

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition for issuance of a storm recovery financing order, by Florida Power & Light Company. | DOCKET NO. 060038-EI  
ORDER NO. PSC-06-0305-CFO-EI  
ISSUED: April 19, 2006

ORDER GRANTING REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION  
AND MOTION FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER  
(DOCUMENT NO. 03198-06)

On April 10, 2006, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code, Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL") filed a request for confidential classification of Exhibit MW-2 to the rebuttal testimony of Mark Warner in connection with FPL's Petition for Issuance of a Storm Recovery Financing Order. On April 17, 2006, FPL also requested a Temporary Protective Order, pursuant to Rule 25-22.006(6), Florida Administrative Code, covering the same above-referenced document.

Request for Confidential Classification

Section 366.093(1), Florida Statutes, provides that "any records received by the commission which are shown and found by the commission to be proprietary confidential business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from [the Public Records Act]." Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes, defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company's ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes, provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to, "[i]nformation concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms" (subsection d), and "[i]nformation relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information" (subsection e).

FPL contends that Exhibit MW-2 of the rebuttal testimony of Mark Warner, falls within these categories and thus constitute proprietary confidential business information entitled to protection under Section 366.093, Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code. FPL states that this information is intended to be and is treated by FPL as private and has not been publicly disclosed.

FPL contends that the information contained in Exhibit MW-2 of the rebuttal testimony of Mark Warner, includes, but is not limited to information that relates to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

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FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

Upon review, it appears that the above-referenced information contained in Exhibit MW-2 of the rebuttal testimony of Mark Warner, satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes, for classification as proprietary confidential business information and, thus, shall be treated as confidential. The information constitutes “[i]nformation concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms” and “[i]nformation relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.” Thus, this information is granted confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), Florida Statutes, the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance of this order. At the conclusion of the 18 month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, unless FPL or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

#### Motion for Temporary Protective Order

FPL also seeks protection of the documents as provided in Section 366.093(2), Florida Statutes, and Rule 25-22.006(6), Florida Administrative Code. Section 366.093(2), Florida Statutes, directs that all records produced pursuant to a discovery request for which proprietary confidential status is requested shall be treated by any party subject to public records law as confidential and exempt from the public records law, Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes. Rule 25-22.006(6), Florida Administrative Code, codifies the Commission’s policy protecting confidential information from public disclosure during the discovery process in a manner that is not overly burdensome to both parties. Rule 25-22.006, in pertinent part, states:

(6)(a) In any formal proceeding before the Commission, any utility or other person may request a protective order protecting proprietary confidential business information from discovery. Upon a showing by a utility or other person and a finding by the Commission that the material is entitled to protection, the Commission shall enter a protective order limiting discovery in the manner provided for in Rule 1.280, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The protective order shall specify how the confidential information is to be handled during the course of the proceeding and prescribe measures for protecting the information from disclosure outside the proceeding.

In addition, Rule 25-22.006(6)(c), Florida Administrative Code, states that if a party allows OPC to inspect or take possession of utility information, then that “utility may request a temporary protective order exempting the information from section 119.07(1), F.S.”

Upon consideration, FPL’s Motion for Temporary Protective Order is granted. I find that FPL has demonstrated that the material appears to be proprietary confidential business information. Accordingly, this information will be protected from disclosure pursuant to Rule 25-22.006(6), Florida Administrative Code.

Based on the foregoing, it is


ORDERED by Commissioner J. Terry Deason, as Prehearing Officer, that Florida Power & Light Company's Request for Confidential Classification of Document No. 03198-06 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information in Document No. 03198-06 for which confidential classification has been granted shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance of this order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order shall be the only notification by the Commission to the parties of the date of declassification of the materials discussed herein. It is further

ORDERED that the Motion for Temporary Protective Order filed by Florida Power & Light Company is granted.

By ORDER of Commissioner J. Terry Deason, as Prehearing Officer, this 19th day of April, 2006.

  
J. TERRY DEASON  
Commissioner and Prehearing Officer

(SEAL)

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Director, Division of the Commission Clerk and Administrative Services, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.060, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.