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January 21, 2004

Ms. Blanca Bayó, Director Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services Room 110, Easley Building Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket No. 030852-TP

Dear Ms. Bayó:

Enclosed for filing in the above-referenced docket are the original and fifteen (15) copies of the Rebuttal Testimony of Richard Anderson and the original and fifteen (15) copies of Allegiance Telecom of Florida's Notice of Filing and Service the Rebuttal Testimony of Richard Anderson.

Also enclosed is an extra copy of this letter. Please acknowledge receipt of this transmittal by date-stamping the extra copy and returning it to the undersigned in the enclosed selfaddressed stamped envelope.

Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Very truly y Charles V. Gerkin, Jr.

CVG/s Enclosures cc: Parties of Record

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PSC-BUREAU OF RECORDS

Rebuttal - Anderson

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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re:

Implementation of Requirements Arising)From Federal Communications Commission's)Triennial Review UNE Review: Location-)Specific Review for DS1, DS3 and Dark Fiber)Loops and Route-Specific Review for DS1, DS3)And Dark Fiber Transport)

Docket No. 030852-TP

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

RICHARD ANDERSON

ON BEHALF OF

ALLEGIANCE TELECOM OF FLORIDA, INC.

January 21, 2004

1	Q1.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, POSITION AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
2	A1.	My name is Richard Anderson. I am Senior Vice President, Network Planning,
3		Engineering and Operations for Allegiance Telecom, Inc. ("Allegiance"), the
4		parent company of Allegiance Telecom of Florida, Inc. My business address is
5		700 East Butterfield, Road, Lombard, IL 60148.
6		
7	Q2.	WHAT ARE YOUR JOB RESPONSIBILITIES AT ALLEGIANCE?
8	A2.	I am responsible for the planning, administration, engineering and operations of
9		Allegiance's network infrastructure. These responsibilities include network and
10		transport planning, traffic and capacity management, and network administration
11		including 911, operator services and number administration. In addition, I
12		oversee all engineering functions including switch, transport, central office and
13		data. Finally, I am in charge of network operations which includes, among other
14		things, the network operations control center, the installation, repair and
15		maintenance force, internal communications and data operations.
16		
17	Q3.	BRIEFLY DESCRIBE YOUR PRIOR BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AND
18		EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND.
19	A3.	I was one of the original founders of Allegiance in 1997. Prior to that, I was with
20		Metropolitan Fiber Systems (MFS), planning and supervising the implementation
21		of that carrier's rollout of several new markets. Prior to MFS, I held various
22		planning, engineering and operations positions with Ameritech Services and
23		Wisconsin Telephone Co. I have over 39 years experience in the

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1		telecommunications industry with both incumbent and competitive local exchange
2		carriers. I earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in liberal arts from DePaul University
3		in Chicago.
4		
5	Q4.	HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY IN A REGULATORY
6		PROCEEDING?
7	A4.	Yes. I testified in an arbitration case between Allegiance and SBC Ohio before
8		the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, Case No. 01-724-TP-ARB concerning
9		the terms and conditions of an interconnection agreement, and I am an Allegiance
10		witness in the Triennial Review proceedings in several states.
11		
12	Q5.	PLEASE DESCRIBE ALLEGIANCE TELECOM.
13	A5.	Allegiance is a national, facilities-based, integrated communications provider that
14		offers a competitive, one-stop-shopping package of telecommunications services,
15		including local, long distance and Internet services, to business, government and
16		other institutional users in 36 metropolitan areas across the United States. In
17		Florida, Allegiance provides service in the Miami, Ft. Lauderdale, West Palm
18		Beach and Tampa markets through its local operating subsidiary, Allegiance
19		Telecom of Florida, Inc.
20		
21	Q6.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
22	A6.	The purpose of my testimony is to rebut the Joint Direct Testimony and Joint
23		Supplemental Direct Testimony of Verizon witnesses Orville D. Fulp and John

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1	White, the Direct Testimony and Supplemental Direct Testimony of BellSouth
2	witness Shelley W. Padgett, and the Direct Testimony of BellSouth witness A.
3	Wayne Gray, with respect to Issues 1, 3, 7, 9, 11, 14 and 16. Specifically, I
4	address allegations by BellSouth as to whether Allegiance self-provisions
5	transport on particular routes identified by those carriers. I also address
6	allegations from BellSouth that Allegiance provides wholesale transport service,
7	with regard to those routes. With respect to high-capacity loops, I rebut the
8	assumptions employed by BellSouth to identify wholesale DS1 loop providers. In
9	addition, I propose that this Commission establish a process to verify data
10	provided by Verizon and BellSouth and the CLECs before any transport routes or
11	loop locations are found to be non-impaired. Finally, I propose that the
12	Commission develop a transition plan should the Commission find no impairment
13	on specific dedicated transport routes or specific loop locations.
14	
15	DEDICATED TRANSPORT
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17 Q7. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ALLEGIANCE NETWORK IN FLORIDA.

A7. Allegiance has installed two Class 5, 5ESS switches - one in Miami serving the
Miami, Ft. Lauderdale and West Palm Beach markets and one in Tampa serving
the Tampa market. In addition, we have built 21 collocations in Verizon wire
centers and an additional 33 collocations in BellSouth wire centers. Connecting
the switch and collocations is a distribution network. Exhibit RA-1 depicts a
typical design for the Allegiance distribution network representative of our

1		network in Florida. We generally use DS3 or OCn transmission facilities to carry
2		traffic between Allegiance collocation sites and our switching center. We lease
3		loop facilities, primarily voice-grade and DS1, as UNEs from Verizon and Bell
4		South, to connect end user customers to the various collocations.
5		
6	Q8.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE DEDICATED TRANSPORT ALLEGIANCE
7		HAS DEPLOYED IN ITS NETWORK IN FLORIDA.
8	A8.	As I indicated above, Allegiance primarily uses dedicated interoffice DS3 and
9		OCn transmission facilities to carry traffic between Allegiance's switch and
10		collocation sites. There are two sources of dedicated transport available to
11		Allegiance: 1) DS3 or dark fiber UNEs or special access provided by Verizon and
12		BellSouth; or, in some locations, 2) DS3s, dark fiber or OCn facilities leased from
13		a third party provider. Exhibit RA-1 shows the typical dedicated transport
14		configurations that would be found in the Allegiance network in Florida. The
15		illustration shows an OCn facility leased from a third-party provider connecting
16		collocation sites to the Allegiance switch. In addition, Allegiance typically leases
17		DS3s to interconnect our switch with additional collocation sites, again, either as
18		UNEs from the incumbent carrier or from a third party where alternative
19		providers offer these services.
20		
21	Q9.	HOW DOES ALLEGIANCE DECIDE ON THE TYPE OF TRANSPORT
22		TO DEPLOY?

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1	A9.	Allegiance employs several criteria in making the decision between purchasing
2		dark fiber and leasing a transport circuit. First and foremost is whether we have a
3		choice of providers on particular routes. In many cases, we do not have any
4		option other than to use the incumbent carrier. Where we do have a choice of
5		providers, the relative cost of the options is obviously a prime consideration.
6		However, availability and ease of deployment are also significant factors.
7		Generally, a competitive carrier like Allegiance manages its facilities to ensure
8		that there is capacity available to serve existing and future demand. Therefore,
9		we are continually optimizing the distribution network as demand grows to take
10		advantage of higher bandwidth and less costly transport. For example, when
11		Allegiance first built its network in Florida, each collocation was served by a
12		single DS3 circuit running from the wire center back to our switch. As the
13		business grew, we investigated and ultimately leased OCn transport from a third
14		party provider to connect several of our collocations to our switch because Sonet
15		provided the best economic solution for our current and estimated future capacity
16		needs in those locations.
17		
18	Q10.	HAVE YOU READ THE TESTIMONY OF SHELLEY PADGETT ON
19		BEHALF OF BELLSOUTH?
20	A10.	Yes, I have.
21		
22	Q11.	DO YOU AGREE WITH WITNESS PADGETT'S ASSUMPTION THAT A
23		CARRIER HAS A SELF-PROVISIONED TRANSPORT ROUTE

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1		BETWEEN ANY PAIR OF ILEC WIRE CENTERS IN THE SAME LATA
2		WHERE IT HAS OPERATIONAL COLLOCATION ARRANGEMENTS?
3	A11.	No. The mere presence of collocations tells one nothing about the existence or
4		nature of the transport facilities in a carrier's network. Ms. Padgett's statement
5		that "it is logical and reasonable to assume that a carrier's network within a
6		LATA is fully interconnected" (Padgett Direct Testimony, p. 15), is just wrong.
7		Later on in her testimony, Ms. Padgett indicates that BellSouth developed the list
8		of routes meeting the self-provisioning trigger for DS3 and dark fiber by
9		conducting an inventory of the fiber-based collocations for each competitive
10		carrier and "using the assumption that CLECs can route traffic between any pair
11		of fiber-based collocation arrangements in a LATA" (Padgett Direct Testimony,
12		p. 18). This is not the case. All of Allegiance's circuits are "home runned" at the
13		electrical level to our switch, meaning there is no defined point-to-point electrical
14		circuit between any of the offices in the Allegiance network. Thus, although a
15		physical path could exist between various A and Z locations in the network, a
16		logical point-to-point path does not exist between any pair of offices in Florida.
17		Without network modifications, including the installation and provisioning of
18		equipment at our switch site, Allegiance does not have any point-to-point
19		transport capability between any A and Z locations in Florida. Therefore, the
20		configuration of Allegiance's network, and perhaps the network configuration of
21		other CLEC networks as well, brings into serious question the validity of the
22		assumption that the mere existence of collocation arrangements in two or more

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- wire centers establishes the existence of a dedicated transport route between such
 wire centers.
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Q12. DO YOU AGREE WITH THE ASSUMPTION OF BELLSOUTH
WITNESS PADGETT AND VERIZON WITNESSES FULP AND WHITE
THAT IT IS APPROPRIATE TO USE THE EXISTENCE OF OCn
TRANSPORT TO SATISFY THE SELF-PROVISIONING TRIGGER FOR
DEDICATED TRANSPORT?

9 No. These witnesses argue that fiber can be used to support any transmission A12. 10 level, including DS3. This is obviously true but misses the point. An OC48 fiber facility, for example, can support as many as 48 DS3 circuits. But the fact that 11 12 high-capacity fiber facilities exist at some OCn level does not establish that it is 13 economical to provide some lesser included bandwidth such as DS3 at any of the 14 locations touched by the OC48. The fact that carriers with sufficient traffic can 15 self-provision fiber does not by itself determine that the carrier can and will self-16 provision at a lower capacity such as DS3.

17

18 Q13. HAS BELLSOUTH CORRECTLY IDENTIFIED ALLEGIANCE AS A

SELF-PROVISIONING TRIGGER FOR DS3 AND DARK FIBER

- DEDICATED TRANSPORT ROUTES IN FLORIDA?
- A13. No. Even putting aside the flaw I describe above, BellSouth, in the Direct
- 22 Testimony of Shelley Padgett filed December 22, 2003, incorrectly included
- 23 Allegiance as self-provisioning DS3 and dark fiber transport on 137 routes when,

1		in fact, Allegiance has not self-provisioned any facilities in Florida. All of our
2		dedicated transport facilities in Florida are either leased from the incumbent
3		carrier or a third-party. Even our entrance facilities, which are not included in the
4		FCC's definition of dedicated transport, are leased not self-provisioned. Although
5		some of our transport is provided over fiber, we do not have the long term leases
6		or IRU interests that would be required for those transport facilities to be
7		considered self-provisioned for purposes of the FCC's trigger analysis. Later I
8		will describe the need for Commission oversight to verify and confirm on a route
9		specific basis whether any of the triggers have been met.
10		
11	Q14.	HAS BELLSOUTH CORRECTLY IDENTIFIED ALLEGIANCE AS A
12		WHOLESALE PROVIDER OF DS1, DS3 AND DARK FIBER
13		DEDICATED TRANSPORT?
14	A14.	No. Although BellSouth identifies Allegiance as a wholesale provider of
15		dedicated transport (Padgett direct Testimony, Attachment SWP-6), we do not
16		offer such services.
17		
18	Q15.	HAS ALLEGIANCE FILED A TARIFF IN FLORIDA THAT INCLUDES A
19		DEDICATED TRANSPORT OFFERING?
20	A15.	Yes. Our Florida Access Tariff does include dedicated transport. However, this
21		tariff was filed in 2002 when Allegiance was just entering the Florida market and
22		had not finalized its product offerings. Although the tariff is still on file, we have
23		not sold any dedicated transport services to other carriers. We do not market

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1		wholesale transport services today and are not capable of providing dedicated
2		transport on a widely available basis. In addition, as I have already discussed
3		concerning the fact that we have no point-to-point circuits between central offices
4		on our leased transport, we are not operationally ready to provision, administer
5		and actively maintain dedicated transport to other third parties.
6		
7	<u>HIGH</u>	I-CAPACITY LOOPS
8		
9	Q16.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE LOOP FACILIITIES THAT ALLEGIANCE
10		UTILIZES IN FLORIDA.
11	A16.	Allegiance purchases unbundled voice-grade and DS1 loop facilities exclusively
12		from Verizon and BellSouth
13		
14	Q17.	DOES ALLEGIANCE SELF-PROVISION LOOP FACILITIES IN
15		FLORIDA?
16	A17.	No. Allegiance does not self-provision any loops.
17		
18	Q18.	DO YOU AGREE WITH BELLSOUTH WITNESS GRAY'S ANALYSIS
19		OF HIGH-CAPACITY LOOP PROVISIONING?
20	A18.	No. As I explain below, Mr. Gray's analysis of loop deployment is overly
21		simplistic.
22		
23	Q19.	WHY DOESN'T ALLEGIANCE SELF-PROVISION ITS OWN LOOPS?

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1	A19.	There are three principal reasons why it does not make sense for Allegiance to
2		self-provision loop facilities. First, we primarily serve customers using DS0 or
3		DS1 loops, and it is very difficult to justify the expense of building such lower
4		capacity loops to our end users. Second, since it is not feasible for us to build
5		loop plant before we acquire a customer in a particular location, the decision to
6		extend our own loops to particular customers can be made only after we have
7		signed up a customer. Under the most favorable of circumstances, it still takes a
8		minimum of several weeks, if not a few months, to build a loop to a customer.
9		Customers will not wait such a long period of time for service to be provisioned.
10		Third, even if one could solve these two problems, there is too great a risk that we
11		would be left with stranded investment if the customer moved, went out of
12		business or discontinued our service.
13		
14	Q20.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY DS1 LOOPS THAT ARE AVAILABLE
15		FROM A THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER?
16	A20.	I am not aware of any wholesale third-party providers of DS1 loops in Florida.
17		
18	Q21.	IF A THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER OF DS1 LOOPS WERE TO BE FOUND,
19		WOULD ALLEGIANCE BE ABLE TO UTILIZE THESE FACILITIES?
20	A21.	I doubt it. Allegiance serves the small to medium business market where the
21		demand for DS1 loops for any one customer location is fairly small. Depending
22		on the type of equipment deployed by the wholesale provider, it may not be in
23		their interest to provision one or two DS1s to carrier such as Allegiance. Also, we

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- do not have operational and administrative processes in place to maintain and
 order third-party loop facilities in a timely fashion.
- 3
- 4 Q22. HAVE YOU IDENTIFIED ISSUES WITH RESPECT TO USING THIRD
 5 PARTY LOCAL LOOP PROVIDERS?

Yes. There are basically two ways that Allegiance could integrate a third-party's 6 A22. 7 DS1 loop into its network, if such a third party vendor existed. If the loop provider were collocated in the same wire center as Allegiance, we could pay 8 9 BellSouth or Verizon to provide a cross-connect between the two collocations. 10 This would certainly add additional cost. In the alternative, the loop provider 11 could bring the DS1 loop facility directly to our switch. However, as I have 12 stated before in my discussion of transport facilities, for practical and economic reasons the Allegiance network is built on a DS3 level so the equipment in our 13 switch site used to terminate facilities is only equipped to terminate DS3s not 14 DS1s. Therefore, a single DS1 loop provided by a third party would require the 15 16 establishment of a DS3 in order to deliver the circuit to our switch, resulting in an 17 inefficient and costly arrangement.

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19 DATA VERIFCATION AND TRANSITION PLAN

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Q23. IS ALLEGIANCE SATISFIED WITH THE ACCURACY OF THE DATA UTILIZED BY BELLSOUTH?

1	A23.	No. BellSouth has incorrectly identified Allegiance as having self-provisioned
2		transport routes, erroneously claims Allegiance as a self-provisioner of high-
3		capacity loops and wrongly claims Allegiance as a wholesale provider for both
4		transport and loops when we have in fact provided no wholesale transport or
5		loops in Florida and are not operationally ready to do so. If our experience is
6		representative of how BellSouth has collated the data for other CLECs, it is clear
7		that BellSouth has grossly overstated the facts with respect to self-provisioned
8		and wholesale transport triggers in Florida. The Commission needs to establish a
9		formal verification process that is route and location specific before it can rely on
10		data such as BellSouth, or Verizon for that matter, uses in its testimony to
11		determine routes that meet the FCC's triggers for non-impairment.
12	•	
12 13	Q24.	WHAT TYPE OF A DATA VERIFICATION PROCESS SHOULD THE
	Q24.	WHAT TYPE OF A DATA VERIFICATION PROCESS SHOULD THE COMMISSION ESTABLISH?
13	Q24. A24.	
13 14	-	COMMISSION ESTABLISH?
13 14 15	-	COMMISSION ESTABLISH? Allegiance suggests that the Commission act as a clearinghouse and require each
13 14 15 16	-	COMMISSION ESTABLISH? Allegiance suggests that the Commission act as a clearinghouse and require each certified CLEC and/or transport or loop provider identified by BellSouth and
13 14 15 16 17	-	COMMISSION ESTABLISH? Allegiance suggests that the Commission act as a clearinghouse and require each certified CLEC and/or transport or loop provider identified by BellSouth and Verizon to verify under oath the transport routes and loop locations which it self-
13 14 15 16 17 18	-	COMMISSION ESTABLISH? Allegiance suggests that the Commission act as a clearinghouse and require each certified CLEC and/or transport or loop provider identified by BellSouth and Verizon to verify under oath the transport routes and loop locations which it self- provisions and those which it offers up for wholesale. This verified data then

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1	Q25.	ARE THERE TRANSITION ISSUES THAT MUST BE ADDRESSED BY
2		THE COMMISSION IF IT FINDS NO IMPAIRMENT ON A TRANSPORT
3		ROUTE?
4	A25.	Yes. Should the Commission conclude that there is no impairment on certain
5		dedicated transport routes or loop locations, Allegiance and other CLECs will
6		need time to identify other providers, verify available capacity and groom existing
7		services on to alternative facilities.
8		
9	Q26.	WHAT TYPE OF TRANSITION PLAN WOULD BE APPROPRIATE?
10	A26.	Allegiance believes that the Commission should order that the existing month-to-
11		month TELRIC prices for the routes for which no impairment is found be
12		maintained for 12 months to give CLECs adequate time to negotiate new prices
13		with Verizon and BellSouth or to make arrangements with other providers. In
14		addition, the pricing in any existing longer-term contracts that are in place on the
15		affected routes should be maintained through the end of the contract period.
16		
17	Q27.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.
18	A27.	As I have demonstrated in my testimony, BellSouth has made so many errors in
19		the assumptions and conclusions that they have drawn with respect to Allegiance
20		that it certainly calls into serious question the reliability of the non-impairment
21		conclusions they have reached with respect to all of the data. Consequently, the
22		Commission should adopt the Allegiance proposal for verification of all transport

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- 1 routes and loop locations before the Commission concludes that any transport
- 2 routes or loop locations satisfy any of the triggers.
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4 Q28. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

5 A28. Yes.

TYPICAL DESIGN FOR ALLEGIANCE DISTRIBUTION NETWORK

