ORIGINAL

## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**DOCKET NO. 000649-TP** 

PREFILED REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
OF SHERRY LICHTENBERG
ON BEHALF OF WORLDCOM, INC.

September 7, 2000

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

IN 15 SEP -78

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING 06192

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND POSITION	
2	A.	My name is Sherry Lichtenberg. My business address is 701 S. 12 <sup>th</sup> St.,	
3		Arlington, Virginia 22202. I am employed by WorldCom, Inc. in the Mass	
4		Markets Product Development Department as a senior manager. In my	
5		testimony, I will use the term "WorldCom" to refer to both MCImetro Access	
6		Transmission Services, LLC and MCI WORLDCOM Communications, Inc.	
7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS	
8		DOCKET?	
9	A.	Yes.	
10	Q.	HAVE ANY ISSUES THAT YOU DISCUSSED IN YOUR DIRECT	
11		TESTIMONY SUBSEQUENTLY BEEN RESOLVED?	
12	A.	Yes. Issues 78, 83, 84, 88 and 89 have now been resolved.	
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?	
14	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to arguments made by	
15		BellSouth witness Pate concerning issues 80, 81, 90-91 and 96A.	
16		ISSUE 80	
17 18 19		Should BellSouth be required to provide an application-to-application access service order inquiry process? (Attachment 8, Sections 2.1.1.2 and 2.2.3.)	
20 21	Q.	AT PAGE 12 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. PATE CONTENDS THAT	
22		ACCESS SERVICES ARE NOT PART OF BELLSOUTH'S	
23		OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE ACT AND THAT WORLDCOM SHOULD	
24		NOT BE PERMITTED TO USE THIS ARRITRATION TO TRY TO	

1		ENHANCE ITS INTEREXCHANGE SERVICE OFFERINGS. HOW DO		
2		YOU RESPOND?		
3	A.	Mr. Pate misses the point. WorldCom is not requesting BellSouth to provide		
4		pre-ordering functionality for interexchange services. WorldCom for some time		
5		now has been using access service requests ("ASRs") to order local services,		
6		and it is those local services for which WorldCom seeks an application-to-		
7		application pre-order capability.		
8	Q.	AT PAGE 12 OF HIS TESTIMONY, MR. PATE CONTENDS THAT		
9		WORLDCOM HAS NO NEED FOR AN ASR PRE-ORDERING		
10		FUNCTIONALITY BECAUSE WORLDCOM CAN ORDER UNES AND		
11		RESALE USING LOCAL SERVICE REQUESTS. PLEASE RESPOND.		
12	A.	WorldCom's need for ASR pre-ordering functionality is predicated on its ability		
13		to order combinations of DS1 loops and tranport ("DS1 combos") using an		
14		ASR. BellSouth now purports to require WorldCom to order DS1 combos using		
15		a manual LSR process rather than the electronic ASR process that BellSouth		
16		provided until last week. But BellSouth representatives order services		
17		comprised of loop and transport elements using an electronic process, and I		
18		understand that BellSouth's representatives are able to prepopulate pre-ordering		
19		information on those orders. WorldCom likewise should have an electronic		
20		process to order DS1 combos, and should be able to integrate that ordering		
21		process with BellSouth's pre-ordering interface.		
22		ISSUE 81		

1 2 3		Should BellSouth provide a service inquiry process for local services as a pre-ordering function? (Attachment 8, Section 2.2.1.)
4	Q.	DOES BELLSOUTH PROVIDE A SATISFACTORY SERVICE
5		INQUIRY PROCESS?
6	A.	No. Mr. Pate describes a service inquiry process that an ALEC can use "[i]f the
7		ALEC desires to have BellSouth immediately order the service once the [service
8		inquiry] is complete and compatible facilities are [available]." (Pate, pp. 14-15.)
9		Mr. Pate does not discuss what the ALEC can do if it wishes to submit a service
10		inquiry but does not necessarily wish to order the service. My understanding is
11		that BellSouth does not offer this capability on a pre-order basis.
12		It is often the case that WorldCom needs facilities information as a part
13		of its efforts to close a sale – that is, before WorldCom is in a position to submit
14		an LSR. Even assuming that WorldCom could obtain all the information
15		necessary to populate an LSR before making the sale, BellSouth's proposed
16		method would require WorldCom to submit an order with the service inquiry
17		and then cancel the order if it was not able to make the sale. That approach is
18		wasteful and gives rise to the risk that BellSouth's systems would not cancel
19		orders in a timely manner.
20	Q.	MR. PATE CONTENDS THAT THE SERVICE ORDER INQUIRY
21		PROCESS IS ACCOMPLISHED IN SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME
22		TIME AND MANNER AS THAT OF BELLSOUTH'S RETAIL
23		ORGANIZATION. HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

1	A.	BellSouth has records providing facilities information. I understand based on
2		Mr. Pate's testimony in the North Carolina arbitration case that BellSouth's
3		account teams have some access to this information on a pre-order basis. In any
4		event, BellSouth has access to this information and should not be allowed to
5		restrict its availability based on how it chooses to distribute that information
6		within its own organization.
7		ISSUE 90
8		Should BellSouth be required to provide completion notices for manual orders?
l0 l1	Q.	DOES THE CSOTS PROPOSAL DESCRIBED BY MR. PATE FOR
12		NOTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF MANUAL ORDERS PROVIDE
13		A SATISFACTORY ALTERNATIVE TO ACTUAL COMPLETION
14		NOTICES?
15	A.	No. As I discussed in my Direct Testimony, using CSOTS would be costly and
16		inefficient for WorldCom. In addition, my understanding is that BellSouth
17		provides itself completion notification information electronically so that its
18		records used for functions such as billing and maintenance and repair are
19		updated automatically. BellSouth thus provides itself substantially better
20		completion notification than it proposes to offer to WorldCom.
21		ISSUE 91
22 23 24		What intervals should apply to FOCs? Should BellSouth be required to check facilities before returning an FOC? (Attachment 8, Section 3.4.1.2.)

1	Q.	MR. PATE STATES THAT BELLSOUTH CHECKS FACILITIES
2		BEFORE ISSUING A FIRM ORDER CONFIRMATION ONLY FOR
3		CERTAIN SERVICES. IS THIS PRACTICE REASONABLE?
4	A.	No. If BellSouth does not check facilities before issuing the FOC, ALECs
5		cannot have any degree of confidence in the installation date provided on the
6		FOC. When BellSouth discovers a facilities problem once it checks facilities,
7		often the installation date must be rescheduled, causing the customer, its
8		equipment vendor and WorldCom to reschedule the cutover. It is far preferable
9		that BellSouth check for facilities problems before issuing the FOC so all parties
10		can rely on that date as firm. Scheduling delays are particularly damaging to an
11		ALEC attempting to win customers and make a name for itself in the local
12		market. BellSouth should be required to check facilities in advance to afford
13		ALECs a meaningful opportunity to compete.
14	Q.	MR. PATE STATES THAT BELLSOUTH'S FOC TIMES WOULD BE
15		INCREASED SIGNIFICANTLY TO ACCOMMODATE THE
16		ADDITIONAL PROCESS TIME ASSOCIATED WITH VERIFICATION.
17		HOW DO YOU RESPOND?
18	A.	WorldCom would be willing to accept BellSouth's intervals if they were based
19		on facilities checks. In any event, WorldCom's strong preference is for an FOC
20		with an installation date that WorldCom can rely on, even if that FOC takes
21		longer to provide.
22		
23		

1	ISSUE 96A
1	133UE 7UA

2	Should BellSouth be required to provide customer service record (CSR)
3	information in a format that permits its use in completing an order for
4	service?(Attachment 8, Section 2.1.2.1)

## Q. DOES MR. PATE EXPLAIN ADEQUATELY WHY BELLSOUTH IS UNWILLING TO AGREE TO WORLDCOM'S POSITION ON THIS ISSUE?

No. WorldCom's position in a nutshell is that BellSouth should provide a CSR that is parsed at the field level and can be used to pre-populate an LSR directly. Mr. Pate contends that BellSouth's systems already permit sufficient parsing without providing details necessary to corroborate his claim. Mr. Pate describes the status of the parsing issue in the change control process, but fails to explain why it would not be appropriate to rely on that process in the Interconnection Agreements in the absence of national standards.

WorldCom has requested parsing at the field level -- which separates the different pieces of information in each line (such as house number, street, and community name) -- in contrast to parsing at the line level as suggested by BellSouth. The field lengths and valid values in the pre-order system must match those required in the LSR in order to permit WorldCom to automatically populate the LSR in real time. This need is made all the more critical in light of BellSouth's requirement that the complete service address must be included in all orders for UNE-P migration. WorldCom recommends that BellSouth follow the excellent standard established by Verizon and the ALECs who worked collaboratively to develop a true parsed CSR in the Verizon region.

- 1 Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
- 2 A. Yes.