FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
2	FLORIDA POBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
3	In the Matter of:	100330-WS
4	APPLICATION FOR INCREASE IN WATER/	100330 NB
5	WASTEWATER RATES IN ALACHUA, BREVARD, DESOTO, HARDEE, HIGHLANDS,	
6	LAKE, LEE, MARION, ORANGE, PALM	
7	BEACH, PASCO, POLK, PUTNAM, SEMINOLE, SUMTER, VOLUSIA, AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES BY AQUA UTILITIES	
8	FLORIDA, INC.	
9	/	
10	VOLUME 6	
11	Pages 940 through 1197	
12	rages 540 chicagn 1157	
13	PROCEEDINGS: HEARING	
14	COMMISSIONERS	
15	PARTICIPATING: CHAIRMAN ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER LISA POI	.ak engar
16	COMMISSIONER BISA TO COMMISSIONER RONALD A COMMISSIONER EDUARDO	A. BRISÉ
17	COMMISSIONER JULIE I	
18	DATE: Thursday, December 1,	, 2011
19	TIME: Commenced at 1:42 p.m Concluded at 4:42 p.m	
20	PLACE: Betty Easley Conferen	
21	Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way	ice contest
22	Tallahassee, Florida	
23	REPORTED BY: JANE FAUROT, RPR FPSC Reporter	
24	(850) 413-6732	
25	APPEARANCES: (As heretofore noted	.)
	·	OCUMENT RUMPER DATE
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	08828 DEC-8=

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PROCEEDINGS

(Transcript follows in sequence from Volume 5.)

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. We finished with Mr. Poucher. And, Mr. Jaeger, I know that you had, or I had asked you before we left to make sure that you organize the way the rest of this day is supposed to go. So who do we have next coming up?

MR. JAEGER: Okay. What's contemplated,
Chairman, is we are going to do two DEP witnesses, Gary
Miller and then Daniela Sloan, and then we will insert
Commissioner Mariano after them. Those three have the
farthest to go back, and then we will do two more DEP
witnesses, Ginny Marie Montoya and Josie Penton. They
don't have quite as far to go.

chairman Graham: Okay. My understanding is nobody has been sworn. So if you are here, if I can get you to stand up and raise your right hand.

(Witnesses sworn.)

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Jaeger.

MR. JAEGER: Yes. Staff would call Gary P. Miller.

GARY P. MILLER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the Florida Public Service Commission, and having been duly

sworn, testified as follows: 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2 BY MR. JAEGER: 3 Mr. Miller, could you please state your name 4 and business address for the record? 5 Yes. Gary P. Miller, 3319 Maguire Boulevard, 6 Orlando, Florida 32803. 7 And by whom are you employed and in what 8 capacity? 9 Florida Department of Environmental 10 A. Protection, and I'm the program manager of the 11 wastewater compliance enforcement section. 12 And you were just sworn in, correct? 13 Q. Correct. 14 Have you prefiled Direct Testimony in this 15 Q. docket consisting of three pages? 16 A. 17 Yes. Do you have any changes or corrections to your 18 testimony? 19 20 Α. No. If I were to ask you the same questions, would 21 your testimony be the same today? 22 23 Α. Yes. MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have Mr. 24 Miller's testimony inserted into the record as though 25

read? CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will insert Mr. Miller's Prefiled Direct Testimony into the record as if read.

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GARY P. MILLER
2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
3	A.	Gary P. Miller, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), 3319
4		Maguire Blvd., Suite 232, Orlando, Florida 32803.
5	Q.	Please provide a brief description of your educational background and experience.
6	A.	I have a B.S. Degree in Biology. For about 5 years I worked at the Osceola County
7	,	Health Department in the Environmental Health Section, and I have worked
8		approximately 26 years at the FDEP in the Wastewater and Drinking Water Sections.
9	Q.	What are your general responsibilities at the Department of Environmental Protection?
10	A.	I manage the Wastewater Compliance/Enforcement Section that includes reviewing all
11		enforcement documents (warning letters, consent orders, notice of violations etc.),
12		noncompliance letters of all Type I and II domestic wastewater facilities & conducting
13		enforcement and compliance meetings.
14	Q.	Are you familiar with the AUF wastewater systems in Lake, Seminole, and Volusia
15		Counties, particularly the wastewater treatment systems in Lake County, including
16		Fairways at Mt. Plymouth, Holiday Haven, Kings Cove, Morningview, Summit Chase,
17		Valencia Terrace, and Venetian Village, the wastewater treatment systems in Seminole
18		County, including Chuluota, and Florida Commerce Park, and the Jungle Den
19		wastewater treatment system in Volusia County?
20	A.	Yes
21	Q.	Are these systems in compliance with all applicable construction and operating
22		permits?
23	A.	The following systems are not in compliance with their permits:
24		Chuluota – Based on the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs), the annual average
25		daily flow to the effluent sprayfields (R-001) exceeded the permit limit of 0.10 million

gallons per day (MGD). The flow exceedance was to be resolved by implementing 1 2 public access reuse by December 31, 2010, in accordance with Part VI, Schedules, of 3 the wastewater permit. As of September 16, 2011, public access reuse has not been 4 implemented. 5 Jungle Den – The Department's inspection on October 15, 2010, indicated that the physical plant was very rusty, the minimum pH result reported on the DMR for June 6 7 2010 was less than the minimum of 6.0 S.U., the percolation ponds had a freeboard of 8 less than one foot, overflow pump to the sprayfield was leaking and a spray head was 9 missing in the sprayfield. These deficiencies were addressed in a noncompliance letter 10 dated November 5, 2010. See Exhibit GM-1. The Department has no records 11 indicating a response was received regarding these deficiencies. 12 Q. Have any of these AUF systems been the subject of any FDEP compliance 13 enforcement action within the past three years? 14 The Fairways at Mt. Plymouth system is the only facility that has been under A. enforcement within the past three years. The system's previous permit expired on June 15 16 14, 2010 and they operated without a permit until September 8, 2010. The 17 enforcement action was resolved via a Consent Order (CO). The CO requirements 18 have been completed and the case has been closed. 19 Q. Other than any violations discussed above, is AUF in compliance with all DEP 20 requirements for their wastewater systems in Lake, Seminole & Volusia Counties? 21 Yes A. 22 Q. Is the overall operation and maintenance of these wastewater treatment plants and 23 collection facilities satisfactory? Yes 24 A. 25 Q. Do you have anything further to add?

1	BY MR. JAEGER:
2	Q. And, Mr. Miller, did you also file Exhibit
3	Number GP-1?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And do you have any changes or corrections to
6	that exhibit?
7	A. No.
8	MR. JAEGER: Commissioner, I would tender this
9	witness for cross.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is there a summary of your
11	testimony, or are we are going to go straight to cross?
12	MR. JAEGER: We were dispensing with it.
13	Their testimony is very short, a page or two, and I
14	think Ms. Christensen generally brings out most of it.
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Ms. Christensen,
16	please.
17	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you. And I want to
18	thank you for coming today.
19	THE WITNESS: You're welcome.
20	CROSS EXAMINATION
21	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
22	Q. In your testimony filed October 6th, 2011, you
23	address Aqua systems in several counties, correct?
24	A. Correct.
25	Q. And the wastewater systems you address in your

testimony are Fairways at Mount Plymouth, Holiday Haven, 1 King's Cove, Morningview, Summit Chase, Valencia 2 Terrace, Venetian Village, Chuluota, Florida Commerce 3 Park, and Jungle Den, correct? 4 Correct. Α. 5 In your testimony, you state that the overall 6 operation and maintenance of these systems for the water 7 treatment plants and collection facilities are 8 satisfactory, is that correct? 9 Correct. 10 Now, you would agree that over the last three 11 years some of these systems have had DEP enforcement 12 actions against them? 13 Correct. 14 And you would agree that Aqua is not in 15 compliance for its Chuluota system, is that correct? 16 17 Α. Correct. And I believe it is on Page 2 of your 18 testimony, and I think that's following over from Page 19 You discuss that in the Chuluota system, the 20 effluent sprayfields have exceeded the permit limits, is 21 22 that correct? 23 That is correct. Can you explain to us a little bit better what 24 exactly the exceedance problem is and whether that 25

problem has been resolved?

- A. In their permit they have a limit on their effluent sprayfield of 100,000 gallons per day, and that is based on an annual average. That's the limit on it. The annual average can't exceed 100,000, and for quite awhile they have been exceeding that. And just recently they did start using public access reuse, but currently they are still in violation of their annual average for the effluent disposal of that sprayfield.
- Q. Okay. And has DEP taken any enforcement action with regard to that excess regarding the sprayfields?
- A. No formal enforcement action. We wrote a couple of noncompliance letters and they responded, but not formal enforcement.
- Q. Has DEP made a determination of whether or not it will seek a formal compliance or consent order if the effluent exceedance problem is not resolved within a certain amount of time?
- A. We are not planning on taking any formal enforcement action, because it appears that they are on the way of coming back into compliance, even though currently they are not.
- Q. How long would DEP wait before it makes that determination if it hasn't come into compliance, let's

say, in the next six months? Would then DEP consider taking more formal action?

- A. Yes, it's possible.
- Q. Okay. Now, you also have Jungle Den as part of your systems that you monitor, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Now, you would agree that Jungle Den was not in compliance with its construction and operating permits regarding several deficiencies that were outlined in a noncompliance letter dated November 2010, is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Can you explain what those deficiencies were?
- A. I can read them to you here. Is that what you would like me to do, is just read them?
- Q. Yes, if you know. I mean, if you need to read off your testimony, that's fine, or if you recall?
- A. Yes. I mean, I'll just go ahead and read it. The physical plant was very rusty. The minimum pH result reported on the DMR for June 2010 was less than the minimum of 6.0 standard units, SU. The percolation ponds had a freeboard of less than one foot, overflow pump to the sprayfield was leaking and a spray head was missing in the sprayfield. And those are the deficiencies based on our inspection.

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- Q. Have you received a response from the company regarding these deficiencies?
- A. No, we have not as far as the response to this noncompliance letter.
- Q. Okay. Now, you also talk about Fairways and Mount Plymouth was the subject of a consent order for operating without a permit from June of 2010 until September 2010, is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And can you describe to us what permit they were operating without and --
 - A. Yes. Sorry.
- Q. I was going to say and explain why that caused you to enter into a consent order?
- A. Yes. This is a renewal permit to operate their facility. They were supposed to submit an application 180 days prior to their permit expiring. They submitted it approximately 60 days prior to the permit expiring, and we didn't issue a permit for -- therefore, the permit was nonadministratively continued, so they were technically operating without a permit for approximately two months. And, therefore, we took enforcement action for operating without a permit.
- MS. CHRISTENSEN: I have no further questions.

 Thank you.

MR. CURTIN: No questions.

MR. MAY: Good morning, Mr. Miller. Good afternoon, excuse me.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Wait a second. Ms. Bradley, do you have any questions?

MS. BRADLEY: That's okay.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: No, I apologize. I didn't mean to skip by. Did you have any questions, or Mr. Richards? Please.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. BRADLEY:

- Q. Sir, in your testimony you talk about some of the -- and I'm trying to find the exact terminology you used, but I assume it's dealing with wastewater and you talked about them exceeding the permits for the effluent sprayfields.
 - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. What is the significance of that? What's the problem with them exceeding this permit limit?
- A. Well, the effluent disposal area, which is a sprayfield, is designed to take so much water per day, per week, or whatever, and that sprayfield was designed to take no more than an average 100,000 gallons on an annual average. They are exceeding that. And if they do exceed it, possibly it could cause runoff or other

environmental concerns. But mainly like ponding and runoff. Therefore, it wouldn't be staying there on the site. It could actually run off the site, if there is sprayfield it is not percolating like it should be and the grass -- the nutrients in the grass are not taking up the nutrients like it was designed to because you have got too much water going into that area.

- Q. And when you were looking at, I think, the Jungle Den area, you had a number of -- you found a number of problems in, I guess it was October of 2010. You say the percolation pounds had a freeboard of less than one foot. What did you mean by that?
- A. That means normally you don't want the level of the pond so high that it could -- if you had a rain event it could overflow or the berm break. So we like the freeboard to be below one foot so you have more leeway for a rain event or whatever. So our inspectors, when they go out, that's one thing they check to make sure that their effluent disposal perc ponds have more than one foot of freeboard. If they don't, we normally put that in our noncompliance letters.
- Q. Okay. Now, some of the things you mentioned, pump to sprayfield was leaking, spray head was missing in the sprayfield, are those the type things that can be fairly easily fixed?

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2	MS. BRADLEY: No further questions. Thank
3	you.
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Once again, Ms. Bradley, I
5	apologize for skipping over you.
6	MS. BRADLEY: That's okay.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Richards.
8	MR. RICHARDS: I have no questions.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
10	Mr. May.
11	CROSS EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. MAY:
13	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Miller.
14	A. Good afternoon.
15	Q. I'm Bruce May with the law firm of Holland and
16	Knight. We represent Aqua. I just had a couple of
17	follow-up questions. With respect to the statement you
18	make on Page 2, Lines 3 and 4, just to clarify, you're
19	aware, are you not, that Aqua began providing public
20	reuse to the City of Oviedo in October of this year?
21	A. That's correct, October 18th.
22	Q. And about how much effluent is going over to
23	Oviedo now?
24	A. I'm sorry, I didn't hear.

Q. Approximately how much effluent is going to

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Oviedo now?

- A. I mean, I looked at the monthly operating discharge monitoring report they submitted, which we received November 28th, which was the due date, and it looks like approximately on the average maybe half or more. I'm not sure, but a significant amount is going there.
- Q. Around 60,000 gallons a day, does that sound about right?
 - A. Yes, that sounds about right.
 - Q. Okay. Is the annual average coming down now?
- A. It should be coming down now, since they are starting to go to public access reuse, that's correct.
- Q. I want to follow-up on just a couple of questions that Ms. Bradley asked you regarding the Jungle Den system. Were the noncompliance issues resolved during the permitting process?
- A. I think most of them were. My previous testimony, this testimony here, we didn't receive a formal response to our noncompliance letter, even though we had an application in-house at the time that some of those issues were addressed.
- MR. MAY: Thank you, sir. I have no further questions.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners, any questions

of this witness?

Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I just have one question. I would just like to clarify on the Jungle Den system. So during your inspection in December of last year you found deficiencies in the system and they weren't formally addressed or a response wasn't received, but there was an application in hand. Can you just describe what the permit application was for and how these issues were corrected through the application process, because I'm not following it.

THE WITNESS: Well, I'm the program manager of the water compliance enforcement section. I'm not in the permitting section, so I was not directly involved in the permitting process. But there was a condition in the permit regarding, like, rusty plant and so forth that there is a time frame schedule in there for either them to replace or repair it or connect to another utility. So there were some of those issues like the condition of the plant that was addressed in the permit renewal and it is currently part of the permit as far as the compliance schedule.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Have you performed an additional inspection since the December 2010?

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	THE WITNESS: No, we have not.	
2	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.	
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff, redirect.	
4	MR. JAEGER: No redirect.	
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. Which exhibits	
6	do we have to put into the record?	
7	MR. JAEGER: He had GM-1, which is	
8	Comprehensive Exhibit 150. We would move that exhibit.	
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Moving Exhibit 150 into the	
10	record. Are there any other exhibits to go into the	
11	record?	
12	(Exhibit 150 admitted into the record.)	
13	MR. JAEGER: And staff would excuse this	
14	witness, if that is okay with the Commission.	
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Miller, thank you very	
16	much for coming.	
17	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	
18	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Jaeger?	
19	MR. JAEGER: The next witness is Daniela	
20	Sloan.	
21	DANIELA SLOAN	
22	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the	
23	Florida Public Service Commission, and having been duly	
24	sworn, testified as follows:	
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION	

	BI MR. JAEGER:
2	Q. Please state your name and business address
3	for the record, Ms. Sloan.
4	A. Daniela Sloan, 2090 East Clower Street,
5	Bartow, Florida.
6	Q. And you were just sworn in just a few moments
7	ago, correct?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity
LO	A. I'm an environmental specialist with Polk
11	County Health Department in the drinking water program.
L2	Q. And have you prefiled Direct Testimony in this
13	docket consisting of four pages?
L4	A. Yes.
L 5	Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to you
L6	testimony?
L7	A. Yes, I do.
L8	Q. Go ahead and make those.
L9	A. The three warning notices that are part of
20	Exhibit 1 are now in closed status, and there is a new
21	warning notice issued November 1st.
22	Q. I'm sorry, issued November 12th, is that what
23	you said?
24	A. November 1st.
25	Q. Okay. I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you.

1	Do you have any other corrections?
2	A. No.
3	Q. With those corrections, if I were to ask you
4	the same questions, would your testimony be the same
5	today?
6	A. Yes.
7	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have Ms. Sloan's
8	testimony inserted into the record as though read?
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will insert Ms. Sloan's
10	testimony into the record.
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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DANIELA SLOAN 1 2 Q. Please state your name and business address. 3 A. Daniela Sloan, Polk County Health Department, 2090 E. Clower St., Bartow, FL 4 33830. 5 Q. Please provide a brief description of your educational background and experience. 6 I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Biology from University of Bucharest A. 7 (Romania), a Master of Science Degree in Environmental Protection and Management 8 of Natural Resources from University of Bucharest, a Master of Science Degree in 9 Biology from Georgia Southern University and a Doctor of Philosophy Degree in 10 Industrial Hygiene from University of South Florida. I have been employed by PCHD 11 since May 2007, currently as an Environmental Specialist II. 12 What are your general responsibilities at PCHD? Q. 13 I am responsible for ensuring that public water systems in Polk County are in A. 14 compliance with federal and state Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) regulations. My 15 job duties include performing site inspections and sanitary surveys, reviewing 16 bacteriological main clearances, bi-weekly dosage corrosion reports, lead and copper 17 sampling plans and results, entering data in the state Oracle database and initiating 18 enforcement action when necessary. 19 Are you familiar with the Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. (Aqua) Breeze Hill, Lake Gibson Q. 20 Estates, Gibsonia Estates, Orange Hill/Sugar Creek, Rosalie Oaks and Village Water 21 systems in Polk County? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Has Aqua been the subject of any PCHD enforcement action in the past three years? Q. 24 The Breeze Hill water system has not been subject to any enforcement action in the 25 past three years and has been in compliance with all bacteriological and chemical

monitoring requirements. However, positive coliform samples were collected in May 2010. The only out of compliance deficiency found during the 2010 and 2011 annual sanitary surveys was a leaking well seal, which was corrected on June 23, 2011. The 4 Lake Gibson Estates water system was not subject to any enforcement action during the past three years but has been placed in out of compliance status due to leaks around 6 both well seals. The Orange Hill/Sugar Creek water system, Gibsonia Estates water 7 system and Rosalie Oaks Water system were sent a warning notice (AKA warning 8 letter) for failure to sample for nitrates/nitrites in 2010. These letters are attached as 9 Exhibit DS-1. The Village Water system was not subjected to any enforcement action 10 during the past three years. 11 Q. Please describe the violation regarding Total Coliform. 12 A Breeze Hill resident who owns a nearby mobile home park mistakenly collected four A. 13 bacteriological samples from her Breeze Hill residence and submitted them as the 14 monthly required samples for the mobile home park. The mistake was discovered 15 upon receiving the positive results. Further investigation and bacteriological sampling 16 by PCHD revealed that the positive samples were due to a dirty, malfunctioning filter 17 at the point of entry to the residence and not the quality of the water provided by Aqua. 18

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Please describe the warning notice. Q.

No further action was required.

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The Orange Hill/Sugar Creek, Gibsonia Estates and Rosalie Oaks water systems A. were sampled for nitrates/nitrites in a timely manner and the results were below the MCL, but the results were not submitted to our office by the deadline.

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Is the overall maintenance of the treatment plant and distribution facilities satisfactory? Q.

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Yes, I conducted annual sanitary surveys of the Breeze Hill water system on May 24, 2011, May 25, 2010, April 23, 2009 and March 7, 2008. The only out of

compliance violation during these four years was the leaking well seal, which was corrected in a timely manner each time. Minor deficiencies included no screen and elbow on the air release valve, maintenance manual not on site, chlorine injection leak, outdated bacteriological sampling plan, no tank inspection report on site and corrosion on some components. The system was also reminded that during future alterations the well must be outfitted with a vent and access port. I also recommended that the casing height be increased to 12 inches above the concrete pad. I conducted sanitary surveys of the Orange Hill/ Sugar Creek system on June 9, 2011, May, 26, 2010 and August 6, 2009. The only out of compliance violations involved leaking well seals in 2010. All deficiencies were corrected according to the schedule. I conducted annual sanitary surveys of the Rosalie Oaks water system on May 24, 2011, May 25, 2010 and June 10, 2009. The system had only minor deficiencies, which were addressed immediately following the sanitary surveys. I conducted annual sanitary surveys of the Gibsonia Estates water system on June 2, 2011 and October 27, 2010. The only out of compliance deficiencies were found during the 2010 sanitary survey when both well seals were leaking. The seals were repaired according to the schedule, and the back-up well had the casing height raised and a new access port and vent installed. I conducted the annual sanitary survey for the Village Water system on February 22, 2011. This is a consecutive water system with no treatment facilities, which purchase water from Polk County Utilities. For the past three years this system had no deficiencies. In general, the utility is doing a good job about acknowledging the deficiencies found during inspections and correcting them.

Q. Are the plant and distribution systems otherwise in compliance with all environmental requirements?

A. Yes.

1	Q. Do you have anything further to add?
2	A. These facilities have had 23 boil water notices since 2009. Attached as Exhibit DS-2
3	is an Excel spreadsheet which lists each occurrence. In each instance the notices were hand
4	delivered to all affected water connections (customers). Our Department was sent Boil Water
5	and rescission notices along with the Boil Water Notification Form. One time, a BWN for
6	Lake Gibson Estates was not able to be rescinded on the specified date; in this case, the
7	operator notified our Department by email, listing the changes made.
8	Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
9	A: Yes.
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1 ,	BY MR. JAEGER:
2	Q. And, Ms. Sloan, did you also file Exhibit
3	Numbers DS-1 and DS-2 with your testimony?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to any
6	of those exhibits?
7	A. The letters that are part of Exhibit 1 are now
8	in closed status, the three letters.
9	MR. JAEGER: And, Chairman, those exhibits
10	have been identified as 154 and 155 at this time
11	pursuant to the Comprehensive Exhibit List.
12	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
13	MR. JAEGER: And this witness is tendered for
14	cross.
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Christensen.
16	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Yes.
17	CROSS EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
19	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. Thank you for
20	coming today.
21	A. You're welcome.
22	Q. Now, I think you just said that your testimony
23	filed October 6th, 2011, addresses Aqua systems in Polk
24	County regarding their compliance with the Safe Drinking
25	Water Act regulations, is that correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And you work for the health department, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you address the compliance issues for the following Aqua systems, Breeze Hill, Lake Gibson Estates, Gibsonia Estates, Orange Hill, Sugar Creek, Rosalie Oaks, and Village Water, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And I think in your testimony on October 6th, 2011, you stated that the overall operation and maintenance of these systems, besides the issues that you identified in your testimony, were in compliance with the environmental regulations, is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree that over the last three years these systems have had health department enforcement actions against some of them, correct?
- A. No. They had warning notice issued, but no enforcement actions.
- Q. Okay. Well, with that distinction, they have had warnings -- they have been out of compliance and had warning letters issued, is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. With that correction, they have had

1 some actions brought to their attention. So let's talk 2 a little bit about those. 3 A. Okay. Now, you have the Breeze Hill system, correct? 4 5 6 And I think in your testimony you cite two Q. 7 occasions on which the Breeze Hill system had compliance deficiencies during 2010 and 2011, correct? 8 9 A. Yes. 10 Now, were both of those instances for a leaking well seal? 11 12 A. Yes, I think so. 13 Okay. Now, I think you testified today that 14 your -- that you had issued warning letters regarding both of those leaks? 15 16 A. Yes, we did. 17 Okay. And you testified today that those have been closed. Can you explain what action resulted in 18 19 you closing those? 20 The well seal leaks were not part of the three 21 warning notices in the exhibit. Those are different 22 issues. 23 Okay. Well, let's talk -- why did you -- is 24 the water leak issue still open, I guess is the 25 question?

1	A. No. We give them deadlines to correct it
2	within 30 days and they do that.
3	Q. All right. So let's talk about the Orange
4	Hill, Sugar Creek, Gibsonia Estates, and Rosalie Oaks
5	systems. Were those the systems that were sent warning
6	letters for failing to sample to nitrates?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Okay. And although they did the sampling,
9	Aqua failed to send the results to the health
10	department, is that correct?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Okay. And for that reason you issued the
13	warning letters?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Okay. And can you explain to us what steps
16	you took in addition to issuing the warning letter
17	regarding the failure to test for the nitrates?
18	A. Sure. It wasn't necessary to take any
19	additional steps, because they did sample for nitrates,
20	they just didn't send us the results by the January 10th
21	deadline. They sent it, I think, a week or ten days
22	after the deadline.
23	Q. Okay. And that was for each of the systems?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. And I think you discussed today that

1	there was a new warning notice that was sent by your
2	department?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Can you explain what that notice was sent for?
5	A. One of Aqua's consecutive systems, Village
6	Water, did not monitor for lead and cooper during the
7	June 1st to September 30th moratorium period.
8	Q. Have you received samples for that, from the
9	Village Water system for the lead and cooper testing?
10	A. I think after we sent them after we
11	notified them they did not sample, they sampled after
12	the close of the sampling period and provided us with
13	notices that they sent to customers.
14	Q. Okay. And how late after the close of the
15	monitoring period did they actually do the sampling?
16	A. I think within the month, but those samples
17	would not count for the lead and cooper rule.
18	Q. Okay. And as a result of the warning notice,
19	is there any other action that the department would take
20	regarding the failure to timely sample for lead and
21	cooper?
22	A. Yes. We required them to sample next year
23	during the June 1st to September 30th moratorium period.
24	Q. Okay. And you have not reviewed Aqua's
25	compliance for other systems outside your jurisdiction,

1 correct?

A. Just for the Polk County systems.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Okay. Thank you. I have no further questions.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Ms. Bradley.

MS. BRADLEY: Thank you.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. BRADLEY:

- Q. On Page 4 of your testimony you talk about the 23 boil-water notices since 2009, and you go on to talk about Lake Gibson Estates and the fact that something happened, and I'm not sure when that was, but that that was not able to be rescinded on the specified date.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. When they give out the warning notices, do they put a date when it is going to be rescinded on there, or do they wait until after it is taken care of?
- A. I'm not sure exactly what the process is because I'm not the one receiving the notices, but I think they send us the boil-water notices and recision notices at the same time, and then they notify us once the bac-T samples are then okay, that the boil notice was rescinded. So if that doesn't happen, then they will tell us why it didn't happen and when they are going to rescind it.

1	Q. Do you know whether they send out additional
2	notices to the owners, the homeowners to let them know
3	we didn't get it fixed in time, and you need to keep
4	boiling water, or how is that handled?
5	A. I don't think they send the customer recision
6	notices until they are actually ready to do that.
7	Q. Okay. And do you know why this wasn't fixed
8	in time and why they had to delay that date?
9	A. No, I don't recall the reason why.
10	MS. BRADLEY: All right. Thank you.
11	MR. RICHARDS: I have no questions.
12	MR. CURTIN: No questions.
13	CROSS EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. MAY:
14 15	BY MR. MAY: Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan.
15	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan.
15 16	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon.
15 16 17	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan.A. Good afternoon.Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a
15 16 17 18	 Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the
15 16 17 18 19	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the warning letter that was issued, I think you said
15 16 17 18 19	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the warning letter that was issued, I think you said November 12th of this year?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the warning letter that was issued, I think you said November 12th of this year? A. November 1st.</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the warning letter that was issued, I think you said November 12th of this year? A. November 1st. Q. November 1st, I'm sorry. Has that been closed
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Sloan. A. Good afternoon. Q. I'm Bruce May. I represent Aqua. Just a couple of very quick questions. With respect to the warning letter that was issued, I think you said November 12th of this year? A. November 1st. Q. November 1st, I'm sorry. Has that been closed now?

1	lead to that warning letter being issued?
2	A. It was issued because Aqua Utilities did not
3	monitor for lead and cooper in the Village, Village
4	Water system.
5	Q. Are you sure that warning letter is not
6	closed?
7	A. It will be closed once they sample next year.
8	MR. MAY: Thank you. No further questions.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners?
10	Commissioner Balbis.
11	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
12	And thank you, Doctor Sloan. I just have one
13	question. How do Aqua's facilities compare in Polk
14	County to other utilities, the condition of the
15	facilities?
16	THE WITNESS: I think overall they are in good
17	condition and comparable to our other utilities or
18	county water systems.
19	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff?
21	MR. JAEGER: Staff has no redirect.
22	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Which exhibits do you need
23	to enter?
24	MR. JAEGER: Yes. I would move in Exhibits
25	154 and 155.

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Exhibits 154 and 155.
2	(Exhibits 154 and 155 admitted into evidence.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Any other exhibits?
4	MR. JAEGER: None that I'm aware of.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
6	Doctor Sloan, thank you very much for coming.
7	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
8	MR. JAEGER: The next witness we have
9	scheduled is Commissioner Mariano.
10	MR. RICHARDS: Yes. Pasco County would like
11	to call Commissioner Mariano to the stand.
12	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, sir.
13	COMMISSIONER JACK MARIANO
14	was called as a witness on behalf of Pasco County, and
15	having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
16	DIRECT EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. RICHARDS:
18	Q. Please state your name and position for the
19	record.
20	A. My name is Jack Mariano, Pasco County
21	Commissioner.
22	Q. And you have been sworn?
23	A. I have been sworn.
24	Q. And did you prefile six pages of testimony in
25	this case?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And do you have any changes to that testimony
3	A. Yes. On Page 5, Lines 1 and 2, Aqua has now
4	responded to our inquiry, and we are working with them
5	on this issue.
6	Q. Thank you. And there are any other changes?
7	A. No.
8	Q. And with those changes, is your testimony
9	still accurate today?
10	A. Yes.
11	MR. RICHARDS: Mr. Chairman, I would now ask
12	that the testimony be moved into the record as though
13	read.
14	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will enter Commissioner
15	Mariano's testimony into the record.
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1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS		
2	A.	Jack Mariano, 8731 Citizens Drive, Suite 150, New Port Richey, FL 34654		
3	Q.	WHAT POSITION DO YOU HOLD?		
4	A.	I am a County Commissioner for Pasco County, Florida.		
5	Q.	ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY EXHIBITS IN THIS CASE?		
6	A.	Yes, I am sponsoring the following exhibits which are attached to my testimony:		
7		Exhibit JM-1, which is a collection of Boil Water Notice Surveys completed Aqua		
8		customers in the Jasmine Lakes and Palm Terrace service areas;		
9		Exhibit JM-2, which is a collection of e-mails and letters received from Aqua		
10		customers;		
11		Exhibit JM-3, which is a collection of pictures of the repaired effluent pipe,		
12		discarded pipe and location map;		
13		Exhibit JM-4, which is a June 23, 2011, Department of Environmental Protection		
14		(DEP) Warning Letter;		
15		Exhibit JM-5, which a collection of pictures of an overflow pipe and plan sheet		
16		showing the location of the pipe;		
17		Exhibit JM-6, which is a copy of Mike Garrett letter to Aqua re overflow pipe.		
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE NATURE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?		
19	A.	My testimony is directed to the issues of Aqua Utilities' level of customer service		
20		and related operations.		
21	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY INSTANCES WHERE AQUA UTILITIES		
22		CUSTOMER SERVICE WAS INFERIOR?		
23	A.	Yes. As a County Commissioner I have received numerous complaints from my		
24		constituents regarding poor customer service by Aqua Utilities. One particular		
25		instance involved boil water incidents during 2011, where Aqua failed to properly		

Q.

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and fully inform its customers of the boil water orders in the Jasmine Lakes and Palm Terrace service areas. I received complaints about these failures so I assisted the residents in preparing a "Boil Water Notices Survey." These surveys were distributed by several residents and collected at the June 14, 2011 community meeting I attended, at which time the surveys were turned over to me. I sent the completed surveys to Governor Rick Scott with a copy to the Commission. Copies of the completed surveys are attached as Exhibit 1.

Approximately 340 customers from the Palm Terrace and Jasmine Lakes service areas completed the surveys. The results indicate that Aqua has been inconsistent in notifying customers of the need to boil water. According to the surveys, 137 customers stated that they never received any form of boil water notice; 78 received notice via letter size piece of paper and 92 received a door hanger. Only 17 received a phone call from Aqua.

Over the last few years I have received numerous complaints from Aqua customers regarding poor quality service, poor water quality and exorbitant rates. Attached as Composite Exhibit 2 are representative samples of the complaints I have received. I also attended a March 8, 2011 neighborhood meeting at the Jasmine Lakes Community Center that was attended by about 300 dissatisfied Aqua customers who came to express concerns with Aqua's poor quality service and high rates.

ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS
AND/OR PROBLEMS WITH AQUA'S PALM TERRACE WASTEWATER
TREATMENT PLANT OPERATIONS?

Yes. Some nearby residents alerted the county to a possible discharge to a county stormwater pond adjacent to Aqua's effluent storage ponds. I visited the

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site with some county stormwater staff personnel and some residents on or about May 19, 2011. At this time, I observed a PVC pipe crossing a county stormwater spillway. The pipe was above ground and appeared to be recently repaired as a small piece of cut PVC pipe was on the ground next to the repair. The replaced pipe was visible behind Aqua's fence. See Exhibit 3, pictures of the repaired pipe, discarded pipe and location map. The repaired joint pipe was leaking slowly at the time of the visit. See page 1 of Exhibit 3, which shows water beneath the leaking pipe. I understand that the pipe carries treated effluent to the Agua's disposal spray field. A Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) letter states that a break in this pipe discharged effluent to the county's pond on May 17, 2011. See Exhibit 4, page 2, paragraph #5.

The leaking pipe and discarded PVC were potential violations of the county stormwater regulations; but the county chose not to prosecute these violations if Aqua agreed to bury the pipe. Aqua has since applied for and received a County Right-of-Way use permit to place the pipe underground.

Additionally, while viewing the aboveground pipe, I noticed percolation in the county's stormwater pond while effluent was flowing through the pipe. This raised concerns regarding a possible leak in Aqua's effluent pipe or another source of discharge of effluent to the county pond. investigated historical records and found a plan sheet showing a direct pipe connection from Aqua's ponds to the county's pond. With the assistance of Aqua personnel, a direct pipe connection was discovered. See Exhibit 5, pictures of pipe and plan copy showing the location of the pipe. The county has no record that would give Agua the authority to maintain this pipe on county property or to allow the direct discharge of its effluent to the county pond. We asked Aqua to

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provide any documentation it may have regarding this matter and Aqua has failed to respond to our inquiry. See Exhibit 6, letter from Mike Garrett to Aqua.

HAS THE COUNTY ATTEMPTED TO PURCHASE AQUA UTILITIES' Q. SYSTEMS LOCATED IN PASCO COUNTY?

For approximately ten years it has been county policy to purchase private utilities in an attempt to address the adverse impacts many of our residents have experienced from the poor quality service and/or high rates provided by several private utilities. The county has been able to purchase several smaller systems such as Forest Hills Utility, Shady Oaks Utility, and East Pasco Utilities. For some larger, more troublesome utilities such as Aloha Utilities and Lindrick Utilities, the county worked with the Florida Governmental Utility Authority (FGUA) to achieve public ownership of private utility systems. The county is one of several local government members of FGUA and, in 2009, I asked FGUA to investigate the purchase of Aqua's Pasco systems. I did this after receiving numerous complaints from Aqua's customers about extremely high rates and poor quality service. I understand the FGUA's representatives had discussions with Agua in 2009 about selling their systems but little progress has been made since that time.

DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? Q.

Yes. A.

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Pasco County Commissioner District 5

Maria

BY MR. RICHARDS:

- Q. Commissioner Mariano, did you prefile any exhibits with your testimony?
 - A. Yes, Exhibits JM-1 through 6.
- Q. Thank you. Would you like to -- were there any changes to those exhibits?
 - A. No changes to the exhibits.
- Q. Okay. Would you like to summarize your testimony at this time?
 - A. Yes, please.

I come before you today as someone representing people that have been struggling dramatically with poor water quality, water quality service, and it's not something unique to the county. We have dealt with the issue over the past few years.

One of the things in coming to the hearing from last time when the residents came up, you saw a lot of testimony, a lot of examples from the people going through extreme hardships between high quality -- high water prices and low quality, and it is really affecting their quality of life. Their whole area has been affected by it.

In some of the testimony which I'll cover, one of things that really infuriated the people when they were here was that they got to hear a comment from Aqua

talking about the procedure they had for the boiled-water notices. And there was a gentleman that even stood up holding a white 8-1/2 by 11 piece of paper that said this is the type of boil water notice I got, not a door hanger. That impetus from that statement, and the people weren't able to speak and address that issue from that point, because it wasn't a hearing that would have them come back up again, they were so animated they went out and did their own survey.

This boil-water notice survey, which I have put in for an exhibit, was sent out and 469 people responded to it. The questions going down the line, 30 didn't respond by circling, but they did put comments into it, and if you pay close attention to the totals of Number 4 and 5, it said -- 92 of them said I did receive a door hanger notice to boil water, and only 50 said I received a door hanger notice to stop boiling water.

As was presented to you after the people had spoke it was completely different. If you look at all the numbers through, 137 of them never received either type of notice, 78 received the 8-1/2 by 11 sheet of paper. And, Chairman Graham, that might have been the gentleman that was standing up, one of them was waving it and you asked him to sit down or you would have him removed. That is how animated he was, and the rest of

people followed notice, as well. Only 24 on Number

6 were told to boil water. So out of 469 -- these

numbers are pretty staggering to me -- 15 were told by a

neighbor to stop boiling water. Seventeen, only 17

received a message from Aqua telling them -- a phone

message to boil water. Only 12 received a phone message

to stop boiling water.

Now, unbeknownst to me, but at the hearing we had in New Port Richey that was over the summer, and by the way, that is when most of our residents have gone up north, so there wasn't as much participation as what was happening beforehand. At that point in time from the time of the hearing or whatever, after I had submitted this the people from Palm Terrace also had gone out on their own completely and unbeknownst to me, and I submitted these, but they also did their own boil water notices, which I submitted and, again, show the same type of evidence.

So sitting as a county commissioner, I listened to what gets said every single time. And when things get left out to me on presentations that are before me, it really offends me. I feel that you folks were misled on what you got for testimony from Aqua in what is evidenced here by the people speaking out to say exactly what happens to their neighborhoods. Now, I

can't speak to what goes on around everywhere else, and I don't intend to, but that's something in front of me that the people have responded to that goes directly against what was presented before.

In the Exhibit JM-2 there is a collection of e-mails from Aqua. One of them actually talks about going through the neighborhood, how it used to be, green grass everywhere in Jasmine Trails. Jasmine Lakes has a road going through it, Ranch Road is going through it. It used to be nice and green through there. Now people can't afford to water their lawns as they have cut back and back and back. And, frankly, I think when you keep on raising the rates up, you actually cut down their revenue coming in, because less people can afford to use it. But I don't think it is right for teenagers to shower out in sprinkler heads for people to kind of cut back. The poor water quality keeps them from doing other things such as boiling water. They have to go out and buy water to drink as well as boil their own food.

Later on in Exhibit 3 there's a repaired effluent pipe that is there. I showed you that map from before. Now, when questioning was going on, as well, it was talked about -- I think I might have mentioned, I haven't seen my testimony come back up, but I think I mentioned that one of the mechanics told me there was

many repairs on that project. That was even brought up as far as a comment later on, but I found out later on from a DEP letter which is included in your testimony, as well, it shows there were two breaks that was known and Aqua was actually responding to it in between the hearing.

So as far as for your body to make decisions and make recommendations on the information you are given, I don't think you had everything in front of you. And that was part of the impetus for me to step forward to my county commission, which by the way unanimously approved coming forward to speak before this body to get this information out in front of you. Because I think it is very critical that when you make your decisions, if you don't have the right information, it's hard to make the right call.

So with what was put in front of you and is in front of you now to me is very significant. There's other violations that are going on out there. On Exhibit Number 6 there is a copy of a pipe. I was out with DEP, and when the sprayfields were coming on we noticed there was action going on in the water around there, so we were suspicious as far as was there a pipe coming in or was there not a pipe coming in. Well, as we went into the bank and kind of looked in there, we

found this pipe unpermitted, but it's an emergency overflow pipe that goes into our stormwater pond. Now, by DEP's own rules, we can't have that emergency pipe there. Okay. It's a violation. We had to cap that pipe anyway, but they still -- now that they have responded to us, they have no record of any permit which is part of the change in the testimony. There is no record of any permit or any application was done to us, though we did have the map that was submitted to us.

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So even under your rules or DEP's rules, that piping being capped, they don't have the emergency flow that is going on right now. But that's new evidence you didn't have before, which I think is very substantial. When I had sent my letter to the Governor where I was sending these fliers out as well as CCing you on, I had a few requests that were on there. One as far as to consider their overall quality of service to be marginal, and I think you do need to do more monitoring, but at the same token I would not even set it up where they even know you are monitoring them, and let's find out what kind of customer service you have. Because over the past few months I have still got other information where people are still unhappy with the service they are getting, regardless of what you are hearing.

Supporting the Office of Public Counsel on independent water and wastewater operations, these two systems in Pasco, Palm Terrace and Jasmine Lakes are real close. Zephyr Shores I can't speak to, because I'm not as versed with it. But these systems are like fully built out. When they bought them in '04, their rates, I think, were less than Pasco County. Now they are about 2-1/2 times that amount. So if every utility is supposed to stand on its own with the investments and what has gone in, I think you really need to do a real intensive counting to figure out how these rates have gone up so high. Part of it -- if it's the rate banding, that is another good reason why to get rid of it.

Why should those people who are on low incomes, it's a lot of seniors, and the community has actually changed over the years, because at first their homes were advertised, I think, for 19 or \$29,000.

Well, the homes that have gone up in price have come right back again. In this community right now, because the water rates are so high, people move out if they are renting because they can't afford the water. And, number two, it drives the price of the -- the value of the property down because no one wants to buy it with the bad water quality and the high prices to go with it.

So really the more you raise the rates, the worse the situation is going to get. People aren't going to be able to sell their homes. They are going to be stuck in them. There is going to be higher foreclosure rates.

unemployment rate is 12 percent, we are actually up at 32 percent in construction where people don't have jobs. And part of these vacancies that are in there, the foreclosures that are in there, there is no water being pumped because there is no one in there. So the whole neighborhood is going down. And the higher you raise the price, I think, and I'm an economics graduate, I think you are actually hurting their revenues that are going to come in. If you give a chance to people they are going to water their lawns, wash their kids, eat their food, clean up the water quality, you could have a better situation.

As a county commissioner, I don't look to take over water systems. I don't have any interest in it.

We have to worry with just doing something over the past month about taking over waste services. And I said no, the private market is doing it. We don't have any complaints. Whatever we do for our recycling program that is coming up, let them do it. Let them be. But when we have boil-water quality. And when I first got

elected to the county commission, I had two utilities in mind that I wanted to fix the water quality. And I say that water quality was the number one issue that I had. That's what I wanted for the people. As much as you saw everybody here, I had more people for Aloha coming forward. Commissioner Hildebrand, our chairman this year, was for 28 years now, is retiring. She has service with Lindrick, she has experienced all the issues. Her issues weren't as bad as what Aloha's people were, but those issues there were just as strong as right here now.

I pulled not to buy the utility, not to join the FGUA. I actually pulled to take back jurisdiction. Not that I want to put you guys out of work, but to go forward to take back jurisdiction locally where I thought I could put more leverage and more controls on really making these people perform to what they are supposed to do. Give good quality water at a good reasonable price.

When my commission didn't want to do that, what we decided to do is let's put a study group together. So in the study group some of the information that came out as far as what could be done is you could look at rate of return as far as putting the penalties forward. You could look at even rate managers pay. We

didn't get to the whole details to it, because I actually pulled myself off that commission body because I didn't want to affect their decision. They came back and recommended the FGUA.

And I'll tell you the great thing about the FGUA, as much as people are paying higher, they are getting good water quality. The improvements they have made, they can see the improvements that have been made, and people aren't complaining. So we have done the right things in our area, and that's why I supported the local control to it. But with the FGUA, at least we have the local controls. They have done the right things. Granted, it's expensive when you have to pay top dollar for a utility, but at the same time the people are happier now and they can see a situation that is better for them.

We actually have another utility that came before you recently, Mad Hatter. These people are fantastic. They do such a great job. They are so efficient. Their rates are lower than what the county is. I can't take them over in the sense of I can't pay them enough money to make it worth his while at this point in time. They are still trying to work that out, and if they can work it out, fine, but we are not pushing to take it over because those rates would be

actually lower than what the county would be. We could do it separately. We wouldn't have to just take them in FGUA anyway, and that system is one we could incorporate with ease. But it just hasn't been worked out number-wise. If it happens, great. If it doesn't, it doesn't.

But I'm focused on good water quality and good customer service for my people. That's all I'm interested in. That's the only reason I'm here to try to speak for the people that can't be here. You know, they don't have a lot of income. There is not a lot of up here. They may be not back from up north or whatever. But in this hearing, I'm glad that we are all into testimony and we're all sworn, because this information that I have given you I hope carries a lot more weight and a lot more credence so that you can adjust your decision.

Thank you very much.

MR. RICHARDS: Thank you.

We would tender the witness for cross-examination.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. Do any of the intervenors have anything that is contrary to the position of Pasco County?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: No, we don't have any

1 questions that are contrary to Commissioner Mariano. 2 MR. CURTIN: No, Your Honor. 3 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. May. CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. MAY: 5 Good afternoon, Commissioner. 6 0. 7 Good afternoon. Just a couple of questions I wanted to follow 8 9 up with you. I think you would probably be the 10 appropriate person. I had asked Mr. Poucher earlier. 11 When FGUA required Lindrick, did the Lindrick customers 12 get Pasco County rates? 13 No, they did not. The reason they did not was 14 because the money that we had to pay for the utility to 15 make it financeable had to go up. What did happen, 16 though, is instead of getting a rate increase of 61 17 percent, it was closer to 25 percent. 18 There's another utility in Pasco County that 19 was previously regulated by the Florida Public Service 20 Commission called Colonial Manor Utility Company. When 21 the FGUA acquired Colonial in December of 2009, did the 22 Colonial customers get Pasco County rates? 23 No, they did not. And the guise is the way it works is it depend on what the rate is billed for. 24 25 notice you seem to be cherry-picking a little bit,

because you haven't mentioned anything about the Aloha rates, which are less than Pasco County.

- Q. With respect to Pasco County privately owned utilities that were previously regulated by the Public Service Commission, did the FGUA acquire a company called Holiday Utility Company in December of 2009?
 - A. I guess so. You have the records.
- Q. And that utility is located in Pasco County, correct?
 - A. I'll agree with that.
- Q. And when FGUA acquired that utility, did the customers of Holiday Utility receive Pasco County rates or did they get FGUA rates?
- A. No. And let me just make it easy for you. We do not just give people Pasco County rates. What happens is you have to look at it, set up the tables, make the chart, and figure what the rates are going to be based upon what you're going to pay for the utility. What happens is -- and by the way, we do have one of our own deputy administrators that sit on that board that actually watch over the rates and look at it. And we actually get to make a final decision if we are going to go ahead and do that. So we are briefed as far as what the rates are going to be. We are aware of the ramifications, and we are also usually very happy that

1 2 3 to take them over. 4 5 service issue? 6 7 8 9 10 11 had great satisfaction with them. 12 Q. board? 13 14 15 16 17 18 as well. 19 20 Company? 21 22 A. Yes, we did. 23 24 25 Α. The only time someone will get Pasco

FGUA is going to take over what may be a troubled utility and not give them good water or quality service, Sure. When a customer of FGUA has a quality of service issue, where do they take that quality of They take it to the FGUA, and if they have other troubles, they will call the county commission. We have very, very few quality calls with the FGUA. And the ones I do get get rectified very quickly, and I have Do any elected officials sit on the FGUA No. We have a deputy administrator that we submit, Michelle Baker. She sits there representing the county commission. Generally speaking, our utility's director, Bruce Kennedy, may attend one of the meetings, Did the FGUA acquire another privately owned utility in Pasco County called Virginia City Utility And when the FGUA acquired that, did the Virginia City customers get Pasco County rates?

County rates is if miraculously they would be exactly the same. What happens with the rates system the way the FGUA works is they look to find out what the buying effect would be, what the price would be. It comes before, they make a decision whether to go forward or not.

- Q. I was looking on the FGUA website last night just to get some clarification. I mentioned earlier the Colonial Manor customers that were recently acquired by the FGUA, are they facing a 15 percent rate increase in 2012?
 - A. I don't know that offhand.
- Q. Are the customers of Holiday Utility Company that FGUA acquired facing a 15 percent increase in 2012?
 - A. I don't know that offhand, either.
 - Q. You don't know that?
- A. No, I don't know that. And the chart I have in front of me doesn't know that, either. So I'm at a loss for that.
 - Q. Are you actively involved with the FGUA?
- A. No. We are a member of the FGUA. As a board of county commissioners, we have a representative that sits on that board. The basic information that comes up to us will be if there is going to be a rate increase, something may be different than projected such as

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Lindrick that you mentioned earlier. They explain to us what the situation is and we go forward from that. But at that point in time the FGUA runs their own operation, and, again, if we have troubles with customers and they let us know, our own staff is uncomfortable with something that is going on, they will let us know.

Q. When the FGUA sets rates, the Florida Public Service Commission has a process that in any rate case the quality of service is reviewed as a condition to the rate case. In other words, you have to go through a quality of service review before you can move forward with any rate increase. Is there any condition with the FGUA that would condition an FGUA rate increase on their meeting certain quality of service standards, or is it all debt service driven?

MR. RICHARDS: Mr. Chairman, I object to this question.

THE WITNESS: Oh, I love this one. I would love this one, Joe. Let me have it.

MR. RICHARDS: Nevermind.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do you rescind your objection?

MR. RICHARDS: Yes, sir.

THE WITNESS: Miraculously, since the FGUA has taken over every single utility, I haven't had a single

complaint. So I haven't had to actually position -have anybody to go up there and actually pose that
question.

BY MR. MAY:

- Q. There was another utility in Pasco County that was recently acquired by the FGUA, Dixie Grove Utility Company. Are you familiar with that?
 - A. Not offhand, but the name is familiar.
- Q. And the customers of Dixie Grove are facing a
 15 percent increase in water rates in 2012?
 - A. What is it, subject to verify?
 - Q. Subject to check.
 - A. Subject to check.
- Q. I never understood that, either, Commissioner.

 I'm not sure I would ever agree to subject to check.

But you talked about a pipe at one of the facilities that Aqua has down in Pasco County. Has AUF replaced that pipe?

A. The one over the spillway? Yes, they have replaced that over the spillway. As a matter of fact, the county worked -- and the discussion came up at the last meeting what we were going to do about it. We wanted to get it fixed. That was the pipe that was white PVC pipe that was not up to code that was supported by two bricks anchored down by a couple of

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aluminum stripes. I think you have the pictures of that up there. That pipe had to go underground to be fit to code. We worked with them. And we did make sure to protect our people, because that pipe had to go underground a long way to get to their sprayfield along our easements. We gave them the easements. We didn't charge them, and part of the reason we didn't charge them is because we didn't want our customers' rates to go up any further. We worked with them. We made sure we pressure tested the lines so that it wasn't going to affect the water body that was right beside it. And the test was looked over, went over; we cooperated, and that problem has been solved in regards to that.

- Q. Now, that pipe that you mentioned that was broken, that carried treated effluent, did it not?
- A. I believe it was the second pond, so it would be. I believe so.
 - Q. So it would be treated effluent, correct?
 - A. Yes, I believe so.

MR. MAY: Commissioner, thank you very much.

That's all the questions I had.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And, thank you, Commissioner, for being here.

A couple of questions. One, the customer surveys that you collected, were those customers that were in an area that should have received the boil water notice, or was it just a general survey sent out?

THE WITNESS: It was a general survey that people just commented on. I don't have any specifics to -- even what the addresses were.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay.

THE WITNESS: If I could, though?

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Sure.

THE WITNESS: If you take a look at some of their responses, some of the people that got the boil-water notice didn't get notice to stop boiling.

those, I did note that. I just wanted to make sure that it wasn't an area that never had a line break and never should have received a notice, and yet that is counted as someone who has never received a notice. But in going through them, there are notes there that indicate they heard from a neighbor, et cetera. But I just wanted to know if these were customers that all should have received one or not, or was it general.

THE WITNESS: I'm not sure. I'm not sure of that answer.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And one final

question. You mentioned that your deputy county
administrator, Michelle Baker, is your representative on
the FGUA board?
THE WITNESS: Yes.
COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And I assume the boards

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And I assume the boards votes any rate increases or rate changes, is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Yes, we do. And just so you know, when we do buy -- we bought a bunch of utilities. We bought them all at once, so I may be familiar with the timing and affiliations of when they all came in.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I'm focusing more on the establishment of rates. The FGUA board establishes the rates, but I assume the county commission gives direction to its representative?

THE WITNESS: Correct. If we have one in our utility area, what they actually did with Lindrick is they came forward to us to say, look, we had projected this. It's going to be different and I will go over why.

commissioner Balbis: And what do you take into consideration when deciding to change the rates or advise your representative to vote a certain way on the board? Do you look at costs, do you look at affordability, what do you look at?

everything, and we will take the recommendation -- we look very closely. Having our own staff person that is sitting there watching out, we know she is looking out for the customers, and she can present the case very strongly if need be to make a decision either way. And we have worked with them close. Sometimes when they first present us with something, I know with Lindrick we kind of like grilled them down. They found a way to save some more money and made it go forward, but we do look at everything.

And, again, as far as one of the issues that I know we always talk about is water quality and marginal service. The service we have had has been exceptional with no issues.

representative on the board came to the Commission with a 200 percent rate increase, and had it fully backed up with cost projections, et cetera, you would take into account affordability into advising them how to vote?

THE WITNESS: Absolutely. That would be a long way to go, and I couldn't even imagine that happening.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brown.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. And thank you, Commissioner Mariano, for being here today and for your testimony. How many years have you been in office as a county commissioner?

THE WITNESS: Seven years.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: During that time, what would you say is the single biggest complaint you hear from your constituents?

THE WITNESS: Well, when I first got in, really water quality was huge down in the Aloha/Lindrick area. Kind of, I thought we had pretty much taken care of a lot of trouble utilities and were just going to try to work on those that were friendly as far as to work with them. At that point in time, the biggest issue I had is Aqua Utility system.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Of the Aqua complaints that you receive, what would you say is the biggest concern of your constituents that you hear?

THE WITNESS: Well, as a county commissioner, quality of life is our biggest concern. And when you look at when you have to pay exorbitant rates for water, when you have a change in life as far as what you're paying, when you have seniors that can't afford to pay their bills, and there's other issues that are out there, too, that they have their own economic struggles

with, between the price of gas and price of insurance. Their affordability of living the way they lived when they first moved down has dramatically changed, and then water quality and price of water is a huge detriment in their quality of life right now.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. And how frequently would you estimate that you hear from your constituents about the quality of the product and the quality of service of Aqua?

THE WITNESS: I hear it continually. I will say this, they know that I'm on top of this issue, so they are kind of waiting to see what happens at this point in time. They know that they have done everything they can to educate me. They have seen that I can support them as far as working together. I came up here with them to get here. They know I'm coming up here today, so they will be watching intently. I will say they are a little bit concerned as far as what the ruling will be, because of the way it worked out last time. But they are very well in tune to what is going on.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay, thank you. And last question. Since you have been in office, would you say there has been an increase, decrease, or status quo in the amount of complaints you have received about

Aqua?

THE WITNESS: Much higher. As a matter of fact, when I first got on I didn't have many issues with them. I guess they had just taken over at that point in time, but from '06/'07 on, it has escalated and obviously peaked this past hearing.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brisé.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

On Page 5 of your testimony there's a question about the county purchasing or the idea of the county attempting to purchase Aqua Utilities. And per your testimony, there has been very little progress. So I want to know from the time that you provided this information in the deposition until now, has there been any change in that?

THE WITNESS: There has been no change. From months before when they worked with the FGUA and they wanted to combine some other unrelated utility outside the county to put it together, we -- FGUA told them, look, they need be separate, because our ultimate goal would be down the road is actually to make them part of the county. But until the rates amortize themselves down, which we hope for Aloha, Lindrick, and the rest, until they amortize down, they won't be coming in. So from that point, and because of this hearing going on, I

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didn't want to get in the midst of any of that. If they came to us, that would have been fine. They haven't come to us. We haven't broached it, haven't looked at We are just focusing on the issue before us right now.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. Considering that one of the major complaints that you hear from your constituents is water quality and service and all of those type of things, if Pasco County decided as an entity to pursue, and Aqua agreed to pursue a purchase, what do you think it would take in terms of not only money, but effort to bring the quality up to the level that your constituents are receiving from Pasco County, and what impact would that have on the customers.

THE WITNESS: It would be a huge quality of life boost for the people. It happens to be that we have county utilities surrounding this whole area. would just be a matter of adjusting the water system. They actually get a lot of water from us anyway, so it would just be a matter of hooking it up.

We would probably have to clean out a lot of things that are in there right now, but it would be a very easy takeover for us to implement it. And I think that would be one of the benefits, if we got to that point, to actually put the study together, have them go out and look at what improvements need to be made, and they come back with a plan. And whatever that plan would be as far as how the numbers would work out is something that would be set up and looked at.

And then if the board decided to move forward it, would be able to move forward. But as far as the physicality of everything, it would be a very easy system from my staff to take it over and improve the water quality and hopefully keep their rates close to what the country rates are. Don't know, but hopefully.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So from your vantage point at this point without having all the numbers and all that stuff in front of you, you would make the assumption that the rates would remain relatively flat?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Well, let me say this. I think we can deliver the water quality at a better level of service and a better price, but until you can work the numbers, you don't know what you have got. So it's hard to say about the price part. But for everything else, you know, I think that it's viable.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: All right. Last question, Commissioner. In Exhibit JM-2 there are examples of a lot of billing issues from your constituents, their customers. I know that when I

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served in a different capacity, I used to receive complaints of all kinds of stuff, and sometimes my office would sort of step in the middle and interact with whomever was the issue. And we would receive information both from the person who had the complaint or the company and so forth. So I just want to find out how your follow-up has been and what has your experience been with respect to the follow-up to the various complaints that you have received.

THE WITNESS: Well, as far as following up and working with the company, I don't know if we have had, too much success. We always say we don't have control over it. Go to the PSC. You know, get them informed as far as to what is going on. So there hasn't been as far as a lot of back and forth with that.

There was an article in the Suncoast News a few years ago with the past president, I'll try to say his name right, Lihvarcik, when he said -- there was a quote in there about, you know, just because someone has -- I think it was bad water quality, smelly water, and black odor -- some type of odor in it, it was a couple of negative comments, and he brushed it off by saying something along the line of, well, those are secondary impacts. Well, those secondary impacts lead me to call him up and ask him to come down. As a matter

of fact, that gentleman that is sitting over there, I sat with him, as well. I'm sorry, I don't know your name. But I sat down and had a meeting with them, and actually at that point I think we did have a conversation as far as trying to move forward to, you know, help buy them out to move them forward, but to try to work on the focus of our getting better water quality, too. But, really, because of this whole issue going forward, we kind of let the rate increase work its way and try to see what happens after the fact. I didn't want to cloud the issue.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So based upon the information you have just provided, in essence your constituents probably continually call you about the same things, even the ones that have provided the information to you and have told you, look, we are reaching out to the company. Do those people come back to you and say, look, I have called them multiple times on this issue. Can you step in and help me? And, of course, you provide the response, look, you probably need to go to the PSC and so forth. But do those same people come back to you over and over and over again over the same issue? That's really what I'm trying to get at.

THE WITNESS: As far as participating with

this -- and, again, it has escalated right now as this -- you know, the higher the price goes the louder the screams get. That's what we are feeling right now. So because of the rate increase and because of the talk that we had trying to take them over, I just didn't want to cloud all the issues up. I just try to tell them you have just got to keep on trying to work it out.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: All right. Thank you very much, Commissioner.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner, welcome. And, I'm sorry we made you wait so long.

THE WITNESS: No problem.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We were, as you saw, tied up with another witness. Just to let you know, I'm actually from local government. I spent 12 years of my life there, so I understand, and I feel for the whole home rule thing.

The question I had, and back to us, one of the things that our county did was we went through and we basically bought up all the private-owned water utilities throughout the county. Did Pasco County have the ability to buy these systems before Aqua came and purchased them?

THE WITNESS: I believe we tried to buy Aqua.

I know we bought several systems before. We tried to negotiate and we did buy a bunch of them over the years. Through FGUA we had success with a few more, and through FGUA we will try it again. So we are -- we did actively go down that road from years ago, probably just like you, and we had some success and they are now integrated into the county without any issues. We would still, again, proceed down the same road again with the same success we had. We would even do it directly, if we could.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: But did you have the ability before -- I mean, was it offered to the county, the systems that Aqua purchased?

THE WITNESS: I don't know, and I don't know what the terms were. Sometimes the numbers would be so high that we couldn't buy them. So depending on -- whatever we thought was reasonable to buy where we could keep the rates close, I guess, is the ones we did. Hindsight 20/20, maybe we would even pay a little bit more to try to avoid what is happening to our people right now with Aqua, but that was a judgment that was before I was in office.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Were you here earlier when I was talking to Mr. Poucher, and granted he wasn't speaking from a profession, but his opinion that he was

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saying that Aqua was getting these systems for what he thought were pennies on the dollar, and then they were allowed to raise the rates to what the book value of it would be as opposed to what they paid for it. Were you here for that testimony?

THE WITNESS: I heard the testimony.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Now, assuming that he's correct and Aqua is getting these things on penny on the dollar, would it have been easier for the county to pick them up then rather that trying to negotiate it now after the fact?

THE WITNESS: As I say, when they were negotiating that through, that was 2004 maybe? Well, I think it was before I was in. If they couldn't come to terms, they couldn't come to terms. And I don't know what the numbers were at that point in time. I can say this to you, with Hudson Utilities, Mr. Bamani (phonetic) when he was negotiating with Mr. Gallagher (phonetic), our county administrator, they couldn't come to terms. When it went -- Ni-America came in and bought They paid them a lot more money than the county figured it was worth. And when they had the conversation later on, and God bless Mr. Bamani, he passed away, but he told them something along the line of I can pay more for a utility than you can pay because I can get my money back by just raising my rates up.

So sometimes -- and that was one of the things I think I might have mentioned to you before, if the laws were set up a little bit different, maybe it does it easier for counties and municipalities to actually take over utilities without the structure that's in place now. And I'm not an expert to it. I haven't gotten involved with the legislative action, which I would like to see something done, but I know that they are working on that, as well, to try to take a look at that situation.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Now, Hernando County just north of you, I believe. That is just north of you, correct?

THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.

and wastewater in the county, both the public and the private. And you said that your county talked about it, but decided not to go down that path. What were some of the reasons why you decided not to go down that path to control, quote, your own destiny?

THE WITNESS: Well, if you have a company like a Mad Hatter that is providing good water and quality of service, you let them -- to me, you can let them keep going. If they want a buyout, then that's great. With

work we would do it. We would buy every single one of them up, because to me if we could do that with everybody it would be better off for our citizens across the board. But when you have got to isolate one-by-one-by-one it makes it a little bit more difficult. And you have got to kind of look at what the numbers are going to come out to be. So we would like to go down that road. Do we have to go down that road?

No. Again, my major concern is trying to give people good water quality at good reasonable prices.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I think you misunderstood my question. In Hernando County they did not purchase all the private utilities. They decided rather than the PSC controlling the water and wastewater, they, the county, will control the rates of the water and wastewater.

THE WITNESS: Okay. They took back jurisdiction.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes.

THE WITNESS: All right. I'm sorry, I did misunderstand you. When I was first elected in '04, and we looked at the situations with Aloha and Lindrick, as I said before, the first thing I presented to the Commission was to take back jurisdiction. It was turned over, I think, back in the '80s. It was a real -- maybe

a negative situation that was going on in the county at that point it time. They didn't bring it up. And three times I brought it to the commission to take back jurisdiction. They were afraid of the legal costs that would be involved in trying to prepare a rate case and to fight a rate case, especially if you had utilities that were willing to just keep on going to court with you. The budget we would have had would have been \$800,000 year to run it and service that. I still thought it was worthwhile doing, but a 4-to-1 vote.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Fair enough. And the

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Fair enough. And the last thing. I received the -- I was copied on the boil-water notices and the letter that you sent to the Governor. Now, you understand that this agency doesn't control boil-water notices, correct?

THE WITNESS: I just wanted you to see -- I do understand that. I wanted you to see with the testimony that you heard from how Aqua presented it, and you saw the reaction to the citizens when what was being told to you from Aqua over here to what the reaction was with the citizens. They wanted to make sure they went out and had this communicated to you. I wanted you to see it. I knew you would eventually get it, but, no, I understand that. I just wanted you to see what you were being told so your reactions and your decisions were not

based upon 100 percent. And, again, that was one of the major reasons, knowing everything was going to be under oath, I wanted to get a chance to show you everything, that you probably would be able to change your decision and have a great justification to do so.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, in all fairness, yesterday this conversation came up with Volusia County health department and the Department of Environmental Protection. Those two departments actually control what happens with the boil-water notices, and we are trying to get a better understanding -- well, I can speak for myself. I wanted to get a better understanding of the mechanism on who puts the policy out there and who makes sure that it's happening and what repercussions are out there if it's not happening.

And that being said, have you sat down with both the DEP and the Pasco County Health Department and talked to them specifically about the boil-water notices and how they may not be or are not getting to the end user?

THE WITNESS: I was going to deal with the PSC because we had the hearing going through. And I'm not having that trouble anywhere else in the county, just right here.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. That's all the

1	questions I had. Redirect.
2	MR. RICHARDS: No redirect.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Commissioner, once
4	again, I apologize for holding you up as long as we
5	have. Normally, the way I work is I'll put the elected
6	officials up first, but we had somebody that was there
7	that we had to finish with that witness.
8	THE WITNESS: I appreciate the process. Thank
9	you very much for having me up.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
11	Mr. Richards, do you have exhibits to enter
12	into the record?
13	MR. RICHARDS: Yes. Exhibits JM-1 through 6.
14	On the master list, those are Exhibits 141 through 146.
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That is 141, 2, 3, 4, 5, and
16	146. Any other exhibits to enter into the record?
17	Seeing none.
18	(Exhibit Numbers 141 through 146 admitted into
19	the record.)
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. Jaeger.
21	MR. JAEGER: Yes. Staff will go back to its
22	witnesses. Ginny Marie Montoya.
23	GINNY MARIE MONTOYA
24	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the
25	Florida Public Service Commission, and having been duly

1	sworn, testified as follows:
2	DIRECT EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. JAEGER:
4	Q. Could you please state your name and business
5	address for the record?
6	A. Ginny Marie Montoya, 7825 Baymeadows Way,
7	Suite B200, Jacksonville, Florida 32256.
8	Q. Okay. I can barely hear you. So you need to
9	get a little bit closer.
LO	A. Should I repeat it?
L1	Q. I heard it.
L2	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
13	A. I'm an Environmental Specialist in the
L 4	Drinking Water Section for the Department of
15	Environmental Protection.
16	Q. And have you prefiled Direct Testimony in this
17	docket consisting of two pages?
18	A. Yes, I have.
19	Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to your
20	testimony?
21	A. No, I do not.
22	Q. If I were to ask you the same questions, would
23	your testimony be the same today?
24	A. Yes.
25	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Ms. Montoya's testimony inserted into the record as though read? CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes. We will insert Ms. Montoya's testimony into the record.

1	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GINNY MARIE MONTOYA
2	Q. Please state your name and business address.
3	A. Ginny Marie Montoya, Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), Northeast
4	District (NED), 7825 Baymeadows Way, Suite B200, Jacksonville, FL 32256.
5	Q. Please provide a brief description of your educational background and experience.
6	A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Biology from the University of North
7	Florida in 2008. I also minored in Public Health. I began working for the DEP in July of
8	2009. I have been there for over three years as a Drinking Water Facility Inspector.
9	Q. What are your general responsibilities at the Department of Environmental Protection?
0	A. I conduct inspections and sanitary surveys for my assigned counties. Within the past
11	week I was reassigned to Duval and Taylor Counties. However, before that I was the
12	inspector for all systems west of the St. John's River in Putnam County.
13	Q. Are you familiar with the AUF water systems in Putnam, particularly the Silver Lake
14	Oaks and Interlachen Lake Estates Systems?
15	A. I am familiar with both. I have dealt with their chemical sampling as well as
16	performed inspections on both systems.
17	Q. Are these systems in compliance with all applicable construction permits?
18	A. I am not aware of any construction permits involving Silver Lake Oaks or Interlachen
19	Lake Estates.
20	Q. Have any of these AUF systems been the subject of any FDEP compliance
21	enforcement action within the past three years?
22	A. In 2005, AUF failed to sample for Disinfection Byproducts at Silver Lake Oaks and
23	Interlachen Lake Estates. In 2007, Consent Orders were mailed and signed by AUF. In 2008,
24 -	and 2009, the cases were closed when full payments of the Consent Orders were made.
25	In August of 2011, a Warning Letter was sent out for Interlachen Lake Estates. See

1	Exhibit GMM-1. In July 2011, the system tested positive for E. con from well #2. AUF
2	failed to notify DEP, complete repeat sampling per the Ground Water Rule, and issue Public
3	Notices within 24 hours of knowledge of the E. coli positive result. The system has since
4	performed proper repeat sampling and issued a Public Notice. However, the Department has
5	deemed the well contaminated and the system has decided to take steps to submit an
6	application for 4-Log Approval to deal with the microbial contamination. Once submission is
7	complete and approved by the Department, the warning letter will be closed and no further
8	enforcement will follow.
9	Q. Other than any violations discussed above, is AUF in compliance with all DEP
10	requirements for their water systems in (West) Putnam County?
l 1	A. Yes.
12	Q. Is the overall operation and maintenance of these water treatment plants and
13	distribution facilities satisfactory?
14	A. Yes. There have been inspections performed in 2010 on both systems. Both systems
15	had minor deficiencies, but nothing that required immediate action.
16	Q. Do you have anything further to add?
17	A. No, I do not.
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1	BY MR. JAEGER:
2	Q. And, Ms. Montoya, did you also file Exhibit
3	Number GMM-1?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to that
6	exhibit?
7	A. No.
8	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, that exhibit has been
9	identified as Exhibit 151, and it has been identified,
10	and I would tender Ms. Montoya for cross.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, Mr. Jaeger.
12	Welcome, Ms. Montoya.
13	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
1.4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Christensen.
15	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you.
16	CROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
18	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Montoya. You filed
19	testimony on October excuse me, October 6th, 2011,
20	that addresses Aqua's systems in Putnam County, correct?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. And the water systems that you address in your
23	testimony are Silver Lake Oaks and Interlachen Estates,
24	correct?
25	A. Yes.

25

Q.

And in there you say in 2005, AUF failed to

1	
1	sample for disinfection by-products at Silver Lake Oaks
2	and Interlachen Lake Estates. And in 2007 consent
3	orders were mailed and signed by AUF. And in 2008 and
4	2009 the cases were closed when full payments of the
5	consent payments were made. Is that correct?
6	A. Yes. I misspoke before then. I apologize.
7	Q. That's okay. I just wanted to make sure I got
8	it correct. Now, in August of 2011, Interlachen Lake
9	Estates was sent a warning letter, is that correct?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Okay. And this recent warning letter was due
12	to a positive test for E-coli in Well Number 2 in July
13	of 2011, is that correct?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. And if I am understanding your testimony
16	correctly, Aqua failed to notify the department
17	regarding the positive E-coli test, correct?
18	A. Correct.
19	Q. Okay. And they also failed to take a repeat
20	sample as required by your rule, is that correct?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Okay. Now, do you know has that E-coli issue
23	with Well Number 2 been resolved?
24	A. Yes, it has.
25	Q. Okay. And aside from the warning letter, did

the department take any further follow-up action?

- A. They did, but I was not the one to write a consent order. However, it has not been sent to the system and it has not been approved. It has just been drafted, but it is going to be sent out to the system.
- Q. Okay. So that would be the subject of a consent order that will be issued?
- A. Right. And it's based on the warning letter, and it's not that they didn't do anything that we asked. It's pretty much just fining them for not notifying the public within 24-hour notice. But, again, that has not been sent out. That is between another inspector and my supervisor.
- Q. Okay. And I understand that, but I just want to clarify a little bit. I think I understood you to say that that was based on a failure to notify the public that there was a test for E-coli?
- A. To notify DEP, right, and then also to issue a public notice within a certain amount of time.
- Q. How long did they have to make that public notice?
- A. As far as I was concerned they have 24 hours to notify us, and then they have to issue a public notice after that. They did issue a public notice, but just later once they were told to right after the

†	warning recees.
2	Q. How long after the incident was the warning
3	letter issued?
4	MR. JAEGER: Excuse me.
5	THE WITNESS: A little less than a month.
6	MR. JAEGER: Ms. Christensen, you said after
7	the warning letter was issued or after the notice? I
8	was confused.
9	MS. CHRISTENSEN: If I'm understanding the
10	witness' testimony correctly, and please correct me if
11	I'm wrong, you said that they did send out a notice to
12	customers regarding the E-coli test, but that wasn't
13	until after the warning letter was issued to the
14	company, correct?
15	THE WITNESS: Right. After they were told to
16	do so, yes, then they did.
17	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
18	Q. Okay. And that warning letter was issued on
19	August 9th?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. And I think you said that it was approximately
22	a month after the incident occurred, correct?
23	A. A little less. The incident occurred on the
24	19th I'm sorry, the 18th and 20th of July.
25	Q. Do you know how long the E-coli, positive

1	E-coli condition persisted?
2	A. It didn't. After the 20th they had no more
3	E-coli hits.
4	Q. Okay. Now, did you review Aqua's compliance
5	for any systems outside of Putnam County?
6	A. No, I did not.
7	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Okay. I have no further
8	questions.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley.
10	MS. BRADLEY: No questions.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Richards.
12	MR. RICHARDS: No questions.
13	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: YES.
14	MR. CURTIN: No questions.
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May.
16	CROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. MAY:
18	Q. Hello, Ms. Montoya.
19	A. Hello.
20	Q. Good afternoon. Just a quick question. The
21	well at Interlachen, it's now off, correct?
22	A. Yes, it is.
23	Q. Okay. And did AUF collect treated water
24	samples at the same time?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. And what were the results of those treated
2	water samples?
3	A. Since they were just sampling from their
4	normal distribution sites and also from just the first
5	well that they have still running, everything has been
6	absent.
7	MR. MAY: Okay. Thank you very much.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners?
9	Commissioner Brown.
LO	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
L1	Am I correct in understanding that the E-coli
L2	incident, that the public did not receive notice for a
L3	month after it occurred?
L 4	THE WITNESS: A little less than a month, yes.
1.5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: And is that part of the
16	consent order that's to be issued?
17	THE WITNESS: As far as what in the draft, I
18	believe it is addressed.
19	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Do you have the ability
20	to tell us what the fines or penalties are in the
21	consent order?
22	THE WITNESS: It depends on the size of the
23	system. It also depends on if we take any sort of
24	good or if we see that the system is taking good
25	faith measures which they actually have been. They are

replacing the second well, and they have also given us an application for 4-Log Approval, which shows us that they are monitoring their bacteriological results and the quality of the water.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: I understand that you have only been at DEP for a few years, but during your time there is this something that you see amongst water utilities?

THE WITNESS: I have only dealt with one other system, but it hasn't gone this far. They have sampled repeats, and the repeats have all come back absent. So after the public notice we have since dropped those issues and they just continue to sample as they normally would.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. Thank you for being here.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you.

I just have a few questions. Thank you for being here this afternoon. Concerning the E-coli sample result for the facility, the requirement I believe under 40CFR141 is that it is a source water requirement, not a finished water requirement, correct?

THE WITNESS: Right.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And that system, I believe, is the Interlachen Lakes system. Does it provide 4-Log removal?

were in the process of getting the application approved. There were some components they needed to install to have the application be approved, and yesterday I was sent an e-mail from the engineer who is working with Interlachen Lake Estates telling me that everything that was required has been actually implemented into the system. But a letter -- that day a letter hadn't gone out saying that they were approved, so I don't want to say that it's official that they have been 4-Log approved, because I'm not the one who approves permits. That is our professional engineer.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. So at the time of the violation, did they have the facilities to provide the 4-Log removal or no?

THE WITNESS: No, not then.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And a final question, how does the condition of Aqua's facilities compare with other similar facilities that you have jurisdiction over?

THE WITNESS: As far as I have seen with both of the two that I can speak for, the Silver Lake and the

1	Interlachen Lake Estates, when I went on inspection they
2	had minor deficiencies. Maybe things they needed to
3	scrape or paint, but the condition of the water appeared
4	satisfactory.
5	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff, redirect?
7	MR. JAEGER: No redirect.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Exhibits you wanted
9	to entire into the record?
10	MR. JAEGER: 151, staff requests.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 151.
12	(Exhibit Number 151 admitted into the record.)
13	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Ms. Montoya, thank
14	you very much for coming down.
15	MR. JAEGER: And Ms. Montoya can be excused.
16	The last DEP witness have is Josie Penton.
17	Unfortunately, I think she was here at 9:30 this
18	morning.
19	THE WITNESS: I was one of the first ones.
20	JOSIE PENTON
21	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the
22	Florida Public Service Commission, and having been duly
23	sworn, testified as follows:
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION
25	

1	BY MR. JAEGER:
2	Q. Ms. Penton, could you please state your name
3	and business address for the record?
4	A. My name is Josie Penton. My office address is
5	2353 Jenks Avenue, Panama City, Florida 32405.
6	Q. And you have been sworn in?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
9	A. I'm employed by the Florida Department of
.0	Environmental Protection. I am an environmental manager
.1	for the Panama City Branch Office. I supervise the
.2	drinking water and the wastewater program.
.3	Q. And you are familiar with the Sunny Hills Aqua
.4	system, is that correct?
.5	A. Yes.
_6	Q. Have you prefiled Direct Testimony in this
_7	docket consisting of three pages?
_8	A. Yes.
.9	Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to your
20	testimony?
21	A. I do have changes to Exhibit 2 regarding the
22	boil-water notices. There were three other boil water
23	notices issued after I submitted my testimony.
24	Q. Okay. So for your testimony, there was just
25	three more boiled-water notices, is that correct?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. With those corrections, if I were to ask you
3	the same questions, would your testimony be the same
4	today?
5	A. Yes.
6	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, may we have
7	Ms. Penton's testimony inserted into the record as
8	though read?
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes. We will insert Ms.
10	Penton's testimony into the record.
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1	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JOSIE PENTON			
2	Q. Please state your name and business address.			
3	A. Josie Penton, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 2353 Jenks Avenue,			
4	Panama City, Florida 32405.			
5	Q. Please provide a brief description of your educational background and experience.			
A . 6	I have a B.S. Degree in Chemistry. I have two years of analytical laboratory experience			
7	analyzing drinking water, wastewater and environmental samples.			
8	I have over 19 years of environmental regulatory experience working for the Florida			
9	Department of Environmental Protection.			
10	Q. What are your general responsibilities at the Department of Environmental Protection			
11	A. My general responsibilities involve supervision of the Drinking Water and Wastew			
12	(Domestic and Industrial) Programs. I also review domestic wastewater			
13	collection/transmission system permit applications. Our Panama City Office covers Bay,			
14	Calhoun, Gulf, Jackson and Washington Counties.			
15	Q. Are you familiar with the AUF water system in Washington County?			
16	A. Yes, the Sunny Hills water system.			
17	Q. Is this system in compliance with all applicable construction permits?			
18	A. Yes			
19	Q. Has this AUF system been the subject of any FDEP compliance enforcement action			
20	within the past three years?			
21	A. Yes. On December 2, 2010, Consent Order (OGC File No. 10-2288-67-PW) was			
22	executed aimed at addressing the following violations:			
23	a) Failure to provide a total useful finished-water storage capacity of at least 25 percent			
24	of the system's maximum-day water demand as required under Section 62-			
25	555.320(19)(a), F.A.C;			

1 b) Failure to provide satisfactory results of a 20 sample bacteriological well survey before 2 placing Well 1 into permanent service after having been out of operation for more than 3 six months, as required under Section 62-555.315(6)(b), F.A.C; 4 c) Failure to perform routine nitrate/nitrite monitoring and raw bacteriological monitoring 5 of the water produced by Well 1 when it was producing water for public consumption in July 2007 and August 2007, as required under Section 62-550.500, 62-550.512, and 6 7 62-550.518(2) F.A.C; 8 This Consent Order is still in force and is attached as Exhibit JP-1. 9 Q. Other than any violations discussed above, is AUF in compliance with all DEP 10 requirements for their water system in Washington County? 11 This system is currently in compliance. However, a bacteriological maximum 12 contaminant level violation occurred in August 2010. A letter was sent to the facility in 13 September 2010, followed by a Non-Compliance Letter in October 2010. A non-compliance 14 letter was used as the violation was minor and the Department did not intend to pursue further 15 action if the violation is corrected. This matter was resolved without the need for additional 16 enforcement. In 2009 Well No. 4 had 0.388 mg/l iron which exceeded the maximum 17 contaminant level of 0.3 mg/l for iron. Iron is a secondary contaminant and no complaints 18 were received. No enforcement action was taken on the iron violation. 19 Q. Is the overall operation and maintenance of this water treatment plant and distribution 20 facility satisfactory? 21 Yes. This facility has had five boil water notices since 2009. Attached is a list of 22 Sunny Hills PBWNs since 2009. See Exhibit JP-2. It appears that the customers were 23 notified in a timely manner. 24 Q. Are you familiar with the AUF wastewater system in Washington County? 25 A.

Yes, the Sunny Hills wastewater system.

1	Q.	Is this system in compliance with all applicable construction and operating permits?				
2	Α.	Yes, the system is in compliance with their operating permit. There is no construction				
3		associated with the current permit.				
4	Q.	Has this AUF system been the subject of any FDEP compliance enforcement action				
5	within	the past three years?				
6	A.	No				
7	Q.	Other than any violations discussed above, is AUF in compliance with all DEP				
8	require	ements for their wastewater systems in Washington County?				
9	A.	Yes				
10	Q.	Is the overall operation and maintenance of this wastewater treatment plants and				
11	collect	ion facility satisfactory?				
12	A.	Yes				
13	Q.	Do you have anything further to add?				
14	A.	No, I do not.				
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	DI MR. UAEGER:		
2	Q. And, Ms. Penton, did you also file Exhibit		
3	Numbers JP-1 and JP-2?		
4	A. Yes.		
5	Q. And I think JP-2 was the boil-water notice?		
6	A. That is correct.		
7	Q. And that is where you have already corrected		
8	for the three more boil-water notices, is that correct?		
9	A. Yes.		
10	Q. Are there any other corrections to the		
11	exhibits?		
12	A. No.		
13	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, those exhibits have		
14	been identified as 152 and 153, and we tender her for		
15	cross at this time.		
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.		
17	Ms. Christensen.		
18	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Yes.		
19	CROSS EXAMINATION		
20	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:		
21	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Penton. And thank you for		
22	your patience.		
23	A. Good afternoon.		
24	Q. Your testimony you filed October 6th, 2011,		
25	addresses just one Aqua system in Washington County, and		

1 that was the Sunny Hills system, correct? 2 Α. Correct. Okay. And you state in your testimony that 3 Q. the operation and maintenance of the Sunny Hills water 4 treatment plant and distribution system is satisfactory, 5 6 correct? 7 Α. Correct. Okay. You would agree, though, that over the 8 Q. 9 last three years the system has had DEP enforcement 10 action against its water system, is that correct? 11 Α. Correct. 12 Okay. And we will talk a little bit about 13 that action. In December 2010, the Sunny Hills facility 14 had a consent order issued against them, is that 15 correct? 16 That's correct. 17 Q. And if I'm understanding your testimony 18 correctly, that was for failing to provide samples, is 19 that correct? 20 There was three actually. Insufficient Α. 21 storage capacity, the failure to provide satisfactory 22 results of the 20 sample bacteriological well survey, 23 and also failure to perform the routine 24 nitrates/nitrites monitoring. 25 Okay. Well, maybe we can discuss the Q. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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biological samples and the nitrates. I think the failure for well capacity -- that storage capacity is probably fairly self-explanatory, but I did want to find out from you. Can you tell us a little lit bit more or explain to us a little bit more what the failure was regarding the failure to provide satisfactory results for 20 biological samples?

- A. Yes. Well Number 1 was out of operation for more than six months, and it's a requirement before you place the well back into operation to perform a 20 bac-T survey, and that was not performed.
- Q. So if I'm understanding your testimony correctly, that well was placed back into service?
 - A. Placed back into service.
- Q. Okay. And do you know if or when they ever completed the bacteriological survey?
- A. That was completed -- they ran the 20 bac-T survey -- I think I have them in my facility file. They ran the bac-T survey, but that was back in 2007.
- Q. Okay. And then you also talk a little bit about failing to perform routine nitrite and nitrate monitoring and raw bacteriological monitoring?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And that was also in that same time frame?

1	A. Same time frame.			
2	Q. Okay. I think you also say that in August of			
3	2010, they had a bacteriological maximum containment			
4	level violation, is that correct?			
5	A. Yes.			
6	Q. And that the results of that violation was a			
7	noncompliance letter, is that correct?			
8	A. That's how it yes, that's correct. That's			
9	how it was handled by our district office in Pensacola.			
10	Q. Okay. And also in 2009, Well Number 4 had an			
11	iron exceedance, is that correct?			
12	A. That's correct.			
13	Q. And that no further action had been taken,			
14	correct?			
15	A. Correct.			
16	Q. Okay. In your testimony, I think you had said			
17	initially that there had been five boiled water notices			
18	since 2009, and you talked about three additional boil			
19	water notices today?			
20	A. Three additional ones.			
21	Q. Is that three additional boil-water notices			
22	since you filed your testimony on October 6th, 2010?			
23	A. Yes.			
24	Q. Or 2011, excuse me?			
25	A. Yes.			

1	Q. Can you explain to us why those boil water				
2	notices were issued?				
3	A. They were issued because whenever they have,				
4	like, a water main break and they repair it, before they				
5	can before they can place it into service they are				
6	required to issue a boil-water notice to those				
7	customers. And, also, they have to sample the water				
8	main first before they can rescind the boil-water				
9	notice.				
-0	· Q. So would that have been three separate				
.1	incidences of main breaks in the last month and a half				
.2	to your knowledge?				
.3	A. Yes.				
.4	Q. Okay. Have you reviewed Aqua's compliance for				
L 5	any systems outside your jurisdiction?				
L6	A. No.				
. 7	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you. That's all I				
L8	have today.				
.9	THE WITNESS: Thank you.				
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley.				
21	MS. BRADLEY: No questions.				
22	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Richards.				
23	MR. RICHARDS: No questions.				
24	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: YES.				
25	MR. CURTIN: No questions.				

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Aqua.
2	MS. ROLLINI: No questions.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners?
4	Redirect.
5	MR. JAEGER: No redirect.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Which exhibits do you want
7	to
8	MR. JAEGER: I'm sorry. 152 and 153, staff
9	would move them in.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will move 152 and 153
11	into the record.
12	(Exhibit Numbers 152 and 153 admitted into the
13	record.)
14	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Penton, thank you very
15	much for your patience.
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I apologize for you having
18	to sit here all day.
19	THE WITNESS: It's okay. Thank you.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: You're welcome.
21	That being said, let's take a five-minute
22	break and then get to, I believe it's OPC's witness.
23	Is that what's next, Mr. Jaeger?
24	MR. JAEGER: That's correct. Ms. Dismukes is
25	up.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Thank you. 1 2 (Recess.) 3 KIMBERLY DISMUKES was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 4 State of Florida, and having been subsequently duly 5 6 sworn, testified as follows: 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION 8 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 9 Good afternoon, Ms. Dismukes. Can you please 10 state your name and your business address for the 11 record, please? 12 Kimberly H. Dismukes, 5800 One Perkins Place 13 Drive, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. 14 Now, did you cause to be filed Prefiled Direct 15 Testimony consisting of 104 pages in this matter? Yes, I did. 16 Α. 17 And do you have any corrections to your prefiled testimony? 18 19 Yes, I do. I submitted an errata sheet that I 20 believe was just handed out, or is being handed out. 21 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Commissioners, for your ease, or we can address this one of two ways. I can 22 23 either have her read her corrections into the record, or 24 we might just for ease of simplicity, make the errata 25 sheet an exhibit and just mark it for identification,

1	and we can move it in at the end of Ms. Dismukes'				
2	testimony.				
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I like the latter. We will				
4	name it 326.				
5	MS. CHRISTENSEN: 326?				
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, ma'am.				
7	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And we can mark that as Ms.				
8	Dismukes' prefiled errata sheet.				
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Sounds good.				
10	(Exhibit Number 326 marked for				
11	identification.)				
12	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:				
13	Q. With the corrections on your prefiled errata				
14	sheet, if I were to ask you those questions today, would				
15	your answers be the same?				
16	A. Yes.				
17	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I would ask that Ms.				
18	Dismukes' prefiled testimony be entered into the record				
19	as though read.				
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will enter the witness'				
21	prefiled testimony into the record as read.				
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1	Ω	WHAT	IS VOUR	NAME.	AND A	ADDRESS?
	•	*****	\mathbf{m}	I TANTALIZA		MUNICUM.

- 2 A. Kimberly H. Dismukes, 5800 One Perkins Place Drive, Suite 5-7, Baton Rouge,
- 3 Louisiana 70808.

4 Q. BY WHOM AND IN WHAT CAPACITY ARE YOU EMPLOYED?

- 5 A. I am a partner in the firm of Acadian Consulting Group, LLC which specializes in the
- field of public utility regulation. I have been retained by the Office of the Public Counsel
- 7 (OPC) on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida to analyze the application of Aqua
- 8 Utilities Florida, Inc. (AUF, Aqua, or the Company) for increased rates and increased
- 9 service availability charges for its water and wastewater systems in 17 Florida counties.
- 10 Q. DO YOU HAVE AN APPENDIX THAT DESCRIBES YOUR QUALIFICATIONS
- 11 IN REGULATION?
- 12 A. Yes. Appendix 1, attached to my testimony, was prepared for this purpose.
- 13 Q. DO YOU HAVE AN EXHIBIT IN SUPPORT OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 14 A. Yes. Exhibit-KHD-1 contains 28 schedules that support my testimony.
- 15 Q. HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?
- 16 My testimony is organized into six sections. In the first section, I give a brief background A. 17 of the instant proceeding. In the second section, I discuss significant deficiencies in the 18 Company's customer service and water quality. In this section, I also recommend that 19 because of these deficiencies the Commission should reduce the Company's allowed 20 return on equity by at least 100 basis points. In the third section, I address relationships 21 between AUF and its affiliates and my recommended adjustments concerning 22 transactions between AUF and its affiliates. In the fourth and fifth sections, I present my recommendations concerning bad debt and the Company's revenue and billing 23

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determinants, respectively. Finally in the sixth section, I discuss the Company's rate case expenses and my recommended disallowances.

3 Q. WHO ARE THE WITNESSES FOR OPC IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. OPC is sponsoring four witnesses. I am testifying on revenue requirement issues and quality of service issues. Mr. Earl Poucher is presenting testimony on quality of service and affordability. Mr. Andrew Woodcock is testifying on engineering issues. Ms. Vandiver is presenting testimony on quality of service, salaries, and rate case expense.

8 Q. WHAT IS THE OVERALL REVENUE RECOMMENDATION OF OPC?

9 A. The combined recommendation of the witnesses for OPC is shown on Schedule 1. This
10 compares to the increase approved by the Commission during the PAA proceeding of
11 \$1.75 million for the water operations and \$.86 million for the wastewater operations for
12 a total of \$2.61 million as shown on Schedule 2.

13 I. Background

PROCEEDING?

15

- 14 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE PROVIDE SOME BACKGROUND TO THIS
- 16 Α. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aqua America, Inc. (Aqua America or AAI), a publicly traded corporation providing water and wastewater utility 17 service to more than 3 million customers in 13 states at year end 2010. Aqua America, 18 19 originally Philadelphia Suburban Corporation, first acquired water and wastewater 20 facilities in Florida when it acquired AquaSource Utility, Inc. (AquaSource) and its five 21 regulated Florida subsidiaries in 2003. In 2004, Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc., one of the 22 subsidiaries of AquaSource, purchased the water and wastewater systems of Florida 23 Water Services Corporation (FWSC) located in 10 Florida counties.

corporate reorganization in 2006, all of Aqua America's Florida water and wastewater 1 systems that were under the jurisdiction of the Florida Public Service Commission were 2 organized as part of AUF, which was made a direct subsidiary of Aqua America. 3 4 On May 22, 2008, AUF filed an application to increase rates and service availability 5 charges for its systems in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, 6 Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington 7 Counties. It also sought approval for Allowance for Prudently Invested Funds (AFPI) 8 charges for some of its systems in Highlands, Lake, Polk, Putnam, Orange, Sumter, and 9 Washington Counties. 10 11 In the 2008 proceeding, AUF had requested an annual increase of \$4,518,358 for 57 12 13 water systems and \$3,856,180 for 25 wastewater systems. By Commission order PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS, dated May 29, 2009, an increase of \$3,196,877 was approved for the 14 water systems, and \$2,596,891 was approved for the wastewater systems.¹ 15 16 17 Fifteen months later, AUF filed an application for an approval of increased water and 18 wastewater rates for its systems in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, 19 Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and 20 Washington Counties through a Proposed Agency Action (PAA) proceeding. In its filing, 21 AUF requested rates to produce additional operating revenues of \$2,478,491 for water

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and \$1,273,557 for wastewater.² The Commission issued its PAA Order on June 13,

¹ Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS issued May 29, 2009, p. 183.

² Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS, p. 10.

	wastewater. OPC filed a petition protesting portions of the PAA Order on July 1, 2011.		
	AUF and other parties followed with cross petitions. The Commission issued an Order		
	Establishing Procedure on July 25, 2011.		
Q.	DO YOU HAVE A SCHEDULE WHICH SUMMARIZES THE COMPANY'S		
	RATE REQUEST?		
A.	Yes. Schedule 2 of my exhibit shows the Company's original request and the		
	Commission's PAA decision. As shown on this schedule, the Company requested an		
	increase in rates of 32 percent for water systems and 31 percent for wastewater systems.		
	The Commission approved an increase in rates of 21 percent for water systems and 17		
	percent for wastewater systems.		
II.	Quality of Service		
Q.	WHAT RULE MUST THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (THE		
	COMMISSION) FOLLOW REGARDING A UTILITY'S QUALITY OF		
	SERVICE?		
4 .	PSC Rule 25-30.433(1), Florida Administrative Code, contains the language which the		
	Commission must follow in evaluating a utility's quality of service. It states:		
	The commission in every rate case shall make a determination of the quality of service provided by the utility. This shall be derived from an evaluation of three separate components of water and wastewater utility operation: quality of utility's product (water and wastewater); operational conditions of utility's plant and facilities; and the utility's attempt to address customer satisfaction. Sanitary surveys, outstanding citations, violations and consent orders on file with the Department of Environmental protection (DEP) and county health departments or lack thereof over the preceding 3-year period shall also be considered. DEP and county health department officials' testimony concerning quality of service as well as the testimony of utility's customers shall be considered.		
	<u>I.</u>		

- 1 Q. ARE YOU PROVIDING TESTIMONY ON ALL THREE ASPECTS OF THE
- 2 COMPANY'S QUALITY OF SERVICE?
- 3 A. No. I am providing testimony on the customer service and water quality issues as
- 4 addressed by customers at the service hearings and in correspondence.
- 5 Customer Service
- 6 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE WHAT IS MEANT BY "CUSTOMER
- 7 **SERVICE?"**
- 8 A. Customer Service includes the service the Company provides to customers who have
- 9 issues, questions, or concerns with any aspect of their water or wastewater service or
- billing. Customer Service encompasses communication with customers, the speed and
- 11 courtesy of responding to customer questions, and their satisfaction with the resolution of
- their concerns or problems. Customer Service also includes all interactions between the
- 13 Company and its customers regarding all facets of the service and products that
- 14 customers purchase.
- 15 Q. WHAT HAVE YOU EXAMINED IN ANALYZING THE LEVEL AND QUALITY
- 16 OF CUSTOMER SERVICE PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY?
- 17 A. I utilized the Office of Public Counsel's unofficial transcripts of the Commission's
- customer hearings that were held in October and November of 2010 in the areas of
- 19 Eustis, Ft. Myers, Gainesville, Greenacres, Lakeland, New Port Richey, Palatka, Sebring.
- and Sunny Hills. I also reviewed correspondence filed by customers in this docket. In
- addition, I have examined the customer service testimony filed by Ms. Vandiver and Mr.
- Poucher.

Q. WHAT WAS THE PURPOSE OF THE CUSTOMER MEETINGS HELD IN OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER OF 2010?

- A. The purpose of these meetings was to provide customers and other interested persons an opportunity to offer comments on Aqua's quality of service, Aqua's proposed rate increase, and to ask questions and comment on other issues. These meetings were held in connection with the Company's Proposed Agency Action proceeding.
- Q, IS THE COMMISSION CURRENTLY HOLDING CUSTOMER HEARINGS IN
 CONNECTION WITH THE PROTESTED PAA?
- 9 A. Yes. The Commission is conducting hearings in Chipley, Eustis, Ft. Myers, Gainesville,
 10 Greenacres, Lakeland, New Port Richey, Oviedo, Palatka, and Sebring. These hearings in
 11 connection with the protested PAA are scheduled for August 29th, 30th, and 31st;
 12 September 1st, 12th, 13th, and 16th; and October 11th and 12th, all in 2011. The transcripts
 13 of these hearings were not available for use in preparing my testimony.

14 Q. WHAT OTHER DOCUMENTS HAVE YOU EXAMINED?

- 15 A. In addition, customers have mailed and emailed comments and complaints about Aqua in 16 connection with this case. Schedule 3 of my exhibit contains this correspondence 17 submitted to the Commission.
- 18 Q. DID YOU ALSO EXAMINE CUSTOMER BILLS?
- 19 A. Yes. Schedule 4 of my exhibit contains a sampling of customer bills. This sample shows
 20 on pages 1-4 instances where estimated bills are substantially higher than actual usage
 21 and other instances, pages 5-7, where usage is very low in every month but skyrockets in
 22 one month.

1	Q.	HAVE ANY CHANGES BEEN MADE TO THE COMPANY'S CUSTOMER
2		SERVICE OPERATIONS SINCE THE COMPANY'S PREVIOUS FILING IN
3		DOCKET NO. 080121-WS?
4	A.	Yes. The Company's customer service operations have been monitored and reviewed by
5		the Commission and the Office of Public Counsel since the last rate case. In the last rate
6		case, the Commission found:
7 8 9 10 11		Because of our concerns with AUF's customer service, we shall closely monitor the service provided by AUF for the next six months. We have three major areas of concern: (1) AUF's failure to handle customer complaints properly; (2) the Call Centers' process for handling complaints; and (3) incorrect meter readings and resulting improper bills. ³
12		A second phase of monitoring followed the initial six months. The Company has
13		implemented several measures to improve its customer service since the last rate case,
14		which include: the formation of a Complaint Analysis and Remediation Team,
15		implementation of a Call Escalation Process, development of a detailed Supervisor Audit,
16		auditing all its replaced meters in Florida, standardizing its service order processing
17		system for its field technicians, refining the tracking of customer on-site meter and bench
18		test procedures, and providing an informational brochure for customers who leave their
19		residence for extended periods of time. ⁴
20	Q.	HAVE YOU EXAMINED THE COMPANY'S CALL CENTER STATISTICS
21		SINCE THE LAST RATE CASE?
22	A.	Yes. I have presented the results of the call center metrics in Schedule 5. Unfortunately,
23		the data provided by the Company is for all of Aqua America's call centers nationwide,

³ Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS issued May 29, 2009, Docket No. 080121-WS; page 14. ⁴ Staff Memorandum, March 4, 2010, Docket No. 080121-WS; pages 7-8.

thus, specific statistics for Florida customers are not shown.⁵ As shown on this schedule, Aqua improved its rate of calls being abandoned prior to being answered from an average of 6 percent in the 1st quarter of 2008 to 3.1 percent in the last 10 months of 2010. The Company also improved in answering calls within 90 seconds from 70 percent to 86 percent and the average speed to answer from 86 seconds to 33 seconds. Aqua did not meet its target abandoned call rate of 5 percent in two months, June at 5.4 percent and July at 5.6 percent. Aqua did not meet its target rate of answering 80 percent of its calls within 90 seconds in three months, June at 74 percent, July at 73 percent, and October at 79 percent. Finally, Aqua met its 60 second average speed to answer target in every month but one, July, which was at 61 seconds. The averages of these results do show an improvement in Aqua's call center operations since the 1st quarter of 2008. However, as pointed out by Mr. Poucher, when customers get busy signals these calls are not reflected in the call statistics.

- 14 Q. YOU MENTIONED THAT THE COMPANY DOES NOT HAVE STATE
 15 SPECIFIC CALL CENTER DATA. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION
 16 CONCERNING THIS?
- 17 A. Yes. I recommend that the Commission order the Company to gather state specific call
 18 center data on a going forward basis, if the cost of doing so is reasonable.
- 19 Q. DID THE STAFF CONDUCT ANY EVALUATIONS ON THE COMPANY'S
 20 CALL CENTER CUSTOMER SERVICE AS PART OF THE MONITORING
 21 PROCESS?
- 22 A. Yes. They sent out surveys to customers who had submitted complaints and inquiries.
 23 On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being poor and 5 being excellent, the survey results showed

⁵ Final Phase II Quality of Service Monitoring Report, Exhibit D.

1		Overall Satisfaction to be just 2.28. An overall satisfaction rating below average should
2		continue to raise questions with the Commission.
3	Q.	WHAT CONCERNS WERE RAISED BY CUSTOMERS AT THE SERVICE
4		HEARINGS?
5	A.	There were numerous complaints about the Company's slow response time in resolving
6		problems as well criticisms of how they were treated by the customer service
7		representatives. Customers also complained of untimely or inadequate information.
8		Furthermore, there were many billing issues including unfair billing practices and meter
9		reading inconsistencies.
10	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE RESPONSE/SERVICE PROBLEMS OF
11		THE COMPANY THAT WERE BROUGHT UP BY THE CUSTOMERS?
12	A.	Yes. There were numerous complaints about their slow response times. A Gainesville
13		customer discussed a situation that she had reported to the health department concerning
14		a neighbor's leak:
15 16 17 18 19 20		water ran for nearly two months, down the road, bubbling up, soapy, all kinds of stuff in this man's front yard and they [the Company]did nothing. Even after the health department told them they had to do it instantly. And it took them another 2½ weeks before they ever went out there and cut the water off to fix the pipe. Now I don't call that customer service and I call it a health hazard. ⁷
21		A New Port Richey customer recounted his story when he had two breaks in his line:
22 23 24 25 26		I get hold of Aqua, 30 minute standby just waiting on the phone for somebody to talk to. "We'll get there when we want to get there." That's more or less what they tell me. Could be two days. Last time they fixed, it was four days. I had to shut the water off in my house every time I did something. ⁸

⁶ Staff Memorandum, March 4, 2010, Docket No. 080121-WS, p. 5.

⁷ Transcript of Gainesville Customer Hearing, p. 19.

⁸ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 50.

1		There was also a situation where a Lakeland customer had to help unprepared
2		technicians:
3 4 5 6 7		I personally have had to go down and help people fix water main breaks because they didn't have the equipment on their trucks. Okay? 10 o'clock at night we've called seven o'clock in the morning there's a water main break and here comes a group in at 10:00 o'clock at night. They don't have a pump, they don't have the fittings - they were in someplace else.
8	Q.	WERE THERE ANY COMPLAINTS ABOUT LIFT STATION ALARM
9		ALERTS?
10	A.	Yes. Several customers noted the Company's poor alarm alerts for their lift stations. A
11		Lakeland customer said:
12 13 14 15		This lift station frequently goes into alarm and it makes a racket and I've heard it go for as much as 2 or 3 days in a row before someone came over to service it. Even when I make calls, I can't get through to Aqua Utilities half the time. 10
16		While another Lakeland customer said:
17 18 19 20		Why don't you have an alarm system on your sewage system? Okay, from what I understand from talking to a guy named Dan who is your technician, he says the way he finds out about it is the neighbor hears the alarm going off and calls him. ¹¹
21	Q.	WERE THERE ANY PROBLEMS WITH THE CUSTOMER SERVICE
22		REPRESENTATIVES THEMSELVES?
23	A.	Yes. Not only do customers have to deal with slow response times, but things are
24		exasperated by customer service representatives who range from ineffective to apathetic,
25		to downright rude. "And when you do get Customer Service they're so doggone snotty
26		it's pathetic," exclaimed a New Port Richey customer. 12
27		A Sebring customer revealed a surprising acknowledgement by a service representative:

⁹ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 26.

¹⁰ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 50.

¹¹ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 48.

¹² Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 47.

In fact, one day I had a problem. So I called and I get a very rude young 1 2 lady. Your customer service reps leave a lot to be desired. So after our 3 conversation, which didn't go too well, I said you know you people are a bunch of robber barons and she said right back to me "Yes We Are", 4 Ouote. 13 5 6 Yet another example of customer service reps' failure to resolve customer billing matters 7 was told by this Ft. Myers customer: 8 ... we have had billing issues that go on and on and on, and when you call 9 the billing department and ask for help, you don't get it, they don't know 10 what you are talking about, you call executives and ask for help; you don't 11 get it, they seem to be ineffective in trying to straighten out the problems 12 that exist, even while admitting that the problems exist. That's bad service.14 13 14 A Palatka customer pleaded for improvements in customer service: 15 . . . your receptionist or telephone operators or whatever you have going 16 on there, they either need to be retrained as far as working for customer 17 service or you need to terminate them. Because my impression of your 18 company after I got the runaround, it took four days, finally I got my water 19 turned on. My impression of your company left a really bad taste in my mouth which is continuing today. 15 20 21 A particularly upset New Port Richey customer whose health condition did not need 22 added stress described her story of having her water shut off even though she paid the 23 bill: 24 Well, I call on Monday morning, have the name, confirmation number and 25 time at 7:30 in the morning, when they opened. it [her bill] had 26 already been paid and confirmed. . . . So, my water got shut off. I had to 27 pay \$45 to get it turned back on and it took them 2 days to do it. . . . And 28 the despicable people you have working for you - I am not a person that 29 gets angered easy. I'm a pastor's wife, but I'm geared up and I hope I have 30 God on my side through this junk. But I'll tell you what; I'm not going to

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put up with it anymore. . . 16

¹³ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 6.

¹⁴ Transcript of Ft. Myers Customer Hearing, p. 6.

¹⁵ Transcript of Palatka Customer Hearing, p. 19.

¹⁶ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, pp. 70-71.

1		A similar incident happened to a Sebring customer whose water should not have been
2		shut off:
3 4 5		But they did not contact their worker to keep him from my name was on the cut off list. My check had cleared three or four days before cut-off time ¹⁷
6		One customer expressed her frustrations in trying to resolve concerns about significant
7		fluctuations in her usage:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14		It took me over four weeks to get someone to come out and check my meter We do the same amount of laundry every week. We take the same amount of showers. Half the time, for three months, we're not even here. So why am I still getting these high rates? We don't get an explanation for it, but I would like to know why if we are using like 3,050 gallons can't we be billed for 3,050 gallons or 3,055 gallons instead of running it up to 4,000. 18
15	Q.	WERE THERE ANY COMPLAINTS ABOUT FIELD SERVICE TECHNICIANS?
16	A.	Yes. Some field service technicians seem indifferent to damages that they may cause:
17 18 19 20 21		they came there andtore up the ground around the meter and everything anddone something to replace the metershe has repeatedly asked them to come and refill the hole up and take care of that problem there cause it doesn't look nice in the back yard and it [sic] is a very dangerous hazard for Aqua people to leave something untaken care of like that. ¹⁹
23		A customer at a church described:
24 25 26 27		They turned off the water; I mean we have one toilet in this church, its a little community church. They had two lines going in there. They turned off the wrong line without a reason, knocked off all our sprinkling system, killed over a \$150 to \$200 worth of flowers, never replaced it. ²⁰
28		A Lakeland customer actually encountered an honest field technician who feared losing
29		his job if he was too outspoken:

¹⁷ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p.20.

¹⁸ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 57.

¹⁹ Transcript of Eustis Customer Hearing, p. 15.

²⁰ Transcript of Eustis Customer Hearing, p. 25.

1 The man it goes and takes a total water count out of the wells in our 2 system, sat there his self and told me, "Mr. Griffin, y'all getting 3 overcharged out there, I don't know why but I got a job to protect. . . 4 Q. HAVE THERE BEEN PROBLEMS WITH BOIL WATER NOTICES? 5 A. Yes. Boil water notices were of particular concern for the customers in New Port Richey, Gainesville, and Lakeland as there were numerous complaints about the 6 7 notices being untimely or non-existent. "... yesterday I received a 'I do not have 8 to boil water' notice. I never received a notice to boil water", exclaimed a New Port Richey customer.²² 9 10 One Gainesville customer got sick because they were not notified in time: 11 ... I do have a complaint with them about when their pipes break to let people know ahead of time not to use the water. Because they had the 12 13 water off once and I went to use it, because I didn't know. The next day I 14 found out there was a boil notice and I had got sick and I was sick for a 15 few days from it. Because I had already cooked supper with it and 16 everything and then the next morning I get up and there was a notice 17 saying that the pipe was broken, boil water.²³ 18 A Lakeland customer was concerned for the health of his family: 19 . . . we called because the pressure was low and she – and the person on 20 the phone said, "Oh, yes, . . ., they're working on the water. You need to 21 boil your water. Don't shower in it. Don't drink it. Don't cook with it." 22 Would of been nice to know, . . . I know that things happen and things 23 break, ah, if we truly care about customers then a crew would have been 24 sent out. Phone calls would have been being made. Something would have 25 happened that my wife was not potentially showering and eating, and my 26 two year old daughter was not drinking contaminated water that we had to

Evidently, the Company is not adequately informing the community:

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find out about because we called Aqua Utilities no one informed us.²⁴

²¹ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 21.

²² Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 41.

²³ Transcript of Gainesville Customer Hearing, pp. 17-18.

²⁴ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 45.

2 3		do not need to boil anymore." I'm thinking, wait a minute, when did we start boiling? ²⁵
4		According to a Sunny Hills customer there is a deficiency in providing timely or adequate
5		information in his service area:
6 7 8 9 10		when you did that, ah, putting in those meters the notification to the community was horrific. For six months we had water that nobody could drink. We couldn't even use it for our laundry because the condition of the water was so despicable. When we called we were given very little information. ²⁶
11	Q.	WERE THERE BILLING RELATED PROBLEMS DISCUSSED BY
12		CUSTOMERS?
13	A.	Yes. Customers complained of not receiving bills, back-billing, being billed when no
14		using water, and questionable meter readings.
15	Q.	DID CUSTOMERS HAVE COMPLAINTS ABOUT TIMELY BILLING?
16	A.	Yes. The Company appears to have major problems with issuing bills in a timely and
17		consistent manner. This puts unnecessary hardships on customers and makes budgeting
18		very difficult. Noted one customer from Sebring:
19 20 21 22		Ok, I do not get a bill every thirty days. I don't care what they say. When I finally get a bill it's always 300 dollars. And it's always 2 months or so late, three months late Ok and so you know, I like to have my bill every month. I see it; I can pay it, stuff like that. ²⁷
23		When the Company does get around to sending the bills, the total can be
24		unbearably high:
25 26 27		all of a sudden we stopped getting bills at all. I called and complained and I told them, "Look I'm not getting a bill." All of a sudden they sent us a bill – I think this time it was \$800 or something like that 28

Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, pp. 48-49.
 Transcript of Sunny Hills Customer Hearing, pp. 20-21.
 Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 13.
 Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 31.

1		Things can be difficult when managing multiple entities on a budget as discussed by this
2		customer from Ft. Myers:
3 4 5 6		I have managed about 8 associations on Captiva and of those 8 associations we only received monthly statements on four. We've gone 4, 6, and close to 8 months without receiving actual bills from Aqua Utilities. ²⁹
7	Q.	WHAT WERE SOME OF THE BACK-BILLING COMPLAINTS?
8	A.	Many customers complained about back-billing for past services that were for whatever
9		reason not billed at the time of service:
10 11 12 13		As of yesterday I owe Aqua \$703.60 [sic] and not once because I didn't pay my monthly water bill; that can be checked right here. Aqua had not charged me for wastewater for 370 days. Aqua hadn't [sic] charged me wastewater since I moved in. I simply was not aware of it. ³⁰
14		Another customer explained that her sister was back billed because the meter was not
15		working properly:
16 17 18		And last summer my sister got a bill from Aqua stating two hundred some dollars that she owed for back water because the meter was not working properly. ³¹
19		The Company's carelessness was clearly demonstrated in this story by this
20		customer from Sebring:
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29		didn't pay no connection fee. I said I know I didn't pay no connection fee to ya'll cause I been in my house for 30 some years. I paid my connection fee to Mr. Wheeler cause that's who had the water system when I moved in that house so why should I pay ya'll a connection fee? So they went on and on about if I didn't pay the connection fee that they were gonna cut off my water. So I paid the connection fee a couple months down the road, they give me a credit on my bill saying because they found where I paid my connection fee. Now what sense [does] that make? ³²

Transcript of Ft. Myers Customer Hearing, p. 8.
Transcript of Gainesville Customer Hearing, p. 11.
Transcript of Eustis Customer Hearing, p. 15.
Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 18-19.

Q. 2 A. Yes. Customers pleaded for an explanation for their inconsistent water bills: 3 . . . calling and trying to get results from somebody at the 800 number. 4 Most of the time, they tell you, "If that's what your meter says, that's what 5 you have to pay." If you don't pay it, well like the other people, you're out of water. Well it takes air, water and food to live, so you're going to pay 6 7 the water bill and hope that you get your money back. . . . 8 9 I would just like for someone to tell me how my gallons of water each month can go from normal to double, from 8,000 to 17,000, from 8,000 to 10 14,000. That's not just a few gallons, because everybody's going to have a 11 difference but that many - somebody - something is wrong somewhere. 33 12 Unfortunately, the customer must pay the exorbitant water bills regardless of whether it is 13 14 determined to be a billing error, or else risk having their water shut off: ... like my bill; it jumped from 92 dollars and 38 cent to 860 dollars. I 15 said I can't pay that. How am I going to pay 860 dollars and 52 cents and 16 why would it jump from 92 dollars. . . . They said well you come up with 17 18 the 957 dollars and two cent and then we'll get your water cut back on and we'll see about looking into it.34 19 One person told of a newsworthy incident involving another customer: 20 She actually made the news because her water bill in a month came up to 21 22 4,000 dollars and that is ridiculous. No bill can come up to about 4,000 23 dollars and by the time she had to pay, they made her pay 5,400 dollars. And whenever she pay, she paid 1,400 dollars they came five days and it's 24 25 usually a 10 day shut-off they came and shut it off five days after she paid that amount and they came and she had it off for two months before they 26 could come in.35 27 28 The Company does not have a fair way of dealing with unusual circumstances where a 29 large spike in water usage suddenly occurs. The customer is left with a difficult financial 30 hardship. One customer suggested that the Company be more proactive in dealing with 31 these situations:

DID CUSTOMERS COMPLAIN ABOUT INCONSISTENT WATER BILLS?

³³ Transcript of Greenacres Customer Hearing, p. 28. ³⁴ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 22.

³⁵ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, pp. 29-30.

1 The water leak turned out to be a busted cap on a PVC pipe that sprayed 2 out real small. I got a bill for 3900 dollars for the water leak. It was 3 212,000 gallons of water used in a ten day period. . . . They were able to 4 cut my bill from 3700 dollars down to 2600 dollars. It still is awful high 5 for having an emergency leak; a leak that wasn't my fault. . . . you have 6 all these gadgets on top of these meters that's supposed to read the meter 7 automatically; why don't they have a computer system that would say 8 "gee you got a problem, you just spiked 50,000 gallons in the last 10 days. 9 Why don't we notify the customer, you got a problem there?" . . . It's 10 ridiculous that you have to wait a two month period to find that you owe 2600, 2700 dollars to the company.³⁶ 11 12 HAVE CUSTOMERS IDENTIFIED PROBLEMS WITH METER READINGS, Q. DESPITE THE FACT THAT IN THE LAST RATE CASE THE COMMISSION 13 ALLOWED THE COMPANY TO INCREASE RATES FOR ELECTRONIC 14 METERS THAT CAN BE READ REMOTELY? 15 16 Yes. One New Port Richey customer went to the extreme of shutting off his water and A. padlocking the meter in the hopes of not getting charged, but the Company still estimates 17 18 usage despite these new meters. 19 I went up in June. July I get a bill, a good size bill from Aqua. I called Aqua and says, "What's this bill for?" That's for the water you used. I 20 said, "Well I got news for ya, I didn't use any water, I shut it off and put a 21 padlock on it so that you could not turn it on." And they said, "Oh, well, I 22 guess we only estimate them once in a while." Well why put on these 23 electronic meters if they aren't doing it every month and she said it's not 24 uncommon that every couple of months they don't go around and read 25 them, they just estimate your use. So, why go through the expense of 26 putting these fancy meters on there without following up onto it?³⁷ 27 This story exemplifies another problem that customers are having, which are questionable 28 29 meter readings. Explained another New Port Richey customer: I still find it hard to believe that 9,000 gallons of water was used in one 30 31 month. That's more than filling one pool. Ah, then I dropped down from 32 the 10,500 to 3,200, then to 2,700 to 1,700 in February, to 2,100 back up

³⁶ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, pp. 8-9.

³⁷ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 42, emphasis added.

to 2,600 in April, 35 jumped to 6,000 to 7,900 and now I'm back down to 1 2 2,400 again. Our usage is continual. We do the same amount of laundry every week. We take the same amount of showers. Half the time, for three 3 4 months, we're not even here. So why am I still getting these high rates? 5 We don't get an explanation for it, but I would like to know why if we are 6 using like 3,050 gallons can't we be billed for 3,050 gallons or 3,055 gallons instead of running it up to 4,000.³⁸ 7 8 9 Q. WEREN'T THE NEW RADIO FREQUENCY (RF) METERS SUPPOSED TO FIX 10 THE METER READING PROBLEMS? The Company certainly gave that impression in the last rate case, where it claimed: "The 11 A. 12 RF meter will help ensure accurate usage reads which in turn, will result in fewer estimated bills."³⁹ 13 DID THE COMMISSION ALLOW A PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENT IN THE 14 Q. LAST CASE FOR THE COST OF THE NEW RF METERS? 15 Yes. The Commission included an additional \$605,724 in rate base associated with RF 16 meters. 40 So not only are customers paying for the meters, but it does not appear that 17 18 Aqua's metering practices have improved substantially. Water Quality 19 WERE THERE ANY WATER QUALITY COMPLAINTS ADDRESSED BY 20 O. 21 **CUSTOMERS?** Absolutely. In addition to the general concerns for the drinkability of the water, many 22 A. customers discussed health concerns and resented the additional financial expenses 23 24 created by this water. 25 A Eustis customer put it frankly:

³⁸ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 57.

³⁹ Franklin Direct Testimony, Docket No. 080121-WS, p. 5.

1 2 3		our water is not drinkable. It has not been drinkable for a long time. It smells like rotten eggs or sewage. Either myself or my neighbor calls Aqua the 800 number about every two weeks ⁴¹
4		A well-traveled customer said:
5 6 7		Like everybody said the quality of the water is the worst I've seen and I've been from Texas to Oklahoma to over here. In fifty years. It's so bad it clogs up coffee pots, it leaves residue. ⁴²
8	Q.	DO CUSTOMERS FIND THE WATER QUALITY TO BE CONSISTENT?
9	A.	No. Several customers commented on the inconsistency of the water:
10 11		the water quality in the Lake Josephine area is fluctuating. Some days it smells, some days it tastes like chlorine, some days the pressure is low. 43
12		* * *
13 14 15		it seems we've either got chlorine odor, strong chlorine odor, or sulfur odor in the water. It's very few days you don't have an odor in your water. 44
16	Q.	HOW DO CUSTOMERS DEAL WITH THE POOR WATER QUALITY?
17	A.	The poor quality of the water leads many customers to install filters at their own
18		expense:
19		As far as the water quality, stinks is a very minor word to put it I had -
20		I have two filters on my - two outside filters going through and I can
21		hardly change the filters quick enough to keep it clean. Within a week, it
22 23		looks like it's been there for two years, and the water that does come in you got that limestone deal, 45
24		* * *
25		the water's very bad. We have a filter on the refrigerator, we have a
26 27		filter at the sink, we have a filter outside of the house, the water still smells like everybody's been saying. ⁴⁶
28		* * *
	42 Tran 43 Tran 44 Tran 45 Tran	ascript of Eustis Customer Hearing, p. 13. ascript of Gainesville Customer Hearing, p. 15. ascript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 8. ascript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 7. ascript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, pp. 41-42. ascript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 95.

1 2 3 4		My neighbor back behind me has this system put in. There's four of them. It costs you \$25.00 a month to filter the water out so you can drink it you got the filthiest water that ever was on a planet coming through them pipes. 47
5	Q.	WHAT CONCERNS HAVE CUSTOMERS EXPRESSED ABOUT THE
6		EXPENSES OF DEALING WITH POOR WATER QUALITY?
7	Α.	Many customers feel that it is unfair that they have to bear additional expenses for water
8		filters or bottled water when the Company should be providing a quality product in the
9		first place:
10 11 12		I honestly do not feel as a customer that I should be required to go out and purchase a third party water filter to remove the smell from the water before I drink it, and I've had to do that for years 48
13		* * *
14 15 16 17 18		they send out flyers all the time saying that if you have any kind of illness or anything that you can't drink the water. I have a chronic illness so I do not drink their water. I have to go buy water. So if I have to buy water, why am I having to pay Aqua anything for something that I can't drink? ⁴⁹
19	Q.	DID CUSTOMERS EXPRESS CONCERNS ABOUT ANY HEALTH
20		RELATED ISSUES?
21	A.	Yes. Customers are not only bearing additional water expenses for aesthetic
22		reasons, but also for health reasons. Customers are seriously concerned about
23		how the water affects their health:
24 25 26 27 28 29		there was one notification where there was feces in the water along with other notes stating that prolonged use of the water and the chemicals that are present and being found in the services provided can cause cancer they're putting our health at jeopardy every day that we do drink the water; which I think nobody does. The smell, the texture, when you turn the faucet onthe only thing that water does is make us have a friendly

⁴⁷ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 63. ⁴⁸ Transcript of Lakeland Customer Hearing, p. 47. ⁴⁹ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 23.

1		plumber. It eats outs the pipes in your kitchen faucet, your bathroom,
2		constantly. You're constantly having to replace things due to the water and
3		I've gotten to know my plumber rather well. ⁵⁰
4		Another customer stated:
5		whether you realize it or not this water's so contaminated, we're
6		ingesting this water, it's making us sick. It's making us sick and as a result
7		of when you get sick, you go to the Doctors, you go to Walgreens, you
8		spend more money, which means less money to live. ⁵¹
9		A New Port Richey customer said:
10		When we get the reports, the reports are reading it's contaminated
11		Did you ever pour a glass of water from your sink faucet and look at the
12		crap floating in there? Excuse my french. It's bad. When I gotta use
13		bottled water to make my coffee, filtered water or bottled water to make
14		my iced tea, that's a shame. I drank some water the other night cause I ran
15		out of bottled water and I poured it in my bottle because I have to have a
16		little bit at night. I almost threw up when I woke up and got the water – the
17		water woke me up into a total awakeness. It was so bad. The taste was
18		horrific. ⁵²
19		Another New Port Richey customer stated:
20		in March of this year in Jasmine Lakes, in the wells in Jasmine Lakes,
21		there was traces of e-coli bacteria where - where a boil water notice had to
22		be issued. ⁵³
23	Q.	DID ANY CUSTOMERS HAVE BLACK OR BROWN WATER COMING OUT
24		OF THEIR PIPES?
25	A.	Yes. Two New Port Richey customers experienced this problem:
26		When I turned on the shower, out came black water. I had to drain my
2.7		water heater before I could shower upon returning home I have to put
28		bleach in my other toilet so it doesn't get a black ring. ⁵⁴
29		* * *
	50 Tra	nscript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 20-21.
	51 Tra	nscript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 76.

Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 76.
 Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 46.
 Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 86.
 Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 68.

When I went to go give my 4 year old daughter a bath in the tub it filled 1 up with brown water. I had to drain all of the water out and run the water 2 until it became clear. It's disgusting water. I drink bottled water - my 3 whole family. I refuse to drink the disgusting -ah, there's just crap 4 particles floating around in their water. . . 55 5 CAN IT BE INCONVENIENT TO USE THE COMPANY'S WATER? 6 O.

7 A. It certainly can be:

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... when I go to take a shower, I have to wait 3 or 4 minutes for the smelly part of the water to get out of the pipes and go down the drain. We never drink the water at home. I can't make ice cubes out of the water at home. You take it and put it in a drink, as soon as it starts to melt you might as well throw that drink out because it will taste terrible. You take a glass, put water in it, let it sit on your counter for 10 minutes. Sediment on the bottom, ring around where the water's sitting and this is the kind of quality water we're getting. It's terrible. We buy nothing but bottled water.56

One customer explained the embarrassment he feels as a result of using the

18 Company's water:

It's embarrassing to go to see someone out of the community and have your clothes, which you've laundered, your hair, which you've washed, and your body, which you've scrubbed using soap, in all cases, smell like the putrid stuff that comes out of our faucets.

WHAT DID THE CUSTOMERS SAY ABOUT THE COMPANY'S WATER 23 Q.

PLANTS AND RETENTION PONDS?

25 Α. At Captiva Island a customer complained:

Quality has also come into question with concerns at the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, DEP, concerns that they have about the Captiva plant. It's a mess. . . . it has to do with their workings with the plant, that they are operating without a permit, leaks, and other matters. ...58

31 In New Port Richey customers had similar complaints:

Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 80.
 Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 55.

⁵⁷ Transcript of Sebring Customer Hearing, p. 10.

1 2 3		Their retention pond over there off Ranch Road looks like a stink pond I have got more complaints from our members over there because of the smell and the dirtiness around there than you can imagine. ⁵⁹
4		* * *
5 6 7		We've got a plant, a treatment plant in Jasmine Lakes. The treatment plant, the people in Foxhollow, right behind it can't stand it. They can't sell their homes and they can't keep them rented because it stinks so bad. ⁶⁰
8	Q.	YOU STATED THAT YOU HAD REVIEWED CORRESPONDENCE
9		SUBMITTED BY AQUA CUSTOMERS CONCERNING THIS DOCKET. DID
10		ANY OF THIS CORRESPONDENCE HAVE TO DO WITH THE WATER
11		QUALITY?
12	A.	Yes. On page 428 of Schedule 3, a customer from Orange Beach described the water as
13		undrinkable, unusable for laundry, and hazardous to pets:
14 15 16 17 18		All of this for water that we cannot drink, my clothing is ruined after just a few washes, I have had three animals die from kidney disease, so now I have to buy bottled water even for my pets. This is WITH a new water softener. Paying anything for this water is ridiculous, much less paying even more.
19		Another customer also had complaints:
20 21 22 23 24 25		Aside from the fact that there are so many minerals in their water that we periodically have to use CLR to clean out our shower heads, bathroom and kitchen faucets, dishwasher, and every other appliance that uses water, and the fact that not only can we taste but can smell the chlorine when they add it to their supply, they just received a rate increase in April. That plus their "tiered-billing" has caused our water bills to soar! ⁶¹
26	Q.	WAS THERE ANY CORRESPONDENCE CONCERNING THE LACK OF
27		INFORMATION BEING PROVIDED BY AQUA CUSTOMER SERVICE?
28	A.	Yes. In fact, the residents of Palm Terrace and Jasmine Lakes in Port Richey were so
29		frustrated by the lack of boil notice information being given that they conducted a survey
	59 ~	

 ⁵⁹ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, pp. 44-45.
 ⁶⁰ Transcript of New Port Richey Customer Hearing, p. 47.
 ⁶¹ Schedule 3, p. 427.

1		in their communities. Of the 439 surveys received 137, or 31 percent, of the residents
2		reported not having received any kind of notification whatsoever from Aqua as to boil or
3		stop boiling their water. ⁶²
4	Q.	WAS THERE ANY CORRESPONDENCE ABOUT AQUA'S REPUTATION?
5	A.	Yes. A resident of Harbor Hills protested Aqua's takeover of his current water utility
6		company, Harbor Hills Utilities, because of Aqua's poor reputation. He was very
7		satisfied with his current water provider so he was concerned that there would be a
8		decline in the quality of service. He had spoken with many Aqua customers who had
9		complained about bad water quality and high bills. ⁶³
10	Q.	WOULD YOU DESCRIBE THE BILLING CONCERNS RAISED BY THE
11		CUSTOMERS IN THE CORRESPONDENCE THAT YOU REVIEWED?
12	A.	Customers questioned the water usage they are being charged for as the bills do not seem
13		to be representative of their usage. They are particularly perplexed when they compare
14		their bills with those of people on other water systems.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22		They claim I am using 5000 gallons a month, and I live with m[y] son, in a small 2 bedroom home, we don't water, I have a water saving dishwasher, and conserve water best I can. I have been monitoring my gauge outside in the ground. It shows, since April 27th, I only used 465 gallons of water. My bill went from \$40.00 a month for water, to \$120.00 a month immediately after Aqua Utility took over our water. Now, my last bill was \$145.00 for the water. I have friends water bills, that live within 3 miles of me. One pays \$15.00 a month, and the other was \$19.00.64
23		***
24 25 26 27		When I bought my home in 2006 the water bill ran between \$35 and \$45 per month. That was with 5 of us living there. Today with just one person (me) living there the bill last month was \$70. Last year when there were still 5 living there it ran between \$115 and \$125. People with Lakeland

⁶² Schedule 3, p. 76-414. ⁶³ Schedule 3, p. 468. ⁶⁴ Schedule 3, p. 935.

1 Water and Polk county water have a bill of \$35 for the same water usage as me.65 2 3 4 When Aqua Utilities acquired Florida Water Services, my sewer bill was 5 @ \$19.75. For the first almost 3 years, they NEVER charged me for their 6 services, but gave me credit, and then claimed I was delinquent in paying 7 my bill to them, and demanded the balance due. I had to go to corporate 8 level to get this atrocity resolved. Progressively they raised my rate to @ 9 \$30 a month and then jumped to @ \$88 a month. Now it is almost \$100.00 10 a month, which is @ 5 times the original rate!!!!66 11 12 My stepdaughter lives less than half-mile away and when she had five 13 people in her house, showering a couple times a day and washing every 14 day, her bill went to \$15. Normally she pays \$10 to \$11 a month for water. 15 So does my brother. He almost fainted when I told him the normal Aqua 16 Utilities bill for two people living in the house was \$79. Now Aqua wants 17 to raise it. 18 The \$79 bill is normal use, not from watering the lawn. It goes to \$99 if 19 we want our lawn to live. Stones, instead of grass, are cheaper in the long run.⁶⁷ 20 21 Q. ARE THESE PROBLEMS RESTRICTED TO FLORIDA? 22 A. No. In a recent case involving Aqua New York, customers complained that the 23 Company's water quality was poor because it smelled bad, tasted bad, left unsightly 24 stains, and in many instances had to be filtered at the customer's cost before one would 25 drink it. Filters had to be changed frequently, water coils had to be cleaned frequently, 26 bottled water had to be purchased for consumption, and some said the Company's water 27 was brown or full of iron. Others had problems with the Company's customer care including estimated bills, meter problems, and generally bad customer service. 28 29 "Customer's concerns were addressed more promptly and reasonably before Aqua

⁶⁵ Schedule 3, p. 995.

⁶⁶ Schedule 3, p. 1247. ⁶⁷ Schedule 3, p. 1267.

acquired New York Water Service Corporation," stated a customer.⁶⁸ In response to these water quality and customer care concerns, the Commission mandated a Customer Service Incentive Mechanism, which would put some of the Company's revenues at risk to the extent complaints about service quality and billing were not addressed reasonably going forward. The Commission found that 30 basis points on equity would be at risk should its "escalated" customer complaint numbers exceed the proposed targets.⁶⁹

Q. HAVE THERE BEEN SIMILAR ISSUES IN OTHER STATES?

A. Yes. In an Indiana case, there were significant quality of service issues. Many of the customers stated that the water was not used, or unusable, for drinking or bathing and the water was discolored. The Commission was concerned that the Company was not taking customer complaints seriously and stated:

If Utility Center cannot provide water to its customers adequate for the purposes reasonably expected by its customers, it is this Commission's responsibility to speak directly to the utility's management, through our orders, to send a message that service must improve.

Having considered the evidence at issue, we find that Utility Center's cost of equity shall be 9.60%. The Commission recognizes that a 9.60% return reflects a lower end of the range appropriate for Utility Center and that a higher return may be appropriate if Utility Center is able to demonstrate improved performance in its next rate case.⁷⁰

Furthermore, in Missouri the Commission ordered Aqua Missouri, Inc. to initiate a task force to address timely meter readings in the hope of reducing estimated reads and the pro-ration of bills.⁷¹ In Virginia, 3,400 public comments were

⁶⁸ Case 09-W-0237 before the New York Public Service Commission; Order issued January 29, 2010; pp. 71-72.

⁶⁹ Case 09-W-0237 before the New York Public Service Commission; Order issued January 29, 2010; pp. p. 11. ⁷⁰ Cause No. 43874 before the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission; Order issued April 13, 2011; p. 16.

⁷¹ Case No. WR-2008-0266 before the Missouri Public Service Commission; Order issued August 28, 2008; p. 5.

1		received in Aqua Virginia's rate case. They included problems with water
2		quality, customer service, and general economic concerns. ⁷²
3	Q.	IN THE LAST RATE CASE YOU FILED TESTIMONY ON ISSUES
4		REGARDING CUSTOMER AND QUALITY OF SERVICE. DOES IT APPEAR
5		THAT THE COMPANY'S CUSTOMER AND QUALITY OF SERVICE HAVE
6		IMPROVED?
7	A.	No, it does not. While the Commission's monitoring plan has forced the Company to
8		take steps to make improvements, the overall perception of the quality of service by
9		customers is still poor with many similar experiences as in the last hearings. For
10		example, customers had issues with the water quality:
11 12 13		I spent \$5,000 on a water filter system to get something safe enough to drink and cook with Between the chlorine, the smell, the sediment, it's quite ridiculous. ⁷³
14		They also had issues with customer service:
15 16 17 18 19 20		They don't know the sleepless nights that I went through laying there worrying about my water getting shut off. And just the bills that they were sending me, shut off notices, and improper bills, and no one talking to me. Being left on hold, being told that someone would be with you. Asking for a supervisor and never getting a call back from anybody. It is just this is a poor company. This is not a good company. ⁷⁴
21	Conc	<u>lusion</u>
22	Q.	BASED ON THE TESTIMONY BY CUSTOMERS AT THE HEARINGS AND IN
23		THEIR CORRESPONDENCE, DOES THE COMPANY'S QUALITY OF
24		SERVICE MEET THE STANDARDS SET FORTH IN THE STATUTES?

⁷² Case No. PUE-2009-00059 before the Virginia State Corporation Commission; Order issued October 29, 2010, pp. 2-3.

Transcript of 2008 Sebring Service Hearing, pp. 18-19.

Transcript of 2008 Lakeland Service Hearings, pp. 75-76.

1	A.	No, it does not. Section 367.111(2), Florida Statutes, states that a public utility must
2		provide:
3 4		such safe, efficient, and sufficient service as is prescribed by part VI of Chapter 403 and parts I and I1 of chapter 373, or rules adopted pursuant
5		thereto; but such service shall not be less safe, less efficient, or less
6		sufficient than is consistent with the approved engineering design of the
7 8		system and the reasonable and proper operation of the utility in the public interest. If the Commission finds that a utility has failed to provide its
9		customers with water or wastewater service that meets the standards
10		promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection or the water
11		management districts, the commission may reduce the utility's return on
12		equity until the standards are met.
13		Customers are still complaining about the same quality of service issues that were raised
14		in the two preceding rate cases involving the Company. As was discussed earlier, the
15		Company still has problems with their water quality. Many customers generally find the
16		water to be undrinkable. There were numerous complaints relating to the water's odor,
17		color, and contamination. There were also claims that the water made people sick.
18		Furthermore, customers are still complaining about the poor customer service
19		representatives and billing problems. Customer service can be difficult to reach, rude,
20		unhelpful, and slow to respond or provide information. Bills are not consistently
21		received, meter readings are inconsistent, and disputed bills are not resolved in a fair
22		manner.
23	Q.	WHAT DID THE COMMISSION FIND CONCERNING THE COMPANY'S
24		QUALITY OF SERVICE IN THE PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION?
25	A.	The Commission reduced the return on equity (ROE) because of their quality of service.
26		The Commission reduced Aqua's ROE by 25 basis points:
27 28		because we have found that the quality of service provided by AUF is marginal, the Utility's ROE will be reduced by 25 basis points, and the

1 2		revenue requirement and the final rates will be set using an ROE of 9.42 percent. ⁷⁵
3	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION REDUCE THE COMPANY'S ROE IN THE LAST
4		RATE CASE?
5	A.	Yes. In the Company's last rate case the Commission deemed Chuluota's quality of
6		service to be unsatisfactory. The Commission reduced Chuluota's ROE by 100 basis
7		points and denied their rate increase. The Commission specifically found:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14		We find ourselves in a similar situation here with respect to the Chuluota system. In addition to the corrective measures described above in our monitoring plan, we also find there shall be a 100-basis-point reduction to ROE for the Chuluota water and wastewater systems. In addition, because of the unsatisfactory quality of service provided to the Chuluota customers, no increase whatsoever is authorized for the Chuluota systems. ⁷⁶
15		Also, as noted above, because of the Commission's concerns about the customer service
16		in all of Aqua's systems, the Commission ordered a Quality of Service Monitoring Plan
17		to be implemented.
18	Q.	WHAT DID THE MONITORING PLAN EVALUATE?
19	A.	It evaluated AUF's handling of customer complaints, their Call Center process for
20		handling complaints, and possible incorrect meter readings and resulting improper bills.
21	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION MADE ANY FINDINGS IN CONNECTION WITH
22		THE MONITORING PLAN?
23	A.	Yes. The Commission found "after hearing from our staff, parties, and a number of
24		customers at the agenda conference, we concluded that, while preliminary results show
25		substantial improvement in AUF's customer service, additional monitoring was required
26		to ultimately render a determination as to the adequacy of AUF's quality of service. We

Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS issued June 13, 2011, p.63.
 Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS issued May 29, 2009, p. 49.

1		order our Stail to continue monitoring the customer service by AUF customer
2		complaints, meter reading and billing accuracy, and environmental compliance."77
3	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH THE COMMISSION'S PAA DECISION TO REDUCE
4		THE COMPANY'S RETURN ON EQUITY BY 25 BASIS POINTS FOR THEIR
5		QUALITY OF SERVICE?
6	A.	In part. I believe the Commission should go further and reduce the Company's ROE by
7		100 basis points. The customer testimony and customer complaints, as well as the
8		information provided in the testimony of Ms. Vandiver and Mr. Poucher, provide clear
9		indications that despite the Commission's initial finding of substantial improvement; the
10		Company has a long way to go before their quality of service can be considered
11		satisfactory. Therefore, I recommend that the Commission reduce the return on equity it
12		would authorize in this proceeding by 100 basis points.
13	Q.	IS THERE ANY PRECEDENT FOR REDUCING A UTILITY'S RETURN ON
14		EQUITY BECAUSE OF POOR CUSTOMER SERVICE?
15	A.	Yes, there is. In Docket No. 010503-WU, the Commission set Aloha Utilities' rate of
16		return at the minimum of its authorized range and also cut both the president and vice
17		president's salaries by 50 percent. In that docket the Commission noted:
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		We have set the rates at the minimum of the range of return on equity because of the overwhelming dissatisfaction of Aloha's customers due to the poor quality of the water service and their treatment by the utility in regards to their complaints and inquiries. Our actions are consistent with past decisions in this regard. See Order No. 14931, issued September 11, 1985, in Docket No. 840267-WS, Order No. 17760, issued June 28, 1987, in Docket No. 850646-SU, Order No. 24643, issued June 10, 1991, in Docket No. 910276-WS, and Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued
26		October 30, 1996, in docket No. 950495-WS. 78

⁷⁷ Order No. PSC-10-0297-PAA-WS issued May 10, 2010, p. 2.
78 Commission Order PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU issued April 30, 2002, p. 30.

1	In Docket No. 840267-WS, Consolidated Utilities Company filed for an increase in its
2	water and wastewater rates in Palm Beach County. The Commission's order found:
3	An informal customer meeting was held on February 21, 1985, in Riviera
4	Beach and was attended by approximately twenty persons. The most
5	common complaint was an apparent lack of concern by the utility for the
6	customer's service problems. The utility neither had the facilities which
7	would permit the customer to establish easy contact nor did it make the
8	best use of what it had - sometimes taking four days to return a call.
9	Further, staff's investigation discloses that the utility is not properly
10	maintaining its books and records which is reflected in its quality of
11	service.
12	On balance, we find that the quality of service is less than satisfactory for
13	which the utility should be penalized one percentage point on its equity
14	return. ⁷⁹
15	In Docket No. 17760, Ocean Reef Club, Inc. of Monroe County filed for an increase in its
16	sewer rates. Ocean Reef Club had a history of service quality problems, including a 1985
17	indictment by the federal government for discharging untreated effluent onto the coral
18	reefs. That case was settled with Ocean Reef Club paying a fine prior to the filing of its
19	rate case. Ocean Reef showed that it had made repairs and replacements in its plant. Of
20	the nine customers who testified at the service hearing, none had any complaints about
21	service quality.
22	
23	Based upon both the recent history of the utility, and its then current status, the
24	Commission ruled as follows:
25	we find that although there have been improvements, quality of service
26	is only marginally satisfactory. We find that given the inadequacies in
27	quality of service, the appropriate return on common equity should be
28	reduced by 50-basis points (.5%).

⁷⁹ Commission Order No. 14931.

In addition, we find that the utility should be required to file with the Commission a monthly report for a period of twelve months. These reports shall include a summary of each customer complaint received and the action taken by the utility to resolve each complaint.⁸⁰

Still another water and wastewater rate case in which the Commission found the utility's quality of service unacceptable was the 1990 application of Pine Island Utility Corporation of Volusia County. A customer service hearing was held in that docket at which some 45 customers presented comments and complaints. The general complaint was that the water quality was poor, with offensive tastes, odors, and excessive chlorine. Customers also complained about the lack of an accessible maintenance person, and the need for meters. At the time, the water system was operating under a DER consent order, but the utility had not made the repairs required by the order. The Commission determined that "the problems experienced by the customers are the result of the utility's violating DER standards." In this docket the Commission ruled:

... we find that the utility's quality of service for both water and wastewater is unsatisfactory. In other cases in which we have found a utility's quality of service to be unsatisfactory, we have fined the utility a dollar amount equal to a 1% reduction to its return on common equity. We shall impose a fine on PIU for its failure to provide safe, efficient, and sufficient service.

The dollar amount associated with a 1% reduction in this utility's return on common equity is \$314. We believe that in order to properly encourage the utility to satisfy DER requirements in a timely manner a \$314 fine is insufficient. We therefore impose a \$1,000 fine, or \$500 per system, for the utility's unsatisfactory quality of service. However, with the purpose of encouraging compliance with DER's requirements in mind, we hereby suspend this fine for six months, until December 10, 1991, in order to allow the utility time to satisfy DER requirements. If all DER

⁸⁰ Commission Order No. 17760.

requirements are not satisfied by this date, the fine is hereby reinstated and, thus becomes due and payable.⁸¹

In 1996, the Commission issued an order in Southern States Utilities, Inc.'s (the predecessor for most of the Aqua systems) application for water and wastewater rate increases in 23 counties across Florida. In its order the Commission noted that the regulatory agency witnesses indicated the utility was in compliance with agency standards for water and wastewater quality. However, customers in many of the company's service areas were not satisfied with the quality of the water or the quality of customer service. The majority of the complaints sound very similar to those of many of Aqua's customer complaints in this proceeding.

Customers from several regions in the state complained that the water is not potable. Others shared physical or medical problems that apparently occurred from the water. Customers from numerous service areas complained about the strength or odor from chlorine disinfection. Customers also reported a sulphur or rotten egg odor. Some customers have purchased home purifying systems or filters because of odor, taste, or other reasons. Others stated that they purchase bottled water to drink.

A number of customers in numerous service areas complained of water that stained tile and fixtures, and clogged pipes. Others spoke of corrosion and premature replacement of plumbing fixtures, and in some cases complete re-piping of homes due to leaks caused by corrosive water. Some customers found the water pressure to be unacceptably low, while others stated that it was too high. A few customers complained of sewage odors, overflows, or backups.

Customers expressed concern over the utility's failure to notify its customers of outages, or to notify them of the potential health or safety problems that might result from the outages. There was also general dissatisfaction with the utility's response to service calls or questions. Customers reported that the utility was slow to respond, or did not properly respond to water quality problems such as sedimentation, discoloration, or excessive lead levels. Incidents were reported where the company damaged customers' property and would not repair the damage. The utility took a long time to answer requests to have tests conducted.

⁸¹ Commission Order No.24643 issued June 10, 1991.

1 2 3 4 5		Customers presented a variety of complaints with billing. Two customers had problems with their meter readings. They either had not seen anyone read their meter, or could not obtain meter reading data from the utility. Others cited billing problems where SSU was not responsive, or gave an answer that did not aid in resolving the problem
6 7 8 9 10		We have required remedial measures, quarterly reports and customer education for several specific situations. However, we find that the utility's less than satisfactory customer service also merits an adjustment in the utility's return on equity. Therefore, in addition to the corrective measures imposed upon the utility, we find it appropriate to make an adjustment to reduce the utility's return on equity by 25 basis points. ⁸²
12		The customers of Aqua have similar levels of dissatisfaction with the water service, water
13		quality, and customer service they are receiving compared to the customers of the above
14		cited utilities. In the above dockets, the Commission reduced the utility's return on
15		equity by 25 to 100 basis points.
16	Q.	ARE THERE ALSO DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE INSTANT CASE AND
17		THE OTHER CASES THAT SUPPORT A REDUCTION TO THE ROE OF 100
18		BASIS POINTS?
19	A.	Yes, there are several differences. Customers have been experiencing quality of service
20		problems since the Company's last rate case. While there has been some improvement in
21		the call center statistics, there are still numerous problems which have not been resolved
22		including: customer service, billing accuracy, estimated bills, and water quality. Thus,
23		there has been a continuation of the problems identified in the prior rate case.
24	Q.	SHOULD THE COMMISSION BE CONCERNED ABOUT THE COMPANY'S
25		FAILURE TO CORRECT THESE PROBLEMS?
26	A.	Yes. The Commission should closely examine the level of penalties assessed and the
27		result of those penalties. For example, does the consequence change behavior? Or, is it

⁸²Florida Public Service Commission Order PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued October 30, 1996, pp. 26-31.

- simply a cost of doing business? Without significant and meaningful consequences, the
- 2 Company could continue to provide mediocre service to its customers, without
- 3 consequences.
- 4 Q. WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IN A COMPETITIVE MARKET UNDER SIMILAR
- 5 **CIRCUMSTANCES?**
- 6 A. In a competitive market, the Company would lose customers because of its poor
- 7 customer/quality of service. However, in a regulated environment, customers, for the
- 8 most part, are forced to stay with their utility provider regardless of the quality of service
- 9 provided or the rates that they pay. It is the Commission's responsibility to construct
- 10 consequences that will deter actions or inactions that bring about the poor quality of
- service. Some customers have gone to the extreme of digging or using wells to reduce
- their reliance on Aqua.
- 13 Q. WHAT IS THE IMPACT ON THE COMPANY'S REVENUE FROM A 25 BASIS
- 14 POINT REDUCTION IN THE RETURN ON EQUITY?
- 15 A. A reduction on the return on equity of 25 basis points amounts to a reduction in revenue
- of less than \$90,000 on a combined basis. This amounts to .01 percent of Aqua
- America's 2010 total revenue. Relative to Aqua Florida's total revenue, as filed in this
- rate case, a 25 basis point reduction in the ROE is 0.6 percent of total revenue. In
- contrast, a 100 basis point reduction would be approximately 2.6 percent of Aqua
- Florida's total revenue, but is still only .05 percent of Aqua America's total revenue.
- 21 Q. ARE THERE OTHER REASONS WHY MEANINGFUL CONSEQUENCES ARE
- 22 NEEDED IN THIS CASE?

- 1 A. There are 16 systems in this case that are the same systems from the 1996 Southern States
- 2 Utilities⁸³ rate case where the Commission reduced Southern States' ROE for poor
- quality of service. Thus, some of the customers of Aqua have been experiencing poor
- 4 quality of service for 15 years!84 In 1997, Southern States Utilities changed its name to
- 5 Florida Water Services Corporation.
- 6 Q. HOW MANY OF THE SYSTEMS IN THIS RATE CASE WERE FORMER FWSC
- 7 SYSTEMS?
- 8 A. There are 12 water and 4 wastewater systems that were former FWSC and SSU⁸⁵
- 9 systems.
- 10 Q. WAS THE COMPANY AWARE OF THE DEFICIENCIES OF THE FWSC
- 11 SYSTEMS WHEN THEY WERE PURCHASED?
- 12 A. Yes. The Company knew when it purchased many of the FWSC systems that they were
- purchasing old and deteriorating systems that would require repairs and capital dollars to
- 14 fix. Aqua purchased the former FWSC systems in June 2004; therefore, it has had seven
- years to bring the systems up to par.
- 16 Q. WHEN AQUA AMERICA PURCHASED THE FWSC SYSTEMS, DID IT PAY
- 17 BOOK VALUE?
- 18 A. No. When Aqua America purchased FWSC, it paid \$2,702,963 less than book value. 86
- 19 Q. DID THE COMMISSION IMPOSE A NEGATIVE ACQUISITION
- 20 **ADJUSTMENT?**

⁸³ Southern States Utilities was subsequently purchased by Florida Water Services Company.

⁸⁴ Order PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS issued October 30, 1996, p. 49.

⁸⁵ In 1997 Southern States Utilities changed its name to Florida Water Services Corporation.

⁸⁶ Order No. PSC-05-1242-PAA-WS, Docket Nos. 040951-WS, 040952-WS; p. 21.

- 1 A. No, it did not. Therefore, customers have been paying a return on the net book value as
 2 opposed to the amount paid by Aqua America.
- 3 Q. DID THE COMPANY COMMIT TO PROVIDE QUALITY SERVICE TO
- 4 CUSTOMERS WHEN IT PURCHASED FWSC?
- 5 A. Yes, it did. In the transfer application, the Company stated:
- Aqua America is totally committed to providing its customers with the highest quality service at the lowest price. In addition, Aqua America and its subsidiaries have worked in partnership with State and local officials to address the problems faced by smaller systems that may lack the financial and/or technical resources needed to comply with evolving water quality standards.⁸⁷
- 12 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE THIS SECTION OF YOUR
- 13 **TESTIMONY?**

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- 14 A. I believe the Commission should reduce the Company's ROE by 100 basis points for its
 15 poor quality of service for the following reasons:
- Numerous Aqua customers voicing their opinions at the hearings and through their

 correspondence have expressed their frustrations about Aqua's poor quality of

 service. The complaints are similar to those in the last rate case. In fact, for some

 systems, the problems have been going on for 15 years.
 - Even since Aqua America's acquisition of several FWSC (formerly SSU) systems seven years ago, many of the problems have still not been resolved.
- Aqua knew that some of those systems had problems when they purchased them.

 They paid less than book value, yet customers are still being asked to provide a return

 on the full net book value a difference of \$2.7 million.

⁸⁷ Joint Application filed August 24, 2004, Docket No. 040951-WS, Exhibit C p.2.

- 1 Aqua has not honored its commitment to provide its customers with the highest 2 quality of service at the lowest price as it claimed it would when it asked the 3 Commission to approve the purchase of many FWSC systems.
- 4 A 25 basis point reduction in the ROE is not sufficient to change Aqua's behavior. 5 Therefore, the Commission should find a 100 basis points reduction appropriate.
 - I also recommend that the Commission order the Company to gather state specific call center data on a going forward basis, if the cost of doing so is reasonable.

III. **Affiliate Transactions**

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9 Q. LET'S TURN THE **NEXT SECTION** OF **YOUR** TESTIMONY 10 CONCERNING AFFILIATE CHARGES. WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DID THE 11 COMMISSION MAKE TO AFFILIATE CHARGES IN ITS PAA ORDER?

> The Commission made five adjustments. First, findings made during the Affiliate Audit conducted by the Staff resulted in adjustments, the majority of which were agreed to by the Utility. As a result, AUF stipulated to a reduction in allocated affiliated charges of \$170.651.88 Second, the Commission adjusted the customer allocation for Aqua's sale of its Fountain Lakes irrigation and wastewater systems. This led to reductions to Plant, Accumulated Depreciation, O&M expenses, and Depreciation expense by \$98,220, \$41,358, \$38,743, and \$16,370, respectively.⁸⁹ Third, the Commission adjusted Corporate IT costs, resulting in reductions to Plant, Accumulated Depreciation, and Depreciation expense by \$50,058, \$20,460, and \$146,949, respectively. 90 The fourth adjustment relates to the Company's request to include a 2.9 percent executive salary increase for accounts Contractual Services - Management Fees and Contractual Services

⁸⁸ Docket Nos. 080121 & 100330; Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS issued June 13, 2011, pp. 65-66.

⁸⁹ Docket Nos. 080121 & 100330; Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS issued June 13, 2011, pp. 66-67.

- Other. The Commission decided that given the state of the economy, all increases for Aqua's executives should be eliminated from the Company's normalization and pro forma adjustments. This resulted in an adjustment of \$3,823 to remove the amount associated with executive salary increases. The fifth adjustment removed the \$22,623 in bonus and dividend compensation of AAI's corporate management included in the test year. The Commission found that this type of incentive compensation aligns the interests of the executives with the shareholders.⁹¹

8 Q. WHY IS OPC PROTESTING THE CHARGES FROM AQUA'S AFFILIATES?

A. The Commission's PAA Order is incorrect in finding the Company has justified the amount of affiliate charges in this case. The costs charged to the Company by Aqua Services, Inc. (ASI), who accumulates and allocates common payroll and invoices from AAI's Pennsylvania office, and Aqua Customer Organization (ACO), who handles customer billing and the call center, collectively (Service Company), have increased significantly since the last rate case and the Company has been unable to explain these increases.

16 Q. WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO CLOSELY EXAMINE AFFILIATE 17 TRANSACTIONS?

A. In a situation involving the provision of services between affiliated companies, the associated transactions and costs do not represent arms-length dealings. Cost allocation techniques and methods of charging affiliates should be frequently reviewed and analyzed to ensure that the company's regulated operations are not subsidizing the nonregulated operations. Because of the relationship between Aqua and the affiliates which contributes to expenses included on the books of Aqua, the arms-length bargaining

⁹¹ Docket Nos. 080121 & 100330; Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS issued June 13, 2011, p. 71.

of a normal competitive environment is not present in their transactions. Although each of the affiliated companies is supposedly separate, relationships between Aqua and its affiliates are still close—they all belong to one corporate family—Aqua America, Inc. In the absence of regulation, there is no assurance that affiliate transactions and allocations will not translate into unnecessarily high charges for Aqua's customers. Even when the methodologies for cost allocation and pricing have been explicitly stated, close scrutiny of affiliate relationships is still warranted. Regardless of whether or not Aqua America, Inc., the holding company, explicitly establishes a methodology for the allocation and distribution of affiliate costs, there is an incentive to misallocate or shift costs to regulated companies so that the nonregulated companies can reap the benefits with higher profits for shareholders.

12 Q. DOES THE COMMISSION HAVE ANY GUIDELINES WHICH CONTROL THE 13 PRICING ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN UTILITIES AND THEIR 14 AFFILIATES?

15 A. Yes. The Commission has expressed its opinion on affiliate transactions and the

precedent that should be followed when examining affiliate transactions.

By their very nature, related party transactions require closer scrutiny. Although a transaction between related parties is not <u>per se</u> unreasonable, it is the utility's burden to prove that its costs are reasonable. <u>Florida Power Corp. v. Cresse</u>, 413 So. 2d 1187, 1191 (Fla. 1982). This burden is even greater when the transaction is between related parties. In <u>GTE Florida</u>, <u>Inc. v. Deason</u>, 642 So. 2d 545 (Fla. 1994) (<u>GTE</u>), the Court established that the standard to use in evaluating affiliate transactions is whether those transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair. ⁹²

⁹² In re: Investigation of rates of Aloha Utilities, Inc. in Pasco County for possible overearnings for the Aloha Gardens water and wastewater systems and the Seven Springs water system. In-re: Notice of intent to increase water and wastewater rates in Pasco County, based upon application of provisions of Section 367.081 (4) (a) & (b), F.S., by Aloha Utilities, Inc. Florida Public Service Commission. Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS. Issued June 27, 2001, p. 15.

1 2 Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Affiliates

3 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE AQUA'S AFFILIATES?

- A. Aqua America, Inc., the parent company of Aqua, is a publicly traded holding company with both regulated and nonregulated subsidiaries operating in 13 states. Schedule 6 of my exhibit contains an organizational chart of Aqua America, Inc. and its affiliates. In addition to its regulated subsidiaries, such as Aqua, which provide water and wastewater service, Aqua America has several nonregulated subsidiaries. According to Aqua America's website:
- 10 Aqua America, Inc. is a U.S.-based publicly-traded water and wastewater 11 utility, serving approximately 3 million people in Pennsylvania, Ohio, 12 North Carolina, Illinois, Texas, New Jersey, New York, Indiana, Florida, 13 Virginia, Maine, Missouri and Georgia. Aqua America is listed on the 14 New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol WTR. Its aggressive 15 growth-through-acquisition strategy has resulted in nearly 200 acquisitions and growth ventures in the last ten years. These growth ventures have 16 17 allowed Aqua America to achieve its growth goals and has had a favorable 18 impact on its financial performance.⁹³

19 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE AQUA AMERICA'S

20 NONREGULATED SUBSIDIARIES?

- 21 A. Yes. AAI owns nine nonregulated subsidiaries.
- 22 1) Aqua Acquisition Corporation: Holding company and parent company to G&E
 23 Septic, Inc., which provides nonregulated septage business;
- 24 2) Aqua Development, Inc.: Nonregulated services;
- 25 3) Aqua Resources: Parent company of Aqua Wastewater Management, Inc., which 26 provides hauling services of residential and commercial septic waste; installation 27 and maintenance of residential/commercial septic systems;

⁹³ http://ir.aquaamerica.com/

2		engineering, operation services, and customer services provided through Aqua
3		Customer Operations;
4		5) Aqua Indiana – Western Hancock, Inc.: Provides nonregulated wastewater services;
5		6) Aqua Operations: Provides water and wastewater operating contracts with municipal
6		authorities and other parities;
7		7) Utility & Municipal Services: Provides data processing, network and
8		communication support to Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. (a regulated water and
9		wastewater utility). It was merged with Aqua Pennsylvania in 2008; and
10		8) Suburban Environmental Services: Provides contract operation and maintenance
11		support for water and wastewater systems. It was merged with Aqua Resources in
12		2009.94
13	Q.	ARE THERE TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN AQUA AND ITS NONREGULATED
14		AFFILIATES?
15	A.	Yes. Aqua has contracted with ASI to provide for a variety of managerial, operations,
16		and regulatory support. In addition, AAI allocates insurance costs and charges other
17		costs to Aqua. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged
18		\$2.0 million for services provided by ASI and AAI. ⁹⁵ AUF also allocates common costs

Aqua Services, Inc. (ASI): Provides managerial, general and administrative,

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to the systems operated in Florida. These allocated costs amounted to \$1.2 million.96

This compares to the Company's total direct costs of \$8.5 million. Thus, of the total

Operations and Maintenance and Administrative and General expenses included in the

Ompany Response to OPC Document Request 47, Interrogatory 51, and Interrogatory 52.
 Company Response to OPC Document Request 3, Attachment 6.
 Company Response to OPC Document Request 3, Attachment 6.

test year of \$9.7 million,⁹⁷ 20.6 percent of the costs are charged from ASI or AAI, and

12.4 percent are charged from AUF. Therefore, 67 percent of costs included in the test

year are directly incurred by the individual water and wastewater systems.

4 Q. IS THERE A SERVICE COMPANY AGREEMENT THAT GOVERNS THE

CHARGES FROM ASI TO AQUA?

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A. Yes. The Service Company Agreement identifies the following services that Aqua

Services furnishes to Aqua: corporate management; accounting; administration;

communication; corporate secretarial; customer services; engineering; financial; human

resources; information systems; operations; rates and regulatory; risk management; water

quality; legal; purchasing; and fleet services.

11 Q. HOW ARE THESE COSTS CHARGED TO AQUA?

The cost of Aqua Service employees' time billed to Aqua and other affiliates is computed from the employees' total labor rate. This includes base pay, other compensation, payroll taxes, benefits, and an overhead factor. In addition, any direct expenses incurred in connection with services to Aqua are charged directly to that affiliate. If an employee of Aqua Services performs work that only benefits Aqua, his/her time, computed at the labor rate as described above, is charged to Aqua. If a project will benefit several subsidiaries, his/her time is allocated among those subsidiaries based on the subsidiaries' respective number of customers. Charges for employee time related directly to work for one or more affiliates are referred to as "service charges." In addition, the departmental costs associated with the daily operations of Aqua Services are also charged among the

⁹⁷ Company MFR Schedules B-1 and B-2, Consolidated.

Aqua America affiliates as either direct charges to a specific affiliate or allocations among a group of affiliates. 98

3 Q. IS THERE A COST ALLOCATION MANUAL DESCRIBING THE

4 ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY?

A.

Yes. The Corporate Charges Allocations Manual contains much language identical to that found in the Service Agreement between Aqua Services and Aqua regarding the types of support provided. It also explains the distinction between the categorization of expenses as either service expenses or sundry expenses. Service expenses are defined as "labor and overhead of employees" expended on work for a specific subsidiary or group of subsidiaries. These employees of Aqua Services are categorized by the following types of services: accounting & financial, administration, customer service, communications, corporate secretarial, engineering, human resources, information services, legal, purchasing, rates and regulatory, and water quality. In addition, there are reports providing backup support for the charges allocated to each state. According to the Corporate Charges Allocations Manual, these reports contain "total costs by employee, by type of service, and for the amount of hours charged."

17 Q. WHAT ARE SUNDRY EXPENSES?

18 A. The expenses from ASI are classified into two main categories: service and sundry
19 expenses. Service expenses are the labor and overhead of the employees of AAI and ASI.
20 The remaining expenses are defined as sundry expenses, and they are direct or indirect
21 charges and identified by activity codes. Each sundry expense is used to determine how

⁹⁸ Corporate Charges Allocations Manual provided in Response to OPC Document Request 33.

1 costs should be allocated to the state. In this methodology, activities determine whether
2 costs are to be directly charged to a state or allocated to a group of states.⁹⁹

Nonregulated Affiliates

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4 Q. DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS ABOUT THE ALLOCATION OF COSTS

BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND ITS AFFILIATED SISTER COMPANIES?

- A. Yes, I have several. First, Aqua Services performs services for nonregulated affiliates, yet it does not consistently allocate costs to them. Second, certain operating companies Aqua Indiana, Aqua Maine, Aqua New Jersey, Aqua North Carolina, Aqua Ohio, Aqua Texas, and Suburban Environmental Services, Inc. provide contract operator services, but no common costs are allocated for those services. Third, there is no allocation of
- 11 costs made to the nonregulated affiliates, even when they have common officers and
- 12 directors.
- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE FAILURE TO ALLOCATE COSTS
 FROM AQUA SERVICES TO NONREGULATED AFFILIATES?
- 15 A. Yes. As discussed above, the following companies provide nonregulated contract
 16 management services: Aqua Georgia; Aqua Indiana Western Hancock, Inc; Aqua
 17 Operations, Inc.; Aqua Wastewater Management, Inc.; Suburban Environmental Services
 18 Company; and Utility and Municipal Services, Inc. 101 As mentioned earlier, Aqua
 19 Services provides many services to Aqua's affiliates; however, four affiliates do not
 20 receive allocations from Aqua Services. These include Aqua Georgia, Aqua Operations,

Suburban Environmental Services Company, and Utility & Municipal Services, Inc. 102

⁹⁹ Corporate Charges Allocations Manual provided in Response to OPC Document Request 33.

¹⁰⁰ Company Supplemental Response to PSC 15-12.

¹⁰¹ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 51.

¹⁰² Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 168.

1 Q. DID AQUA SERVICES BEGIN TO ALLOCATE COSTS TO THE 2 NONREGULATED AFFILIATE AQUA WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT?

A. Yes. In the Company's last rate case, it stated that Aqua Services would begin allocating common costs to Aqua Wastewater Management in 2008. The Company also explained how Aqua Services planned to allocate common costs to Aqua Wastewater Management, Inc. As shown below, ASI began allocations to Aqua Wastewater Management.

Per section 2.2 of the Affiliate agreement, services that are made available by Service Company in common to other Aqua America Subsidiaries, including Aqua, which services cannot be identified and related exclusively to a particular Subsidiary, the cost for such services will be allocated between the Utility Companies and the Non-Regulated Companies based on the relative proportion at the most recent fiscal year end of each Subsidiary's total assets to the total assets of all the Subsidiaries combined. The portion of such costs for such common services allocated to the Utility Companies or a group of Utility Companies will be further allocated to each Utility Company or group of Utility Companies, including Aqua, based on the ratio of the number of customers served by each Utility Company or the group of Utility Companies at the most recent fiscal year end to the number of customers served by all Utility Companies. For purposes of this calculation, customers of the Utility Companies who receive both water and wastewater services from a Utility Company will be counted as 1.5 customers. 104

The Company states that Aqua Services allocated to Aqua Resources, the parent company of Aqua Wastewater Management, costs of \$185,638 in 2008; \$208,234 in 2009; and \$208,444 during the test year. ¹⁰⁵

Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE STATE YOUR NEXT CONCERN?

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¹⁰³ In response to OPC's Interrogatory 17 in Docket No. 080121-WS, the Company stated: "Aqua Wastewater Management is the business providing on-site septic tank pumping and sludge hauling services. No common costs were allocated to Aqua Wastewater Management in either 2006 or 2007. Common costs will be allocated to Aqua Wastewater Management in 2008."

¹⁰⁴ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 206, Docket No. 080121-WS.

¹⁰⁵ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 167.

Yes. My next concern relates to nonregulated contract operator services and management services by several Aqua America subsidiaries as depicted on Schedule 7. Although these affiliates provide services to the nonregulated companies, neither Aqua America nor Aqua Services allocates costs to these clients. The Company explained:

To the extent any costs are incurred, such costs are either incurred in the individual states or allocated from affiliates using the existing affiliates agreement and underlying allocation methodology consistent with the last rate case. The agreement and underlying allocation methodology are on file with the Commission and the allocation methodology was previously accepted by the Commission in AUF's last rate case. Also, as shown in the attachment that lists the municipal contracts, in the vast majority of cases no corporate services are provided; therefore, there are no charges from Aqua America, Aqua Services, or Aqua Customer Operations. ¹⁰⁶

Unfortunately, this explanation fails to adequately explain how the allocation methodology takes into consideration the fact that the operations of these operating companies are larger and more complex because they operate and manage these nonregulated systems. Clearly, the effort required to operate, maintain, and manage a water facility requires more personnel and support from management. Therefore, additional oversight and management costs should be allocated to these systems to recognize the added complexities and size differentials. Failure to take this into consideration, under-allocates costs to the systems that generate additional nonregulated revenue for the parent company and over-allocates costs to the regulated companies that do not have analogous nonregulated operations. Schedules 8 and 9 of my exhibit show that these contract systems receive a range of services from the AUF affiliates including managerial, accounting, billing, operations, customer service, A&G, sales, and cash collection services. Customer counts are not available for many of the systems listed.

¹⁰⁶ Response to Staff Request 15-12.

Ţ		Having fatied to affocate any costs to these confract systems, costs have been over
2		allocated to AUF.
3	Q,	WOULD YOU ADDRESS THE NONREGULATED MANAGEMENT SERVICES
4		PROVIDED BY AFFILIATES OF AUF?
5	A.	Yes. Several AAI systems provide management services to utilities that are not part of
6		the Aqua family. Management services range from billing and collecting, meter reading,
7		engineering, operations and maintenance, accounting, A&G, and lab testing. 107
8	Q.	IS AQUA AMERICA CONTINUING ITS EFFORTS TO ACQUIRE
9		NONREGULATED SYSTEMS?
10	A.	Yes. Aqua America states it continues to pursue opportunities for the acquisition of
11		nonregulated utilities in order to expand the services they may provide to their current
12		customer base. In its 2010 Annual Report, Aqua America stated:
13 14		We continue to explore opportunities for the acquisition of non-regulated wastewater service and septage businesses that are located near our existing
15		markets, growing our existing revenue base in this business by offering the
16		wastewater services to nearby residents with on-site sewer systems, adding
17 18		new customers to this business and expanding the services that are provided to them.
19		While Aqua America has maintained its current level of nonregulated activities, it is
20		committed to expanding its nonregulated activities through future endeavors in order to
21		increase its revenue base by providing new services to its existing customers.
22	Q.	DO THE NONREGULATED COMPANIES OF AQUA AMERICA HAVE
23		COMMON OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS WITH THE REGULATED
24		COMPANIES?

¹⁰⁷ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 57.

Yes. Schedule 10 of my exhibit shows the common officers and directors of the various 1 A. Aqua America affiliates. As shown, Mr. DeBenedictis, Chairman, President, and CEO of 2 Aqua America and Chairman and President of Aqua Services, is also the Chairman or 3 President of the following nonregulated companies: Aqua America, Utility & Municipal 4 Services, Suburban Environmental Services, and Aqua Resources. Mr. Stahl, Chief 5 Administrative Officer, General Counsel, Secretary of Aqua America, Senior Vice 6 President of Law & Administration, and Assistant Secretary is also Senior Vice President 7 and Assistant Secretary of Aqua Resources. As shown on this schedule, there are several 8 officers or directors of Aqua Services and/or Aqua America who are also an officer or 9 director of Aqua Resources, Suburban Environmental Services, and Utility & Municipal 10 Services. 108 However, the Company has failed to demonstrate that their salaries or 11 12 benefits are allocated to the nonregulated companies.

13 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCLUSIONS CONCERNING THE NONREGULATED

14 **OPERATIONS?**

The failure to allocate common costs to Aqua America's nonregulated operations causes

Aqua's regulated operations to subsidize the nonregulated operations. Therefore, the

costs charged and allocated to the Company from ASI and ACO are overstated, while the

profits from the nonregulated operations are recorded below-the-line and benefit

stockholders at the expense of ratepayers.

20 <u>AUF's Comparative Analysis</u>

Q. EARLIER YOU MENTIONED THE COMMISSION'S GUIDELINES THAT
CONTROL THE PRICING ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN UTILITIES AND

¹⁰⁸ The data contained on this schedule was produced from the Company's discovery in Docket No. 080121-WS, response to OPC Interrogatory 78, because it was not provided by the Company in the current case.

1 THEIR AFFILIATES. DID THE COMPANY COMPARE THE ALLOCATED

2 CHARGES TO MARKET RATES?

A. Yes. Mr. Szczygiel presented information for the calendar year December 2010 that

purports to examine whether allocations from Aqua America and Aqua Services were

below the market rate for the industry. This information examines the cost of services

provided by Aqua affiliates as if AUF operated as a standalone company. The

Company calculated an average hourly rate for engineering, accounting, management,

and customer service charges billed to the Company and compared those rates to various

published average billing rates.

10 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR GENERAL CONCERNS WITH THE ANALYSIS 11 PRESENTED BY THE COMPANY?

As I discuss in detail below, there are numerous shortcomings with the Company's analysis. First, it does not consider that if an outside company provided the services equivalent to that provided by ASI, a discount would more than likely be offered. The service company costs charged to AUF account for over 20.8 percent of administrative and general expenses. It is not unusual for a large customer to receive a discount for services provided by third parties. Second, the Company's comparison appears to assume that every hour spent by ASI personnel could be billed at a rate comparable to a skilled lawyer, consultant, certified public accountants, or professional engineer regardless of the level of expertise of the ASI employee. This is an unrealistic assumption. Third, companies typically use outside counsel or consultants for specialized areas of law or professional services, not the day-to-day operations of a business. To suggest that a

¹⁰⁹ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, p. 10.

¹¹⁰ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 1.

company would outsource at this level is questionable, especially where it cannot be demonstrated that it would be less costly than providing the service in-house. Fourth, Aqua's comparison fails to consider that outsourcing at such magnitude would more than likely be frowned upon by regulators due to the high costs that would be passed to ratepayers.

6 Q. WHAT ANALYSIS DID THE COMPANY PERFORM REGARDING THE 7 ENGINEERING CHARGES FROM THE SERVICE COMPANY?

A. Aqua took the total amount of service charges related to engineering and divided it by the number of hours charged to compute an average rate of \$82/hour. Then AUF collected rates from two engineering firms it used in the past and calculated a weighted average rate of \$122 per hour. The past and calculated a weighted average rate of \$122 per hour.

12 Q. ARE THERE ANY PROBLEMS WITH AUF'S COMPARISON OF 13 ENGINEERING COSTS?

Yes. First, only using two engineering firms makes the comparison questionable because there are too few companies in the comparison. Second, there is no comparison of the education or experience of these companies to the engineering services allocated to Aqua from the Service Company. Unless the level of expertise and education is similar, the comparison made by the Company is invalid and not comparable. Third, while the Company indicated that the \$82/hour of the allocated engineering costs included "overhead," the Company failed to provide this overhead or explain how it was determined. There can be no assurance that the "overhead" included in the \$82/hour figure includes all overhead or that its inclusion makes it comparable to the outside

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¹¹¹ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 9.

¹¹² Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 6.

1	engineering firm's \$122 estimate.	Furthermore, as	explained e	arlier, it would be
2	considered inefficient for the Compar	ny to utilize the	services of	an outside firm for
3	standard day to day engineering needs.			

- 4 Q. WHAT INFORMATION DOES THE COMPANY OFFER FOR ITS CLAIM
- 5 THAT THE LEGAL COSTS CHARGED BY THE SERVICE COMPANY ARE
- 6 REASONABLE?
- 7 A. The Company states that its average hourly rate for legal services is approximately \$140/hour, which is almost 43 percent lower than the average 2009 billing rate for Florida law firms of \$247/hour as published in the 2010 Economic & Law Office Management Survey by the Florida Bar Association. 113
- 11 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS WITH THE COMPARISON OF THE SERVICE
 12 COMPANY'S LEGAL CHARGES TO AUF?
- 13 A. The 2010 Economic & Law Office Management Survey does not state that the average
 14 2009 billing rate for Florida law firms was \$247/hour. I attempted to reconstruct how the
 15 Company might have developed this rate. This analysis is presented on Schedule 12. As
 16 shown on this schedule, my estimate, which is based upon the hourly rates and
 17 percentage of attorney's that use those hourly rates, shows a high hourly rate of \$245 and
 18 a low hourly rate of \$220—both of which are less than the Company's \$247 figure.
- 19 Q. DID YOU PERFORM ANY OTHER ANALYSES OF THE DATA CONTAINED
 20 IN THE 2010 ECONOMIC & LAW OFFICE MANAGEMENT SURVEY?
- 21 A. Yes. I also examined the billable hours shown in the survey. The Company's \$140 an
 22 hour for Aqua Services may assume that 100 percent of the person's hours are billable.
 23 However, over 80 percent of the lawyers surveyed billed less than the 2,080 hours

¹¹³ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 2.

available in a year, assuming a 40-hour work week for 52 weeks. It is unclear how many hours are included in the \$140 estimate assumed by the Company. In other words, in order to have an apples to apples comparison between the hourly rate of the surveyed lawyers and the hourly rate of Aqua's lawyers, it is important that the billable hours be presented on a consistent basis. If the Aqua lawyers were only able to bill at the low end of the billable hours as reported in the survey, the equivalent hourly rate could be as high as \$364. At this level there are no savings from using the in-house ASI lawyer. Instead, the rate is 57 percent higher than the average Florida Bar rate of \$232. This is substantially different than the Company's conclusion that the rate is 43 percent less than the average Florida Bar rate. The comparison group does not typically bill 100 percent of their available hours. Therefore, the ASI hourly rate is implicitly understated and not comparable to the professional legal hourly rates.

- 13 Q. WHAT KINDS OF ACCOUNTING SERVICES DOES THE SERVICE
 14 COMPANY PROVIDE AUF?
- 15 A. The Service Company provides the following: accounts payable, property accountants,
 16 tax accountants, general ledger accountants, payroll, purchasing, and accounts
 17 receivable. 114
- 18 Q. WOULD YOU DISCUSS THE ANALYSIS CONDUCTED BY THE COMPANY
 19 OF THE CHARGES RELATED TO ACCOUNTING SERVICES PROVIDED BY
- 20 ASI?

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A. Yes. The Company calculated the average hourly rate of all the accounting services provided by the Service Company as \$57/hour. The Company used the 2008

¹¹⁴ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 2.

¹¹⁵ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 2.

1		TCIS/ISCIA National MAI Survey collected by the AICIA as a starting point for its
2		accounting services rate and then adjusted for inflation to bring it to 2010 dollars. Aqua
3		used the computed hourly rates of four levels of accounting professionals: Directors at
4		\$161; Managers at \$137; Senior Associates at \$110; and Associates at \$88. 116
5	Q.	WHAT ARE THE SHORTCOMINGS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPANY'S
6		ANALYSIS OF ACCOUNTING CHARGES FROM THE SERVICE COMPANY?
7	A.	There are several. First, given the various accounting functions Aqua Services provides,
8		combining them all together as one rate hides the differences in experience,
9		qualifications, and skills needed to perform each function. An accounts payable clerk, for
10		instance, will not be able to command the same billing rate as a CPA.
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12		Second, comparing the average Aqua Services rate to national rates for Directors,
13		Managers, Senior Associates, and Associates does not provide a meaningful comparison.
14		These are the kinds of positions held at accounting firms which are at a much higher level
15		than persons that perform accounts payable, payroll, and accounts receivable accounting
16		functions at ASI. Clearly, the Commission would not approve hourly rates ranging from
17		\$88 to \$161 for persons performing accounts payable, payroll, and accounts receivable
18		accounting functions. Simply put, the Company is comparing apples to oranges.
19		
20		Third, the analysis appears to assume that 100 percent of the ASI hours would be billable.
21		However, the comparison group does not typically bill 100 percent of their available
22		hours. Therefore, the ASI hourly rate is implicitly understated and not comparable to the
23		professional accounting hourly rates.

¹¹⁶ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 2.

1	Q.	THE NEXT COMPARISON IS MANAGEMENT SERVICES. WHAT
2		MANAGEMENT SERVICES ARE INCLUDED IN THE SERVICE COMPANY
3		CHARGES TO AUF?
4	A.	Aqua Services charges Aqua for the following management functions: human resources;
5		information systems; investor relations; financial planning; internal auditing; regulatory
6		affairs; and corporate governance.
7	Q.	WHAT EVALUATION DID THE COMPANY MAKE OF THE COST OF
8		MANAGEMENT SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE SERVICE COMPANY?
9	A.	The Company examined the Association of Management Consulting Firms' survey,
10		Operating Ratios for Management Consulting Firms, 2007 Edition, which shows the
11		ranges of billing rates of management consultants in the U.S. The Company adjusted the
12		average billing rates for various levels of consultants for inflation and compared them to
13		the average hourly cost of all management services allocated from Aqua Services.
14		Aqua's comparison shows the rates obtained from the survey range from \$115/hour for
15		an entry level consultant at a small firm to \$468/hour for the highest level consultant at
16		the largest firm. 117
17	Q.	ARE THERE PROBLEMS WITH THE COMPANY'S ANALYSIS OF THE COST
18		OF MANAGEMENT SERVICES FROM THE SERVICE COMPANY AS WELL?
19	A.	Yes. The Company's analysis of the cost of management services allocated from Aqua
20		Services suffers from the same deficiencies as its comparison of accounting functions.
21		The comparison does not take into consideration the differences in employee education,
22		experience, and requirements, nor does it take into account the fact that management
23		functions differ across industries.

¹¹⁷ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 3.

Likewise, it fails to take into consideration the difference between the billable hours at a management consulting firm and the apparent assumption that 100 percent of the hours ASI would be billable if the services were being performed by a management consulting firm.

The Company used the average of four levels of management consultants based upon their annual consulting fees of: less than \$2.0 million a year, between \$2.0 million and \$4.99 million, between \$5.0 million and \$19.99 million, and over \$20.0 million. Using the average rate for each level produced hourly rates of \$140 for the entry level position, \$180 for the midlevel position, \$225 for the advanced position, \$300 for the upper level position, and \$356 for the highest position. Comparing the Service Company hourly rates to these hourly rates is comparing apples to oranges. I seriously doubt that the Commission would permit the Company to bill its customers for up to 100,000 hours at these hourly rates. Consequently, no conclusions can be drawn from the Company's analysis because it is not a valid market comparison.

16 Q. DID AUF COMPARE THE CUSTOMER SERVICE CHARGES FROM THE 17 SERVICE COMPANY?

A. Yes. The Company used the Benchmarking Performance Indicators for Water and Wastewater Utilities: 2007 Annual Survey Data and Analyses Report, prepared by the American Water Works Association (AWWA). This showed the average customer service cost per account is approximately \$44 when adjusted for inflation. According to Mr. Szczygiel, Aqua America's total customer service charge per account is \$18.12.

¹¹⁸ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 6.

1 Q. ARE THERE PROBLEMS WITH THE COMPARISON PREPARED BY AUF OF 2 THE CUSTOMER SERVICE CHARGES FROM THE SERVICE COMPANY?

Yes. First, the costs included in the AWWA comparison appear to be much different than the ones included by the Company. For example, the AWWA comparison includes the activation of new accounts (including meter and service installation costs), meter reading, meter repair, and meter replacements, and the provision of turn on and turn off services. These costs are clearly not included in the costs charged by ACO, as it would be quite difficult for the persons housed in Bryn Mawr to read, replace, and read meters in Florida.

A.

Second, the Company did not know if the AWWA rates used by the Company included the same functions performed by the Service Company. Likewise, when asked to list the customer service functions used by AUF from the Service Company, the Company responded "[n]one". 121

15 Q. DID THE COMPANY INCLUDE ALL COSTS IN THE CATEGORIES THAT IT 16 EXAMINED?

17 A. No. The Company excluded several categories of expenses from its analysis.

18 Specifically, it excluded contract services, travel expenses, and computer

19 hardware/software. According to the Company, contract services were excluded because

20 they are already considered outside professionals; travel expenses were excluded because

21 they would be billed separately and in addition to an outside contractor's hourly rate; and

¹¹⁹ American Water Works Association. Benchmarking Performance Indicators for Water and Wastewater Utilities: 2007 Annual Survey Data and Analyses Report, p. 27.

¹²⁰ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 263.121 Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 263.

computer and hardware expenses were excluded because they would be billed separately and in addition to an outside contractor's hourly wage. 122

Q. IS THERE A PROBLEM WITH EXCLUDING TRAVEL EXPENSES?

Yes. AUF is owned by an out of state company. Therefore, there are undoubtedly travel expenses incurred as a result of this extended relationship. In fact, it is likely that the majority of the travel expenses are related to travel to the different utilities which AAI owns throughout the United States. Since Aqua is allocated a portion of these costs, it is only appropriate that they be included in the comparison. Customers should not be required to pay for excessive travel costs due to the fact that Aqua is headquartered in Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania. The Commission has found that customers should not bear the added costs associated with Companies that are located outside the state of Florida. For instance, in KW Resort Utilities' most recent rate case, the Commission found that

Although it is the owner's choice of where he wishes to reside, the customers shall not be required to pay the cost of travel because the owner chooses to live a considerable distance from KWRU. We believe this issue is related to a utility's choice to maintain its books and records outside the state of Florida. Rule 25-30.110(1)(c), F.A.C., requires a utility to reimburse the Commission for the reasonable travel expense incurred by each Commission representative during any review of the out-of-state records of the utility or its affiliates if it chooses to keep its records outside the state. Based on this rule, a utility is permitted to keep its records outside the state, but must reimburse the Commission for any travel that must be incurred to view the records. Similarly, we have denied Federal Express costs incurred by a utility to ship its records to Florida. 123

Therefore, since the Company did not distinguish the types of travel that it omitted in its comparison, it should not be excluded from the analysis. Furthermore, in response to OPC interrogatory 264, the Company stated that the "Service Allocations" did not include travel. Therefore, it is not clear why these costs were removed.

¹²² Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 9.

¹²³ Order No. PSC-09-0057-FOF-SU, Docket No. 070293-SU, p.35.

1 Q. WHAT ABOUT COMPUTER HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE COSTS?

2 SHOULD THESE BE EXCLUDED?

- 3 While I agree that extensive computer hardware usage and software development costs A. 4 would be charged separately by an outside contractor, it does not appear that the types of 5 costs being excluded by the Company are analogous. The hardware and software costs 6 are related to the day to day operations of the AAI, ASI, and ACO in providing service to its affiliates. They are not specific software development costs incurred for a specific 7 8 application or hardware costs caused for specific project usage. Unless there are unusual 9 applications and needs for a client, outside professionals do not charge for software and 10 The Company has not demonstrated that the costs excluded are 11 extraordinary in nature and would be separately charged by an accounting, legal, or 12 management firm. Therefore, the Commission should reject this exclusion.
- 13 Q. DID YOU PREPARE AN ANALYSIS WHICH REMOVED THESE
 14 EXCLUSIONS?
- 15 A. Yes. This analysis is presented on Schedule 13. This Schedule demonstrates that
 16 including these amounts has a fairly significant impact on the hourly rate for management
 17 professionals. As shown, the hourly rate increases from \$127.53 to \$138.05.
- 18 Q. DO ALL OF THE HOURLY RATES STILL REMAIN BELOW THE
 19 COMPANY'S ESTIMATED MARKET RATES?
- 20 A. No. The hourly rate for their management professionals is above the Company's estimated market rate.
- Q. MR. SZCZYGIEL CLAIMS THAT THE HOURLY COMPARISONS
 PRESENTED ON EXHIBIT SS-2 WERE "THOROUGHLY REVIEWED" BY

J	l .	Inc	COMMISSION	SIAFF	TIA	CONCLUDING	IID	RECOMMENDATION

THAT AUF HAD MET ITS BURDEN OF PROOF CONCERNING THE

REASONABLENESS OF AFFILIATE CHARGES. 124 DO YOU AGREE WITH

4 THIS STATEMENT?

A.

There is no discussion on page 87 of the Staff Recommendation which is cited as support for Mr. Szczygiel's statement. While there is a discussion in the Staff Recommendation on the information presented in SS-2, it merely restates the assertions made by the

8 Company. There is no concurrence or analysis by the Staff.

9 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE COMPARATIVE 10 ANALYSES CONDUCTED BY AUF?

I recommend the Commission reject the Company's analyses. The standard to use in evaluating affiliate transactions established by the Florida Supreme Court is whether those transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair. The comparisons prepared by the Company do nothing to support their contention that the affiliate charges are charged at the lower of cost or market. Nor do they show that the transactions do not exceed the going market rates. The Company's comparisons merely provide a broad view of the various billing rates that legal, engineering, accounting and management professionals could earn. The Company did not establish what rates AUF would have to pay as a standalone company in order to obtain engineering, legal, accounting, management, and customer service services. Likewise, it failed to demonstrate that the level of services provided by ASI would be required if Aqua were a standalone water company. There are many water and wastewater companies that operate throughout the U.S. which are not owned by a holding company and which are

¹²⁴ Direct Testimony of Stan F. Szczygiel, Exhibit SS-2, p. 11.

not provided support services by an affiliate. These companies, as shown in m
comparative analysis, provide water service at a cost significantly lower than the cost
provided by AUF.

A.

Q. IF THE COMMISSION DECIDES THAT A MARKET-BASED COMPARISON IS APPROPRIATE, DID YOU PREPARE AN ALTERNATIVE ANALYSIS?

Yes. My alternative analysis is presented on Schedule 13. My analysis accounts for the difference in the Service Company hourly rates if travel and computer hardware and software are not excluded from the Service Company hourly rates. In addition, I adjusted these hourly rates to account for the fact that an outside service provider cannot bill 100 percent of their time. To account for this, I increased the Service Company hourly rate to account for this difference, as explained below. I estimated the amount of billable time based upon the average billable time presented in the Florida Bar Association's 2010 Economics and Law Office Management Survey (the source used by the Company for the market-based legal rates).

As shown on Schedule 12, the average hours billed annually by outside lawyers was 1,482 which represents 71 percent of the 2,080 hours for a person working 40 hours per week. To account for the difference in billable hours between outside professionals and the hours used by the Service Company, which are assumed to be 100 percent billable, I increased the hourly rate of the Service Company categories by 40 percent to \$196 per hour. This is the increase required to produce an hourly rate that is comparable to the average hours billed for outside counsel of 1,482 compared to the total of 2,080. This

calculation adjusts the billable rates for Service Company personnel to be comparable to outside professionals.

3 Q. DID YOU MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENT TO THE MANAGEMENT

4 CONSULTANT HOURLY RATE?

- 5 A. Yes. I did. The hourly rates for management consultants ranged from a high of \$468 for 6 the "highest level" per hour to a low of \$115 for "entry level." The highest hourly rate is 7 equivalent to annual compensation of \$973,440—which is far higher than most, if not all 8 managers of the Service Company, and it exceeds the 2010 salary of Mr. DeBenedictis, the President of Aqua America, of \$554,499. 125 As explained earlier, the hourly rates for 9 10 the management consultants cannot be considered a market comparison to the Service 11 Company's management personnel. Nevertheless, if the Commission finds this approach 12 to be valuable, I recommend that they use the lowest hourly rates of the management 13 firms shown. I also adjusted the percentage assigned to each management level category 14 as reflected on Schedule 12. I have depicted those as follows: \$115 for entry level, \$135 15 for midlevel, \$182 for advanced, \$312 for upper level, and \$307 for the highest level. 16 Using these hourly rates and the revised weights produces a composite rate of \$161— 17 which is \$46 less than the Service Company adjusted hourly rate.
- 18 Q. WHAT ADJUSTMENT DO YOU RECOMMEND IF THE COMMISSION
 19 DETERMINES THIS APPROACH IS APPROPRIATE?
- 20 A. Once the adjustments that I recommend are taken into consideration, the Service
 21 Company hourly rate for management services is \$194 compared to the market rate of
 22 \$161. As shown on Schedule 14, these more appropriate market-based hourly rates
 23 produce an adjustment to Service Company management services of \$3.7 million. If

¹²⁵ 2010 Aqua America, Inc. Definitive Proxy Statement, p. 32.

these adjustments are converted to the Aqua Florida level, the adjustments for the systems included in the test year amounts to \$79.968 for management charges.

Affiliate Charges

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- 4 Q. WHAT IS THE AMOUNT OF AFFILIATE CHARGES INCLUDED IN THE
- 5 TEST YEAR?
- 6 A. As shown on Schedule 7, the amount of affiliate charges included in the test year is \$3.2
- 7 million. This is comprised of approximately \$270,000 allocated from AAI, \$1.5 million
- 8 allocated from ASI, and \$230,000 allocated from ACO. In addition, approximately \$1.2
- 9 million was directly charged to AUF from ASI, which was allocated across the AUF
- 10 systems.
- 11 Q. HAVE THE AFFILIATE CHARGES INCREASED SINCE THE COMPANY'S
- 12 PREVIOUS RATE CASE?
- 13 A. Yes. I am focusing primarily on Accounts 634 and 734, Contractual Services-
- 14 Management Fees (Management Fees), and Accounts 636 and 736, Contractual Services-
- 15 Other, as the Company was unable to explain the increases in the expenses included in
- these accounts. Schedules 15 contains the comparison analogous to the one required by
- the Commission as part of the MFR Schedules B-7 and B-8. Schedule 16 graphs the
- increase in cost from the prior test year to the current test year. It also contains the
- 19 Company's attempt to explain the huge increases in affiliate charges from the last rate
- case to the current rate case, which exceeds the growth in customers and the CPI-U.
- 21 Q. WHAT WAS THE INCREASE IN MANAGEMENT FEES?
- 22 A. As depicted on Schedule 15, Contractual Services Management Fees have increased
- 23 281 percent since the Company's previous rate case. The Company claims the increase is

due to a "Shift in recording of Regional and Corporate Admin allocations from Misc Expenses to Management Fees and an increase in annual management fees." Interestingly, while Management Fees increased by approximately \$1.3 million, the combined decrease in both the water and wastewater Miscellaneous Expenses, Accounts 675 and 775, was about \$168,000—significantly less than the increase in the Management Fees.

7 Q. DID CONTRACTUAL SERVICES – OTHER ALSO INCREASE 8 SIGNIFICANTLY?

Yes. Account Contractual Services – Other contains the ACO allocations, ACO Lockbox Fees, WorkFlow Processing Fees, and WorkFlow Billing Postage which are allocated to AUF. This account increased by 68 percent for the water operations, while the wastewater operations decreased by 20 percent since the last rate case. The Company's reason for the changes is the same for both accounts: "We had increases in IT Software and Hardware Maintenance costs, Outside Services Maintenance Costs (for planned and emergency facility maintenance), Outside services other, offset by decreases in Outside services operations (due to an operational change in method of meter reading from using an outside contractor to using an employee to conduct meter readings)." 127

18 Q. HAS THE COMPANY BEEN ABLE TO STATE THE PORTION OF THE
19 INCREASES IN MANAGEMENT FEES THAT RELATE TO THE INCREASES
20 IN COSTS VERSUS THE PORTION THAT RELATES TO THE CHANGE IN
21 PROCEDURES FOR RECORDING THE EXPENSES?

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¹²⁶ Company MFR Schedules B-7 and B-8.

¹²⁷ Company's Response to OPC Interrogatory 131.

1	A.	No. The Company has been evasive when asked to provide the reason for the change in
2		the procedure for recording the expenses and the amount related to each reason. For
3		example, when asked to provide the amounts related to the "shift in the allocation of
4		costs," from Miscellaneous Expenses (Accounts 675 and 775) to Management Fees the
5		Company provided this response:
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		Shift in recording of Interstate Admin Management Fees from accounts 675863 and 775863 in 2007 to accounts 634800 and 734800 for the Test Year. In the test year we have Regional Management Fees (Financial Analyst employee charges) included in accounts 634801 and 734801 which did not exist in the prior test year. These 2 changes caused the difference of \$317,953 [for AUF Water Rate Band 1] in the Contractual Services Mgmt Fees account 634 and 734 in the Test Year. (emphasis added)
14		The Company never quantified the impact of each change – which would appear to be a
15		simple task, as the salary for the Financial Analyst employee should be readily available.
16	Q.	DID THE COMPANY QUANTIFY THE INCREASES IN ITS CONTRACTUAL
17		SERVICES-OTHER ACCOUNT WHICH WOULD BE ALLOCATED FROM
18		ASI?
19	A.	No. The Company has been equally evasive when asked to quantify the amounts
20		associated with the increase in IT Software and Hardware Maintenance costs recorded in
21		this account. 129
22	Q.	DID OPC ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE
23		CAUSES FOR THE INCREASE IN THESE COSTS AS PART OF THE PAA
24		PROTEST?
25	A.	Yes. In follow-up discovery, OPC requested that the Company specifically quantify the
26		amount attributable to the change in the increase in Intracompany Clearing Accounts

¹²⁸ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 185.
129 Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 186.

634.863 and 734.863 for Contractual Services – Management Fees. The Company initially objected. OPC also requested the Company to provide all analyses which examined the increase in Contractual Services – Management Fees. The Company initially objected to the request on the basis that OPC "erroneously assumes" there is an increase in 634 and 734 Contractual Services – Management Fees. The Company provided responses to these questions in the form of a spreadsheet which showed monthly amounts from 2008 to 2009. There was no analysis or information that demonstrated that the increase in management above the level of inflation and customer growth resulted from other justifiable causes.

10 Q. IS IT APPROPRIATE TO PASS UNJUSTIFIABLE INCREASES IN 11 MANAGEMENT FEES AND CUSTOMER OPERATIONS ALLOCATIONS TO 12 RATEPAYERS?

No. The Company would have the Commission believe its centralized operations provide benefits to Florida customers; however, AUF has not been able to quantify or substantiate these "so-called" benefits. Even in the last case, when asked to "[p]lease quantify the savings associated with the consolidation of the customer service and state how such savings are reflected in the Company's filing, including the location in the MFRs and associated workpapers of the calculations by filename and tab," the Company responded: "AUF is unable to quantify the savings with the consolidation of customer service. Any such savings is reflected in the Affiliated Transactions Volume 1, Appendix 1." 132

¹³⁰ Company Response to OPC Interrogatory 210.

¹³¹ Company Response to OPC Document Requests 163 and 164.

¹³² Company's Response to OPC Interrogatory 136, Docket No. 080121-WS.

- Q. THE COMPANY HAS BEEN UNABLE TO JUSTIFY THE HUGE INCREASE
 FROM THE LAST RATE CASE TO THIS RATE CASE FOR CHARGES FROM
 THE SERVICE COMPANY, WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND?
 - As explained above, OPC attempted to obtain additional information from the Company to analyze the cause for the increases to the affiliate charges. While the Company ultimately responded to OPC discovery, the information supplied did NOT shed any light on the reasons for the high increases in management fees in the test year. Therefore, I recommend that, if the Commission does not adopt my recommended peer analysis discussed next, that, at a minimum, it adjust test year expenses to hold these charges to the level incurred in the prior rate case plus growth in customers and inflation. This adjustment would be \$1.2 million before accounting for the shift from miscellaneous expenses for water and \$361,000 for wastewater, as shown on Schedule 17. As shown on this Schedule, after accounting for the shift in miscellaneous expenses to management fees or contractual services other, there remains a significant unexplained increase in costs. Specifically, using this approach shows that management fees should be reduced by \$882,388 for the water operations and by \$348,674 for the wastewater operations.

Comparative Analysis

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18 Q. THE COMPANY HAS BEEN UNABLE TO EXPLAIN THE HUGE INCREASES
19 IN CHARGES FROM ASI AND ACO. HAVE YOU ALSO PREPARED AN
20 ANALYSIS WHICH EXAMINES AUF'S SERVICE COMPANY CHARGES
21 RELATIVE TO OTHER WATER COMPANIES OF A SIMILAR SIZE THAT
22 CAN BE USED TO EXAMINE THE REASONABLENESS OF THESE
23 CHARGES?

1 A. Yes. I compared AUF's customer and administrative-related expenses with other water
2 and wastewater utilities regulated by the Commission. By using only the customer and
3 administrative portion of expenses, this allows for a direct comparison of the services and
4 expenses charged to AUF by ASI.

5 Q. WHAT ACCOUNTS ARE YOU EXAMINING IN YOUR COMPARATIVE

ANALYSIS?

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I am comparing charges included in the following accounts: Salaries and Wages -Employees; Salaries and Wages - Officers and Directors; Contractual Services -Accounting; Contractual Services - Management Fees; Contractual Service-Other; and Miscellaneous Expenses. The services provided by ASI include accounting, financial, administration, customer service, communications, corporate secretarial, engineering, human resources, information services, legal, purchasing, rates and regulatory, and water quality. Some of the companies in the comparison group also have affiliate charges while others do not. It is necessary to include all of the accounts described above in the comparison because those companies that do not have service companies would record the costs for these service company functions, not under Contractual Services -Management Fees or Contractual Services - Other, but in these other accounts, like Salaries and Wages. Also, I am only examining the Administrative and General (A&G) and Customer portion of the O&M expenses, which is shown separately in the Annual Reports filed with the Commission for the Class A and B companies. Because this information is not readily available in the annual reports for the Class C utilities, I applied a weighting based upon the portion of A&G and Customer expenses to total expenses in these accounts for the Class B utilities. For example, customer accounts expenses are 34

- 1 percent of total expenses for Salaries and Wages for Class B water companies. The 34 2 percent is then applied to the Salaries and Wages expenses for Class C companies to 3 arrive at each company's customer account expense portion. This process was repeated 4 for each account included in my comparison.
- 5 Q. IN THE COMPANY'S LAST CASE AND IN THE PAA YOU PREPARED 6 ANALYSES THAT EXAMINED AUF'S SERVICE COMPANY CHARGES 7 RELATIVE TO OTHER WATER COMPANIES OF A SIMILAR SIZE. BOTH 8 THE COMPANY AND COMMISSION EXPRESSED CRITICISMS OF YOUR 9 ANALYSIS. HAVE YOU PREPARED RESPONSES TO THEM?
- 10 A. Yes. I examined the criticisms expressed by the Company and the Commission, and have 11 conducted further evaluations in order to address their concerns. My comparative analysis 12 in this proceeding addresses each concern raised by the Company and the Commission.
- 13 Q. LET'S BEGIN WITH THE COMPANY'S CRITICISMS. HOW DO YOU 14 RESPOND TO AQUA'S CRITICISM THAT YOU IGNORE THE RESULTS OF 15 THE STAFF'S AFFILIATE AUDIT CONDUCTED IN THE LAST CASE THAT 16 FOUND NOTHING TO SUGGEST THE AFFILIATE CHARGES WERE 17 UNREASONABLE OR IMPRUDENT? 133
- 18 One objective of the Staff's audit conducted in the prior rate case was "to determine that A. 19 operation and maintenance expenses are stated, calculated and allocated properly." To 20 that end, the Staff obtained and reviewed total expenses allocated to the individual 21 systems from AAI and within Aqua. The Staff's audit consisted of tracing expenses 22 allocated to the individual systems to the general ledgers; reviewing and recalculating the

¹³³ Docket 100330. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern. Dated May 3, 2011, p. 1.

134 Docket 080121-WS. <u>Auditor's Report</u>. Dated September 18, 2008, p. 6.

methodology of allocating expenses from AAI and AUF; and sampling allocated expenses for the proper amount, period, classification, whether non-utility related, nonrecurring, unreasonable and imprudent. 135

The Staff's audit for the most part is an auditing function that tracks charges to be sure they are posted correctly and included appropriately in the MFRs. While the Staff will find some expenses that are inappropriate, they are more typically in line with specific costs that have been disallowed by the Commission in the past, such as charitable contributions or political contributions. More importantly, the Audit did not examine the affiliate charge in light of the opinion expressed by the Florida Supreme Court, which states the standard must be whether the transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair. Therefore, my analysis was conducted, not to ignore the Staff's audit in the previous case, but to examine the question of whether the charges allocated from Aqua's affiliates exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair, which was not examined in the Staff's audit.

16 Q. AQUA STATES THAT OPC MISQUOTED THE COMMISSION IN AN EFFORT
17 TO JUSTIFY ITS COMPARISON GROUP OF CLASS C UTILITIES. 137 IS THE
18 COMPANY CORRECT IN ITS ASSESSMENT?

19 A. No. Aqua alleges I erroneously claimed the Commission stated that an analysis using
20 Class C utilities was more appropriate. In the previous rate case, I compared Aqua to
21 Class A utilities. In that case, the Commission found:

 ¹³⁵ Docket 080121-WS. <u>Auditor's Report</u>. Dated September 18, 2008, p. 6.
 136 <u>GTE v. Deason</u>, 642 So. 2d 545, 548 (Fla. 1994).

¹³⁷ Docket 100330. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern. Dated May 3, 2011, p. 1.

Although AUF is considered a Class A utility, we note that it is actually a 1 2 collection of many different widely dispersed systems, most of which would be considered class C utilities if on a stand-alone basis. The 3 comparison group proposed by witness Dismukes does not take this into 4 5 account and inaccurately compares AUF to Class A single systems. 138 6 In order to take into account the fact that Aqua's systems would be considered Class C 7 utilities on a standalone basis, as stated in the Commission's Order, the comparative 8 group used in the analysis conducted for the PAA consisted of Class C utilities. 9 O. AQUA STATES THAT IT IS ERRONEOUS TO COMPARE IT TO ONLY CLASS 10 C UTILITIES BECAUSE IT OWNS SEVEN WATER SYSTEMS AND SIX WASTEWATER SYSTEMS THAT WOULD BE CONSIDERED CLASS B IF 11 THEY WERE REQUIRED TO REPORT ON A STANDALONE BASIS. 139 HAVE 12 YOU ADDRESSED THIS CONCERN? 13 14 Yes. I have examined Aqua's systems included in the case and have determined that on a A. 15 standalone basis, 14 would be considered Class B and 47 Class C. 16 AUF CLAIMS THAT USING THE AMOUNTS FROM ITS ANNUAL REPORTS 0. 17 LEADS TO OVERSTATING THE ALLOCATED COSTS OF ASI BECAUSE THE ANNUAL REPORTS CONTAIN BOTH ALLOCATED AND NON-18 ALLOCATED COSTS.¹⁴⁰ DID YOU USE THE AMOUNTS FROM AUF'S 19 ANNUAL REPORTS? 20 21 A. No. I have not used the data from Aqua's Annual Reports. I have used the information

¹³⁸ Docket No. 080121, Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS, issued May 29, 2009, p. 78.

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from its general ledger for the test year. For the comparison companies, I did use the data

from their Annual Reports filed with the Commission. However, to account for the

¹⁴⁰ Docket 100330. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern. Dated May 3, 2011, p. 2.

¹³⁹ Docket 100330. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern. Dated May 3, 2011, p. 2.

- difference between the year ending 2009 Annual Report data and the test year April
- 2 2010, I inflated the amounts for the comparative companies to bring them up to the year-
- 3 ending April 2010 level.
- 4 Q. BOTH THE COMPANY AND THE COMMISSION EXPRESSED SPECIFIC
- 5 CONCERNS WITH YOUR COMPARISON GROUP. WOULD YOU PLEASE
- 6 **COMMENT ON THIS?**
- 7 A. Yes. Below I examine and explain each concern raised by the Commission and the
- 8 Company. In this proceeding, my starting point was to gather the data of every Class B
- and C water and wastewater company regulated by the Commission. I have listed each of
- these companies on Schedule 18. I then eliminated companies to take into consideration
- differences between the companies and Aqua. The reasons for elimination are listed at
- the top of the page. If a company was removed from the group, an "X" is placed in the
- applicable column indicating the reason for elimination.
- 14 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS AUF'S CONCERN THAT THE DATA USED
- 15 IS WIDELY DISPERSED, INDICATING THE UTILITIES USED HAVE
- 16 DISSIMILAR OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS AND COSTS, AND THUS
- 17 CANNOT BE USED FOR COMPARATIVE PURPOSES?¹⁴¹
- 18 A. Yes. Although I do not believe operating characteristics have as much of an impact on
- 19 customer and administrative expenses as the Company does, for argument's sake I took
- 20 into consideration the location of the utilities included in the comparative group.
- 21 Specifically, I eliminated companies that do not have operations in the same counties as
- AUF's systems included in this case. I have prepared Schedule 19 which is a map of the

¹⁴¹ Docket 100330. Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern. Dated May 3, 2011, p. 2.

- State of Florida. The counties in which Aqua systems in this rate case operate in are shaded in yellow. The counties where the comparative companies operate are shaded in
- orange, and where there is overlap, those counties are striped.
- 4 Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S CONCERN WITH THE ANNUAL REPORT DATA
- 5 YOU USED IN YOUR ANALYSIS?
- 6 A. The Company stated that the comparison group contains a high number of Class C
- 7 systems that report no Salaries & Wages or Employee Pensions & Benefits expenses.
- Thus, the average costs of the comparative group would be understated. 142
- 9 Q. WHY WERE COMPANIES THAT DID NOT REPORT ANY SALARIES &
- 10 WAGES OR EMPLOYEE PENSIONS & BENEFITS EXPENSES INCLUDED IN
- 11 YOUR PRIOR ANALYSES?
- 12 A. I included companies that did not report any Salaries & Wages or Employee Pensions &
- Benefits if the company recorded Contractual Services expenses, thus applying the
- 14 premise that the operations were performed by an outside party. However, to be
- 15 conservative and eliminate all concerns, in the analysis I am presenting in this
- 16 proceeding, I excluded companies that did not report any expenses under Salaries &
- Wages, and I have excluded Pensions and Benefits from the analysis.
- 18 Q. DID THE COMMISSION EXPRESS CONCERNS WITH YOUR
- 19 COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS IN ITS PAA ORDER?
- 20 A. Yes, the Commission raised three areas of concern, most of which were similar to the
- 21 Company's concerns. I have addressed each of these below.
- 22 Q. WHAT IS THE COMMISSION'S FIRST CONCERN?

¹⁴² Docket 100330. <u>Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Response To Citizens' Preliminary Areas Of Concern.</u> Dated May 3, 2011, p. 3.

- 1 A. The Commission's first concern is that there is a lack of demonstration that the Class C
- 2 utilities included in the comparative analysis have any water or wastewater system costs,
- 3 service territories, customer demographics, and/or any other operating characteristics
- 4 similar to AUF. 143
- 5 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE CONCERNING OPERATING
- 6 CHARACTERISTICS?
- 7 A. I do not believe operating characteristics would have a significant impact on customer
- 8 and administrative expenses. Nevertheless, as shown on Schedule 18, I have removed the
- 9 companies that have unique or more costly treatment processes.
- 10 Q, WHAT ABOUT THE COMMISSION'S CONCERN ABOUT SERVICE
- 11 TERRITORIES AND CUSTOMER DEMOGRAPHICS? DID YOU ACCOUNT
- 12 **FOR THIS?**
- 13 A. Yes. I only used companies that were in the same counties in which AUF operates. By
- including only companies in the same counties, the comparison group would have similar
- demographics and service territories. Therefore, any material difference in administrative
- and general expenses caused by different demographics or service territories should be
- 17 reduced or eliminated.
- 18 Q. THE COMMISSION'S NEXT CONCERN IS THAT MAKING THE
- 19 ADJUSTMENT YOU RECOMMENDED WOULD RESULT IN RATES THAT
- 20 ARE CONFISCATORY. 144 WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS THIS ISSUE?
- 21 A. Yes. The Commission stated that the U.S. Supreme Court has held that rates set so low
- as to deny an adequate rate of return are confiscatory. However, if the utility is

¹⁴³ Docket No. 100300. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS. Issued June 13, 2011, p. 74.

¹⁴⁴ Docket No. 100300. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS. Issued June 13, 2011, p. 75.

allowed to earn a return on its prudently incurred plant and to recover its prudently incurred costs, the Commission would not be setting rates that are confiscatory. And, if affiliate costs are not prudently incurred, disallowing recovery of such costs is not confiscatory.

5 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE ADDRESS THE COMMISSION'S NEXT CONCERN?

A.

Yes. The Commission's final concern is that the bulk of allocations from ASI include salaries for engineers, accountants, and many other professional positions, and my peer analysis did not compare the duties, activities, and responsibilities of any AUF-sister company employees with any specific employees of the Class C utilities in its analysis. However, it is not necessary to compare the duties, activities, and responsibilities of employees to determine that, under the Florida Supreme Court's standard, the affiliate costs charged to AUF are otherwise inherently unfair. As described below, my market comparison of other similarly situated water and wastewater companies demonstrates that the charges from ASI and ACO are "otherwise inherently unfair".

15 O. ARE COMPARISONS USED BY THE COMMISSION IN OTHER AREAS?

16 A. Yes. Comparative analyses are often performed for determination of the cost of equity.

17 Commissions often use hypothetical capital structures in determining the overall cost of

18 capital in instances where a utility's capital structure is unusual or too costly. These

19 hypothetical capital structures are often derived from examining the capital structure of

20 other utilities.

Q HAS THE COMPANY PRESENTED A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS?

Docket No. 100300. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS. Issued June 13, 2011, p. 75.
 Docket No. 100300. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS. Issued June 13, 2011, p.74.

A. Yes. Aqua has presented its own comparative analysis, which does not compare the duties, activities, and responsibilities for Aqua compared to the comparative groups.

While I do not endorse the comparison prepared by Aqua, it nevertheless demonstrates that the complexities associated with determining the reasonableness of affiliate transactions and the services provided in these situations require that the Commission look beyond its traditional approaches.

7 Q. WOULD YOU EXPLAIN YOUR COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS?

A.

Yes. As explained above, Schedule 18 contains all the companies that were examined for inclusion in my analysis. The companies removed from the analysis and the reasons for their elimination are also shown. Ultimately, my comparison group consists of 15 Class B companies and 29 Class C companies. My analyses consists of only Class B and Class C companies, as the AUF systems included in this rate case would all be considered Class B or Class C companies on a standalone basis. When developing the Class B/Class C peer group, I weighted the Class B and Class C companies' data in proportion to the revenue of the systems in each rate band. For example, in water Rate Band 1, 3 systems are Class B with total revenue of \$2.2 million, and 3 systems are Class C with total revenue of \$322,000. Therefore, water Rate Band 1 revenue is made up of 87 percent Class B systems and 13 percent Class C systems. I applied these ratios to the Class B and Class C peer company expenses and customers to develop the cost per customer to compare to water Rate Band 1 affiliate charges.

Q. HOW DID YOU EXAMINE THE INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS INCLUDED IN THE RATE CASE?

- 1 A. For the individual systems, I matched each system's Class ranking to the Class
- 2 comparison. For example, Breeze Hill would be considered a Class C company on a
- 3 standalone basis; therefore, its affiliate charges were compared only to Class C
- 4 companies.
- 5 Q. WHAT WERE THE RESULTS OF YOUR ANALYSIS FOR A&G COSTS ON A
- 6 **CUSTOMER BASIS?**
- 7 A. Schedule 21 compares the cost per customer of Aqua's water and wastewater A&G 8 compared to the respective peer group for each rate band and each individual system. As 9 shown, for Rate Band 1, for the water operations, the peer group's A&G cost per 10 customer is \$55 compared to Aqua's of \$89. On a per customer basis, the Company's 11 expenses are 62 percent higher than the peer group average. When you compare the 12 Company's wastewater A&G expenses for Rate Band 1 on a per customer basis of \$88 to 13 the peer group of \$34, it shows that AUF's expenses are 159 percent higher. The 14 remaining rate bands are also shown on this schedule. Examining individual systems, the peer group cost applicable to Breeze Hill is \$43 for water and \$34 for wastewater 15 compared to Aqua charges to Breeze Hill of \$84 per customer for water and \$85 for 16 17 wastewater. The remaining systems are also shown on this schedule. Based on the total 18 for all Rate Bands and systems, under the peer group approach, the A&G expenses 19 should be reduced by \$653,387 for the water operations and \$322,922 for the wastewater 20 operations.
- 21 Q. WHAT DOES YOUR ANALYSIS SHOW FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE
- 22 EXPENSES?

- 1 A. In all instances the cost per customer for customer service related expenses were less than
 2 the comparison group. Therefore, no adjustment was necessary.
- 3 Q. DID YOU ALSO EXAMINE THE A&G EXPENSES ON AN EQUIVALENT
- 4 RESIDENTIAL CONNECTION (ERC) BASIS?
- 5 A. Yes. I performed the same analysis on an ERC basis as well, and these results are shown 6 on Schedule 21. As shown under the first approach for water Rate Band 1, the peer 7 group's A&G cost per ERC is \$51 compared to Aqua's of \$87. Thus, on a per ERC 8 basis, the Company's expenses are 71 percent higher than the peer group average. 9 Comparing the Company's wastewater A&G expenses for Rate Band 1 on a per ERC 10 basis of \$88 to the peer group of \$34, it shows that AUF's expenses are 159 percent 11 higher. The remaining rate bands are shown on this schedule as well. Examining 12 individual systems, the peer group cost applicable to Breeze Hill is \$42 for water and \$34 13 for wastewater compared to Aqua charges to Breeze Hill of \$86 per ERC for water and \$84 per ERC for wastewater. Fairways and Peace River are also shown on this schedule. 14 In total for all Rate Bands and systems using ERCs, the A&G expenses should be 15 16 reduced by \$674,659 for the water operations and \$302,721 for the wastewater 17 operations.
- 18 Q. DID YOU EXAMINE ANY OTHER DATA WHICH DEMONSTRATES THAT

 19 THE COMPANY'S RATES ARE UNREASONABLY HIGH?
- 20 A. Yes. I compared the typical monthly bill of AUF's water and wastewater systems, under
 21 the rates approved by the Commission in the PAA, to the other water and wastewater
 22 systems operating in the same county. The results of my comparison are shown on
 23 Schedule 22.

Q. WHAT DOES YOUR COMPARISON SHOW?

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A.

My comparison shows that when compared to other water and wastewater utilities operating in the same county, AUF's charges are the highest most of the time. AUF's systems operate in 18 counties, and AUF has the highest water rate in 12 of the counties while it has the highest wastewater rate in 14. The typical monthly bills for AUF's systems are most often above average as well. Out of 26 water systems, 25 (or 96 percent) have rates higher than the average of the other utilities' rates in the same county, and all 17 wastewater systems' rates are higher than the average of the remaining utilities' rates in the same county. For example, in Alachua County, Aqua's Arrendondo system has a typical monthly water bill of \$49.52, which is 329 percent higher than the typical monthly bill of Kincaid Hills Water Company, the only other water company operating in Alachua County in the sample. In Polk County, AUF has four wastewater systems: Breeze Hill, Lake Gibson Estates, Rosalie Oaks, and Village Water with a monthly typical bill of \$49.52. The average for the remaining wastewater systems in Polk County is \$22.90. Thus, the AUF systems are 116 percent higher than the average.

Q. BASED UPON YOUR ANALYSES AND COMPARISONS, DID YOU FIND THAT THERE IS A BENEFIT TO THE CUSTOMERS ASSOCIATED WITH AUF BEING OWNED BY AQUA AMERICA?

No. Taking into consideration that AUF is part of the nation's largest investor owned provider of water and wastewater services, I would have expected to see a benefit to the customers of Florida as a result of their association with Aqua America. However, as the above schedule demonstrates, customers do not appear to have experienced any beneficial economies of scale associated with being part of a larger organization.

1 Q. ARE YOU MAKING AN ADJUSTMENT FOR THE ADDED COSTS FOR 2 MANAGEMENT FEES CHARGED FROM ASI?

Yes. I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses to reflect a lower cost consistent with the costs that are incurred by other water and wastewater companies. The analysis that I have conducted shows that the layers of management associated with ownership by Aqua America have not produced any cost savings for customers and, in fact, have resulted in excessive costs. The Company has failed to demonstrate that there are economies of scale associated with being part of a bigger organization where costs allegedly can be spread over more customers resulting in a lower cost per customer. In fact, when compared to other companies, the opposite appears to be true—there are diseconomies of scale.

A.

My analysis clearly demonstrates that the costs charged to the Company by Aqua Services are otherwise inherently unfair. After addressing each concern raised by the Company and the Commission in connection with my peer analysis, my comparison shows that there are no financial benefits of being associated with a larger company like Aqua America.

18 Q. HOW DID YOU DEVELOP YOUR FINAL RECOMMENDATION?

A. My recommendation is based upon an average of the per customer and per ERC peer approaches. These results are shown on Schedule 21. For all systems, I recommend a disallowance for ASI A&G expenses of \$664,023 for the water operations and \$312,822 for the wastewater operations.

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2		COM	emissi	ON DOE	S NOT	Γ ACCEPT YOUR	PRIMARY RECOMMEN	IDAT	ION?

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Yes. As discussed earlier, the Company provides no documentation for the increases in management fees and customer operations allocations since the previous rate case. In an effort to ensure that customers are not required to pay for increases that the Company cannot explain, I recommend that the Commission adjust expenses to the level consistent with the growth in customers and inflation. In addition, I also made adjustments to reflect the shifts in expenses the Company claims are to blame for the huge increase in the management fee. As shown on Schedule 17 under this approach test year expenses would be reduced by \$882,388 for the water operations and \$348,674 for the wastewater operations.

YOUR TESTIMONY AND ANALYSIS ON THE CHARGES FROM ASI AND ACO INDICATE THAT THE SYSTEMS PURCHASED BY AQUA AMERICA DO NOT APPEAR TO BENEFIT FROM THE LARGER ORGANIZATION. SHOULD THE COMMISSION CONSIDER ALTERNATIVES?

Yes. As described thus far in my testimony, the affiliate relationship between the Aqua operating systems and its parent and Service Company do not appear to provide sufficient benefits to justify the added costs. Although it sounds appealing to have a larger, more financial viable company purchase small, troubled systems, I do not believe that the Company has shown that the added costs provide commensurate benefits to the customers. The Commission should carefully examine the viability of Aqua's business plan of buying small, troubled systems and then seeking rate increases.

1 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS

3 A. Yes. I recommend the following:

RECOMMENDATIONS?

- The Commission should reject the Company's market analysis as it contains numerous flaws and does not demonstrate that the costs charged by its affiliates do not exceed the going market rates. The Company also does not establish what rates AUF would have to pay as a standalone company in order to obtain engineering, legal, accounting, management, and customer service services. The Company's comparison merely provides a broad view of the various billing rates various legal, engineering, accounting and management professionals charge.
- If the Commission decides a market analysis is appropriate, I recommend the Commission adopt my alternative analysis, which would reduce test year expenses by \$79,968 for management fees.
- I recommend the Commission adopt the comparative analysis I prepared and reduce test year expenses for the water operations by \$664,023 and the wastewater operations by \$312,822 for the management fees that are being allocated to the Company from Aqua Services.
- If the Commission does not adopt my recommended peer analysis, I recommend in
 the alternative that the Commission adjust test year expenses to hold these charges to
 the level incurred in 2007 plus growth in customers and inflation, less the shift in
 miscellaneous expenses. This results in a reduction to water expenses of \$882,388
 and to wastewater of \$348,673.

- The analyses that I have prepared demonstrate the charges from ASI and ACO are "otherwise inherently unfair" in accordance with the GTE court case.
 - The Commission should carefully examine the viability of Aqua's business plan of buying small, troubled systems and then seeking rate increases. Although it sounds appealing to have a larger, more financial viable company purchase small, troubled systems, the Company has shown that the added costs do not provide commensurate benefits to customers.

IV. Bad Debt Expense

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- 9 Q. LET'S TURN TO THE NEXT SECTION OF YOUR TESTIMONY. WHAT DID
 10 THE COMMISSION ORDER IN THE PAA CONCERNING BAD DEBT?
- 11 A. The Commission found that bad debt expense should be examined against a three-year average. Using the three-year average of \$386,221, the Commission found that the Company's bad debt should be reduced by \$3,199.¹⁴⁷
- 14 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS WITH THE DECISION IN THE PAA?
- 15 A. I have two primary concerns. First, the data used by the Commission is seriously flawed.

 16 Second, I disagree with the use of a three-year average given Aqua's specific

 17 circumstances—its poor billing, customer service, and meter reading practices. These

 18 factors contribute to the level of bad debt. Therefore, the Commission's three-year

 19 average approach penalizes customers for the Company's unsatisfactory customer

 20 services by imposing a higher than appropriate bad debt in test year expenses.
- 21 Q. WHAT AMOUNT OF BAD DEBT IS INCLUDED IN THE TEST YEAR?

¹⁴⁷ Docket No. 100330-WS. In re: Application for increase in water/wastewater rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Hardee, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS on June 13, 2011. p.81.

A. I have prepared Schedule 23 to show the level of bad debt for each rate band and the individual systems. As shown, for Rate Band one, the test year level of bad debt for both water and wastewater combined was \$59,538, for rate band two it was \$50,273, for rate band three it was \$51,872, and for rate band four it was \$209,875. The individual systems also incurred bad debt as follows: Breeze Hill's bad debt was \$134, Fairways' bad debt was \$4,277, and Peace River's bad debt was \$13,452. In total for all systems test year bad debt amounted to \$389,421—this represents about 3 percent of the test year revenue.

9 Q. HOW DOES THE COMPANY'S TEST YEAR BAD DEBT COMPARE TO 10 EARLIER YEARS?

11 A. As shown on Schedule 23, comparing the test year (May 2009-April 2010) to the year before (May 2008-April 2009), the test year is slightly higher. Likewise, the test year is somewhat higher than the other year examined by the Commission, November 2009 to October 2010. However, the test year is substantially higher than the period of May 2007-April 2008. 148

Q. LET'S ADDRESS YOUR FIRST CONCERN WITH THE COMMISSION'S ADJUSTMENT. HOW IS THE DATA USED BY THE COMMISSION WRONG?

A. The historical data used by the Commission to determine the "appropriate" level of test year bad debt is reflected on Schedule 23. The Commission used the three year average for the periods of May 2008 to April 2009, May 2009 to April 2010, and November 2009 to October 2010. However, the three-year average used by the Commission to estimate the reasonableness of the test year expenses includes the test year expenses. This is clearly inappropriate as it distorts the average. If the test year is abnormally high or low,

¹⁴⁸ Discovery is outstanding on the period May 2007 to April 2008.

it will incorrectly raise or lower the comparative average. Moreover, it is incorrect to include in an average the data that is being tested for reasonableness.

3 Q. WHAT IS THE NEXT PROBLEM WITH THE COMMISSION'S DATA?

It is not a true three-year average. It uses May 2008 to April 2009, May 2009 to April 4 A. 5 2010 (which is the test year), and November 2009 to October 2010. While it is three different time periods, as noted above the second period is the test year and is therefore 6 7 incorrect. The third time period includes six months of the test year and therefore suffers 8 from the same flaw as including the test year in the average. By including not only the 9 test year in the average, but then including another six months of the test year in the average, the data used to test the reasonableness of the test year bad debt expense is 10 11 erroneous as it double counts six months of the test year.

12 Q. WHAT IS THE THIRD PROBLEM WITH THE DATA USED BY THE 13 COMMISSION?

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An examination of the data shows that there are clearly some outliers that should not be included in the average. For example, for the year ending April 2009, wastewater Rate Band 2 showed bad debt of \$172,880 or 45 percent of the total for all systems of \$384,815. Looking at the same Rate Band, for the years prior to and after April 2009, this shows that this system's bad debt for the year ending April 2009 is clearly irregular. As shown, it was \$27,929 for the year ending April 2008, \$8,746 for the year ending April 2010 and \$10,501 for the year ending October 2010.

Q. HOW DID YOU CORRECT THE DATA USED BY THE COMMISSION IN THE PAA?

My corrections are reflected on page 1 of Schedule 24. I have made two corrections to A. 2 the Commission's calculations. First, I have removed the test year from the three year 3 average. Second, I used the average of May 2007 to April 2008 and November 2009 to October 2010 to correct the outlier for wastewater Rate Band 2. This produced an 4 estimate of \$19,215 for Rate Band 2 for the period May 2008 to April 2009. Schedule 24 5 6 shows by rate band and system the adjustment to bad debt expense that would result 7 under this recommendation. As shown, my recommendations indicated that bad debt expenses for the test year should be reduced by \$81,633 under this methodology. 8

9 DO YOU RECOMMEND THE ADJUSTMENT OF \$81,633 TO BAD DEBT Q. 10 **EXPENSE?**

11 No, I do not. Aqua has experienced billing, customer service, and meter reading A. 12 problems in the past. This has contributed to the prior year level of bad debt being higher 13 than normal which renders prior data inappropriate to test the reasonableness of test year 14 data.

15 Q. WOULD YOU EXPLAIN THESE PROBLEMS?

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A.

Yes. In the Company's last rate case, it had installed a new billing system which caused considerable billing problems. Also, Aqua installed new meters which it claimed contributed to significant billing errors in 2007. Obviously, billing errors of this magnitude would lead to higher than normal bad debt in 2007 and 2008. Customers were also very dissatisfied with the Company's customer service and billing practices which would have also led to higher than normal bad debt expense. In fact, I presented testimony in the last rate case demonstrating that customers were dissatisfied with the Company billing and customer service since 2007.

1	Q.	HAVE THERE BEEN BILLING AND SERVICE QUALITY PROBLEMS
2		DURING THE TEST YEAR THAT COULD CONTRIBUTE TO HIGHER BAD
3		DEBT EXPENSE RELATIVE TO A COMPANY WITH GOOD BILLING
4		PRACTICES THAT ALSO PROVIDES QUALITY CUSTOMER SERVICE?
5	Α.	Yes. As explained in the first section of my testimony, customers are still experiencing

A.

A. Yes. As explained in the first section of my testimony, customers are still experiencing billing problems associated with untimely or inadequate information, meter reading inconsistencies, and estimated bills. This undoubtedly will lead to higher bad debt expense during the test year relative to a utility that has good billing and customer service practices.

10 Q. WHAT CHANGES DO YOU RECOMMEND TO THE APPROACH TAKEN IN 11 THE PAA TO ESTABLISH THE TEST YEAR LEVEL OF BAD DEBT?

The Commission used a three-year average to test the reasonableness of Aqua's bad debt expense. While this approach might be appropriate where there are no billing or customer service issues, it is clearly inappropriate where such problems exist, as in the current case. Comparing the Company against itself, especially when there have been billing and customer service problems in the past, essentially sends the signal that there will be no consequences, except to customers, for the Company's bad billing and poor customer service practices. It must be determined by the Commission first that the practices of the Company have yielded a level of bad debt that is reasonable and therefore appropriate for comparison to the test year. No such showing has been made in this case.

¹⁴⁹ Docket No. 080121-WS. In Re: Application for Increase in Water and Wastewater Rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS on May 29, 2009, p. 95.

1	Q.	HAVE YOU COMPARED	AQUA'S BAD DEBT TO	OTHER FLORIDA WATER
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- 2 AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES?
- 3 A. Yes. This comparison is depicted on page 2 of Schedule 24.
- 4 Q. WHY IS THERE SUCH A BIG DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE COMPANY'S
- 5 BAD DEBT AND THE PEER GROUP'S BAD DEBT?
- 6 A. The difference between the Company's bad debt and the average for comparable
- 7 companies is substantial enough that the Commission should clearly place the burden on
- 8 the Company of demonstrating what causes these differences. As explained in the first
- 9 section of my testimony, this difference is likely due to the Company's poor customer
- service, inadequate billing practices, and service quality problems.
- 11 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?
- 12 A. I recommend that the Commission adjust test year bad debt to a level that is consistent
- with good billing, customer service, and meter reading practices. It is clearly unfair to
- charge customers, through higher bad debt, because of the Company's failures.
- 15 Q. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION THAT WILL ENSURE THAT
- 16 CUSTOMERS ARE NOT HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COMPANY'S POOR
- 17 BILLING, CUSTOMER SERVICE, AND METER READING PRACTICES?
- 18 A. Yes. Schedule 24 shows a comparison of the test year bad debt per customer for all rate
- bands compared to the peer group water and wastewater utilities. As shown on this
- schedule, the bad debt allowance for Aqua is \$78,605. This compares to Aqua's test year
- bad debt of \$389,421. As shown on this schedule, using this methodology, the resulting
- adjustment to test year bad debt expense is \$310,816.
- 23 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS?

- 1 A. Yes.
- The Commission should reject the bad debt allowances allowed in the PAA.
- Adjust test year bad debt to a level that is consistent with good billing, customer
- 4 service, and meter reading practices; and reduce test year bad debt by \$310,816.
- In the alternative, using a more appropriate 2-year average, bad debt expense should be
- 6 reduced by \$81,633.

7 V. Revenue/Billing Determinants

- 8 Q. LET'S TURN TO THE NEXT SECTION OF YOUR TESTIMONY. WHAT ARE
- 9 YOU ADDRESSING CONCERNING TEST YEAR REVENUE AND BILLING
- 10 **DETERMINANTS?**
- 11 A. I am addressing the Company's claims that its sales have declined in the test year.
- Specifically, in its application the Company stated that one of the reasons for the need to
- increase its rates stems for a reduction in consumption of 16 percent below the
- 14 Commission's repressed consumption calculations in the last rate case. According to the
- 15 Company, this reduction in consumption and corresponding declines in revenue are
- significant and are directly attributable to the unanticipated installation of a large number
- of private irrigation wells in AUF's service area. Consequently, the Company states that
- its water volume sales are not producing revenues sufficient to cover the costs that the
- 19 Commission determined were reasonable in the last rate case. 150
- 20 Q. DO THE COMPANY'S BUDGET VARIANCE REPORTS ADDRESS
- 21 **REDUCTIONS IN CUSTOMER USAGE?**

¹⁵⁰ Aqua Utilities of Florida, Application of Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. For Increased Water and Wastewater Rates, and for Approval of Increased or Revised Service Availability Charges and Allowance for Funds Prudently Invested Charges, p. 2.

- 1 A. Yes. An examination of the budget variance reports for the test year discussed several
 2 instances of reduced consumption. For example, for the months of June, July,
 3 September, December, January, February, March and April, the budget variance reports
 4 explain Aqua missed its revenue targets due to reduced consumption. In addition, for
 5 several months the difference between actual and the budget is explained by customers
 6 digging wells in Scottish Highlands which is in Rate Band 1.
- Q. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT CURRENT CUSTOMERS SHOULD BEAR THE INCREASED REVENUE REQUIREMENT ASSOCIATED WITH THIS REDUCTION IN USAGE IN THIS PROCEEDING?
 - No, I do not for several reasons. First, the Company is in a much better position than customers to bear the revenue loss associated with customers either reducing consumption due to financial hardship, unreasonably high rates, or to poor quality of service. These factors are largely beyond the control of customers and are more under the control of the Company. Moreover, the Company is authorized by the Commission to earn a return on equity which includes a component to compensate stockholders for risk. An inherent risk in any company is the loss of revenue due to a variety of reasons like economic downturns, competition, conservation, and alternative suppliers. It is unfair to ask customers to also make the Company whole for lost revenues due to reduced sales, under the current circumstances. Stockholders are in a much better position to manage this risk than ratepayers. If the Commission requires customers to bear this risk, then it should clearly take this factor into consideration in setting the Company's cost of equity.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

A.

- 1 A. I recommend that the Commission increase test year revenue to reverse the test year
- 2 impact of reduced usage that is either due to the Company's high rates, poor customer
- 3 service, or factors that are beyond the control of customers. Stockholders, not ratepayers,
- 4 should bear the risk of this revenue loss.
- 5 Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED A SCHEDULE WHICH SHOWS YOUR
- 6 **RECOMMENDATIONS?**
- 7 A. Yes. Schedule 25 shows my recommendations. As depicted on this Schedule I
- 8 recommend that test year revenue be increased by \$372,925. Billing determinants by rate
- 9 band are also shown on this schedule.
- 10 VI. Rate Case Expense
- 11 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS AUF'S RATE CASE EXPENSE REQUEST?
- 12 A. Yes. The Company requested rate case expenses of \$670,268¹⁵¹ in its original rate filing
- of September 1, 2010. During the Proposed Agency Action process, the Company
- submitted documentation which showed that the actual amount totaled \$650,944 and
- AUF re-estimated an additional amount of \$236,928. In its PAA decision, the
- 16 Commission reduced the Company's requested rate case expenses of \$887,872 by
- 17 \$109,602 resulting in an approved a rate case expense of \$778,269. 152
- 18 Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S CURRENT RATE CASE EXPENSE REQUEST?
- 19 A. The Company's most recent rate case expense request is \$1.2 million. As shown on
- Schedule 26, this consists of \$529,772 in legal fees, \$415,192 in consulting fees,

¹⁵¹ Docket No. 100330-WS. In re: Application for increase in water/wastewater rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Hardee, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS on June 13, 2011. p.84.

¹⁵² Docket No. 100330-WS. In re: Application for increase in water/wastewater rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto,

Hardee, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS on June 13, 2011. p.84.

- \$159,692 in service company fees, and \$144,663 in travel and other fees. This amounts
- 2 to \$56.00 per customer for the systems that are part of the instant rate increase request.
- 3 Q. HOW LONG HAS IT BEEN SINCE THE COMPANY RECEIVED ITS LAST
- 4 RATE INCREASE?
- 5 A. It has been one year and four months since Aqua's last rate case was decided by the
- 6 Commission. The Company's last rate case was filed on May 22, 2008, and was decided
- 7 on May 29, 2009 (2008 Rate Case). 153
- 8 Q. WHAT AMOUNT OF RATE CASE EXPENSE DID THE COMPANY REQUEST
- 9 AND WHAT DID THE COMMISSION ALLOW IN THE 2008 RATE CASE?
- 10 A. In the Company's 2008 Rate Case, the Company requested \$1,782,586. The
- 11 Commission, however, allowed \$1,501,609. This amounts to \$63.64 per customer for
- the systems that were part of the last rate case. In total between the two rate cases,
- customers are being asked to pay approximately \$119.64 per customer in return for which
- the Company's rates will be raised for the benefit of shareholders.
- 15 Q. SHOULD THE COMMISSION ALLOW THE COMPANY TO RECOVER 100
- 16 PERCENT OF ITS REQUESTED RATE CASE EXPENSE?
- 17 A. No. I recommend that the Commission disallow a portion of the rate case expense
- requested in this proceeding in several areas.
- 19 Q. WHAT IS THE FIRST REASON THAT YOU RECOMMEND THE
- 20 COMMISSION DISALLOW A PORTION OF THE COMPANY'S REQUESTED

Docket No. 080121-WS. In re: Application for increase in water and wastewater rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS on May 29, 2009.
 Docket No. 080121-WS. In re: Application for increase in water and wastewater rates in Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and

RATE CASE EXPENSE?

- 2 A. The Company was required to file modifications to its MFRs due to the six deficiencies 3 in the MFRs found by the Staff. It is common practice for the Commission to disallow 4 the costs associated with revising MFRs.
- 5 Q. WHAT IS YOUR SECOND CONCERN REGARDING RATE CASE EXPENSE?
- A. My second concern relates to the number of persons Aqua brought to the service hearings. I recommend that all excessive costs associated with bringing unnecessary Aqua persons to the service hearings should be removed from rate case expense. To the extent that Aqua believes that it is necessary to have 5 or more employees attend these service hearings, that is a cost the Company should bear, not the ratepayers.
- 11 Q. IN A PATTERN SIMILAR TO THE PRIOR RATE CASE DID THE COMPANY
 12 FRUSTRATE THE DISCOVERY PROCESS AND CAUSE UNNECESSARY
 13 DELAY AND COSTS?
 - A. Yes. Just as in its last rate case, the Company frustrated the discovery process and caused unnecessary delay and costs because it produced hard copies of documents. Most if not all of these documents were available electronically; yet, it required persons for OPC to travel to the Holland and Knight offices to examine hard copies of documents. The inefficiency and intentional obfuscation should not be permitted by the Commission. I have been involved in many rate cases in recent years and have never encountered a utility which frustrated the discovery process in the manner conducted by Aqua. I recommend that all costs included in the rate case associated with producing unnecessary hard copies of documents that are available electronically should be disallowed. This would include the costs of printing and compiling the documents as well as the persons

that monitored the on-site reviews at the law office of Holland and Knight. This tactic not only created more costs for ratepayers, it also caused OPC to expend valuable 2 resources to review documents which could have been provided more efficiently in an electronic format without all the wasted paper.

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5 Q. ARE THERE OTHER SPECIFIC DISALLOWANCES THAT YOU 6 **RECOMMEND?**

7 A. Yes. Ms. Vandiver identified several rate case expenses that should be disallowed.

8 IS THERE PRECEDENT FOR DISALLOWING RATE CASE EXPENSES IN Q.

A. Yes, the Commission has disallowed rate case expenses on many occasions because it has found them to be imprudent. Many of the Commission's decisions on this issue are set forth in Order No. PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU. In that order, the Commission addressed Order No. PSC-98-1583-FOF-WS, issued November 25, 1998, in Docket No. 971663-WS, where Florida Cities Water Company was seeking recovery of court costs (and the rate case expense associated with the docket filing). In that case the Commission found that the incurrence of rate case expense was imprudent and denied the utility's request for recovery. Also, in Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued October 30, 1996, in Docket No. 950495-WS, the Commission denied legal rate case expense of \$25,000 incurred for what it deemed an imprudent appeal of an oral decision on interim rates. In addition, in Order No. 18960, issued March 7, 1988, in Docket No. 861338-WS, the Commission determined that expenditures for misspent time were imprudent and reduced the requested rate case expense by \$32,500. Finally, in Order No. PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU, issued April 30, 2002, the Commission found: "As discussed above, it is the

utility's burden to prove that its requested costs are reasonable. We find that filing combined water and wastewater rate cases would have resulted in material cost savings, and the customers should not be made to pay because Aloha incurred imprudent rate case expense." Id. at p. 77.

In Order No. PSC-06-0170-PAA-WS issued March 1, 2006, for Plantation Bay Utility Company, the Commission stated that "[u]nder this Commission's rate setting authority, a utility seeking a change in rates must demonstrate that its present rates are unreasonable."

Id. at p. 36. The Commission found it inappropriate to approve rate case expense for water because of the utility's recent overearnings posture. The utility's decision to file for water rate relief was imprudent and "the customers should therefore not have to bear this cost." Id. at p. 36. No rate case expense was allowed for water.

In a 2006 rate case, Utilities Inc. of Florida provided two sets of estimates for its consultants to complete the case. However, no justification was provided for the high set of estimates. Therefore, in Order No. PSC-07-0505-SC-WS, issued June 13, 2007, the Commission removed the differences. The Commission also made several adjustments related to costs incurred to correct deficiencies in the MFR filing, as well as several adjustments for unsupported hours and expenses. In addition to the adjustments, the allocation of rate case expense for two counties was disallowed. Because the rates did not change for one county, and were reduced for the other, the rate case expense associated with the filings for those counties was disallowed. In all, the Commission disallowed \$173,052 in rate case expense.

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More recently, in Order No. PSC-07-0865-PAA-SU, issued October 29, 2007, the Commission stated "[w]e have broad discretion with respect to allowance of rate case expense; however, it would constitute an abuse of discretion to automatically award rate case expense without reference to the prudence of the costs incurred in the rate case proceedings." Id. at p. 34. In this case, the Commission disallowed \$50,543 of the \$196,080 in rate case expense requested by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven. The Commission cited a number of adjustments for MFR deficiencies, errors, undocumented and unsupported hours and unreasonable expenses of employees and consultants. Similarly, in Order No. PSC-07-0287-PAA-WS, issued April 3, 2007, for Lake Placid Utilities, Inc., the Commission's adjustments and disallowances totaled \$101,239 for MFR deficiencies, and for unsupported and unreasonable expenses. Schedule 27 shows fourteen recent rate cases where the Commission disallowed significant portions of the rate case expense. In each of these cases, adjustments were made for hours spent on MFR filing deficiencies and for expenses that were not supported by detailed documentation.

Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMPANY RECOVER 100 PERCENT OF THE RATE CASE EXPENSE FOUND REASONABLE BY THE COMMISSION?

No. I recommend that the Commission require that rate case expense be shared between ratepayers and stockholders. In particular, I recommend a 50/50 sharing. There is no reason to require customers to bear the entire burden of rate case expense. Customers do not directly benefit from a rate case and are not the party asking for rates to be increased. Aqua is the party seeking a rate increase. Furthermore, the beneficiary of increased rates

1		is predominately the Company's stockholders. A primary motivation for filing a rate
2		increase is to increase shareholder wealth. Therefore, I recommend that prudent rate case
3		expense be shared equally between ratepayers and stockholder.
4	Q.	ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY COMMISSIONS THAT REQUIRE RATE CASE
5		EXPENSE TO BE SHARED BETWEEN RATEPAYERS AND
6		STOCKHOLDERS?
7	A.	Yes. In New Jersey, the Board of Public Utilities has had a long-standing and well
8		established policy of a 50/50 sharing of rate case expenses. In a case for Jersey Central
9		Power and Light, the Board Staff noted that "[w]hile a rate case benefits the ratepayers
10		through the continuation of safe, adequate and proper utility service, it also benefits
11		shareholders, because the Company has a renewed opportunity to earn a fair return on
12		equity."155 This is not only for electric companies in New Jersey. In fact, in 2007, Aqua
13		New Jersey was ordered to split its rate case expenses 50/50 between shareholders and
14		customers as "[a] rate case arises for the benefit of a company's shareholders, who
15		should then be required to shoulder some of the burden."156
16		
17		In Illinois, in 2006 the Commission approved Staff's proposed treatment of rate case
18		expense for Commonwealth Edison Company which required shareholders to " bear
19		the capital costs associated with improving their investment through increased rates,
20		while ratepayers bear the average annual cost for the continued provision of safe reliable

¹⁵⁵ BPU Docket No. ER02080506; Docket No. ER02080507; Docket No. EO02070417; Docket No. ER02030173; Docket No. ER95120633, New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, May 17, 2004, Dated.

¹⁵⁶ BPU Docket No. WR05121022; OAL Docket No. PUC 3338-06; BPU Docket No. WRO6120897, New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, January 17, 2007, Dated, emphasis added.

1	service." Staff explained that without this treatment, there is little to no incentive for the
2	Company to keep its rate case expenses to a minimum. 157

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Sharing of rate case expenses has also been ordered in Minnesota. The Commission found "that shareholders, as well as ratepayers benefit from the rate case process and, therefore, the costs incurred by the Company in the course of that process should be shared between ratepayers and shareholders." ¹⁵⁸

- 8 Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY UTILITIES THAT HAVE ACCEPTED A SHARING
- 9 OF RATE CASE EXPENSE BETWEEN STOCKHOLDERS AND
- 10 RATEPAYERS?
- 11 A. Yes. In Docket No. PUC 7281-03 before the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, a
 12 utility witness, testifying on behalf of Elizabethtown Water Company, stated in his
 13 rebuttal testimony that: "Although the costs of a rate case filing are a reasonable cost of
 14 operation for any utility particularly in this case where the Company was required to file
 15 pursuant to a Board Order, the Company will not oppose Mr. Henkes' proposal that those
 16 costs be shared between ratepayers and shareholders."
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- 17 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING RATE CASE
 18 EXPENSE THAT DEALS WITH THE EFFECTS OF THE COMPANY FILING
 19 ONE RATE CASE ON TOP OF ANOTHER?
- 20 A. Yes. As describe above, this rate case comes a little more than one year after the last rate 21 case. The Commission should not encourage utilities to file rate cases one on top of 22 another with little time in between. The burden of pancaking rate cases is placed squarely

¹⁵⁷ Docket No. 05-0597, Illinois Commerce Commission, July 26, 2006.

¹⁵⁸ Docket No. E-001/GR-91-605, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, June 12, 1992.

¹⁵⁹ Docket No. 080121, Response to OPC Document Request 197.

on the shoulders of ratepayers. Yet, again it is the stockholder that benefits the most from rate cases. Therefore, to help ameliorate the impact of rate case expense, I recommend 2 that the Commission defer recovery of the rate case expense approved in this proceeding until the rate case expense from the prior proceeding is fully amortized. After the 2008 rate case expense has been amortized, the Company should be permitted to amortize the 5 rate case expense found reasonable in this proceeding over four years. In the interim, the 6 Company should be permitted to earn a return on the unamortized balance. 7

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RECOMMENDED **SUMMARIZE** YOUR 8 Q. WOULD YOU **PLEASE** ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE CASE EXPENSE? 9

- Yes. I recommend the following adjustments to the rate case expense requested in this 10 A. 11 proceeding:
 - The Commission should disallow the costs associated with the Company's revision of its MFRs, consistent with Commission precedent.
 - All excessive costs associated with bringing unnecessary Aqua persons to the service hearings should be removed from rate case expense.
 - The Commission should disallow all costs included in the rate case associated with producing unnecessary hard copies of documents that are available electronically during the discovery process. This would include the costs of printing and compiling the documents as well as the persons that monitored the on-site reviews at the law office of Holland and Knight.
 - Rate case expense disallowances identified by Ms. Vandiver.
 - Rate case expense should be shared 50/50 between ratepayers and stockholders.

• I also recommend that the Commission defer the rate case expense approved in this proceeding until the rate case expense from the prior proceeding has been fully amortized. After the 2008 rate case expense has been amortized, the Company should be permitted to amortize the rate case expense found reasonable in this proceeding over four years. In the interim, the Company should be permitted to earn a return on the unamortized balance.

VII. Conclusions and Recommendations

- Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS
 REGARDING THE COMPANY'S WATER QUALITY AND CUSTOMER
 SERVICE?
- 12 A. Yes. I believe the Commission should reduce the Company's ROE by 100 basis points
 13 for its poor quality of service for the following reasons:
 - Numerous Aqua customers voicing their opinions at the hearings and through their correspondence have expressed their frustrations about Aqua's poor quality of service. The complaints are similar to those in the last rate case. In fact, for some customers and systems, the problems having been going on for 15 years.
 - Even since Aqua America's acquisition of several FWSC (formerly SSU) systems seven years ago, many of the problems have still not been resolved.
 - Aqua knew that some of those systems had problems when they purchased them.
 They paid less than book value, yet customers are still being asked to provide a return on the full net book value a difference of \$2.7 million.

- Aqua has not honored its commitment to provide its customers with the highest quality of service at the lowest price as it claimed it would when it asked the Commission to approve the purchase of many FWSC systems.
 A 25 basis point reduction in the ROE is not sufficient to change Aqua's behavior. Therefore, the Commission should find 100 basis points appropriate.
 I also recommend that the Commission order the Company to gather state specific
- 7 call center data on a going forward basis, if the cost of doing so is reasonable.

 8 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS
- 10 A. Yes. I recommend the following:

RECOMMENDATIONS?

- The Commission should reject the Company's market analysis as it contains numerous flaws and does not demonstrate that the costs charged by its affiliates do not exceed the going market rates; and they do not establish what rates AUF would have to pay as a standalone company in order to obtain engineering, legal, accounting, management, and customer service services. The Company's comparison merely provides a broad view of the various billing rates various legal, engineering, accounting and management professionals charge.
- If the Commission decides a market analysis is appropriate, I recommend the Commission adopt my alternative analysis, which would reduce test year expenses by \$79,968 for management fees.
- I recommend the Commission adopt the comparative analysis I prepared and reduce test year expenses for the water operations by \$664,023 and the wastewater

1		operations by \$312,822 for the management fees that are being allocated to the
2		Company from Aqua Services.
3		• If the Commission does not adopt my recommended peer analysis, I recommend in
4		the alternative that the Commission adjust test year expenses to hold these charges to
5		the level incurred in 2007 plus growth in customers and inflation, less the shift in
6		miscellaneous expenses. This results in a reduction to water expenses of \$882,388
7		and to wastewater of \$348,673.
8		• The analyses that I have prepared demonstrate the charges from ASI and ACO are
9		"otherwise inherently unfair" in accordance with GTE.
10		• The Commission should carefully examine the viability of Aqua's business plan of
11		buying small, troubled systems and then seeking rate increases. Although it sounds
12		appealing to have a larger, more financial viable company purchase small, troubled
13		systems, the Company has shown that the added costs do not provide commensurate
14		benefits to customers.
15	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS
16		REGARDING BAD DEBT?
17	A.	Yes.
18		• The Commission should reject the bad debt allowances allowed in the PAA.
19		• Adjust test year bad debt to a level that is consistent with good billing, customer
20		service, and meter reading practices; and reduce test year bad debt by \$310,816.

In the alternative, using a more appropriate 2-year average, bad debt expense should be

reduced by \$81,633.

1	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO THE COMPANY'S
2		REVENUE AND BILLING DETERMINANTS?
3	A.	I recommend that the Commission increase test year revenue to reverse the test year
4		impact of reduced usage that is either due to the Company's high rates, poor customer
5		service, or factors that are beyond the control of customers. Stockholders, not ratepayers,
6		should bear the risk of this revenue loss.
7	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS ARE YOU RECOMMENDING TO RATE CASE
8		EXPENSE?
9	A.	I recommend the following adjustments to the rate case expense requested in this
10		proceeding:
11		• The Commission should disallow the costs associated with the Company's revision of
12		its MFRs, consistent with Commission precedent.
13		All excessive costs associated with bringing unnecessary Aqua persons to the service
14		hearings should be removed from rate case expense.
15		• The Commission should disallow all costs included in the rate case associated with
16		producing unnecessary hard copies of documents that are available electronically
17		during the discovery process. This would include the costs of printing and compiling
18		the documents as well as the persons that monitored the on-site reviews at the law
19		office of Holland and Knight.
20		Rate case expense disallowances identified by Ms. Vandiver.
21		• Rate case expense should be shared 50/50 between ratepayers and stockholders.

I also recommend that the Commission defer the rate case expense approved in this

proceeding until the rate case expense from the prior proceeding has been fully

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amortized. After the 2008 rate case expense has been amortized, the Company should 1 be permitted to amortize the rate case expense found reasonable in this proceeding 2 over four years. In the interim, the Company should be permitted to earn a return on 3 the unamortized balance. 4 DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY, FILED ON SEPTEMBER 22, 5 Q. 6 2011? A. Yes. 7

1 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

Q. And, Ms. Dismukes, did your prefiled testimony have exhibits attached to it labeled Appendix 1, and Exhibit 1 with Schedules 1 through 28 labeled KHD-1, Schedule 1?

- A. Yes, it did.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any corrections to KHD-1, Schedule 1 through Schedule 28?
 - A. No, I do not.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: I would ask that the witness be allowed to provide her five-minute summary.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, please.

THE WITNESS: Good afternoon, Commissioners.

I want to thank you for trying to accommodate my schedule. It didn't really work out, but I do appreciate the effort.

My testimony addresses several areas. First,
I addressed Aqua's customer service and water quality
issues as raised by AUF's customers. During the course
of this proceeding, numerous customers have expressed
dissatisfaction about the company's slow response time
in resolving their problems, poor treatment by Aqua's
customer service representatives, lack of communication
on boil-water notices, unfair billing practices, and
meter reading inconsistencies. Customers are also

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complaining about the poor quality of their water. Some customers are filtering their water or buying bottled water. They have raised health concern issues and expressed frustration with brown and smelly water.

The problems that Aqua customers are experiencing is not exclusive to Florida. Aqua's customers in several other states are also having similar problems, which raises the question of whether or not these problems are systemic. I think it's important to note that when Aqua purchased several of the systems in this rate case it knew that there were problems with these systems and it purchased these systems for less than book value.

When it purchases systems, it told the Commission that it was going to fix these systems, and I'm going to quote to you what they said in their transfer application to the Commission. "Aqua America is totally committed to providing its customers with the highest quality of service at the lowest price. In addition, Aqua America and its subsidiaries have worked in partnership with state and local officials to address the problems faced by smaller systems that may lack the financial and/or technical resources needed to comply with evolving water standards." That's the end of the quote.

AUF has not honored its commitment to its customers by providing the highest quality of service at the lowest price. In the proposed agency action, the Commission ordered a 25-basis-point reduction to the company's return on equity. However, I don't believe that this is sufficient. 25 basis points amounts to just .01 percent of Aqua America's revenue. As you know, the Commission reduced the ROE in the last rate case for Chuluota and it also denied the rate increase. This seems to have spurred AUF to make needed changes. I believe that the Commission needs to go beyond a 25 basis point reduction and reduce AUF's return on equity by 100 basis points.

The second area that I address is AUF's transactions with its affiliates, which totaled
3.2 million during the test year. My primary recommendation is based upon a peer comparison of the affiliated costs charged to AUF compared to other Class B and Class C water and wastewater companies that provide services in the State of Florida.

In its PAA, the Commission raised several concerns with the comparative analysis that I performed, and I have addressed each of those concerns in this proceeding. The Commission's concerns included that there was a lack of demonstration that the utilities

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included in the comparative analysis have any water or wastewater system costs, service territories, customer demographics, and/or any other operating characteristics similar to AUF. To address the concern about operating characteristics, I removed the companies that have unique or more costly treatment processes. To address the concern related to service territories and customer demographics, I included only companies in the same counties where Aqua systems are operated. In addition, I also made other adjustments and refinements to my comparison. My peer analysis showed that compared to the peer group, the A&G expenses should be reduced by \$664,000 for the water operations, and \$331,000 for the wastewater operations.

The third area that I address relates to bad debt expense. There were several problems with the bad debt analysis adopted in the PAA, which used a three-year average to compare to the test year bad debt expense. This average is distorted because it included the test year, which by definition shouldn't be included in the data to determine whether or not the test year level is normal. Second, the three-year average also included six months of the test year twice. Third, the test year, as well as the prior years used to create the three-year average, contained problems with poor

billing, customer service, and meter reading practices which all contribute to the company's bad debt. In addition, there is also a concern that the bad debt may include back-billing charges that exceeded 12 months allowed to be recovered from customers. To address these problems, I recommend that the Commission compare the test year bad debt to the companies in my peer analysis. This approach indicates that test year bad debt should be reduced by 311,000.

My next recommendation concerns the reductions in consumption during the test year. There was evidence presented by customers that the company's decline in consumption is contributed by its poor customer service and water quality and high rates. Current customers should not have to bear the increased revenue requirement under current circumstances. These factors are beyond the customers' control, yet in the company's control. I recommend that the Commission increase test year revenue by \$373,000 to reverse this test year impact of reduced usage.

My final set of recommendations concerns rate case expense. First, I recommend specific adjustments to rate case expense that are typical of the types of adjustments the Commission makes. These have been presented by Ms. Vandiver. Second, I recommend that

1	prudent rate case expense be shared 50/50 by ratepayers
2	and shareholders, as shareholders predominately benefit
3	from rate cases. Lastly, I recommend that the
4	Commission defer the rate case expense approved in this
5	case until the rate case expense is fully amortized from
6	the 2008 rate case. The company should still be allowed
7	to earn a return on the unamortized balance of that rate
8	case expense. That completes my summary.
9	MS. CHRISTENSEN: We tender the witness for
10	cross-examination.
11	THE WITNESS: I haven't been sworn.
12	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Can I get you to stand and
13	raise your right hand.
14	(Witness sworn.)
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you. Do any of the
16	other intervenors have a point of view that's contrary
17	to OPC with this witness?
18	MR. RICHARDS: (Indicating negatively.)
19	MR. CURTIN: No, Chairman.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. May.
21	CROSS EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. MAY:
23	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Dismukes.
24	A. Good afternoon, Mr. May.
25	Q. It's been awhile.

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1	A. Not that long.
2	Q. It's good to see you. We are going to get you
3	out of here.
4	A. Thank you.
5	Q. I'm Bruce May with the law firm of Holland and
6	Knight appearing today on behalf of Aqua. And you and I
7	spoke several weeks ago at your deposition.
8	Do you recall that?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Do you have your deposition with you, Ms.
11	Dismukes?
12	A. I do.
13	Q. Okay, great. In the interest of time, I'm not
14	going to rehash the details of the deposition. I'm
15	going to try to focus my questioning on some of the
16	points that you just summarized. But before I begin, I
17	wanted to have a bit of a dialogue with you regarding
18	the concept of negative acquisition adjustments. And I
19	think you just discussed that in your summary, correct?
20	A. Yes, I did.
21	Q. Now, the issue of negative acquisition
22	adjustments was addressed in the last rate case, was it
23	not?
24	A. Yes, it was.

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Q. And you made a proposal in the last rate case

to reduce the company's rate base due to a negative 1 acquisition adjustment, correct? 2 That's correct. 3 Α. And that recommendation was denied by the 5 Commission? Yes, it was. Α. 6 And negative acquisition adjustments are not 7 ο. part of this rate case, are they? 8 No, they are not. And in my summary I wasn't 9 making reference to the fact that I was proposing a 10 negative acquisition adjustment. I was just telling the 11 Commissioners that when Aqua purchased several of these 12 systems, that they purchased them for less than book 13 value. But the full amount is in rate base. 14 Yes, ma'am. I was just trying to clarify, I 15 quess from my point of view, to understand -- that issue 16 has been disposed of as a result of the last case, 17 correct? 18 Correct. And I wasn't trying to bring it up 19 Α. in this case. 20 Okay. Thank you. I've got a lot of notebooks 21 Q. 22 here. In the interest of time, I have only MR. MAY: 23 one exhibit that I'd like to maybe hand out now, Mr. 24 Chairman. 25

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1 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please. MR. MAY: And, Kim, this is essentially the 2 3 contract. I just want to go over a couple of quick items here that we discussed at the deposition. 4 5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will label this Exhibit 6 327. And, Mr. May, do you have a title for this? MR. MAY: This is the Office of Public 7 Counsel's contract, consulting contract with Ms. 8 Dismukes' firm, Acadian Consulting. It's actually a 9 contract and an amended contract, but it would be a 10 11 composite exhibit. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please continue. 13 (Exhibit Number 427 marked for identification.) 14 15 BY MR. MAY: 16 You currently manage Acadian Consulting Group, 17 do you not? 18 That's correct. And at your deposition you testified that in 19 20 your managerial capacity you are responsible for setting 21 some of your staff's salary? 22 Α. That's correct. 23 And your employees receive periodic performance reviews, correct? 24 25 Α. That's correct.

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- Q. And you found it effective to establish salary levels based upon performance reviews, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And I think you stated that your employees can receive percentage increases in their salary based upon performance, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And I think, as a manager, you found that a performance-based salary structure incentivizes -- and I'm using your terms -- continued superior performance, isn't that correct?
- A. Our pay for our performance structure, yes, but it's not the same type of pay for performance structure that Aqua offers. It's different. They just get a percentage increase. It's not tied to particular metrics that need to be made.
- Q. I think you also testified as a manager, a competitive salary structure is one of the things an employer needs to take into consideration in order to attract and retain qualified employees, is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you are currently under contract with the OPC to provide consulting services for this rate case, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

1	Q. Exhibit Number 327, is that your contract with
2	the Office of Public Counsel for this case?
3	A. Yes, it is.
4	Q. And this contract was amended on December 13th
5	to add additional timekeepers to the contract?
6	A. To add additional timekeepers?
7	Q. Yes. Take a look at the second whereas clause
8	on the next to the last page of this packet. It states,
9	"Whereas, the second party, which would be Acadian, has
10	hired several additional employees since approval of the
11	original contract for professional services, and said
12	employees are necessary for second party to continue to
13	provide consulting services to the first party,"
14	correct?
15	A. Correct.
16	Q. Under your consulting contract with the OPC,
17	your company's travel and per diem expenses are charged
18	separately, correct?
19	A. That's correct.
20	Q. And you also bill separately for Federal
21	Express?
22	A. That's correct.
23	Q. And the contract sets forth the hourly rates
24	of the timekeepers that work on this rate case, correct?
25	A. The timekeepers?

1	Q. Employees. I use timekeepers. I guess that's
2	a legal
3	A. Okay. Yes, these are the employees of the
4	firm that may or may not have participated in assisting
5	me with the rate case. They are consultants and
6	analysts.
7	Q. But under Exhibit Number A they were added to
8	the contract because they were putting time on the file
9	correct, they were working on the case?
10	A. All these people were not added.
11	Q. Who was added to
12	A. Well, I don't have the original Exhibit A.
L3	Q. Would it have been Alison Lewis (phonetic),
L4	Marlene Lawson, and Matthew Rappalo (phonetic)?
L5	A. I don't have the original one.
L6	Q. I guess just to short-circuit the question,
L 7	there were additional employees added to this list from
L8	the original from the date of the original contract,
L9	correct?
20	A. That's correct. We had either added staff or
21	inadvertently omitted somebody from the original list.
22	Q. Sure. And the second amendment, which
23	occurred in June of this year, this is the last page of
24	the document, that extended the contract through
25	June 30th, 2012?

†	21. Iliae b correct.
2	Q. Okay. And I think you have already talked
3	about you served as a consultant for the Office of
4	Public Counsel in the last case for AUF, correct?
5	A. Yes, and the case before that.
6	Q. The issues in the last case were broader in
7	scope than the issues in this case, correct?
8	A. That's correct.
9	Q. And that's because the last case was a fully
.0	litigated rate case and this is a PAA rate case, is tha
.1	correct?
.2	A. That's correct.
_3	Q. In the last case, other than your firm, the
L 4	only outside consultant that OPC retained was Mr. Andre
.5	Woodcock, is that correct?
L6	A. In the last case?
L7	Q. Yes.
L8	A. I believe that to be correct, yes.
L9	Q. Now, during this rate case, the OPC retained
20	you, Mr. Woodcock, and also added another consultant,
21	Larkin and Associates, did it not?
22	A. That's correct, yes.
23	Q. And I think you testified at the deposition
24	that Larkin and Associates are assisting primarily on
25	rate base issues and tax issues, correct?

- A. Yes, Larkin and Associates assisted with rate base and tax issues. And if I might just explain, in terms of the work on the last case versus this case, Larkin and Associates and I basically split the work up. So they took the rate base part of the equation and I basically took the operating and the revenue piece. The overall scope -- the amount of the consultant fees was about the same, maybe a little bit more.
- Q. Ms. Dismukes, would you please turn to Page 2 of your testimony. On Line 4 and 5 you state that you are testifying on revenue requirement issues and quality of service issues, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I'm going to focus on the revenue requirement side of your testimony first, and then we'll talk a little more on quality of service. With respect to revenue requirement, during your deposition you and I chatted about the concepts of precedent and regulatory certainty, did we not?
 - A. Yes, we did.
- Q. And you stated that precedent generally means something that has been established and should be followed, correct?
- A. I think I explained, yes, that precedent is something that is usually set by the Commission through

more than one order, several orders. Generally, it will be followed unless there is additional evidence submitted in the case or the utility doesn't meet its burden of proof.

- Q. I'd like to talk with you about some of the risks that may occur if the Commission fails to follow precedent. Can you explain to me, again, your understanding of regulatory certainty?
- A. Regulatory certainty is basically allowing -not allowing -- creating an environment where the
 utility basically understands the parameters under which
 it's being regulated.
- Q. I think we talked about the importance of regulatory certainty for utilities because utilities make large capital investments and they need to have an idea as to whether or not there is a reasonable expectation they can recover those investments, correct?
- A. Yes. But they also bear the burden of proving that those investments are just and reasonable and used and useful.
 - Q. You and I agree on that. Thank you.

On Page 67 of your deposition, you agreed that, and I'm quoting, the Commission should set rates that allow a utility an opportunity to earn a fair return on its prudent investments that have been devoted

to the public service, correct?

- A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. You would agree, would you not, that a regulated utility should be permitted to set rates which will produce revenues that are sufficient to, one, cover reasonable operating costs, and, two, provide the utility with an opportunity to earn a reasonable return on prudent investments that are used and useful, correct?
 - A. Would you repeat the question?
- Q. Sure. That's a long one. You would agree that a regulated utility should be permitted to set rates that will produce revenues that are sufficient to cover the utility's reasonable operating costs and provide the utility with an opportunity to earn a reasonable return on prudent investments that are used and useful in providing service to the public?
- A. I would say that is correct, except when you're talking about operating costs it would be reasonable and prudent.
- Q. Okay. And that revenue level that we just discussed is called a revenue requirement, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Ms. Dismukes, a substantial part of your testimony focuses on affiliated transactions, correct?

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25	Q.

- A. That's right.
- Q. And you testified in AUF's last rate case on affiliated transactions, isn't that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And in the last case you argued that affiliate charges to AUF should be adjusted because they were unreasonable, right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, the Commission did not accept your recommended adjustments in the last case, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. I think in your summary you mentioned that your adjustments are based on a comparison of AUF to other utilities, correct?
- A. Other comparable peer companies, yes, that's
 - Q. Let's look at Page 92 of your deposition.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. I think you agreed that different utilities have different operating costs and expenses, correct?
- A. Yes, that's correct, but I'm not examining their operating costs and expenses. What I'm examining are the administrative and general expenses which are different than their operating expense.
 - Q. But they are still an expense to the company,

1	correct?
2	A. Operating expenses?
3	Q. Yes.
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And administrative and general expenses, too,
6	correct?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Okay. I think you just mentioned that your
9	analysis and your recommended adjustments to AUF's
10	affiliated charges are based upon a group of other
11	utilities that you refer to as a peer group, correct?
12	A. That's correct.
13	Q. And just so we are clear, Ms. Dismukes, you
14	have two peer group schedules; one in Schedule 18 and
15	the other in Schedule 21, is that correct?
16	A. Schedule 18, that's correct.
17	Q. Schedule 21, and I think
18	A. 21 is where the actual calculations and
19	adjustments are. I just wanted to make sure the numbers
20	were correct.
21	Q. Right. And then there is another peer group,
22	for a lack of better term peer group, in Schedule 24
23	that you use to make adjustments to bad debt expense,
24	correct?
25	A. That's the same peer group that was used in

the examination of the administrative and general expenses.

- Q. I just want to get -- I want to confirm that you and I had this discussion at your deposition, because it's going to streamline a lot of my questions. Because as I understand it, your peer group in Schedule 18 is your larger peer group, and then there are some subsets of that same peer group that appear in Schedule 21 and 24, correct?
- A. The same peer group are in 21 and used to make the adjustment in Schedule 24, yes.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. Which you're right, it is a subset of basically the population of Class B and C water and wastewater companies in the State of Florida.
- Q. And you testified during our deposition that the system costs for each of the utilities in your peer groups would not be the same as the system cost for AUF, correct?
- A. If you're talking about system operating
 costs --
 - Q. Correct.
- A. -- yes. But, again, I'm not adjusting the operating costs or recommending an adjustment to the operations or maintenance costs of Aqua. My adjustments

are to the administrative and general. Basically, the overhead costs of the company.

- Q. Sure. And I want to make sure we are comparing apples-to-apples here. You haven't physically inspected any of the utilities that are listed in your peer group, correct?
- A. No, I have not. And, nor was it necessary to in order to conduct the analysis that I did.
- Q. And you haven't independently audited the books and records of any of the utilities listed in your peer group, correct?
- A. I have not audited any of the utilities included in my peer group, nor do I believe that Mr. Szczygiel audited the CPA firms, the law firms, et cetera, that were included in his market analysis.
- Q. I would love to have you and Mr. Szczygiel come back next week and talk about the differences of opinion y'all have with respect to how different costs are allocated and which bucket you put them in, but, unfortunately, I'm not sure that's going to be happening.

You haven't independently verified that the design of the water treatment systems in your peer group are the same design as the water treatment facilities that AUF owns and operates in Florida, correct?

- A. That's correct. And, again, I don't believe that this is necessary, because what I'm looking at is the administrative and general expenses. Plus, furthermore, as I indicated in my summary, I did take into consideration different treatment processes and removed those that were considered more costly to operate -- your reverse osmosis, your ion exchange. I did take them out of the population, because that was an issue addressed by the Commission in the PAA order.
- Q. So you don't believe the administrative expenses of a company has anything to do with the operational characteristics of the company?
- A. No. I believe that they are somewhat related, but they are not -- the operating characteristics are not significantly, do not significantly affect the administrative and general expenses. And as a matter of fact, in response to OPC's Interrogatories 275 and 276, we asked the company to describe all relationships between administrative and general expenses and the methods used to treat water. And the company responded, "Based upon AUF's understanding of the interrogatory, AUF states there is no relationship." In interrogatory 276, we asked the company, "Please describe all relationships between administrative and general expenses and the method used to treat wastewater." The

1	company responded, "Based upon AUF's understanding of
2	the interrogatory, AUF states that there is no
3	relationship."
4	Q. Have you spoken with any employee of any of
5	the utilities listed in your peer groups?
6	A. No, I have not.
7	Q. Have you assisted the Office of Public Counse
8	in any rate proceeding before the Public Service
9	Commission for any of the peer group utilities listed is
LO	your schedules?
L1	A. I believe in my deposition I said that I was
12	involved, I believe, in the Shangri-La case. That was
L3	very many years ago. I don't believe it ever went to
L4	hearing, though.
L5	Q. Other than the Shangri-La Utility case, you
16	haven't assisted the OPC in any rate proceeding for any
17	of the peer group utilities, have you?
18	A. No, I haven't. And I'm not going to repeat
19	myself, but it really wasn't necessary.
20	Q. You and I disagree on that. And you haven't
21	reviewed any of the outside work papers for any of the
22	peer group utilities you include in your testimony,
23	correct?
24	A. Outside work papers for what?
25	Q. For any of the peer group utilities listed in

your schedules?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Could we get a definition of what Mr. May means by the words outside work papers?

MR. MAY: I was talking about audit work papers, but let me just drill down to the question.

BY MR. MAY:

- Q. You haven't performed any financial analysis to determine the earnings level of those utilities you include in your peer group analysis, have you?
- A. No, I have not. But I will say that in connection with your previous question, which you were talking about audit work papers, and I'm sorry, I didn't hear the word audit.
 - Q. I apologize, I didn't say audit.
- A. Okay. I did examine several of the end reports. And as you know, in the Commission's annual reports they have to have an officer or director usually attest to the -- basically, the data that is submitted in the annual report. And in several of those annual reports they also indicate who their auditors are, and many times they were Price Waterhouse or Bob Nixon's firm, all reputable auditing companies.
- Q. And you haven't analyzed whether any of the peer group utilities you have included in your testimony have any outstanding violations with any environmental

regulator?

A. No, but Aqua does.

with NARUC System of Accounts, have you?

- Q. And you haven't independently verified whether any of the utilities you included in your peer group analysis have kept their books and records in accordance
- A. Well, I have not independently audited that. But as I said before, in connection with the annual reports that are filed with the Commission, there is an officer or director that signs for the validity of those annual reports. And in many instances they indicate who their auditors are, and they have been Price Waterhouse or Bob Nixon's firm or other accounting firms that I'm familiar with given my work here in Florida in the water and sewer industry.
- Q. And you haven't analyzed whether any of the utilities you include in your peer group analysis have had an audit performed by the Florida Public Service Commission staff within the last five years, have you?
 - A. No, nor was it necessary to.
- Q. Have you analyzed whether any of the utilities listed in your peer group analysis are owned by real estate developers?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Have you independently analyzed the duties and

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responsibilities of the employees of the utilities you have included in your peer group analysis?

- No, I have not, but I also don't believe that A. Mr. Szczygiel either examined the duties of the CPAs that he included in his market analysis, or the lawyers that he included in his market analysis. That's not the idea of what you need to do when you're creating a peer group and you are doing a peer comparison. When the Commission, for example, uses a peer group to set a rate of return on equity, they don't expect the rate of return witness to go in there and audit the books and records of the utility that is included in the peer group.
- At your deposition you stated that you hadn't independently analyzed whether any of the utilities included in your peer group analysis are losing money, correct?
 - That's correct.
- And you stated you didn't have the budget to perform that kind of analysis, correct?
- Basically, it gets back to the fact that if A. the criteria is that in order to use a peer analysis that you have to audit the books and records, then there will never be a peer analysis because it is just too expensive. But as I just said in my previous answer,

peer analyses are done quite frequently in rate cases, and it is not the expectation that the books and records of the peer group be audited in order to have those peer companies compared to the utility in question.

- Q. Have you independently analyzed whether any of the utilities listed in your peer group analysis have been abandoned?
- A. I don't believe they would have been abandoned as of the time they filed an annual report with the Commission. I don't know if they have been abandoned since that time. But even if they were, the data that was included in the annual report is still valid data.
- Q. Have you independently analyzed whether any of the utilities listed in your peer group analysis are in receivership?
 - A. No, I have not, and nor was it necessary to.
- Q. Have you independently analyzed whether any of the entities listed in your comparative peer group analysis have been sold or transferred to a governmental entity?
- A. No, I have not, and nor was it necessary to do so.
 - Q. Let's look at Page 80 of your testimony.
 - A. Did you say 80?
 - Q. Yes, ma'am.

I'm there. A.

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You previously stated that peer group analyses have been used in previous rate cases to establish rates. Can you give me an example?

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In other jurisdictions? Yes.

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Q. I'm talking about practicing before this Commission, before the Florida Public Service Commission.

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The Commission uses, I believe -- if they are using the information that has been presented by other experts in the rate case, they have used -- those experts will use peer groups to determine the return on equity. In situations where the particular utility does not have a typical capital structure, they will use a peer group to establish a hypothetical capital structure that can be used, instead of the utilities that might

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have a very costly capital structure.

As I was about to say, I am familiar with other jurisdictions, and in particular the American Water Companies use a peer analysis to present their conclusions as to the appropriateness of their affiliate charges and their service company charges. actually compare themselves to electric utilities and their service companies.

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Okay. Let's just focus on Florida. Can you

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cite me a case where the Florida Public Service

Commission has adjusted a utility's expenses, not ROE

and not capital structure, adjusted a utility's expenses

using a peer group analysis?

- A. I cannot cite you a case as I sit here today.
- Q. I think you mentioned previously that it's important for the Florida Public Service Commission to follow regulatory precedent, isn't it?
- A. That's correct. But I also think that the Commission, if all they did is follow regulatory precedent, we shouldn't even bother to be here and have a hearing. We can just, you know, determine the cases based upon regulatory precedent.
- Q. Let's shift gears a little bit, Ms. Dismukes, and I'm going to speed up a little bit in my questioning because I know you have got to scoot. I'd like to go back to the Commission's deliberations on affiliated transactions in the last case. You would agree, would you not, that in the last case, AUF's Witness, Mr. Szczygiel, testified that if AUF did not receive the administrative and support service from its affiliates it would have to secure those services from outside vendors and it would be more expensive to the ratepayers, correct?
 - A. I don't remember him saying that in the last

case. I don't deny that he did. I don't have recollection of that today.

- Q. Now, in this case, AUF has provided additional support for the reasonableness of its affiliated transactions, has it not? I'm referring to the Florida Market Study in Mr. Szczygiel's Exhibit SS-2.
- A. You're saying that they provided information, more information in this case than they did in the last case?
 - Q. Yes, ma'am.
- A. I would agree with you that Mr. Szczygiel provided a comparison of the hourly rates of Aqua Services employees to the billable rates of lawyers and CPAs. He did do that. I don't agree with his comparison.
- Q. I understand y'all have a philosophical accounting disagreement, and I respect that. Let's turn to Page 51 of your testimony.
 - **A.** Okay.
- Q. Mr. Szczygiel's study -- I think you just agreed with this, but Mr. Szczygiel's study essentially compares the hourly rates of AUF's in-house professionals to other accounting, engineering, legal, and management professionals, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. And you state that the Florida market study calculated the weighted cost of outside engineering firms at \$122 per hour, correct?
 - A. Did you say turn to Page 50?
- Q. 51, I'm sorry. I'm on Lines 10 and 11, Ms. Dismukes.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And isn't it correct that one of your criticisms of Mr. Szczygiel's Florida Market Study is that it overstates the outside -- excuse me, in that it overstates the cost of outside engineering consultants, correct?
- A. That it overstates the cost of outside engineering consultants? Well, I have a lot of criticisms of his engineering hourly rate. One is that he only used two engineering firms. Second, there is no comparison to the education experience of these companies to the engineering services allocated to Aqua from the service company. Third, the company indicated that the \$82 an hour of allocating engineering costs included overhead, and the company failed to provide this overhead or explain how it was determined.
- Q. Yes, ma'am. But, again, back to my question, one of your criticisms of the market study is that it overstates the cost of outside engineering consultants,

1	correct?		
2	A.	Could you point me to	
3	Q.	If you disagree with me, that's fine, but I	
4	guess tha	t's my question.	
5	A.	I don't believe I stated that in my testimony	
6	Q.	What is the weighted cost per hour for the	
7	engineeri	ng firms included in AUF's market study?	
8	A.	122.	
9	Q.	And what is the hourly rate for OPC's	
LO	engineering expert in this case?		
11	A.	I don't know.	
12	Q.	Subject to check, that's \$185 hour, correct?	
13		MS. CHRISTENSEN: I believe the witness	
L 4	answered	she doesn't know.	
15	BY MR. MA	AY:	
16	Q.	You don't know?	
17	A.	I don't know.	
18	Q.	Have you read Mr. Szczygiel's rebuttal	
19	testimony?		
20	A.	I have.	
21	Q.	And he has responded to your concerns with	
22	respect t	to having too narrow a group of engineers to	
23	calculate	e the cost of outside engineering services, has	
24	he not?		
25	A.	Yes, and I believe that he added two firms, I	

think. 1

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- One of which was Mr. Woodcock's firm?
- That I don't remember.
- Mr. Szczygiel's study calculates the hourly -in-house hourly rate for in-house engineering services at \$82 hour, correct?
 - That's correct. Α.
- And you would agree that Aqua Services, Inc.'s in-house engineering hourly rates are less than the hourly rates paid by OPC for its own engineer?
- That's correct. But I think you have to look A. at it differently than comparing the in-house hourly rates to the hourly rate for a consultant. You have to look at the difference in education, experience, specialty, the type of work that's being done. Clearly, you're not going to pay, you know, every engineer an hourly rate at the rate that a consultant would charge. It would be extremely inefficient, most likely, to have somebody at a very high hourly rate performing very low engineering services.
- Let's switch over to bad debt expense. previously testified that it's important for the Commission to follow regulatory precedent, correct?
 - That's correct. A.
 - And you would agree that the Commission

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practice and precedent is to establish bad debt expense by using the utility's three-year average bad debt expense?

- A. Yes. But there are serious problems with the bad debt analysis that was included in the PAA, and I went over them in my summary. It's just completely inappropriate.
- Q. Now, you're proposing that the Commission deviate from past precedent, right?
- A. No, I am proposing that -- first of all, what was used in the PAA didn't include a three-year average of bad debt prior to the test year, it included the test year. And not only did it include the test year, but it included six months of the test year twice. It's completely inappropriate to judge the reasonableness of the test year bad debt by including the test year bad debt in the analysis.
- Q. What's your calculation of the appropriate three-year average for AUF's bad debt expense?
- A. I did a subsequent analysis of the bad debt by removing the test year bad debt, and there was a year that had a very high -- a system that had a very high level of bed debt, and I used -- I removed that. If you're looking at just my bad debt year-to-year comparison, I believe my bad debt adjustment was

approximately \$79,000. But I had recommended that the Commission actually use my peer analysis, because by using the peer analysis you are removing the bad debt that is caused by poor customer service, poor quality of service, things of that nature.

- Q. There's that peer analysis, again. Let's chat about it a little bit. Now, the other utilities that you are using to adjust AUF's bad debt expense are listed on Page 2 your Schedule 24, correct?
- A. No, they're the same peer group that I used for the administrative and general expenses, which is Schedule 21.
 - Q. Okay. So it's Schedule 21. All right.
 - A. But 24 actually performs the calculation.
- Q. Okay, I'm sorry. So the questions I asked with respect to your analysis of those companies listed in your peer group analysis for purposes of the bad debt adjustment that you are proposing would hold true now, right? I don't have to ask you the same litany of questions that I went through earlier, correct?
- A. No, you don't have to ask me the same litany of questions that you asked me with respect to the administrative and general expenses, but my answers would be the same, that there is no need to, in a peer analysis, to audit the books and records, or that the

operating and maintenance expenses have to be the same.

That's just not necessary in the analysis that I performed.

- Q. So just to shorten the line of questioning, you haven't performed any in-depth analysis of those utilities' books, records, costs, or operating characteristics, correct?
- A. I don't know that I would say that. In the peer analysis, we took into consideration areas where there were differences in terms of fine-tuning the peer group. We looked at the entire population. We removed companies that had expensive treatment processes. We removed companies that weren't operating in the same earlier as Aqua. And we made other, you know, minor adjustments. We made sure that if there were no salaries and wages booked in the annual report, we didn't include them in our peer analysis.

If there was data that looked questionable in terms of their ERCs and the number of customers, which is the denominator in our analysis, we did not include them. So we took a population of -- I'm not sure exactly how many, but over 100 companies, I believe, and got it down to something much smaller by focusing it in and bringing it as close to the characteristics of Aqua Utilities as we could.

- Q. Let's talk a little bit about the bad debt expense and the peer group analysis that you performed with respect to the bad debt expense. But, first, just for the record, you can't identify any case where the Florida Public Service Commission has adjusted expenses of a utility in a rate case using a peer group analysis, have you?
- A. I can't, as I sit here today. That does not mean that the Commission has not done that.
- Q. Now, when you selected the utilities for your peer group adjustment, the bad debt expense, you selected only those utilities that were in Schedule 21, I think, that were operating in the same county as Aqua, correct?
- A. And had the same operating characteristics, yes.
- Q. You didn't consider any other socioeconomic factors for the respective utility customer basis that might affect bad debt expense, did you?
- A. Well, that was one of the reasons that in selecting the criteria to determine the peer group, rather than take the whole population of the State of Florida in terms of water and wastewater companies, we only used those companies that were operating in the same county as Aqua.

1	Q.	You will agree with me, won't you, that there
2	may be va	stly different socioeconomic factors and
3	condition	s within one county, correct?
4	A.	There can be different socioeconomic factors
5	within on	e county, yes.
6	Q.	Have you ever been to Palm Beach County,
7	Florida?	
8	A.	Yes.
9	Q.	You would agree that on the eastern side of
LO	that coun	ty it's extremely affluent, correct?
L1	A.	That I can't tell you.
L2	, Q.	And on the western side of that county it's a
L3	disadvant	aged area of the state, would you agree with
L4	that?	
L'±		
15	A.	I don't know.
		I don't know. Okay. But you would agree that there may be
15	Q.	
15 16	Q.	Okay. But you would agree that there may be
15 16	Q. vastly di county?	Okay. But you would agree that there may be
15 16 17	Q. vastly di county? A.	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one
15 16 17 18	Q. vastly di county? A. Q.	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one I answered that question.
15 16 17 18 19	Q. vastly di county? A. Q. depositio	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one I answered that question. Let's turn to rate case expense. During the
15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. vastly di county? A. Q. depositio	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one I answered that question. Let's turn to rate case expense. During the n we discussed that rate case expense included
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. vastly di county? A. Q. depositio in the PA A.	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one I answered that question. Let's turn to rate case expense. During the n we discussed that rate case expense included A order was around \$778,000, correct?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. vastly di county? A. Q. depositio in the PA A. Q.	Okay. But you would agree that there may be fferent socioeconomic factors within one I answered that question. Let's turn to rate case expense. During the n we discussed that rate case expense included A order was around \$778,000, correct? That's correct.

duties and responsibilities under your contract is to 1 prepare discovery to serve on AUF, correct? 2 Α. That's correct. 3 And on Page 83 of your deposition, you agreed that the larger the volume of discovery in a rate case 5 the higher the rate case expense, Lines 5 through 11. 6 7 I said I generally agree that the larger the volume of discovery in a rate case the higher the rate 8 case expense, correct. 9 And on Line 11 you said, yes, I would agree 10 with that, correct? 11 Correct. But I would like to add that I 12 13 believe that rate case expense could be lowered if the utility didn't put up such a fight to produce the 14 15 documents. Thank you. You stated at your deposition that 16 Q. 17 you didn't know the exact number of interrogatories or requests for production of documents that you prepared 18 in this case, correct? 19 Well, they weren't all prepared by me. 20 Do you know how many interrogatories and 21 Q. requests for production of documents that OPC has served 22 23 on Aqua in this case? I know what you allege, but I don't agree with 24 25 that because of the fact that typically when you count

the interrogatories that OPC has served, you typically count the subparts. And as Ms. Vandiver addressed yesterday, it's not necessarily appropriate to count the subparts, because it's not necessarily asking for additional information or additional documents. It's asking for clarification or making sure that we get exactly what we want.

- Q. But you would agree under the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure that in a traditional litigated case in circuit court, normally the number of interrogatories are limited to 30, including subparts?
- A. I don't know about the subparts, but I have read many years ago that the limitation is 30 interrogatories. But I think you need to take into consideration, perhaps, the differences in complexities between whatever is going on in that arena and the amount of data that is required to be collected in these proceedings, the volumes of information that are provided in these proceedings, and it's not really an appropriate comparison.
- Q. Sure. And the amount of money involved in a case would also dictate the amount of discovery in some instances, correct?
- A. Are you talking about the amount of the rate increase?

1	Q. Yes. Just the value of the case, the value of		
2	the transaction?		
3	A. To some degree, but I wouldn't say there is		
4	anywhere near a one-to-one relationship there.		
5	Q. What is the amount of the rate increase that		
6	Aqua is requesting in this case?		
7	A. I think it's right at three million. No?		
8	Q. A little bit more. It's about right around		
9	4 million.		
10	A. Four million, sorry.		
11	Q. Mr. Szczygiel has testified that OPC has		
12	propounded 796 interrogatories and 299 requests for		
13	production of documents. You just indicated you don't		
14	necessarily agree with that number, do you?		
15	A. I do not.		
16	Q. Okay. What's your number?		
17	A. I didn't count them.		
18	Q. You and I had a discussion, a similar		
19	discussion in the last rate case about discovery, did we		
20	not?		
21	A. Your memory is better than mine.		
22	Q. And I think we discussed Florida Power and		
23	Light's request for a need determination of a nuclear		
24	power plant in Docket Number 070650-EI. And in the last		
25	case you agreed that the antiginated gost of EDIJs		

1	nuclear power plant would exceed \$10 billion, correct?
2	A. I don't believe I testified to that.
3	Q. Do you know how much a nuclear power plant
4	costs?
5	A. Nuclear power plants are very expensive.
6	Q. Over a billion dollars, correct?
7	A. Yes, they are.
8	Q. So we are in the billions and not millions,
9	correct?
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q. Do you understand that the customers of FPL
12	are paying the cost of that billion dollar plant through
13	the Nuclear Power Plant Cost-Recovery Clause today?
14	A. I am aware of the fact that the Commission has
15	such a rider, yes.
16	Q. Do you know how many interrogatories and
17	requests for production of documents the Office of
18	Public Counsel served on FPL in the course of that
19	billion dollar need determination proceeding?
20	A. No, I don't.
21	Q. Subject to check, would you agree that OPC
22	served two interrogatories and 17 requests for
23	production of documents on FPL in that proceeding?
24	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Objection to relevancy to
25	this proceeding. And, two, she already testified she

1 didn't know.

MR. MAY: I think it goes directly -- excuse
me. I think it goes directly to the heart of rate case
expense in this case, with all due respect.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I think this question came up with another witness and the objection came up, and I had overruled the objection. I'm curious myself with the answer. If she doesn't know, you can say you don't know.

THE WITNESS: Yes. I wasn't involved in that proceeding. I don't know what -- and I know

Ms. Vandiver answered that question, and I think she gave an accurate description of, you know, what was going on with respect to Public Counsel and why the number of questions asked were asked. I don't know.

I'm not involved in that.

MR. MAY: I can move on. I think the answer is found in Docket Number 070650, and it can be officially recognized by the Commission through our briefings.

BY MR. MAY:

- Q. Please turn to Page 96 of your testimony.
- A. Okay.
- Q. I'd like to talk with you about your rate case expense proposals. Under Florida law, a water and

1 wastewater utility is entitled to recover all of its 2 reasonable rate case expense, correct? 3 Yes, I would agree with that. Α. However, you are recommending that Aqua only 4 Q. 5 be allowed to recover 50 percent of the reasonable rate 6 case expense found by the Commission, correct? 7 I am recommending that the stockholders absorb 8 the other 50 percent of the rate case expense because 9 they are the ones that are the primary beneficiary of the rate case expense. 10 11 You and I had this discussion at your 12 deposition. You agreed that the 50/50 split of 13 reasonable rate case expense has never been ordered before by this Commission, has it? 14 15 No, it hasn't been ordered before by this Commission, but it has been ordered by other commissions 16 17 in the United States. And, in fact, in the last rate 18 case one of your witnesses, Mr. Prettyman, actually endorsed a 50/50 sharing of rate case expense in another 19 20 jurisdiction. 21 Is he our witness in this case? 0. 22 A. No, he's not. 23 MR. MAY: We learn. 24 (Laughter.) 25 BY MR. MAY:

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- Q. Let's turn to the ROE penalty. Ms. Dismukes, you are recommending a 100 basis point ROE penalty in this case, correct?
- A. I am recommending a 100 basis point reduction to the company's return to equity, that's correct.
- Q. And in the last case the Commission found that the quality of service for the systems subject to this rate case was marginal, correct?
 - A. That's correct, it did.
- Q. And the Commission didn't impose an ROE penalty on AUF for the systems in this rate case -- in the last case, correct?
 - A. That's correct, but it has done so in the PAA.
 - Q. Can you turn to Page 28 of your testimony.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May, just to let you know, in about the next ten minutes we're going to end. You do not have to end your questioning of this witness, just get to a point, a pausing point so when we reconvene on Wednesday -- I just want to let you know in the next ten minutes you need get to the point where it's a comfortable break.

MR. MAY: Okay.

BY MR. MAY:

Q. At the top of the page on Page 28, you cite Section 367.111(2) for the proposition that the

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Commission can reduce AUF's return on equity, isn't that correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Can you read for the record the last sentence in that citation?
- A. "If the Commission finds that a utility has failed to provide its customers with water or wastewater service that meets the standards promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection or the Water Management Districts, the Commission may reduce the utility's return on equity until the standards are met."
- Q. What standards promulgated by the Florida

 Department of Environmental Protection or the Water

 Management Districts are you testifying have not been

 met in this case?
- A. I'm not testifying on those Department of Environmental Protection Agency standards.
- Q. Please turn to Page 1 of your testimony. At Lines 17 and 18 you state that you discuss the significant deficiencies in the company's water quality, correct?
- A. That's correct. That is from the customer's perspective from the customer hearings, the transcripts from the customer hearings.
 - Q. Please turn to Page 22 of your testimony.

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- A. Okay.
- Q. You refer to a transcript of a customer hearing in Fort Myers where a customer complained about some water quality issues, do you not?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Were you at the Fort Myers customer service hearing?
 - A. No, I was not.
- Q. Well, I was there, and there was no customers that testified at that customer service hearing.

 Actually, there were no customers that attended that customer service hearing.
- A. Well, you know what, I think maybe the citation is incorrect, because it says at Captiva Island, which is not in --
- MS. CHRISTENSEN: I'm sorry, can I clarify?

 Is Mr. May suggesting that there were no customers at the customer meeting or the service hearing, because this is the customer hearing citation.
- MR. MAY: I'm just reading her testimony. She said at a customer service hearing.
- MS. CHRISTENSEN: No, she said customer meeting in the citation, so there was a difference. There is a service hearing and there is customer meetings that were held.

MR. MAY: The citation is transcript of Fort Myers customer hearing. It's Footnote 58. Do you want to correct the testimony? Because, I mean, I can't testify, but my recollection is there were no customers that attended that customer service hearing.

THE WITNESS: Everything in my testimony is related to the informal customer meetings that took place during the PAA, and those meetings were transcribed by the Office of Public Counsel, and that's what we reviewed.

BY MR. MAY:

- Q. So when you refer to a customer hearing in your testimony, you're not referring to the sworn testimony customer service hearings that the Commission conducted ten of those service hearings before the PAA protest, are you?
- A. That's correct. These were the -- like I said, the informal meetings that happened during the PAA, that's correct.
- Q. So your quality of service review was not of sworn testimony, correct?
- A. I wasn't there. I don't know if it was sworn or not. I believe that I have similar issues brought up by customers during the actual formal customer service hearings that took place that was sworn testimony. I

2 similar quotes. Many of those happened either at the 3 time that we were preparing the testimony or after we had prepared the testimony. 4 5 We're dealing with a -- I'm sorry, are you 6 finished? 7 I'm done. Thank you. Α. 8 I guess my struggle, Ms. Dismukes, is we are Q. 9 dealing with the prefiled testimony structure of this case, and I can only address, and I can only analyze 10 11 sworn testimony and prefiled testimony. So I'm a little 12 bit at a loss. But let's move on. 13 I want to talk to you a little bit, and I will 14 try to wrap this up, about your testimony regarding the water quality. You are not a water quality expert, are 15 16 you? 17 A. No, I'm not. 18 And you have no training in water quality 19 analysis? 20 Α. No, I do not. 21 Q. And you are not a toxicologist? 22 A. No. 23 Q. And you have no training in toxicology? 24 Α. That's correct. 25 Q. And you are not a hydrologist?

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would be happy to provide that to you. I have got very

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- A. No, I'm not.
- Q. And you have no training in hydrology?
- A. No, I do not.
- Q. You have no training whatsoever in water quality analysis, do you?
 - A. I have no technical training, that's correct.
- Q. And I think we have discussed, you have never inspected one of Aqua's treatment systems, have you?
 - A. No, I have not.
- Q. And you have never inspected one of Aqua's water treatment systems, either, have you?
 - A. No, I have not.

MR. MAY: I think I'm at a stopping point, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Just to let the parties know, once again, as I said before, that the Emergency Management Team is running drills next Wednesday morning. I believe the drill is going to go from 7:00 to 9:30 or so, so just take that into account because we will be starting at 9:30, and parking will probably be extremely scarce. So you may want to make plans around that one way or the other.

We will be going -- we are scheduled to go on Wednesday and Thursday of next week. We will be going about 7:00 o'clock at night both nights, if need be.

And hopefully we will get it done then. Are there any other questions, concerns, statements before we adjourn for the week? MR. CURTIN: I would say that I have contacted Ms. Kurz, and that her mother's medical situation went very well, so she should be here pending any unforeseen circumstances. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Anything else? I want to thank you all for your patience this week. And travel safe, and we will see you next Wednesday. Thank you. (The hearing adjourned at 4:32 p.m.) (Transcript continues in sequence with Volume 7.)

1 2 STATE OF FLORIDA) CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 3 4 COUNTY OF LEON 5 I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Hearing Reporter Services Section, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk, do 6 hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard 7 at the time and place herein stated. 8 IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; 9 and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings. 10 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, 11 employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' 12 attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action. 13 DATED THIS 8th day of December, 2011. 14 15 16 17 Offici al FPSC Hearings Reporter (850) 413-6732 18 19 20 21 22 23

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