2002 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Lake Idlewild Estates



AUS CAF CMP

COM CTR

ECR GCL OPC

MMS

SEC

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is pulled from the Aquifer and we add Chlorine for disinfecting.

• We are pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Vicki Bair at 352-787-3107. We encourage our valued customers to be informed about their water utility.

Lake Idlewild Estates routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2002.

"As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of our data [e.g., for organic contaminants], though representative, is more than one year old."

In the table below, you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Not Applicable -(N/A): Does not apply

"ND" means not detected and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) – one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter ($\mu g/l$) – one part by weight of analyte to I billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Picocurie per liter (pCi/L) - *measure of the radioactivity in water.*

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

03149 APR-38

COCOLOOMMISSION CLERK

			TEST	Г RESUI	LTS TA	BLE			
Contaminant and Unit Measurement	t of	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL	L Violation Y/N	Level Detected* *		ge of MCLG ults	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Radiological C	Contan	ninants							
Gross Alpha (pCi/l)		4/2001	N		1.2	N/A	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 226 or combir radium (pCi/l)	ned	4/2001	N	N		N/A	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement		Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N		Level Detected' *	Range of Results		MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Con	tamin	ants							
Arsenic (ppb)		12/2000	N		0.7	N/A	N/A	50	Erosion of natural deposits runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (ppm)		12/2000	N		0.0182	N/A	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion o natural deposits
Beryllium (ppb)		12/2000	N		1.2	N/A	4	4	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burnin factories: discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Chromium (ppb)		12/2000	N		2.7	N/A	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)		12/2000	N		0.434	N/A	4	4	Erosion of natural deposit water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead (point of entry) (ppb)	12/2000	N		0.3	NA	n/a	15	Residue from man-made pollution such as auto emissions and paint.; lead pipe, casing, and solder
Nickel (ppb)		12/2000	N		0.6	N/A	N/A	100	Pollution from electroplating operations
Selenium (ppb)		12/2000	N		0.7	N/A	50		and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits discharge from mines
Sodium (ppm)		12/2000	N		5.0	N/A	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates o samplir (mo./yr	ng Violation r.) Y/N	90th Percentile Result	No. of sampling sites exceeding the AL	MCLG	AL (Action Level)	Likely Source of	Contamin	nation
Lead and Cop	oper (7	Гар Wate	r)		<u>.</u>				
Copper (tap water) (ppm)	6/02	N	.03	N/A	1.3	1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		
Lead (tap water) (ppb)	6/02	N	11	1	0	15			

•

~

•

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- (A) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- (B) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- (D) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- (E) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have any questions.



Certification of Delivery of Consumer Confidence Report

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: This form shall be completed by all community water systems (CWSs) that have prepared a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) in accordance with Rule 62-550.824, F.A.C., Consumer Confidence Reports. At the end of this form is a certification in which a system's authorized representative shall certify that the reported information is accurate and is in conformance with Rule 62-550.824, F.A.C. **COMPLETE THIS FORM AND SUBMIT IT BY AUGUST 10**, together with a copy of your system's CCR, and any newspaper notice(s) and posted notice(s) of your CCR, to the appropriate DEP district office or Approved County Health Department (ACHD). Systems serving 100,000 or more persons posting their CCRs on publicly accessible Internet sites shall provide the information on the appropriate Internet link(s). All information provided on this form must be typed or printed in ink.

I. General Water System Information. (To be completed by all community water systems.)

System name: Lake Idlewild Estates	Contact person: Vicki S. Bair
PWS Identification number (PWS-ID):354656	Contact phone number: 352-787-3107
Mailing address: 04115 Bair Ave.	City: Fruitland Park, FL 34731
State: FL Zip: 34731 Population served (not the num	ber of "service connections"): 138

II. CCR Distribution Method. (To be completed by all community water systems. Choose A or B as appropriate.)

A. We mailed or otherwise directly delivered a copy of our CCR to each customer on (enter date(s) of mailing or delivery.) ______ (Systems that do not use the mailing waiver must mail or otherwise directly deliver a copy of their CCR to each customer.)

B. We were eligible to use a mailing waiver and used a mailing waiver. (Systems are eligible to use a mailing waiver <u>only</u> if they serve fewer than 10,000 persons, have not had any MCL or monitoring and reporting (M/R) violations, nor have been issued any formal Notices of Violations (NOVs), Consent Orders, Administrative Orders, or court-ordered civil actions during the calendar year before the year the CCR is due to the customers.)

Answer a b and c below)

a. Date of newspaper:

b. Name of newspaper/newsletter that published our CCR:

 \boxtimes c. A copy of our notice to customers, informing them that our CCR will <u>not</u> be mailed to them, is attached. This notice was: \bigotimes mailed with bill; \Box published in newspaper/newsletter; or \bigotimes other (describe)

posted on the entrance gates to the water plant

Ill. Posting of CCR on the Internet. (To be completed by all CWSs serving 100,000 or more persons.)

We posted our CCR on this publicly accessible Internet

IV. Report on Your Effort to Distribute Your CCR to Your Water Consumers.

(To be completed by all CWSs. Check all items that apply - at least 2 items must be checked.)

In addition to the methods selected in Part II,

A. We posted our CCR on this publicly accessible Internet

B. We published our CCR in the local newspaper(s). The name(s) and date(s) of the newspaper(s) are:

C. We advertised the availability of our CCR as a press release, radio announcement, or TV announcement. The type(s) and date(s) of the advertisement(s)

D. We delivered multiple copies of our CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons.

E. We delivered multiple copies of our CCR to the following community organizations:

F. Our CCR was posted in the following public locations: <u>On entrance gates to the water</u> plant

🛛 G.	Our CCF	R was distr	ibuted by other me	thods (e.g., additio	onal copie	s placed in	entrance hall to facili	ty).	
WE	SENT	NOTILÉ	OF LOCATION	OF RERORT	WTH	WATER	BILLS, SENT	APRIL	2003

		Pala Lana and		(- 11		
ν.	Use of Non-Eng	niisn Langua	ae în CCR.	(lobe com	bleted by	all community	/ water sv	(stems.)

Information in a non-English	n language was included in ou	CCR because	20% or more of our customers do not
speak English but speak		The metho	d we used to determine the proportion of
non-English speaking cust	omers is		

This requirement does not apply to our system, because we have no non-English speaking group among our customers equal to or exceeding 20% of our total number of customers.

VI. Other Delivery Requirements. (To be completed by all community water systems.)

(A) Was a copy of your CCR sent to your county health department, as required by rule? XYes No

(B) Is your system regulated by the Public Service Commission (PSC)? XYes □No

If <u>Yes</u>, was a copy of your CCR sent to the PSC, as required by rule? XYes [No]

(C) If your system sells water to other systems, have you provided them with either a copy of your CCR or the required

consumer confidence information?
Yes No X Not Applicable

VII. Certification of Delivery of CCR and Compliance with Regulations. (To be completed by all CWSs.)

This statement certifies that the above named community public water system has distributed its CCR for the time period starting January 1, $\underline{O2}$, and ending December 31, $\underline{O2}$, to its customers on (mm/dd/yy) $\underline{O4/20/03}$ and provided the appropriate notices of availability according to the requirements listed in this form, which are also found in Rule 62-550.824, F.A.C. This statement also certifies that the reported information is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data for the same period previously submitted to the Department, and that the report has been delivered to the agencies identified in Rules 62-550.824(3)(e)3., and 4., F.A.C.

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: Richard	E. Bair
NAME (please print): <u>RICHARD E. BAIR</u>	
TITLE: RRFS.	DATE: 03/31/03

 \mathbf{X} A copy of our CCR is attached.

37 U.S. POSTAGE FRUITLAND_PARK.FL 34731 APR 01.03 AMOUNT UNITED STATES Public Service Commission Sublic Service Commission Division of set Commission clerk + administrative Art Capital circle office Centr 2540 Shumard Oak Bouleverd 2540 Shumard Oak Bouleverd Jallahasser, H. 32399-0850 $\mathbf{\nabla}$ RETURN RECEIPT International In 32399+0850 01

W.B.B. UTILITIES INC. 04116 BAIR AVE. FRUITLAND PARK, FL 34731

CCR report