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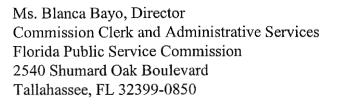
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September 3, 2002

R DAVID PRESCOTT HAROLD F X PURNELL MARSHA E. RULE GARY R RUTLEDGE

GOVERNMENTAL CONSULTANTS MARGARET A. MENDUNI M. LANE STEPHENS



Re: Docket No. 020006-WS

Dear Ms. Bayo:

Enclosed with this letter on behalf of Florida Services Corporation ("Florida Water") are the original and fifteen copies of the Prefiled Direct Testimony of Frank Seidman

Please acknowledge receipt of these documents by stamping the extra copy of this letter "filed" and returning the copy to me.

Thank you for your assistance with this filing.

Sincerely,

Kenneth A. Hoffman

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Page 2 September 3, 2002

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing Prefiled Direct Testimony of Frank Seidman was furnished to the following by U.S. Mail this 3rd day of September, 2002:

Adrienne Vining, Esq. **Division of Legal Services** Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Room 370 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Mary Anne Helton, Esq. Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Stephen C. Burgess, Esq. Office of Public Counsel 111 West Madison Street : Room 812 ⁷ fallahassee, Florida 32399-1400

· un A. Att KENNETH A. HOFFMAN, ESQ.

| 1 | | DIRECT TESTIMONY OF FRANK SEIDMAN |
|--|------------------|---|
| 2 | | BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION |
| 3 | REG | ARDING THE PROPOSED REESTABLISHMENT OF AUTHORIZED |
| 4 | | RANGE OF RETURNS ON COMMON EQUITY |
| 5 | | FOR WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES |
| 6 | | DOCKET NO. 020006-WS |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Q. | Please state your name, profession and address. |
| 9 | Α. | My name is Frank Seidman. I am President of |
| 10 | | Management and Regulatory Consultants, Inc., |
| 11 | | consultants in the utility regulatory field. My |
| 12 | | mailing address is P.O. Box 13427, Tallahassee, FL |
| 13 | | 32317-3427. |
| 14 | | |
| | | |
| 15 | Q. | On whose behalf are you presenting testimony in |
| 15 16 | Q. | On whose behalf are you presenting testimony in this proceeding? |
| | Q . A. | |
| 16 | _ | this proceeding? |
| 16 17 | _ | this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida |
| 16 17 18 | _ | this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida |
| 16 17 18 19 | Α. | this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida Water Services Corporation (FWSC). |
| 16 17 18 19 20 | Α. | <pre>this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida Water Services Corporation (FWSC). State briefly your educational background and</pre> |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 | А. Q. | <pre>this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida Water Services Corporation (FWSC). State briefly your educational background and experience.</pre> |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 | А. Q. | <pre>this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida Water Services Corporation (FWSC). State briefly your educational background and experience. I hold the degree of Bachelor of Science in</pre> |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 | А. Q. | <pre>this proceeding? I am presenting testimony on behalf of Florida Water Services Corporation (FWSC). State briefly your educational background and experience. I hold the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering from the University of</pre> |

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including public utility economics. 1 Ι am a 2 Professional Engineer, registered to practice in 3 the state of Florida. I have over 35 years 4 experience in utility regulation, management and 5 consulting. This experience includes nine years as a staff member of the Florida Public Service 6 7 Commission, two years as a planning engineer for a 8 Florida telephone company, four years as Manager of Rates and Research for a water and sewer holding 9 10 company with operations in six states, and three 11 vears as Director of Technical Affairs for a national association of 12 industrial users of 13 electricity. I have either supervised or prepared rate cases, rates studies, certificate applications 14 15 and original cost studies or testified as an expert 16 witness with regard to water and wastewater 17 California, utilities in Florida, Indiana, Michigan, Missouri, North Carolina and Ohio. 18 Ι 19 have participated in, and appeared as a witness at, 20 many of this Commission's rulemaking proceedings with regard to water, wastewater and electric 21 rules, as well as proceedings before the Division 22 23 of Administrative Hearings.

24

25

1

Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

2 Α. The purpose of my testimony is to address concerns with language in Order No. PSC-02-0898-PAA-WS 3 wherein the Commission proposes to utilize the 4 5 current leverage formula to reestablish the 6 authorized return on equity (ROE) for all water and 7 wastewater utilities that currently have authorized 8 Specifically, I will address concerns that ROEs. 9 the proposal will result in a piecemeal approach to 10 ratemaking, will make the interim rate process 11 unworkable, will result in an increase in rate case 12 expense, will have detrimental effects on а 13 utility's planning and budgeting, and will increase 14 the risk to a utility because of regulatory 15 uncertainties. Although my testimony will address 16 these concerns on a factual basis, I will, from 17 time to time, refer to the sections of the statutes 18 by which the Commission should be guided.

19

20 Q. Before you address specific concerns, would you 21 please summarize your understanding, based on your 22 experience, of how the Commission's annual 23 reestablishment of the authorized rate of return 24 fits into the ratemaking procedure?

1 Yes. The general approach to ratemaking for water Α. and wastewater utilities begins with 2 Section 3 367.081(2)(a)1, Florida Statutes, wherein the Commission is required, either upon request or upon 4 5 its own motion, to fix rates which are just, 6 reasonable, compensatory and not unfairly 7 discriminatory. The section goes on to explain how 8 that is to be done. The section specifies that 9 there will be a proceeding in which the Commission 10 shall consider, but not be limited to, nine 11 factors, one of which is a fair return on the 12 investment of the utility in property used and 13 useful in the public service.

14

15 A fair return is a return on all components of 16 capital, including a return on equity. Section 17 367.081(4)(f), Florida Statutes, provides a means 18 by which the Commission can establish a reasonable 19 range of return on equity for water and wastewater The section allows, but does 20 utilities. not 21 mandate, the Commission to regularly, not less than 22 once a year, establish by order a leverage formula or formulae that reasonably reflect the range of 23 24 returns on common equity for an average water or wastewater utility. The section goes on to specify 25

1 two potential uses of that range of returns. First, 2 it shall be used to establish the last authorized 3 rate of return on equity for any water or 4 wastewater utility for which a return had not 5 previously been established. Second, it allows a 6 utility, in a proceeding in which an authorized 7 rate of return is to be established, to request 8 the Commission to adopt that range of returns in 9 lieu of the utility presenting evidence on its rate 10 of return on equity.

11

Q. Does the Commission's annual reestablishment of the authorized rate of return fit into the interim ratemaking procedure?

15 Α. Only indirectly. The procedure for setting interim 16 rates is set out in Section 367.082, Florida 17 Statutes. The section states that the Commission 18 shall determine the revenue deficiency by 19 calculating the difference between achieved and 20 required rate of return. The section states that in 21 calculating the "required rate of return" the 22 Commission shall use the "last authorized rate of 23 return on equity." It then defines "last authorized 24 rate of return on equity" as that established in

the most recent <u>individual</u> rate proceeding of the
 utility.

4 The annual reestablishment of the authorized rate of return fits in indirectly because the section 5 indicates that the Commission is not prohibited 6 7 from authorizing interim rates for a utility which 8 does not have a previously established authorized 9 rate of return. Since Section 367.081(4)(f), 10 Florida Statutes, requires the Commission to 11 utilize the results of the annual reestablishment 12 procedure to calculate the last authorized rate of 13 return for such utilities, it follows the result 14 would be utilized in setting interim rates for 15 utilities for which an authorized rate of return 16 had not been previously established.

17

3

18 Q. Why do you believe that the Commission's proposal 19 will result in a piecemeal approach to ratemaking? If the Commission's proposal were to be placed in 20 Α. 21 effect, it is my understanding that the authorized 22 rate of return will automatically, without a 23 proceeding, be reestablished for every water and 24 wastewater utility that currently has an authorized rate of return that was determined in an individual 25

1 proceeding. By fiat, the Commission will have 2 changed one of the at least nine factors which it 3 must consider in fixing rates, without weighing the impact of the other factors. If the new, mandated 4 5 authorized rate of return is lower than the authorized rate of return last determined at an 6 7 individual proceeding, the utility may be judged to 8 be over-earning and subject to a rate reduction 9 without any other factors being weighed. 10 Conversely, if the new, mandated authorized rate of 11 return is higher than the authorized rate of return 12 last determined at an individual proceeding, the 13 utility may well be in a position to request a rate 14 increase without any other factors being weighed. 15 That is piecemeal ratemaking.

16

Q. You expressed concern that the interim rate procedure would be unworkable. Why is that?

A. As previously discussed, the interim rate procedure is set by statute. The revenue deficiency, for interim rate purposes, is based on the difference between achieved rate of return and required rate of return. By statute, the required rate of return is based on the last authorized rate of return on equity established in the most recent individual

1 rate proceeding. If I understand the Commission's 2 proposal correctly, the annual reestablished return 3 on equitv range would supercede the range 4 authorized in the most recent individual 5 proceeding. The Commission's proposal and the 6 statutory procedure are in conflict.

7

Q. Why do you believe there will be an increase in 9 rate case expense?

10 Α. If the authorized rate of return for a utility is 11 reduced through implementation of the Commission's 12 proposal, and the utility faces a reduction in 13 rates that it would not otherwise have been exposed 14 to, it is going to defend its position in a rate 15 proceeding and incur rate case expense that it 16 would not otherwise have incurred. Conversely, if 17 the authorized rate of return for a utility is 18 increased through implementation of the 19 Commission's proposal, and the utility finds it is entitled to rates higher than it would otherwise 20 21 have been, it may well move forward with a rate 22 proceeding and incur rate case expense that it 23 would not otherwise have incurred. In addition, 24 since there is no certainty in the proposal as to 25 how often the Commission will reset the authorized

rate of return, rate cases may occur more
 frequently than in the past.

3

Q. Would you please discuss why you believe that the
Commission's proposal will have a detrimental
effects on a utility's planning and budgeting?

7 For the more than 30 years that this Commission has Α. 8 regulated the rates of water and wastewater 9 utilities, this Commission has determined an 10authorized rate of return on equity in the 11 individual rate proceeding of each utility. In each 12 case, the Commission has also set a range of 13 reasonableness for the return on equity, of plus or 14 minus 1% of the authorized return. Utilities have 15 always been able to plan and budget with the 16 knowledge that as long as the utility earnings remained within the range of reasonableness of the 17 18 last authorized rate of return on equity, as determined in its last individual rate proceeding, 19 20 it would not need to adjust rates, nor be subject 21 to the adjustment of rates. Under that policy, 22 utilities have been able to stabilize rates for 23 many years, and limit rate changes to small, annual index or pass-through adjustments. This Commission 24 proposal will change that. Planning and budgeting 25

would now have to include a year to year prediction of (1) when, whether and by how much, capital markets might change, and (2) if and when the Commission might consider those market changes significant enough to "update" the authorized rate of return of water and wastewater utilities as a group.

8

9 In addition, the Order points as out, the 10 "updating" of the authorized rate of return will 11 effect earnings surveillance and index and pass-12 through applications. So a utility's earning will 13 be reviewed, not based on a range of reasonableness 14 as determined in a rate proceeding in which all 15 factors were considered, but on а shifting 16 "updated" range of reasonableness in which one 17 factor was considered.

18

19 Q. Will the proposed change increase the risk to a20 utility?

A. Yes. The proposed change substantially increases
regulatory uncertainties. Under current policy, the
authorized rate of return on equity remains stable
between rate proceedings. Everyone knows that. It
is predictable and dependable. Long term decisions

1 can be safely based on that knowledge. Under the 2 Commission's proposal, the authorized rate of 3 return on equity is subject to annual fluctuations. 4 An earnings level that is acceptable one year, may not be the next year. A price index adjustment that 5 6 might be acceptable one year, may not be the next 7 year, even though operating expenses may 8 justifiably be increasing. Long term financing 9 decisions that depended on the predictability of an 10 authorized earnings stream may now be at risk.

11

Q. Do you have any additional concerns with the Commission's proposal?

14 Α. Yes. The concerns I have raised thus far are with 15 problems that I believe will be the result of the 16 implementation of the Commission's proposal. But, 17 resulting problems aside, I believe the proposal to 18 mandate an updated rate of return on equity is in 19 conflict with Section 367.081(4)(f), Florida 20 Statutes. As I have previously discussed, this 21 section of the statute has only two specified uses: 22 for the Commission to establish a (1) last 23 authorized rate of return on equity for any water 24 or wastewater utility for which a return had not 25 previously been established, and (2) to allow a

1 utility to voluntarily accept the range of returns 2 on common equity calculated under the section in 3 lieu of presenting evidence in which an authorized 4 rate of return on common equity is established. 5 Using the range of returns calculated under the 6 section to mandate a range of returns on common 7 equity for a water or wastewater utility goes beyond the authority of the section and places the 8 9 Commission proposal in conflict with the statute.

10

11 Q. Do you have any summary comments?

12 Α. Yes. The Commission's longstanding policy of 13 implementing the statute regarding reestablishment of the authorized range of return on common equity 14 15 has worked well for several decades, even in the 16 face of vast shifts in capital markets. It has 17 introduced stability and predictability into the 18 ratemaking process. It has reduced the cost of 19 conducting a rate case. In conjunction with the 20 index and pass-through procedure it has reduced the 21 frequency of rate applications. It has provided a stable environment in which utilities can plan and 22 23 budget. The policy should not be expanded as 24 proposed. The current policy should be maintained.

25

- 1 Q. Does that conclude your direct testimony?
- 2 A. Yes it does.