OKIGINAL State of Florida Division of Administrative Hearings

Jeb Bush Governor

Robert S. Cohen Director and Chief Judge

Ann Cole Clerk of the Division



May 13, 2005

Enclosed is my Recommended Order in the referenced case.

Harry L. Hooper

Deputy Chief Administrative Law Judge

Steven Scott Stephens

Deputy Chief Judge Judges of Compensation Claims

040208-EI

Blanco Bayo, Director of Records and Reporting Public Service Commission Capital Service Office Center 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

LETICIA CALLARD vs. FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY, DOAH Case No. 04-2758

Dear Mr. Bayo:

Also enclosed is the three-volume transcript, together with the Petitioner's Exhibits lettered A, B, D, G-1, G-2 and I and the Respondent's Exhibits 1-2. Copies of this letter will serve to notify the parties that my Recommended Order and the hearing CMP record have been transmitted this date. COM As required by Subsection 120.57(1)(k), Florida Statutes, CTR you are requested to furnish the Division of Administrative ECR Hearings with a copy of the Final Order within 15 days of its rendition. GCL

OPC	
MMS	
RCA	

RUA ____

SCR ____ SEC

OTH ____

Sincerely,

JOHN G. VAN LANINGHAM Administrative Law Judge

<u> </u>	100
<u></u>	Ç
	(**) (**)
တ	==1
ပၢ ထ	

JVL/ld

Enclosures

Richard D. Melson, General Counsel Leticia Callard

David M. Lee, Esquire

William D. Talbott, Executive Director

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DA

ORIGINAL

STATE OF FLORIDA DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

)			
)			
)			
)			
	Case	No.	04-2758
)			
)			
)			
)			
)			
))))))))))) Case)))))) Case No.))))

RECOMMENDED ORDER

This case came before Administrative Law Judge John G. Van Laningham for final hearing on November 29, 2004, and on December 30, 2004. The first day of hearing was conducted by video teleconference at sites in Tallahassee and Miami, Florida. The second and final day of hearing was held at the courthouse in Miami, Florida.

APPEARANCES

For Petitioner: Leticia Callard, <u>pro se</u>

7860 Southwest 18th Terrace

Miami, Florida 33155

For Respondent: David M. Lee, Esquire

Florida Power & Light Company

Law Department

700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, Florida 33408

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES

The issues in this case are whether Petitioner tampered with her electricity meter and, if so, whether Respondent has established a reasonable estimate of the un-metered electricity consumed, for which Petitioner could be retroactively billed.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

On April 16, 2004, the Florida Public Service Commission ("PSC") issued a Notice of Proposed Agency Action Order

Approving Billing Due to Meter Tampering ("Proposed Agency
Order") wherein it made the following pertinent findings of fact:

[M]eter tampering occurred at Mrs. Leticia Callard's address, . . [which] warrant[s] backbilling. . . . [T]he amount of reasonable backbilling of Mrs. Callard's account is \$9279.18 for unbilled consumption from January 2, 1997, to July 24, 2002, including \$348.21 for investigative charges.

The PSC "encouraged [Mrs. Callard] to contact [Respondent]
Florida Power & Light Company immediately to make payment
arrangements . . . in order to avoid discontinuance of
[electricity] service without notice."

Petitioner Leticia Callard disputed the aforementioned fact-findings and timely requested a formal hearing. On August 4, 2004, the PSC referred the case to the Division of Administrative Hearings for further proceedings. An Administrative Law Judge was assigned to preside in the matter.

The final hearing took place on November 29, 2004, and December 30, 2004. Petitioner called her husband, Jorge Callard, as her only witness and introduced Petitioner's Exhibits A, B, D, G-1, G-2, and I into evidence. Respondent presented the testimony of its employees Chase Vessels, Edward List, Bert Cunill, James Bartlett, and Linda Cochran. In addition, Respondent offered Respondent's Exhibits 1 and 2, which were received in evidence.

The final hearing transcript, comprising three volumes, was filed on March 9, 2005. Each party filed a proposed recommended order ahead of the enlarged deadline, which was April 5, 2005.

Unless otherwise indicated, citations to the Florida Statutes refer to the 2004 Florida Statutes.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondent Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") is a utility that sells electricity to residential and commercial customers in Florida; as such, FPL is subject to the PSC's regulatory jurisdiction.
- 2. FPL measures the amount of electricity used by its residential customers in kilowatt-hours ("kWhs"). A customer's cumulative electricity usage is recorded on a meter. Each month, a meter reader looks at a customer's meter and records the current cumulative total of kWhs consumed. From the current cumulative total of kWhs is subtracted the previous month's

cumulative total, which equation produces the number of kWhs used during the preceding month, for which amount the customer is then billed.

- 3. For example, if a meter read on May 5, 2005, shows a current cumulative total of 6950 kWhs, and if the same meter, when read on April 5, 2005, had shown 5750 kWhs, then the customer's usage, for the 30-day period from April 5, 2005, to May 5, 2005, is 1200 kWhs. The customer will then be sent a bill for May 2005 reflecting the cost of 1200 kWhs of electricity.
- 4. Petitioner Leticia Callard ("Callard") is one of FPL's residential customers. Years before the present dispute arose, FPL installed meter #5C35633 at the house in Miami, Florida, where Callard resides.
- 5. Meter #5C35633 has five dials on its face that display kWhs. The dials are protected under a glass canopy, which is sealed to the meter to guard the meter's integrity. The dials cannot be accessed without breaking the seal.
- 6. On July 5, 2001, a meter reader conducted a regularly scheduled reading, for billing purposes, of meter #5C35633. (A customer's monthly invoice from FPL tells which day the meter reader will next look at the customer's meter.) He recorded a cumulative total of 5361 kWhs. This was a red flag because the previous reading, taken on June 5, 2001, had been 5733 kWhs.

Thus, the meter appeared to have run <u>backwards</u>. This is known as a "regressive reading." A regressive reading is suspicious because the dials on a properly functioning meter should move in only one direction—forward. When a regressive reading is taken, FPL investigates further to determine if meter tampering has occurred.

- 7. Accordingly, FPL sent an investigator named Chase
 Vessels to the Callard residence to conduct an unscheduled
 reading of meter #5C35633. (An unscheduled reading—that is,
 one taken between the normal monthly meter-read dates—is called
 a "check reading." Check readings are useful in investigating
 possible meter tampering because they occur without advance
 warning to the customer.) Mr. Vessels read the meter on July 6,
 2001, which then showed 5497 kWhs. This, too, was a regressive
 reading relative to that taken on June 5, 2001.
- 8. Mr. Vessels discovered that the seal on meter #5C35633 was broken and had been "rigged" to appear intact. Mr. Vessels also noticed that there were smudges on the face of the meter around the dials, suggesting that someone might have been manipulating the dials.
- 9. Another check reading was taken on July 16, 2001, at which time Callard's meter showed 6515 cumulative kWhs.

 Thereafter, Mr. Vessels attempted to make additional check readings but was unable to access the meter without alerting the

customer. He finally saw the meter again on June 27, 2002. On that date, Mr. Vessels again noted the rigged seal and the smudges on the meter's face, near the dials.

- 10. Believing that tampering likely had taken place, FPL directed Edward List to remove meter #5C35633 and replace it with another one, which he did on July 24, 2002. Mr. List also observed the rigged seal and the smudges around the dials on meter #5C35633. When he removed the meter, Mr. List placed a sticker on the canopy, which he initialed, identifying the date of removal and the location from which the meter was taken. Mr. List then sent meter #5C35633 back to FPL for testing.
- 11. At FPL's Meter Technology Center, James Bartlett inspected and tested meter #5C35633. He confirmed that the seal was broken, and that the meter's face was scratched and smudged. Further, when Mr. Bartlett tested the meter, he found that it was "off scale," meaning that it was not measuring kWhs as accurately as it should have been.
- 12. Based on the above facts, which are established by credible and persuasive evidence in the record, the undersigned finds and determines that, more likely than not, meter #5C35633 was tampered with, preventing FPL from fully charging Callard for her actual electricity consumption. Specifically, it is determined that Callard (or someone) physically manipulated the

meter's dials, rolling them backwards to reduce the cumulative total of kWhs used and hence understate usage.

- occurred. As FPL acknowledges, tampering of this sort is episodic, and affects only the instant billing cycle. That is, if a customer were to tamper with his meter on, say, May 15, 2005, then the bill covering the period that includes May 15, 2005, would be inaccurate, but future bills would be correct (assuming no further tampering), just as bills covering earlier periods would be accurate or not depending on whether tampering had previously occurred during those periods. To come up with a reasonable estimate of the energy used but not paid for, then, it is necessary to establish, in some reasonable fashion, the period(s) affected by the tampering.
- 14. FPL estimates that from the billing cycle which ended on January 2, 1997, until July 5, 2002, Callard used a total of 101623 kWhs for which she was not billed, due to meter tampering. The cost of this amount of electricity, according to FPL, is \$8,930.97.
- 15. For reasons that will be discussed later, it is determined that FPL's estimate of the amount of "un-metered" electricity significantly overstates Callard's probable actual usage and hence is not reasonable. FPL has introduced enough data into the record, however, for the fact-finder to make a

reasonable determination of the amount of un-metered electricity that Callard used.

16. As a starting point, the evidence shows the total kWhs for which Callard was actually billed each month from January 1997 to July 2002. Thus, Callard's annual "as billed" electricity usage for each of the years in question, expressed in kWhs, can easily be ascertained. The figures are as follows:

1997: 23899

1998: 27483

1999: 13383

2000: 14840

2001: 14134

In addition, from January 2002 to July 2002, Callard was billed for 8395 kWhs, according to readings taken from meter #5C35633.

- 17. It does not take a trained eye to spot the dramatic difference between the years 1997 and 1998, on the one hand, and 1999 through 2001 (and 2002) on the other. Based on these figures, the undersigned made the tentative determination that the tampering probably began in 1999.
- 18. To confirm or falsify this preliminary determination, the undersigned considered the concept of Percentage of Annual Usage, Monthly ("PAUM"). PAUM shows what part of a customer's annual energy consumption occurred in a given month; it is calculated by dividing the year's total usage (in kWhs) into the

subject month's usage. Thus, for example, if a customer consumed 30000 kWhs in 2004, and if his usage in May 2004 was 3000 kWhs, then the customer's PAUM for May 2004 would be 0.10, or 10 percent.

- 19. PAUM is a useful datum because residential customers tend to use more or less energy depending on the time of year. As Floridians know from common experience, for example, electricity usage in this state tends to increase in the hot summer months, when air conditioners are running, and decrease in the milder autumn or winter months, when windows are open.
- 20. To estimate un-metered electricity usage, FPL employs a methodology that factors in the PAUMs of an average customer for each of the months during which tampering is suspected to have occurred. Thus, in this case, FPL produced numbers that purportedly are the average customer's PAUMs for every month from January 1997 through July 2002. The following table shows the PAUMs of an average customer, according to FPL.

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
JAN	6.84	6.88	7.51	6.57	7.43	7.43
FEB	6.59	5.75	6.32	5.79	6.48	6.48
MAR	7.03	5.82	5.72	6.13	6.78	6.78
APR	6.96	6.23	7.04	6.73	7.08	7.08
MAY	7.65	7.38	8.12	9.44	7.26	7.26
JUN	9.41	9.90	9.06	10.09	9.24	9.24
JUL	10.35	10.93	9.77	10.54	10.14	10.14
AUG	10.59	10.71	11.23	10.54	10.20	
SEP	10.26	10.82	10.81	10.43	11.01	
OCT	9.50	9.99	9.70	9.54	9.15	
NOV	7.82	8.08	7.78	7.29	7.73	
DEC	7.00	7.52	6.94	6.91	7.50	

21. Using an average customer's PAUMs, it is possible to calculate an actual customer's estimated annual usage ("EAU") even if there is a paucity of reliable data concerning the actual customer's true usage. Suppose, for example, that FPL suspects Smith is tampering with his meter and, as a result, conducts check readings on May 10, 2000, and May 20, 2000, recording cumulative totals of 7250 kWhs and 8420 kWhs, respectively. This tells FPL that Smith used 1170 kWhs in 10 days, or 117 kWhs per day. The June 2000 billing cycle is 30 days, so FPL can estimate that Smith's actual usage for that month should be approximately 3510 (30 x 117). If the average customer's PAUM for June 2000 is 10.09 percent, then FPL can calculate an EAU for Smith, based on the two check readings.

. .

1

$EAU = \frac{kWhs(JUN2000)}{PAUM(JUN2000)}$

In this example, therefore, EAU would be 3510 ÷ 0.1009, which equals 34787. If Smith were billed for only 27500 kWhs in 2000, then the estimated amount of un-metered electricity for that period, based on an EAU of 34787, would be 7287 kWhs (34787 - 27500).

22. Here, FPL failed to introduce any evidence explaining how the average customer's PAUMs were derived, or by whom.

Moreover, there is no evidence shedding light on whether the

average PAUMs were based on usage data collected in a particular county or counties, or throughout the state. Nor does the evidence show whether the usage data from which the average customer's PAUMs were derived reflect the consumption patterns of FPL customers specifically, or some other, broader group of electricity consumers. The undersigned therefore has determined that it would be unreasonable to apply these average PAUMs against Callard to determine EAUs for the years in question, except as a last resort, in the absence of better data.

23. As it happens, there might be better data concerning Callard's usage patterns. Using the kWhs for which Callard was actually billed for each of the months in issue, it is possible to calculate Callard-specific PAUMs.

24. Based on the number of kWhs for which Callard was billed each month from January 1997 through July 2002, Callard's PAUMs were as follows:

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
JAN	5.10	5.27	10.16	4.10	18.25	6.88
FEB	5.04	3.21	4.86	4.55	0.06	6.91
MAR	4.23	3.60	4.55	5.16	10.26	6.30
APR	4.14	3.60	6.55	4.75	6.86	9.75
MAY	4.47	4.78	7.96	5.60	6.19	10.68
JUN	11.00	10.09	8.13	7.96	7.33	10.57
JUL	14.40	15.14	9.86	11.93	4.05	8.37
AUG	14.75	14.68	22.54	8.42	11.70	
SEP	15.25	14.73	5.75	23.09	9.67	
OCT	10.24	11.51	5.56	10.16	8.98	
NOV	6.59	8.32	5.51	7.94	8.79	
DEC	4.78	5.07	8.57	6.34	7.87	

- 25. Once again, the figures show a marked difference between the years 1997 and 1998, on the one hand, and 1999 through July 2002 on the other. The PAUMs for 1997 and 1998 are consistent with one another and indicate practically identical seasonal usage patterns. In contrast, from 1999 forward, the PAUMs are punctuated with several facially anomalous figures, as well as a number of irregular seasonal figures.
- 26. Beginning with the facial anomalies, note the extremely high PAUMs for August 1999 and September 2000—22.54 percent and 23.09 percent, respectively. These numbers are plainly out of line with the corresponding PAUMs for 1997 and 1998. Further, it seems unlikely that a customer would consume nearly one quarter of her entire annual electricity demand in one month. The same observations can be made about January 2001, whose PAUM, at 18.25 percent, is not only inconsistent with the corresponding PAUMs for 1997 and 1998, but also suggests, implausibly, that Callard used nearly one-fifth of a year's worth of electricity in one month. The PAUM for February 2001 is facially anomalous, too, but for the opposite reason: it is highly unlikely that a customer would use so little electricity (just 1/1667th of a year's supply) in a given month.
- 27. The seasonal abnormalities are nearly as striking.

 Take the PAUMs for January 1999; July 1999; September 1999;

 October 1999; August 2000; March 2001; July 2001; April 2002;

May 2002; and July 2002. None of these is consistent with the putatively normal seasonal use patterns reflected in the PAUMs for 1997 and 1998. Plus, the undersigned considers it highly improbable, for example, that Callard used just 4.04 percent of her annual energy demand in the hot summer month of July 2001 or, conversely, consumed a heavy 10.26 of her annual usage that year in the usually mild month of March. These figures, in short, are not believable.

- 28. The likeliest explanation for the anomalous PAUMs during the years 1999 through 2002 is that meter tampering skewed the usage percentages. Thus, the undersigned believes that Callard's PAUMs, as calculated based on "as billed" kWhs, buttress his preliminary determination that the tampering began in 1999, raising the inference that Callard's PAUMs for 1997 and 1998, as shown in the table above, likely reflect her actual seasonal usage patterns for those years.
- 29. To verify the validity of such an inference, the undersigned compared the average of Callard's PAUMs for 1997 and 1998 to the average of the average customer's PAUMs for the same years as reported by FPL. The table below shows the numbers.

	Callard	FPL
JAN	5.19	6.86
FEB	4.13	6.17

MAR	3.92	6.43
APR	3.87	6.60
MAY	4.63	7.54
JUN	10.55	9.66
JUL	14.77	10.64
AUG	14.72	10.65
SEP	14.99	10.54
OCT	10.88	9.75
NOV	7.46	7.95
DEC	4.93	7.26

30. Comparing one column to the other reveals that
Callard's seasonal usage patterns mirror those of FPL's average
customer; the energy consumption of both rises and falls in
tandem throughout the year. Indeed, the PAUMs for January,
June, October, and November are quite close (within about one
percentage point, on average). To be sure, these figures reveal
that Callard used about four percent more electricity than the
average customer during the hottest summer months (July, August,
September) and approximately two-and-a-half percent less during
the milder winter and spring months. But the undersigned
considers such disparities to be of far less consequence than
the identity of the usage patterns.⁴

- 31. In sum, the comparison of Callard's average PAUMs for 1997 and 1998 to the average of FPL's average customer's PAUMs for those same years persuades the undersigned that the average PAUMs for Callard reasonably reflect her true usage patterns.
- 32. Thus, the undersigned finds and determines that, more likely than not, the tampering began in 1999—and that Callard is not liable for un-metered electricity usage during 1997 and 1998.
- 33. From the foregoing determination it is possible to home-in on a reasonable EAU for Callard. A good starting point is the average of Callard's total kWhs for 1997 and 1998, which is 25691. As an average of true annual usage figures (i.e. numbers untainted by tampering), this number should be a reasonably accurate predictor of Callard's probable annual usages in the years 1999 to 2002. Comparing this average figure to the EAUs that can be derived from meter readings taken in subsequent years at times when tampering is not suspected should either confirm the reliability of 25691 as a valid predictor of subsequent annual usage, or invalidate it.
- 34. Recall the check readings of 5497 and 6515, respectively, that were taken on July 6, 2001, and July 16, 2001. These readings show that Callard consumed 1018 kWhs in 10 days, or 101.8 kWhs per day during the August 2001 billing cycle. Since that was a 29-day billing period, it is reasonable

to infer that Callard should have been billed for approximately 2952 kWhs in August 2001 (29 x 101.8). Because Callard's average PAUM for August is 14.72 percent, the EAU based on these check readings is 20054 (2952 $\div 0.1472$).

- 35. Next, there is a reading of 1774 kWhs, which was taken on August 5, 2002, from the replacement meter that had been installed on July 24, 2002. This reading demonstrates that Callard used 1774 kWhs in 12 days, or 147.8 kWhs per day during the August 2002 billing cycle. This was a 31-day cycle, so it is reasonable to infer that Callard should have consumed 4582 kWhs in August 2002. Because Callard's average PAUM for August is 14.72 percent, the EAU based on this initial reading from the replacement meter is 31128 (4582 ÷ 0.1472).
- 36. The average of the respective EAUs based on the check readings from July 2001 and the reading of the replacement meter on August 5, 2002, is 25591 kWhs⁷—which is remarkably similar to the average of Callard's total kWhs for 1997 and 1998. (The latter figure, again, is 25691.) That these averages are so close not only reconfirms the undersigned's determination that no tampering occurred in 1997 and 1998, but also persuades him that in any month where the number of Callard's "as billed" kWhs produces an EAU within the range of 20054 kWhs to 31128 kWhs, tampering is unlikely to have occurred.

37. Using the "as billed" kWhs for each month from January 1999 to July 2002, and applying the average of Callard's PAUMs for 1997 and 1998 as shown in paragraph 29 above, the undersigned calculated an EAU for every month in which tampering might have occurred. The results are set forth in the table below.

	1999	2000	2001	2002
JAN	26204	11715	49692	18728
FEB	15738	16344	194	23632
MAR	15536	19541	36990	22679
APR	22661	18217	25065	35556
MAY	23002	17948	18098	32570
JUN	10313	11204	9820	14142
JUL	8937	11984	3873	8003
AUG	20489	8485	11230	
SEP	5137	22855	9119	
OCT	6838	13860	11664	
NOV	9879	15804	16662	
DEC	23266	19087	22556	

- 38. It is easy to spot, in the above figures, the months where tampering likely occurred: they are the months whose "as billed" kWhs number produces an EAU of less than 20054 (usually quite a bit less). Likewise, the months where tampering probably did not occur are readily distinguished: they are the ones where the EAU is greater than 20054. As it happens, there are not many close calls. The figures for most months either reflect obvious tampering or clearly appear to be legitimate.
- 39. Based on the above data, the undersigned finds and determines that, in all likelihood, tampering did not occur in

the following 14 months: January, April, May, August, and December 1999; September 2000; January, March, April, and December 2001; and February, March, April, and May 2002.8

- 40. The average EAU for these 14 months is 27658.

 Therefore, the undersigned finds and determines that a reasonable EAU for 1999, 2000, and 2001 is 27658 (a figure, incidentally, that differs little from Callard's actual annual usage in 1998).
- 41. To determine an EAU for the first seven months of 2002, the undersigned added Callard's average PAUMs for those months and found that Callard used, on average, 47.06 percent of her annual electricity consumption during the months from January to July. Thus, it is found and determined that a reasonable EAU for the first seven months of 2002 is 13016 (27658 x 0.4706).
- 42. With these numbers in hand, the reasonable amount of un-metered electricity consumption for which Callard is liable can now be ascertained, as shown in the following table:

	EAU	"As Billed"	Difference (Un-
		Usage	Metered Usage)
1999	27658	13383	14275
2000	27658	14840	12818
2001	27658	14134	13524
2002	13016	8385	4621

It is found and determined that from January 1999 to July 2002, Callard consumed a total of 45238 kWhs of electricity for which she was not billed, due to meter tampering.

- 43. The value of 45238 kWhs of electricity, delivered during the period at issue, is \$3,975.66.9
- 44. It was previously found that FPL's estimate of the amount of Callard's un-metered electricity usage was unreasonable. The undersigned will now summarize the reasoning behind this determination.
- 45. FPL's first methodological flaw was assuming, without proving, that the meter tampering began in January 1997. In this regard, FPL offered no evidence—at least none that was persuasive—that Callard's meter was tampered with that year, or in 1998 for that matter. In fact, contrary to FPL's assumption, the data in evidence persuasively establish that no meter tampering occurred during 1997 and 1998. Thus, it would be unreasonable to retroactively bill Callard for the months from January 1997 through December 1998, as FPL proposes to do.
- 46. FPL's second methodological flaw was assuming, without proving, that the average customer's PAUMs (which figures were not really properly proved, either) could reasonably be applied to Callard. The unreasonableness of this particular assumption is magnified by the fact that there exists reliable data (from 1997 and 1998, when no tampering occurred) about Callard's

actual PAUMs, making resort to the average customer's PAUMs unnecessary.

- 47. These two flaws led FPL to derive an EAU for Callard for the years in question (including, erroneously, 1997 and 1998) that significantly and unreasonably overstated her probable usage. To calculate an EAU, FPL first assumed that tampering had not occurred in July 1998, September 1998, November 1998, or during the initial 12 days' service of the replacement meter, from July 24, 2002 to August 5, 2002. (FPL did not persuasively explain its selection of the particular months of 1998, but for reasons already detailed, the undersigned agrees and has found that no tampering occurred then—or at any other time in 1998.)
- 48. Next, FPL calculated an EAU for each of the foregoing periods, using the "as billed" kWhs for the chosen months of 1998 and a projected monthly total for August 2002, to each of which was applied the average customer's PAUM for the respective period. The following table shows the numbers.

Month/Year	KWhs	Avg. FPL Customer's PAUM	EAU
July 1998	4160	10.93	38060
September 1998	4048	10.82	37412
November 1998	2286	8.08	28292
August 2002	444010	10.20	43529

- 49. Taking the average of the foregoing EAUs, FPL concluded that Callard's true annual usage from January 1997 to July 2002 averaged 36824 kWhs. (This figure is substantially greater than the amount the undersigned ultimately has determined reflects Callard's average annual usage—27658.)
- PAUMs are applied to reliable figures for monthly kWhs consumption, then the resulting EAUs, as calculated from the periodic readings, should be fairly close to one another. With this in mind, notice what happens when Callard's average PAUMs (based on 1997 and 1998 usages) are substituted for the average customer's PAUMs in FPL's equations:

Month/Year	KWhs	Callard's Avg. PAUM	EAU
July 1998	4160	14.77	28165
September 1998	4048	14.99	27005
November 1998	2286	7.46	30643
August 2002	4440	14.72	30163

51. Using Callard's average PAUMs for the periods in question produces EAUs that are, more so than FPL's numbers, fairly close to one another, which outcome persuasively reestablishes that Callard's average PAUMs are true numbers, and hence more reasonably applied in this case than the average FPL customer's PAUMs.¹¹

- 52. Indeed, a comparison of the two preceding tables underscores the unreasonableness of FPL's methodology. Notice that FPL happened to pick the three peak summer months (July, August, and September), when Callard's usage exceeds the average customer's by 4.2 percent on average. FPL's approach has a built-in bias against Callard and is guaranteed to produce inflated EAUs.
- 53. At any rate, once FPL had concluded that Callard's average annual usage should be 36824 kWhs, it multiplied that figure times the average customer's PAUM for each of the 67 months from January 1997 to July 2002, producing monthly "rebill" amounts of kWhs. For example, the average customer's PAUM for December 2001 is 7.5 percent. Thus, FPL contends that Callard should have been billed for 2762 kWhs that month (36824 x .075); it refers to this figure (2762) as the "re-bill" amount for December 2001. FPL then added together all the "re-bill" figures, subtracted therefrom the aggregate of the "as billed" numbers, and came up with a difference of 101623 kWhs, for which FPL contends Callard is liable.
- 54. This amount, however, exceeds a reasonable estimate of the un-metered energy consumed, by 56385 kWhs. The undersigned therefore rejects FPL's calculation.
- 55. As a final point, FPL claims that it is entitled to recover from Callard \$348.21 as reimbursement for investigative

costs. FPL failed to offer any proof, however, concerning the goods and/or services upon which it spent this sum.

Consequently, while the amount requested is neither shocking nor unreasonable on its face, there is no evidential basis on which the undersigned can make a finding that the sum of \$348.21 is reasonable in this case.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 56. The Division of Administrative Hearings has personal and subject matter jurisdiction in this proceeding pursuant to Sections 120.569, and 120.57(1), Florida Statutes.
- 57. Florida Administrative Code Rule 25-6.104 provides as follows:

In the event of unauthorized or fraudulent use, or meter tampering, the utility may bill the customer on a reasonable estimate of the energy used.

- 58. The burden of proving meter tampering and a reasonable estimate of the un-metered energy used was on FPL. See

 Rodriguez v. Florida Power and Light Co., et al., DOAH Case No.

 96-4935, 1997 WL 1052759, *3 (Fla.Div.Admin.Hrgs. May 21, 1007).
- 59. Rule 25-6.104, under which FPL is traveling, plainly does not authorize the utility to recover investigative costs, as FPL has sought to do here. In support of this particular claim, FPL relies on In Re: Complaint of Mrs. Blanca Rodriquez against Florida Power & Light Company regarding alleged current

diversion/meter tampering rebilling for estimated usage of electricity, Docket No. 960903-EI, Order No. PSC-96-1216-FOF-EI (PSC Sept. 24, 1996), where the PSC proposed that FPL recover a sum for investigative charges. In Rodriguez, however, the PSC did not cite any law supporting its award.

60. Based on the unambiguous language of Rule 25-6.104, the undersigned concludes that no legal basis exists for awarding investigative costs to FPL in this matter.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, it is RECOMMENDED that the Commission enter a final order authorizing FPL to retroactively bill Callard \$3,975.66 for the un-metered energy she used from January 1999 through July 2002.

DONE AND ENTERED this 13th day of May, 2005, in Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida.

Jaka L

JOHN G. VAN LANINGHAM
Administrative Law Judge
Division of Administrative Hearings
The DeSoto Building
1230 Apalachee Parkway
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3060
(850) 488-9675 SUNCOM 278-9675
Fax Filing (850) 921-6847
www.doah.state.fl.us

Filed with the Clerk of the Division of Administrative Hearings this 13th day of May, 2005.

ENDNOTES

- 1/ The evidence shows that FPL generally took its regular reading of Callard's meter during the first week of each month, typically on or before the fifth day. For convenience, the undersigned henceforth will refer to the billing cycle that ended on January 2, 1997 (or February 4, 1998, etc., as the case may be), simply as the "January 1997 bill" (or "February 1998 bill," etc.), or words to that effect, even though, in reality, the time period covered by the January 1997 bill was mostly December 1996. Similarly, references herein to electricity used in a particular month, say January 1997, are intended to mean electricity used during the billing cycle that ended that month, even though, given the usual meter-read date, most of that electricity likely would have been consumed in the immediately preceding month.
- 2/ The assumption here is that tampering has not occurred between the check readings, on the theory that the customer, who would not be expecting the unscheduled meter-reads, would fail to roll back the meter dials ahead of the check readings.
- 3/ Detailed information about the usage data underlying the average PAUMs, which is not available in the instant record, might have provided a basis for determining whether the average customer's PAUMs could fairly be applied in calculating Callard's un-metered energy consumption. This is because the more the average customer resembles Callard, the likelier the average customer's PAUMs will match Callard's. But the converse is true as well. It is commonly known in this state, for example, that the climate of North Florida differs from that of South Florida. One would expect, therefore, that the seasonal usage patterns of a Jacksonville resident would differ from those of a Miami resident, reflecting the climatic differences between the two regions. Thus, if the average customer's PAUMs were based on data collected statewide, then the average customer probably lives in a somewhat less tropical environment than Callard, and accordingly probably has somewhat different seasonal usage patterns.
- 4/ As mentioned previously, FPL offered no evidence in support of its average PAUMs, and consequently the undersigned does not

know what the profile of the average customer is. As a result, there is no reason for the undersigned <u>not</u> to assume that the average customer enjoys somewhat milder summers (which would tend to reduce energy consumption) and faces somewhat colder winters (which would tend to increase energy consumption) than Callard typically experiences in Miami, Florida. Consequently, the undersigned does not view Callard's deviations from the average percentages as evidence of meter tampering.

- ⁵/ This figure was obtained by adding 23899 and 27483 and dividing the resulting sum by two.
- ⁶/ Basing the EAUs on, say, a 30-day billing cycle, instead of, as above, 29 and 31 days, respectively, would obviously produce different numbers from the ones shown—but not <u>materially</u> different numbers. Because the outcome is not affected one way or the other, the undersigned has opted simply to use the actual number of days in the relevant cycle for his calculations.
- $^{7}/$ This figure was obtained by adding 20054 and 31128 and dividing the resulting sum by two.
- 8/ It is noted that the EAUs for January 2001, March 2001, April 2002, and May 2002 are greater than 31128 and hence out of the range established by the July 2001 check readings and the initial reading of the replacement meter in August 2002. The undersigned considers it possible that Callard tampered with the meter during these months and (whether by accident or design) overstated her true usage. Because there is no evidence suggesting that such occurred, however, the undersigned has decided that treating the "as billed" kWhs for these months as true and correct figures is more reasonable than any alternative.
- This dollar amount was arrived at by multiplying the known cost of one kilowatt-hour, which is approximately 8.8 cents (\$8,930.97 ÷ 101623) times the amount of un-metered usage (45238 kWhs).
- The figure of 4440 kWhs was based on the assumption that Callard had used 148 kWhs per day throughout the August 2002 billing cycle. See paragraph 35 in the text, supra. FPL multiplied 148 kWhs/day times 30 days to arrive at an estimate of 4440 kWhs for the month of August 2002.

¹¹/ As well, the average of these EAUs is 28994—an amount reasonably close to the number of kWhs (27658) the undersigned has determined reasonably reflects Callard's true average annual usage.

COPIES FURNISHED:

Leticia Callard 7860 Southwest 18th Terrace Miami, Florida 33155

David M. Lee, Esquire Florida Power & Light Company Law Department 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, Florida 33408

Richard D. Melton, General Counsel Public Service Commission Capital Circle Office Center 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Blanco Bayo, Director of Records and Reporting Public Service Commission Capital Circle Office Center 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

William D. Talbott, Executive Director Public Service Commission Capital Circle Office Center 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUBMIT EXCEPTIONS

All parties have the right to submit written exceptions within 15 days from the date of this Recommended Order. Any exceptions to this Recommended Order should be filed with the agency that will issue the Final Order in this case.

Month	Year	KWH	Percent	Yearly	Projected		
Jul	1998	4160	10.93	38060	-	Asbill:	106538
						Rebill:	208161
Sep	1998	4048	10.82	37412		Addit Kwh:	101623
Nov	1998	2286	8.08	28292		Ì	
Aug	2002	148	10.20	43529	proi	Avg of Yearly Total	36824
Aug		[140]	[10.20]	43029	hiol	Cdic Charge:	348.20
Remar	ks Accou	nt Rebilled	From Billing	Period En	ding 01/02/97 t	to 07/24/02 (NMS), using S	easonal Avera
	3756 /	31 days =	121.16 per	day * 19 da	ays on old mete	er = 2302 . 2302 + 1774 oi	n NMS = 4076
	Proj ba	ased on nn	ns useage		331		
							A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	The state of the s		THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	and the state of the same state of the same of	was pergerous governous services in religion in process religion in process.	encore concerned, and to the first control of the c	

Respondents Ex. 1 84-2758

Month:	Svc To:	Days:	Kwh Read:	Kwd Read:	Kwh Asbill:	Kwd Asbill:	Pct Usage:	Kwh Rebill:	Kwd Rebill:	Remarks:
Aug	8/5/02 00	31	1774	0	4404	0	10.20	4404	0	
Jul	7/5/02 00	30	21344	0	1182	0	10.14	3734	0	
Jun	6/5/02 00	30	20162	0	1492	0	9.24	3402	0	
May	5/6/02 00	31	18670	0	1508	0	7.26	2673	0	
Apr	4/5/02 00	29	17162	0	1376	0	7.08	2607	0	
Mar	3/7/02 00	29	15786	0	889	0	6.78	2497	0	
Feb	2/6/02 00	30	14897	0	976	0	6.48	2386	0	
Jan	1/7/02 00	34	13921	0	972	0	7.43	2736	0	
Dec	12/4/01 0	33	12949	0	1112	0	7.50	2762	0	
Nov	11/1/01 0	29	11837	0	1243	0	7.73	2846	0	
Oct	10/3/01 0	29	10594	0	1269	0	9.15	3369	0	
Sep	9/4/01 00	32	9325	0	1367	0	11.01	4054	0	
Aug	8/3/01 00	29	7958	0	1653	0	10.20	3756	0	
Jul	7/5/01 00	30	6305	0	572	0	10.14	3734	0	
Jun	6/5/01 00	32	5733	0	1036	0	9.24	3402	0	
Мау	5/4/01 00	29	4697	0	875	0	7.26	2673	0	
Apr	4/5/01 00	29	3822	0	970	0	7.08	2607	0	
Mar	3/7/01 00	29	2852	0	1450	0	6.78	2497	0	
Feb	2/6/01 00	32	1402	0	8	0	6.48	2386	0	

¹ Month	Year	KWH	Percent	Yearly	Projected	,	
Jul	1998	4160	10.93	38060		Asbill:	106538
Sep	1998	4048	10.82	37412		Rebill:	208161
			***************************************		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Addit Kwh:	101623
Nov	1998	2286	8.08	28292		Avg of Yearly Total	36824
Aug	2002	148	10.20	43529	proj	Cdic Charge:	348.20
Remark	ks: Accour	nt Rebilled	From Billing	Period End	ding 01/02/97 t	o 07/24/02 (NMS), using S	easonal Avera

3756 / 31 days = 121.16 per day * 19 days on old meter = 2302 . 2302 + 1774 on NMS = 4076

Proj based on nms useage

Jan 1/6/01 00 31 1394 0 2579 0 7.43 2736 0 0	Month:	Svc To:	Days:	Kwh Read:	Kwd Read:	Kwh Asbill:	Kwd Asbill:	Pct Usage:	Kwh Rebill:	Kwd Rebill:	Remarks:
Nov 11/2/00 0 29 97874 0 1179 0 7.29 2684 0 OCC 10/4/00 0 29 96695 0 1508 0 9.54 3513 0 OCC 10/4/00 0 30 95187 0 3426 0 10.43 3841 0 OCC 10.44 OCC 10.44 OCC 10.44 3881 OCC 10.44 OCC 10.44 3881 OCC 10.44 OCC 10	Jan	1/6/01 00	31	1394	0	2579	0	7.43	2736	0	
Oct 10/4/00 0 29 96695 0 1508 0 9.54 3513 0 Sep 9/5/00 00 30 95187 0 3426 0 10.43 3841 0 Aug 8/3/00 00 30 91761 0 1249 0 10.54 3881 0 Jul 7/5/00 00 30 90512 0 1770 0 10.54 3881 0 Jun 6/5/00 00 30 88742 0 1182 0 10.09 3715 0 May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 8624 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57	Dec	12/5/00 0	33	98815	0	941	0	6.91	2545	0	
Sep 9/5/00 00 30 95187 0 3426 0 10.43 3841 0 Aug 3/3/00 00 30 91761 0 1249 0 10.54 3881 0 Jul 7/5/00 00 30 90512 0 1770 0 10.54 3881 0 Jun 6/5/00 00 30 88742 0 1182 0 10.09 3715 0 May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 <td>Nov</td> <td>11/2/00 0</td> <td>29</td> <td>97874</td> <td>0</td> <td>1179</td> <td>0</td> <td>7.29</td> <td>2684</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	Nov	11/2/00 0	29	97874	0	1179	0	7.29	2684	0	
Aug 8/3/00 00 30 91761 0 1249 0 10.54 3881 0 Jul 7/5/00 00 30 90512 0 1770 0 10.54 3881 0 Jun 6/5/00 00 30 88742 0 1182 0 10.09 3715 0 May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82091 0 7	Oct	10/4/00 0	29	96695	0	1508	0	9.54	3513	0	
Jul 7/5/00 00 30 90512 0 1770 0 10.54 3881 0 Jun 6/5/00 00 30 88742 0 1182 0 10.09 3715 0 May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 8201 0 770	Sep	9/5/00 00	30	95187	0	3426	0	10.43	3841	0	
Jun 6/5/00 00 30 88742 0 1182 0 10.09 3715 0 May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81	Aug	8/3/00 00	30	91761	0	1249	0	10.54	3881	0	
May 5/4/00 00 30 87560 0 831 0 9.44 3476 0 Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23	Jul	7/5/00 00	30	90512	0	1770	0	10.54	3881	0	
Apr 4/5/00 00 30 86729 0 705 0 6.73 2478 0 Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Jun	6/5/00 00	30	88742	0	1182	0	10.09	3715	0	
Mar 3/7/00 00 30 86024 0 766 0 6.13 2257 0 Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	May	5/4/00 00	30	87560	0	831	0	9.44	3476	0	
Feb 2/4/00 00 30 85258 0 675 0 5.79 2132 0 Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Apr	4/5/00 00	30	86729	0	705	0	6.73	2478	0	
Jan 1/6/00 00 30 84583 0 608 0 6.57 2419 0 Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Mar	3/7/00 00	30	86024	0	766	0	6.13	2257	0	
Dec 12/4/99 0 30 83975 0 1147 0 6.94 2556 0 Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Feb	2/4/00 00	30	85258	0	675	0	5.79	2132	0	
Nov 11/3/99 0 30 82828 0 737 0 7.78 2865 0 Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Jan	1/6/00 00	30	84583	0	608	0	6.57	2419	0	
Oct 10/5/99 0 30 82091 0 744 0 9.70 3572 0 Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Dec	12/4/99 0	30	83975	0	1147	0	6.94	2556	0	
Sep 9/3/99 00 30 81347 0 770 0 10.81 3981 0 Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Nov	11/3/99 0	30	82828	0	737	0	7.78	2865	0	
Aug 8/4/99 00 30 80577 0 3016 0 11.23 4135 0	Oct	10/5/99 0	30	82091	0	744	0	9.70	3572	0	
	Sep	9/3/99 00	30	81347	0	770	0	10.81	3981	0	
Jul 7/6/99 00 30 77561 0 1320 0 9.77 3598 0	Aug	8/4/99 00	30	80577	0	3016	0	11.23	4135	0	
	Jul	7/6/99 00	30	77561	0	1320	0	9.77	3598	0	

Month	Year	KWH	Percent	Yearly	Projected		
Jul	1998	4160	10.93	38060		Asbill:	106538
Sep	1998	4048	10.82	37412		Rebill:	208161
	MINISTER SERVICE SERVI		-			Addit Kwh:	101623
Nov	1998	2286	8.08	28292		Avg of Yearly Total	36824
Aug	2002	148	10.20	43529	proj	Cdic Charge: 3	240.20
							348.20

Remarks: Account Rebilled From Billing Period Ending 01/02/97 to 07/24/02 (NMS), using Seasonal Average 3756 / 31 days = 121.16 per day * 19 days on old meter = 2302 . 2302 + 1774 on NMS = 4076

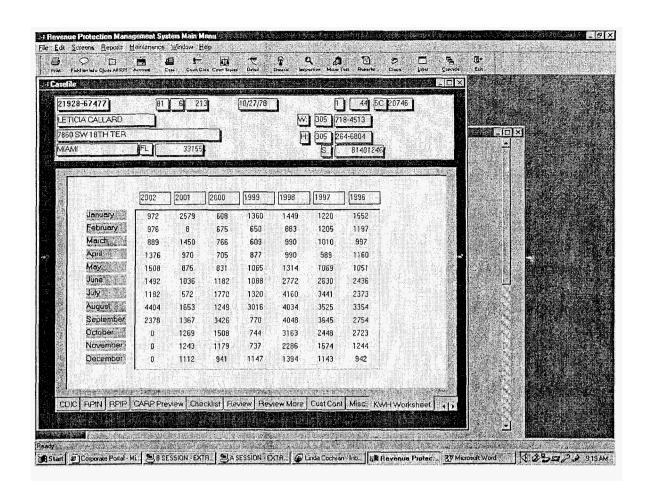
Proj based on nms useage

Month: Svc To: Days: Kwh Read: Kwd Read: Kwh Asbill: Kwd Asbill: Pct Usage: Kwh Rebill: Kwd Rebill: Remarks:

Jun	6/4/99 00	30	76241	0	1088	0	9.06	3336	0	
May	5/5/99 00	30	75153	0	1065	0	8.12	2990	0	
Apr	4/6/99 00	30	74088	0	877	0	7.04	2592	0	
Mar	3/5/99 00	30	73211	0	609	0	5.72	2106	0	
Feb	2/4/99 00	30	72602	0	650	0	6.32	2327	0	
Jan	1/6/99 00	30	71952	0	1360	0	7.51	2765	0	
Dec	12/3/98 0	30	70592	0	1394	0	7.52	2769	0	
Nov	11/2/98 0	30	69198	0	2286	0	8.08	2286	0	
Oct	10/2/98 0	30	66912	0	3163	0	9.99	3679	0	
Sep	9/2/98 00	30	63749	0	4048	0	10.82	4048	0	
Aug	8/4/98 00	30	59701	0	4034	0	10.71	4034	0	
Jul	7/6/98 00	30	55667	0	4160	0	10.93	4160	0	
Jun	6/4/98 00	30	51507	0	2772	0	9.90	3646	0	
Мау	5/5/98 00	30	48735	0	1314	0	7.38	2718	0	
Apr	4/6/98 00	30	47421	0	990	0	6.23	2294	0	
Mar	3/6/98 00	30	46431	0	990	0	5.82	2143	0	
Feb	2/4/98 00	30	45441	0	883	0	5.75	2117	0	
Jan	1/6/98 00	30	44558	0	1449	0	6.88	2533	0	
Dec	12/3/97 0	30	43109	0	1143	0	7.00	2578	0	

Month	Year	KWH	Percent	Yearly	Projected		
Jul	1998	4160	10.93	38060		Asbill:	106538
Sep	1998	4048	10.82	37412		Rebill:	208161
	1998	2286	8.08	28292		Addit Kwh:	101623
Nov						Avg of Yearly Total	36824
Aug	2002	148	10.20	43529	proj	Cdic Charge:	348.20
Remarl	ks: Accour	nt Rebilled	From Billing	Period End	ding 01/02/97 to	o 07/24/02 (NMS), using S	easonal Avera
	3756 /	31 days =	121.16 per	day * 19 da	ys on old meter	r = 2302 . 2302 + 1774 o	n NMS = 4076
	Proj ba	sed on nn	ns useage				

Month:	Svc To:	Days:	Kwh Read:	Kwd Read:	Kwh Asbill:	Kwd Asbill:	Pct Usage:	Kwh Rebill:	Kwd Rebill:	Remarks:
Nov	10/31/97	30	41966	0	1574	0	7.82	2880	0	
Oct	10/2/97 0	30	40392	0	2448	0	9.50	3498	0	
Sep	9/2/97 00	30	37944	0	3645	0	10.26	3778	0	
Aug	8/1/97 00	30	34299	0	3525	0	10.59	3900	0	
Jul	7/2/97 00	30	30774	0	3441	0	10.35	3811	0	
Jun	6/3/97 00	30	27333	0	2630	0	9.41	3465	0	
May	5/2/97 00	30	24703	0	1069	0	7.65	2817	0	
Apr	4/3/97 00	30	23634	0	989	0	6.96	2563	0	
Mar	3/5/97 00	30	22645	0	1010	0	7.03	2589	0	
Feb	2/3/97 00	30	21635	0	1205	0	6.59	2427	0	
Jan	1/2/97 00	30	20430	0	1220	0	6.84	2519	0	



Regularly Fisher 2 04-3,758 METRO DADE

METROPOLITAN DADE COUNTY

	BNZ PERMIT AND INSPECT	ION RECORD	07/16/91
PERMIT NO. 9	'1-084429 PROCESS NO. C9:	1107945 FOLIO: 3	3040100130190
JOB SITE ADDRE	SS 7860 SW 18 TERR		
REQUIRED INSPE	CTIONO		
BUILDING	CITUNS	INIT	DATE
18			
	FOUNDATION	340) 1730-1830	
005	TIE BEAM-COLUMN		
001	FINAL		
55			
011	STEEL & MAIN DRAIN	7	
PLUMBING 10 POOL P	TETNO	~ 10	
	POOL PIPING		8-5291
	FINAL	P-0	
ELECTRICAL			
23 SWIMMI	NG POOLS	1/2	all that
	ROUGH/SLAB	SFK	8/15/19/
001	FINAL		-11-
720010	Slack & with a	- Montan STO	$\infty 10K$
7-26-91	stool of Main drain pressure of meeded i	LOLOCION.	
. / . X	pressure of needed 1	VOCZ 1	
Lynn	10 AST		
10 11 50	Verlores as A	RECIT	
and a	Daniel (ug)	t w	
	1) Sylver of All O		•
	back shirt	المعر	
	of collydel powers	0040	
	12) De CEL		i de la companya de l
		Maj	
	X// 6	I^{K}	

" H X2

RE: PSC INQUIRI 494349E

*SUMMONS *SUMM

* SUMMONS * SUMMONS * SUMMONS * SUMMONS * SUMMONS *

MIAMI - DADE

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

11805 S.W. 26 STREET MIAMI, FLORIDA 33175 TEL: (786) 315-2424 FAX: (786) 315-2912

DATE: 11/25/2002

TO: Jorge and Leticia Callard 7860 sw 18 terr

Miami Fla, 33155

PROPERTY LOCATION: 7860 SW 18 terr

FOLIO: 3040-1000-130-0190

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that an inspection of the above premises disclosed that you have violated the provisions of the Florida Building Code which have been adopted as the uniform building code for Miami-Dade County, Florida or provisions of the Code of Miami-Dade County.

Type of Violation:			
Building	Electrical	Plumbing	Mechanical
Chapter: 27	Section: 2701.2		
Florida Building Code	Code of Miami-Dade County	Cother Adopted Standard	South Florida Building Code
Failure to comply with the na	tional Electrical Code (N.E.C.) as co	ntained in NFPA 70, to wit: SEC	TION 230-24
Obtain required permit(s), ma	ke corrections and obtain required in	spection approvals.	
Received By:	Bate Peeted: 11/25/ How Posted: Posted		Date Mailed: Return Receipt Number:
T1 C 1 1 1 1 1	. 14 10	1 05 0000	

Therefore you are hereby directed that on or before Monday, November 25, 2002

You are to correct said VIOLATION and NOTIFY THE UNDERSIGNED BUILDING INSPECTOR that the VIOLATION has been corrected. Failure to make the correction(s) will result in one or more of the following actions: issuance of a ticket(s) in the amount of \$500.00 or more, filing of a civil suit or criminal charges against you or initiation of an unsafe structures case requiring demolition of the structure. Also, failure to comply with this notice may result in the department withholding issuance of other permits to you or referral of this matter to the appropriate licensing board.

PLEASE GOVERN YOURSELF ACCORDINGLY.

Case Number: 2003015594

E-Mail Address: bldgdept@miamidade.gov HomePage: http://www.miamidade.gov/bldg MIAMI-DADE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

TITLE: BUILDING INSPECTOR

PHONE: 786-315-2147

Pehitioneri Exhib.

Emesto Rencurrell

Petitioners Exhib

From:

Jim Ruehl

Sent:

Tuesday, January 28, 2003 7:43 AM

To:

Ernesto Rencurre I

Subject:

RE: Consumer Complaint #494349E--Customer Name-Joi je Luis and Leticia Callard

Thanks Ernie, I've forward this to consumer affairs.

----Original Message-----From: Ernesto Rencurrell

Sent: Monday, January 27, 2003 10:57 PM

To: Jim Ruehl

Subject: Consumer Complaint #494349E--Customer Name-Jorge Luis and

Leticia Callard

1/27/2003

I received the fax on the above mentioned subject Monday morning when I got to the office. I immediately called the house of Mr. and Mrs. Callard early in the morning since I will be out of town the week of February the 3rd. Mr. Callard answere | the phone and I introduced myself. I asked him if he or his wife were going to be available sometime today. He said that he would be available today in the morning. asked him if he wanted to meet about 8:30 A.M. and he said that it was fine.

Mr. Callard was waiting for me outside in his front yard when I pproached the house. I gave him my business card. He invited me into his house and proceeded to the rear exterior of the house. He started by showing me the pole in the rear where the original service drop was attached which use to service his house on the back. This pole is in the rear of 7850 N.W. 18 Terrace(next door neighbor). This pole is approxime ely 18 feet east of the property line, therefore Florida Power and Light Company (FPL) we encroaching on his neighbor's southwest corner of property. He told me that FPL relicated the service drop to the pole on the rear southwest corner of his own property due to a large "Nispero" tree that use to be located in the southeast corner of the property. his pole is inside his own property close to the southwest corner of the property line After this was completed he removed the tree and built a pool in that same area.

He said that the service drop was relocated in 1991. The service drop was installed with a section of the triplex cable resting on Mr. Callard's southwest orner part of his roof. He mentioned that FPL had promised to relocate the service drop o his southwest corner edge of wall which is closest to the pole. This would eliminate he hazardous condition of having the cable laying on the roof all the way to the weatherhold. Apparently FPL did not relocate the service drop.

After Hurricane Andrew struck in 1992, Mr. Callard said that he alled FPL to have his service drop relocated because the cable was rubbing against the fiberglass roof due to the strong winds. He was concerned about the possibility of dam le to the cable insulation, therefore creating a kigger problem. He said that Fig. went to his house and installed rubber sleeves on the length of the cable laying on the roof. FPL mentioned again that they would relocate the service drop, therefore eliminating the hazardous condition. FPL never did relocate the service drop. Mr. Callard mentioned to me that at that point he notified the Florida Public Service Commission in Fallahassee.

According to Mr. Callard a representative from FPL met with an inspector from Metro-Dade County at his house. They suggested that the weatherhead could have relocated to the southwest corner edge of wall (very close to pole) and that it would go through the roof to meet the current local Miami-Dade County electrical codes. In the existing condition, the National Electric Safety Code on Table 234-1 states that a serve e drop with insulation must be a minimum of 3.5 feet from the roof. FPL is in violation of the NESC code.

FPL has given a letter of "RELEASE AND COMPROMISE OF ALL CLAIMS" to Mr. Callard so he can

eign and notarize it. The latter basically states that FPL will any up to 93,000 to relocate the service drop while relieving FPL of any liability of their part. Mr. Callard has refused to sign and notarize the letter.

My recommendation would be the same as suggested by FPL and Mian. Dade County to have the weatherhead relocated from its present location to the rear of 1 e southwest corner edge of wall and installed through the roof to meet the current local and national electrical codes. This would eliminate the cable running through that particular area of the fiberglass roof. Another solution would be to convert from an overhead service to an underground service by installing the meter can and downpipe in his same area.

If there are any questions, please call me at (305)470-5604.

Ernie Rencurrell





FIRE/RESCUE

WHEN REQUESTING INFORMATION OR REPORTS CONCERNING THIS INCIDENT, PLEASE REFER TO:

3032964 Incident Number 3/3/03

Incident Da

Fire, rescue reports are available approximately 2 weeks after the incident.

Miami-Dade Fire Rescue Department Central Records 9300 N.W. 41st Street Miami, Florida 33178 (786) 331-4900

Date/Time of Contact

Name/Rank/ID #

125.01-19 6/00

To obtain a report call recorded message at (786) 331-4916 or see instructions on back of card.

An Internationally Accredited

Police Agency

DISTRICT/UNIT TELEPHONE 3-503 Offense Report DATE REPORTED Crash Report ☐ Contact Only FNI Date/Time of Contact An Internationally Accredited Name/Rank/ID # Police Agency Contact/Case # 258046 - B 705-595-6263 TELEPHONE D3301 DISTRICT/UNIT 05-14-03 Offense Report ☐ Crash Report ☐ Contact Only-No Report Written OS-14-03 8 r An Internationally DOLAN, J. Accredited Police Agency . Contact/Case # 259 274P DISTRICTANIT offense Report DATE REPORTED Crash Report ☐ Contact Only— No Report Written

Petitioneri Exhibi

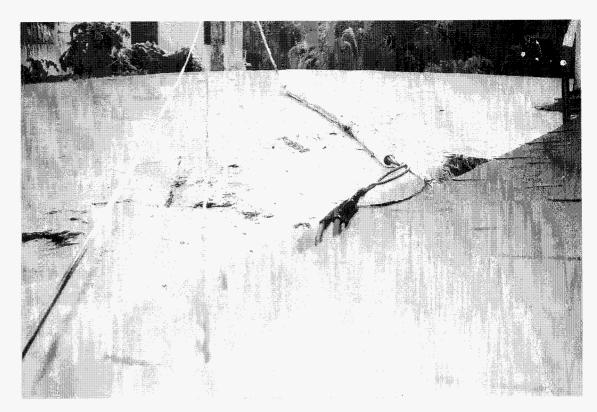
Chr."

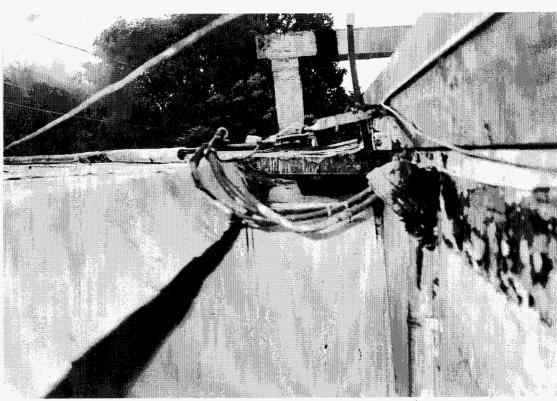
												211	PP.	
		4.7			MISCE NCIDE						N.,		1	
INCID	ENT:				`		O/I TYF	Έ	Α	C	ASE NUI	MBER:		e
INCIDENT: ZNFORMATION TYPE A C 25804										04				
,	Date: 05-14-63	Rpt. Tm		Dis. Tm: 1955		In Se	_	F.S.S.	_			7	U.C.R	99
01 00 7860 SW 18 TERRATE / KETTERICE										03				
V/W Code	//W Vic. Name: (Last, First, Int.) Race Sex Age Ett								M/A					
Addres					UCE	700		Phone:	-26	4-6	804	Res. Typ.	Res. Stat.	Rel.
	ct: (Last, Fi		_			Ni	cknam	e:			Race	Sex	Age	Eth.
Addres	ss:				/						Phone	 :		
PROF			amg.	Prop. Type	Value:	Rec. Va	al	Date	Rec.:	Se	rial #:			
Description:														
VEH	Codo		amg. ode	Prop. Type	Value:	Rec. V	al.:	Date	Rec.:	Se	rial #:			1
Year:	Make:		Mod	el:	Color:	/	Body	•		Tag:	1010	Y	ear:	State:
Decal	#: To	owed By:		Storage	Location:		Mess	Cnt. O	per	FCICA	CIC:			
NARR	ATIVE:													
					VISED									
	400	HO	V	SA	ומט ב	KNOL	لهري	<u> F.</u>	<u>r.</u>	<u>ر.</u> ب	DON	MI	<u> </u>	.)
ENTENED HIS BACKYAND WITHOUT PERMISSION														
TO DO ELECTRICAL WORK. THE REPORTER WAS REFERRED TO F.P.L. AND THE PUBLIC														
CONVICE COMMISSION IF HE WANTED TO														
A CHELLIT ADOUT THE WORKER'S IN E														
REHAVIOR - Library Lac Code: Care Status: A Date														
D	NAN	_	*.	3541	D370/	-33			D:	1	Cleared	17	03	١,
Reviewed By: 10 187 Sun a Clear 1900 Clear 1														
32.15	-59 Rev.	49				γ	2)							

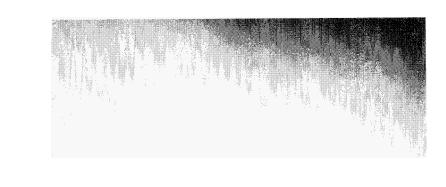
Petitioners
corposite Exhibit I

C7 photographs)

04-2758 9W

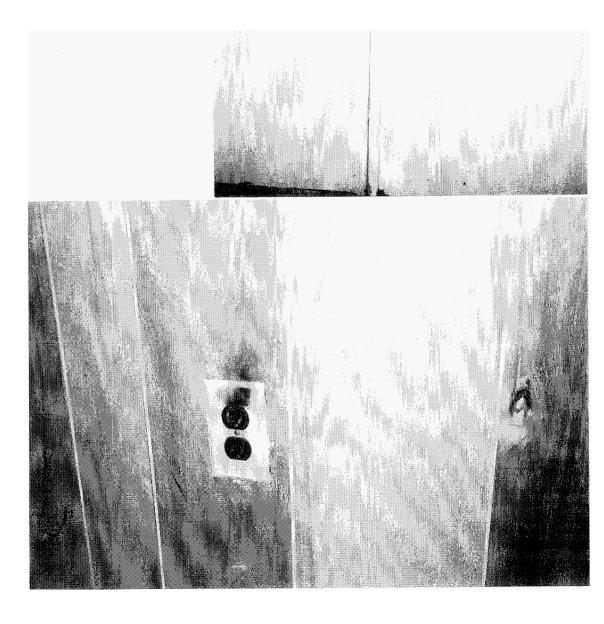


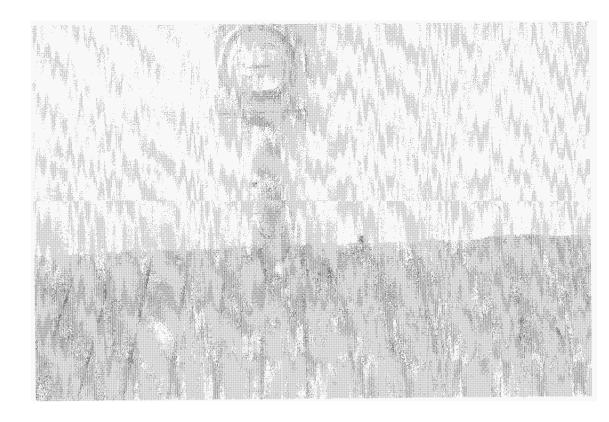


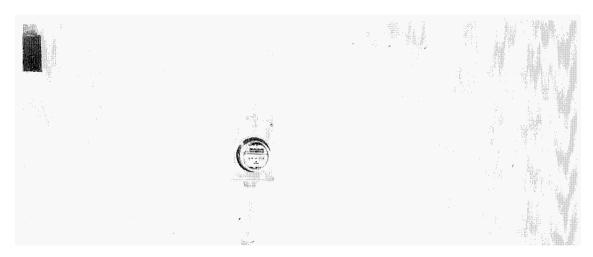


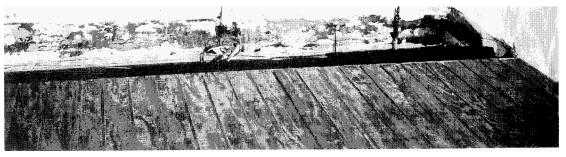
















2

3

4

5 6

7

8

STATE OF FLORIDA DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

Case No. 04-2758

105 MAP 9 A 11:36

LETICIA CALLARD,

Petitioner,

vs.

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,
Respondent.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

24

25

November 29, 2004 401 Northwest 2nd Avenue Video Room N-106 Miami, Florida

Hearing by Video Teleconferencing at sites in Miami and Tallahassee before Administrative Law Judge John G. Van Laningham

Taken before DIANA KELLY, Professional Reporter and Notary Public, in and for the State of Florida at Large, pursuant to Notice of Taking Deposition filed in the above cause.

ORIGINAL



					E/1.						
1		2005 MAR - 9 A 11: 36 ADMINISTRATIVE									
2		40 DAY/S/D 4 11: 31									
3	ON BEHALF OF 7	MEABIRATE									
4	LETIC	MOSINE									
5											
	ON BEHALF OF T										
6											
	DAVID M. LEE, ESQUIRE										
7	Florida Power & Light Company										
	Law Department										
8	700 Universe Boulevard										
	Juno Beach, Florida 33408										
9											
10	Also present: Paul Bolivar										
11											
)	INDEX										
12											
	Witness	Direct	Cross	Redirect	Recross						
13											
14	Chase Vessels	36	43	46	51						
15											
16	Edward List	54	58								
17											
18	Bert Cunill	66	88	92,95,100	92,93						
19											
20	Linda Cochran	102	104								
21											
22											
23											
24											
25											
•											

PROCEEDINGS

Thereupon,

2.2

THE COURT: Let's go on the record and get underway. Are you ready? This is the case number 04-2758. It's styled Leticia Callard versus Florida Power & Light Company.

My name is John Van Laningham. I'm an administrative law judge and I have been assigned to preside in the final hearing of this matter which is getting underway for final hearing on November 29th, just after 9 o'clock in the morning as scheduled.

Before we proceed let me ask that the parties make their appearances for the record. I'll start with the Petitioner and Mrs. Callard, I know you're down there. If you could introduce yourself for us and for the record, please.

MRS. CALLARD: My name is Leticia Callard.

THE COURT: All right. Good morning.

MRS. CALLARD: Good morning.

THE COURT: And I understand you have your husband with you as well?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you have anyone else there

1

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

either representing you or assisting in the presentation of your case?

MRS. CALLARD: No.

THE COURT: All right. Very good. morning to you both and for Florida Power & Light.

MR. LEE: Good morning, your Honor. Му name is David Lee, L-e-e. I'm an attorney for Florida Power & Light. Also with me today is Linda Cochran, Rosanne Lucas. Also present here is a witness, Jim Bartlett.

And then present down in Miami for Florida Power & Light are three witnesses and then someone else from our office. Starting nearest us is Chase Vessels and then next to him is Bert Cunill. Then at the end is Ed List and the last gentleman in the suit is Paul Bolivar.

THE COURT: Good morning to you all. Before we get underway I guess there are a few matters in the file that we ought to take a look at.

I received last week a letter from Mrs. Callard that raised a couple of issues and I entered some orders on them, but they may have not have gotten out last Wednesday because our

computers were down. So, let me go over those briefly.

The letter from Mrs. Callard requested first of that I disqualify myself from presiding over the case based on having presided in another matter, unrelated matter, involving the Callards sometime early this year. I'm denying that motion as legally insufficient.

Also a request made with regards to arranging for an interpreter for Mr. Callard. And before I discuss that any further let me ask Mrs. Callard, is there an interpreter down there now? Did you arrange for that or not?

MRS. CALLARD: No, I didn't know how to arrange for that. I faxed a letter per your secretary for that request.

THE COURT: All right. Let me address that issue just briefly and cover the points that were in the order that hasn't gone out yet.

First of all, Mrs. Callard, for the benefits of the parties, Division of Administrative Hearings does not have a procedure or budget for retaining or hiring

1

3 4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

interpreters which is to say that I don't have any authority on my own to make arrangements to hire and pay for an interpreter.

What generally happens in these situations is requests for interpreters are presented to the referring agency which in this case is the Public Service Commission.

I believe, Mrs. Callard, when you called earlier last week my secretary told you or should have told you or tried to tell you to make that request to the Public Service Commission directly.

But in any event when your letter came in on last Tuesday I myself placed a call to the staff attorney over at the agency to find out whether there was any process whereby they might arrange for an interpreter and she told me that they didn't have such a policy practice, but that you could make that request directly to the agency clerk whose name and phone number I have here, although at this point it's a little late to do that.

And unfortunately that request did come in fairly close to the final hearing, particularly given that we had a short last week with the

Thanksgiving holidays.

But the bottom line is that the decision to retain an interpreter in an administrative case really rests with the agency and often times those matters are handled between the parties and the agency prior to final hearing. They don't create controversies although this case is obviously a little bit different in that the agency is over here as an active litigant.

Let me ask you, Mrs. Callard, what role are you envisioning for your husband? I notice he's not a named party. Did you anticipate having him testify as a witness?

MRS. CALLARD: The problem is is that my husband is the one that has been dealing with Florida Power & Light and has talked to whoever and has met with whoever. It hasn't been myself and he doesn't speak any English. And that's the reason why we requested because he's informed of all the details.

THE COURT: All right. So, your plan was to have him testify?

MRS. CALLARD: He is the one that's going to be doing the talking because I don't know

4 5

all the details. I'm usually at work and he's the one that does it all. The case is in my name because I'm the one on the bill, but the one that's been handling the whole situation has been my husband. I'm not aware of meetings or I know what's going, but he knows the details.

THE COURT: All right. So, your plan was to have him present the case?

MRS. CALLARD: Exactly.

THE COURT: All right. Let me ask you this, Mrs. Callard, why wasn't this issue raised earlier? Coming as it did so close to the hearing has made it very difficult for us in the division and also for the agency to do anything. Can you just give me a little idea of what the background is on your request. I want the record to be clear on this, if you would please.

MRS. CALLARD: When I spoke to your secretary earlier in the week I mentioned to her that I didn't know that I personally had to take care of this.

THE COURT: When was your first request? When was this phone call? Was that last

Monday, the week before the hearing? 1 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, that's when I spoke to 2 her but earlier in the year I had sent a letter 3 to the Public Service Commission where I stated 4 that my husband was the one that was handling 5 this case and I signed it and sent it to them. 6 THE COURT: Did you ask them for an 7 interpreter? 8 MRS. CALLARD: Not at the time. We're 9 talking about early in the year. 10 THE COURT: All right. And Mrs. Callard 11 are you able to present the case? What kind of 12 case do you plan to put on? 13 MRS. CALLARD: No, I'm not. I'm not able 14 to present the case because he is the one that 15 has met with Florida Power & Light. He's the 16 person that has spoken to various people 17 regarding this situation. I've never been 18 present and I've never -- I'm at work. 19 case is actually his case, it's just that the 20 account is in my name. 21 So, what sort of evidence do THE COURT: 22 you have to put on besides his testimony? 23 you have other documents or other witnesses? 24

MRS. CALLARD: I don't have other

25

We don't

I was

We have the bills that we sent in, 1 witnesses. that we sent to the Public Service Commission 2 to show that our bills fluctuate. 3 have an attorney or anything like that. 4 THE COURT: You've got copies of bills? 5 I sent those in, yes. 6 MRS. CALLARD: 7 THE COURT: You sent them in where? MRS. CALLARD: I sent to them to your 8 I sent them to the Public Service 9 Commission. 10 THE COURT: You plan to offer those into 11 12 evidence today? 3 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. I'm sorry, trying to explain to my husband. 14 THE COURT: You want to offer the bills 15 into evidence then? That's your intent? 16 The bills will prove that 17 MRS. CALLARD: 18 our account fluctuates from month-to-month and 19 that throughout the years there's no change. 2.0 Our usage is that way. 21 THE COURT: All right. Let's me ask Mr. Lee, remind me of the timeframe here, what's 22 23 the timeframe we're dealing with for the back 24 charges? 25 MR. LEE: We're talking from January 2nd

1997 through August 5th of 2002. So, five and a half years.

THE COURT: It was roughly \$10,000?

MR. LEE: The exact adjusted amount was -the additional billing was 9,279.18. That was
the difference between what she was billed and
what we calculated.

THE COURT: How many witnesses are you planning to put on in your case?

MR. LEE: Four, maybe five.

THE COURT: And about how long do you think that will take? Are they short witnesses, long witnesses?

MR. LEE: A couple of them will be pretty short. A couple of them might be a little more in depth. I still don't think the hearing should take quite that long. I guess it's all relative. It depends on how much questioning they have for them as well.

THE COURT: You all have the burden of proof?

MR. LEE: That's an issue that I haven't quite solved, but I've been coming into the hearing -- although I don't necessarily agree, I have been coming into the hearing with the

assumption that that's the way the court was going to rule that we would have to go forward with the burden itself. I was prepared to proceed that way.

THE COURT: Is the question unsettled to your knowledge?

MR. LEE: I couldn't find any case law one way or the other that said we did have the burden of proof. So, I just presumed that if the issue came down I'd at least be prepared to go forward as if it was.

THE COURT: Was your plan then to go first in the order of proof?

MR. LEE: If your Honor ruled that we had the burden of proof then yes, I would go first. If your Honor ruled she did then I'd obviously allow her to go first.

THE COURT: And you're going to put on evidence? Just tell me briefly the theory of your case is that the meter was tampered with?

MR. LEE: Correct. It's basically a two stage theory of our case. The first stage is the fact that we noticed that there was meter tampering. We pulled the meter, tested the meter, our people believe there was tampering

2.2

2.4

with the meter and we then went back and reviewed their billing history.

The second phase would be by looking at the billing history and applying an approved estimation method based on meter tampering and coming up with the adjusted billing amounts.

THE COURT: Is the billing history relevant to the -- not to the question of whether the meter was tampered with I suppose, but the question of how much you allege was not paid for, how much the unmetered usage was?

MR. LEE: It goes to both, but I would say the billing probably more focuses on the difference between what we calculate the estimate would be, but there are some instances where the billing seems to indicate that there was tampering going on.

THE COURT: Are there formulas for that?

Is that how you determine the unmetered amount?

MR. LEE: Correct. We used a formula that's been approved by the Public Service Commission and that's the formula we used in this case.

THE COURT: Does that take into account the customer's prior usage before the point in

1 0

time when the alleged tampering occurred?

MR. LEE: It can do both, it can either apply to prior usage or if there are ways that we verified actual usage we can use things that monitor the person tampering and in this case I think we used a mixture of both.

THE COURT: Essentially your case involves evidence that focuses on direct proof of meter tampering and evidence relating to the application of the Commission's formula for determining amounts of unmetered use based on the customer's bills and other factors that the formula will take account of?

MR. LEE: Correct.

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Callard, let me ask you, you heard Mr. Lee give me the general outline of the thrust of FP&L's case and you told me you plan to look at the bills which goes to one prong or one aspect of the power company's case.

On the other point about the direct evidence of the tampering with the meter, do you have evidence that you plan to offer to rebut that?

MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, we had in '91

Florida Power & Light moved a cable from where we had our cable, was running east and it was moved to the west side of the house. Okay.

And that particular cable was in violation of Florida Power & Light.

THE COURT: When was that? Did you say 1991?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So, you're going to testify about that?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes. This cable was giving us trouble where it was sparking electricity through a tree at the house and that's when we first called Florida Power & Light with the electrical problem.

THE COURT: All right.

MRS. CALLARD: And so we called them because my husband was doing a job and caught some current from that cable. That's when we first called Florida Power & Light to have this fixed.

They came out and they put like a rubber hose around the cable and they said that they would be back to repair that.

THE COURT: This was in 1991?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes. And they never came back to repair that and that cable just stayed there.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this Mrs.

Callard, are you familiar with those

circumstances? Can you testify about them?

MRS. CALLARD: Well, I'm familiar, but there's some things that I have to ask him because he was the one that reported it initially and he was the one that handled with the officers of Florida Power & Light that situation.

Then we started having electrical problems within the house where we started having surges and we had appliances blow out.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me stop you there because you're probably going to want to testify about that and I don't need to hear all the details right this moment. Just so I'm clear you and your husband are the only witnesses that you plan to call to testify?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I suppose one thing we could do to go ahead and get the hearing accomplished is Mrs. Callard if you can

present the case maybe you could translate for your husband. If she did that would there be any objection?

MR. LEE: Well, my main problem is that while I know she can translate to tell him what's going on I just hate to have her translating his testimony and then if he -- I don't know which of the two of them plan on cross examining our witnesses. I don't how that's going to work, where I'm not sure what's getting translated and whether it's being translated accurately. I just don't know.

THE COURT: Then that's a potential problem. Go ahead, Mrs. Callard.

MRS. CALLARD: I'm saying that's the same thing for me, I can translate some things, but I don't know whether I'm translating every detail also. I'm sorry, your Honor.

MR. LEE: And the other issue was I just didn't know which of the two of them was going to do the cross examining of our witnesses.

THE COURT: Well, it would have to be Mrs. Callard. It has to be somebody who can communicate in English, so that we can make a record and understand what's going on and we do

have a situation were Mrs. Callard is the party. I assume from what she's told me and I think I saw it in the file she's the account holder, is that right?

MR. LEE: Correct.

THE COURT: So, she's the one that ultimately is going to be responsible if there's a finding made that there was unmetered usage of electricity.

MR. LEE: Correct.

THE COURT: And what's the ultimate remedy then, an order that finds that the usage was unmetered in a certain amount and then what does the order do, require them to pay the money to FP&L, is that what the order looks like?

MR. LEE: I mean the way I envisioned it, of course I can't tell you how to do your job, this is the way I envisioned it is we've already taken an action and we've suspended carrying out that action which is we've rebilled them for what we thought was the appropriate metering. We've already gone forward and done that, we have just not taken the final step which is because they haven't

7 8

paid that amount cut off their meter.

So, essentially when they filed their complaint with the Public Service Commission the ultimate remedy I guess was to decide whether or not what we did was appropriate and if they found it was then we could go forward as usual which according to the administrative code is unless other arrangements are made to cut the power off if the bill is not paid.

THE COURT: Ultimately you got an order from the Commission that says that if they don't pay the bill you can terminate service.

MR. LEE: I think the bill even -- if they rule in our favor and when they rule in our favor the order usually reads that they recommend the customer contact us to make billing arrangements because we can literally cut the meter off at that moment, but we don't do that.

We usually will make an arrangement if the customer's willing to try and to make sure that it's paid as opposed to just going out to the house and cutting the meter off.

THE COURT: Okay. I ask because we don't get these cases very often as you might

1

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

In fact, this is the first one I've imagine. seen. All right.

MR. LEE: And just so you know, the biggest factor to us, obviously, we'd like to get this resolved as well I'm sure as the Callards, but the biggest factor to us is the inconvenience of us all coming up here to Tallahassee for the hearing, is really I guess the biggest expense and inconvenience as to that issue and creates a problem to going forward.

THE COURT: Well, I'm certainly not inclined to continue the hearing. It's been set for quite a while and I know we've continued it once or twice for various reasons.

And the question of whether or not an interpreter would be needed it seems to me is not one that just arose last week and frankly should have been raised earlier in the process.

Had it been raised earlier the agency would have had more time to deal with the situation. As I indicated earlier it's ultimately the agency that needs to make a decision about whether or not it wants to expend the money to hire an interpreter.

And obviously if the agency decides that question incorrectly there's a possibility the case would have to be redone at some point. I hope that won't happen, but it seems to me given the circumstances we really ought to try to go forward, that's why I made the suggestion about having Mrs. Callard try to translate and at least getting that testimony out. I realize that's irregular, but it seems to me given the nature of the issues it might work here just to get the evidence out and get all the facts out that the Callards want to present.

I don't know that there's any other good alternative unless the parties want to suggest something that we can consider as a way to move on, but I do want to try to have the hearing today.

I can ask Mrs. Callard, do you have any other suggestion for trying to get through other than perhaps you trying to translate for your husband as he testifies?

MR. LEE: I actually have a suggestion, I don't know if Mrs. Callard would have a problem with this, that actually is the area of my biggest concern is Mr. Callard testifying is

when it comes to my chance to cross examine him is I will have no way of knowing if she's accurately translating A, what I'm asking him and then B, what he's replying.

The suggestion I might make is if we do all the rest of the evidence, I don't have to be up here for that. We can reconvene at another date just to do Mr. Callard with an interpreter. I can appear down in Miami because I'm down from South Florida. So, that part I don't need to be up here for and I don't mind that part -- that would be the biggest concern I have is that interchange between me, Mrs. Callard and Mr. Callard, that that's an accurate translation of that.

THE COURT: So, you would suggest simply deferring his testimony to some future date?

MR. LEE: Correct.

THE COURT: Would you have any objection to having it presented by telephone?

MR. LEE: Not as long as I have the opportunity to cross examine him, I don't have a problem with that.

THE COURT: It'd just be easier to set that up, would be by teleconference call and

take his testimony without much delay, I would think. It's easier to do. I don't need all the video facility to do that.

MR. LEE: I wouldn't have an objection to that as long as they don't.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, Mr. Lee has made a suggestion that might be a way for us to go forward here and that would be to do the hearing today, but to postpone your husband's testimony so that that can be taken with an interpreter at some date in the near future, hopefully near future, where Mr. Lee could be down there and you all could have a translator present.

That way he would be able to ask your husband questions and have someone, a neutral translator, do the translation so there wouldn't be concern about the questions being asked to your husband by Mr. Lee.

I suggested that if we do that it might be expeditious to do that testimony by telephone which we could arrange to do more readily than having another video link up. What would your thoughts be on doing it that way?

MRS. CALLARD: But your Honor, you're

saying they would present their case today and then we do ours at a later time?

THE COURT: You could present your case, your testimony, for example, and any documents that you might have and then we'd simply put off the testimony of your husband for later so that arrangements could be made to have an interpreter present and then Mr. Lee could be there in Miami with you and your husband and the interpreter and take his testimony through a translator, through a neutral translator, who could make the record at that time.

MRS. CALLARD: I'm little bit confused because everything that's going to be presented he's going to present you.

THE COURT: Well, today I'm going to need you to present the case because you're the only one who can speak English and we need to have an English speaker do that. That's the only way we're going to understand what's happening and the only way we can have a record.

MRS. CALLARD: I would have to ask him.

THE COURT: Well, he can assist you, but you'll have to handle the questioning because it needs to be done in English so that we can

1 2 your Honor? 3 4 MRS. CALLARD: 5 THE COURT: Yes. 6 7 8 9 10 whole conference. 11 12 14 15 THE COURT: Well --16 17 18 19 THE COURT: 20 21 2.2 23

24

25

understand what's happening.

MRS. CALLARD: Can you give me a minute,

THE COURT: All right.

Your Honor?

MRS. CALLARD: My husband says that that's somewhat confusing because he's not going to be able to understand what is going on or what is being talked about or asked throughout the

And the objective is for Florida Power & Light to actually prove that this has been done, whatever they are saying has been done.

MRS. CALLARD: And he's not going to be able to actually understand what is be asked or what is -- you understand?

I understand that that's an issue. On the other hand, Mrs. Callard, you're actually the named party. At this point, he's appearing as a witness and actually there wasn't any motion made to qualify him as your representative.

So, technically he's here as a witness.

He's not here as a party, he's not here as a qualified representative. You're here as the petitioner representing yourself.

2.0

So, the real issue is whether or not we can have a fair hearing without his testimony because he can't testify without a translator.

We've got a potential solution where we can just take his testimony later. As I've indicated I don't want to continue the hearing. The case was filed back in August and the first time an issue was raised regarding a translator for your husband was last Monday or Tuesday of a three day week. And you know, it's an issue that really needed to have been raised sooner.

We now have parties in both Miami and Tallahassee to do this proceeding and it simply isn't appropriate at this point to put the final hearing off again for some extended period of time. So, we're just going to have to work through it, Mrs. Callard. You'll have to present the case.

MRS. CALLARD: May I say something?

THE COURT: And if there's no better solution -- go ahead.

MRS. CALLARD: Florida Power & Light

throughout this whole ordeal has never met with me, they've also met with my husband. So, they were very much aware that he doesn't speak any English because they had to put someone to interpret whatever they talked about. It's not like it's something that they didn't know

And my husband has spoken to Ms. Cochran various times and she's had an interpreter for him to interpret the conversations.

So, it's not like Florida Power & Light was not aware of this because like I said I've never attended any meeting or any type of conference. They've also dealt with my husband and they've always brought someone to interpret.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, I'll take your word for that, but again it wasn't FP&L's responsibility it seems to me to raise the issue of having an interpreter appointed for the final hearing. I suppose they could have, but that seems to me that responsibility fell onto you ultimately and it wasn't done until last week.

And that's put us in the position we're in

2.1

about.

and it's not ideal, but it seems to me based on what you've told me and my general understanding of what the Respondent's case is going to look like that we can still have a good and fair hearing. It may take a little longer to negotiate today, but it seems to me we can do that and that's preferable to postponing the whole hearing.

So, what I'm going to do is I think

Mr. Lee's suggestion is a good one. What we'll

do is we'll sever out Mr. Callard's testimony

and we'll have that taken at a later date,

hopefully not too far off in the future. And

we can discuss the details of that before we

adjourn today as to exactly how we want to do

that, but let's proceed that way and we can

take all the other evidence.

We'll still have to deal with what arrangements will be made as far as a translator for that follow-up proceeding, but at least we'll have a little more time to deal with that and see if the agency wants to get involved and handle those details.

So, let's proceed that way and see if we can't get the evidence, the remaining evidence

out and we can certainly get Florida Power & Light's case.

Without making any ruling at this point on who might legally have the burden of proof as I haven't seen any law on that I'm going to go ahead and have the Respondent to put on its case first, even though they are a named Respondent here and then we'll hear the Callards' case after that. All right.

Before we move into the evidentiary part of the proceeding I'll take brief opening statements from the parties if they'd like to make them. Since FP&L will go first I'll start with you, Mr. Lee, did you want to make any opening statement?

MR. LEE: Just very briefly, your Honor.

I think I've already said a lot of the things,
just to kind of put them in a logical sequence,
Mrs. Callard's been the account holder since
1978. They are the only occupants of the
residence. There are no other tenants there.

And then sometime in 2001 one of our meter readers during the regular meter reading noticed an irregularity. That was reported to our investigative department. They sent an

investigator out, Chase Vessels, who in July of 2001 went and actually looked at the meter, checked the reading on the meter and saw that there is a seal on the outside of the meter canopy that was tampered with and which would indicate somebody has gone into the meter by taking the canopy off.

A second time Mr. Vessels went out to the residence in June of 2002, again, noticed the same thing, that the meter had a seal which appeared to have been tampered with allowing somebody to get inside the meter, and also took a meter reading that day.

And then the decision was made to actually go out and pull the meter to actually inspect it back at our office and do a more detailed inspection. And that was done in August -- I'm sorry, July of 2002 by Mr. Ed List.

That meter was then brought back to our meter testing facility. Mr. List noticed some irregularities with the meter, but a more detailed inspection was done by Mr. Bartlett where numerous problems were found in the meter which indicated somebody had been altering the dial readings and not just on one occasion, but

apparently a very repeated pattern of this which will be evident when we show you the meter.

Then once it was determined that there was meter tampering Mr. Bert Cunill was then referred on the case. And he's the person who, his job is to -- or part of his job is to go back and look at a meter billing history and try to put the pieces together, so to speak, and figure out where any tampering would have begun and then where a more regular pattern of usage was actually determined.

And it was determined that from about January 7th of 1997 all the way to when we pulled the meter off that there had been meter tampering and we therefore went and did an estimate based on the approved method and came up with the amount that I earlier told you about which was the difference in billing of \$9,279.18 above what they previously had been billed. And that's where we are today.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Lee. Mrs. Callard, would you like to make a brief opening statement at this time?

MRS. CALLARD: As far as the meter, that

2.0

he is saying that they went out and looked at the meter on various occasions, after they -- to follow up on what Mr. Lee is saying, after they went ahead and took the meter Ms. Cochran called my husband and he went to see her and Mr. Zamora was present.

They showed my husband the meter without any glass, it was opened and a new meter. And they asked him if he saw anything different between the two meters. And then they told him this meter is your meter and it has no glass.

He said they told him that our meter had fingerprints and they told us in five days in the month someone had come out to read the meter to investigate the meter and they determined that there was some type of manipulation with the meter.

And my husband asked them well, if you felt that there was something wrong with the meter why don't you have a photo or something to indicate that there was something being done wrong. And how is it that the person that reads the meter is not able to see that there was a problem with the meter the many times they go out to the meter.

And so my husband says that he determines that those prints were put on there afterwards because how else would they be because no one saw that beforehand, before the meter was removed.

So, he feels there was no camera, there was nothing to show us that this was done before they took the meter with them.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me stop you there because I assume your husband's going to testify to these matters and he's not testifying now under oath. So, I don't want to have him go through all of his testimony.

Let me just ask you, if I can understand sort of the general thrust of your case, I assume that you're going to tell me that you did not tamper with the meter, correct?

MRS. CALLARD: That's right, your Honor.

THE COURT: And that whatever happened to the meter was done by Florida Power & Light.

MRS. CALLARD: That's the only thing we could assume, your Honor.

THE COURT: And the bills -- you got bills showing your electricity usage during the period in question that you're going to argue

2.3

2.4

25

demonstrate that you weren't stealing electricity.

MRS. CALLARD: That's right, your Honor.

THE COURT: Because the bills and I haven't looked at them, the bills that you're going to -- do they show constant usage or fluctuating usage? What do the bills show, Mrs. Callard?

MRS. CALLARD: The bills show, your Honor, we do not use the air conditioning. The bill shows the up and down of the usage per month. We don't have a constant usage that you could say every month I use so much electricity. It varies.

And we have one presently for just last that was \$47. The month before it was \$100 and something. That's what we show as a pattern throughout the years.

THE COURT: And you're going to have some testimony about something that occurred in 1991 with the electricity cables or line?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. How does that fit into the overall picture? Are you suggesting that was when the meter was damaged?

Yes, sir. MRS. CALLARD: 1 THE COURT: And your contention it was 2. damaged in 1991 by FP&L? 3 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. 4 THE COURT: Okay. All right. 5 Mrs. Callard, go ahead. 6 MRS. CALLARD: Can I take a minute so I 7 can talk to my husband? Okay, your Honor. 8 Thank you, Mrs. Callard. Ι THE COURT: 9 have a general understanding of both sides' 10 positions. Let's move now then to the 11 evidentiary phase of the fine hearing. As I've 12 indicated I'll have Florida Power & Light go 3 first and Mr. Lee, you may call your first 14 15 witness. Okay, your Honor. We'll call MR. LEE: 16 Chase Vessels. He's down in Miami. 17 All right then. Let me do a THE COURT: 18 couple of things here while we're getting ready 19 for the first witness. I was told before we 20 went on the record and we'll just confirm that 21 we have court reporters right now at both 22 sites, in Miami and here in Tallahassee. 2.3 what we'll do is have the court reporter in 24

Miami take the testimony of the witnesses down

25

on that end. And we'll have the court reporter 1 here in Tallahassee take the witnesses that 2 testify here, as well as the balance of the 3 proceedings and I'll ask that the court 5 reporters coordinate, so we just get one 6 transcript without any duplication. 7 acceptable to all the parties? That's fine. MR. LEE: 8 9 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. THE COURT: Very good. Our first witness 10 is down in Miami. Why don't you raise your 11 hand, so I know who it is who's going to 12 13 testify. Let me ask our court reporter in Miami to swear in the witness please. 14 15 CHASE VESSELS (called as a witness, having 16 17 been first duly sworn, testified 18 as follows:) 19 THE COURT: You may proceed. 2.0 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2.1 BY MR. LEE: 22 Q Can you please state your name on the 23 record. 24 Chase Vessels. А 25 And Mr. Vessels, where are you employed? 0

Florida Power & Light in Miami, Florida. 1 Α 2 And what's your job there? 0 3 Α I'm a field investigator for the Revenue Protection Department. 5 How long have you been a field investigator for the Revenue Protection Department? 6 7 A Approximately 15 years. And as part of your job are you required 8 on occasion to go out to homes of customers and 9 inspect meters in order to determine if there's a 10 problem or any tampering going on with the meter? 11 12 Α Yes, I am. 3 And do you recall if you were ever asked 14 to go out to the home of Leticia and Jorge Callard at 7860 Southwest 18th Terrace in Miami, Florida? 15 Do you recall if you ever went to that location? 16 Yes, I do. 17 Α Can you tell me the first time you went 1.8 Q 19 out to that location? 20 A That would have been back on July 6th, 21 1991, I mean 2001. 22 0 Okay. And what is that you did when you went out to the residence? 23 I do a visual inspection of the meter and 24 25 I also read the meter as far as getting the reading

1 of the meter on that day. 2 And what's the purpose of doing a visual inspection of the meter? 3 To see if it's showing any signs of meter 4 5 tampering. When you went out July 6th of 2001 to Mr. 6 and Mrs. Callard's residence did you in fact inspect 7 the meter and notice anything about it? 8 Yes, I did. 9 Α What is it that you noticed about the 10 Q 11 meter? First that the outer seal where the meter 12 Α was rigged the way that could be opened up without 13 14 trying to be detected. 15 When you say it was rigged was the seal 16 still there? 17 Yes, it was, but it had been rigged so it Α could be removed from the meter can and then 18 19 replaced again. 20 Now, when FP&L places a seal on the meter is it set up so that if somebody opens that canopy 21 22 that seal would be broken? 23 Ά Correct, you would have to break the seal 24 in order to get into there. 25 Was there anything else you noticed about the meter that day?

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1.9

A I believe there was heavy smudges on the meter face itself around by the dials.

- Q Was this inside on the actual meter or was on the glass that surrounds it that's on the outside of the canopy?
 - A No, this was in on the meter face itself.
- Q Is there any reason for any smudges, fingerprints, dirt, et cetera to get on the face of the meter when it's sealed?
- A If it's sealed, no, that's not how it should look.
 - Q Okay. And you said you also took a reading off the meter; is that correct?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And just so if you could explain to the judge, the dials on the meter when somebody goes out to read the meter is it reset every month or does it just continuously go in a cycle?
- 20 A It's continuously going, it is not reset.
- Q So, in other words the numbers always move 22 forward?
- 23 A Correct.
- Q Is there ever a way or a time that these numbers on the dial should move backwards?

1 No, there isn't. Α 2 Let me ask the question this way, unless 0 3 somebody actually touches the dials are the dials always going forward? 4 The dials would always be going forward 5 unless somebody has gone in there to turn the dials 6 7 back. 8 0 Okav. And on July 6th of 2001 can you 9 tell me the reading you took off of the meter. Α I read 05497. 10 11 And as you stated since the meter Q Okay. 12 dials were always suppose to be going forward you 13 would expect that reading to be higher than whatever 14 the last reading was off of the meter, correct? 15 A Correct. 16 Q In other words it should not be lower than 17 the previous month's reading? Correct, it should not be lower. 18 Α 19 What's the term that's used when a 20 subsequent reading actually is lower than the 21 previous month's reading? What's the term that we 22 use for that? That would indicate what we call dial 23 Α 24 tampering is occurring on the meter. 25 Q Is it also called the regressive reading?

1 Α Ÿes. 2 Was that the end of your involvement that 0 3 day? Yes, sir. 4 Α 5 Do you do anything else? Okay. Q Did you ever have a change to go back out to the Callard's 6 7 residence at 7860 Southwest 18th Terrace in Miami? 8 Α Yes, I did. 9 0 And when did you go back out? That would be on June 27th, 2002. 10 Α 11 Q And what was the purpose of your going to 12 their home that day? 13 Again, I was doing a field visit. Α 4 going to get a reading on the electric meter and 15 compare it to the previous reading. And also to see -- then I was also going to get a reading so 16 17 that when they next read the meter I would compare it to that reading also. 18 19 Q Okay. And can you tell me what you saw 20 when you went out to the home on June 27th, 2002? 21 I saw the same conditions as before. Α 22 had a rigged outer seal and the smudges were on the 23 meter dials again. 24 Okay. And did you take a reading off of 25 the meter?

A Yes, I did.

б

2.4

- Q What was the reading that you took?
- A 22869.
- Q Did that end your involvement with the Callard residence and the Callards?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q Okay. Let me ask you another question, the days that you went out were this just random days? In other words, was there any reason you picked a particular day to go out?
- A Again, I was trying to set it up so I'd compare it to the previous readings and future readings. So, I guess I was trying to pick a day where it was in between where it'd give me a good indication about the usage on the meter.
- Q And is the reading on a house, is it usually done about the same time every month? In other words, the month that the regular meter reader goes out there, is that usually about the same time every month?
 - A It's always within a few days.
- Q Okay. And in fact do we tell customers on their bills when the next day somebody is going to go out to the house and read their meter? Do we inform the customer on their bill when a person will

be at the house to read the meter? 1 On a customer's bill it states the next 3 date somebody will be out to read the meter. So, a customer would know the next time 4 Q 5 FP&L is suppose to be at the house, correct? 6 A Correct. 7 But the days that you went out and did Q your readings, those were days in which the customer 8 would not expect you to be there, is that correct? 9 That is correct. 10 А 11 And so for lack of a better word the times Q 12 you went out were in the middle of the billing 13 cycle? 14 Α Correct. 15 Okay. That's all the questions MR. LEE: 16 I have for Mr. Vessels. 17 THE COURT: All right. Mrs. Callard? 18 CROSS EXAMINATION 19 BY MRS. CALLARD: Yes. We'd like to know how many times did 2.0 0 21 this gentleman go out to the house. 22 I was out twice. Α 2.3 And what dates, I'm sorry, did you say? Q 2.4 It would have been July 6th, 2001 and 25 June 27th, 2002.

2.4

25

- Q Do you remember how our home is?
- A How it is? I don't understand.
- Q How the house it is in the back of the house. The question is how you entered the house because we have a 6-foot fence.

A Correct, you have 6-foot fence and the meter is in the rear of your house. The first time I was there I knocked on the door and a gentleman let me in through the west side gate. The second date I was there I knocked on the door and I was let through the house to the back door.

- O That's not true. That's impossible.
- A Those are the dates --

MRS. CALLARD: My husband is there everyday. He's never seen your face before. And the only one that's home is my husband. My children are at school.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: Let me ask you to put the questions to the witness, but not to testify. You'll have a chance to give that testimony as a way of rebutting the testimony that Mr. Vessel has offered. You can ask him questions, but don't start arguing with him

factually about whether or not you saw him. 1 BY MRS. CALLARD: 3 Okav. Your Honor, we'd like to ask him on July the 6th when he went out to read the meter was 4 5 that an out-of-cycle reading? Correct, that was not for the regular 6 billing. Did you notify us that you were going to 8 read the meter? 9 No, when I knocked on the door and 10 somebody opened the gate I informed him that I 11 needed to read the meter. 12 Your Honor, we have a question, where the 13 0 14 gentleman talks about the seal on the meter, you say 15 that the seal was removed? No, I'm saying that the seal had been 16 The seal was there, but it had been set in 17 such a way that it could be removed. 18 19 Did you notice that the first time you went out to read the meter? 20 Correct. 21 A 22 Did you notice on your first visit that the meter, there was something wrong with the meter 23 24 the first time you went?

I noticed on my first visit, yes, that

25

Α

there were smudges on the meter face, on the dials. 1 That is on the first visit; is that 2 3 correct? 4 Α Correct. Did you take a picture of the clock of the 5 meter, the way it was? 6 7 No, I didn't. А MRS. CALLARD: Okay, your Honor, that's 8 all the questions we have. 9 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mrs. 10 Callard. Redirect? 11 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 12 13 BY MR. LEE: Just a couple questions. Mr. Vessels, do 14 15 you recall if there was a pool with a pool pump at the house? 16 17 No sir, I don't recall that. Α Okay. That's all the questions 18 MR. LEE: 19 I have. Let me ask the witness 20 THE COURT: Okay. a question or two and I'll let the parties 21 follow-up. Mr. Vessels, let me go back to your 22 23 testimony about the seal being rigged, I think 24 being your words, can you give me a little more 25 complete description of what that looks like,

exactly what the seal looks like and how it was rigged, if you could describe that for me.

THE WITNESS: Basically, what a rigged seal looks like is the seal itself would have a plastic -- a hard plastic base to it because it'll have FP&L on it and with the number. And it hangs there by a metal bail and that is attached to whatever, if it's a band on the meter or if it's on the actual meter can on a hasp and it slides through and it closes in and locks.

What happens when it's rigged is that is part of the bail is either cut or it's dug out and you can take it off and then have access into the meter and then you put the bail back on and slide it back into the base.

And each time you need to go into the meter you can keep doing that. You're making an appearance though that the seal itself is intact, but it's actually rigged, it's just that you pulled it apart.

THE COURT: Is that seal something that the Florida Power & Light personnel that deal with meters, is there a special tool for opening it or how does that work?

THE WITNESS: No, if you were going to open it, if FP&L was going to change the meter or open it themselves on an impact seal they would just cut the seal itself.

What happens is other people when they want to rig the seals they can use tools themselves like a little file and something that. You'd have to dig in and it can be rigged that way.

THE COURT: So, the seal is kind of a permanent lock then? In other words, in the regular course of business FP&L isn't opening the seal up to get into the meter?

THE WITNESS: No, they don't do that on every -- the only times they would go in to do that is when they're going to be changing out the meter or doing a meter inspection.

THE COURT: Okay. Is it routinely done, for example, by the person that goes out and reads the meter each month?

THE WITNESS: No, sir. The person who reads the meter will not be removing the seals. They will seal meters, but they do not remove seals.

THE COURT: When would the monthly meter

4 5

reader seal the seal? What circumstance would that occur in?

THE WITNESS: It could be if the seal had been -- if there was no seal on the meter. It could be sometime if there was a brand new meter set in a new development, sometimes those meters aren't sealed. Various reasons. Maybe the seal itself has gotten old and from the sun and the rain and weather can like fall apart and they reseal the meter then.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, before you went out to the Callards' residence for the first time in July of 2001 was there some reason why you were going out? Was there some suspicion of tampering or was this sort of a random check? How did it come about that you were there?

THE WITNESS: No, I had received a report that there was possible meter tampering at this address and that is why I went to that address. It wasn't a random check.

THE COURT: Okay. And you went out then on July 6th of '01 as you've testified and saw some evidence as you've described it of irregularities or tampering with the meter, the

heavy smudges on the dial, the seal appearing to have been rigged or tampered with.

And then your testimony was you went back out to the residence on June 27th of 2002, almost a year later. Did anything happen in between your first visit and the second with regard to this investigation of the Callards? It seems like kind of a long time there after your first visit?

THE WITNESS: Well, I'll back up somewhat, what wasn't stated also, I did have two other visits there back in October and November, but at that time I noted that there were cars there and I did not want to stop because I'd already had contact with the customer one time back in July.

And as far as my investigations go I try to keep the customer contact down to a minimum. So, I was back there in August of 2001, but both times I did not go onto the premise because I did not want anymore customer contact there.

THE COURT: And that's your ordinarily practice in regards to these sort of investigations?

^

2.1

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. And I take it then after the first visit where you saw some irregularities then you didn't at that time make any attempt to seal the meter up. It sounds like you left it the way it was?

THE WITNESS: Yes sir, I did.

THE COURT: All right. Okay. Thank you, Mr. Vessels. I'll let the parties follow-up as I indicated. The way I do this is I'll let -- when I ask questions like this I'll let the party who calls the witness have the last word with the witness.

So, Mrs. Callard, you can go ahead and follow-up with the witness on anything that I asked him that you want to inquire further about. If you have any questions along those lines, you can ask them now.

RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MRS. CALLARD:

Q Okay. I wanted to ask the gentleman, is the person that reads the meter aware when there's something wrong with the meter, since you said that the seal was visible?

A The meter readers themselves, they do get

1 some training as far as conditions to look for when they are reading meters. 3 0 During the various times on a monthly basis that the meter has been read has a meter 4 5 reader ever reported that there was something wrong 6 with our particular meter? 7 I believe that's where the initial report Α 8 came from, was from a meter reader. And when was that reported? 9 0 10 Α That was on July 5th, 2001. 11 Is what you're saying your first visit you Q 12 noticed that there was something wrong with the 13 meter, is that what you are saying? 14 On my visit first, yes, I noticed the Α 15 smudges on the dials and the rigged seal. 16 Did you at that time make a report saying 0 17 that you saw something wrong with the meter? 18 Α I wrote it down on the sheet that I use. 19 Did you report it as an incident at my 20 home that there was something wrong with the meter? 2.1 I don't understand, reported it. Α 22 Did you report it to your officials or 0 whoever it is that there was something wrong with 23 2 the meter at this home? 25 Α Not at that time. I'm doing my

investigation, so I'm doing my own documentation. 1 But upon your investigation on your visit, 2 as I'm trying to understand, you said that you saw 3 there was smudges and there was something wrong with 4 the seal, is that not right? 5 A Correct. 6 7 Is that something you would report as an incident that this home has this problem because 8 9 you're saying that you saw this? I don't report, I kept this for further 10 investigation for myself. 1.1 Is that something that you normally do 12 just keep it in a file until you're ready to report 13 it or is that something that normally is reported? 14 15 It's already been reported. It was reported by the meter reader. So, the report's 16 17 I'm just doing the follow-up documentation And I'm holding the documentation until 1.8 on it. 19 we're through and we want to have the meter removed and a new meter installed. 2.0 21 Do we know who the meter reader was that 22 made this report? 23 I don't know who that was, no. A MRS. CALLARD: Okay, your Honor, thank 24

25

you.

```
THE COURT: All right.
                                      Thank you, Mrs.
1
        Callard. Mr. Lee, any follow-up?
2
                        No, your Honor.
             MR. LEE:
3
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr.
4
        Vessels. Appreciate your testimony.
5
                        The next witness, your Honor is
             MR. LEE:
 6
        going to be Mr. Ed List.
 7
              THE COURT: He's in Miami?
 8
             MR. LEE: Yes, he is the gentleman in the
 9
        blue.
10
                          All right.
                                       If the court
              THE COURT:
11
        reporter would swear in the witness for us,
12
        please.
13
                         EDWARD LIST
14
                        (called as a witness, having
15
                        been first duly sworn, testified
16
                        as follows:)
17
                          Thank you. Mr. Lee, you may
              THE COURT:
18
19
        proceed.
                        Thank you, your Honor.
              MR. LEE:
20
                     DIRECT EXAMINATION
21
   BY MR. LEE:
2.2
2.3
              Can you tell us your name, sir.
         0
              My name is Edward List, employed by
24
         Α
   Florida Power & Light, meterman and Revenue
25
```

1 Protection. 2 And what is a meterman, what is that job? 3 Basically for the most part my job Α 4 involved the changing out of various type meters 5 that would go bad in the field, changing out meters. 6 And as part of that job you said that 7 you're a meterman who works in the Revenue Protection Department, does that mean that you're 8 9 just changing out meters in cases where there's 10 believed to be some type of tampering or fraud going 11 on? 12 Α That's correct. 13 0 Okay. And did you have occasion to go out 14 to the Callard residence at 7860 Southwest 18th 15 Terrace in Miami Florida? 16 Α Yes, I did. 17 Q And why did you go out to that residence 18 and when did you go out? 19 I believe it was on July 24th of 2002. Α Ι 2.0 was sent out to that address to replace the electric 2.1 meter. 2.2 And did you in fact go out to the 0 Okay. residence and do that? 23 24 Α Yes, I did. 25 And before removing the meter do you do 0

inv type of inspection to it to see what type of 1 2 condition it's in? I could basically give it the once over. 3 Α like I said I was instructed to go out there to 4 replace the meter, so that's what I'm going to do. 5 MRS. CALLARD: I'm sorry, your Honor, he's 6 not an expert on the meter, he just changes the 7 So, how should he ask him if he notices meter. 8 anything wrong with the meter? 9 THE COURT: Well, to the extent you're 10 I don't think he's objecting I'll overrule. 11 giving me opinion testimony. I think he's 12 telling me what occurred. So, I'll allow the 13 testimony. 14 15 BY MR. LEE: And you said you gave the meter the 16 Okay. 17 once over, did you make any notes as to anything you noticed about the meter at that time? 18 I noticed that the outer seal was rigged. 19 Α 2.0 Okay. 0 And I also documented dial tampering. 21 Α 22 That was what I was sent out there for, possibly dial tampering and to replace the electric meter. 23 Okay. Did you read the meter before 24

25

taking it off the home?

Yes, I did. I don't have that reading in Α 1 2 front of me. Is there a document you have in 3 Q your possession that would tell you what the reading 4 5 is? 6 I don't believe so. 7 Okay. And then what number was on the 0 8 meter? The meter of record should be 5C35633 and 9 10 I replaced that meter. You replaced that meter and put a new 11 meter on the home? 12 13 Α Yes, I did. And what did you do with the meter 14 Q. Okav. 15 that you took off the home? We have removal stickers that we attach to 16 Α 17 the front of the meter, the glass part or which we call the canopy with the address, my initials and 18 19 the day that it was removed. 20 Also we usually put a type code at 21 the top, what we think might be wrong with the meter 22 which in this case would have been 21 which stands 2.3 for dial tampering, possible dial tampering. 24 Okay. And then do you bring that meter

back to a facility with FP&L?

25

```
Yes, I do. And then it's transported over
1
   into our meter testing facility to be tested.
2.
             Okay. And does that end your involvement
3
        0
   with the Callards and their meter on this house?
4
             Yes, it does.
5
        Α
                               That's all the questions
             MR. LEE: Okay.
6
        I have for you at this time. Thank you.
7
             THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, cross
8
        examination.
 9
                      CROSS EXAMINATION
10
   BY MRS. CALLARD:
11
              Is your job to remove just the meter?
        0
12
              Yes, that's all I do.
        Α
13
             Okay. You were the gentleman that
14
   replaced the meter?
15
        Д
              Correct.
16
              Do you know has there ever been a meter
17
    change at our home before?
18
              I have no idea what went on at that
19
   residence previous as far as electrical work or
20
   meter change, only what I did on that date, just
21
    replace that meter on that day.
22
              How many times have you gone out to the
23
```

25 A Just that one day, as far as I know.

home to replace the meter?

24

```
Could you tell the age of the meter that
       0
1
  vou removed?
             No.
        Α
3
             So, you don't know how old the meter was?
4
            No, I don't know when that meter was
5
   originally set at that residence.
6
             Do you remember when you went to replace
7
   the meter seeing my husband?
8
          No, I can't recall. This has been over
   two years ago.
10
             So, do you recollect who opened the door
11
   for you to remove this meter?
12
           No, I have no recollection. Like I said
13
        Α
   it's over two years ago.
14
             MRS. CALLARD: Thank you, your Honor.
15
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mrs.
16
        Callard. Any redirect?
17
             MR. LEE: No, your Honor.
18
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you,
19
```

end.

MRS. CALLARD: I'm sorry, your Honor, is 1 it too late to ask him something else? 2. Ιf THE COURT: Hold on. No, go ahead. 3 you have another question for Mr. List, why 4 don't you finish that up with him. 5 MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, we'd like to 6 know if this gentleman changed this meter number that we have here, that we have a 8 picture of and the meter number is 5C46714. 9 I'm sorry, tell me that number 10 THE COURT: 11 again. 5C46714. MRS. CALLARD: 12 Did you say you have a picture THE COURT: 13 of that? 14 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. 15 THE WITNESS: According to our record that 16 would have been the meter number that I set, 17 18 the new meter set on 7/24. 19 BY MRS. CALLARD: And did you remove this meter from the 20 21 home and put a new meter? No, according to our records that's the 22 meter that I set, the new meter set which would have 23 been the 5C46714. 24 25 Were you finished? THE COURT:

MRS. CALLARD: I'm waiting for his answer. 1 2 THE COURT: What was the question? I think he answered. 3 MR. LEE: THE COURT: What question is pending, 4 Mrs. Callard? 5 MRS. CALLARD: If he removed that meter 6 7 from the home, the meter that I read him the number. 8 I believe he testified that 9 THE COURT: 10 the number that you gave to him was the number of the new meter that he placed at the property 11 on July 24th, 2002. 12 13 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 14 BY MRS. CALLARD: I asked him did he remove that meter from 15 0 16 the home. 17 That's the new meter set number, the Α No. I did not 5C46714, that was my new meter set. 18 remove that from the home. 19 20 MRS. CALLARD: Okay, your Honor, the meter 21 that he says he placed which is the 5C46714, that meter was replaced by another meter. We 22 have a meter number here and why isn't that 23 person here that replaced this meter? 24 25 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, I don't know the

answer to that question. Perhaps someone else 1 2 will testify. You can ask the witness about that and see whether he knows anything and if 3 he doesn't maybe someone else that's called by 4 5 Florida Power & Light will and if they don't then you can testify about the number that you 6 are indicating was the number of the meter that replaced the one that this witness installed, 8 but he can only tell me what he knows. 9 10 BY MRS. CALLARD: To your knowledge this is the meter 11 Okav. 0 12 that you placed in the home when you took the 5C35633 meter? 13 14 A Correct. You have no other knowledge of replacing 15 16 the meter that you put with another meter? 17 No, I don't. Α 18 MRS. CALLARD: Okay, your Honor, thank 19 you. THE COURT: 20 All right. Thank you, 21 Mrs. Callard. Any redirect? 22 MR. LEE: No, your Honor. 53 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. List. 24 MR. LEE: The next witness is Jim 2: Bartlett, your Honor, who's here in

Tallahassee.

THE COURT: I'm going to move the camera in.

(Witness's testimony taken by court reporter in Tallahassee)

MR. LEE: We thought we had to 12:30 to allow us to get back out of the room. The only other witness -- well, I may have two, but the only other witness doesn't have to be in front of your Honor, and I know this court reporter has to leave by noon. I'm just not sure how you want to proceed.

MRS. CALLARD: Excuse me, your Honor, can I ask the gentleman a question still?

MR. LEE: Sure.

THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

(Further testimony taken by court reporter in Tallahassee)

THE COURT: We are going to reconvene to take your husband's testimony depending on when that occurs. It may be that you will have an opportunity to look at the transcript to see what exactly has occurred today, but you'll have to advise your husband as best you can regarding what's occurred.

Do you have anymore questions for Mr. Bartlett, so we can complete his examination?

MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor. Not right now.

THE COURT: Mr. Lee, do you have anymore of Mr. Bartlett?

MR. LEE: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. You have an issue regarding scheduling.

MR. LEE: Well, the court reporter here has told us off the record and before that she needed to be gone by noon. Mr. Cunill is the only witness left in Miami, but unfortunately he's the most lengthily of all the witnesses probably. He's the one that did all the analysis and came up with the back billing.

I may or not have an issue with the hotel. We just anticipated that we'd be done by 11:30, 12 o'clock at the latest and told them we could get out of there by 12:30. So, I haven't left my room, I just sort of left things as they were, so to speak. So, that's basically my two issues and I don't know -- I just didn't anticipate taking quite this long. I know it's

1.3

set for any hour, but we had an extra hour just in case.

THE COURT: I think we have the video until 1:00. There may be another case coming in at 1:00. Is Mr. Cunill your last witness?

MR. LEE: Ms. Cochran may or may not testify, it just depends on if there's an issue that Mr. Cunill can't testify to, she may fill in a gap or two.

THE COURT: We have the court reporter in Miami, so that wouldn't be a problem. If she needed to she could take the witness here which leaves the hotel issue. I don't know. So, that may be the question, whether you want to finish the witness or take care of that.

MR. LEE: Can we just take a five minute break, then I can let Ms. Lucas leave. She's not going to be presenting anything. That way she can go back to the hotel and take care of our rooms for us and that won't be an issue and we can just proceed here.

THE COURT: All right. What we're going to do Miami is we're going to take a five minute break so that the FP&L folks can take care of some issues they have regarding their

hotel here. And we'll reconvene at 11:40 and 1 take up the next witness which will be Mr. 2 3 Cunill. Thank you. MR. LEE: 4 (Thereupon, a short recess was 5 taken.) 6 THE COURT: Everybody there? Let's go 7 back on the record. The Callards are back 8 after the break as is Mr. Lee and the various 9 other witnesses and observers. FP&L's next 10 witness will be Mr. Cunill. If our court 11 reporter in Miami will swear him in we can 12 proceed. BERT CUNILL 14 (called as a witness, having 15 been first duly sworn, testified 16 as follows:) 17 DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. LEE: 19 Can you tell us your name, sir. 20 Q My name is Bert Cunill. 21. Α And where are you employed, sir? 22 Q Florida Power & Light. 2.3 Α And how long have you worked for Florida 24 Q Power & Light? 25

1 Approximately 18 years. Α 2 And what is your position right now? 0 3 А Currently I'm a connect and disconnect specialist. At the time of this case I was working 4 5 in the Revenue Protection Department. And what were you doing in the Revenue 6 7 Protection Department at the time this investigation 8 was going on? I had the inside investigation function. 9 I would review all the information that was 10 submitted from the field investigation to the 11 12 removal of the meter in question and also the meter 13 test results. 14 Okav. How long had you been doing that type of job for Florida Power & Light? 15 16 А For about six years. 17 And did you do similar type of 0 18 investigations during those six years where you 19 would take field investigation and a customer's 2.0 billing history and kind of piece that together in 2.1 order to come up with a projection or an estimate of what their actual usage was? 22 23 Yes. Α How many times would you say you did that, 24

25

could you estimate?

- A Monthly, I would calculate roughly an verage of anywhere from 40 to 60 cases a month.
- Q Okay. Is there a method that you use in order to take a customer's billed usage versus what their actual usage was? How do you go about doing that?
- A I look at readings that are taken off cycle and compare those days and that daily consumption to what is originally billed at the end of the billing cycle.
- Q And I noticed you said off cycle, could you tell us what an on cycle reading is, for lack of a better expression?
- A An on cycle reading is what the meter reader reads and what is billed for that current billing cycle. An off cycle reading would be what a field investigator would read in the middle of the billing cycle.
- Q And what's the purpose of looking at an off cycle reading as opposed to just relying on what the meter reader finds?
- A To compare, to compare the daily average to what is actually billed at the end of the billing cycle.
 - Q And you may have heard testimony about

- this before, but a customer is aware by virtue of 1 2 the bill that we send out each month the next time the meter reader is going to come to the house, 3 correct?
 - That's correct. Д

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

- Where as when an investigator goes out the customer would be unaware until literally the investigator knocked on the door and said they wanted to come read the meter; is that correct?
 - That's correct.
- So, for lack of a better expression the investigator would be catching the customer by surprise?
 - Yes, that's correct.
- In this particular case did you pull the billing history for the Callards' residence over a period of time?
 - Yes, I did, sir.
- And did you put that billing history into any form of document? Did you prepare anything as a result of your work?
- Basically what I did was I printed it 23 going all the back to 1996 and I did a comparison 24 with the field investigator's reading and I looked 25 at the original billing for certain months.

And I'm going to ask you, do you have the Q 1 2 monthly reading from when you pulled them all the 3 way through to August of 2002? Yes. 4 Α If you could hold up that document 5 Okay. Q 6 and show it to Mrs. Callard also, but then show it 7 to the camera so we can see what you're looking at. Α Is it the check readings or the original 8 9 reading off the original bill? 10 Well, let me stop you, do you have a 11 spreadsheet that shows both the original readings 12 and as well as your adjusted readings? 13 Α Yes. 14 And did you put that spreadsheet together Q 15 based on your investigative work? 16 Α Yes, I did. 17 And is it your regular practice to create 0 18 this spreadsheet when you do these type of investigations? 19 20 Α Yes. 21 Do you keep this record as a normal course Q 22 of your job? 23 A That's correct, yes. 24 Okay. Are you the gentleman who authored Q 25 I guess it's a four page spreadsheet? Can you see

- 1 that document?
- 2 A That's what I have, yes.
- O Okay. If you could just show that to
- 4 Mrs. Callard also just so she can see. I provided
- 5 it to her, but I just want to make sure she knows
- 6 | what we're talking about.
- 7 MRS. CALLARD: Okay.
- 8 BY MR. LEE:
- 9 Q Okay. And you authored this document, you
- 10 put it together?
- A Well, we have a program built into our
- 12 computer system which pretty much populates all the
- 13 information that we put it and it formats it in this
- 14 manner.
- Now, the actual readings, in other words,
- 16 corresponding to, I guess, on this sheet, on the
- 17 four different pages, looks like it begins with
- 18 January 2nd of 1997 and then has a corresponding
- 19 reading amount going all the way through every month
- 20 up to August 5th of 2002; is that correct?
- 21 A That's correct.
- 22 Q Is that the period of time that you
- 23 focused on for estimating and checking to see if the
- 24 billing needed to be adjusted?
- 25 A That's correct.

Okay. And the fields that 1 0 with the actual readings versus your a 2 readings, were those numbers taken from 3 that were entered by our meter readers? 4 Yes, they were. 5 Did you include in that spreadsh 6 0 the check readings or investigator readings that 7 look place off cycle? 8 I did not, no, but I did compare the check 9 reading and the consumption on the check reading to 10 what was actually billed and there was a difference. 11 That's the only reason why I did not select what was 12 submitted by the field investigator. 13 Okay. But this spreadsheet here is merely 14 your table for showing what the customer was 15 actually billed during that time period each month 16 and then based on your estimation what they need to 17 be rebilled for; is that correct? 18 That's correct. 1 (Α And then you'd use that to calculate the 2 (0 dollar value corresponding to the kilowatt hours 21 that were used, right? 2: Right, correct. 2: Α MR. LEE: Okay. At this time, your Honor, 2. I'd like to admit this as FP&L's exhibit number 2

24

25

one, a four page spreadsheet.

THE COURT: All right. Mrs. Callard, do you have a copy of the document that Florida Power & Light is offering as Respondent's exhibit one for identification?

MRS. CALLARD: I have a copy. I don't have it here.

THE COURT: You don't have it there?

MRS. CALLARD: No, sir.

THE COURT: Is there a copy on that end?

MR. LEE: Does Mr. List or Mr. Vessels have a copy of that investigation?

MR. VESSELS: Yes, David, I can give her a copy.

MR. LEE: Mrs. Callard, one of the other gentlemen there has an extra. He'll provide it to you right now.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay, thank you.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, Florida Power & Light has identified this document as exhibit one and is offering into evidence, this four page document, do you have any objections to it being received at this time?

MRS. CALLARD: No, sir.

THE COURT: Without objection Respondent's

one is admitted. 1 BY MR. LEE: 3 0 Now, Mr. Cunill? 4 Α Yes. 5 Do you also have access to the monthly neter reading history for the customer, not this 6 7 document, but a separate document? Α Yes, I do. 8 9 Do you have that with you? 0 10 А Yes. I want to specifically ask you about some 11 Q specific readings and ask if you can tell me what 12 the readings were. 13 Okay. You're going to give me the month, 14 15 date and year, right? Yes. You have reflected on here June 5th, 16 '01, you have a reading on your spreadsheet, could 17 you also compare to what's in the billing records, 18 19 the meter reading records? 20 The actual reading off of the meter was Α 2.1 5733. 22 And just so we understand what is that Q 23 number telling us? What the increments that it 24 Is that kilowatt hours? counts up? 25 Α That's correct.

Q Is that how Florida Power & Light measures electrical usage, by kilowatt hour?

A Yes, we look at the reading that the meter reader took the previous month and we subtract the current reading to the previous reading and that gives you the kilowatt hours used for that particular billing cycle.

Q Okay. And on a month-to-month basis should that number ever go down? In other words, if you looked at June 5th of '01 and you said the reading was 05733, the next month in July when a reading was done should that number be higher or lower than June 5th, '01's reading?

A It should be higher.

Q And that would then tell you if you subtracted the difference how many kilowatt hours were used in that month?

A That's correct.

Q And I believe Mr. Vessels testified and you should have access to it that on July 6th he did a reading and came up with a value of 05497, do you show that as well?

A That's correct, yes.

Q For July 6th, '01?

A Yes.

2.2

Is that number one month and one day later 1 0 then the July 5th reading, is that number lower or 3 higher than the previous month reading? 4 Α That number is lower. What does that indicate to you? 5 0 6 A It indicates that there's meter tampering, 7 that the meter is regressing. Q It's going backwards? 8 9 Α That's correct. 10 0 Is that ever suppose to happen? No, it works like a clock, it always 11 Α 12 advances. 13 0 And so that means somebody physically had 14 to adjust the dials before the reading was done? 15 Α That's correct. 16 How did you choose January 2nd of 1997 1 through August 5th of 2002? Why did you use those 1 8 dates to do your estimating? 19 I looked at this sheet right here, I don't Α know if you can see it, the kilowatt history sheet. 21 2:. Yes, I have it. 0 And I looked at the inconsistency of the 2:: Α billing history, one month was higher than other 2. months and there were drops in consumption. 2 | looked at what was used after the new meter was 25

```
installed, compared that to the check reading that
1
   Ir. Vessels took on July 6th, 2001 and according to
2.
   nis check reading ten days later that meter had
3
   advanced 1,018 kilowatts.
4
             Let me stop you there, what reading are
5
   you referring to ten days later, July 16th, 2001?
6
              That's correct, July 16th, 2001.
7
        Α
              Is that also on your spreadsheet or is
        0
8
   that not a regular reading, is that a different type
9
                 In other words is that a date that the
   of reading?
10
   customer would have expected us to be out there and
11
   read the meter?
12
              That reading I believe came from meter
        Α
13
   reading, July 16.
14
15
        Q
              Okay.
              It's a check reading.
16
        Α
              It's a check reading?
17
        0
              It's an off cycle check reading from our
18
        Α
   meter reading department.
19
              And that meter reading on July 16th showed
2.0
2.1
    06515?
              That's correct.
22
         А
              So, from July 6th to July 16th the meter
23
    then it did advance?
2.4
              That's correct. It advanced 1,018
25
         А
```

1. kilowatts in ten days. 2 And why is that number significant to you? 3 What does that help you do? That would project the billing for that 4 5 billing cycle at over 3,000 kilowatts. If you go 6 back and look at what was originally billed for July 7 of 2001, the original billing for July of 2001 was 572 kilowatts versus the projection of over 3,000 8 9 kilowatts that was taken. So, when you did these checks at 10 Okay. 11 unexpected times you were able to project what the usage would have been, how much for a month? 12 13 Α An average of 3,000 kilowatts per month. 14 0 However their actual bill based on the meter reader's monthly readings came out to how much 15 16 usage for that month? On July, 572. 17 Α 18 So, some 2500 kilowatt hours less when we 19 went off cycle and did verifications of the 20 readings. 21 Α That's correct. 22 What does that indicate to you? O 23 Α Unmetered service, unmetered usage, unbilled consumption. 24 25 Okay. What other things did you look at

in order to try to determine what an average usage was at this residence?

I went, for example, on that kilowatt hour history sheet, you look at July and you look at previous years, for example, in 1998, the original billing for that month was over 4,000 kilowatts.

Okay. And just so I can stop you real quick so we're all looking at the same thing, on your spreadsheet, maybe I should have you go through columns just so we can tell what it is each column It looks like if you read the pages represents. sideways on your four page spreadsheet the bottom 2/3s of the page is dominated by the spreadsheet, whereas there's some other stuff at the top of each page?

Right. Α

1

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

The first column on the left that tells us what, the first column when you start reading this spreadsheet?

Α That would be the month.

Q And then what's the second column Okay. tell us?

Α The service to date.

So, what the last day of the billing cycle 25 | was?

1	A	Correct.
2		And then the next column, what does that
.	~	And then the next column, what does that
3	nean?	
4	Α '	The number of days in the billing cycle.
5	Q	Okay. And the next column over?
6	A	Is the actual reading for that particular
7	billing cycle.	
8	Q	So, that's what the meter reader each
9	month went	out to the house and read off of the
10	meter on t	he end of the cycle date; is that correct?
11	А	Correct.
12	Q	What's the next column that seems to be
13	populated	with all zeros, what does that mean?
14	A	That is for a different type of meter,
15	namely not a residential meter. It's a demand	
16	reading.	
17	Q	Okay. And we don't use that on
18	residences?	
19	Α :	No, unless it's a very large residence.
20	Q.	And then the next column over, what is
21	that?	
22	A '	That's the original kilowatt hours that
23	was billed on the account.	
24	Q	Okay. So, in other words that's if you
25	sat and lo	oked at each of the readings, does that

tell you how many kilowatts were consumed each month? 3 That's correct. For example the August 5th, 2002 reading of 1774, if you subtract 4 5 the previous month's reading you're going to get the 6 4404. 7 0 Okay. And then what's this next column 8 after the blank column again? 9 Α That's again a demand billing. Which wasn't used in this case? 10 0 11 Α Correct. 12 Now, what's the column labeled PCT usage? 13 What's that mean? 14 That is the seasonal percentage usage for 15 that particular month. I think Ms. Cochran could 16 explain that a little better. 17 Q Okay. And the formula you used, is that 18 part of the formula you use in order to calculate 19 the amount? 20 That's correct. It's built into our billing program and it's something that is, I 21 22 believe it's FP&L keeps track of how much

Q Okay. And for instance during the

electricity is used during the season and it's a

seasonal percentage factor.

23

24

```
summertime when people have their air conditioning
   on there'd be more usage than during the wintertime
   when it's cooler?
        Α
             That's correct, yes.
             And then what's the next column over?
        0
   What's that represent?
             That's the recalculated amount.
        A
   the unmetered service, what the bill should have
   been.
             Okav.
                    And you then used that minus what
   was actually billed to come up with your difference
   in usage or adjusted usage, I guess?
        A
             That's correct.
             And then used that to determine what to
        0
   bill the customer for unused or unmetered service?
             That is correct.
        A
        0
             Okay. You were starting to explain that
   you looked at certain months to help formulate or
   calculate your estimation, what were those months?
             We looked at the consumption right after
21
   the new meter was installed in August of 2002 or the
   billing up to August of 2002 and we came up with a
23
   daily average usage of 148 kilowatts per day.
             Okay.
        Q
```

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

24

25

Α

And that was in line with what was being

ised in 1998 during the months of July, September 1 and November. Okay. That 148 kilowatt hours per day is 3 4 that for the whole entire year or is that for a 5 particular time of the year? 6 That was from the time the meter was set 7 up until the following physical reading from the meter reading department. 8 9 I gotcha, but the meter was set in July in 10 the summertime. July 24th I believe the meter was set. 11 A 12 0 Right. And you said when you went back in 13 1998 and looked at the usage in 1998 that it 14 corresponded with the same amount of kilowatt hours 15 per day. 16 A Correct. 17 Okay. I assume then you'd expect to see 18 fluctuations or a lower amount during winter months; 1 C is that correct? 20 Α That's correct, minor fluctuation, nothing 21 over 1500 or 2000 kilowatts. 22 O Per month? 23 Д Correct. 24 Okay. So, then after doing that what else did you do to estimate the usage?

We came up with a yearly total, well, А actually the billing program calculates the yearly total and that is multiplied to the percentage usage for the corresponding months and it comes up with a cilowatt hour rebilled amount. Q So, this factors into the seasons Okay. then. Α That's correct. 0 But the actual daily rate that you came up with, you got that from actual usage on their house? You didn't just pull that number out of the air? Α Yes, that's actual usage. Q Okay. I also want you to look at another couple of readings and compare them and tell me if they correspond with that. Do you have on the meter reading history, do you have the reading for July 5th of '01, the day before Mr. Vessels went out there? Α Yes, I do. And what was that reading on July 5th of Q '01?

A 06305.

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Q No, I'm not talking about on your adjusted, I'm talking about if you go to the meter history.

kilowatts that was originally billed and that was

used to calculate a yearly total. The same thing

24

- 1 for November of 1998. These are actual billings on 2 the account, the original billing.
- 3 Q Right.

5

6

7

8

9

- A The only month that was a projected amount was the August of 2002 which we didn't have a full oilling cycle because the meter was set on July 24th of 2002 and that averaged out to a daily use of 148 kilowatts. We totaled up or we came out with a yearly average which totaled, if you look at the far right --
- 11 Q Right.
- 12 A 36,824 kilowatts, you see that?
- Q Yes.
- A That is multiplied to the percentage usage
 for each month which gives into the account the
 season and it automatically calculates the adjusted
 KWH amount.
- Q Okay. And then that column there on the middle right or I'm sorry, the far right of the top 2C of each page, the first thing reads as billed, is that what the actual billed kilowatt hours were?
- 22 A Originally, yes.
- Q Then rebill is that going to show what you calculated the estimated usage was during that time?
- 25 A That's correct.

1 0 And then I guess you subtracted those two numbers and that next column gives you the total 3 unbilled estimated usage; is that correct? 4 Α That's correct. 5 O That's how you figured out the estimated 6 inrecovered or unmetered usage? 7 Α That's correct. 8 0 And this method, is this method of 9 calculating the seasonal average percent use, is 10 this the method that's approved by the Public 11 Service Commission? 12 Α Yes, it is. 13 When you then calculated that were you 14 able to come up to a dollar figure of how much was -- did you do that, take the kilowatts unbilled 15 and then convert it into a dollar figure? 16 17 Well, our billing program does that, yes. Α 18 What was the amount or the difference 10 between what they actually were billed during that time and recalculating and estimating what they 2(should have been billed during that time, what was 2: the difference? 2: 2: The additional dollars back billed was Α 2 \$8,930.97. 25 Okay. And then were any other charges 0

included in the back bill? 1 Yes, there was. There's an investigation 2 charge of \$348.21 which accounts for the field 3 investigation activity, the meterman's activity, the 4 actual cost of the meter test, my time. That totals 5 the 348.21. 6 7 0 Okay. If you add both of those together you'll 8 come up with the 9,279 and change. 9 Do you know what the change is? 10 Q No, I don't have a calculator in front of 11 12 me. I believe it's 18, but we'll let the math 13 0 speak for itself on that. Thank you, Mr. Cunill. 14 15 THE COURT: All right. Cross examination, Mrs. Callard. 16 17 CROSS EXAMINATION 18 BY MRS. CALLARD: What was the meter number for the reading 19 20 that you calculated for the ten days? 21 Α For the ten days in July the meter number 2.2 was 5C35633. What date was that read? 23 0 24 That was read July 6th. I have a reading A on July 6th and I have a reading on July 16th.

```
Is that the same date?
        Q
1
              Yes.
        Α
2
              Who read that meter?
3
        0
              On which date?
        Α
4
              On the dates that the meter was read.
        0
5
              On the 6th it was Mr. Vessels.
        Α
6
              Who is Mr. Vessels?
7
        0
              This gentleman.
        Α
8
              What date did he read?
        0
9
              July 6th.
        Α
10
              And the later reading in the month?
11
         Q
              On the 16th, you mean? Ten days later
         Α
12
   that was from our meter reading department.
13
              How did he enter the house to read the
14
         0
15
   meter?
              I have no knowledge.
         Α
16
              How was the meter read? Was it read
17
         0
   physically or was it read with a gun?
18
              No, meters are read physically.
         Α
19
              Could that person read the meter
2.0
         0
    incorrectly?
21
              It's always possible, yes.
22
         Α
              The meter that was replaced which is the
```

Α Yes. 25

5C46714 --

0

23

2.4

Did you say that that was compared with 1 0 2. the other meter? Compared with the other meter? 3 A With the 35633? 4 0 Compared it in what way? 5 А On the readings. 0 6 The reading on the new meter --7 Д Okay. You mentioned that in figuring out 0 8 your meter readings you read the 53633 meter and 9 that meter compared to the 5C46714 meter? 10 No, basically the removal reading of the 11 Α old meter -- a reading is taken when the meter is 12 removed and then when the new meter is set that new 13 meter is set at all zeros. Once we get a reading 14 off of that meter we subtract what's been used and 15 that's how we calculate a daily average. 16 Do we have the reading on this meter, the 17 5C46714 which is the meter that you replaced with 18 the other meter in order for to you calculate your 19 findings? 20 I don't have it in front of me, but it's 21 22 in our system. You don't have the first reading of the 2.3 2.4 meter? Not in front of me, no.

25

А

1 So, how can we calculate what we should 2 have used as opposed to what we did use when we 3 lon't even have the reading from the second meter that supposedly you replaced with the first meter? 4 5 Well, I don't have it in front of me, but 6 it's in our billing system. I only have the 7 information on the meter that's 5C35633. 8 Q But did you not compare that meter to the second meter in order for you to come up with your 9 findings? 10 11 А Consumption, yes. 12 0 So, why do we not have the readings of 13 that particular meter so that we can reassure 14 ourselves that that's --15 Α I don't have it in front of me, I don't 16 know. 17 0 So, how can we accept what you have 18 submitted as calculation when we have nothing to 1 (compare it with? It's incomplete. 2(Α It's in our billing program, but I only have the information on the meter that was removed 21 2.2 on Julv 24th. 2.1 Q I understand that. 24 Α I don't have any information after that. 25 Q But are you not comparing the old meter to

```
the what we used and what we should have used with
   the new meter in order for you to come up with your
   calculations?
             I'm not really comparing. I'm just
    Looking at --
             To calculate.
        0
             Right.
        Α
             But we don't have that information here?
        Q
        Α
             Correct.
             MRS. CALLARD: Okay. We don't have
10
        anymore questions, your Honor.
             THE COURT: Redirect?
                    REDIRECT EXAMINATION
   BY MR. LEE:
             Mr. Cunill, did you get that information
        0
16
   from the billing history of the customer?
17
        Α
             Yes, correct.
18
        Q
             Okay.
                             I have another question.
19
             MRS. CALLARD:
             THE COURT: Hold on, Mrs. Callard.
2.0
                        She can go ahead if she wants
             MR. LEE:
22
        to.
                          Are you finished?
             THE COURT:
             MR. LEE:
                        I'll let her go ahead.
             THE COURT:
                          All right. Go ahead, Mrs.
```

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

2.1

23

24

2.5

Callard. 1 BY MRS. CALLARD: In calculating the usage do you know if 3 0 the air conditioner is on or off when you calculate 4 5 the usage? Α No. 6 Do you know if the air conditioner is 7 0 8 being used? No, I calculate it from the office. 9 Would you say that the more you have your 10 0 air conditioner on the more usage you would use? 11 12 Α Yes. MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, we sent the 13 copies of the bills on October 26th, 2004, we 14 have a bill for \$47.02. The next month's bill 15 is \$150.25 and it is the same meter. 16 How can we justify the difference in the 17 month-to-month? 18 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, I don't have the 19 20 answer to that. Are you asking the witness? 21 BY MRS. CALLARD: Since he has calculated from 22 0 Yes. 23 month-to-month the usage on the home I wanted to 24 know how does this apply to this most current which is the same situation with new meters that they have 25

nstalled. 1 2 Is that a question for me? Α 3 Yes. Q What's the question again? A 4 The same way you're able to determine what 5 the usage is to calculate our bill, we have a 6 7 current bill with a new meter that's telling me one month is \$47 and the next month is \$150. That is 8 9 the situation we're working with here, from month-to-month. So, can you honestly say what our 10 11 usage monthly should be? Which meter are we talking about, the 12 meter that's out there now or the meter that was 13 14 there before? Whichever meter. We're talking about 15 16 three meters. You compared the original meter to the second meter, but you don't have the 17 calculations of the second meter. 18 19 I didn't compare the meter. I compared 2.0 the consumption that the meter registered. 2.1 How do you determine the consumption from 0 month-to-month? 22 23 I don't understand the question clearly. Α 24 Do you know why the second meter was 2.5 removed?

1	А	From my recollection the second meter was
2	removed j	ust to have it tested, I believe.
3	Q	And why was that meter not put back on
4	again?	
5	A	A new meter was installed.
6	Q	So, we got a third meter?
7	А	I believe so.
8	Q	Do you know how the second meter was
9	removed?	
10	A	No.
11	Q	Do you know who removed that second meter?
12	A	No.
13	Q	Do you know if they broke anything, our
14	fence, to	get into the home to get this meter?
15	А	No, I have no knowledge of that.
16		MRS. CALLARD: Okay. Thank you. No more
17	questions.	
18		THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, are you all
19	finished?	
20		MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.
21		THE COURT: Redirect examination.
22		REDIRECT EXAMINATIO
23	BY MR. LEE:	
24	Q	Mr. Cunill, you've taken part in a number
25	of this i	nvestigations: is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And once the meters have been pulled and the customer becomes aware that there's an investigation going on is it typical in your experience for the consumption to be guarded, for the customer to try to watch how they use their consumption after the investigation?

A Yes, I've run into that in the past, controlled consumption.

MRS. CALLARD: I think that's assuming that.

BY MR. LEE:

Q But it's not something that's uncommon. In other words, you've seen it happen before?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And the purpose is to try and make it seem as those Florida Power & Light is exaggerating its numbers?

A Yes, that's correct.

MR. LEE: Thank you. That's all the questions I have.

THE COURT: Let met just ask a question or two. Mr. Cunill, I just wanted to make I'm clear on a couple of points on your spreadsheet on exhibit one. Looking up at the top left

hand corner where you have the information for 1 2 July, September and November of 1998, as well 3 as August, 2002, for the purpose of computing a 4 yearly average kilowatt hours, could you go 5 back and tell me again how those months were 6 selected, particularly the months in 1998. were those three months chosen out of that year 7 8 for the purpose that they seemed to have been used here? 9 10 THE WITNESS: If you look at, I believe

THE WITNESS: If you look at, I believe it's the last sheet on that package, you're going to see July, '98, August of '98 and September of '98, the billing for those three months are consistent and that's original billing on the account.

And that billing falls in line with the August, 2002 projection of 148 kilowatts per day. That's why those three months were selected.

THE COURT: July, September, November.

THE WITNESS: Right. Excuse me, November was selected because it's a winter month. It's original billing and there's obviously going to be less electricity used in a winter month.

THE COURT: The numbers that were used for

25

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

determining the yearly projection for those months, they were the as read numbers, right?

THE WITNESS: That's correct, original billing, the as read numbers.

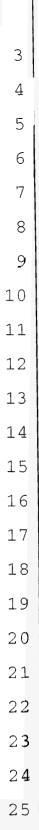
THE COURT: So, that's during a period where Florida Power & Light alleges the meter was being tampered with, is the assumption that it wasn't tampered with those months?

THE WITNESS: That's correct. The tampering that was being done with this meter is a manual diversion. It's manual tampering. It appears that it was being done at the beginning. Some months it was being done and other months it was not. I believe on that particular -- those particular months it was not tampered with.

THE COURT: So, are there some months besides those three where the rebill is the same as or close to the original reading reflecting for a particular month besides those three that there might not have been any tampering?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Then August of 2002 that's in there as a projection because that's



when the new meter was insta.

THE WITNESS: That's corr

THE COURT: Am I right?

THE WITNESS: And that falls

August of 1998.

THE COURT: And you came up with

usage of 148?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: And again so I'm clear that's consistent with July, September, November of '98, the same daily?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

THE COURT: And just remind me with respect to this percentage of use column on the spreadsheet, did you describe that or defer that to someone else as to what exactly that means? If you did I didn't catch it. I'm going to have you go over it again.

THE WITNESS: That percentage usage pretty much calculates -- it holds into account the summer months versus the winter months.

THE COURT: So, I'm clear if I look at the very top on there, August of 2002 the percent use is 10.2, what is that telling me exactly?

THE WITNESS: To be honest I don't know.

That's something that comes from the 1 Commission, I believe. THE COURT: We can leave that for someone 3 else or your attorney can follow-up on that. 4 Ι 5 think I'm otherwise clear on what the spreadsheet is telling me. So, I appreciate 6 7 Mrs. Callard, did you have any that. 8 follow-up? MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor, I don't 9 10 have any other questions. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Lee. 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. LEE: 14 Mr. Cunill, if you took the 12 months in a 15 year because I'm seeing for instance when you look at August of 2002 the percentage use is 10.2, if you 16 17 then go down to August of 2001 again, it's giving 10.2 and it seems to correspond all the way through, 18 close thereto anyway, if you took that entire year. 19 20 So, if you took from September of '01 21 and went all the way up to August of '02, is that 2. the percentage of the annual use assigned to that 2: month? 2. That's correct. Α

So, like for August, '02 where it

2!

Q

Okay.

1 says 10.2 percentage use, that mea calculated the annual usage that yo that house, if you multiply it by 10 3 of August it would give you that figur 5 For that particular month, ve 6 0 And then I guess corresponding 7 it's saying in any given year you're going use 8 10.14 of your annual usage in that month? That's correct. I believe that's the way 9 Α These percentage, they're already 10 it works. 11 populated into our billing program. I do not alter 12 that. I don't populate that percentage into our 13 billing program, it's already there. 14 Okay. But then for instance like if you 15 looked at in this particular yearly cycle, if you 16 looked at February we see the lowest number on the 17 chart which is 6.48, so that's telling me in 18 February of '02 you expected 6.48 of their annual 19 kilowatt hour usage to have taken place in that 20 month? 21 A On February, that's correct. 22 Q Okav. So, that's what these percentage correspond to is the percent that month that the 23 24 customer would have used out of their annual usage?

2

Α

That's correct.

1	MR. LEE: Okay. Thank you.
	THE COURT: All right. Thank you,
2	
3	Mr. Cunill. All right.
4	MR. LEE: I only have one more witness and
5	she's probably going to be very brief.
6	THE COURT: And that probably will
7	complete your case?
8	MR. LEE: Yes.
9	THE COURT: Probably make sense to finish
10	your case if we can do it. And is that
11	Mr. Cochran here?
12	MR. LEE: Yes.
13	THE COURT: We've got one more witness up
1 4	here. Raise your right hand.
15	LINDA COCHRAN
16	(called as a witness, having
17	been first duly sworn, testified
18	as follows:)
19	THE COURT: And the court reporter in
20	Miami is going to take this testimony?
21	THE COURT REPORTER: Yes, sir.
22	THE COURT: Very good. You may proceed,
23	Mr. Lee.
24	MR. LEE: Thank you, your Honor.
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION

1	BY MR. LEE:						
2	Q Could you state your name please.						
3	A Linda Cochran.						
4	Q And Ms. Cochran, what do you do at Florida						
5	ower & Light?						
6	A I'm in the Revenue Protection Department						
7	as a specialist.						
8	Q How long have you been with the Revenue						
9	?rotection Department?						
10	A Five years.						
11	Q And as part of your job do you oversee						
12	revenue protection investigations of customers?						
13	A Yes, I do.						
14	Q Ms. Cochran, can you tell me do you know						
15	based on FP&L's records when meter number 5C35633						
16	was placed on Mrs. Callard's home?						
17	A Per FP&L records meter 5C35633 was set at						
18	the address of 7860 Southwest 18th Terrace on						
19	November 1st of 1979.						
20	Q Okay. And then had been there until Mr.						
21	List went and removed it on July 24th of 2002?						
22	A Correct.						
23	Q Then I just want to ask you a couple of						
24	billing questions. Do you have the billing history						
25	for the Callards' residence?						

I have the meter reading. 1 Α 2 Yes. Can you tell me from Q I'm sorry. 3 July 5th 2001 the actual reading made by the meter reader? 4 July 5th, 2001 the actual meter was 05361. 5 Α 6 0 And that was on July 5th, '01? 7 Α Yes. 8 And then the very next day Mr. Vessels 0 9 told us he read 05497. 10 Α Correct. Which shows 136 kilowatt hour difference, 11 Q 12 is that in one day? 13 Α Correct. Which would mean during one day they used 14 Q 15 136 kilowatt hours of energy? 16 Α Correct. 17 And this is in 2001? Q 18 A That's correct. That's all the questions I have. 19 MR. LEE: Cross examination, Mrs. 2(THE COURT: 2: Callard. 22 CROSS EXAMINATION 2: BY MRS. CALLARD: 2. Ms. Cochran, do you remember Mr. Callard? 0 2! Α Yes, I do.

1	Q Do you remember when you sited him with
2	Jorge Zamora?
3	A Yes, I remember.
4	Q Do you remember the meter that is under
5	investigation when you showed it to Mr. Callard
6	there was no glass on it?
7	A There was glass on it. We removed the
3	lass to show him the dials.
Š	Q Do you have anything to show that the
10	meter was placed in our home in November of 1979?
1:	A Florida Power & Light has records that do
12	indicate the meter was set on November 1st, 1979.
13	The Florida Power & Light records are maintained as
14	per Florida Administrative code requires.
1	Q Do you recall Mr. Callard asking you at
16	the meeting for proof that this meter was placed in
1	our home on such a date?
1	A Yes, I do.
1	Q Do you recall answering Mr. Callard that
20	you did not have that information?
21	A No, I do not. I informed him that when it
22	was set I do have that information.
23	Q Do you recall when my husband spoke to you
24	about Mr. Cunnin?
25	A No, I don't.

23

2.4

25

Q Did you not receive a letter from us where we are filing a complaint about Mr. Cunnin?

A I do have a letter from you. I don't recall everything that is in the letter, it was two years ago.

Q Do you recall Mr. Cunnin telling us that ve were stealing electricity in that letter?

A No, ma'am, I do not.

Q Do you have anything signed stating that this meter was placed in the home or is this just records from Florida Power & Light that says it was?

A It's Florida Power & Light records.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay. We don't have anymore questions.

THE COURT: Redirect.

MR. LEE: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me just ask one or two questions. You testified that there was a meter reading taken on July 5, 2001 and the number was 05361.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Now, the spreadsheet that's in evidence as Respondent's one shows a reading on that same date of 6305, was the meter read twice on that day?

July 5th was the regular THE WITNESS: 1 2 reading. THE COURT: Right. 3 THE WITNESS: Of 05361. On the meter 4 reading history the actual reading, it is 5 recorded as 05361. There's a 06305 reading 6 that was used to bill it because the 05361 7 reading was a regressive read and could not be 8 used to bill for that month. 9 I see. How was the figure of THE COURT: 10 6305 arrived at, if you know? 11 THE WITNESS: Offhand I'm not real sure, a 12 13 proration. So, that's not an actual read 14 THE COURT: 15 number? No, it's not. THE WITNESS: It was 16 1 " probably a check reading was obtained typically and then based on that they'll average it for 18 the amount of days in the month. 11) THE COURT: The actual then is 5361. 2.) THE WITNESS: Correct. 2LTHE COURT: And then there was a follow-up 2.2 reading on the 6th of July of 5497. 23 THE WITNESS: Correct. 24 THE COURT: That's all I had. 25 Any

2.2

follow-up, Mrs. Callard?

MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lee?

MR. LEE: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Cochran.

MR. LEE: That's all the evidence that Florida Power & Light had, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, then Florida Power & Light rests?

MR. LEE: Yes.

THE COURT: That will complete FP&L's case in chief and we're going to need to wrap up for today because the video facilities are scheduled for use in another case starting at 1:00.

As I indicated at the outset we're going to reconvene to take Mr. Callard's testimony and at that time we'll hear, as it turns out, the entirety of the Callards' case.

I had mentioned the possibility of doing that by telephone, although if we're going to hear all of the Callards case that may not make sense. So, I can either try to reschedule this by video sometime later. Well, probably sometime in December we'll try to pick it up,

but next time I'm down in Miami.

Let me ask you all obviously we're coming into the holiday season, are there any dates that you can tell me right now you're not available?

MR. LEE: Unfortunately I don't have my calendar with me. I know I do have hearings and depositions and other things of that nature scheduled although I'm just not sure what days.

The only thing I can do is write a letter to your Honor and give you all the days betweem now and January that I'm available.

THE COURT: Let me ask you, Mrs. Callard, are there any dates you can tell me you're not available over the next several weeks?

MRS. CALLARD: Whatever date is chosen

I'll make myself available. We'd like it to be as soon as possible while it's fresh in everybody's mind.

THE COURT: I know that I'll be in the Miami area for a hearing on the 29th of December. That's about a month off. So, I could pick this up on the 30th of December if that's not too far out.

MR. LEE: That's fine.

4 5

MRS. CALLARD: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let's tentatively plan for that date. I'll be there, so I'll just do it in person and Mr. Lee, are you in Miami?

MR. LEE: I can be in Miami. That's not a problem. I'm in West Palm.

THE COURT: All right. If we do it on that date that leaves about a month to deal with the translator issue. Hopefully, we'll have a translator when we reconvene.

I would suggest that you all contact the Commission and see if you can get them to make arrangements. I can tell you that the person to contact there is their agency clerk. Her name is Blanca Bayo and her phone number is 850-413-6330.

MRS. CALLARD: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Coordinate with the agency.

If that fails and you all can't come to some other arrangements then what I would ask you to do and there's not a whole lot I can do in terms of making that happen. I don't have the authority to hire a translator or make anyone pay for one, but if there's going to be a problem in regard to that I'd like to know well

enough in advance of the hearing so that I could at least look into what the options might be and not have the situation where we all convene and run into the same problem we have today.

One way or the other we need to know what is going to happen on the 30th and not have to try to deal with it then. So, if you can't get that straightened out with the agency then as soon as possible before the hearing date call my office and we'll set up a telephone conference and get everyone on the line and make a decision as to how best to handle the situation.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay, sir.

THE COURT: I have the Respondent's one exhibit which is in evidence. That was all the documentary evidence received. Let me ask the Callards my understanding is that you all haven't provided the Respondent with copies of any documents that you plan to offer into evidence. I'm going to ask that you do that before the date we reconvene. So, as soon as you can you've got Mr. Lee's address, send him a copy of any papers you plan to offer into

evidence.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay. Does Mr. Lee have the copies of the bills that we submitted?

MR. LEE: I do. It's just the pictures or anything else you might have besides your bills.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Anything further before we adjourn, any final issues to take up?

Mrs. Callard, anything else you want to raise before we adjourn for the day?

MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor. That'll be all. Thank you for your time.

THE COURT: Mr. Lee?

MR. LEE: Just one question, will you issue an order in the next couple days telling us the time and date and location?

THE COURT: Yes, I will. I'll have an order scheduling the hearing. By default it will be December 30th. If I can get an earlier date we'll try to do it earlier, if everyone's available.

MR. LEE: That's fine.

THE COURT: All right then, we'll be in recess until we reconvene and I will see you

 1	all	then					
2		MR.	LEE:	Thank you.			
3				(Thereupon,	the	proceedings	were
4				adjourned.)			
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
2 C							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							

2.1

2.2

CERTIFICATE

The State of Florida)
County of Broward)

I, Diana Kelly, Professional Reporter, do hereby certify that I was authorized to and did report said proceedings in stenotype; and that the foregoing pages, numbered from 1 to 112, inclusive, are a true and correct transcription of my shorthand notes of said hearing.

I further certify that I am not an attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel or party connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.

The foregoing certification of this transcript does not apply to any reproduction of the same by any means unless under the direct control and/or direction of the certifying reporter.

Dated this 21 day of January, 2005.

DIANA KELLY

Notary Public - State of Florida

1	STATE OF FLORIDA
	STATE OF FLORIDA DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
2	ADMINISTON O
3	"EARINGS"
4	LETICIA CALLARD,
5	Petitioner,
6	vs. CASE NO: 04-2758
7	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,
8	Respondent.
	/
9	
10	
11	
12	FINAL HEARING
13	The above entitled matter came on to be heard
14	before the Honorable JOHN G. VAN LANINGHAM, Administrative
15	Law Judge, at the DeSoto Building, 1230 Apalachee Parkway,
16	Tallahassee, Florida, on November 29, 2004, commencing at
17	9:00 a.m.
18	ORIGINAL
19	
20	
21	Reported by:
22	SUSAN WILLIS, RPR, RMR, CRR
23	Court Reporter
24	
25	

1	APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL:	FILED
2	On behalf of the Petitioner:	
3	Leticia Callard, pro se	2005 MAR -9 A 11: 3
4	On behalf of the Respondent:	DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
5	DAVID M. LEE, ESQ.	HEARINGS
	Law Department	
6	Florida Power & Light Company	
	700 Universe Boulevard	
7	Juno Beach, FL 33408	
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		•
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	THE COURT: Let's go on the record, then. This is
3	DOAH Case No. 04-2758. It's styled Leticia Callard
4	versus Florida Power and Light Company.
5	My name is John Van Laningham. I am an
6	administrative law judge, and I have been assigned to
7	preside in the final hearing of this matter, which is
8	getting under way for final hearing on November 29th
9	just after nine o'clock in the morning as scheduled.
10	Before we proceed, let me ask that the parties
11	make their appearance for the record. I will start
12	with the Petitioner. And, Mrs. Callard, I know you're
13	down there, if you could introduce yourself for us and
14	for the record, please.
15	MRS. CALLARD: My name is Leticia Callard.
16	THE COURT: All right, good morning. And I
17	understand you have your husband with you as well.
18	MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.
19	THE COURT: All right, very good. And do you have
20	anyone else there either representing you or assisting
21	in the preparation of your case?
22	MRS, CALLARD: No.
23	THE COURT: All right, then, very good. Good
24	morning to you both. And for Florida Power and Light.

MR. LEE: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is

David Lee, L-e-e. I am an attorney for Florida Power and Light. Also with me today is Linda Cochran,

Roseanne Lucas. Also present here is a witness, Jim

Bartlett, and then present down in Miami from Florida

Power and Light are three witnesses and then someone else from our office. Starting nearest us is Chase

Vessels, and then next to him is Bert Cunill. Then at the end is Ed List, and the last gentleman in the suit is Paul Bolivar.

THE COURT: All right. Good morning to you all.

Before we, before we get underway, I guess there are a
few matters in the file that we ought to take a look
at.

I received last week a letter from Mrs. Callard that raised a couple of issues, and I entered some orders on them, but they may not have gotten out last, last Wednesday because our computers were down. So let me go over those briefly.

The letter from Mrs. Collared requested, first of all, that I disqualify myself from presiding in the case based on having presided in another matter, unrelated matter involving the Callards sometime earlier this year. I am denying that motion as legally insufficient.

There was also a request made with regards to

arguing for an interpreter for Mr. Callard. And before 1 I discuss that any further, let me ask, Mrs. Collared, is there an interpreter down there now? Did you 3 arrange for that or not? MRS. CALLARD: No, I didn't know I had to arrange I requested -- I faxed a letter to your secretary for that request. THE COURT: All right. 8 THE COURT REPORTER: You can sit right next to 9 him. I can't hear you. 10 MRS. CALLARD: I will try to speak up a little 11 louder. 12 THE COURT: Let me address that issue just briefly 13 and cover the points that were in the order that hasn't 14 gone out yet. 15 First of all, Mrs. Callard, for the benefit of the 16 parties, the Division of Administrative Hearings does 17 not have a procedure or budget for retaining or hiring 18 interpreters, which is to say that I don't have any 19 authority on my own to make arrangements to hire and 20 pay for an interpreter. 21 What generally happens in these situations is 22 requests for interpreters are presented to the 23 referring agency, which in this case is the Public 24 Service Commission. I believe, Mrs. Callard, when you

25

called earlier last week, my secretary told you or should have told you or tried to tell you to make that request to, to the Public Service Commission directly.

But in any event, when your letter came in on
the -- last Tuesday, I myself placed a call to a staff
attorney over at the agency to find out whether there
was any process whereby they might arrange for an
interpreter. And she told me that they didn't have
such a policy or practice, but that you could make that
request directly to the agency clerk, whose name and
phone number I have here and can give you, although at
this point it is a little late to do that.

And, unfortunately, that request did come in fairly close to the final hearing, particularly given that we had a short week last week with the Thanksqiving holidays.

But the bottom line is that the decision to, to retain an interpreter in an administrative case really rests with the agency, and oftentimes those matters are handled between the parties and the agency prior to the final hearing, and they don't create controversies, although this case, obviously, is a little bit different in that the agency isn't over here as an active litigant, which is typically the case in our administrative disputes.

But let me ask you, Mrs. Callard, what role are 1 you envisioning for your husband? I notice he is not a 2 named party. Did you anticipate having him testify as 3 a witness? MRS. CALLARD: The problem is that my husband is the one that has been dealing with Florida Power & Light and has talked to whoever and has met with whoever. It hasn't been myself. And he doesn't speak 8 any English, and that's the reason why we requested it, 9 because he is informed of all the details. 10 THE COURT: All right. Your plan was to have him, 11 have him testify? 12 MRS. CALLARD: He is the one that's going to be 13 doing the talking because I don't know all the details. 14 I am usually at work, and he is the one that does it 15 all. 16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MRS. CALLARD: So he is -- the case is in my name 18 because I am the one on the bill, but the one that has 19 been handling the whole situation has been my husband. 20 So I am not aware of meetings, or I know what's going 21 on, but he knows the details. 22 THE COURT: All right. So your plan was to have 23 him present the case? 24 MRS. CALLARD: Exactly, uh-huh. 25

THE COURT: All right. Well, let me ask you this, 1 Mrs. Callard: Why wasn't this issue raised earlier? 2 Coming, as it did, so close to the hearing, it made it 3 very difficult for us at the Division and also for the agency to do anything. 5 Can you just give me a little idea of what, what the background is on your request? I want the record 7 to be clear on this, if you would, please. 8 MRS. CALLARD: Okay. I didn't know that I would 9 have to handle the situation of an interpreter. 10 spoke to your secretary earlier in the week, I 11 12 mentioned this to her, but I didn't know that I personally had to take care of this. 13 THE COURT: All right. When was your first 14 request? When was that phone call? Was that last 15 16 Monday, the week before the hearing? MRS. CALLARD: Yes. Yes, that is when I spoke to 17 18 her. THE COURT: All right. 19 MRS. CALLARD: But earlier in the year I had sent 20 a letter to the Public Service Commission where I 21 stated that my husband was the one that was handling 22 the case, and I signed it and sent it to them. 23 24 THE COURT: Did you ask them for an interpreter? 25 MRS. CALLARD: Not at the time. We are talking

about early in, early in the year. 1 THE COURT: All right. And, Mrs. Callard, are you able to present the case? What kind of case do you plan to put on? MRS. CALLARD: No, I am not, I am not able to 5 present the case because he is the one that has met 6 with Florida Power & Light. He is the person that has spoken to various people regarding this situation. 8 I have never been present, and I have never -- I 9 am at work. The case is truly his case. It is just 10 that the account is in my name. 11 THE COURT: Uh-huh. 12 MRS. CALLARD: He is the one that's handled the 13 14 thing. THE COURT: What sort of evidence do you have to 15 put on besides his testimony? Do you have other 16 documents or other witnesses? 17 MRS. CALLARD: I don't have other witnesses. 18 have the bills that we sent in, that we sent to the 19 Public Service Commission to show that our bills 20 fluctuate. We don't have an attorney or anything like 21 22 that. THE COURT: You have got copies of bills? 23 MRS. CALLARD: I sent those in, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. You sent them in where?

24

25

MRS. CALLARD: I sent them to your office. 1 them to the Public Service Commission. 2 THE COURT: All right. You plan to offer those 3 into evidence today? 4 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. 5 (Discussion off the record.) 6 7 MRS. CALLARD: I am sorry, I was trying to explain to my husband. 8 THE COURT: You want to offer the bills into 9 10 evidence then? That's your intent? MRS. CALLARD: The bills will prove that our 11 accounts fluctuate from month to month, and that 12 13 that's, that's -- throughout the years there's been no change. It's always been -- our usage is that way. 14 THE COURT: All right. Let me ask Mr. Lee, what's 15 the -- remind me of the time frame here. What is the 16 time frame we are dealing with for the back charges? 17 MR. LEE: We are talking from January 7th of --18 get the exact year. I am sorry, January 2nd of 1997 19 through August 5th of 2002. So one, two, three, three 20 21 and a half years, I guess. 22 THE COURT: August 5th of 2002? 23 Sorry, five and a half years. Bad math. MR. LEE: THE COURT: Okay. It's roughly \$10,000? 24 25 MR. LEE: I can give you the exact -- the adjusted

amount was actually -- the additional billing was 1 That was the difference between what she \$9.279.18. 2 was billed and what we calculated. 3 THE COURT: All right. How many witnesses are you planning to put on in your case? 5 6 MR. LEE: Four, maybe five. THE COURT: Okay. And about how long do you think 7 that will take? Are they short witnesses? witnesses? MR. LEE: A couple of them will be pretty short. 10 A couple of them might be a little more in-depth. 11 would say two short witnesses, two or three short 12 witnesses, and then two witnesses that will be a little 13 more in depth. 14 I still don't think the hearing should take quite 15 that long. I quess it's all relative and depends on 16 how much questioning they have for them as well. 17 THE COURT: Right. You all have the burden of 18 proof. 19 MR. LEE: That's an issue that I haven't quite 20 solved, but I have been coming into the hearing --21 although I don't necessarily agree we do, I have been 22 coming into the hearing with the assumption that that's 23 the way the Court was going to rule, that we would have 24 to go forward with the burden, so I was prepared to 25

proceed that way. 1 THE COURT: Is it just a question unsettled, to 2 your knowledge? Do you know? 3 MR. LEE: I couldn't find any case law one way or 4 the other that said who did have the burden of proof, 5 so I presumed that, you know, if the issue came down, I 6 would at least be prepared to go forward if it was. 7 THE COURT: Was your plan then to go first in the 8 order of proof? MR. LEE: If Your Honor rules that we have the 10 burden of proof, then, yes, I would go first. If Your 11 Honor ruled she did, then I would obviously allow her 12 to go first. 13 THE COURT: And you're going to put on evidence --14 just tell me briefly. The theory of your case is that 15 the meter was tampered with? 16 MR. LEE: Correct. It's basically a two-stage 17 theory of our case. The first stage is the fact that 18 we noticed that there was meter tampering. We pulled 19 the meter, tested the meter, found that, in fact, our 20 people believed there was tampering with the meter. 21 And then we then went back and reviewed their 22 billing history. The second phase would be by looking 23 at the billing history and applying an approved 24 estimation method based on the meter tampering and 25

1 coming up with the adjusted billing amounts.

THE COURT: Is the billing history relevant to the -- not to the question of whether the meter was tampered with, I suppose, but the question of how much was -- you allege was not paid for -- how much the unmetered usage was.

MR. LEE: It goes to both, but I would say the billing probably more focuses on the difference between what we calculate the estimate would be. But there are some instances where the billing seems to indicate that there was tampering going on.

THE COURT: Are there formulas for that? Is that how you determine the unmetered amount; you apply some formula to the bills?

MR. LEE: Correct. Correct. We have used a formula that has been approved by the Public Service Commission, and that's the formula that we used in this case.

THE COURT: Does that take into account the customer's prior usage before the point in time when the alleged tampering occurred?

MR. LEE: It can do both. It can either apply the prior usage, or if there are ways we verified actual usage, we can use things that went on during the course of the tampering. And in this case I think we used a

mixture of both. 1 THE COURT: Essentially, your case involves 2 evidence that focuses on direct proof of meter --3 tampering with the meter, and then evidence relating to the application of the Commission's formula for 5 determining amounts of unmetered usage based on the 6 customer's bills and other factors that the formula 7 8 will let you take account of? MR. LEE: Correct. 10 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me ask you to -- you have heard Mr. Lee sort of give me the general outline 11 of the thrust of FP&L's case, and you have told me you 12 plan to look at the, to look at the bills, which goes 13 to one prong or one aspect of the, of the power 14 company's case. 15 On the other point about the direct evidence of 16 the tampering with the meter, do you have evidence that 17 you plan to offer to rebut that? 18 (Discussion between Mr. and Mrs. Callard in 19 Spanish.) 20 MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, we have -- in '91 21 Florida Power & Light moved a cable from the -- where 22 23 we had -- our cable was running east, and it was moved to the west side of the house. Okay, and that 24

25

particular cable was in violation of Florida Power &

Light --1 THE COURT: When was that? You say 1991? 2 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. 3 THE COURT: All right. You're going to testify about that? 5 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. This cable was giving us trouble where it was spurting electricity. Okay. 7 ran through, through a tree at the house, and that's 8 when we first called Florida Power & Light with the 9 electrical problem. 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 MRS. CALLARD: And so we called them because my 12 husband was doing a job and caught some current from 13 that cable. That is when we first called Florida Power 14 & Light to have this fixed. 15 They came out and they put like a rubber hose 16 around the cable, and they said they would be back to 17 repair that. 18 THE COURT: This was in 1991? 19 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. 20 MR. CALLARD: 1991. 21 MRS. CALLARD: And then that cable just stayed 22 there. 23 THE COURT: All right, hold on. Mrs. Callard, let 24 me ask you this: Are you familiar with those 25

circumstances? Can you testify about them? 1 MRS. CALLARD: Well, I am familiar, but there are 2 some things that I have to ask him, because he was the 3 one that was with that problem. He was the one that reported it initially, and he was the one that handled, 5 with the officers of Florida Power & Light, that 6 situation. Then we started having electrical problems within the house where we started having surges, and we had 9 appliances blow out, and we had all kinds --10 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me stop you there 11 because you're probably going to want to testify about 12 13 that, and I don't need to hear all the details right at this moment. 14 MRS. CALLARD: Okay. 15 THE COURT: And just so I am clear, you and your 16 husband are the only witnesses that you plan to call to 17 testify? 18 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. 19 THE COURT: All right. Well, I suppose one thing 20 we could do to, to go ahead and get the hearing 21 accomplished is, Mrs. Callard, if you can present the 22 case, maybe you could translate for your husband. 23 she did that, would there be any objection? 24

25

MR. LEE: Well, my main problem is that while I

know she could translate to tell him what's going on, I 1 just hate to have her translating his testimony. 2 then if he -- I don't know which of the two of them plan on cross examining our witnesses. I just -- I don't know how that's going to work where -- I am not 5 sure what's getting translated and whether it's being translated accurately, I just don't know. THE COURT: Well, that is, that's a potential 8 problem. Go ahead, Mrs. Callard. 9 MRS. CALLARD: I am saying that's the same thing 10 I could translate some things. But, you know, 11 12 I don't know that I am translating every detail also. (Discussion between Mr. and Mrs. Callard in 13 Spanish.) 14 I am sorry, Your Honor. 15 MRS. CALLARD: MR. LEE: And the other issue is I just didn't 16 know which of the two them was going to do the cross 17 examination of our witnesses. 18 19 THE COURT: Well, it would have to be Mrs. 20 Callard. I mean, it has to be somebody that can communicate in English so that we can make a record and 21 understand what's, what's going on, and we do have a 22 23 situation where Mrs. Callard is the party. I assume from what she has told me, and I think I 24 saw it in the file, she is the account holder; is that 25

right? 1 2 MR. LEE: Correct. THE COURT: So she is the one that ultimately is 3 going to be responsible if there is a finding made that there was unmetered usage of electricity. 5 MR. LEE: Correct. THE COURT: And what's the ultimate remedy then? An order that finds that the usage was unmetered in a 8 certain amount, and then what does the order do? 9 Require them to pay the money to FP&L? Is that what 10 the order looks like? 11 MR. LEE: I mean, the way I envisioned it -- of 12 course, I can't tell you how to do your job, but this 13 is the way I envisioned it, is we have already taken an 14 We have suspended carrying out that action, 15 which is we have rebilled them for what we felt was the 16 appropriate metering. 17 We have already gone forward and done that. 18 just have not taken the final step, which is -- because 19 they haven't paid that amount, to cut off their meter. 20 So, essentially, when they filed a complaint with 21 the Public Service Commission, the ultimate remedy, I 22 quess, was to decide whether or not what we did was 23 appropriate. And if they found it was, then we can go 24

forward as usual, which, according to the

25

Administrative Code is unless other arrangements are made, to cut the power off, if the bill is not paid within a certain time.

THE COURT: Ultimately, you get an order from the Commission that says if they don't pay the bill, you can terminate service.

MR. LEE: Correct. I think the bill -- even if they rule in our favor and when they rule in our favor, the order usually reads that they recommend the customer contact us to make billing arrangements, because we can literally cut the meter off at that moment. But we don't do that. We usually will make an arrangement if the customer is willing to try and make sure that it is paid, as opposed to just going to the house and cutting the meter off.

THE COURT: I asked because we don't get these cases very often, as you might imagine. In fact, this is the first one like this that I have seen. All right.

MR. LEE: And just so -- I don't know if you're prepared to rule or not. Just so you know, I mean, the biggest factor to us, obviously, we would like to get this resolved, as well as, I am sure, the Callards.

But the biggest factor to us with the interpreter issue is just the inconvenience of us coming up here. I

mean, the folks in Miami, it really wasn't that large
to deal with, but us coming up to, up here to

Tallahassee is really the biggest, I guess, expense and
inconvenience if that issue creates problem to going
forward.

THE COURT: Well, I am certainly not inclined to continue the hearing. It's been set for quite a while, and I know we have continued it once or twice for various reasons.

And the question of whether or not an interpreter would be needed, it seems to me is not one that just arose last week and, frankly, should have been raised earlier in the process.

Had it been raised earlier, the agency would have had more time to deal with the situation. As I indicated earlier, it is ultimately the agency that needs to make a decision about whether or not it wants to expend the money to hire an interpreter. And, obviously, if the agency decides that question incorrectly, there is a possibility that the case would have to be redone at some point.

I hope that won't happen, but it seems to me that given the, the circumstances, that we really ought to try to go forward. That's why I made the suggestion about having Mrs. Callard try to translate and at least

1 get that testimony out.

I realize that's irregular, and I wouldn't ordinarily do it, but it seems to me, given the nature of the issues, it might work here just to get the evidence out and create -- get all the facts out that the Callards want to present.

I don't know that there is any other, any other good alternative unless the parties want to suggest something that we could consider as a way to move forward. But I do want to try to have the hearing today.

I can ask, Mrs. Callard, do you have any other suggestion for trying to get through other than perhaps you trying to translate for your husband as he testifies?

MR. LEE: I actually have a suggestion. I don't know if Mrs. Callard would have a problem with this.

That, actually, the area of my biggest concern with Mr. Callard testifying is when it comes to my chance to cross examine him is I will have no way of knowing if she is accurately translating (a), what I'm asking, and then (b), what he is replying.

The suggestion I might make is if we do all the rest of the evidence, I don't have to be up here for that. If we reconvene at another date just to do Mr.

Callard with an interpreter, I can appear in Miami, 1 because I am down from South Florida, so that part I 2 don't need to be up here for, and I don't mind that That would be the biggest concern I have is that 5 interchange between me and Mrs. Callard and Mr. Callard, that there's an accurate translation of that. THE COURT: You would suggest simply deferring his 9 testimony to some future date? 10 MR. LEE: Correct. THE COURT: Would you have any objection to have 11 having him presented by telephone? 12 MR. LEE: No, as long as I had the opportunity to 13 cross examine him, I don't have a problem with that. 14 15 THE COURT: Right. It would just be easier to set that up, and we could do a telephone conference call 16 and take his testimony, you know, without much delay, I 17 would think. It's easier to do. I don't need all the 18 video facilities to do that. 19 MR. LEE: I wouldn't have an objection to that as 20 long as they don't. 21 22 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, Mr. Lee has made a suggestion that might, might be a way for us to go 23 forward here, and that would be to do the hearing today 24 but to postpone your husband's testimony so that that 25

could be taken with an interpreter at some date in the near future, hopefully near future, where Mr. Lee could be down there, and you all could have a translator present, and that way he would be able to ask your husband questions and have someone, a translator, a neutral translator do the translation so there wouldn't be a concern about whether the questions are being, are being asked the way they are -- to your husband the way they are being asked by Mr. Lee.

And I've suggested that if we do that, it might be expeditious to do that testimony by telephone, which we could arrange to do more readily than having another video link-up. What would your thoughts be on doing it that way?

MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, you're saying they would present their case today, and then we would do ours at a later time?

THE COURT: Well, you could present your case which would -- your testimony, for example, and any documents that you might have. And then we would simply put off the testimony of your husband for later, so that arrangements could be made to have an interpreter present, and then Mr. Lee could be there in Miami with you and your husband and the interpreter and take his testimony through a translator, through a

neutral translator, who could make the record at that 1 time. 2 I am a little bit confused because MRS. CALLARD: everything that is going to be presented, he is going to present it. 5 THE COURT: Well, today I am going to need you to present the case because you're the only one who can 7 speak English, and we need to have an English speaker That's the only way we are going to do that. 9 understand what's happening and the only way we can LO have a record. 11 MRS. CALLARD: Okay, but I would have to ask him, 12 Is that okay? though. 13 THE COURT: Well, I mean, he can assist you, but 14 you'll have to handle the questioning because, again, 15 it needs to be done in English so that we can, we can 16 understand what's happening. 17 (Discussion off the record.) 18 MRS. CALLARD: Can you give me a minute, Your 19 Honor? 20 THE COURT: All right. 21 (Discussion off the record.) 22 MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor? 2.3 THE COURT: Yes. 24 MRS. CALLARD: My husband says that that's 25

somewhat confusing because he is not going to be able 1 to understand what is going on or what is being talked 3 about or asked in the -- throughout the whole conference. And the objective is for Florida Power & Light to actually prove that this has been done, 5 whatever they are saying was done. And he is not going 6 to be able to actually understand what, what is being 8 asked for, what is -- you understand? THE COURT: I understand that that's, that that's 10 an issue. MRS. CALLARD: He is the one that --11 12 THE COURT: On the other hand, Mrs. Callard, you're actually the named party. I mean, at this 13 point, he is appearing as a witness. And, actually, 14 there wasn't any motion made to qualify him as your 15 representative. So, I mean, technically he is here as 16 a witness. He is not here as a party, and he is not 17

You're here as the Petitioner representing yourself, and so the real issue is whether or not we can have a fair hearing without his testimony in the --you know, because he can't, he can't testify without a translator. We have got a potential solution where we can just take his testimony later.

As I have indicated, I don't want to continue the

here as a qualified representative.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

hearing. It was -- this case was filed back in August. 1 And the first time an issue was raised regarding a translator for your husband was last Monday or Tuesday 3 of a three-day week. And, you know, it's an issue that, as I have indicated, really needed to have been 5 raised sooner. We now have parties in both Miami and Tallahassee to, to do this proceeding, and it simply isn't 8 appropriate at this point to put the final hearing off again for, for some extended period of time, so we are 10 just going to have to, to work through it, Mrs. 11 Callard, and you will have to present the case. 12 there is no better solution --13 MRS. CALLARD: May I say something, Your Honor? 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Go ahead.

Florida Power & Light, MRS. CALLARD: Excuse me. throughout this whole ordeal, has never met with me. They have always met with my husband, so they were very much aware that he doesn't speak any English because they've had to put someone to interpret whatever they have talked about. It's not like it's been something that they didn't know about it.

And my husband has spoken to Ms. Cochran various times, and she's had an interpreter for him, to interpret the conversations, so it's not like Florida

Power & Light was not aware of this. Because, like I 1 said, I have never attended any meeting or any type of conference. They have always dealt with my husband, 3 and they have always brought someone to interpret. THE COURT: Well, Mrs. Callard --MRS. CALLARD: We used one named Jorge one time. 6 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, I don't want to -- I will take your word for that. But, again, it wasn't, it wasn't FP&L's responsibility, it seems to me, to raise the issue about having an interpreter appointed 10 for the final hearing. 11 I suppose they could have, but that seems to me 12 that responsibility fell on you ultimately, and it 13 wasn't done until, until, until last week. 14 that's -- puts us in the position we are in, and it is 15 not ideal. But it seems to me based on what you have 16 told me and my general understanding of what the 17 Respondent's case is going to look like that we can 18 19 still have a good and fair hearing. It may take a little longer to negotiate today, 20 but it seems to me we can do that, and that's 21

preferable to, to postponing the whole hearing.

22

23

24

25

So what I am going to do is -- I think Mr. Lee's suggestion is a good one. What we'll do is we'll sever out Mr. Callard's testimony, and we'll have that taken

at a later date, hopefully not too far off in the future. And we can discuss the details of that before we, before we adjourn today as to exactly how we want to do that.

But let's proceed that way, and we can, we can take all the other evidence. We'll still have to deal with what arrangements will be made as far as the translator for that follow-up proceeding. But at least we'll have a little more time to deal with that and see if the agency wants to get involved and handle those details.

So let's proceed that way and see if we can't, can't get the evidence, the remaining evidence out, and we can certainly get Florida Power & Light's case.

Without making any ruling at this point on the -who, who might legally have the burden of proof, since
I haven't seen any law on that, I am going to go ahead
and have the Respondent to put on its case first, even
though they are the named Respondent here, and then
we'll hear the Callards' case after that.

All right. Before we move into the evidentiary part of the proceeding, I will take brief opening statements from the parties if they would like to make them. Since FP&L will go first, I will start with you, Mr. Lee. Did you want to make any opening statement?

MR. LEE: Just very briefly, Your Honor. I think
I have already said a lot of the things, just to kind
of put them in a logical sequence. Mrs. Callard has
been the account holder since 1978. They are the only
occupants of the residence. There are no other tenants
there.

And then in sometime in 2001, one of our meter readers, during their regular meter reading, noticed an irregularity that was reported to our investigative department.

They sent an investigator out, Chase Vessels, who in July of 2001 went and actually looked at the meter, checked the reading on the meter, and saw that there is a seal on the outside of the meter canopy that was tampered with, and which would indicate somebody has gone into the meter by taking the canopy off.

A second time Mr. Vessels went out to the residence in June of '02, again noticed the same thing, that the meter had a seal which appeared to have been tampered with, allowing somebody to get inside the meter, and also took a meter reading that day.

And then the meter was -- a decision was made to actually go out and pull the meter, to actually inspect it back at our office and do a more detailed inspection, and that was done in August -- I am sorry,

July of 2002 by Mr. Ed List.

That meter was then brought back to our meter testing facility. Mr. List noted some irregularities with the meter. But more a detailed inspection was done by Mr. Bartlett where numerous problems were found with the meter, which indicated somebody had been altering the dial readings and not on just one occasion, but apparently a very repeated pattern of this, which will be evident when we show you the meter.

Then once it was determined that there was meter tampering, Mr. Bert Cunill was then referred on the case, and he is a person who, his job is to -- part of his job is to go back and look at meter billing history and try to put the pieces together, so to speak, and figure out where any tampering would have begun and then where a more regular pattern of usage was determined.

And it was determined that from about January 7th of 1997, all the way to when we pulled the meter off, that there had been meter tampering. And we, therefore, went and did an estimate based on the approved method and came up with the amount that I earlier told you about, which was the difference in billing of \$9,279.18 above what they previously had been billed. And that's where we are today.

THE COURT: All right, thank you, Mr. Lee. Mrs. Callard, would you like to make a brief opening statement at this time? 3

1

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

(Discussion between Mr. and Mrs. Callard in Spanish.)

MRS. CALLARD: As far as the meter, he is saying that they went out and looked at the meter on whatever various occasions. After they -- to follow up on what Mr. Lee is saying, after they went ahead and took the meter, Ms. Cochran called my husband, and he went to see her. And Mr. Zamora (ph) was present, someone named Zamora (ph). And they showed my husband the meter without any glass -- it was open -- and a new meter.

And they asked him if he saw anything different between the two meters. And then they told him this meter is your meter and it has no glass. He said they told him that our meter had fingerprints. And they told us that in five days in the month someone had come out to read the meter, to investigate the meter, and they determined that there was some type of manipulation with the meter.

And my husband asked them, "Well, if you thought there was something wrong with the meter, why don't you have a photo or something to indicate that there was

something being done wrong? And how is it that the

person that reads the meter was not able to see that

there was a problem with the meter, with the many times

they go out?"

LΟ

And so my husband says that he determines that those prints were put on there afterwards, because how else would they be, because no one saw that beforehand, before the meter was removed.

So there was -- he feels that there was no, there was no camera. There was nothing to prove or to show us that this was done before they took the meter with them.

THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me stop you there, because I assume your husband is going to testify to these matters, and he is not testifying now under oath, so I don't want to have him go through all of his testimony.

Let me just ask you, if I can understand sort of the general thrust of your case, I assume that you're going to tell me that did you not tamper with the meter, correct?

MRS. CALLARD: That's right, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And that whatever happened to the meter was done by Florida Power & Light?

25 MRS. CALLARD: That's the only thing we could

assume, Your Honor. 1 THE COURT: And that the bills that -- you have got bills showing your electricity usage during the 3 period in question that you're going to argue 4 demonstrate that you weren't stealing electricity. 5 MRS. CALLARD: That's right, Your Honor. THE COURT: Because the bills -- and I haven't looked at them, but the bills, do they show constant 8 usage or fluctuating usage? What do the bills show, 9 Mrs. Callard? _ 0 MRS. CALLARD: The bills show, Your Honor -- we do 11 not use the air conditioning. The bills shows the up 12 and down of the usage per month. We don't have a 13 constant usage, that you could say every month I use so 14 much electricity. It varies. And that's the reason 15 why we said -- we have one presently for just last 16 month, that was \$47. The month before it was 100 and 17 something dollars. That's what we show as a pattern 18 throughout the hearing. 19 THE COURT: And you're going to have some 20 testimony about something that occurred in 1991 with 21 the electricity cables or line? 22 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. 23 THE COURT: All right. And how does that fit in 24

to the, to the overall picture? Are you suggesting

25

that that was when the meter was damaged? 1 2 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. THE COURT: And your contention is it was damaged 3 in 1991 by FP&L? MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. 5 THE COURT: Okay. All right, Mrs. Callard, go 6 7 ahead. MRS. CALLARD: Can I take a minute so I can talk Я to my husband? 9 (Discussion off the record.) LO MRS. CALLARD: Okay, Your Honor, I was just 11 explaining to my husband. 12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mrs. Callard. 13 I have, I think, a general understanding of both sides' 14 15 positions. Let's move now, then, into the evidentiary phase of the final hearing. As I have indicated, I 16 will have Florida Power & Light go first. Mr. Lee, you 17 18 may call your first witness. MR. LEE: Okay, Your Honor, we'll call Chase 19 Vessels. He is down in Miami. 20 THE COURT: Let me do a couple of things here 21 while we are getting ready for the first witness. 22 was told before we went on the record, and we'll just 23 confirm that we have court reporters right now at both 24 sites in Miami and here in Tallahassee. And what, what

2.5

we'll do is we'll have the court reporter in Miami take 1 the testimony of witnesses down on that end, and we'll 2 have the court reporter here in Tallahassee take the 3 witnesses that testify here as well as the balance of the proceedings, and I'll ask that we -- that the court 5 reporters coordinate so that we just get one transcript 6 7 without any duplication. Is that acceptable to all the 8 parties? That is fine. MR. LEE: 9 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard? 10 .1 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, yes. THE COURT: Okay. All right, very good. .2 L3 first witness is down in Miami, and why don't you raise your hand so I know who it is that is going to testify? L4 Can I ask somebody there to pan the camera over so we 15 16 can have a closer look at the witness? If you could zoom that in just a bit, we can get 17 it a little closer on him, please. All right. 18 good. That's fine. Perfect. All right. 19 Let me ask our court reporter in Miami to swear in 20 the witness, please. 21 22 (Whereupon, the testimony of Chase Vessels was reported by the court reporter in Miami, and is filed 23 under separate cover.) 24 The next witness, Your Honor, is going 25

1 to be Ed List. 2 THE COURT: All right, and he is in Miami. The court reporter down there will take this one then. 3 (Whereupon, the testimony of Edward List was reported by the court reporter in Miami, and is filed 6 under separate cover.) MR. LEE: The next, the next witness FP&L would call is Jim Bartlett, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: All right, Mr. Bartlett is on this 9 10 end. MR. LEE: Do you know where you would like him to 11 12 sit? I think he can be seen right here. MRS. CALLARD: I am sorry, Your Honor, is it too 13 late to ask him something else? 14 THE COURT: Hold on -- no, go ahead. Why don't 15 you -- if you have another question for Mr. List, why 16 don't you finish up with that? 17 (Whereupon, the further questioning of Mr. List by 18 Mrs. Callard was reported by the court reporter in 19 20 Miami, and is filed under separate cover.) MR. LEE: The next witness is Jim Bartlett, Your 21 Honor, who is here in Tallahassee. 22 THE COURT: All right. I am going to move the 23 camera in on -- I think I can control the camera on 24 that end, by the way. I see I have got a remote here 25

- that does that, but -- can you, you all see the witness
- on your end?
- 3 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.
- THE COURT: All right. Very good. Mr. Bartlett,
- if you would raise your right hand for me?
- 6 Whereupon,
- 7 JAMES ALBERT BARTLETT
- 8 was called as a witness, having been first duly sworn to
- 9 speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth,
- 10 was examined and testified as follows:
- 11 THE COURT: Would you state and spell your full
- name for us, please?
- 13 THE WITNESS: James Bartlett. James Albert
- 14 Bartlett I work at the Meter Technology Center. I have
- been there probably about -- I am a Meterman A.
- 16 THE COURT: All right. The last name is
- 17 B-a-r-t-l-e-t-t?
- 18 THE WITNESS: That's correct.
- THE COURT: All right, sir. Mr. Lee, you may
- 20 proceed.
- MR. LEE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION
- 23 BY MR. LEE:
- Q Mr. Bartlett, you told us a you're a Meterman A
- with the FP&L that works at the Meter Technology Center?

- 1 A That's correct.
- 2 Q As part of your job duties, are you called upon to
- 3 look at meters that have been taken out of service and
- 4 brought back to your shop and inspect to see if there has
- 5 been any type of tampering or other kind of things going on
- 6 with the meter that are unusual?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q And have you been trained in order to look for
- 9 certain things, and what is normal and what would be out of
- 10 the normal?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q Okay. How long have you been doing that?
- 13 A About 12 years.
- 14 Q Okay, and in this particular case involving the
- 15 Callards and a meter that was pulled off their house that we
- 16 heard testimony from Mr. List about, did you have an
- 17 opportunity to inspect that meter after it was pulled from
- 18 the home?
- 19 A Yes, I did.
- 20 Q And I've got here with us in Tallahassee -- and I
- 21 will hand it to you, but I will ask you to hold it to the
- 22 camera so that they can see what we are talking about here.
- 23 I don't know if you're on camera with the meter. You might
- 24 pull it closer to you.
- 25 A Right here?

```
There you go.
         Q
1
              THE COURT: I'll try to zoom in on the, on the
2
         item there.
3
                        If you can hold it steady, I think His
              MR. LEE:
Δ
         Honor is trying to adjust the camera.
5
              THE COURT: Let me see if I can get any closer.
         It looks like that's about as high as I can get. Hold
7
         on.
8
              MR. LEE: Maybe you could raise it up just a
         little bit.
_ 0
               THE WITNESS: Okay.
11
               THE COURT: I will try to back up a bit. Can you
L2
         all see that?
13
               MRS. CALLARD: We can see the meter, yes.
14
     BY MR. LEE:
15
               You can lower it now. I just wanted to show what
16
     we were talking about. Can you read for me -- is there a
17
     label on the front of that meter?
18
               I can read the -- it has got a removal reason code
19
     21.
20
               Okay. Does it have a date?
          Q
21
               It has a date that -- July 24th, '02.
          Α
2.2
               And is there an address on the meter?
23
               Yes, there is. 7860 Southwest 18th Terrace.
24
          Α
          Q
               And then is there also a meter number on there?
25
```

- 1 A Yes, there is. The meter number is 5C-35633.
- 2 Q And are those the same numbers that Mr. List
- 3 testified about?
- 4 A That's correct.
- O Okay. Is this the meter that you inspected in
- 6 order to look for any tampering as regards to the Callards'
- 7 residence?
- 8 THE COURT: Hold on. Hold on. Can you all still
- 9 hear us? Can you hear us in Miami? Miami, are you
- there? I think we lost them.
- 11 (Discussion off the record.)
- THE COURT: Why don't we take a five-minute break
- here? They are going to bring in the technical folks
- 14 and reestablish the connection.
- 15 (Brief recess.)
- 16 THE COURT: We are back up in Miami?
- MR. LEE: Can everybody hear us?
- 18 THE COURT: Can you hear us in Miami?
- 19 THE COURT REPORTER: Yes, we can.
- 20 THE COURT: Sorry for that interruption. I am
- 21 pleased to see the technical folks have got us
- restored. We were in the, in the direct examination of
- Mr. Bartlett when we were interrupted.
- Mr. Lee, if you want to pick up about where we
- 25 left off and proceed?

- 1 MR. LEE: I will try to do that, Your Honor.
- 2 BY MR. LEE:
- 3 O Mr. Bartlett, I just had you read off the meter
- 4 number, and if you could do that again, I am not sure if
- 5 they heard that.
- 6 A 5C-35633.
- 7 Q Okay, and when did you do your investigation of
- 8 this meter back at your shop?
- 9 A Let's see, 8-26-02.
- 10 Q Okay, and you're getting that off your report?
- 11 A Yes, I am.
- 12 Q Okay, and when you did your inspection of the
- 13 meter, what was it that you initially did?
- 14 A Well, I first examined the meter by looking at it
- 15 first. I noticed that the -- the back of the meter has a
- 16 canopy seal that holds the cover on the meter, and that had
- 17 been broken. It was -- when it is completely complete, it
- 18 goes through and bends over. But there was just one piece
- of seal there, so it was a code 55, they call that.
- 20 Q Okay, and what else did you notice about the
- 21 meter?
- 22 A I removed the cover and found that the -- there
- 23 were scratches and dial tampering and smudges on the
- 24 register.
- 25 O Okay. Anything else that you noticed? Did you

- 1 notice anything about the blades on the meter?
- 2 A The blades looked -- well, they looked worn. They
- 3 showed some kind of in-and-out or something like that. But
- 4 this doesn't appear to be that bad, really.
- Okay, but there was some wear on the blades?
- 6 A Yes, there was.
- 7 Q And just so we know, if you could point to what
- 8 the blades are on the meter.
- 9 A Right here is the blades.
- 10 Q Okay. If you could also show His Honor what
- 11 you're talking about as well?
- 12 A These blades here.
- 13 Q You called them blades. What are they and what do
- 14 they do?
- 15 A They fit into the socket of the can that sits on a
- 16 home.
- 17 Q Okay.
- 18 A They also sit in the socket of the machine that I
- 19 test the meter on.
- 20 Q If you noted some blade wear, what does that
- 21 usually indicate?
- 22 A In and out, possibly in and out of the socket
- or -- that's mostly what it would mean, in and out of the
- 24 socket.
- Q Okay. Were there any other things about the meter

- 1 that you noticed appeared either tampered with or out of the
- 2 normal?
- 3 A Can I take the cover off?
- 4 Q Yeah, sure. Now, let me stop you there. You took
- 5 the cover off the meter. If there is a seal on the meter,
- 6 can somebody open that cover without breaking that seal?
- 7 A No.
- 8 Q So the only way to do what you just did is in
- 9 order to either remove or break the seal?
- 10 A That's correct.
- 11 Q Okay, and without -- this canopy here that you
- 12 pulled off, is it supposed to be intact? In other words,
- 13 are there supposed to be any holes when it's on the meter?
- 14 A Yeah, on the cover here there's a hole here,
- 15 that's right here, that would indicate that that's where --
- 16 the seal that goes in through the cover onto the meter and
- 17 seals tightly down.
- 18 Q Okay.
- 19 A Same story.
- 20 Unless somebody made a cut or a hole in that
- 21 actual canopy, though -- I mean in the glass or the plastic,
- 22 whatever that is -- unless somebody cut that, is it possible
- 23 for somebody to get to these dials on the meter without
- 24 taking that canopy cover off?
- 25 A No.

- 1 Q Okay. Okay. Go ahead and tell me what it is you
- 2 wanted to say about inside the meter.
- 3 A Well, I noticed that there were -- the dials here
- 4 were off scale, and there were smudges and scratches into
- 5 the dial area where someone had -- there was another
- 6 indication, also, that -- the dials were pushed in on the,
- 7 on the face of this.
- 8 Usually, they are a little bit away from the face
- 9 so they have a free movement of turn.
- 10 Q Okay, and what does that indicate to you when the
- 11 deals are actually pushed in?
- 12 A They were tampered with.
- Q Okay, and how?
- 14 A How? They could have done it by either a
- 15 screwdriver, or it could have been done by pushing down and
- 16 rotating the dash -- the dial.
- Q Okay, and when somebody pushes down on it and
- 18 rotates the dial, is there any other sign?
- 19 A It will leave scratches. It will leave smudges
- 20 from the dial themselves. There's some smudges on the face
- 21 plate as well.
- 22 Q Let me stop you right there. Were there actual --
- 23 where the dials would spin, were there smudges or scratches
- 24 from the dials being pushed down?
- 25 A Yes.

- 1 Q Is this something in its normal wear and usage
- 2 that should be visible or present on a meter?
- A On a regular meter? No, you wouldn't see that.
- Q Okay. You also mentioned something about the --
- 5 there were scratches where?
- 6 A There's a few scratches underneath on the disk
- 7 here. You can see on the disk here, usually the disk is
- 8 completely clean-faced, which would indicate a drag,
- 9 possibly someone pushing down on the disk would cause this
- 10 to drag on the disk, giving it a lower reading --
- 11 Q Okay.
- 12 A -- on one of the, on one of the loads that we
- 13 check for.
- 14 Q Now, when a meter reader goes out and reads the
- 15 meter, they just simply look at the numbers and record the
- 16 numbers that are on the meter?
- 17 A That's correct.
- 18 Q So if somebody were to move those dials around,
- 19 they could adjust what their reading is before the meter
- 20 reader got there?
- 21 A That's correct. Yes, they could.
- Q Okay, and they could roll it backwards to minimize
- what usage appeared?
- 24 A They could do whatever they wanted to do, and I
- 25 wouldn't -- you know, I wouldn't know what reading they were

- 1 looking for, but they could do whatever they had to do.
- Q Okay. I want to ask you to compare that to a
- 3 newer looking meter and tell me -- if you could show the
- 4 camera, also.
- 5 A Right. This is a newer meter. It's a sagamow
- 6 (ph) meter, and as you can see, the face is very clean, and
- 7 there are no indications that there were marks on the meter
- 8 on the register itself.
- 9 Q Can you also show His Honor also?
- 10 A And if anything is -- has any kind of a mark that
- 11 we see, before the meter goes out of the test center, if
- 12 there's any scratches on the register or anything on the
- 13 meter, this meter will not be sent out.
- 14 Q So when they are set, they have to be clean?
- 15 A That's correct.
- 16 Q And then the only way to get into that is to take
- 17 the canopy cover off?
- 18 A That's correct.
- 19 Q So you should not see the conditions that you're
- 20 seeing here?
- 21 A You should not see the conditions, what this --
- 22 smudges and scratches on the dial or even anything like that
- 23 at all.
- Q Unless somebody has taken that canopy cover off?
- 25 A That's correct.

1

- MS. COCHRAN: Would you like to see those a little
- 3 closer?
- 4 THE COURT: Yeah.
- 5 MR. LEE: Be careful of your hands. I just
- 6 realized --
- 7 THE WITNESS: If you turn that disk a little bit,
- 8 you will see some scratches.
- 9 THE COURT: This disk here?
- 10 THE WITNESS: Yeah, on the bottom, yeah. Check
- 11 the other disk, you won't have a scratch at all on it.
- MS. COCHRAN: That meter is primarily to
- demonstrate the dials, that they should be clean.
- Because there was tampering on this meter but not the
- same type of tampering.
- 16 THE WITNESS: And if you look at the -- can I
- 17 explain that?
- 18 BY MR. LEE:
- 19 Q Yeah, go ahead.
- 20 A If you look at the register and look at the other
- 21 register --
- 22 Q What is the register?
- 23 A Look at the dials, for the dials, and see that
- 24 they are a little bit away from the face of the meter.
- 25 Q You mean on the good one?

- 1 A On the good one.
- Q On the sample one, I guess. Whereas, on the other
- 3 one they are pushed down?
- 4 A Yeah, pushed down.
- 5 THE COURT: Okay, thanks.
- 6 BY MR. LEE:
- 7 Q Was that the end of your inspection of these
- 8 meters?
- 9 A After that I tested it on the board, take an
- 10 actual test of it, and found that it -- the readings were
- 11 good on the full-load test. But on the light-load, it was
- 12 below our, our registered ratio.
- 13 Q So it was reading low?
- 14 A It was reading -- we allowed 2 percent on each side
- 15 for a full-load and light-load, 98 percent to 102 percent.
- 16 It ran -- on the full-load it ran 99.6 percent, which was
- 17 within our test standards. But on the light-load it ran
- 18 97.80, so it indicated there was some kind of tampering,
- 19 internal tampering, besides the dial testing.
- 20 Q In other words, so the meter would not -- if it
- 21 was not -- even if you didn't go into there and spin these
- 22 little dials, after that point, it would still register low
- 23 when there was light usage?
- 24 A Right.
- Q Okay. After doing that, did you do any further

- 1 testing to these meters -- or this meter?
- 2 A No, I did not. I made out a report and took a
- 3 seal that was with cover, put it in an envelope, marked down
- 4 the address and everything on it, and made out the report,
- 5 put the report around the meter, and it went over to the
- 6 veri-board to have a veri-board test. It indicates the
- 7 revolutions of the disk to the dials on the register. And
- 8 if they match up, ten to ten or whatever it ran -- I don't
- 9 know what it ran at the veri-board test.
- 10 Q Okay, and that was the end of your inspection on
- 11 the meter, though?
- 12 A That was correct.
- 13 Q Okay.
- 14 MR. LEE: One moment, Your Honor.
- 15 THE COURT: All right.
- MR. LEE: I believe that's it.
- 17 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Lee. Cross
- 18 examination, Mrs. Callard?
- 19 THE COURT REPORTER: Judge, can I interrupt for a
- 20 moment? This is the court reporter down here. Just so
- 21 we have clarification, now we are doing cross
- 22 examination, I assume Susan, your court reporter up
- there, is going to take this, correct?
- 24 THE COURT: Yes.
- 25 THE COURT REPORTER: Okay. Just so I know, thank

- 1 you.
- 2 THE COURT: All right.
- 3 CROSS EXAMINATION
- 4 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- 5 O I'm sorry, for what department does the gentleman
- 6 work for? Is it here in Miami?
- 7 A Yes, it is. It's Miami Technology Center.
- 8 Q Okay. I have a question for the gentleman that
- 9 says -- on the meter, are there any special tools to remove
- 10 this meter from the wall?
- 11 A I am sorry, but I did not remove it from the wall.
- 12 Q No. Are there any special tools that are used to
- 13 remove a meter from the wall?
- 14 A That isn't my job there for that time. I mean, I
- 15 could -- if I was out there in the field, I could remove the
- 16 meter from the wall, the socket. Possibly, to remove the
- 17 seal and take a screwdriver and take the ring off the meter
- 18 and then with the proper rubber gloves and glasses and hard
- 19 hat, I would remove that meter safely, yes. If I were out
- 20 there in the field, to remove that meter, which I was not.
- 21 I was in the Meter Technology Center testing your meter.
- 22 Q Did you receive the meter intact? Without
- 23 anything being removed from the meter from my house to your,
- 24 to your office?
- 25 A I received the meter in a can that was -- had a

- 1 current diversion sticker on the meter, indicating that
- 2 there was something that was -- that they wanted to
- 3 investigate to find out what was wrong with this meter.
- 4 Q When you received the meter, was the glass on the
- 5 meter?
- 6 A The cover was on the meter, but the seal was
- 7 broken that holds the cover to the meter.
- 8 Q Okay. Had you received a report indicating that
- 9 that meter had been dropped before you received it?
- 10 A No, I had not received any report like that at
- 11 all.
- 12 Q Okay. I don't know what the gentleman's name is,
- 13 the one that removed the meter. Did he remove the meter and
- 14 hand this meter on to you?
- 15 A No, he doesn't hand it to me it. It does come to
- 16 me. It is sent from his area or district, wherever he is
- 17 from. And it comes to our, it comes to our building where
- 18 there are several hundreds of these meters that come.
- 19 Q Okay. What guarantee do we have that this meter
- 20 was not touched or done anything to before you received it?
- 21 Do you have any knowledge that it came from somewhere else?
- 22 A Yes, it will have a -- it will have a district on
- 23 the -- on here, on the sticker that is put on the meter,
- 24 prior to coming to me, and it was in District 81 that -- it
- 25 was sent to us from District 81, which would be Miami.

- 1 Q Is your office in Miami, sir?
- 2 A Yes, it is. It's in -- yes, it is in Miami.
- 3 Q Why does the meter read coming from Miami if
- 4 you're in Miami?
- 5 A I don't seem to understand that. You mean was the
- 6 reading from the meter --
- 7 Q No. The label on the clock says from Miami. Is
- 8 your office not in Miami?
- 9 A Yes, it is in Miami.
- 10 Q Did you maintain the meter in your office until
- 11 you performed whatever you had to perform with the meter?
- 12 A There are hundreds of these meters that come to
- our office, and they come in cans that are set up in a
- 14 different area, that are locked up every single night so
- 15 that they don't become tampered about with.
- 16 They are in lock-up rooms. Then there is about
- 17 five of us that work on these meters, that individually take
- 18 about 20 of these day to day and test these meters.
- 19 Q Okay. How can someone remove a seal on the back
- 20 of the meter which you initially sealed?
- 21 A Well, actually, if you can see the back of this
- 22 meter here, if I put it right there, there is a point right
- 23 here -- I don't know if you can see maybe on from this angle
- 24 or whatever. The seal goes in between this plastic here and
- 25 maybe -- and it bends over to hold this cover on this meter.

- 1 Well, that seal went through here on the cover, but it
- 2 didn't have the little bending part that bends over to hold
- 3 the cover on. It was just the seal itself. So the seal was
- 4 broken.
- 5 Q Could that meter have -- could the seal on that
- 6 meter have broken when the meter dropped six feet from the
- 7 wall?
- 8 A I don't know. If the meter had fallen from the
- 9 wall, the cover probably would have been broken because it
- 10 is glass.
- 11 Q So you're saying that meter couldn't have fallen?
- 12 A If the meter had fallen, the seal probably would
- 13 not have been broken because it would still hold the cover
- 14 or whatever was left of it.
- 15 Q So what you're saying is that if the meter had
- 16 fallen and rolled on the ground, it wouldn't have broke the
- 17 seal, is what you're saying?
- 18 A I am saying that's correct.
- 19 Q Can you tell how old this meter was?
- 20 A No. I could tell you it's a Westinghouse meter.
- 21 But, no, I could not tell you when it was set in your house.
- 22 Q Is it possible that all of the alterations that
- 23 you say the meter have could have been done by a field
- 24 official upon your investigation?
- 25 A No, I would not know of that, no.

- 1 Q Or prior to your investigation?
- 2 A No.
- 3 Q Okay. You say in prior reporting that this was
- 4 visible; that there were smudges and breaking of the seal
- 5 visibly by looking at the clock?
- 6 A That's correct.
- 7 Q Okay. Then my question is: If the seal was
- 8 broken on the back of the clock -- or meter, how could a
- 9 meter reader know that there was something visibly wrong
- 10 with this meter without having to remove the meter from the
- 11 wall, if the seal we're talking about, you're saying is on
- 12 the back of the meter?
- 13 A Well, the cover is held to the meter by a seal.
- 14 This holds the cover on, and it has nothing to do with when
- 15 a meter reader came out, and he looked at the meter, and he
- 16 looked at the face, and he saw the dials, and he saw the
- 17 smudges, and he saw whatever he saw there, that has nothing
- 18 to do with the cover on the meter. That cover on the meter,
- 19 you'll not see that until you remove the meter, that the
- 20 cover was broken. That's all I can tell you.
- 21 Q Upon removing the meter from the home, how was
- this meter delivered to you or to your office?
- 23 A Well, the meter -- the meter man took it back in
- 24 his truck and brought it back to his office where he works.
- 25 And it was sent in to a -- probably a playpen, where several

- 1 current diversion meters are only put in this special
- playpen. And this playpen comes by truck, delivered
- 3 directly to the meter test center. And then --
 - Q Are these meters sealed?
- A The playpen is sealed. It is not --
- Q No. Are the meters sealed once they are removed
- 7 from the home to where they are going, are they sealed?
- 8 A No, the meters are not sealed. The meters are not
- 9 sealed because they come as what -- they come here as found,
- 10 as found. Whatever they the meter man had done -- they are
- 11 placed in a can, which is placed in a playpen, which, the
- 12 playpen is sealed and marked for current diversion.
- 13 The current diversion playpen will come to our
- 14 center and be delivered to us. We'll check it in and check
- 15 the meters on them, and they will be tested individually.
- 16 Q What is the date or the year that this meter was
- 17 fabricated? What is the date of that meter? How old is
- 18 that meter, or the year or whatever?
- 19 A I would not know unless they went back in the
- 20 records and found out how -- these meters could be, I don't
- 21 know, maybe 20 years old. I don't know. I wouldn't be able
- 22 to tell you that. They are -- we buy these meters, though.
- 23 You know, there are several million of them out there. What
- 24 do I do --
- 25 Q Is there anything on the meter to show more or

- l less when the meter was --
- A No, they won't have any indication of the year or
- 3 date it was. No.
- 4 Q It has no year or nothing of where --
- 5 A No.
- 6 O The --
- 7 A There are several, there are several.
- 8 Q Or the company that made the --
- 9 A Westinghouse made them is all I can tell you.
- O There are several million meters out there. There are
- 1 millions of meters out there.
- .2 Q Is there any way of knowing when this meter was
- .3 created or --
- .4 A You could call Westinghouse and talk to the
- 15 manufacturer.
- 16 0 -- or a number on the meter?
- 17 A If you called Westinghouse, you could talk to the
- 18 manufacturer and find out when they issued that meter out.
- 19 Q But, I mean, we don't know how old the meter is?
- 20 A Not, not that I can recollect, no.
- 21 O Right on the dial itself, right above the little
- 22 meter readings, there is a black strip on top of the meter.
- 23 What does that number up there represent, if anything?
- 24 A You mean the RR, register ratio, the 13 --
- 25 Q It is right above the black little strip, right

- 1 above the black strip.
- 2 A I don't see a black slip. I don't know what they
- 3 are talking about.
- 4 MR. LEE: Just tell them that.
- 5 THE WITNESS: I don't even know what you are
- 6 indicating on this meter. Would you explain --
- 7 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- 8 Q Can you put the --
- 9 A I see the meter. Right here?
- 10 Q Can he go out and point out what it is?
- 11 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I think what the problem
- is, is that you've got two different types of meters,
- so they both don't look the same.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Well, this is their meter, the
- Westinghouse meter that was in their socket.
- 16 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Right, but the picture they
- are looking at is the one that is on their house.
- THE WITNESS: Oh, right now. Oh. Would it be
- this -- no, well, that meter we don't have --
- 20 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The meter that he has there
- isn't the same type of meter. They look different, so
- when you asked him to look at a black stripe, at that
- 23 meter, that meter over there, it doesn't have one.
- 24 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- Q Can we see the meter again?

- A Here is the other meter again.
- MR. LEE: Hold on. I am going to try to bring it
- 3 up closer to the camera. Is that okay, Your Honor?
- 4 THE COURT: Yes.
- 5 MR. LEE: I am just trying to --
- 6 MRS. CALLARD: The number that is right above that
- 7 strip there.
- 8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you back it out a
- 9 little bit, see it would focus? Right above
- 10 Westinghouse. The register ratio.
- MR. LEE: This right here?
- 12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yeah, right there.
- MR. LEE: Okay, let me go so that -- I guess they
- are asking you to tell them what that is right there.
- THE WITNESS: This is, this is the register ratio
- of the meter, meaning that the disk rotation, the
- 17 revolutions, the revolutions that the disk turns around
- 18 goes 13 and 8/9ths turns around for one kilowatt. For
- one little bit of the dial, it has to go around 13 and
- 20 8/9ths revolutions of the disk.
- 21 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- Q We are talking about a painted number on top of
- 23 that. We are not talking about the black strip. We are
- 24 talking about the number that's above that.
- 25 A I don't have a number above that. I only have 13

- 1 and 8/9ths. Is that what you're seeing?
- 2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It is not the same type of
- 3 meter.
- 4 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- Q Okay. If this is not the same type of meter, then
- 6 how are we comparing our meter to another meter?
- 7 THE COURT: Mrs. Callard, let me jump in here so
- 8 maybe we can move along on this. What exactly are you
- 9 looking at? You're looking at a photograph?
- 10 MRS. CALLARD: I am looking at photograph of the
- 11 meter that this gentleman put in the house.
- 12 THE COURT: And you took the picture?
- MRS. CALLARD: When he took the original one.
- 14 THE COURT: Did you take the picture?
- 15 MRS. CALLARD: Yes.
- 16 THE COURT: When did you take the picture?
- 17 MRS. CALLARD: When they put the meter on, Your
- 18 Honor.
- 19 THE COURT: So that's the new meter, correct?
- 20 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. This is a new meter, but they
- also took this meter with them. We have another meter.
- 22 And this meter, we had evidence with this meter, and
- 23 they took this meter.
- 24 THE COURT: They took -- are you saying that they
- took the new meter, so that you've had two new meters

since the one that allegedly was tampered with? 1 MRS. CALLARD: That's correct, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: That's a picture of which one? 3 The first new meter on the second new meter? MRS. CALLARD: This is the first new meter. 5 6 this is the one that the gentleman removed our meter 7 and put this meter on. THE COURT: Right. 8 Then they took this meter also and 9 MRS. CALLARD: put another meter on. 10 THE COURT: All right. Does -- let me ask Mr. 11 Lee: Does anyone here have a copy of the photo that 12 she is referring to.? 13 MR. LEE: I do not. 14 THE COURT: All right. You only have one copy of 15 those pictures, Mrs. Callard? 16 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, Your Honor, but I will be glad 17 to forward them to you. 18 19 THE COURT: All right. In fact, on that issue, I know prior to 20 MR. LEE: 21 the hearing we were all supposed to exchange witnesses and exhibits. To date I have never received anything 22 from Mrs. Callard, although I did give her a list of 23 what we were presenting, and in that letter made 24 reference to the fact that I was looking forward to 25

- 1 receiving whatever exhibits she had planned on using.
- THE COURT: All right. We'll take that up --
- MRS. CALLARD: He doesn't have a list of all the
- 4 meters. I supplied him a list of the three meters with
- all of the bills pertaining to each meter, so he would
- 6 see that there were various meters.
- 7 THE COURT: All right. Well, Mrs. Callard, I
- 8 think what's happened here is -- someone down there
- 9 suggested is that you're asking this witness,
- 10 Mr. Bartlett, a question about a different meter than
- 11 the one that he has in front of him. And that's why he
- is not able to answer the question, because whatever it
- is you're seeing on the photograph isn't also present
- on the meter that's here.
- 15 So unless we have the picture here -- which
- 16 evidently we do not -- this witness can't answer that
- 17 question.
- 18 He can answer questions about the meters that he
- 19 has here. And if you can describe what's in the
- 20 picture, perhaps he can tell you what he knows about
- it. But, otherwise, I think you'll need to, to move on
- 22 to a different question.
- 23 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- Q Okay. Then he received the meter 5C-46714 for his
- 25 inspection also?

- 1 A No. No, I have not. I only have the meter that
- 2 was in question.
- 3 Q So is it safe to say that all the meters that were
- 4 removed, you only received the one?
- 5 A One that was indicated to be a current diversion
- 6 meter, yes, correct. It was indicated -- put a label on
- 7 there, indicated as possibly could be a current diversion
- 8 meter. These other meters could be removed and not be
- 9 current diversion, just be removed.
- 10 Q Would this, would this meter be part of the
- 11 investigation as well?
- 12 A The other meter that you have in there now?
- 13 Q The meters that were removed from the home.
- 14 A Only the one meter that was removed from the home
- 15 is under the current diversion investigation, not any of the
- 16 others.
- 17 O So then why was this meter removed, the second
- 18 meter removed?
- 19 A I have no idea why it was removed. It might have
- 20 been removed for another reason and we do not know.
- 21 Q Do we know what happened to our second meter?
- 22 A I don't -- I wouldn't be able to tell you that.
- MRS. CALLARD: Okay. Thank you, thank you, Your
- 24 Honor.
- THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mrs. Callard.

- 1 Redirect?
- MR. LEE: Just a couple of questions.
- 3 (Discussion off the record.)
- 4 MRS. CALLARD: I am sorry, Your Honor. Okay.
- 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 6 BY MR. LEE:
- 7 Q Mr. Bartlett, reference has been made to dropping
- 8 of the meter. If this meter had been dropped, would that
- 9 cause the different things that you have talked about here
- 10 today being present, such as the scratches and smudges on
- 11 the meter, on the actual face of the meter?
- 12 A No. It would not have caused the smudges or
- 13 scratches at all.
- Q Okay, or the dials being pushed down or any of
- those other things you testified about?
- 16 A No, I don't believe so.
- 17 O Okay. Especially if the canopy cover was on there
- 18 when it was dropped?
- 19 A Yeah. If it was on there, if it broke, of course,
- 20 it could have bent, possibly, the case, but it would not
- 21 have made any smudges or scratches or anything like that.
- Q Okay.
- 23 A Or else they would have been visible.
- MR. LEE: That's all the questions I have.
- THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Bartlett.

- MR. LEE: Your Honor, I do have one issue, and
 unfortunately, this has gone a little bit longer and
 slower than I had anticipated. Two of us have a hotel
 room that we're supposed to be checked out of, and we
 we've got until 12:30, I think, to allow us to get back
 out of the room.

 The only other witnesses don't necessarily have to be
- the only other witness -- well, I have two, but
 the only other witnesses don't necessarily have to be
 in front of Your Honor. I don't know -- I know the
 court reporter, this courter has to leave by noon. I
 am just not sure how you want to proceed. I was under
 the impression the hearing was an hour.
- MRS. CALLARD: Excuse me, Your Honor, can I ask
 the gentleman a question still?
- MR. LEE: Sure.
- 16 THE COURT: All right, go ahead.
- 17 RECROSS EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MRS. CALLARD:
- 19 Q From the time that the meter was removed from the
- 20 home to when you received the meter, could anybody else have
- 21 had the meter in his possession and reviewed the meter?
- 22 A No, that's not possible. It comes to us in a
- 23 playpen, and it's --
- Q What is that?
- 25 A Huh? All the meters from that district area will

- 1 be transported by truck, but they will be in a playpen or on
- 2 a pallet, and they will all be plastic covered when they
- 3 come to us.
- 4 Q Did you not say you received it in a bag? How did
- 5 you receive our meter?
- 6 A Well, there are several meters, current diversion
- 7 meters that will come from that district area that will be
- 8 on a pallet, and there may be -- I don't know how many
- 9 meters there, but they come to us from that district by
- 10 truck. They come to us --
- 11 0 How was the meter received?
- 12 A They will come in, and we will check them in, and
- 13 they will go to a certain area.
- 14 Q Was it in a package? Was it in a plastic? Was it
- 15 sealed? Was it open?
- 16 A It will be in a can. It will be in a meter can.
- 17 It will come in a meter can.
- 18 Q And who would have placed that meter in a meter
- 19 can?
- 20 A The meter man.
- 21 Q The meter man?
- 22 A The meter man that took your meter.
- 23 O Which would have been this gentleman here; is that
- 24 correct?
- 25 A That's correct.

		•
1	MRS. CALLARD: Okay, Your Hor	nor, the confusion is
2	that my husband was there when the	e meter was removed,
3	and this meter was not placed.	anything. It was
	biererion	led the door for the
		ink your husband can
		from the meter man
		. And as I
		here, but your
		the difficulty in
		understand what's

go ahead and ask

15 here today. THE COURT: All right. Mrs. Callard, you will 16 have to explain it to him as best you can. And as I 17 have indicated at the beginning of the hearing today, 18 we are going to reconvene to take your husband's 19 testimony. Depending on when that occurs, it may be 20 that you will have an opportunity to look at the 21 22 transcript to, to see what exactly has occurred today. But you'll have to advise your husband as best you can 23 regarding what's, what's occurred. 24 Do you have any more questions for Mr. Bartlett so 25

we can complete his examination? 1 MRS. CALLARD: No, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Lee, did you have anything more from Mr. Bartlett? MR. LEE: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. You have an issue regarding scheduling. 7 MR. LEE: I know the court reporter here has told 8 us off the record she need to be gone by noon. 9 Mr. Cunill is the only witness left in Miami. 10 unfortunately, he is the most lengthy of all of the 11 witnesses, probably. He is the one that did all the 12 analysis and came up with the back billing. 13 I may or may not have an issue with the hotel. We 14 just anticipated that we would be done by 11:30 or 15 12:00 at the latest, and we were told we could get out 16 of there by 12:30, so I haven't packed up my room. 17 just left things as they were, so to speak. 18 That is basically my two issues, and I don't know, 19 I just didn't anticipate it taking quite this long. 20 know it was set aside for an hour, but I planned an 21 extra hour in case. 22 I think we have the video until one THE COURT: 23 o'clock. There may be another case coming in at one 24

Is Mr. Cunill your last witness?

o'clock.

25

MR. LEE: Ms. Cochran may or may not testify. It just depends on if there is an issue Mr. Cunill can't testify to, she may fill in a gap or two.

THE COURT: We have the court reporter in Miami, so that wouldn't be a problem. She could take that, if she needed to, she could take the witness here, which leaves the hotel issue.

I don't know, so that may be a question of whether you want to finish the witness or take care of that.

We are going to come back anyway. It is a question of whether we could probably finish your case if we keep going.

MR. LEE: Can we just take a five-minute break? She could leave because she is not going to be presenting anything else, and maybe I could have her go to the hotel and take care of our rooms for us, and that way that won't be an issue, and we can just proceed here.

THE COURT: All right. What we are going to do, Miami, is we are going to take a five-minute break so that the FP&L folks can take care of some issues they have regarding their hotels here, and we'll reconvene at 11:40 and take up the next witness, which will be Mr. Cunill. Is that right?

MR. LEE: Yes.

```
THE COURT: All right, so we'll be in recess until
1
          11:40.
               (Brief recess.)
3
               (The remainder of the hearing was reported by the
4
          court reporter in Miami and filed under separate
5
          cover.)
7
8
9
_ 0
11
L2
L3
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	CERTIFICATE		
2	STATE OF FLORIDA)		
3	COUNTY OF LEON)		
4	I, SUSAN WILLIS, RPR, CMR, CRR, Court Reporter at		
5	Tallahassee, Florida, do hereby certify as follows:		
6	THAT I correctly reported in shorthand the		
7	foregoing proceedings at the time and place stated in the		
8	caption hereof;		
9	THAT I later reduced the shorthand notes to		
10	typewriting, or under my supervision, and that the foregoin		
11	pages 4 through 70 represent a true, correct, and complete		
12	transcript of said proceedings;		
13	And I further certify that I am not of kin or		
14	counsel to the parties in the case; am not in the regular		
15	employ of counsel for any of said parties; nor am I in		
16	anywise interested in the result of said case.		
17	Dated this 23rd day of February, 2005.		
18			
19	Susan Willis		
20			
21	Susan Willis MY COMMISSION # DD136786 EXPIRES August 16, 2006 BONDED THRU TROY FAIN INSURANCE, INC.		
23	SUSAN WILLIS		
24	Court Reporter and Notary Public		

State of Florida at Large

able 10:3.5 24:4 26:1.7 33:2 56:21 62:12 63:22 67:12 acceptable 36:7 accomplished 17:22 account 10:11 14:19 15:8 18:25 30:4 accounts 11:12 accurate 23:6 accurately 18:7 22:21 action 19:15.15 active 7:24 actual 14:23 44:21 45:22 49:10 64:11 additional 12:1 address 6:13 40:23 50:4 adjourn 29:3 adjust 40:5 46:19 adjusted 11:25 14:1 administrative 1:1,14 4:6 6:17 7:18,25 20:1 advise 67:23 agency 6:24 7:6,10,19 7:20,23 9:5 21:14,16 21:19 29:10 agree 12:22 ahead 17:21 18:9 27:15 29:17 32:9 35:7 37:15 45:1 48:19 65:16 67:13 air 34:12 Albert 3:5 38:7,13 allege 14:5 alleged 14:21 allegedly 61:1 allow 13:12 65:5 allowed 49:14 allowing 30:20 alterations 54:22 altering 31:7 alternative 22:8 amount 12:1 14:13 19:9.20 31:22 amounts 14:1 15:6 analysis 68:13 angle 53:23 answer 62:12,16,18 anticipate 8:3 68:20 **anticipated** 65:3 68:15 anybody 65:20 anyway 69:10 anywise 71:16 Apalachee 1:15 apparently 31:8 appear 23:1 43:4 appearance 4:11

APPEARANCES 2:1 appeared 30:19 44:1 46:23 appearing 26:14 appliances 17:10 application 15:5 apply 14:13,22 applying 13:24 appointed 28:10 appropriate 19:17,24 27:9 approved 13:24 14:16 31:22 area 22:18 45:5 52:16 53:14 65:25 66:7,13 argue 34:4 arguing 6:1 arose 21:12 **arrange** 6:4.5 7:7 24:12 arrangement 20:13 arrangements 6:20 20:1,10 24:22 29:7 aside 68:21 asked 20:16 24:8.9 26:3,8 32:15,23 58:22 asking 22:21 59:14 62:9 aspect 15:14 assigned 4:6 assist 25:14 assisting 4:20 assume 18:24 33:14,19 34:1 50:22 assumption 12:23 attended 28:2 attorney 5:1 7:6 10:21 August 11:20,22 27:1

b 22:22

back 11:17 13:22 16:17

27:1 30:24 31:2,13

39:4 40:12 41:16

42:8,15 53:19,21

55:8,12,23,24 56:19

59:8 65:5 68:13

69:10

background 9:7

background 9:7

backwards 46:22

bad 11:23 43:4

bag 66:4

balance 36:4

bartlett 3:5 5:4 31:5

37:8,9,21 38:4,7,13

30:25

a.m 1:17

authority 6:20

aware 8:21 27:19 28:1

В

38:14.24 41:23 42:3 62:10 64:7.25 67:9 67:25 68:4 based 5:21 13:25 15:6 28:16 31:21 basically 13:17 68:19 Beach 2:7 beginning 67:18 begun 31:15 behalf 2:2.4 believe 6:25 50:16 64:16 believed 13:21 bending 54:2 bends 42:18 53:25 54:2 benefit 6:16 bent 64:20 Bert 5:7 31:11 best 67:17.23 **better 27:13** biggest 20:22,24 21:3 22:18 23:4 bill 8:19 20:2,5,7 billed 12:3 31:25 billing 12:1 13:23,24 14:1,2,8,10 20:10 31:13,24 68:13 bills 10:19,20,23 11:9 11:11 14:14 15:7,13 34:2,3,7,8,9,11,12 62:5 bit 7:22 25:3 36:17 40:10,12 45:8 48:7 48:24 59:9,19 65:2 black 57:22,25 58:1,2 58:22 59:23 blade 43:20 blades 43:1,2,5,8,9,12 43:13 blow 17:10 board 49:9 Bolivar 5:9 bottom 7:17 48:10 **Boulevard** 2:6 break 41:12 44:9 69:13 69:20 reaking 44:6 55:4 **prief** 29:22 32:2 41:15 70:3 **priefly** 5:18 6:13 13:15 30:1 pring 41:13 59:2 **proke** 54:16 64:19 **Proken** 42:17 52:7 54:4 54:6,9,13 55:8,20 **Prought** 28:4 31:2 39:4

burden 12:18.25 13:5 13:11 29:16 buy 56:22 B-a-r-t-l-e-t-t 38:17 C C4:171:1.1 cable 15:22,23,25 16:6 16:14,17,22 cables 34:22 calculate 14:9 calculated 12:3 call 7:5 9:15 17:17 23:16 35:18.19 37:8 42:19 57:14 Callard 1:4 2:3 3:7,9 4:3,12,15,15,18,22 5:14 6:1,5,11,16,25 8:1,5,13,18,25 9:2,9 9:17,20,25 10:2,5,13 10:18,24 11:1,5,7,11 15:10,19,21 16:3,6 16:12,20,21,22,24 17:2.11.15.19.22 18:9,10,13,15,20,23 21:25 22:12,17,19 23:1,5,6,22 24:15 25:3,12,19,23,25 26:11,12 27:12,14,16 28:5,6,7 30:3 32:2,4 32:6 33:13,22,25 34:6,10,11,23 35:2,5 35:6,8,11,13 36:10 36:11 37:13,19 38:3 40:14 50:18 51:4 58:7,24 59:6,21 60:4 60:7,10,13,15,17,20 61:2,5,9,16,17,23 62:3,7,23 63:23,25 64:4 65:13,18 67:1,6 67:11.16 68:2 Callards 5:22 20:23 22:6 29:20 39:15 41:6 Callard's 28:25 called 7:1 16:9,12,14 32:10 38:8 39:2 43:13 57:17 camera 33:10 36:15 37:24,24 39:22,23 40:5 47:4 59:3 canopy 30:14,16 42:16 44:11,21,24 47:17,24 64:17 cans 53:13

caption 71:8

careful 48:5

carrying 19:15

care 9:13 69:9,16,21

case 1:6 4:3,21 5:21 6:24 7:18,22,24 8:18 8:24 9:23 10:3,3,6,10 10:10 12:5 13:4,15 13:18 14:18,25 15:2 15:12,15 17:23 21:20 24:16,18 25:7 27:1 27:12 28:18 29:14,18 29:20 31:12 33:19 39:14 64:20 68:22,24 69:11 71:14.16 cases 20:17 caught 16:13 cause 46:9 64:9 caused 64:12 center 38:14,25 47:11 51:7,21 56:3,14 certain 19:9 20:3 39:9 66:13 certainly 21:6 29:14 **CERTIFICATE 3:11** certify 71:5,13 **chance** 22:19 **change** 11:14 charges 11:17 Chase 3:3 5:6 30:11 35:19 36:22 check 46:13 48:10 56:14,14 66:12 checked 30:13 65:4 circumstances 17:1 21:23 clarification 50:21 clean 47:6.14 48:13 clean-faced 46:8 clear 9:8 17:16 clerk 7:10 clock 53:7 55:5,8 close 7:14 9:3 closer 36:16,18 39:24 40:6 48:3 59:3 CMR 71:4 Cochran 5:2 27:23 32:10 48:2,12 69:1 code 20:1 40:19 42:19 Collared 5:19 6:2 come 7:13 32:19 52:15 52:18 53:12,13 56:9 56:9,13 66:3,7,9,10 66:12.17 69:10 comes 22:19 52:17.17 56:2 65:22 coming 9:3 12:21,23 14:1 20:25 21:2 52:24 53:3 68:24 commencing 1:16 **Commission** 6:25 7:3 9:21 10:20 11:2 14:17 19:22 20:5

ruilding 1:15 52:17

55:24

udget 6:18

Commission's 15:5 communicate 18:21 company 1:7 2:6 4:4 57:8 company's 15:15 compare 47:2 comparing 60:6 complaint 19:21 complete 42:17 68:1 71:11 **completely** 42:17 46:8 computers 5:17 concern 22:18 23:4 24:7 conditioning 34:12 **conditions** 47:19.21 conference 23:16 26:4 28:3 confirm 35:24 confused 25:3 confusing 26:1 confusion 67:1 connection 41:14 consider 22:9 constant 34:8,14 contact 20:10 contention 35:3 continue 21:7 26:25 continued 21:8 control 37:24 controversies 7:21 conversations 27:25 coordinate 36:6 **copies** 10:23 copy 61:12,15 correct 13:17 14:15,15 15:9 19:2,6 20:7 23:10 33:21 38:18 39:1 41:4 44:10 46:17,21 47:15,18,25 50:12,23 54:18 55:6 60:19 61:2 63:6 66:24.25 71:11 correctly 71:6 counsel 2:1 71:14,15 **COUNTY 71:3** couple 5:15 12:10,11 35:21 64:2 course 14:24 19:13 64:19 court 1:23 3:3,4 4:2,16 4:19,23 5:10 6:8,9,13 8:11,17,23 9:1,14,19 9:24 10:2,12,15,23 10:25 11:3,9,15,22 11:24 12:4,7,18,24 13:2,8,14 14:2,12,19 15:2,10 16:2,4,11,19 16:24 17:11,16,20

18:8.19 19:3.7 20:4 20:16 21:6 23:8.11 23:15,22 24:18 25:6 25:14,21,24 26:9,12 27:15 28:5.7 32:1 33:13,23 34:2,7,20 34:24 35:3,6,13,21 35:24 36:1,3,5,10,12 36:20,23 37:2,3,5,9 37:15.19.23 38:4.11 38:16,19 40:2,6,12 41:8,12,16,18,19,20 48:4.9 49:5 50:15.17 50:19,20,22,24,25 51:2 59:4 60:7,12,14 60:16,19,24 61:3,8 61:11.15.19 62:2.7 63:25 64:25 65:10,16 67:6,16 68:3,6,8,23 69:4,4,19 70:1,5 71:4 71:24 courter 65:10 cover 6:14 36:24 37:6 37:20 42:16,22 44:3 44:5,6,14,16,24 47:17.24 50:3 52:6.7 53:25 54:1,3,9,13 55:13,14,18,18,20 64:17 70:6 covered 66:2 create 7:21 22:5 created 57:13 creates 21:4 cross 3:7 18:4,17 22:20 23:14 50:17.21 51:3 CRR 1:22 71:4 Cunill 5:7 31:11 68:10 68:25 69:2,24 current 16:13 52:1 56:1,12,13 63:5,7,9 63:15 66:6 customer 20:10.13 customer's 14:20 15:7 cut 19:20 20:2,11 44:20

D

44:22

cutting 20:15

D 4:1 lamaged 35:1,3 lash 45:16 late 22:25 23:9 24:1 29:1 40:21,22 56:16 56:17 57:3 61:22 Dated 71:17 David 2:5 5:1 lay 30:21 53:18,18 71:17 lays 32:19

deal 21:2.15 29:6.9 dealing 8:6 11:17 deals 45:11 dealt 28:3 decide 19:23 decides 21:19 decision 7:17 21:17 30:22 deferring 23:8 delay 23:17 delivered 55:22 56:2 56:14 demonstrate 34:5 48:13 denying 5:23 department 2:5 30:10 51:5 Depending 67:20 depends 12:16 69:2 depth 12:14 describe 62:19 DeSoto 1:15 detail 18:12 detailed 30:24 31:4 details 8:10,14,22 17:13 29:2.11 determine 14:13 **determined** 31:10.17 31:18 32:21 determines 33:5 determining 15:6 dial 31:7 42:23 45:5,16 45:18,20 47:22 49:19 57:21 59:19 dials 44:23 45:3,6,23 45:24 46:18 48:13,23 48:23 49:22 50:7 55:16 64:14 difference 12:2 14:8 31:23 different 7:23 32:15 53:14 58:12,21 62:10 62:22 64:9 difficult 9:4 difficulty 67:11 direct 3:6 15:3,16 38:22 41:22 directly 7:3,10 56:3 discuss 6:2 29:2 **Discussion** 11:6 15:19 18:13 25:18,22 32:4 35:10 41:11 64:3 disk 46:6,7,7,9,10 48:7 48:9,11 50:7 59:16

diversion 52:1 56:1.12 56:13 63:5,7,9,15 66:6 **Division** 1:1 6:17 9:4 **DOAH 4:3** documents 10:17 24:20 doing 8:14 16:13 24:13 39:12 49:25 50:21 dollars 34:18 door 67:4 drag 46:8,10 dropped 52:9 54:6 64:8 64:18 dropping 64:7 duly 38:8 duplication 36:7 duties 39:2 \mathbf{E} E 4:1.1 71:1.1 earlier 5:23 7:1 9:2.11

9:20 21:13,14,16 31:23 early 10:1,1 easier 23:15,18 east 15:23 Ed 3:4 5:8 31:1 37:1 Edward 37:4 either 4:20 14:22 44:1 44:9 45:14 electrical 16:10 17:8 electricity 16:7 19:5 34:3,5,15,22 **employ** 71:15 English 8:9 18:21 25:8 25:8,16 27:19 entered 5:15 entitled 1:13 envelope 50:3 **envisioned** 19:12,14 envisioning 8:2 Especially 64:17 **ESQ** 2:5 essentially 15:2 19:21 estimate 14:9 31:21 estimation 13:25 event 7:4 everybody 41:17 evidence 10:15 11:4,10 13:14 15:3,4,16,17 22:5,24 29:6,13,13 60:22 evident 31:9 evidentiary 29:21 35:15 evidently 62:16 exact 11:19,25

exactly 8:25 29:3 60:8

67:22

examination 3:6,7,8,9 18:18 38:22 41:22 50:18,22 51:3 64:5 65:17 68:1 examine 22:20 23:14 examined 38:10 42:14 examining 18:4 example 24:19 exchange 61:21 Excuse 27:16 65:13 exhibits 61:22 62:1 expeditious 24:11 **expend** 21:18 expense 21:3 explain 11:7 48:17 58:6 67:17 explaining 35:12 extended 27:10 extra 68:22

F 71:1 fabricated 56:17 face 45:7,8,20 47:6 48:24 55:16 64:11 facilities 23:19 facility 31:3 fact 13:18,20 20:17 61:20.25 factor 20:22,24 factors 15:7 **facts** 22:5 fair 26:21 28:19 fairly 7:14 fallen 54:8.11.12.16 familiar 16:25 17:2 far 29:1,7 32:6 favor 20:8,8 faxed 6:6 February 71:17 feels 33:9 feet 54:6 fell 28:13 felt 19:16 field 51:15,20 54:23 **figure** 31:15 file 5:12 18:25 filed 19:21 27:1 36:23 37:5,20 70:5 fill 69:3 final 1:12 4:7,8 7:14,21 19:19 27:9 28:11 35:16 find 7:6 13:4 52:3 57:18 finding 19:4 finds 19:8 fine 36:9,19 fingerprints 32:18

district 52:16,22,24,25

59:17.20

disputes 7:25

disqualify 5:20

65:25 66:7,9

finish 37:17 69:9.11 generally 6:22 hands 48:5 20:15 39:15 51:23 interrupted 41:23 gentleman 5:8 51:5,8 first 5:19 6:16 9:14 happen 21:22 54:21 58:17 60:11 interruption 41:20 Huh 65:25 13:8,11,13,18 16:9 60:11 61:6 65:14 happened 33:23 62:8 introduce 4:13 16:14 20:18 27:2 66:23 67:5 63:21 hundreds 52:18 53:12 **investigate** 32:20 52:3 happening 25:10,17 29:18,24 35:17,18,22 gentleman's 52:12 husband 4:17 8:2,5,20 investigation 42:7 getting 4:8 18:6 35:22 9:22 11:8 16:13 36:13 38:8 42:14,15 67:14 54:24 55:1 63:11,15 61:4.5 42:10 happens 6:22 17:17,23 22:14 24:5 investigative 30:9 fit 34:24 43:15 give 7:11 9:6 11:25 hard 51:18 24:8.21.24 25:25 investigator 30:11 **five** 11:23 12:6 32:19 15:11 25:19 61:23 hat 51:19 27:3,18,23 28:3 involved 29:10 53:17 given 7:14 21:23 22:3 hate 18:2 32:10,12,23 33:5,14 involves 15:2 hear 6:10 17:13 29:20 five-minute 41:12 giving 16:6 46:10 35:9.12 67:2.4.6.10 involving 5:22 39:14 69:13.20 glad 61:17 41:9.9.17.18 67:11.23 in-and-out 43:3 fixed 16:15 glass 32:13,17 44:21 heard 1:13 15:11 39:16 husband's 23:25 67:19 in-depth 12:11 52:4 54:10 FL 2:7 42:5 67:7 irregular 22:2 Florida 1:1.7.16 2:6 glasses 51:18 hearing 1:12 4:7.8 7:14 irregularities 31:3 4:4,24 5:1,4 8:6 10:7 gloves 51:18 7:21 9:3,16 12:15,21 idea 9:6 63:19 irregularity 30:9 15:22,25 16:9,14 go 4:2 5:18 12:25 13:7 12:23 17:21 21:7 ideal 28:16 issue 6:13 9:2 12:20 13:8,11,13 17:21 22:10 23:24 26:21 imagine 20:17 17:6 23:2 26:4 27:16 13:6 18:16 20:24 18:9 19:24 21:24 impression 65:12 27:25 29:14 33:24 27:1,9 28:11,19,22 21:4 26:10,20 27:2,4 23:23 27:15 29:17.24 34:19 35:16 61:21 inclined 21:6 35:17 71:2,5,25 28:10 61:20 65:1 30:23 31:13 33:4.16 65:12 67:18 70:4 inconvenience 20:25 **fluctuate** 10:21 11:12 68:6,14 69:2,7,17 35:6,17 37:15 40:1 fluctuating 34:9 **Hearings** 1:1 6:17 21:4 **issued** 57:18 focus 59:9 45:1 48:19 49:21 held 55:13 incorrectly 21:20 issues 5:15 22:4 68:19 focuses 14:8 15:3 58:10 59:13.19 65:16 hereof 71:8 **INDEX 3:1** 69:21 66:13 67:13 69:15 indicate 14:10 30:15 folks 21:1 41:13,21 high 40:7 item 40:3 goes 14:7 15:13 42:18 32:25 43:21 44:15 hire 6:20 21:18 69:21 **follow 32:8** 44:16 46:14 47:11 hiring 6:18 45:10 46:8 follows 38:10 71:5 53:24 59:18 indicated 21:16 26:25 **James** 3:5 38:7.13.13 history 13:23,24 14:2 going 8:13,21 12:24 27:5 31:6 35:16 follow-up 29:8 31:13 January 11:18,19 13:14 14:11 16:4 49:18 63:5,6,7 67:18 **foregoing** 71:7,10 hold 16:24 37:15 39:21 31:18 formula 14:14,16,17 17:12 18:1,5,17,22 40:4,7 41:8,8 53:25 indicates 50:6 Jim 5:3 37:8,21 15:5,7 19:4 20:14 21:4 25:4 54:2,13 59:2 **indicating** 52:1,8 58:6 job 16:13 19:13 31:12 25:4,6,9 26:1,2,6 holder 18:25 30:4 **indication** 45:6 57:2 31:13 39:2 51:14 formulas 14:12 forward 12:25 13:7 27:11 28:18,23 29:17 holds 42:16 52:7 55:14 indications 47:7 John 1:14 4:5 individually 53:17 19:18,25 21:5,24 33:14,20 34:4,20 hole 44:14,20 **Jorge 28:6** 36:14,25 37:23 39:5 holes 44:13 56:15 22:10 23:24 61:18,25 judge 1:15 4:6 50:19 found 13:20 19:24 31:5 41:13 50:23 56:7 holidays 7:16 informed 8:10 July 30:12 31:1 40:22 initially 17:5 42:13 42:22 49:10 56:9,10 59:2 67:13,19 69:10 home 39:18 43:16 jump 60:7 56:20 69:12,14,19,20 55:21 56:7 63:13.14 53:20 June 30:18 Four 12:6 good 4:16,19,23,23,25 65:20 inside 30:20 45:2 Juno 2:7 FP&L 19:10 29:24 5:10 22:8 28:19.24 Honor 4:25 13:10,12 inspect 30:23 39:4,17 K 15:21 18:15 24:15 35:4 37:7 38:25 36:12.19 38:4 48:25 inspected 41:5 keep 69:11 69:21 49:1,11 25:20,23 27:14 30:1 **inspection** 30:25 31:4 gotten 5:16 33:22 34:1,6,11 42:12 49:7 50:10 kilowatt 59:18 FP&L's 15:12 28:9 ground 54:16 35:11,19 36:25 37:8 62:25 frame 11:16,17 kin 71:13 frankly 21:12 guarantee 52:19 37:13,22 38:21 40:5 instances 14:10 kind 10:3 30:2 39:5 free 45:9 guess 5:11 11:21 12:16 42:1 43:10 47:9 insufficient 5:24 43:3 47:10 49:18 19:23 21:3 49:2 front 40:18 62:11 65:9 50:14 59:3 60:18 intact 44:12 51:22 kinds 17:10 59:13 61:2,17 63:24 64:4 **intent** 11:10 know 4:12 6:5 8:14,21 full 38:11 full-load 49:11,15,16 65:1,9,13 67:1 68:2,5 interchange 23:5 9:9,12 13:3,6 18:1,3 Η further 6:2 37:18 49:25 Honorable 1:14 interested 71:16 18:5,7,11,12,17 half 11:21.23 71:13 hope 21:22 internal 49:19 20:20.21 21:8 22:7 hand 26:12 36:14 38:5 future 23:9 24:2.2 29:2 hopefully 24:2 29:1 interpret 27:20,25 28:4 22:17 23:17 26:22 39:21 52:14.15 hose 16:16 interpreter 6:1,3,21 27:4,22 36:14 37:11 G hotel 65:3 68:14 69:7 handle 9:10 25:15 7:8,18 9:10,24 20:24 39:23 43:7 46:25,25 G 1:14 4:1 29:10 69:16 21:10,18 23:1 24:1 50:9,25 52:12 53:23 gap 69:3 handled 7:20 10:13 hotels 69:22 24:23,24 27:24 28:10 54:8,25 55:9 56:19 general 15:11 28:17 17:5 hour 65:12 68:21,22 interpreters 6:19,23 56:21,21,23 57:19 33:19 35:14 handling 8:20 9:22 house 15:24 16:8 17:9 interrupt 50:19 58:2,5 61:20 63:20

63:21 65:9,9 66:8 68:8,19,21 69:8 knowing 22:20 57:12 knowledge 13:3 52:21 knows 8:22 62:20 label 40:18 53:7 63:6 **Laningham** 1:14 4:5 large 21:171:25 late 7:12 37:14 latest 68:16 law 1:15 2:5 4:6 13:4 29:17 leave 45:19,19 65:10 69:14 leaves 69:7 Lee 2:5 3:6.8 4:25 5:1 11:15,18,23,25 12:6 12:10,20 13:4,10,17 14:7,15,22 15:9,11 17:25 18:16 19:2,6 19:12 20:7,20 22:16 23:10.13.20.22 24:2 24:9,23 29:25 30:1 32:1,9 35:17,19 36:9 36:25 37:7,11,21 38:19,21,23 40:4,9 40:15 41:17,24 42:1 42:2 48:5,18 49:6 50:14,16,17 58:4 59:2.5.11.13 61:12 61:14,20 64:2,6,24 65:1,15 68:3,5,8 69:1 69:13,25 Lee's 28:23 **left** 41:25 54:14 68:10 68:18 legally 5:23 29:16 lengthy 68:11 **LEON 71:3** Leticia 1:4 2:3 4:3,15 letter 5:14,19 6:6 7:4 9:21 61:24 let's 4:2 29:5.12 35:15 42:9 **light** 1:7 2:6 4:4,24 5:2 5:5 8:7 10:7 15:22 16:1,9,15 17:6 26:5 27:16 28:1 33:24 35:17 49:23 Light's 29:14 light-load 49:11,15,17 Linda 5:2 line 7:17 34:22 link-up 24:13 list 3:4 5:8 31:1,3 37:1 37:4,16,18 39:16

41:2 61:23 62:3,4

literally 20:11 litigant 7:24 little 6:11 7:12,22 9:6 12:11.13 25:3 28:20 29:9 36:18 40:10 45:8 48:2,7,24 49:22 54:2 57:21,25 59:9 59:19 65:2 loads 46:12 locked 53:14 lock-up 53:16 logical 30:3 long 12:7,8,16 23:13,21 39:12 68:20 longer 28:20 65:2 look 5:12 15:13.13 28:18 31:13 36:16 39:3.8 41:6 46:15 48:16,20,20,23 58:13 58:21.22 67:21 looked 30:12 32:7 34:8 43:2,2 55:15,16 looking 13:23 42:14 47:1,3 55:5 58:17 60:9,9,10 61:25 looks 19:11 40:7 lost 41:10 lot 30:2 louder 6:12 low 49:13,22 lower 40:16 46:10 Lucas 5:3 L-e-e 5:1

M M 2:5 machine 43:18 main 17:25 maintain 53:10 **making** 29:15 man 55:23 56:10 66:20 66:21,22 67:7 manipulation 32:22 manufacturer 57:15,18 mark 47:10 marked 50:3 56:12 marks 47:7 match 50:8 math 11:23 matter 1:13 4:7 5:21,22 matters 5:12 7:19 33:15 mean 18:20 19:12 20:21 21:1 25:14 26:13,16 43:23 44:21 48:25 51:14 53:5 57:19,24 meaning 59:16

meeting 28:2

meetings 8:21 mentioned 9:12 46:4 met 8:7 10:6 27:17,18 meter 13:16.19.20.20 13:21,25 14:3 15:3,4 15:17 19:20 20:11,15 30:7,8,12,13,14,16 30:19.21.21.22.23 31:2,2,4,6,9,10,13,19 31:20 32:6,7,10,13 32:14,17,17,18,20,20 32:22,24 33:2,3,8,11 33:21,24 35:1 38:14 38:25 39:6,15,17,23 40:14,18,23,25 41:1 41:5 42:3.8.13.14.15 42:16,21 43:1,8,19 43:25 44:5,5,13,16 44:23 45:2 46:2,3,14 46:15,16,19 47:3,5,6 47:7,11,13,13 48:12 48:14,24 49:20 50:1 50:5,11 51:9,10,13 51:16.17.19.20.21.21 51:22,23,25 52:1,3,4 52:5,6,7,9,13,13,14 52:19,23 53:3,6,10 53:11,20,22,25 54:5 54:6,6,8,11,12,15,19 54:20,23 55:8,9,10 55:10,12,13,15,15,18 55:18,19,21,22,23,23 56:3,10,16,17,18,25 57:1,12,16,18,19,22 57:22 58:6,9,14,15 58:19,20,21,23,23,25 59:1.16 60:3.5.6.6.11 60:17,19,20,21,21,22 60:22,23,25 61:4,4,5 61:6,7,9,10 62:5,10 62:14,24 63:1,6,8,10 63:12,14,17,18,21 64:8,8,11,11 65:19 65:20,21,21 66:5,11 66:16,17,18,18,20,21 66:22,22 67:2,3,7 metering 19:17 Meterman 38:15,24 meters 32:16 39:3 49:8 50:1 52:18 53:12,17 53:18 56:1,4,6,8,8,15 56:20,22 57:10,11 58:12 60:25 62:4,4,6 62:18 63:3,8,13 65:25 66:6,7,9 method 13:25 31:22 Miami 3:3,4 5:4 21:1

36:23 37:2.5.20 41:9 41:9,16,18 51:6,7 52:25 53:1,2,3,4,7,8 53:9 68:10 69:4,20 70:5 million 56:23 57:10 millions 57:11 mind 23:3 minimize 46:22 minute 25:19 35:8 mixture 15:1 moment 17:14 20:12 50:14,20 Monday 9:16 27:3 money 19:10 21:18 month 11:12.12 32:19 34:13,14,17,17 morning 4:9,16,24,25 5:10 motion 5:23 26:15 move 22:9 29:21 35:15 37:23 46:18 60:8 62:21 moved 15:22.23 N

movement 45:9 N 4:1 name 4:5,15,25 7:10 8:18 10:11 38:12,16 52:12 named 8:3 26:13 28:6 29:19 32:12 nature 22:3 near 24:2,2 nearest 5:6 necessarily 12:22 65:8 need 17:13 23:3,18 25:6,8 62:21 68:9 needed 21:11 27:5 69:6 needs 21:17 25:16 negotiate 28:20 neutral 24:6 25:1 never 10:9,9 27:17 28:2 61:22 new 32:13 60:19.20.25 60:25 61:4,4,5 newer 47:3,5 night 53:14 nine 4:9 noon 65:10 68:9 normal 39:9,10 44:2 46:1 **Notary** 71:24 **noted** 31:3 43:20 notes 71:9

notice 8:2 42:20 43:1

noticed 13:19 30:8.18

42:15,25 44:1 45:3

November 1:16 4:8 number 7:11 40:25 41:1 42:4 57:16,23 59:6,22,24,25 numbers 41:2 46:15,16 numerous 31:5

0

04:1

oath 33:15

objection 17:24 23:11 23:20 objective 26:4 obviously 7:22 13:12 20:22 21:19 occasion 31:8 occasions 32:8 occupants 30:5 occurred 14:21 34:21 67:22.24 occurs 67:20 offer 11:3,9 15:18 office 5:6 11:1 30:24 51:24 53:1,8,10,13 55:22.24 officers 17:6 official 54:24 oftentimes 7:19 Oh 58:18,18 okay 9:9 10:25 11:24 12:7 15:24 16:7 17:15 25:12,13 35:6 35:11,19 36:12 39:12 39:14 40:11,21 41:5 42:7.10.12.20.25 43:5,10,17,25 44:11 44:18 45:1,1,10,13 45:17 46:4,11,22 47:2 49:5,25 50:10 50:13,25 51:8 52:8 52:12,19 53:19 55:3 55:7 59:3,13 60:5 62:24 63:23 64:4,14 64:17,22 67:1 old 54:19 56:17.21 57:19 once 21:8 31:10 56:6 open 32:13 44:6 66:15 opened 67:4 opening 29:22,25 32:3 opportunity 23:13 39:17 67:21 opposed 20:14 ordeal 27:17 order 6:14 13:9 19:8,9 19:11 20:4,9 39:8 41:6 44:9 orders 5:16

ordinarily 22:3

35:20,25 36:1,13,20

23:1 24:24 27:7

ought 5:12 21:23 outline 15:11 ontside 30:14 overall 34:25 p'clock 4:9 68:24,25 P 4:1 package 66:14 packed 68:17 **PAGE 3:2** pages 71:11 paid 14:5 19:20 20:2,14 painted 59:22 pallet 66:2,8 pan 36:15 Parkway 1:15 part 23:2,4 29:22 31:12 39:2 54:2 63:10 particular 15:25 39:14 particularly 7:14 parties 4:10 6:17 7:20 22:8 27:7 29:23 36:8 71:14,15 party 8:3 18:23 26:13 26:17 pattern 31:8,16 34:18 **Paul** 5:9 pay 6:21 19:10 20:5 people 10:8 13:21 percent 49:14,15,15,16 Perfect 36:19 perform 53:11 performed 53:11 period 27:10 34:4 person 10:7 31:12 33:2 personally 9:13 pertaining 62:5 **Petitioner** 1:5 2:2 4:12 26:19 ph 32:11,12 47:6 phase 13:23 35:16 phone 7:11 9:15 **photo** 32:25 61:12 photograph 60:9,10 62:13 pick 41:24 picture 34:25 58:16 60:12.14.16 61:3 62:15,20 pictures 61:16 piece 42:18 **pieces** 31:14 **place** 71:7 placed 7:5 56:11,11 66:18 67:3 plan 8:11,23 10:4 11:3 13:8 15:13,18 17:17

original 60:13

18:4 planned 62:1 68:21 planning 12:5 plastic 44:21 53:24 66:2,14 plate 45:21 playpen 55:25 56:2,2,5 56:11,12,13 65:23 66:1 please 4:14 9:8 36:18 36:21 38:12 pleased 41:21 point 7:12 14:20 15:16 21:21 26:14 27:9 29:15 43:7 49:22 53:22 58:10 points 6:14 policy 7:9 position 28:15 positions 35:15 possession 65:21 possibility 21:20 possible 44:22 54:22 65:22 possibly 43:22 46:9 51:16 63:7 64:20 postpone 23:25 postponing 28:22 potential 18:8 26:23 power 1:7 2:6 4:4,24 5:1,5 8:6 10:7 15:14 15:22,25 16:9,14 17:6 20:2 26:4 27:16 28:1 29:14 33:24 35:17 practice 7:9 preferable 28:22 preparation 4:21 prepared 12:25 13:7 20:21 present 5:3,4 8:24 10:3 10:6,9 17:22 22:6 24:4,16,18,23 25:5,7 27:12 32:11 46:2 62:13 64:10 presented 6:23 23:12 25:4 presenting 61:24 69:15 presently 34:16 preside 4:7 presided 5:21 presiding 5:20 presumed 13:6 pretty 12:10 previously 31:24 primarily 48:12 prints 33:6 **prior** 7:20 14:20,23

52:24 55:1,3 61:20

pro 2:3 probably 14:8 17:12 38:15 54:9.12 55:25 68:12 69:11 problem 8:5 16:10 17:4 17:25 18:9 21:4 22:17 23:14 33:3 58:11 69:5 problems 17:8 31:5 procedure 6:18 proceed 4:10 13:1 29:5 29:12 38:20 41:25 65:11 69:18 **proceeding** 27:8 29:8 29:22 proceedings 36:5 71:7 71:12 process 7:7 21:13 prong 15:14 proof 12:19 13:5,9,11 15:3 29:16 **proper** 51:18 prove 11:11 26:5 33:10 Public 6:24 7:3 9:21 10:20 11:2 14:16 19:22 71:24 pull 30:23 39:24 pulled 13:19 31:19 39:15.17 44:12 pushed 45:6,11,24 49:3 49:4 64:14 **pushes** 45:17 pushing 45:15 46:9 put 10:4,16 12:5 13:14 16:16 24:21 27:9,20 29:18 30:3 31:14 33:6 50:3,5 52:23 53:22 56:1 58:8 60:11,17 61:7,10 63:6 puts 28:15 qualified 26:18 **qualify** 26:15 question 13:2 14:3,4 21:10,19 34:4 37:16 51:8 55:7 62:10,12 62:17,22 63:2 65:14 69:8,10 questioning 12:17 25:15 37:18 questions 24:5,7 62:18 64:2,24 67:14,25 quite 12:15,20 21:7 68:20 R R 4:1 71:1

raise 28:10 36:13 38:5 40:9 raised 5:15 9:2 21:12 21:14 27:2.6 ran 16:8 49:16,16,17 50:8,9 ratio 49:12 57:24 59:10 59:15 read 32:20 40:17,19 42:3 53:3 reader 46:14,20 55:9 55:15 readers 30:8 readily 24:12 reading 30:8,13,21 46:10,19,25 49:13,14 53:6 readings 31:7 49:10 57:22 reads 20:9 33:2 46:14 ready 35:22 real 26:20 realize 22:2 realized 48:6 really 7:18 21:1,3,23 27:5 43:4 reason 8:9 34:15 40:19 63:20 reasons 21:9 rebilled 19:16 rebut 15:18 receive 51:22 66:5 received 5:14 51:25 52:4,8,9,10,20 61:22 62:24 63:4 65:20 66:4.11 receiving 62:1 recess 41:15 70:1,3 recollect 57:20 recommend 20:9 reconvene 22:25 67:19 69:22 record 4:2,11,14 9:7 11:6 18:21 25:1,11 25:18,22 35:10,23 41:11 46:15 64:3 68:9 records 56:20 **Recross** 3:9 65:17 **Redirect** 3:8 64:1,5 redone 21:21 reduced 71:9 reestablish 41:14 reference 61:25 64:7 referred 31:11 referring 6:24 61:13 regarding 10:8 27:2 67:24 68:7 69:22 regards 5:25 41:6

egister 42:24 47:8,12 48:20.21.22 49:22 50:7 57:24 59:10,15 registered 49:12 regular 30:8 31:16 46:3 71:14 relate 67:14 relating 15:4 relative 12:16 relevant 14:2 remainder 70:4 remaining 29:13 remedy 19:7.22 remind 11:16 **remote** 37:25 removal 40:19 remove 44:9 51:9,11,13 51:15,16,19,20 52:13 53:19 55:10,19 removed 33:8 42:22 51:23 52:13 56:6 61:6 63:4,8,9,13,14 63:17,18,19,20 65:19 67:2 removing 55:21 repair 16:18 repeated 31:8 replying 22:22 report 42:10 50:2,4,5 52:8,10 reported 1:21 3:3,4 17:5 30:9 36:23 37:5 37:19 70:4 71:6 reporter 1:23 3:3,4,11 6:9 36:1,3,20,23 37:3 37:5,19 41:19 50:19 50:20,22,25 65:10 68:8 69:4 70:5 71:4 71:24 reporters 35:24 36:6 reporting 55:3 represent 57:23 71:11 representative 26:16 26:18 representing 4:20 26:19 request 5:25 6:7 7:3,10 7:13 9:7.15 requested 5:19 6:6 8:9 requests 6:23 Require 19:10 residence 30:5,18 41:7 resolved 20:23 Respondent 1:8 2:4 29:18.19 Respondent's 28:18 responsibility 28:9,13 responsible 19:4 rest 22:24

restored 41:22 ays 20:5 25:25 33:5 ign 45:18 taved 16:22 ampered 13:16 14:4 rests 7:19 51:9 53:7 igned 9:23 teady 40:4 30:15,20 44:1 45:12 result 71:16 tealing 34:5 cale 45:4 **imply** 23:8 24:21 27:8 53:15 61:1 retain 7:18 cheduled 4:9 46:15 tep 19:19 ampering 13:19,21,25 cheduling 68:7 retaining 6:18 single 53:14 ticker 52:1,23 14:11,21,25 15:4,17 reviewed 13:22 65:21 cratch 48:11 sir 4:18 17:19 34:23 top 17:11 33:13 44:4 31:11,15,20 39:5 revolutions 50:7 59:17 cratches 42:23 45:4 35:2.5 38:3.19 53:1 45:22 41:6 42:23 48:14,15 59:17,20 45:19,23 46:5,6 sit 6:9 37:12 43:18 tory 44:19 49:18,19 trip 57:22,25 58:1 **right** 4:16,19,23 5:10 47:12,22 48:8 64:10 sites 35:25 technical 41:13,21 6:8,9 8:11,17,23 9:1 64:13.21 sits 43:15 59:7,23 technically 26:16 9:14,19 10:2 11:3,15 crewdriver 45:15 situation 8:20 9:10 tripe 58:22 **Fechnology** 38:14,25 12:4,18 16:4,11,24 51:17 10:8 17:7 18:23 **ityled** 4:3 51:7,21 17:13,20 19:1 20:19 e 2:3 21:15 suggest 22:8 23:8 telephone 23:12,16 23:15 25:21 29:21 eal 30:14,19 42:16,19 situations 6:22 suggested 24:10 62:9 24:11 32:1 33:22 34:6.24 44:5,6,9,16 50:3 six 54:6 suggesting 34:25 tell 7:2 13:15 18:1 35:6,13,24 36:12,18 51:17 52:6 53:19,24 slip 58:2 suggestion 21:24 22:13 19:13 33:20 45:1 36:19 37:2,9,12,23 54:1,3,3,5,12,17 55:4 slower 65:3 22:16,23 23:23 28:24 47:3 54:19,20,21 38:4,5,16,19 39:25 55:7,11,13 smudges 42:23 45:4,19 suit 5:8 55:20 56:22 57:9 sealed 53:20 56:4,5,6,7 45:20,23 47:22 55:4 43:9 44:15 45:22 supervision 71:10 58:4 59:14 62:20 47:5 49:24 50:15,17 56:8,9,12 66:15 55:17 64:10,12,21 supplied 62:4 63:22 seals 44:17 socket 43:15.18.22.24 ten 50:8,8 51:2 53:22.22 57:21 suppose 14:4 17:20 second 13:23 30:17 57:21,25,25 58:9,16 51:16 58:15 28:12 tenants 30:5 58:18 59:6,9,11,12 solution 26:23 27:13 supposed 44:12.13 61:4 63:17.21 terminate 20:6 secretary 6:7 7:1 9:11 solved 12:21 59:14 61:8,11,15,19 61:21 65:4 Terrace 40:24 see 29:9,12 32:11 33:2 62:2,7 63:25 64:25 somebody 18:20 30:15 sure 18:6 20:14,23 42:4 test 43:19 47:11 49:10 65:16 67:16 68:6 37:25 38:1 39:4,22 30:20 31:6 36:15 44:4 65:11,15 49:11,17 50:6,9 69:19,24 70:1 40:6,13,14 41:21 44:6,20,22,23 45:17 **surges** 17:9 53:18 56:3 ring 51:17 42:9 46:3,7 47:6,11 46:18 47:24 Susan 1:22 50:22 71:4 tested 13:20 49:9 56:15 **RMR** 1:22 47:19,21 48:2,8,23 somewhat 26:1 71:23 testified 38:10 41:3 role 8:1 53:21,23 55:19 58:2 sooner 27:6 suspended 19:15 64:15 67:8 roll 46:22 58:9,25 59:9 62:6 sorry 11:7,19,23 18:15 swear 36:20 testifies 22:15 67:22 30:25 37:13 41:20 testify 8:3,12 16:4 17:1 rolled 54:16 sworn 38:8 seeing 47:20 60:1 62:13 room 65:4,6 68:17 51:5,11 64:4 17:12,18 26:22 33:14 Т sort 10:15 15:11 33:18 rooms 53:16 69:16 seen 20:18 29:17 37:12 36:4.14 67:7.10 69:1 sent 9:20,23 10:19,19 **South 23:2** T 71:1.1 Roseanne 5:3 69:3 10:24,25 11:1,1 Southwest 40:24 take 5:12 9:13 12:8,15 testifying 22:19 33:15 rotates 45:18 30:11 47:13 52:16,25 14:19 15:8 23:17 testimony 10:16 18:2 rotating 45:16 **Spanish** 15:20 18:14 rotation 59:16 55:25 32:5 24:25 26:24 28:8,20 22:1 23:9,17,25 separate 36:24 37:6,20 29:6,22 35:8 36:1,3 24:11,19,21,25 26:21 roughly 11:24 speak 6:11 8:8 25:8 70:5 37:3 41:12 44:3 26:24 28:25 33:17 RPR 1:22 71:4 27:19 31:14 38:9 47:16 49:9 50:23 RR 57:24 sequence 30:3 34:21 36:2,22 37:4 68:18 rubber 16:16 51:18 service 6:25 7:3 9:21 speaker 25:8 58:11,16 51:17,17 53:17 60:14 39:16 67:20 10:20 11:2 14:16 rule 12:24 20:8,8,21 58:20 59:8,12 60:2 60:16 62:2 67:19 testing 31:3 49:19 50:1 ruled 13:12 19:22 20:6 39:3 special 51:9,12 56:1 69:5,6,9,13,16,20,21 51:21 set 21:7 23:15 47:14 spell 38:11 69:23 thank 32:1 35:13 38:21 rules 13:10 ruling 29:15 53:13 54:21 68:21 spin 45:23 49:21 taken 19:14,19 24:1 50:17,25 63:23,23,25 **running** 15:23 sever 28:24 spoke 9:11.17 28:25 39:3 47:24 64:25 **shop** 39:4 42:8 spoken 10:8 27:23 67:4 thanks 49:5 S **short** 7:15 12:8,10,12 spurting 16:7 talk 35:8 57:14.17 Thanksgiving 7:16 S 4:1 12:12 staff 7:5 talked 8:7 26:2 27:21 theory 13:15,18 safe 63:3 shorthand 71:6.9 stage 13:18 64:9 thing 10:14 17:20 18:10 30:18 33:25 safely 51:19 talking 8:14 9:25 11:18 show 10:20 31:9 33:10 standards 49:17 39:22 40:17 43:11 sagamow 47:5 34:8,9,11,18 40:16 start 4:11 29:24 things 14:24 17:3 18:11 55:11 58:3 59:22,23 30:2 35:21 39:5,9 sample 49:2 43:10 47:3,9 56:25 **started** 17:8,9 saw 18:25 30:13 32:15 showed 32:12 43:3 43:25 64:9,15 68:18 Starting 5:6 59.24 **Tallahassee** 1:16 21:3 33:7 55:16,16,17,17 showing 34:3 state 1:1 38:11 71:2,25 think 12:7,15 14:25 saying 18:10 24:15 shows 34:12 stated 9:22 71:7 27:7 35:25 36:3 18:24 20:7 23:18 26:6 32:6,9 54:11,15 side 15:24 49:14 statement 29:25 32:3 37:22 39:20 71:5 28:23 30:1 35:14 54:17,18 55:11 60:24 sides 35:14 statements 29:23 tamper 33:20 37:12,24 40:4 41:10

wouldn't 22:2 23:20 3 want 9:7 11:9 17:12 58:11 62:8,21 65:5 two-stage 13:17 24:6 46:3.25.25 22:6,8,10 26:25 28:7 3408 2:7 67:6 68:23 type 28:2 32:21 39:5 54:16 56:21 63:22 29:3,25 33:16 41:24 83:6 48:15 58:21 60:2,5 thought 32:23 69:5 47:2 65:11 69:9 types 58:12 thoughts 24:13 wrong 32:24 33:1 52:3 4 wanted 40:16 45:2 typewriting 71:10 three 5:5 11:20,20 55:9 46:24 52:2 typically 7:24 171:11 12:12 62:4 wants 21:17 29:10 three-day 27:4 U wasn't 9:2 21:1 26:15 thrust 15:12 33:19 **yeah** 44:4,14 48:4,10 iC-35633 41:1 42:6 uh-huh 8:25 10:12 28:8,9,14 67:9 tightly 44:17 48:10,19 49:4 59:12 ultimate 19:7.22 way 4:8 11:14 12:24 C-46714 62:24 time 9:25 11:16,17 61:5 64:19 ultimately 19:3 20:4 13:1.4 19:12.14 22:9 **5th** 11:20.22 14:20 20:3 21:15 year 5:23 9:20 10:1 21:16 28:13 22:20 23:23 24:4,8,8 51 3:7 24:17 25:2 27:2,10 11:19 56:16,18 57:2 24:14 25:9,10 29:5 28:6 29:9 30:17 32:3 55 42:19 underneath 46:6 57:4 understand 4:17 18:22 29:12 31:19 37:25 51:14 65:19 71:7 6 years 11:13,21,23 25:10,17 26:2,7,8,9 44:8 47:16 57:12 times 27:24 33:3 39:13 56:21 69:17 54 3:8 33:18 53:5 67:9,12 today 5:2 11:4 22:11 ways 14:23 **55** 3:9 understanding 28:17 23:24 24:16 25:6 wear 43:5,20 46:1 35:14 28:20 29:3 31:25 Zamora 32:11.12 Wednesday 5:17 underway 5:11 64:10 67:15.18.22 **zoom** 36:17 40:2 week 5:14 7:1,15,15 7th 11:18 31:18 unfortunately 7:13 told 7:1,2,8 15:12 9:11,16 21:12 27:4 7071:11 65:2 68:11 18:24 28:17 31:23 \$ 28:14 700 2:6 UNIDENTIFIED 32:16,18,19 35:23 **\$10,000** 11:24 58:11,16,20 59:8,12 went 13:22 14:24 30:12 71 3:11 38:24 68:8,16 **\$47** 34:17 30:17 31:21 32:7,9 7860 40:24 60:2 tools 51:9,12 **\$9,279.18** 12:2 31:24 32:10 35:23 50:5 Universe 2:6 top 57:22 59:22 54:1 56:19 unmetered 14:6,13 touched 52:20 3-26-02 42:9 weren't 34:5 15:6 19:5.8 trained 39:8 02 30:18 40:22 8/9ths 59:18.20 60:1 west 15:24 unrelated 5:22 transcript 36:6 67:22 **04-2758** 1:6 4:3 Westinghouse 54:20 **B1** 52:24,25 unsettled 13:2 71:12 57:9.14.17 58:15 unusual 39:6 translate 17:23 18:1,11 59:10 usage 11:14 14:6,20,23 21:25 22:14 100 34:17 we'll 28:24,24,25 29:6 9:00 1:17 14:24 15:6 19:5,8 translated 18:6,7 102 49:15 91 15:21 29:9,20 35:19,23 31:16 34:3,9,9,13,14 translating 18:2,12 11:30 68:15 **97.80** 49:18 36:1,1,2 56:14 62:2 46:1,23 49:23 22:21 11:40 69:23 70:2 98 49:15 use 14:24 34:12,14 69:22 70:1 translation 23:6 24:6 we're 55:11 65:4 **12** 39:13 99.6 49:16 usual 19:25 translator 24:3,5,6,25 **12:00** 68:16 we've 65:5 usually 8:15 20:9,12 25:1 26:23 27:3 29:8 **12:30** 65:5 68:17 **willing** 20:13 43:21 45:8 46:7 transported 66:1 **1230** 1:15 WILLIS 1:22 71:4,23 tree 16:8 **13** 57:24 59:18,19,25 witness 3:2 5:3 8:4 tried 7:2 18th 40:24 Van 1:14 4:5 26:14,17 35:18,22 trouble 16:7 **1978** 30:4 **varies** 34:15 36:13,16,21,25 37:7 truck 55:24 56:2 66:1 **1991** 16:2,19,21 34:21 37:21 38:1,8,13,18 various 10:8 21:9 66:10 35:4 40:11 48:7,10,16 27:23 32:8 62:6 true 71:11 **1997** 11:19 31:19 verified 14:23 58:5,14,18 59:15 truly 10:10 62:9,16 65:7 68:10 veri-board 50:6.6.9 truth 38:9,9,9 2 68:25 69:6,9,23 try 6:11 20:13 21:24,25 versus 4:4 2 49:14 witnesses 3:1 5:5 10:17 22:10 31:14 40:2,12 Vessels 3:3 5:7 30:11 2nd 11:19 10:18 12:4,8,9,12,13 30:17 35:20 36:22 42:1 59:2 20 53:18 56:21 video 23:19 24:13 12:13 17:17 18:4,18 trying 11:7 22:13,14 **2001** 30:7,12 36:2,4 61:21 65:8 68:23 40:5 59:5 **2002** 11:20,22 31:1 68:12 violation 15:25 **Tuesday** 7:5 27:3 **2004** 1:16 visible 46:2 55:4 64:23 word 28:8 turn 45:9 48:7 2005 71:17 words 44:12 49:20 **visibly** 55:5,9 turns 59:17.18 work 8:15 10:10 18:5 **21** 40:20 vs 1:6 twice 21:8 23rd 71:17 22:4 27:11 38:14 two 11:20 12:12,12,13 **24th** 40:22 W 51:6 53:17 18:3,17 32:16 58:12 **29** 1:16 works 38:25 55:24 wall 51:10,11,13,16 60:25 65:3,7 68:19 29th 4:8 54:7,9 55:11 worn 43:2 69:3

	-			
na s	1	STATE OF FLORIDA		
		DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS		
	2			
		Case No. 04-2758		
	3	JUL 100 MARIE		
	4	LETICIA CALLARD,		
	5	Petitioner,		
	6	vs.		
	7	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY,		
	8	Respondent.		
	9	/		
	10			
	11	December 30, 2004		
		73 West Flagler Street		
	12	Miami, Florida		
	13			
	14			
	15	Hearing held before		
	16	Administrative Law Judge John G. Van Laningham		
	17	- - -		
	18			
	19	Taken before DIANA KELLY, Professional		
	20	Reporter and Notary Public, in and for the State of		
	21	Florida at Large, pursuant to Notice of Taking		
	22	Deposition filed in the above cause.		
	23			
	24	ORIGINAL		
e lege	25			

Г		
1 2	APPEARANCES	2005 MAR -9 A 11: 35 ADMINISION OF
3	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER	Mills 35
4	LETICIA CALLARD	DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
5		HEARINGS
	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT	
6		
	DAVID M. LEE, ESQUIRE	
7	Florida Power & Light Company	
	Law Department	
8	700 Universe Boulevard	
	Juno Beach, Florida 33408	
9		
	Also present: Rosanne Lucas	
10	Linda Cochran	
11		
	INDEX	
12		
	Witness Direct Cross	
13		
	JORGE CALLARD 28	
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

PROCEEDINGS

Thereupon,

2.0

2.1

THE COURT: Good morning everyone. My name is John Van Laningham. I'm the administrative law judge presiding in this matter, case number 04-2758, styled Leticia Callard, Petitioner, Florida Power & Light, Respondent.

The final hearing in this case commenced on November 29th, 2004. We are reconvening today for the second day of the final hearing.

It's December 30th, 2004. We're getting underway a little ahead of schedule, about 8:15 in the morning.

It appears that everyone is present that needs to be present to get started.

Before we get any further in the proceedings let me ask the parties to reintroduce themselves for the record. And we'll start with the Petitioner. If you would please introduce yourselves again.

MR. CALLARD: My name is Jorge Callard.

MRS. CALLARD: I'm Leticia Callard.

THE COURT: Good morning to you. We'll hear from the Respondent.

Good morning, your Honor. MR. LEE: Mv1 name is David Lee, attorney for Florida Power & 2 3 Light. MS. COCHRAN: Linda Cochran, Florida Power 4 & Light, Revenue Protection. 5 Rosanne Lucas, Florida Power & 6 MS. LUCAS: 7 Light, Regulatory Affairs. Good morning to you all. THE COURT: 8 Since we last met I received a couple days ago 9 a letter from the Callards that was also 10 addressed or copied to Mr. Lee and the Public 11 Service Commission containing some pictures and 12 13 other documents. Have you received that 14 package, Mr. Lee? MR. LEE: Yes, your Honor. 15 And also there's an indication THE COURT: 16 in that letter that the Callards were not able 17 to obtain an interpreter. So, I assume we 18 don't have an interpreter coming in? 19 20 MRS. CALLARD: That's correct, sir. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Are there any other preliminary matters that we should attend to 22 2.3 before we proceed with the case? Anything the Petitioner would like to raise? 24 25 MRS. CALLARD: We tried to speak to the

8 9

2.4

person that you referred us to for an interpreter and they told us the Public Service Commission did not provide that service.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything from the Respondent?

MR. LEE: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, then what we'll do in regard to the interpreter is have Mrs. Callard interpret for her husband. That is a little bit irregular, but at this point since the agency has declined to provide an interpreter and since I don't have the funds or the authority to appoint one we'll just proceed in that fashion and take the testimony as best that we can and if that creates an issue down the line someone at the appellate level will direct us how to deal with it.

We completed the Respondent's case in chief at the last meeting, going in that order, and we're prepared to go into the evidentiary phase of the hearing dealing with the Callards' case. Are you ready to go forward, Mrs. Callard?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Why don't you

1 proceed. Mrs. Callard, do you plan to have 2 your husband testify? 3 MRS. CALLARD: It's his testimony that we're suppose to go over today. 4 Let's put him on the witness 5 THE COURT: I guess you're going to translate? 6 stand. 7 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir. Why don't you step forward and 8 THE COURT: 9 I'll swear you both in. 10 JORGE LETICIA 11 (called as a witness, having 12 been first duly sworn, testified as follows:) 13 14 (Thereupon LETICIA CALLARD 15 was sworn to act as interpreter 16 during the taking of the 17 hearing.) This is the list that I 18 MRS. CALLARD: 19 provided to you on what the exhibits indicate, 2.0 that list there, is in the order of the 2.1 exhibits. 22 THE COURT: All right. Do you need to 2.3 read from that for some reason? 24 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, he wants to go over 25 exactly what this packet is.

THE COURT: Is that how you plan to present his testimony?

MRS. CALLARD: I would imagine he's going to go into a briefing first and then he's going to go into this here.

THE COURT: Are you going to ask him questions in order to elicit that testimony?

MRS. CALLARD: Not really, I'm going to translate as he speaks.

THE COURT: I need you to ask him questions so that we can know what he's going to be saying.

MRS. CALLARD: I don't really know what questions I'm going to be asking him. It was going to be his testimony and I'm going to interpret it to you. I'm not going to ask him any questions. He's going to give you the events as they occurred.

THE COURT: When is he going to start? What point in time? Is he going to go chronologically?

MRS. CALLARD: At the other hearing he didn't give his version of anything. It was held off for today.

THE COURT: That's right, presenting your

case today.

MRS. CALLARD: His testimony today.

THE COURT: Let's do this because it'll probably be the most expeditious way to do it, I'll let him testify in a narrative fashion, but let's go in little pieces that you can translate.

MRS. CALLARD: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

MR. CALLARD: We have gone to ask for an attorney to represent us because he knows that we are not fully capable of handling the hearing itself, although we have a lot of evidence to show. And the attorney asked us to bring in all the documents that we have so he can evaluate the case.

He told us to come to the hearing and give our testimony and then later on we will give him the case to interview and legally represent us.

He feels that of course Florida Power & Light is a large corporation with a lot of power and it's like being impotent against them.

THE COURT: All right. Let's talk about

the incident in question.

MR. CALLARD: Okay. From the beginning Florida Power & Light did some work at the house which caused us problems.

Initially we had the unit on the east side of the house.

MR. LEE: Your Honor, at this point, I think I take an objection to the relevance. It sounds like they're going into the issue as to which side of the house the meter was on, the wires on top of the house which has no relevance to this.

THE COURT: Summarize for me a little bit what we're getting into, we're going back to what point in time?

MRS. CALLARD: Okay. We're going back into where initially, this is where the problem stems from, where the location of the meter was and where it was moved from one side of the house to another side of the house, but the job was not completed, for them to return at a later date to complete the job which they never did.

THE COURT: When was this?

MRS. CALLARD: This was in 1990.

THE COURT: The period in question here is January, 1997 through August of 2002.

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, but initially there's where it started from which they never came to do the job. Initially it started in 1990, they were going to send someone to remove it, relocate it and then never did.

THE COURT: What is it that you're going to say that the evidence shows?

MRS. CALLARD: The problems that stem from their incompletion of the job which created ongoing problems until we get to the point of 1997.

THE COURT: So, you're going to suggest that the meter wasn't functioning properly for a period running from sometime in 1990 all the way to 2002?

MRS. CALLARD: Exactly, yes. At least that's what we think because we know of nothing else that could have possibly happened.

THE COURT: What is your evidence of that, that there was some service on the meter in 1990?

MRS. CALLARD: He says when the meter was located on the east side and moved over to

another location is when we started having electrical problems within the house.

THE COURT: I'll overrule the relevancy objection. I'll let you tell me that story. You need to translate. Is he testifying here?

MRS. CALLARD: He's saying that this photo here is the old meter where you can see the number on here. I don't know if that is the same meter that the gentleman has. He took that picture the day FPL came to the home to review the problems that we had, like electrical problems within the house.

THE COURT: What year was this?

THE WITNESS: In 1992.

THE COURT: The photograph that your referring to was made in 1992?

THE WITNESS: That was in 1991 when they came out to review the electrical problems in the home.

THE COURT: Let's do this because I'm not really following. Why don't you back up and tell me what were the problems and what did you do about them. You need to give me some context.

THE WITNESS: In 1991 we took this picture

1.5

of Florida Power & Light when they came out to see what problems we were having in the home and that meter, when they removed the meter from the wall the meter fell on the floor against the concrete. And to avoid the meter he stopped the meter with his foot.

They said that since they had the dropped the meter they would return the next day to replace the meter and we took a picture of that meter. This meter shows some of the electrical problems that we've had through the house where we have some shortage throughout the house.

THE COURT: When was that?

MRS. CALLARD: Shortly after this. All of these are shortages that we had in the home. We also had some appliances that blew up.

THE COURT: And how does that relate to the issue --

MRS. CALLARD: We started having electrical problems after this happened.

THE COURT: Let me understand, Florida

Power & Light came out to do some work to the

meter because you called because you were

having problems?

THE WITNESS: Yes. We called them because

24

25

we were having problems of like surges. We were getting electrical shocks with the light switches. Our TV went out. We had like to two losses of TVs. We had a VCR that went out. Things were just blowing up, so we called Florida Power & Light so they could come out and see if there was a problem.

So, we called an electrician and they came and looked at the problem and said that we had an electrical problem in the house.

In 1991 when we were going to install our swimming pool they had already relocated the cable on top of our roof.

THE COURT: Who?

THE WITNESS: Florida Power & Light.

THE COURT: What cable?

THE WITNESS: The main cable that runs through our house that provides electricity. Because we were going to make a pool, they relocated that cable from one end of the house to the other end of the house. When they did that installation they ran the cable on top of our roof of the house.

THE COURT: When was that?

THE WITNESS: It was in 1991. And in the

2.3

24

25

process of constructing the pool we didn't pass inspection which is what that exhibit there is, that says that the cable and the permit indicates that we didn't pass it.

THE COURT: You couldn't get a permit for your pool in 1991 because there was a cable on the roof.

MRS. CALLARD: Because of the cable, yes.

THE COURT: Then what happened?

THE WITNESS: In 1992 after Hurricane
Andrew with the winds and everything we started
having sparks from the cable which the neighbor
let us know that we were having some sparks
coming from that cable.

We called Florida Power & Light again and they came out and they put like a rubber seal around the cable that was hanging on top of the roof. That's the photo that we showed you.

THE COURT: When was that?

THE WITNESS: In 1992.

THE COURT: Then what happened?

THE WITNESS: As time went on it remained in that fashion where they put the rubber hose on the cable. We tried to get ahold of them various times to come out and repair that. As

time went on it remained that way. I went to Florida Power & Light one day and I was in their office about three hours trying to get the problem resolved.

I waited about three hours before I was able to talk to someone and on that day I was leaving on a trip. I feel that when I went I did not get attended to and I wasn't able to resolve anything at that point. And I was leaving on a trip and therefore I didn't get anything done on that particular day.

So, it remained that way. We put claims in for some of the losses and we never were reimbursed for any of those.

MR. LEE: I want to object again at this point. I understand you want to give them a little leeway, but this whole matter was the subject of another Public Service Commission complaint resolved between Florida Power & Light and the Callards. The matter has been closed. And going into all of these side issues is taking us away from what we're here for today.

THE COURT: I tend to agree. I guess I've been trying to understand what the connection

with all this is. Is Mr. Lee correct, sir, 1 2 that at some point a claim that went through the Public Commission resolved in some sort of 3 settlement?

> THE WITNESS: The reason for going over this is because they are basing their calculations on a meter which had a problem.

I understand that you want to THE COURT: make that position. I'm trying to understand first, was there some sort of claim made against Florida Power & Light that was brought to the Public Service Commission?

THE WITNESS: We put in a complaint against Florida Power & Light which is when Public Service Commission sent out an inspector to look at the problem.

THE COURT: When was that?

THE WITNESS: In the year 2003 we asked for an inspector to come out and inspect the problem of the electrical problem that we had in the home. Apparently there was an inspector that came out that represented Florida Power & Light.

THE COURT: Hold on, hold on, Mr. Lee, what was the other Public Service Commission

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

proceeding? I'm trying to understand what happened in that regard.

MR. LEE: Your Honor, there's two separate issues and I understand Mr. Callard is trying to tie one into the other. And if he wants to argue that the meter was dropped and that's the reason for the problem, fine, I can understand he wants to make that argument, but the other issue was that the Callards had their meter come to one side of their house. It came off the pole right directly to the side of the house.

Apparently sometime in the early '90s they wanted to put a pool in which required the meter to go to the other side of the house and at the time FP&L ran the service --

MRS. CALLARD: Excuse me but it wasn't the meter, it was the cable.

THE COURT: Hold on.

THE WITNESS: Florida Power & Light came out on one of those days that a storm was coming up and we had a huge plant that ran through their cables. And so at that point that cable was sparking and at that point is when they went ahead and they moved the cable,

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24

25

not the meter. They moved that cable from one end to on top of the house.

THE COURT: Hold on, hold on. You're saying that some point in the early 1990s the cable was moved and ultimately the meter was moved?

Regardless of the years, MR. LEE: sometime in the early 90s the location of the cable coming from the roof, we're not sure whether it was -- because the meter was removed, et cetera, but the cable now ran over the top of the house and they had complaints about that. FP&L came out and put a sleeve -first of all the cable was insulated to start with, but then a sleeve was put over the top of the cable.

They obviously continued to complain about that and eventually the Public Service Commission was brought in, it was resolved and the cable was removed and also they were paid some money as a result of their claim for damages as a result of the cable being on the house.

That has nothing to do with the current diversion. They has to do with them not

1 0

wanting the cable on top of their house.

THE COURT: When was that matter resolved?

MR. LEE: 2003 is when it was finally
resolved, but it all started back in the early

THE COURT: Was there a hearing on that?

MR. LEE: I don't know that it got to a

full and formal agenda hearing, your Honor. I

know they filed a complaint and I think it was
resolved with the parties with PSC assistance.

THE COURT: All right. Let me see if we can just do this because it may take a long time to go through this whole sequence of events.

What I want to do is focus in on the issues at hand as it relates to the allegations that there was unmetered electrical use for a five and a half roughly year period from '97 to 2002.

And I understand you're going to testify that the problem stems from some work that Florida Power & Light did in the early 90s and that's fair enough, but this issue that relates to the cable on the roof which apparently resolved in a settlement, can you just tell me

is that -- was there a settlement with FP&L, did they pay you for damages?

2.2

THE WITNESS: Florida Power & Light told us that it was our responsibility to correct the error, that that was not their problem and that's when we filed our complaint.

When they insisted that we pay for the services we filed a complaint with Public Service Commission and we spoke to someone, Ms. Pena.

THE COURT: Hold on, I want to separate, if I can, the complaints that were filed. Were there two separate complaints? Was there a complaint with the Public Service Commission relating solely to the issues arising out of the cable being on your roof?

THE WITNESS: It was one complaint to the Public Service Commission, that we told them that they were in some type of violation.

THE COURT: Did FP&L pay some money to you to resolve that?

THE WITNESS: After it was determined by the inspector of Public Service Commission which is exhibit D where they said that they were in violation Florida Power & Light sent

25

someone from the County to inspect the problem, someone named Ozorio.

THE COURT: Hold on, just answer my question. Was there money paid to settle the cable on the roof problem?

THE WITNESS: They paid for the fixing -the whole electrical installation. They didn't
pay to us. They brought in an electrician and
they did the job.

THE COURT: What was the job, they moved the cable off the roof?

MRS. CALLARD: They had to tear down the whole -- in the route that the pole was, they had to run it a different route, they ran it all across the house and they had to open up holes and we had to knock down a wall.

THE COURT: How does that relate to the allegation that there's unmetered electrical use?

THE WITNESS: Because the meter dropped and they never came back to give us a new meter. If there was anything wrong with the meter we didn't know.

THE COURT: The meter dropped in 1990?

THE WITNESS: And they never came back.

THE COURT: All right.

THE WITNESS: They sent someone from Metro Dade and they said it was our home and we got the violation for that problem. Then we complained to the Public Service Commission again because we were sited for that violation which is exhibit B, this is the violation. They sited us for that problem.

THE COURT: This all relates to the cable on the roof?

THE WITNESS: Yes. When we got the violation then they sent out the inspector and the inspector sent us after his findings to show that they were in violation and he's an electrician.

The inspector says it was their violation and that he couldn't understand how they left that cable there on top of the house for 11 years. It was rotted, the cable was rotted and the shortages that we had throughout the house.

It didn't have the rubber, it was a live wire, but it laid on top of the house.

In 1992 when they came out to put the rubber hose they stated that because of the hurricane they had a lot of work and they would

put it the way that it should be and that maybe they would put it underground. As the years went by it just remained there and they never came back.

When we received the letter from the inspector, the Public Service Commission, we called Florida Power & Light and at that point was when we spoke to Mr. Cumen who said that we were tampering with the meter and we were stealing electricity and all that stuff.

At that point we wrote a letter to Mr. Zamora and Ms. Cochran and we wrote a letter telling her exactly what Mr. Cumen had stated in reference to the electricity. And we never saw or heard from Mr. Cumen again. And they put another representative who was then Mr. Zamora.

Then Mr. Zamora called us and made an appointment with me to go review the meter at their office.

When I go to that appointment they showed me a meter, it was not in a box. It was just when they removed the meter they put it in their truck and it was not placed into any kind of container or anything.

And when they showed me the meter it had no glass. And they showed me a new meter and supposedly our meter and that was at Ms.

Cochran's office. And I said I speak the truth and she was there.

2.3

In that meeting they asked me what did I see in the meters. He showed me five little meters and they showed me were like scratches on the different hands. You could see it visibly just by looking at it without even getting close to it. You could see it from a distant.

And they explained to me of how they came to the original calculation of over \$17,000. They offered me to pay half of it if we accepted. And it's very difficult to pay for something that you know you didn't have use for. That's why we're here today.

We never tampered with the meter. They made an offer and we said no because it was not just to go ahead and accept that offer.

When they changed the meter the meter was moving very fast, the meter that they replaced. And I turned off all the lights in the house and that meter was moving very fast. And I

2.3

went to the neighbor's house and the neighbor did the same thing and the same thing didn't happened. Our meter was functioning a lot faster.

And we made another letter to Mr. Pina, complaining about that meter that was going too fast which is this one. We wrote a letter to the Florida Commission. We spoke to Ms. Pina. We were not in agreement with what the meter was reading. It was about \$400 for the one month, but we still filed a complaint and we took pictures of that meter because we tried to get someone to represent us, but financially we were not able to.

After I filed the complaint Jorge Zamora got in touch with me. He told us that they were going to go and check and make sure that everything was okay at the home.

For the prior job that they had done he didn't reference the meter. He said they were going to inspect that the job was properly done.

So, he told Mr. Zamora when you come over to review this we would like for you to come with a letter stating what it is that you are going to do at the home.

We gave him a time when to come to do this because we have two children that are in school and I'm the one who picks them up.

So, when the electrician showed up after 2 o'clock in the afternoon he didn't bring a letter. So, we told him if you don't have that letter that we requested from Mr. Zamora you're not going to come on the premises because I wanted to protect that meter because that was evidence that we had that there was something wrong with that meter that they replaced.

They called someone and someone told them they had to enter at the house and we told them well, we have to go to the school and we're not going to be here and I have to leave now, you have to come back at another time. If you want wait for us until we get back and we'll open for you so you can go back there.

When I came back we didn't notice that anything was wrong and when I was in the backyard I saw the mud tracks through the backyard for the prints because it had rained that day.

Then I realized and I followed the tracks

1.8

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

and I got to the meter and when I got to the meter the meter had been changed.

So, we have like a 6-foot fence and it seems like the gentleman went over the fence and even broke the panel as he climbed down the fence and that's how we know someone went through the backyard and changed the meter.

So, we called the police. We filed a complaint. We called Florida Power & Light. I spoke to Ms. Cochran because we feel that they did not have to go on the premises in that manner.

We called the commission office and informed them and then we were told that they have a right to come into our house and we told them that we don't feel that is correct because we feel that was unconstitutional, invade your privacy, because I would have preferred them to turn the lights out and not take the meter and he did not respect my word when I asked him to wait until I returned.

We have been trying for many years to try to resolve this problem and it is to no avail.

> THE COURT: That's it?

MRS. CALLARD: That's it.

19 BY MR. LEE:

_ _

THE COURT: Nothing further to add?

MRS. CALLARD: He feels that the meter, that's all been manipulated and that that meter was sent to a lab, it was sent to their lab, they showed it to him without any glass and that what they showed him was very visible through the glass. You could very well see through the glass.

In the last meeting we had, Ms. Cochran said that they removed the glass from the meter and when they showed him the glass it was an open meter.

We cannot obviously deal with the power that Florida Power & Light does have and we thank you, your Honor. That's his testimony.

THE COURT: Thank you. I'll need you to translate for cross examination.

CROSS EXAMINATION

Q Thank you, your Honor. Mr. Callard, good morning. You said that the meter fell sometime between 1990 and 1991?

A In 1990, more or less.

Q And at that time it was you and your wife living in that residence, correct?

1 Α In the residence, yes. 2 Did anybody else live in that residence 0 from that time until now? 3 Our children. 4 Α But no other families, just your family 5 0 6 living there? 7 Δ No other family, no. In 1990 or sometime around that time is 8 0 9 when you had your pool installed in your house? It began in 1991. 10 Α When you came to Florida Power & Light and 11 Q they showed you the meter you said you could see the 12 3 scratches on the meter, right? 14 A. Yes. 15 MR. LEE: That's all the questions I have. 16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, 17 Is there anything that you would like Mr. Lee. to add to any of the testimony that was just 18 19 elicited on cross examination? If Florida Power & Light has 20 THE WITNESS: 21 the ability to have a meter in a sealed box, 22 when they took our meter they have all the 23 resources like in a sealed box, protected, that 24 if the meter had something wrong upon removal, 25 a picture was not taken prior to when they took

the meter because you can see visibly the meter was fine.

If they wanted to prove there was something wrong with the meter they had other means to go ahead before they removed the meter and came back with this meter showing that it had scratches on it, because they're saying that on a couple of occasions the meter was in regression, yet why not show us at the time with a picture that there was a meter in regression. This is what they are saying. We have no proof of that.

When they go the first time where they are saying that it was in regression they didn't take a picture of anything of the problem before they removed that meter and took it.

Another thing, where they're saying that they went out to the home on five or six times, various times, how did the gentleman come into the house. They opened the door and there is no one in the home but me.

My children wouldn't open the door for anyone because they leave us notes that they can't get into the backyard. We want to know how are they able to supposedly come into the

home and view the meters, as they so state.

So, we obviously located Public Service

Commission to say that they were entering our

property whenever they wanted according to them

without our permission which we never denied

them entrance into the property.

Those are the damages that when they did the first job they did it so incomplete that our area was corroded, our roof was corroded, the walls started falling down because of the weight of the installation. And they wouldn't pay damages.

And they are of course the only electrical company, so you have to deal with that. And that's it, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Callard.

All right. Mrs. Callard, do you have any other evidence to present at this time?

MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor, that's all.

THE COURT: You don't plan to testify yourself?

MRS. CALLARD: I'm here because the account is in my name, but he is the one that's done all the dealings.

THE COURT: Now, you presented various

23

2.4

Were any of these documents that 1 documents. 2 you wanted to offer as evidence in the case? 3 MRS. CALLARD: 4 5 6 7 8 9 police reports and photos. 10 11 12 exhibit A. 13 MRS. CALLARD: 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1991? 21 MR. LEE: 22 23 evidence? 24 MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

25

Okay, your Honor, I wanted to place all of these as evidence because this goes back to how the problems started, and the problems we've had throughout the years with not passing inspection and the intrusion of them coming into our property and that we have

THE COURT: Why don't we go through them one at a time and see what you've got. This is This is the permit.

This was the permit that we requested from the County in order for our pool back in '91 and as you see on the bottom it savs service over the roof.

THE COURT: Putting aside the issue of relevance, there's no factual dispute, is there, that there was a cable on the roof in

I don't think we're in dispute.

THE COURT: You want to offer this A into

THE COURT: Is there any objection?

MR. LEE: Other than my prior relevance 1 2 objection, no. I'll overrule. This will be THE COURT: 3 Petitioner's A into evidence at this time. 4 5 Petitioner B is the issue involving the code 6 violation, is that what this is? 7 MRS. CALLARD: Yes, this is the violation that they sited us for saying that we were 8 responsible for the violation. 9 THE COURT: What was the violation? 10 Electrical is checked off. 11 MRS. CALLARD: THE COURT: I don't see on here what the 12 nature of the violation was. 13 MRS. CALLARD: It doesn't go into detail 14 15 of the violation. 16 THE COURT: Is there any way to know that relates to the issue of the cable on the roof? 17 18 MRS. CALLARD: No, we would had to go to 19 that case number and see what the actual complaint was. 20 21 THE COURT: Any objection to Petitioner's 22 B? 23 MR. LEE: Other than the relevance, no. 24 THE COURT: I'll receive it into evidence 25 at this time. Exhibit C is an unsigned

_

release.

MRS. CALLARD: This is a release of claim that Florida Power & Light presented to us to be signed in order for them to -- they gave us this claim telling us if they went ahead and made the repair that we would not proceed any further in relationship to what we were complaining about. So, we didn't sign it.

THE COURT: So, you never did sign a release.

MRS. CALLARD: No, we didn't sign this particular release.

THE COURT: Was there another release signed?

MRS. CALLARD: They wanted to give us the 2150 for us to fix the problem with the cable and we said no.

THE COURT: Why is this relevant to this case?

MRS. CALLARD: This is to show that they wanted us to do it and they wanted to release themselves from any further claim which we didn't feel that we should accept that. So, we didn't sign it.

THE COURT: This one I'm going to reject.

1

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

It doesn't seem to be relevant. Exhibit D. this is an e-mail, who is this from?

MRS. CALLARD: Exhibit D is the letter that we got from the electrical engineer from the Public Service Commission where here he sited the violation -- the code that Florida Power & Light was not meeting, that was in violation of. These are his findings after he came out to inspect the problem and next to the last paragraph he talks about the electrical code that Florida Power & Light is in violation of.

This is January 20th, 2003, at THE COURT: some time after that date, in fact, the problem was fixed?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: Any objection to Petitioner's D?

Again, relevance and then I'm MR. LEE: not even sure who any of these people are and I think Mr. Callard has testified through live witness testimony what he's complained of here.

MRS. CALLARD: This is a back-up documentation, your Honor, where we dealt with an engineer from the Public Service Commission

1.6

2.0

who had to come out and establish that there was an electrical problem, that it was the responsibility of Florida Power & Light because they would not fix it on their own. This is the reason why the engineer comes out to inspect the problem because we were not getting --

THE (

THE COURT: You made a complaint with the

Public Service Commission.

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And ultimately the complaint was resolved through Florida Power & Light either paying for the work or doing the work and moving the cable from the roof?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, eventually, yes. This proves that they were in violation throughout the years. They were in violation of that electrical problem. It took almost ten years to get this resolved.

THE COURT: I'll admit exhibit D to the extent it corroborates or explains Mr.

Callard's testimony. Now, exhibits E and F are letters that are written in Spanish.

MRS. CALLARD: Exhibit E is in Spanish because my husband was that one, like I said

that was dealing. That letter is complaining to the Public Service Commission on the reading of meter 46714 which is the meter that was reading very fast. This is the complaint that we filed with them.

THE COURT: There's no translation of these letters. I can't read it, so I'm not sure what it all says. These are both dealing with your complaint about the replacement meter malfunctioning?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Well, you've testified about that. So, I don't think these letters would really add to it. I think E and F would be cumulative of your testimony. You've already testified about these facts. I'll reject E and F.

Now, G-1 and G-2 appear to be documents relating to the complaints you made with the police in March and May of 2003?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: And Mr. Callard testified somewhat about that.

MRS. CALLARD: This would be our back-up that, yes, we did, but we may not have gotten

into really detail with our testimony, but this will show that it is in detail.

THE COURT: G-1 and G-2?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes, G-1 and G-2 and the same goes for E and F which are the letters where we complained to the Public Service Commission about the actual meter. So, I think that's very important.

THE COURT: How do those complaints relate to the issues at hand?

MRS. CALLARD: Because we're telling them exactly what the problems with -- with exhibit E in this letter we're telling the Public Service Commission the problems that we're having with that particular meter.

THE COURT: Didn't Mr. Callard testify about that?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes. Before they could come out and look at the meter Florida Power & Light removed the meter. This is showing them that we filed a complaint against that particular meter because it was reading too fast and before Public Service Commission could come out and look at that they removed the meter from the home which to this day no one

knows where the meter is.

So, why did they take the meter and why do we not know where is the meter since this is the meter that supposedly was used to calculate what they say we are owing them which is very important to know where that meter is. We have never been told why they removed that meter.

THE COURT: Well, is there any detail that the letters add to the testimony that was given?

MR. LEE: Your Honor, maybe I can short circuit this, while I'm not agreeing to the contents of the letters, if they want them in to just to say hey, we made a complaint to the Public Service Commission and we sent a letter, that's fine. I mean, that's public record and we're not going to object to that.

If they want to admit them because they want what's in those letters to be considered true, well, that's the purpose of his testimony, and I would object to that. But if he wants the letters in to say hey, I sent the letters to Public Service Commission complaining about this meter, I'll agree to that.

THE COURT: I agree with that. I'm going to stand by the rejection of those letters. I think it's cumulative of the testimony and also there's an issue regarding the transaction of them.

MRS. CALLARD: He's saying in the letter that he's not in agreement with the reading of the meter and what we have to pay.

THE COURT: Let's talk about G-1 and G-2, the documents relating to the calls to the police. Are those relevant to the issues in this case and if so how?

MRS. CALLARD: They show the many times that they came out and just I guess went about their business and we reported it. They never notified us, gave us prior notice that they needed to come in to do whatever. They just did whatever they had to do. And so we went ahead and made these reports to show that they were actually on the property whenever they felt like it.

THE COURT: How does that relate to the issues in the case?

MRS. CALLARD: Well, this shows all the inconveniences that we had to go through with

1 issue. 2 THE COURT: 3 MR. LEE: 4 is. 5 6 7 THE COURT: 8 9 10 11 MRS. CALLARD: 12 13 14 15 16 17 with no glass. 18 19 MR. LEE: 20 testified to that same thing. 21 22 THE COURT: 23 24 25

Florida Power & Light to try to resolve this Any objection to G-1 and G-2?

I don't know what the relevance

MRS. CALLARD: Because they entered the property, your Honor, whenever they wanted to.

I have some doubts about the relevance, but I'll go ahead and receive them in evidence. H is another letter to the Public Service Commission. What does this relate to?

This is the letter where he let's them know that they demonstrated an open meter, Florida Power & Light. This letter indicates where he went to that meeting with Ms. Cochran and they showed him the open meter

THE COURT: You testified about that

In fact, your Honor, if you recall from our prior hearing Ms. Cochran

So, with that testimony from both sides about that meeting there's no dispute that it took place, right?

> MR. LEE: No.

THE COURT: The letter would just be cumulative and it's in Spanish and there's no translation. So, I'll reject this one. It doesn't add anything to the evidence in the record.

And the last item, I don't have it here, you had a set of photographs. Did you want to offer those into evidence?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

2.2

2.4

MR. LEE: And other than the relevance objection that I previously stated there's no objection to the photographs.

THE COURT: Well, I have some doubts about the relevance, but if you want to assemble the seven photographs I'll receive those as a composite exhibit.

MRS. CALLARD: Your Honor, there are two other exhibits. You have two pictures attached that we gave you.

THE COURT: What I have in evidence including Mr. Callard's testimony are Petitioner's exhibits A, B, C, D, G-1, G-2 and composite exhibit I, consisting of seven photographs. Do you have any other evidence to present before you rest your case?

MRS. CALLARD: No, sir. 1 2 THE COURT: Mr. Lee, does Florida Power & Light have any rebuttal case? 3 MR. LEE: No, your Honor. We'll rest on 4 the evidence we previously put on. 5 6 THE COURT: And in addition to the 7 testimony presented I show the Respondent with 8 one four page exhibit in evidence. That might have been the only 9 MR. LEE: document we put in evidence. 10 11 THE COURT: That's all I'm showing. So, if there's any other documentary evidence you 12 13 want to put in you can do it by way of 14 rebuttal. The only other document, your 15 MR. LEE: 16 Honor, then is -- I've given the Callards a 17 copy previously, so they'll know what I'm 18 talking about, it just shows -- again it's the 19 same billing history, but it's spread out from 20 1996 to 2002. It just goes back a couple years 21 prior to. 2.2 THE COURT: Has this already been provided 23 to the Callards? 24 MR. LEE: Yes, I previously sent it to

25

them a while ago.

THE COURT: You have any objection to 1 2 that? MRS. CALLARD: He says is that testimony 3 that Florida Power & Light gave? 4 MR. LEE: It's the kilowatt usage. 5 That's what we have used MRS. CALLARD: 6 7 throughout those years? THE COURT: This shows a couple years 8 prior in time to the spreadsheet that's in 9 evidence as Respondent's one? 10 Right, it's the meter usage. MR. LEE: 11 It's the as billed? THE COURT: 2 13 MR. LEE: Right. MRS. CALLARD: We're not in agreement with 14 that because we don't know what meter this 15 This is just saying that we had 16 applies to. 17 certain usage within the house, but he's not 18 telling us what meter was during that period. Is that the bad meter? 19 20 MR. LEE: Well, obviously it's from 1996 21 until it was removed, that would be the meter 22 that's in question. 2.3 Right, just refresh my THE COURT: recollection about the timeframes. 24 25 The billing history that is in MR. LEE:

dispute is in January of '97 through August of 1 2002. 3 THE COURT: Was it in August that the meter was removed? 4 MR. LEE: July 24th, 2002 the meter was 5 6 changed. So, from all of 1996 through 7 THE COURT: July of 2002 it would always have been the same 8 9 meter. MR. LEE: Right. 10 Mr. Callard, you don't dispute 11 THE COURT: From all of 1996 to July of 2002 12 that, right? 13 you had one meter at your house. In August, 2002 and the THE WITNESS: 14 15 calculations --I just want to know is it 16 THE COURT: 17 undisputed that there was only one meter at your house from 1996 to July of 2002. 18 19 THE WITNESS: No, there was not one meter, 20 they changed the meter. During the time period 21 of 1997 to 2003, what date did they remove this 2.2 meter? Our people previously testified 23 MR. LEE: 24 that they removed that meter on July 24th, 25 2002.

And all I want to know I THE COURT: 1 thought it was undisputed the same meter was at 3 the house. In July they changed it. THE WITNESS: 4 THE COURT: Right, in July, 2002 they 5 changed the meter. 6 7 THE WITNESS: In July they took that 8 meter. THE COURT: Hold on, hold on, for all of 1996 to July of 2002 there was just one meter 10 at the house. 11 THE WITNESS: Yes, that's right. 12 THE COURT: And just remind me, the meter 13 was changed in July, 2002, did FP&L change it 14 What was testified on your side? 15 again? Yes, I believe we testified to MR. LEE: 16 that fact and Mr. Callard --17 THE COURT: He's testified? 18 Right, and we're not disputing MR. LEE: 19 that sometime after that the meter that was 20 21 placed in July of 2002 was replaced with 22 another meter. It was changed yet again. 23 THE COURT: Right. 24 MR. LEE: 25 So, they have a second THE COURT:

replacement meter. 1 MRS. CALLARD: Yes. 3 THE COURT: You don't dispute that. No, I don't dispute that that MR. LEE: In 2003 the meter was replaced. 5 was done. MRS. CALLARD: We've had three meters, 6 7 your Honor. All right. And Respondent's THE COURT: 8 9 exhibit 2 relates to the period of time --The only time that I'm really 10 MR. LEE: concerned about and I know he's raising an 11 issue about August of 2004, if you want to 12 13 black out August and September on that sheet 14 because he's raising an issue with it, that's 15 fine. 16 THE COURT: All right. So, Mrs. Callard, 17 with that are there any other objections to Respondent's exhibit two? 18 MRS. CALLARD: 19 No. Then we'll receive 20 THE COURT: 2.1 Respondent's exhibit two into evidence at this 22 time. 23 MR. LEE: Other than that no more 24 evidence, your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Respondent rests and that will

2.1

2.3

close the evidentiary phase of the hearing. Do the parties anticipate a transcript being prepared in this case?

MRS. CALLARD: I would need one, your Honor.

MR. LEE: I can't say at this point. I tend to transcribe it, but I can't say for sure.

THE COURT: You're saying you're sure you want one?

MRS. CALLARD: Yes.

THE COURT: You know you may have to pay for it. Here's what we'll do then, the parties have the right to submit in writing proposed findings of facts and proposed conclusions of law where you can make your closing arguments in writing to me and suggest to me the facts that you think I ought to find based on the evidence presented and suggest to me the result that ought to be recommended based on the facts and the law.

If there's going to be a transcript I will set the deadline for filing that paper based on the date that the transcript is filed. If there isn't going to be a transcript then I

will set a date that will be earlier than that, obviously.

If I knew there wasn't going to be a transcript I'd probably set that deadline ten days from today, but there seems to be some questions as to whether the transcript's going to be ordered.

So, what I'll do is --

MR. LEE: Actually judge, I didn't realize that's the way you were going to do it and in that case I probably will have to order the transcript. I thought we were going to do closing today, but if we're going to do it in writing then I will need the transcript.

THE COURT: Well, if you all want to do closing today I will let you do that, but you do have the opportunity to submit it in writing and you can do it with or without the transcript.

MRS. CALLARD: I would prefer mine in writing because I can think things out.

MR. LEE: That's fine. I'll go ahead and order the transcript. I'll deal with the court reporter on that.

THE COURT: Well, that being the case then

2.4

typically we set the deadline for the written submissions at ten days after the date the transcript is filed with the Division of Administrative Hearings.

Does either party think that that timeframe wouldn't be sufficient in this particular case either because of the issues involved or scheduling conflicts?

MR. LEE: I'm fine with the ten days.

MRS. CALLARD: I could use a little more, your Honor.

THE COURT: How much time would you like?

MRS. CALLARD: Maybe another week.

THE COURT: If I extend that deadline 20 days after the transcript is filed would that be sufficient?

MRS. CALLARD: That's fine, your Honor.

THE COURT: Does FP&L have any objection to that?

MR. LEE: No, your Honor. And there is one issue that I do want to put on the record before we finish, I know you asked prior to the first hearing if there was any issue -- I did find a case, unfortunately I didn't bring it with me. I think it was either a Public

1	Service Commission opinion or a I can't
2	remember which, that essentially said they felt
3	Florida Power & Light was a utility burden.
4	So, I couldn't find anything to say otherwise.
5	THE COURT: All right. If you would cite
6	that case in your submission.
7	MR. LEE: I believe I can get it.
8	THE COURT: So, the deadline for your
9	recommended orders, your written submissions,
10	will be 20 days after the transcript is filed.
11	I, as a practice, tend to send out a
12	notice letting you know when the transcript is
13	coming in, but it is your obligation to keep an
14	eye on the docket as well and you can do that
15	on line through the Internet or by calling our
16	clerk's office. They will let you know that it
17	has been received.
18	I know you indicated Mrs. Callard you
19	wanted to wait and make your argument in
20	writing and Mr. Lee, you'll do that as well?
21	MR. LEE: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Are there any final
23	matters before we adjourn the proceedings?
24	MR. LEE: No, your Honor.
25	MRS. CALLARD: No, your Honor.

1	THE COURT: All right. Thank you for your
2	presentations. We are adjourned.
3	(Thereupon, the proceedings were
4	concluded.)
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
4	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1 2 CERTIFICATE 3 The State of Florida County of Broward 4 5 I, Diana Kelly, Professional Reporter, do hereby certify that I was authorized to and did 6 report said proceedings in stenotype; and that the 7 foregoing pages, numbered from 1 to 52, inclusive, 8 are a true and correct transcription of my shorthand 9 notes of said hearing. 10 I further certify that I am not an 11 attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I 12 13 a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel or 14 party connected with the action, nor am I 15 financially interested in the action. The foregoing certification of this 16 17 transcript does not apply to any reproduction of the 18 same by any means unless under the direct control and/or direction of the certifying reporter. 19 20 Dated this 22 day of January, 2005. 21 22 DIANA KELLY 23 Notary Public - State of Florida. 24

25