

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Environmental cost recovery clause.

DOCKET NO. 150007-EI
ORDER NO. PSC-15-0484-CFO-EI
ISSUED: October 15, 2015

ORDER GRANTING FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY'S
REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION
(DOCUMENT NOS. 04027-15 AND 03557-15)

On June 30, 2015, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL or Company) filed a request for confidential classification of certain materials provided pursuant to staff's Audit Control No. 15-014-4-1 (Request). FPL asserts that the confidential information in the documents is intended to be private, is treated by FPL as private, and its confidentiality has been maintained. FPL asks that this Commission grant confidential classification for the identified information for a period of 18 months from the date of the issuance of this Order, pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S.

Request for Confidential Classification

Section 366.093(1), Florida Statutes, provides that records that the Commission has found to contain proprietary confidential business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, Florida Statutes (Florida's Public Records Act). Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes, defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company's ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3), Florida Statutes, provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, in part:

- (b) Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors.
- (d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms and
- (e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

As identified and described in Exhibits C and D of its Request, FPL asserts that the information for which it seeks confidential status (1) includes internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors, (2) concerns bids and other contractual data, the disclosure of which

would impair the efforts of FPL to contract for goods and services on favorable terms, and (3) relates to FPL's competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of FPL and its vendors. As such, FPL asserts that the identified information is protected by Section 364.093(b),(d), and (e), F.S.

Ruling

Upon review, it appears that the above-referenced information satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3)(b),(d), and (e), Florida Statutes. The information contains internal auditing controls, concerns bids and other contractual data, and is related to competitive business information, the disclosure of which would impair the company's ability to contract for the sale of goods and services on favorable terms and impair the competitive interests of the Company. Therefore, I shall grant confidential classification for the information identified in Documents Nos. 04027-15 and 03557-15.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), Florida Statutes, the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of 18 months from the date of issuance of this order. At the conclusion of the 18 month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, unless FPL or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the information continues to contain proprietary confidential business information.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by Chairman Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, that Florida Power & Light Company's request for confidential classification of identified portions of Documents Nos. 04027-15 and 03557-15 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information for which confidential classification has been requested will be granted confidential classification for a period of 18 months from the date of the issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order shall be the only notification by the Commission to the parties concerning the expiration of the confidentiality time period.

By ORDER of Chairman Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, this 15th day
of October, 2015.



ART GRAHAM
Chairman and Prehearing Officer
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Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

CWM

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.