1		BEFORE THE
2	FLORIDA	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	In the Matter of:	DOCKET NO. 090001-EI
4	FUEL AND PURCHASED	
5	RECOVERY CLAUSE WI PERFORMANCE INCENT	
6		
7	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 9A
8	COMMISSIONERS	TIEM NO. 9A
9	PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN MATTHEW M. CARTER, II COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR
10		COMMISSIONER HISA FOLAR EDGAR COMMISSIONER NANCY ARGENZIANO COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP
11		COMMISSIONER DAVID E. KLEMENT
12	DATE:	Tuesday, December 15, 2009
13	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
14		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
15	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR
16		Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6734
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CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioners and staff, now let's move to Item 9A, 9 apple. And before we go today, Commissioners, I just have one minor point I'd like, before we end the day, just one, one, just one little short point I want to make.

You may proceed.

MS. DRAPER: Commissioners, Elizabeth Draper with staff. Item 9A addresses how FP&L should refund the 2009 fuel overrecovery to its customers. At the November 2nd, 2009, fuel hearing you voted that FP&L refund \$364 million to its customers on January 2010 customer bills.

Staff has presented two options for your consideration. The primary recommendation recommends that the refund be based on 2009 consumption. The alternative recommendation recommends that the refund be based on the consumption in the January 2010 billing cycle. Both options provide that only customers of record in January 2010 receive a refund. This is a posthearing decision; however, participation is at the Commission's discretion.

Commissioners, I think I CHAIRMAN CARTER: would like to hear from the parties since they're here.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Chairman, I would as well.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Mr. Butler, you're recognized.

MR. BUTLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'll try to be very brief here. FPL is interested, first and foremost, in ensuring that the \$365 million overrecovery be refunded to customers in January 2010 as envisioned by the Commission's order and as we have communicated to our customers. To ensure that the refund can take place in January as planned, FPL has been working diligently to do the necessary programming and put the necessary processes in place. It's taken us about six weeks since really right after the fuel hearing on November 2 when you determined that the refund should be made on a one-time basis to make these preparations. We now have all the pieces in place to make the refund starting on January 4, 2010, as planned.

Now all these preparations have been based on making the refund the same way we made the refund in March of this year for the Turkey Point Unit 3 outage. That method applies a cents per kilowatt hour refund factor to consumption that's billed in the month of the refund. The Commission had directed FPL to use that method for the Turkey Point refund and it worked well.

Just to clarify here, that's what is the alternate recommendation or alternative recommendation before you today.

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On November 4, two days after the fuel hearing, FPL filed and served revised E schedules reflecting the one-time refund that the Commission had just approved. That filing included a calculation of the refund factor. The calculation divides the \$365 million overrecovery amount by projected January 2010 consumption, which is the appropriate calculation for refunding on the same basis that we had used in March. No one objected to our approach, and we have been preparing to implement it ever since.

Last week staff raised some questions about how the refund should be applied: To one-month consumption, as was done in March and as FPL is preparing to do here, or to 12 months of consumption in 2009. FPL has no objection in principle to basing a refund on 12 months of consumption. However, we feel that using one-month consumption is consistent with the normal function of the fuel clause. Most importantly though, using one-month consumption is the only basis for refund that FPL can use at this point to make the refund in January 2010. Doing the programming and other preparations needed to base the refund on 12 months of

consumption would take FPL several months, and the clock for those preparations would not have started until now. Simply put, it is not possible for FPL to begin preparations now to refund on a 12-month basis and then make that refund in January 2010. In fact, the refund likely could not be made on a 12-month basis until sometime late in the spring of 2010.

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FPL is concerned that such a delay would not be well received by customers. Your order directed that the refund take place in January 2010, and FPL has communicated that schedule to customers in several I'd just like to point out a couple of those. We have in the current bill that's going out to customers this bill message: "Your bill will go down in January due to lower fuel and nonfuel cost recovery clause costs projected for 2010. There will also be a one-time credit to your January bill to reverse an overrecovery of fuel costs in 2009." There are similar more detailed statements in the current bill insert that's being sent to customers and an e-mailing that is done to customers who sign up to get electronic notification. At a minimum, changing the refund date would cause considerable customer confusion in view of what customers have already been told.

Finally, FPL notes that both FIPUG and the

Florida Retail Federation have supported FPL's proposal to make the refund based on the consumption that's billed in January, and no party to date has filed any comments opposing it.

For these reasons, I urge the Commission to approve staff's alternative recommendation that customers receive their refund in January as they are expecting based on consumption that is billed in January. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you. Ms. Bradley, you want to bat cleanup?

MS. BRADLEY: That's fine. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Mr. Wright.

MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Schef Wright representing the Florida Retail Federation in this matter. We support FPL's proposed methodology and we agree with FPL in asking you to approve the alternate refund methodology on the basis of kWh that shows on customers' bills for the January billing cycle. This is a reasonable methodology, and we, like FPL, believe that it's significantly better to make the refunds in January, especially considering where we are today, than to incur the delays to late spring if FPL were required to reprogram the billing system for a different refund method.

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Like FPL, we don't have an objection in principle to the alternate methodology based on 2009, total 2009 consumption, but we have a particular issue if you were inclined to go in that direction. And our issue is this: Some of our members have stores that were actually replaced, had one store served by FPL for part of the year, shut it down, and replaced it with a new store. The problem we have is that we have different account numbers for the old store and the new So if you only did it on the basis of customers of record for January, we wouldn't get a fair refund based on the total consumption for the year. We would ask that if you are inclined to go in that direction, that you recognize that adjustment. And we're fully prepared to give FPL the information they need to identify those accounts to make the adjustment. Again though, we support FPL's position on this and ask you that, ask that you please approve the staff's alternate recommendation based on kWh on the January bills. you.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you.

Ms. Bradley.

MS. BRADLEY: Mr. Chairman, as you've realized previously, I'm not an accountant and I'm going to have to defer to them on this. Our only concern is that

customers get what they're entitled to as quickly as possible, and we'll leave that to the accountants.

Thank you.

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CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you. And I think, as Bradley said, we kind of went around and around on this last time saying we want to get it done as soon as possible, want to get the money to the folks as soon as possible.

Commissioner Argenziano, you're recognized.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Thank you. Just one question to staff. Is there a difference in the amount of money on, let's say, considering one month's consumption versus 12 months? If we're going to one month of consumption, which month would it be, and is there a difference in consumption and the amount of money that would be refunded?

MR. DEVLIN: This is Tim Devlin. There would not be a difference in the total amount of the refund, which is approximately \$365 million.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Okay.

MR. DEVLIN: Where there would be a difference is what particular customers get what share of that, and it depends on whether we choose -- and this is why the staff wanted to bring this to the Commission's attention. Even though the Commission gave staff

administrative authority to approve this, we thought this was a very important issue that the Commission should decide upon. Because depending on whether you choose the 12-month consumption period or what FPL suggests, a one-month period, will have an effect on the individual consumers.

And I'll give you an example. If it's just one month, and it would be a combination really between December and January, and that particular customer is on vacation, that particular customer would not get maybe half a normal share of the refund. Whereas, if you used the full 12-month period of consumption --

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: It would be an average.

MR. DEVLIN: -- it sort of smoothes out the
effect of all consumers.

commissioner argenziano: Well, let me ask you in the same vein, if you picked a different month, June versus January, could there be more consumption in June than January?

MR. DEVLIN: That's a very good point. If you picked the summer months, residential customers tend to use more, use more power in summer months because of air conditioning. If you leave those months out and only look at December, January, perhaps the residential

customers would get less than the commercial/industrial customers. That's why we think it's, I think anyway, it's fairest to use the 12-month period which you catch all the peaks and valleys. And plus, not only that, that's the period of time that generated this overcharge in fuel to begin with is 2009, not January 2010. So I think there's good reason to use 12 months, but there are also logistical issues to deal with, whether they can do it on a timely basis, because this is a late breaking issue.

a concern if they've already sent a notice out to people too, how could they get it done? And we do want them to get their money back as soon as possible. That's why I was trying to figure out what it would mean to -- it's probably pretty hard to figure out what it means to individual residential consumers. I'm just concerned with the fact that, and with all due respect to the company, that it may be to benefit the company by doing one month rather than the, than the ratepayer.

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman, if I may respond briefly to that.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Butler.

MR. BUTLER: I can assure you, Commissioner Argenziano, the exact dollar amount of the refund will

be made to customers.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Right. I got that.

MR. BUTLER: And at the end of day, regardless of which method we end up using, this is simply about the way to measure the basis for the refund, and just again urge that, you know, we've really set up, and I think at, you know, the Commission's direction and our own desire was to be sure that customers were aware that this refund is coming. We've told them in many different forums. The news media has reported on it in, you know, many instances. And we just -- unfortunately at this late date the only way to do it so it happens in January is what we have been going down the path to implement.

commissioner Argenziano: In order to change, it would be several months to be able to get those notices and really confusing, I think too.

chairman carter: Yeah. And as I said before, is that when we went down this road, we said we wanted to get to the people as soon as possible.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Yeah. I just wanted to see on the consumption side of that. But I can see where it could be logistically a nightmare and they would detain in getting the refund. So I understand that. Thank you.

1 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Edgar, you're 2 recognized. 3 COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: And I want to thank staff though because it is an issue that I think we 5 needed to hear. CHAIRMAN CARTER: 6 Thank you. 7 Commissioner Edgar. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 8 9 And I guess -- well, first of all, a guestion, 10 Mr. Butler. And this is, the answer is not determinative of anything, just a point of information. 11 Do you know approximately what the estimate 12 would be for a 1,000 user or a 1,200 per month just as 13 a, the refund amount just as a point of reference? 14 MR. BUTLER: For a thousand kilowatt hour 15 consumption it's right at \$44.40 or somewhere like that. 16 And, you know, if somebody used evenly over 12 months 17 and once you did the recalculation, it would be the same 18 thing. Obviously there could be differences between 19 20 individual customers. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Yeah. I just didn't have 21 22 a number, and that works for my purposes. Again, just a 23 point of information. I guess my thoughts are along these lines. 24 think that the primary recommendation in a, in a perfect 25

world makes probably the most sense, I mean, dollar for dollar, usage to usage, customer to customer. But I do have a concern that we could, as one of my colleagues often says, I don't remember which one of you, sorry, maybe more than one, that we don't want the perfect to be the enemy of the good.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Enemy of the good.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And so it does seem to me that the discussion that we had at the time that we made this decision was realizing the economic conditions facing us all, and, and for, I think for ratepayers to, to see decisiveness as well, and that when a decision is made, that the ramifications come through.

So with that, I think that the alternative recommendation is, makes sense. It just makes sense to me from a practical standpoint. Maybe not as exactly precise customer per customer per customer as over the one year, but I think from a policy perspective it makes sense and serves the regulatory process well.

And I would also, just for this comment, my thinking would be that should the, in the future a true-up or overage, underage, whatever word we want to use, that whichever way it goes, that the mechanism that we use really should be consistent. So that's all.

1 Thank you Mr. Chairman. 2 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you. 3 Commissioner Klement, you're recognized. 4 COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 5 A question for Mr. Devlin. Maybe it's a clarification. If -- are we talking an average of the 6 7 last 12 months that it would go in one month, or are we 8 talking about the January bill calculated on? MR. DEVLIN: In my mind we're still talking about the January bill. It just would be the way, the 10 method you'd use to calculate the individual customer 11 effect. It's still the same amount of money, 12 \$365 million. The Commission voted on that, and they 13 also voted to have it done, the credit, if you will, in 14 15 January. So that's -- those two, those two have been 16 determined, those two issues have been determined. COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Uh-huh. All right. 17 But I have, say I have a four-week cruise planned. 18 MR. DEVLIN: That's my point. 19 COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: If I, if I were so 20 21 lucky. That's your point. Okay. 22 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Not anymore. 23 (Laughter.) COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: So I would just 24 suggest, if I may, Mr. Chairman, that --25

1 CHAIRMAN CARTER: You're recognized. 2 **COMMISSIONER KLEMENT:** -- my colleagues 3 consider that, you know, that factor along with the 4 others that are also very convincing. 5 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Commissioner Skop, 6 you're recognized, sir. 7 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 8 Mr. Devlin, just a quick question. I thought 9 I heard Mr. Butler speak to the issue of using projected 10 January consumption or January 2010 consumption as the basis for determining the refund for each individual 11 12 ratepayer; is that correct? 13 MR. DEVLIN: I believe, and Mr. Butler could 14 speak for himself, that they calculated the effect per 15 kilowatt hour on a projected 2010, January 2010 basis. 16 But it would be applied once that factor, and I want to 17 say it's 4.4 cents or something like that, it would be 18 applied to actual consumption in January. 19 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. 20 MR. DEVLIN: But I could be wrong on that. 21 Mr. Butler can correct me if I am. 22 **COMMISSIONER SKOP:** Okay. I quess, okay, I 23 guess what I'm trying to reason out in my mind, and I 24 know we're constrained by the timing and some of the 25 other issues that have been raised, but the

approximately \$365 million refund resulting from the overrecovery of fuel charges, I'm wondering if there's, if there's not a fundamental difference in terms of the amount of refund that each customer would receive. And I think Commissioner Edgar raised the issue of a thousand kilowatts and the amount that that would correspond to.

But if you have a total amount of money, a pool of money to divvy out, and if your total projected consumption for January was one number, maybe a lower number because people aren't using as much electricity, versus the total average consumption over the 2009 and you do the math, either dividing the, you know, the total amount by the consumption and do the math, on the other one the total amount by the January consumption, I'm wondering if you don't get different, differing refund amounts.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Argenziano.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Commissioner Skop,
that's what I was referring to before, not the total
amount.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: But my concern to that, and I mean this, it's hard to say because I don't know what the numbers are, the projected numbers, but my concern would be that the requested refund amount or the

ordered refund amount of approximately \$365 million is divvied up. And if you're basing it on projected January consumption that's lower than aggregate, that means only one thing, the refund has to go up.

MR. DEVLIN: Commissioner Skop, I know we actually -- Ms. Draper has an illustration. But the goal would be, whether it be 12 months or one month, you'd set the rate that would generate \$365 million worth of credits. You're never going to be perfectly right on target because you're basing it on projections and they'd be subject to true-up. But really, it really shouldn't matter with respect to the aggregate goal of crediting \$365 million. It can be accomplished either way.

commissioner skop: Okay. All right. I just
wanted -- you mentioned she had an illustration. I
mean, is that something that --

MR. BUTLER: Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Butler.

MR. BUTLER: Sorry. Just to clarify to Commissioner Skop's point, there will be a true-up. I mean, it's impossible to have it hit dead on no matter how well you do the projections. And at the end of the year this will become part of the final true-up for 2010, be it that we slightly under refund or if we

slightly over refund, that'll just end up becoming part of the final true-up for the following year.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Anything -- Commissioner Skop.

what I was just trying to ascertain. I mean, just as an illustrative example, you know, if you're using January and the total in January was 100 and you take 365 divided by 100, you get one number. And then maybe say over the 12 months it was 150, you divide 365 by 150. Obviously the second illustration is going to produce a lower average refund because it's going to be divided over a greater number; whereas, the other one might produce a little bit higher refund. And to me it's indifferent, but what I want to ensure is that we don't get into a significant under refund. That's my only concern.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Commissioners, anything further from the bench? Commissioner Edgar, you're recognized for a motion.

commissioner EDGAR: Mr. Chairman, I would move at this time that we adopt the alternative recommendation for Issue 1. And on Issue 2, the staff recommendation, leave the docket open.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Second.

1	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Motion and a second.
2	Commissioners, any further questions? Any debate?
3	Hearing none, all in favor
4	COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Mr. Chairman.
5	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioner Klement.
6	COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Can the motion be
7	explained, please?
8	CHAIRMAN CARTER: You're recognized. The
9	motion is such that we will adopt the alternate
10	recommendation
11	COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Is that on page
12	CHAIRMAN CARTER: which is found on Page 3,
13	found on Page 3 of the case, the alternate
14	recommendation.
15	COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Oh, okay.
16	CHAIRMAN CARTER: And then we'll close the
17	docket; right? Actually leave the docket open, leave it
18	open so we can do the true-up.
19	COMMISSIONER EDGAR: We would leave the docket
20	open since it's part of the annual fuel cost recovery
21	that goes on and on and on.
22	CHAIRMAN CARTER: We do true-up at the end of
23	the year.
24	COMMISSIONER KLEMENT: Okay.
25	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Any further questions? Any

comments? Hearing none, all in favor, let it be known by the sign of aye. (Simultaneous vote.) All those opposed, like sign. (Agenda Item 9A concluded.)

1	STATE OF FLORIDA) : CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	COUNTY OF LEON)
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein
6	stated.
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision;
8	and that this transcript constitutes a true
9	transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
11	attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS 4th day of January,
13	2009. DATED THIS day of
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15	ZINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR
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