BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In Re: Petition for determination)	DOC
that plan for curtailing purchases)	
from qualifying facilities in minimum)	FII
load conditions is consistent with)	
Rule 25-17.086, F.A.C., by FLORIDA)	
POWER COMPORATION	_}	
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DOCKET NO. 941101-EQ

FILED: APRIL 10, 1995

URIGINAL FILE COPY

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

L. ROY SMITH

On Behalf Of

	AUBUR	NDALE POWER PARTNERS, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
	,	LAKE COGEN, LTD.
ACK	M	MONTENAY-DADE, LTD.
AFA		METROPOLITAN DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA
•		TIGER BAY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
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FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

IN RE: PETITION FOR DETERMINATION THAT
PLAN FOR CURTAILING PURCHASES FROM
QUALIFYING FACILITIES IN MINIMUM LOAD CONDITIONS
IS CONSISTENT WITH RULE 25-17.086, F.A.C.
BY FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION,
FPSC DOCKET NO. 941101-EG

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF L. ROY SMITH

- 1 Q: Please state your name and business address.
- 2 A: My name is L. Roy Smith. My business address is 216 South
- 3 Trask Street, Tampa, Florida 33609.

4

- 5 Q: By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- 6 A: I am self-employed as a utility consultant.

7

- 8 Q: Have you previously testified in proceedings before the
- 9 Florida Public Service Commission?
- 10 A: Yes. I have testified in numerous proceedings before the
- 11 Commission. I testified in hearings related to fuel
- 12 adjustment in Dockets Nos. 74680-EI, 800400-CI, 810001-CI,
- 13 820001-EU, 830001-EU and 840001-EU. I also testified in
- 14 combined Docket Nos. 820007-EU and 830012-EU on the
- 15 subjects of projected electric revenue and billing
- 16 determinants. I most recently testified before the
- 17 Commission in Docket No. 920324-EI on the subjects of
- 18 projected revenue, billing determinants, and rate design.
- 19 The proceedings in combined Docket Nos. 820007-EU and

1 830012-EU, and Docket No. 920324-EI were full revenue

2 requirement rate cases.

3

4 O: Please summarize your experience in the utility industry.

A: I have more than 38 years of experience in the electric 5 6 utility industry in Florida. Prior to my work as a utility 7 consultant, I spent my entire career working for Tampa Electric Company in a number of departments. I began my я career in the industry in 1956 as a clerk in Tampa 9 Electric's Customer Accounting Department. 10 I worked in several areas within this Department, concentrating 11 12 primarily on billing of large customers. In 1964. I transferred to the Systems and Procedures Section, which 1.3 the following year became the Rates & Research Department. 14 15 In 1982, the Rates and Research Department became the Rates and Regulatory Affairs Department, and in 1987, it became 16 the Rates and Regulatory Control Department. 17 In this Department, I held the titles of Statistical Technician; 18 Rate Analyst; Senior Rate Analyst; Assistant Director, 19 20 Rates; and, Manager, Rate Design and Administration. As 21 Manager of Rate Design and Administration, had 22 responsibility for designing and administering the Company's retail tariffs, fuel adjustment filings, and 23 annual revenue budget. I was also responsible for special 24 billing which included billing for all of Tampa Electric's 25

1 interchange and cogeneration transactions. Ιn this 2 capacity, I developed and administered the data gathering 3 and procedures for billing cogenerators on standby rates and for computing monthly payments to them under the 5 various contracts. 6 7 Q: On whose behalf are you testifying in this proceeding? 8 A: I am testifying on behalf of Auburndale Power Partners, 9 Limited Partnership; Lake Cogen, Ltd.; Montenay-Dade, Ltd. 10 and Metropolitan Dade County, Florida; and Tiger Bay 11 Limited Partnership. These entities are all qualifying 12 facilities who sell power to Florida Power Corporation ("FPC") pursuant to Commission-approved contracts. 13 14 15 Q: What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket? A: My testimony addresses only one issue in this docket. That 16 17 issue is whether the curtailment priority 18 established within FPC's Generation Curtailment Plan for 19 Minimum Load Conditions dated October 12, 1994 (the "Plan" or the "Curtailment Plan"), by which different groups of 20 21 non-utility generators ("NUGs") are asked or required to curtail in a certain order, is fair, reasonable, and not 22 23 unduly discriminatory. My testimony concludes that this 24 aspect of the Plan is fair and reasonable, and that it is

1		not unduly discriminatory as between the different groups
2		of NUGs to which the Plan applies.
3		
4	Q:	Are you familiar with the concept of undue discrimination
5		as it applies to a utility's relationships with other
6		parties?
7	A:	Yes. A general principle governing regulated utilities'
8		services and relationships is that utilities must treat
9		parties that are similarly situated in a fair and equitable
10		manner. Along the same lines, different treatment of
11		parties by a regulated utility should be based on objective
12		differences between the parties that the utility proposes
13		to treat differently.
14		
15		For example, a utility may establish different classes of
16		customers based on differences in their electric load and
17		usage characteristics, and may charge those classes of
18		customers different rates per kilowatt-hour of electricity
19		consumed, based on the differences in costs to serve them.
20		On the other hand, it would be unduly discriminatory for a
21		utility to charge two customers in the same class different
22		rates for the same basic service
23		
24	Q:	What documents have you reviewed in preparing for your
25		testimony?

1	A:	I have reviewed FPC's Curtailment Plan. I have also
2		reviewed the testimony and exhibits of Robert Dolan and
3		Henry Southwick filed on behalf of FPC.
4		
5	Ō١	Please summarize your understanding of the priority system
6		for curtailments of purchases from QFs under FPC's proposed
7		Generation Curtailment Plan.
8	A:	Basically, the Plan provides for a series of actions that
9		FPC will take in addressing a minimum load condition where
ŁO		generation may exceed its minimum load requirements. Under
!1		the Plan, FPC first will take certain actions with respect
12		to its own capacity resources by reducing its capacity
13		purchases from other utilities, attempting to maximize off-
14		system sales to other utilities, and reducing the output
15		from its own generating units.
16		
17		If after these actions generation is still projected to
18		exceed minimum loads, FPC's Curtailment Plan calls for
19		those QFs with which it has contractual relationships to
20		participate in addressing the minimum load condition. The
21		Plan apportions the burden of curtailment among three QF
22		groups: Group A, Group B, and Group C. Group A comprises
23		those QFs that have voluntarily entered into agreements
24		with FPC to curtail output during low load periods. Group
25		B comprises QFs that have firm contracts with FPC but have

1	not executed any formal curtailment agreement. Group
2	comprises those QFs making power sales to FPC only on a
3	as-available basis.
4	•
5	In apportioning the burden of curtailment among the three
6	groups, FPC will first call on the Group A NUGs to curtain
7	their output to the maximum extent authorized under their
8	curtailment agreements.
9	
10	If further curtailments are required, FPC will then require
11	that QFs who provide as-available energy curtail their
12	output to zero. If generation still exceeds load, FPC wil
13	require that the Group B NUGs who have not agreed to
14	curtail their output on request from FPC, to reduce their
15	output by up to 50 percent of their committed capacity. I
16	additional curtailments are required, FPC will require th
17	Group A NUGs to reduce their output by up to 50 percent o
18	their capacity. Beyond that, FPC will require that th
19	Group A and Group B NUGs further reduce their output by a
20	equal percentage of their committed capacity.
21	•
22	: From your review of the Plan and the testimony and exhibit
23	of PPC's witnesses, are you able to form an opinion as t
24	whether the Plan is unduly discriminatory as between th
25	Group A. R. and C non-utility generators?

- 1 A: Yes. The curtailment priority system of FPC's Curtailment
- 2 Plan is not unduly discriminatory as between the three
- 3 groups of QFs.

4

25

- 5 Q: Please explain.
- A: The curtailment priority system under the Plan treats the 6 7 different groups of NUGs fairly by recognizing that each 8 has different characteristics. These characteristics 9 provide a reasonable and objective basis for apportioning 10 and prioritizing curtailment responsibilities among the 11 three groups of NUGs. The Group C NUGs make no firm 12 commitment to deliver their capacity when FPC needs it. This absence of firm commitment makes it reasonable for FPC 13 14 to require involuntary curtailments from Group C NUGs 15 first. The Group B NUGs have made no commitment to reduce 16 their output voluntarily to help FPC mitigate low load 17 conditions. This is in sharp contrast with the Group A 18 NUGs, which have formally agreed to curtail deliveries of 19 power to FPC to assist in responding to minimum load 20 events. By operation of these negotiated agreements, the 21 Group A NUGs will have already reduced their output 22 significantly before any involuntary curtailments are 23 demanded. Thus it is fair and reasonable for the Group A 24 NUGs to be the last group from which involuntary

curtailments are requested.

1	Additionally, the plan is not unduly discriminatory as
2	between Group A and Group B NUGs because access to Group A
3	status has been available and, as I understand FPC's
4	testimony, is still available to the Group B NUGs. That
5	is, if a Group B NUG wanted to negotiate a curtailment
6	agreement with FPC by which it agrees to voluntarily
7	curtail its output in the early stages of any low-load
8	event, FPC will agree to transfer that NUG into Group A and
9	treat that NUG accordingly.
0	
1 Q:	Does FPC's Curtailment Plan treat the Group A, B, and C
12	NUGS fairly?
l3 A:	Yes. The Plan is fundamentally fair because it effectively
L 4	recognizes that the voluntary curtailment agreements, which
15	Group A NUGs have entered into with FPC, provide benefits
16	to the Group B and C NUGs by mitigating the number of
17	involuntary curtailment events and reducing, on the front
18	end of any low-load episode, the magnitude of curtailments
19	that might otherwise be required from the Group B and C
20	NUGs.
21	
22	For example, the current Group A NUGs provide up to 331
23	megawatts (MW) of curtailable committed capacity plus 66 MW
24	of curtailable capacity that three NUGs normally sell to
25	FPC on an as-available basis. Thus, in a low-load event

1		where FPC requires fewer than 397 MW of curtailment from
2		all NUGs as a group, all of the needed curtailments will
3		come from the Group A NUGs.
4		•
5		The fairness of the Curtailment Plan's priority system is
6		a matter of common sense as well as analysis. The Plan's
7		apportionment of the curtailment burden among the three
8		groups of NUGs is not inequitable because it fairly
9		reflects the benefits that the Group A NUGs provide to the
10		other NUG groups by virtue of the Group A NUGs being the
11		first to curtail in any minimum load event.
12		
13	Q:	Must the Curtailment Plan distinguish between the three NUG
14		groups in order to be fair?
15	A:	Yes. I believe it should. In my view, it would be unfair
16		and inequitable if the Plan did not recognize the
17		contributions and benefits that the Group A NUGs provide by
18		reducing the impacts of curtailments on the Group B and C
19		NUGs.
20		
21	Q:	Does your opinion, or your testimony, extend to the
22		reasonableness of FPC's overall Curtailment Plan?
23	A:	No. My testimony does not address, nor do I express any
24		opinion on: (1) the overall reasonableness of the Plan; (2)
25		whether FPC actually needs to curtail QFs in order to

1		manage its minimum load conditions; (3) whether FPC has
2		demonstrated "negative avoided costs;" or (4) any other
3		aspect of the issue regarding whether FPC has satisfied the
4		criteria necessary to justify curtailment under the
5		applicable FERC and FPSC rules.
6		
7	Q:	Please summarize the major points of your testimony.
8	A:	The curtailment priority feature of FPC's Curtailment Plan
9		is fair, equitable and not unduly discriminatory against
10		any of the groups of generators established by the Plan.
11		The Plan's priority system equitably apportions the burden
12		of curtailment among the three NUG groups and fairly
13		recognizes that the Group A NUGs provide ongoing benefits
14		to the Group B and Group C NUGs by mitigating the number
15		and magnitude of curtailments which may be required of
16		them.
17		
18	Q:	Does this conclude your prefiled direct testimony?
19	A:	Yes, it does.
20		
21		
22	ጥል	T61086 4

BEFORE THE PLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been served by hand delivery (*) or by United States Mail, postage prepaid, on the following individuals this day of April, 1995:

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