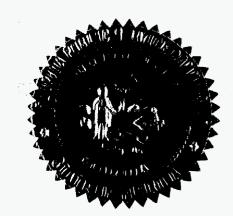
BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 040343-TP

In the Matter of

PETITION BY VOLO COMMUNICATIONS OF FLORIDA, INC. d/b/a VOLO COMMUNICATIONS GROUP OF FLORIDA, INC. FOR ADOPTION OF EXISTING INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT BETWEEN ALLTEL FLORIDA, INC. AND LEVEL 3 COMMUNICATIONS, LLC.



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PROCEEDINGS:

BEFORE:

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AGENDA CONFERENCE

ITEM NO. 5

CHAIRMAN BRAULIO L. BAEZ

COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON

COMMISSIONER RUDOLPH "RUDY" BRADLEY

COMMISSIONER CHARLES M. DAVIDSON

Tuesday, October 19, 2004

Betty Easley Conference Center

Room 148

4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida

JANE FAUROT, RPR

Chief, Office of Hearing Reporter Services

FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and

Administrative Services

(850) 413-6732

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

1	PARTICIPATING:
2	JEFF WAHLEN, ESQUIRE, and JAMES WHITE,
3	representing ALLTEL Florida, Inc.
4	FLOYD SELF, ESQUIRE, representing Volo
5	Communications Group of Florida, Inc.
6	BETH KEATING, ESQUIRE, representing the Florida
7	Public Service Commission Staff.
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CHAIRMAN BAEZ: We are on Item 5 now.

MS. KEATING: Commissioners, Item 5 is staff's recommendation on ALLTEL's motion to dismiss Volo Communication's notice of adoption of the ALLTEL Level 3 agreement. Staff is recommending that ALLTEL's motion to dismiss be denied, that this matter be held in abeyance to allow the parties to continue to negotiate for a period of 60 days. And, thereafter, if negotiations are still unsuccessful, that this matter be set for a hearing. And parties are here to address the Commission.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: The parties are here. And forgive the ignorance at this point, Ms. Keating, but the fact that the parties are here, does that mean we are going to argue the motion, or maybe I should ask them.

MS. KEATING: There is a motion --

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Yes, there is a motion up. Since we usually take up whether we want to hear oral argument or not, maybe I'm getting ahead of myself.

MS. KEATING: This is a decision prior to hearing, and typically --

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Very well. Who has got the motion. Mr. Wahlen.

MR. WAHLEN: Good morning, Commissioners. I'm Jeff Wahlen of the Ausley and McMullen law firm. Here with me is

James White of ALLTEL.

We filed a motion to dismiss Volo's petition to opt-in to the interconnection agreement between Level 3 and ALLTEL. That petition was filed with the Commission on April 19th. By its terms, the agreement expires on June 30th. There is an FCC regulation which says that companies can opt-in to an agreement, but that an ILEC need only make available an interconnection agreement for opt-in for a reasonable period of time after the approved agreement is available for inspection.

ALLTEL's position in this case is that it is not reasonable to opt-in to an agreement about two or three months before it is scheduled to expire. The Virginia Commission has looked at this question in a case involving GNAPs. I believe the opt-in at that case was about 11 months before it was going to expire. The Virginia Commission decided that was not a reasonable time. The Maryland Commission considered this issue, the request to opt-in was six months before the agreement was set to expire, and the Commission there decided that that was not a reasonable time.

The Georgia Commission involving a case with the very same agreement between ALLTEL and Level 3 and an opt-in request that was filed two days after the Commission, or the petition was filed in this case, considered the very same agreement with the very same parties, and the Georgia Commission decided that it was not reasonable for Volo to attempt to opt-in to the

Level 3 agreement, you know, about two months before it was set to expire. The Georgia Commission established a standard that said you could opt-in at least six months before it is set to expire. But they considered the same petition, the same agreement, and in May of this year denied Volo's request to opt-in on grounds that the request was not made within a reasonable time.

So our position is that the petition should be dismissed because the request to opt-in was not made within a reasonable time. Of course, if the Commission thinks that the issue of a reasonable time involves factual questions, which I think the staff suggests it does, ALLTEL would agree to have a hearing on this, if that is the will of the Commission.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Questions of Mr. Wahlen, Commissioners?

Thank you, Mr. Wahlen.

Mr. Self.

MR. SELF: Thank you, Commissioners. I'm Floyd Self appearing on behalf of Volo Communications.

It's very clear under the federal act that CLECs have an absolute right to adopt, in full, existing interconnection agreements. ALLTEL has made a point of saying that under the FCC rule that you can adopt for a reasonable period of time that the adoption that Volo has undertaken here, that it is not

reasonable because it is -- I'm not sure what the standard is that they are attempting to apply, and I think that is important. The FCC has not defined what a reasonable period of time is. This Commission has not adopted what a reasonable period of time is.

Volo took the interconnection agreement on the exact and complete same terms and conditions as the underlying ALLTEL Level 3 agreement. We recognized at the time of adoption that the interconnection agreement was set to expire on June 30th. It is now October, whatever today's date is, 19th, and the underlying ALLTEL Level 3 agreement is still in effect because there has not been a successor interconnection agreement. And unless something has been filed by ALLTEL or Level 3 cancelling or terminating that agreement, which I could not find on the Commission's website this morning, that agreement is still in effect. That is way more than six months now, since we first noticed this adoption. The other thing is ALLTEL has permitted other carriers, specifically Sprint, from adopting this agreement when there was less than six months left on the terms of the original term of the agreement.

So given the fact that we were willing to take the interconnection agreement exactly as is, on the same terms and conditions, and given the fact that under the FCC rule, ALLTEL has not said, pursuant to the FCC rule, that there was a cost issue, or anything that Volo was seeking was not technically

feasible, I think given the absence of a definition of what a reasonable period of time is, the Commission has no choice but to adopt the staff recommendation and deny the motion to dismiss.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Mr. Self.

Questions? Commissioner Deason.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Wahlen, what is the harm in letting this entity adopt this agreement, if the agreement is still in existence?

MR. WAHLEN: Well, the harm is that as soon as the agreement is adopted, then ALLTEL begins the process of telling them the agreement is going to be terminated, and they begin to establish a business relationship that at any time can be severed as soon as the underlying agreement between Level 3 and ALLTEL is extinguished. And so at that point --

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me interrupt just a second.

MR. WAHLEN: Sure.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: It seems like the risk is on the person seeking the agreement to be in a position where there is no longer an agreement, and they either have to adopt a different one or enter into negotiations for their own agreement.

MR. WAHLEN: Well, I would suggest that the risk is on both sides. Because entering into and beginning to do

business under these agreements requires work on both sides, both from the incumbent and from the CLEC. And ALLTEL doesn't think it is reasonable to begin the process of setting up a business relationship based on an agreement that can expire at any minute, and then have to begin the process all over again.

ALLTEL thinks that in a situation like this the parties should just begin negotiating an interconnection agreement, and go through the process of negotiating an interconnection agreement.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: When is the new Level 3 agreement going to be finalized.

MR. WAHLEN: I don't know the answer to that.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: So sit could be six months or a year from now?

MR. WAHLEN: It could be. There is also a provision under this Level 3 agreement, if I'm reading it correctly, in Paragraph 4.3 that says, "After completion of the initial term, this agreement may be terminated by either party for any reason not prohibited by law upon 90-days written notice to the other party." So I'm not sure exactly what that means, but it sounds to me as though this agreement could be terminated by ALLTEL if it wanted to on 90-days notice. Now, whether ALLTEL would do that, I don't know.

But the whole point is that what Volo is trying to do is opt-in to an agreement that is very tenuous at best. And we

think the more orderly and efficient process for both ALLTEL and Volo is just negotiate an interconnection agreement and go through the process so that they can have an agreement that they both want. That's the result that the Georgia Commission reached, that's the result the Virginia Commission reached, that's the result the Maryland Commission reached. We think that is a reasonable result here.

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Now, if the Commission thinks this question of reasonable time is appropriate, and Mr. Self has pointed out something about Sprint that, of course, there is no evidence or testimony about, if this is something that needs to go to hearing, we can go to hearing and we can flesh that all out. And at the end of the day the Commission will have a standard that the parties and everybody in the industry will know what the standard is.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: I have a follow-up for Mr. Self. Mr. Self, why do you want -- in Mr. Wahlen's terms, why do you want to adopt a tenuous agreement?

MR. SELF: Well, Commissioner, the reality of the situation is, in terms of what is really efficient, is that, as Mr. Wahlen said, the companies need to begin a business relationship. There are things that you can't do unless you have an adopted interconnection agreement between the parties. When there is a successor agreement of some kind, whether it is arbitrated, negotiated, or simply you adopt someone else's

agreement, there is no gap. It is not like this agreement expires on June 30th, hypothetically, and for the next three, or six, or nine months nothing happens, and then a new agreement takes effects. The business relationship continues.

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The reality is it is more efficient for Volo at this point, given where their business plan is, to simply allow other parties, in this case Level 3 and ALLTEL, to negotiate an agreement, and for Volo to adopt that agreement. This is a little different than BellSouth, or Verizon, or Sprint where maybe there is, you know, tens if not hundreds of agreements out there. ALLTEL has a very, very, very few effective interconnection agreements in its service territory.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Are there any other with a longer life than the Level 3?

MR. SELF: I haven't been able to find anything else.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Is it your client's intent that

if ALLTEL and Level 3 reach a new agreement that it is your

client's intent to adopt a new agreement on a going-forward

basis?

MR. SELF: They would certainly have to read it. But it is their intent, at this time, that if that agreement is satisfactory, to adopt it. I have experienced, on behalf of other clients, situations where even if it is not fully everything that they want, given the lack of alternatives they may well adopt that agreement immediately and then pursue their

own negotiations either for amendments or for a totally different agreement. But when Volo was looking to get into the market, get into business, they researched the issue and said this agreement meets our needs, we don't need to have another negotiation with them.

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COMMISSIONER DEASON: Have there been any ongoing negotiations at this point? I know staff is recommending 60 days. What is your position on that?

MR. SELF: I know there have been some discussions, but I don't know what the exact status is recently. The Company is based in Orlando. I know the recent storms have kind of put them a little behind schedule. But I believe their current intent is to wait for that successor agreement between ALLTEL and Level 3, and then adopt that.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: But your difficulty is you don't know when that new agreement is going to be reached?

MR. SELF: That's correct. And it seems highly unlikely that ALLTEL or Level 3 are going to terminate the existing agreement pursuant to the provision that Mr. Wahlen quoted to you because they would be without an agreement. And the business reality is you keep the business relationship going. It may change a little bit, or various terms may change under the successor agreement, but the ongoing business relationship doesn't change. How ALLTEL processes order requests, for example, isn't going to change or certainly isn't

going to materially change under a successor interconnection agreement, for example.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Wahlen, is 60 days adequate time to carry on further negotiations, or it is your position it is not going to be fruitful?

MR. WAHLEN: Well, ALLTEL has been ready, willing, and able to negotiate from the beginning. And we would continue to be ready, willing and able to do that. And I think, you know, 60 days is worth a shot.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, any other questions?

I have a question of staff. There was some reference made to ALLTEL's relatively few existing interconnection agreements, and I understand that this is probably a case of first impression before the Commission, but in your and staff's experience are there any examples, you know, real world examples of how other incumbents deal with it, these interim situations. I'm sure some of them must have come up, although they haven't gotten to the Commission. Do you have any knowledge of that?

MS. KEATING: I know we have had a few instances where incumbents have objected to somebody trying to adopt an interconnection agreement. But most of those instances were resolved before we had to bring the matter before the Commission. And I'm not quite sure on what basis they were resolved. They were negotiated business resolutions between

the companies. As far as how different incumbents handle what they believe is a timely amount of time to adopt an interconnection agreement, as far as I know we have not seen that issue.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Not even in its preliminary form, you know, even before --

MS. KEATING: That's correct. The instances that I remember, it was more of an issue of terms that were in the interconnection agreement itself as opposed to the timeliness of it.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Okay. And then another question. I want to understand a little better the effect of staff's recommendation in terms of the process by -- if you are recommending denial of the motion to dismiss, is that the same thing or something less than accepting or taking whatever notice of adoption, whatever the residual process is left? What do we do when companies adopt agreements, we take notice of them, is that pretty much it?

MS. KEATING: Yes, sir, we typically do. But what staff is actually recommending in this instance, that the matter be held in abeyance for 60 days so that the adoption not necessarily be approved, but that it be held in abeyance for 60 days. Thereafter, if the situation doesn't resolve itself, that we go ahead and set it for a hearing.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Now, as a functional matter, I guess

the question to Mr. Wahlen, because it would be held in abeyance, there is no obligation, there is no business being done. I guess you all have talked about business relationships. There is, in fact, no business relationship until those 60 days, or for those 60 days that staff is suggesting?

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MR. WAHLEN: Well, I think there could be a business relationship created as soon as the parties would get together and negotiate one. And ALLTEL continues to be willing to negotiate either a new agreement, or to talk about modifying this to opt-in to it, or whatever, for 60 days.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Alternatively, and for argument sake, if the notice of adoption were given significance, I guess physically, real world, what would happen?

MR. WAHLEN: I'm not sure I understand the question.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Well, let's say -- this seems to be some intermediate resolution of the issue. And I don't see anything particularly offensive by it, but I want to understand. You have, on the one end, the motion to dismiss is granted, there is no business relationship established or encouraged, and it will just take its normal course. And, therefore, Volo doesn't get the benefit of being able to provide service, arguably anyway, at least not purchasing service from ALLTEL.

On the other end, if all things being equal, the

notice would take effect, the notice of adoption would take effect, there would be a business relationship existed, and then there would be some brief period of time after which, you know, the provision of service would begin taking place and the CLEC would then start offering service.

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I don't know how much time that is. I don't know how much time takes place. But I guess I'm trying to understand, if that is true, that's not going to happen in the 60 days, within the 60 days that staff is suggesting holding this in abeyance.

MR. WAHLEN: It would not happen automatically in that 60 days, but it would happen if the parties could reach agreement on a business arrangement. And I think all of these factual questions about how long does it take to establish service and what are the implications of that is why the staff is recommending a hearing to take evidence on the question of reasonable time, if the parties can't agree.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: But I see those things -- that is an academic exercise. I mean, in terms of the real-world effect, if we go through a hearing, if we go through even normal negotiation times, absent some adoption, then the practical effect is that someone is not providing, someone doesn't have access to the products. I mean, that much is clear to everyone. No judgment good or bad, that's a fact.

MR. WAHLEN: That's right.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And I quess my questions are more trying to get at the, what the practical effect of all of this process is going to be in terms of a competitive alternative, or a company that is willing and able to provide service getting to do that within the law and on reasonable, you know, according to whatever process, formal/informal, we have sort of provided here. And going to hearing doesn't necessarily do that. Because as long as we are in a hearing mode, there is not going to be any, there is not going to be any business relationship, there is not going to be any provision of service for whatever length of time that is, in order that we can answer what is, essentially, an academic question of what is a reasonable time for someone to opt-in to an agreement.

MR. WAHLEN: It may be an academic question but -CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Not an unimportant question, I
understand.

MR. WAHLEN: You know, what the Georgia Commission did was look at this and say the request to opt-in was filed less than six months before it was going to expire. And they acknowledged in their order that it could continue on. It denied the petition to opt-in, and then it said we are going to establish a bright line test of six months, that way the entire industry is on notice what the standard is in the state of Georgia. And I think that is the direction that staff is pointing the Commission, if the parties are unable to negotiate

an agreement. All of your points about, you know, the business relationship are correct.

ALLTEL's view is that they should have, we should have done a better job negotiating an interconnection agreement without respect to the opt-in. And if that process had worked, they could be in business now. But Volo decided they wanted to opt-in and, you know, we are about to start going around the track again on some of these arguments. But that's where we think we are.

MR. SELF: Mr. Chairman, if I can just clarify something. If, hypothetically, there was a bright line test, whatever it is, let's just say six months, if Volo had adopted this agreement December 15th, which would have been more than six months before the expiration date, it's possible that Volo might never in the next six and a half months talked to ALLTEL about establishing service. And the reason for that is as a start-up enterprise trying to get into the business, there are things that the company has to do to get its proverbial ducks in a row in order to ultimately offer service.

And one of those things that's required, whether it is lending institutions, NeuStar to get numbers, those various others things, is you have to have an interconnection agreement. It is a process. And the process takes time. You don't just arrive on the scene on January 1st and say, we're here, and adopt an interconnection agreement and start

providing service to customers two weeks later. There are systems things that the CLEC and ALLTEL have to work out in terms of how you process orders, all of those kinds of things.

But there are things unrelated to the relationship between the CLEC and the ILEC that also impact the company's ability to provide service. Things that, you know, occur behind the curtain. And so the adoption of an interconnection agreement doesn't necessarily mean that we are here ready to start conducting business with you next week, next month, even six months from now.

And there are different business things that change and influence. I know when we started this process with Volo they were very interested in getting rolling right away. The weather has had an influence, the business climate has had an influence on these things. But it doesn't change the fact that from a start-up enterprise standpoint, if you don't have an interconnection agreement then there is simply -- you can't really get started. And that is why I said if we had adopted this back in December, and there was, indeed, a six-month rule, the two companies may never have talked, because they are trying to accomplish all of these other things.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Mr. Wahlen, one final question. You also alluded to the possibility that there would be some notice of termination almost immediately after some determination was made as to whether there existed an opt-in or not. Would that

have any more or less effect than what you are continuing negotiations are now, besides the statutory --

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MR. WAHLEN: I'm not sure, operationally, how that would work. But I think what ALLTEL has been concerned about all along is making it look like we have an agreement, having an agreement that is about to expire, and then having to go through the potential disruption of, you know, where are we with Volo based on where we are with Level 3.

And I guess the only other point I would make is that ALLTEL is a little bit different than Sprint, and Verizon, and BellSouth. They have been through rounds and rounds of interconnection agreements. They have refined their interconnection agreements. They have been through arbitrations, lots and lots of issues have been decided for them. There are things -- this is just my perception -- in the margin on their agreements that are always being negotiated. But they are a lot further along the curve than ALLTEL is.

So the likelihood that there could be, you know, whatever you would call a major change in the relationship between ALLTEL and Level 3 to me is greater than the likelihood that there would be a big change in one of the, you know, well-worked interconnection agreements with the big companies, and that is one of the concerns that we have.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Mr. Wahlen.
Commissioners, questions or motion?

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I mean, it just strikes me that what Volo is attempting to do is a bit unreasonable. But, I mean, it is probably for us to decide. Opting-in to an agreement that basically expired June 30th but is continuing between the parties while they negotiate seems to a stretch, but I think there is nothing wrong with allowing the parties some time to negotiate and try and work this out. So I'm prepared to move staff.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: I'm prepared to move staff.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: There is a motion. Is there a second?

I'm going to second it. Before COMMISSIONER DEASON: we take a vote, it just seems to me -- I agree with what Commissioner Davidson just said, but it also seems to me that I'm missing something here. It seems to me that if there is an entity that wants to do business, and I think both of these entities want to do business, serve customers, abide by the law as the law is constituted, and it just seems to me that they could have sat down and said, well, we want to adopt an agreement, but we know it's about to expire. Let's take that as a framework, let's kind of tweak that, and let's get our own agreement that is going to last for two years, three years, or whatever, and get down and provide service to customers. That is what I would like to see. And I just don't know why we're not there, why this has to be brought to the Commission.

MR. WAHLEN: Well, I think --

1	COMMISSIONER DEASON: That's not a question, Mr.
2	Wahlen.
3	MR. WAHLEN: We'll take that back to ALLTEL. I'm
4	sure Mr. Self will take that back to
5	COMMISSIONER DEASON: I second the motion.
6	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: There is a motion and a second,
7	Commissioners, all those in favor say aye.
8	(Simultaneous affirmative vote.)
9	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you all.
10	MR. WAHLEN: Thank you, Commissioners.
11	MR. SELF: Thank you, Commissioners.
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STATE OF FLORIDA

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

COUNTY OF LEON

I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Office of Hearing Reporter Services, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and Administrative Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.

IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.

DATED THIS 26th day of October, 2004.

Chief, Office of Hearing Reporter Services FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and Administrative Services (850) 413-6732