## **BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

In re: Petition to Establish Discovery Docket Regarding Actual and Projected Costs for Levy Nuclear Project, by Progress Energy Florida, Inc. DOCKET NO. 080149 - 6-

Submitted for filing: May 1, 2008

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#### DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DANIEL L. RODERICK IN SUPPORT OF ACTUAL/ESTIMATED AND PROJECTED COSTS

#### ON BEHALF OF PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA

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## IN RE: PETITION TO ESTABLISH DISCOVERY DOCKET REGARDING ACTUAL AND PROJECTED COSTS FOR LEVY NUCLEAR PROJECT BY PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA, INC.

#### **BY PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA**

#### FPSC DOCKET NO. 080149

## DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DANIEL L. RODERICK IN SUPPORT OF ACTUAL/ESTIMATED AND PROJECTED COSTS

1	I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS			
2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.		
3	A.	My name is Daniel L. Roderick. My business address is Crystal River		
4		Energy Complex, Site Administration 2C, 15760 West Power Line Street,		
5		Crystal River, Florida 34428.		
6				
7	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?		
8	А.	I am employed by Progress Energy Florida ("PEF" or the "Company") in the		
9		capacity of Vice President – Nuclear Projects & Construction. As Vice President		
10		- Nuclear Projects & Construction, I am responsible for the management and		
11		oversight of all large, capital nuclear projects for the Company. These include the $\begin{bmatrix} z \\ z \\ z \end{bmatrix}$		
12	oversight of all large, capital nuclear projects for the Company. These include the Crystal River Unit 3 ("CR3") power uprate project, the CR3 steam generator			
13				
14	replacement project scheduled for 2009, and the development, siting, engineering, and construction of two new nuclear generating facilities at the Company's Levy			
15		County site. Prior to assuming my current position, I served as the CR3 Director		
16	of Site Operations. In that capacity, I was responsible for the safe, efficient, and			

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1	reliable generation of electricity from the Company's CR3 nuclear plant. All		
2	plant functions, including the Plant General Manager, Engineering Manager,		
3	Training Manager, and Licensing, reported to me and were under my supervision.		
4			
5	Q.	Please summarize your educational background and work experience.	
6	А.	I have a Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degree in Industrial	
7		Engineering from the University of Arkansas and have completed the	
8		NRC program for a Senior Reactor Operator License. I have been at CR3	
9		since 1996, serving in my current position as Vice President Nuclear	
10	Projects and Construction and, prior to that position, Director of Site		
11	Operations, Plant General Manager, Engineering Manager, and Outage		
12	Manager, respectively. Prior to my employment with the Company, I was		
13	employed for twelve years with Entergy Corporation at its Arkansas		
14	Nuclear One plant in Russellville, Arkansas with responsibilities in Plant		
15	Operations and Engineering.		
16	,		
17		II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY	
18	Q.	What is the purpose of your direct testimony?	
19	А.	The purpose of my direct testimony is to support the Company's request	
20		for cost recovery pursuant to the nuclear cost recovery rule for certain	
21		costs incurred, from March 12, 2008 to March 31, 2008, for the	
22		construction of the Company's proposed Levy Nuclear Power Plants. My	
23		testimony will also support the Company's projected costs for April 1,	

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1	2008 through December 31, 2009. Finally, my testimony explains why			
2		the Levy Nuclear Project is feasible, pursuant to Rule 25-6.0423(5)(c)5,		
3		F.A.C.		
4				
5	Q.	Do you have any exhibits to your testimony?		
6	<b>A</b> .	No, I am not sponsoring any exhibits. I am, however, sponsoring portions		
7	of Schedules AE-7 through AE-8B of the Nuclear Filing Requirements ("NFRs"),			
8	which are included as part of the exhibits to Lori Cross' testimony. Specifically, I			
9	will support all of Schedule AE-7, which is a description of the nuclear			
10	technology selected for 2008. I am sponsoring those portions, not related to			
11	transmission, of Schedule AE-8, which is a list of the contracts executed in excess			
12	of \$1.0 million for 2008. Accordingly, I sponsor pages 1 through 4 and 7 through			
13	10 of Schedule AE-8A, which reflects details pertaining to the contracts executed			
14	in excess of \$1.0 million.			
15	I am also sponsoring Schedules P-7, P-8, and P-8A, which provide similar			
16	details for technology selected and contracts as the AE schedules do.			
17	All of the portions of these schedules, which I sponsor, are true and			
18	accurate.			
19				
20	Q.	Please summarize your testimony.		
21	А.	The Company incurred preconstruction costs from March 12, 2008 to		
22		March 31, 2008 to continue its evaluation of an advanced reactor		
23		technology for its Levy Nuclear Project, and to begin preparation of the		
1				

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1	Combined Operating License Application ("COLA"). PEF needed to		
2	enter into these contracts and incur costs during this time period to		
3	maintain the licensing and construction schedule to successfully bring		
4	Levy Unit 1 into commercial service in 2016. As demonstrated in my		
5	testimony and the NFR schedules attached to Ms. Cross' testimony, PE		
6	took adequate steps to ensure these preconstruction costs were reasonab		
7	and prudent. PEF negotiated favorable contract terms under the then-		
8	current market conditions and circumstances.		
9	For all the reasons provided in my testimony and in the NFR		
10	schedules, the Commission should approve PEF's costs incurred from		
11	March 12, 2008 to March 31, 2008 as reasonable and prudent pursuar		
12	the nuclear cost recovery rule.		
13	The Company is also presenting projected costs for April 1, 2008		
14	through December 31, 2009. These estimates are based on the best		
15	currently-available information. These planned expenditures are		
16	necessary to keep the Levy Nuclear Project on schedule to meet the		
17	planned in-service date, and they should be approved as reasonable.		
18			
19	III. ACTUAL COSTS INCURRED FROM MARCH 12, 2008 TO MARCH 31,		
20	2008 FOR LEVY NUCLEAR PLANT		
21			
22	Q. Has PEF incurred any costs from March 12, 2008 to March 31, 2008		
23	for its Levy Nuclear Project?		
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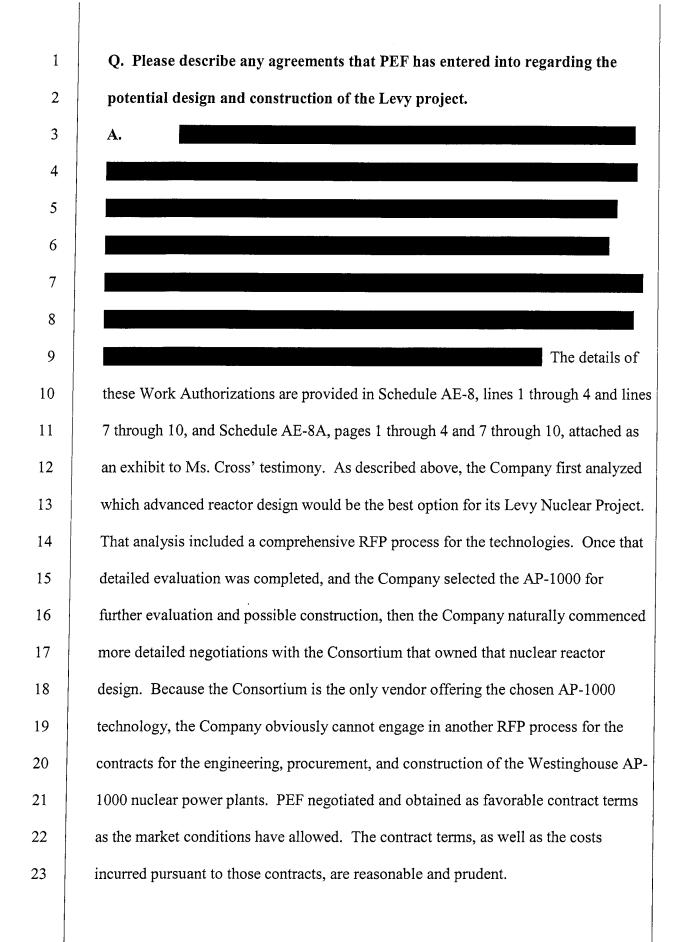
1	A. Yes, PEF incurred preconstruction costs associated with its continued		
2	evaluation of the reactor technology for its Levy Nuclear Project and the negotiation		
3	of the contract for the engineering, design, and construction of all facilities necessary		
4	to place this reactor technology in commercial operation at the Levy site. PEF also		
5	incurred costs for the process of obtaining a COLA for the project. Levy Units 1 and		
6	2 are scheduled to be built at a site selected in Levy County, Florida for commercial		
7	service in 2016 and 2017, respectively.		
8			
9	Q. Turning first to the costs incurred related to the choice of the		
10	advanced nuclear reactor technology, what technology was chosen		
11	and how did PEF make this choice?		
12	A. The Company has initially chosen the Westinghouse AP-1000 as the		
13	advanced reactor technology for the Levy Nuclear plants. To make this decision, the		
14	Company's Nuclear Plant Development Group ("NPD") performed a methodical,		
15	detailed quantitative and qualitative evaluation of commercially available advanced		
16	reactor technologies. NPD issued Request for Proposals ("RFPs") to the three		
17	vendors that had advanced reactor designs: General Electric ("GE"); Westinghouse;		
18	and Areva, for the GE Economic Simplified Boiling Water Reactor ("ESBWR"), the		
19	Westinghouse AP-1000 advanced passive pressurized water reactor, and the Areva		
20	European Pressurized Reactor ("EPR"), respectively. NPD completed a thorough and		
21	extensive evaluation of the vendor proposal responses associated with technical and		
22	operational requirements for licensing, design, construction, and capability input by		

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1	t	the vendors. Following nearly a year of detailed evaluation, NPD initially selected		
2	t	the Westinghouse AP-1000 design as the best advanced technology for PEF.		
3				
4	Q.	Following the initial selection of the AP-1000 technology, did PEF continue to		
5		evaluate this and other advanced reactor technologies?		
6	А.	Yes. Since the preliminary selection of the Westinghouse AP-1000 design in		
7		January 2006, NPD continued to monitor industry changes, advanced reactor		
8		technology developments, and other information that might affect PEF's		
9		technology selection, or the assumptions NPD used in its initial analysis. In		
10		January 2007, NPD updated its January 17, 2006 technology evaluation. Among		
11		other things, NPD included a review of the GE Advanced Boiling Water Reactor		
12		("ABWR"), a 1,350 MW plant similar to existing boiling water reactor		
13		technology. NPD chose to analyze the GE ABWR because two U.S. utilities		
14		announced their intent to construct the ABWR following NPD's initial technology		
15		evaluation. In addition, NPD requested all vendors to provided updated pricing		
16		information to the extent available.		
17				
18	Q.	What did your updated analysis show?		
19	А.	Following the same evaluation criteria as our initial analysis, NPD's updated		
20		evaluation confirmed the initial recommendation to utilize the Westinghouse AP-		
21		1000 design. This technology is further described in Schedule AE-7, attached as		
22		part of the exhibit to Lori Cross' testimony.		

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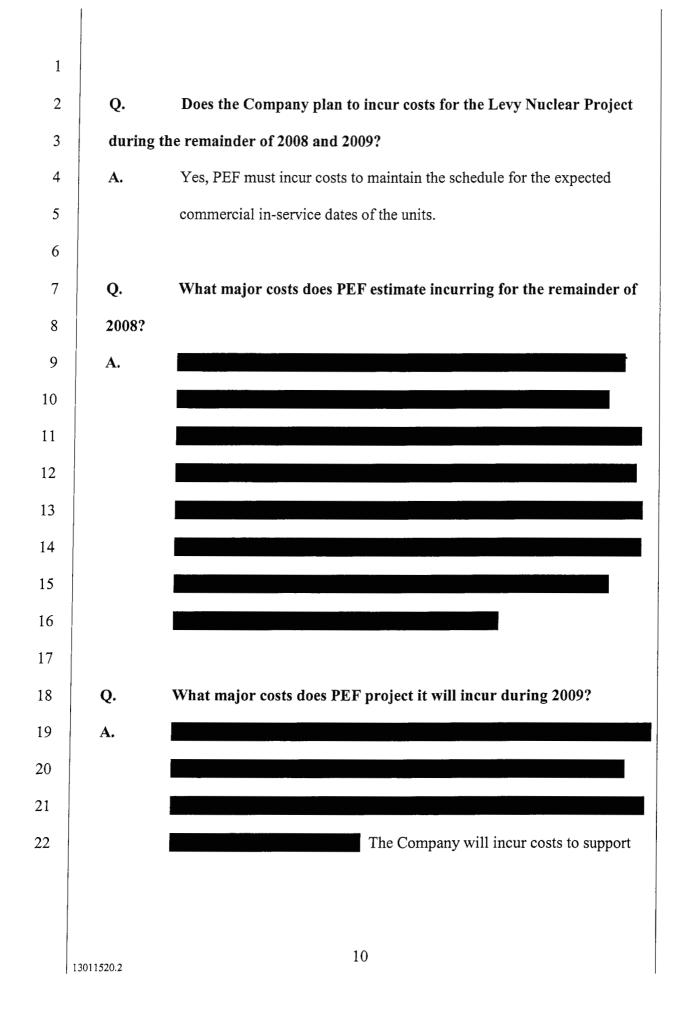
- Q. Why has PEF executed these contracts and incurred costs when the final EPC contract has not even been executed? It is customary with a project of this size for companies to expend money Α. even during the negotiation process. For example, in order for Westinghouse and Shaw Stone & Webster to develop the site specific cost estimates for the Levy units, they had to perform detailed analyses and studies specific to the site. Factors such as soil suitability, geographic proximity to roads for delivery of supplies, and labor costs in the area, among other things, all impact the cost of building a nuclear plant in a particular location. If PEF did not execute these contracts, Westinghouse and Shaw Stone & Webster would not have undertaken the cost to develop these estimates.
  - Q. Has the Company incurred any other costs for the Levy Nuclear



1	А.	Yes, PEF has incurred costs for the development of a COLA for the Levy		
2	Nuclear	Nuclear Project. These costs were incurred pursuant to a contract executed with the		
3	Joint Ve	enture team of Sargent & Lundy, CH2M Hill, and Worley Parson. This		
4	vendor	was chosen as a result of an RFP, in which six vendors were solicited and		
5	provide	provided bids. After consideration of a number of factors, including cost, experience,		
6	technica	technical expertise, and ability to timely complete the COLA, PEF awarded the		
7	contract	to the Joint Venture team.		
8	The	The costs incurred under the Sargent & Lundy, CH2M Hill, and Worley Parson		
9	contract	contract are reasonable and prudent, given the nature and circumstances of the		
10	transaction. The remainder of the contract provisions are also reasonable and			
11	prudent.	prudent. Further details of this contract are contained in Schedule AE-8 and AE-8A,		
12	attached	attached as an exhibit to Ms. Cross' testimony.		
13				
14	Q.	To summarize, were all the costs that the Company incurred from		
15	March 1	2, 2008 through March 31, 2008 for the Levy Nuclear Project		
16	reasonal	ole and prudent?		
17	А.	Yes, the specific cost amounts contained in the schedules, which are		
18		attached as exhibits to Ms. Cross' testimony, reflect the reasonably and		
19		prudently incurred costs which are described above for the Levy Nuclear		
20		Project work from March 12, 2008 to March 31, 2008.		
21				
22	IV.	ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS FOR COSTS TO BE		
23		INCURRED FOR THE REMAINDER OF 2008 AND 2009		

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Q.

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How were these projected costs prepared?

Levy site.

the license application and the clearing, grading, and excavation of the

PEF developed these estimates on a reasonable engineering basis, using 5 A. 6 the best available information. In some instances, PEF utilized actual 7 information received from third parties with which it is negotiating, while 8 in other instances, the contracts have already been executed. In addition, PEF developed these projected costs based on the detailed project 9 schedules which set forth the necessary milestones to maintain the 10 11 expected in-service date. Of course, we are still in the process of negotiating an Engineering, Procurement, and Construction ("EPC") 12 13 contract with the Consortium, which, depending on the ultimate terms and 14 conditions of that agreement (and possibly others), could affect the project 15 cost estimate. Based on what we know now, however, the estimated and projected costs, as set forth in Exhibits No. (LC-1) and (LC-2) to Lori 16 Cross' testimony, should be approved as reasonable. 17

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# RULE 25-6.0423(5)(c)5: LONG-TERM FEASIBILITY OF COMPLETING LEVY NUCLEAR PROJECT

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Q. Has the Company conducted an analysis to determine the long-term feasibility of completing the Levy Nuclear Project?

V.

1	A. On April	8, 2008, PEF prepared a revision to its Business Analysis	
2	Package ("BAP"), which revises the March 2006 BAP and provides the approval		
3	mechanism and official documentation to continue moving forward with the Levy		
4	Nuclear Project. In t	his BAP, the Company analyzed the project schedule and	
5	presented updated information regarding project scope and funding requirements.		
6	The BAP contains a r	recommendation that the Company authorize the updated COLA	
7	funding requirements and the purchase of initial long-lead items for the AP-1000.		
8	Accordingly, PEF has no reason to believe that completion of the Levy Nuclear		
9	Project is not feasible; in fact, PEF is moving forward with the project because PEF		
10	believes it is feasible. In subsequent years, PEF will perform other feasibility		
11	analyses, consistent with its standard business practice in evaluating whether to		
12	continue with a project like the Levy Nuclear Project, at appropriate milestones in this		
13	Project.		
14			
15	Q. Does this	conclude your testimony?	
16	A. Yes, it doe	s.	
17			
18 19 20 21 22 23			

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