1	BEFORE THE	
2	FLORII	DA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		DOCKET NO. 040001-EI
4	In the Matter of:	
5	FUEL AND PURCHASED	
6	RECOVERY CLAUSE WITH GENERATING PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE FACTOR.	
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9	ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT	
10		ICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, ERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY.
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12	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 12
13		
14	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN BRAULIO L. BAEZ COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON
		COMMISSIONER LILA A. JABER
15		COMMISSIONER RUDOLPH "RUDY" BRADLEY COMMISSIONER CHARLES M. DAVIDSON
16		
17	DATE:	March 30, 2004
18		
19	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
20		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
		rarramassee, Florida
21	REPORTED BY:	JANE FAUROT, RPR
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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

04342 APR-78

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PROCEEDINGS

Issue 1?

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And we are back on Item 12.

Mr. Keating, can you introduce the item?

MR. KEATING: Yes. Commissioners, Item 12 is staff's recommendation concerning three post-hearing motions for reconsideration, one being a motion for reconsideration, or in the alternative, clarification. There has been a request for oral argument with respect to Tampa Electric Company's motion for reconsideration, which is addressed in Issue 2. Staff's recommendation on that request is in Issue 1. Staff has recommended approving Tampa Electric's request for oral argument.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, I guess we can take up Issue 1, if you're ready, unless you have any questions on that.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Move staff's recommendation on Issue 1.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Just a minute. I see now.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: It's just oral argument? Are we all right?

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Yes.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Second.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: All right. Moved and seconded. All those in favor say aye.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

(Unanimous affirmative vote.)

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Very well. We're going to entertain oral argument on Tampa Electric's motion for reconsideration.

Mr. Willis, it's your motion.

MR. WILLIS: Thank you, Chairman.

Tampa Electric appreciates the opportunity to present to you today the reasons that we believe that, respectfully, you should reconsider your decision to offset Tampa Electric's recoverable fuel expenses by \$8.3 million. We have asked that you reconsider that decision, and we further have urged you not to make matters worse by considering the petition for reconsideration that was filed by OPC, FIPUG, and the Florida Retail Federation, which would make matters worse by increasing that adjustment to \$31.9 million.

We hope that you will firmly reject OPC's -- I'll just call it intervenors -- petition, and specifically recognize that the \$8.4 million adjustment, if it stands -- we hope that you will reconsider it, and it doesn't, but if it does stand that that was the total adjustment to be made for all relevant time periods.

I think it is very important for you to understand and remember the background under which these issues arose. In 1999 Tampa Electric undertook a massive one billion dollar environmental clean-up program. The centerpiece of that program was a \$700 million repowering of the Gannon coal-fired

station into the new Bayside natural gas burning station. In the settlement we were required to shut down all coal-burning activity at Gannon Station no later than December 31st, 2004. I'm proud to report that Tampa Electric has completed its repowering project successfully. It was completed on January 15th. It was on time and under budget, and it provides 1,800 megawatts of clean burning power at the old Gannon site. It's 600 megawatts more than the old Gannon Station.

Tampa Electric did cease its coal-fired operations at Gannon Units 1 and 2 in April of last year. And Gannon Units 3 and 4 were shut down in October of 2003. And we feel that that was a very good decision, and you agreed with that. But let me digress. This shutdown gave rise to the issues that were tried in the fuel hearing in November; that is, first of all, was the shut down prudent. And you very forcefully, and we appreciate your decision, that, yes, it was prudent. For safety, and reliability, and environmental benefits, for the whole of the circumstance it absolutely was the right thing to do to shut those units down when we did.

The second issue was, well, what is the effect of that shutdown. Well, the first effect was that it provided dramatic environmental improvements in the Tampa Bay area. NOx was reduced by 85 percent, SO2 was reduced by 89 percent, and mercury emissions were reduced by 70 percent, a dramatic change where Tampa Electric has emerged as one of the cleanest

utilities in the country as a result of this program. It increased the capacity, as I mentioned. It increased the reliability of the station by switching to natural gas in a new facility.

But natural gas is more expensive than coal, and the net effect of this event was that all things considered, our purchased power and fuel costs were offset by \$8.4 million because of some savings that were perceived. Now this is a very significant amount to Tampa Electric.

Now, you called it an accounting offset. We felt, in the context of everything that was presented, we felt it was more like a penalty. But doing the right thing as efficiently and as quickly as we could, and providing those benefits that I have just mentioned.

Now, with respect to cost-recovery, I want to point out that Tampa Electric has not asked that the \$700 million capital investment be recovered either in the environmental cost-recovery clause, and we have not to date asked for it to be recovered in base rates, either. In fact, Tampa Electric has absorbed the last two major power plants without an increase in its base rates. But we did ask you to allow all of the replacement fuel costs that were occasioned by this shutdown, we felt in the whole context that that was fair.

So, our argument to you today is that considering the entire context of this matter that you overlooked all of the

costs of shutting down the Gannon Station and all the many costs of this settlement. Now, we believe that as a matter of basic fairness that this adjustment shouldn't be made.

Now, before I go further I want to emphasize that we do appreciate the fact that you specifically held that Tampa Electric's decision to shut down the Gannon Units 1 through 4 when it did were prudent, and that the replacement fuel associated with the shutdown were prudently incurred, we just take issue with giving us a \$8.4 million adjustment in the context of the extensive environmental benefits that I have talked about, and the vast amount of other costs that were involved that we're not being asked to be recovered.

With respect to OPC's -- I'll just say OPC's motion, I know it is a joint motion with FIPUG and the others, but I tend to say just OPC -- we completely agree with staff's recommendation on that issue. We believe that you should reject that proposal out of hand, that it exacerbates this matter tremendously by expanding this adjustment from \$8.4 million all the up to \$31.9 million. They have not presented any matter of law that you overlooked, and they have not presented to you any matter that you didn't thoroughly consider.

I don't believe that this Commission miscalculated or misunderstood what you were doing. I think that you clearly assumed that the total amount of the adjustment, if you are

going to make one, which I must say that we dispute, but for the purposes of argument, if you are going to make an adjustment, I think that you clearly intended that the total amount of the adjustment for the relevant time period was to be \$8.4 million.

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As staff points out, the transcripts of your decision are abundantly clear, that you developed a number that you felt was about right under these circumstances. As I have noted, we don't agree with that, but that is what I think that you did.

And that you had some discussions back and forth about how to get to just about the right number.

So, in summary, we believe that the intervenors' points are inconsistent with your vote at the agenda conference that followed the fuel hearing. The fact that the Bayside units are now operational providing additional capacity to the company, all of the plans for the shutdown call for it to be made before the end of this year and not -- there was never a plan to run the units right down to the last minute.

It was inconsistent with OPC's Witness Majoros that we never intended to run those units all the way to the end. It is inconsistent with the finding that our shutdown was prudent, the significant environmental benefits, and we also contend that the savings are, in fact, nonexistent because we increased expenses in other areas.

So, in conclusion, to expand this adjustment from

\$8.4 million to \$31.9 million would grossly penalize Tampa Electric, and we believe would shock basic sensibilities and would not be fundamentally fair. And so we urge you to fully adopt staff's recommendation that the \$8.4 million offset was the total adjustment to be made for all relevant time periods.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you, Mr. Willis.

Mr. Vandiver, if you will just hold on a second, I have a question of staff.

Mr. Keating, and, again, I just need to be straightened out on this because I feel a sense of fairness coming on. Mr. Willis did start discussing OPC's motion, which under my understanding we weren't entertaining oral argument on, but I'm going to let them argue their motion, since Mr. Willis' -- are we okay with that?

MR. KEATING: There is nothing in the way this item was noticed to suggest that participation would be limited.

Traditionally, it is limited to Commissioners and staff, but we have in past practice allowed, at the Commission's discretion, parties to conduct oral argument on motions for reconsideration.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, any objection to just extending the oral argument to all the motions that we have before us?

Mr. Litchfield, I see you sitting, do you have comments to make on your motion, as well? And I'm not going to

take them up right now, I just want to know. 1 MR. LITCHFIELD: I'm only here to address Issue 2 Number 3. 3 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: So you do have comments to make? 4 MR. LITCHFIELD: Only to the extent to support 5 staff's recommendation. If there are no other questions, no, I 6 would have no comments. 7 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: You've been marvelously brief, and we 8 appreciate it. Thank you. 9 Mr. Vandiver, you go ahead, and understand that you 10 have full range of discussion here available to you. 11 COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Mr. Chairman, I need for the 12 13 gentleman who supports staff's recommendation to identify himself and who he represents. 14 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Oh, I'm sorry. Mr. Litchfield, go 15 ahead and identify yourself for Commissioner Bradley. 16 MR. LITCHFIELD: Wade Litchfield for Florida Power 17 and Light. 18 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: He is on Issue 3. 19 MR. LITCHFIELD: It's Issue 4, actually. 20 COMMISSIONER JABER: Issue 4. 21 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: I apologize. Now that we have got 22 that straight, go ahead, Mr. Vandiver. 23 MR. VANDIVER: We would ask that Ms. Kaufman present 24 25 argument, if that is acceptable, and I will be available to

answer any questions the Commission may have.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Go ahead, Ms. Kaufman.

MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Vicki Gordon Kaufman, I'm here on behalf of the Florida Industrial Power Users Group. We filed a joint response with Public Counsel and the Florida Retail Federation, and our own joint motion for reconsideration.

I won't belabor the standard for reconsideration, because I know that we are all familiar with it, but it is whether the Commission overlooked or failed to recognize an important point of fact or law. I will address Mr. Willis' comments first. We think that clearly the argument he has made to you and the argument that was made in his pleading is just reargument of what you heard at the hearing and what you discussed during your deliberations.

Tampa Electric made a number of points in their written pleading, but today Mr. Willis has emphasized to you that you didn't consider all the facts, you didn't look at the entire context. And to that point, I would remind you that we had several witnesses from Tampa Electric, we had witnesses from the Florida Industrial Power Users Group, we had a witness from Public Counsel. All the facts were before you. And when you deliberated on this matter for, it was several hours that day in November, you thoroughly took into account all the facts and circumstances of this case.

And that being said, you made the decision that you did to offset the increased replacement fuel costs that were visited upon the ratepayers due to the Gannon early shutdown.

You made that in light of all the facts that have now been --

were presented then and reiterated to you now.

than coal.

And the bottom line of your decision is that the company shut down the Gannon coal burning units early, and that action resulted in O&M savings for the company and increased replacement fuel costs for the customers. Because as Mr.

Willis told you, we know that natural gas is more expensive

Now, Mr. Willis calls this a penalty. However, if you look at your order, you will see that you addressed that. And you noted that it was a way for the ratepayers to share in the savings the company received, and that it was well within your statutory authority to do so. So we agree with your Staff when they say at Page 7 of the recommendation, that the Commission acted fully within its statutory authority when it ordered Tampa Electric's recoverable fuel costs to be offset by O&M savings resulting from the same finite decision which led to replacement fuel costs. You clearly linked those two actions. And in your discussion, as well as in the order, you wanted to tie those two things together.

And I would direct you to Page 21 of your order where you discuss this, and then it is memorialized in your order,

and I call it the but for test. You said that but for Tampa Electric's decision to cease operations at Gannon Units

1 through 4 when it did, the company would not have incurred the replacement fuel costs that we have deemed reasonable.

Further, but for that same decision, the company would not have achieved O&M savings. So you linked those two things, and you found that an offset was fair. And then you directed a sharing of that savings on an 80/20 basis.

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Tampa Electric talks about the fairness and the equity of the situation, and they cite in their pleading the GTE case, which most of you recall is a surcharge telephone case, and they use that case for the principle that fairness and equity works both ways as to the ratepayers and as to the utility. And we have no quarrel with that principle.

We would say to you, though, that you made the right decision, and without allowing TECO to at least share a part of its O&M savings, it would be the ratepayers that would be getting the short end of the equity stick, if you will. And in this case, even though the ratepayers are bearing 100 percent of the replacement costs, still they are receiving only 80 percent of the savings.

Also, your staff points out to you, you discussed in your deliberations, this is just the converse of the situation that you see frequently in the fuel adjustment case where base rate items are passed through the fuel adjustment clause when

there is a fuel savings. The GTE case tells you to look at the reciprocal situation, which is what you have here, when you are judging fairness.

The bottom line, Commissioners, we think you applied the correct regulatory philosophy. We don't think that Tampa Electric has pointed out to you anything that you have overlooked or failed to consider. We think that their motion for reconsideration should be denied.

Our motion makes a very simple point, that is as I have already mentioned, when we listened to your discussion and then when we read the transcript, it seemed to us you linked the early shut down, which was a voluntary action that Tampa Electric took, you linked that to the increased fuel costs.

You used the but for test that I have already described.

As I said, we think that was the right approach. We think the error that was made was that you addressed the savings only for 2003. We know, as Mr. Willis told you, the plants were shut down in 2003; they didn't run at all in 2004. And so not only were there O&M savings and increased replacement costs in 2003, there was a similar scenario in 2004.

Again, there was a lot of discussion on this issue, a lot of motions made, a lot of discussion of the language, it seemed to us that you were tying that December 31, 2004, shutdown date with the savings and the costs. It's true you

told your staff to look at MJM-5, and I have some additional copies if you need them, but MJM-5, even though it was a Public Counsel exhibit, it was a document prepared by Tampa Electric that illustrated the savings only for 2003.

can do that by looking at MJM-8. Again, a Tampa Electric prepared document that reflects the savings for 2004 when you apply the same methodology that you used for 2003. That is what we did, and we took MJM-8, and we calculated the savings. I believe it is \$29.4 million. When you share that as you have already directed, the savings is 23.5. And when you add that to 8.4, that is how you get \$31.9 million which reflects the same methodology that you used for '03 for '04, and we think this correctly reflects the amount that ought to be flowed back to ratepayers who are bearing 100 percent of the increased replacement fuel cost. So we would ask you to reconsider that portion of your motion, and to apply the same philosophy for '03 that you applied for '04. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Commissioners, questions? I have one real quick, just to throw out -- oh, go ahead, Commissioner Bradley.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: No, go ahead.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Really quickly, Ms. Kaufman. Is the number of additional fuel costs, the number that we were considering, is it your position that it extended through the

end of '04, as well?

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MS. KAUFMAN: Yes. Because the coal units were shut down for all of '04, and replacement fuel is required.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Are we through considering arguments as it relates to reconsideration? If so, I have a proposal that I would like to put out.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Go ahead. I think the parties have all had their say at this point. So whatever questions or comments you may have, Commissioner.

get this into the framework of what we are doing here today, but I think it is quite appropriate, and I just want to put it out there for the parties to consider. Noteworthy is that air quality is a serious problem in Tampa Bay. And I am referring specifically to nitrogen oxide. Also noteworthy is that there is a bill before the legislature to help improve air quality in the State of Florida.

And what I want to ask the Commission as well as staff, and I want staff to respond to a couple of questions, and the first question is this: Is there a possibility of using approximately \$10 million of O&M savings to improve air quality in Tampa Bay? That's my first question.

And, specifically, I know that we are in the process of giving reconsideration to our previous order, but what I

want to put out there is the compromise position that does not deal with all the issues, but somewhat moves us away from where -- moves us away from our initial decision. Of the approximately \$10 million at issue, what my proposal would do is this: I would propose that we use one-fourth as the refund to the ratepayers, which would be equivalent to the equivalent amount of \$2.5 million, one-fourth to be retained by TECO, which is 2.5 million, and the remaining 5 million to be used to improve the air quality in Tampa Bay.

But before I make my motion, I need to ask staff this question: A \$5 million investment towards improving air quality, would that make a meaningful difference?

MR. JENKINS: Commissioner, no, it would not. Tampa Electric still has an NOx problem at its Big Bend plant, and it would probably cost somewhere in the neighborhood of 100 million to put a selective catalytic reduction, much like a catalytic converter on your automobile, on the plant. So it would be a drop in the bucket, so to speak.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Well, would at least a drop in the bucket be a beginning?

MR. JENKINS: Everything is a beginning, yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay. And I need for the parties to respond. And if we agree to use the 5 million in additional monies to reduce the emissions, what I would also propose is that we develop some conceptual plan that would

earmark those dollars, that would make TECO accountable for the use of those dollars. I'm just putting that out there as maybe an alternative discussion or a recommendation.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Commissioner, if I may, I think that is a great idea to have dollars spent on air quality issues. When this issue initially came up, it was my intent that the \$8.4 million adjustment was the total adjustment to be made, that it didn't sort of extend beyond a period of time, and there was no, sort of, tying it to 2004 and 2005. I mean, we debated this, and I recall specifically this issue. And when I voted, it was that 8.4 million was the adjustment.

I like this idea of using an additional amount for air clean-up, and I'm wondering if -- how we would get to that point while also reflecting at least what was my intent, if perhaps, even though it may be a drop in the bucket, the company could support and would voluntarily agree to what Commissioner Bradley was suggesting that \$5 million of this additional amount be spent for air clean-up. I'm trying to flesh this out so that at some point we could get to an actual motion.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Well, I put my proposal out there just as a beginning point of our discussion. Maybe as a beginning point to maybe solving a problem that two parties disagree about, and to have an alternative out there. And by no means do I disagree with anything that you have said.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: I mean, my concern is I don't want to sort of be in a posture of ordering, so to speak, certain provisions, whether in this case it be costs, a sharing of savings, or another provision, and then sort of send a signal that, well, we are always going to, sort of, reopen what I intended to be a final decision on that.

But, again, I think this idea of allocating some of these savings to good policies and programs is a good one, and I wonder if there is a vehicle, a way to get there that would sort of not grant the motions for reconsideration, but would perhaps get to the end point of what Commissioner Bradley is suggesting.

Because just as a matter of law and fact, I don't think there is a basis for the granting of the motions for reconsideration. I think staff got it right, as it pertains to Issues 2 and 3. I understand the parties aren't there, so I'm wondering if there is a vehicle to get to that additional, sort of focus on air quality in Tampa while not sort of revisiting our prior orders, which in my view are correct.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: I don't disagree with anything you said.

MR. WILLIS: Commissioner Davidson, let me make just a couple of observations. First of all, the project that we undertook and the billion dollar program that Tampa Electric undertook has dramatically improved the air quality in Tampa

Bay from the Gannon site and the entire area. I mean, the reductions that we are talking about are dramatic. They are 85, 89 percent for NOx and SOx (phonetic), they are 70 percent for mercury. That is a wonderful result, and it cost the company a lot of money to do that, which we have not asked to be recovered to date either in the environmental cost-recovery clause or in base rates.

To add onto that, I mean, we feel like that we have already approached this issue and done it in a fair way, and a way that settled differences with the EPA and DEP. And I think you are absolutely right that the issue before you today is whether or not these petitions for reconsideration should be granted. And I think that you should remain true to what you have indicated was your intent when you voted to make this adjustment, that the \$8.4 million seemed about right for this situation. And I think if you are going to make an adjustment, which we don't believe that any adjustment should be made under the circumstances, then that amount is what you should stick with.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, I agree. But I also agree with Commissioner Bradley that if we can get some type of even additional sort of commitment, even though as we have heard it may be a drop in the bucket, I think every drop in the bucket adds up to a drop of, you know, cleaner air. That if we could come up with a solution that could get us there while

sustaining our orders, but perhaps even a commitment by the company, well, you know, we will certainly increase our program by X amount. And I don't know that is something you could make today, I don't know, but I support Commissioner Bradley's idea.

MR. WILLIS: We support his idea in the sense of reducing and improving air quality. But we are obligated under the further provisions of our settlement to do additional clean-up at Big Bend Station, and there are significant dollars involved. And we are committed through those settlement agreements to do that.

What I would urge you to do today is to get this issue off the table, to confirm your decision, if that is what it would be, and then to look at -- I mean, I think we have got your message that you want further improvements down there and we are committed to do that, but not to go further and try to allocate some additional money to specific projects as a result of this hearing. I think we have your message loud and clear, though.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Mr. Vandiver, you had a response?

MR. VANDIVER: Yes, sir. I would say that we
certainly admire Commissioner Bradley's motive, and I think it
is a great intent. I think our office certainly supports the
environmental idea of cleaning up the air in Tampa Bay.

I think from a legal standpoint that this record is closed, and that the record support for doing this on this

particular record is simply lacking. And that Tampa Electric, of course, does have an environmental cost-recovery clause that perhaps something of this nature could be recovered through.

And that is my first thought, of course, just being hit with this, that this particular pot of money on this record I don't believe is appropriate. And that is not to say that this isn't a very creative idea, and I really admire the motive and the idea, and perhaps had this been presented to us earlier when the record was open, that perhaps we could have creatively come together on this record and been more creative.

But at this stage, this very late stage of this proceeding, I feel very constrained to respond more creatively here at oral argument on reconsideration because it is a wonderful motive. And our office does support efforts to clean up the environment and clean up the air in Tampa Bay. And I know that you being a native from down there speak from the heart, and I think it is a great idea. But on this particular record with this particular pot of money, I think there are problems logistically getting there, sir. And being hit with it and not having more time to think about it, I think that is kind of where we are on this record, sir.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Ms. Kaufman, you had something to say, and then I think Commissioner Deason had some comments, as well.

MS. KAUFMAN: I would just echo Mr. Vandiver. We are

here on reconsideration. And we appreciate Mr. Bradley's motives, but we think that the legal standard is clear, the record is closed. It is what it is. And I'm not sure that at this point in the process it would be appropriate.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Thank you. Commissioner Deason.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, I guess my thoughts have already been expressed to some extent. You know, while I recognize the motive is sincere and the goal is laudable, I'm concerned that we not stray from outside the constraints placed upon us for reconsideration.

The record is closed. And as we all know, the standard for reconsideration is quite clear. And, you know, I would be uncomfortable changing our decision, unless there is a finding that we have erred in some manner. And so I'm more comfortable staying within the traditional constraints of reconsideration.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: And I would agree with you,

Commissioner, but I do have a question just for clarity sake.

The idea of -- well, first of all, Commissioner Bradley, I

think it is important to lay out there that environmental

goals, and the people have to think creatively about how to

address, and certainly in that area, what environmental

interests ought to be addressed. I think the way you broke it

down mathematically were essentially what we are considering is

playing with a refund, we're playing with the customers' money.

And while I don't have in principle an objection to saying, you know what, I think rather than putting money in the customers' pocket on a one-time thing, let's make an investment, or a contribution that has a longer view. A gift that keeps giving, if you will. So I think that that is the way we need to be thinking, and I would urge the companies to take that back with them.

that they are postured at this point, and as Commissioner

Deason said, it seems to me that we are, in essence, playing

with the customers' money after we have already created an

interest in this refund on their behalf. And I think what you

might have heard Public Counsel, again, creatively addressing

is that somehow a decision has already been made that has

created these expectations.

And I guess maybe when we were making the decision we could have gone -- and I guess that was going to be my question to staff. At the point at which we decide on a sharing mechanism, at a point in which we decide what the disposition of any offset benefits might have been, would we have been within our authority to actually have thought about a more creative disposition at the time, or is that something that, as I think Public Counsel has implied, had to also be in the record, the possible alternatives for our disposition of those funds?

MR. KEATING: Well, as you probably recall in your deliberations, to come up with the 80/20 split there was some discussion about whether there was record support for even creating that split between ratepayers and shareholders here. It might be going a step further where you have got an additional split without some record support to explain why that would be appropriate.

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appropriate treatment of -- that the only appropriate treatment of when you are going to flow back benefits is a refund, a straight refund? I mean, is that essentially the case, is the only alternative that is available to us? I guess the question that I'm having trouble with is the notion that if we are, if it is our authority to say, and, again, based on the record, there ought to be an offset, there ought to be benefits that are shared with the customers, that we also do not have some kind of authority as to how that benefit is disposed.

And, again, let me be clear. I'm not talking about in this instance, because I think we have gone a step, we are a little bit past that for this point. But for future reference, do we have that kind of authority. I mean, as I recall, I think an 80/20 split may have even been some kind of consensus rather than -- I'm sure there was record evidence, I have no doubt about that, but I guess my point being that there was a fair amount of leeway as to what that number ultimately was.

MR. KEATING: I think in the record before you you had record evidence that supported no offset and record evidence that supported an offset. You had a range of 0 to 100 of what could be offset. But nobody had proposed --while there was a proposal of an offset, nobody had proposed this additional matter. And I don't want to give you an opinion off the cuff, given the situation cold. I don't want to give you an opinion that you wouldn't want to use for future proceeding, that would bind you in the future, because I know you asked for something to guide you in the future.

to me. I mean, yes, there was record evidence for an offset in whatever proportions may have been deemed appropriate. I don't think that -- I don't think that Commissioner Bradley's suggestion, had we really thought about it in time, changes the nature of that necessarily. The fact that you say, all right, there is an offset, there is 80 percent and 20 percent sharing, now what we do with that 80 percent I guess my question, because I really am unclear as to what our options are when and if the time ever comes again, what our ability to deal with that is.

I'm sorry, Commissioner Deason, were you waving me down?

COMMISSIONER DEASON: No. At some point, I just need to make a comment.

1 CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Mr. Chairman, let me clear up something. What I put out there before the Commission was not a recommendation, but purely some points of discussion.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: I understand that. I think we've got a whole lot of discussion.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: By no means have I made a motion.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: No, no. I didn't hear you say motion at all.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Okay.

commissioner DEASON: At this point, let me just state this: I believe that the Commission's jurisdiction and discretion is quite broad when it comes to ratemaking decisions. Obviously they have to abide by the law and they have to be fair and reasonable, but I think we have a great deal of discretion.

We had a record in front of us, as counsel indicated. I think the Commission, when we were deliberating, we were trying to come up with an equitable solution that we felt was fair to all involved, and we had quite a bit of record evidence concerning the timing of the decision to close these plants, why they were done. We had economic analysis as well as engineering analysis concerning that. I think we made a decision that the timing was prudent, but we were concerned

about the equity of it all and how ratepayers were being treated in the process, and we wanted to make sure that ratepayers were treated fairly as well.

The Commission historically has had the ability, and we have used that to come up with imaginative ways to create equity. And the 80/20 split, I think, was that. We have used that in other contexts and other proceedings. And I think the Commission has the discretion, if the proposal had been made at the time we were deliberating about setting aside a certain amount to be earmarked for certain types of environmental improvements, I think that probably would have been within our discretion for consideration at the time. I'm just not comfortable in doing in the context of a reconsideration.

So my comments earlier should not be interpreted that we do not have the discretion to consider these type of equity decisions. The Commission has historically made decisions other than cash refunds. In the water and wastewater industry we routinely make adjustments to CIAC. I know in the electric industry we have made adjustments to depreciation reserves, we have offset regulatory assets that have been created because of timing differences. So there are a variety of mechanisms at our disposal, and I think that we can be creative and be responsive. I'm just uncomfortable doing it in the context of reconsideration at this point.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Point taken. Commissioner Davidson.

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COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: And I understand Commissioner Deason's sentiments. And I like this idea a lot, I think it actually is a bit more creative than we were. To use your term it encourages -- what was it, a gift that keeps on giving, as opposed to just an outright cash refund. And my question for staff, either for Mr. Keating or Mr. Melson, is is there a way within our discretion in the posture of this case to sort of revisit the 80/20 structure to perhaps get to what Commissioner Bradley is suggesting? And I just -- my question really goes to the authority to do that. Because I support the idea. And if there is a way that we could get there within our authority, and then someone -- we could get a clear motion articulated that wouldn't cause us to reconsider the essence of our decision, but perhaps go into more specifics on the allocation, I could support that.

MR. MELSON: Commissioner, I think it is very difficult at this stage in the proceeding to try to do that. Even if you were not reconsidering the amount, the disposition of those dollars, as I understand it, the way the issues really were teed up in the case is how many dollars should be recovered from customers through the fuel clause. And your decision to offset the amount that was recovered by the 8.4 million was an exercise of your discretion taking into account how you might account for some O&M savings.

To the best of my knowledge, there was not any

evidence in the record that would have supported using dollars for anything other than flowing them back to customers through the fuel clause. And while I agree that, you know, I think you would have had more discretion at the time the decision was being made, I am concerned that without some record evidence that some other use of those dollars was appropriate that that would be a more difficult decision to defend on appeal, even if you had done it at the time. I don't want to sit here today and say you can or you can't, but with the kind of record you had, it likely would have been a stretch to do something out of the box.

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: Well, I think in view of all the discussion, I'm going to make a motion to move staff on Issues 2 and 3.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Commissioner Davidson, may I just put in a comment before we act on your motion, if you don't mind?

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Go ahead, Commissioner Jaber.

COMMISSIONER JABER: I want to agree with the Commissioners that Commissioner Bradley's motion or idea, your discussion piece is certainly laudable. And I have to tell you, Commissioner Bradley, had we had the company or the parties come forward when we were deliberating initially, that that is an idea I would have whole-heartedly supported.

I think what we shouldn't underestimate today with

your discussion piece is that the parties should be encouraged to use that kind of creativity. We have sort of gotten on the subject of what the Commission has jurisdiction over and how much discretion the PSC does have, but I think that you don't even reach that discussion if the company and parties would have come forward that day and said let us work on a creative idea where it is a win/win situation for the customers and the company.

So I really want to congratulate you on that, and further encourage companies, and consumer groups, and the like to take your idea as a way to move forward for the years to come to be this creative. Because, frankly, if we would have had that idea from the parties, we wouldn't be talking about how much discretion the PSC has or doesn't have.

The other thing I wanted to tell you that concerns me about the proposal as it relates to today is the perception that it may have, and the legislature with the bill pending, you made reference to that earlier. While I think our intentions would be good, I would hate for someone to perceive that we are circumventing the pending bill somehow.

With that I would support Commissioner Davidson's motion and would encourage parties in the future to take this as guidance. Because this is where we need to be. We need to be thinking out of the box and creating win/win situations for all Floridians, companies included.

And, finally, for the record, I agree with Commissioner Davidson that \$8.4 million was always the total adjustment from my standpoint. And I never intended, nor do I today intend to send a signal that it is a penalty to the company. In fact, I think we took great pains to congratulate the company for their quick reaction in shutting down those units and their quick compliance with the DEP and EPA requirements. And I continue to congratulate the company in that regard. And I would second Commissioner Davidson's motion.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: Mr. Chairman, before we accept the second, let me be clear about my comments and my proposal.

By no means am I attempting to circumvent the Legislature. But specifically --

COMMISSIONER DAVIDSON: We have no doubt about that.

COMMISSIONER BRADLEY: But, specifically, my concern comes purely from my experiences in the past, and, as I said, my concern about the reduction or the improvement of the air quality in the Tampa Bay area. And that is an issue that is important and it is a major health initiative or issue. But with that I will accept the motion and I will second the second.

CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Great. There is a motion, and a second, and a third on Issues 2 and 3. All those in favor say aye.

1	(Unanimous affirmative vote.)
2	CHAIRMAN BAEZ: Show it approved unanimously.
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STATE OF FLORIDA 1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 COUNTY OF LEON 3 4 I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Office of Hearing Reporter Services, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and 5 Administrative Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing 6 proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated. IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically 7 reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this 8 transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said 9 proceedings. I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, 10 attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel 11 connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action. 12 DATED THIS 5th day of April, 2004. 13 14 15 JANE FAUROT, RPR Chief, Office of Hearing Reporter Services 16 FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and Administrative Services 17 (850) 413-6732 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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