

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Nuclear cost recovery clause.

DOCKET NO. 160009-EI
ORDER NO. PSC-16-0314-CFO-EI
ISSUED: August 4, 2016

ORDER GRANTING DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, LLC'S REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL
CLASSIFICATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED PURSUANT TO
AUDIT NO. 15-005-2-1 (DOCUMENT NO. 04566-15)

On July 22, 2015, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Duke Energy Florida, LLC (DEF) filed an Amended Request for Confidential Classification (Request) of certain information provided pursuant to Audit Report No. 15-005-2-1 (audit workpapers) (Document No. 04566-15). This Request was filed in Docket No. 150009-EI.

Request for Confidential Classification

DEF contends that the audit workpapers, more specifically identified by page and line in Attachment C to its Request, contain proprietary confidential business information entitled to protection under Section 366.093, F.S. and Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C. DEF states that this information is related to its Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) Agreement and Levy project DEF provided the affidavits of Christopher M. Fallon, Mark R. Teague, and Thomas G. Foster in support of its Request. DEF asserts that this information is intended to be and is treated by DEF as private and has not been publicly disclosed.

DEF asserts that the Levy project portions of the audit workpapers include long lead equipment disposition strategies, information which if publically disclosed could impair its competitive business interests and violate contractual confidentiality provisions with vendors. DEF also asserts that the audit workpapers contain sensitive business information such as contract pricing terms and specific internal labor information and invoices. DEF asserts that portions of the audit workpapers also contain confidential contractual original cost information and settlement numbers concerning the disposition of EPU assets. DEF contends that if this information were publically disclosed, competitors could offer less competitive contractual terms in future contractual negotiations and DEF's competitors and suppliers may change offers, consumption, or purchasing behavior within the relevant markets. Therefore, DEF argues that this information should be protected pursuant to Section 366.093(3)(d), (e) and (f), F.S.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S., provides that records the Florida Public Service Commission (Commission) has found to contain proprietary business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company's

ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), F.S., provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

(d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms.

(e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

(f) Employee personnel information unrelated to compensation, duties, qualifications, or responsibilities.

Upon review, it appears that the information described above satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information described above and in Attachment C, attached to DEF's Request, appears to be information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of DEF or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms, information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information, and employee personnel information unrelated to compensation, duties, qualifications, or responsibilities. Therefore, the information identified in Document No. 04566-15 shall be granted confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. At the conclusion of the 18-month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., unless DEF or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

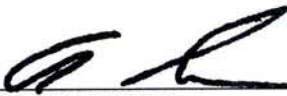
Based on the foregoing, it is hereby

ORDERED by Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, that Duke Energy Florida, LLC's Request for Confidential Classification of Document No.04566-15 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information in Document No. 04566-15, for which confidential classification has been granted, shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of the issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order will be the only notification by the Commission to the parties concerning the expiration of the confidentiality time period.

By ORDER of Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, this 4th day of August, 2016.


ART GRAHAM
Commissioner and Prehearing Officer
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Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

KRM

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.