

Impact of Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Production from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

001048-EQ

	October	November	December	Qtr. IV 2000
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	366	739	504	1,609
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	327	146	295	768
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	198	70	43	311
Total Cargill SSW	891	955	842	2,688
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	171	203	88	462
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Implementation, Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (8,912)	\$ (874)	\$ (757)	\$ (10,543)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (9,130)	\$ (10,421)	\$ (10,199)	\$ (29,751)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.38/MWH)	\$ (1,230)	\$ (1,318)	\$ (1,162)	\$ (3,709)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.18/MWH)	\$ (160)	\$ (172)	\$ (152)	\$ (484)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.15/MWH)	\$ (134)	\$ (143)	\$ (126)	\$ (403)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of -Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (21,138)	\$ (21,628)	\$ (17,279)	\$ (60,045)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense				
(10) Avoided Variable Production O&M	\$ 2,042	\$ 2,490	\$ 2,114	\$ 6,646
(11) Avoided Energy Cost				
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,598	\$ 1,280	\$ 4,527
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 130	\$ 126	\$ 101	\$ 357
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 169	\$ 164	\$ 131	\$ 464
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 1,949	\$ 1,888	\$ 1,512	\$ 5,349
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 518	\$ 485	\$ 234	\$ 1,237
(14) Refund (-\$2.26/MWh)	\$ 2,102	\$ 2,165	\$ 1,916	\$ 6,183
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:	Date	10/4/00	11/22/00	12/21/00
	Hour	18	8	8
	MW	2,935	2,618	3,326

Notes:

- This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates. In Quarter IV 2000, October 31st and November 30th were billed on the November and December bills, respectively.
- These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- Represents implementation expense (Oct) and monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the effort.
- Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover hard-to-quantify additional costs. The dollars gained are credited to the Fuel and Purchased Power Recovery Clause.
- These re-allocated amounts are calculated by multiplying the actual load reduction energy by the IS rate for the \$13 million refund that was approved on August 1, 2000 (Order PSC-00-1441-AS-EI). Applies to energy reduction from SSW in all hours including optional provision over-

DOCUMENT NO. 07306 AUG-8-00
 FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

Impact Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot Quarter I 2001
 Does Not Include Energy Production from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

	January	February	March	Qtr. I 2001
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	-	-	-	-
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	125	-	-	125
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	37	-	-	37
Total Cargill SSW	162	-	-	162
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	16	-	-	16
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (273)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (273)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (1,746)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,746)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.59/MWH)	\$ (258)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (258)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.29/MWH)	\$ (47)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (47)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.15/MWH)	\$ (24)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (24)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of -Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (2,619)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,619)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense				
(10) Avoided Variable Production O&M	\$ 397	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 397
(11) Avoided Energy Cost				
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 380	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 380
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 39	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 449
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35
(14) Refund (Not Applicable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:				
Date	1/10/01	2/6/01	3/12/01	
Hour	8	8	20	
MW	3,649	2,826	2,509	

Notes:

- (1) This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- (2) These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- (3) Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- (4) Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- (5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (8) Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- (9) The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- (10) Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- (11) The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- (12) Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- (13) Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and

Impact of Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot - 2nd Quarter 2001

Does Not Include Energy Reduction from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coincident with Optional Provision Purchases

	April	May	June	2nd Qtr. 2001
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	558	1,095	1,267	2,920
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	213	-	-	213
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	-	-	-	-
Total Cargill SSW	771	1,095	1,267	3,133
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	95	289	276	660
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (598)	\$ (614)	\$ (789)	\$ (2,002)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (7,574)	\$ (10,523)	\$ (12,176)	\$ (30,273)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.59/MWH)	\$ (1,226)	\$ (1,741)	\$ (2,015)	\$ (4,981)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.29/MWH)	\$ (224)	\$ (318)	\$ (367)	\$ (909)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.15/MWH)	\$ (116)	\$ (164)	\$ (190)	\$ (470)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of-Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (22,207)	\$ (34,867)	\$ (37,435)	\$ (94,509)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense				
(10) <u>Avoided Variable Production O&M</u>	\$ 719	\$ 1,687	\$ 1,723	\$ 4,129
(11) Avoided Energy Cost				
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 1,251	\$ 2,848	\$ 3,453	\$ 7,551
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 99	\$ 225	\$ 273	\$ 596
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 128	\$ 292	\$ 354	\$ 775
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 1,478	\$ 3,365	\$ 4,079	\$ 8,922
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 922	\$ 949	\$ 1,165	\$ 3,036
(14) Refund (Not Applicable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:				
Date	4/13/01	5/22/01	6/13/01	
Hour	17:00	17:00	18:00	
MW	2,903	3,257	3,305	

Notes:

- (1) This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- (2) These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- (3) Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- (4) Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- (5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (8) Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- (9) The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- (10) Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- (11) The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- (12) Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- (13) Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover

Impact Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot - Quarter 2001
 Does Not Include Energy Reduction from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coincident Optional Provision Purchases

	July	August	September	3rd Qtr. 2001
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	320	139	6	465
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	125	181	102	408
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Cargill SSW	445	320	108	873
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	54	41	13	108
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Implementation, Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (431)	\$ (414)	\$ (331)	\$ (1,177)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (4,293)	\$ (3,269)	\$ (1,165)	\$ (8,727)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.59/MWH)	\$ (708)	\$ (509)	\$ (172)	\$ (1,388)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.29/MWH)	\$ (129)	\$ (93)	\$ (31)	\$ (253)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.15/MWH)	\$ (67)	\$ (48)	\$ (16)	\$ (131)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of-Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (12,893)	\$ (11,215)	\$ (3,686)	\$ (27,794)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense	[REDACTED]			
(10) Avoided Variable Production O&M	\$ 732	\$ 484	\$ 84	\$ 1,300
(11) Avoided Energy Cost	[REDACTED]			
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 1,177	\$ 716	\$ 385	\$ 2,278
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 93	\$ 57	\$ 30	\$ 180
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 121	\$ 73	\$ 40	\$ 234
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 1,391	\$ 846	\$ 455	\$ 2,692
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 137	\$ 173	\$ 41	\$ 351
(14) Refund (Not Applicable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Impact	[REDACTED]			
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:	Date	7/30/01	8/29/01	
	Hour	18:00	17:00	
	MW	3,238	3,451	

Notes:

- (1) This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- (2) These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- (3) Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- (4) Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- (5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (6) Conservation Cost Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (8) Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- (9) The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- (10) Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- (11) The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- (12) Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- (13) Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover hard-to-quantify additional costs. The dollars gained are credited to the Fuel and Purchased Power Recovery Clause.
- (14) Not applicable for Quarter 3 of 2001.

Impact of Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot - Quarter 2001
 Does Not Include Energy Reduction from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

	October	November	December	4th Qtr. 2001
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	0	0	69	69
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	0	0	16	16
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Cargill SSW	0	0	85	85
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	-	-	8	8
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (221)	\$ (221)
(4) Base Energy	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (836)	\$ (836)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.59/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (135)	\$ (135)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.29/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (25)	\$ (25)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.15/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (13)	\$ (13)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of-Use Fuel Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,475)	\$ (2,475)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 201	\$ 201
(10) Avoided Variable Production O&M	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 201	\$ 201
(11) Avoided Energy Cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114	\$ 114
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9	\$ 9
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ 12
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135	\$ 135
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 18
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
(14) Refund (Not Applicable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:				
Date	10/24/01	11/1/01	12/12/01	
Hour	17:00	19:00	19:00	
MW	3,025	2,459	2,534	

Notes:

- This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover

Impact of Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot - Quarter 2002
 Does Not Include Energy Reduction from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

	January	February	March	1st Qtr. 2002
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	0	9	0	9
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	123	282	1,092	1,497
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	0	0	0	0
Total Cargill SSW	123	291	1,092	1,506
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	15	32	50	97
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (273)	\$ (273)	\$ (290)	\$ (835)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (1,263)	\$ (2,945)	\$ (10,560)	\$ (14,768)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.51/MWH)	\$ (186)	\$ (439)	\$ (1,649)	\$ (2,274)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.41/MWH)	\$ (50)	\$ (119)	\$ (448)	\$ (617)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.22/MWH)	\$ (27)	\$ (64)	\$ (240)	\$ (331)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of -Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (4,763)	\$ (7,947)	\$ (33,973)	\$ (46,683)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense				
(10) Avoided Variable Production O&M	\$ 222	\$ 808	\$ 1,137	\$ 2,167
(11) Avoided Energy Cost				
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 190	\$ 422	\$ 1,442	\$ 2,054
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 15	\$ 33	\$ 114	\$ 162
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 20	\$ 43	\$ 148	\$ 211
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 225	\$ 499	\$ 1,704	\$ 2,427
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 43	\$ 63	\$ 183	\$ 289
(14) Refund (Not Applicable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:				
Date	1/9/02	2/28/02	3/5/02	
Hour	08:00	08:00	08:00	
MW	3,462	3,236	3,068	

Notes:

- This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover

Impact Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot and Quarter 2002
 Does Not Include Energy Production from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

	April	May	June	2nd Qtr. 2002
(1) <u>Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH</u>				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	19	117	2	138
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	5	17	123	145
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Cargill SSW	24	134	125	283
(2) <u>Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH</u>				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	83	68	54	205
<u>Cost/Benefit (-/+)</u>				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (414)	\$ (273)	\$ (306)	\$ (994)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (236)	\$ (1,308)	\$ (1,287)	\$ (2,831)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.51/MWH)	\$ (36)	\$ (202)	\$ (189)	\$ (427)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.41/MWH)	\$ (10)	\$ (55)	\$ (51)	\$ (116)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.22/MWH)	\$ (5)	\$ (29)	\$ (28)	\$ (62)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of-Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (892)	\$ (5,556)	\$ (4,341)	\$ (10,789)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense	[REDACTED]			
(10) <u>Avoided Variable Production O&M</u>	\$ 6	\$ 109	\$ 258	\$ 373
(11) Avoided Energy Cost	[REDACTED]			
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 949	\$ 476	\$ 272	\$ 1,698
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 75	\$ 38	\$ 22	\$ 134
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 97	\$ 49	\$ 28	\$ 174
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 1,121	\$ 563	\$ 322	\$ 2,006
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 399	\$ 323	\$ 187	\$ 909
(14) Refund (June only) (\$1.23/MWH)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 173	\$ 173

Net Impact

Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:	Date	4/30/02
	Hour	17:00
	MW	3,192

Notes:

- (1) This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- (2) These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- (3) Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- (4) Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- (5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (8) Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- (9) The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- (10) Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the market.
- (11) The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- (12) Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- (13) Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover

Impact Cargill Self-Service Wheeling (SSW) Pilot 3rd Quarter 2002
 Does Not Include Energy Reduction from Self-Service Wheeling in Hours Coinciding with Optional Provision Purchases

	July	August	September	3rd Qtr. 2002
(1) Energy Reduction from SSW - MWH				
Cargill New Millpoint Plant (SBI-3)	58	37	41	136
Cargill Ridgewood Master Plant (SBI-1)	320	5	90	415
Cargill Hooker's Prairie Plant (IST-1)	0	0	0	0
Total Cargill SSW	378	42	131	551
(2) Actual SSW Under-delivered - MWH				
Basis for Generator-to-Schedule Imbalance (GSI) Service	107	3	47	157
Cost/Benefit (-/+)				
(3) Administration, Billing and Reporting Expense	\$ (365)	\$ (240)	\$ (273)	\$ (877)
(4) Base Energy	\$ (3,787)	\$ (404)	\$ (1,306)	\$ (5,496)
(5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charges (\$1.51/MWH)	\$ (571)	\$ (63)	\$ (198)	\$ (832)
(6) Conservation Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.41/MWH)	\$ (155)	\$ (17)	\$ (54)	\$ (226)
(7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charges (\$0.22/MWH)	\$ (83)	\$ (9)	\$ (29)	\$ (121)
(8) Lost Retail Tariff Time-Of-Use Fuel Revenues	\$ (11,950)	\$ (1,502)	\$ (4,267)	\$ (17,718)
(9) Avoided Fuel and Purchased Power Expense				
(10) <u>Avoided Variable Production O&M</u>	\$ 325	\$ 196	\$ 34	\$ 555
(11) Avoided Energy Cost				
Schedule 8 - Non-Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service (\$1.267/MWH)	\$ 810	\$ 106	\$ 329	\$ 1,245
Schedule 2 - Reactive Supply (\$0.10/MWH)	\$ 64	\$ 8	\$ 26	\$ 98
Schedule 1 - Scheduling (\$0.13/MWH)	\$ 83	\$ 11	\$ 34	\$ 128
(12) Total Transmission Wheeling	\$ 957	\$ 126	\$ 389	\$ 1,472
(13) Net GSI Service Charges	\$ 523	\$ 17	\$ 131	\$ 672
(14) Refund (applicable for July and August only)	\$ 675	\$ 80	\$ -	\$ 755
Net Impact				
Tampa Electric Monthly Peak:	Date	7/18/02	8/6/02	9/4/02
	Hour Ending	16:00	16:00	17:00
	MW	3,871	3,671	3,724

Notes:

- (1) This report is based on calendar month data. Actual customer bills, which are based on billing cycles, may be different due to billing-driven meter reading dates.
- (2) These values represent the differences between the self-service MWs that Cargill scheduled in each hour and the self-service MWs that were actually delivered to Tampa Electric's transmission system in each corresponding hour. Shortfall energy is supplied via Tampa Electric's GSI service at 110% of Tampa Electric's incremental cost for each hour GSI service is required.
- (3) Represents monthly administration, maintenance, billing, and reporting expense associated with the pilot.
- (4) Revenue losses are calculated by multiplying the IST-1 energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) by the reduced energy for Hooker's Prairie; the SBI-1 supplemental energy charge (\$10.78/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for Ridgewood Master; and the SBI-3 supplemental energy charge (\$13.27/MWH) and standby energy charge (\$9.61/MWH) by the reduction in supplemental energy and standby energy, respectively, for New Millpoint.
- (5) Environmental Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the SSW MWH.
- (6) Conservation Cost Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (7) Capacity Cost Recovery Charge is multiplied by the MWH reduced as a result of SSW.
- (8) Represents the loss in tariff time-of-use fuel revenue calculated by multiplying the on-peak and off-peak tariff fuel prices by the energy reduced in on-peak and off-peak hours respectively as a result of SSW.
- (9) The avoided hourly fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and adjustment for line losses is multiplied by the energy reduction from SSW in each hour.
- (10) Avoided variable O&M \$/MWH, adjusted for line losses, is multiplied by the MWH reduction from SSW in hours that TEC generation is on the margin.
- (11) The avoided energy cost is the sum of the avoided fuel and purchased power expense (line 9) and the avoided variable O&M expense (line 10).
- (12) Open Access transmission tariff wheeling charges are multiplied by the scheduled SSW MWs in each hour.
- (13) Calculated by multiplying the 10% gain on the hourly incremental fuel and purchased power expense including SO2 allowances and variable O&M times the GSI MWHs in each hour. The 10% has been treated as a true gain as opposed to a premium designed to cover