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Matilda (	Sanders
From:	Smith, Debbie N. [Debbie N.Smith@BELLSOUTH.COM]
Sent:	Friday, October 15, 2004 3:00 PM
To:	Filings@psc.state.fl.us
Cc:	Meza, James; Fatool, Vicki; Nancy Sims; Holland, Robyn P; Slaughter, Brenda ; Linda Hobbs;
	Bixler, Micheale Florida Docket No. 040130-TP
Subject: Importan	
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11111111111111111111111111111111111111	Secretary for James Meza III uth Telecommunications, Inc.
	ncy Sims
	uth Monroe, Rm. 400
	assee, FL 32301-1558 335-0772
	un smith@bellsouth.com
B. Docke	t No. 040130-TP: In the Matter of Joint Petition of NewSouth Communications Corp. et al. for
	nion with BellSouth Telecommunications, inc.
C. BellSt	outh Telecommunications, Inc.
on bet	nalf of James Meza III
D. 44 pà	ges total in PDF format
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3	Joint Petitioners Issues/Open Items Matrix>>
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Legal Department

JAMES MEZA III Attorney

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 150 South Monroe Street Room 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (404) 335-0769

October 15, 2004

 Mrs. Blanca S. Bayó
 Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services
 Florida Public Service Commission
 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
 Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

#### Re: Docket No.: 040130-TP

Dear Ms. Bayó:

Enclosed is the Revised Joint Petitioners Issues/Open Items Matrix, which we ask that you file in the captioned docket.

Copies have been served to the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely,

James Meza II / by DS

James Meza III

Enclosures

cc: All Parties of Record Marshall M. Criser III R. Douglas Lackey Nancy B. White

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE DOCKET NO. 040130-TP

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via Electronic Mail and First Class U. S. Mail this 15th day of October, 2004 to the following:

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## KMC / NEWSOUTH / NUVOX / XSPEDIUS - BELLSOUTH ARBITRATION JOINT PETITIONERS ISSUES/OPEN ITEMS MATRIX<sup>1</sup>

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### Florida Public Service Commission Docket No. 040130-TP

ITEM NO.5			UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CIRCONAIN	BELISTOUTH ROSTTON
1	G-1	1.6	This issue has been resolved.		
2	G-2	1.7	How should "End User" be defined?	The term "End User" should be defined as "the customer of a Party".	The Parties have not discussed the definition for "End User" other than in the context of high-capacity EELs. Since the issue as stated by the CLECs and raised in the General Terms and Conditions of the Agreement has never been discussed by the Parties, the issue is not appropriate for arbitration. The term End User should be defined as it is customarily used in the industry; that is, the ultimate user of the telecommunications service.
3	G-3	10.2	This issue has been resolved.		
4	G-4	10.4.1	What should be the limitation on each Party's liability in circumstances other than gross negligence or willful misconduct?	In cases other than gross negligence and willful misconduct by the other party, or other specified exemptions as set forth in CLECs' proposed language, liability should be limited to an aggregate amount over the	The industry standard limitation of liability should apply, which limits the liability of the provisioning party to a credit for the actual cost of the services or functions not performed or

KMC, NewSouth, NuVox and Xspedius are jointly arbitrating all issues raised in this arbitration proceeding.

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ITEM: NO.	ISSUE.	5. S	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	TAX CLEC POSITION	BEALSOUTHPROSTION
				entire term equal to 7.5% of the aggregate fees, charges or other amounts paid or payable for any and all services provided or to be provided pursuant to the Agreement as of the day immediately preceding the date of assertion or filing of the applicable claim or suit. CLECs' proposal represents a hybrid between limitation of liability provisions typically found in commercial contracts between sophisticated buyers and sellers, in the absence of overwhelming market dominance by one party, and the effective elimination of liability provision proposed by BellSouth.	improperly performed.
5	G-5	10.4.2	If the CLEC does not have in its contracts with end users and/or tariffs standard industry limitations of liability, who should bear the resulting risks?	To the extent that a CLEC does not, or is unable to, include specific elimination-of- liability terms in all of its tariffs and End User contracts (past, present and future), and provided that the non-inclusion of such terms is commercially reasonable in the particular circumstances, that CLEC should not be required to indemnify and reimburse BellSouth for the portion of any loss that BellSouth might somehow incur that would have been limited as to the CLEC (but not as to non-contracting parties such as BellSouth) had the CLEC included in its tariffs and contracts the elimination-of- liability terms that BellSouth was successful in including in its tariffs at the time of such loss. Petitioners simply cannot limit BellSouth's liability in	If a CLEC elects not to limit its liability to its end users/customers in accordance with industry norms, the CLEC should bear the risk of loss arising from that business decision.

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IJEM. No.	ISSUE #	el S ma	-UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CHECROSMON, S. S. A. P.	BEILSOUCH POSTION ST
				contractual arrangements wherein BellSouth is not a party. Nor is there any legal obligation or compelling reason for them to attempt to do so. Simply put, Petitioners will not indemnify BellSouth in any suit based on BellSouth's failure to perform its obligations under this contract or to abide by Applicable Law. BellSouth's failure to perform as required is its own responsibility and BellSouth should bear any and all risks associated with such failures. Finally, BellSouth should not be able to dictate the terms of service between Petitioners and their customers by, among other things, holding Petitioners liable for failing to mirror BellSouth's limitation of liability and	
6	G-6	10.4.4	How should indirect, incidental or consequential damages be defined for purposes of the Agreement?	indemnification provisions in CLEC's End User tariffs and/or contracts. NO, The limitation of liability terms in the Agreement should not preclude damages that CLECs' End Users incur as a foreseeable result of BellSouth's performance of its obligations, including its provisioning of UNEs and other services. Damages to End Users that result directly, proximately, and in a reasonably foreseeable manner from BellSouth's (or	What damages constitute indirect, incidental or consequential damages is a matter of state law at the time of the claim and should not be dictated by a party to an agreement.
				CLEC's) performance of obligations set forth in the Agreement that were not otherwise caused by or are the result of BellSouth's failure to act at all relevant	

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IIEM. No	ALSSUE #	<b>S S</b>	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	times in a commercially reasonable manner in compliance with such Party's duties of mitigation with respect to such damage should be considered direct and compensable under the Agreement for simple negligence or nonperformance purposes.	BELLSOUTHPOSITION
7	G-7	10.5	What should the indemnification obligations of the parties be under this Agreement?	The Party providing service under the Agreement should be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the Party receiving services against any claim for libel, slander or invasion of privacy arising from the content of the receiving Party's own communications. Additionally, customary provisions should be included to specify that the Party receiving services under the Agreement should be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the provider Party against any claims, loss or damage to the extent reasonably arising from: (1) the providing Party's failure to abide by Applicable Law, or (2) injuries or damages arising out of or in connection with this Agreement to the extent cased by the provider Party's negligence, gross negligence or willful misconduct.	The Party providing services should be indemnified, defended and held harmless by the Party receiving services against any claim, loss or damage arising from the receiving Party's use of the services provided under this Agreement pertaining to (1) claims for libel, slander or invasion of privacy arising from the content of the receiving Party's own communications, or (2) any claim, loss or damage claimed by the End User of the Party receiving services arising from such company's use or reliance on the providing Party's services, actions, duties, or obligations arising out of this Agreement. This indemnification obligation shall not apply the extent any claims, loss, or damage is caused by the providing Party's gross negligence or willful misconduct.
8	G-8	11.1	What language should be included in the Agreement regarding a Party's use of	Given the complexity of and variability in intellectual property law, this nine-state Agreement should simply state that no	BellSouth's position is that the CLECs' use of BellSouth's name should be limited to (1) factual references that are

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IIIM NO.		S T	ANRESOLVED ISSURATE	CLECPOSITIONAL STREET	Service BradeSoft in Possicionary
			the other Party's name,	patent, copyright, trademark or other	necessary to respond to direct inquiries
			service marks, logo and	proprietary right is licensed, granted or	from customers or potential customers
			trademarks?	otherwise transferred by the Agreement and	regarding the source of the underlying
				that a Party's use of the other Party's name,	services or the identity of repair
				service mark and trademark should be in	technicians; and (2) truthful and factual
				accordance with Applicable Law. The	comparative advertising that does not
				Commission should not attempt to prejudge	imply any agency relationship,
				intellectual property law issues, which at	partnership, endorsement, sponsorship
				BellSouth's insistence, the Parties have	or affiliation with BellSouth and that
1				agreed are best left to adjudication by	uses the name solely in plain-type, non-
				courts of law (see, GTC, Sec. 11.5).	logo format. CLECs should not otherwise be entitled to use BellSouth's
i i					name. service mark, logo or trademark.
9	G-9	13.1	Under what circumstances	YES, either Party should be able to petition	This Commission or the FCC should
,	0-9	1	should a party be allowed	the Commission, the FCC or a court of law	resolve disputes as to the interpretation
			to take a dispute concerning	for resolution of a dispute. Given the	of the Agreement or as to the proper
			the interconnection	difficulties experienced in achieving	implementation of the Agreement. A
			agreement to a Court of law	efficient regional dispute resolution, and	party should be entitled to seek judicial
			for resolution first?	the ongoing debate as to whether state	review of any ruling made by the
				commissions have jurisdiction to enforce	Commission or the FCC concerning this
	i j			agreements (CLECs do not dispute that	Agreement, but should not be entitled to
				Commission) and as to whether the FCC	take such disputes to a Court of law
				will engage in such enforcement (or not),	without first exhausting its
				no legitimate dispute resolution venue	administrative remedies.
				should be foreclosed. There is no question	
	1			that courts of law have jurisdiction to	
				entertain such disputes (see GTC, Sec.	
				11.5); indeed, in certain instances, they	
				may be better equipped to adjudicate a	
				dispute and may provide a more efficient	
				alternative to litigating in up to 9 different	
				jurisdictions or to waiting for the FCC to	

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ITEM. No.	ISSUE, #	S S	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC POSITION	BERESOUTH POSITION STATE
				decide whether it will or won't accept an enforcement role given the particular facts.	
10	G-10	17.4	This issue has been resolved.		
11	G-11	19, 19.1	This issue has been resolved.		
12	G-12	32.2	Should the Agreement explicitly state that all existing state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and decisions apply unless otherwise specifically agreed to by the Parties?	YES, nothing in the Agreement should be construed to limit a Party's rights or exempt a Party from obligations under Applicable Law, as defined in the Agreement, except in such cases where the Parties have explicitly agreed to a limitation or exemption. This is a basic legal tenet and is consistent with both federal and Georgia law (agreed to by the parties), and it should be explicitly stated in the Agreement in order to avoid unnecessary disputes and litigation that has plagued the Parties in the past.	This Agreement is intended to memorialize the Parties' mutual agreement with respect to their obligations under the Act and applicable FCC and Commission rules and orders. To the extent that either Party asserts that an obligation, right or other requirement not expressly memorialized in the Agreement is applicable to the Parties' by virtue of a reference to an FCC or Commission rule or order or Applicable Law in the Agreement, and such obligation, right or other requirement is disputed by the other Party, the Party asserting that such obligation, right or other requirement is applicable shall petition the Commission for resolution of the dispute and the Parties agree that any finding by the Commission that such obligation, right or other requirement exists shall be applied prospectively by the Parties upon amendment of the Agreement to include such obligation, right or other requirement and any necessary rates,

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					terms and conditions. The Party that failed to perform such obligation, right or other requirement shall be held harmless from any liability for such failure until the obligation, right or other requirement is expressly included in this
13	G-13	32.3	This issue has been resolved.		Agreement by amendment hereto.
14	G-14	34.2	This issue has been resolved.		
15	G-15	45.2	This issue has been resolved.		
16	G-16	45.3	This issue has been resolved.		
				RESALE (ATTACHMENT 1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	1-1	3.19	This issue has been resolved		
18	1-2	11.6.6	This issue has been resolved.		
			NETWO	ORK ELEMENTS (ATTACHMENT 2)	
19	2-1	1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
20	2-2	1.2	This issue has been resolved.		
21	2-3	1.4.2	This issue has been resolved.		
22	2-4	1.4.3	This issue has been resolved.		
23	2-5	1.5	What rates, terms, and conditions should govern	In the event UNEs or Combinations are no longer offered pursuant to, or are not in	At the conclusion of the Transition Period, in the absence of an effective

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ITEM.		1 S-2	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC POSITION	BELLSOUTH EOSITION A COM
C. C			the CLECs' transition of	compliance with, the terms set forth in the	FCC ruling that Mass Market Switching,
			existing network elements	Agreement, including any transition plan set	DS1, or equivalent, and higher capacity
			that BellSouth is no longer	forth therein, it should be BellSouth's	loops, including dark fiber loops
			obligated to provide as	obligation to identify the specific service	(collectively "Enterprise Market
			UNEs to other services?	arrangements that it insists be transitioned	Loops"), and DS1, or equivalent, and
				to other services pursuant to Attachment 2.	higher capacity dedicated transport,
					including dark fiber transport
				If CLEC does not submit a rearrange or	(collectively "High Capacity Transport")
				disconnect order within 30 days of receipt	, or any subset thereof (individually or
				of BellSouth's post transition plan notice	collectively referred to herein as the
		:		identifying circuits that it insists be	"Eliminated Elements") are subject to
		-		transitioned to other services, BellSouth	unbundling, the CLEC must transition
				may disconnect such arrangements or	Eliminated Elements to either Resale,
				services without further notice, provided	tariffed services, or services offered
	-			that CLEC has not notified BellSouth of a	pursuant to a separate agreement
				dispute regarding the identification of	negotiated between the Parties
				specific service arrangements as being no	(collectively "Comparable Services") or
				longer offered pursuant to, or are not in	must disconnect such Eliminated
				compliance with, the terms set forth in the	Elements, as set forth below.
:				Agreement. Disconnect and other	
				nonrecurring charges should not apply to	Eliminated Elements including Mass
		:		services that are being rearranged,	Market Switching Function ("Switching
				disconnected or re-terminated (or otherwise	Eliminated Elements"). In the event that
				physically rearranged in some manner to	the CLEC has not entered into a
:				comport with BellSouth's request for	separate agreement for the provision of
				transition).	Mass Market Switching or services that
					include Mass Market Switching, the
				***	CLEC will submit orders to either
					disconnect Switching Eliminated
				CLECs reserve the right to modify all	Elements or convert such Switching
				position statements, but especially this one,	Eliminated Elements to Resale within
				as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	thirty (30) days of the last day of the

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				proposed redline to Attachment 2	Transition Period. If the CLEC submits
				incorporating language that forms the basis	orders to transition such Switching
ļ		$\sim 10^{-10}$		for this revised issue Based on BellSouth's	Eliminated Elements to Resale within
				representation of what its proposed	thirty (30) days of the last day of the
				language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate	Transition Period, applicable recurring
	1			that they will propose alternative language	and nonrecurring charges shall apply as
				that may also form the basis for this issue.	set forth in the appropriate BellSouth
	1				tariff, subject to the appropriate
					discounts described in the resale
					attachment of the Agreement. If the
					CLEC fails to submit orders within
ł					thirty (30) days of the last day of the
					Transition Period, BellSouth shall
					transition such Switching Eliminated
					Elements to Resale, and the CLEC shall pay the applicable nonrecurring and
					recurring charges as set forth in the
					appropriate BellSouth tariff, subject to
					the appropriate discounts described in
1					the resale attachment of this Agreement.
					In such case, the CLEC shall reimburse
					BellSouth for labor incurred in
			·		identifying the lines that must be
					converted and processing such
					conversions. If no equivalent Resale
					service exists, then BellSouth may
					disconnect such Switching Eliminated
					Elements if the CLEC does not submit
					such orders within thirty (30) days of
					the last day of the Transition Period. In
					all cases, until Switching Eliminated
					Elements have been converted to

ITEM No.	Issue #	S §	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CHEC POSITION	BELL SOUTH POSTHON A
					Comparable Services or disconnected,
					the applicable recurring and nonrecurring rates for Switching
					Eliminated Elements during the
					Transition Period shall apply as set forth
					in the Agreement. Applicable
		1			nonrecurring disconnect charges may
					apply for disconnection of service or
					conversion to Comparable Services.
					Other Eliminated Elements. Upon the
					end of the Transition Period, the CLEC
					must transition the Eliminated Elements
					other than Switching Eliminated
					Elements ("Other Eliminated Elements")
					to Comparable Services. Unless the Parties agree otherwise, Other
					Eliminated Elements shall be handled as
					follows.
					the CLEC will identify and submit
					orders to either disconnect Other Eliminated Elements or transition them
					to Comparable Services within thirty
					(30) days of the last day of the
					Transition Period. Rates, terms and
					conditions for Comparable Services
					shall apply per the applicable tariff for
					such Comparable Services as of the date the order is completed. Where the
					CLEC requests to transition a minimum
					of fifteen (15) circuits per state, the

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1				CLEC may submit orders via a
				spreadsheet process and such orders will
				be project managed. In all other cases,
				the CLEC must submit such orders
				pursuant to the local service
				request/access service request
				(LSR/ASR) process, dependent on the
		21 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 -		Comparable Service elected. For such
				transitions, the non-recurring and
				recurring charges shall be those set forth
				in BellSouth's FCC#1 tariff, or as
				otherwise agreed in a separately
				negotiated agreement. Until such time as
				the Other Eliminated Elements are
				transitioned to such Comparable
				Services, such Other Eliminated
				Elements will be provided pursuant to
				the rates, terms and conditions
				applicable to the subject Other
				Eliminated Elements during the
				Transition Period as set forth in the
				Agreement.
				-
				If the CLEC fails to identify and submit
				orders for any Other Eliminated
				Elements within thirty (30) days of the
				last day of the Transition Period,
				BellSouth may transition such Other
				Eliminated Elements to Comparable
				Services. The rates, terms and
				conditions for such Comparable
				Services shall apply as of the date

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ITEM NO.	Issue #	ŝ.	SET UNRESOLVED ISSUES	SHEEDSOUTH POSHEION (A
				following the end of the Transition Period. If no Comparable Services exist,
				then BellSouth may disconnect such
				Other Eliminated Elements if the CLEC
				does not submit such orders within
ļ	ļ			thirty (30) days of the last day of the
				Transition Period. In such case the
				CLEC shall reimburse BellSouth for labor incurred in identifying such Other
				Eliminated Elements and processing
				such orders and the CLEC shall pay the
				applicable disconnect charges set forth
	-			in this Agreement. Until such time as
				the Other Eliminated Elements are
1				disconnected pursuant to this Agreement, such Other Eliminated
				Elements will be provided pursuant to
				the rates, terms and conditions
				applicable to the subject Other
	1			Eliminated Elements during the
				Transition Period as set forth in this
				Agreement.
				In the event that the Interim Rules are
				vacated by a court of competent
				jurisdiction, the CLEC should
				immediately transition Mass Market
				Switching, Enterprise Market Loops and
				High Capacity Transport as set forth above, applied from the effective date of
				such vacatur, without regard to the

ITEM .NO.	ISSUE #	<b>₹</b>			BELSOUTH POSITION DE 17
					Interim Period or Transition Period.
					In the event that any Network Element, other than those addressed above, is no longer required to be offered by BellSouth pursuant to Section 251 of the Act, the CLEC shall immediately
					transition such elements as set forth above, applied from the effective date of the order eliminating such obligation.
24	2-6	1.5.1	This issue has been resolved.		
25	2-7	1.6.1	This issue has been resolved.		
26	2-8	1.7	Should BellSouth be required to commingle UNEs or Combinations with any service, network element or other offering that it is obligated to make available pursuant to Section 271 of the Act?	YES, BellSouth should be required to "commingle" UNEs or Combinations with any service, network element, or other offering that it is obligated to make available pursuant to Section 271 of the Act.	No, consistent with the FCC's errata to the Triennial Review Order, there is no requirement to commingle UNEs or combinations with services, network elements or other offerings under Section 271 of the Act.
27	2-9	1.8.3	When multiplexing equipment is attached to a commingled circuit, should the multiplexing equipment be billed per the jurisdictional authorization (Agreement or tariff) of the lower or higher bandwidth service?	When multiplexing equipment is attached to a commingled circuit, the multiplexing equipment should be billed from the same jurisdictional authorization (Agreement or tariff) as the lower bandwidth service. If the commingled circuit involves multiple segments at the same bandwidth, the multiplexing should be billed from the jurisdiction of the loop.	When multiplexing equipment is attached to a commingled circuit, the multiplexing equipment should be billed from the same jurisdictional authorization (Agreement or tariff) as the higher bandwidth service. The central office Channel Interface should be billed from the same jurisdictional authorization as the lower-level

ITEM NO.	ISSUE #		UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLECPOSITION	BENLSOUTH POSITION SOUTH
28	2-10	1.9.4	This issue has been resolved.		jurisdiction.
29	2-11	2.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
30	2-12	2.1.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
31	2-13	2.1.1.2	This issue has been resolved.		
32	2-14	2.1.2, 2.1.2.1, 2.1.2.2	This issue has been resolved.		· · · ·
33	2-15	2.2.3	This issue has been resolved.		
34	2-16	2.3.3	This issue has been resolved.		
35	2-17	2.4.3, 2.4.4	This issue has been resolved.		
36	2-18	2.12.1	<ul> <li>(A) How should line conditioning be defined in the Agreement?</li> <li>(B) What should BellSouth's obligations be with respect to line conditioning?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) Line Conditioning should be defined in the Agreement as set forth in FCC Rule 47 CFR 51.319 (a)(1)(iii)(A).</li> <li>(B) BellSouth should perform line conditioning in accordance with FCC Rule 47 C.F.R. 51.319(a)(1)(iii).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) Line Conditioning is defined as routine network modification that BellSouth regularly undertakes to provide xDSL services to its own customers.</li> <li>(B) BellSouth should perform line conditioning functions as defined in 47 C.F.R. 51.319(a)(1)(iii) to the extent the function is a routine network modification that BellSouth regularly undertakes to provide xDSL to its own customers.</li> </ul>

ITEM NO:	JSSUE #	<b>Š</b> - <b>Š</b> - <b>Š</b>	UNRESOLVEDISSUE	CIJEC ROSIDION	BEESOTH POSTION
37	2-19	2.12.2	Should the Agreement contain specific provisions limiting the availability of load coil removal to copper loops of 18,000 feet or less?	NO, the agreement should not contain specific provisions limiting the availability of Line Conditioning to copper loops of 18,000 feet or less in length.	Yes, current industry technical standards require the placement of load coils on copper loops greater than 18,000 feet in length to support voice service and BellSouth does not remove them for BellSouth retail end users on copper loops of over 18,000 feet in length; therefore, such a modification would not constitute a routine network modification and is not required by the FCC.
38	2-20	2.12.3, 2.12.4	Under what rates, terms and conditions should BellSouth be required to perform Line Conditioning to remove bridged taps?	Any copper loop being ordered by CLEC which has over 6,000 feet of combined bridged tap will be modified, upon request from CLEC, so that the loop will have a maximum of 6,000 feet of bridged tap. This modification will be performed at no additional charge to CLEC. Line conditioning orders that require the removal of other bridged tap should be performed at the rates set forth in Exhibit A of Attachment 2.	For any copper loop being ordered by CLEC which has over 6,000 feet of combined bridged tap will be modified, upon request from CLEC, so that the loop will have a maximum of 6,000 feet of bridged tap. This modification will be performed at no additional charge to CLEC. Line conditioning orders that require the removal of bridged tap that serves no network design purpose on a copper loop that will result in a combined level of bridged tap between 2,500 and 6,000 feet will be performed at the rates set forth in Exhibit A of this Attachment. CLEC may request removal of any unnecessary and non- excessive bridged tap (bridged tap between 0 and 2,500 feet which serves no network design purpose), at rates pursuant to BellSouth's Special Construction Process contained in

No		S	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC ROSITION	BellSouth's FCC No. 2 as mutually agreed to by the Parties. BellSouth is only required to perform line conditioning that it performs for its own xDSL customers and is not required to create a superior network for CLECs. Moreover, this issue is not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within DellSouth's abligations pursuent to
					BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.
39	2-21	2.12.6	This issue has been resolved.		
40	2-22	2.14.3.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
41	2-23	2.16.2.3.2	This issue has been resolved.		
42	2-24	2.17.3.5	This issue has been resolved.		
43	2-25	2.18.1.4	Under what circumstances should BellSouth be required to provide CLEC with Loop Makeup information on a facility used or controlled by a carrier other than BellSouth?	BellSouth should provide CLEC Loop Makeup information on a particular loop upon request by CLEC. Such access should not be contingent upon receipt of an LOA from a third party carrier.	BellSouth should provide CLEC Loop Makeup information on a facility used or controlled by another CLEC only upon receipt of an LOA authorizing the release of that information from the CLEC using the facility.
44	2-26	3.6.5	This issue has been		
45	2-27	3.10.3	resolved. This issue has been		

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ÎTEM NÔ.		S.ex.	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CHEC POSIDION 1921	BELISONE BOUND
46	2-28	3.10.4	<ul> <li>permitted to incorporate the Fast Access language from the FDN and/or Supra interconnection agreements, respectively docket numbers 010098-TP and 001305-TP, for the term of this Agreement?</li> <li>(B) YES, where BellSouth provides sup transport or services to CLEC and its E Users, BellSouth should be required to so without charge until such time as it produces an amendment proposal and th Parties amend this Agreement to incorporate terms that are no less favora in any respect, than the rates, terms and</li> </ul>	(B) YES, where BellSouth provides such transport or services to CLEC and its End Users, BellSouth should be required to do so without charge until such time as it produces an amendment proposal and the Parties amend this Agreement to incorporate terms that are no less favorable, in any respect, than the rates, terms and conditions pursuant to which BellSouth	This issue is not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act. Moreover, pursuant to the FCC's recent "all or nothing rule" regarding Section 251(i) and the Interim Rules, the CLECs cannot adopt any agreement that requires BellSouth to provision FastAccess over UNE-P or UNE-L.
				provides such transport and services to any other entity.	DSL services over UNEs to CLEC and its End Users as BellSouth's DSLAMs are not subject to unbundling. The FCC specifically stated in paragraph 288 of the TRO that they would "not require incumbent LECs to provide unbundled access to any electronics or other equipment used to transmit packetized information." If BellSouth elects to offer these services to CLEC, they should be pursuant to a separately negotiated commercial agreement between the parties or a tariff, and should not be

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ITEM NO.		S.S.	UNRESOLVED ISSUE		BDH/SOUTH ROSITION
					subject to arbitration in this proceeding as they are not services required pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.
47	2-29	4.2.2	This issue has been resolved.		
48	2-30	4.5.5	This issue has been resolved.		
49	2-31	5.2.4	This issue has been resolved.		
50	2-32	5.2.5.2.1, 5.2.5.2.3, 5.2.5.2.4, 5.2.5.2.4, 5.2.5.2.7	How should the term "customer" as used in the FCC's EEL eligibility criteria rule be defined?	The high capacity EEL eligibility criteria should be consistent with those set forth in the FCC's rules and should use the term "customer", as used in the FCC's rules. Use of the term "End User" may result in a deviation from the FCC rules to which CLECs are unwilling to agree.	This issue is only appropriate for arbitration to the extent that high capacity EELs are available to CLECs and the associated service eligibility criteria apply. In the event that high capacity loops and transport are not available as UNEs pursuant to Section 251, this issue is not appropriate for arbitration. During the Transition Period mandated by the Interim Rules, the Commission should find as follows regarding this issue:
					The term "customer" as used in the FCC's EEL eligibility criteria should be defined as the end user of an EEL. The high capacity EEL eligibility criteria apply only to End User circuits since a loop is a component of the EEL and the FCC definition of a loop requires that it

ITEM NO.	ALL DISTORY PARTY OF THE	S State	Unresolvenissue	CLECROSTION S	RentSouthPosition
	an a				terminate to an "end-user" customer
					premises.
51	2-33	5.2.6,	(A) This issue has been	(B) YES, to invoke its limited right to audit	This issue is only appropriate for
		5.2.6.1,	resolved.	CLEC's records in order to verify	arbitration to the extent that high
		5.2.6.2,		compliance with the high capacity EEL	capacity EELs are available to CLECs
		5.2.6.2.1,	(B) Should there be a	service eligibility criteria, BellSouth should	and the associated service eligibility
		5.2.6.2.3	notice requirement for	send a Notice of Audit to CLEC, identifying	criteria apply. In the event that high
			BellSouth to conduct an	the particular circuits for which BellSouth	capacity loops and transport are not
			audit and what should the	alleges non-compliance and the cause upon	available as UNEs pursuant to Section 251, this issue is not appropriate for
			notice include?	which BellSouth rests its allegations. The Notice of Audit should also include all	arbitration. During the Transition
			(C) Who should conduct	supporting documentation upon which	Period mandated by the Interim Rules,
			the audit and how should	BellSouth establishes the cause that forms	the Commission should find as follows
			the audit be performed?	the basis of BellSouth's allegations of	regarding this issue:
				noncompliance. Such Notice of Audit	
				should be delivered to CLEC with all	(B) BellSouth will provide notice to
				supporting documentation no less than	CLECs stating the cause upon which
				thirty (30) days prior to the date upon which	BellSouth rests its allegations of
				BellSouth seeks to commence an audit.	noncompliance with the service
					eligibility criteria at least 30 calendar
				(C) The audit should be conducted by a	days prior to the date of the audit.
				third party independent auditor mutually	
				agreed-upon by the Parties and retained and	(C) The audit shall be conducted by an
				paid for by BellSouth. The audit should	independent auditor, and the auditor
				commence at a mutually agreeable location	must perform its evaluation in accordance with the standards
				(or locations) no sooner than thirty (30)	established by the American Institute for
				days after the parties have reached	Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).
				agreement on the auditor. In addition, the	The auditor will perform an
				audit should be performed in accordance with the standards established by the	"examination engagement" and issue an
				American Institute for Certified Public	opinion regarding CLEC's compliance
				Accountants (AICPA) which will require	with the qualifying service eligibility

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TTEM NO:	ISSUE #		UNRESOLVED ISSUE		BELSOUTH POSITION
				the auditor to perform an "examination engagement" and issue an opinion regarding CLEC's compliance with the high capacity EEL eligibility criteria. AICPA standards and other requirements related to determining the independence of an auditor will govern the audit of requesting carrier compliance. The concept of materiality should govern this audit; the independent auditor's report should conclude whether or the extent to which CLEC complied in all material respects with the applicable service eligibility criteria. Consistent with standard auditing practices, such audits should require compliance testing designed by the independent auditor, which typically includes an examination of a sample selected in accordance with the independent auditor's judgment.	criteria. The independent auditor's report will conclude whether CLEC has complied in all material respects with the applicable service eligibility criteria. Consistent with standard auditing practices, such audits require compliance testing designed by the independent auditor, which typically include an examination of a sample selected in accordance with the independent auditor's judgment. (B) No, a notice requirement is not required by the FCC's TRO.
52	2-34	5.2.6.2.3	This issue has been resolved.		
53	2-35	6.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
54	2-36	6.1.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
55	2-37	6.4.2	This issue has been resolved.		
56	2-38	7.2, 7.3	This issue has been resolved.		•
57	2-39	7.4	A) Should the Parties be	YES, the Parties should be obligated to	This issue (including all subparts) is not

Updated 10/15/2004

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ITEM No.	LISSUE	<b>\$</b>	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	E DE LE CARCELOS DE L	BE SOUTH ROSTION
			obligated to perform CNAM queries and pass such information on all calls exchanged between them, including cases that would require the party providing the information to query a third party database provider? (B) If so, which party should bear the cost?	perform CNAM queries and pass such information on all calls exchanged between them, regardless of whether that would require BellSouth to query a third party database provider.	<ul> <li>appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.</li> <li>(A) BellSouth is only legally obligated to provide access to its CNAM database as required by the FCC. There is no legal obligation on either Party's part to query other such databases.</li> <li>(B) If BellSouth elects to perform this function for the CLECs, it should be pursuant to separately negotiated rates, terms and conditions and is not appropriately raised as an issue in a Section 251 arbitration.</li> </ul>
58	2-40	9.3.5	This issue has been resolved.		
59	2-41	14.1	This issue has been resolved.		
				CONNECTION (ATTACHMENT 3)	
60	3-1	3.3.4 (KMC, NSC, NVX) 3.3.3 XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		·
61	3-2	9.6 (KMC),	This issue has been resolved.		

	Issue:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UNRESOLVEDISSUE		BELLSOUTHPOSITION
62	3-3	9.6 (NSC), 9.6 (NVX, XSP) 10.7.4	This issue has been		
		(NSC), 10.7.4 (NVX), 10.12.4 (XSP)	resolved.		
63	3-4	10.10.6 (KMC), 10.8.6 (NSC), 10.8.6 (NVX), 10.13.5 (XSP)	Under what terms should CLEC be obligated to reimburse BellSouth for amounts BellSouth pays to third party carriers that terminate BellSouth transited/CLEC originated traffic?	In the event that a terminating third party carrier imposes on BellSouth any charges or costs for the delivery of Transit Traffic originated by CLEC, CLEC should reimburse BellSouth for all charges paid by BellSouth, which BellSouth is contractually obligated to pay. BellSouth should diligently review, dispute and pay such third party invoices (or equivalent) in a manner that is at parity with its own practices for reviewing, disputing and paying such invoices (or equivalent) when no similar reimbursement provision applies.	In the event that a terminating third party carrier imposes on BellSouth any charges or costs for the delivery of Transit Traffic originated by CLEC, CLEC should reimburse BellSouth for all charges paid by BellSouth.
64	3-5	10.7.4.2 (KMC), 10.5.5.2 (NSC), 10.5.6.2 (NVX)	This issue has been resolved.		

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ATEM NO.	Contraction of the second states of the second stat	STATISTICS IN CONTRACT	St. UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC-ROSULON	BEEL-SOUTH POSITION # 1. **
65	3-6	10.10. 1 (KMC), 10.8.1 (NSC/ NVX) 10.13 (XMC)	Should BellSouth be allowed to charge the CLEC a Tandem Intermediary Charge for the transport and termination of Local Transit Traffic and ISP- Bound Transit Traffic?	NO, BellSouth should not be permitted to impose upon CLEC a Tandem Intermediary Charge ("TIC") for the transport and termination of Local Transit Traffic and ISP-Bound Transit Traffic. The TIC is a non-TELRIC based additive charge which exploits BellSouth's market power and is discriminatory.	Yes, BellSouth is not obligated to provide the transit function and the CLEC has the right pursuant to the Act to request direct interconnection to other carriers. Additionally, BellSouth incurs costs beyond those for which the Commission ordered rates were designed to address, such as the costs of sending records to the CLECs identifying the originating carrier. BellSouth does not charge the CLEC for these records and does not recover those costs in any other form. Moreover, this issue is not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.
66	3-7	10.1 (KMC),10 .1 (XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		
67	3-8	10.2, 10.3 (XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		
68	3-9	2.1.12 (XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		
69	3-10	3.2 (XSP), Ex. A (XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		
70	3-11	3.3.1,	This issue has been		

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ITEM	ISSUE #	S.	** UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC POSITION	BELLSOUTH POSITION
S. C. C. Statistics		3.3.2,	resolved.		
	i	3.4.5,			
		10.10.2			
		(XSP)			
71	3-12	4.5	This issue has been		
		(XSP)	resolved.		
72	3-13	4.6 (XSP)	This issue has been resolved.		
73	3-14	10.10.4,	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
		10.10.6,	•		
	İ	10.10.7			
[	-	(XSP)			3
[				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
74	4-1	3.9	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
75	4-2	5.21.1,	This issue has been		
		5.21.2	resolved.		
76	4-3	8.1, 8.6	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
77	4-4	8.4	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
78	4-5	8.6	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
79	4-6	8.11,	This issue has been		
		8.11.1,	resolved.		
		8.11.2			
80	4-7	9.1.1	This issue has been		
			resolved.		
81	4-8	9.1.2,	This issue has been		

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	Issup #	S-S	UNRESOLVED ISSUER	AND FEED OF DEPOSITION SHIP TO AN	BENISOUTH POSTLON - 201
	the of picture and previously	9.1.3	resolved.		
82	4-9	9.3	This issue has been resolved.		
83	4-10	13.6	This issue has been resolved.		
		-		RDERING (ATTACHMENT 6)	
84	6-1	2.5.1	This issue has been resolved.		
85	6-2	2.5.5	This issue has been resolved.		
86	6-3	2.5.6.2, 2.5.6.3	<ul> <li>(A) This issue has been resolved.</li> <li>(B) How should disputes over alleged unauthorized access to CSR information be handled under the Agreement?</li> </ul>	(B) If one Party disputes the other Party's assertion of non-compliance, that Party should notify the other Party in writing of the basis for its assertion of compliance. If the receiving Party fails to provide the other Party with notice that appropriate corrective measures have been taken within a reasonable time or provide the other Party with proof sufficient to persuade the other Party that it erred in asserting the non- compliance, the requesting Party should proceed pursuant to the Dispute Resolution provisions set forth in the General Terms and Conditions and the Parties should cooperatively seek expedited resolution of the dispute. "Self help", in the form of suspension of access to ordering systems and discontinuance of service, is inappropriate and coercive. Moreover, it effectively denies one Party the ability to avail itself to the Dispute Resolution	(B) The Party providing notice of such impropriety should provide notice to the offending Party that additional applications for service may be refused, that any pending orders for service may not be completed, and/or that access to ordering systems may be suspended if such use is not corrected or ceased by the fifth (5 <sup>th</sup> ) calendar day following the date of the notice. In addition, the alleging Party may, at the same time, provide written notice to the person(s) designated by the other Party to receive notices of noncompliance that the alleging Party may terminate the provision of access to ordering systems to the other Party and may discontinue the provisioning of existing services if such use is not corrected or ceased by the tenth (10 <sup>th</sup> ) calendar day following the date of the initial notice. If the other

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121-027-022	ISSUE H	S	UNRESOLVEDIISSUE	process otherwise agreed to by the Parties.	Party disagrees with the alleging Party's allegations of unauthorized use, the other Party shall proceed pursuant to the dispute resolution provisions set forth in the General Terms and Conditions.
87	6-4	2.6	This issue has been resolved.		
88	6-5	2.6.5	What rate should apply for Service Date Advancement (a/k/a service expedites)?	Rates for Service Date Advancement (a/k/a service expedites) related to UNEs, interconnection or collocation should be set consistent with TELRIC pricing principles.	BellSouth is not required to provide expedited service pursuant to The Act. If BellSouth elects to offer expedite capability as an enhancement to a CLEC, BellSouth's tariffed rates for service date advancement should apply. Moreover, this issue is not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.
89	6-6	2.6.25	This issue has been resolved.		
90	6-7	2.6.26	This issue has been resolved.		
91	6-8	2.7.10.4	This issue has been resolved.		
92	6-9	2.9.1	This issue has been resolved.		
93	6-10	3.1.1	This issue has been resolved.		
94	6-11	3.1.2,	(A) Should the mass	(A) YES, mass migration of customer	This issue (including all subparts) is not

ITEM .	ASSUE #	58.00	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CONTRACTOR CLECROSITION	BOIL SOCIE POSITION, ALLA
		3.1.2.1	migration of customer service arrangements resulting from mergers, acquisitions and asset transfers be accomplished by the submission of an electronic LSR or spreadsheet? (B) If so, what rates should apply? (C) What should be the interval for such mass migrations of services?	<ul> <li>service arrangements (e.g., UNEs, Combinations, resale) should be accomplished pursuant to submission of electronic LSR or, if mutually agreed to by the Parties, by submission of a spreadsheet in a mutually agreed-upon format. Until such time as an electronic LSR process is available, a spreadsheet containing all relevant information should be used.</li> <li>(B) An electronic OSS charge should be assessed per service arrangement migrated. In addition, BellSouth should only charge CLEC a TELRIC-based records change charge, as set forth in Exhibit A of Attachment 2, for migrations of customers for which no physical re-termination of circuits must be performed. Similarly, BellSouth should only charge CLEC a TELRIC-based charge, as set forth in Exhibit A of Attachment 2, for migrations of customers for which physical re- termination of circuits is required.</li> <li>(C) Migrations should be completed within ten (10) calendar days of an LSR or spreadsheet submission.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.</li> <li>(A) No, each and every Merger, Acquisition and Asset Transfer is unique and requires project management and planning to ascertain the appropriate manner in which to accomplish the transfer, including how orders should be submitted. The vast array of services that may be the subject of such a transfer, under the agreement and both state and federal tariffs, necessitates that various forms of documentation may be required.</li> <li>(B) The rates by necessity must be negotiated between the Parties based upon the particular services to be transferred and the work involved.</li> <li>(C) No finite interval can be set to cover all potential situations. While shorter intervals can be committed to and met for small, simple projects, larger and more complex projects require much longer intervals and prioritization and cooperation between the Parties.</li> </ul>
			E	BILLING (ATTACHMENT 7)	

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A DECEMBER OF	ISSUE	. <b>S</b>	The UNRESOUVED ISSUE	CLEC POSITION	Re BELESOUTH POSITION
95	7-1	1.1.3	What time limits should apply to backbilling, over- billing, and under-billing issues?	YES, bills for service should not be rendered more than ninety (90) calendar days have passed since the bill date on which those charges ordinarily would have been billed. Billed amounts for services rendered more than one (1) billing period prior to the Bill Date should be invalid unless the billing Party identifies such billing as "back-billing" on a line-item basis. Billing beyond (90) calendar days and up to a limit of six (6) months after the date upon which the bill ordinarily would have been issued may be allowed under the following conditions: (1) charges connected with jointly provided services whereby meet point billing guidelines require either Party to rely on records provided by a third party and such records have not been provided in a timely manner; and (2) charges incorrectly billed due to erroneous information supplied by the non-billing Party.	All charges incurred under the agreement should be subject to the state's statute of limitations or applicable Commission rules. Back- billing alone should not be subject to a shorter limitations period than any other claims related to billing under the agreement.
96	7-2	1.2.2	<ul> <li>(A) What charges, if any, should be imposed for records changes made by the Parties to reflect changes in corporate names or other LEC dentifiers such as OCN, CC, CIC and ACNA?</li> <li>(B) What intervals should upply to such changes?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(A) A Party should be entitled to make one</li> <li>(1) "LEC Change" (<i>i.e.</i>, corporate name change, OCN, CC, CIC, ACNA change) per state in any twelve (12) month period without charge by the other Party for updating its databases, systems and records solely to reflect such change. For any additional LEC Changes, TELRIC compliant rates should be charged.</li> <li>(B) "LEC Changes" should be</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This issue (including all subparts) is not appropriate for arbitration in this proceeding because it involves a request by the CLECs that is not encompassed within BellSouth's obligations pursuant to Section 251 of the Act.</li> <li>(A) BellSouth is permitted to recover its costs and CLEC should be charged a reasonable records change charge. Requests for this type of change should</li> </ul>

ATENU No	Issue #	<b>\$</b>	UNRESOLVEDUSSUE	accomplished in thirty (30) calendar days and should result in no delay or suspension of ordering or provisioning of any element or service provided pursuant to this Agreement, or access to any pre-order, order, provisioning, maintenance or repair interfaces. At the request of a Party, the other Party should establish a new BAN	BEELSOUTHPOSITION be submitted to the BFR/NBR process. (B) The Interval of any such project would be determined by the BFR/NBR process based upon the complexity of the project.
97	7-3	1.4	When should payment of charges for service be due?	within ten (10) calendar days. Payment of charges for services rendered should be due thirty (30) calendar days from receipt or website posting of a complete and fully readable bill or within thirty (30) calendar days from receipt or website posting of a corrected or retransmitted bill in those cases where correction or retransmission is necessary for processing.	Payment for services should be due on or before the next bill date (Payment Due Date) in immediately available funds.
98	7-4	1.6	This issue has been resolved.		
99	7-5	1.7.1	What recourse should a Party have if it believes the other Party is engaging in prohibited, unlawful or improper use of its facilities or services, abuse of the facilities or noncompliance with the Agreement or applicable tariffs?	Each Party should have the right to suspend access to ordering systems for and to terminate particular services or access to facilities that are being used in an unlawful, improper or abusive manner. However, such remedial action should be limited to the services or facilities in question and such suspension or termination should not be imposed unilaterally by one Party over the other's written objections to or denial of such accusations. In the event of such a	Each Party should have the right to suspend or terminate service in the event it believes the other party is engaging in one of these practices.

TTEM TNO.	ISSUD #	<b>.</b> <u>S</u>	UNRESOLVED ISSUE		
				dispute, "self help" should not supplant the Dispute Resolution process set forth in the Agreement.	
100	7-6	1.7.2	Should CLEC be required to pay past due amounts in addition to those specified in BellSouth's notice of suspension or termination for nonpayment in order to avoid suspension or termination?	NO. If CLEC receives a notice of suspension or termination from BellSouth with a limited time to pay nondisputed past due amounts, CLEC should, in order to avoid suspension or termination, be required to pay only the amount past due as of the date of the notice and as expressly and plainly indicated on the notice. Otherwise, CLEC will risk suspension or termination due to possible calculation and timing errors.	Yes, if CLEC receives a notice of suspension or termination from BellSouth as a result of CLEC's failure to pay timely, CLEC should be required to pay all amounts that are past due as of the date of the pending suspension or termination action.
101	7-7	1.8.3	How many months of billing should be used to determine the maximum amount of the deposit?	The amount of a deposit should not exceed two month's estimated billing for new CLECs or one and one-half month's actual billing for existing CLECs (based on average monthly billings for the most recent six (6) month period). The one and one-half month's actual billing deposit limit for existing CLECs is reasonable given that balances can be predicted with reasonable accuracy and that significant portions of services are billed in advance.	The average of two (2) months of actual billing for existing customers or estimated billing for new customers, which is consistent with the telecommunications industry's standard and BellSouth's practice with its end users.
102	7-8	1.8.3.1	Should the amount of the deposit BellSouth requires from CLEC be reduced by past due amounts owed by BellSouth to CLEC?	YES, the amount of security due from an existing CLEC should be reduced by amounts due CLEC by BellSouth aged over thirty (30) calendar days. BellSouth may request additional security in an amount equal to such reduction once BellSouth	NO, CLEC's remedy for addressing late payment by BellSouth should be suspension/termination of service or application of interest/late payment charges similar to BellSouth's remedy for addressing late payment by CLEC.

ÎTEM NO.	1974年1月1日日	S.	UNRESOLVEDISSUE	demonstrates a good payment history, as defined in the deposit provisions of Attachment 7. This provision is appropriate given that the Agreement's deposit provisions are not reciprocal and that BellSouth's payment history with CLECs is often poor.	BEBESOUTH POSITION
103	7-9	1.8.6	Should BellSouth be entitled to terminate service to CLEC pursuant to the process for termination due to non- payment if CLEC refuses to remit any deposit required by BellSouth within 30 calendar days?	NO, BellSouth should have a right to terminate services to CLEC for failure to remit a deposit requested by BellSouth only in cases where (a) CLEC agrees that such a deposit is required by the Agreement, or (b) the Commission has ordered payment of such deposit. A dispute over a requested deposit should be addressed via the Agreement's Dispute Resolution provisions and not through "self-help".	Yes, thirty (30) calendar days is a commercially reasonable time period within which CLEC should have met its fiscal responsibilities.
104	7-10	1.8.7	What recourse should be available to either Party when the Parties are unable to agree on the need for or amount of a reasonable deposit?	If the Parties are unable to agree on the need for or amount of a reasonable deposit, either Party should be able to file a petition for resolution of the dispute and both parties should cooperatively seek expedited resolution of such dispute.	If CLEC does not agree with the amount or need for a deposit requested by BellSouth, CLEC may file a petition with the Commission for resolution of the dispute and BellSouth would cooperatively seek expedited resolution of such dispute. BellSouth shall not terminate service during the pendency of such a proceeding provided that CLEC posts a payment bond for the amount of the requested deposit during the pendency of the proceeding.
105	7-11	1.8.9	This issue has been resolved.		

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ITEM No	ISSUE #'	§\$.,*	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC POSITION	Una BRESOUTH POSITION F
106	7-12	1.9.1	To whom should BellSouth be required to send the 15- day notice of suspension for additional applications for service, pending applications for service and access to BellSouth's ordering systems?	Notice of suspension for additional applications for service, pending applications for service, and access to BellSouth's ordering systems should be sent pursuant to the requirements of Attachment 7 and also should be sent via certified mail to the individual(s) listed in the Notices provision of the General Terms and Conditions.	The 15-day computer-generated notice stating that BellSouth may suspend access to BellSouth's ordering systems should go to the individual(s) that CLEC has identified as its Billing Contact(s), Notices, not system generated, of security deposits and suspension or termination of services shall be sent via certified mail to the individual(s) listed in the Notices provision of the General Terms and Conditions of the Agreement in addition to the CLEC's designed billing contact.
107	11-1	1.5, 1.8.1, 1.9, 1.10	This issue has been resolved.		
				JPPLEMENTAL ISSUES	
107	S-1		How should the Final FCC Unbundling Rules <sup>2</sup> be incorporated into the Agreement?	Upon release of the Final FCC Unbundling Rules, the parties should endeavor to negotiate contract language that reflects an agreement to abide by those rules or to other standards, if they mutually agree to do so. Any issues which the parties are unable to resolve should be resolved through Commission arbitration.	The Agreement should automatically incorporate the FCC Final Unbundling Rules immediately upon those rules becoming effective.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FINAL FCC UNBUNDLING RULES - is defined as an effective order of the FCC adopted pursuant to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, WC Docket No. 04-313, released August 20, 2004, and effective September 13, 2004.

ITEM NO:	ASSUE.	- 8	UNRESOLVEDISSUE / #	CHEC Position, 2	Service BELISOUEN POSITION
				As we understand BellSouth's proposal (the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2), BellSouth inappropriately seeks to upend the process established by the Act which requires good faith negotiations with respect to applicable legal requirements first and then allows for Commission arbitration of issues the parties are unable to resolve through good faith negotiations.	
				BellSouth's "deemed amended" position also is contrary to language which the parties already have agreed will be incorporated into the general terms stating that changes in law will be addressed via amendment and that amendments will be effective (on or after signature). GTC § 17.4, Resolved Issue 10/G-10.	
				*** CLECs reserve the right to modify all position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis for this issue. Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	

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ITEM.	ISSUE	8	. UNRESOLVED ISSUE	The some CLEC POSITION	BELINOUTH POSITION
No.	₩ :: S-2	4 16 A	CLEC Issue Statement:	(A) Upon release of an intervening FCC	Vag If the ECC enters on internet
108	3-2		CLEC Issue Statement.	Order adopted in CC Docket 01-338 or WC	Yes. If the FCC enters an intervening order prior to issuing the Final FCC
			(A) How should any	Docket 04-313, the parties should endeavor	Unbundling Rules, the requirements of
		1. S.	intervening FCC Order	to negotiate contract language that reflects	the intervening order should take
			adopted in CC Docket 01-	an agreement to abide by that order and any	precedence over rates, terms, and
	1		338 or WC Docket 04-313	rules associated therewith or to other	conditions in the Agreement that are
			be incorporated into the	standards, if they mutually agree to do so.	inconsistent with the rates, terms, and
		- 1	Agreement?	Any issues which the parties are unable to	conditions set forth in the intervening
				resolve should be resolved through	order. In order to effectuate this, the
			(B) How should any	Commission arbitration.	Agreement should automatically
		1.1	intervening State		incorporate any intervening order on the
		-	Commission order relating	As we understand BellSouth's proposal	effective date of such order.
			to unbundling obligations,	(the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	
			if any, be incorporated into	proposed redline to Attachment 2),	Further, state commissions are
			the Agreement?	BellSouth inappropriately seeks to upend	preempted from making any changes to
				the process established by the Act which	the FCC findings in FCC 04-179, except
			BellSouth Issue	requires good faith negotiations with respect to applicable legal requirements	for the issuance of an order increasing rates for frozen elements, as set forth in
			Statement:	first and then allows for Commission	FCC 04-179. Consequently, any state
			Should the Americant	arbitration of issues the parties are unable	commission order (other than one
			Should the Agreement automatically incorporate	to resolve through good faith negotiations.	increasing rates for the frozen elements)
			any intervening order of	to resorve unough good ratio negotiations.	should not be incorporated into the
			the FCC adopted in WC	BellSouth's "deemed amended" position	Agreement.
			Docket 04-313 or CC	also is contrary to language which the	
			Docket 01-338 that is	parties already have agreed will be	Because BellSouth has not had a full
			issued prior to the issuance	incorporated into the general terms stating	opportunity to review and analyze the
			of the Final FCC	that changes in law will be addressed via	CLECs' proposed issue, BellSouth
			Unbundling Rules to the	amendment and that amendments will be	reserves the right and intends to modify
			extent any rates, terms or	effective (on or after signature). GTC §	its position statement to address the
			requirements set forth in	17.4, Resolved Issue 10/G-10.	CLECs' competing issue statement.
			such an order are in		
			conflict with, in addition	(B) As with any FCC Order adopted in CC	

Inex	ISSUE	e <sup>227</sup> 8.	I. UNRESOLVEDISSUE	CLARCE Reservor	BAILS BAILS OF THE STATION AS A
Nos			to, or otherwise different from the rates, terms, and requirements set forth in the Agreement?	Docket 01-338 or WC Docket 04-313, with respect to any intervening State Commission order relating to unbundling obligations, the parties should endeavor to negotiate contract language that reflects an agreement to abide by that order and any rules associated therewith or to other standards, if they mutually agree to do so. Any issues which the parties are unable to resolve should be resolved through Commission arbitration.	
	s.			***	
				CLECs reserve the right to modify all position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis for this issue. Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	
109	8-3		If FCC 04-179 is vacated or otherwise modified by a court of competent jurisdiction, how should such order or decision be incorporated into the Agreement?	If FCC 04-179 is vacated or otherwise modified by a court of competent jurisdiction, the parties should endeavor to negotiate contract language that reflects an agreement to abide by law left in place or that is adopted in response to that decision or to other standards, if they mutually agree to do so. Any issues which the	In the event a court of competent jurisdiction vacates all or part of FCC 04-179, there will be no valid impairment findings with respect to the vacated elements. Thus, the Agreement should automatically incorporate the state of the law on the date the order or decision becomes effective.

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ITEM No.	Sit :	UNRESOLVED ISSUE		BEELSOUTH POSITION
			parties are unable to resolve should be	
			resolved through Commission arbitration.	
			As we understand BellSouth's proposal	
			(the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	
			proposed redline to Attachment 2),	
			BellSouth inappropriately seeks to upend	
			the process established by the Act which requires good faith negotiations with	
			respect to applicable legal requirements	
			first and then allows for Commission	
			arbitration of issues the parties are unable	
-			to resolve through good faith negotiations.	
			BellSouth's "deemed amended" position	
			also is contrary to language which the	
			parties already have agreed will be	
			incorporated into the general terms stating	
			that changes in law will be addressed via	
			amendment and that amendments will be effective (on or after signature). GTC §	
			17.4, Resolved Issue 10/G-10.	
			***	
			CLECs reserve the right to modify all	•
			position statements, but especially this one,	
			as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	
			proposed redline to Attachment 2	
			incorporating language that forms the basis	
			for this issue. Based on BellSouth's	
			representation of what its proposed	

ITEM NO	Issue: #	S	ANUNRESOLVED ISSUE	<b>CLEC Position</b> language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	BEASSON POSTONE
110	S-4		CLEC Issue Statement: What post Interim Period <sup>3</sup> transition plan should be incorporated into the Agreement? BellSouth Issue Statement: At the end of the Interim Period, assuming that the Transition Period set forth in FCC 04-179 is neither vacated, modified, nor superceded, should the Agreement automatically incorporate the Transition Period set forth in the Interim Order?	The "Transition Period" or plan proposed by the FCC for the six months following the Interim Period has not been adopted by the FCC, but was merely proposed. The FCC sought comment on the proposal and on transition plans in general. Upon release of the Final FCC Unbundling Rules, the parties should endeavor to negotiate contract language that reflects an agreement to abide by the transition plan adopted therein or to other standards, if they mutually agree to do so. Any issues which the parties are unable to resolve should be resolved through Commission arbitration. As we understand BellSouth's proposal (the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2), BellSouth inappropriately seeks to upend the process established by the Act which requires good faith negotiations with respect to applicable legal requirements first and then allows for Commission arbitration of issues the parties are unable	<ul> <li>Yes. FCC 04-179 states that, in the absence of Final FCC Unbundling Rules that modify the requirements of the Transition Period, the Transition Period specified in FCC 04-179 will take effect at the end of the Interim Period. Therefore, the Agreement should automatically incorporate the FCC's Transition Period once it becomes effective. In the event the Final FCC's Unbundling Rules or an intervening order of the FCC modifies the requirements of the FCC's Transition Period, such modified requirements should take effect in accordance with BellSouth's position on Issues 1 and 2 above.</li> <li>Because BellSouth has not had a full opportunity to review and analyze the CLECs' proposed issue, BellSouth reserves the right and intends to modify its position statement to address the CLECs' competing issue statement.</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> INTERIM PERIOD – as set forth in ¶29 of the FCC 04 79, is defined as the period that ends on the earlier of (1) March 12, 2005 or (2) the effective date of the final unbundling rules adopted by the FCC pursuant to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking described in the FCC 04-179

LTEM No.	2 / Cashing 1989	· \$	UNRESOLVED ISSUE		BEILSOUTH POSITION
				to resolve through good faith negotiations.	
				BellSouth's "deemed amended" position	
				also is contrary to language which the	
		• • •		parties already have agreed will be	
				incorporated into the general terms stating that changes in law will be addressed via	
				amendment and that amendments will be	
		· ·		effective (on or after signature). GTC §	
				17.4, Resolved Issue 10/G-10.	
				***	
				CLECs reserve the right to modify all	
		÷		position statements, but especially this one,	
				as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	
				proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis	
				for this issue. Based on BellSouth's	
				representation of what its proposed	
				language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate	
				that they will propose alternative language	
111	S-5		(A) What rates, terms and	that may also form the basis for this issue. (A) Rates, terms and conditions relating to	The rates, terms and conditions for the
111	5-5	,	conditions relating to	switching, enterprise market loops and	following defined elements were frozen:
			switching, enterprise	dedicated transport from each CLEC's	
			market loops and dedicated	interconnection agreement that was in effect	Switching Mass Market Switching
			transport were "frozen" by	as of June 15, 2004 were "frozen" by FCC	and all elements that must be made
			FCC 04-179?	04-179.	available when switching is made available. Mass Market Switching is
			(B) How should these	(B) Those frozen rates, terms and	unbundled access to local switching
			rates, terms and conditions	conditions should be incorporated into the	except when the CLEC: (1) serves an

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Updated 10/15/2004

- Rep.M	Issue	 UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	A BEIDSOFTHPOSITION
		be incorporated into the Agreement?	Agreement as they appeared in each CLEC's interconnection agreement that was in effect as of June 15, 2004. **** CLECs reserve the right to modify all position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis for this issue. Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	End User with four (4) or more voice- grade (DSO) equivalents or lines served by the ILEC in Density Zone 1 of the top 50 MSAs; or (2) serves an End User with a DS1 or higher capacity service or UNE Loop. Enterprise Market Loops those transmission facilities between a distribution frame (or its equivalent) in the ILEC's central office and the loop demarcation point at an end user customer premises at a DS1 or higher level capacity, including dark fiber loops. Dedicated Transport the transmission facilities connecting ILEC switches and wire centers in a LATA. at a DS1 or higher level capacity, including dark fiber transport.
112	S-6	CLEC Issue Statement: (A) Is BellSouth obligated to provide unbundled access to DSI loops, DS3 loops and dark fiber loops? (B) If so, under what rates, terms and conditions?	(A) YES. USTA II did not vacate the FCC's rules which require BellSouth to make available DS1, DS3 and dark fiber loop UNEs. USTA II also did not eliminate Section 251, CLEC impairment, Section 271 or this Commission's authority under federal or state law to require BellSouth to provide unbundled access to DS1, DS3 and dark fiber loops.	Yes. While not mentioned specifically by name, the rationale and logic of USTA II clearly indicates that the D.C. Circuit intended to vacate any FCC requirement that obligated ILECs to provide high capacity loops and dark fiber. USTA IP's vacatur of the FCC's prior unbundling rules applied to all high capacity (DSI or above) transmission facilities, which includes

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Ne		BellSouth Issue Statement: Did USTA II vacate the FCC's unbundling requirement, if any, relating to high-capacity loops and dark fiber?	(B) BellSouth is obligated to provide access to DS1, DS3 and dark fiber loop UNEs at TELRIC compliant rates approved by this Commission. DS1, DS3 and dark fiber loops unbundled on other than a Section 251 statutory basis should be made available at TELRIC compliant rates approved by this Commission until such time as it is determined that another pricing standard applies and the Commission approves rates pursuant to that standard.	high capacity loops, high capacity transport and dark fiber. Because BellSouth has not had a full opportunity to review and analyze the CLECs' proposed issue, BellSouth reserves the right and intends to modify its position statement to address the CLECs' competing issue statement.
			*** CLECs reserve the right to modify all position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis for this issue. Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	
113	S-7	CLEC Issue Statement: (A) Is BellSouth obligated to provide unbundled access to DS1 dedicated transport, DS3 dedicated transport and dark fiber transport?	<ul> <li>(A) YES. USTA II did not eliminate Section 251, CLEC impairment, Section 271 or this Commission's authority under federal or state law to require BellSouth to provide unbundled access to DS1, DS3 and dark fiber transport.</li> <li>(B) Pursuant to Section 251, BellSouth is</li> </ul>	This issue is inappropriate for arbitration because it exceeds the scope of the parties' agreement regarding what could raised as a supplemental issue. Further, because BellSouth has not had a full opportunity to review and analyze the CLECs' proposed issue, BellSouth reserves the right and intends to modify

ITEM No.		S.	UNRESOLVED ISSUE	CLEC ROSITION	and some setting and an and a set
			<ul> <li>(B) If so, under what rates, terms and conditions?</li> <li>BellSouth Issue Statement:</li> <li>BellSouth does not have an issue statement and disagrees with the issue presented by the CLECs.</li> </ul>	obligated to provide access to DS1, DS3 and dark fiber transport UNEs at TELRIC compliant rates approved by this Commission. DS1, DS3 and dark fiber loops unbundled on other than a Section 251 statutory basis should be made available at TELRIC compliant rates approved by this Commission until such time as it is determined that another pricing standard applies and the Commission approves rates pursuant to that standard.	its position statement to address the CLECs' competing issue statement.
				*** CLECs reserve the right to modify all position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2 incorporating language that forms the basis for this issue Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	
114	S-8		CLEC Issue Statement: (A) Is BellSouth obligated to provide unbundled access to other network elements, including, but not limited to switching and loop elements that	(A) YES. USTA II did not eliminate Section 251, CLEC impairment, Section 271 or this Commission's authority under federal or state law to require BellSouth to provide unbundled access to other network elements, including, but not limited to circuit and packet switching and fiber or hybrid loop elements that BellSouth is not	This issue is inappropriate for arbitration because it exceeds the scope of the parties' agreement regarding what could raised as a supplemental issue. Further, because BellSouth has not had a full opportunity to review and analyze the CLECs' proposed issue, BellSouth reserves the right and intends to modify

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ITEM ISSUE SPE S.	「「「「「「「「」」」」	CLECPOSITION S	BLEESOUTH BOSITION A STATE
	BellSouth is not required to unbundle pursuant to FCC	required to unbundle pursuant to FCC Rule 319.	its position statement to address the CLECs' competing issue statement.
	Rule 319?		Children to the state of the st
	(B) If so, under what rates,	(B) Unbundled access to other network elements, including, but not limited to	
	terms and conditions?	circuit and packet switching and fiber or	
	BellSouth Issue	hybrid loop elements that BellSouth is not required to unbundle pursuant to FCC Rule	
	Statement:	319 should be made available at TELRIC	
	BellSouth does not have an	compliant rates approved by this Commission until such time as it is	
	issue statement and	determined that another pricing standard	
	disagrees with the issue	applies and the Commission approves rates	
	presented by the CLECs.	pursuant to that standard.	
		***	
		CLECs reserve the right to modify all	
		position statements, but especially this one, as the CLECs have not received BellSouth's	
		as the CLEC's have not received BellSouth's proposed redline to Attachment 2	
		incorporating language that forms the basis	
		for this issue. Based on BellSouth's representation of what its proposed	
		language is likely to say, CLECs anticipate	
		that they will propose alternative language that may also form the basis for this issue.	

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