

May 7, 1999

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RECORDS AND REPORTING

ORIGINAL

Mrs. Blanca S. Bayo, Director Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Re: Docket Nos. 980946-TP, 980947-TP, 980948-TP 981011-TP, 981012-TP, 981250-TP

ave Dimlich/axis

Dear Mrs. Bayo:

Enclosed for filing in the above referenced dockets are an original and fifteen copies of the Rebuttal Testimony of Dave Nilson. Copies have been served on the parties listed on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely,

Dave Dimlich Legal Counsel

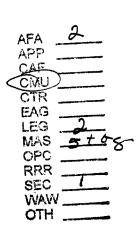
Supra Telecom

Enclosures

cc: All Parties of Record

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FPSC-BUREAU OF RECORDS



BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the Daytona Beach Port Orange Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 980946-TL
Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the Boca Raton Boca Teeca Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 980947-TL
Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the Miami Palmetto Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 980948-TL
Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the West Palm Beach Gardens Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 981011-TL
Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the North Dade Golden Glades Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 981012-TL
Petition for Temporary Waiver of Physical Collocation Requirements Set Forth in the 1996 Telecommunications Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, for the Lake Mary Main Central Office, by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Docket No. 981250-TL

Notice of Filing of Supra Telecommunications and Information Systems, Inc.'s Rebuttal Testimony of David Nilson

Notice is hereby given that on May 7th, 1999, Supra Telecommunications and Information Systems, Inc. filed its rebuttal testimony of David Nilson in the above-captioned dockets.

Respectfully submitted this 7th day of May, 1999.

avid V. Dimlich /27/5

Legal Counsel

Supra Telecommunications & Information Services, Inc. 2620 S.W. 27th Avenue

Miami, Florida 33133

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that Supra Telecommunications and Information Systems, Inc.'s notice of filing rebuttal testimony of David Nilson has been sent via U.S. Mail this 7th of May, 1999 to:

Beth Keating, Esq.
Staff Counsel
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Division of Legal Services 2540
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DAVID V. DIMLICH

Supra Telecommunications and Information Systems, Inc.

lemlich/11718

1	SU	JPRA TELECOMMUNICATIONS & INFORMATION SYSTEMS, INC.
2		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID A. NILSON
4		DOCKET NOS. 980946-TL, 980947-TL, 980948-TL, 981011-TL,
5		981012-TL, AND 981250-TL
6		MAY 7, 1999
7		
8	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
9		POSITION WITH SUPRA TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND
10		INFORMATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.
11		
12	A.	My name is David A. Nilson. My address is 2620 SW 27th
13		Avenue, Miami, Florida 33133. I am the Vice President of
14		Systems Design and Interconnection of Supra
15		Telecommunications and Information Systems, Inc. ("Supra").
16		
17	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME DAVID NILSON WHO PROVIDED
18		DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
19		
20	A.	Yes.
21		
22	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
23		
24	A.	I will rebut the direct testimony of BellSouth witnesses Keith
25		Milner, James Bloomer and George Mainer. DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
		1 05809 MAY -7 S

•			
	1		
	2	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. MILNER'S EXPLANATION OF
		Q.	
	3		"CAGELESS" COLLOCATION?
	4		
	5	A.	No, I do not. It is important that the Commission realize that the
	6		FCC's definition of cageless collocation does not allow a walled
	7		structure to separate BellSouth's equipment from the equipment
	8		of other collocators. There is no FCC mandated requirement of
	9		structural separation between the equipment of collocators and an
1	0		incumbent LEC's equipment. In his summary of the FCC's recent
1	1		collocation order (FCC 99-48) on pages 6-7 of his direct
1	2		testimony, Mr. Milner clearly shows how BellSouth is taking a
1	3		position different than what the FCC has ordered. On page 7,
1	4		lines 4-8, he states as summary point number 9:
1	5		
1	6		Permit a collocator direct access to its equipment
1	7		without the requirement for a physical separation
1	8		between the collocator's equipment and the
1:	9		equipment of other collocators or the equipment of the
20	0		ILEC.
2	1		
22	2		The FCC's First Report and Order, CC Docket No. 98-147,
23	3		released March 31, 1999, states in paragraph 42:

1		incumbent LLOs must allow competitors to
2		collocate in any unused space in the incumbent
3		LEC's premises, without requiring the construction
4		of a room, cage, or similar structure, and without
5		requiring the creation of a separate entrance to the
6		competitor's collocation space access to their
7		equipment.
8		
9		From this it is apparent that BellSouth's unenclosed
10		physical collocation arrangement is not the same as the
11		FCC's cageless collocation definition.
12		
13	Q.	ON PAGE 11 AND 12 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY, MR.
14		MILNER EXPLAINS THAT THE FCC's RECENT RULES AND
15		ORDER WILL CREATE A CONFLICT WITH STATE OR LOCAL
16		BUILDING CODE ORDINANCES. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR.
17		MILNER'S COMMENTS?
18		
19	A.	I do not in one particular aspect. On page 12, lines 6-10, Mr.
20		Milner states that neither the FCC nor building code officials can
21		expect BellSouth to knowingly violate applicable rules or codes.
22		However, the party that applies for the construction permit must
23		take the responsibility of informing the local building officials of
24		what the FCC's requirements are. The Commission should not
25		allow BellSouth or any incumbent LEC to dismiss its

responsibilities to the carrier requesting collocation. If BellSouth applies for the building permit, then the Commission should require BellSouth to fully inform the local building officials of the FCC's requirements. In other words, if an application for a building permit is made for cageless collocation by BellSouth and the local building officials deny such request, then BellSouth must prove that the officials were made aware of the FCC's requirements.

BellSouth cannot be silent when it is aware of the FCC's requirements and its responsibilities to requesting collocators.

Q. ARE THERE ANY EXAMPLES OF MULTI-TENANT
OCCUPANCY WHERE DADE COUNTY ZONING OFFICIALS
HAVE ALLOWED THE MULTI-TENANCY TO EXIST WITHOUT
FIRE-RATED WALLS SEPARATING THE TENANTS?

A. Yes. In shopping mall "food courts", the absence of fire-rated walls is in the best interests of the mall owner, and such walls have not been required. Under these circumstances, permitting has clearly been established to allow such tenancy despite the fact that grills, stoves and other open fire sources are used to prepare food in these areas. The Commission should require BellSouth to work with zoning officials and educate them about the unoccupied nature of collocation rather than BellSouth blindly accepting an arbitrary ruling that is applied nowhere else in the country.

1	Q.	MR. MILNER STATES ON P. 14 OF HIS TESTIMONY THAT THE
2		CITY OF PLANTATION WILL BE REQUIRING FIRE-RATED
3		SEPARATION BETWEEN ALL COLLOCATORS INCLUDING
4		THOSE NOT REQUESTING ENCLOSED SPACE. DO YOU
5		AGREE WITH THIS STATEMENT?
6		
7	A.	No. While it is true that initially the City of Plantation rejected
8		welded wire cage construction for collocation spaces, when the
9		contractors involved met with the City of Plantation and made
10		them aware that the collocation spaces were unmanned, the City
11		of Plantation asked that the rejected applications be re-submitted
12		for application. This is a good example of how direct dialog
13		between the parties involved will lead to a more reasonable set of
14		rules for collocation.
15		
16	Q.	MR. MILNER STATES ON PAGES 23 AND 24 OF HIS DIRECT
17		TESTIMONY THAT THE FCC DOES NOT REQUIRE THE
18		"COMMINGLING" OF EQUIPMENT. WHAT DOES THE FCC
19		REQUIRE?
20		
21	A.	In this part of his testimony, Mr. Milner explains that BellSouth
22		does not permit physical collocation of ALEC equipment that is
23		commingled with BellSouth's equipment for security and reliability
24		reasons. BellSouth's position does not comply with the ECC's

1 order. The FCC states in paragraph 42 of its recent collocation 2 order: 3 In addition, an incumbent LEC must give competitors the option of collocating equipment in any unused 4 5 space within the incumbent's premises, to the extent technically feasible, and may not require competitors 6 to collocate in a room or isolated space separate 7 8 from the incumbent's own equipment. (emphasis 9 added) 10 11 I interpret this to mean that both ALEC and ILEC equipment can be placed side by side. It is clear that the FCC's intent is to make 12 all usable space available for collocation. As far as security 13 14 measures, the FCC concluded in its recent order that security escorts are deemed adequate security for the purposes of the 15 16 Telecommunications Act of 1996. The FCC further permits ILECs to require security training of an ALEC's employees at the same 17 18 level as required for its own employees and third party contractors who work in ILEC central offices. The Commission should not 19 allow BellSouth to waste usable collocation space, and hinder the 20 21 movement towards competition, under the guise of safety 22 concerns. 23 ON PAGES 27 AND 28 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY, MR. 24 Q.

25

MILNER STATES THAT NEITHER THE ACT OR THE FCC's

1		RULES REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO RELINQUISH
2		ADMINISTRATIVE SPACE IN ITS CENTRAL OFFICES. WOULD
3		YOU COMMENT ON THIS?
4		
5	A.	I do not agree with Mr. Milner because the Act and the FCC do
6		not specifically mention by name any type of space. Section 251
7		(c)(6) of the Act does state that ILECs have the duty to provide
8		physical collocation, and may provide virtual collocation if the
9		ILEC demonstrates to the State commission that physical
10		collocation is not practical for technical reasons or because of
11		space limitations. The FCC further states in its Local
12		Interconnection Order (96-325, ¶606), that an ILEC is required to
13		relinquish any space held for future use before denying virtual
14		location due to a lack of space. Therefore, BellSouth will have to
15		give up all reserved space, not just space it has allocated
16		specifically for virtual collocation.
17		
18		It is not Supra's position that BellSouth be required to relinquish
19		space used as an employee breakroom. However, any space,
20		whether administrative or other space, that is not actually being
21		used should be made available for collocation. The Commission
22		agreed with Supra in Order No. PSC-99-0060-FOF-TP (see p. 9),
23		that BellSouth's administrative space in both the Golden Glades
24		and West Palm Beach Gardens offices is used inefficiently. The

1 Commission further encouraged BellSouth to look into current 2 technology that could improve efficiency of space and operations. 3 4 A perfect example of inefficient use of central office space is the 5 second floor of the Boca Raton Boca Teeca central office. The entire floor is being used for administrative and office space. 6 When BellSouth exhausts all usable space on the first floor, it will 7 8 not construct additional space to house telecommunications 9 equipment. It will begin placing its own equipment on the second floor. It is far more cost effective for BellSouth to move its 10 personnel and office equipment into a traditionally constructed 11 12 building, then it is to build or add onto the current building in the manner that this central office is constructed. The Commission 13 14 should not allow BellSouth to keep other carriers from collocating 15 in this building until BellSouth decides it will place its own 16 equipment on the second floor. 17 AT PAGE 21 OF MR. MILNER'S DIRECT TESTIMONY, HE 18 Q. 19 STATES THAT PARAGRAPH 30 OF THE FCC'S RECENT ORDER DOES NOT REQUIRE COLLOCATION OF EQUIPMENT 20 USED SOLELY TO PROVIDE ENHANCED SERVICES. DO YOU 21

23

24

25

22

A. No. In the FCC's recent order, the FCC states, "[w]e reiterate that incumbent LECs are obligated, pursuant to section 251(c)(6), to

AGREE WITH THIS STATEMENT?

1		permit competitors to collocate multi-functional equipment, even
2		equipment that includes switching or enhanced services
3		functionalities, if such equipment is necessary for access to UNES
4		or for interconnection with the incumbent LEC's network." The
5		scope of this statement covers remote access modems which
6		connect directly with UNEs such as 4-wire ISDN switching ports,
7		in addition to many other such examples.
8		
9	Q.	WHEN EXPLAINING THE PROCESS USED TO IDENTIFY THE
10		CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR PHYSICAL
11		COLLOCATION, BELLSOUTH WITNESS JIM BLOOMER
12		STATES ON PAGE 5 OF HIS TESTIMONY THAT THERE IS AN
13		EXCEPTION TO BELLSOUTH'S POLICY REGARDING
14		RESERVED SPACE FOR 2-YEAR FORCASTED NEEDS. THIS
15		EXCEPTION IS FOR THE TYPES OF EQUIPMENT THAT
16		REQUIRE FIXED LAYOUTS. DO YOU AGREE THAT
17		BELLSOUTH'S NEED FOR THIS EXCEPTION JUSTIFIES THE
18		RESULTING PRECLUSION OF SPACE FOR COLLOCATORS?
19		
20	A.	No, I do not agree with Mr. Bloomer's rationale for this exception
21		to the 2-year forecasted needs policy. Mr. Bloomer explains that
22		this "fixed layout" equipment cannot be split up into several
23		different locations in the central office without degrading service or
24		capping the size of customer service levels for that type of

equipment. One example why this policy should not be

maintained is the operator services (TOPS) switch in Palm Beach Gardens. BellSouth seeks to hold expansion space for that switch because there is no other suitable space in that central office to locate expansion bays for that switch. However, in testimony brought out in Docket No. 98-0800, it was made clear that forecasted growth for that particular switch remains insignificant and flat for the next 25 years. Surely BellSouth does not expect the Commission to hold valuable floor space for 25 years in anticipation that at that time it would be either economically feasible or even necessary to perform an upgrade. A limit must be placed on these time intervals, and the Telecommunications Act of 1996 clearly states that an ALEC is not allowed to reserve space for itself on terms more favorable than those allowed to other collocators. The wording of that requirement is unambiguous and should be enforced by the Commission.

Although Mr. Bloomer justifies this exception by stating that BellSouth keeps these equipment types together to provide the best service, once again this rationale is insufficient to justify this usage in light of the insignificant and flat growth that will take place over the next 25 years. BellSouth cannot hold this space for longer than they would allow Supra to hold a similar amount of space.

1	Q.	WHEN EXPLAINING THE PROCESS USED TO IDENTIFY THE
2		CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR PHYSICAL
3		COLLOCATION, BELLSOUTH WITNESS JIM BLOOMER
4		STATES ON PAGE 6 OF HIS TESTIMONY THAT OFFICE
5		SPACE UNDER 100 SQUARE FEET IS CONSIDERED "NOT
6		USABLE" AND THAT SQUARE FOOTAGE IS SUBTRACTED
7		FROM BELLSOUTH'S CALCULATION OF AVAILABLE SPACE.
8		DO YOU AGREE WITH THIS ASPECT OF BELLSOUTH'S
9		CALCULATION OF AVAILABLE OFFICE SPACE?
10		
11	A.	No, I do not agree with this aspect of BellSouth's calculation of
12		available office space. A collocator can make beneficial, effective
13		use of central office space under 100 square feet. Allowing use of
14		office space that is less than 100 square feet is technically
15		feasible, will not affect BellSouth's quality of service, and is
16		consistent with the purposes of the Telecommunications Act of
17		1996. Supra has filed numerous collocation applications prepared
18		in full compliance with BellSouth's instruction document BSTEI-1-
19		P Ins. for less than 100 square feet of collocation space, and
20		BellSouth has accepted these applications and issued Supra
21		quotations on building out the collocation space.
22		
23	Q.	DO YOU AGREE THAT BELLSOUTH HAS EFFICIENTLY
24		ALLOCATED ADMINISTRATIVE SPACE IN THEIR CENTRAL
25		OFFICES?

2	A.	No, Mr. Bloomer has ignored the issue of the additional
3		maintenance terminals located at their network operations center
4		in the overall count of workstations per central office. BellSouth
5		offices involved are typically manned only 8 hours a day. During
6		the remaining 16 hours all maintenance is performed by operators
7		at the remote network operations center. Additionally, Mr.
8		Bloomer states that each work station automatically includes a
9		printer. I fail to understand the justification of why each central
10		office has more than one workstation per employees when it has
11		been stated that each employee first prints out their work
12		instructions before taking them to work on. I feel that all
13		discussion on this issue is intended to rationalize the need for
14		what currently exists rather than to address any need for
15		modernization in these areas. The following chart provides a
16		graphic example of the unreasonable ratio of workstations to

employees in BellSouth's central offices:

CENTRAL OFFICE	# of switches	# of work- stations	# of Eees	work- stations per Eee
NORTH DADE GOLDEN GLADES	5	65	10	6.5
MIAMI PALMETTO	2	51	13	3.9
WEST PALM BEACH GARDENS	9	60	9	6.7
BOCA RATON BOCA TEECA	3	26	7	3.7
DAYTONA BEACH PORT ORANGE	1	23	5	4.6
LAKE MARY	1	28	2	14

1		
2	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BLOOMER'S ASSESSMENT THAT
3		THERE IS NO CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR
4		COLLOCATION IN THE NORTH DADE GOLDEN GLADES
5		CENTRAL OFFICE?
6		
7	A.	No, no more than I did when Mr. Bloomer made the same
8		statement in Docket No. 98-0800, where the Commission ruled
9		that space is available for collocation in the North Dade Golden
10		Glades central office. Specifically, there are still 25 bays of
11		unpowered, out of service Nortel STP equipment that is obsolete
12		and should be removed from the office. BellSouth common
13		systems capacity management seeks to reserve that space for the
14		expansion of the 04T and 02T tandem switches, predicting 6
15		years' growth space in that area, which is clearly more favorable
16		terms than what Supra has been allowed in that central office.
17		
18	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BLOOMER'S ASSESSMENT THAT
19		THERE IS NO CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR
20		COLLOCATION IN THE WEST PALM BEACH GARDENS
21		CENTRAL OFFICE?
22		

A. No, no more than I did when Mr. Bloomer made the same statement in Docket No. 98-0800, where the Commission ruled that space is available for collocation in the West Palm Beach

Gardens central office. Specifically, the issue of 25 years' growth reserved for the top switch and an estimated 6 years' growth on the tandem switch in the area of the central office reclaimed from the power room. BellSouth's reserving space for 6 and 25 years' growth is clearly on more favorable terms than what Supra has been allowed in that central office.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BLOOMER'S ASSESSMENT THAT
THERE IS NO CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR
COLLOCATION IN THE LAKE MARY CENTRAL OFFICE?

Α.

I do not agree that there is no central office space available for collocation in the Lake Mary central office. Mr. Bloomer's testimony in this office leaves out numerous issues pertinent to the issues of overall space. First, during the walkthrough of this central office it was obvious that major sections of equipment bays were populated with blank cards. These pieces of equipment, while taking up floor space in the central office, are not currently being used to deliver service to customers. The equipment involves the Nortel DMS switch, estimated at 35% of the space taken not being used to deploy service, fiber distribution frames and space identified as future toll on the drawing that is currently being used as a lunchroom. Additionally, no mention is made of the extremely high presence of fiber in this office. Lake Mary central office was used in BellSouth's unsuccessful trial of fiber to

the curb. No mention has been made of equipment still currently in place in the lake Mary central office that was used in that aborted trial and has not been removed to make additional space available in the central office. Nor has any explanation been made as to the effect of the fiber entrance or wiring has had on cable and rack space congestion in the building.

7

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8 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BLOOMER'S ASSESSMENT THAT
9 THERE IS NO CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR
10 COLLOCATION IN THE BOCA RATON BOCA TEECA CENTRAL
11 OFFICE?

12

13 Α. No, the fact that over 12,000 feet of floor space in this central 14 office is being used for office space indicates BellSouth's 15 unwillingness to comply with the requirements of the 16 Telecommunications Act of 1996. A central office is a purpose-17 built facility, therefore design for heavier than normal floor-to-18 ceiling requirements, environmental security, etc. BellSouth 19 cannot justify why they desire to spend more housing office space 20 in this area than it would cost them to put the same office space in 21 a building originally constructed for offices. On a monthly basis, 22 BellSouth is paying extra for this office space so that 23 telecommunications equipment is not placed there. I cannot 24 imagine why BellSouth would make this business choice.

1	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR OPINIONS OF MR. BLOOMER'S
2		COMMENTS REGARDING THE PLANNED USE OF THE
3		SECOND FLOOR OF THE BOCA RATON BOCA TEECA
4		CENTRAL OFFICE?
5		
6	A.	Mr. Bloomer's statement that BellSouth has no other space in that
7		area to re-locate the personnel currently on the second floor is
8		unacceptable and calls into question BellSouth's motivation and
9		desire to comply with the collocation requirements of the
10		Telecommunications Act of 1996.
11		
12	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. BLOOMER'S ASSESSMENT THAT
13		THERE IS NO CENTRAL OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE FOR
14		COLLOCATION IN THE MIAMI PALMETTO CENTRAL OFFICE?
15		
16	A.	No. There are numerous issues of concern regarding this office.
17		Supra was offered 100 square feet of collocation space in this
18		office on a "take it or leave it" basis. After reviewing the
19		collocation space, it appears that it would have been more
20		reasonable for BellSouth to extend that collocation space to the
21		outside west wall rather than using the hallway thus formed for
22		storage that could easily be placed on the outside wall of the
23		collocation space. No clear explanation could be given as to why
24		that original decision was made. Having done that would have

provided an additional 200 square feet of collocation space at no

additional cost to BellSouth. Of more serious concern is an issue raised during the walkthrough and exhibited by exhibit JDB 19, page 22. During the walkthrough, it was clearly identified that approximately 300-400 square feet of collocation space was set aside for a virtual collocation of a subsidiary of BellSouth. The equipment in this area was clearly identified as video distribution equipment. We can only assume this subsidiary is BellSouth entertainment. Exhibit JDB 19 clearly shows dozens of boxes of cable TV distribution equipment stacked in an uncrating area within the Palmetto central office. Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony? Α. Yes.

J. PHILLIP CARVER General Attorney

99 MAY -7 AM 4: 44

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 150 South Monroe Street Room 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (404) 335-0710

RECORDS AND REPORTING

ORIGINAL

May 7, 1999

Mrs. Blanca S. Bayo Director, Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Re: <u>Docket Nos. 980946-TL, 980947-TL, 980948-TL, 981011-TL, 981012-TL and 981250-TL</u>

Dear Mrs. Bayo:

Enclosed are an original and 15 copies of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s Rebuttal Testimony of W. Keith Milner, James D. Bloomer, Barbara Cruit, George Mainer, and Common Systems Capacity Panel (Miguel F. Rodriguez, Guy Ream, Robert Cook, Louis Caban). Please file these documents in the captioned docket.

A copy of this letter is enclosed. Please mark it to indicate that the original was filed and return the copy to me. Copies have been served on the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely,

J. Phillip Carver

Enclosures

APP

CAF

CMU

EAG

.EG VIAS

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RRR SEC cc: All Parties of Record M. M. Criser, III

N. B. White W. J. Ellenberg

Milues DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

05810 MAY-78

Bloomes DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

05811 MAY-78

Cruit
DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

05812 MAY-78

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

05813 MAY-78

SC-RECORDS/RFPORT

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Docket Nos. 980946-TL, 980947-TL, 980948-TL, 981011-TL 981012-TL, and 981250-TL

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via

U.S. Mail this 7th day of April, 1999 to the following:

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