



Public Service Commission

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JAN - 6 AM 10:07  
RECORDS AND REPORTING

DATE: January 6, 2000

TO: DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF RECORDS AND REPORTING (BAYO)

FROM: DIVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS (FAVORS) *ERT*  
DIVISION OF AUDITING AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (HARVEY, DM)  
STALLCUP, VINSON) *AV*  
DIVISION OF LEGAL SERVICES (B. KEATING, VACCARO) *BK*

RE: DOCKET NO. 981834-TP - PETITION OF COMPETITIVE CARRIERS FOR COMMISSION ACTION TO SUPPORT LOCAL COMPETITION IN BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.'S SERVICE TERRITORY.

DOCKET NO. 960786-TL - CONSIDERATION OF BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.'S ENTRY INTO INTERLATA SERVICES PURSUANT TO SECTION 271 OF THE FEDERAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996.

AGENDA: 1/18/00 - REGULAR AGENDA - PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION - INTERESTED PERSONS MAY PARTICIPATE.

CRITICAL DATES: NONE

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: THESE DOCKETS ARE CONSOLIDATED FOR PURPOSES OF OSS TESTING. ALTHOUGH A PANEL IS ASSIGNED TO DOCKET NO. 981834-TP, THE FULL COMMISSION SHOULD VOTE ON THE ISSUES HEREIN BECAUSE THE DOCKETS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

FILE NAME AND LOCATION: s:\PSC\AFA\WP\981834B.RCM

ATTACHMENT NAME AND LOCATION: s:\PSC\AFA\WP\BSTMETRC.DOC (MS WORD)

CASE BACKGROUND

On December 10, 1998, the Florida Competitive Carriers Association (FCCA), the Telecommunications Resellers, Inc. (TRA), AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. (AT&T), MCImetro

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00161 JAN-68

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

DATE: January 6, 2000

Access Transmission Services, LLC (MCImetro), Worldcom Technologies, Inc. (Worldcom), the Competitive Telecommunications Association (Comptel), MGC Communications, Inc. (MGC), and Intermedia Communications Inc. (Intermedia) (collectively, "Competitive Carriers") filed their Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory.

On December 30, 1998, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) filed a Motion to Dismiss the Petition of the Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory. BellSouth requested that the Commission dismiss the Competitive Carriers' Petition with prejudice. On January 11, 1999, the Competitive Carriers filed their Response in Opposition to BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss.

At the March 30, 1999, Agenda Conference, the Commission approved staff's recommendation to deny BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss. In addition, the Commission denied the Competitive Carriers' request to initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish expedited dispute resolution procedures for resolving interconnection agreement disputes. The Commission also directed staff to provide more specific information and rationale for its recommendation on the remainder of the Competitive Carriers Petition.

On May 26, 1999, the Commission issued Order No. PSC-99-1078-FOF-TP, which granted in part and denied in part the petition of the Florida Competitive Carriers Association to support local competition in BellSouth's service territory. Specifically, the Commission established a formal administrative hearing process to address unbundled network elements (UNE) pricing, including UNE combinations and deaveraged pricing of unbundled loops. The Commission also ordered that Commissioner and staff workshops on Operations Support Systems (OSS) be conducted concomitantly in an effort to resolve OSS operational issues. The Commission indicated that the request for third-party testing of OSS was to be addressed in these workshops. These workshops were held on May 5-6, 1999. The Commission also ordered a formal administrative hearing to address collocation and access to loop issues, as well as costing and pricing issues.

On May 28, 1999, FCCA and AT&T filed a Motion for Independent Third-Party Testing of BellSouth's OSS. BellSouth filed its Response to this Motion by the FCCA and AT&T on June 16, 1999. That same day, FCCA and AT&T filed a Supplement to the Motion for Third-Party Testing. On June 17, 1999, ACI Corp. (ACI) filed a

Motion to Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. On June 28, 1999, BellSouth responded to the Supplement filed by FCCA and AT&T. On June 29, 1999, BellSouth responded to ACI's Motion to Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. By Order No. PSC-99-1568-PAA-TP, issued August 8, 1999, the Commission denied the motion. Upon its own motion, the Commission approved staff's recommendation to proceed with Phase I of third-party testing of BellSouth's OSS. Phase I of third-party testing required a third party, in this case KPMG, to develop a Master Test Plan (MTP) that would identify the specific testing activities necessary to demonstrate non-discriminatory access and parity of BellSouth's systems and processes.

On December 21, 1999, the Commission approved staff's recommendation regarding the KPMG MTP and proceeding with third-party testing of BellSouth's Operations Support Systems. In order to initiate testing, the Commission must approve interim performance metrics to be used during the course of testing to assess the level of service BellSouth is providing to ALECs. There are three components to the development of performance metrics. The first component is the performance metrics themselves and the calculations. The second component is retail analogs and performance target benchmarks, and the third component is the statistical methodology to be used in analysis of test results. This is staff's recommendation regarding the interim performance metrics and their calculations. A second recommendation regarding the retail analogs/benchmarks and the statistical methodology will be brought before the Commission in February following a third workshop. Once interim performance metrics selection and definitions are complete, test preparation can progress as KPMG establishes the process for capturing the measurement data required.

**DISCUSSION OF ISSUES**

**ISSUE 1:** Should the Commission approve the interim performance metrics developed by KPMG?

**RECOMMENDATION:** Yes. Staff believes the interim performance metrics developed by KPMG (Attachment I) should be approved by the Commission. (HARVEY, STALLCUP, VINSON)

**STAFF ANALYSIS:** Performance metrics are the yardstick by which the existence of nondiscrimination or parity will be determined during the OSS third-party testing. During the development of the master test plan, several ALECs filed comments regarding the adequacy and completeness of the performance metrics proposed by BellSouth. In response, staff initiated a process for obtaining input regarding the metrics to be used for the purposes of testing. An Interim Performance Metrics Work Group comprised of representatives of Commission staff, BellSouth, and the ALEC community has been established. This work group participated in two workshops and has had two opportunities for comment regarding interim performance metrics. Workshops were held on December 1 and December 17, 1999. The resulting interim performance metrics are shown in Attachment I.

The starting point for the metrics work group was the September 15, 1999, set of BellSouth Service Quality Measures (SQM). These are the measures that BellSouth currently captures and reports through the BellSouth Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP). PMAP is a \$50 million platform designed in 1998 and deployed in 1999 to upgrade BellSouth's first-generation Service Quality Measurement system. SQM and PMAP results have been available to ALECs via Internet access since June 1998. In addition to compiled ALEC and BellSouth region-wide results, PMAP provides each ALEC access to its individual metric results, as well as the raw data for each measure. The raw data enables some degree of cross-verification for ALECs who choose to use this tool.

BellSouth claims PMAP is by far the telecommunication industry's largest and most extensive OSS performance metrics system. Each month it processes over 65 million records comprising 18 gigabytes of data. According to BellSouth, the total size of PMAP is currently 2.5 terabytes or thereabouts, which would translate to approximately 1.25 billion pages of text documents.

PMAP is designed to capture data and produce reports directly from BellSouth's major legacy OSS systems, such as Service Order

Control System, Customer Record Information System, Line Maintenance Operation System, and Trunk Identification Record Keeping System. In addition to challenges related to its huge size, PMAP's complexity is magnified by the fact that it works to join together data from these disparate information systems that use differing operating platforms, data structures, and identifier codes.

According to BellSouth, long lead times are required for making any changes to the calculations currently embedded in the system due to the complex nature of PMAP. As a result, few changes have been made to the metrics BellSouth is required to capture for purposes of OSS testing.

Through the Interim Performance Metrics Work Group, ALECs have requested several additions and changes to the existing BellSouth metrics. According to BellSouth, full implementation of these changes would delay the testing effort by three to six months.

As a compromise to full implementation of the requested changes, KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during the testing. KPMG may use these 17 metrics to supplement the results from the BellSouth PMAP metrics. These additional metrics, listed in Appendix B of Attachment I, are:

- (1) Percent Service Loss from Early and Late Cuts
- (2) Percent of Hot Cuts Not Working When Initially Provisioned
- (3) Percent Completions or Attempt without Notice or with Less than 24 Hours Notice
- (4) Percent Order Accuracy
- (5) Percent of Orders Canceled or Supplemented at the Request of BellSouth
- (6) Percent and Timeliness of EDI and TAG LSR Acknowledgments
- (7) Provisioning Troubles Prior to Loop Acceptance
- (8) Percent Orders Canceled After Missed Due Date
- (9) Percent Found OK/Test OK/CPE
- (10) ALEC Center Call Abandonment Rate
- (11) Average Notification of Interface/OSS Outage
- (12) Percent of Change Management Notices and Documentation Sent on Time
- (13) Percent of Software Certification Failures and Software Problem Resolution
- (14) Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X days
- (15) Loop Make-up Information Timeliness
- (16) Provisioning Trouble Reports Prior to Service Order Completion
- (17) Coordinated Customer Conversions as a Percentage On-Time

DOCKET NOS. 981834-TP, 960786-TL  
DATE: January 6, 2000

KPMG will determine the appropriateness of ALEC-proposed disaggregation dimensions by examining raw data from test transactions and making appropriate measurements associated with its own transactions. In addition, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of transactions to address concerns raised by ALECs. These studies will determine whether changes to existing BellSouth metric calculations and levels of disaggregation are necessary.

Staff notes that the interim performance metrics used during testing can serve as the starting point for developing permanent metrics once testing proves whether the metrics are accurate and adequate.

Based on the foregoing, staff recommends that the Commission approve the interim performance metrics developed by KPMG, as set forth in Attachment I.

**ISSUE 2:** Should these dockets be closed?

**RECOMMENDATION:** No. Whether or not the Commission approves staff's recommendation in Issue 1, these Dockets should remain open to address the issues raised in FCCA's Petition for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory and BellSouth's compliance with Section 271. If the Commission approves staff's recommendation in Issue 1, the Commission's decision on this issue will become final upon issuance of a consummating order if no persons whose substantial interests are affected files a timely protest. (VACCARO)

**STAFF ANALYSIS:** Whether or not the Commission approves staff's recommendations in Issue 1, these Dockets should remain open to address the issues raised in FCCA's Petition for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory and BellSouth's compliance with Section 271.

The State of Florida  
Public Service Commission

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.  
OSS Evaluation Project  
Interim Performance Metrics

Submitted by:  
**KPMG**

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January 5, 2000

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

CATEGORY	FUNCTION	PAGE #
Pre-Ordering - OSS	1. Average OSS Response Time and Response Interval	2
	2. OSS Interface Availability	4
Ordering	1. Percent Flow-through Service Requests (Summary)	5
	2. Percent Flow-through Service Requests (Detail)	7
	3. Flow-through Error Analysis	9
	4. Percent Rejected Service Requests	13
	5. Reject Interval	14
	6. Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness	16
	7. Speed of Answer in Ordering Center	18
Provisioning	1. Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals	19
	2. Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices	21
	3. Percent Missed Installation Appointments	23
	4. Average Completion Interval & Order Completion Interval Distribution	25
	5. Average Completion Notice Interval	27
	6. Coordinated Customer Conversions	29
	7. Percent Provisioning Troubles w/i 30 days	30
	8. Total Service Order Cycle Time	32
Maintenance & Repair	1. Missed Repair Appointments	34
	2. Customer Trouble Report Rate	36
	3. Maintenance Average Duration	38
	4. Percent Repeat Troubles w/i 30 days)	40
	5. Out of Service > 24 Hours	42
	6. OSS Interface Availability	44
	7. OSS Response Interval and Percentages	45
	8. Average Answer Time - Repair Centers	46
Billing	1. Invoice Accuracy	47
	2. Mean Time to Deliver Invoices	48
	3. Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	49
	4. Usage Data Delivery Completeness	50
	5. Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	51
	6. Mean Time to Deliver Usage	52
Operator Services (Toll) and Directory Assistance	1. Average Speed to Answer (Toll)	53
	2. Percent Answered within "X" Seconds (Toll)	54
	3. Average Speed to Answer (DA)	55
	4. Percent Answered within "X" Seconds (DA)	56
E911	1. Timeliness	57
	2. Accuracy	58
	3. Mean Interval	59
Trunk Group Performance	1. Trunk Group Service Report	60
	2. Trunk Group Service Detail	61
Collocation	1. Average Response Time	62
	2. Average Arrangement Time	63
	3. % of Due Dates Missed	64
Appendix A	Reporting Scope	65
Appendix B	Recommended Additional Metrics	67
Appendix C	Glossary of Acronyms and Terms	68

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**PRE-ORDERING - OSS**

<b>Report/Measurement :</b>	
Average OSS Response Time and Response Interval	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone Numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy requests for that day X 100. The response interval starts when the client application (LENS or TAG for CLECs and RNS for BST) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of legacy accesses during the reporting period, which take less than 2.3 seconds and the number, which take more than 6 seconds are also captured. Functions will be divided into: CSR, due date availability, address validation, service availability, and TN reservation.	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Average Response Time – Customer Service Record</li> <li>• Average Response Time – Due Date Availability</li> <li>• Average Response Time – Address Validation</li> <li>• Average Response Time – Product &amp; Service Availability</li> <li>• Average Response Time – Telephone Number Availability and Reservation</li> </ul>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$\Sigma[(\text{Date \& Time of Legacy Response}) - (\text{Date \& Time of Request to Legacy})] / (\text{Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period}) \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not CLEC Specific</li> <li>• Not product/service specific</li> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Response Interval</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Response Interval</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>	
Standard: parity with Retail.	

Note: KPMG during Phase II will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of pre-ordering transactions (from initial receipt of the transaction by BST to transmission of the response to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of response time used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR RNS**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	X	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	X	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	X	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISBSN	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x

**LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR LENS**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	X	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	X	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	x	X	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	x	X	x
COFFI	COFFI/USOC	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	x	X	x

**LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR TAG**

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	X	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	X	x
ATLAS	ATLASTN	TN	x	x	X	x
DSAP	DSAPDDI	Schedule	x	x	X	x
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	x	X	x
CRIS	CRSEINIT	CSR	x	x	X	x
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	x	x	X	x

**PRE-ORDERING - OSS**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
OSS Interface Availability	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Percent of time OSS interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentages for CLEC interface systems and for all Legacy systems accessed by them are captured	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
This measurement captures the availability percentages for the BST systems, which are used by CLECs during Pre-Ordering functions. Comparison to BST results allow conclusions as to whether an equal opportunity exists for the CLEC to deliver a comparable customer experience.	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$(\text{Functional Availability}) / (\text{Scheduled Availability}) \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not CLEC Specific</li> <li>• Not product/service specific</li> <li>• Regional Level</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Legacy contract type (per reporting dimension)</li> <li>• Regional Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Benchmark: 99.5%	

**OSS Interface Availability**

OSS Interface	% Availability
LENS	x
LEO Mainframe	x
LEO UNIX	x
LESOG	x
EDI	x
HAL	x
BOCRIS	x
ATLAS/COFFI	x
RSAG/DSAP	x
SOCS	x
TAG	x

## ORDERING

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary)
<b>Definition:</b>
The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to SOCS without manual intervention
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fatal Rejects</li><li>• Auto Clarification</li><li>• Manual Fallout</li><li>• CLEC System Fallout</li><li>• Supplements (subsequent versions) to cancel LSRs that are not LESOG eligible (Under development)</li></ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
<p>The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and three types of service; Resale, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), and specials. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout.</p>
<b>Definitions:</b>
<p><b>Fatal Rejects:</b> Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.</p>
<p><b>Auto-Clarification:</b> errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.</p>
<p><b>Manual Fallout:</b> errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout.</p>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Complex services*</li><li>2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)</li><li>3. Special pricing plans</li><li>4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders</li><li>5. Partial migrations</li><li>6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service</li><li>7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS</li><li>8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)</li><li>9. Pending order review required</li><li>10. More than 25 business lines</li><li>11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos</li><li>12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users</li><li>13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS</li></ol>
<p>* Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.</p>
<p><b>Total System Fallout:</b> Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.</p>

**ORDERING – (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Summary) – Continued)**

<p><b>Calculation:</b></p> <p>Percent Flow Through Service Requests = <math>\Sigma[(\text{Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to SOCS}) / (\text{Total number of valid service requests delivered to SOCS}) \times 100]</math></p> <p><b>Description:</b></p> <p>Percent Flow Through = <math>(\text{The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to SOCS}) / (\text{the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG}) - \Sigma[(\text{the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing}) + (\text{the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification}) + (\text{the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs})] \times 100.</math></p>	
<p><b>Report Structure:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<p><b>Level of Disaggregation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Geography             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Product (Under Development)             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Residence</li> <li>➢ Business</li> <li>➢ UNE</li> <li>➢ Special</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<p><b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ TAG</li> <li>➢ EDI</li> <li>➢ LENS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total number of errors by type, by CLEC:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Fatal rejects</li> <li>➢ Total fallout for manual processing</li> <li>➢ Auto clarification</li> <li>➢ CLEC caused system fallout</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total number of errors by error code</li> </ul>	<p><b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of errors by type:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BST system error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b></p> <p>Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

## ORDERING

### **Report/Measurement:**

Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail)

### **Definition:**

A detailed list by CLEC of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to SOCS without manual or human intervention.

### **Exclusions:**

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout
- Supplements (subsequent versions) to cancel LSRs that are not LESOG eligible(Under development)

### **Business Rules:**

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and three types of service; Resale, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE) and specials. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout.

#### **Definitions:**

**Fatal Rejects:** Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

**Auto-Clarification:** errors that occur due to invalid data within the LSR. LESOG will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

**Manual Fallout:** errors that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the categories for Manual Fallout:

1. Complex services\*
2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)
3. Special pricing plans
4. Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders
5. Partial migrations
6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service
7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS
8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
9. Pending order review required
10. More than 25 business lines
11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos
12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users
13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS

\*Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

**Total System Fallout:** Errors that require manual review by the LCSC to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC as clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error.

**ORDERING – (Percent Flow Through Service Requests (Detail) – Continued)**

<b>Calculation:</b>	
Percent Flow Through Service Requests = (Total number of valid service requests that flow-through to SOCS) / (Total number of valid service requests delivered to SOCS) X 100	
<b>Description:</b>	
Percent Flow Through = The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG to SOCS / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO to LESOG) – Σ[(the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing + the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification + the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mechanized ordering process. The report provides the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ CLEC (by alias designation)</li> <li>➢ Number of fatal rejects</li> <li>➢ Mechanized interface used</li> <li>➢ Total mechanized LSRs</li> <li>➢ Total manual fallout</li> <li>➢ Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC</li> <li>➢ Number of validated LSRs</li> <li>➢ Number of BST caused fallout</li> <li>➢ Number of CLEC caused fallout</li> <li>➢ Number of Service Orders Issued</li> <li>➢ Base calculation</li> <li>➢ CLEC error excluded calculation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific (by alias designation to protect CLEC specific proprietary data)</li> <li>• Geographic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Product (Under development) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Residence</li> <li>➢ Business</li> <li>➢ UNE</li> <li>➢ Special</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ TAG</li> <li>➢ EDI</li> <li>➢ LENS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total number of errors by type, by CLEC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Fatal rejects</li> <li>➢ Total fallout for manual processing</li> <li>➢ Auto clarification</li> <li>➢ CLEC errors</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total number of errors by error code</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of errors by type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BST system error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**ORDERING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Flow Through Error Analysis	
<b>Definition:</b>	
An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was experienced by the LSRs that did not flow through to SOCS.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
Each Error Analysis is error code specific; therefore exclusions are not applicable.	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), and flow through to provisioning SOCS without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and two types of service; Resale and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). This measurement captures the total number of errors by type. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier).	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Σ Of errors by type	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provides an analysis of each error type (by error code). The report is in descending order by count of each error code and provides the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Error Type (by error code)</li> <li>➢ Count of each error type</li> <li>➢ Percent of each error type</li> <li>➢ Cumulative percent</li> <li>➢ Error Description</li> <li>➢ CLEC Caused Count of each error code</li> <li>➢ Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count</li> <li>➢ Percent of CLEC by CLEC caused count</li> <li>➢ BST Caused Count of each error code</li> <li>➢ Percent of aggregate by BST caused count</li> <li>➢ Percent of BST by BST caused count</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
Region	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs received</li> <li>• Total number of errors by type ( by error code) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ CLEC caused error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total number of errors by type (by error code) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BST system error</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Not Applicable	

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**Attachment**  
**BellSouth Flow-through Analysis**  
**For CLECs LSRs placed via EDI or TAG**

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
1	Flat Rate/Residence	Yes	No	No	no	
2	Flat Rate/Business	Yes	No	No	no	
3	Pay Phone Provider	No	No	No	no	
4	Measured Rate/Res.	Yes	No	No	no	
5	Measured Rate/Bus.	Yes	No	No	no	
6	Area Plus	Yes	No	No	no	
7	Package/Complete Choice and area plus	Yes	No	No	no	
8	Optional Calling Plan	Yes	No	No	no	
9	Ga. Community Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
10	Call Waiting Deluxe	Yes	No	No	no	
11	Call Waiting	Yes	No	No	no	
12	Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	
13	Speed Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
14	3 Way Calling	Yes	No	No	no	
15	Call Forwarding-Variable	Yes	No	No	no	
16	Remote Access to CF	Yes	No	No	no	
17	Enhanced Caller ID	Yes	No	No	no	
18	Memory Call	Yes	No	No	no	
19	Memory Call Ans. Svc.	Yes	No	No	no	
20	MTS	Yes	No	No	no	
21	RCF	Yes	No	No	no	
22	Ringmaster	Yes	No	No	no	
23	Call Tracing	Yes	No	No	no	
24	Call Block	Yes	No	No	no	
25	Repeat Dialing	Yes	No	No	no	
26	Call Selector	Yes	No	No	no	
27	Call Return	Yes	No	No	no	
28	Preferred Call Forward	Yes	No	No	no	
29	Touch-tone	Yes	No	No	no	
30	Visual Director	Yes	No	No	no	
31	INP (all types?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
32	Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	Yes	UNE	No	Yes-designed, no-non-designed	
33	2 wire analog port	Yes	UNE	No	no	
34	Local Number Portability (always?)	Yes	UNE	No	no	
35	Accupulse	No	Yes	Yes	yes	See note at bottom of matrix.
36	Basic Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
37	DID	No*	Yes	Yes	Yes	* yes with OSS'99
38	Frame Relay	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
39	Megalink	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
40	Megalink-T1	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
41	Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
42	Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
43	Synchronet	No	Yes	Yes	yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
44	PBX Trunks	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
45	LightGate	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
46	Smartpath	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
47	Hunting	No	Yes	no	no	LSR electronically submitted; no flow through
48	CENTREX	No	Yes	Yes	no	
49	FLEXSERV	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
50	Multiserv	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
51	Off-Prem Stations	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
52	SmartRING	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
53	FX	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
54	Tie Lines	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
55	WATS	No	Yes	Yes	yes	
56	4 wire analog voice grade loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes-designed, no-non-designed	
57	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
58	2 wire ISDN digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
59	4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
60	ADSL	No*	UNE	Yes	yes	* yes as of OSS'99?
61	HDSL	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
62	2 wire analog DID trunk port	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	
63	2 wire ISDN digital line side port	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
64	4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	No	UNE	Yes	yes	
65	UNE Combinations	y-loop+port	UNE	Yes	yes	
66	Directory Listings (simple)	No*	UNE	Yes	no	* yes as of OSS'99

**BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics**

	BellSouth Service Offered to CLEC via resale or UNE	Flow-through if no BST or CLEC Errors (Yes/No)	Complex Service (Yes/No)	Complex Order (Yes/No)	Design Service (Yes/No)	Can ordering this service cause fall out for a reason other than errors or complex? If so, what reason?
67	Directory Listings (complex)	No*	UNE	yes	no	* yes as of OSS'99, captions and indention
68	ESSX	No	Yes	Yes	no	

Note for last column: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following reasons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual handling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, for denials – restore and conversion or disconnect and conversion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through), class of service invalid in certain states with some TOS – e.g. gov't, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume – e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, restore or suspend for UNE combos, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user – fixed with release 6.0, new TN not yet posted to BOCRIS. All but the last one is unique to the CLEC environment.

**ORDERING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Percent Rejected Service Requests	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
<p><b>Fully Mechanized:</b> An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LEO, LESOG) and is returned to the CLEC. There are two types of "Rejects" in the Mechanized category:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered an LSR. Fatal Rejects are included in the calculation for regional reports only.</li> <li>• An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR, which is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.</li> </ul> <p><b>Partially Mechanized:</b> A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification" and (rejected) sent back to the CLEC.</p> <p><b>Total Mechanized:</b> Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs.</p> <p><b>Non Mechanized:</b> An LSR which is faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and is "clarified" (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BST service representative.</p> <p><b>LNP:</b> Under Development</p>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Percent Rejected Service Requests = (Total Number of Rejected Service Requests) / (Total Number of Service Requests Received) X 100 during the month.	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized</li> <li>• State and Region</li> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Residence</li> <li>• Resale Business</li> <li>• Resale Specials</li> <li>• UNE</li> <li>• UNE Loop with NP</li> <li>• Other</li> <li>• Trunks</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total number of Rejects</li> <li>• Total Number of Errors</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total number of Errors</li> <li>• Adjusted Error Volume</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
This test is diagnostic and does not require a benchmark	

: 09/13/99 (lg)

**ORDERING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Reject Interval	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LEO edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Fully Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in ED or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp of reject in LEO). Fatal Rejects and Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.</li> <li>• <b>Partially Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp in EDI or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC via LEO.</li> <li>• <b>Total Mechanized:</b> Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs.</li> <li>• <b>Non-Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp from FAX stamp) until notice of the reject is returned to the CLEC via LON.</li> <li>• <b>LNP:</b> Under development.</li> </ul>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Reject Interval = $\Sigma[(\text{Date and Time of Service Request Rejection}) - (\text{Date and Time of Service Request Receipt})] / (\text{Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period})$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized, Trunks</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➢ Resale – Residence</li> <li>➢ Resale – Business</li> <li>➢ Resale – Design</li> <li>➢ UNE Design</li> <li>➢ UNE Non- Design</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop with and w/o NP</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Mechanized: 0-4 minutes, 4-8 minutes, 8-12 minutes, 12-60 minutes, 0-1 hour 1-8 hours, 8-24 hours, &gt;24 hours.</li> <li>• Non-mechanized: 0-1 hour, 1-4 hours, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours &gt;24 hours</li> <li>• Average Interval in Days</li> <li>• Trunks:</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Reject Interval</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total number of Errors</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Reject Interval</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs</li> <li>• Total number of Errors</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics**

**Note:** During Phase II, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order rejections (from initial receipt of the order by BST to transmission of the rejection to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of interval used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

**ORDERING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness
<b>Definition:</b>
Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rejected LSRs</li> <li>• Partially Mechanized or Non-Mechanized LSRs received and/or FOCd outside of normal business hours.</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in LENS, EDI, TAG) until the LSR is processed and appropriate service orders are generated in SOCS.</li> <li>• <b>Partially Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR which falls out for manual handling by the LCSC personnel until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS.</li> <li>• <b>Total Mechanized:</b> Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs</li> <li>• <b>Non-Mechanized:</b> The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (fax receive date and time stamp) until appropriate service orders are issued by BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS.</li> <li>• <b>LNP:</b> Under development.</li> </ul>
<b>Calculation:</b>
Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness = $\Sigma[(\text{Date and Time of Firm Order Confirmation}) - (\text{Date and Time of Service Request Receipt})] / (\text{Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period})$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized</li> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➤ Resale – Residence</li> <li>➤ Resale – Business</li> <li>➤ Resale – Design</li> <li>➤ UNE Design</li> <li>➤ UNE Non- Design</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop with and w/o NP</li> <li>➤ Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Mechanized: 0-15 minutes, 15-30 minutes, 30-45 minutes, 45-60 minutes, 60-90 minutes, 90-120 minutes, 120-240 minutes, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours, 24-48 hours, &gt; 48 hours.</li> <li>• Non-mechanized: 0-4 hours, 4-8 hours, 8-12 hours, 12-16 hours, 16-20 hours, 20-24 hours, 24-48 hours, &gt; 48 hours.</li> <li>• Trunks: 0-5 days, 6-8 days, 9-11 days, 12-14 days, 15-17 days, 18-20 days, &gt;20 days</li> <li>• &lt; 10 and &gt; 10 Circuits / Lines</li> <li>• Average Interval in Days</li> </ul>

**ORDERING - (Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness – Continued)**

<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• Total number of LSRs</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• Total Number of LSRs</li> <li>• State and Region</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

Note: During Phase II, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order confirmations (from initial receipt of the order by BST to transmission of the confirmation to the CLEC) in order to assess whether the definition of timeliness used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

**ORDERING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Speed of Answer in Ordering Center	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Measures the average time a customer is in queue.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The clock starts when the appropriate option is selected (i.e. 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP, etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BST service representative in the LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CLEC call into the BellSouth automatic call distributor (ACD) until the a service representative in BSTs Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) answers the CLEC call.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$(\text{Total time in seconds to reach the LCSC}) / (\text{Total Number of Calls})$ in the Reporting Period.	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data</li> <li>• Under development)</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate (Combination of Residence Service Center and Business Service Center data under development)</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized tracking through LCSC Automatic Call Distributor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanized tracking through BST Retail center support systems</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Parity with retail aggregate for BST Business Offices	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals
<b>Definition:</b>
When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
<p><b>Mean Held Order Interval:</b> This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the committed due date and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval.</p> <p>CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.</p> <p><b>Held Order Distribution Interval:</b> This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of &gt;15 days and &gt; 90 days. (orders counted in &gt;90 days are also included in &gt;15 days).</p>
<b>Calculation:</b>
<p><b>Mean Held Order Interval:</b>  <math display="block">\frac{\Sigma (\text{Reporting Period Close Date} - \text{Committed Order Due Date})}{(\text{Number of Orders Pending and Past The Committed Due Date})}</math> for all orders pending and past the committed due date.</p> <p><b>Held Order Distribution Interval:</b>  <math display="block">\frac{(\# \text{ of Orders Held for } \geq 90 \text{ days})}{(\text{Total } \# \text{ of Orders Pending But Not Completed})} \times 100</math> <math display="block">\frac{(\# \text{ of Orders Held for } \geq 15 \text{ days})}{(\text{Total } \# \text{ of Orders Pending But Not Completed})} \times 100</math></p>
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➢ POTS – Business</li> <li>➢ DESIGN</li> <li>➢ PBX</li> <li>➢ CENTREX</li> <li>➢ ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➢ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**PROVISIONING – (Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals – Continued)**

<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>• Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type(CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Hold Reason</li> <li>• Total line/circuit count (under development)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BST Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Hold Reason</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
<p>Resale and UNE-Platform: Parity with Retail            UNE: Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice
<b>Definition:</b>
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement</li> <li>• Orders held for CLEC end user reasons</li> <li>• Orders submitted to BST through non-mechanized methods</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.
<b>Calculation:</b>
<p><b>Average Jeopardy Interval</b> = <math>\Sigma [(Date\ and\ Time\ of\ Scheduled\ Due\ Date\ on\ Service\ Order) - (Date\ and\ Time\ of\ Jeopardy\ Notice)] / (Number\ of\ Orders\ Notified\ of\ Jeopardy\ in\ Reporting\ Period)</math>.</p> <p><b>Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice</b> = <math>\Sigma [(Number\ of\ Orders\ Given\ Jeopardy\ Notices\ in\ Reporting\ Period) / (Number\ of\ Orders\ Confirmed\ (due)\ in\ Reporting\ Period)]</math></p>
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific and CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate (under development with estimated release date of 8/15/99 for June reporting)</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➤ POTS – Business</li> <li>➤ DESIGN</li> <li>➤ PBX</li> <li>➤ CENTREX</li> <li>➤ ISDN</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➤ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➤ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➤ Geographic Scope</li> <li>➤ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**PROVISIONING –**  
**(Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice – Continued)**

<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>• Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Percent Missed Installation Appointments
<b>Definition:</b>
“Percent missed installation appointments” monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Canceled Service Orders</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)</li> <li>• Disconnect (D) &amp; From (F) orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
Percent Missed Installation Appointments is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately. A business day is any time period within the same date frame, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.
<b>Calculation:</b>
Percent Missed Installation Appointments = $\Sigma$ (Number of Orders Not Complete by Committed Due Date in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul> <p><b>Report explanation:</b> The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BST caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total % of orders missed either by BST or CLEC end user and End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the end user</p>

**PROVISIONING – (Percent Missed Installation Appointments – Continued)**

<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reported in categories of &lt;10 line/circuits; &gt; 10 line/circuits</li> <li>• Dispatch / No Dispatch</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➢ POTS – Business</li> <li>➢ DESIGN</li> <li>➢ PBX</li> <li>➢ CENTREX</li> <li>➢ ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➢ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➢ Geographic Scope</li> <li>➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BST Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date</li> <li>• Completion Date</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
<p>Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement :</b>
Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution
<b>Definition:</b>
The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BST to provide service for the CLEC or its' own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentage of orders completed within certain time periods.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Canceled Service Orders</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)</li> <li>• D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).</li> <li>• "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when the order is electronically entered into SOCS after the FOC on a CLEC order, or the date time stamp receipt into SOCS by BST on retail orders to the order completion date. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed
<b>Calculation:</b>
<b>Average Completion Interval:</b> $\frac{\sum [ (\text{Completion Date \& Time}) - (\text{Order Issue Date \& Time}) ]}{\sum (\text{Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period})}$
<b>Order Completion Interval Distribution:</b> $\frac{\sum (\text{Service Orders Completed in "X" days})}{(\text{Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period})} \times 100$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>

**PROVISIONING –**  
**(Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution – Continued)**

<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.</li> <li>• Residence &amp; Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4, 5, 5+</li> <li>• UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, 30+</li> <li>• All Levels are reported &lt;10 line/circuits; &gt;10 line/circuits</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➢ POTS – Business</li> <li>➢ DESIGN</li> <li>➢ PBX</li> <li>➢ CENTREX</li> <li>➢ ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➢ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➢ Geographic Scope</li> <li>➢ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Order Number (PON)</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Order Completion Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>	
<p>Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Average Completion Notice Interval
<b>Definition:</b>
The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-mechanized Orders</li> <li>• Cancelled Service Orders</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services</li> <li>• D &amp; F orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
Measurement of interval of completion date and time by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BST of the completion status. On all orders (mechanized and non-mechanized) the field technician notifies the CLEC by telephone the work was complete and then he enters the work order completion information and completion time in his computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order submitted and as the notice is sent electronically, it can only be switched to those orders that were submitted by the CLEC electronically.
<b>Calculation:</b>
$\frac{\Sigma (\text{Date and Time of Notice of Completion}) - (\text{Date and Time of Work Completion})}{(\text{Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period})}$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate (in development-expected release date 08/15/99 reporting)</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reporting intervals in Hours: 0-1, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, &gt; 24, plus Overall Average Hour Interval</li> <li>• Reported in categories of &lt;10 line/circuits; &gt; 10 line/circuits</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➤ POTS – Business</li> <li>➤ DESIGN</li> <li>➤ PBX</li> <li>➤ CENTREX</li> <li>➤ ISDN</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➤ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➤ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➤ Geographic Scope</li> <li>➤ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**PROVISIONING – (Average Completion Notice Interval – Continued)**

<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Work Completion Date</li> <li>• Work Completion Time</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Activity Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Service Order Number</li> <li>• Work Completion Date</li> <li>• Work Completion Time</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Date</li> <li>• Completion Notice Availability Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Activity Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>
<p><b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b></p>	
<p>Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Coordinated Customer Conversions	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This category measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with and without NP, and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cutover.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.</li> <li>• Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop</li> <li>• Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Where the service order includes NP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per item interval for each service order.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$\frac{\sum [(Completion\ Date\ and\ Time\ for\ Cross\ Connection\ of\ an\ Unbundled\ Loop) - (Disconnection\ Date\ and\ Time\ of\ an\ Unbundled\ Loop)]}{Total\ Number\ of\ Unbundled\ Loop\ Items\ for\ the\ reporting\ period.}$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reported in intervals &lt;=5 minutes; &gt;5,&lt;15 minutes; &gt;15 minutes, plus Overall Average interval</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; UNE Loops without NP</li> <li>&gt; UNE Loops with NP</li> <li>&gt; Geographic Scope</li> <li>&gt; State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Cutover Start Time</li> <li>• Cutover Completion time</li> <li>• Portability start and completion times (NP orders)</li> <li>• Total Items</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No BST Analog Exists</li> </ul>
<b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
95% within 15 minutes.	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity
<b>Definition:</b>
Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation measures the quality and accuracy of installation activities.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Canceled Service Orders</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (R Orders, Test Orders, etc.)</li> <li>• D &amp; F orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
<p>Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion for a trouble report.</p> <p>D &amp; F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.</p>
<b>Calculation:</b>
$\% \text{ Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity} = \frac{\Sigma (\text{Trouble reports on all completed orders} \leq 30 \text{ days following service order(s) completion})}{(\text{All Service Orders completed in the calendar month}) \times 100}$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reported in categories of &lt;10 line/circuits; &gt; 10 line/circuits</li> <li>• Dispatch / No Dispatch</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➤ POTS – Business</li> <li>➤ DESIGN</li> <li>➤ PBX</li> <li>➤ CENTREX</li> <li>➤ ISDN</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➤ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➤ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➤ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➤ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➤ Geographic Scope</li> <li>➤ State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

**PROVISIONING – (% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity – Continued)**

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number and PON</li> <li>• Order Submission Date(TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BST Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date</li> <li>• Order Submission Time</li> <li>• Status Type</li> <li>• Status Notice Date</li> <li>• Standard Order Activity</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<p><b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b></p>	
<p>Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.</p>	

**PROVISIONING**

<b>Report/Measurement :</b>
Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)
<b>Definition:</b>
This is a new measurement under development to measure the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the service order.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Canceled Service Orders</li> <li>• Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.)</li> <li>• D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).</li> <li>• "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)</li> <li>• Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes.</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval. This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed
<b>Calculation :</b>
Total Service Order Cycle Time (under development)
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ISDN Orders included in Non Design - GA Only</li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.</li> <li>• Intervals under development</li> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>➢ POTS – Residence</li> <li>➢ POTS – Business</li> <li>➢ DESIGN</li> <li>➢ PBX</li> <li>➢ CENTREX</li> <li>➢ ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other with NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other without NP (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non-Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Transport (Under development)</li> <li>➢ Combos (Under development)</li> <li>➢ NP (Under development as separate category)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**PROVISIONING – (Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT) – Continued)**

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Interval for FOC</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Order Number (PON)</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Order Number</li> <li>• Order Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Order Completion Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Geographic Scope -</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Missed Repair Appointments	
<b>Definition:</b>	
The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.</li> <li>• BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.</li> <li>• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
<p>The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BST personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BST reasons. Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.</p>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$\text{Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments} = \frac{\Sigma (\text{Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time})}{\Sigma (\text{Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period})} \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<p><b>ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design – GA ONLY</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS – Residence, Business</li> <li>➢ Design</li> <li>➢ PBX, CENTREX and ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels</li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time ( TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BST Company Code</li> <li>• Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Completion Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Missed Repair Appointments – Continued)**

<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
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Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.
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**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Customer Trouble Report Rate	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.</li> <li>• BST trouble reports associated with administrative service.</li> <li>• Customer provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC equipment troubles.</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination of existing for the CLEC's and BST respectively at the end of the report month.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports in the Current Period) / (Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<p><b>ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS Residence and Business</li> <li>➢ Design</li> <li>➢ PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching , Local Transport, and Combos (under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels</li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• BST Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non-Design / Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• # Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Customer Trouble Report Rate – Continued)**

**Retail Analog/Benchmark:**

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Maintenance Average Duration
<b>Definition:</b>
The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trouble reports canceled at the CLEC request</li> <li>• BST trouble reports associated with administrative service</li> <li>• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.</li> <li>• Trouble reports greater than 10 days</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work system).
<b>Calculation:</b>
Maintenance Average Duration = $\Sigma(\text{Date and Time of Service Restoration}) - (\text{Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened}) / \Sigma(\text{Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period})$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<p><b>ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS– Residence and Business</li> <li>➢ Design</li> <li>➢ PBX, CENTREX, and ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other (Design Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels</li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area – MSA)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Maintenance Average Duration – Continued)**

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TIME_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BST Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket submission Time</li> <li>• Ticket completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Total Duration Time</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non – Design / Non-Special Only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days	
<b>Definition:</b>	
Trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles reported.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request</li> <li>• BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service</li> <li>• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Percent repeat troubles within 30 days = (Count of Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days) / ( Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<p><b>ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS Residence and Business</li> <li>➢ Design</li> <li>➢ PBX, CENTREX and ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels</li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days (TOT_REPEAT)</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE_DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BST Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days</li> <li>• Service Type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/ Non-Special only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>
<b>NOTE:</b> Code parentheses is the corresponding header format found in the raw data file.	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR – (Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days - Continued)**

**Retail Analog/Benchmark:**

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

**MANTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours	
<b>Definition:</b>	
For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service).	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request</li> <li>• BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service</li> <li>• Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles.</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS and the trouble is counted if the time exceeds 24 hours.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = ( Total Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<p><b>ISDN Troubles included in Non Design – GA Only</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product Reporting Levels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ POTS Residence and Business</li> <li>➢ Design</li> <li>➢ PBX and CENTREX and ISDN</li> <li>➢ UNE 2 Wire Loop (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Loop Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ UNE Other (Design and Non – Design)</li> <li>➢ Switching, Local Transport and Combos (under development)</li> <li>➢ Local Interconnection Trunks</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels</li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• CLEC Company Name</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)</li> <li>• Percentage of Customer Troubles out of Service &gt; 24 Hours (OOS&gt;24_FLAG)</li> <li>• Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &amp; CAUSE-DESC)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Total Tickets</li> <li>• BST Company Code</li> <li>• Ticket Submission Date</li> <li>• Ticket Submission time</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Date</li> <li>• Ticket Completion Time</li> <li>• Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service &gt; 24 Hours</li> <li>• Service type</li> <li>• Disposition and Cause (Non – Design/ Non-Special only)</li> <li>• Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)</li> <li>• Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

**MANTENANCE & REPAIR – (Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours – Continued)**

**Retail Analog/Benchmark:**

Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
OSS Interface Availability	
<b>Definition:</b>	
The percentage of time the OSS Interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentage for the CLEC and BST interface systems and for the legacy systems accessed by them are captured.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
This measure is designed to compare the OSS availability versus scheduled availability of BST's legacy systems.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
OSS Interface Availability = (Actual System Functional Availability) / (Actual planned System Availability) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> <li>• BST/CLEC</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Availability of CLEC TAFI</li> <li>• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH and SOCS</li> <li>• CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP, and OSPCM (under development at this time)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Availability of BST TAFI</li> <li>• Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH and SOCS</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
For all interfaces besides ECTA, parity with retail. For ECTA, 99.5%.	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
OSS Response Interval and Percentages	
<b>Definition:</b>	
The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BST side of the interface until the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
Queries received during scheduled system maintenance time.	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BST interface system to obtain from BST's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
OSS Response Interval = (Query Response Date and Time for Category "X") - (Query Request Date and Time for Category "X") / (Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period) where, "X" is 0-4, ≥ 4 to 10, ≥ 10, ≥ 30 seconds.	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC</li> <li>• BST Residence</li> <li>• BST Business (BST Total is under development at this time) by interface for each legacy</li> <li>• system and function as appropriate.</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Transaction Intervals</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BST Business and Residence transaction Intervals</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Parity with retail.	

**MAINTENANCE & REPAIR**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Average Answer Time – Repair Centers	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measure demonstrates an average response time for the CLEC representative to contact a BST representative. The average time a CLEC Rep is in queue waiting for the LCSC or UNE Center Rep to answer.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
This measure is designed to measure the time required for CLEC & BST from the time of the ACD choice to the time of being answered. The clock starts when the CLEC Rep makes a choice to be put in queue for the next repair attendant and the clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call.	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST Repair Centers are regional.</li> </ul>	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) – (Time of entry into queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of calls by reporting period)	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Average Answer Time</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BST Average Answer Time</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Invoice Accuracy	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measure provides the percentage of accuracy of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., credits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy the customer)</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to retail customers BST. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification process includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill period. The bill verification process draws from a mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An end-to-end auditing process is performed for new products and services. Internal measurements and controls are maintained on all billing processes.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$\text{Invoice Accuracy} = \frac{(\text{Total Billed Revenues during current month}) - (\text{Billing Related Adjustments during current month})}{\text{Total Billed Revenues during current month}} \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation :</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product / Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Resale</li> <li>➢ UNE</li> <li>➢ Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Invoice Type</li> <li>• Total Billed Revenue</li> <li>• Billing Related Adjustments</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Retail Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ CRIS</li> <li>➢ CABS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Total Billed Revenue</li> <li>• Billing Related Adjustments</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>	
Parity with BST retail aggregate	

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Mean Time to Deliver Invoices	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measure provides the mean interval for billing invoices	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
$\text{Mean Time To Deliver Invoices} = \frac{\sum [(\text{Invoice Transmission Date}) - (\text{Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle})]}{(\text{Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period})}$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Product / Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Resale</li> <li>➢ UNE</li> <li>➢ Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Invoice Type</li> <li>• Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>• Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Retail Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ CRIS</li> <li>➢ CABS</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>• Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Parity with BST retail aggregate	

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC). These percentages will provide the necessary data for use as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to their retail customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process, they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.	
<b>Calculations:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy = $\Sigma [(Total\ number\ of\ usage\ data\ packs\ sent\ during\ current\ month) - (Total\ number\ of\ usage\ data\ packs\ requiring\ retransmission\ during\ current\ month)] / (Total\ number\ of\ usage\ data\ packs\ sent\ during\ current\ month) \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>&gt; Non BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measurement provides percentage of complete and accurately recorded usage data (usage recorded by BellSouth and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth delivers its own retail usage from recording location to billing location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to other companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = $\frac{\Sigma(\text{Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date})}{\Sigma(\text{Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month})} \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>➢ Non BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Monthly</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measurement provides a percentage of recorded usage data (usage recorded by BST and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for billing) that is delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the receipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data delivered to the appropriate CLEC. The usage data will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. The Timeliness interval of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date BST receives the records to the date BST distributes to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Usage Data Delivery Timeliness = $\frac{\Sigma (\text{Total number of usage records sent within six (6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt})}{\Sigma (\text{Total number of usage records sent})} \times 100$	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>&gt; Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Monthly</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**BILLING**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Mean Time to Deliver Usage	
<b>Definition:</b>	
This measurement provides the average time it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same report.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
None	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
The purpose of this measurement is to demonstrate the average number of days it takes BST to deliver Usage data to the appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Mean Time to Deliver Usage = $\Sigma$ (Record volume X estimated number of days to deliver the Usage Record) / total record volume	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>• CLEC Specific</li> <li>• BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Geographic Scope <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Region</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Month</li> <li>• Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BellSouth Recorded</li> <li>➢ Non-BellSouth Recorded</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report Monthly</li> <li>• Record Type</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
Under development by the Interim Performance Measure Work Group. Upon completion, KPMG and Commission Staff will recommend retail analogs and/or benchmarks for approval by the FPSC.	

**OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Toll
<b>Definition:</b>
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
<b>Calculation:</b>
The Average Speed to Answer for toll is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The “total call waiting seconds” is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The “total calls served” is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services toll centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)</b>
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Month</li> <li>• Call Type (Toll)</li> <li>• Average Speed of Answer</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds – Toll
<b>Definition:</b>
Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is thirty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
<b>Calculation:</b>
The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)</b>
For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Month</li> <li>• Call Type (Toll)</li> <li>• Average Speed of Answer</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer – Directory Assistance (DA)
<b>Definition:</b>
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answer by a DA operator.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within “X” seconds is determined.
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
<b>Calculation:</b>
The Average Speed to Answer for DA is calculated by using data from monthly system measurement reports taken from the centralized call routing switches. The “total call waiting seconds” is a sub-component of this measure which BST systems calculate by monitoring the number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The “total calls served” is the other sub-component of this measure, which BST systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services DA centers. Since calls abandoned are not reflected in the calculation, the percent answered within the required timeframe is determined by using conversion tables with input for the abandonment rate.
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)</b>
For the items below, BST’s Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Month</li> <li>• Call Type (DA)</li> <li>• Average Speed of Answer</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds – Directory Assistance (DA)
<b>Definition:</b>
Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than "X" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is twenty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The call waiting measurement scan starts when the customer enters the queue and ends when a BST representative answers the call. The average speed to answer is determined by measuring and accumulating the seconds of wait time from the entry of a customer into the BST call management system queue until the customer is transferred to a BST representative. No distinction is made between CLEC customers and BST customers.
<b>Calculation:</b>
The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)</b>
For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Month</li> <li>• Call Type (DA)</li> <li>• Average Speed of Answer</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**E911**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
E911/Timeliness
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the percentage of batch orders for E911 database updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully within a 24-hour period.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC</li> <li>• Facilities-based CLEC orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing batch orders extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). Processing stops when SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
<b>Calculation:</b>
$E911 \text{ Timeliness} = \Sigma (\text{Number of batch orders processed within 24 hours} \div \text{Total number of batch orders submitted}) \times 100$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> <li>• Region</li> </ul>
<b>Levels of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**E911**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
E911/Accuracy
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the individual E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successfully for E911 with no errors.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC</li> <li>• Facilities-based CLEC orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BST's Service Order Communication System (SOCS). No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
<b>Calculation:</b>
$E911 \text{ Accuracy} = \frac{\Sigma(\text{Number of record individual updates processed with no errors}}{\text{Total number of individual record updates}} \times 100$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> <li>• Region</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

**E911**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
E911/Mean Interval
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records).
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any resale order canceled by a CLEC</li> <li>• Facilities-based CLEC orders</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted in 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. No distinctions are made between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
<b>Calculation:</b>
$\text{E911 Mean Interval} = \frac{\sum (\text{Date and time of batch order completion} - \text{Date and time of batch order submission})}{\text{Number of batch orders completed}}$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State</li> <li>• Region</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
None
<b>Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark</b>
Parity by Design

**TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Trunk Group Service Report	
<b>Definition:</b>	
A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BST end offices or tandems.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available</li> <li>• High use trunk groups</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TND/TK), a Telcordia (BellCore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BST Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ CTTG</li> <li>➢ Local</li> </ul> </li> <li>• CLEC Aggregate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk</li> <li>➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk</li> </ul> </li> <li>• CLEC Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ BST Administered CLEC Trunk</li> <li>➢ CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
State	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Trunk Blockage	

**TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>	
Trunk Group Service Detail	
<b>Definition:</b>	
A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Presence and BST end offices or tandems, and the actual blocking performance when the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.	
<b>Exclusions:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available</li> <li>• High use trunk groups</li> </ul>	
<b>Business Rules:</b>	
Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Total Network Data System/Trunking (TNDS/TK), a Telcordia (Bellcore) supported application, on an hourly basis for Average Business Days (Monday through Friday). The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for a 20 day period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlight those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.	
<b>Calculation:</b>	
Measured Blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100	
<b>Report Structure:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BST Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Traffic Identity</li> <li>➢ TGSN</li> <li>➢ Tandem</li> <li>➢ End Office</li> <li>➢ Description</li> <li>➢ Observed Blocking</li> <li>➢ Busy Hour</li> <li>➢ Number Trunks</li> <li>➢ Valid study days</li> <li>➢ Number reports</li> <li>➢ Remarks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLEC Specific <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Traffic Identity</li> <li>➢ TGSN</li> <li>➢ Tandem</li> <li>➢ CLEC POT</li> <li>➢ Description</li> <li>➢ Observed Blocking</li> <li>➢ Busy Hour</li> <li>➢ Number Trunks</li> <li>➢ Valid study days</li> <li>➢ Number reports</li> <li>➢ Remarks</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>	
State	
<b>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience</b>	<b>Data Retained Relating to BST Experience</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report month</li> <li>• Total trunk groups</li> <li>• Total trunk groups for which data is available</li> <li>• Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT</li> <li>• Traffic identity, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>	
CLEC Trunk Blockage/BST Trunk Blockage	

**COLLOCATION**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Collocation/Average Response Time
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application (including receipt of application fees) to the date BellSouth responds in writing.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requests to augment previously completed arrangements</li> <li>• Any application cancelled by the CLEC</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate collocation application accompanied by the appropriate application fee. The clock stops on the date that BST returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.
<b>Calculation:</b>
Average Response Time = $\Sigma(\text{Request Response Date}) - (\text{Request Submission Date}) / \text{Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period.}$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate</li> <li>• Aggregate of all CLECs</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> <li>• Virtual</li> <li>• Physical</li> </ul>
<b>Data Retained:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report period</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>
Under development

**COLLOCATION**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Collocation/Average Arrangement Time
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the average time (counted in business days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order (including receipt of appropriate fee) to the date BST completes the collocation arrangement.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC</li> <li>• Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements</li> <li>• Time for BST to obtain permits</li> <li>• Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops upon submission of the permit request and Restarts upon receipt of the approved permit. Changes (affecting the provisioning interval or capital expenditures) that are submitted while provisioning is in progress may alter the completion date. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
<b>Calculation:</b>
Average Arrangement Time = $\Sigma(\text{Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete}) - (\text{Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted}) / \text{Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.}$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate</li> <li>• Aggregate of all CLECs</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> <li>• Virtual</li> <li>• Physical</li> </ul>
<b>Data Retained:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report period</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>
Under development

**COLLOCATION**

<b>Report/Measurement:</b>
Collocation/Percent of Due Dates Missed
<b>Definition:</b>
Measures the percent of missed due dates for collocation arrangements.
<b>Exclusions:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC</li> <li>• Bona Fide firm orders to augment previously completed arrangements</li> <li>• Time for BST to obtain permits</li> <li>• Time during which the collocation contract is being negotiated</li> </ul>
<b>Business Rules:</b>
The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm order accompanied by the appropriate fee. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement.
<b>Calculation:</b>
$\% \text{ of Due Dates Missed} = \frac{\Sigma (\text{Number of Orders not completed w/i ILEC Committed Due Date during Reporting Period})}{\text{Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period}} \times 100$
<b>Report Structure:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate</li> <li>• Aggregate of all CLECs</li> </ul>
<b>Level of Disaggregation:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order</li> <li>• Virtual</li> <li>• Physical</li> </ul>
<b>Data Retained:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Report period</li> <li>• Aggregate data</li> </ul>
<b>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</b>
Under development

Appendix A: Reporting Scope\*

<p><b>Standard Service Groupings</b></p>	<p><u><i>Pre-Order, Ordering</i></u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Resale Residence</li> <li>• Resale Business</li> <li>• Resale Special</li> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>• UNE</li> <li>• UNE - Loops w/LNP</li> </ul> <p><u><i>Provisioning</i></u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UNE Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Design</li> <li>• UNE Loops w/LNP</li> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>• Resale Residence</li> <li>• Resale Business</li> <li>• Resale Design</li> <li>• BST Trunks</li> <li>• BST Residence Retail</li> <li>• BST Business Retail</li> </ul> <p><u><i>Maintenance and Repair</i></u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>• UNE Non-Design</li> <li>• UNE Design</li> <li>• Resale Residence</li> <li>• Resale Business</li> <li>• BST Interconnection Trunks</li> <li>• BST Residence Retail</li> <li>• BST Business Retail</li> </ul> <p><u><i>Local Interconnection Trunk Group Blockage</i></u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BST CTTG Trunk Groups</li> <li>• CLEC Trunk Groups</li> </ul>
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Appendix B: Recommended Additional Metrics

KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during the testing. These additional metrics include:

- Percent Service Loss from Early and Late Cuts
- Percent of Hot Cuts Not Working When Initially Provisioned
- Percent Completions or Attempt without Notice or with Less than 24 Hours Notice
- Percent Order Accuracy
- Percent of Orders Canceled or Supplemented at the Request of BellSouth
- Percent and Timeliness of EDI and TAG LSR Acknowledgments
- Provisioning Troubles Prior to Loop Acceptance
- Percent Orders Canceled After Missed Due Date
- Percent Found OK/Test OK/CPE
- ALEC Center Call Abandonment Rate
- Average Notification of Interface/OSS Outage
- Percent of Change Management Notices and Documentation Sent on Time
- Percent of Software Certification Failures and Software Problem Resolution
- Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X days
- Loop Make-up Information Timeliness
- Provisioning Trouble Reports Prior to Service Order Completion
- Coordinated Customer Conversions as a Percentage On-Time

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

<b>A</b>	<p><b>ACD</b></p> <p><b>AGGREGATE</b></p> <p><b>ASR</b></p> <p><b>ATLAS</b></p> <p><b>ATLASTN</b></p> <p><b>AUTO CLARIFICATION</b></p>	<p>Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.</p> <p>Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.</p> <p>Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.</p> <p>Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.</p> <p>ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number</p> <p>The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.</p>
<b>B</b>	<p><b>BILLING</b></p> <p><b>BOCRIS</b></p> <p><b>BRC</b></p> <p><b>BST</b></p>	<p>The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.</p> <p>Business Office Customer Record Information System - A front-end presentation manager used by BellSouth organizations to access the CRIS database.</p> <p>Business Repair Center – The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.</p> <p>BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.</p>
<b>C</b>	<p><b>CKTID</b></p> <p><b>CLEC</b></p> <p><b>CMDS</b></p> <p><b>COFFI</b></p>	<p>A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration</p> <p>Competitive Local Exchange Carrier</p> <p>Centralized Message Distribution System - BellCore administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.</p> <p>Central Office Feature File Interface - A BellSouth Operations System database which maintains Universal Service Order Code (USOC) information based on current tariffs.</p>

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms - Continued

<b>C</b>	<b>COFIUSOC</b>	COFFI software contract for feature/service information
	<b>CRIS</b>	Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.
	<b>CRSACCTS</b>	CRIS software contract for CSR information
	<b>CSR</b>	Customer Service Record
	<b>CTTG</b>	Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BST & Independent end offices and the BST access tandems.
<b>D</b>	<b>DESIGN</b>	Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities
	<b>DISPOSITION &amp; CAUSE</b>	Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.
	<b>DLETH</b>	Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS
	<b>DLR</b>	Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.
	<b>DOE</b>	Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.
	<b>DSAP</b>	DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and UNEs.
	<b>DSAPDDI</b>	DSAP software contract for schedule information
<b>E</b>	<b>E911</b>	Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.
	<b>EDI</b>	Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra company business documents in a public standard format.
<b>F</b>	<b>FATAL REJECT</b>	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see if the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated
	<b>FLOW-THROUGH</b>	In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BST OSS without manual or human intervention.
	<b>FOC</b>	Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms - Continued

<b>G</b>		
<b>H</b>	<b>HAL</b>	“Hands Off” Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.
	<b>HALCRIS</b>	HAL software contract for CSR information
<b>I</b>	<b>ISDN</b>	Integrated Services Digital Network
<b>K</b>		
<b>L</b>	<b>LCSC</b>	Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.
	<b>LEGACY SYSTEM</b>	Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)
	<b>LENS</b>	Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.
	<b>LEO</b>	Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.
	<b>LESOG</b>	Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.
	<b>LMOS</b>	Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.
	<b>LMOS HOST</b>	LMOS host computer
	<b>LMOSupd</b>	LMOS updates
	<b>LNP</b>	Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.
	<b>LOOPS</b>	Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.
	<b>LSR</b>	Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.
<b>M</b>	<b>MAINTENANCE &amp; REPAIR</b>	The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.
	<b>MARCH</b>	A BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

BellSouth OSS Testing  
Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms – Continued

<b>N</b>	<b>NC</b>	“No Circuits” - All circuits busy announcement
<b>O</b>	<b>OASIS</b>	Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.
	<b>OASISBSN</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>OASISCAR</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>OASISLPC</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>OASISMTN</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>OASISNET</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>OASISOCP</b>	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	<b>ORDERING</b>	The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.
	<b>OSPCM</b>	Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.
	<b>OSS</b>	Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.
	<b>OUT OF SERVICE</b>	Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.
<b>P</b>	<b>POTS</b>	Plain Old Telephone Service
	<b>PREDICTOR</b>	The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.
	<b>PREORDERING</b>	The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.
	<b>PROVISIONING</b>	The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.
	<b>PSIMS</b>	Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.
	<b>PSIMSORB</b>	PSIMS software contract for feature/service

Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms – Continued

<b>Q</b>		
<b>R</b>	<b>RNS</b>	Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.
	<b>RRC</b>	Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.
	<b>RSAG</b>	Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.
	<b>RSAGADDR</b>	RSAG software contract for address search
	<b>RSAGTN</b>	RSAG software contract for telephone number search
<b>S</b>	<b>SOCS</b>	Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.
	<b>SOIR</b>	Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911.
<b>T</b>	<b>TAFI</b>	Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.
	<b>TAG</b>	Telecommunications Access Gateway – TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth’s OSSs and participating CLECs.
	<b>TN</b>	Telephone Number
	<b>TOTAL MANUAL FALLOUT</b>	The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.
<b>U</b>	<b>UNE</b>	Unbundled Network Element
<b>V</b>		
<b>W</b>	<b>WTN</b>	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
<b>X</b>		
<b>Y</b>		
<b>Z</b>		
<b>Σ</b>		Sum of: