality program and a public education program. As Vice President for Water and Wastewater Treatment, I was responsible for operations and maintenance of five regional wastewater treatment plants and approximately 650 sewage pump stations. I was also responsible for regulatory compliance and permitting. The Division had a staff of 236 personnel with an annual operating budget of \$19.7 million. From 1984-1987, I was a professional engineer in the Water Services Division of the Department of Public Works. Prior to that, I worked for private engineering companies from 1979-1984 during which time I was responsible for the design of water and wastewater facilities and oversaw contract administration, construction inspection and the start up of water and wastewater facilities.

#### Q. WHAT ARE YOUR PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

25

A. I served as the Vice Chair of the Management Committee of the Association of Metropolitan Water Agencies. I also served on the Florida Section Governing Board of the American Waterworks Association and I am a member of the Water Environment Federation.

#### Q. CAN YOU PLEASE IDENTIFY THE DOCUMENT LABELED

1		EXHIBIT _ (TEP-1)?
2	A.	Yes. It is my resume.
3	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH JEA'S EXISTING WATER AND
4		WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS?
5	A.	Yes. In my position as Vice President for Environmental matters, I am
6		involved in the permitting of all of JEA's plants and facilities.
7	Q.	ARE JEA'S EXISTING WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT
8		PLANTS OPERATING AT FULL CAPACITY?
9	A.	No. The capacity of JEA's existing water and wastewater treatment plants
10		exceeds current usage.
11	Q.	DOES JEA CURRENTLY OWN OR OPERATE ANY WATER OR
12		WASTEWATER FACILITIES IN ST. JOHNS COUNTY?
13	A.	Yes. JEA recently acquired the Julington Creek plant in St. Johns County
14		from JCP Utility Company. In addition, JEA has entered into an agreement
15		with St. Johns County as reflected by Exhibit (SDK-2) (the "St.
16		Johns/JEA Agreement") which is discussed in the prefiled direct testimony of
17		Scott Kelly in this consolidated docket. As set forth in that Agreement, JEA
18		has contracted with St. Johns County to provide bulk water and wastewater
19		service to certain portions of the territory requested by Intercoastal Utilities,
20		Inc. ("Intercoastal") in this docket. JEA has also entered into a letter of intent
21		agreement with DDI, Inc. as reflected by Exhibit (DCM-4) pursuant to
22		which JEA has agreed to provide wholesale water and wastewater service to
23		the Nocatee development.
24	Q.	ARE JEA'S AGREEMENTS TO PROVIDE SERVICE TO NOCATEE
25		AND ST. JOHNS COUNTY CONSISTENT WITH THE LONG-TERM

#### ENVIRONMENTAL NEEDS IN THIS AREA?

A.

A.

Yes. These agreements will allow implementation of regionalized water and wastewater service in this area. Ground water and ecosystems do not recognize political boundaries. Sound environmental planning requires an integrated, comprehensive approach. A regionalized system provides a comprehensive solution that is consistent with the policies of the environmental regulators and will further the long-term strategies that have been adopted. Because of the hydrogeology in the South Grid area, some localized problems can arise as a result of fracturing near withdrawal sites. These localized problems can be dealt with through planning, monitoring and modifications to existing wellfields. JEA, with its interconnected system and available resources, has the ability to detect and address these problems before they become significant. For example, JEA's current capital budget allocates \$9 million over the next four years for wellfield optimization efforts to help insure that wellfield withdrawals are properly integrated to minimize the risk of unacceptable adverse environmental impacts.

# Q. WILL THE PROVISION OF WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICES BY JEA IN THE SOUTHERN DUVAL AND NORTHERN ST. JOHNS COUNTY AREA BE INCORPORATED INTO JEA'S EXISTING REGIONAL NETWORK?

Yes. JEA is in a unique position to provide environmentally sensitive service under the agreements discussed above by incorporating the areas into JEA's existing regional network. JEA already has an extensive water and wastewater service network in place. As discussed in the prefiled direct testimony of Scott Kelly, JEA's Construction and Maintenance Vice-

President, construction of the infrastructure necessary to incorporate southern Duval and northern St. Johns Counties into this network is nearing completion. Because of the size of JEA's existing service area and the length of time that it has been providing service in northeast Florida, JEA has developed a wealth of knowledge and expertise regarding the hydrogeology and environment of this part of the state. JEA will be able to utilize its regional network along with its accumulated experience and expertise to provide service that is effective, dependable and environmentally sensitive.

## Q. YOU MENTIONED THE AGREEMENT FOR WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY SERVICES BETWEEN JEA AND ST. JOHNS COUNTY. CAN YOU EXPLAIN WHAT YOU KNOW ABOUT THAT AGREEMENT?

A. Yes. That Agreement ((Exhibit \_\_ SDK-2) to the prefiled direct testimony of Scott Kelly) sets forth, among other things, the terms and conditions for St. Johns County to procure wholesale water and wastewater utility services from JEA and for JEA to construct certain water and wastewater facilities in connection with the provision of such services to St. Johns County. The St. Johns/JEA Agreement was executed and approved by St. Johns County on April 13, 1999 and executed and approved by JEA on April 20, 1999.

## Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF THE PURPOSE OF THE ST. JOHNS/JEA AGREEMENT?

A. JEA entered into this Agreement with St. Johns County in order to establish the framework for a long term arrangement to provide efficient, environmentally sound, regional water and wastewater transmission facilities in North St. Johns County.

1	Q.	DO YOU HAVE A ROLE IN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ST.
2		JOHNS/JEA AGREEMENT?
3	A.	Yes. In my capacity as Vice President Environmental, I am involved in
4		ensuring that there is adequate permitted capacity to implement this
5		Agreement.
6	Q.	YOU ALSO MENTIONED THE LETTER OF INTENT AGREEMENT
7		BETWEEN JEA AND DDI. WILL YOU BE INVOLVED IN
8		IMPLEMENTING THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN JEA AND DDI?
9	A.	Yes. I will be involved in the permitting necessary to implement the
10		agreement and will also oversee all of the capacity analysis.
11	Q.	DOES JEA HAVE SUFFICIENT CAPACITY AVAILABLE TO
12		PROVIDE THE SERVICE CALLED FOR IN THESE
13		AGREEMENTS?
14	A.	Yes. JEA has the capacity to provide the immediately needed water and
15		wastewater treatment services under both agreements through facilities
16		currently owned and operated by JEA. The existing wellfields which supply
17		JEA's South Grid have sufficient capacity to provide service to St. Johns
18		County in accordance with the April 19, 1999 JEA/St. Johns Agreement
19		without unacceptable adverse environmental impacts. JEA also has the
20		current capacity to meet the projected needs of at least Phase I of Nocatee
21		(which is expected to take five years to build). As the Nocatee development
22		proceeds to its next phases and additional service is needed by others in this
23		area, it may become necessary to expand current capacity. JEA's long term
24		plans can handle the anticipated growth in this area and include several
25		options to address the additional demands as they arise.

1	Q.	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2		SCOTT KELLY IN THIS DOCKET?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	DOES MR. KELLY'S TESTIMONY ACCURATELY
5		CHARACTERIZE THE CAPACITIES OF JEA'S WATER AND
6		WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS?
7	A.	Yes.
8	Q.	WHAT ARE THE CAPACITIES OF JEA'S WATER AND
9		WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS THAT WILL
10		POTENTIALLY SERVE THE TERRITORY REQUESTED BY
11		INTERCOASTAL?
12	A.	With respect to wastewater, JEA's Mandarin Wastewater Treatment Plant has
13		a permitted capacity of 7.5 MGD with approximately 6 MGD currently
14		reserved by developers and other entities. Thus, there is enough excess
15		capacity available at Mandarin to serve the immediately foreseeable needs in
16		this area. Mandarin was built with the ability to expand to 15 MGD if
17		necessary. JEA's Arlington East Wastewater Treatment Plant has recently
18		been expanded to 15 MGD and has reserve capacity capable of
19		supplementing Mandarin if needed. JEA has plans to expand Arlington East
20		to 20 MGD. Those plans are in the process of being implemented and
21		construction should be completed by December, 2001. Nocatee projects
22		flows of 5.209 MGD upon buildout which will not be completed for 25 years.
23		Thus, JEA has more than enough capacity planned to be available to meet
24		Nocatee's long-term needs.
25		The water capacity in this area will initially be provided from JEA's

1	South Grid. The interconnected water plants that comprise JEA's South Grid
2	have a total permitted capacity of 104.4 MGD with a commitment to existing
3	and future customers of 43.32 MGD. JEA currently has approximately 60
4	million gallons per day excess capacity in its South Grid and JEA also has
5	several water plant expansion projects under construction which will add 7
6	million gallons per day of additional capacity to the South Grid. Although
7	the St. Johns River Water Management District ("SJRWMD" or "District")
8	has not established a safe yield for the Aquifer in this region, preliminary
9	results of studies undertaken by JEA indicate that it can safely withdraw at
10	least 55 MGD from its existing South Grid wellfields without unacceptable
11	adverse environmental impacts. The water plants most likely to be affected
12	by services to St. Johns County and Nocatee are as follows:
13	FEB. 2000 FLOW
14	
15	(MGD)
	PERMITTED (MGD)
16	BRIARWOOD 14.4 7.122
17	DEERWOOD 111 14.4 8.578
18	COMMUNITY HALL 12.96 6.355
19	
20	The sum of the permitted capacity for these water plants is in excess of 40
21	MGD and the February, 2000 flows are 22 MGD. As reflected in Ex
22	(DCM-5) to the prefiled direct testimony of Douglas C. Miller submitted on
23	behalf of Nocatee Utility Corporation in this docket, Nocatee's water needs
24	upon buildout are projected to be 6.121 MGD. Thus, JEA already has

adequate capacity to meet this demand.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A.

#### 2 Q. EXPLAIN WHAT YOU MEAN BY PERMITTED CAPACITY.

A. JEA has secured all of the necessary permits to operate the facilities at the capacities I cited. JEA received a 10 year consumptive use permit from the SJRWMD in February 2000 for the wellfields that supply all of JEA's water plants (including all those in JEA's South Grid).

### Q. YOU MENTIONED JEA'S SOUTH GRID. COULD YOU EXPLAIN WHAT YOU MEAN BY THAT?

JEA currently meets the water needs of its customers through two separate interconnected grids of large water plants. One such interconnected grid (the "North Grid") is located north of the St. Johns River in Duval County. The second interconnected grid (the "South Grid") is located on the south side of Duval County. An interconnected water plant configuration provides a very high level of reliability and allows JEA to balance withdrawals from the Floridan Aquifer in order to minimize drawdown and other adverse impacts. The interconnected grids also provide back-up reliability in case of an outage in the system. In fact, because of the special protections afforded by an interconnected grid, many of the private utilities in this area of the state have contracted with JEA for emergency back-up and peaking protection. JEA is in the process of implementing a long term strategy to interconnect its North and South Grids. There is excess capacity available in the North Grid which, through interconnection, can be utilized to minimize the risk of adverse impacts in the South Grid. The St. Johns River inhibits the flow of groundwater from the north side to the south side of the river. JEA has determined that interconnection of the North and South Grids will enable it

1		to utilize the excess groundwater capacity available from the North Grid.
2		When the interconnection of the North and South Grids is completed, it will
3		enable JEA to further balance withdrawals from the Floridan Aquifer to
4		protect against adverse impacts. It will also enhance the development of a
5		truly regionalized system with many attendant benefits.
6	Q.	ARE THERE ANY ANTICIPATED ENVIRONMENTAL
7		PERMITTING OBSTACLES TO JEA'S DELIVERY OF SERVICES
8		TO THE DISPUTED TERRITORY?
9	A.	No.
10	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE TERRITORY REQUESTED BY
11		INTERCOASTAL WHICH IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS DOCKET?
12	A.	Yes. I have reviewed Intercoastal's application and the Conceptual Master
1.3		Plan of Service prepared by Post, Buckley, Schuh and Jernigan.
14	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE CONCEPT OF "LOCAL
15		SOURCES FIRST"?
16	A.	Yes.
17	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF "LOCAL SOURCES
18		FIRST"?
19	A.	Local sources first means that, before water is transported from one area to
20		another, the transporting authority should confirm that the anticipated needs
21		of the area from which the water is being withdrawn has been met. There has
22		been a considerable amount of controversy as to how and when to apply this
23		concept. It is irrelevant in the context of the water needs of southern Duval
24		and northern St. Johns Counties. JEA has not proposed to transport any
25		water out of this area. There are existing sources of water which can

1		reasonably be expected to meet the future growth. By including this area as
2		part of a regionalized, interconnected network, JEA will be able to minimize
3		the risk of environmental harm.
4	Q.	IS A REGIONALIZED SYSTEM CONSISTENT WITH THE "LOCAL
5		SOURCES FIRST" POLICY?
6	A.	Yes.
7	Q.	WILL SUCH A SYSTEM ALLOW JEA TO IMPROVE THE
8		EFFICIENCY OF ITS WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY
9		SYSTEMS?
10	A.	Yes. Further development of a regionalized system will allow JEA to better
11		utilize some of its existing water and wastewater treatment plant capacity.
12		An interconnected water plant configuration is the most efficient and most
13		environmentally sound way of providing additional capacity as may be
14		needed to serve future needs in this area.
15	Q.	ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH THE ST. JOHNS RIVER WATER
16		MANAGEMENT DISTRICT'S 2020 PLAN?
17	A.	Yes.
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE 2020 PLAN?
19	A.	It is a continuation of the water management district's assessment of needs
20		and sources of water for the areas within its jurisdiction through the year
21		2020 and an evaluation of potential resource shortfalls. It identifies 5 areas
22		where demands are projected to exceed the capacity of existing facilities.
23	Q.	HAS THE PLAN BEEN FINALIZED?
24	A.	No. A first draft of the plan was circulated last year and was presented to the
25		District Board in November. A second draft of the plan has now been

1		released and comments were submitted on March 8.
2	Q.	ARE JEA'S PLANS TO PROVIDE WHOLESALE SERVICE TO ST.
3		JOHNS COUNTY AND DDI CONSISTENT WITH THE DRAFTS OF
4		THE DISTRICT'S 2020 PLAN?
5	A.	Yes. JEA's plans are entirely consistent with the 2020 Plan. An
6		interconnected system is specifically recognized as one method to address the
7		long-term needs in this planning area. This system provides JEA with the
8		capacity to supply water under the agreements in a manner consistent with
9		the 2020 Plan.
LO	Q.	HAVE YOU BEEN INVOLVED WITH THE ST. JOHNS RIVER
11		WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT'S PLANNING FOR THE
12		WATER NEEDS OF THE SOUTH DUVAL COUNTY AND NORTH
13		ST. JOHNS COUNTY AREAS?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	CAN YOU EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF THOSE EFFORTS?
16	A.	The District has treated this area as a hydro-geologically linked unit. It is
17		referred to as Work Area 5 in the 2020 Plan. Essentially, the SJRWMD has
18		concluded that withdrawal effects in this area are inter-related. There is
19		anticipated growth in certain areas of southern Duval and northern St. Johns
20		Counties. The quality of water in certain portions of this area has been
21		declining and the District is concerned that meeting the future demand will
22		require alternate sources of water. JEA has concluded that a fully integrated,
23		regionalized water supply system is the most economical and
24		environmentally sound way to meet needs in this area. The District has
25		recognized implementing an interconnected system as one way to balance

withdrawals and minimize unacceptable adverse environmental impacts.

JEA's plans to interconnect its South Grid with its North Grid will enable water to be supplied in southeast Duval County and ultimately St. Johns

County from a number of plants.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A.

## Q. ARE THERE OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS TO HAVING THE REQUESTED AREAS SERVED BY JEA?

Yes. JEA offers several environmental benefits as the provider of services. Because the wellfields north of the St. Johns River are outside the water use caution area established by the St. Johns River Water Management District, completing the interconnection of JEA's North and South Grids will put JEA in a unique position to provide water service with minimal adverse impact. In addition, JEA is the process of implementing an extensive reuse system for its Mandarin Wastewater Treatment Plant. The wastewater services provided to the requested territory will be tied into JEA's reuse system. JEA recently received a \$5 million state grant to implement reuse. JEA has contributed an additional \$6 million to implement the reuse program. This system will include 25 miles of reuse transmission mains. Ultraviolet high level disinfectant is also being added at the plant to insure enhanced disinfection. Construction of the reuse system is well along. The filtering system has been completed and the lines are under construction. This reuse system will be completed by June, 2001. When completed, this reuse system will allow JEA to reuse over 50% of the flow generated by the Mandarin Wastewater Treatment Plant. JEA has identified nine potential reuse customers for its reused water and letters of intent have been executed by eight of the nine potential reuse customers. JEA is negotiating service contracts with these

1		customers. It is estimated that these customers will use 1.5 MGD of reuse
2		from the Mandarin Wastewater treatment facility.
3	Q.	ARE YOU INVOLVED IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND
4		IMPLEMENTATION OF JEA'S REUSE PROGRAM?
5	A.	Yes. Part of my job responsibilities include oversight of all of JEA's reuse
6		programs.
7	Q.	WILL THE REUSE SYSTEM BEING DEVELOPED BY JEA ENABLE
8		IT TO MEET THE INITIAL REUSE NEEDS OF NOCATEE?
9	A.	Yes. JEA has received a reuse service availability request from the Nocatee
10		developers as shown in Ex (DCM-5) to the prefiled direct testimony of
11		Douglas C. Miller. They have proposed a 5 phase implementation. The first
12		phase, which is currently projected to extend from years 2002-2007, is
13		anticipated to require 1.2 MGD of reuse water. Build out of the project in
14		2027 is estimated to require 5.3 MGD of reuse. The needs of the first phase
15		of the project, which is projected to take five years to complete, can be met
16		by reuse water from the Mandarin plant. Several options exist for meeting
17		the reuse needs of the later phase. How those need will be met will depend
18		on JEA's decision on expanding Mandarin or routing wastewater to Arlington
19		East or a new dedicated reuse plant. Regardless of which treatment option
20		is selected, JEA will have sufficient reuse capacity to meet Nocatee's needs.
21		
22	Q.	ANY OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS THAT YOU ARE
23		AWARE OF?
24	A.	On the water supply side, as discussed above, JEA currently has the capacity
25		under its water supply permits to provide service to the territory in question

1 without the need for additional wells or without the need for locating new 2 wells in a water use caution area. Another benefit to receiving service from JEA is JEA's commitment to enhancing the environment through phase-out 3 of small ineffectual package wastewater plants. JEA has phased out several 4 5 hundred small package plants in Duval County in the last 15 years. Service by JEA under its agreement with St. Johns will enable St. Johns County to 6 7 phase-out the existing package plant at Nease High School and provide service to the surrounding area in an efficient and effective manner. 8 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? 9

Yes. 10 A.

11

12 C:\MyF1les\PERKLANE

- 1 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 2 A. My name is Timothy E. Perkins. My business address
- is 21 Church Street, Jacksonville, Florida 32202-
- 4 3139.
- 5 O. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED?
- 6 A. I am employed by JEA.
- 7 Q. WHAT IS YOUR POSITION WITH JEA?
- 8 A. My current position is Vice President of System planning.
  9 Environmental.
- 10 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED PREFILED DIRECT
- 11 TESTIMONY IN THESE DOCKETS ON BEHALF OF JEA?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY, DID YOU SET FORTH YOUR
- 14 QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. HAS THE NATURE OF YOUR WORK FOR JEA CHANGED SINCE
- 17 THE FILING OF YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
- 18 A. No. I still oversee the preparation of permit
- 19 applications and participate in the permitting
- 20 process for all of JEA's water and wastewater
- 21 facilities. I am JEA's primary contact with
- 22 environmental and legislative bodies regarding all
- aspects of electric, water and sewer permitting as
- 24 well as water quality and industrial pretreatment
- issues.

1	Q.	TAHW	IS	THE	PURPOSE	OF	YOUR	REBUTTAL	TESTIMONY	IN
2		THESE	E DO	CKET	'S?					

- 3 The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to address Α. issues raised by the prefiled direct 4 certain 5 testimony of Caroline Silvers of the St. Johns 6 River Water Management District ("SJRWMD"), Edward 7 Cordova of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP"), and Dr. T. James Tofflemire of 8 9 the Duval County Health Department ("DCHD") 10 submitted on behalf of staff.
- 11 Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE PREFILED TESTIMONY OF
  12 CAROLINE SILVERS IN THESE DOCKETS?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. ARE THERE ANY ISSUES IN MS. SILVERS' TESTIMONY

  WHICH YOU WISH TO COMMENT UPON?
- 16 Α. Yes. On page 4 of her testimony, Ms. Silvers 17 describes the water needs in the area designated as 18 Work Group V in the Water 20/20 planning process. One of the advantages to JEA providing water 19 20 service to this area is the ability to utilize JEA's interconnected grid system to meet the 21 22 growing demands in this area. JEA is in the process 23 of implementing its long term strategy 24 interconnect its North and South Grids. There is 25 water resource capacity available in the North Grid

which, through interconnection, can be utilized to supply water to the Work Group V area from outside the water use caution region. Thus, JEA will be able to further minimize the risk of environmental problems in the South Grid area. When the interconnection of the North and South Grids is completed, a large regionalized system will be in place which will put JEA in a unique position to balance withdrawals from the Floridian Aquifer to protect against adverse impacts.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

- Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS REGARDING MS. SILVERS'

  TESTIMONY REGARDING THE AVERAGE DAY DEMAND DEFICIT

  FOR THE YEAR 2020 ACCURATE?
- 14 Α. On page 5 of her testimony, Ms. Silvers 15 refers to an average day demand deficit for JEA in 16 the year 2020. On page 6 of her testimony, Ms. 17 Silvers talks about potential options available to 18 JEA to address the situation. One of the options 19 that she mentions is an interconnect from the North 20 to the South Grid to convey new supply. 21 above, JEA has begun implementing that option. 22 interconnection of the North and South grids has already been budgeted and the work is in the design 23 24 phase. When completed, the interconnection will 25 provide an additional 18 MGD of capacity to service

the needs in this area. In its most recent consumptive use permit, JEA committed to have the interconnection in service within 3 years. In other words, the interconnection should be in place by March 2003. Thus, the SJRWMD's calculation of the average annual day deficit does not take into account the improvements to JEA's system that are in process.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

- 9 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THE GROUND
  10 WATER QUALITY CONCERNS IDENTIFIED BY MS. SILVERS?
- 11 Α. JEA currently meets the water needs of its 12 customers through two separate interconnected grids 13 of large water plants. One such interconnected 14 grid ("the North Grid") is located north of the St. 15 River in Duval County. The 16 interconnected grid ("the South Grid") is located on 17 the south side of Duval County. JEA's 18 interconnected water plant configuration provides a very high level of reliability and allows JEA to 19 20 balance withdrawals from the Floridian Aquifer in 21 order to minimize draw down and other adverse 22 The interconnected grids also provide background reliability in case of an outage in the 23 24 Because of the hydrogeology in the South system. 25 Grid area, some localized problems can arise as a

- 1 result of fracturing near withdrawals sites. 2 localized problems can be dealt with through planning, monitoring and modifications to existing 3 4 wellfields. JEA is in the process of installing a 5 wellfield optimization system which will utilize 6 wellhead instrumentation and computer modeling of 7 the aquifer to minimize impacts on aquifer levels 8 and water quality.
- 9 Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER ASPECTS OF MS. SILVERS'
  10 TESTIMONY THAT YOU WISH TO COMMENT UPON?
- 11 On page 7, line 19, Ms. Silvers discusses the Α. 12 SJRWMD's goal of reducing discharges to certain important water bodies. Under JEA's agreement with 13 Nocatee Utility Corporation, reuse to the Nocatee 14 15 development would come from JEA's Mandarin plant. 16 The increase in reuse from the Mandarin plant would 17 enable JEA to reduce its discharges to the St. 18 Johns River which is identified by Ms. Silvers as 19 one of the important goals of the water management 20 district.
- Q. HAVE YOU READ THE PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

  EDWARD CORDOVA OF THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF

  ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN THESE DOCKETS?
- 24 A. Yes.

- Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS WITH RESPECT TO THAT

  TESTIMONY?
- A. Yes. As discussed above, JEA's agreement with

  Nocatee will enable JEA to further its reuse

  program and reduce discharges to the St. Johns

  River. This will help alleviate DEP's concerns

  related to effluent disposal in the area.
- 8 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER COMMENTS REGARDING MR.
  9 CORDOVA'S TESTIMONY?
- 10 Α. On page 3 of his testimony, Mr. Cordova 11 correctly notes the improvements made to JEA's Mandarin plant as part of its recent expansion. 12 13 With respect to the Capacity Analysis Report 14 referenced on page 5, the Mandarin plant designed with the ability to expand to 15 MGD. 15 16 further expansions would incorporate the biological nutrient reduction ("BNR") technology incorporated 17 18 in the last expansion. As noted in my direct 19 testimony, wastewater service to this area could 20 also potentially be provided through a connection 21 to JEA's Arlington East plant. The Arlington East plant currently has a capacity of 15 MGD with an 22 average daily flow of 11 MGD. That plant is in the 23 24 process of expanding to 20 MGD.

- Q. DID YOU ALSO REVIEW THE PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY
- OF DR. T. JAMES TOFFLEMIRE?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS WITH RESPECT TO HIS
- 5 **TESTIMONY?**
- 6 A. Yes. Dr. Tofflemire refers to problems encountered
- during the drought in the summer of 1998. He notes
- 8 that some piping changes and new plant construction
- 9 have occurred since that time to provide more
- 10 pressure and flow to the Mandarin area and
- 11 Southside. What he fails to note is that those
- 12 corrective measures have proven to be quite
- 13 effective. We are currently in the midst of a
- 14 drought that is more extreme than the one he
- referenced in the summer of 1998. Moreover, demand
- has increased and pumping is approximately 20%
- 17 higher than it was in the summer of 1998.
- 18 Nevertheless, JEA has not suffered any water
- 19 pressure problems during the current drought.
- 20 Accordingly, it is clear that the corrective
- 21 measures implemented by JEA have worked.
- Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER COMMENTS WITH RESPECT TO DR.
- 23 TOFFLEMIRE'S TESTIMONY?
- A. Yes. Dr. Tofflemire makes several references to
- 25 the "limiting" grid capacity. His comments are

- directed solely to JEA's South Grid. As previously discussed, JEA is in the process of implementing its plan to interconnect its North and South Grids.

  Thus, JEA's ability to provide service to this area even in the most extreme drought conditions will be significantly enhanced.
- 7 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
- 8 A. Yes.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you. You may proceed.
MR. MENTON: And I would tender Mr. Perkins for

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Melson.

MR. MENTON: Oh, I'm sorry.

### BY MR. MENTON:

cross.

Q Mr. Perkins, do you have a summary of your testimony?
CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes. I thought we had gotten past
it.

A Yes. Good afternoon, Commissioners. I'm Timothy Perkins. I'm the vice president of system planning for JEA. At the time I submitted my prefiled testimony, I was the vice president of environmental for JEA. I assumed the responsibility for system planning last May. My primary job responsibilities continue to include oversight of water resource planning, including consumptive use permitting and facilities planning for JEA's regional water and wastewater systems. In addition, I do system planning for the electric system.

The purpose of my testimony is to provide you with background regarding JEA's water and wastewater systems and to confirm that JEA has excess capacity within its existing system to provide the wholesale water and wastewater services called for in the agreement between JEA and the Nocatee Utility Corporation. JEA's existing long-term facilities planning

2

3

1

4 5

6

7 8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

easily accommodates providing the bulk service necessary to Nocatee.

As Mr. Kelly previously explained, JEA is one of the largest water and wastewater utilities in Florida. JEA has an extensive interconnected system which can provide bulk water and wastewater service in this area in a manner that minimizes the risks of unacceptable adverse and environmental impacts. Because of the size of JEA's regional systems and the length of time that it has been providing services in northeast Florida, JEA has a wealth of knowledge and expertise regarding the hydrogeology and environmental conditions in this part of the State.

JEA has water and wastewater lines near the Nocatee property that can easily be accessed to provide bulk service to the developer. The wastewater will be transmitted back to JEA's Mandarin wastewater plant which currently has approximately 1.5 million gallons per day of excess capacity. That plant was built with the ability to expand to 15 million gallons per day as required in the future. In addition, JEA could easily divert flows to the Arlington East wastewater treatment plant from the Mandarin service area. That plant is currently being expanded to 20 million gallons per day from its current capacity of 15 million gallons per day. It currently has an average daily flow of slightly in excess of 11 million gallons per day.

With respect to water, JEA currently operates two separate interconnected grids of large water plants. An interconnected water plant configuration is the most efficient and most environmentally sound way of providing service in this area. The St. Johns Water Management District has designated most of southern Duval County and all of St. Johns County with the exception of a small area to the south as a priority --

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Can I get you to just slow just a little bit?

A Yes, I'm sorry -- as a priority water use caution area. JEA's South Grid is located on the south side of Duval County and includes seven large interconnected water plants. In addition, JEA is in the process of interconnecting its South Grid with its North Grid. The North Grid lies west of the St. Johns River and presently is not interconnected with the South Grid. This will further regionalize the system and allow JEA to balance its withdrawals from the Floridian Aquifer on the South Grid in order to better manage the resource and prevent damage to the water quality in the South Grid area. This will also improve our system's already high level of reliability.

I'm also here to explain JEA's reuse program. JEA is involved currently in an \$11 million program to implement reuse from its Mandarin wastewater treatment plant. In addition, we are spending about \$9 million at our District 2 wastewater

	970
1	treatment plant to provide 3 million gallons per day of
2	wastewater to two of our power plants for reuse purposes.
3	There are significant reuse projects underway within JEA's
4	system in addition to those. The Mandarin reuse system will
5	include 25 miles of reuse transmission mains and will allow JEA
6	to ultimately reuse approximately 5 million gallons per day of
7	reuse from the Mandarin facility. JEA will have sufficient
8	reuse capacity to meet the needs of Nocatee in both the short
9	and long run. Wholesale reuse service by JEA will not require
10	JEA to use backup wells to tap into potable water supplies. By
11	providing reuse to Nocatee, JEA will be able to significantly
12	reduce its current discharges to the St. Johns River. That's
13	all I have.
14	MR. MENTON: I would tender Mr. Perkins for cross.
15	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Melson.
16	CROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. MELSON:

Mr. Perkins, will JEA need to obtain any Q modifications to its existing consumptive use permits to provide water to Phase I of the Nocatee development?

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Not as I understand it. When we filed our consumptive use application, we included 3.3 million gallons per day of projected water supply to northern St. Johns County. That quantity was shown in the quantity that we were issued in our permit.

1	Q In the information that JEA supplied to the Water
2	Management District in connection with their 2020 plan, did you
3	provide information that showed the provision of water in the
4	northern St. Johns County area?
5	A Yes, we did.
6	Q Will JEA's provision of wholesale water service to
7	Nocatee Utility Corporation require the development of any
8	additional water sources?
9	A No. The water supply needs for the next ten years
10	are already in our water resources plan and are currently
11	constructed or in development. The river crossing is not
12	completed yet but is in design and construction.
13	MR. MELSON: That's all I've got. Thank you.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Hoffman or Mr. Menton. Wait
15	a minute. This is your witness. Never mind. Mr. Korn.
16	MR. KORN: I don't have any questions for
17	Mr. Perkins. Thank you, sir.
18	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Wharton.
19	CROSS EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. WHARTON:
21	Q Mr. Perkins, when did you obtain these consumptive
22	use permits that you've testified will not need to be modified
23	for service for Phase I?
24	A In February of 2000.
25	Q Sir, you testified about the local sources

1	first policy, didn't you?
2	A Yes, I did.
3	Q Do you agree that the language of that particular
4	policy is a bit nebulous?
5	A Yes, I do.
6	Q But it's your belief, isn't it, that the intent of
7	the local sources first concept was that before a local
8	government went and asked a neighbor to use resources that are
9	in their area, that they should make sure they've utilized all
10	the resources that are feasible to utilize in their own area?
11	A Yes, that was my understanding.
12	Q Okay. Sir, you haven't attempted to evaluate the
13	proposal of Intercoastal as it relates to consistency of the
14	2020 plan, have you?
15	A No, I have not.
16	Q Mr. Perkins, do you agree that, as we sit here today,
17	there are 80,000 connections to septic tanks and 70 to
18	90 package plants in Duval County?
19	A Yes, that's my estimate.
20	Q How much effluent is currently going into the river
21	from the Mandarin plant?
22	A Our average daily flow for our last fiscal year was
23	5.4 million gallons per day.
24	Q And is it your understanding or is JEA highly
25	motivated to apply that same effluent in the form of reuse

rather than discharge it into the river?

A Yes. JEA on two fronts has made commitments to reduce the discharge to the river. One is to reduce the nutrient load on the St. Johns River. We voluntarily committed to reduce our nutrient discharge for nitrogen to 50 percent of our 1998-'99 level and keep it at that level. And one of the ways we'll achieve that is through reuse; the other way is through advanced wastewater treatment plant at our -- treatment at our southwest wastewater treatment plant. We have also committed by the year 2007 to be able to deliver 10 million gallons per day of reuse across our entire system.

Q It would be your goal then to apply as much of that effluent in the form of reuse as you can possibly find the customer for?

A Yes, in reason, as long as the economic conditions allow us to do so. The 25-mile transmission system that we're constructing out of the Mandarin plant is co-funded by the State at 50 percent of the cost which has allowed us to put in this backbone system at a more reasonable cost, and also, within a reasonable distance of that line, we would pursue and are pursuing all available customers. In this case with Nocatee, the developer is funding the cost to our line to interconnect if we succeed in being approved to implement.

- Q How far is that line?
- A The interconnect point right now, although there is

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

another route under consideration, is on U.S.1 just north of where 210 turns off. I don't know the mileage from here to there. But it's --

- Q Is it less than a couple of miles?
- A Yes, probably two or two and a half miles.
- Q Okay. Let's talk about the other route that's under consideration. What's that about?

A There is another DRI that's being considered, the Bartum (phonetic) Park DRI. One of the options would be to send the reuse line through that development and then come across to the east from their southern boundary which would come out on U.S.1. I think it's Racetrack Road would be the road that bounds them on the south.

Q So does that mean, though, that the point of connection for the Nocatee development would still be the same?

A It would be the same line. It would shift slightly to the west. It would be the same transmission line.

Q Would that mean that the Nocatee developer would have to run that connection line out further than they had planned?

A That would depend on what arrangements are made with the other development and how the line is constructed. It could be jointly funded by both parties if they chose to take that path.

Q Would this be for just the reuse line, or it would also be for the water and wastewater line?

Α Just for reuse.

2 3

So the reuse line may be further west than is indicated on that map?

4 5

of a mile.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Just slightly, maybe a half of a mile, three quarters Α

Is it fair to say that JEA has decided that it has the necessary reuse available for Nocatee and that it has the facilities to transport that reuse to Nocatee and that that is a good place to sell that reuse?

Α Yes.

0 Okay. As we sit here today, do you know whether JEA really cares who's on the other side of that point of connection as long as they are willing to --

I think JEA's only concern would be that we were providing all three facets of service, both water, sewer and reuse, to the customer because of fact that we subsidize our reuse system by our water and wastewater ratepayers paying a significant share of the cost to provide the reuse. Our rate is only 20 cents per hundred cubic feet, which is probably 15 percent of what it costs to produce and deliver the reuse water.

JEA is just now really beginning to implement on a 0 large scale its reuse program, isn't that true?

Α Yes. We have constructed facilities in the Arlington East plant and built facilities in our District 2 plant, but in

the last two years, we have been significantly working to implement.

Q As we sit here today, does JEA have a policy that it will not provide reuse to anyone who does not receive water and wastewater service from it?

A No, I wouldn't say we have that policy. If a customer is in reasonable proximity to our transmission facilities, we would probably provide service as long as we had capacity available.

Q Okay. Let me ask you about the development orders in this case just as they relate to what Nocatee requires. Are you aware that the development orders contemplate that the wastewater effluent will be treated to public access standards?

A I'm not really aware -- I haven't reviewed the development orders, but I am aware of the fact that if we are going to provide reuse water, that we would have to treat it to that level.

Q Okay. That's what's required for the application of reuse residentially; correct?

A Not just residentially, but also for golf courses and any facility that has public access.

Q Did you have to undertake any modifications to your Mandarin plant in order to meet those standards?

A We added an additional level of ultraviolet disinfection. We have changed the plant from using chlorine to

UV disinfection. And we had to go to high-level ultraviolet 1 2 disinfections, so we did have to add additional banks of UV 3 disinfection components. Doesn't your plant have to meet the Class 1 standards 4 0 5 in order to supply public access reuse? For reliability? 6 Α 7 Yes. 0 8 Yes. 9 Okay. And as we sit here today, isn't it true --10 well, let me ask you this. You've been here earlier today; 11 right? 12 Α Yes. Did you hear Mr. Kelly say that right now there are 13 14 no plans to apply reuse residentially in Duval County for JEA 15 other than the Duval portion of Nocatee? 16 Α Yes. 17 Okay. So JEA does have the reuse treated to that 18 standard that is going to be available at the point of connection that's been testified to in this hearing unless it's 19 20 moved a little bit west in proximity to the Nocatee development; is that true? 21 22 Α Yes, we do. And the reason that we currently do not provide residential reuse is because of the additional cost. 23 We are making a significant capital investment in the current 24 25 system to provide wholesale service, and at this time, we can't

bear the additional cost burden to provide retail service. 1 2 But in point of fact, that reuse facility is already 3 constructed; right? 4 Presently, the Mandarin plant reuse facility is 5 constructed to produce two and a half million gallons per day, 6 and we have a project identified in our capital plan to expand it to five. 7 8 When will that occur? 9 The initial design would occur in 2003 and would 10 probably come on-line in 2004 or early 2005. 11 But right now you only have the capacity to provide 0 12 two and a half million gallons a day of reuse treated to public 13 access standards? 14 At the Mandarin plant, yes, that's correct. Α 15 0 At the Mandarin plant. 16 And the Mandarin plant is the only plant that will be 17 supplying reuse in Phase I to Nocatee? 18 Yes. that's true. Α 19 But let me make sure that we're clear on one point. 0 20 The reuse line is constructed. It may not be charged, but it's 21 pretty well done, is that correct, to the point of connection? 22 Portions of the line are still under construction. 23 Our first customer, which is the Deercreek Golf Course, which 24 is just to the north of the interconnection point, is scheduled 25 to come on-line in July of this year.

1	Q Would you say that construction of that reuse line
2	down to the point of connection that we've talked about in this
3	hearing and that is designated on that map is imminent?
4	A The portion that Nocatee would construct?
5	Q Correct. Well, no, not the part Nocatee would
6	construct; JEA's line.
7	A It's either completed or under construction, and it's
8	scheduled to be done by July.
9	Q And the improvements that you needed to make to the
10	Mandarin plant in order to provide public access reuse through
11	that line have already been done?
12	A Yes, for the 2.5 million gallon per day capacity.
13	And we have letters of intent from customers for about
14	1.1 million gallons per day of use.
15	Q So wouldn't you agree that even though JEA would
16	prefer to take into account the feasibility of such service,
17	those facilities have already been constructed even though this
18	proceeding is not over?
19	A Yes. They are part of our overall environmental
20	program and committment that we made prior to this issue even
21	coming on.
22	Q So that line would have probably been in that
23	location anyway, and the Mandarin plant would have probably had
24	those modifications anyway?
25	A Yes.

1	MR. WHARTON: That's all we have.
2	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Staff.
3	MS. ESPINOZA: We just have one question.
4	CROSS EXAMINATION
5	BY MS. ESPINOZA:
6	Q With respect to JEA's consumptive use permit if it
7	did need to be modified, which agency would determine that
8	modification?
9	A The St. Johns River Water Management District.
10	MS. ESPINOZA: Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That was quick. Commissioners.
12	Redirect.
13	MR. MENTON: Just a couple quick questions. Thank
14	you, Mr. Chairman.
15	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. MENTON:
17	Q Mr. Perkins, Mr. Wharton asked you a question
18	regarding the local sources first policy. In your experience,
19	does the local sources first policy apply to the wholesale
20	arrangement that has been entered into between Nocatee and JEA?
21	A Not to my knowledge.
22	Q And just to clarify, the reuse connection point is
23	going to be at that red triangle that's shown up at the map; is
24	that
25	A Yes. We have already constructed a stub-out for

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	connection at that point. There is an alternate route under
2	consideration, but today, that is the connection point.
3	Q Okay. At this point in time, do you anticipate any
4	difficulty in meeting the projected reuse needs of Nocatee as
5	they occur on the development schedule?
6	A No, I do not.
7	MR. MELSON: Mr. Jacobs, might I ask a clarifying
8	question?
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That's going to bring forward a
10	whole bunch of reaction.
11	MR. MENTON: Let me see if I can do it then.
12	BY MR. MENTON:
13	Q Mr. Perkins, the actual connection point for the
14	reuse line hasn't been finalized. It could be at the red
15	triangle, or it could be somewhere else; correct?
16	A Yes. It would be at the red triangle as far as I
17	know unless the Bartum Park route develops as a viable option.
18	Q So there are options as to where you would bring it
19	depending upon other developments, but you don't anticipate
20	that that would impact upon the ability of JEA to meet the
21	reuse needs of Nocatee?
22	A No, I do not.
23	MR. MENTON: No further questions, Mr. Chairman.
24	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Exhibits. There's only one, just
25	one Exhibit 28

1 MR. MENTON: Exhibit 28. 2 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show that 3 admitted into the record. 4 (Exhibit 28 admitted into the record.) CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you, Mr. Perkins. 5 You're 6 excused. 7 (Witness excused.) 8 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Now, Mr. Burton, are we planning on bringing him after all the Intervenor testimony, or how is that 9 10 contemplated? 11 MR. WHARTON: I think he's going to testify right 12 That was my understanding. now. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Actually, I think you may be right. 13 14 I think I may have said that, but let me just make sure because 15 we're kind of interrupting the flow of Intervenor testimony. 16 think Sawgrass is up next. MR. WHARTON: Really, we were kind of taking the 17 18 Intervenors at the request out of order. 19 In actuality, Mr. Chairman, the only MR. KORN: 20 change in the sequence was really moving Mr. Burton from before 21 Mr. James, which is how he was originally scheduled per the 22 prehearing order, to whenever he got here because of a prior 23 commitment, as I understood it. So it would seem to me, since 24 I understand that he's going to take a little while. I had no problem with Mr. Wharton just calling Mr. Burton now. If you'd 25

1 rather do with Sawgrass, I'm at the Commission's pleasure. MR. WHARTON: Mr. Perkins really just testified as an 2 3 accommodation --4 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Right, right. There were two 5 options. One is, if your witness was going to take a very 6 brief time, rather than to have him sit here through the duration of Mr. Burton's testimony, we could let you -- because 7 I think you have the head of the consumers' group; correct? 8 9 MR. KORN: Head of our Association. 10 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Right. That was the thought so 11 that he didn't have to sit through all of Mr. Burton's 12 testimony. 13 MR. WHARTON: Just give me a couple of minutes to get organized, and we will do those witnesses. That's fine with 14 15 me. It's okay with me. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Let's do that. Let's go ahead and 16 entertain Sawgrass witnesses, and then we'll bring Mr. Burton 17 18 on. MR. KORN: The only thing I would mention, 19 Mr. Chairman, is we have two witnesses. Mr. Flury, who based 20 on my conversation with Mr. Wharton, is probably going to be 21 22 slightly longer than Ms. Arenas. I expect Ms. Arenas, who is 23 the second Sawgrass witness, to be very short in duration, probably no more than about ten minutes is what Mr. Wharton and 24

25

I have figured.

1	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay.
2	MR. KORN: And because we thought that Mr. Burton was
3	going to be up at this point, I told Ms. Arenas that it
4	probably would be safe not to come until about 3:30, 3:45. I
5	have no problem with and again, if it's of help, we'll take
6	Mr. Burton now, and then we'll take the Sawgrass witnesses.
7	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: If that's I thought it would be
8	an accommodation for them but
9	MR. KORN: It would be an accommodation for
10	Mr. Flury, but ultimately until Ms. Arenas gets here, we're
11	going to take Mr. Burton anyway at that point.
12	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Fine.
13	MR. WHARTON: And I hate to speak out of turn, but I
14	really think after Mr. Burton, witnesses are going to go
15	quickly all the way through the end of the proceeding.
16	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: With that promise
17	MR. KORN: I think it's more a hope than a promise,
18	Mr. Chairman.
19	MR. MELSON: And unfortunately, I will have to
20	represent that Mr. Burton may take a while.
21	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I notice he didn't get your
22	consultation on that. Very well. Mr. Burton is up then.
23	MICHAEL E. BURTON
24	was called as a witness on behalf of Intercoastal Utilities,
25	Inc. and having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

1	DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. DETERDING:
3	Q Mr. Burton, please state your name and employment
4	address for the record.
5	A My name is Michael E. Burton.
6	Is this on?
7	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes, but it's been mostly silent.
8	You have to get very close to it.
9	A I'm the president of Burton & Associates. My
10	business address is 2902 Isabella Boulevard, Suite 20,
11	Jacksonville Beach, Florida 32250.
12	Q And you have previously been sworn, Mr. Burton?
13	A Yes, I have.
14	Q Have you been retained by Intercoastal Utilities to
15	provide testimony and expert opinions in this proceeding?
16	A Yes, I have.
17	Q Did you prepare a document referred to as direct
18	testimony of Michael E. Burton consisting of nine pages?
19	A Yes, I did.
20	Q If I ask you the questions in that testimony here
21	today, would your answers be the same as those contained on
22	those nine pages?
23	A I do have some corrections to the ultimate exhibit
24	which superceded the exhibit in this that was attached to
25	this testimony.

1 0 We'll get to the exhibits in a minute. Let's start 2 with the testimony. Do you have any corrections to the --3 Not to the testimony. Α 4 0 Okay. Did you prepare in conjunction with the 5 preparation of that testimony certain exhibits which were 6 prefiled as MB-1? 7 Α I did. 8 MR. DETERDING: And, Commissioners, in trying to keep 9 along the same lines of what we've done with the other witnesses who have provided exhibits later in later testimony 10 that to some extent or wholly supercedes their original filing, 11 12 I'm going to have Mr. Burton identify just those that have that relationship to MB-1 and speak to those briefly and introduce 13 those as well. So if you'll bear with us a few minutes. 14 15 BY MR. DETERDING: Mr. Burton, you also prepared as part of your 16 0 17 Intervenor testimony an exhibit called MB-2? 18 Α Yes, I did. 19 And as part of your rebuttal, an exhibit entitled 0 MB-3? 20 21 Α Yes. 22 Would you, first of all, explain to the Commission 0 23 the relationship of those exhibits to MB-1? As I understand it, they don't totally replace MB-1, but they do replace 24 25 significant portions of MB-1.

A Yes. MB-1 is a projection using a model which projects the rate dynamics or the financial dynamics on the Intercoastal Utility over a ten-year period, through 2009. And it serves as a source for all three of these exhibits. In Exhibit 1, it looks at a standalone utility using Mr. Miller's plan, and it looks at full growth. It looks at one half of growth, and it looks at one quarter of growth in terms of the implication. I think the exhibit actually looks at only one half, and we did an analysis at one quarter, and that's included in the testimony.

Then the next exhibit, 2, it brings in -- it abandons the looking at different variations on growth, but it's using the same model, and it's using changes now that have come to the table in Nocatee's projections to the extent that they did come to the table. And it also includes an alternative where Intercoastal would adopt Nocatee's wholesale plan on the western service area.

And when I speak today, when I say the "western service area," I would mean the service area west of the Intracoastal, the eastern service area, the existing service area east of the Intracoastal, but my analysis includes it all as one service area, but just to distinguish conversation, that's how I refer to it.

And then MB-3 is very much like MB-2, but it then bring in the capital structure and looks at not only 100

percent debt financing, which is what MB-1 and 2 looked at, but also looks at 60 percent of debt and 40 percent equity. And those are the fundamental differences as we go from one exhibit to the other.

Factual information was changed too. At some point in that progression, the growth projections from Nocatee were

in that progression, the growth projections from Nocatee were lower. Their deal with JEA got changed, and so a number of things changed. And we tried to represent the most current facts that were available at the time the exhibits were projected.

Q So to the extent that MB-3 addresses those things in MB-2 and MB-1, it supercedes them?

A It does.

MR. DETERDING: Commissioners, because I think there's not total overlap between the exhibits, unless I'm mistaken, and you can correct me if I'm wrong, Mr. Burton, we're going to ask that each of those be marked. I mean, we can mark them all one, but I think we're going to ask that they all be entered in the record because they are not mutually exclusive.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Do we mark them as one composite, or do you need separate?

MR. DETERDING: That would be fine with us.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Mark them as --

MR. MELSON: Chairman Jacobs?

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

2	MR. MELSON: I might ask, because of the briefing
3	that's going to go on, it will be easier at least for the other
4	parties if MB-3 is assigned a separate number because that's
5	the one we're going to refer to in all our briefs.
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: The revised financial analysis.
7	MR. DETERDING: That's the last one of the three;
8	correct.
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. We will mark as
10	Exhibit 29 composite MB-1 and MB-2. And composite 30 I'm
11	sorry, Exhibit 30 will be MB-3.
12	(Exhibits 29 and 30 marked for identification.)
13	BY MR. DETERDING:
14	Q Mr. Burton, do you have any corrections to make to
15	those exhibits?
16	A I have corrections to MB-3 that would cause the
17	ultimate impact of Intercoastal's rates to a 10,000 gallon
18	residential customer in 2009 to go from \$58.87 to \$62.10, an
19	increase of approximately \$3.23.
20	Q What is the reason for these corrections? If you
21	can, explain that.
22	A Would you like me to tell you the corrections?
23	Q Yes.
24	A The reason was primarily through the deposition with
25	Mr. Melson. A number of issues were identified that needed

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes.

correcting or being handled in a different way. And a couple of factual things have changed that have been corrected also.

The first correction was with regard to assumptions. The original exhibit, MB-3, projected 470.1 growth units in the eastern service area in 2007, which was the last year of projected growth in that service area. However, that would cause connections to exceed the sewer plant capacity by 335.9 units, therefore, the growth units in 2007 in the eastern service area were corrected to be 134.2 units, which brings connections to the level of the sewer plant capacity. I believe that was one that we had discovered ourselves.

The original MB-3 used a surrogate calculation of the impact of growth upon O&M expenses. It accomplished this by including 25 percent of the growth percentage in each year in the inflationary multiplier. My empirical experience has been that this calculation results in a similar projection of the impact of growth as would be derived by the more accurate marginal cost per growth unit method. However, to make the projections as accurate as possible, this correction sets forth the growth component of the inflationary multiplier, it sets it to zero, in order to more accurately project the impact that growth will have upon operations and maintenance expenses on an ERC basis. Marginal operations and maintenance costs that will increase with growth were identified and multiplied by the growth units in each year to estimate the additional O&M

3

1

4 5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

expenses that will be required to serve the projected growth units.

With regard to the capital improvement program, the original MB-3 exhibit included a water plant addition in the eastern service area in 2000 at an estimated cost of \$1,500,000. That was before the plant was completed. actual cost of the plant now is available, and the actual cost is \$2,700,000. And that was included in the corrections, from 1,500,000 to 2,700,000.

The original MB-3 exhibit assumed the additional water capacity that would be added in 2002 and 2007 was 2 MGD respectively in each of those years. This number was derived from Jim Miller, our engineer's report. However, the number was taken from the maximum day capacity page of his report and should have been taken from the average day capacity page to be consistent with the 350 gallons per day per ERC assumption, which is average day usage. Therefore, this correction was made, and average day capacity of 1 MGD in each of these years instead of the 2 MGD that was assumed.

Operations and maintenance expense. Additional operations and maintenance expense associated with capital projects was originally projected based upon input from Jim Miller without escalating the expense from 1999 dollars. correction was made that escalates those expenses with the inflationary multiplier that's used elsewhere in the model on

0&M costs to the year in which those costs are incurred.

2

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And with regard to cost of capital, the original MB-3 exhibit included the cost of issuance, or loan costs, in the principal amount of the loan, and that cost was reflected in the annual interest. This corrected exhibit more correctly includes the annual amortization of that loan cost in the cost of capital calculation.

The original MB-3 exhibit included a First Union loan with a beginning balance of \$3,835,445. And we've determined that the correct amount on that loan should be \$4,354,000, which is included now as the beginning balance in the corrections.

The original MB-3 exhibit did not include the stockholder subsidy that would be required, identified on the cash flow analysis in the exhibit, in the cost of capital calculation. This correction includes that subsidy as an interest bearing loan, and it is included in the cost of capital calculation.

Utility plant in service and depreciation. original MB-3 exhibit included the acquisition adjustment in the list of assets which was tied to the utility plant in service in the 1998 annual report; however, the 1998 annual report lists the acquisition adjustment as an addition to the utility plant in service appropriately. Therefore, the acquisition adjustment was excluded from the list of assets in

1

3

4

6

7

5

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

this corrected exhibit and the "adjustment to annual report" amount was adjusted accordingly. The same adjustment was made to the corresponding depreciation schedules.

A note with regard to this correction. This adjustment did not have a material effect upon the analysis because it was part of a calculation that's intent was to create depreciation schedules for categories of assets that may reach the end of their depreciation schedules during the projection period, thus giving us a more accurate depreciation projection. We had to estimate the original cost to begin the depreciation schedules and the difference between the total original cost and utility plant in service, the adjustment to annual report, was carried throughout the projection period.

With regard to expenses, in the original MB-3 exhibit, insurance expense was projected by maintaining the ratio of insurance expense in 1999 to rate base in 1999 and projected the same ratio to rate base in future years. exhibit, the water calculation was inadvertently pulling in the sewer rate base, and the sewer calculation was inadvertently pulling in the water rate base. And this was corrected.

With regard to used and useful, in the original MB-3 exhibit, margin reserve was assumed to be 36 months because of the difficulty regarding margin reserve in Intercoastal's recent limited proceeding rate case with St. Johns County. However, to be in strict compliance with the

1

4 5

7 8

6

9 10

11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

FPSC rules, this corrected exhibit assumes 60 months' margin reserve and calculates the amount as the average of the next five years' growth times five.

With regard to CIAC, the original MB-3, plant CIAC for 1999 was assumed -- in the original MB-3 exhibit, plant CIAC additions for 1999 was assumed to be in the 1999 amount, which we received from the utility; however, we recognized that the new plant was not in the 1999 number. Therefore, this correction includes new CIAC coming in in '99, whereas the original exhibit had no new CIAC coming in at '99; plant CIAC we were referring to there.

In the original MB-3 exhibit, all growth units in the eastern service area were assumed to bring with them plant CIAC, the eastern service area being the one that exists today. Upon reflection, a number of those growth units will connect to existing developments as infill, and no new plant CIAC will be realized. Therefore, in this correction, the number of growth units that would not be subject to CIAC was estimated and excluded from the new plant CIAC calculation.

And the final two corrections with regard to rate base. The calculation of working capital was only calculating off of expenses in the eastern service area in the original MB-3. This corrected exhibit calculates working capital based upon the expenses in both the eastern and the projected expenses in the western service area.

The original MB-3 exhibit calculated rate base in the aggregate, without separating utility plant in service components of plant and lines. It also applied the used and useful percentage to -- inappropriately to the acquisition adjustment and working capital. The correction, number one, adjust the aggregate rate base calculation to apply used and useful before the acquisition adjustment and working capital; and two, uses an alternative rate base calculation which separates utility plant in service into plant and line components and applies used and useful to the noncontributed portion of those components.

I might point out that the difference in these two methods, the more aggregate method versus the more precise method, is very minor. It amounted to an average annual difference for water of 27,279 on a rate base, an average rate base, over the 9 years of 4.3 million. And for sewer of \$8,227 on an average rate base of 8.4 million. We also ran a sensitivity analysis on used and useful because it was a point of some contention about what used and useful really was. And we set used and useful to 100 percent throughout the duration of the --

MR. MELSON: Mr. Chairman, at this point, I'm going to object to this next piece of thing he's about to say. We had asked for a late-filed exhibit showing this calculation to his deposition. Intercoastal declined to provide it, and now

they are coming up at hearing with a number that was previously asked for that they have declined to provide.

3

4

MR. DETERDING: I'm sorry, I didn't -- what item is that, that he was referring to that you're --

5

MR. MELSON: He's now talking about a sensitivity using 100 percent used and useful.

7

8

9

6

got to tell you, and I do not say this lightly, and I do not

say this flippantly, that's another one of those things maybe

MR. WHARTON: Commissioner Jacobs, Mr. Chairman, I've

10

Mr. McLean (phonetic) ought to write a memorandum on. are discovery devises. They are incorporated by the uniform

11 12

rules. This case is 22 months old. What the request was in

13

the deposition about two weeks ago was, go create this

14

document, and give it to us as a late-filed exhibit. And it is

15

not incumbent upon us to do that. We gave a late-filed exhibit

16

which was just a compilation of what we had, but the two --

17

what I said at the time was, we would take it under advisement.

18 19

There's been extensive discovery in this case. There's been interrogatories, several rounds. There's been

20

request for production of documents; documents have been

21

produced. There's no such discovery device. And not only

22

that, it's a discovery matter that's being brought to you now

23

for the first time. There was no motion to compel or anything

24

else appropriate to that. To say that the -- to decline to create a document and to file it as a late-filed exhibit then

25

bars the testimony at hearing, I think is unprecedented. I don't think there's anything in the uniform rules that would allow the Commission to do that.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: You made a request at deposition and you --

MR. MELSON: Commissioner?

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Let me walk through this. There was a request made at deposition. Was the response that the information was not available, or was what was provided deemed a response to the request at deposition?

MR. WHARTON: The response was that I would take it under advisement.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And it was not -- but it was ultimately not --

MR. WHARTON: It was ultimately not provided. There were, I think, three requests. Two we did not provide; one we did. One, it was a compilation of what we had. The others required us to go out and extrapolate this at 100 percent used and useful, or something like that. And there's no such discovery device.

MR. MELSON: Chairman Jacobs, you might want to ask the witness. My understanding was, he had his computer with the spreadsheets at the deposition. He was able to make this change as he was sitting there. He would not share the results with us at that time. We asked for a late-filed exhibit. It

was taken under advisement, and it was not provided. So I don't believe it was creating something that took more than keying half a dozen numbers into a computer spreadsheet, but you'd have to ask the witness to be sure of that.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Two issues: One has to do with whether or not discovery was had. It sounds like this was not provided. To offer it now -- and I assume it is not a part of his prefiled testimony.

MR. MELSON: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: It makes it -- it sounds like added supplemental testimony at this point and, therefore, would probably be outside the scope of his testimony.

MR. WHARTON: And, frankly, Mr. Chairman, that's a different argument, and may be one that is legitimate. I just don't think the failure to provide a late-filed exhibit to a deposition can ever be the basis for barring testimony at trial. so --

MR. MELSON: Commissioner Jacobs, let me amend my objection because I think you probably stated a better one than I did. There was no sensitivity analysis done in the prefiled testimony. Up until this point, he has listed 16 corrections. He's now on number 17 which is not a correction but a sensitivity analysis, and that goes beyond the scope of his prefiled testimony. I would object on that basis.

MR. DETERDING: That's fine.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: So I'll sustain that objection. 1 2 BY MR. DETERDING: Mr. Burton, are there any other corrections that you 3 0 4 need to make to MB-3? 5 Actually, I don't know if this is appropriate, but I 6 just found in the deposition where I actually gave them the 7 number. Anyway --8 Okay. Well, let's get beyond that. 0 9 -- we can talk about that another time. Α 10 Q What is the --11 Α What was your question? 12 0 You have been through a list, a long list, of 13 corrections you made. First of all, just so we're clear here, 14 where did you come up with these corrections? Where did you 15 find out about the these errors? 16 Well. I don't know if the number matters. Mine has 17 nine on this sheet of paper that are numbered but -- or I guess 18 it's nine subjects, maybe there's more corrections. 19 them came from the deposition when Mr. Melson pointed out areas 20 where there was either an error, like simply a cell pulling 21 from the wrong reference in the model, or a disagreement about 22 the appropriateness of something. Some of them came from our 23 review when we reviewed after the deposition in making these 24 and determined other things that aren't really errors, like the

escalation of Mr. Miller's cost is not really an error, it's

25

just more a conservative assumption. Mr. Miller gave us those numbers, and as far as I know, that's what he felt the numbers would be.

We noticed that in some instances, however, the number was the same as the number that was in the historic year and thought that probably an appropriate thing was he meant the same type of cost, and therefore, it probably should have been adjusted. So in the interest of having an accurate projection as possible, we made corrections like that also.

The loan amount was -- in reviewing the cost of capital calculations with Ms. Ellen Tilley, who is with Intercoastal Utilities, she indicated to me that the number that she had given us before was not the right beginning balance. And she gave me the right beginning balance, and I inserted that number. And the cost for the water plant was a fact that became known after the exhibits were filed.

Q What is the -- and if you can, give us the changes that resulted as far as the overall just so we can get a feel, the Commission can get a feel, for how much things have changed as a result of these corrections of errors and, of course, excluding this item about used and useful, this 100 percent used and useful.

A Basically, what our analysis does is look at the average bill or the bill -- what we would say a typical single family home would be in the service area using 10,000 gallons a

month, calculate that bill today on Intercoastal's -- based upon the Intercoastal's tariff, and then based upon the comparison of achieved return to allowed return in the final year of the projection period 2009. Equalizing those two numbers results in a bill to that customer of \$58.87 compared to the current bill of 79.70, I believe it is.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

The corrections result in that bill of 58.87 becoming It doesn't go down as much as we had originally 62.10. projected. That's \$3.23 higher per month than it was before. I think I know the components of that are associated with some of these items. The water plant accounts for approximately a little north of 80 cents of that difference, the adjustment to the water plant, which was the most -- the biggest factual change. And because the change in the loan balance was -- the interest rate on the loan balance was pretty close to the cost of capital anyway, it didn't change things very much when we changed that. So I would say somewhere about around 80 cents of that 3.23 because of the change in the cost of the water plant, which leaves about -- actually, the number I have is 81 cents. It leaves about \$2.42 of these corrections, which are things other than that pure factual change.

Q And you mentioned some rates, some bottom line ultimate rates, that was in 2009, the end projection; is that correct?

A Yes. And I have these materials here. Actually, I

have a sheet that summarizes MB-3, the results. The second page summarizes the same thing but MB-3 corrected in terms of the rates each year and the achieved return and the allowed return in each year of the forecast period. And then I have another exhibit that looks at the corrected MB-3 assuming 100 percent used and useful, if the Commission would be interested in seeing that.

I also have another document similar to this that includes all of these corrections for MB-3. It's MB-3 corrected. And I have a disk with me to give to Nocatee, if that would be something that would be appropriate. I also have an adjusted late-filed exhibit which was the test of CIAC, which I had provided to our attorneys who, I think, provided it to Mr. Melson after our deposition. And these changes affect that test of CIAC to determine whether it exceeds the 75 percent level at build out. And I would offer all of these to be either an exhibit, an amended exhibit, or however -- I don't know how to legally -- I guess that's up to you, not me. I'm just saying that I have them available today, and I think they are a better representation of the probable projection of the impact of this whole service area plan on Intercoastal's rates.

MR. DETERDING: And, Commissioners, with that, what I think we are suggesting, and you can take it or leave it, is that he has the revised schedules correcting these errors. If

that bothers the other parties, so be it, but we are going to go through his cross examination at which I believe the majority of these errors will be raised during cross examination. They may not be, but certainly if the deposition is any indication, they will be. And he does have the impact of correcting those errors in the final schedule form that he can provide, or we can just do it as we go through each question.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: As I understand it, there has not been an official revised MB-3 that has been filed.

MR. DETERDING: With these corrections, no, sir.

THE WITNESS: Can I --

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: You may proceed.

THE WITNESS: When we filed the -- just one second. Let me see what it was called. The additional rebuttal testimony, a portion of which was accepted and a portion of which was not. In the portion that was not accepted was included an exhibit called MB4-8. Wait a minute. Strike that. Yes, MB4-8. And it's a multipage exhibit, and it includes the output, the answer page, if you will, for the exhibit. But it did include the rate adjustments, but it also included the error corrections. So it has been attempted to be submitted. It was being worked on from the deposition in anticipation of coming in with this. It isn't an accurate reflection, however, because it had the impact of us restructuring the rates, which

650 was in this, which was not allowed, and it had the impact of 1 2 the stockholders making an additional subsidy and allowing the 3 rates to be reduced, which was not allowed. And the one I have basically is what was here, but it takes away the things that 4 5 weren't allowed and just reflects the error corrections and the 6 additional factual updates. 7 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Well, we have a twofold problem. 8 One is, I take it, there is no opportunity for counsel to 9 review those.

MR. DETERDING: As far as the net results of those error corrections. there has not been. Most of these errors were raised by --

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I don't think it's beyond the general -- from what I've heard, it doesn't sound like there's much that's beyond the idea of simply amending the prefiled exhibits. However, the volume of them I think makes it a bit of a challenge for Staff. Let me ask this: Counsel, are you prepared to go in and deal with all those revisions?

MR. MELSON: I am prepared to walk through his prior When I get to a matter that I think he's corrected to MB-3. try to understand if he corrected, when I get to a matter that I think he has not corrected to try to establish that he has not corrected it, we have been hampered, because while we suggested these corrections, the electronic copy of the spreadsheet that we had been provided with was locked. So we

651 had no way to make our own adjustments to the spreadsheet and 1 see what result we get. For that reason, I am hesitant to put 2 in an entire new exhibit with a whole host of corrections that 3 4 we haven't had an opportunity to try to sort through. 5 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. 6 MR. MELSON: But I think he's now through this 7 testimony, summarizing his corrections. He's indicated what 8 he's corrected; he's indicated the bottom line number. And to 9 the extent I have questions about intermediate numbers, I am 10 probably prepared to do that and move forward. 11 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Let's do it that way. 12 It would be my suggestion then that it's probably as a 13 late-filed; that we come back once you have completed your cross, we figure out what's going to be and what's not going to 14 be, we can come back with something that clarifies in the 15 record what exactly are the best up-to-date representations. 16

You had a point, Mr. Melson?

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. MELSON: I'd simply like to reserve that discussion until after I have completed my cross.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes. I though --

MR. MELSON: After the cross, I might or might not have an objection to a corrected exhibit. I think I might still have one.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Fair enough. And you were still in your summary, I think.

THE WITNESS: I don't know whether I started my summary. I think I was just trying to lay the groundwork --MR. DETERDING: I apologize. That was his corrections. His summary will be fairly brief. THE WITNESS: Fairly short. MR. DETERDING: I request -- certainly briefer than the corrections. I request that Mr. Burton's prefiled direct testimony be inserted in the record as though read. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show his revised testimony entered into the record as though read. 

Prefiled Direct Testimony of Michael E. Burton

2

3

4

5

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1

- Q. Please state your name and professional address for the record.
- A. My name is Michael E. Burton. My professional address is Burton & Associates, Inc. at 440 Osceola Avenue, Jacksonville Beach, Florida 32250.
- 6 Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 7 A. I am employed by Burton & Associates, Inc. as its President.
  - Q. Please state your education and professional experience in matters related to water and wastewater utility rates and rate making.
  - A. I received a Bachelors of Industrial Engineering degree from the University of Florida in March of 1970. I have over 21 years of experience in water and sewer rate making, including 10 years with Arthur Young & Company, now Ernst & Young, where I last served as a Principal in charge of the Firm's Florida Utility Economics Practice Area. I founded Burton & Associates 11 years ago and we have specialized in water and sewer rate making since the Firm's inception. I have conducted water and sewer rate studies and related financial analyses for over 60 governmental and private clients. I have also served as the regulatory rate consultant for St. Johns County for 9 years and as the regulatory rate consultant for Flagler County for three years.
  - Q. Have you been accepted as an expert witness in an administrative proceeding?
- Yes, in cases before the St. Johns County Water and Sewer Authority, the Flagler County Utility
  Regulatory Interim Authority and the Florida Public Service Commission.
- 21 Q. In what areas?
- 22 A. Utility rates, rate making and related issues.
- 23 | Q. Are you familiar with Intercoastal's application and its proposal?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Please tell the Commissioners what Exhibit MB-1 is.

- A. Exhibit MB-1 is a document which presents a proforma forecast of the financial dynamics of Intercoastal's operations and the effect upon its rates, assuming the plan presented in PBS&J's Conceptual Master Plan dated December, 1999 is implemented.
- Q. Why did you put together Exhibit MB-1?
- A. I was retained by Intercoastal to develop a multi-year predictive model which would simulate the financial dynamics of the utility's operations under Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) regulations. The model was developed to determine the appropriate level for water and wastewater rates in each year of the forecast period based upon each year's calculated rate base, weighted cost of capital and allowed return. The model was developed to determine whether the implementation of the Conceptual Master Plan would cause Intercoastal's rates to increase over the forecast period?
- Q. Please explain your conclusions as reflected in Exhibit MB-1.
- A. Exhibit MB-1 supports the conclusion that, over the forecast period, which is 1999 through 2009, Implementation of the Conceptual Master Plan will not cause Intercoastal's rates to increase and in fact will result in reduced rate pressure, and possibly rate reductions, due to the economies of scale realized by expansion of Intercoastal's customer base.
- Q. Can you elaborate upon that conclusion based upon the results and other analysis presented in Exhibit MB-1?
- A. Yes. Exhibit MB-1 shows that if the Conceptual Master Plan is implemented, Intercoastal will not require any rate increases over the forecast period. Furthermore, if growth occurs as projected, Exhibit MB-1 indicates that Intercoastal's rates could decrease as much as 32.6% by 2009.
  - When one looks at the average residential customer's bill (assuming 5,333 gallons per month water usage), expressed in terms of cost per month, the current Intercoastal rates result in a combined water and sewer bill of \$54.64 per month. If growth occurs as projected, rates could begin to decrease in 2003 and subsequent years of the forecast period such that this bill could decrease to approximately \$36.84 by 2009.

Q.

A.

- 3
- 4
- 5 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21
- 22
- 23
- 24

- considered any scenarios that assumed that actual growth occurs at a rate that is lower than
  - projected?

You mentioned that these conclusions assumed that growth would occur as projected. Have you

- Yes. In order to test the sensitivity of these conclusions to variability in actual growth from
- projected growth, Exhibit MB-1 presents an alternative analysis assuming that capital projects
- continue to be sized according to the original projected growth but that actual growth occurs at a
- level equal to one-half of the projected growth. Based upon this analysis, Exhibit MB-1 shows that
- Intercoastal would still not require any rate increases over the forecast period. Furthermore, if
- growth in the requested service area occurs at only one-half of projected growth, Exhibit MB-1
- indicates that Intercoastal's rates could still decrease as much as 19.1% by 2009.
- Converting this to the impact upon the average residential customer's bill shows that the current
- average water and sewer bill of \$54.64 per month could decrease to approximately \$44.21 by 2009
- even if growth actually occurs at only one half of the projected growth.
- Did you analyze any other assumptions with regard to growth? Q.
- A. Yes. Although not included in Exhibit MB-1, I ran the model assuming that actual growth occurs
  - at only 25% of the projected growth. Even with only 25% of the projected growth, Intercoastal's
  - rates still would not increase and could possibly be reduced by as much as 9%, or to \$49.75 per
    - month by 2009.
  - My conclusion with regard to this analysis is that the awarding to Intercoastal of the extension of
  - service area requested, and implementation of the Conceptual Master Plan to meet projected
  - demands in the extended service area, will not cause rates to increase. Furthermore, the analysis
  - in Exhibit MB-1 indicates th/at, all other things being equal, Intercoastal's rates could possibly
  - decrease during the period of implementation of the Conceptual Master Plan.
- Q. Will you please tell the Commissioners the bases for this conclusion?
- 25 A. Intercoastal is an existing utility with approximately 5,500 water customers (ERCs) and 2,800

sewer customers (ERCs). As such, it is already covering all of its allowable fixed costs, including all utility administrative and overhead costs, in its current rates. If Intercoastal is awarded the extension of its service area, it will then be able to increase the size of its customer base, yet many of its fixed costs will not increase proportionately, and some will not increase at all. This will allow these costs to be spread over a larger base of customers, resulting in a lower unit cost for each customer. Furthermore, this benefit will also positively effect Intercoastal's current customers as any rate adjustments will also apply to them.

- Q. In summary, please tell the Commissioners what, in your opinion, will be the effect on existing and future customers if Intercoastal's application is granted.
- A. In my opinion, if Intercoastal's application is granted, Intercoastal's rates will experience downward pressure and Exhibit MB-1 shows that Intercoastal's rates in 2009 could possibly be from 19.1% to 32.6% lower than its current rates (depending upon actual growth), primarily due to the economies of scale that Intercoastal will realize as an existing utility with a current customer base. Therefore, I believe that Intercoastal's customers, current and future, could receive water and sewer service at no more than, and at possibly a lower cost than, Intercoastal is providing those services for today.
- Q. Are there other considerations that could cause rates not to decrease to the levels shown in Exhibit MB-1?
- A. Yes. If growth occurs at lower levels than projected or assumed, rates would not decrease as much as shown in Exhibit MB-1. However, even when growth is assumed to occur at extremely low levels, such as 25% of the original projections, Intercoastal's rates will still not increase and even with this lower level of assumed actual growth, rate decreases of as much as approximately 9% could result by 2009.

Also, if regulatory requirements cause additional capital or operations and maintenance (O&M) expenses to be incurred, the favorable rate impacts calculated in Exhibit MB-1 could be reduced.

However, such regulatory requirements would affect whoever the utility provider is for that service area. That is why we isolated our analysis to only those costs that would be incurred to meet the service demands projected in the requested service area.

- Q. Have you been able to compare Intercoastal's proposal to that of Nocatee Utility Corporation (NUC) at this point?
- A. Only in a conceptual way.
- Q. Please explain.
  - A. NUC has not filed its direct testimony so there is no plan of service to evaluate. However, NUC will be a new utility with no existing customer base. All other things being equal, that fact alone will cause the actual cost per ERC for NUC to provide service to be greater than Intercoastal's costs per ERC because Intercoastal will realize economies of scale due to its existing customers that will be passed on in reduced rate pressure or possibly lower rates.

Therefore, I believe that if NUC's cost of service are similar to Intercoastal's costs, Intercoastal will be able to have lower rates than NUC over the long-term. NUC may be able to commit to competitive rates in the short-term, because they may be willing to subsidize the utility to facilitate development of their lands in the service area. However, at some point, the Commission will be compelled to award cost-based rates, and NUCs rates will be higher than Intercoastal's rates would be because NUC does not have an existing customer base, whereas Intercoastal's existing customer base will allow it to realize significant economies of scale in its rates.

- Q. Could NUC provide service using a wholesale agreement for water and/or sewer service. If so, how would that affect your assessment of NUC's ability to provide cost effective service as compared to Intercoastal?
- A. Yes, NUC could arrange for wholesale water and/or sewer service with another utility service provider. Depending upon the wholesale rates for water and sewer service, such an arrangement may result in a lower cost of service for NUC than if they proceeded as a stand-alone utility. In

that regard, I believe that if Intercoastal were awarded the service area, Intercoastal could enter into any agreement for wholesale service that NUC could. So, if NUC bases its argument that it can provide more cost-effective service than Intercoastal upon a wholesale water and or wastewater service relationship, Intercoastal could do the same, and then all the arguments discussed earlier regarding Intercoastal's economies of scale derived from it being an existing utility with a current customer base will still be applicable in any comparative analysis with NUC.

In summary, I cannot see any scenario under which NUC can provide service with rates as low as Intercoastal can provide service.

- Q. Please explain to the Commissioners your conclusions regarding reclaimed water costs and rates as reflected in Exhibit MB-1.
- A. Exhibit MB-1 presents a forecast of the financial dynamics of the provision of reclaimed water service in the same way as it does for water and sewer service. Exhibit MB-1 shows that the proposed reclaimed water system will be self-supporting with rates in the \$9 to \$10 per ERC per month range by 2005. Economies of scale will begin to materialize in 2009 from customer growth and less rate pressure will emerge in the reclaimed water rates in subsequent years. This analysis assumes that reclaimed water rates will be set in accordance with the same rate regulations that govern water and sewer rates.
- Q. I believe that Exhibit MB-1 shows higher reclaimed water rates in 2002 through 2004. Will Intercoastal's customers have higher rates during those start-up years of the reclaimed water system?
- A. No. It is my understanding that Intercoastal would not seek full cost recovery in reclaimed water rates in the years 2002 through 2004, recognizing that some level of customer growth must occur to reach "steady state" where compensatory rates fall within a range of market acceptance. Based upon the analysis in Exhibit MB-1 it appears that this will occur in about 2005 with the rate being in the \$9 to \$10 per month per ERC range.

- Q. Do you have an opinion as to the reasonableness of this reclaimed water cost per ERC and, if so, please explain.
- Yes, I have such an opinion. I have conducted, or am currently conducting, reclaimed water financial feasibility studies and developed reclaimed water rate systems for six cities and counties in Florida within the past three years. These clients include the City of Tampa, the City of Clearwater, the City of Fort Myers, the City of Ocoee, Polk County and Orange County. Based upon my experience with these clients, the costs per ERC derived in Exhibit MB-1 for Intercoastal are within the ranges that I have seen and would expect for like facilities.
- Q. In your opinion, does Intercoastal have the financial ability to continue to provide service in its existing service area?
- A. Yes.
- Q. In your opinion does Intercoastal have the financial strength to undertake its proposed expansion?
- A. Yes. Intercoastal has demonstrated its ability to meet the demands of its service area over its history and, in fact, has just completed a major improvement to its wastewater treatment facilities. I have no reason to believe that Intercoastal will not be able to continue to operate its current and future utility facilities or to fund required expansions to meet the demands of its current and requested service area.
- Q. Based on your familiarity with Intercoastal, in your opinion, what is the projected impact on the utility's capital structure of Intercoastal's proposal?
- A. I believe that awarding of this application to ICU and implementation of the proposed Conceptual Master Plan will allow ICU to continue to maintain a viable level of investment in the utility, and will enable Intercoastal to further improve on its already favorable history of obtaining low cost capital. This is true in part because Intercoastal's increased size and expected growth will result in an increase in the markets for capital that are available to it and, therefore, will allow Intercoastal to continue to obtain low cost capital and possibility to realize a decrease in the cost of money to

fund such growth.

2 3

4

A.

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

- Q. Does Exhibit MB-1 set forth a statement regarding the projected impact of the extension on the utility's monthly rates and service availability charges?
  - Yes. As discussed earlier in my testimony, implementation of the proposed Conceptual Master Plan will not cause rates to increase and will actually result in reduced rate pressure due to the economies of scale of Intercoastal's current customer base. If growth occurs as projected, Intercoastal may be able to lower its rates by as much as 32.6% by 2009, and if growth occurs at one-half of the levels assumed in Exhibit MB-1, Intercoastal may be able to lower its rates by 19.1% by 2009. Furthermore, I analyzed another scenario using the model for Exhibit MB-1 that assumed that actual growth will be only 25% of projected growth and, even with that low growth assumption, Intercoastal may still be able to lower its rates by as much as 9% by 2009. I believe that this demonstrates that under any reasonable assumptions regarding growth, no rate increases will be required by Intercoastal due to awarding of the expanded service area.
  - With regard to service availability charges, Exhibit MB-1 assumes that Intercoastal would maintain its current service availability charges of \$234.45 and \$625.20 for water and sewer respectively. Exhibit MB-1 also shows that the level of CIAC as a percent of utility plant in service will be approximately 65% and 62% for water and sewer respectively by 2009. FPSC regulations restrict that percentage to 75%. Therefore, it appears that maintaining the current service availability charges is a reasonable assumption because it would not cause the percentage of CIAC to exceed the FPSC ceiling, yet it is close enough to the ceiling to be considered compensatory at the current levels.
- In your opinion, are the projections and opinions reflected in Exhibit MB-1 reasonable and Q. obtainable by Intercoastal?
- Yes. I should point out, however, that the assumptions regarding growth in the expanded service A. area west of the Intracoastal Waterway were provided by NUC and other smaller developers in the

area. Intercoastal will not be able to exert influence over whether those levels of growth are actually achieved. However, we have evaluated the proforma results with more conservative growth assumptions equaling only one half and one quarter of the growth rate assumed in Exhibit MB-1 and the results show that even with the same capital improvement program designed to meet the demands of the full growth projections, no increases in Intercoastal's rates will be required with the lower growth assumptions.

- Q. In your opinion, are the financial and capital representations in Intercoastal's application reasonable and obtainable by Intercoastal?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Does that conclude your prefiled testimony?
- A. Yes.

BY MR. DETERDING:

Q And, Mr. Burton, if you would, please provide a brief summary of your testimony.

A Yes. We were retained by Intercoastal Utilities to develop -- to determine what kind of effect the economies of scale may have in the implications with regard to their rates as they go out into the future. We developed a model, a predictive long-term model, that actually had two intents. One was to be used on an ongoing basis by the utility for planning, and the other was to support this service area case. Most of the focus became on the service area case, and so it never was actually yet brought into a user friendly type of a model, but nonetheless, that was the original intent.

What it does is, it takes all the dynamics with regard to utility ratemaking, not necessarily as if you were applying for rates in a rate case. Some of the calculations, as I mentioned earlier, when you're doing a predicted model like this that's going out into the future, oftentimes you will use the surrogate for a calculation. It's maybe not be the exact calculation, but it gives you an answer that's essentially the same answer.

We replaced those that we had in there to start with with more precise numbers. And what we're doing is predicting what the allowed return will be in each year based upon recapitulated cost of capital, and we're predicting what the

achieved return would be. And the model has the ability to adjust the rate revenues to achieve the allowed return, or we can override the model and keep the revenues at a level that they are to avoid rates to have to go up and down to have a more level rate plan. And over a period of time that ends in 2004 or 2005 depending upon what scenario you're in, the utility will be accepting lower returns than it would be allowed, much as Nocatee would be accepting lower returns in that period than what's being allowed -- than their allowed return would have been -- would be on a normal ratemaking process because they set their rates at 80 percent, and therefore, they are not recovering their costs during that period.

A major conclusion of the analysis is that implementation of Intercoastal's master plan to serve Nocatee will not cause rates to increase, and in fact, rate reductions are indicated beginning in or around 2004 or 2005 depending upon what scenario you're looking at in our model.

In the direct testimony, we looked at growth, and we determined at that time that the rates would be as much as -- could be reduced by as much as 32 percent by 2009. I think in MB-3 that number is 44 percent, but at any rate, if you reduce the growth to half, the 32 percent would go to 19 percent reductions. And if you reduce the growth to a quarter, the 19 percent reductions would go to 9 percent reductions. So we

did a sensitivity analysis on growth to determine how sensitive it is, which brings me to the next point. In our testimony, we said this is possible because of economies of scale relative to this growth. And I think this is an important thing. Part of this whole thing is the believability. Why is this believable? I mean, I don't know if you sat and looked at it, how long -- it takes a lot to go through it.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Intercoastal is going through a tremendous growth spurt, if you allow this service area to come in. And I'm going to read you numbers that are in the documents, but it's really MB-3 type numbers instead of MB-1 type numbers. The water ERCs are going to more than double. They are going to go from 5,763 to 12,091 from 2000 to 2009. The sewer ERCs are going to more than triple. They are going to go from 2.857 to -- I believe the number is 9.328, but they're basically going to triple. I have a graph of this that shows just what is in the report. It shows the percentage increases; that's also in the report. For the convenience of the Commission, if you'd like, I'd be happy to have copies -- I'd be happy to provide it to you. But what it shows is down on the bottom, Intercoastal was going along with -- somewhere in the neighborhood of 9 percent growth on sewer and 4.6 percent growth on water. Then over this intervening period while the service area is building out on the eastern side and Nocatee is beginning on the western side, they get what for most utilities I would call pretty astronomical growth. The sewer system is growing anywhere from 13 to 22 percent a year, and the water system is growing in double digits. This is an incredible shot of revenue to this utility over this period of time. That revenue comes with very minor marginal cost increases, except for the addition of capital to execute the plan.

The addition of capital finds its way into the ratemaking equation, if you will, in a very diluted fashion also in that depreciation as an O&M expense is diluted by the term of the depreciation period. So it's coming in on pennies on the dollar relative to the actual capital cost, and in terms of the return, it's coming in the same way. It's a small amount relative to the actual capital costs that are being expended. So the utility is experiencing a very, very unusual situation with regard to its growth. It has management infrastructure costs that can be spread now over many more customers, so it benefits everyone.

And I think that one difference here is with the wholesale arrangement with -- that Nocatee has. They don't achieve the same economies of scale. JEA may as it passes through to them through their rate, but JEA is a very, very large utility, and this level of growth is not going to affect JEA that much. We did the same analysis for reclaimed water and predicted what the reclaimed water rates would be on an ERC basis. And I think that summarizes that testimony.

MR. DETERDING: We tender the witness for cross. 1 2 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Melson. 3 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. MELSON: 4 5 Mr. Burton, let me start just with some general 6 background. Most of your utility experience is with public 7 utilities, and by that, I mean governmental utilities. Is that 8 a fair statement? 9 Α The majority of it is. 10 The majority of it is. Your experience with 0 11 ratemaking for private utilities comes primarily from the time period when you were a consultant to the St. Johns County Water 12 13 and Sewer Authority, and reviewed on their behalf rate filings 14 by utilities subject to their jurisdiction; is that right? 15 That's when I had the most extensive involvement. I Α 16 have been involved prior to that, though, in utility -- in rate 17 matters relative to the utility approach to ratemaking. 18 And, in fact, the primary utility whose rate filings 0 19 and annual reports you reviewed while you were a consultant 20 with the St. Johns County Water and Sewer Authority were 21 Intercoastal rate filings; is that correct? 22 I guess if you characterize that as primary, it Α 23 probably is correct. Intercoastal had a full rate case back in 24 the early '90s, I believe, when I first started serving the 25 Authority. In the last case while I was there was

1	Intercoastal's limited proceeding with regard to their	
2	wastewater rate. There was a number of filings by other	
3	utilities, none of which were as big or as noteworthy as those.	
4	Q Was there ever another full revenue requirements rate	
5	case other than the one Intercoastal rate case?	
6	A No.	
7	Q The only time before today that you've testified	
8	before this Commission was in a service availability charge	
9	dispute where you testified on behalf of a developer; is that	
10	correct?	
11	A That's true.	
12	Q Just to be clear, you have never prepared MFRs for a	
13	regulated utility; is that correct?	
14	A I have not prepared them, but I have reviewed them.	
15	Q And that was at the Water and Sewer Authority?	
16	A Yes.	
17	Q And that was and when I say "full MFRs," that	
18	would have been the one prior Intercoastal rate case that you	
19	reviewed?	
20	A Yes.	
21	Q And you have never prepared a used and useful	
22	analysis for a regulated utility; is that correct?	
23	A I'm not an engineer. The answer is, no, I'm not an	
24	engineer, no. So I have not.	
25	Q And you have never prepared an annual report for a	

1 | regulated utility; is that correct?

A I have not. I have reviewed annual reports submitted to the Authority.

Q Now, if I understand in general the purpose of Exhibit MB-3, your financial analysis and its predecessors, it was to predict the results that Intercoastal Utilities would report on an annual report to a regulatory authority if it's granted the certificate expansion requested in this case; is that right?

A As closely as possible in the predictive model, yes.

Q You have not done a similar analysis saying what Intercoastal's results would be if it's simply operated for the next ten years in its existing service territory; is that correct?

A I have not.

Q And your attempt in preparing this analysis was to reflect ratemaking principles that would be applied by the Public Service Commission as closely as you could; is that right?

A Principles that would determine whether the utility was overearning or not and whether there should be a need to lower rates or, conversely, was underearning, and over a long period of time, the need to raise rates.

Q Now, in your testimony and in your exhibit, you compare Intercoastal's existing rates or rates as they might

exist in the future to Nocatee Utility Corporation's proposed rates; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And it's your testimony that the Commission ought to look at 10,000 gallons per day as sort of a level at which those rate comparisons are done; is that right?

A It's the Commission's pleasure to look at whatever they think is appropriate. We believe that 10,000 gallons is at least reasonable in that service area based upon the bill frequency analysis that we did in one of the subdivisions that is in the eastern area, almost to the Intracoastal Waterway, which we believe has homes similar in type and usage characteristics that would probably be similar. In that I think that showed -- I think it was in my deposition -- somewhere in the neighborhood of 18 thousands gallons a month average. And when you looked at the distribution, it showed a significant amount of water usage in the high ranges.

The Nocatee engineering documents, as I understand them, coming from Mr. Miller, assumed a 10,000-gallon average, and so, therefore, we felt like that was probably a reasonable number to use for representative impacts.

Q Was that a yes?

A I think I said yes to start with, and then I explained it.

Q I forgot. I'm sorry. And you indicated that usage

in the -- did I understand that you indicated that water usage in the portion of Intercoastal's service territory that you think may be most comparable to the type of development to be seen in Nocatee, you had some figures over a three-month period that averaged about 18,500 gallons a month?

A I can pull the exhibit out. If you've got it there and you know that's the right number -- and I'm a little confused. I guess since we're at MB-3, we're kind of going over -- that was not in my direct testimony. That was in other testimony. I don't have any problem talking about it, but --

- Q Let's take your MB-3, and let's turn to Page 3 of it.
- A I have that testimony, Mr. Melson, if you want me to verify the 18,500.
  - Q Actually, the 18,000 appears in your MB-3.
  - A Oh, it does.
- Q So I think we're going to be able to do most of this just using the one book. And it is the page with the printed number 3 and the handwritten number 5.
  - A I don't have a -- you're not talking to me, are you?
- Q I'm talking to whoever is trying to find it. I try to give both numbers because I understand we all have the handwritten number, and you have only the printed numbers. If you'd review the paragraph right below the pictures just for a moment, and I'll repeat my question.

MR. DETERDING: What page are you on?

1 MR. MELSON: Page 3 or handwritten number 5. 2 MR. DETERDING: Thank you. 3 I'm there. I'm sorry, I thought I told you I was Α 4 there. 5 Okay. And essentially, you were looking in 6 Intercoastal's existing service territory for single family homes that you thought might be comparable to those that will 7 8 be in the Nocatee development; is that right? 9 Α Yes. 10 And over the three months ending January 31, 2000, 0 you determined they had used an average of 18,590 gallons per 11 12 month; is that right? 13 Α Yes. Now. Intercoastal does not offer residential reuse 14 15 today: is that correct? It's my understanding that they don't. Quite 16 17 frankly. I don't believe they do, but I'm not the definitive 18 answer on that. I don't believe they do though. Okay. Well. do you understand from your financial 19 0 analysis for the Nocatee development that Nocatee will have a 20 21 separate reuse system for irrigation? 22 Α Yes. I do. And did you perform any analysis to determine how 23 0 24 much of this 15,590 gallon per month demand represented 25 irrigation demand that would be met by a reuse system in the

Nocatee development?

- A You mean the 18,590? You said 15,000.
- Q I'm sorry. 18,590. I misspoke.

A No. But we believe that the assumption of ten is a reasonable number. It would provide that, and it's my understanding that the assumption of ten in Nocatee was for potable usage.

Q Yes, sir. I guess I'm only concerned because you in your text on Page 5, you describe 10,000 gallons per month as doubly conservative. I'm trying to figure out whether it's doubly conservative or whether it represents a reasonable estimate given the fact that Nocatee will not have potable water demand for irrigation, whereas Intercoastal's existing service territory does.

A Well, as Mr. Doug Miller said, maybe that wasn't very artfully stated. Doubly conservative should be something that maybe you'd put in quotes and say that's for the reader to determine. I believe it's a conservative number based upon the analysis we've seen out there and based upon what Nocatee's engineers have put on the table as their planning criteria. And that's basically what we ended up pinning it to was the planning criteria of Nocatee, the 10,000 gallons.

Q Let's turn, if you would, to the page with the printed number 6 and the handwritten number 8. And at the top of that page, you compare monthly water and sewer bill with

10,000 gallon per month usage between Intercoastal's plan and Nocatee's plan; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Would you agree that on the Nocatee side of that table, that would need to be updated to reflect the correction that Ms. Swain made to her wastewater rate?

A I would agree it needs to be updated. I guess it depends on what the late-filed exhibits show after Ms. Swain's testimony the other evening. It seemed that Staff had a number of items that needed to be changed. So whatever that rate turns out to be after -- I was not able to hear everything very clearly, but whatever the final rate is, is the rate that ought to be in there, not the rate that's in there.

Q And let me ask you this. In fact, this table does not even reflect the impact of the final NUC/JEA agreement; is that correct? These were earlier rates --

A You know what? I'm not sure what the final JEA agreement was. How many different amendments have there been? I just don't know. I know that we tried to incorporate the latest agreement in each exhibit. And I, right here, don't know. Is this where the JEA lowered their rate?

Q Let me ask you this. This table speaks as of June 2nd, 2000, which is the date on the cover of your report; is that right?

A Yes.

Q To the extent -- if the JEA agreement was finalized after June 2nd of 2000, then your table by its very nature could not reflect the impact of that agreement. Would you agree with that?

A If that's the case, that's true.

Q Now, the back part of Exhibit MB-3 under Tabs 1, 2 and 3 is a series of spreadsheets that present both the results and some of the inputs to your financial analysis; is that right?

A Yes.

Q And you have provided NUC with an electronic copy of the spreadsheets, both these spreadsheets and some additional spreadsheets that feed into these; is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q And that copy was provided only after the Prehearing Officer entered an order compelling Intercoastal to produce it; is that correct?

A That's my understanding.

Q And the electronic spreadsheets that you provided were in read-only password protected form; is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q And that means that NUC could not use those spreadsheets to test the effect of different assumptions; is that correct?

A That's correct. It was my understanding that we were

to provide the spreadsheets so that you could view them. 1 2 And it also meant that NUC could not test the effect 3 of changes to the model logic; is that correct? 4 Α That's true. 5 And just to be clear, you didn't supply NUC with the 0 6 password, did you? 7 I did not. Α 8 And at your deposition on advice of counsel, you 0 9 declined at that point to provide the password; is that 10 correct? 11 No, we didn't provide you the password at the Α deposition. I don't remember the actual dynamics of that. 12 No. 13 you have not been provided the password. 14 And before I get into the numbers, I want to go just 15 a minute to how you got from MB-3 as it sits in front of the 16 Commission to the corrected numbers that you testified to 17 verbally this morning. When did you complete the corrections 18 to Exhibit MB-3? 19 They were substantially completed when we filed Α 20 the -- just bear with me one moment. 21 The additional rebuttal testimony? 0 22 Is that what it was called? Yes. It was 23 substantially complete when we did that, and then there were

maybe one or two little minor things that were made since then,

but it was substantially complete at that time. It was

24

25

complete to the point where it was submitted as part of the --1 2 Well, the entire document was not submitted as an 3 attachment to that additional rebuttal: is that correct? 4 It was not, you're right. Are you aware of how much -- are you aware that 5 0 6 earlier in this proceeding Ms. Swain discovered a correction that needed to be made to one of her exhibits and filed 7 8 testimony outlining that change? 9 Her additional direct testimony? Yes, I am. 10 And do you recall how long the other parties were 0 11 given to analyze that single change and to file responsive 12 testimony to it? 13 I don't recall. Α 14 Would you accept, subject to check, that it was two Q 15 weeks? 16 Α Yes. At least two weeks. And you have not provided a copy 17 0 of your updated exhibit or any of the specific corrections to 18 any of the parties or to the Commission Staff prior to your 19 taking the witness stand today; is that right? 20 21 We provided in our testimony, the additional 22 rebuttal -- is that the name of it -- that was not accepted, an 23 output of the model. And I believe we would have been prepared 24 to provide the disk and the printouts had that been desired 25 also at that time.

1	Q Well, you provided an output that went you
2	provided an output that included both corrections and
3	additional
4	A That's true.
5	Q rate reductions?
6	A That's true. My point is, we weren't holding it back
7	from anyone. We thought that was the valid way to submit it
8	and get it in the record, and so we took the action which
9	seemed to be the appropriate action to take at that point.
.0	Q Now, if I understand correctly, Exhibit MB-3 contains
.1	four scenarios for water and wastewater, and one scenario for
.2	reuse; is that correct? I may have that wrong. There may be
.3	two scenarios for reuse.
.4	A I think there's two scenarios I think reuse also
.5	has two scenarios.
.6	Q Four scenarios for water and wastewater and two
.7	scenarios for reuse.
.8	A Yes, that's right.
.9	Q And Scenario 1a is Intercoastal Utilities' plan of
20	service which includes new plants built within the Nocatee
1	development and assumes 100 percent debt financing for the
22	incremental additions; is that correct?
23	A That's correct.
24	Q And Scenario 1b is the same plan of service but with
25	a 60/40 debt equity ratio for the new improvements: is that

1 | correct?

2 A That's correct.

Q And then Scenarios 2a and 2b are scenarios under which Intercoastal I believe your term is "stands in the shoes" of NUC and provides service to the eastern service territory through a wholesale agreement with JEA; is that correct?

A Yes. It adopts that plan that Nocatee put on the table substantially.

Q All right. And that would be the plan as it existed on June 2nd, which was the date of MB-3, and would not reflect any changes to the JEA/NUC arrangement which were finalized after that date; is that correct?

A Clearly not.

Q And on the water and wastewater side, out of the four scenarios, I believe you focus primarily on Scenario 1a, which is the Intercoastal plan of service with 100 percent debt; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And, in fact, I believe you indicated during your summary that your earlier exhibits, MB-1 and MB-2, included only a 100 percent debt scenario, and that the 60/40 was added in MB-3 to provide results that might be more comparable to Nocatee's financing plan; is that right?

A I don't know if it's to be more comparable to Nocatee's financing plan. It did that, but it was also in

response to some of the testimony. I think, by Ms. Swain that was critical of the finance plan. And we put another finance plan on the table to show one thing, that it causes the rates to be higher because Intercoastal's cost of debt is lower than the cost of equity. And I would just add that to what you said, not just to be comparable to their plan but also demonstrate the impact. And as we sit here today, do you have an 

Q And as we sit here today, do you have an understanding if Intercoastal is granted the certificate which of these two scenarios represents their most likely plan of financing?

A The bottom line answer on that would be Mr. James. It's my understanding, however, that Intercoastal believes it's in the best interest of the ratepayer to adopt the 100 percent debt proposal because it has the less rate impact. But I believe that the stockholders are willing and able to step up to the table with a debt and equity proposal also. So I think that either one is a possibility, but I think that we would say we believe the ratepayers are better served by the debt, 100 percent debt alternative.

Q And when you say "the stockholders are willing and able to step up," that is not based on conversations you have had with the stockholders: is that correct?

A It's based on conversations I have had with Mr. James and Mr. Bowen.

1	Q So to find out what the stockholders are willing to
2	do, I really should be talking to one of them instead of to
3	you?
4	A Absolutely.
5	Q Now, I'm going to step through your Scenario 1a. I
6	am going to try to hop around a lot less than I did during your
7	deposition, but we still may be moving back and forth just a
8	little bit. If you would, start by turning to Figure 1 of
9	Scenario 1a, and it is hand-numbered Page 17. I'd like to
10	start on Line 4, which is allowed return. The figure
11	12.04 percent under 1999 for allowed return is Intercoastal
12	Utilities' current authorized rate of return; is that correct?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And the 7.10 percent for 2000 is your estimate of the
15	required rate of return if a rate case had been filed in that
16	year based on Intercoastal's current 100 percent debt structure
17	and its current weighted average cost of debt; is that correct?
18	A Which year?
19	Q 2000.
20	A You said 7.10?
21	Q Yes. I'm looking at allowed return on Line 4 for
22	water.
23	A I don't have the same number in this book I have. I
24	have 7.13 in this book.

MR. MELSON: Might I inquire if the Bench has  $7.10\ \text{or}$ 

25

1	7.13? You have 7.10?
2	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes, the same.
3	BY MR. MELSON:
4	Q Mr. Burton, are you in MB-3, or are you in some
5	corrected version of it?
6	A Well, one of the problems is, you are in Section 1;
7	right?
8	Q Yes.
9	A There you go. I was in Section 2. I have 7.10, the
10	same line. Sorry, I was just in the wrong section.
L1	Q Okay. Now we're on the same page, as they say.
l.2	A Now, your question was, is that
L3	Q That is your estimate of the allowed return if rates
L4	had been set in 2000 based on Intercoastal's current
L5	100 percent debt capital structure and its current weighted
L6	average cost of debt; correct?
L7	A That represents the weighted the average cost of
L8	debt, yes.
L9	Q In fact, Intercoastal didn't file a rate case in
20	2000, did they?
21	A They did not.
22	Q In fact, a rate case was scheduled to be filed on
23	May 1st of this year; is that correct?
24	A Yes, sir.
25	O And I guess that was a week ago today?

1	А	Okay. Go ahead.
2	Q	And that was a week ago today?
3	A	It was May 1st, Mr. Melson. Today is May 8th, so
4	that is a	a week, yes.
5	Q	Do you know if that rate case, in fact, was filed on
6	May 1st?	
7	Α	It was not.
8	Q	Do you know how long an extension was obtained?
9	A	I believe the extension is to June 1st, but I'm not
10	absolutel	y positive. I know it was extended.
11	Q	As we sit here today, the actual and I recognize
12	all of th	nis is a projection, but as we sit here today,
13	Intercoas	stal's authorized return is still the 12.04 percent?
14	Α	Yes, it is.
15	Q	Now, if you continue across Line 4, you see that the
16	7.10 perc	ent goes down in 2000. It looks like it may go down
17	by roundi	ng in 2005, but then makes another change, it goes
18	down agai	n in 2007; is that correct?
19	Α	It goes down in 2000, you said, or 2002?
20	Q	I'm sorry. 2002
21	A	Yes, it does.
22	Q	and 2007.
23	Α	Yes, it does.
24	Q	And that's because there are major plant additions in
25	those yea	rs that are financed with 100 percent debt at a rate

1 that is slightly below your current weighted average cost of 2 debt; is that correct? 3 Α Yes. 4 I want to understand a little bit about the logic of 0 5 Figure 1, and for that purpose, I want to focus to begin with 6 just on Lines 1 through 8, which is water. And I know you 7 prefer looking at the combined results, and we'll get to those in a minute. Line 2, the rate plan, shows the percent change 8 9 from year to year in water rate levels; is that right? 10 That's true. 11 If I read it correctly, it shows no water rate change 0 until the year 2009 and a 1.4 percent water rate increase in 12 that year; is that right? 13 14 Α That's true. And if we look at Line 5, the average monthly cost 15 0 per ERC, I take it that means the average bill for a 16 17 10,000-gallon customer? Yeah. Actually, at the top it says, "Average Monthly 18 Cost per ERC assumes 10,000 Gallons per Month Average Water 19 20 Usage per ERC." 21 But that's not a cost to the utility, that's the cost 22 to the customer, the rate to the customer? 23 Yes, it is. That's the customer's bill, it's Α 24 supposed to represent.

25

0

And the \$15.81 for 1999 is a current Intercoastal FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	rate; correct?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And just as the rate plan shows zero percent changes
4	in rates until 2009, that 15.81 is shown here to remain
5	constant until 2009 when it goes up to 16.03; correct?
6	A Yes.
7	Q Now, can you tell me as a result of all of the
8	corrections you discussed this morning what that 16.03 becomes?
9	I think you gave us what the total water and wastewater became,
10	but I didn't get a breakdown for the water and the sewer.
11	A It becomes 18.39.
12	Q 18.39?
13	A Right.
14	Q And while you've got that open, can you tell me what
15	the 42.84 for wastewater becomes?
16	A 43.71.
17	Q 43.71. And then the total of those down on Line
18	21 changes from 58.87 to?
19	A To 62.10.
20	Q 62.10. Thank you. Now, if we look at Line 3, we can
21	see the effect that holding rates constant through 2009 or
22	through 2008, excuse me, has on the utility's achieved return
23	in each of those years; is that correct?
24	A Yes.
25	Q And if I read this correctly, from the year 2000

through the year 2008 on the water side, holding that rate constant means the utility earns in each year less than it would be authorized if its rates were sort of set instantaneously and reflected a fair rate of return in each year?

A Yes.

- Q And if we wanted to know what the dollar amount of that shortfall was, we could calculate that by subtracting the achieved return on Line 6 from the allowed return on Line 7; is that right?
  - A If you wanted to know the dollar amount of what?
- Q The dollar amount of the -- the dollar amount by which you underearned the authorized rate of return.
  - A Yes.
- Q Are you aware that Intercoastal had committed to file a conservation rate for water in its upcoming rate case?
  - A Yes.
- Q In your judgment, is a rate for water that is priced below the cost to serve is something that you would call a conservation rate?

A No, it was not intended to be a representation of what the actual water rates would be. I need to interject at this point to explain that answer, and I'm going to follow up on something you said earlier. You said I like to focus on the bottom water and sewer together, because in this projection

what we were trying to do was focus on the overall return, recognizing that at any point in this time that if Intercoastal was called for a rate case, or went for a rate case, it would be a reallocation of cost, which, in fact, we did in our additional rebuttal submittal, which was rejected. We did reallocate the cost between water and sewer to try to reflect that more accurately.

But for the purposes of projecting the overall impact, is what we were getting at here, to the utility payer in general, water and sewer customer together, whether its allocated between water or sewer, we focussed on the combined effect given that the water rate gets back to a compensatory number with a very small increase at the end. But it's not intended to be a, quote, ratemaking document to say that we're not asking for rate approval on any of this. This was not, as I understand it, part of our minimum filing requirements. What we're doing is trying to give the reader a general sense of what pressures will be acting upon Intercoastal's rates over this time period in the aggregate up or down.

Q All right. I'm now prepared to move to the water and sewer combined section which you would like to talk about. Let's move down to Line 17 through 24. If we compare Line 19, achieved return, to Line 20, allowed return, we can see that the rate plans for water and sewer on a combined basis produce less than the allowed rate of return beginning in 2000 and

1	running through 2003; correct?	
2	A Yes.	
3	Q Actually, running through 2004, although it is pretty	
4	close in 2004.	
5	A Yes.	
6	Q I believe that during your deposition, we did the	
7	math which is essentially subtracting Line 22 from Line 23 for	
8	each of those years and calculate a shortfall from the	
9	four-year period 2000 through 2003 of about \$1,909,000. Do you	
10	recall that?	
11	A If you say we did it in our deposition, we must have	
12	I don't recall.	
13	Q Would you accept, subject to check, that if you do	
14	that math, you came up with a shortfall of approximately	
15	\$1.9 million?	
16	A Sure, subject to check, I'll accept that.	
17	Q And to the extent that the rates produce that	
18	shortfall in those years, those are dollars that would never	
19	get made up in the future; is that right?	
20	A A return that won't get made up in the future. They	
21	reflect return.	
22	Q Those are dollars of return that the utility is	
23	foregoing, and those dollars would never be recaptured at some	
24	future point?	
25	A That return will never be recaptured, that's true.	

1 It's very similar to -- if Intercoastal had decided to create a 2 new utility on the western side and set rates at 80 percent, 3 just like Nocatee did. There's a period of time when you are 4 not achieving a compensatory rate. Intercoastal has an 5 existing utility. It chose to file for an application for extension of their service area, but was recognizing the fact 6 7 that a similar type of a, quote, investment, if you will, would 8 be appropriate. And that's what that represents. Very similar 9 to what Nocatee endures until they get up to 80 percent 10 capacity.

Q You would agree with me, wouldn't you, that Nocatee's proposed rates were prepared in accordance with the Commission's policy for newly certificated utilities?

A I sure would.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Q And you would agree --

A Well, subject to the corrections that I believe Staff was talking about.

Q And you would agree that setting rates that produces -- that are designed to produce a fair rate of return when Phase I of the utility system is 80 percent built out is the Commission's policy for newly certificated utilities; correct?

A Yes.

Q And that is not a policy that is ordinarily applied in rate cases for existing utilities. Would you agree with

1 | that?

A I don't think I ever suggested it was. No, I would agree with you.

Q Now, if we look on the sewer rate plan at Line 10, if I'm reading this correctly, it shows rate reductions in four out of the five years beginning in 2005; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And you're not aware, I take it, of any other utility that's ever filed for rate decreases in four out of five successive years?

A I am not, but I am also not aware of a utility that is facing the prospect of the astronomical type growth that Intercoastal would be facing over this time period either.

Q But the assumption that you made for modeling purposes was to show rate reductions in four out of the five years?

A What the model shows is that there would be pressures that would cause the rates to have to be reduced, not that Intercoastal would necessarily volunteer to reduce them, but that they would have to. If the dynamics happen the way they happen, then they would not be able to earn more than their allowed return. In order to do that, there would have to be reductions in rates. It could be a combination -- it could be what we have right there, or it could be a combination of adjustments to the water or the sewer, but in the bottom line,

what we were focussing on was the adjustment to the aggregate water and sewer rates that would have to be done in order to not exceed the allowed return.

Q And on a combined basis, it shows reductions in four out of five years, beginning in 2005; correct?

A It does, yes.

Q Now, just to be clear, the rate plans for water and sewer on Lines 1 and 10 are numbers that are hardwired into the model, is that correct, they are inputs?

A You mean 2 and 10?

Q I'm sorry, 2 and 10, yes, sir.

A You know, there's actually two lines in the model. There's a line right above it where you can hardwire the rates, and if there's a number up there, what's in the yellow panel will pull that number in. If there's no number up there, the yellow panel will calculate the increase. I know that the yellow panels in 2009 are not hardwired. They are calculating the rate adjustments necessary to achieve the return. I'm also fairly positive that the rest of these are probably hardwired. Some of the years may not be, but because the achieved return doesn't exactly match the allowed return in any one of those other years, it's probably because it's hardwired, and we got very close to the return by the rate that was hardwired and didn't match it exactly.

Q Let me ask this: The model is capable of calculating

a rate plan for each year which reflects what rate adjustment up or down would be required to bring you exactly to a fair rate of return; correct?

A Yes, it is.

Q You did not use that feature in the Figure 1 that's presented in your Exhibit MB-3?

A No, because that wasn't the intent. The intent was to show what would happen if Intercoastal made a similar investment to Nocatee and held their rates constant except at lower returns. And initially, we would see and what would happen, would they ever come down to that level? And as it turns out, they do, and it's 2004 where they get almost equal, and then they are able to be less in 2005.

Q And just to recap, up through 2004, they have foregone about \$1.9 million in revenues; correct?

A Whatever the number is.

Q Now, I'm going to ask you to jump for a moment to Figure 14 again in the same section. And I believe that's handwritten Page 33; 14 is a six-page exhibit. I'm looking at Page 1 of 6, which is page number 33. Now, if we look at the second column from the left, it appears to be labeled "original loan amount." Do you see that column?

A Yes, I do.

Q If we look at Lines 15 through 26, those represent additional borrowings in the years indicated; is that correct?

1	
2	
3	7
4	a
5	j
6	
7	
8	
9	t
10	
11	
12	
13	p
14	j
15	j
16	
17	I
18	

20

21

22

23

24

25

A Yes.

Q And I believe what you told us earlier was that -let me ask this: Were the 2000 borrowings different than the
amount shown here, and is that what resulted in the difference
in the first year loan balance for First Union?

A I'm sorry, what now?

Q Okay.

A No. The loan balance from First Union is not down in that part.

Q All right.

A It's in the top part.

Q My understanding -- let me ask you this: On a projection basis in MB-3, isn't it true that the 2000 number, it looks like 1.9 million -- my copy is very hard to read. Is it 1.877 million next to the year 2000?

A Yes, I believe it is. Mine is hard to read too, but I believe that's the number.

Q Okay. And that was intended to be the additional borrowings from First Union during the year 2000 for either water or wastewater treatment plant additions that took place during that year; correct?

A I'm not sure if that's First Union. That wasn't the loan that I was talking about we corrected.

Q Okay.

A There's two things here. Let me just make sure we

understand. On this schedule at the top, Line 1 is the First Union Bank loan. If you look over in '99, the first -- right under the beginning of the underlining, right next to interest rate, to the right of it, it says "beginning balance," and it's 3.835 million. That's the number that was wrong, and it needed to be -- it needed to be the number I said in my corrections, which was more than 4 million. Just one moment, and I'll tell you the exact number, 4,354,000.

The one you're looking at on Line 17 would be associated with any capital that is in the plan, in the plan of service, that Mr. Miller provided and his input into this model on the capital improvement program page that would need to be funded.

Q All right. Staying --

A And that would be affected by the increase in the water plant, I believe. Let me make sure. That's 2000. Is that 2000? Yes, that would be affected by that increase in the water plant. I believe it happens in 2000.

Q When you say "increase in the water plant," that was the increase in the -- I'm going to call it installed cost of the water plant versus the estimate of the water plant cost; correct?

A Yes, in the eastern service area.

Q In the eastern service territory. Do you know whether that was a project that was constructed for

1	Intercoastal by JAX Utilities Management?
2	A I don't know the answer to that.
3	Q Was the \$1.5 million estimate that you got, an
4	estimate provided to you by Intercoastal?
5	A I believe it was provided by Ms. Ellen Tilley.
6	Q She is an employee of JAX Utilities Management?
7	A I don't know. I know Ms. Tilley handles the
8	financial matters for Intercoastal with regard to input to us.
9	I have not seen her paycheck. I don't know who she actually is
10	employed by.
11	Q Okay. Well, whoever she's employed by, she gave you
12	both the projected cost of the water treatment plant and the
13	final installed cost; correct?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And do you know whether that water treatment plant
16	improvement was constructed by JAX Utilities Management?
17	A I don't know who constructed it.
18	Q And now, if we look at lines the lines and I'm
19	not going to try to do the line numbers. The year 2002 and the
20	year 2007, those include additional borrowings, what looks to
21	be \$12.8 million, give or take, and 8 is it 8.3?
22	A What page are you on?
23	Q I'm still on Figure 14, Page 1 of 6 under the
24	original loan amount column.
25	A Okay You're going down the page.

1	Q	Going down the page. 2002 appears to be roughly
2	12.8 mill	ion?
3	Α	Yes.
4	Q	And can you read me the number for 2007?
5	Α	It's either 8.2 or 9.2. I can't read it probably any
6	better th	an you.
7	Q	I thought it was 8.2, so that's close enough for
8	governmen	t work.
9	A	I would have to check the CIP and see if you know,
10	if you th	ink it's 8.2 you'd have to do what? I didn't hear
11	you.	
12		COMMISSIONER JABER: I wouldn't go there.
13		MR. MELSON: Excuse me. It's close enough for
14	Intercoas	tal Utility work.
15		MR. DETERDING: I wouldn't go there either.
16		COMMISSIONER JABER: That's okay.
17	BY MR. ME	LSON:
18	Q	And if I then move to the right of those numbers to
19	the inter	est rate column, that shows an assumed interest cost
20	of 6.5 pe	rcent; is that correct?
21	Α	Yes.
22	Q	And that rate is lower than the current First Union
23	rate whic	h is shown up on Line 1 of 7.27 percent; is that
24	right?	
25	l 🛕	Yes it is

1 0 Do you know why the new debt is assumed to be cheaper 2 than the existing debt? The source of the new debt number was Mr. James, who 3 Α 4 is, I assume, the one who works the things out with his banking 5 relationships. And he had indicated to me that that was the 6 number that he was going to be able to achieve on a 7 going-forward basis. 8 So that's a number that was given to you, not one you 0 9 provided? 10 That's right. Α Now, if I understand correctly, the figures that 11 0 12 we've just looked at, the 12.8 million and 8.3 million, represent borrowing for 100 percent of the cost of the water 13 14 treatment plant and wastewater treatment plant additions in the 15 year 2002 and expansions in the year 2007 in the western 16 service territory; is that right? 17 Yes. Α 18 And those ultimately come from numbers, costs of 0 19 those additions furnished to you by Mr. Jim Miller; is that 20 correct? 21 Α That's correct. 22 And you didn't make any changes to Mr. Jim Miller's 0 23 capital numbers, you took the numbers he gave you? 24 Α Yes, we did.

So if there was a cost he hadn't included, you didn't

25

Q

add it in somehow in your analysis? 1 2 That would be true. 3 Now, the numbers on the Page 33 that we've been 0 4 looking at do not include any borrowings for the reuse system; 5 is that right? 6 Α No, the reuse is handled in a separate exhibit. 7 0 And if you were to turn to the comparable Figure 14 8 under Tab 3 -- and that's Page 143 for those of us who have the 9 handwritten numbers -- if I read those numbers correctly. 10 that's about an additional 4.6 million in the year 2002 and 11 about an additional 1.9 million in 2007; correct? 12 Α Yes. 13 Let's go back into Scenario 1a, again, and let's jump 14 forward to Figure 18, which is on Page 42. It's labeled "Cash Flow Projections, Total Water and Sewer System." 15 16 Α I'm there. 17 All right. And this is a cash flow projection for 18 Intercoastal Utilities through 2009, assuming it gets the western service territory and the rate of growth there and that 19 20 the eastern territory matches your projections; correct? 21 Α Please repeat that, Mr. Melson. 22 0 Okay. That probably was too much in one question. 23 This is a cash flow projection assuming that Intercoastal is 24 awarded the western service territory and that it experiences 25 continued growth both in the east and in the west?

2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

1

A Yes.

Q Let's take a look at Line 26, which is annual subsidy required from stockholders, and let's look at the year 2002. If I'm reading that correctly, that means that the stockholders would have to come up out of pocket with roughly \$461,000 in that year; is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q And that's the same year, I believe, in which we had 12.8 million of borrowings just for the water and sewer system alone; is that right?

A Yes.

Q And it also shows, if you move over to the next year, that they have to come out of pocket with an additional \$204,000 in 2003; correct?

A Correct.

Q And if I understand correctly, this projects that that shareholder subsidy is then able to be paid back essentially over the next three years out of cash flow?

A That's correct.

Q And then it shows that the shareholders need to come out of pocket in the year 2008 with \$441,000 and in 2009 with \$526,000; is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q And that is after new borrowings for water and wastewater, the 8.3 million in the year 2007, subject to check?

1	Α	That's the number you just told me; right?
2	Q	Yes, sir.
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	And your projection doesn't go out far enough to say
5	when, i	f ever, this subsidy would get refunded out of cash
6	flow; co	orrect?
7	A	We took it ten years from the '99, which is at a
8	ten-year	projection.
9	Q	Now, as this exhibit stands today, it doesn't reflect
10	whether	that subsidy would be in the form of debt or equity;
11	correct?	?
12	A	That's true.
13	Q	And I believe you stated one of your corrections was
14	to assum	ne that that subsidy was in the form of debt and to
15	include	that debt in your weighted average cost of capital
16	calculat	cion; correct?
17	A	Correct.
18	Q	Can you tell me what interest you assumed on that
19	on those	e borrowings from stockholders?
20	A	Let me just check it before I tell you.
21	Q	Sure.
22	А	The same interest as the other new loans,
23	6.5 perd	cent.
24	Q	And so because your existing weighted average cost of
25	debt is	higher than 6.5. the effect of modeling that as

1 shareholder infusion of debt would actually bring down your 2 overall weighted cost of capital just a little bit: is that 3 right? 4 Because -- say that one more time. Α 5 0 Your existing weighted average cost of debt is 6 greater than 6.5 percent; correct? 7 Yes, I believe it is in each year. Α 8 So if you add more debt at 6.5 percent, that's going 0 9 to bring down the weighted average cost of capital slightly? 10 Slightly. Α 11 I want to move for a minute to figure -- excuse me. 0 12 Scenario 1b, which is your 40 percent equity, 60 percent debt 13 scenario, and ask you to turn to the comparable Figure 18. 14 which I think I'm in the right place is Page 70 of that -- of your document. 15 Now, this -- I think I asked this before, but this 16 17 60/40 scenario wasn't in your original 1b, right -- I'm -- in 18 your original exhibit --19 MB-1. Α 20 -- MB-1? 0 21 Α It was not. 22 And I believe you told me it was added in response to 0 some concerns raised by Ms. Swain's testimony regarding the use 23 24 of 100 percent debt financing?

25

Α

Yes.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

Q If we turn to the comparable Line 26 on Page 70, if I understand correctly, this requires an additional \$5 million of subsidy from shareholders in the year 2002; is that right?

A Well, that's actually -- it probably needs to be labeled more correctly. It's a combination of the total requirement of the stockholder.

Q A combination of the subsidy and putting 40 percent equity into the new project?

A Right.

Q And if we look at Line 31, I know that number goes up and down as cash flow permits it to be adjusted, but it looks like it by the year 2009 is at a \$4.3 million level; correct?

A Yes.

Q And is it fair to say looking at Line 31 that shareholders have got substantial amounts of their own money in the utility over that period?

A Yes.

Mr. Melson, at some point, I would like to take a very brief break.

Q Well, I was actually just going to suggest that to Commissioner Jacobs because I am getting ready to move from results to inputs, and I was going to suggest this was exactly the right time to take one.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Why don't we take a ten-minute break and come back? Thank you very much.

1 (Brief recess.) 2 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: We'll go back on the record. By 3 agreement of the parties, it is my understanding that we can 4 take two witnesses proffered by Sawgrass out of order at this 5 time, and we'll interrupt Mr. Burton's cross examination and 6 return to him at the conclusion of that testimony. 7 On that note, Mr. Melson, how long do you think you'll have after that for Mr. Burton? 8 9 MR. MELSON: Not as long as I've been, but longer 10 than you'd like. 11 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That sounds like a lawyer's answer. 12 MR. MELSON: I would guess 45 minutes, but it's 13 really hard to tell because the second part I've got to adopt 14 on the fly to some of the corrections he made in real time. I 15 think I can do it in about 45 minutes. 16 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. We'll hold you close to 17 that, not guite. Mr. Korn. 18 MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. We would call 19 Patricia Arenas. 20 PATRICIA ARENAS was called as a witness on behalf of Sawgrass Association, 21 22 Inc., and, having been subsequently sworn, testified as 23 follows: 24 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. KORN: 25

1	Q	Good afternoon. Could you please state your name and
2	business	address for the record.
3	А	My name is Patricia Arenas. My business address is
4	10036 Saw	grass Drive, Ponte Verda Beach, Florida 32082.
5	Q	By whom are you employed?
6	Α	May Management Services.
7	Q	What relationship does May Management Services have
8	to the Sa	wgrass Association?
9	А	We're the managing agent for the Sawgrass
10	Associati	on.
11	Q	As such, did you cause to have certain prefiled
12	testimony	prepared and entered into the docket in this case?
13	Α	Yes.
14	Q	And you're familiar with that testimony?
15	Α	Yes.
16	Q	Has any of that testimony changed?
17	Α	No.
18	Q	Let me also ask that you have offered a document
19	attached	as Exhibit A to your prefiled testimony. Are you
20	familiar	with that document as well?
21	Α	Yes.
22	Q	And there are no other changes or corrections that
23	would be	necessary to that document; is that correct?
24	Α	That's correct.
25		MR. KORN: Mr. Chairman, we would asked that

1	Ms. Arenas's prefiled direct testimony be introduced into the
2	record as if read.
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show
4	Ms. Arenas's prefiled testimony is entered into the record as
5	though read.
6	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And likewise, we
7	would ask that the exhibit to Ms. Arenas's prefiled testimony,
8	which was marked as Exhibit A to her testimony, be marked as
9	exhibit I believe 31 is the next number in sequence.
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I show that identified as PA-1 on
11	the prehearing is that the same?
12	MR. KORN: That's correct, sir.
13	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. We'll mark that as
14	Exhibit 31.
15	(Exhibit 31 marked for identification.)
16	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		DOCKET NOS. 990696-WS AND 992040-WS
3		PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF PATRICIA ARENAS
4		MARCH 16, 2000
5		
6	Q.	Please state your name and address for the record.
7	Α.	Patricia Arenas, 10036 Sawgrass Drive, Suite 1, Ponte Vedra
8		Beach FL 32086
9	Q.	What is your relationship with Sawgrass Association, Inc.?
10	Α.	I am President of May Management, Inc., the property
11		management company for the Sawgrass Association.
12	Q.	Is your office located near the Intercoastal wastewater
13		treatment facility?
14	A.	Yes, my office is located right next door to Intercoastal's
15		wastewater treatment facility.
16	Q.	Please describe the odors which come from Intercoastal's
17		wastewater treatment plant.
18	A.	The plant regularly gives off strong and foul odors. Many
19		of my employees have complained that it is annoying, if not
20		disgusting, to have to work under such conditions. One of
21		my employees even indicated that the smell permeates her
22		automobile and even when she leaves the area, the smell
23		remains. As the property manager, I receive numerous
24		complaints from Sawgrass residents and visitors about the

smell.

- Q. Are you aware of any promises or representations that
  Intercoastal made regarding its efforts to fix the odor
  problems from their plant?
  - A. Yes, I am. Intercoastal told the community that when their new processing system was placed in operation, the odors would substantially subside. It is my understanding that Intercoastal was supposed to have their expanded plant in operation by December 30, 1999, but they received an extension from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection until February 14, 2000 to come into compliance. However, the smell has been just as bad, both before and after all those dates. In fact, the smell over the last few days and weeks has been particularly awful.
    - Q. Have you received recent complaints about odors from the wastewater treatment facility from property owners in the Sawgrass community?
    - A. Yes. In fact, just yesterday I received a written complaint about the odor from Frances King, a Sawgrass property owner who described the smell as being "worse than it has ever been." Ms. King echoed the comments of many residents who feel it does no good to even call to complain about the odor, because Intercoastal Utilities has done nothing to address it. Ms. King further reported that she is unable to enjoy her property, sit outside or even leave her windows open at night because of the horrible stench.

1	Q.	Are you presenting any exhibits with your Prefiled Direct
2		Testimony?
3	Α.	Yes, I am. A copy of Ms. King's letter of March 15, 2000
4		is attached as Exhibit A.
5	Q.	Does that conclude your Prefiled Direct Testimony?
6	Α.	Yes it does.
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		

BY MR. KORN:

Q Ms. Arenas, do you have a summary of your testimony which you would like to present to the Commission at this time?

A Yes.

Q Please proceed.

A The purpose of my testimony is to describe to the Commission the continuing odors coming from the Intercoastal Utilities wastewater treatment facility. My offices at May Management are located right next door to the plant. My employees have complained regularly about strong and foul orders. I also get many complaints from Sawgrass residents and visitors. We have called Intercoastal's agent, JAX Utilities Management, many times to come and investigate the odor problem, but it has never been satisfactorily taken care of. These are the problems that have existed both before and after Intercoastal was to have switched to their new processing system as part of their expansion of the plant in early 2000. This was when Intercoastal represented to the community that the odors would have been substantially reduced, but they were not. This concludes my summary.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Korn, it occurs to me that Ms. Arenas was not sworn previously.

MR. KORN: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Thank you very much. I apologize.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Would you stand and raise your

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	right hand please, Ms. Arenas.
2	(Witness sworn.)
3	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
4	BY MR. KORN:
5	Q And if I might just for purposes of the record,
6	Ms. Arenas, now that the oath has been administered to you,
7	would any of the responses that you had given previously or
8	your summary be any different?
9	A No.
10	MR. KORN: Thank you. We would tender the witness
11	for cross examination.
12	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Menton.
13	MR. MENTON: No questions.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Wharton.
15	MR. WHARTON: Mr. Chairman, at this time I would move
16	to strike the reference to JAX Utility Management which is
17	never mentioned in the prefiled testimony. There's nothing in
18	the prefiled about contacting JUM or Intercoastal.
19	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: It was a passing reference. I
20	don't think it really had much to do with the substance of her
21	testimony. If you want to cross her on that
22	MR. WHARTON: Okay. I'll withdraw that motion.
23	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. If you want to cross her on
24	that, feel free to do that.
25	CROSS EXAMINATION

1	BY MR. WHARTON:
2	Q Good afternoon, Ms. Arenas.
3	A Good afternoon.
4	Q Isn't it true that the last word you had from the
5	Department of Environmental Protection was that the odor
6	problems in the plant had been taken care of?
7	A That's what they represented to my assistant.
8	Q Okay. And you've never filed a formal written
9	complaint with anyone regarding odor problems at Intercoastal's
10	plant, have you?
11	A No. We have many phone calls to the DEP.
12	Q And your office is located within 100 feet of
13	Intercoastal's wastewater treatment plant; is that true?
14	A Approximately.
15	Q Okay. And your concern about Intercoastal's
16	application is that if the application is granted, it may mean
17	the odors will get worse?
18	A Correct.
19	Q And you're not aware of what Intercoastal has done in
20	order to address odor problems at the Sawgrass plant, are you?
21	A No, I have not, but whatever they have done, it
22	hasn't worked.
23	Q The letter that you've attached to your testimony as
24	an exhibit is dated the day before your testimony, isn't it?
25	A I guess it is.

1	Q	But you maintain that's only a coincidence that this
2	other lad	y wrote that letter to you one day before the date of
3	your pref	iled testimony?
4	A	That's correct.
5	Q	You have never looked at Intercoastal's application,
6	have you?	
7	A	No, I haven't.
8	Q	And you've never looked at any of Intercoastal's
9	testimony	in this case?
10	A	No, I haven't.
11	Q	And you've never looked at the application or the
12	testimony	of any of the other parties in this case?
13	А	No.
14	Q	And your personal residence is not even in the
15	Intercoas	tal service area, is it?
16	Α	No, but the office that I occupy for eight hours a
17	day is.	
18	Q	But you personally are not a customer of
19	Intercoas	tal?
20	А	No, I'm not.
21		MR. WHARTON: That's all we have.
22		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Staff.
23		MS. ESPINOZA: We have no questions. Thank you.
24		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Commissioners. Redirect.
25		MR. KORN: One question, Mr. Chairman.

1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	
2	BY MR. KORN:	
3	Q Ms. Arenas, do you have an ownership interest in May	
4	Management Services?	
5	A Yes, I do.	
6	Q And May Management Services is a tenant of space that	
7	is located immediately adjacent or within feet of the	
8	wastewater treatment facility in question?	
9	A That's correct.	
10	Q And May Management receives its water and sewer	
11	service from Intercoastal?	
12	A That's correct.	
13	MR. KORN: Thank you. I have no further questions,	
14	Mr. Chairman.	
15	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Exhibits.	
16	MR. KORN: Yes. Mr. Chairman, we would move	
17	Exhibit 31 to be introduced into evidence.	
18	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show	
19	MR. WHARTON: We would object, Mr. Chairman. It's	
20	just it's uncorroborated hearsay. It's a letter that was	
21	written the day before the prefiled testimony. I certainly	
22	can't cross examine Frances King or find out any of the	
23	circumstances, but I guess it could just go to the weight.	
24	MR. KORN: If I might, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Wharton had	
25	the opportunity to talk with Ms. King for, I guess, about 14	

1	months since this was filed on March 16, 2000, and Ms. Arenas	
2	was questioned at some length during her deposition about the	
3	correspondence.	
4	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: What's the relationship with	
5	Ms. Arenas to	
6	MR. KORN: I'm sorry, the relationship between	
7	Ms. Arenas and Ms. King?	
8	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes.	
9	MR. KORN: It appears Ms. King is a resident of the	
10	area who was complaining about odor at the plant and wrote a	
11	letter to Ms. Arenas to that effect dated March 15, 2000. It	
12	says, she's been a property owner for seven years in Garden	
13	Homes I, which is near the south entrance to the Sawgrass	
14	County Club Community.	
15	MR. WHARTON: And that's the real problem with the	
16	exhibit. It's being offered for the truth of the matter that's	
17	asserted in it. I mean, that just came right from the face of	
18	the letter. You know, he says I could have deposed to	
19	Ms. King, but I had to come to you-all to get an order to	
20	depose Bill Young.	
21	MR. KORN: He never asked me, Mr. Chairman. If he	
22	had asked, we certainly would have tried to find Ms. King.	
23	MR. WHARTON: I didn't want to depose the author of	
24	this letter.	
25	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Counsel, we can put that letter	

into the correspondence out of this file: correct? 1 2 COMMISSIONER JABER: Did you have anything -- did you 3 want -- Mr. Chairman, I think Mr. Wharton raises a very good 4 point, that the letter is authored by someone else who is not 5 here to testify with respect to the authenticity of the letter, 6 but -- well --7 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I think, quite frankly, I agree. The point has merit. The thought that occurs to me is that we 8 9 had customer input here, a time for customer input, and on many 10 occasions, we've allowed customers to send in their written 11 comments. However, this is somewhat of a different context. 12 and I think probably attaches a higher level of scrutiny when a witness brings in an exhibit. I'm going to grant -- allow the 13 14 objection. However, if this is a customer of Intercoastal. I 15 assume that Ms. King is, I believe that that letter could have 16 come in as in response to our customer input; is that correct? 17 MS. CIBULA: That's correct. 18 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: So I'll allow that letter to come 19 in attached as part of the customer testimony, but it can't 20 come in as an exhibit sponsored by Ms. Arenas. 21 MR. KORN: All right. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 22 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. 23 MR. KORN: May Ms. Arenas be excused? CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And thank you, Ms. Arenas. You're 24

25

excused.

1	MR. KORN: Thank you, ma'am.
2	(Witness excused.)
3	MR. KORN: Mr. Chairman, the next witness will be
4	Don Flury.
5	RALPH DON FLURY
6	was called as a witness on behalf of Sawgrass Association,
7	Inc., and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
8	DIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. KORN:
10	Q Good afternoon, Mr. Flury. Could you please state
11	your full name and address, please.
12	A My name is Ralph Don Flury. I live at 1576 Harbor
13	Club Drive, Ponte Vedra Beach 32082.
14	Q Could you describe your position with the Sawgrass
15	Association?
16	A I am the current homeowner's president of Sawgrass
17	Association.
18	Q Could you briefly describe to the Commission what the
19	Sawgrass Association is?
20	A It is a makeup of over 1,500 homeowners. We manage
21	the are throughout oversee the management of our property
22	through May Management and common grounds, our lake systems,
23	our wares. There's a lot of assets that we manage.
24	Q Previously, before you became president of the
25	Association, was A. Richard Olson the president of the

Association? 1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Α Yes.

And you are here today adopting portions of his 0 prefiled testimony: is that correct?

Α That's correct.

Now. let me first ask you: Are there any portions of 0 Mr. Olson's prefiled testimony that are not applicable to your adoption? In other words, that you would not be adopting today.

Yes. there are.

Could you briefly describe to the Commission what Q those points are, please.

I believe it's on Page 1, Lines 7 through 8, where Dick's name and address -- I obviously don't live there. And on Page 2, Lines 6 through 8, Dick's service on the Association Board and the committees that he's served on, that is not the position I'm taking here.

On Page 2, Lines 13 through 17, Dick states he lives at Quail Point. I do not live at Quail Point. And on Page 15, Lines 21 through 25, and Page 16, Lines 1 through 4, this concerns Dick's testimony before the Sewer and Water Authority. I was not there.

On Page 17, Lines 25 through Page 18, Lines 1 through 7, since I was not at the meeting at the 1999 proceedings, I cannot adopt that.

1	Q Would that be Line 17 (sic) on Page 18, sir?
2	A Yes, I'm sorry.
3	Q And other than those points, would you be adopting
4	Mr. Olson's testimony today as it stands?
5	A Yes, I will.
6	MR. KORN: Okay. Mr. Chairman, we would ask that the
7	testimony of Mr. Olson through Mr. Flury with the exceptions
8	just noted be introduced into the record as if read.
9	MR. WHARTON: And, I'm sorry, Mr. Chairman. One of
LO	the exceptions, Mr. Korn, was on Page 15, or am I wrong about
l1	that?
l2	MR. KORN: Give me a moment, please.
L3	MR. WHARTON: I'm sorry.
L4	MR. KORN: Yes. I believe the witness just described
L5	at Page 15, beginning at Lines 21 through 25, and then carrying
L6	over on Page 16, Lines 1 through 4, which described the Water
L7	and Sewer Authority proceedings in 1999.
L8	MR. WHARTON: Don't wait for me.
L9	MR. KORN: I think we've resolved Mr. Wharton's
20	question.
21	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Without objection then, we
22	will enter the testimony that has been adopted by Mr. Flury and
23	prefiled by Mr. Olson into the record as though read.
24	MR. KORN: Thank you.
25	BY MR KORN.

1	Q And Mr. Chairman, just for the record, Mr. Flury, you
2	were here yesterday when the oath was administered to you, were
3	you not?
4	A Yes, I was.
5	Q Mr. Flury, in connection with the prefiled testimony
6	are there any exhibits which you are sponsoring today?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And those would be the exhibits which were marked
9	previously ARO-1 through 5?
10	A Correct.
11	MR. KORN: Thank you. Mr. Chairman, we would ask
12	that those be marked in sequence, which would be, I guess, 32,
13	33, 34, 35, and 36 respectively.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Unless there's a need to
15	MR. KORN: Unless you'd like to have them as a
16	composite.
17	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I assume there is no real need to
18	address them separately. We will mark them as one composite
19	exhibit.
20	MR. KORN: That will be fine. So we will mark them
21	as composite 32 with the Chair's permission.
22	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well.
23	(Exhibit 32 marked for identification.)
24	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

_		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		DOCKET NOS. 990696-WS AND 992040-WS
3		PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF A. RICHARD OLSON
4		MARCH 16, 2000
5		
6	Q.	Please state your name and address for the record.
7	Α.	Ralph Don Flury  1576 Harbor Cl  My name is A. Richard Olson. My address is 342 Quail
8		Prive Pointe, Ponte Vedra Beach, Florida 32082.
9	Q.	What is your position with Sawgrass Association, Inc.?
LO	Α.	I am the President of the Board of Directors of Sawgrass
L1		Association, Inc.
L2	Q.	What is Sawgrass Association, Inc.?
L3	Α.	Sawgrass Association, Inc., which I will refer to as the
L4		Association, is the master homeowners association for the
L5		Sawgrass residential community. There are approximately
L6		1,500 residential units which comprise the Sawgrass
L7		development. Those property owners, who all are members of
18		the Association, own or reside in property located either
L 9		adjacent to or near the Sawgrass Country Club, which is
20		located east of Florida A1A in Ponte Vedra Beach, Florida.
21		Among other things, the Association owns and is responsible
22		for the maintenance of various common elements and
23		property, such as the Sawgrass Lake System, the roadways,
24		and guard gates. The Association is responsible for the
25		protection and maintenance of those common elements, and is

- involved in other issues which pertain to the Sawgrass
- 2 community as a whole, such as the enforcement of the
- 3 protective covenants that govern our community.
- 4 Q. How long have you been involved with the Sawgrass
- 5 Association, Inc.?
- 6 A. I have been a member of the Board of Directors since 1997.
- 7 Before that, I served on various committees. I became
- 8 President of the Association in 1998. I have had
- 9 significant involvement in the dispute which has arisen
- 10 between the Association and Intercoastal Utilities, Inc.,
- which I will refer to as Intercoastal. Intercoastal is the
- water and wastewater provider for the Sawgrass area.
- 13 Q. In addition to your duties as President of the Association,
- 14 are you involved in any other activities at Sawgrass?
- 15 A. Yes, I serve as the Treasurer of the Quail Ponte
- 16 Condominium Association, a sub-association within the
- 17 Sawgrass development.
- 18 Q. As a resident of the Sawgrass area, you are also an
- individual water and sewer customer of Intercoastal, is
- 20 that correct?
- 21 A. Yes, that is correct.
- 22 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony before the Public
- 23 Service Commission?
- 24 A. Sawgrass Association has intervened in this proceeding to
- oppose Intercoastal's attempt to amend its certificate and

- obtain an extension of its territory, so it could
- 2 substantially expand its existing service area from
- approximately 4,500 acres in Northern St. Johns County,
- 4 Florida to include an additional 21,000 acres in St. Johns
- 5 County and 2,000 acres in Duval County.
- 6 Q. Are you familiar with the prefiled direct testimony of
- 7 various Intercoastal witnesses, including H.R. James and M.
- 8 L. Forrester, to the effect that, in their opinion,
- 9 Intercoastal has the operational, managerial and technical
- ability to extend its service area as it has proposed to
- 11 do?
- 12 A. Yes, I have seen their prefiled testimony, and I have heard
- them state substantially the same thing at other times as
- 14 well.
- 15 Q. Do you agree with the assertion by these Intercoastal
- 16 witnesses that Intercoastal has the operational,
- managerial, or technical ability to justify an extension of
- its service area as it has sought in this application
- 19 before the Public Service Commission?
- 20 A. No I do not.
- 21 Q. Why do you believe that to be so?
- 22 A. In order to fully respond, I must address the history of
- 23 the Sawgrass development and this particular wastewater
- 24 treatment plant. In 1983, Arvida Corporation was the
- 25 developer of the Sawgrass community. The Sawgrass

community included single family residential units, multifamily residential and condominium units, a golf course and tennis facilities, various other recreational areas, a nature preserve and a series of lakes running throughout the development. On September 1, 1983 Arvida entered into a Utility Service Agreement with Intercoastal and Florida (referred Title Group, Inc. to as Florida Intercoastal bought the water and wastewater facilities previously owned by Arvida's wholly owned utility company, Sawgrass Utilities, Inc. Sawgrass Utilities, Inc. was the only source of potable water and sewage treatment service available to serve the homes and other improvements in the Sawgrass community. Among the assets which Intercoastal acquired pursuant to the Utility Service Agreement was the wastewater treatment plant located immediately adjacent to the Sawgrass Country Club property. In addition to the wastewater treatment facility, Sawgrass Intercoastal acquired the potable water treatment plant, lift stations, pumps, pipes and other equipment from Sawgrass Utilities, Inc., in order to continue to serve the residences in the Sawgrass development owned by members of the Sawgrass Association, and the Sawgrass Country Club. At that time, the wastewater treatment plant was permitted by the appropriate regulatory authorities to process up to 250,000 gallons per day of raw sewage.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Also as part of the Agreement, Intercoastal was granted the
- 3 exclusive right to serve all existing improvements on the
- 4 Arvida land, and any improvements which might be
- 5 constructed in the future. In this way, Arvida was assured
- 6 that it would be able to finish its planned development of
- 7 the Sawgrass community in accordance with its plan, and
- 8 adequate water and wastewater service would be available as
- 9 new construction came on line.
- 10 Q. Did the Utility Service Agreement make any provision for
- 11 the reuse of treated wastewater or effluent, once it had
- 12 been processed at the Sawgrass wastewater treatment
- 13 facility?
- 14 A. Yes, it did. Even before the September 1, 1983 effective
- date of the Agreement, the Sawgrass Country Club accepted
- 16 and used substantial amounts of reclaimed or treated
- 17 effluent from the Arvida wastewater treatment facility as
- 18 part of Arvida's conservation and water reuse and
- irrigation system. This use was primarily for irrigation
- of the Sawgrass Country Club golf course. The Agreement
- 21 required Intercoastal to continue to provide all the
- 22 treated effluent the Club would need for its irrigation
- 23 purposes for the term of the Agreement, which runs until
- 24 the year 2013.
- 25 Q. So the reuse by Sawgrass Country Club predated

- 1 Intercoastal's acquisition of the utility?
- 2 A. Yes, it did.
- 3 Q. What role does the Association play with respect to the
- 4 Utility Service Agreement?
- 5 A. In 1994, Arvida Corporation assigned its rights under the
- 6 Utility Service Agreement to the Sawgrass Association, and
- 7 the Association is the successor in interest to that
- 8 Agreement.
- 9 Q. Since 1983, has Intercoastal continuously served the
- Sawgrass community for its water and wastewater needs?
- 11 A. Yes, it has.
- 12 Q. You stated earlier in your testimony that in your opinion
- 13 Intercoastal did not have the operational, managerial or
- 14 technical ability to justify an extension of its service
- area. What specific issues exist between Intercoastal and
- the Association to support that opinion?
- 17 A. Over the past few years, the Association and various
- 18 members of the Association and customers of Intercoastal
- 19 have had significant concerns about how Intercoastal
- 20 operates its water treatment and wastewater treatment
- 21 facilities. Our concerns include the following:

- 23 A very recent example was in December 1999, when
- 24 Intercoastal had a serious failure at a lift station
- located near the North Gate community within Sawgrass. In

January 2000, an Association member advised me, Association president, that despite Intercoastal's apparent attempt to fix its lift station failure, raw sewage were coming out of the nearby manhole covers. I personally went to the site, which is located on a hill, and I saw how wet and spongy the ground was in the area near the manhole cover. This was not the first time that malfunctions of Intercoastal equipment have caused raw sewage to spill into our community, including in the lawns of private homeowners at Sawgrass. Even as of today, there is only a temporary "fix" by Intercoastal and its operational or service arm, Jax Utilities Management, of the North Gate lift station failure. A flexible conduit is coming out of the manhole cover and was placed into the ground adjacent to the manhole cover.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

Of particular concern to the community is that Intercoastal's operation of its wastewater treatment facility, located immediately next to the Sawgrass Country Club and other commercial uses and in close proximity to many homes, causes continuous and significant noxious odors. Numerous Sawgrass residents have made complaints to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and other regulatory officials about the odors. The odors have been particularly noxious during the latter part of 1999

and even as recent as this week, in March 2000. This is particularly disturbing because we were informed by Intercoastal that once their new sequential batch reactor system came on line in approximately February 2000, these odors would be substantially reduced, if not completely eliminated. H. R. James, Intercoastal's President, sent a letter to the community on February 4, 2000 which said there will always be "a small amount of odor" from the wastewater treatment plant, and there was no way to eliminate it. We do not believe Intercoastal has taken all steps necessary to stop these horrible and offensive odors. The odor problem continues to the present day.

We also believe Intercoastal was irresponsible when it sought permission to nearly double its wastewater plant capacity, especially when Intercoastal has admitted in their filings with the Commission, and in their December 1999 Conceptual Master Plan, that significant additional growth in Intercoastal's existing service area east of the Intercoastal Waterway is not planned or expected.

Q. Didn't Intercoastal recently claim they could use any excess capacity at the Sawgrass wastewater treatment facility, after it was expanded, in order to serve potential future customers on the westside of the Intercoastal Waterway?

Α. Yes, they did. In March 1999, Intercoastal filed an 1 2 application with the St. Johns County Water and Sewer 3 Authority to substantially expand its service territory in St. Johns County, which included the same territory which 4 is the subject of this application by Intercoastal. Public 5 hearings were held during 6 June and Jul√ 1999 Intercoastal's application. 7 Intercoastal represented to 8 the Authority, through the testimony of its engineer, Sumner Waitz, that Intercoastal had the immediate ability 9 to serve the contested area, even in the first phases of 10 development at Nocatee, by extending a line from the 11 Sawgrass plant across the Intercoastal Waterway (Authority 12 hearing transcript; Vol. I,/p. 101-102). 13 The manner in which they said they had the capability to serve the first 14 phases of Nocatee was from the excess unused capacity of 15 the Sawgrass wastewater treatment facility once it was 16 expanded to 1,500,000 gallons per day (g.p.d.) capacity. 17 Mr. Waitz's textimony was that Intercoastal could build a 18 19 pipeline underneath or over the Intercoastal Waterway to transport raw sewage from the new customer source (i.e. 20 west of the Waterway) to the Sawgrass wastewater treatment 21 facility. 22

23

24

25

This plan was also the subject of the testimony of M. L. Forrester, the Vice President of Jax Utilities Management,

1		-Inc. and the person responsible for preparing
2		Intercoastal's application to St. Johns County for an
3		extension of its service area (Vol. III, p. 27, 91-92).
4		Mr. Forrester confirmed that Intercoastal's initial plan of
5		service would extend lines from the existing Sawgrass
6		wastewater treatment plant into the proposed expansion
7		territory. Obviously, this plan by Intercoastal gave the
8		Association substantial concern, because we believe such
9		activities would be a clear breach of our Utility Service
10		Agreement.
11	Q.	In your opinion, has Intercoastal breached other
12		obligations set forth in the Agreement?
13	Α.	Yes. Intercoastal was contractually obligated by the
14		Agreement to act in good faith to require other developers
15		to accept treated effluent for irrigation purposes, so that
16		the burden of effluent disposal would not be solely placed
17		on the Sawgrass community. We do not believe Intercoastal
18		acted in good faith on this subject.
19		
20		The Florida Title Group, Intercoastal's affiliated or
21		parent company, developed the nearby Plantation at Ponte
22		Vedra. After the development of the Plantation at Ponte
23		Vedra, other residential developments were built on the
24		Florida Title land, which is also referred to as the
25		Sanchez Grant area, and is located off County Road 210.

- Although the Agreement contemplated that some of the 1 property developed on the Florida Title land or Florida 2 3 Companies land could be served by Intercoastal from its Sawgrass wastewater treatment facility, it was never 4 contemplated that all the land owned by the Florida Title 5 Group or the Florida Companies east of the Intercoastal 6 7 Waterway would be served only by Intercoastal's wastewater treatment plant at Sawgrass. In fact, in Section 2 of the 8 Agreement Intercoastal specifically represented that it 9 10 "plans to provide water and sewer services to the Florida Title lands primarily from a utility system to be located 11 the Florida Title land . . .". 12 To this date, Intercoastal has never located any wastewater treatment 13 facility anywhere other than the Sawgrass site which it 14 15 acquired from Arvida, which is obviously not part of the Florida Title land, or the Florida Companies land. 16
- 17 Q. What other breaches do you believe Intercoastal has committed?
- 19 As I mentioned, Intercoastal breached its contractual Α. 20 obligation to use its best efforts to have the treated effluent used for irrigation on developments located on the 21 22 Florida Title land. In fact, Florida Title lands, as an 23 affiliate of Intercoastal's parent company, had 24 consistently refused to take reuse water for irrigation 25 the Plantation at Ponte purposes at Vedra, and

1 Intercoastal's parent company refused to require developers 2 of residential properties within the Sanchez Grant off 3 County Road 210 to accept reuse for irrigation, or other to which reuse 4 similar purposes is best 5 Intercoastal apparently became very interested in the concept of reuse beginning in 1999 when it sought an 6 increase of its certificated area from the St. Johns County 7 Water and Sewer Authority. Intercoastal has continued that 8 effort in front of the Public Service Commission in these 9 10 proceedings in order to try to convince the decision makers that they have always been proponents of reuse. It is my 11 12 understanding that Intercoastal now claims, in these proceedings, that the Plantation at Ponte Vedra may accept 13 14 reuse water in the future as a back up supply for its irrigation needs, but it is our understanding that the 15 16 Plantation's actual need for reuse water will be minimal, 17 because they are using stormwater for irrigation of its 18 golf course.

- 19 Q. What other breaches do you believe Intercoastal has committed?
- 21 A. Based on the testimony before the St. Johns County Water
  22 and Sewer Authority, and from the material presented to the
  23 PSC in these proceedings, it appears that Intercoastal had
  24 been regularly operating its wastewater plant in excess of
  25 the permit issued by the Florida Department of

Environmental Protection. That permit limited Intercoastal to 800,000 gallons of Average Annual Daily Flow. Of course, even that 800,000 g.p.d. figure exceeds the amount which was contemplated and specifically set forth in our Utility Service Agreement.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

Even the data supplied by Jim Miller in his prefiled direct testimony for Intercoastal did not explicitly state an exact amount of the wastewater flow for the existing "east" portion of Intercoastal's service area; Section 2.3.1 of Intercoastal's "Conceptual Master Plan - December 1999" merely states that the plant's discharge flow in 1999 was approximately 800,000 gallons. Ed Cordova from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Northeast District, who handles enforcement and compliance actions for our area, testified before the Water and Sewer Authority that according to DEP's file records, Intercoastal was operating in excess of its 800,000 q.p.d. permitted capacity. Intercoastal was actually processing a current flow of approximately 820,000 g.p.d. (Vol. X, p. 73). However, Mr. Cordova testified that FDEP did not plan to bring an enforcement action against Intercoastal either for this violation or for the odors coming from a surge pond at the Intercoastal utility site that contained raw effluent, because Intercoastal's new plant was scheduled to come

- online by December 1999. The expanded plant was supposed
- to have an improved processing system (Vol. X, p. 72).
- 3 Q. Were there any prohibitions in the Utility Service
- 4 Agreement about the amounts of treated effluent which
- 5 Intercoastal could discharge upon the Sawgrass lands?
- 6 A. Yes. Although it was not specifically stated in numerical
- 7 terms, Intercoastal and Florida Title Group recognized in
- 8 the Agreement that they would not treat a volume of
- 9 wastewater generated either from Sawgrass or the Florida
- 10 Title lands in such amounts which would constitute an
- overburdening of the Sawgrass land. Intercoastal breached
- its duty to act in good faith to ensure there was an
- equitable distribution of the burden of treated effluent
- 14 disposal, after the development on the Florida Title land
- 15 caused an increase flow.
- 16 Q. Has Intercoastal provided any information to residents of
- the Sawgrass area or its customers concerning the quality
- of its drinking water?
- 19 A. Yes. We received in October 1999 a document which
- 20 purported to be Intercoastal's first annual Water Quality
- 21 Report. In that report, which covered 1998 operations,
- 22 Intercoastal told us that although the level of total
- 23 coliform bacteria in our drinking water exceeded the
- 24 maximum contaminate level, the community should not worry
- 25 because the incident "did not pose a threat to public

- health and safety." I cannot understand how Intercoastal
- 2 could state this was not a threat to public health. I do
- 3 not believe Intercoastal could know whether anyone got sick
- as a result of the contaminated water. More importantly,
- 5 I think this serious health hazard speaks very clearly
- about Intercoastal's lack of operational expertise in the
- 7 operation of its drinking water system.
- 8 Q. Has the Association complained to Intercoastal or brought
- 9 these issues to Intercoastal's attention?
- 10 A. Yes, we have. The Association's attorney notified
- 11 Intercoastal in writing in March 1999 about Intercoastal's
- breaches of the Agreement. As a result of Intercoastal's
- failure to address our concerns, the Association filed suit
- in the Seventh Judicial Circuit, in and for St. Johns
- 15 County, Florida (Case Number CA 99-2277), seeking relief
- against Intercoastal for its breach of the Agreement, for
- 17 damages caused by Intercoastal's past trespass and nuisance
- 18 to the Association property, and to enjoin any continued
- 19 activity. That suit is now pending.

- 21 Before filing the lawsuit, and in connection with the
- 22 Water and Sewer Authority proceedings last summer, I
- 23 appeared and testified before the Authority about
- 24 Intercoastal's breaches of the Agreement, their substandard
- 25 performance under the Agreement, including the ongoing

serious odor problem, and the Association's concerns about

Intercoastal's further potential expansion of its plant and

facilities in such close proximity to residential areas

(Vol. X, p. 56).

Furthermore, Gail Werneburg, a local Ponte Vedra realter also testified before the Water and Sewer Authority that the odor coming from Intercoastal's wastewater treatment facility had an adverse effect on the ability to market property in that area of Ponte Vedra Beach. When she would drive on AlA, people who were not from the area were surprised and very disgusted by the smell, and they would not show any further interest in owning property in the area (Vol. X, p. 69).

- Intercoastal is also well aware, through the pending litigation, about the Association's concerns about their managerial and operational expertise. Intercoastal is also well aware of the objection of its customers to its past attempts to obtain rate increases. Mr. Forrester even acknowledged in his prefiled direct testimony in this case that there had been "strong and active opposition" to Intercoastal's proposed rate increase in 1998.
- Q. Are you aware that various Intercoastal witnesses in this
  PSC case have claimed that expansion of Intercoastal's

- 1 service area will create "economies of scale" which could
- 2 prevent further rate increases or even encourage rate
- 3 rollbacks for existing Intercoastal customers?
- 4 A. I have seen that testimony but I have questions about how
- 5 they arrived at it. Intercoastal has now represented to
- the Commission that it is not cost effective to utilize its
- 7 existing "eastern" plant, system and facilities to service
- 8 its proposed "western" expansion area. Therefore,
- 9 Intercoastal will have to construct a new "stand alone"
- 10 wastewater treatment facility, pumps, lift stations and
- other parts of its system. I do not understand how this
- operates as a helpful factor for the rates of existing
- 13 customers.
- 14 Q. With respect to Michael Burton's prefiled direct testimony
- on behalf of Intercoastal, are you aware that in his
- opinion, if Intercoastal's request for an extension of its
- service territory is granted, rates will actually go down
- for existing "east" Intercoastal customers?
- 19 A. I have seen that testimony but I do not understand the
- 20 factors that would cause our rates to drop as a result of
- 21 Intercoastal getting any expanded territory. I expect our
- rates will go down after the cost of Intercoastal's current
- 23 plant expansion and the return of rate case expenses have
- 24 been fully amortized.
- 25 Q. In Mr. Forrester's prefiled direct testimony, he claimed

- that the 1999 hearing before the St. Johns County Water and
- 2 Sewer Authority was not "unbiased and objective, " and
- 3 Intercoastal was not treated fairly. Do you agree with
- 4 that assessment?
- 5 A. No, I don't. I was present for several sessions personally
- 6 and am aware of the testimony that was given.
- 7 Representatives from the Association attended every
- 8 session. In my opinion, the members of the Water and Sewer
- 9 Authority were fair and honest. The Authority chair
- 10 allowed all sides to present numerous witnesses and to
- 11 introduce many exhibits concerning the merits of their
- 12 position. In fact, the Authority chair allowed the
- 13 proceedings to run for an extended period of time, well in
- 14 excess of what had been previously estimated by
- 15 Intercoastal to be necessary in order to complete the
- 16 proceedings.
- 17 O. Is there anything else about their current permitted
- 18 operation which causes you concern?
- 19 A. Yes. I have been advised that in order to adequately treat
- the huge amounts of raw sewage now being accepted by the
- Intercoastal plant, Intercoastal is using, or may have the
- option to continuing using, chlorine gas. Although it is
- my understanding that chlorine gas has been used in the
- 24 past by Intercoastal at its treatment facilities,
- 25 Intercoastal will have to store a huge amount of chlorine

- gas at the Sawgrass utility site to treat a 1,500,000 1 g.p.d. flow. I have personal experience with the hazards 2 3 of chlorine gas. When I worked as a lifeguard in my youth, I was trapped in a chlorine gas leak near a pool filter 4 where I was working. I do not want to subject our community 5 to this increased risk. I believe Intercoastal's continued 6 7 storage of such dangerous and hazardous material, located just yards from residents homes, other residences and 8 9 retail establishments, is not safe. Although Intercoastal representatives have said they would not store chlorine gas 10 on the premises and were thinking about changing their 11 12 chemical treatment method, we have seen no evidence or assurance that this has taken place. 13
- 14 Q. Has Intercoastal created a fail safe plan for the disposal
  15 of effluent not used by the Club for irrigation, if the
  16 plan to dump its treated effluent into the Intercoastal
  17 Waterway does not work or they have an equipment failure?
- 18 A. No they have not. Their only fail safe would be to allow
  19 effluent to continue to run into the Green Lake, and
  20 ultimately into the Sawgrass lake system.
- 21 Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this proceeding?
- 22 A. Yes, I am. Exhibit A is the Utility Service Agreement; 23 Exhibit B is the assignment of the Agreement from Arvida to 24 the Association; Exhibit C is the 1998 Intercoastal Water 25 Quality Report, Exhibit D is Mr. James' letter to

1		Intercoastal customers dated February 4, 2000, and Exhibit
2		E is the photograph showing Intercoastal's "fix" to their
3		recent North Gate equipment failure.
4	Q.	Does this conclude your prefiled testimony?
5	Α.	Yes it does.
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

BY MR. KORN:

Q Mr. Flury, do you have a brief summary of your testimony?

- A Yes, I do.
- Q Would you please present it at this time.

A Mr. Chairman, the purpose of my testimony here today is to express the opposition of the Sawgrass Homeowner's Association to the application of Intercoastal Utilities to serve the Nocatee development. The Association is the master Homeowner's Association for Sawgrass Community. As I stated earlier, it represents over 1,500 homeowner's that are all customers of Intercoastal. We are the largest single group of current customers of Intercoastal Utilities. We are also burdened by Intercoastal's wastewater treatment plant. This plant is located directly adjacent to the Sawgrass development, and it's within -- as you heard earlier, it's within a few feet of May Management, which is our Association's management company.

This plant has consistently given off foul and disgusting odors which have not been adequately remedied yet. We further believe that Intercoastal Utilities has breached the material terms of its service agreement which Intercoastal entered into in 1983 when it bought the water and wastewater system from Arvida, the developer of Sawgrass. The Association is the successor and interest to abide under that agreement.

In addition to the odor problems, the Association believes that ICU has overburdened the Sawgrass Community with the continued operation and expansion of its wastewater treatment plant which has grown from its original capacity of 250,000 to over -- it's at 1.5 million as we speak today.

Intercoastal had previously conceded before the St. Johns Water and Sewer Authority that it was operating its plant in excess of its then permitted capacity of 800,000 gallons per day, which was before ICU was allowed by FDEP to expand to its present permitted size of the million and a half I just mentioned, all in the violation of this service agreement. ICU has promised not to treat a volume of wastewater in the amount which would constitute an overburdening of the Sawgrass lands.

When ICU was seeking to be awarded the St. Johns County portion of the Nocatee development in the summer of 1999, their proposed plan of service included the use of the wastewater plant at Sawgrass to process raw sewage from the first phase of Nocatee. The Association intervened in this case in part to prevent such a plan of service in the future. We note that ICU has now pledged not to use any of their existing facility to serve Nocatee. We also are concerned that despite ICU's representation that its existing customers will not be adversely affected if they are granted an expansion of this territory. We do feel that we will be impacted.

1	Q	Does that conclude your summary, Mr. Flury?
2	А	Yes.
3		MR. KORN: Thank you. Mr. Chairman, unless the Chair
4	had a que	stion, we would tender the witness for cross
5	examination	on.
6		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Melson.
7		MR. MELSON: No questions.
8		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Menton.
9		MR. MENTON: No questions.
10		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Wharton.
11		CROSS EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. WHA	ARTON:
13	Q	Mr. Flury, did you write your own summary?
14	A	I participated in it, yes.
15	Q	Who else participated in it?
16	A	Well, I had some help.
17	Q	Who gave you that help?
18	A	Mr. Korn.
19	Q	All right. Sir, this lawsuit you testify about,
20	that's a r	matter that's subject to pending litigation, isn't it?
21	Α	That is correct.
22	Q	And it's a matter on which Intercoastal has taken a
23	position a	adverse to the position you've testified about?
24	Α	That's correct.
25	Q	And you rely on the position of your attorney when

you say there's been a breach; right? 1 2 That is correct. 3 You haven't attempted independently to form any legal 0 4 opinions about the Sawgrass agreement, have you? 5 Α No. I have not. 6 And you've relied on your attorney in that regard; 0 7 correct? 8 Α Certainly. 9 Nothing in your testimony is intended to express a 0 10 legal opinion; is that correct? 11 Α That is correct. 12 And you don't feel qualified to express a legal 0 opinion, do you? 13 14 Α I'm not an attorney. 15 And you don't know, as we sit here today, what the 0 16 status of the legal action between Sawgrass and Intercoastal 17 is, do you? 18 Yes. I believe Intercoastal filed to dismiss the Α suit. and I believe it was heard here in St. Augustine, and 19 20 that motion was denied. I believe. Intercoastal has filed suit against the Association's former president, Dick Olson, and the 21 22 country club, and I believe that hearing is set for -- within 23 about three weeks. When I took your deposition on April 11, 2001, you 24 0

didn't know anything about the status of the case, did you?

A You certainly gave me a chance to refresh my memory when I got home.

- Q But you've learned about it since then?
- A Certainly.
- Q And you're not aware of whether anyone has gotten any injunctive relief in that case, are you?

A No.

MR. WHARTON: Okay. At this time, Commissioners, Mr. Chairman, I would move to strike that portion of the prefiled testimony, first on Page 10, Line 7: Obviously, this plan by Intercoastal gave the Association substantial concern because we believe such activities would be a clear breach of our utility service agreement.

On the next page, Question: What other breaches -- at Line 17, Page 11 -- what other breaches do you believe Intercoastal has committed? That goes all the way until there's another question on Line 19, Page 12: What other breaches do you believe Intercoastal has committed? That answer goes all the way to Page 14, Line 15, and we would move to strike that testimony. That's the testimony of Mr. Korn in absentia. I mean, that's a pending lawsuit.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Just a moment. Mr. Korn.

MR. KORN: Mr. Chairman, I believe it goes, if nothing, to the weight, if not, to the admissibility. The testimony describes what in lay terms is believed to be a

	/ <del>44</del>
1	breach of a contract. Although the witness has already
2	testified, he is not an attorney. There have been positions
3	taken on behalf of the Association which are a public record.
4	As Mr. Wharton indicated, as in most lawsuits that I'm aware
5	of, there are differing opinions and differing positions, and
6	that is the position of the Association as set fourth here.
7	The Commission can apply whatever weight it chooses to apply to
8	that based on the witness's knowledge as previously described,
9	but it would not be appropriate to strike it at this point.
10	MR. WHARTON: At a minimum, Mr. Chairman, it is
11	opinion testimony given by a nonexpert.
12	MR. KORN: It is, frankly, Mr. Chairman, probably
13	nothing more than if we hauled in the entire complaint and put
14	it in as a late-filed exhibit, and then the Commission can
15	determine in its own reading what the allegations are. If the
16	Commission would rather do that, we can certainly proceed to do
17	that.
18	MR. WHARTON: I'd object to that too.
19	MR. KORN: Which is precisely why, Mr. Chairman, the
20	prefiled testimony was filed as it was.

22

23

24

25

Chairman, the ||prefiled testimony was filed as it was.

MR. WHARTON: This is what a judge will decide at some unknown future date. It shouldn't go into the record as an opinion in this proceeding.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: There are some sections here where probably more -- mostly for terms and terminology than anything

	745
1	else. The wording is unfortunate, I believe. As I read
2	through most of the section you cited here, Mr. Wharton, very
3	little of it absolutely goes to legal precedent or legal
4	conclusions about that lawsuit. Much of it goes to facts
5	surrounding the interaction of the homeowner's association with
6	Intercoastal. However
7	MR. WHARTON: It's the questions that really those
8	are the answers that follow the questions.
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That is exactly the question set
10	up an answer, but the answer is not really, in my mind,
11	delivering an answer that, in my mind, weighs heavily towards
12	any kind of harm that would be done to you. I wish the
13	questions would have been labeled would have been termed
14	differently, quite frankly, because I don't believe the answers
15	are in any way expressing legal opinions.
16	MR. WHARTON: I'll tell you what, Mr. Chairman. Let

MR. WHARTON: I'll tell you what, Mr. Chairman. Let me withdraw the motion and ask a question.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay.

## BY MR. WHARTON:

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

П

Q Mr. Flury, nothing in your testimony is intended to convey in any way, shape, or form that it is your personal expert opinion that Intercoastal breached this agreement; isn't that true?

A I have my own personal opinion, yes, but I am not an attorney.

1	Q	But you're not qualified to give an expert opinion in
2	that reg	ard?
3	A	You have to define "expert."
4	Q	Well, you define "expert" for me.
5	A	I can certainly read what the agreement says, but I'm
6	not an a	ttorney.
7	Q	And I think, as I asked you already, you don't feel
8	qualifie	d to express a legal opinion?
9	A	That's correct.
10	Q	So let me put it this way then. Absolutely nothing
11	in your	testimony should be construed by the reader in any way,
12	shape, o	r form to express a legal opinion; is that correct?
13	А	That is correct.
14	Q	Okay. Sir, you've testified in here about the prior
15	case inv	olving Intercoastal before the St. Johns County Water
16	and Sewe	r Authority; correct?
17	Α	Correct.
18	Q	Now, you didn't even attend Intercoastal's case
19	before t	he Water and Sewer Authority, did you?
20	Α	That is correct.
21	Q	And to the extent Intercoastal filed an application
22	with the	Authority to expand its service territory in St. Johns
23	County,	that's not something you know anything about, is it?
24	Α	Are you speaking of a 1999 filing?
25	Q	Correct.

$^{1}$	l A	I was not familiar with that filing, no, and I did
2	not atten	d that meeting.
3	Q	And it's not something you know anything about?
4	Α	No.
5		MR. WHARTON: Okay. Commissioners, I move to strike
6	Page 12,	Line 19 through Page 13, Line 5.
7		MR. KORN: We'll withdraw it.
8		MR. WHARTON: Okay. Page 9, Line 1 through Page 10,
9	Line 10.	
10		MR. KORN: I'm sorry, could you repeat that?
11		MR. WHARTON: Page 9, Line 1 through Page 10, Line
12	10.	
13		CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Why don't we do this? Why don't
14	you go th	rough and finish your cross, and then let's come back
15	and figur	e out what we're going to keep and what we're not.
16		MR. WHARTON: Okay.
17	BY MR. WH	ARTON:
18	Q	Sir, you have never filed a written complaint about
19	Intercoas	tal with anyone, have you?
20	Α	No.
21	Q	And when you say numerous Sawgrass residents have
22	made comp	laints to DEP, you're referring to verbal complaints,
23	aren't yo	u?
24	Α	The phone calls, yes, sir.
25	Q	You don't know, as we sit here today, what

1	determina	ations DEP has made with regard to those complaints or
2	with rega	ard to the problems which the complaints address?
3	Α	I do not.
4	Q	There's testimony in here about a notice, I guess,
5	Intercoas	stal sent out about coliform bacteria?
6	Α	Correct.
7	Q	Now, you don't really know what coliform bacteria is,
8	do you?	
9	A	Not a whole lot, no.
10	Q	Okay. And you're not aware of what levels of total
11	coliform	bacteria are deemed to be acceptable?
12	А	I do not.
13	Q	And you don't know anything about the rules or
14	regulatio	ons with regard to that particular substance?
15	Α	No. Only if you exceed the maximum limit that if
16	you were	to read a report that comes out and says that we have
17	exceeded	a maximum limit, I think that would cause me a
18	concern.	
19	Q	Well, your testimony uses the word "contaminated,"
20	doesn't i	t?
21	А	Yes.
22	Q	That's because you believe any water that exceeds any
23	of the ma	eximum contaminate levels is contaminated; correct?
24	А	That would be my opinion, yes.
25	Q	And you also believe that in that case the water

3

2

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

would pose a serious health hazard?

I think I said it was considered a health hazard. don't know if it would be serious. You would obviously have someone with diarrhea or some type of stomach illness or whatever. And I think you're referring to the letter that Intercoastal sent out about the problem they had.

And you don't know whether or not Intercoastal was 0 the subject of any action by DEP or any other agency with regard to that particular instance?

Α No.

And you don't know how long that particular condition Q persisted?

Α No.

And you haven't read any documents or talked to 0 anyone else about that particular condition; correct?

Α I have not.

You just got the notice from Intercoastal? 0

I got the notice from Intercoastal telling us that Α there was a problem, and that they had -- supposedly had gotten it corrected, but we had hoped that Intercoastal would have advised people long before that letter had come out.

You are not to able to quantify whether or to what Q extent utilities sometimes experience problems like that, are you?

Α No.

1	Q	Is United Water a St. Johns County utility?
2	Α	Yes.
3	Q	That's kind of up in your part of the county?
4	Α	Yes.
5	Q	Do you know whether they had a boil water notice out
6	yesterday	?
7	А	I believe they did.
8	Q	It was in the paper and on the TV, wasn't it?
9	Α	And I kind of liked it. At least they said, boil the
10	water. T	hey didn't wait weeks later and send out a notice that
11	we had a	problem, but we got it corrected.
12	Q	Do you think United Water did that because of the
13	same prob	lem Intercoastal had?
14	A	I think so.
15	Q	And what's the basis of that information?
16	Α	It's just my opinion. It seemed to be they had the
17	same type	problem.
18	Q	Tell me what the basis is for that opinion. How do
L9	you know	it was the same problem Intercoastal was experiencing?
20	Α	The basis is, it's just what I read in the paper,
21	what they	reported and what Intercoastal put out. It appeared
22	to me to	be the same type problem, and I like the response of
23	them tell	ing the residents to boil the water. At least it made
24	it safe.	

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

As we sit here today, are you able to quantify to

what extent United Water was experiencing precisely the same 1 2 problem Intercoastal was? 3 Α No. I'm not. 4 0 Now, you testified that -- about the chlorine in 5 Intercoastal's plant, didn't you? 6 Α Correct. 7 0 Now, you were never aware of how much chlorine 8 Intercoastal utilizes in its water treatment, were you? 9 We didn't know how much, but we were very concerned about the -- we knew there had been a high volume of usage in 10 11 the plant. We were very concerned about that chlorine being 12 stored at that plant. 13 You just didn't know how much it was? 14 No. 15 In point of fact, you acknowledge now, don't you. 0 that Intercoastal has now switched to an alternative substance 16 17 which is considered safer than chlorine? 18 That certainly made us happy to hear that they did that, yes. 19 20 And the Commissioners were going to hear all about 0 21 that substance, but the Allied case got settled. And you agree 22 that's a positive development; correct? 23 Yes. I do. Α 24 Sir, you testified about a plan of Intercoastal to 0 25 treat effluent and put it in the Intracoastal Waterway;

1	correct?
2	A A plan? You'll have to help me with that one.
3	Q There's some testimony in here about Intercoastal
4	having that plan. My real point is that that's no longer a
5	plan; right? Intercoastal has put that into effect.
6	A Correct.
7	Q You're not aware of any attempt of anyone from the
8	Association to discuss the situation regarding odor concerns at
9	the Sawgrass plant with the utility recently, are you?
LO	A No.
11	Q And you haven't read the testimony or the exhibits o
12	the application of any of the parties in this case, have you?
13	A I think I mentioned earlier that I had briefly read
L4	little bit of Mr. Forrester's, but not much of it.
15	Q You made no attempt to compare the application of
16	Nocatee Utility Corporation in the application of Intercoastal
17	have you?
18	A No.
19	MR. WHARTON: That's all I have, Mr. Chairman,
20	subject to you deferring the motion to strike.
21	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Staff.
22	MS. ESPINOZA: Staff has no questions.
23	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Commissioners. Very well. Let's
24	go back now and take care of that.
25	MR. WHARTON: Okay. I believe Mr. Korn, and subject

1	to correction, withdrew Page 12, Line 19 through Page 13, Line
2	5.
3	MR. KORN: I can confirm that, yes.
4	MR. WHARTON: Okay. I would also move to strike
5	Page 9, Line 1 through Page 10, Line 10.
6	MR. KORN: Let's first start with Page 12
7	MR. WHARTON: Oh, I'm sorry, Michael. I
8	misunderstood what you said.
9	MR. KORN: I just wanted to confirm.
10	MR. WHARTON: Page 12, Line 19
11	MR. KORN: through 13 at 5, yes.
12	MR. WHARTON: Okay.
13	MR. KORN: Now, what was the next one? Page 9?
14	MR. WHARTON: Page 9 sorry, I'm skipping around
15	Line 1 through Page 10, Line 10.
16	MR. KORN: If I can have a moment.
17	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes.
18	MR. KORN: I withdraw that.
19	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That was Page 9, beginning at what
20	line?
21	MR. KORN: Page 9 at Line 1 through Page 10 at
22	Line 10.
23	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Show those sections are
24	stricken from the record.
25	MR. WHARTON: Okay. And already some of the

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

_	restimony on Page to was not adopted. I would move to strike
2	Page 16, Line 6 through Page 16, Line 14.
3	MR. KORN: No objection.
4	MR. WHARTON: Okay. The rest was not adopted.
5	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Show on Page 16, Line 6 through 14
6	are stricken from the record.
7	MR. KORN: That's correct, Mr. Chairman.
8	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Any redirect?
9	MR. KORN: I don't believe so, but if you'll just
10	give me about ten seconds.
11	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well.
12	MR. KORN: No redirect.
13	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Great. And the exhibits.
14	MR. KORN: We would move ARO-1 through 5 as
15	composite exhibit I believe it was 32.
16	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thirty-two. Very well.
17	MR. KORN: Thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Show those are admitted.
19	(Exhibit 32 admitted into the record.)
20	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you very much, Mr. Flury.
21	You are excused.
22	(Witness excused.)
23	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I appreciate the
24	Chair's courtesy and Mr. Wharton's courtesy.
25	(Transcript continues in sequence with Volume 5.)

	, 66
1	STATE OF FLORIDA )
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	COUNTY OF LEON )
4	I TRICIA DOMARTE Official Commission Resembles de basebos
5	I, TRICIA DeMARTE, Official Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
6	
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been
8	transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee,
10	attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in
11	connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS 22nd DAY OF MAY, 2001.
13	DATED THIS ZEHO DAT OF MAT, 2001.
14	2 in Direct
15	IRICIA DEMARTE
16	FPSC Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6736
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	