

ORIGINAL

1 BELL SOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2 DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GEORGE MAINER
3 BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4 DOCKET NOS. 980946-TL, 980947-TL, 980948-TL, 981011-TL,
5 981012-TL AND 981250-TL
6 APRIL 9, 1999
7
8

9 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS.

10

11 A. My name is George Mainer. I am employed by
12 BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. as Director -
13 Network Operations, South Florida. My business
14 address is Room 356, 600 N.W. 79th Avenue, Miami,
15 Florida 33126 .

16

17 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.

18

19 A. I graduated from Nova University with a Masters in
20 Business Administration. I began employment with
21 Southern Bell in 1973 as an Installer/Repairman. In
22 1978, I was promoted to Installation Control Foreman.
23 In 1986, I was promoted to Associate Manager, Network
24 Operations Implementation State Staff. In 1989, I
25 transferred to Systems Administration in the West

1 Palm Installation Management Center (IMC). In 1992,
2 I was loaned to the re-engineering team with the
3 responsibilities of reviewing process flows in the
4 IMC. In 1994, I was promoted to Manager of the West
5 Palm Work Management Center (WMC). In 1996, I was
6 assigned Manager - Central Office Operations in West
7 Palm Beach. In 1997, I transferred to Atlanta as an
8 Acting Director with the Network Solutions Group. On
9 August 1, 1997, I transferred to Miami as Director,
10 Network Operations. In my current capacity, I have
11 central office responsibility for the Miami-Dade
12 County area.

13

14 Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY?

15

16 A. No. I have not testified previously in any State
17 Public Service Commission proceedings.

18

19 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

20

21 A. The purpose of my testimony is to address issues
22 related to operations and explain how the placement
23 of central office workstations are determined. I
24 will describe the specific location of workstations

25

1 in each of the six central offices in these
2 proceedings.

3

4 **ISSUE 2: WHAT FACTORS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY THE**
5 **COMMISSION IN MAKING ITS DETERMINATION ON BELLSOUTH'S**
6 **PETITIONS FOR WAIVER AND TEMPORARY WAIVER OF THE**
7 **REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE PHYSICAL COLLOCATION FOR THE**
8 **FOLLOWING CENTRAL OFFICES:**

9

- 10 a) **Daytona Beach Port Orange**
11 b) **Boca Raton Boca Teeca**
12 c) **Miami Palmetto**
13 d) **West Palm Beach Gardens**
14 e) **North Dade Golden Glades**
15 f) **Lake Mary**

16

17 Q. WHAT FACTORS ARE USED BY BELLSOUTH TO DETERMINE THE
18 NUMBER OF WORKSTATIONS THAT ARE PLACED IN A CENTRAL
19 OFFICE?

20

21 A. There are many variables that affect the number of
22 workstations placed in a central office. As a
23 result, no definitive guidelines exist, but rather,
24 "rule of thumb" deployment strategies are utilized in
25 determining the placement of workstations. These

1 variables include, but are not limited to, the number
2 of employees, hours of staff coverage, physical size
3 and makeup of office (multi-floor, widely spread out
4 work areas, etc.), number and size of switch(es),
5 number of network elements, capacity of network
6 elements, office activities (provisioning, growth,
7 upgrades, etc.), special activities (i.e., an office
8 frequently used for "First Office Applications" or
9 field trials) and miscellaneous (i.e., an office used
10 for the concentration of testing or services such as
11 remote access for centers). Each central office's
12 specific monitoring, provisioning and staffing
13 requirements must be considered in the determination
14 of how many workstations should be placed by the
15 Operations Manager.

16

17 Q. WHAT IS A WORKSTATION?

18

19 A. Workstations can consist of dumb terminals, personal
20 computers (PCs), or specialized terminals that are
21 specific to vendor equipment. Most of these
22 terminals are equipped with specialized function
23 keys, which would not make them interchangeable.

24

25

1 Q. HOW ARE THE NUMBER OF WORKSTATIONS NEEDED IN A
2 CENTRAL OFFICE DETERMINED?

3

4 A. The number of workstations placed in a central office
5 is determined by the types of equipment required to
6 fulfill customer demands and the fact that central
7 offices evolve through growth, upgrades, and
8 rearrangements. Each one of these evolutions impact
9 workstation and printer requirements. Therefore,
10 while it is difficult to determine the exact number
11 of workstations and printers for a given office, some
12 bare minimum examples can be given, broken down by a
13 typical floor layout and the disciplines of a central
14 office.

15

16 Q. DESCRIBE A TYPICAL FLOOR LAYOUT.

17

18 A. Typically, a central office would have one
19 workstation for every two or three technicians. In a
20 one-story, small central office with only a Local
21 switch, BellSouth would have a minimum of two
22 terminals - one for the Electronic Technician and one
23 for the Frame Attendant in that office. As the
24 office grows and another type of switch and/or toll
25 equipment is added, a bare minimum of one terminal

1 would be required per vendor for that switch and/or
2 toll equipment. Also, there would be one printer
3 associated with each workstation.

4

5 Q. WHAT ARE THE DISCIPLINES OF A CENTRAL OFFICE?

6

7 A. The disciplines of a central office include: Switch,
8 Toll, Operating Systems, a Plug-In Receipt area, and
9 a Frame area. The Digital Cross Connect (DCC) is a
10 subset of the Toll area. These areas are where the
11 bulk of the work is performed in a central office.
12 The Switch discipline contains the equipment that
13 processes calls and interfaces with toll and the
14 local loop. There are different types of switches,
15 including but not limited to, a Local switch which
16 serves the surrounding community, a Tandem switch
17 which interfaces with Local switches to transfer
18 calls to another switch or out of the area, a Remote
19 switch which is served from one central office but is
20 physically located in another office, a Signal
21 Transfer Point (STP) switch which provides signaling
22 to Local switches in the area, and an Operator
23 Services switch which specializes in Operator
24 services traffic.

25

1 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND
2 PRINTERS IS DETERMINED BY BELLSOUTH.

3

4 A. In a central office, workstations and printers are
5 synonymous. In almost all cases, a workstation has a
6 dedicated printer associated with it. Depending on
7 what type of workstations they are connected to,
8 these printers are used for recording real-time data,
9 issuing designs on circuits, printing work loads,
10 staffing and labor reports, daily customer index
11 reports, trouble tickets, provisioning data, etc.

12

13 As I stated earlier, workstations can consist of dumb
14 terminals, personal computers, or specialized
15 terminals that are specific to vendor equipment.

16 Most of these terminals are equipped with specialized
17 function keys, which would not make them

18 interchangeable. Some examples of specialized
19 workstations are those assigned to switches, digital

20 cross connect systems, Work Force

21 Administration/Dispatch In (WFA/DI - which is an
22 operating system used to perform provisioning and

23 maintenance of cable pair facilities and switch

24 facilities), and documentation (CD-ROM based access).

25 Within a switch there are also specialized

1 workstations, like recent change terminals and
2 terminals used for switch maintenance and
3 provisioning.

4

5 Q. WHAT ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR SWITCH
6 DISCIPLINE?

7

8 A. The minimum requirements for switch discipline are
9 four to six workstations per switch, broken down as
10 follows:

11

12 1 Recent change terminal located in the Frame
13 area (used for provisioning switch features
14 and performing maintenance)

15 1 Recent change terminal located in the Switch
16 area (used for provisioning switch features
17 and performing maintenance)

18 1 Recent change terminal located in the Toll
19 area (used for provisioning switch features
20 and performing maintenance)

21 2 Main workstations located in the Switch area
22 (used for performing maintenance, growth
23 provisioning, and routines)

24 1 Main workstation located in the Toll area
25 (used for performing maintenance)

1 Again, depending on the variables of the central
2 office, this number can vary. In large metropolitan
3 area switches, quite frequently, more than one
4 activity is being performed on the switch at the same
5 time by multiple technicians.

6

7 Q. WHAT ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR TOLL
8 DISCIPLINE?

9

10 A. The minimum requirements for Toll discipline are as
11 follows:

12

13 1 Workstation located in the central part of the
14 Toll area (used for provisioning and
15 performing maintenance activities associated
16 with toll switch)

17 1 Workstation for each Digital Cross Connect
18 System (used for placing digital cross
19 connects for provisioning and maintenance)

20 1 Laptop workstation for mobile use throughout
21 the Toll area (used for provisioning and
22 maintenance of various toll services)

23

24 Q. WHAT ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR BELLSOUTH'S
25 OPERATING SYSTEMS, SUCH AS COSMOS (Computer System

1 for Main Frame Operations Support Systems) AND WFA/DI
2 (Work Force Administration/Dispatch In)?

3

4 A. The minimum requirements for BellSouth's operating
5 systems COSMOS and WFA/DI are:

6

7 1 WFA/DI terminal for every two employees (used
8 to load work to employees, send and receive
9 tickets, and access various databases)

10 2 COSMOS terminals in the frame area, one at
11 each end (used for provisioning and performing
12 maintenance work involving cable and pair
13 assignments to switch and toll equipment on
14 the frame)

15 1 COSMOS terminal in the Toll area (used for
16 provisioning and performing maintenance work
17 involving cable and pair assignments to switch
18 and toll equipment on the frame.)

19 1 COSMOS terminal in the Switch area (used for
20 the same as the one above.)

21

22 These numbers can vary due to the level of activity,
23 the location of all the disciplines, and the number
24 of employees.

25

1 Q. WHAT IS THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENT FOR THE PLUG-IN
2 RECEIPT AREA?

3

4 A. The minimum requirement for the Plug-In Receipt area
5 is:

6

7 1 Workstation (used for plug-in inventory)

8

9 Q. WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE NORTH DADE GOLDEN GLADES
10 CENTRAL OFFICE?

11

12 A. The North Dade Golden Glades central office has a
13 total of nine Network Technicians and one Network
14 Manager. These are all full-time employees dedicated
15 solely to this location. This is a two-story
16 building. The North Dade Golden Glades central
17 office has five switches: one Local, two Tandems, one
18 Operator Services, and one Signal Transfer Point
19 (STP). These switches are spread over two floors,
20 which requires workstation access to all switches on
21 both floors. Due to its tandem offices and central
22 location (on the Dade/Broward county line), the North
23 Dade Golden Glades central office contains numerous
24 fiber optic terminals for BellSouth and customer-
25 owned rings, as well as two digital cross connect

1 systems. A third digital cross connect system is
2 currently being installed. Due to its growth, this
3 office has switch vendor technicians working full-
4 time throughout most of the year performing equipment
5 installations.

6

7 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
8 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
9 THE NORTH DADE GOLDEN GLADES CENTRAL OFFICE.

10

11 A. The North Dade Golden Glades central office has the
12 following workstations and printers located as
13 follows:

14

15 1st Floor, Switch Area: 1 WFA/DI Terminal
16 2 Workstations used for
17 documentation and STP
18 access
19 3 Terminals used for STP
20 access
21 1 Portable Terminal used
22 for switch growth and
23 maintenance activity
24 4 Main terminals used to
25 access four DMS switches

1 across the 1st and 2nd
 2 floors, with each
 3 terminal dedicated to a
 4 specific switch
 5 1 Main terminal used as a
 6 duplicative terminal to
 7 access the 04 Tandem DMS
 8 switch.
 9 4 Printers dedicated to
 10 specific terminals
 11
 12 2nd Floor, Switch Area: 1 WFA/DI Terminal
 13 2 Portable terminals used
 14 for switch growth and
 15 maintenance activities
 16 1 Recent Change terminal
 17 4 Main terminals for
 18 maintenance and
 19 provisioning of four
 20 switches located on the
 21 1st and 2nd floors of the
 22 office, with each
 23 terminal dedicated to a
 24 specific switch
 25

1		3	Main terminals used as
2			duplicative terminals to
3			access the four DMS
4			switches located on the
5			1 st and 2 nd floors
6		2	Main terminals used for
7			STP access
8		6	Printers dedicated to
9			specific terminals
10			
11	1st Floor, Toll Area:	2	WFA/DI terminals
12		6	Main terminals for access
13			to four switches, located
14			on the 1 st and 2 nd floors,
15			with each terminal
16			dedicated to a specific
17			switch
18		2	Terminals with access to
19			COSMOS
20		4	Printers dedicated to
21			specific terminals
22		1	Workstation for access to
23			Network Elements and
24			documentation
25			

1 1st Floor, Plug-In Area: 1 WFA/DI terminal
2 1 Workstation for access to
3 the plug-in inventory
4 2 Printers

5
6 1st Floor, Frame Area: 1 WFA/DI terminal
7 1 COSMOS Terminal
8 1 Recent Change Terminal
9 2 Printers

10

11 1st Floor, DCC area: 3 Terminals
12 3 Printers dedicated to
13 specific terminals

14

15 Q. WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE MIAMI PALMETTO CENTRAL
16 OFFICE?

17

18 A. The Miami Palmetto central office has a total of
19 twelve (12) Network Technicians and one (1) Network
20 Manager. These are full-time employees dedicated
21 solely to this location. This is a one-story
22 building. This office consists of one Local switch
23 and one Remote switch. The Remote switch is served
24 out of the Airport central office (across the street
25 from the Miami International Airport). The Miami

1 Palmetto central office has five digital cross
2 connect systems, with a sixth being currently
3 installed. This office serves primarily business
4 customers (90%) and has an abundance of special
5 circuits served over digital loop carrier systems.
6 It has been experiencing significant digital loop
7 carrier growth. Due to this growth, the Miami
8 Palmetto central office has a specialized digital
9 loop carrier area. This office also serves as a
10 testing hub to other offices for our centers. This
11 necessitates an extraordinary amount of testing
12 assistance from the digital cross connect system
13 areas.

14

15 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
16 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
17 THE MIAMI PALMETTO CENTRAL OFFICE.

18

19 A. The Miami Palmetto central office has the following
20 workstations and printers located as follows:

21

22	Local Switch Area:	1	WFA/DI Terminal
23		1	Recent Change terminal
24		1	MLT (Mechanized Loop
25			Testing) terminal

1		1	Switch workstation for
2			access and documentation
3		2	Switch terminals
4		6	Printers dedicated to
5			specific terminals
6			
7	Remote Switch Area:	1	Terminal to access remote
8			switch
9		1	Printer
10			
11	Dig. Loop Carrier Area:	1	Recent Change terminal
12		1	Terminal used for switch
13			access on digital carrier
14			systems, carrier status
15			and administration
16		1	Terminal used for digital
17			loop carrier and trunk
18			provisioning
19		3	Printers dedicated to
20			terminals
21			
22	Main Toll Area:	2	WFA/DI terminals
23		1	COSMOS terminal
24		1	Workstation used for
25			Network Element access

1 and documentation

2

3 Plug-In Receipt Area: 1 Workstation for access to

4 plug-in inventory

5 1 Printer

6

7 Frame Area: 2 WFA/DI terminals

8 2 Recent Change Terminals

9 1 Terminal for access to

10 remote switch

11 2 COSMOS terminals

12 5 Printers dedicated to

13 specific terminals

14

15 DCC Areas: 5 Terminals used for access

16 to five digital cross

17 connect systems

18 1 Terminal for switch

19 access

20 1 Workstation for Network

21 Element access

22 6 Printers dedicated to

23 specific terminals

24

25

1 Q. WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE WEST PALM BEACH GARDENS
2 CENTRAL OFFICE?

3

4 A. The West Palm Beach Gardens Central Office has eight
5 (8) Network Technicians and one (1) Network Manager.
6 These are full-time employees dedicated solely to
7 this location. This central office is a one-story
8 building and has nine (9) different switches: one
9 DMS100 Local switch, one DMS200 Tandem switch for
10 toll service, one DMS200 TOPS switch for the state,
11 one STP (Signal Transfer Point), one Lucent Star
12 Server SCP (Service Control Point), and four Lucent
13 Advantage SCPs. BellSouth has planned two (2)
14 additional SCP switches. All of these switches
15 reside in the same building and each has an array of
16 peripheral terminals and printers. The West Palm
17 Beach Gardens central office has numerous fiber optic
18 BellSouth terminals and several customer owned rings,
19 as well as, two (2) Digital Cross Connect Systems
20 under growth at this time. Due to this growth, there
21 is constant vendor presence with technicians working
22 full-time.

23

24

25

1 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
2 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
3 THE WEST PALM BEACH GARDENS CENTRAL OFFICE.

4

5 A. The West Palm Beach Gardens central office has the
6 following workstations and printers located as
7 follows:

8

9	Switch Area:	3	Workstations used for
10			Operator services
11		3	Workstations used for the
12			STP switch
13		10	Workstations used for the
14			five (5) SCP switches
15		3	Workstations used for the
16			Local switch
17		3	Workstations used for the
18			Toll switch
19		1	WFA/DI terminal
20		20	Printers

21

22	Toll Area:	1	WFA/DI workstation
23		1	Workstation for the DISC
24			and Litespan systems.

25

1		3 Laptop PCs used for
2		provisioning and testing
3		1 COSMOS workstation
4		3 Printers
5	Frame Area:	1 WFA/DI workstation
6		2 COSMOS workstations
7		
8	Plug-In Area:	1 Workstation used for
9		plug-in inventory
10		1 Printer
11		
12	DCC Area:	3 Workstations
13		
14	Q.	WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE BOCA RATON BOCA TEECA
15		CENTRAL OFFICE?
16		
17	A.	The Boca Raton Boca Teeca central office has a total
18		of six (6) Network Technicians and one (1) Network
19		Manager. These are all full-time employees dedicated
20		solely to this location. This is a two-story
21		building. The first floor consists of one Local
22		switch and two Remote switches. The Remote switches
23		are hosted by the Boca Raton Main switch. The Boca
24		Raton Boca Teeca central office has two digital cross
25		connect systems. This office serves primarily

1 business customers and contains numerous fiber optic
2 terminals and BellSouth customer owned rings. Due to
3 the demands for growth, the office has switch and
4 transport vendor technicians working throughout most
5 of the year performing equipment installations. The
6 second floor is utilized by an engineering group.

7

8 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
9 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
10 THE BOCA RATON BOCA TEECA CENTRAL OFFICE.

11

12 A. The Boca Raton Boca Teeca central office has the
13 following workstations and printers located as
14 follows:

15

16	Switch Area:	3	Workstations used to
17			access the direct access
18			into the switches
19		1	Remote Monitoring
20			terminal
21		3	Printers

22

23	Toll/Frame Area:	2	COSMOS Terminals
24		1	WFA/DI Workstation
25		1	Workstation for

1 provisioning and
2 maintenance
3 3 Printers
4
5 Toll Area: 3 WFA/DI Workstations
6 1 Workstation used for
7 plug-in inventory
8 2 DCC workstations
9 6 Printers

10

11 Q. WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE DAYTONA BEACH PORT ORANGE
12 CENTRAL OFFICE?

13

14 A. The Daytona Beach Port Orange central office has a
15 total of five (5) Network Technicians. These are
16 full-time employees that are dedicated to this
17 location, in addition to the Daytona Beach Fentress
18 Remote switch (as necessary). This is a single story
19 building. This office contains one DMS100/200
20 switch, which provides local, as well as LATA Tandem
21 service requirements. The Daytona Beach Fentress
22 remote switch is hosted by the Daytona Beach Port
23 Orange central office. The Daytona Beach Port Orange
24 central office has two (2) digital cross connect
25 systems. This office serves a mix of residential and

1 business customers and has an abundance of special
2 circuits served over digital loop carrier systems, as
3 well as copper cable facilities. It has historically
4 experienced significant digital loop carrier growth.

5

6 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
7 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
8 THE DAYTONA BEACH PORT ORANGE CENTRAL OFFICE.

9

10 A. The Daytona Beach Port Orange central office has the
11 following workstations and printers located as
12 follows:

13

14 Local Switch Area: 1 WFA/DI terminal
15 6 Switch terminals
16 4 Printers

17

18 Toll Area: 1 WFA/DI terminal
19 1 Printer

20

21 Plug-In Receipt Area: 1 Workstation for plug-in
22 inventory
23 1 Printer

24

25 Frame Area: 1 COSMOS Terminal

1 1 Recent Change Terminal
2 2 Printers
3
4 DCC Area: 2 Terminals used for access
5 to two digital cross
6 connect systems
7 2 Printers
8

9 Q. WHAT VARIABLES EXIST IN THE LAKE MARY CENTRAL OFFICE?
10

11 A. The Lake Mary central office has a total of two
12 Network Technicians. They are full-time employees
13 and are dedicated solely to this location. The Lake
14 Mary central office is a one-story building. It has
15 one DMS100 switch providing local service. The
16 switch covers a portion of the floor area, with two
17 fixed workstations and one portable workstation used
18 to access the switch. The Lake Mary central office
19 contains numerous fiber optic terminals for BellSouth
20 and customer owned rings, as well as two digital
21 cross connect systems. Due to the growth in the
22 central office, switch vendor technicians work
23 throughout the year performing equipment
24 installations.
25

1 Q. BASED ON THE DEFINED VARIABLES NOTED ABOVE, PLEASE
2 DESCRIBE THE LOCATION OF WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS IN
3 THE LAKE MARY CENTRAL OFFICE.

4

5 A. The Lake Mary central office has the following
6 workstations and printers located as follows:

7

8 1st Floor, Switch Area: 1 Trunk Test Panel (TTP)
9 terminal
10 1 Maintenance
11 Administration Position
12 (MAP) terminal
13 2 Remote Test Interface
14 terminals
15 1 WFA/DI terminal
16 1 MaxiTold Terminal
17 1 Workstation used for
18 provisioning and
19 maintenance
20 1 PC used for LAN interface
21 5 Printers

22

23 1st Floor, Frame Area: 1 COSMOS terminal
24 1 Printer

25

1 1st Floor, Plug-In Area: 1 Remote MAP terminal
2 1 WFA/DI terminal
3 1 Plug-In terminal for
4 inventory
5 1 Printer

6
7 1st Floor, Toll Area: 3 Terminals for
8 provisioning and
9 maintenance
10 2 Terminals for digital
11 cross connect
12 4 Printers

13

14 Q. BASED ON YOUR ASSESSMENT OF THESE SIX CENTRAL
15 OFFICES, ARE ALL OF THE WORKSTATIONS AND PRINTERS
16 NECESSARY TO PERFORM THE REQUIRED JOB FUNCTIONS? IF
17 SO, PLEASE EXPLAIN.

18

19 A. In order to operate at the most efficient level, the
20 answer is yes. One can always make do with less
21 terminals and/or printers, but it places additional
22 strain on efficiency when you have technicians
23 waiting to use a terminal and/or printer in order to
24 work on a problem. This can delay the remedy of
25 customer trouble reports. During switch upgrades, a

1 terminal is constantly in use for weeks at a time,
2 which means that another terminal would have to be
3 available for use by the technicians.

4

5 Having less terminals and printers means that an
6 employee in a particular discipline (toll, frame, or
7 switch) may have to go to another part of the
8 building or floor to perform his/her job functions.
9 This reduces the operational efficiency of the office
10 and could result in unnecessary delays to resolve
11 customer and/or network troubles.

12

13 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

14

15 A. Yes, it does.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25