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February 21, 2001

BY HAND DELIVERY

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Ms. Blanca Bayó, Director Division of Records and Reporting Room 110, Easley Building Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

> Re: FPSC Docket No. 010102-TP

Dear Ms. Bayó:

Enclosed for filing on behalf AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. and AT&T Wireless Services are an original and fifteen copies of The Direct Testimony of Felicia Anne Henderson on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. and AT&T Wireless Services in the above-referenced docket.

Please acknowledge receipt of these documents by stamping the extra copy of this letter "filed" and returning the same to me.

Thank you for your assistance with this filing.

Sincerely, fre Floyd R. Self

FRS/amb Enclosure Marsha Rule, Esq. cc: Parties of Record

> DOCUMENT N''MPER-DATE 02436 FEB21 = FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that true and correct copies of The Direct Testimony of Felicia Anne Henderson on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. and AT&T Wireless Services in Docket 010102-TP have been served upon the following parties by Hand Delivery (*) and/or U. S. Mail this 21st day of February, 2001.

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2Floyd R. Self

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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Investigation of Proposed Updates to the Routing Data Base System (RDBS) and Business Rating Input Database System (BRIDS) Affecting the Tampa Telecommunications Carriers

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Docket No. 010102-TP

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF FELICIA ANNE HENDERSON

ON BEHALF OF

AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES, INC.

AND

AT&T WIRELESS SERVICES

February 21, 2001

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND TITLE.
2	А.	My name is Felicia Anne Henderson, and my business address is 1200
3		Peachtree Street, N.E., 6W09, Atlanta, Georgia 30309. I am employed as a
4		Numbering Resource and Project Manager in the Network Architecture and
5		Development organization.
6	Q.	BRIEFLY OUTLINE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
7		BUSINESS EXPERIENCE IN THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS
8		INDUSTRY.
9	А.	I attended Clayton State College and University in Morrow, Georgia. I began
10		my career with AT&T Long Lines in 1983. At divestiture, January 1, 1984, I
11		continued on with AT&T working in the Support Services organization. In
12		1989, I was promoted to management and began working with Network
13		Services supporting the Southeast On-Site-Work Group as the Administrative
14		Supervisor. In 1996, I transferred over to Customer Connectivity beginning
15		my career in the Numbering arena supporting local entry, number portability,
16		and number conservation matters.
17	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE ANY STATE
18		PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSIONS?
19	А.	No.
20	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING IN THESE
21		PROCEEDINGS?
22	А.	I am appearing on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southern States,

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Inc. and AT&T Wireless Services, a commercial mobile radio services
 ("CMRS") provider, which have intervened in this docket (which I will
 collectively refer to as "AT&T").

4 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide AT&T's position concerning the
changes in Rate Center administration initiated by Verizon Florida, Inc.
(formerly GTE Florida, Inc.) in Tampa, Florida.

8 Q. WHAT IS A RATE CENTER?

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A Rate Center is an area that uses a common surrogate point for call 9 А. 10 origination or termination when determining point-to-point local or toll 11 calling charges. A Rate Center is known by its Rate Center Name (e.g., 12 Tampa) and the point used to define its location is a Vertical and Horizontal 13 Coordinate ("V&H Coordinate") expressed in a paired number value (e.g., 14 08173-01147). Rate Centers are used within the assignment, routing and rating/billing databases in the telephone industry. With few exceptions, 15 16 every telephone number in the North American Numbering Plan ("NANP") is 17 associated with one and only one Rate Center.

18 Q. WHY IS RATE CENTER STRUCTURE IMPORTANT TO THE 19 STATE OF FLORIDA?

- A. There are several reasons why the Florida Commission should be concerned
 about how Rate Centers are applied to telephone numbers.
 - Numbering resources are acquired at the Rate Center level.

1	•	Customer number porting is generally limited to within Rate Center
2		boundaries.
3	•	Customer calling charges are often based on the distance between
4		Rate Center points, and the names of those Rate Centers commonly
5		appear on customer billing detail to identify the distant point involved
6		in a charged call.
7	•	The Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") has established
8		many rules that use the Rate Center as a reference point.
9	•	Industry groups, such as the Industry Numbering Committee ("INC"),
10		develop guidelines for telephone company behavior that rely on the
11		common application of Rate Centers within carrier networks.
12	•	Porting of telephone numbers must occur only within a Rate Center.
13	•	Interconnection agreements between incumbent Local Exchange
14		Carriers and Alternative Local Exchange Carriers often require that
15		the ALEC's local calling scope mimic the incumbent's local calling
16		area as defined by the incumbent's Rate Centers.
17	•	Pooling of numbers within an MSA is done on a Rate Center level,
18		(one pool per Rate Center). While it could be argued that the Rate
19		Center structure is a monopoly paradigm that should pass into history
20		to allow full competition, it is the current standard for many
21		customer-billing arrangements, and for inter-carrier compensation,
22		and call-handling processes. For these reasons, the Florida

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1		Commission should be very concerned about how Rate Centers are
2		established or their designations changed.
3	Q.	HOW ARE RATE CENTERS TYPICALLY ESTABLISHED AND
4		REGULATED?
5	A.	Rate Centers originate from Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers ("ILECs")
6		service areas that offer common dialing plans and tariffed rates, as approved
7		by public utility commissions. A single Central Office ("CO") switch may
8		serve a Rate Center, but in densely populated areas ILECs may have two or
9		more CO switches in a Rate Center.
10	Q.	HOW DOES THE ILEC'S RATE CENTER STRUCTURE AFFECT
11		NEW ENTRANTS' BUSINESS PLANNING?
12	А.	New entrants are familiar with the Rate Center structure and plan their
13		networks and number administration around this structure. As I have already
14		discussed, there are quite a few consequences for all carriers that arise out of
15		the Rate Center structure.
16	Q.	UNDER WHAT RATE CENTER STRUCTURE DID AT&T
17		INITIALLY ACQUIRE NUMBERING RESOURCES IN TAMPA?
18	А.	AT&T understood that the metropolitan Tampa area was a single Rate Center
19		called "Tampa." That was the way the Verizon CO codes showed up in the
20		Local Exchange Routing Guide ("LERG"). When Verizon, then GTE, was in
21		charge of assigning the codes, they were assigned to this Tampa Rate Center.
22	Q.	DO YOU KNOW OF ANY EFFORTS THAT WERE MADE TO

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NOTIFY AT&T THAT THE TAMPA RATE CENTER STRUCTURE RELIED UPON BY AT&T WOULD ATTEMPT TO BE MODIFIED BY VERIZON?

A. The first notice I am aware of came from WorldCom in late September 2000.
On August 15, 2000, Verizon sent a "Tampa Florida Industry Player"
memorandum advising of the proposed changes, but I am unaware of to
whom Verizon sent this document or how widely it was distributed. .

8 Q. UNDER WHAT RATE CENTER STRUCTURE DOES VERIZON 9 CURRENTLY OPERATE IN TAMPA?

Today Verizon has a dual Rate Center structure in place that utilizes six Rate 10 A. Centers. First, Verizon migrated its numbers to the multiple Rate Center 11 structure, as far as the LERG is concerned, effective February 1, 2001. This 12 means that there are now five geographic Rate Centers in place for the Tampa 13 area as Verizon proposed in its August 15, 2000, memorandum. Second, in 14 15 addition to the five geographic Tampa Rate Centers, Verizon has also continued the generic or universal Tampa Rate Center that AT&T and other 16 17 carriers have used for years.

Q. WHAT ACTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN BY AT&T TO REACT TO THE CHANGES FIRST PROPOSED BY VERIZON LAST AUGUST?

A. At WorldCom's request, several carriers held a conference call on
 September 29, 2000, to meet to discuss the meaning and implications of
 Verizon's proposed changes to create five Tampa Rate Centers. Since then,

1		there have been many follow up phone conferences and meetings within
2		AT&T and among the ALECs to discuss the customer and carrier impacts of
3		Verizon's proposed changes. In addition to AT&T's participation in these
4		industry and other calls and meetings, AT&T has attempted to research its
5		customer base to determine the impacts Verizon's proposed changes would
6		have on our customers and the way AT&T would have to use, deploy, and
7		obtain additional numbering resources.
8	Q.	WHAT ARE THE IMPLICATIONS TO CUSTOMERS IF VERIZON'S
9		ORIGINAL PROPOSAL FOR ONLY FIVE RATE CENTERS IS
10		IMPLEMENTED?
11	А.	We have serious concerns for the additional NXX codes that would have to
12		be acquired by AT&T as well as other carriers. We know that AT&T would
13		have to acquire for its operating companies in Tampa at least four additional
14		NXX codes in order to meet the needs of our customers. This process may
15		also require that some customers would have to change their telephone
16		numbers because their existing numbers would be part of an NXX code
17		assigned to a different geographic Rate Center
18	Q.	WHAT ARE THE IMPLICATIONS TO CUSTOMERS IF THE DUAL
19		RATE CENTER STRUCTURE OF TODAY IS RETAINED AND
20		THERE ARE FIVE GEOGRAPHIC RATE CENTERS AND ONE
21		UNIVERSAL TAMPA RATE CENTER?
22	А.	The immediate problem is that customers would not be able to freely port

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between companies. This problem would arise whenever a customer wished
 to port its number from one geographic Rate Center to the generic Tampa
 Rate Center or visa versa. Porting under these circumstances would violate
 routing requirements since numbers can only be ported within the same Rate
 Center. While today, with limited local competition, porting between carriers
 is fairly limited, over time this will become a bigger and bigger problem as
 more customers switch carriers and wish to retain their telephone numbers.
 A second problem would be the impact of this dual system with six

A second problem would be the impact of this dual system with six 9 Rate Centers on any pooling that may later be implemented in the Tampa 10 MSA. Pooling is done on a Rate Center basis. Under today's situation, this 11 would mean not one pool or even five pools but rather six pools – one for 12 each of the five geographic Rate Centers and one for the universal Tampa 13 Rate Center. This many pools may have very limited consequences for 14 number conservation. Only the ALECs in the generic Tampa Rate Center 15 pool could participate in that pool, whereas Verizon would possibly be the 16 only carrier participating in the five geographic Rate Center pools. In this 17 latter situation, Verizon would be pooling only for itself.

Q. WHAT ARE THE IMPLICATIONS FOR NUMBERING RESOURCES IF THE ORIGINALVERIZON PROPOSAL IS IMPLEMENTED?

A. Unquestionably, the additional NXX codes required by AT&T and other
carriers would lead to the premature exhaust of the 813 NPA, with pooling in
Tampa likely having a very minimal impact on delaying that exhaust. In

1		addition, there will likely be customer confusion and anger by those who
2		must change their telephone numbers to the new NXX codes.
3	Q.	WHAT IS AT&T'S RECOMMENDATION TO THE COMMISSION
4		REGARDING THE RATE CENTER STRUCTURE FOR NEW
5		ENTRANTS AND VERIZON IN TAMPA?
6	А.	There should only be one Rate Center, Tampa; the one that we have used all
7		along.
8	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.
9	А.	If the Verizon proposal for the five geographical Rate Centers is
10		implemented, NXX codes will be depleted at a faster rate. Some of our
11		customers will have to take a number change. Many of the efforts that this
12		Commission has so carefully brought about to effectuate various number
13		conservation measures would not be implemented in the Tampa area.
14	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
15	A.	Yes, it does.

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