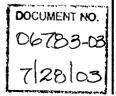
1 BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 2 DOCKET NO. 030296-TP 3 In the Matter of 4 PETITION FOR ARBITRATION OF UNRESOLVED ISSUES RESULTING FROM NEGOTIATIONS WITH 5 SPRINT-FLORIDA, INCORPORATED FOR INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT. BY AT&T 6 COMMUNICATIONS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES, LLC d/b/a AT&T AND TCG SOUTH FLORIDA 7 8 ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE 9 A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING 10 THE .PDF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY. 11 12 PROCEEDINGS: PREHEARING CONFERENCE 13 14 BEFORE: COMMISSIONER CHARLES M. DAVIDSON Prehearing Officer 15 16 DATE: Thursday, July 24, 2003 17 TIME: Commenced at 9:30 a.m. Concluded at 10:25 a.m. 18 19 PLACE: Easley Building Room 152 4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida 20 21 22 REPORTED BY: LINDA BOLES, RPR Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6734 23 24 25



APPEARANCES:

LORETTA A. CECIL, ESQUIRE, Womble, Carlyle Law Firm, 1201 West Peachtree Street, Suite 3500, Atlanta, Georgia 30309, appearing on behalf of TCG South Florida and AT&T Communications of the Southern States, LLC, participating telephonically.

TRACY HATCH, ESQUIRE, 101 North Monroe Street,
Suite 700, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, appearing on behalf of
TCG South Florida and AT&T Communications of the Southern
States. LLC.

KENNETH A. SCHIFMAN, ESQUIRE, 6450 Sprint Parkway, Overland Park, Kansas 66251 and J. JEFFRY WAHLEN, ESQUIRE, Ausley & McMullen, 227 S. Calhoun Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32302 and SUSAN MASTERTON, ESQUIRE, Sprint-Florida, Incorporated, P. O. Box 2214, Tallahassee, Florida 32316-2214, appearing on behalf of Sprint-Florida, Incorporated.

LINDA DODSON, ESQUIRE, and FELICIA BANKS, ESQUIRE, FPSC General Counsel's Office, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, appearing on behalf of the Commission Staff.

PROCEEDINGS

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COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Call the prehearing conference to order. I'll ask the staff attorney, Linda Dodson, to please read the notice.

MS. DODSON: Pursuant to notice issued July 18th, 2003, this time and place has been set for a prehearing in Docket Number 030296-TP, petition for arbitration of unresolved issues resulting from negotiations with Sprint-Florida, Incorporated for interconnection agreement by AT&T Communications of the Southern States, LLC d/b/a AT&T and TCG South Florida.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you. Let's take appearances starting with Mr. Hatch.

MR. HATCH: Tracy Hatch appearing on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southern States, LLC. Also appearing with me in this proceeding will be Loretta Cecil of the Womble, Carlyle, Sandridge & Rice Law Firm.

MR. WAHLEN: Good morning, Commissioner. I'm Jeff Wahlen of the Ausley & McMullen Law Firm, P. O. Box 391, Tallahassee, Florida, appearing on behalf of Sprint-Florida, Incorporated.

Also appearing with me today is Ken Schifman, 6450 Sprint Parkway, Overland Park, Kansas, appearing on behalf of Sprint.

And also appearing is Susan Masterton, P. O. Box

1	2214, Tallahassee, Florida 32301 on behalf of Sprint.
2	MS. DODSON: Linda Dodson on behalf of staff. And
3	with me is Anne Marsh, Jason Earl Brown and Felicia Banks.
4	(Technical difficulty with audio system.)
5	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. I will I'll
6	start again.
7	Before we address the other preliminary matters, let
8	me mention one thing I would like to take up at this time.
9	Since these two parties regularly appear before the Commission,
10	I am sure you all have noticed changes in the draft prehearing
11	order. My goal in making these changes is to more closely
12	align the prehearing order with the flow of the hearing, while
13	ensuring that the rights and obligations of the parties
14	regarding the hearing process are clear.
15	If the parties have concerns with any of the changes,
16	please just address those as we go through the order and we'll,
17	we'll take care of it.
18	Ms. Dodson, any preliminary matters?
19	MS. DODSON: Yes. On July 15th, 2003, Sprint filed a
20	motion to compel AT&T to respond to Interrogatories 3 through
21	15 of Sprint's first set of interrogatories.
22	The AT&T's response was received on July 22nd,
23	2003, along with a motion for protective order and a motion in
24	limine regarding compensation for VOIP traffic.
25	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Have we received Sprint's

response to those motions filed by AT&T? 1 2 MS. DODSON: No, we have not. 3 MR. HATCH: Commissioner Davidson, I hate to 4 interject, but if you could give us about three more minutes. 5 Loretta was supposed to dial in, but we were told that the 6 bridge wouldn't be up until 9:35. 7 MS. DODSON: That's correct. 8 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well. let me ask staff and 9 technical, why were we told that the bridge would not be up 10 until 9:35 if the hearing was noticed for 9:30? 11 MS. DODSON: We could not get a telephone available 12 until 9:35. 13 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: With all the companies here? MR. HATCH: I'm sure we'd be able to market a product 14 that would help you out. 15 16 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Mr. Hatch, if -- who is --17 I'm going to allow a little bit of time to argue the motion to 18 compel but not AT&T's motion since Sprint has not yet filed a 19 response. So who's going to be arguing the motion to compel? 20 MR. HATCH: That will be Ms. Cecil, which is why I 21 interjected. I suspected that was the direction you were 22 going. 23 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. Well, let's, if we 24 can, let's go ahead and just proceed with the draft prehearing. 25 And when Ms. Cecil is on the phone, we'll come back to the

 ${\sf II}$ motion.

MR. HATCH: I don't know if it's relevant for you, but our response to their motion to compel was, in fact, a motion for protective order as well as a motion in limine. So they're sort of intertwined, and I'm not sure that you can take them separately unless you're ready to argue the whole package. And I'm not suggesting that Sprint should be ready to do that.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, I'm assuming, I'm assuming though that before you would get to the motion for a protective order and motion in limine, you would address the underlying merits of the motion to compel based on the standards, discovery standards that are applicable. And then once --

MR. HATCH: We certainly --

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: -- a determination was made as to whether that motion satisfied the standards -- if it didn't, then we would get to the issue of a motion in limine, a motion to, for a protective order.

MR. HATCH: And that's fine essentially.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay.

MR. HATCH: The arguments are essentially the same for all three is where you end up being. But, yeah, that's fine.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, what's the parties' pleasure on that? I was prepared to allow five minutes for

each side to argue the motion to compel.

MR. WAHLEN: Well, Commissioner, Jeff Wahlen. I think Mr. Hatch is right in some respects. The motion in limine asks essentially for the Commission to decide Issue 7 in AT&T's favor by removing the issue from the docket. Part of their response to the motion to compel is that this shouldn't really be an issue in the case, and what they've now done is filed a motion which we think is procedurally improper and shouldn't be granted as a means to, to address the underlying issues. So --

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, let's hold on, Counsel.

Let me -- I hear you, but that's getting in a little bit to

the, to the argument.

MR. WAHLEN: All right. Well, I won't argue. COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: So I will --

MR. WAHLEN: I'll say this: Ordinarily we'd be entitled to have seven days to respond. We're prepared to respond in a preliminary manner today verbally on the motion in limine. And then if you'd like to see some things in writing from us, we'll be prepared to do that. But I agree with Mr. Hatch that it's going to be difficult to, to separate the two the way they've done it.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. Well, my preference would be to have a few minutes of oral argument from each side, then allow Sprint its opportunity to submit a

1	written response as it would be entitled to do without if we
2	didn't have oral argument. I think argument, however, will
3	provide some guidance to staff and, frankly, to me as to how to
4	think about this issue going forward. But I will leave it up
5	to the parties on that. I would prefer that. But if, if that
6	procedure is fine with you.
7	MR. WAHLEN: We have no objection to that procedure.
8	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Mr. Hatch?
9	MR. HATCH: I don't have any objection, assuming
10	Loretta has dialed in by now.
11	MS. CECIL: I have, Tracy. I'm sorry, Commissioner.
12	This is Loretta Cecil.
13	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, let's, let's actually
14	go through the prehearing order revisions and provisions and
15	then come back to the meat of the, the pending motions. I'm
16	going to just group some sections together for the sake of
17	convenience, but please feel free to step in at any time and
18	let me know any concerns you may have.
19	Sections I, II and III, conduct, case background and
20	attendance. Do the parties have any proposed corrections or
21	concerns?
22	MS. CECIL: None from AT&T.
23	MR. WAHLEN: None from Sprint.
24	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Pending motions we've

previously covered, and I believe staff is going to make a

correction to that text to provide that AT&T's response has 1 2 been received and we will come back to that issue. Section V, proposed stipulations. Do the parties 3 4 have any proposed stipulations? 5 MR. WAHLEN: Not at this time. 6 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Are you all thinking about 7 any that we should be thinking about? 8 MR. WAHLEN: Well, we have -- as the prehearing order 9 draft indicates, we have resolved some issues. I think the 10 parties are always continuing to try and resolve issues. As issues become resolved, we will alert staff and let them know 11 12 what's come off the table. 13 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thanks. 14 MR. HATCH: Where we have reached agreement, I think that's noted accurately in the prehearing draft. 15 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you. Sections VI and 16 VII, open proceedings and procedure for handling confidential 17 18 information and pending confidentiality matters. Are there any 19 corrections or concerns as to those two sections? 20 MS. CECIL: None from AT&T. 21 MR. SCHIFMAN: Ken Schifman from Sprint. At this 22 point in time there has been no confidential information 23 produced. But in response to staff's interrogatories to 24 Sprint, Sprint will be asking for confidential protection for

those interrogatory responses, some of the interrogatory

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1	responses and some of the production of documents that go along
2	with staff's request from Sprint. So at this point in time no
3	confidential information has been exchanged. But once those
4	due dates come and Sprint produces that information as
5	requested by staff, we will be asking for confidential
6	protection for certain documents in requests in responses to
7	interrogatories.
8	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, Counsel. Section
9	VIII, opening statements. Ten minutes per party seems to be
10	the standard. Do the parties have any concerns there? Perhaps
11	would they be willing to shorten that, waive it or do they want

MR. WAHLEN: Sprint's prepared to waive opening statements. Since the witnesses summarize their testimony, we think that's probably more efficient than having the lawyers talk about the case. But if AT&T wants to make one --

the standard ten minutes?

MS. CECIL: AT&T would prefer -- I'm sorry. AT&T would prefer a ten-minute opening statement.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. Well, let's go with the ten-minute opening statement for the parties.

Section IX and X; are there any changes at this point to the order of the witnesses or to the topics that the witnesses will be discussing as set forth in the order?

MS. CECIL: Yes, Commissioner. Jay M. Bradbury will be testifying both in direct and in rebuttal. Mr. Bradbury

1 adopted Mr. Talbott's testimony regarding Issue 11 when he 2 filed direct, I'm sorry, when he filed rebuttal testimony. So 3 Mr. Bradbury will be the only witness from AT&T who will be addressing Issue 12 going forward. We would also like to have 4 5 direct and rebuttal handled by the witness at the same time. 6 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. Sprint? 7 MR. WAHLEN: We have no objections to taking direct 8 and rebuttal at the same time. And we would request that the 9 order of Sprint witnesses be James Michael Maples, then Kenneth 10 J. Farnan, followed by James R. Burt. So we would like to have Farnan moved in between Maples and Burt in the order of 11 12 witnesses. 13 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. Staff. did you get 14 that? 15 MS. DODSON: Yes. 16 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thanks. 17 MR. WAHLEN: And I guess just as a matter of 18 clarification, would Bradbury follow Talbott in the order of 19 witnesses? 20 MS. CECIL: Yes. Mr. Schifman. 21 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Sections XI and XII. 22 positions and issues. 23 MR. WAHLEN: Sprint has no changes to Section XII. 24 MS. CECIL: AT&T has no changes either, Commissioner. 25 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, Counsel.

Section XIII, decisions that may impact Commission's 1 2 resolution of issues. This is a new section, I believe, in 3 prehearing orders, in the draft, and it's intended just to 4 identify for the parties key, the key cases and proceedings 5 that the parties have alleged may impact the resolution of the 6 issues. It's really provided there so that the parties are on 7 notice early on of what the, the key decisions are asserted by 8 the other side. 9 Does anyone have any concerns, corrections, issues 10 with that section? 11 MR. WAHLEN: No. 12 MS. CECIL: None from AT&T. 13 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, Counsel. 14 Exhibit list. Section XIV. any corrections? 15 MR. WAHLEN: None from Sprint. 16 MS. CECIL: None from AT&T. 17 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Section XV, post-hearing 18 procedures. Let me note it's not in the draft prehearing order 19 that I have here, but I intend to add language regarding the 20 ability of the Commission to issue a bench decision just to 21 recognize that it does have that discretion. And, staff, do 22 you have that language in your draft? 23 MS. DODSON: No. not at this time. But it can be 24 entered into the final prehearing order.

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COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Okay. With that, with that

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addition noted, are there any concerns or issues with regard to post-hearing procedures, Section XV?

MR. WAHLEN: I guess it's inherent in the notion of a bench ruling that there would not be a brief filed; it would occur at the hearing?

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Correct. That --

MR. WAHLEN: I'm just trying to --

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: That language will preserve the discretion of the Commission to really issue a bench ruling if the Commission deems that appropriate, in which case I expect that there would be no post-hearing brief.

MR. WAHLEN: Okay. And is it possible that the Commission might issue a bench ruling on one issue but not all or some but not all?

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Possibly. And this issue of the bench ruling has not arisen in this case. That, that issue is not fact specific. We had another incident in which the Commission was prepared to issue a bench ruling and the parties objected because it simply -- there was not clear language in the order establishing procedure. So while I'm including that language in the order establishing procedure going forward, also just as a matter of preserving the Commission's plenary jurisdiction to issue a bench ruling, we're making that clear so that there cannot be an allegation of a denial of due process.

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MR. HATCH: Just a question. If, if at the point that the bench contemplates a bench decision, would it then be incumbent upon us to ask or would you make provisions for a closing statement? In a sense to -- it would be effectively an oral brief really quickly, if you want to couch it in those terms.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, I believe -- I'm not going to put in the, the draft order that a post-hearing brief statement will be mandatory. I mean, that really would be up to the discretion of the Commission based on how the case went and if it feels it, it needs that. The language is really intended to preserve the discretion and jurisdiction of the Commission to issue a bench ruling, which it has the authority to do, if such a ruling would appear to be proper and, and would save time and resources for both the Commission and the parties.

MR. WAHLEN: That's fine with us.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Section XVI, rulings. There are no pending rulings, so I'm supposing there are no pending concerns.

MS. CECIL: Not from AT&T. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you. Any other matters other than the motion?

MR. WAHLEN: No.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Mr. Hatch?

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MR. HATCH: No. I'm sorry. No. I apologize.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Critical dates coming up:

According to the order establishing procedure, discovery must be completed by July 31st. Are there any concerns that the parties will need additional discovery time?

MR. WAHLEN: Commissioner, staff and AT&T have sent some interrogatories to Sprint, the due date for which are beyond the discovery cutoff. We aren't objecting to that, but they are beyond the discovery cutoff. So we're just going to go ahead and answer and not raise that objection. I'm not sure it's necessary for you to extend the discovery deadline unless you feel like that's appropriate. We're not going to raise the discovery cutoff as a reason to not answer the interrogatories.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. Well, I would like to stick then to the discovery deadline of July 31st, and I appreciate Counsel's willingness not to raise that objection.

MS. CECIL: Commissioner, I'm not aware that AT&T has filed any interrogatories or PODs that would go beyond the July 31st date. Our only set of discovery was filed on July the 15th.

MR. WAHLEN: That's correct. And under the procedural order we have 15 business days to respond. And 15 business days takes us beyond July 31st; fifteen calendar days doesn't, but 15 business days takes us beyond that deadline.

MS. CECIL: I'm not aware that the parties were

interpreting the 15 days as business, but.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, in any event, Sprint, you will, you will get the responses in, do you anticipate before July 31st?

MR. WAHLEN: No. The procedural order specifically says, "Discovery responses shall be served within 15 business days of receipt of the discovery request." That's what we'll plan to do. We're just not going to raise the objection that it's beyond the discovery cutoff.

(Pause.)

MS. CECIL: Hello?

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: We're still here.

MS. CECIL: Okay.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Looking at the calendar. The hearing is scheduled for August 7th and 8th. Are there any concerns that with the discovery coming in after July 31st -- and I would urge, Sprint, if you can get it in sooner, please do. If you simply cannot because it's just almost impractical to gather that information, but if it's just a matter of you're just going to wait until the end, I hope that doesn't occur. And when we see the information, if we see it's simple information to gather -- I hope you can get it in here in time so that staff, the Commission and also the parties, notwithstanding that you have that right of 15 business days, have an opportunity to review it. If you can't, that's fine.

But if you can, I hope you do.

MR. WAHLEN: We will get it in as quickly as we can. I guess the issue that we'd like to raise at this point is -- and it goes to the motion to compel. We were going to get interrogatory answers from AT&T some time ago. They have now, you know, objected and we've moved to compel. Don't know how that's going to turn out.

But depending on how that turns out, we might not get interrogatory answers until right before the hearing. And because of the delay that's been involved here, it could prejudice our ability to, to prepare for the hearing. That's just one of the -- I mean, we don't know how this is all going to turn out, but that is one possibility. So we're not suggesting right now that we want to move for a continuance, but we think we should have gotten their answers to interrogatories some time ago. And, you know, you may rule that we never get them. But if you do rule that we get them, we need to get them as quickly as we can so we can prepare for the hearing.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. Well, let's move forward so we can come back to the motion. The last, the last item before we get back to the motion is the hearing. The hearing is scheduled for August 7th and 8th. And not in terms of a date but in terms of the two-day time frame, do the parties anticipate that two days will, in fact, be required or

1	that the hearing could be conducted in one day?
2	MR. SCHIFMAN: Ken Schifman for Sprint. I would
3	anticipate it would take two days.
4	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Fair enough. That's what we
5	have it scheduled for.
6	All right. Let's move back to the motion to compel,
7	and I'd like to hear for five minutes from each side the basic
8	gist of their arguments on that motion.
9	MR. WAHLEN: On the motion to compel? Okay. Thank
10	you, Commissioner.
11	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: And to the extent I mean,
12	if you feel they're intertwined, go ahead and say what you need
13	to say with regard to the motion for a protective order and
14	motion in limine since the parties have indicated that, that,
15	that those motions are very intertwined. And, as I mentioned,
16	Sprint is not waiving its opportunity to put in a formal
17	written response to the motion for a protective order and
18	motion in limine.
19	MR. WAHLEN: Could we get a little latitude on the
20	five minutes if we're also going to talk about the motion in
21	limine? I don't want to take up 15 minutes, but we might run
22	over just a minute or two.
23	COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Some latitude will be
24	afforded.
25	MR. WAHLEN: Okay. Thank you. Commissioner, Jeff

Wahlen on behalf of Sprint. All of this has to do with Issue 7 in the case, which is set forth in the prehearing order. And that issue is how traffic originated and terminated by telephone and exchanged by the parties and transported over Internet protocol should be compensated. So the question is how should VOIP traffic be compensated? Okay?

Now Sprint has taken the position on the merits that it should be compensated in a certain way. AT&T's position, however, is not that it should be compensated in any particular way. Their position simply is that you shouldn't consider this issue in this case. So as a means for resolving this issue, AT&T wants the Commission to decide this issue not on the merits but wait until the FCC rules or something else happens in the future.

AT&T put Issue 7 in its petition because the Act requires it to put issues in the petition that have been negotiated by the parties but have not been resolved. Sprint could have raised the issue if AT&T didn't. The fact that it's in the petition doesn't mean anything except that it is an issue between the two parties to be resolved in this case.

AT&T's motion in limine here goes beyond just asking you to limit the evidence that you're going to consider in this case. It asks you to enter an order stating that the compensation framework for VOIP traffic is not an appropriate issue in this case. So basically what they're asking the

prehearing officer to do is to decide Issue 7 in AT&T's favor, and we think that you can't do that for three reasons.

I brought some handouts here, and Mr. Schifman is going to help me. Unfortunately, I'm not going to be able to share these with the party on the telephone, but I can show Mr. Hatch. Would you give those to staff?

Section 252 of the Act requires that an arbitration petition identify the unresolved issues. And then once the petition identifies the unresolved issues, Section 252(b)(4)(c) states, "The Commission shall resolve each issue set forth in the petition in the response."

Now this is a statute the Commission has had some experience with, and that experience went all the way up to the 11th Circuit. During one of the first BellSouth arbitrations MCI wanted to include a compensation provision in their interconnection agreement with BellSouth and BellSouth said, no, that shouldn't be in there. The Public Service Commission agreed and said, we're not going to decide that issue.

MCI appealed that issue to the Federal District Court here in Tallahassee and Judge Hinkle said, the Commission has to decide that issue. And if you look at what I've handed out, I've handed out both the 11th Circuit opinion and the federal court decision in MCI versus Florida Public Service Commission. If you turn to the back, at the top of Page 10, if you look down at the bottom, there's a highlighted section that says.

"When the Florida Commission chose to act as the arbitrator in this matter, its obligation was to resolve each issue set forth in the petition in the response, if any. MCI's request for compensation provision was such an issue. This, therefore, was an issue the Commission was obliged to resolve."

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let me ask you, Counsel, theoretically, and I'm not at all suggesting what the outcome would be, wouldn't a determination that an issue was within or without the jurisdiction of the PSC be a resolution of that issue?

MR. WAHLEN: Well, in the MCI case, MCI -- or the Commission took the position they didn't have jurisdiction under the Act to decide that particular issue. The U.S. District Court and then the 11th Circuit both said, yes, you do.

Now AT&T has not raised in this case a question of subject matter jurisdiction. They've just suggested that it would be more efficient for the Commission to not decide this issue, but they have not raised lack of jurisdiction as an issue here.

So as a matter of law under the Act, we think that the Commission must decide this issue. And for the Commission to decide the issue by saying we're not going to decide it is to not decide the issue. So we don't think that's appropriate under the Telecommunications Act.

Now the second point is the motion in limine, and I've got several handouts here. We think the motion in limine filed by AT&T is procedurally incorrect for a variety of reasons.

First of all, the law is well settled in the State of Florida. Well, let me back up. I don't practice over here every day, but I've never seen a motion in limine filed at the Florida Public Service Commission. Maybe they're filed and I just don't know it, but I've never seen one. Okay?

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: They're filed.

MR. WAHLEN: Okay. Very good. The law as far as I can understand it and the case law says that a motion in limine is only good in a jury trial. This is not a jury trial. I have handed out for you an excerpt from the, from Florida Jur, and I've also handed out a case, Baldwin versus Inter City Contractors. It says, "A motion in limine has no place in a court trial. Its use is limited to jury trial." So procedurally we think a motion in limine is improper.

Now, moreover, the motion in limine that you have in front of you is not really just a motion that's trying to limit the introduction of prejudicial evidence. What they are doing here is asking you to decide Issue 7 in their favor through a motion in limine. And the law is well settled in Florida that a motion in limine can't be used to dismiss a claim and it can't be used to -- in lieu of a motion for summary judgment.

I've handed out Dailey versus Multicon. I'll just read for you. This was a case where the resident of a condominium apartment had some water damage that came in through an exterior wall and he sued the contractor. The contractor said, well, your claim for damages is no good because the only person who can claim damages for this wall is the condominium association because they own the wall, and he filed a motion in limine to prevent the introduction of evidence about damages to the wall and the trial court granted it. The appellate court came along and said, you can't do that. The reason you can't do that is because you basically dismissed his claim for damages.

What AT&T is asking you to do as prehearing officer in this case through its motion in limine is to dismiss Issue 7, and you can't get there through a motion in limine and I think the law is well settled on that. And when we file our response, we will brief some additional cases for you on that point.

I guess the third point is it's kind of hard for us to understand why this has come up now. The issue was in the petition, the parties have filed testimony on it, there was an issue ID meeting. We have not seen any motion to dismiss this issue from AT&T, even today. The motion they filed is inadequate to get where they want to go.

And really what they're asking you to do is jump

ahead and without a hearing and without considering the evidence they want you to act on behalf of the panel and decide this issue in their favor. Their position on this issue is it shouldn't be decided. So for all of those reasons we think their motion in limine, which would strike the, the case or strike the issue from the case, is inappropriate. As long as the issue is in the case our discovery is clearly relevant. I mean, the question is VOIP compensation. Their position is we shouldn't consider it because it's nascent technology and various things like that. We're asking, how much are you doing and how are you doing it? And that's relevant to determine whether the Commission should decide the issue. If they're, if they're not doing any of it, maybe their position that this is nascent technology is correct. If they're doing a lot of it, it's not nascent technology. All of that information that we've requested is calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. And if you need to look at their testimony --

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COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let's -- Counsel, let's -- if we can sort of wrap up here.

MR. WAHLEN: Yeah. This is, this is my last remark. If you look in Mr. Talbott's rebuttal testimony, he's accused Sprint of claiming the sky is falling. He thinks Sprint is Chicken Little; this VOIP, you know, we're overreacting. All we're asking for is for AT&T to tell us how much of this stuff

they're doing for Sprint. That's important evidence for our use in cross-examining Mr. Talbott on whether the sky is falling.

So we think it's clearly relevant. We think the motion to compel should be granted; the motion in limine should be denied.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, Counsel. AT&T?

MS. CECIL: Yes, Commissioner. As Mr. Wahlen has indicated, the issue involves voice over Internet protocol traffic, and this Commission has a significant history on this issue. It was for that reason that during the course of the negotiations AT&T was steadfast in its position with Sprint that this is not an issue that we should be addressing in the interconnection agreement. This Commission has ruled that at the current state of affairs that it was not going to make a determination on VOIP traffic by virtue of its order in the CNM Networks, Inc., order as well as in the generic proceeding in Docket 000075-TP.

Nevertheless, Sprint continued to try to negotiate the issue as a policy matter. And as a result, as Mr. Wahlen indicates, AT&T was forced to include the issue in its arbitration petition. We did that straight up, we did that ethically, we did it as we should have done it. As a result, the issue was framed as a policy issue. And that has continued to be AT&T's position that this is a policy issue, that the

Commission should stay with its current course, which is we're not going to decide this issue until there has been further information rulings from the FCC, given that there is both an AT&T petition pending on this issue before the FCC, as well as the fact that it is included in the FCC's intercarrier compensation proceeding which is ongoing.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let me ask you this, if I can, if I can interrupt. Is the gist of the argument that the PSC lacks jurisdiction over this issue or that an exercise of jurisdiction would somehow be improvident at this juncture?

MS. CECIL: We have not argued that the Commission does not have jurisdiction. The argument is you decided this issue at least on two prior occasions, one of which was within the last seven months. The argument is this is a significant industry-wide question for the Commission to decide. This Commission has a track record of taking issues which are fundamental to the industry, which cut across many different companies, and not deciding them in individual interconnection negotiation arbitrations.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let me, if I can jump in one more time so I can -- I appreciate your referring us to past Commission decisions.

Have there been any decisions that you're aware of in which the VOIP has been raised as an interconnect issue but has not been addressed?

MS. CECIL: That has not been addressed?

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Right. Have the parties in other matters to your knowledge raised this as an issue but declined to address? And a follow-up: Does AT&T have any interconnect agreements with any other carriers in which VOIP is addressed? And the same question at the end of AT&T's argument for Sprint: Does Sprint have any interconnect agreements with other carriers in which VOIP is addressed?

MS. CECIL: Commissioner, to your first question about other Florida Commission decisions in an interconnection situation regarding VOIP traffic, my understanding is that there is an arbitration decision that was issued between ITC^DeltaCom and BellSouth, I don't remember the year, I think it was much earlier on after passage of the 1996 Act, where VOIP traffic was addressed by the Commission. It's my understanding after that the Commission entered into its decision in the generic proceeding that I referenced and also in the CNM Networks proceeding.

With respect to other interconnection agreements that AT&T has, to the best of my knowledge AT&T does not have any interconnection agreement where VOIP traffic is covered. Specifically in the BellSouth/AT&T interconnection agreement it specifically indicates that the parties are unable to agree as to how the traffic should be compensated and that they have therefore decided to abide and wait for further rulings from

Tracy, are you aware of any other provisions that we should bring to the Commissioner's attention?

MR. HATCH: I am not aware of any others where the issue of VOIP was addressed in an interconnection or an arbitration and then specifically resolved or not resolved.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you. If you can, continue with your argument. I'll try and save my questions for the end.

MS. CECIL: Yes. Commissioner, as I indicated, the issue was formulated as a policy issue from the very beginning. And to Mr. Wahlen's question about, well, why are we now seeing this type of motion from AT&T is very simple. We basically got backslighted (phonetic) in this situation. We thought we were arguing this from a policy perspective, and then the next thing we know we get interrogatories from Sprint which ask for detailed information about multiple years of traffic as to how AT&T has provided services in Florida. That clearly is beyond any policy discussion.

And as we indicated in our response to the motion to compel and in the motion in limine, whether AT&T is or is not at this time or has in the past used any particular technology to provide service to its customers is really irrelevant on a prospective going-forward basis. We very much believe, based

on conversations that Sprint has had with AT&T executives, that this is the proverbial fishing expedition, that they are trying to elicit from us in a policy issue very, very detailed information that really has no impact on what the Commission's decision should be.

If the Commission were to make a decision in this arbitration which was based on the level of traffic, I'm not sure how that could be handled from a subsequent policy perspective for the Commission. Do you then in subsequent arbitrations look to the level of the traffic before you determine as a policy matter how voice traffic is going to be compensated? It's just extremely awkward to handle this type of substantive discussion in the context of an arbitration, which we have said from the very beginning. And, more importantly, this Commission has already ruled very, very recently that on this particular issue, given its significant industry-wide impact, you know, we're going to wait and see. And we still believe that that is the appropriate position for the Commission to take.

I think that in terms of Mr. Wahlen's arguments that a motion in limine is not appropriate -- motions in limine, as you know, Commissioner, are filed all the time before the Florida Public Service Commission. That is the way that you get an issue of this matter, of this magnitude before the Commission. We're not asking that you dismiss the issue.

We're basically saying the testimony is there, it's been framed as a policy issue, it's always been framed as a policy issue. And so you're clearly in a situation where you can decide, look, for this particular issue it is not appropriate to be decided in the context of this arbitration based on previous decisions from the Commission.

So we feel very strongly that there's just absolutely no way that this discovery is appropriate in this proceeding. Had we known that Sprint was attempting to ferret out facts to file a subsequent complaint against AT&T, we certainly would have done or made different arguments at the prehearing conference, we certainly would have made different arguments at the issue identification conference. But we were not given that latitude. As I said, we were sort of, you know, at one time given questions from Sprint that are nothing more than fuel and fodder for a particular complaint that they hoped to file against AT&T.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Does that wrap up your argument?

MS. CECIL: Yes. Thank you, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: I'd like to give two or three minutes to Sprint for a rebuttal. And please address specifically, if you can, the relevancy standard under the discovery rules. I'd like to just hear an articulation as to how the information you seek is likely to lead to the discovery

of admissible evidence to this issue. And then with the wrap-up of that two or three minutes, AT&T, you will have the same amount of time for a, a short surrebuttal.

MR. WAHLEN: Thank you, Commissioner. The discovery standards set forth in the Rules of Civil Procedure says that, "Discovery is allowed if it's relevant to the subject matter of the pending action. And it's not grounds for objection that the information sought will be inadmissible at trial, if the information sought appears to be reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence." That's the standard.

What AT&T just argued to you was you shouldn't decide this issue because things haven't advanced enough since the last time the Commission looked at this in a generic proceeding. We're asking them factual questions about how much VOIP they are using with Sprint in Florida right now so that you can decide whether things have changed. That's why it's relevant.

They have put in testimony that's accused Sprint of, of being Chicken Little, crying that the sky is falling. I mean, we've taken the position that there's a lot of this stuff going on. They've said we're wrong; the sky is not falling. The questions we've asked are how much of this are you doing? That's directly relevant to whether the sky is falling. It's directly relevant to how much of this is going on. They -- they're asking you to not decide this because things haven't

changed in the last seven months, but they're not willing to share information with you about how much of this stuff is going on. That doesn't make any sense. This is clearly, clearly relevant to this case.

Now I don't understand what they say when they, they call this a policy issue. The issue is what's the proper compensation. They haven't argued with us about what the proper compensation level is. We've said what we think it should be. They have not said in this case what they think it should be. They have declined to join the issue on compensation. They're simply taking the position, don't do it, don't consider it.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Does Sprint have any interconnects in other states that address VOIP?

MR. SCHIFMAN: Commissioner Davidson, Ken Schifman from Sprint. Ken Schifman for Sprint. Actually Sprint is negotiating in interconnection agreements in multiple states with parties suggesting that voice over IP should be subject to the traditional compensation schemes.

In fact, right here in Florida --

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, I understand that and that's really, as I understand it, the RBOC policy position on that. But my question is do you have any existing interconnects? Have any interconnects been signed that address VOIP?

MR. SCHIFMAN: We can certainly get you that 1 2 information. I don't have any knowledge yet if a CLEC has 3 signed onto that. 4 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: And it's not that that, it's 5 not that that will in any way be dispositive of this case. 6 MR. SCHIFMAN: Right. COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: I'm just curious as to if any 7 8 exists out there in the industry. MR. SCHIFMAN: If I may, let me address two other 9 issues. One is Sprint has an arbitration ongoing at this 10 Commission with a company called XO. Voice over IP is an issue 11 12 identified in that arbitration, so like in this case there's specific contract language that the parties are arguing about. 13 14 The Commission -- the issue has been raised in the petition. That is an issue in that arbitration as well. 15 16 So AT&T's argument, I mean, what we're dealing with 17 is a contract issue. In fact, the Commission's recip comp 18 case, the generic order on recip comp --19 COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let me jump in just with one 20 question following up here. To your knowledge has the, has 21 this Commission or other Commissions in cases in which you're 22 doing business ordered or provided for the production of this 23 type of information sought here?

MR. SCHIFMAN: I'm not aware that the New York

Commission did decide the issue of voice over IP. I'm not

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aware of what discovery occurred in that case. It was not a Sprint case. It was between Frontier and a different CLEC. So I am not aware of discovery that's occurred on this issue.

This Commission did, as, as AT&T suggested, did look at this issue and decided it, accepted it as an issue and made a determination in the Intermedia/BellSouth arbitration. It was done -- the Commission decision was issued on August 22nd, 2000.

The recip comp case generic order suggests that at that point in time even after that arbitration that there was some information that, that they didn't want to make a decision based on the record on that, in that proceeding. However, they suggested that parties should bring to them individual disputes and arbitrations where such factual information can be brought before the Commission so the Commission can make a determination. That's what we're asking for here. We're asking to develop a record on voice over IP. We're asking for factual information.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Let me ask you a question.

How would, how would the arguments of the parties and this issue be impacted with implementation of the Access Reform Bill that Florida recently passed?

MR. SCHIFMAN: Well, the Access Reform Bill was passed. It, it basically says, to my understanding, that if a decision is made or voice over IP is determined not to be

access traffic, then parties get to rebalance their rates without petitioning the Commission is my understanding of the legislation. Jeff, correct me if I'm wrong.

MR. WAHLEN: That's right.

MR. SCHIFMAN: So, I mean, we, we have a particular contract language dispute with AT&T on this. We want to understand what type of traffic AT&T is providing to us over voice over IP. It's an issue that the Commission has to decide under the MCI case that Mr. Wahlen handed to you, it's an open issue for arbitration, and there's just -- and AT&T's suggestion that this is a policy issue, all the issues before the Commissions and arbitrations are policy issues. The POI issue in this case is a policy issue. It is before the FCC in the intercarrier NPRM. But we're not suggesting that the Commission defer action on that until the FCC acts. If this Commission had to defer action every time the FCC was supposed to decide something, nothing would ever be done here.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. Let's move on. AT&T, a surrebuttal, please.

MS. CECIL: Yes, Commissioner. I won't address the relevancy argument because, as you indicate, it's really the linchpin of the compelling, the competing motions. But if you look at AT&T's motion in limine -- I mean, we quoted specifically from Mr. Maples' testimony in this case that it would be improper for Sprint to disclose how much traffic they

believe that AT&T has transported and terminated using Internet protocol. That specifically is, in my opinion, and I believe that, you know, anyone who reasonably looks at it would have to say, okay, well, what is the relevancy of the information if Sprint itself says that it's not appropriate to discuss it in this proceeding? And that's because the information is solely being asked for in terms of a subsequent complaint.

I would indicate that we have not heard anything from Sprint's counsel on the phone this morning that indicates that they're not going to file a complaint against AT&T. They could have told you that affirmatively during the argument today, but they didn't do that, Commissioner. So the relevance, I would say, is still just not there based on what their own witnesses said.

Second to the relevance, if you look at the motion that we filed, we also laid out in detail the comments that Sprint had filed at the FCC in the AT&T VOIP petition, and Sprint told the FCC very directly, you now have all of the information that you need to make this decision. There was information about the amount of the traffic, the level of the traffic, the impact to the industry if the FCC makes a decision one way or the other. So for Sprint to now say that they have got to have this issue addressed by this Commission, which has significant industry-wide impact, it's just not proper. It's not proper from a policy perspective and it's certainly not

proper from a relevancy perspective if you look at the very testimony that their witness has filed. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Thank you, parties. And I look forward to receiving Sprint's response to, written response to the motions.

Staff, I understand that you had a preliminary recommendation prepared. I didn't receive that until about 9:00 this morning. But if you could briefly summarize for the benefit of the parties, that would be useful.

MS. DODSON: Staff tentatively recommends that the motion to compel and the motion for protective order be granted in part and denied in part. A number of the interrogatories in question ask for information about VOIP services provided in Florida, and staff suggests that the questions should be limited to calls that originate or terminate in Sprint's service territory and services provided or offered within Sprint's service territory.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: All right. Parties, there you have staff's preliminary recommendation. If you would like to address that in your, in your responses, that would be great. I think we've -- I've heard plenty and I think each side knows the other's position.

What's -- Sprint, what's your anticipated time frame for getting in a written response to the motions?

MR. WAHLEN: I think under the rule we're entitled to

next Tuesday, but hopefully we can get something in Monday for you. COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Yeah. That would be great, I mean, as soon as you can get it here. The quicker you get it, the sooner I can rule. Thank you. MR. WAHLEN: COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Anything else, parties? Staff? MS. DODSON: Nothing further. COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Prehearing conference adjourned. (Prehearing conference adjourned at 10:25 a.m.)