BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 2 DOCKET NO. 060308-TP 3 In the Matter of: 4 JOINT APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF INDIRECT TRANSFER OF CONTROL OF 5 TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES RESULTING FROM AGREEMENT AND PLAN 6 OF MERGER BETWEEN AT&T INC. (PARENT COMPANY OF AT&T COMMUNICATIONS OF 7 THE SOUTHERN STATES, LLC, CLEC CERT. NO. 4037, IXC REGISTRATION NO. TJ615, 8 AND PATS CERT. NO. 8019; TCG SOUTH FLORIDA, IXC REGISTRATION NO. TI327 9 AND CLEC CERT. NO. 3519; SBC LONG DISTANCE, LLC, CLEC CERT. NO. 8452, 10 AND IXC REGISTRATION NO. TI684; AND SNET AMERICA, INC., IXC REGISTRATION NO. 11 TI389) AND BELLSOUTH CORPORATION (PARENT COMPANY OF BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, 12 INC., ILEC CERT. NO. 8 AND CLEC CERT. NO. 4455); AND BELLSOUTH LONG DISTANCE, INC. 13 (CLEC CERT. NO. 5261 AND IXC REGISTRATION NO. TI554). 1.4 15 16 ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT 17 THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, THE .PDF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY. 18 19 AGENDA CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS: ITEM NO. 5 20 CHAIRMAN LISA POLAK EDGAR **BEFORE:** 21

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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON COMMISSIONER ISILIO ARRIAGA

COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. TEW

Tuesday, August 15, 2006

COMMISSIONER MATTHEW M. CARTER, II

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2 PLACE:

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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	PARTICIPATING:
2	JIM MEZA, ESQUIRE, representing BellSouth.
3	TRACY HATCH, ESQUIRE, representing AT&T
4	Communications of the Southern States, LLC.
5	JON MOYLE, JR., ESQUIRE, representing, representing
б	ITC DeltaCom, NuVox Communications, XO Communications and
7	Xspedius Communications.
8	HOWARD E. ADAMS, ESQUIRE, representing Time Warne:
9	Telecom of Florida, L.P.
10	JASON FUDGE, ESQUIRE, representing the Florida
11	Public Service Commission Staff.
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1 PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: And that will bring us beginning our discussions to Item 5.

MR. FUDGE: Item 5 is staff's recommendation -CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Hang on a moment. Let's go ahead
and let people get settled so we can be sure that we hear you clearly.

Okay. Mr. Fudge.

MR. FUDGE: Thank you.

Commissioners, Item 5 is staff's recommendation to deny the protest filed by the Joint CLECs and Time Warner because, one, the injuries alleged are not of sufficient immediacy; and, two, the underlying transfer of control proceeding is not designed to protect those interests.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Are you ready?

MR. MEZA: Yes, ma'am.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: You're recognized.

MR. MEZA: Jim Meza on behalf of BellSouth.

BellSouth supports staff's recommendation. It is consistent with your prior decisions on this matter. Your order is consistent with prior decisions involving transfers of control under 364.33 for both ILECs and CLECs, including the majority of the protesting parties. And with that, I would like to reserve my time to rebut any arguments necessary and also to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Meza.

Mr. Hatch.

MR. HATCH: Tracy Hatch appearing on behalf of AT&T.

We also support the staff's recommendation and adopt the comments of Mr. Meza. We would reserve our time as well for any rebuttal or questions, if necessary.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Moyle.

MR. MOYLE: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

Jon Moyle, Jr., with the Moyle Flanigan law firm appearing today on behalf of ITC DeltaCom, NuVox Communications, XO Communications, and Xspedius Communications. All of these are CLECs, are competitors in the telecom industry here in Florida, and in the pleadings they have been referred to as the Joint CLECs.

Staff has outlined why we are here. Just briefly, you all adopted a PAA order, and the Joint CLECs timely filed a protest and sought a hearing under 120.569 and 120.57, which is a factual hearing where we want to bring forth evidence that we would ask you to consider about the effect of this merger on the CLECs.

In preparing for this, and Vicki Kaufman has been doing most of the work and is on vacation and asked me to pinch hit for her today, which I agreed to do, you know it's a standing issue. And I went back and, you know, Agrico is cited, Agrico this, Agrico that. And the two tests in Agrico

are, you know, is an injury alleged of sufficient immediacy.

And, if so, is the proceeding one that is designed to protect that injury. And, you know, staff, I think, has suggested maybe what we alleged isn't enough. But in their staff recommendation, they do make a comment that accepting petitioners' allegations as true, there may be a high degree of potential economic injury. And I think we have alleged -- you know, these are not in the petition -- but we have alleged we are going to get clobbered by this merger. It's going to affect us, it's going to affect competition, and we would ask that you guys take a look at this thing before you approve it.

Let me just spend a couple of minutes talking about Agrico. Your new general counsel, I think, is probably learned in this area, having come from DEP. And the Agrico case was a case involving air permits and a wastewater treatment system. It was an environmental case under Section 403, Florida Statutes. 403 deals with environmental issues. And some competitors got in that case and challenged the issuance of the permits. And it went up to the appellate court and the appellate court said, "Wait a minute. These permitting statutes are not designed to protect competitive interests. Therefore, you don't have standing." Okay. Well, that seems to make sense.

So the analysis here, in my mind, then becomes is the statute that you all are operating under designed to protect

competitive interests. And I would argue clearly that it is.

And let me just walk you through the reasoning and the rationale as to why I believe that this statute, 364, and related statutes are designed to protect competitive interests. Which if you agree with that, then the Joint CLEC's allegations regarding the fact that we are going to get clobbered, I think, would justify us having standing to move forward and seek a hearing in front of the Commission.

all have looked at. And the transfer of control statute is two or three sentences, and it really says you guys have to approve the transfer of control. It doesn't give you, really, any criteria to look at when you make that decision. So what you have done is historically you have applied a public interest test, and that's referenced in your PAA and staff has referenced that, that public interest is what you guys have historically looked to.

Staff makes a comment in their recommendation that little guidance has been provided on what constitutes public interest. And while that may be true, I think that you are obligated to look at and follow what guidance the legislature has provided with respect to a public interest. And I don't think you have to look much further than 364.01, which has the following sentence, and I will just quote it and read it into the record in which the legislature has expressly found that

competition is in the public interest. Here is the section of the statute. Quote, "The Legislature finds that the competitive provision of telecommunication services, including local exchange telecommunications services, is in the public interest."

So if you are doing a public interest test, which you have historically done, you have an express finding of the Legislature that competitive telecommunications services, including local exchange telecommunications, is in the public interest.

You know, Agrico has good reasoning and whatnot, but I would argue that in that section you had environmental statutes, it didn't have any reference to competitive interests. Here 364 says competition is important, it needs to be promoted in the state of Florida, and my clients have alleged that we are going to get clobbered by this merger. And we think it warrants a close look.

A related point, because the staff recommendation, you know, we have alleged things like, and I'm quoting, the proposed transfer will immediately and negatively impact Joint CLECs' ability to compete in the Florida market. We have made reference to it being a death knell and things like that.

If there is a thought that, well, maybe that's not specific as to what instrument is going to be used to deliver the death knell blow, Florida law provides an opportunity for a

petitioner to state with more specificity, to come back and replead, rather than face a dismissal without the opportunity to amend. And I would refer you to 120.569, which is what we have plead under, and there is a sentence in here that says dismissal of a petition shall at least once be without prejudice to petitioners filing a timely amended petition curing the defect unless it conclusively appears from the face of the petition that the defect cannot be cured.

I would argue that we have alleged enough in this petition to say we are going to get clobbered. If there needs to be more specificity, then the proper approach is not to dismiss it with prejudice, but to give us an opportunity to provide more detail and say here is how we're going to get clobbered with more specificity.

Finally, there is a comment in the Agrico case that I just wanted to bring to your attention about standing. And as I understand it, it goes like this. If somebody says, "We have standing, here is why," and they go into hearing and then they fail to prove that up, the other party has an opportunity to challenge it. So if we said, "We're going to get clobbered economically, here is why," and didn't come forward with proof of that, that would be an appropriate time to challenge the standing. But at this point we have made the allegations in the petition, they have to be taken as true for the purposes of ruling on this, and I think we've satisfied the requirements

under law and under Agrico to prove that we have standing.

That's really the legal argument. Let me just step back for a minute and make a couple of other arguments that I would suggest encourage moving forward with a hearing. And, again, I haven't been in the middle of this, but in reading and trying to prepare, here are some of the things that I've learned. I was telling somebody that really this is the case -- you've all heard about the 800-pound gorilla. This is the case of the 1,600-pound gorilla, because you've got two 800-pound gorillas getting together.

And it's the biggest telecom merger in the history of the country, as I understand it. There is a Wall Street

Journal article that says it's the fifth biggest deal ever.

And, you know, I think it has the potential to impact not only my clients as competitors, but the consumers of the state of Florida.

I would argue that a deal of that magnitude and of that significance and proportions ought to be reviewed in greater detail by this Commission than it has to date. And to date, you know, I don't think there has been the first shred of evidence that has been provided to you. There have been some pleadings that are filed and whatnot, but no witness has been sworn, no documents have been entered into evidence. And I would argue that given the magnitude of this deal that this is something that the Commission, even on its own motion, ought to

take a look at.

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I mean, I know everyone wants to hurry up. This is important, let's go, let's go, the FCC is going to review it.

But, you know, I don't believe the Governor said, well, wait a minute, pass it to the FCC. You guys take a look at it and satisfy yourself that it's going to not do some of the things that we believe it will do and conduct an evidentiary hearing on it. You know, 120.57, 120.569 provide that opportunity. We think the law provides it, and we think you all have inherent power to assert jurisdiction over it, and to take some evidence on the issue.

You know, I noticed that others have echoed a similar view on this. And, you know, the Attorney General of the state had written a letter to you all expressing concerns. I saw a couple of sentences that I just wanted to highlight. He said my concern here is that the merged -- I'm quoting, "My concern here is that the merged company might squeeze out real competition to the detriment of consumers, particularly seniors and residential and small business customers." He also says that unless proper conditions are attached, the merger could, indeed, have a detrimental impact on competition.

You know, that's the chief law enforcement officer of the state making these comments, which I would argue are further evidence or compulsion for you guy to go ahead and tee it up and take a look at it, swear some witnesses, take some

evidence to see, indeed, whether this is in the public interest.

I mean, that's the test. That is what you have historically used. We believe the legislature said the public interest includes the effect on competitors, therefore we have standing. But there are a lot of other things in the public interest, as referenced in this letter; impact on consumers, impact on small businesses, and whatnot. And I would urge you to satisfy yourself through an evidentiary hearing that, indeed, this is in the public interest before approving it without taking any evidence.

So that concludes my remarks. I'll be happy to answer any questions. And I'd urge -- I know people want to move this thing along, but I would urge you to try to get it right rather than get it fast. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Moyle. I do have to ask, is clobbered a legal term?

MR. MOYLE: I didn't check it in Black's Law Dictionary, but --

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Adams.

MR. ADAMS: Thank you, Madam Chairman, members of the Commission. My name is Gene Adams, I'm here today representing Time Warner Telecom. We believe that the Commission should take the opportunity to grant these petitions and hold full hearings and evidentiary hearings on this matters. The Agrico

test requires that we demonstrate as a substantially affected party injuries that are of a sufficient immediacy to warrant our intervention, and also that these proceedings are designed to protect substantial interest. We believe strongly that the Commission can take jurisdiction of this issue and we believe that Time Warner has met those two tests of the Agrico case.

This is the largest merger of any telecommunications companies, and we believe that as technology in the telecommunications industry matures, there is certainly a potential for a competitive advantage that is real and immediate on the part of AT&T and BellSouth. Moreover, we believe that it gives them enormous market potential and control of the access to that technology that poses a substantial and immediate threat to Time Warner Telecom and to other competitive telecommunications companies.

We believe it is not speculative, that it is immediate, and that there will be immediate consequences as soon as this merger takes place. Now, while the staff recommendation has said that these are indirect and downstream effects, we believe that as you have allowed MCI and others to intervene from time to time in marketplace decisions, we believe, also, that Time Warner meets that test.

Time Warner continues, also, to urge the Commission to take a more expansive look at its jurisdictional issue when it reviews transfer of control issues. We believe the

Commission can expand its public interest jurisdiction and test to look beyond that of consumer service and financial capability as found in 364.33 and 364.335. We believe you have that broad authority. And even a mandate from the legislature, in particular as Mr. Moyle as cited for you, to ensure that there is a competitive marketplace, and we believe that that is, indeed, in the best interest of the consumer, which, again, has been the polestar of what you review, which is the consumer interest when you look at these transfer of control issues.

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Along that line, then, we hope that you can look at and ensure competitiveness in the marketplace and we will continue to urge the PSC to adopt that expansive view of its jurisdiction to protect these consumer interests as they may be affected by the merger and which could, in fact, result in decreased competitive alternatives in the marketplace. The current standard is too restrictive, and we believe that its application will continue to allow a very limited intervention in these transfer of control issues, although they have a huge impact in the marketplace.

Again, we believe Time Warner has met the two prongs of the Agrico test, which is to demonstrate that we have both an injury of immediacy, immediate harm to us and also that this proceeding is and can be allowed to go forward as one which would help to remedy that harm. And, accordingly, we would ask that the Commission grant the petitions for formal proceeding

and that you go forward with testimony and then any conditions which should be attached to the transfer of control be considered and attached by you. And I'll be glad to answer any questions you may have.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Adams.

Mr. Meza or Mr. Hatch, do you have additional comments at this time?

MR. MEZA: I just have a few. First, Mr. Moyle suggested that you look to obtain some guidance, and he referred you to some statutes. The guidance that you need to look at is your own decisions on this exact issue. You have determined that competitors and trade groups do not have standing to protest indirect transfers of control under 364.33. And your rationale for that on numerous occasions is very sound, and staff has applied that same rationale here.

First, a competitive injury, future potential competitive injury is insufficient to establish the first prong of Agrico. That is unassailable. You have held that repeatedly in your prior decisions on this issue and other issues involving standing.

The second component as to why you found that competitors don't have standing in these types of proceedings is that their injury cannot be direct and immediate, and that is true here, as well. The day after the merger closes the Federal Telecommunications Act is still in effect. Our

interconnection agreements with these CLECs will still be in effect and impose the same obligations that we have today. Your jurisdiction today will exist tomorrow. Nothing will change as far as how these companies operate post-merger. That is why, even if they are right, which they are not, even if they are right their injury cannot be direct and immediate because your jurisdiction will still be in place, the law will still be in place, our contracts will still be in place.

The third reason why you found historically and repeatedly that competitors don't have standing is because the statute that we are coming in under and that you have analyzed, 364.33, is not designed to protect competitive interest. You have held that repeatedly. It is not a merger review statute. That is your words. It does not allow us to address competitive interests. Those are your words.

The public interest standard, contrary to what the gentlemen opposing this merger have suggested, is not a CLEC interest standard. It is the public interest standard. And you have already determined in your order that this transaction meets that standard.

The second brief point I would like to make to address Mr. Moyle's comment that they should have a right to amend to cure whatever defects you find in their petition. And he is correct in that the law does allow in particular circumstances the right to amend, but only if it's not clear on

the face of the petition that the defects cannot be cured. And here there is nothing that they can allege to give them standing. All of their injuries are competitive injuries.

That doesn't give them standing. None of their injuries, assuming they even occur, will be direct and immediate. They don't have standing. And the statute that we are coming in under is not designed to protect competitors, so there is nothing that they can allege to give them standing.

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And, additionally, they have actually had two shots at the apple. They filed their petition and then they filed a reply. Staff considered both and determined that these CLECs don't have standing. So we ask that you would do what you have done in all the other cases involving protests by competitors in 364.33 transactions and find that these CLECs do not have standing, as well. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Hatch.

MR. HATCH: I would add just a couple of brief comments. One, I would adopt the comments of Mr. Meza on standing as well as amending the pleadings, but I also point out to you with respect to the sufficient immediacy of the injuries, whatever rights the CLECs have today they will have post-merger. Nothing is going to change. The interconnection agreements are the same, the Telecom Act is the same, Chapter 364 and your jurisdiction remains the same.

To the extent there are any competitive problems that

they perceive develop, then there are remedies pursuant to 1 their rights under the current law. None of that will change. 2 So there is no sufficient immediacy here to create the 3 standing. They have remedies down the road. Thank you. 4 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you. Commissioners, any 5 questions or discussion? Commissioner Tew. 6 COMMISSIONER TEW: I don't think I have any 7 questions, but I'm ready to make a motion if no other 8 Commissioners have questions. 9 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioners, questions? 10 Commissioner Tew. 11 COMMISSIONER TEW: After considering the arguments 12 today, I still feel that the staff recommendation is correct 13 and that these parties don't have standing, and so I would move 1.4 the staff recommendation. 15 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Second. 16 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioners, we have a motion and 17 a second in favor of the staff recommendation. 18 Is there a discussion on the motion? 19 Seeing none, all in favor of the motion say aye. 20 (Unanimous affirmative vote.) 21 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Opposed? 22 Show the motion adopted. 23 And I do believe we have an Issue 2 on this item. 24 Commissioner Tew. 2.5

1	MR. MOYLE: Madam Chair, just so the record is clear,
2	that is without leave to amend, correct?
3	CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Cook? Mr. Fudge.
4	MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner. In our recommendation
5	we said that the Joint CLECs and Time Warner would not be able
6	to cure the deficiencies in their pleadings.
7	CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Moyle.
8	MR. MOYLE: Just for the record. Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you.
10	Commissioner Tew, did your motion incorporate Issue 1
11	and Issue 2?
12	COMMISSIONER TEW: Yes.
13	CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Okay. Then show Issue 1 and Issue 2
14	adopted. Thank you all for your participation.
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	COUNTY OF LEON)
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5	I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Hearing Reporter Services Section, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and Administrative
6	Services, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically
8	reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said
9	proceedings.
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative
11	or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in
12	the action.
13	DATED THIS 22nd day of August, 2006.
14	All a facility
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16	Official FPSC Hearings Reporter FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and
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