BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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| In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause with generating performance incentive factor. | DOCKET NO. 150001-EIORDER NO. PSC-15-0271-CFO-EIISSUED: July 2, 2015 |

ORDER GRANTING DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC.’S

REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

(DOCUMENT NO. 01977-15, X-REF. 01915-15)

On April 7, 2015, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Duke Energy Florida, Inc. (DEF) filed a Request for Confidential Classification (Request) of certain information contained in the direct testimony of Joseph McCallister and Exhibit No. JM-1T, filed on April 7, 2015 (Document No. 01915-15). On April 9, 2015, DEF filed a corrected version of Document No. 01915-15, which was assigned Document No. 01977-15, and is intended to replace the original document.

Request for Confidential Classification

 The material found in Witness McCallister’s testimony and in Exhibit No. JM-1T, DEF’s 2014 Hedging Activity True Up Report, relates to hedging percentages, hedging savings/costs and volumes. DEF contends that this data is proprietary confidential business information within the meaning of Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes.

DEF argues that this information is protected by Section 366.093(3)(d), F.S, as its disclosure would impair DEF’s efforts to negotiate fuel supply contracts on the most favorable terms. In addition, DEF contends that this information relates to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of DEF, its affiliates, or its vendors and should be protected pursuant to Section 366.093(3)(e), F.S. Finally, DEF asserts that this information has been and continues to be treated as confidential by both itself and its vendors.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S., provides that records the Commission has found to contain proprietary business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company’s ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), F.S., provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

(d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms.

(e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

Upon review, it appears the above-referenced information does satisfy the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information described above appears to be information concerning contractual data and competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of DEF or its affiliates or its vendors. Thus, the information identified in Document No. 01977-15, x-ref. 01915-15, shall be granted confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. At the conclusion of the 18-month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., unless DEF or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

 Based on the foregoing, it is hereby

 ORDERED by Chairman Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, that Duke Energy Florida, Inc.’s Request for Confidential Classification of Document No. 01977-15, x-ref. 01915-15, is granted. It is further

 ORDERED that the information in Document No. 01977-15, x-ref. 01915-15, for which confidential classification has been granted, shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. It is further

 ORDERED that this Order shall be the only notification by the Commission to the parties of the date of declassification of the materials discussed herein.

 By ORDER of Chairman Art Graham, as Presiding Officer, this 2nd day of July, 2015.

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|  | /s/ Art Graham |
|  | ART GRAHAMChairman and Presiding Officer |

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Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

SBr

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

 The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

 Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

 Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.