1	ВЕГО	RE THE	A Province A Barbara
2	FLORIDA PUBLIC S	ERVICE COMMISSI	ION
3			
4	In The Matter of :	DOCKET NO.	910496-TP
5 6	Implementation of Florida : Telecommunications Access : System Act of 1991 :	works	БНОР
7	RECEIVED	FPSC Conference	⊇ Room 115
8	Division of Records & Reporting	Fletcher Build: 101 East Gaines	ing Street
9 1 0	Clorida Bublic Sarvice Commission	Tallahassee, Fl Tuesday, July 1	
11	Met pursuant to notice at 9:30	a.m.	
12			
13	CHAIRED BY:		
14	RICHARD TUDOR, FPSC,	Division of	
15	Communications, 101 East Gaines	Street, Tallah	nassee,
16	Florida 32399, Telephone No. (9	04) 488-1280.	
17			
18	ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS:		
19	R. ROBERT DEMPSEY, Se	lf Help for Har	rd of
20	Hearing People, 1 Kelly Bea Cou	rt, Ponce Inlet	, Florida
21	32127, Telephone No. (904) 788-	6365.	
22	JACK SPOONER, IXC Rep	resentative, A	T&T, 106
23	East College Avenue, Suite 1400	, Tallahassee,	Florida
24	32301, Telephone No. (904) 425-	6340.	

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1	ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS (CONTINUED):
2	COURTNEY R. KELLEY, Florida Language Speech and
3	Hearing Association, 1553 East Indianhead Drive,
4	Tallahassee, Florida 32301, Telephone No. (904) 877-7492.
5	CARMEN TIBERIO, Florida Association of the
6	Deaf, Inc., Post Office Box 6166, Ocala, Florida 32678,
7	Telephone No. (904) 829-5383 (TDD).
8	DOUGLAS BULLARD, Florida Association of the
9	Deaf, Inc., Post Office Box 6166, Ocala, Florida 32678,
10	Telephone No. (904) 732-5000.
11	HARRY ANDERSON, Coalition for Persons with
12	Dual Sensory Disabilities, 16 Barcelona Avenue, St.
1.3	Augustine, Florida 32084-5302, Telephone No. (904)
L4	823-4654.
را (CECIL F. BRADLEY, Florida Council for the
L6	Hearing Impaired, Florida School for the Deaf and
L 7	Blind, 207 North San Marco Avenue, St. Augustine,
L8	Florida 32084, (904) 824-4300.
19	ROBERT C. WATTLES, Florida League of Seniors,
20	200 East Robinson Street, Suite 1200, Orlando, Florida
21	32801, Telephone No. (407) 843-6370.

NORMAN H. HORTON, JR., Florida Telephone Association, 1311-A Paul Russell Road, Suite 102-A, Post Office Box 1776, Tallahassee, Florida 32303, Telephone (904) 877-5141.

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	WALDOW! COUNTLINE HOUSEN'S CONTENSIONAL
2	KEITH MULLER, Deaf Service Center Association
3	4850 West Oakland Park Boulevard, Suite 207, Ft.
4	Lauderdale, Florida 33313, Telephone No. (305) 731-7203
5	
6	FOR THE FPSC:
7	ALAN TAYLOR, Division of Communiations MONIQUE CHEEK, Division of Communications
8	MARYROSE SIRIANNI, Division of Communications CINDY MILLER, Division of Appeals
9	CINDI MILLER, DIVISION OF Appears
10	ALSO PRESENT:
11	CHARLES ESTES, Excutive Director, National Association of the Deaf
12	PEGGY SCHMIDT, Florida Council for the
13	Hearing Impaired
14	FRANK WOOD, MCI Communications, Inc.
15	TOM GALEY, Sprint
L6	LaRAIN CIKOTA-RENZ, AT&T ANDY LANGE, AT&T
L7	SHERRI LAMBERT, Gallaudet Regional Center
18	TONY LOMBARDO, Southern Bell
19	SHE1LA EDENFIELD, Southern Bell
20	SUSAN CITUK, House Regulated Service and Technical Committee
2.1.	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	TRANSLATORS:	
2	LUCRETIA C	HILDERS YNOLDS JACKSON
3	TONY C. BR.	AY
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5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10	REPORTED BY:	SYDNEY C. SILVA, CSR, RPR
11	1	Official Commission Reporters
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PROCEEDINGS

(Workshop convened at 9:38 a.m.)

MR. TUDOR: Let's see, now. We have a new system here and we're going to see how it works. We'll need to ask everyone to keep separate conversations quiet or out in the hall as much as possible; because, with a central mike like this, of course, it will pick up not just the individual that is speaking into a separate mike, but also any noise in the room. So we need to be recognizing that that's there.

We have how many loops?

MS. SIRIANNI: We only have one.

MR. TUDOR: We only have one, okay.

MS. SIRIANNI: We have two but Mr. Pruitt has one, so. (Pause)

MR. TUDOR: Okay. I want to welcome everyone here again. It's good to see everybody again. I will again today pass around a sign-up sheet. If you have been here at previous meetings -- there's several blanks -- you don't need to fill in all of those, just put your name down and that would be sufficient. If this is your first time with us, I would appreciate your filling in all the blanks if you would, okay, and I'll just route that around.

Another thing I would like to mention is that

1	we also are recording the transcribing the meeting
2	today. And because of that, we need to make sure that,
3	especially this first time as the court reporters
4	become familiar with voices and faces, that you help
5	them out some. And if I could, let me ask you to
6	identify yourself every once in a while just to help
7	them out when you speak, until they get to know your
8	voice and your face a little better. Okay?
9	Also, let me see if we have any substitutions
10	and so forth on the Advisory Committee. Let's see, Jon
11	Rossman I don't believe is here.
12	Harry is here. Welcome back, Harry.
13	MR. ANDERSON: Nice to see you again, Richard.
14	MR. TUDOR: I have not heard from Keith.
15	There is no one here, I believe, substituting for him.
16	His plane may just be late getting here. And Carmen
17	and Doug. And, let's see, Cecil is here for Don
18	Rhoten, is that correct?
19	MR. BRADLEY: Yes.
20	MR. TUDOR: And Courtney and Bob Wattles.
21	And Doc Horton, I'm not sure. Doc, for those of you
22	who may not be aware, Bill Feaster has resigned from
23	the committee and in his place is Doc Horton, who will

And Jack Spooner and Bob Dempsey.

be taking his place.

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Let's see, we have another guest that I've asked Peggy to introduce for us.

MS. SCHMIDT: I'm very happy to introduce a person who has been invited here by the Florida
Association for the Deaf President, I believe. The
Executive Director of the National Association of the
Deaf, Mr. Charles Estes, has come down here from
Washington today and I would like to introduce him.

MR. ESTES: Thank you. (Applause)

MR. TUDOR: The primary purpose of our meeting this morning is for us to identify and try and finalize the RFP as much as possible. We have the RFP in, I think, pretty good shape. The next step after today will be to present the RFP to the Commissioners; and then, once the Commissioners are satisfied with the RFP, then our next step will be to issue the RFP and ask bidders to submit proposals on the RFP. And

then, of course, we'll go through the evaluation process. And then towards the end of the year we'll come back to the Commissioners with a recommendation, and the Commissioners will decide on who the provider of the service will be. And then, of course, the time schedule will be then for the provider to begin setting the system up and to have it in place by no later than June 1st, 1992.

So that's our general work plan.

What I would like for us to do today, then, is to ask the Advisory Committee to identify any points in the RFP that you feel should be added or changed or deleted. And what I would like to do is make a list of those; and then, after we have a list, then go back and take each of the items one at a time and ask that the Advisory Committee members vote on those issues.

Then, when the Staff presents its recommendation to the Commissioners, we will identify the Advisory Committee's position on each of those issues.

There, of course, may be some places where there's a disagreement between Staff and the Advisory Committee, and we want the Commissioners to be aware of those. And so that's our main purpose today is to identify any points of disagreement.

Welcome, Keith.

MR. MULLER: Good morning, welcome.

MR. TUDOR: So what I would like to do then is to try to identify those points. All of our discussion so far has been to get us to this draft RFP that we have now. But today, I would like for us to identify issues and then take those issues and ask the Advisory Committee to give us your position as a group

members as individuals, or any other individual that would like to speak. It's an open meeting.

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And the Commission, of course, has lots of business on that day in addition to this RFP, and so they may need to ask you to limit discussion if a lot of people would like to talk. But the Commission will try to get input from the audience on any issues you would like to discuss.

So the Agenda on July 30th begins at 9:30.

We will ask that this be the first item for discussion.

We will try to do that so that people will be able to not have to stay here for the entire day; because the Commissioners, on these Tuesday Agendas, generally meet from 9:30 to late in the afternoon because they may have 20, 30 or 50 items to decide on at a given Agenda Conference.

So we will try to ask that this be the first item or at least very early in the morning to deal with that.

Let's see if I can think of any other preliminary matters I need to mention to you. Of course, we have the court reporters will be transcribing today's meeting and that will be available. We are working on minutes from our previous meetings, and we will distribute those when those have

1	Deen completed. We nobe we will be apic to cramporing
2	fully all of our future meetings.
3	Again, as we discuss today, if you would try
4	to identify yourself to help the court reporters know
5	who is speaking. And with that, what I would like to
6	do now is just to begin compiling a list of issues
7	where you may disagree or want to add something to the
8	July 3rd draft of the RFP.
9	So, with that, before maybe we begin that
10	list, let me see if there are any other preliminary
11	matters that anyone else would like to raise?
12	Okay. If not, let me see if Oh, Cecil?
13	MR. BRADLEY: Excuse me, Mr. Tudor. I was
14	wondering if I might be able to have a copy of the last
15	draft.
16	MR. TUDOR: We have some extra copies of the
17	RFP if you do not have one. (Pause)
18	If I could, to assist the court reporters, I
19	guess what you need to know is which interpreters might
20	be voicing? Do you need to know that?
21	THE REPORTER: Only if they voice as their
22	own input.
23	MR. TUDOR: Okay.
24	THE REPORTER: If they are strictly
25	translating, I need to know for whom they are

translating.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. So if you're voicing for someone, if you would, make sure that the court reporter knows who that is. And let me ask you also that if you need some help in some other way, just stop us and we'll try to accommodate.

THE REPORTER: Thank you.

MR. TUDOR: Very good. All right, with that, then, what I would like to do is to hear from the Advisory Committee members any issues that you would like to see changed from the July 3rd draft of the RFP; and then we'll compile that list and then we'll proceed from there to get Advisory Committee vote on those.

Mr. Dempsey?

MR. DEMPSEY: It may be in here, but I haven't been able to find it. If someone takes their TD with them traveling and they stop to a motel and they have a credit card and they make a call, are they going to receive their 50% discount?

MR. TUDOR: Let me look at that section and see if there's a --

MR. DEMPSEY: I couldn't find it specifically there, it may be covered, I don't know.

And on that same credit card, what if they're traveling with, well, their spouse, and the spouse uses

voice making a long distance call. How do you 1 distinguish in the billing and are you going to receive 2 the 50% discount for the TDD call and, of course, not 3 for the regular voice call? 4 Okay. Let's explore that a MR. TUDOR: 5 I'm looking at Page 38. second. 6 7 MR. DEMPSEY: 38. MR. TUDOR: There is -- of course, the 8 discount does go to both a voice or a TDD caller. 9 Anyone using the relay system. So whoever would 16 normally be billed for the call -- which is usually the 11 person that originates the call, as a general rule --12 but whoever would be responsible for the bill on the 13 call, if it's through the relay system, the 50% 14 15 discount would apply. So, you know, that would not be a problem as 16 long as the relay system is being used. 17 MR. DEMPSEY: Okay. 18 MR. TUDOR: Now, if it's a person traveling --19 MR. DEMPSEY: And using a credit card, that's 20 what I'm throwing in another little hooker in that. 21 MR. TUDOR: Yes. But it would still be using 22 the relay system. And so any call through the relay 23 system would have to end up being billed at the 24

discounted rate so I don't see anything in here that

would preclude that.

MR. DEMPSEY: Well, I know, I'm sure that the intent is to do it but will it be done? That's the question. Is the procedure in there to make sure that it is done, will be done? I know the intent is there to do it.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. Yes. We could certainly try to expand the words enough to clarify that that's the intent. But certainly, that is the intent. And I don't know that there's any concern with that being done. Whether you're at your house or whether you're traveling, that's the intent; so we could add that as a clarification, perhaps.

We have several, Doug?

MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard. I've made many calls from hotels to TDD 800 numbers and the motels never have charged me for the use of the 800 call. So as long as the relay system is using the 800 number, when I call the 800 number relay system, the motel will not charge me for my party using the call.

MR. DEMPSEY: That's not the issue.

MR. TUDOR: Yeah. I think it's a little different. If you're talking about a local call from a hotel, then there should not be any charge so there would not be a concern with the discount. But when

you're making a long distance call and when it's a 1 credit card call, then the discount would apply. 2 MR. DEMPSEY: The issue is nothing to do with 3 4 a hotel. I'm staying at a friend's house. I'm going 5 to use a credit card and make a call, wherever it's from. 6 7 MR. TUDOR: Yes. MR. DEMPSEY: That's my question. Am I going 8 9 to get the 50% discount? And that same credit card is used by my spouse right after I call to make a regular 1.0 voice-to-voice call which should not receive the 50% 11 discount --12 13 MR. TUDOR: Right. MR. DEMPSEY: -- all I want to make sure is 14 15 that we're straight and that the people who use a credit card will receive the 50% discount. I know the 16 intent is yes, they will. But is the fixture in there 17 to make sure it's done? Device, or whatever you want 18 to call it? 19 20 MR. TUDOR: Keith? MR. MULLER: It seems to me rather clear in 21 the second sentence, whether it's a voice or a TDD user. 22 23 MR. TUDOR: Right. MR. MULLER: -- there's a 50% discount. 24 The

next sentence is somewhat vague in that it specifies

"shall apply to TDD calls of the visually impaired." You may want to reword that to reemphasize the discount no matter who accesses the system, by rewording that, "An additional 10% discount shall apply to calls to or from a visually impaired person using a TDD Braille machine," something like that. I don't know how that's going to be identified, but otherwise those two sentences contradict each other regarding the discounts to either party.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. And that was unintentional, and we'll correct that. Getting back to -- well, Peggy had a comment on that.

MS. SCHMIDT: As I understand Bob's concern, it's based on previous discussion in Florida Council for the Hearing Impaired meetings about the discount that currently applies to TDD users. And I think a clarification for the persons that are discussing the issue may be in order.

The current discount is given to the individual who is billed by the company that sends you your bill. The relay center will be applying the discount before they send the bill to the billing company, so that the 50% discount will happen without any identification of how the call was placed or from where it was placed.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. That distinction may help 1 because the current TDD discount applies to the -- is 2 it to the person? 3 MS. SCHMIDT: It's really to the number --4 MR. TUDOR: To the phone number --5 MS. SCHMIDT: -- from which the calls are 6 7 placed. MR. TUDOR: Whereas this will apply to 8 9 whoever is using the relay system. So if the call is going through the relay system, the discount will 10 I think that may be the key difference there. 11 apply. 12 Okay? MR. WOOD: Frank Wood with MCI. 13 While we're on these billing arrangements and 14 15 issues, there's a provision in here that says the provider must validate the calling cards of other 16 17 interexchange carriers. And there's some problems with that, I think, with all the common carriers in that my 18 calling cards are proprietary database so Sprint 19 20 doesn't have access to it nor does AT&T and, you know, and vice-versa. So it puts us in a problem here 21 22 imposing a requirement that we simply, you know, cannot

MR. TUDOR: We have talked about that a little bit. The word that's in that on Page 38

do.

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Paragraph 28 talks about all interexchange company calling cards, and the word "all" we've had some concerns about ourselves.

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We want this system to be as much like a voice-to-voice call system would work. It's not always true to on a voice call that every carrier will accept everybody else's calling cards. There may be a company that issues a calling card in the state of Washington or something that a Florida interexchange company may not accept, whether it be a relay call or a voice call. And I'm not exactly sure how to say that.

We certainly want credit cards to be accepted to the same extent they are accepted on voice calls.

Do you have a suggestion on a better way to say that?

It's always easier to identify the problem than it is to fix it.

Do you have a suggestion on what's a better way to say that?

MR. WOOD: No. I'm not sure that I am ready to present something right now, but I can get something to you that I think we might be comfortable with. And maybe Jack and I can get together with some common accord with carriers.

MR. TUDOR: The purpose would be to make the system work the same, whether it's a relay call or

voice call, voice-to-voice. And so we want it to be the same. We want it to be equivalent, and so we would want wording that would certainly make it equivalent to the voice system. But we have had that same concern with the word "all" there because not all credit cards are accepted today in all situations. Okay.

MR. WOOD: We'll get a response back to the committee.

MR. TUDOR: If you can suggest some wording that we can look at.

Okay. All right, let me -- does that pretty well --

MR. DEMPSEY: I hate to complain, but your system isn't working very well. On a scale of one to 10, I'd give it about a two or three. I couldn't hear anything he said. If I really watch your lips, I have to read your lips more than hear. The system isn't working too well. If I can't get their lip reading, I can't hear.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. Let me remind everyone that we do have this central microphone and so we'll have to ask perhaps if you're speaking to stand? That may help. And maybe come towards the table a little? That will help. And we'll continue working on this system and see if we can improve it. If we need to go

to separate	mikes, that may be the that's probably
the biggest	problem is having a central microphone
instead of	individual microphones?

MR. DEMPSEY: Maybe it's just that I can't hear. (Laughter)

MR. TUDOR: But we'll try to have everyone stand, if you would, when you speak. That will help, I think.

Okay. If we could, then, what I would like to do is to ask any of the Advisory Committee members that have issues that you would like to raise in way of differences with what's in the July 3rd draft? Keith?

MR. MULLER: After our last meeting, I was concerned about the decision that we made to delete the section on the provider needing to have community outreach. Mr. Tudor suggested to us that the way he read the legislation, community outreach is the responsibility of the administrator.

I did some thinking about that and came to a conclusion that I think both are needed. The administrator needs to continue the outreach that was already begun by SCH1 in telling people that the equipment distribution program is alive and well in Florida and to provide training on how to use the equipment that is distributed.

1	I think the legislation would also require
2	that the provider do outreach in terms of how to use
3	the relay system and to get people familiar with the
4	relay system, both the communication impaired and the
5	noncommunication impaired, as we're calling it.
6	So I would like to revisit that issue and
7	reinsert in the proposal the community outreach
8	component as a very vital part of our state's relay
9	service, maintaining the fact that the administrator,
10	in addition, has to continue their outreach to help
11	people learn about the free equipment that our state
12	distributes. That's one of the points I'd like to
13	raise, among others.
14	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Keith, I may have said
15	this before you came in, I'm not sure. What we're
16	going to try to do is identify a list of issues
17	MR. MULLER: Okay.
18	MR. TUDOR: and then try to get the list.
19	MR. MULLER: All right.
20	MR. TUDOR: And then go back and ask the
21	Advisory Committee as a group to vote on those issues.
22	MR. MULLER: Let's go down my list, then.
23	MR. TUDOR: If we can, we'll identify that as
24	an issue. Doug has a point.
25	MR. BULLARD: I was thinking that an

intelligent phone company would be very aggressive and
enthusiastic in preparing a community contact to be
more creative, to have fun with the calls, be able to
use the calls more effectively.

MR. TUDOR: There is certainly going to have to be an outreach program and the only point here is who does it? In many states, there is not an organization like the administrator that is set up by the Florida law. And because of that, it, of course, falls to the provider to do the outreach.

But in the Florida law, it is written that there will be an administrator created and it has certain jobs. One, of course, is the TDD and other equipment distribution. And another is, of course, paying the bills to the provider for the relay service. And then another job of that administrator is outreach.

So it's set up, Florida is set up a little different than some other states may be. But certainly, the outreach has to be done; I don't think there's any question about that.

Okay. We've identified that as an issue. Keith?

MR. MULLER: As an addendum to that, if we reinsert the community outreach component, then we also have to reinsert the section in the evaluation form for

points about that section. And again, I would like to see those points added on that feature higher than was first given.

Another issue on the definitions, our Council had agreed to adopt a definition of voice carryover and hearing carryover. The way the draft has come down would indicate that one carryover would be for those who cannot hear and one carryover would be for those who cannot speak. And I think that's a false assumption. There will be hard-of-hearing people who will be able to hear over the telephone but who may not be able to speak intelligibly, as opposed to singling it out to a speech- or hearing-impaired issue.

So I would request that we go back to the proposed definition of last meeting where we talk about "communication-impaired" user instead of specifying if it's a speech-impaired or hearing-impaired user, because you're going to be limiting, in terms of training, training incorrectly, if you say one is for those who cannot speak and the other is for those who cannot hear. They could cross over quite easily.

MR. TUDOR: One of the things I was trying to do there was a point was made by someone that a person is not communications impaired --

MR. MULLER: Well, we changed it to "hearing-

1	or speech-impaired caller," that's what we agreed to
2	last time. "The hearing/speech impaired caller" in our
3	discussion.
4	MR. TUDOR: Okay, Keith, is what you're
5	trying to do is to add to the statement for example,
6	in Hearing Carryover, it says a feature enables a user
7	with a speech impairment, and then it goes on to say
8	with a "speech or hearing impairment"?
9	MR. MULLER: Yes. It's for both
10	constituencies. It's not an exclusive kind of thing.
11	MR. TUDOR: Okay. I didn't mean to cause
12	that kind of problem with that. So we can certainly
13	make that say, "speech or hearing impairment." I don't
14	have any problem with that. I didn't intentionally try
15	to
16	MR. MULLER: Right. I think it wasn't
17	intentional, I think it's just a misunderstanding of
18	the feature.
19	MR. TUDOR: Then we do the same thing with
20	voice carryover.
21	MR. MULLER: Voice carryover.
22	MR. TUDOR: Okay.
23	MR. MULLER: The question I would have next
24	would be for the Council and for the companies to see
25	if the 55-word-per-minute typing requirement is higher

than needs be. Is it going to create a difficulty in 1 finding operators? If not, we'll leave it at 55; 2 because the better the typist, you know, the better the 3 service. But I'm thinking of the providers in terms of 4 the pool of people that could be hired. Are there 5 significant numbers out there that can type 55 words per 6 minute, you know, or should we lower it somewhat to 45? 7 If that's not an issue, we can just move on. 8 But I had that thought. It should be visited, I think. 9

MR. TUDOR: Do you have a --

I have a question. MR. ANDERSON:

MR. TUDOR: Harry.

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MR. ANDERSON: I just wanted to, can you hear me okay, Bob? This is Harry Anderson speaking. I want to add to the discussion on what Keith was saying about 55 words per minute.

I had the wonderful experience of using the Minnesota relay system. I function as a hearing person rather than a deaf person and I use the MRS. And I could hear the operator use the TDD. And I was a pretty fast talker, and I found out that the TDD operator asked me to slow down. So I don't know whether the operator couldn't type fast enough? Or something we have to take into consideration is, is the TDD equipment itself designed to print out or follow --

some typists can type 125 words per minute. Now, that's something that we think about: if you lower it, you might frustrate the hearing person who is trying to speak over the phone.

So maybe 55 words per minute is a reasonable rate than 35, that's a little bit slow. But any person who wants to take and get a job working for a state or county or city, the minimum typing requirement is 35 words per minute, so I don't think that 55 is an unreasonable request because many of the TDD operators type very well at 55.

MR. TUDOR: Let me identify that as an issue.

MR. MULLER: When I use the equipment that SCHI distributes and I type, I have to wait sometimes for the machine to type the rest of my message to the person I'm calling. There may be, on the opposite end, a need to require that the operator not type faster than a certain speed of words per minute. Because if the operator is going to type as fast as is humanly possible, there could be a long pause between the time the operator types and the deaf person receives on his or her TDD the message, which then would create a lull in the process of communication, which would then allow the hearing user to say to the operator, "What's going on? Why is there a delay?" That type of thing. And

1	we may want to look at that issue and leave it alone or
2	may want to say we don't want the typist to type faster
3	than the machine itself can spit out what they are
4	typing.
5	MR. TUDOR: Well, whether the operator slowed
6	down or not, if the operator slowed down just to the
7	maximum speed that the TDD could handle, the message
8	would not be received any faster or slower, would it?
9	MR. MULLER: There just wouldn't be a lull, a
10	waiting period. I have to wait sometimes 5 to 10
11.	seconds until the TDD finishes processing the message.
12	MR. TUDOR: You as a typist. As a typist.
13	MR. DEMPSEY: Bob Dempsey.
1.4	That whole Page 25 and 26, the operator
15	qualifications I think is a little ambiguous.
16	Basic skills and English grammar maybe this
17	is the way we want it; I'm just questioning maybe I
18	don't understand, it's me. But basic skills and
19	English grammar. What is that? That's very ambiguous
20	to me. What do you mean by basic skills and English
21	grammar? What is that?
22	MR. TUDOR: We talked some at one of our
23	first meetings about trying to identify a specific
24	test, but what we're talking about here is that we do

want the provider to test their operators and that

those tests would include basic English grammar skills.

It's not a specifically defined test.

MR. DEMPSEY: If you are leaving it up to the bidder to say, "I'm going to use the Princeton so and so test for basic English skills." We just talked about the typing and we can question that. And then minimum spelling skills; proficiently and quickly, easily spell words comparable to the beginning college level conversation. Again, this is grammar to me, except for adding spelling along with it, and I guess what we're trying to do, and correct me if I misunderstand, we're telling the bidder, we're making this purposely ambiguous; you, the bidder, come in and tell us how you are going to accomplish it. Is that what you're trying to do?

MR. TUDOR: Yes. We would leave it to the bidder to set up those testing standards. And if along the way a provider does not, in our opinion, provide adequately for testing, then we would ask them to adjust their testing techniques.

MR. DEMPSEY: The other question that I had was ethic. What is that?

MR. TUDOR: I think -- I haven't sat down and tried to design a test.

I think you might ask an operator questions

1	about how they would respond to certain situations, and
2	if you didn't get adequate answers, it might result in
3	your needing to further train that operator. There may
4	be some situation come up and you would want the
5	operator to be transparent in the conversation. It may
6	have to deal with not something going on during a
7	conversation but perhaps discussions with other
8	operators at a break or any of those kinds of
9	situations that could arise; it would be just to simply
10	test the operator to make sure they have an
11	understanding of what their requirements are in terms
12	of dealing with content of conversation, things like
13	that. It would be a way of testing an operator to make
14	sure they understand the operating procedures.
15	MR. DEMPSEY: Okay. We had. Before we left
16	this second, I have two issues so far.

One is on the outreach, and the second is on Keith's comments on the typing speed.

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Keith, do you have a suggestion on the -- we need to have an alternative to the 55. Do you have a number you would like to suggest?

MR. MULLER: I thought we would take advantage as we have been doing of the companies around the room who operate systems to see what their words-per-minute requirement is and how it is working

and use that as some basis to make a decision.

MR. TUDOR: So when we come back to that issue, we'll take some comments on something until we come to a number that we can vote on.

MR. BULLARD: The National Association of the Deaf has been working on developing a test for relay operators. NAD has been working with other NTDI organizations in developing that kind of a test.

Perhaps Mr. Estes can help us with that.

MR. ESTES: Doug, they are talking about evaluation of an operator. There are assistant training programs both by providers and outside vendors. A number of organizations have developed an appropriate training packages for operators. NAD also has developed an evaluation system for operators.

We've already seen, because of our mobile society, operators from one state moving to another, and a number of people are discussing the day it is desirable for an independent organization to evaluate and perhaps even certify an operator, and the service provider in the individual states make use of or make judgments based on that certification that the operator may have.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. I have identified two issues, the outreach and the typing speed.

MR. MULLER: Just one more.

MR. TUDOR: Okay.

1.1

MR. MULLER: On the section on complaint resolution, it suggests we keep complaints on file for three years. If indeed the contract is for four years or five years I would suggest we keep the complaints on file until the end of the contract period as a way of reviewing how the provider did.

more questions actually. Referring back to the outreach program, if we reinsert that, then, of course, I would like to revisit the idea of the provider preparing a demonstration tape as a specific requirement for training purposes. A demo tape is very effective in helping older hard-of-hearing people see the system in operation; more effective than trying to communicate or write down what is going on. But the other question was I am sorry I arrived late. The plane was late. Did you discuss interstate yet or not?

MR. TUDOR: No. Can I just ask you, when you say a demo tape you're talking about like a video tape.

MR. MULLER: That is portable, that could be available for the Florida association of the deaf, any of their affilate chapters in the state, deaf service centers, to vocational rehabilitation, to high schools that they could show to their students and potential

users how the relay system works.

MR. TUDOR: Thank you.

MR. MULLER: So then interstate, I scanned through the legislation last time and have been delinquent, I didn't go through it with a fine-tooth comb since our last meeting, but is interstate truly prohibited?

MR. TUDOR: It is certainly not clearly expressed in the statute. There is no question. You will not find anything that's very clear on that issue in the statute. There is some general language in the economic impact statement that the legislative Staff prepared that talks about how the Florida system is an adjunct or associated with an interstate system that's required by the ADA. That's the closest you come to anything that helps you on clarification.

I have talked with the legislative Staff
member that worked on the language and it is her
position that it was written with the idea that this
would be an intrastate system with the interstate
system coming through the federal program. That's
about as clearly as I can express that.

MR. MULLER: Then I would like the council members to consider strongly the idea of putting, at least, before the Commissioners, our opinion that for

the first year the surcharge that it has collected could be used to pay for the cost of the interstate system, and to then adjust that in the second year following or subsequent to the FCC formula that is developed regarding how to fund interstate phone calls.

I don't think we want to open a system that will not provide interstate calls, and I don't think we want to ask a provider to have to eat those costs, and then try to somehow conceal the costs. I would rather have it up front and have the surcharge recommended by us used for that purpose for one year. And then if the Commissioners look at the legislation and state they can't do that legally, then they can decide whether or not to find another way of providing interstate or they can say no, which is their authority. But I think the counsel here, from all of our discussions, believe strongly in providing an interstate system, and since the legislation is very vague about this, let's take advantage of that and put that in our proposal.

MR. TUDOR: Thank you.

MR. BULLARD: Mr. Estes recently told me that the FCC has already written those new regulations, interstate, and we should get a copy of that in a few days.

MR. TUDOR: Mr. Estes, may I ask you a

question?

2 MR. ESTES: Yes.

MR. TUDOR: I know that the -- I think that the FCC voted last week on their rules.

MR. ESTES: First day.

MR. TUDOR: Did they, in their vote, as far as you know, identify a start date for when they would start funding interstate calling?

MR. ESTES: No, no.

On the question of funding, one of the Commissioners raised the question is there a provision for adequate funding in the regs. The Commission went as far as to say that they were working with individual states if lack of funding became an issue.

The Commission is very supportive of the concept of universal service. The approval of the final rates was unanimous.

MR. TUDOR: So is there anything there that you think would cause us to believe that interstate funding may be available before July of '93?

MR. ESTES: No. The regs are written were not released to the public. Only the Staff and the Commissioners have that. You should have the regs in a few days yourselves. But I haven't seen them. The Staff didn't discuss with the public what's in the

||regs.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. We have been trying to watch very closely what they have done and we've just not been able to get much detail from them yet either over the telephone.

MR. ESTES: If I may say so, I would agree with what the gentleman said, in the RFP it should make provisions for interstate service to start with. The language of ADA is very clear. The intrastate cost will be gathered -- surcharges is one method that Florida has chosen. The interstate cost will be interstate means. I would recommend that interstate be kept in the present RFP and leave it to the Commission to find ways to fund that extra cost. The Commission has the authority.

MR. TUDOR: Thank you.

MR. TIBERIO: I propose that we put it in now and not waste time discussing it anymore.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. Cecil.

MR. BRADLEY: I agree that the basis that we're a free country; therefore, we have the right to call long distance and make contacts, if we can.

MR. MULLER: He's supporting the long distance. I know.

MR. TUDOR: Are there additional issues? I

have five we've identified so far. Doug.

MR. BULLARD: I notice you forget to put in that we want the relay center, where we want the relay center in Florida? I don't see it anywhere up here.

MR. DEMPSEY: I can't hear you at all.

MR. TUDOR: The question that --

MR. BULLARD: I see that there is no mention that we desired to have the relay system to be in the state of Florida.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. The issue is whether the RFP should require that the center be located in Florida, and, Doug, the reason it's not there, that is a point of disagreement. I do not agree that it should be mandatory that it be in Florida, and so let me list that as another issue and have the advisory committee yote on the issue.

MR. DEMPSEY: I thought we were going to put that ask for it, to put it down, the cost; if it costs \$3 million more to have it in Florida than in Georgia or some other state, Alabama or whatever it may be, we wanted to be able to see that cost and determine whether that cost was worth having it here or not.

In other words, I know what Doug is driving at, some jobs here. But if it costs 5 million more to create four jobs, we might better give the people each

a million dollars and every year after that we'll be saving money. I know legally we can't do that but that's what we're inclined to sometimes -- penny-wise and pound-foolish.

One of the questions I have, you have weights here on these things.

MR. TUDOR: Yes.

MR. DEMPSEY: New technology, I'm questioning whether that is weighted enough. And then you have this interstate billing. But interstate cost, whether that is weighted or not, I believe that we should have interstate without -- without costing the deaf extra. And how we do it, we left it as as I understand it -- I didn't get all of this conversation, I haven't been able to follow. I may be repeating someone. But I thought two things: One, we were going to leave it up to the companies to come in, whether they would finance it or how but come in. That's why I'm saying the waiting is important because if we leave it up to the companies and the one who comes in with the best will, of course, naturally get more points and more credit towards getting the contract.

MR. TUDOR: Do you have a specific suggestion on how much weight you would like for those to have?

MR. DEMPSEY: I don't know. You seem to have

7	25, 50 and 100, you never couched 75. Bec 5 go 75.
2	Let's put it down once.
3	MR. TUDOR: Okay.
4	MR. DEMPSEY: I have to figure off the top of
5	my head.
6	MR. TUDOR: Anyway that's more weight.
7	MR. DEMPSEY: And the other is new
8	technology. I'm not sure myself. I'd like the rest of
9	the advisory committee to speak up how they feel if new
10	technology is weighted enough or whether we should be
11	weighted higher. How important is it to them, for the
12	rest of the members. I think of it as important. They
13	may not.
14	MR. TUDOR: Okay. But anyway a higher
15	weighting.
16	MR. DEMPSEY: Are they interested in changing
17	them.
18	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Harry.
19	MR. ANDERSON: Thank you, Richard. This is
20	Harry speaking.
21	If I understood the legislature said that the
22	surcharge will be a minimum of a nickel and the maximum
23	is 25 cents.
24	Am I correct to think that setting up like I
25	hear wanted, everything under the sun, from having the

relay center here in Florida plus all the new technologies and all that, am I understanding it right, that the operation of the relay system in the state of Florida must fall within 5 to 25 cents. I mean is that the funding we're looking at to with you to set up the relay system?

MR. TUDOR: Harry, if I can just clarify something that does not really -- I think a big issue, but you said the 5 cents is a minimum. To be very specific, the law calls for the 5 cents to begin being charged July 1. I don't believe there is anything that would prohibit us from charging less than 5 cents later on if that seemed to be appropriate. I don't know that that would ever happen, but just as a technicality I don't think it requires that you never charge less than 5 cents. That's a minor point.

MR. ANDERSON: I tried to make myself clear.

I was saying that the money coming in -- I mean to

provide a relay system in the state of Florida comes

from surcharge alone, like buying TDDs and training

operators, and setting up the program, community

outreach; all of that is based on the money that comes

in surcharge alone? Or is there another source of

funding that we can use if we needed to?

The reason I'm concerned about that is there

is a clause there that gave the PSC the authority to suspend temporarily any relay system if the funding is beyond what we can afford, if I'm correct on that.

Advisory Committee weighs -- one wants to establish a relay system center here in Florida. Somebody else -- says, "I want technologies." And the responsibility is going to fall on the review -- for the Review Committee to weigh that if we're looking at using the surcharge as our base, then the Advisory Committee will have to -- would be the important priority like. We should have interstate phone call; we should have a relay system here, we should priortize. But I need to have a very clear understanding where is the money coming from? Is the money coming from the surcharge itself in order to have all the things we want? That was my question.

MR. TUDOR: Harry, certainly the surcharge is the primary source of revenues.

There is language in the statute that talks about how the fund may also use -- I believe it mentions grants, so yeah, there may be possibly other sources of funding, such as a grant, that might come into the fund itself.

But the primary source of funds will be the

surcharge. There would be some -- there could be some interest income, for example. If there's a balance in the fund there could be some interest. So that and grants, I believe the statute mentions gifts and donations, those sorts of things could be also in there.

There could be funds in the operating fund from -- well, for example, the TDDs, there is nothing in the statute that requires that those either be free or at some leased price. So, for example, if the system were to decide to lease TDDs for maybe a small fee, that possibly could be a source of revenues.

I don't know of any other sources but I think by far the surcharge will be the major source of revenues.

MR. ANDERSON: Thank you, Richard, that's what I needed clarified, because I have a feeling that the Advisory Committee is going to have to really set some priorities saying well we -- clearly we need the outreach program, very clearly.

And second, it's very desirable to have the relay center set up here in Florida. But I think we all have to use our good judgment and I feel that the Advisory Committee should really weigh in, try to put some of the most expensive items on the list as a

priority to make it easier for the bidders and the Review Committee and PSC and our pocket money.

MR. TUDOR: Thank you, Harry.

MR. BRADLEY: I'd like to make a comment. I thought the Advisory Committee should lean towards the concept of having the center in Florida on the basics of the economics. Who wants to send money out of state where the tax -- excuse me, where we can hire people here in Florida to get the money back from the tax system to keep in Florida. This makes a lot more sense to try to keep as much business in Florida rather than having it out of state, where I've noticed other states are looking at similar directions to try to keep as much business within the state as much as possible.

MR. TUDOR: Doug.

MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard. At this scenario, this contract we signed for five years, we have this with the company and they decide to use another state for the center where they have a, let's say, two-year contract, you know, this center, in two years where will we be? That's why I want the center to be here where we have some control.

MR. TUDOR: Mr. Tiberio.

MR. TIBERIO: We voted on this at the last meeting. It was very positive. I don't understand why

it's not in here now. We're going to end up discussing this over again.

MR. TUDOR: Carmen, basically the meetings we have had to date have been to try to take comments from everyone and to compile the RFP we have gotten to so far.

The purpose of today's meeting would be to try to make up this list of issues and have the Advisory Committee vote as a group. That was one of the reasons in the letter to you about this meeting, I tried to emphasize it was important for everyone to be here, so that we could get everyone as much as possible here, and actually vote on the issues.

We don't necessarily need to have a lot of discussion once we identify this list of issues, but we would want to have the entire committee vote. We haven't actually taken votes on a lot of the discussion we have had. In a lot of cases there seemed to be general agreement but we haven't tried to every time we make a single word change take a vote on it. But I wanted us to use today's meeting to try to identify these kinds of issues and actually have a vote on them.

MR. TIBERIO: The consensus seems to be now that we should have the center here in Florida. That's what it appears to me to be the concensus here at the

table.

MR. TUDOR: In just a few minutes we'll vote and determine what's the consensus.

MR. MULLER: I think we, as council members, need to realize that Richard is Staff with PSC. And we haven't had a discussion about the presentation of the final draft. I think Richard is operating under the assumption that the final draft can be what the Staff might recommend, and then where we have disagreements, our advisory council disagreement could be an attachment to it. We can discuss and maybe negotiate on how that is presented because the Commissioners, may view the Staff recommendation with more weight than the Advisory Committee's recommendation.

So perhaps we could have the presentation of the proposal on areas where there are disagreements, have one document, and on the items to which there are disagreements have PSC Staff recommendation in one column of the page and have Advisory Council recommendation side by side in the same document rather than as an attachment at the end.

Because I think we need to present to the PSC the fact that we're here representing the state of Florida residents in what we feel is right for this system. Richard is in a different position. He's got

to be responsible as an administrator to the PSC Commissioners, and not come in asking for the moon when he thinks it's not really realistic. We don't have this responsibility as much as Richard does, I don't believe. We can ask for a lot more things.

so I think maybe you can do it side by side because I feel that some of the things Carmen and I are bringing up right now, if we add them as disagreements, as an appendix to the document, it may be given less attention or less weight. So a good, maybe, compromise would be to have the split columns on those items we disagree upon.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. I did not intend, Keith, to

-- I thought a little bit about how to put the package
together and I was not going to make them as an
appendix but put them in the body of the
recommendation. I had not thought necessarily about
side-by-side, but I can do something like that.

MR. MULLER: Great.

MR. TUDOR: Bob?

MR. DEMPSEY: I like that. I asked something some time ago and I never did get an answer from the Advisory Committee, and I'd like to bring it up again to see if they are interested and if they want it in some form here or leave it up to the Company.

I asked that they consider, reconsider, having a deaf person, at least one, on every shift as an advisor, hire a deaf person to be an advisor on every shift. Possibly the day shift you need two, I don't know, depends upon the work load.

It was dropped. No one ever picked it up and said, "Yes, we would like that considered," or, " No, we wouldn't." I would like to ask the Advisory Committee now, are they interested in it, do they want to drop it, or what do they want to do?

MR. BULLARD: We've already discussed this matter --

MR. DEMPSEY: What?

MR. BULLARD: We've already discussed this matter before. I believe that it was clearly stated that we all wanted that.

MR. DEMPSEY: I didn't get that intention.

MR. BULLARD: Anyhow, going back to Keith's recommendation on his list, I would think that we would be more successful to be going with the Commission itself if the Staff and we, the Committee, could work on one track, that way we could be accepted more easily there. I think it would be better to have it that way that we both would be on track rather than having conflicting interests. But I have not yet heard from

1	the Staff exactly why they don't want to have or to put
2	in the requirements for the center to be here in
3	Florida. I have never understood why. You might have
4	a very good reason, but I haven't heard that reason
5	yet.
6	MR. TUDOR: Okay. When we come to each of
7	these issues, we'll have some time for discussion. But
8	we do have that down as an issue; and I have added as
9	another issue No. 9, this issue of whether there should
10	be a deaf person required to be on each shift as an
11	advisor. Now, this is as opposed to being in some
12	other role, but as an advisor or a supervisory-type
13	person.
14	MR. DEMPSEY: Advisory or consultant or
15	whatever you want to call them.
16	MR. TUDOR: Okay. I will add that as an
17	issue. Cindy?
18	MS. MILLER: On the issue about the facility
19	being located in Florida, you may want to discuss that
20	as additional points being given rather than an
21	absolute mandate. Legally, you may be a little bit
22	safer on that. I just wanted to point that out.
23	MR. TUDOR: Okay, thank you.
24	MR. DEMPSEY: Isn't the big difference cost?
25	MR. TUDOR: Yes, that would be the issue

primarily, yes. (Pause) 1 Yes? 2 MR. WOOD: Are we finished on the location 3 issue? 4 MR. TUDOR: Yes. 5 MR. WOOD: Frank Wood with MCI. Two other 6 points. On page --7 MR. TUDOR: Frank, it may help if you stand 8 9 up, if you would. MR. WOOD: On Page 32, Item D, it addresses: 10 "Operators shall not discuss even among themselves or 11 their supervisors." I think we should include 12 emergency situations here. A minor administrative 13 point, but the way it's worded, it precludes that. 14 Certainly didn't want to have an emergency situation 15 not to have a supervisor involved. 16 MR. TUDOR: Before you leave that, let's see 17 if maybe we can agree on that. On Page 32, there is a 18 list of exceptions where an operator can discuss 19 specifics of a call, and those are in cases where you 20 need to resolve a complaint, or where the specifics are 21 needed for bill processing, or if it's necessary for 22 training purposes. And you're suggesting we add to 23 that list --24

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MR. WOOD: In emergency situations.

1	MR. TUDOR: And that would be an exception
2	there where an operator could discuss with their
3	supervisor or perhaps another operator an emergency
4	situation? I don't think there's any I think I'm in
5	agreement with that. Let's see if we have agreement;
6	if not, we'll make it an issue.
7	Is that an agreement from the group that
8	there can be emergency situations where an operator
9	should be able to talk to their supervisor about that
10	and we should spell that out as a possible exception?
11	Mr. Estes?
12	MR. ESTES: We're building the issues
13	(Simultaneous conversation.)
14	MR. ESTES: You may I sit here so I can
15	free up my hands? Is it's all right with you?
16	I have a few issues I would like to throw in.
17	UNKNOWN SPEAKER: Mr. Dempsey is having a
18	hard time.
19	MR. TUDOR: Mr. Wood had, I think, one more.
20	Could we let him finish?
21	MR. ESTES: Yes, I'm sorry.
22	MR. WOOD: The other item contained on Page
23	24, talking about the recording devices. MCI feels
24	that should be specific to indicate that this should be
25	an automated process and that paper tickets should not

	30
1	be acceptable.
2	MR. TUDOR: So your suggestion is that?
3	MR. WOOD: That we clarify the ticketing
4	device, that it be an automated device and not a manual
5	written entry. Just ensures billing accuracy for all
6	parties.
7	MR. TUDOR: Alan, do you have any thoughts on
8	that?
9	MR. TAYLOR: I don't disagree, but I wouldn't
10	think that we would have anybody bidding with a manual
11	ticketing device. But I don't have a problem with
12	adding that, automated.
13	MR. TUDOR: Do any of the companies that are
14	operating in any of the other states now use paper
15	ticketing manual systems?
16	What I was thinking was there might be
17	exceptional situations where you do use those, perhaps
18	in third-number billing or some kind of situation like
19	that? Or are we dealing with automated systems in all
20	cases?
21	I don't know that we need to make that
22	requirement, I guess, but I think that's pretty much

MR. WOOD: I would agree, but it's my understanding that there has been some instances in the

the standard for the industry is automated systems.

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past, and I can provide some more specifics on it, 1 where there have been problems with manual entries. 2 MR. TUDOR: Would that be a system where 3 manual entries are done on an ongoing basis, or was it 4 when the automatic system went down, or something like 5 that? 6 MR. WOOD: I believe it was a lack of having 7 automation, or it might pertain to a scenario where I 8 think there was equal access involved and ensuring that 9 the calls were, the call records were reconciled 10 11 properly. MR. TUDOR: Okay. 12 MR. TAYLOR: Frank, I believe, under this 13 system, that the operator is going to be making a 14 determination of when a call is connected and pressing 15 a button, so it's going to be manual to that extent as 16 far as the operator deciding when conversation begins. 17 But beyond that, I don't know, you know, certainly no 18 19 handwritten tickets. MR. WOOD: Okay. 20 MR. TUDOR: I'll talk with our engineering 21 group with that just a little bit and maybe we can 22 23 think through that. Peggy? 24

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MS. SCHMIDT: Richard, I would like to

1	request that you actually poll the companies on their
2	current operations as to whether they're using paper
3	tickets or automated systems.
4	MR. TUDOR: Okay.
5	MS. SCHMIDT: I know a couple of years ago,
6	anyway, some of them were still using paper tickets.
7	MR. TUDOR: Well, Bell, are you using paper
8	ticketing in any cases?
9	MS. EDENFIELD: Sheila Edenfield, Southern
10	Bell. And ours is mechanized within the operator's
11	position. Not paper, not a paper ticket.
12	MR. TUDOR: And AT&T?
13	MS. RENZ: I'm LaRain Renz with AT&T, and
14	our systems are thoroughly automated.
15	MR. TUDOR: And someone here from Sprint
16	today? Yes?
17	MR. GALEY: Our system is also automated.
18	MR. TUDOR: Could you identify yourself for
19	the reporter?
20	MR. GALEY: I'm sorry. My name is Tom Galey,
21	G-a-1-e-y.
22	MR. TUDOR: Did I get everybody? 1'm sorry,
23	MCI?
24	MR. WOOD: Yeah, MCI.
25	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Mr. Estes?

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MR. ESTES: First, I would suggest that the 1 word "assistance" throughout the RFP be replaced with 2 The relay is clearly a service, it is not "service." 3 a welfare program. The word "assistance" is not 4 There are two places that I have found them to 5 proper. be on Pages 10 and 20. (Pause) 6 The other issue --7 MR. TUDOR: Let me look at those and see if 8 9 that causes any concern. On Page 10 down at the bottom, "assistance to 10 the deaf." 11 MR. TUDOR: You're suggesting there that we 12 replace the word "assistance" with "service"? 13 MR. ESTES: Yes, with "service." It appears 14 to be more proper that way. 15 MR. MULLER: That's fine with me. 16 MR. TUDOR: I hate to tell you this, but the 17 language that is there is a direct quote from the 18 statute; and so at the beginning of that section, I 19 identified where it came from, from the statute. Since 20 it is a quote, I wouldn't change that. 21 I don't disagree with what you're saying; and 22 if we had thought of that when we were working on the 23

statute, I probably wouldn't have had any problem with that. But since this is a quote, I feel like I would

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need to leave it as a quote.

MR. ESTES: All right. Well, that is a good point. But, I do believe that this Council has a responsibility that goes beyond the letter of the law. You have ADA to live with, and I think that the counsel should take the initiative or have it done for you later by other powers.

The example of this is in Page 12 and 13 that we've discussed a little bit, the words, "discontinue the service" is another option if you have funding problems. I respectively suggest that this be out, that the "relay data" is a better terminology. Because under the ADA, telephone companies are required to provide the service. They all say, "Do it, money or no money." You will not say to all the other people in this room, "Okay, so Southern Bell is broke, tomorrow we'll close down the telephone company." I mean, you'd never be able to do that.

The ADA requires that the service be "equal to," in quotes.

A third issue?

MR. TUDOR: Let me comment just briefly on the one you just raised. And I agree with you that the possibility of shutting down the entire system would conflict with the ADA.

There are -- and perhaps what I'll do is speak with my attorney and see whether that phrase that talks about totally discontinuing the service is something we should remove. But I will talk with her about that.

Our concern, of course, is if -- and I don't know how it might happen, but if there were no funds, I don't know how you would deal with that. The provider may not be too interested in providing the service if they're not going to get paid; and so this is partly to put the provider on notice that it is a possibility. I don't think it's a very likely situation, but this is more to put the provider on notice that it could happen and so that they are aware that it is, while remote, a possibility.

Like I say, I don't think it would happen, but it's mostly to put the provider on notice.

Peggy, is your comment related to this?

MS. SCHMIDT: Yes.

MR. TUDOR: Okay.

MS. SCHMIDT: It's my understanding, Charles, of the ADA, that if the State system were to fail, run out of money, that the ADA would require the individual telephone companies to accept the responsibility. So while this contract might be canceled or suspended

because of lack of funds, the services would still have to be available to hearing-impaired persons, and the telephone companies would have to accept that responsibility to do that. Am I correct?

MR. ESTES: I was trying to comment on probably this Council could look beyond the letter of the law. There may be a day that might come when someone might take over and tell the telephone companies that, "Okay, you do it this way, this way, this way. The most effective way." Those things do happen.

MR. TUDOR: Okay, thank you. Do you have a third point? Excuse me, on this same point?

MR. MULLER: On this same point.

MR. TUDOR: Okay.

MR. MULLER: That section has always caused me concern but like Richard I felt the likelihood was so remote that I didn't comment on it. But since Mr. Estes is making us look at details such as this, perhaps it might be a good idea in the initial part of the proposal, when we talk about what we anticipate the provider to do, we may want to insert a paragraph that says, "The State program is designed to provide funding to cover the cost of running this. However, the PSC recognizes that this service has to be provided either

through this mechanism or some other mechanism and that the provider cannot just shut down based upon unavailability of funds."

MR. ANDERSON: Richard?

MR. TUDOR: Harry?

MR. ANDERSON: If I may, you may want to rephrase that paragraph. Because it bothered me, too, that if -- I mean, Rick, it's almost like if the telephone went broke and we stopped all the telephone system. So the TDD relay system should not be stopped at all. You may want to add that it is required that the provider would set aside x-number of dollars into reserve like the bank systems do; they take out so much money, put in the Federal Reserve Fund. So there should be a reserve fund put aside only to cover when, for some reason, we get into a deep recession or the telephone company made a booboo, they can refer to that. They may want to add it.

But I don't think we would want to leave that the Public Service Commission has the authority to shut it down completely; but I think that there should be a language stipulated in there that the providers will set out a special reserve fund and will notify the Public Service Commission in advance that funding is running low and they need help, and that the provider

will contact every means of getting funding to keep the program going.

I don't think that the provider has any right to keep a secret. Because too many times we have read in the paper or hear on TV when the company is going broke they wait until the very last date and announce to the employees and say, "I'm sorry, we have to lay you off, the company is broke; we're shutting down next week."

must give employees 30 days. So I'm thinking that maybe it's not unrealistic to require that the provider have 90 days to notify Public Service Commission that they are going to have financial problems and that they can temporarily tap the reserve money at the same time the Public Service Commission, or whoever, will work with the provider to get out of the red. I think that needs to be required.

MR. TUDOR: Harry, I think in the way the Florida system is set up, the requirement of the sort you're discussing should fall to the administrator, since the administrator is the one that has the money and actually knows the shape of the fund itself, knows how much money is available and can best project how much will be coming in.

The provider is basically living, to some extent, from month-to-month. They get whatever traffic comes through the system, send a bill to the provider -- I mean, to the administrator -- and then the administrator pays the bill.

The administrator is the one that will have to have some requirements in terms of how much money they try to keep in reserve. And I believe there's some statutory language that talks about the administrator needs to keep the Commission aware of the status of the fund, and the administrator and the Commission both share a mutual responsibility with making sure that the surcharge is sufficiently high to cover the cost of the system.

So I would hesitate to make that requirement on the provider. But I think, when we look at the requirements we place on the administrator, that some kind of reporting mechanism from them would be very appropriate to keep track of maybe --

MR. ANDERSON: Okay. And since the provider will be under the responsibility of the administrator, then it should be the administrator. But I feel also in addition to that that the Advisory Committee will be kept informed of any problem that might happen that would be statewide. The Advisory Committee can be very

1	helpful because we are organizations serving the state,
2	and we, as organizations serving the state, the people
3	can be very instrumental in helping the administrator.
4	I don't think the administrators can stand alone and do
5	everything by themselves.
6	MR. TUDOR: Yes, certainly the oversight
7	would come by the administrator and also by the
8	Commission and certainly with the input of the Advisory
9	Committee. (Pause)
10	Cecil?
11	MR. BRADLEY: I have a question. To help
12	clear up the responsibility in the role of the
13	administrator.
14	You said that the administrators would
15	administrate the funds, correct? It says here in this
16	proposal that the Public Service Commission's
17	responsibility to or they have the right to continue
18	service.
19	My question is: Is the administrator
20	supposed to report to you, the Public Service
21	Commission?
22	MR. TUDOR: Yes.
23	MR. BRADLEY: Therefore, the administrator
24	must respond or inform the Public Service Commission
25	when the money runs out, is that correct?

MR. TUDOR: Yes.

MR. BRADLEY: Okay. Therefore, the administration has no control over -- wait a minute -- over the phone system. Therefore, the administrators -- you're their puppet, then.

MR. TUDOR: No.

MR. BRADLEY: They're playing with the money.

MR. TUDOR: No. We have not established all the guidelines for the administrator yet, but the Commission will be reviewing a proposal they have sent to us on how they will operate.

We met -- the Commissioners had an Agenda Conference a few weeks ago, and we talked about the rules and the guidelines for the administrator. And that would include things like reports. And the administrator was asked to go back and put together a package of operating procedures.

They have sent those to the Commission and now the Commission will review those, and we will set up and take to the Commissioners some -- Staff will propose some guidelines for how the administrator will operate. And one of those requirements will be how they keep track of the funds, what kind of reporting they will do back to the Commission, and those sorts of things.

Now, we will have full auditing authority over the administrator and be able to set up all the guidelines for how they operate.

So, no, we will have control over the administrator and be able to keep track of the funds. We will be using the administrator as our tool to keep track of the status of the funds.

MR. BRADLEY: Thank you.

MR. MULLER: This paragraph, in my opinion, is the Achilles heel to the proposal. It's a basic philosophical problem represented by this paragraph.

An analogy might be those students who want to go to a community college and those students require an interpreter. Federal law requires community colleges to be accessible to all handicapped students. We are constantly told that the state is not giving them enough money to provide for auxiliary aides so that deaf students can go to college. We're always told as service providers, "Well, you have to wait, wait until September when the new money becomes available, then we can do that." And we always respond, "We can't sit back and accept that."

We could accept the argument, "Since money is low, we are going to assess an increase in tuition costs to cover those additional costs," or, "Since

money is low, we will shut down the entire summer program so that deaf students aren't delayed in their education any more than hearing students would be."

So we have truly enacted the idea of equal access.

This paragraph allows the State of Florida to state, in essence, that this is a welfare program, not an equal access program. If it were an equal access program, the State would say, "We are obligated to provide this; we will have a funding mechanism to cover emergencies." And if it requires that the relay service be shut down, then the State's phone system should be shut down because deaf people and speech-impaired people would be unable to access the phone system, which is the whole thrust of the Act to have equal access.

Now, we can wait until 1993 when ADA becomes a matter of the law, or we can go ahead with the letter of the law today and act today to state that this really is contradictory of the intent of the legislation we're trying to enact.

It's convenient to shut the phones down for the deaf and speech-impaired people. It's not convenient to shut the phones down for hearing people.

MR. ANDERSON: Right, right, right.

MR. MULLER: That attitude is the basic core

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of the discrimination against handicapped people in America that the ADA is trying to overcome.

so I think Mr. Estes' bringing this to the point certainly helps get rid of some of the nausea I had inside of me about this. But again, I have been speaking so much I chose not to bring this up in favor of other issues this is a fundamental philosophical issue in telephone access. So it's vital.

MR. TUDOR: I think one of the -- I know when you try to use an illustration it never works exactly, but in your example of raising tuition, in this case we have a statutory limit. In our case tuition cannot be over 25 cents per access line. So of course, yeah, we wouldn't shut the system down, I don't think, until we reached that cap. But then we have a legislative mandate not to go over that cap.

MR. MULLER: You do have a prohibition to use other funding mechanisms. You have a prohibition of going over a 25-cent surcharge. But to state the legislation doesn't preclude the PSC assessing the phone companies a charge for transferring monies from a trust fund into something else. What this does is get the PSC off the hook from providing the phone service. You know, and I understand the rationale for it as being cost effective and the reality of the budget

deficits and all of that, but like Mr. Estes says, it's 1 going to open us up if the event ever happens to a 2 charge of discrimination from violating ADA if we ever 3 chose to do that. So work it out. (Laughter) 4 MR. BULLARD: Well said. 5 MR. TUDOR: I think another piece of this is 6 if we imposed a charge on the telephone companies, 7 under our statutes we would have to let the telephone 8 company pass that through to their customers. 9 MR. MULLER: That's right. 10 MR. TUDOR: And that amounts to nothing more 11 than more surcharge in a hidden way. 12 MR. MULLER: That's right. 13 MR. TUDOR: We may not be able to legally do 14 that. And if the alternative was to tell the companies 15 to pay it; in other words, the stockholders of the 16 companies to pay it and not the customers, then we have 17 violated some constitutional rights of taking property 18 without any authority. There is a lot of legal issues 19 here and I understand what you're saying. 20 MR. SPOONER: Richard Jack Spooner. 21 The paragraph Keith is referring to, and I 22 can see why there are problems with that paragraph, 23

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whether this will make you feel any better or not,

every state bid has that paragraph in it. Every one of

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1	them. I don't know of a one that hash't been reuped,
2	but it has that disclaimer in it, every one I'm
3	familiar with.
4	MR. BULLARD: In construction contracts the
5	state requires the contractor to get a bond
6	insurance that they will have enough money to cover
7	until the end of the job to correct mistakes and
8	errors. Why can't we have that? A bond or insurance
9	to guarantee that this will not run out of money?
10	MR. TUDOR: In that case what we would have
11	to be doing, I think, is asking an insurance company to
12	ensure maybe the state of Florida for not running out
13	of money or I'm not sure how that would work exactly.
14	I don't know if we could afford the premium.
15	MR. BULLARD: If it was a private company, if
16	FTR was a private company they could get the insurance.
17	MR. TUDOR: Yes. And the question would be
18	can we afford the premium? It would depend on how
19	risky an insurance company felt they were.
20	MR. BULLARD: Right.
21	MR. TUDOR: Whether it would be a good
22	decision to buy an expensive insurance policy.
23	MR. BULLARD: The insurance people are
24	smarter than us. They are very skilled in figuring the
25	odds. If the odds are low, the premium will be cheap.

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1	If the odds are high, the cost will be high. We know
2	that. Then we would have something to worry about if
3	the premiums were high. Let them figure it for us.
4	MR. TUDOR: Were there other comments on this
5	issue?
6	MR. ESTES: Just a few. I just want to
7	observe here that the Commission, the Public Service
8	Commission, is full of the authority of the universal
9	service funding, which is the only means of funding in
10	the state of Texas, the relay service, so the
11	Commission has, within its power to continue the
12	service even if 25 cents proves not to be enough.
13	MR. TUDOR: Let me ask, should I add this as
14	an Issue 10 and let's come back and vote on this to
15	remove that requirement from the language? I will add
16	that as an issue that we will come to and vote on
17	later. Mr. Estes.
18	MR. ESTES: Thank you. Another issue, three
19	customers references. I think the council should
20	clearly say what it means by three references. At
21	least one state relay RFP spelled it out, that three
22	would be a statewide rely reference, which effectively
23	prevented some qualified bidders from the game.

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MR. TUDOR: Our requirements do not require

that those references be from another state that has a

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references could be for comparable services or as comparable as they might provide in some other state. So we have not, by our reference requirement, precluded anyone from being a qualified bidder because they have never provided a statewide system. So that would not preclude a bidder as it is written.

MR. ESTES: Okay. I think that you have clarified that one yourself.

On Page 25 they refer to the question of testing. I would like to suggest to the council that you write in language to make it clear that you're looking for valid unbiased evaluations, testing; every private entity has its own little evaluation performance. And when it comes to providing services to the public, a private test may not be in the interest of the public. So I would suggest that kind of language be built in under No. 9.

MR. TUDOR: I'm sorry, I really don't understand what you're suggesting that we change.

MR. ESTES: Okay. For example, one of the major providers of relay services is now developing an evaluation system of its own, which they should. But the Council should not accept that as valid for the service itself. Maybe it's good for their

interservice, their internal purposes as a measurement
that satisfactory service -- is that sufficiently
confusing?

MR. TUDOR: I guess what I want to hear is what specific words are you suggesting that we put in the RFP?

MR. ESTES: I don't have any specific words
in mind, just the concept.

MR. TUDOR: Keith.

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MR. MULLER: Keith Muller.

I think Mr. Estes might be referring to any testing that is used has to be certified as nonbiased based upon cultural and ethnic differences. There are culturally biased tests that are used; there are ethnic groups that are discriminated based upon which tests are used. So I guess that's a nondiscrimination concern regarding the testing that is used, so you wouldn't bias yourself in favor of a white male chauvinist pig as the operators as opposed to whatever group you want to mention. That whole language of cultural discrimination, I think that's what he's referencing, certain groups. Obviously the national educators are coming out against IQ measurements for school placement as being totally cultural biased and invalid for those determinations. So is that what --

MR. ESTES: Yes, that's pretty good, yes.

One final issue. On Page 31 it talks about retaining information. I think in instances of protest -- let me see. Okay. Confidentiality, I think the Council would do well to clarify the differences between retaining information about a call and retaining the call, which is completely different.

what I propose to say is you want to avoid creeping of retention of conversations and I see that in this language. A possible interpretation that you'll be saving a call for a given purpose.

I think the Council should take the position that retained information about the call but not the call itself. Thank you.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. Do we have other issues -I have a list at this point of 10 issues, or do we have
others that you would like to add?

MR. MULLER: For the record I will a say it one more time, I think that the weight given to the special needs aspect of the proposal needs to be increased from 50 to at least 100. Special needs is designated in the legislation as a group that needs to be attended. We had much discussion around the table about the need for that, and I think that the difficulties that population may impose or present is

1	worthy of points for creative ways of dealing with that
2	population. Maybe Mr. Bradly from VR might want to
3	support the needs of clients or people who are not able
4	to use the system as well as others who need that
5	special assistance, but they are out there in the
6	state.
7	MR. TUDOR: Okay. I'll add that as an Issue
8	11.
9	Doug.
10	MR. BULLARD: Is 100 the maximum number of
11	points?
12	MR. TUDOR: Shake heads.
13	MR. BULLARD: Could you add 1,000? One to
14	1,000 accept the services relay system in Florida, that
15	would be 1,000. (Laughter)
16	MR. TUDOR: It could.
17	There was one item in the waiting process
18	that I looked at yesterday, and I want to tell you what
19	I have thought about it.
20	There is one item that's the financial
21	information about the company.
22	I had a couple of concerns. One was that the
23	Proposals Review Committee, none of us our accounants
24	and I had concerns about us trying to evaluate the
25	financials for a company. We had a point I don't

remember the points, hundred points or whatever, for the financials of the company.

My change that I'm going to make is that we're going to change that -- go back two changes. One is to change that to a pass/fail, and the other is that for that one item only, I'm going to ask that I think three CPA's on the Commission Staff would review that one item and decide whether it's a pass/fail item.

I don't feel comfortable in making that decision and I had a hard time when I looked at that trying to decide whether I would give a company ten points or 100 points and I couldn't decide what basis I would make that decision on.

I feel more comfortable and believe it would be more proper to simply make it a pass/fail with our three CPA's looking at that one item only and deciding the pass/fail on that, and looking at that from the viewpoint of would the company be able to adequately provide the relay service based on what they see in the financial information.

So I wanted to let you know that when you see this the next time that change will be made, and I didn't want that to surprise you when you see it next.

I have 11 issues, and what I would like us to do is go -- I'm sorry, Bob.

MR. WATTLES: It's not an issue but if you are now at the end of your list, I think it's incumbent on the Committee if you are going to ask them to vote, they understand the exact process, now what happens with the RFP.

MR. TUDOR: Yes.

MR. WATTLES: It's my analysis that private companies are going to bid on this because they are going to make money at it, so I think the Committee should feel free to vote to put things in the RFP that the Committee feels from its various constituencies ought to be in there, knowing that if we make it too unreasonable the companies are not going to bid on it and then in effect what would happen? Would you not go back, revise the RFP and reissue it?

MR. TUDOR: I can't tell you for sure what we would do but certainly if no one bid or no one received qualified bid, anyway a situation like you described occurred, I suppose that would be one of the most logical approaches is to rewrite the RFP to remove things we believe may cause the problem.

MR. WATTLES: Sure, you can certainly go by I know this has been done by other state agencies, poll the people who requested a copy of the RFP and did not bid, as to the reasons why they did not submit a bid.

And take the balance of that poll, go back to the 1 Committee and that would point out the problems to us. 2 I want the Committee members to understand 3 the process, if they feel very strongly about having 4 the center in Florida, they vote for having the center 5 in Florida and not feel they are going to jeopardize 6 the whole RFP, or the process in the long run. We may 7 have to go through it twice but we can still get it 8 9 done. MR. TUDOR: Thank you, Bob. Yes. 10 I wanted to make sure. MR. WATTLES: 11 MR. TUDOR: We have some problems with doing 12 it over and that is the statutory deadline we face, and 13 we would have to try to decide how to deal with that 14 and we would have to work with some very tight time 15 frames if we had to indeed reissue the RFP. 16 MS. MILLER: There are probably some points 17 that could be raised at the bidders conference, and 18 19 20

then there would be a question as to whether we could do an addendum of any sorts prior to having to go back and start the whole process over.

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MR. WATTLES: Sure. You've got the ability in here to do addendums and to clean it up some if you need to.

MR. TUDOR: And another point, particularly

for the potential bidders, is certainly at the July 30th agenda you are also free to speak there. And if all the potential bidders or one potential bidder comes up and says this is a real problem; your system is really different from all the other states because of some paragraph; if it's a real problem, that's certainly another opportunity to air that and to do that before the RFP is even issued.

That will be an open meeting and again, everyone is free to make presentations to the Commissioners, there. And I can assure you I would take no personal offense with any disagreement with anything in here.

It's a very difficult process and there is a lot of things to balance, and -- so please feel free at the agenda on the 30th to speak on any of those items.

What I would like to do now is to go through this list of 11 issues that I have, and ask you to, as an Advisory Committee to vote. And the purpose of that vote will be so that I, as a Staff member, can say this is the position of the Advisory Committee.

So then I will present that to the Commissioners, in the written recommendation and perhaps when we finish voting and, for example, if we decide to go with seven of these 11 items, if you as an

Advisory Committee want to present those, we can
discuss who might present those either individually or
maybe for the whole group; one person may want to
present all seven of those. Did you have a comment,
Harry?

MR. ANDERSON: Richard, before we vote, I think we need to summarize what happened this morning.

Keith brought out a very important point here that I think we need to have a response to that.

Number one, I am curious as to why, if we are going to vote on an item, an issue listed, if the majority of the Advisory Committee says, for example, that the relay center will be established in the state of Florida and we ask the Staff to write that in, and the Staff decides not to accept our advice, then I think that the Staff should tell the Advisory Committee and explain why it cannot be put in or should not be put in before it goes to the Public Service Commission. Because if the Staff doesn't want to talk with the Staff Advisory Committee, then why do we have an Advisory Committee for in the first place?

Number two, I think it would look good for all of us in this room to be able to go to the Public Service Commission and say that the Division of Communications and the Staff and Advisory Committee and

all outside interested people have gotten together, hammered it out. This is what we want to propose to the Public Service Commission.

I'm not saying that no one who voted against an issue does not have the right to speak up at the Public Service Commission, but I think it would look good if the Staff would -- Staff would accept what the Advisory Committee would recommend, and then the Public Service Commission needs to say, "Okay, this is what we all worked with but there are some issues that the minority of the Advisory Committee disagree." And allows them to stand up and explain it.

so that's where I stand. I think that we really need to really look at that, because I wouldn't want to be on the Committee standing up and say, "Well, the Advisory Committee, 85% of the Advisory Committee said that they wanted the relay system to be established in the state of Florida, but we, the Staff, disagree." And it doesn't look good. Then we say, "What's the Advisory Committee for?" That's what bothers me.

MR. TUDOR: Harry, we have had several meetings, and I think we have a document here that reflects an awful lot of changes because of these meetings.

I think if we try to identify every change that we've made for this RFP over these meetings I think you would find several dozen changes that have been made because of agreement between the Staff and the Advisory Committee. So I think the Advisory Committee's purpose has been well -- the Advisory Committee has been well used in this process already.

The agenda conference on the 30th will just be another step in that process for you to provide input directly to the Commissioners, but I think we've got an awfully lot already and I think we have a pretty good product in the RFP so far. But, you know, we have at this point 11 points that we don't have in the RFP right now.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay.

MR. TUDOR: And we don't know if there is a majority position of the Advisory Committee or not.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Then I'm understanding that if the Advisory Committee votes in the majority for each or all or whatever the issue is, that that means your Staff will accept and put that into the RFP for the Public Service Commission's view?

MR. TUDOR: No, it will not necessarily mean that, Harry. It will mean that the Staff's recommendation will identify those points of

disagreement. It could be that after today's meeting I may change my position on one or more of those items and you may find that that's the case. But to the extent that there is still disagreement, the recommendation will be the Staff's recommendation and then it will highlight these points of disagreement on issues where the Advisory Committee feels differently, and then the Commissioner will be allowed to hear those different points of view.

MR. ANDERSON: Thank you, Richard. If I may continue on the discussion so we can all leave here happy.

As supposing that taking this relay system to be established in the state of Florida the majority voted yes, we want that in the RFP but the Staff disagrees. Will you tell that us this morning that the Staff disagrees with it? Because Staff has every right to discuss this, write it, do anything they want during the time from now, tomorrow, until July 30th. The Advisory Committee, after we leave here under the sunshine law, are not permitted to discuss it.

So we don't have the authority to sit around and say, "Okay, how are we going to present our discussion or idea on this issue against your Staff because they are going to weigh it." We can't go out

and discuss it under the sunshine law if I'm not mistaken.

MR. TUDOR: You will be able to decide today who you would like to make the presentation, and certainly you will be able to take what you have heard at our past meeting and what we've talked about today, and put together whatever presentation you would like to make to the Commissioners on the 30th.

The Staff's recommendation will be out at the end of this week, so you will have that time, also, to see what we have prepared, from the end of this week until the 30th, so basically next week to see what the Staff's presentation to the Commissioners will consist of.

MR. ANDERSON: So if I'm understanding it right, Richard, you will take the poll of the Advisory Committee this morning and work with the Staff after which you will get through the mail the final draft before it goes to the Commission for review and approval on the 30th; am I correct?

MR. TUDOR: Yes. What you will get at the end of this week is the Staff's recommendation of the RFP to the Commissioners. The RFP will not be final until the Commissioners vote on it.

MR. ANDERSON: Wait a minute. Say that

again, I missed something, I'm sorry.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. What the Staff will send out at the end of this week is its recommendation to the Commissioners on what the RFP should look like.

The RFP will not be final until the Commissioners vote on it, which will be either July 30th or if they defer it to a later date.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Then is it -- it's okay if I request that with their approval Advisory Committee that perhaps the advisory committee want to have a public meeting on Monday before the 30th to discuss and agree who is going to present any issue that the Staff did not accept pm our recommendation?

MR. TUDOR: What we can do is decide today before we leave who will make the presentation.

MR. ANDERSON: Well, I was asking if the Advisory Committee if, say, we have hopefully no issue but we have three issues on the agenda that the Advisory Committee did vote on the majority that we accept and Staff didn't, do we have the right to meet the day before to discuss our strategy? I think that's only fair but a Staff member has -- everybody else don't live in the same town. We are scattered all over the state. And we can't contact each other on the phone, mail or anything, so I think it would be nice if

-	and the second s
2	I'm asking the Advisory Committee's feelings on that.
3	I'm just presenting it on the table.
4	MR. TUDOR: One thing I need to determine is
5	issues about notice and whether we can get interpreters
6	and those sorts of things. Cindy, do you have a
7	comment.
8	MS. MILLER: I believe we would have time.
9	If we sent the notice in Thursday and it was published
10	next Friday, I think that would be sufficient.
11	MR. TUDOR: It would be short notice but we
12	also have the notice verbally here today if we were to
13	do that.
14	MS. MILLER: So I would be prepared to do
15	that and that sounds like a very fair idea.
16	MR. TUDOR: We would have to determine if we
17	can obtain interpreters for that date, and so that
18	would be another piece of that issue.
19	MR. ANDERSON: I was telling her that was her
20	job.
21	MR. TUDOR: We can decide that at the end if
22	that would be necessary. If we only have one issue,
23	perhaps we can deal with that today. But let's try to
24	remember that as an issue right at the very end.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay, Richard. I was just

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asking the interpreter but I'm willing to wait until 1 the end of our polling. And if the Advisory Committee 2 still has strong feelings about it, then I would like to have a few minutes to ask the Advisory Committee or the chairperson if the Advisory Committee feels that we 5 may want to meet on Monday afternoon -- it's not required, but wants to meet to discuss. We can do that 7 8 after, okay?

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MR. BULLARD: I have a question.

It was my understanding that the two people from, that the people here who are sitting here and three of your Staff would be finalizing the final draft, or what is happening to that?

MR. TUDOR: I believe you're talking about the Proposals Review Committee?

That's the group that will be evaluating the proposals once they come in, will be giving the scores once all of the bidders have sent in their proposals.

MR. BULLARD: Okay. Now, anyhow, what Harry was just saying is that we have never really heard the reason why the Staff didn't want some of the points in the RFP. If we don't know why you don't really want this within the RFP, then, you know, we don't want to hash it out in front of, you know, the Committee. We'd rather go ahead and do it here, but your Staff is just

too quiet.

2.2

MR. TUDOR: Let's go through this process of these issues and I'll be glad to express to you, but I would tell you generally it would be a concern about the cost it might add to the system. Just as a general thing; that doesn't necessarily apply to all 11 of these. But I think it would apply to several of them.

Keith?

MR. MULLER: To remind you all that I unfortunately have commitments in Broward County tonight for my PhD, et cetera, that I can't cancel. You may be blessed by my absence shortly or you may be cursed, I don't know which it would be.

But in terms of these 11 issues, would it be possible to vote without discussion on them, just identify them and vote and then revisit them as you need to afterwards so that I can feel at least my voice was heard. I would appreciate that courtesy if possible.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. I think most of these issues we have discussed, at least one other time anyway, so I think we can probably do that. I would be glad to try to just give a very quick opinion of why Staff has not included that item in the RFP and then we can vote.

So with that, if I could, let me go through this list of issues. Let me see. On these, I believe we have -- well, now we have 10 of our 11 members here -- Mr. Horton is here -- and we can proceed with these 11 issues.

1.3

Let me remind you that on a couple of them we may have to try to word the issue because perhaps someone just suggested a thought or a concept, and we may have to try to tie that down to a specific wording before we can really vote on it.

so, with that, the first issue was raised about outreach. The proposal and the issue here is that the provider needs to be required in the RFP to provide outreach in terms of explaining how the relay system works.

My position on that is that the statute calls for an administrator to be created and that is one of the jobs of the administrator; and if we have both the administrator and the provider doing that task, it will probably result in some overlap, and it will result in two people trying to do the same job, and that may raise the cost of the system; plus, the law just simply says that the administrator will do that job. So that's why I have taken that out, so that that would be a job of the administrator, not the provider.

1	Okay. So that's the issue is: Should the
2	RFP require the provider to have an outreach system to
3	explain how relay works? Is that a fair statement of
4	the issue?
5	MR. TIBERIO: Yes.
6	MR. TUDOR: Let me just then ask with a
7	raised hand that those of you that would like to
8	require the provider to provide outreach to explain how
9	the relay service works to raise your hands.
10	MR. WATTLES: Can we amend this?
11	MR. TUDOR: I'm sorry, I'm sorry. I'm not
12	very good at Roberts Rules. Yes, that's really what I
13	was asking when I was saying is that a clear statement
14	of the issue? Perhaps another thing I should ask is:
15	Would you prefer it would be worded otherwise?
16	MR. WATTLES: How about requiring the
17	provider to cooperate with the administrator to provide
18	the outreach program?
19	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Let's see if that's a
20	separate issue, an amendment or
21	MR. WATTLES: I don't want this to be a
22	separate issue.
23	MR. MULLER: Since Susan Cituk is here,
24	perhaps she can give us the information.
25	Susan, I suggested earlier that my thinking

was that the legislation was designed so that when FCHI became -- the duties of FCHI regarding the distribution of the equipment became the duty of the administrator; that the outreach component that was also the duty of the FCHI was transferred to the administrator; that that entity would have to continue doing outreach on distribution of equipment and training on how to use the equipment; that that reference would not preclude or mention at all the fact that the provider of the relay service also has to do an outreach to educate the community about the existence of the relay system.

So I don't see an overlap there if the administrator is going to outreach about the equipment distribution and training on how to use it and the provider does outreach on educating the consumer about the existence of the relay service, et cetera, and its features. I see them as two separate issues.

MS. CITUK: Keith, they really were not viewed during the Legislative process as two separate issues because we felt that the two went hand-in-hand, in that the ability to use the system also was incumbent on the ability to use the equipment. And they both, like I said, went hand-in-hand.

So we felt that there were entities out there that were already providing services, such as the local

deaf service centers, doing outreach and training on the equipment as well as assisting in distributing the equipment, as well as providing relay services. So it made sense that that would be all tied in together and that the funding of outreach and training would be done by the administrator because they were best situated to look statewide and consider who should be contracted with to do that.

Now, there is nothing that would preclude the administrator from also contracting with the provider of the relay service for some of the outreach or advertising services.

I would imagine that that would be one of the things that they would consider doing because who could sell that service or that company better than the Company itself? So I don't think it's precluded. But the issue that Richard raised in terms of funding was the concern is that we didn't want the company building into their budget and into their cost to the state advertising as well as having the administrator who has the responsibility for doing advertising.

MR. MULLER: Then I withdraw my concern on that issue.

MR. TUDOR: Peggy?

MS. SCHMIDT: I wonder if you have considered

including a requirement that they work closely with the
administrator in ensuring that appropriate community
outreach is developed?
MR. MULLER: Fine.
MR. WATTLES: That's what I'm suggesting.
MR. TUDOR: I don't have any problem with the
concept. I guess we expect the provider to be
cooperative with all the people it has to work with.
We certainly hope that all the providers understand
that. But I see what you're saying.
Bob, do you then want to I understand
Keith has basically withdrawn the issue.
MR. MULLER: I would support what Peggy and
Bob just suggested.
MR. WATTLES: Well, I just simply was
suggesting that the successful bidder or the provider
that was chosen be required to work with the
administrator in developing an effective outreach
program.
MR. MULLER: Period.
MR. WATTLES: You still have the
responsibility with the administrator, but the provider
clearly, because the terms of the RFP, knows going in
to the deal that they have to cooperate and try to help

in that effort.

MR. TUDOR: I don't have any problem including something along those lines. I think it's -- like I said earlier, I think that's a given, but I certainly have no problem with adding that just to strengthen it.

Mr. Estes?

MR. ESTES: I just like to add in a thought, too, because other states have confronted this outreach activity, and they have charged.

The counsil will do well to assign the responsibility one way or the other. Working together is fine, but we usually foot the bill.

MR. WATTLES: The responsibility, as I perceive what we have just proposed, is with the administrator. You still have one person, one entity, to look at for the responsibility as to whether or not it's being done.

MR. TUDOR: There can certainly be situations where the administrator cannot do an effective job without understanding the inner workings somehow of the relay system and might need some input from the provider to assist them. So, certainly, that's what we're talking about is that kind of cooperation.

Okay, Issue 2 --

MR. MULLER: Are you going to vote on it or

not?

1.0

MR. TUDOR: I thought you withdrew it.

MR. MULLER: I withdrew mine but that's something new that has been added. Unless you agree to it, that's fine.

MR. TUDOR: Let me just tell you that I would agree to add some language that would just say that the provider should cooperate with the administrator in providing technical information, that sort of thing, so that the administrator can do an effective job of outreach. Okay. (Pause)

The second issue --

MR. ANDERSON: Did we vote on the first issue yet?

MR. WATTLES: Sure.

MR. ANDERSON: I was trying to ask her identify what -- I can't see, so I didn't know who it was.

MR. TUDOR: We did not vote on that because I think we're in agreement. And if you still want to have it as an issue to vote on, we will, Harry. But I think we we're in agreement that it is not an issue that the administrator will have the responsibility for the outreach program. I will agree to add to the RFP that there is certainly a requirement or a

1	responsibility on the part of the provider to cooperate
2	with the administrator in its preparation of the
3	outreach program.
4	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. So what you're saying
5	is that your Staff and the Advisory Committee have a
6 .	mutual agreement on that. Right?
7	MR. TUDOR: Yes.
8	MR. ANDERSON: Thank you.
9	MR. TUDOR: I believe so, unless someone
10	would like to raise it as an issue and address it in
11	somewhat different wording.
12	Okay. The second issue that was raised is
13	the typing speed. The current RFP calls for a typing
14	speed of 55 words per minute. Is there a proposal for
15	a different typing speed?
16	The question here, of course, is one of
17	well, partly, will you be able to find qualified
18	typists at that typing speed? Should a lower one be
19	required or should there be a higher one required? Of
20	course, that ties to the cost issue and that sort of
21	thing.
22	MR. MULLER: I move we leave it at 55.
23	MR. BRADLEY: I second it.
24	MR. TUDOR: All right.
25	MR. BRADLEY: Is there any opinions from the

1	phone companies, from Carmen:
2	MR. LANGE: Andy Lange from AT&T. ADA will
3	require 45 words per minute requirement on the ADA. So
4	you may want to consider that.
5	MR. TUDOR: Thank you, Andy. (Pause)
6	Mr. Estes?
7	MR. ESTES: We do not know that for a fact
8	yet. In a few days we will know. But the NAD's
9	position is 60 words per minute.
10	We have TDDs everywhere that operate at 60
11	words per minute. And the new ASCII code will be able
12	to handle 300 words per minute. So since 60 is already
13	built into the equipment, it is ideal to assign at
14	least 60 to the RFP.
15	MR. TUDOR: Okay. We have a motion for
16	leaving it at 55. Let me ask you to vote on that.
17	If you would raise your hand if you would
18	like to leave it at 55. If you would raise your hand?
19	(Vote taken.)
20	MR. TUDOR: One, two, three, four, five, six,
21	seven, eight, nine. Who is my tenth person? Oh, Jay.
22	Okay. So the vote is ten to zero to leave it
23	at 55.
24	The third issue is on complaint resolution.
25	Keith has suggested that, rather than saying three

1	years to retain complaints, that they be kept for the
2	life of the contract, whether that be three, four or
3	five years.
4	Is there any discussion on that?
5	MR. BRADLEY: Yes.
6	MR. DEMPSEY: The life of the contract?
7	So what if my contract is up a month from now
8	and I get a complaint, that means one month is all I
9	have to keep it?
10	MR. TUDOR: Yes. Yes.
11	MR. DEMPSEY: Do we want that?
12	MR. TUDOR: No. Let me change my answer,
13	Bob.
14	No, because these companies also are
15	certificated Florida telephone companies, and they have
16	some record retention requirements for complaints just
17	as telephone companies, not as relay providers. So
18	they would have some requirement to keep it longer than
19	a month. I don't know what that time is off the top of
20	my head, but it's certainly several months and may be
21	years. So, no, they would have to keep it longer than
22	one month just because
23	MR. DEMPSEY: But actually we don't know how
24	long.
25	MR. TUDOR: I just don't know the

requirement, but it would certainly be beyond the life 1 2 of the contract. MS. CHEEK: Richard, I believe it's a year 3 that the companies keep it on file, minimum. 4 MR. TUDOR: It may be a year. 5 MR. DEMPSEY: The life of the contract may be 6 five years, we keep saying a minimum of three, but it 7 may be five years. What we're saying, though, it is 8 not really the life of the contract, it's whatever they 9 -- if they're allowed to keep it a year, it would be 10 actually a year and not five years. 11 MS. CHEEK: The minimum they have to keep it 12 is a year, minimum, I believe. 13 MR. DEMPSEY: Minimum. 14 Okay. MR. BULLARD: No. The minimum of one year is 15 fine for me to understand, or the life of the contract. 16 Or, as I said, the life of the contract, as long as the 17 one-year minimum is included, that's fine. 18 MR. TUDOR: So, I believe we have perhaps a 19 suggested amendment to the issue, and that is that it 20 should be for the life of the contract but for a 21 minimum of one year? 22 MR. MULLER: Uh-huh. 23 MR. TUDOR: So if you would like to see that 24 change made to the RFP instead of three years, the life 25

of the contract with a minimum of one year, let me ask 1 you to vote on that if you would raise your hand. 2 (Vote taken.) 3 MR. TUDOR: Okay, the vote on that is also 4 (Pause) 5 ten to zero. Hopefully, the number of complaints would be 6 so low that that would not be a burden. Let me just 7 add that I believe I will incorporate that in Staff's 8 9 recommendation. Item Issue 4 was on the issue of outreach 10 dealing with the demonstration tape requirement. 11 would be moot, I think, based on the fact that what we 12 decided on Issue 1 of not requiring the provider to 1.3 provide the outreach. So I believe 4 is moot. 14 Issue 5 deals with the issue of interstate 15 calling. Keith, correct me if I don't state this 16 properly. 17 The issue here is that the surcharge would be 18 used to fund interstate calling for the first year, 19 which is when we expect the federal funding to become 20 21 available. For clarification, let me ask, should we say 22 "for the first year or until federal funding becomes 23

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Okay. So let me word that issue this way:

The latter?

available?"

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1	"That the RFP would include the requirement that
2	interstate calling be provided to be funded through the
3	surcharge for the time period until federal funding
4	becomes available." Is that a correct statement of the
5	issue?
6	MR. MULLER: That's correct.
7	MR. TUDOR: Let me ask you, then, to vote on
8	that, if you would raise your hand. (Pause)
9	(Vote taken.)
10	MR. TUDOR: One, two, three, four, five, six,
11	seven, eight. Eight.
12	And those opposed?
13	MR. HORTON: Richard, I don't understand the
14	issue.
15	MR. TUDOR: Okay. The issue is, there's a
16	one-year
17	This is Doc Horton.
18	MR. HORTON: Mr. Horton.
19	MR. TUDOR: The issue here deals with what we
20	believe to be a one-year window. The Florida state
21	requirement is that the system become available June 1,
22	'92. The federal requirement is that, under the ADA,
23	is that interstate calling will be funded through some
24	as-yet-unknown federal funding system, beginning,
25	though, in July, I believe, of '93. So there's a

one-year window from mid '92 to mid '93 where the Florida system will be up and running; however, the interstate system will not necessarily be on line. It could be; we don't know for sure, but may not be on line until mid '93.

So the Florida law -- and this is not as clear as we wish it could be, but the Florida law does not, in Staff's position, intend for the surcharge to cover interstate costs, costs of interstate calling.

so the question is: Should the RFP require that that surcharge be used to fund interstate calling for the time period from June of '92, when the Florida system becomes operational, until the federal funding becomes available for interstate calling? Is that understandable?

We have spent a lot of time discussing that one. That one-year window is confusing and hard to follow.

So let me ask if there is -MR. SPOONER: One other question, Richard.

Jack Spooner.

If I understood what you just said, you said according to the Staff or your interpretation, the statute is not clear on whether to fund with the surcharge interstate and intrastate. But you all have

an interpretation that says no to interstate? Is that
a true statement?

MR. TUDOR: That's our understanding of the intent in the statute, and so we will go with that interpretation.

So we have eight for. Do we have any votes against? So we have --

MR. WATTLES: That's a position where the Staff and the Committee differ.

MR. TUDOR: We will disagree on that. So the vote will be eight to zero.

locate the center in Florida. On this issue, my position is that I will not include it in the RFP as a requirement. It could, it could be, and I do not know but it could be that the cost of providing the service would be lower if a service was located, a center was located in another state; for example, in conjunction with the service that's already being provided in another state. There may be some economies of scale there that would lower the cost of the system. And from my point of view, that's important to keep the cost of the system low. That provides funds that might otherwise not be available for whatever. I would rather

1	see those funds available for that than just to have a
2	higher cost just to locate the center in Florida.
3	Again, I don't know that that's the case. It
4	may not be. It may well be that everybody that comes
5	in will propose to offer it in Florida because that's
6	the least expensive place for them to provide it. I
7	don't know that. But I simply would not require that.
8	So the issue here is: Should the RFP require
9	that the center be located in Florida?
10	If you would raise your hand on that?
11	(Vote taken.)
12	MR. TUDOR: One, two, three, four, five, six,
13	seven. Seven.
14	And those that are opposed to requiring that?
15	Seven to three. Okay. To locate in Florida.
16	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Issue 7 was whether or not
17	to give technology a higher weighting. It currently
18	has a weighting of 50 points. And, Bob, do you have a
19	specific number you'd like to suggest there?
20	MR. DEMPSEY: I told you nobody used 75 yet,
21	so I put 75 on it. I really don't know, Richard, to
22	opinion me down to an exact number, except that I feel
23	that we have not paid enough attention to technology.
24	And I'll leave it up to the Advisory Committee what the
25	exact number they want to put on. I'll recommend 75 to

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1	get them started. Put a bid in at 75 and go from
2	there.
3	MR. TUDOR: Okay. Well, let me then just ask
4	if anyone would like to suggest a number other than 75
5	before we vote on the issue?
6	MR. BULLARD: For setting it up, the relay
7	system in Florida, right?
8	MR. TUDOR: No, no. On the issue of how many
9	points in the evaluation process we should give to a
10	Company's proposal in terms of how they will provide
11	the service using new technology as it becomes
12	available in the future.
13	The language that's in the RFP that deals
14	with this says that "The user should be allowed to
15	benefit from advancing technology. The bidder will
16	describe the methodology and the process that are used
17	to keep abreast of technological change in providing a
18	relay and to inform the Commission and the
19	administrator what new enhancements are available, what
20	the price of those would be, and to provide the PSC the
21	opportunity to take advantage of those." And it
22	requires an annual report on technology improvements.

MR. TIBERIO: I have a comment. I'd like to make it 100 points. 101, make it 101.

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MR. TUDOR: Let's see. How should we

approach this?

Let me take Carmen's suggestion as a suggested amendment to the original issue and see if you would prefer to stay in with 75 or go with 100.

MR. DEMPSEY: I'll give it to him the 100.

I'll withdraw the 75.

MR. TUDOR: So the issue then is whether the points on technology should change from 50 to 100. And let me ask you then to vote on that, whether to change the points from 50 to 100. If you would raise your hand?

(Vote taken.)

MR. TUDOR: Seven. And those opposed to making that change? And so it's seven to zero.

MR. WATTLES: Staff doesn't care?

MR. TUDOR: I think I'm going to have to think about that one just a little bit. I wish I could tell you for sure right now but I ask you to let me think about that. And I want to look at maybe the whole layout of the point system, but I'll just have to let you know on that one.

Yes, because we certainly are concerned, and that's why it's in there in the first place that we want the network to constantly be improving and we want to get some assurances from the bidders about doing

that. Because anything that can be done technologically to lower the cost of the system again frees up money that can be used elsewhere. Or the new technology may help improve the quality of the service.

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Issue 8 is, again, an issue about the weight of the issue on how interstate calling will be provided and how it will be routed, that kind of issue.

The suggestion is that that be increased from 50 to 75 points. So, again, this is an issue of how much weight to give to how the provider would provide interstate service.

so the proposal is to increase that from 50 to 75 points; if I could ask you to raise your hand on whether you would like to increase that from 50 to 75.

MR. TUDOR: We have we have seven, and those opposed to increasing that? We have seven to zero to increase that from 50 to 75.

The ninth issue deals with this question of whether the RFP should require that a -- and I believe the wording was that a deaf person be on every shift as an advisor/consultant. So we'd like to take a vote then on that as whether there should be a deaf person on every shift as an advisor consultant, in that kind of a role. A question from Cecil.

MR. BRADLEY: You say one on every shift or a minimum of one? To have at least one.

MR. TUDOR: I believe that probably is more correctly the original wording anyway, yes, let me change that to say that there be a minimum of one deaf person on each shift serving in the role of an advisor/consultant.

Okay, then if I could ask you to raise your hand on that issue. (Vote taken.)

Seven. And those opposed? Seven to zero.

On this one I think this would be another one where I would not require that. There may well be people that are not deaf that might be able to do the same quality of work as an advisor/consultant supervise shift consultants, operators, so I don't believe that will include that in my recommendation.

The tenth issue -- okay, deals with the language on pages 12 and 13 that Mr. Estes was raising about whether the language that's in the RFP now that says that the system may be discontinued -- let me read that language, it deals with of course funding would be the primary reason. Let me see if there is any other language there. It says "The PSC reserves the right to discontinue the service for a period of time in order to reduce costs." I'm sorry, not to reduce costs, that

goes with discontinuing certain services like certain 1 optional services. 2 So that language that is in there we talked 3 about that earlier today. So the question is would you 4 like to see that language removed from the RFP. 5 MS. LUCRETIA REYNOLDS: Where are you 6 speaking very specifically. Doug wants to know. 7 MR. TUDOR: At the very bottom of Page 12 and 8 9 top of 13. MS. MILLER: Richard, a couple of things. 10 MR. TUDOR: Just one second. They are 11 12 reading. Okay, Cindy. 13 MS. MILLER: I think Keith had some suggested 14 language he came up with in place of eliminating all of 15 it, and I'll check my notes, but also I'm concerned 16 that we legally can't get away from this totally. As I 17 understand it one legislature cannot bind a future 18 19 legislature and I cannot say what right the Florida Public Service Commission has to try to do that. 20 In other words, if the program were ever 21 discontinued through the state, the state funding 22 mechanism would disappear, but I believe what Keith was 23

pointing out was that the federal system would kick in

so maybe we could use some language he had suggested.

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Such as if the state system were to whatever; he said
were to fail due to the funding mechanism disappearing
the ADA would require the individual telephone
companies to take on the responsibility.

Now, I have not researched that but that was one of the suggestions I heard made.

MR. TUDOR: I guess, Cindy, I would wonder whether we should include that kind of a statement in the RFP, an interpretation of what the other companies might all have to do under the ADA if the state system were discontinued for whatever reason.

MS. MILLER: I'm just wondering if there is some alternative language as opposed to deleting this altogether. I think state agencies may be required to have this kind of language in their contracts.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. The issue as I presented it so far, is simply to eliminate the language that's on the bottom of Page 12 and top of 13, which is paragraph 15. Is there any suggestion of other language to use? Harry?

MR. ANDERSON: Richard, maybe we need to have the Staff work with your attorney keeping in mind working with the Board of Florida, FTRI because they have already proposed to the Public Service Commission their operating procedure. And that I think that the

Staff and your attorney and everyone else who know about this should put in some kind of what we call a fail-safe clause, and that I would say that we will leave that up to your responsibility but we must have something in there that would not threaten -- because when a deaf person sees that language, they are going to get all excited about it saying, "What's happening?" 7 So we need to put in a very good clause, what we call a fail-safe like that, the FTRI administrator with the provider will put aside X number of dollars in a trust 10 fund, something like that where there is a strong failsafe.

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If the PSC said that you have to lay that, that is required, fine, but add a language that there will be a fail-safe.

MR. TUDOR: I guess that's kind of the purpose of the language in the first place, Harry. I don't think there is a fail-safe.

Again I think the probability is very, very low, but I can't simply say that it's zero. There is no fail-safe. There is no quarantee.

Now, again I'm talking about the one provider that wins this contract and is providing the service. The day may come when the state system may have to discontinue for whatever reason under the current law,

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1	but that does not eliminate the fact that there's still
2	going to be an ADA on the books.
3	Again I think these possibilities are very
4	low, but I can't say that they are zero, and that's the
5	problem.
6	And any requirements that we're going to
7	place on the administrator don't belong in the RFP that
8	deals with the contract between the Commission and the
9	provider. So I guess
10	MR. ANDERSON: You've got a point there. It
11	seems to fall on the responsibility of the
12	administrator to make sure it doesn't happen.
13	MR. TUDOR: And the Commission.
14	MR. ANDERSON: And the Commission. I'm
15	being funny; can we add we can fire the Public Service
16	Commission if it happened? (Laughter)
17	MR. TUDOR: Yeah I can assure you we're going
18	to do everything we possibly can to make sure that it
19	doesn't. Yeah, as long as that statute is on the
20	books, we're going to try to make sure the system works
21	as the statute intends for it to work. And I can
22	assure you we're going to continue to do that. Cecil.

MR. BRADLEY: Mr. Tudor, I was wondering if we could possibly put a few words, if this is proper or not, to go to this extent of the Public Service

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1	Commission's authority, but can we say that the Public
2	Service Commission would look at other possible funding
3	to continue this service rather than just to cut it
4	off?
5	MR. TUDOR: Yes. The only reason this
6	language is in there is if the Commission and the
7	administrator and the telephone company are unable to
8	figure out a way to do those kinds of things, then this
9	is notice to the provider that we may have to
10	discontinue the service.
11	It's only in the case where the other
12	alternatives just haven't worked out.
13	MR. BRADLEY: But that doesn't sound possible
14	because if your money runs out, and we collect 5 cents
15	a month, up to 25 cents a month and so that money keeps
16	coming in, I don't foresee how the money could run out.
17	How could that happen?
18	MR. TUDOR: Well, because there is
19	MR. BRADLEY: Unless, you know, there is a
20	misappropriation of the administration.
21	MR. TUDOR: The way the money could run out
22	is 25 cents may not be enough.
23	Again, I hate to belabor this because I don't
24	think it's going to be a very likely situation. The
25	language is in the RFP simply because it is a

possibility even though the chances of it, I believe, are fairly low it is a possibility. And it's to put the provider on notice that it is a possibility.

MR. WATTLES: Richard.

MR. TUDOR: Doug.

MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard. I wouldn't want to have this in the RFP. I would rather have it changed to the administration should have some type of insurance or something to guard against this funding running out.

MS. MILLER: Richard, I think that it was

Jack Spooner who said every state has the same language

in their RFPs.

I will certainly review other state agency contracts for large construction projects and large health care systems to see if there is any more palatable language that will not make it seem that this is in any way likely.

My understanding is this is some just boilerplate language that goes into a RFP when a state agency is involved. But I will see if I can come up with some language that isn't so -- whatever this is. This may make someone thing this is more of a possibility than it is. I will see if I can find some better language. Does Susan have anything.

Now, if it looks like over the next several months that the 25-cent limit is not enough, the

MS. CITUK: We spent considerable time during the drafting of this legislation looking at the issue of the surcharge and what the proper amount to set the cap at would be in order to fund the system and in order to adequately fund the distribution system as well as the relay system. And we got input from other states; experience that other states have had, the experience that providers in other states have had, the level that comparable states have had to charge for their surcharge.

We built into the budget the top budget request that the Florida council for the hearing impaired, their wish list for the distribution of specialized equipment. We almost doubled what their budget was and took that into consideration in this surcharge and we built enough safeguards into the law I believe so that if it looks like, and there will need to be some projections made, but the administrator is to do financial reporting to the Commission, the Commission will review these statements; they will look at trends, and if there is a need to increase the surcharge up to the 25-cent limit the Commission can do that.

legislature meets once a year. The legislature has 1 requested in this legislation that the Commission 2 report to them annually on the implementation of the 3 system, on the funding, on any anticipated funding 4 problems, any need to increase the cap, and the 5 legislature over the next several years will be looking 6 7 very closely at the implementation of this system, so hopefully there would be some projections that the 8 25-cent cap is not adequate in the time for the 9 legislature to act on it. 10 As most of you probably know there are times 11 that the legislature goes into special session 12 depending upon how critical this situation is, there is 13 nothing to preclude the legislature from going into 14 special session, although that is not likely unless 15 there are a lot of other issues. 16 But I think that the likelihood of the system 17 not having adequate funds to the point that the relay 18 system would have to be shut down is unlikely. 19 20 MR. ANDERSON: Richard. 21 MR. TUTOR: Yes, Harry. In continuing what Susan said 22 MR. ANDERSON: that the bidders have to put in their proposal by 23

MR. TUDOR: Yes.

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October 3rd -- am I correct, October 3rd?

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	have an estimate, a figure of how much the surcharge
3	will be so that each company will say it will cost
4	about ten cents a mile, would that be an estimate in
5	that proposal?

MR. TUDOR: It won't necessarily be a part of their proposal but we can estimate that based on what they propose their charge will be, and based on whatever estimates we want to make of how many minutes of use there will be.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay, fine. Because I'm quickly contemplating the time line we have. We want to start about June 1st and we will probably have a fairly good idea how much it will cost for the first year, between June 1st and July 1993. And the Legislature meets in March to May, so perhaps we want to put in there something -- I don't know, but somewhere a fail-safe where the Public Service Commission, the administrators look, figure, "Oh, oh, we may not make it 25 cents." Then request the Legislature to increase the surcharge in the 1992 legislative session as a safeguard for the year June 1st through July, until the ADA comes into effect.

MR. TUDOR: Are there other comments here?

I don't know. Again, the purpose of language

is simply to let the provider know that there are not unlimited funds. That it is a possibility that funding might not be available.

The Commission, you know, could take several different approaches to try to make sure funds are there in addition to, of course, monitoring. Things like reducing outreach efforts, reducing TDD distribution for a time. There are things like that that could be done to shift more dollars to the relays service and those kind of balancing activities will have to go on throughout the process, both in terms of deciding whether to go all the way to a quarter, as well as trying to decide if we don't seem to have enough money for the relay service, what to cut out that's more optional than the relay services.

So since the person that proposed the issues, Keith, is not here, I hesitate to vote on it. I would suggest that perhaps we do vote on his suggestion that we strike the language -- I'm sorry, was that Keith? I don't want to put words in his mouth. I believe he was the one that suggested that. Mr. Estes brought it up initially, and I believe Keith also suggested it.

But at any rate, it is an issue. Let's vote on whether to strike that language that's in there now.

And so that would be the issue before you now, should

1	that language which talks about the Commission
2	reserving the right to discontinue the service, whether
3	that should be deleted or not.
4	Let me ask that you would vote on that,
5	whether that language should be struck. Can I ask you
6	to raise your hands on that?
7	MR. WATTLES: Should be, shouldn't be, or
8	what?
9	MR. TUDOR: Should the language be struck is
10	the question.
11	Let me ask you to raise your hands again.
12	Should the language be struck? Removed.
13	(Vote taken.)
14	Five. Okay. And those that would leave the
15	language in? Two. So we have a vote of five to two o
16	that issue.
17	Okay, the eleventh issue is on the weighting
18	of the special needs clause. The current weight was
19	50, and Keith has suggested we increase that to 100.
20	So that would be the issue before you then. On the
21	special needs issue, should the weight be increased
22	from 50 to 100. If you would raise your hands on that
23	issue.
24	MR. HORTON: What is it, Richard?
25	MR. TUDOR: I'm sorry. There is a paragraph

1	in there about meeting special needs requirements,
2	people who would not, you know, necessarily use
3	standard TDD to the operator and then voice, but would
4	have some other special needs. There is a weight on
5	that currently of 50 points, and Keith suggested
6	raising that to 100.
7	Could I ask you to vote on that one more
8	time, increasing Cecil, wait. To increase the
9	weight to 100 from 50. (Vote taken.) Eight to zero.
10	Okay. That was all the issues.
11	Now, we wanted to go back and identify who
12	would be the spokesperson for the Advisory Committee or
13	each of those issues.
1.4	MR. BULLARD: We have a chairman here. Let
15	him be our spokesperson.
16	MR. TUDOR: If that's the way you would like
17	to approach it, that's fine. I have no problem with
18	that. I just wanted to give you the opportunity to
19	discuss who you would like to present the issues.
20	Harry.
21	MR. ANDERSON: What I would like to do
22	first of all, I feel that I would like to present to
23	the PSC on behalf of the Advisory Committee, be
24	positive to note just a short presentation explaining

how the Advisory Committee works with your staff, the

value of the Advisory Committee and anything like that, just, you know, a nice opening statement.

And second, I feel that there are going to be some members here who may feel that -- I'm glad that we almost unanimously agree, but there might be one or two issues like this thing like that.

Perhaps the Advisory Committee can say,

"Well, I'll let Harry do that," and maybe we can sit as
a group to discuss as to how we will present it. Or if
the Advisory Committee prefers that there is one person
here who is very good at discussing this one particular
issue, because each one has their strengths and
weaknesses, and I see that some of us have better ideas
than others.

So I'm asking that I would open in behalf of the Advisory Committee members as a whole, how we work with you, what we hope to do in the future, and if there is any specific issue, that I would like to advise the Committee here to identify whatever the issue is that they feel comfortable to discuss.

MR. TUDOR: That would certainly be a fine procedure, Harry. There's no problem with using that sort of procedure. If the Advisory Committee is comfortable with that. Okay.

Well, with that, I believe the only thing we

have open is the issue of meeting on the 29th, the day before the agenda on the 30th. I believe we can handle the notice requirement. I said we'd come back to this because we might want to talk about it again after voting on the issue, so let me ask you, would the Advisory Committee like to -- would you like to meet again on the 29th or meet on the 30th? Of course, you'll be meeting on the 30th with the Commissioners, but the question is, would you like to meet on the afternoon of the 29th? Comments from the group? Doug. MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard. I think it's

MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard. I think it's useful to meet again on the 29th to make sure that we can get our act together.

MR. TUDOR: Okay. And, Harry, perhaps -- of course, it would be a meeting of the Advisory

Committee. You may want to make that flexible for them who, you know, maybe are not going to make presentations on the 30th. You may just want to meet with those who are going to make presentations.

Bob, do you have a thought?

MR. DEMPSEY: I have two suggestions. I'd like to put on the agenda for that meeting -- I'd like an update on where we stand on this telecommunication equipment, handing out TDDs, what's going on right

there.

The Florida Council gave it up, it's been transferred. Where do we stand? I'd like a report from, I guess, the Assistant Executive Director is the one that is running that now. I'd like a report from him at that meeting where we stand.

MR. TUDOR: I'll be glad to contact the FTR and ask them if they could give us a status report.

MR. DEMPSEY: The other thing, if we're going to have a meeting, I'd like to have it -- this is just my own personal -- it's a little bit late in the afternoon, so we have a chance -- you don't have to come the day before. You can drive up that day and still make the meeting instead of staying two overnights. It will save you some money.

MR. TUDOR: Yes. I think maybe the afternoon of the 29th, starting at 1:30, would that be acceptable?

MR. ANDERSON: 1:30.

MR. TUDOR: Doug?

MR. BULLARD: During that meeting, we'll be using Ann Marie Gillant (phonetic) to come here and to explain why she doesn't want the Advisory Council to help FTRI. Because the law says the Advisory Council should be helping both the Public Service Commission

and FTRI. And we've heard from her. We need to hear why she wants to block us.

MR. TUDOR: Mr. Lombardo has a comment. Tony
Lombardo.

MR. LOMBARDO: I'm Tony Lombardo. I think

I've met everyone here. I'm Chairman, President,

whatever, of the FTRI Corporation.

Let me speak for Ann Marie Gillant for a moment. She's a Southern Bell attorney. However, she is also the attorney we have asked to represent us with the FTRI Corporation.

You and I spoke the last time I was here about attorneys that were hired to do various things, and I think I was fairly clear that the last thing I ever wanted was to get into a battle of attorneys.

That's probably the worst possible thing that could happen in the relationships that exist between the FTRI and this Advisory Council. I don't want that to happen.

Nevertheless, it was brought to my attention that there had been an attorney hired for whatever purpose I didn't know at the time -- as a matter of fact, I think I discussed that at our last meeting. So I asked our attorney to call your attorney and discuss whatever the issues are.

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Now, it got down into what are interpretations of the law? I think those were some of the issues that were discussed, and I think all of us being educated people, we could pick up the law as it applies to dual-party relay service. And I think if there are a half a dozen of us here, there could be a

half a dozen different interpretations.

The interpretations, needless to say, of our individual attorneys would be that interpretation that best fits the argument of their client. And I'm sure that your attorney has come up with an interpretation that fits whatever it is that you think protects your interest to the fullest extent. And I'm sure that would be the interpretation of our attorneys that would do the same thing as far as we're concerned.

I don't know that it is necessary, and I'm going to speak for my attorney. I don't know that it's necessary, and I would prefer her not to come here. I have a tremendous amount of respect for the lady, don't get me wrong. But I think she was looking at that law and interpreting it in a manner that she believes is legal and she believes is in the best interest of her client. But since I'm her client, I prefer to speak to it from that perspective.

As Chairman of the FTRI, and I know I speak

for the rest of the Board, it is fully our intent and our belief and our desire that we have the input of this Advisory Council in every phase of this implementation of DPRS in this state. We won't have a good DPRS and we won't have a good FTRI without your input. We intend to get that.

I have tried to project, as best I personally could, our goal for that kind of cooperation.

There will never be any time that I can think of where we won't come to this Council and discuss what's going on. That doesn't mean that every time a decision has to be made, which are going to happen on a daily basis, that somebody from the FTRI is going to try to get this Advisory Council together and get an action plan from them to implement a decision. That's not going to be done. But in good faith, I'm going to tell you that it is fully our intention and desire to get the input on a continuing basis from this Advisory Council.

Enough said. I think I have been with you enough now; I hope you take that in good faith from me, and that's the kind of cooperation you can expect. And I don't think we need the attorneys in here to interpret these laws for us. When we get to that point -- I hope we never get to that point.

MR. BULLARD: Thank you, Tony. I appreciate your clearing this up. You made an offer last time that we made a recommendation from the people in the deaf community or the people who are hearing impaired to sit on your Board.

I make another sympathetic suggestion; that the Chairman of our Advisory Council be invited to maybe sit, or at least sit at your Board meetings, you know, for the start of your meetings, for starters.

MR. LOMBARDO: I have no problem with that.

And what I had asked, if I recall right, was that you give me -- the Advisory Council give me a person or persons that you would desire be a board member. And if you've got that today and if Harry is that representative, I would be glad to go back to the Board and recommend to them that Harry be our next board member.

If you're just asking me to ask Harry to sit in on our meetings, I certainly don't have any problem with that, I speak for the Board in that matter that he's welcome at our meetings.

MR. ANDERSON: If I may, Tony, I wanted everybody here to know it was such a pleasure meeting you. Before I went on vacation, we eyeballed each other. I don't know if I like his looks or not

(Laughter) but he's lucky I can't see him, so I think he's okay.

MR. LOMBARDO: I got more hair than you've got, Harry. (Laughter)

MR. ANDERSON: Okay. I will be more than happy to serve on the Board, and I think that it would be very appropriate, not being wild about it, but it would make the working relationship between the Advisory Committee and the administrator a lot easier than to have the entire Board meet with the entire Advisory Committee; that I will represent my Advisory Committee, that I go to the Board meeting, notes be taken and I will share what happened at the Board with the Advisory Committee. And if the Advisory Committee had some concern, I will be available to discuss it. If I can't resolve it, then I will get in touch with the Board.

MR. LOMBARDO: One other -- I guess one other thing that I would like to ask, and this may well be Harry, also. We will be interviewing the last five applicants -- I'm trying to think of the date, but I think it's late this month sometime. Currently, our plan was that the Board of Directors of the FTRI would do that interview. There has been a suggestion made to me that perhaps somebody from the deaf community also

should be included in that interviewing process.

While I haven't discussed that yet with my Board, I think it's a great idea. And I would like your thoughts as to who that person should be. And if it should be Harry, that's fine. I'm, you know, just asking you your suggestion on a name of someone who could be included in that process.

MR. DEMPSEY: May I bring something up? Last time we got Doug Bullard's figures of 120,000 deaf in the state. Jerry, I can't think of his last name now, the head of the Deaf Service Center, the network that took the survey and said there are 986,000, if I remember the figures correctly, using TDD.

In other words, functionally, many more hearing impaireds, who operate functionally, hearing impaired use the TDD than the deaf. Yet, you give no representation to the hard of hearing.

MR. BULLARD: I also would like the make a comment, Doug Bullard. The hearing impaired numbers that Bob had mentioned were deaf in the generic, quote/unquote, "generic" way to include all of the hearing impaired. Some people don't use the TDDs. We would say that 120,000 deaf -- I'm speaking of culturally deaf. There are, of course, truly more hard of hearing people than there are deaf, but we would

surely like to include the group SHH in that part of the format. That's why I would like to suggest Bob be included in that PB part of the members -- like Doug, Bob, and possibly Keith to maybe try to represent all of the hearing impaired community.

MR. DEMPSEY: On what? To what?

MR. BULLARD: On this Board to help Tony to be able to select, to make the best possible educated decision.

MR. DEMPSEY: I'm not sure I agree with that.

Every time I bring an opposition up, you want to

appoint me to something like you're paying me off.

It's a bribe to keep me quiet.

I don't agree. I think this thing gets unwieldy. I don't see -- I believe two things: That the Board is certainly made up of intelligent people and can make a decision of who should be hired. I don't know why we have to necessarily have somebody from the Advisory Council. Maybe I'm wrong, but I question why we have to have somebody.

Can't they make the decision themselves?

MR. LOMBARDO: If you're asking me, there's

no question we can make the decision, Bob. It was a

suggestion that was made because there are -- I mean, I

have had the opportunity over the last few months to

learn a little bit about American Sign Language and the deaf culture, and I recognize that sometimes deaf 2 people can see things in an individual simply because 3 of facial expression and body language that I'll never 4 see. And as a result, I wouldn't have any opposition 5 at all toward having that kind of expertise there when 6 we interview an individual and that's why I thought it 7 was a good suggestion. 8

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MR. DEMPSEY: Well, the thing that gets me a little bit, disturbs me, is we get in, we started off with having one and now we're talking about two or three more? And another group that I've heard no one has represented here that have an input is the speech impaired. No one has ever represented them, brought anything up. It has been one small group that has hollered and brought up their complaints and I think others should be heard from.

It disturbs me.

I go along. Put Harry on and let him sit in on it. But I don't think adding me and some others, all we do is muddy the water again if we have more people on.

MR. LOMBARDO: Yeah. And I didn't have any intention of really -- I felt like one was, at least as far as the interview process is concerned, was what I

was asking for and recommending. And if that be Harry, that's wonderful. And if no one, that's wonderful. I mean, I'm certainly not trying to tell you what to do.

MR. DEMPSEY: Well, the other thing that disturbs me sometimes in this council is that we don't take votes, we automatically select someone. We do not take a vote on who we really want to represent us. I'm sure that the way the vote would come out, it would be Harry. But to make it legal, I think we should vote and not necessarily dictate who is representing the Florida -- the Advisory Committee.

I read several memos that have upset me where we have said, it is said "that the Advisory Committee recommends this," and I have seen no vote or know nothing about some of it, even. And I've attended every meeting. And I know I have a hearing problem so I miss something once in a while, but I don't see where there has actually been a vote take own these issues and it disturbs me when we just automatically say, "This is the Advisory Committee's stand." I don't believe it is until we vote. It probably will be if we vote, but we haven't voted on it.

MR. TUDOR: Harry?

MR. ANDERSON: I'm hearing two things happening at the same time, so I need clarification

here.

The first thing that Doug recommended was that Tony said he would have to have one more deaf person serve on the Board, so Doug recommended my name as a fair person -- which I feel very honored -- and that I could work as liaison between the FTRI and the Advisory Committee.

Now, I'm hearing that -- then I think the second issue was asking that Tony said that we -- correct me if I'm wrong, Tony -- that we have to have a deaf person who is just a deaf culture to be on the screening team. Am I correct? Is that what was the discussion?

MR. LOMBARDO: Harry, let me go back. The first part of what you said is exactly correct.

MR. ANDERSON: Okay.

MR. LOMBARDO: The second part was it was just somebody made a suggestion to me that it would be a good idea that a hearing impaired person sit on the final screening committee to give input.

MR. ANDERSON: Oh, okay.

MR. LOMBARDO: And if you were going to be our next Board member -- and I've got to get that approved by my Board -- you might very well be that same person.

1	MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
2	MR. LOMBARDO: That's all. And it's
3	certainly not a requirement.
4	MR. ANDERSON: Okay, okay, that's what I
5	needed clarification
6	MR. LOMBARDO: Not a requirement.
7	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Thank you.
8	So if I may, I think that Cecil Bradley would
9	be a good person to serve on this screening because he
10	works for a central vocation, he had experience as an
11	administrator in Ohio, I could go on and on and on, and
12	I think he would be a good representation of the
13	hearing impaired. Because he had to work with all
14	kinds of hearing impaired people, not just deaf, hard
15	of hearing, hearing impaired, deaf/blind, and he is in
16	a position where he has his hand on the pulse of the
17	State of Florida and the deaf community. So I think he
18	would serve wonderfully as one of the deaf/hearing
19	impaired screeners.
20	MR. LOMBARDO: I'll take that is that
21	before I create any more controversy, is that
22	acceptable to this council that I bring that suggestion
23	back to my Board?
24	MR. TUDOR: Harry, I think maybe
25	MR. TIBERIO: I have another name I'd like to

1	suggest, Carmen. I think maybe it should be a lady,
2	Sherri Lambert, that should be on the committee. We
3	have all these men.
4	MR. LOMBARDO: I think I like Sherri better
5	anyway. (Laughter) Only kidding, Harry.
6	MR. ANDERSON: I know. I never mind.
7	MR. TUDOR: Doug?
8	MR. BULLARD: To respond back to Bob? Back
9	to Bob Dempsey. I don't know if he's listening or not.
10	MR. DEMPSEY: What?
11	MR. DEMPSEY: This is Doug responding back to
12	Bob, Bob Dempsey. We're talking about the National
13	President as being the keystone, the keystone. It's a
14	very positive cooperation between the deaf and the hard
15	of hearing. And we're very supportive, you are very
16	supportive of NAD, and we have a very friendly
17	rel0ationship.
18	FAD has been trying to establish the same
19	cooperation with the group SHHH and we feel as though
20	you're being very negative to the deaf relationship and
21	I think that's hurting both the deaf and the group
22	"Shhh" but I think we need to work together.
23	But the second thing is there are other
24	organizations we can invite to send people to be here
25	that have never shown up. If they don't show up, then

they have no right to complain. And I applaud all the people here who have shown up, and I applaud the organizations for sending their representative here.

FAD have always supported the group SHHH and know that the Group SHHH will support the FAD as we hope that we could support each other and to help assist each other.

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Tony has finally agreed to work with us, too, the hearing impaired, not just the deaf. As most hearing people, he has been able to use the generic term to include the hard of hearing. So please do not attack the deaf individuals every time that you hear the word "deaf."

MR. DEMPSEY: Let me correct one thing, Doug.

Don't keep calling us "Shhh." This is what we have

changed. We're SHHH now, we decided not to "Shhh" keep

quiet anymore. We have come out. (Laughter) Too long

we have been Shhh. So we're SHHH.

I agree with you, Doug. The only thing that gets me, and I don't want -- I get people -- I get complaints, phone calls and letters, from people who belong to SHHH telling me I don't represent them, that I don't speak up for the hard-of-hearing because everyone who is appointed is deaf and I don't speak up. So I have to speak up for the hard-of-hearing and say, "Why do we always -- we don't even vote. We

automatically you say, "I put Harry on," and it's okay.

I don't know if the rest of the Advisory Committee

wants that. I'm sure they do, but I think just to make

it legal we should vote.

I guess that's my only -- I hope I'm getting this interpretation across right. I'm not trying to pick a fight. I'm just trying to explain that I have to speak out sometimes when I think that the hard-of-hearing should be represented more. That's all I'm saying.

MR. TUDOR: Thank you, Bob.

MR. ANDERSON: I'm hard-of-hearing, would that help? (Laughter)

MR. TUDOR: Harry, I believe there's been two issues before us -- before the Advisory Committee, really, that you might want to go ahead and decide on.

One can wait, if you want. One probably needs to be decided today. And the issue of who should be suggested from the Advisory Committee for the Board of Directors you could decide today or later. The other issue, though --

MR. LOMBARDO: Tony, let me -- I would prefer it be now because we're going through some very important decision-making and I think it would behoove you to move quickly.

1	MR. ANDERSON: 165, 1 plan to ask the
2	Advisory Committee to vote on that issue. What's the
3	second issue, Richard?
4	MR. TUDOR: And then the second is who the
5	Advisory Committee might want to recommend to FTR to be
6	involved in the interview process. And that one, since
7	it's going to be done at the end of the month, probably
8	should be decided today.
9	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Thank you, Richard.
10	Now, the Advisory Committee is in session at what time?
11	About 1:00 o'clock?
12	MR. TUDOR: Yes.
13	MR. ANDERSON: The first issue that was
14	presented, Doug moved that I be nominated to be placed
15	on FTRI Board as the other hearing-impaired person as
16	well as representing the Advisory Committee chairperson
17	Anyone want to second that motion?
18	MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard seconds that
19	motion.
20	MR. ANDERSON: Doug seconds. Do I hear a
21	discussion on this motion? None? So all in favor
22	please say "aye."
23	MR. ANDERSON: Opposed?
24	MR. TUDOR: We have, I believe, a unanimous
25	vote of the group present.

1	(vote taxen)
2	MR. ANDERSON: Thank you, Richard.
3	The second issue, I believe there were two
4	names presented on the floor to be on the reviewing
5	team of FTRI. And I put Cecil Bradley's name on the
6	table. Anyone want to pick it up as a motion?
7	MR. TIBERIO: Carmen, I think we should vote
8	on the both of them, that we should have Sherri Lambert
9	as the first person and have Cecil Bradley, maybe have
10	both, if we could vote on those two people as options.
11	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. So you mean both be on
12	the review team, is that right, Carmen? Is that a
13	motion?
14	MR. TIBERIO: But they only asked for one.
15	MR. ANDERSON: So FTRI would have the right
16	I'm just clarifying you're moving that both names
17	be approved by the Advisory Committee and that FTRI
18	will pick one of the two? Am I understanding right,
19	Carmen?
20	MR. TIBERIO: I would like to have both, if
21	possible.
22	MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
23	INTERPRETER BRAY: Doug
24	MR. ANDERSON: Wait, wait. Carmen
25	moved that we have both be approved by the Advisory

1	Committee to serve on the reviewing team if possible.
2	Is my statement of the motion right?
3	MR. TIBERIO: That is correct.
4	MR. ANDERSON: Anyone second that motion?
5	MR. BULLARD: I would like to ask a question.
6	MR. ANDERSON: Doug wants to ask a question.
7	MR. BULLARD: Yes.
8	MR. ANDERSON: The motion has to be seconded
9	before the question can be asked.
10	MR. WATTLES: I second, Bob Wattles.
11	MR. ANDERSON: Now Doug has a question.
12	MR. BULLARD: My question is, do we want to
13	have someone only from our Board or our committee to be
14	on this Board or should we allow or accept an outside
15	person? If we have an outside person, will the APC pay
16	for the transportation to go to this meeting and during
17	this interview process?
18	MR. ANDERSON: Richard?
19	MR. TUDOR: First of all, I believe Doug's
20	question is not going to the issue that's on the floor.
21	The issue on the floor is not to do with someone that's
22	on the Board of Directors but someone to help on this
23	interview process? Is that your question dealing with
24	the interview process?
25	MR. ANDERSON: Yes, he wants to know if the

1	Public Service Commission will pay for the
2	transportation. Maybe Tony can answer that question.
3	MR. LOMBARDO: I think FTRI would pay for
4	that transportation and the offer is for one.
5	MR. ANDERSON: Carmen?
6	MR. TIBERIO: Can the second one go at their
7	own expense?
8	MR. LOMBARDO: That's not really the issue,
9	Carmen. It's not the expense. I feel like I'm going a
10	little beyond what the Board might want as it is; and
1	right now I'm saying I'm going to make the suggestion
12	for one and I'm asking you to give me one name, not
L 3	two.
L 4	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Tony had made it clear
L 5	for the record that FTRI Board has authorized him to
۱6	ask for one deaf or hearing impaired person to serve on
ر7	that. So apparently that motion
18	MR. LOMBARDO: Let me clarify that, Harry.
.9	MR. ANDERSON: Okay.
20	MR. LOMBARDO: I'm going to make the
21	suggestion. I haven't even talked to the FTRI Board
2	yet. I'm going to make the suggestion that the one
:3	person, and I want that name from you, and the Board
4	can disapprove that. But it will be my recommendation

to them that they approve that one person. But you

1	tell me who that one person should be.
2	MR. ANDERSON: I will tell you, Tony?
3	MR. LOMBARDO: Well, the council.
4	MR. ANDERSON: Fine. Carmen, would you like
5	to discuss that?
6	MR. TIBERIO: I would like to have a woman or
7	the screening committee. I would like to have Miss
8	Lambert.
9	MR. ANDERSON: So do you still want to keep
10	your motion?
11	MR. TIBERIO: He's asking for just one so we
12	need to vote on either one of them.
13	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. May I add that does the
14	second want to change that motion to make it that the
15	first choice be Sherri, the second choice be Cecil, if?
16	Do you accept that, first choice, do you want to change
17	your motion to say that Sherri Lambert will be the
18	first choice with Cecil as the second choice? Doug?
19	MR. BULLARD: Yes.
20	MR. ANDERSON: Do you accept that motion be
21	changed to first choice Sherri, second choice Cecil if
22	we vote? No?
23	MR. TIBERIO: I think we need to vote on it
24	first.
25	MR. ANDERSON: Do you want the motion to be

1	changed to either?
2	MR. TIBERIO: Yes. I think we should vote to
3	just pick one.
4	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. I'm sorry if I'm but
5	your motion was that you wanted two and Tony said only
6	one. So we have to vote on your motion
7	MR. TIBERIO: Because we can't have two, we
8	should only vote on one.
9	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. That's what I was
10	asking, do you want to change your motion to one?
11	MR. TIBERIO: Yes.
12	MR. ANDERSON: So Carmen requests for the
13	record that his motion be changed to vote for one
14	person. And Doug, do you accept that change of motion?
15	MR. BULLARD: Yes.
16	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. Any more discussion on
17	the motion that we pick one to represent the deaf or
18	hearing impaired at the screening? Discussion?
19	MR. TIBERIO: No discussion.
20	MR. ANDERSON: Vote. All in favor of
21	Carmen's motion that we elect one deaf/hearing impaired
22	on the screening committee? That's the first motion.
23	All in favor?
24	(Vote taken.)
25	MR. TUDOR: I believe it's six to zero.
	II

1	MR. ANDERSON: Opposed?
2	MR. TUDOR: No one opposed.
3	MR. ANDERSON: Thank you. Now, the floor is
4	open for nominations to appoint someone to be
5	recommended to FTRI.
6	MR. TIBERIO: Carmen recommends Sherri
7	Lambert.
8	MR. ANDERSON: Carmen recommends Sherri
9	Lambert. Any more nominations? Sherri Lambert is one.
10	MR. BULLARD: Doug Bullard suggests Cecil
11	Bradley.
12	MR. ANDERSON: Nominates Cecil Bradley. Any
13	more nominations? None?
14	MR. TUDOR: Harry, I believe we have a
15	comment from Sherri?
16	INTERPRETER LUCRETIA CHILDERS: She was just
17	waving so we could see who Sherri is.
18	MR. ANDERSON: Cecil? Do you want to say
19	something? Since you're standing?
20	MR. BRADLEY: No. We're fine.
21	MR. ANDERSON: Beautiful. Any more
22	nominations? We have Sherri on the floor, we have
23	Cecil Bradley. Any more nominations? Do we want to go
24	outside the Advisory Committee, do you want to have one
25	on the Advisory Committee.

1.	MR. TIBERIO: Yes.
2	MR. ANDERSON: How many?
3	MR. TIBERIO: Yes, that's why I suggested an
4	outside person, someone who can focus in on the problem.
5	MR. ANDERSON: Any more nominations? Going
6	once, two, three?
7	INTERPRETER BRAY: None.
8	MR. ANDERSON: So now we have two names on
9	the floor, Sherri Lambert or Cecil Bradley. Now, I
10	will ask, since Carmen made the first motion so Sherri
11	Lambert will be the first to be voted on.
12	THE REPORTER: Just a second, please. This
13	is the court reporter. I have a little technical
14	problem. Sherri Lambert, sorry, I'm ready now.
15	MR. ANDERSON: I'm surprised I could speak.
16	Sherri Lambert is first on the block to be voted on.
17	All in favor of Sherri Lambert as one of the
18	interviewers on the TRI Board vote?
19	(Vote taken.)
20	MR. TUDOR: Four.
21	MR. ANDERSON: Four for Sherri Lambert. All
22	who want to vote for Cecil Bradley please vote? You
23	can't vote twice.
24	MR. TUDOR: Two.
25	MR. ANDERSON: The vote is that Sherri

1	Lambert by the vote of four to two that she be
2	recommended to Tony Lombardo, Chairperson of FTRIS, one
3	of the hearing impaired deaf Tony, all yours.
4	MR. LOMBARDO: Thank you.
5	MR. ANDERSON: Richard?
6	MR. TUDOR: Thank you, Harry. We will plan
7	to have this item on the Agenda for the Commissioners
8	on July 30th. We will ask that it be an early item
9	that morning so it should be shortly after 9:30. Also
10	on July 29, we will try to set up a meeting for that
11	afternoon at 1:30. Is 1:30 okay or would you like a
12	little bit later?
13	MR. DEMPSEY: No. A little later would be
14	better. Maybe it's just me. Maybe the others, it's
15	better earlier.
16	MR. TUDOR: Bob suggests maybe
17	MR. DEMPSEY: Don't inconvenience everybody
18	just for me.
19	MR. TUDOR: Bob suggests just a little later
20	for driving time? May 2:00?
21	MR. ANDERSON: 2:00.
22	MR. DEMPSEY: I have a five-hour drive.
23	MR. ANDERSON: 2:00 is fine.
24	MR. TUDOR: We will say 2:00 on the 29th.
25	MR. ANDERSON: What will be on the agenda?

1	That's where I'm stuck.
2	MR. TUDOR: Okay. I believe, so far I've
3	identified two items for the Agenda. One would be for
4	discussion of the presentation to the Commissioners on
5	the 30th.
6	MR. ANDERSON: Right.
7	MR. TUDOR: To discuss how that would be done
8	and who would do certain presentations.
9	MR. TUDOR: And then the other item, Bob
ιo	asked that we get an update on the TDD distribution
11	program. I will ask the FTR if they can have someone
L2 .	give us an update on that, and assuming they will be
13	able to do that that will be the second item on the
١4	agenda.
۱5	MR. ANDERSON: If time permits, I feel a
۱6	little muddy about this sunshine, could we have a
۱7	session on that with a attorney explaining the legal
18	language?
١9	MR. TUDOR: Yes. We will be glad to give you
20	some interpretations on that.
21	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. I think those two
22	items should be enough for that one afternoon.
23	MR. TUDOR: I think if we have those three

MR. BULLARD: Harry, can we maybe make one

items that will pretty much fill an afternoon.

24

more suggestion or motion. That we recommend Cecil Bradley to FTRI as a representative from the hearing impaired community in general as someone on the board of FTRI?

MR. ANDERSON: I think that Tony said they could have one more. Definitely want another one?

MR. LOMBARDO: Doug, I think, is making a suggestion. I have asked you specifically for one name, and you've given me that and I will go back and make that recommendation.

However, I would also say this; that I assume that this advisory council with the FTRI board decides them to add additional deaf members -- I say deaf, drop the word, hearing impaired members, they may or may not be members of this advisory council but if we decide we want more representation I would assume I'm not going to have a conflict with anybody on this advisory council because I think that's something we may well think strongly about.

MR. BULLARD: I have another comment. The reason I prefer to have Cecil is because he's very intelligent, he's very experienced, he has been working in the deaf community for so many years, he is fortunate enough to be living here in Florida now and working for vocational rehabilitation. He has a chair

1	on FCHI; he is aware of what is happening throughout
2	the community, and I think that he would be a very
3	valuable service to inform FTRI as an advisory person
4	on the board.
5	MR. ANDERSON: Okay. So Doug is making a
6	motion that Cecil Bradley be nominated as a
7	representative on FTRI board.
8	MR. BULLARD: That's correct.
9	MR. ANDERSON: Do I hear a second?
10	MR. LOMBARDO: Can I speak to that? I don't
11	know that that's
12	MR. ANDERSON: I was asking if a second.
13	MR. LOMBARDO: I think you're making a
14	suggestion.
15	MR. ANDERSON: Are you making a suggestion or
16	making a motion.
17	MR. BULLARD: I've made the motion and am
18	looking for a second.
19	MR. ANDERSON: I think he said Carmen
20	seconded.
21	MR. ANDERSON: Is Doug making a motion?
22	Discussion.
23	MR. BULLARD: No discussion.
24	MR. ANDERSON: All in favor of appointing
25	Cecil Bradley at another hearing deaf representation on

1	the FTRI board, all in favor.
2	MR. BULLARD: My suggestion was not to
3	appoint him but to recommend to FTRI
4	MR. ANDERSON: Recommend him to FTRI to serve
5	on their board, right?
6	MR. BULLARD: That's correct.
7	MR. ANDERSON: All in favor of that motion,
8	that the Advisory Committee recommend to the FTRI Board
9	that Cecil Bradley serve on their board as representing
ιo	the deaf and hearing impaired in the state of Florida,
11	all in favor say "aye".
12	MR. TIBERIO: I have nobody to recommend an
13	objection. I have no objection to recommending him.
14	MR. ANDERSON: Hold it. I lost count, all
15	in favor. One in favor. (Vote taken.) Two. All
16	opposed that motion?
17	MR. TUDOR: Harry, you have
18	MR. ANDERSON: Maybe you could postpone to
19	the 29th because a lot of people have left already.
20	MR. TUDOR: Yes.
21	MR. ANDERSON: Let's table this motion until
22	the 29th meeting and we'll bring that up again.
23	Richard, would you have it on the agenda that we will
24	discuss this motion?

MR. TUDOR: Yes.

1	MR. ANDERSON: I didn't realize
2	MR. TUDOR: Okay. There is a sign-in sheet
3	here. If you did not sign in I would ask that you sign
4	in. It looks like maybe several people have not. If
5	you would sign in we'd appreciate that. With that we
6	will anticipate meeting further on the 29th at 2:00 and
7	then on the 30th with the Commissioners, somewhere
8	after 9:30. Thank you all very much for your time
9	today.
10	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at 1:20
11	p.m.)
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1	FLOKIDA)
2	: <u>CERTIFICATE OF REPORTERS</u> COUNTY OF LEON)
3	We, JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR, and SYDNEY C. SILVA,
4	CSR, RPR, Official Commission Reporters,
5	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the workshop in the
6	captioned matter, Docket No. 910496-TP, was held by the
7	Florida Public Service Commission at the time and place
8	herein stated; it is further
9	CERTIFIED that we reported in shorthand the
10	proceedings held at such time and place; that the same
11	has been transcribed under our direct supervision, and
12	that this transcript, consisting of 147 pages
13	constitutes a true and accurate transcription of our
14	notes of said proceedings; it is further
15	CERTIFIED that we are neither of counsel nor
16	related to the parties in said cause and have no interest,
17	financial or otherwise, in the outcome of this docket.
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our
19	hands at Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida, this 23rd
20	day of July, A.D., 1991.
21	JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR SYDNEY C. SILVA, CSR, RPR
22	OFFICIAL COMMISSION REPORTERS Florida Public Service Commission
23	Fletcher Building, Room 104 Tallahassee, Florida 32301
24	Tolophono No. (904) 488-5981