

David M. Lee Senior Attorney Florida Power & Light Company 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, FL 33408-0420 (561) 691-7263 (561) 691-7135 (Facsimile) E-mail: david.lee@fpl.com

October 31, 2024

-VIA HAND DELIVERY -

Adam Teitzman Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

REDACTED

Re:

Florida Power & Light Company's Request for Confidential Classification of Certain Material Provided in Connection with the July, August and September 2024 Fuel Filings Docket No. 20240001-EI

Dear Mr. Teitzman:

I enclose for filing in the above-referenced matter Florida Power & Light Company's ("FPL") Request for Confidential Classification. The Request includes Attachments A, B (two copies) and C.

Attachment A contains the confidential information that is the subject of FPL's Request for Confidential Classification. Attachment A is submitted for filing separately and marked "ATTACHMENT A - CONFIDENTIAL." Attachment B is an edited version of Attachment A, in which the information FPL asserts is confidential has been redacted. Attachment C contains FPL's justification for its request for confidential classification.

In accordance with Rule 25-22.006(3)(d), FPL requests confidential treatment of the information in Attachment A pending disposition of FPL's request for Confidential Classification.

Sincerely.

David M. Lee

Should you have any questions regarding this filing, please contact me.

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Attachments ECO

Counsel for Parties of Record (w/ Request for Confidential Classification) Florida Power & Light Company

ENG GCL

700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, FL 33408

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APA

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause with generating performance incentive factor

Docket No. 20240001-EI

Date: October 31, 2024

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code, Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") requests confidential classification of certain information on Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC" or "Commission") Forms 423-1(a), 423-2(a), 423-2(b) and 423-2 filed with the Commission for the third quarter of 2024. In support of this request, FPL states as follows:

- 1. Contemporaneously with this filing on October 31, 2024, FPL will file with the Commission and serve on all parties of record FPL's 423 Forms for the third quarter of 2024. This request is being filed for confidential classification of certain information contained in those documents, consistent with Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C.
 - 2. The following attachments are included herewith and made a part hereof:
 - a. Attachment A includes the complete and unedited version of R.W. Scherer's (Plant Scherer) July 2024 Forms 423-2(a), 423-2(b) and 423-2 and FPL's July, August, and September Form 423-1(a) which contain certain information that FPL asserts should be accorded confidential treatment. The information in Attachment A for which FPL seeks confidential classification has been highlighted. Attachment A is submitted separately in a sealed envelope marked "CONFIDENTIAL."
 - b. Attachment B (two copies) is the edited version of Attachment A. All information that FPL asserts is entitled to confidential treatment has been reducted in Attachment B.
 - c. Attachment C identifies information for which confidential treatment is sought and, with regard to each item or type of information, contains a brief statement that explains the need for confidentiality and refers to the specific statutory basis or bases for the request.

- 3. Pursuant to section 366.093, FPL seeks confidential protection for the information highlighted in Attachment A. FPL submits that such information is proprietary confidential business information within the meaning of section 366.093(3). Pursuant to section 366.093, such materials are entitled to confidential treatment and are exempt from the disclosure provisions of the public records law. Thus, once the Commission determines that the information in question is proprietary confidential business information, the Commission is not required to engage in any further analysis or review such as weighing the harm of disclosure against the public interest in access to the information.
- 4. The statutory bases and support for FPL's assertion of confidentiality with regard to specific items or types of information are set forth more specifically in Attachment C. FPL submits that a portion of the information contained in the 423 Forms is proprietary confidential business information regarding contractual matters which would cause irreparable harm to FPL, the entities with whom it has entered into contracts and most importantly to FPL's customers, if such information was disclosed to the general public. The 423 Forms contain pricing information for coal and fuel oil purchases and transportation charges between FPL and various counterparties. The pricing information is regarded by both FPL and the counterparties as confidential. The pricing, which resulted from negotiations between FPL and the counterparties, is specific to the individual contracts and is not publicly known. Disclosure of this information would negatively impact FPL's ability to negotiate pricing favorable to its customers in future contracts. In addition, potential counterparties may refuse to enter into contracts with FPL, or may charge higher prices, if the price terms are made public. This information also relates to the competitive interests of FPL and the counterparties, and disclosure of the information would impair their competitive business interests. The information has not been publicly disclosed and is entitled to confidential classification pursuant to sections 366.093(3)(d) and (e), F.S.

5. Upon a finding by the Commission that the material in Attachment A for which FPL seeks confidential treatment is proprietary confidential business information within the meaning of section 366.093(3), pursuant to section 366.093(4) such materials should not be declassified for twenty-four (24) months, or as otherwise extended by the Commission. Further, the materials should be returned to FPL as soon as the information is no longer necessary for the Commission to conduct its business.

WHEREFORE, for the above and foregoing reasons, including those set forth in the supporting materials, Florida Power & Light Company respectfully requests that its Request for Confidential Classification be granted.

Respectfully submitted,

Maria Jose Moncada Assistant General Counsel David M. Lee Senior Attorney Florida Power & Light Company 700 Universe Boulevard Juno Beach, Florida 33408-0420 Telephone: (561) 304-5795

Facsimile: (561) 691-7135 maria.moncada@fpl.com david.lee@fpl.com

By:

David M. Lee

Florida Bar No. 103152

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket 20240001-EI

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing* has been furnished by electronic delivery on the 31st day of October 2024 to the following:

Suzanne Brownless Ryan Sandy Office of General Counsel Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850 sbrownle@psc.state.fl.us rsandy@psc.state.fl.us

J. Jeffrey Wahlen
Malcolm N. Means
Virginia Ponder
Ausley McMullen
Post Office Box 391
Tallahassee, Florida 32302
jwahlen@ausley.com
mmeans@ausley.com
vponder@ausley.com
Attorneys for Tampa Electric Company

Paula K. Brown Manager, Regulatory Coordination **Tampa Electric Company** Post Office Box 111 Tampa, Florida 33601-0111 regdept@tecoenergy.com

Mike Cassel Vice President/Government and Regulatory Affairs Florida Public Utilities Company 208 Wildlight Avenue Yulee, Florida 32097 mcassel@fpuc.com Walt Trierweiler Charles J. Rehwinkel Mary A. Wessling Patricia A. Christensen Octavio Ponce Austin Watrous Office of Public Counsel The Florida Legislature 111 W. Madison Street, Room 812 Tallahassee, Florida 32399 trierweiler.walt@leg.state.fl.us rehwinkel.charles@leg.state.fl.us wessling.mary@leg.state.fl.us christensen.patty@leg.state.fl.us ponce.octavio@leg.state.fl.us watrous.austin@leg.state.fl.us Attorneys for the Citizens of the State of Florida

Matthew R. Bernier
Robert L. Pickels
Stephanie A. Cuello
106 East College Avenue, Suite 800
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
matthew.bernier@duke-energy.com
robert.pickels@duke-energy.com
stephanie.cuello@duke-energy.com

FLRegulatoryLegal@duke-energy.com Attorneys for Duke Energy Florida, LLC

Dianne M. Triplett 299 First Avenue North St. Petersburg, Florida 33701 dianne.triplett@duke-energy.com **Duke Energy Florida** Beth Keating Gunster Law Firm 215 South Monroe St., Suite 601 Tallahassee, Florida 32301-1804 bkeating@gunster.com Attorneys for Florida Public Utilities Company

Michelle D. Napier Director, Regulatory Affairs Florida Public Utilities Company 1635 Meathe Drive West Palm Beach, FL33411 mnapier@fpuc.com

Robert Scheffel Wright John Thomas LaVia, III Gardner, Bist, Bowden, Dee, LaVia, Wright, Perry & Harper, P.A. 1300 Thomaswood Drive Tallahassee, Florida 32308 schef@gbwlegal.com ilavia@gbwlegal.com Attorneys for Florida Retail

118 North Gadsden Street Tallahassee, FL 32301 jmoyle@moylelaw.com mqualls@moylelaw.com Attorneys for Florida Industrial Power **Users Group**

Federation

Jon C. Moyle, Jr. Moyle Law Firm, P.A. James W. Brew Laura Wynn Baker Sarah B. Newman Stone Mattheis Xenopoulos & Brew, P.C. 1025 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Eighth Floor, West Tower Washington, DC 20007 jbrew@smxblaw.com lwb@smxblaw.com sbn@smxblaw.com Attorneys for White Springs Agricultural Chemicals, Inc. d/b/a PCS

Phosphate - White Springs

Peter J. Mattheis Michael K. Lavanga Joseph R. Briscar Stone Mattheis Xenopoulos & Brew, PC 1025 Thomas Jefferson Street, NW Eighth Floor, West Tower Washington, DC 20007 pim@smxblaw.com mkl@smxblaw.com jrb@smxblaw.com

Attorneys for Nucor Steel Florida, Inc.

By:

David M. Lee

Florida Bar No. 103152

^{*}Copies of Attachments B and C are available upon request.

Docket No. 20240001-EI

ATTACHMENT "B"

REDACTED

FPL's THIRD QUARTER 2024:

R.W. SCHERER FPSC FORMS

423-2 (a)

423-2 (b)

423-2

FPL FPSC FORM 423-1(a)

FPSC Form No. 423-2(a)

MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF COAL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS DETAILED PURCHASED COAL INVOICE INFORMATION

1. Reporting Month:

July

Year:

2024

4. Name, Title & Telephone Number of Contact Person Concerning Data

Submitted on this Form: Edward Anderson

561 694-4790

2. Reporting Company:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

5. Signature of Official Submitting Report Manuel Acosta

3. Plant Name:

R.W.SCHERER

6. Date Completed:

22-Oct-24

Line No. (a)	Supplier Name (b)	Mine Location (c)	Purch. Type (d)	<u>Tons</u> (e)	FOB Mine Price (\$/Ton) (f)	Shorthaul & Loading Charges (\$/Ton) (g)	Original Invoice Price (\$/Ton) (h)	Retroactive Price Increase (\$/Ton) (i)	Base Price (\$/Ton)	Quality Adjustments (\$/Ton) (k)	Effective Purchase Price (\$/Ton) (I)	
(1)	Georgia Power Company	N/A	S	150,000.00		N/A		1-0		N/A		

REDACTED VERSION FPSC Form No. 423-2(a) (2/87)

FPSC Form No. 423-2(b)

MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF COAL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS DETAILED TRANSPORTATION INVOICE INFORMATION

1. Reporting Month:

July

R.W.SCHERER

Year:

2024

4. Name, Title & Telephone Number of Contact Person Concerning Data

Submitted on this Form: Edward Anderson

561 694-4790

Reporting Company:
 Plant Name:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

5. Signature of Official Submitting Report Manuel Acosta

6. Date Completed:

22-Oct-24

							Additional	Rail Char	ges	Water	borne Charge	s			Total	
						Effective Purchase	Shorthaul & Loading	Rail	Other Rail	River Barge	Trans- loading	Ocean	Other	Other	Transpor-	FOB
Line		Mine	Shipping	Transport		Price	Charges	Rate	Charges	Rate	Rate	Barge Rate	Water Charges	Related Charges	tation Charges	Plant Price
No.	Supplier Name	Location	Point	Mode	Tons	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)	(\$/Ton)
(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	(e)	(†)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(J)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(p)	(d)
(1)	Georgia Power Company	N/A	N/A	N/A	150,000.00				ē				-	-		59.640

REDACTED VERSION FPSC Form No. 423-2(b) (2/87) FPSC Form No. 423-2

MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF COAL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS ORIGIN, TONNAGE, DELIVERED PRICE, AND AS RECEIVED QUALITY

Reporting Month:

July

2024

4. Name, Title & Telephone Number of Contact Person Concerning Data

Submitted on this Form: Edward Anderson

2. Reporting Company:

Year: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

561 694-4790

3. Plant Name:

R.W.SCHERER

5. Signature of Official Submitting Report Manuel Acosta

6. Date Completed:

28-Oct-24

No.	Supplier Name (b)	Mine Location (c)	Purchase Type (d)	Transport <u>Mode</u> (e)	<u>Tons</u> (f)	Purchase Price (\$/Ton)	Effective Transport Charges (\$/Ton) (h)	Total FOB Plant Price (\$/Ton) (i)	Sulfur Content (%) (j)	Btu Content (Btu/Ib)	Ash Content (%) (I)	Moisture Content (%) (m)
(1)	Georgia Power Company	N/A	S	N/A	150,000.00			59.640	UNKNOWN(1	UNKNOWN(1	UNKNOWN(1	JNKNOWN(1)

Footnotes:

(1)

July 2024 purchase from Georgia Power Company coal pile (150,000 tons) on site. Coal quality data unavailable as Georgia Power Company pile has many variations of PRB coal.

REDACTED VERSION FPSC Form No. 423-2 (2/87)

FPSC FORM NO 423 - 1(a) 1. REPORTING MONTH: July

YEAR 2024

MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF FUEL OIL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS DETAIL OF INVOICE AND TRANSPORTATION CHARGES

2. REPORTING COMPANY: FLORIDA POWER LIGHT COMPANY

3. NAME, TITLE TELEPHONE NUMBER OF CONTACT PERSON CONCERNING DATA SUBMITTED ON THIS FORM: EDWARD ANDERSON ,REQUILIDRY AFFAIRS, (561) 694 -4790

4 SIGNATURE OF OFFICIAL SUBMITTING REPORT:

5. DATE COMPLETED: 10/09/2024

										,,									
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(1)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	(P)	(Q)	(R)	
	LINE	PLANT	SUPPLIER	DELIVERY LOCATION	DELIVERY DATE	TYPE	VOLUME (BBLS)	INVOICE PRICE (\$/BBL)	INVOICE AMOUNT (\$)	DISCOUNT (\$)	NET AMOUNT (\$)	NET PRICE (\$/BBL)	QUALITY ADJUST (\$/BBL)	EFFECTIVE PUR PRICE (\$/BBL)	TRANSP TO TERM (\$/BBL)	ADDITIONAL TRANS CHGS (\$/BBL)	OTHER CHGS (\$/BBL)	DELIVERED PRICE (\$/BBL)	
•	1	PFL	INDIGO	TFL	07/22/2024		24,926								0.0000			111.5733	6
	2	PFM	APEC	TBG	07/11/2024		11,433								0.0000			120.2163	
	3	PCC	APEC	TCC	07/31/2024		9,293								0.0000			111.1155	



DETAIL OF INVOICE AND TRANSPORTATION CHARGES FPSC FORM NO 423 - 1(a) 1. REPORTING MONTH: August YEAR 2024 3. NAME, TITLE TELEPHONE NUMBER OF CONTACT PERSON CONCERNING DATA SUBMITTED ON THIS FORM: EDWARD ANDERSON, REGULATORY AFFAIRS, (561) 694 -4790 2. REPORTING COMPANY: FLORIDA POWER LIGHT COMPANY 4. SIGNATURE OF OFFICIAL SUBMITTING REPORT: DATE COMPLETED: 10/09/2024 (R) (Q) (K) (M) (N) (O) (C) (D) (E) (F) (G) (J) EFFECTIVE TRANSP ADDITIONAL OTHER DELIVERED INVOICE INVOICE DISCOUNT NET NET QUALITY TYPE VOLUME DELIVERY LINE PLANT SUPPLIER DELIVERY PUR PRICE TO TERM TRANS CHGS CHGS PRICE **AMOUNT** AMOUNT PRICE **ADJUST** NO LOCATION DATE OIL (BBLS) PRICE (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$) (\$) 109.0054 0.0000 3,038 1 PCC APEC TCC 08/06/2024 0.0000 106.7508

TMR

2 PMR

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08/14/2024 F03

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MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF FUEL OIL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS



DETAIL OF INVOICE AND TRANSPORTATION CHARGES FPSC FORM NO 423 - 1(a) YEAR 2024 1. REPORTING MONTH: September 3. NAME, TITLE TELEPHONE NUMBER OF CONTACT PERSON CONCERNING DATA SUBMITTED ON THIS FORM: EDWARD ANDERSON , REGULATORY AFFAIRS, (561) 694 -4790 2. REPORTING COMPANY: FLORIDA POWER LIGHT COMPANY 4. SIGNATURE OF OFFICIAL SUBMITTING REPORT: 5. DATE COMPLETED: 10/09/2024 (K) (R) (H) (1) (G) EFFECTIVE TRANSP ADDITIONAL OTHER DELIVERED QUALITY LINE PLANT SUPPLIER DELIVERY DELIVERY TYPE VOLUME INVOICE INVOICE DISCOUNT NET NET AMOUNT PRICE **ADJUST** PUR PRICE TO TERM TRANS CHGS CHGS PRICE DATE OIL (BBLS) PRICE AMOUNT LOCATION NO (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$/BBL) (\$) 97.0436 97.0436 0.0000

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TOC

09/21/2024 F03

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MONTHLY REPORT OF COST AND QUALITY OF FUEL OIL FOR ELECTRIC PLANTS

EDITED COPY

Docket No. 20240001-EI

ATTACHMENT "C"

JUSTIFICATION TABLE FOR FPL's THIRD QUARTER 2024 423 REPORTS

Reporting Month: July 2024

Form 423-2(a)

Plant Names	Columns	Justification
Plant Scherer, line 1	(f)	The FOB Mine Price is the current contract price of coal purchased by FPL from each supplier. Disclosure of this information would enable suppliers to compare prices with their competitors which could lead to less competitive coal pricing in future bidding. Disclosure could also result in reduced ability for FPL to bargain for price concessions from individual suppliers. This information is confidential pursuant to section 366.093(3)(d)-(e), Florida Statutes.
Plant Scherer, line 1	(h)	The Original Invoice Price is the same as the FOB Price in column (f) except in cases when the supplier discloses its short haul and loading costs (column (g), if any, included in the contract price of coal. Disclosure of this information would therefore be detrimental for the same reasons as are articulated above in connection with the FOB Mine Price.
Plant Scherer, line 1	(j)	The Base Price is the same as the Original Invoice Price in column (h), since retroactive pricing adjustments (column (i)) are normally received, if at all, after the reporting month and are included on Form 423-C, if necessary. Disclosure of this information would therefore be detrimental for the same reasons as are articulated above in connection with the FOB Mine Price.
Plant Scherer, line 1	(1)	The Effective Purchase Price represents the Base Price in column (j) adjusted by the Quality Adjustments in column (k). Disclosure of this information would therefore be detrimental for the same reasons as are articulated above in connection with FOB Mine Price.

Form 423-2(b)

Plant Names	Columns	Justification
Plant Scherer, line 1	(g)	The Effective Purchase Price, as described in column (l) for form 423-2(a) above, is contract coal commodity price net of Quality Adjustments found in column (k) on form 423-2(a) and is confidential for the reasons previously stated.
Plant Scherer, line 1	(i)	The Rail Rate is the current rate that FPL pays to transport coal to its plants via rail. This information is considered confidential by FPL's rail transportation providers. Additionally, disclosure of this information would enable rail transport providers to compare rates with their competitors which, in turn, could lead to less competitive rail rates in future negotiations. Disclosure would also result in reduced ability for FPL to bargain for price concessions from individual providers. This information is confidential pursuant to section 366.093(3)(d), Florida Statutes.
Plant Scherer, line 1	(p)	The Total Transportation Charges represent the total cost reported as transportation charges. Disclosure of this information in conjunction with information disclosed in other columns of Form 423-2(b) could enable third parties to determine individual components of the Total Transportation Charge, such as Rail or River Barge Rates which are confidential for the reasons stated above.

Form 423-2

Plant Names	Columns	Justification
Plant Scherer, line 1	(g)	The Effective Purchase Price represents the contract coal commodity price net of Quality Adjustments found in column (k) on form 423-2(a). This information is considered confidential and competitively sensitive by FPL's coal suppliers. Additionally, disclosure of this information, in conjunction with the information disclosed under other columns in this filing, would enable coal suppliers to determine the prices being charged by their competitors. This, in turn, could lead to less competitive pricing and impact FPL's ability to bargain for price concessions with its coal suppliers. This information is confidential pursuant to section 366.093(3)(d)-(e), Florida Statutes.
Plant Scherer, lines 1	(h)	The Effective Transport Charges represent per ton transport charges incurred by FPL to transport coal to its plants. This information is considered confidential and competitively sensitive by FPL's transportation providers. Additionally, disclosure of FPL's Effective Transport Charges in conjunction with the Total FOB Plant Price in column (i) would enable disclosure of the Effective Purchase Price in column (g) by subtracting the Effective Transport Charges in column (h) from the Total FOB Plant Price in column (i). This information is confidential pursuant to section 366.093(3)(d)-(e), Florida Statutes.

Form 423-1(a)

Plant Names	Columns	Justification
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(H)	This information is contractual information which, if made public, "would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. The information delineates the price per barrel FPL has paid for fuel oil for specific shipments from specific suppliers. This information would allow suppliers to compare an individual supplier's price with the market quote for that date of delivery and thereby determine the contract pricing formula between FPL and that supplier.
		Contract pricing formulas generally contain two components, which are: (1) a markup in the market quoted price for that day; and (2) a transportation charge for delivery at an FPL chosen port of delivery. Discounts and quality adjustment components of fuel price contract formulas are discussed in paragraphs 3 and 4. Disclosure of the invoice price would allow suppliers to determine the contract price formula of their competitors. The knowledge of others' prices (<i>i.e.</i> , contract formulas) among fuel oil suppliers is reasonably likely to cause the suppliers to converge on a target price, or to follow a price leader, effectively eliminating any opportunity for a major buyer like FPL to obtain price concessions from any one supplier. The end result is reasonably likely to be increased fuel oil prices and therefore increased electric rates.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(I, K, L)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(J)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. If FPL fuel contracts provide for an early payment incentive in the form of a discount from the invoice price, the existence and amount of such discount is confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.

Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(M)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. For fuel that does not meet contract requirements, FPL may reject the shipment, or accept the shipment and apply a quality adjustment. The amount of the quality adjustment is, in effect, a pricing term which is as important as the price itself and is therefore confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(N)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. Column N is as important as H from a confidentiality standpoint because of the relatively few times that there are quality or discount adjustments. That is, Column N will equal Column H most of the time. Consequently, Column N needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-3	(P, Q)	Column R is used to mask the delivered price of fuel such that the invoice or effective price of fuel cannot be determined. Columns P and Q are algebraic variables of Column R. Consequently, disclosure of Columns P and Q would allow a supplier to calculate the invoice or effective purchase price of oil (Columns H and N) by subtracting these columnar variables from Column R. Therefore, this information is confidential for the same grounds and reasons stated for Columns H and N. Terminaling and transportation services in Florida tend to have the same, if not more severe, oligopolistic attributes of fuel oil suppliers. Due to the small demand in Florida for both of these services, market entry is difficult. In instances in which FPL has attempted to determine the level of interest in bidding either or both of these services, FPL has found only a very few qualified parties with such an interest. Consequently, disclosure of these contract data is reasonably likely to result in increased prices for terminaling and transportation services. This information is

contractual information which, if made public, "would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat.

Petroleum inspection services also have the market characteristics of an oligopoly. Due to the limited number of fuel terminal operations, there are correspondingly few requirements for fuel inspection services. In FPL's last bidding process for petroleum inspection services, only six qualified bidders were found for FPL's bid solicitations. Consequently, disclosure of these contract data is reasonably likely to result in increased prices for petroleum inspection services. This information is contractual information which, if made public, "would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat.

Reporting Month: August 2024

Form 423-1(a)

(H)	This information is contractual information which, if made public, "would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. The information delineates the price per barrel FPL has paid for fuel oil for specific shipments from specific suppliers. This information would allow suppliers to compare an individual supplier's price with the market quote for that date of delivery and
	thereby determine the contract pricing formula between FPL and that supplier. Contract pricing formulas generally contain two components, which are: (1) a markup in the market quoted price for that day; and (2) a transportation charge for delivery at an FPL chosen port of delivery. Discounts and quality adjustment components of fuel price contract formulas are discussed in paragraphs 3 and 4. Disclosure of the invoice price would allow suppliers to determine the contract price formula of their competitors. The knowledge of others' prices (<i>i.e.</i> , contract formulas) among fuel oil suppliers is reasonably likely to cause the suppliers to converge on a target price, or to follow a price leader, effectively eliminating any opportunity for a major buyer like FPL to obtain price concessions from any one supplier. The end result is reasonably likely to be increased fuel oil prices and therefore increased electric rates.
	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.
(J)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. If FPL fuel contracts provide for an early payment incentive in the form of a discount from the invoice price, the existence and
	(I, K, L)

		amount of such discount is confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-2	(M)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. For fuel that does not meet contract requirements, FPL may reject the shipment, or accept the shipment and apply a quality adjustment. The amount of the quality adjustment is, in effect, a pricing term which is as important as the price itself and is therefore confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.
Florida Power & Light Company, lines 1-2	(N)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. Column N is as important as H from a confidentiality standpoint because of the relatively few times that there are quality or discount adjustments. That is, Column N will equal Column H most of the time. Consequently, Column N needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.

Florida Power &	(P, Q)	Column R is used to mask the delivered price of fuel such that
Light Company,	(-, 4)	the invoice or effective price of fuel cannot be determined.
lines 1-2		Columns P and Q are algebraic variables of Column R.
111100 1 2		Consequently, disclosure of Columns P and Q would allow a
		supplier to calculate the invoice or effective purchase price of oil
		(Columns H and N) by subtracting these columnar variables
		from Column R. Therefore, this information is confidential for
		the same grounds and reasons stated for Columns H and N.
		the same grounds and reasons stated for Columns II and IV.
		Terminaling and transportation services in Florida tend to have
		the same, if not more severe, oligopolistic attributes of fuel oil
	1	suppliers. Due to the small demand in Florida for both of these
		services, market entry is difficult. In instances in which FPL has
		attempted to determine the level of interest in bidding either or
		both of these services, FPL has found only a very few qualified
		parties with such an interest. Consequently, disclosure of these
		contract data is reasonably likely to result in increased prices for
		terminaling and transportation services. This information is
		contractual information which, if made public, "would impair
		the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on
		favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat.
		lavorable terms. Section 300.073(3)(d), 1 la. Stat.
		Petroleum inspection services also have the market
		characteristics of an oligopoly. Due to the limited number of
		fuel terminal operations, there are correspondingly few
		requirements for fuel inspection services. In FPL's last bidding
		process for petroleum inspection services, only six qualified
		bidders were found for FPL's bid solicitations. Consequently,
		disclosure of these contract data is reasonably likely to result in
		increased prices for petroleum inspection services. This
		information is contractual information which, if made public,
	¥.	"would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or
		services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat.

Reporting Month: September 2024

Form 423-1(a)

Plant Names	Columns	Justification
Florida Power & Light Company, line 1	(H)	This information is contractual information which, if made public, "would impair the efforts of [FPL] to contract for goods or services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat. The information delineates the price per barrel FPL has paid for fuel oil for specific shipments from specific suppliers. This information would allow suppliers to compare an individual supplier's price with the market quote for that date of delivery and thereby determine the contract pricing formula between FPL and that supplier. Contract pricing formulas generally contain two components, which are: (1) a markup in the market quoted price for that day; and (2) a transportation charge for delivery at an FPL chosen port of delivery. Discounts and quality adjustment components of fuel price contract formulas are discussed in paragraphs 3 and 4. Disclosure of the invoice price would allow suppliers to determine the contract price formula of their competitors. The knowledge of others' prices (<i>i.e.</i> , contract formulas) among fuel oil suppliers is reasonably likely to cause the suppliers to converge on a target price, or to follow a price leader, effectively eliminating any opportunity for a major buyer like FPL to obtain price concessions from any one supplier. The end result is reasonably likely to be increased fuel oil prices and therefore increased electric rates.
Florida Power & Light Company, line 1	(I, K, L)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.
Florida Power & Light Company, line 1	(J)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. If FPL fuel contracts provide for an early payment incentive in the form of a discount from the invoice price, the existence and

		amount of such discount is confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.
Florida Power & Light Company, line 1	(M)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. For fuel that does not meet contract requirements, FPL may reject the shipment, or accept the shipment and apply a quality adjustment. The amount of the quality adjustment is, in effect, a pricing term which is as important as the price itself and is therefore confidential for the reasons stated for Column H relative to price concessions.
Florida Power & Light Company, line 1	(N)	The contract data found in Columns I through N are an algebraic function of Column H. That is, the publication of these Columns together, or independently, could allow a supplier to derive the invoice price of oil. Consequently, this information needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H. Column N is as important as H from a confidentiality standpoint because of the relatively few times that there are quality or discount adjustments. That is, Column N will equal Column H most of the time. Consequently, Column N needs to be protected for the same reasons as set forth for Column H.

Florida Power &	(P, Q)	Column R is used to mask the delivered price of fuel such that
	(1,Q)	The same and the s
Light Company,		the invoice or effective price of fuel cannot be determined.
line 1		Columns P and Q are algebraic variables of Column R.
		Consequently, disclosure of Columns P and Q would allow a
		supplier to calculate the invoice or effective purchase price of oil
		(Columns H and N) by subtracting these columnar variables
		from Column R. Therefore, this information is confidential for
		the same grounds and reasons stated for Columns H and N.
		the same grounds and reasons stated for columns if and it.
		Terminaling and transportation services in Florida tend to have
		the same, if not more severe, oligopolistic attributes of fuel oil
		suppliers. Due to the small demand in Florida for both of these
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		both of these services, FPL has found only a very few qualified
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		contract data is reasonably likely to result in increased prices for
		terminaling and transportation services. This information is
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		services on favorable terms." Section 366.093(3)(d), Fla. Stat.