State of Florida



Hublic Service Commission

CAPITAL CIRCLE OFFICE CENTER • 2540 SHUMARD OAK BOULEVARD TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32399-0850

-M-E-M-O-R-A-N-D-U-M-

DATE:

August 2, 2012

TO:

Office of Commission Clerk (Cole)

FROM:

Division of Accounting and Finance (Smith, Fletcher, Maurey, Prestwood)

Division of Economics (Bruce, Hudson, Stallcup)

Division of Engineering (Simpson, Ballinger)

Office of the General Counsel (Robinson, Teitzman)

RE:

Docket No. 110282-WS – Application for staff-assisted rate case in Duval County

by Regency Utilities, Inc.

AGENDA: 08/14/12 – Regular Agenda – Proposed Agency Action – Except Issue Nos. 11 and

14 – Interested Persons May Participate

COMMISSIONERS ASSIGNED: All Commissioners

PREHEARING OFFICER:

Balbis

CRITICAL DATES:

02/28/13 (15-Month Effective Date SARC)

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

None

FILE NAME AND LOCATION:

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Case Background

Regency Utilities, Inc. (Regency or Utility) is a Class C water and wastewater utility in Duval County. According to the Utility's 2011 Annual Report, total gross revenues were \$155,213 and \$91,157 for water and wastewater, respectively. The total operating expenses were \$260,348 for water and \$133,020 for wastewater. Regency operates the on-site water delivery, wastewater collection, and fire protection systems providing service to Regency Square Mall (Mall) in Jacksonville, Florida. Regency customers are all general service and tenants of the Mall. Regency serves approximately 138 water customers and 125 wastewater customers. The Utility is located in the St. Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD or District), which does not have a water shortage order issued at this time; however, there is a year-round two-day per week irrigation rule.

Regency was previously granted water and wastewater certificates to serve the Mall in 1975. The certificates were amended twice to extend Regency's service territory to the area surrounding the Mall. On April 10, 2001, Regency and JEA closed on a transaction whereby Regency transferred its water and wastewater plants to JEA. All of Regency's service territory was transferred in the transaction except for the Mall, which JEA declined to serve directly. By Order No. PSC-02-0060-FOF-WS, the Commission approved the transfer. Since Regency would thereafter be reselling water and wastewater services pursuant to a reseller exemption in Section 367.022(8), Florida Statutes (F.S.), the Order also cancelled Regency's water and wastewater certificates.

On February 26, 2008, Regency filed an application for water and wastewater certificates and authorization to charge rates in excess of the purchase price. In its petition, Regency stated that it could no longer support its operations while billing customers at the same rates for water and wastewater services, when it pays to purchase the services from JEA. By Order No. PSC-08-0611-PAA-WS, the Commission approved Regency's application for water and wastewater certificates and issued certificate Nos. 641-W and 551-S.⁴

The Commission has jurisdiction in this case pursuant to Sections 367.011, 367.0814, 367.101, and 367.121, F.S.

¹ See Order No. 6448, issued January 9, 1975, in Docket Nos. 74425-W and 74426-S, In Re: Application of Regency Utilities, Inc., for certificates to operate a water and sewer utility in Duval County, Fla.

² <u>See</u> Order Nos. 8045, issued November 16, 1977, in Docket No. 770504-WS (EX), <u>In Re: Application of Regency Utilities</u>, <u>Inc. for amendment of Water Certificate No. 197-W and Sewer Certificate No. 143-S in Duval County</u>, <u>Florida. Section 367.061</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>; and 9518, issued September 3, 1980, in Docket No. 800151-WS (EX), <u>In Re: Application of Regency Utilities</u>, <u>Inc. for amendment of Certificate Nos. 143-S and 143-W (stet) to include territory in Duval County</u>, <u>Florida</u>.

³ See Order No. PSC-02-0060-FOF-WS, issued January 8, 2002, in Docket No. 010986-WS, <u>In Re: Notice of sale of assets of Regency Utilities</u>, <u>Inc. in Duval County to Jacksonville Electric Authority</u>, and request for cancellation of <u>Certificate Nos. 197-W and 143-S</u>.

⁴ <u>See Order No. PSC-08-0611-PAA-WS</u>, issued September 22, 2008, in Docket No. 080113-WS, <u>In re: Application for certificates to provide water and wastewater service in Duval County by Regency Utilities, Inc.</u>

Discussion of Issues

<u>Issue 1</u>: Is the quality of service provided by Regency satisfactory?

Recommendation: Yes, the overall quality of service provided by Regency should be considered satisfactory. (Simpson)

Staff Analysis: Pursuant to Rule 25-30.433(1), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), the Commission determines the overall quality of service provided by a utility by evaluating three components of water and wastewater operations. These components are the quality of a utility's product, the operating condition of a utility's plant and facilities, and a utility's attempt to address customer satisfaction. Comments or complaints received by the Commission from customers are also reviewed.

Regency is a consecutive system and purchases bulk water and wastewater service from JEA and provides water, wastewater, and fire protection services to the Regency Mall in Jacksonville. JEA delivers treated water at a master meter which is then channeled into the distribution system for use by customers in the Mall. Wastewater from Regency's collection systems are delivered to JEA's lift station for treatment. Regency operates and maintains the water distribution and wastewater collection systems. A thorough search of documentation regarding compliance issues found no deficiencies. Therefore, it appears that Regency is in compliance with local health departments with respect to the maintenance of the distribution and collection systems.

No customer complaints against Regency have been filed with the Commission in the last three years. A customer meeting was held on June 7, 2012, in Jacksonville, Florida, and no customers attended the meeting.

Based on the above, staff recommends that the Regency's product, the operating condition of the plant and facilities, and customer satisfaction are satisfactory. Therefore, staff recommends that the overall quality of service for Regency be found satisfactory.

<u>Issue 2</u>: What are the used and useful percentages for Regency?

Recommendation: The water distribution and the wastewater collection systems should be considered 100 percent used and useful (U&U). (Simpson)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Regency serves only the Regency Mall. There has been no growth in the past five years, and there are no plans for expansion of the Regency Mall. Further, the existing distribution and collection systems are needed to serve the existing customers. Therefore, staff recommends that the water distribution and wastewater collection systems be considered 100 percent U&U.

Issue 3: What is the appropriate average test year rate base for Regency?

Recommendation: The appropriate average test year rate base for the Utility is \$368,678 for water and \$48,160 for wastewater. (Hudson)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Rate base for this Utility has not been established. Staff selected a test year ended September 30, 2011, for this rate case. Regency was unable to provide documentation for its water, wastewater, and fire protection assets. In order to calculate an appropriate balance for Utility Plant In Service, staff used documentation from the sale to JEA in 2001 and the certification docket in 2008. Based on the documentation, staff was able to determine appropriate rate base components for the Utility. A summary of each component and the recommended adjustments are discussed below:

<u>Utility Plant in Service (UPIS)</u>: The Utility recorded a test year UPIS balance of \$1,131,493 for water and \$36,942 for wastewater. Staff has increased the balances for both water and wastewater by \$25,000 each to reflect organization costs incurred during the certification docket. Staff has increased water by \$11,401 to reflect the appropriate balance for meters. Also, staff has increased the balances for both water and wastewater by \$373 to reflect the appropriate account balance for office equipment. Staff's recommended adjustments to UPIS result in increases of \$36,774 for water and \$25,373 for wastewater. Staff recommends UPIS balances of \$1,168,267 for water and \$62,315 for wastewater.

Non-used and Useful Plant: As discussed in Issue 2, Regency's water distribution and wastewater collection systems should be considered 100 percent U&U. Therefore, a U&U adjustment is not necessary.

Contribution in Aid of Construction (CIAC): The Utility recorded test year CIAC of \$0 for both water and wastewater. Staff has determined the appropriate CIAC to be \$21,980 for water and \$30,260 for wastewater and increased the balances in this account accordingly.

Accumulated Depreciation: Regency recorded balances for accumulated depreciation of \$711,791 for water and \$28,079 for wastewater. Staff has calculated accumulated depreciation using the prescribed rates set forth in Rule 25-30.140, F.A.C. Staff's calculated accumulated depreciation is \$840,717 for water and \$31,185 for wastewater. As a result, accumulated depreciation has been increased by \$128,926 for water and \$3,106 for wastewater. In addition, staff has decreased accumulated depreciation by \$16,727 for water and \$786 for wastewater to reflect averaging adjustments. Staff recommends accumulated depreciation of \$823,990 and \$30,399 for water and wastewater, respectively.

Accumulated Amortization of CIAC: The Utility recorded amortization of CIAC balances of \$0 for both water and wastewater. Amortization of CIAC has been calculated by staff using composite depreciation rates. As a result, accumulated amortization of CIAC should be increased by \$21,672 for water and \$27,933 for wastewater. In addition, this account should be decreased by \$315 for water and \$382 for wastewater to reflect averaging adjustments. Staff's adjustments to this account result in amortization of CIAC balances of \$21,357 for water and \$27,551 for wastewater.

Working Capital Allowance: Regency recorded working capital of \$34,741 for water and \$6,158 for wastewater. Working capital is defined as the investor-supplied funds that are necessary to meet operating expenses or going-concern requirements of the Utility. Consistent with Rule 25-30.433(2), F.A.C., staff used the one-eighth of the operation and maintenance (O&M) expense formula approach for calculating the working capital allowance. Applying this formula, staff recommends a working capital allowance of \$25,024 for water and \$18,952 for wastewater (based on O&M expense of \$200,190/8 for water and \$151,619/8 for wastewater, as shown on Schedule Nos. 3-A and 3-B, respectively). Staff has decreased the working capital allowance by \$9,717 for water and increased it by \$12,794 for wastewater.

Rate Base Summary: Based on the foregoing, staff recommends that the appropriate average test year rate base is \$368,678 for water and \$48,160 for wastewater. Water and wastewater rate base is shown on Schedule Nos. 1-A and 1-B, respectively. The related adjustments are shown on Schedule No. 1-C.

<u>Issue 4</u>: What is the appropriate rate of return on equity and overall rate of return for Regency?

Recommendation: The appropriate return on equity (ROE) is 8.74 percent with a range of 7.74 percent to 9.74 percent. The appropriate overall rate of return is 8.70 percent. (Hudson)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: According to staff's audit, the Utility's capital structure consists of common equity of \$627,318 and customer deposits of \$5,400. The Utility currently does not have a tariff for customer deposits. Regency was collecting the customer deposits prior to being certified by the Commission. The customer deposits were not addressed in the certification docket. The Utility continued to collect a \$50 customer deposit from its customers after its certification. Although Regency does not have a tariff authorizing it to collect customer deposit, staff believes it was merely an oversight during its certification docket. The customer deposits are a liability to the Utility. Therefore, staff believes it is appropriate to include the customer deposits in its capital structure. In Issue 13, staff is recommending that Regency's tariff be amended to allow for the collection of customer deposits on a going forward basis.

The Utility's capital structure has been reconciled with staff's recommended rate base. The appropriate ROE is 8.74 percent using the Commission-approved leverage formula currently in effect.⁵ Staff recommends an ROE of 8.74 percent, with a range of 7.74 percent to 9.74 percent, and an overall rate of return of 8.70 percent. The ROE and overall rate of return are shown on Schedule No. 2.

⁵ See Order Nos. PSC-12-0339-PAA-WS, issued June 28, 2012, and PSC-12-0372-CO-WS, issued July 20, 2012, in Docket No. 110006-WS, <u>In re: Water and Wastewater Industry Annual Reestablishment of Authorized Range of Return on Common Equity for Water and Wastewater Utilities Pursuant to Section 367.081(4)(f), Florida Statutes.</u>

<u>Issue 5</u>: What is the appropriate amount of test year revenue in this case?

Recommendation: The appropriate test year revenue for this Utility is \$161,813 for water and \$107,009 for wastewater. (Bruce, Smith)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Regency recorded total revenue of \$265,347 for water and \$0 for wastewater. Staff has annualized revenues based on test year billing determinants and existing rates and determined the Utility's recorded revenue to be \$161,813 for water and \$107,009 for wastewater. Staff has decreased test year revenues for water by \$103,534 and increased wastewater test year revenues by \$107,009. Staff recommends test year revenue of \$161,813 and \$107,009 for water and wastewater, respectively. Water and wastewater test year revenue is shown on Schedule Nos. 3-A and 3-B, respectively.

<u>Issue 6</u>: What is the appropriate amount of operating expense?

Recommendation: The appropriate amount of operating expense for Regency is \$236,173 for water and \$162,395 for wastewater. (Smith)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Regency recorded operating expense of \$325,513 for water and \$57,439 for wastewater, for the test year ended September 30, 2011. The test year O&M expenses have been reviewed, and invoices, canceled checks, and other supporting documentation have been examined. Staff has made several adjustments to the Utility's operating expenses as summarized below:

Salaries and Wages - Employees (601/701) - Regency recorded \$17,484 in this account for water and \$10,269 for wastewater. The Utility provided recent W-2 forms for support documentation of the salaries and wages for two staff accountants who are responsible for customer relations and accounting duties. The Utility also included the salary of \$6,439 for water and \$74 for wastewater in this account for Ms. Alexa Daniels, the Utility's Chief Financial Officer (CFO). Staff believes that Ms. Daniels' salary should be reclassified to salaries and wages - officers. Accordingly, staff has reclassified these amounts to salaries and wages - officers. Staff recommends salaries and wages - employees expense of \$11,045 for water and \$10,195 for wastewater.

Salaries and Wages - Officers (603/703) - Regency did not record any amount of salaries and wages - officers in this account. As stated above, staff has made an adjustment to reclassify \$6,439 and \$74 for water and wastewater, respectively to this account for the CFO's salary. Based on copies of W-2 forms provided by the Utility, the CFO's total salary allocated to Regency should be \$6,850. It is the Commission's practice to allocate common costs between water and wastewater based on the number of customers. Regency has 138 water customers and 125 wastewater customers. Therefore, staff has determined the appropriate allocation to be 52 percent for water and 48 percent for wastewater. Thus, the appropriate amount of salaries for the CFO is \$3,562 (\$6,850 x 52 percent) for water and \$3,288 (\$6,850 x 48 percent) for wastewater. As such, staff has made an adjustment to decrease water by \$2,877 (\$3,562 - \$6,439) and increase wastewater by \$3,214 (\$3,288 - \$74) to reflect the appropriate salary allocation for Regency's CFO.

Mr. Robert Stein serves as the president for Regency, and performs 15 hours of consulting work per week, for an annual total of \$12,600. Staff believes that this amount is reasonable based on the number of hours worked per week. The Utility recorded Mr. Stein's fees in contractual services – other. However, staff has determined that Mr. Stein's salary should be included in salaries and wages – officers because the Utility recorded benefits and paid payroll taxes for Mr. Stein. To reflect the reclassification adjustment, staff has increased this account by \$7,938 for water and \$4,662 for wastewater. Based on the allocation methodology mentioned above, staff believes the appropriate salary for Mr. Stein is \$6,552 (\$12,600 x 52 percent) for water and \$6,048 (\$12,600 x 48 percent) for wastewater. Therefore, staff has decreased this account by \$1,386 (\$6,552 - \$7,938) for water and increased this account by \$1,386 (\$6,048 - \$4,662) for wastewater to reflect staff's recommended allocation. Staff recommends salaries and wages – officers expense of \$10,114 (\$6,439 - \$2,877 + \$7,938 - \$1,386) for water and \$9,336 (\$74 + \$3,214 + \$4,662 + \$1,386) for wastewater.

Employee Pensions and Benefits (604/704) – Regency recorded \$7,428 for water and \$4,363 for wastewater in this account for employee pensions and benefits. The Utility's records supported annual pensions and benefits totaling \$8,557 for water and \$7,899 for wastewater. Accordingly, staff has made an adjustment to increase this account by \$1,129 for water and \$3,536 for wastewater. Staff recommends employee pensions and benefits expense of \$8,557 for water and \$7,899 for wastewater.

Purchased Water and Purchased Wastewater Treatment (610/710) – Regency recorded \$182,610 in this account for purchased water and \$0 for purchased wastewater treatment. Staff has reviewed invoices from JEA and determined purchased water expense of \$102,049 and purchased wastewater treatment expense of \$81,501. As such, staff has reduced Account No. 610 by \$80,561 for water and increased Account No. 710 by \$81,501 for wastewater. In addition, the Utility has provided staff with JEA's increased bulk rates that will go into effect on October 1, 2012. The increase in JEA's bulk rates will result in a \$20,274 increase to purchased water expense and a \$14,819 increase to purchased wastewater treatment. Therefore, staff has made a pro forma adjustment to increase this account by \$20,274 for water and \$14,819 for wastewater to reflect the increase in bulk rates. The Commission will vote on the Utility's final recommendation on August 14, 2012. The final rates which reflect the pro forma increase for purchased water/wastewater can not be implemented prior to October 1, 2012. Staff recommends total purchased water and wastewater treatment expenses of \$122,323 and \$96,320, respectively.

<u>Purchased Power (615/715)</u> – Regency did not record any purchased power for either water or wastewater in this account. Staff has reviewed invoices totaling \$281 for electric charges for the Utility's fire pump, and increased this account by \$281 for water. Also, staff has reviewed invoices totaling \$1,715 for electric charges for the Utility's lift station, and increased this account by \$1,715 for wastewater. Staff recommends purchased power expense of \$281 for water and \$1,715 for wastewater.

Materials and Supplies (620/720) – Regency recorded \$5,525 for water and \$3,245 for wastewater in this account for materials and supplies. The Utility's records substantiated materials and supplies expense of \$1,904 for water and \$1,757 for wastewater. Therefore, staff had made an adjustment to decrease this account by \$3,621 for water and \$1,488 for wastewater to remove the unsupported balance. Staff recommends materials and supplies expense of \$1,904 for water and \$1,757 for wastewater.

<u>Contractual Services – Professional (631/731)</u> – Regency recorded \$2,834 for water and \$1,665 for wastewater in this account for contractual services – professional. Table 6-1 below provides the Utility's balance and staff's recommended adjustments.

Table 6-1

		Per	Per		
Name	Description	Utility	Staff	Adjustment	Total
KPMG	2010 U.S. Income Tax Return	\$850	\$850	\$0	\$850
Burton & Associates	PSC Certificate Application	64	0	(64)	0
Burton & Associates	Valuation Analysis	3,533	<u>707</u>	(2,826)	<u>707</u>
		<u>\$4,447</u>	\$1,557	(\$2,890)	\$1,557

Staff believes that the cost related to the income tax return review is reasonable. However, staff has removed the amount for the PSC Certificate Application because the last certificate application that has been filed on behalf of the Utility was the certificate application filed in 2008. Thus, this expense is not valid for the test year ended September 30, 2011. In addition, staff believes the amount for the valuation analysis is a non-recurring cost. Therefore, staff has amortized this amount over 5 years.

The Utility used an allocation methodology of 63 percent for water and 37 percent for wastewater. As stated above, staff has determined the appropriate allocation to be 52 percent for water and 48 percent for wastewater. Applying this allocation methodology, staff's recommended balance for water is \$809 (\$1,557 x 52 percent) and \$747 (\$1,557 x 48 percent) for wastewater. Thus, staff has made an adjustment to decrease water by \$2,025 (\$2,834 - \$809) and wastewater by \$918 (\$1,665 - \$747), respectively, to reflect the appropriate allocation. Staff recommends contractual services – professional expense of \$809 for water and \$747 for wastewater.

Contractual Services – Other (636/736) – Regency recorded \$32,705 for water and \$13,209 for wastewater in this account for contractual services – other. Staff has reclassified \$7,938 for water and \$4,662 for wastewater to salaries and wages – officers for the Utility's president, Mr. Robert Stein. While calculating the appropriate total for this account, staff discovered that Mr. Stein's salary was recorded twice. Therefore, staff has made a separate adjustment to remove the duplication of his salary. Finally, staff has made an adjustment to decrease water by \$1,415 and increase wastewater by \$915 to reflect staff's recommended allocation. Staff recommends contractual services – other expense of \$15,414 (\$32,705 - \$7,938 - \$7,938 - \$1,415) for water and \$4,800 (\$13,209 - \$4,662 - \$4,662 + \$915) for wastewater.

Regulatory Commission Expense (665/765) — Regency recorded \$0 for both water and wastewater in this account. Pursuant to Rule 25-22.0407, F.A.C., the Utility is required to mail notices of the customer meeting and notices of final rates in this case to its customers. For these notices, staff has estimated \$231 for postage expense, \$210 for printing expense, and \$26 for envelopes. The above results in \$468 for postage, mailing notices, and envelopes. The Utility paid a \$2,000 rate case filing fee. The Utility also incurred consultant fees for legal assistance totaling \$8,010 for the instant docket. The total rate case expense including postage, mailing notices, envelopes, filing fees, and consultant fees is \$10,478. Based on the allocation methodology of 52 percent for water and 48 percent for wastewater, staff has calculated regulatory commission expense of \$5,449 for water and \$5,029 for wastewater. Pursuant to Section 367.0816, F.S., rate case expense is amortized over a four-year period. Staff recommends regulatory commission expense of \$1,362 for water and \$1,257 for wastewater.

<u>Bad Debt Expense (670/770)</u> – Regency recorded \$1,304 for water and \$766 for wastewater in this account for bad debt expense. The Utility's procedure for bad debt is as follows:

"When a company closes, the final invoice is sent to the last known address on file unless we are contacted by the tenant with a forwarding address. The final balance due is carried as an open item on accounts receivable for approximately 2-3 billing cycles while we try to collect it. If it is not collected, the customer deposit on account is applied to the final amount due and the rest is written off to bad debts to clear it out of accounts receivable. If a tenant pays on the invoice after it has been cleared from accounts receivable, the deposit received is applied to bad debt to reflect the payment."

Based on a list of accounts provided by the Utility, staff has determined the appropriate amount of bad debt expense to be \$2,329 for water and \$2,150 for wastewater. Therefore, staff has made an adjustment to increase the balances for water by \$1,025 and for wastewater by \$1,384. Staff recommends bad debt expense of \$2,329 for water and \$2,150 for wastewater.

Miscellaneous Expense (675/775) – Regency recorded \$4,525 for water and \$2,657 for wastewater in this account for miscellaneous expense. The Utility included annual membership fees for employee credit cards, and membership renewal fees to the Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Staff believes that these expenses are non-utility related. Accordingly, staff has made an adjustment to decrease water by \$2,059 and decrease wastewater by \$381 for various memberships that are non-utility related expenses. The Utility incurred \$150 for filing its corporate annual report with the Florida Department of State and included this amount in taxes other than income. Again, staff has determined the appropriate allocation to be 52 percent for water and 48 percent for wastewater. As such, staff has increased this account \$78 (\$150 x 52 percent) for water and \$72 (\$150 x 48 percent) for wastewater to reflect the annual filing fee. Staff recommends miscellaneous expense of \$2,544 (\$4,525 - \$2,059 + \$78) for water and \$2,348 (\$2,657 - \$381 + \$72) for wastewater.

Operation and Maintenance Expenses (O&M) Summary – Total adjustments to O&M expense result in a decrease of \$77,734 for water and an increase of \$102,351 for wastewater. Staff's recommended O&M expense is \$200,190 for water and \$151,619 for wastewater. O&M expenses are shown on Schedule Nos. 3-A and 3-B.

<u>Depreciation Expense (Net of Related Amortization of CIAC)</u> – Regency recorded \$35,183 for water and \$885 for wastewater in this account for net depreciation expense. Staff has calculated depreciation expense using the prescribed rates set forth in Rule 25-30.140, F.A.C. Also, staff has calculated amortization of CIAC based on composite rates. Staff has decreased net depreciation expense by \$14,404 for water and \$76 for wastewater. Staff recommends net depreciation expense of \$20,779 for water and \$809 for wastewater.

<u>Taxes Other Than Income (TOTI)</u> – As shown on Table 6-2 below, Regency recorded \$12,406 for water and \$7,286 for wastewater in this account for TOTI.

Table 6-2

	Water	Wastewater
Property Taxes	\$4,577	\$2,688
Payroll Taxes	0	0
Local Business Tax	496	291
Annual Report Filing Fee	95	56
Regulatory Assessment Fees	7,239	4,251
Total	\$12,406	\$7,286

Staff has reviewed Duval County's non-ad valorem and ad valorem tax assessment notices. Based on these notices, staff has determined the appropriate property taxes are \$1,180 for water and \$1,068 for wastewater. Therefore, staff has reduced this account by \$3,396 (\$1,180 - \$4,577) for water and \$1,620 (\$1,068 - \$2,688) for wastewater to reflect property taxes paid by the Utility. Staff has calculated payroll tax of \$1,362 for water and \$996 for wastewater. Accordingly, staff has increased this account by \$1,362 and \$996 for water and wastewater, respectively, to reflect staff's calculated payroll tax.

Based on staff's recommended test year revenues, the Utility's RAFs should be \$7,282 for water and \$4,815 for wastewater. Staff has increased this account by \$43 and \$564 for water and wastewater, respectively, to reflect the appropriate RAFs. As discussed in Issue 8, revenues have been increased by \$106,435 for water and \$60,916 for wastewater to reflect the change in revenue required to cover expenses and afford the Utility an opportunity to earn the recommended return of investment for its water operations and the recommended margin over the O&M expenses for its wastewater operations. As a result, TOTI should be increased by \$4,790 for water and \$2,741 for wastewater to reflect RAFs of 4.5 percent on the recommended incremental change in revenues. Staff recommends TOTI of \$15,204 (\$12,406 - \$3,396 + \$1,362 + \$43 + \$4,790) for water and \$9,968 (\$7,286 - \$1,620 + \$996 + \$564 + \$2,741) for wastewater.

<u>Income Tax</u> – The Utility did not have any income tax expense for the test year. Regency is an S Corporation. The tax liability is passed on to the owners' personal tax returns. Therefore, staff did not make an adjustment to this account.

Operating Expenses Summary – The application of staff's recommended adjustments to Regency's recorded test year operating expenses result in staff's recommended operating expenses of \$236,173 for water and \$162,395 for wastewater. Operating expenses are shown on Schedule Nos. 3-A and 3-B. The related adjustments are shown on Schedule No. 3-C.

<u>Issue 7</u>: Should the Commission utilize the operating ratio methodology as an alternative means to calculate the revenue requirement for Regency, and if so, what is the appropriate margin?

Recommendation: Yes, the Commission, on its own motion, should utilize the operating ratio methodology for calculating the revenue requirement for the Utility's wastewater system only. The margin should be 10 percent of O&M expenses. (Hudson)

Staff Analysis: Section 367.0814(9), F.S., provides that the Commission may, by rule, establish standards and procedures for setting rates and charges of small utilities using criteria other than those set forth in Sections 367.081(1), (2)(a) and (3), F.S. Rule 25-30.456, F.A.C., provides, in part, an alternative to a staff assisted rate case as described in Rule 25-30.455, F.A.C. As an alternative, utilities with total gross annual operating revenues of less than \$250,000 per system may petition the Commission for staff assistance in alternative rate setting.

Although Regency did not petition the Commission for alternative rate setting under the aforementioned rule, staff believes that the Commission should exercise its discretion to employ the operating ratio methodology as an alternative means to set wastewater rates in this case. The operating ratio methodology is an alternative to the traditional calculation of revenue requirements. Under this methodology, instead of applying a return on the Utility's rate base, the revenue requirement is based on the margin of Regency's O&M expenses. This methodology has been applied in cases where the traditional calculation of revenue requirements would not provide sufficient revenues to protect against potential variances in revenues and expenses.

By Order No. PSC-96-0357-FOF-WU, the Commission, for the first time, utilized the operating ratio methodology as an alternative means for setting rates. This order also discussed criteria related to the use of the operating ratio methodology and a guideline margin of 10 percent of O&M expense. This criteria was applied again in Order No. PSC-97-0130-FOF-SU. Most recently, the Commission approved the operating ratio methodology for setting rates in Order No. PSC-10-0167-PAA-WU.

In Order No. PSC-96-0357-FOF-WU, the Commission described criteria to determine whether to utilize the operating ratio methodology for those utilities with low or non-existent rate base. The qualifying criteria outlined in Order No. PSC-96-0357-FOF-WU, and how they apply to the Utility are discussed below:

1) Whether the Utility's O&M expense exceeds rate base. In the instant case, the rate base is substantially less than the level of O&M expense. Based on the staff audit, the adjusted rate base for the test year is \$48,160, while adjusted O&M expenses are \$151,619.

⁶ <u>See</u> Order No. PSC-06-0357-FOF-WS, issued March 13, 1996, in Docket No. 950641-WU, <u>In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Palm Beach County by Lake Osborne Utilities Company, Inc.</u>

⁷ <u>See</u> Order No. PSC-97-0130-FOF-SU, issued February 10, 1997, in Docket No. 960561-SU, <u>In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Citrus County by Indian Springs Utilities, Inc.</u>

⁸ See Order No. PSC-10-0167-PAA-WU, issued March 23, 2010, in Docket No. 090346-WU, <u>In re: Application for a staff-assisted rate increase in Lake County by Brendenwood Water System.</u>

- Whether the Utility is expected to become a Class B utility in the foreseeable future. According to Chapter 367.0814(9), F.S., the alternative form of regulation being considered in this case only applies to small utilities with gross annual revenues of \$250,000 or less. Regency is a Class C utility and the recommended revenue requirement of \$167,925 is below the threshold level for Class B status (\$250,000 per system). The Utility's service area is the Mall and has not had any growth in the last five years and is essentially built out. Therefore, the Utility will not become a Class B utility in the foreseeable future.
- 3) Quality of service and condition of plant. The Utility is in compliance with all state and local regulations for consecutive wastewater systems. The quality of service appears satisfactory.
- 4) Whether the Utility is developer-owned. The current utility owner is not a developer. The service territory is not in the early stages of growth, and there has not been any customer growth in the last five years.
- 5) Whether the Utility operates treatment facilities or is simply a distribution and/or collection system. Regency purchases wastewater treatment from JEA. Staff has calculated the operating ratio method without consideration of the purchased wastewater treatment costs.

By Order Nos. PSC-96-0357-FOF-WS and PSC-97-0130-FOF-WU, the Commission determined that a margin of 10 percent shall be used unless unique circumstances justify the use of a greater or lesser margin. The important question was not what the return percentage should be, but what level of operating margin will allow the utility to provide safe and reliable service and remain a viable entity. The answer to this question requires a great deal of judgment based upon the particular circumstances of the utility. In these cases, the Commission applied a 10 percent margin.

Several factors must be considered in determining the reasonableness of a margin. First, the margin must provide sufficient revenues for the utility to cover its interest expense. Regency's capital structure is 100 percent equity and has no interest expense.

Second, use of the operating ratio methodology rests on the contention that the principal risk to the utility resides in operating cost rather than in capital cost of the plant. The fair return on a small rate base may not adequately compensate the utility owner for incurring the risk associated with covering the much greater operating cost. Therefore, the margin should adequately compensate the utility owner for that risk. Under the rate base method, the return to Regency amounts to \$4,190. This amount is only sufficient to cover a 2.76 percent variance in O&M expenses. Staff believes \$4,190 is an insufficient financial cushion for this Utility.

Third, if the return on rate base method is applied, a normal return would generate such a small level of revenues that in the event revenues or expenses vary from staff's estimates, Regency could be left with insufficient funds to cover operating expenses. Therefore, the margin should provide adequate revenues to protect against potential variability in revenues and expenses. Because the Utility's amount of rate base is so small, the return on rate base method would provide Regency only \$4,190 in operating income to cover revenue and expense

variances. If the Utility's operating expenses increase and revenues decrease, Regency would not have the funds required for day to day operations.

In conclusion, staff believes the above factors show that the Utility needs a higher margin of revenues over operating expenses than the traditional return on rate base method would provide. Therefore, in order to provide Regency with adequate cash flow to satisfy environmental requirements and to provide some assurance of safe and reliable service, staff recommends application of the operating ratio methodology at a margin of 10 percent of O&M expenses for determining the revenue requirement for the wastewater system.

Issue 8: What is the appropriate revenue requirement?

Recommendation: The appropriate revenue requirement is \$268,248 for water and \$167,925 for wastewater. (Hudson, Smith)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Regency should be allowed an annual increase of \$106,435 (65.78 percent) for water. This will allow the Utility the opportunity to recover its expenses and earn an 8.70 percent return on its investment. Using the operating ratio method for calculating the revenue requirement for wastewater, the Utility should be allowed an annual increase in revenue of \$60,916 (56.93 percent). This will allow Regency the opportunity to recover its expenses and provide a 10 percent operating margin over its O&M expense. The calculations are as follows:

Table 8-1

	Water
Adjusted Rate Base	\$368,678
Rate of Return	x .0870
Return on Rate Base	\$32,075
Adjusted O&M Expense	200,190
Depreciation Expense (Net)	20,779
Amortization	0
Taxes Other Than Income	15,204
Income Taxes	0
Revenue Requirement	\$268,248
Less Test Year Revenues	161,813
Annual Increase	\$106,435
Percent Increase/(Decrease)	65.78%

Table 8-2

	Wastewater
Adjusted O&M Expense	\$151,619
Less Purchased Wastewater Treatment (PWT)	96,320
Adjusted O&M Less PWT	\$55,299
Operating Margin	x .1000
Operating Margin	\$ 5,529
Adjusted O&M Expense	151,619
Depreciation Expense (Net)	809
Amortization	0
Taxes Other Than Income	9,968
Income Taxes	0
Revenue Requirement	\$167,925
Less Test Year Revenues	107,009
Annual Increase	\$60,916
Percent Increase/(Decrease)	56.93%

<u>Issue 9</u>: What are the appropriate rate structures for the Utility's water and wastewater systems?

Recommendation: The appropriate rate structures for the Utility's water and wastewater systems' non-residential class is a continuation of the base facility charge (BFC)/gallonage charge rate structure. The water system's BFC cost recovery should be set at 40 percent and the wastewater BFC cost recovery should be set at 50 percent. (Bruce)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Order No. PSC-02-0060-FOF-WS addressed the transfer of the Regency's water and wastewater plants to JEA on April 1, 2001. This transfer included all of the Utility's service area except for the Regency Square Mall. For this reason, the Utility purchases its water and wastewater treatment from JEA and resells these services to the tenants of the Mall. Furthermore, the transfer did not include the facilities and wells associated with the fire protection services. Therefore, the Utility continues to maintain and monitor the fire protection system as required to provide fire protection water to the service area.

Water: Currently, the Utility serves 128 non-residential customers and 10 irrigation customers. Regency's rates for the non-residential class consist of a BFC/gallonage charge rate structure. The BFC is \$16.99 and the gallonage charge is \$1.60 per 1,000 gallons.

The Utility is located in the St. John River Water Management District (SJRWMD). Since the Utility purchases its potable water and wastewater treatment from JEA and resells these services to the tenants of the Mall, the Utility is considered non-jurisdictional for the potable water system. However, the District does have jurisdiction of the facilities associated with the fire protection services.

Based on staff's analysis of the non-residential customer base, the average monthly consumption is 33.46 kgals. However, given that the customer base consists of non-residential customers only, staff recommends a continuation of the current BFC/gallonage charge rate structure. This rate structure is typical for non-residential customers. Furthermore, this rate structure is considered conservation-oriented rate structure because customers' bills increase as their consumption increases.

Staff's initial allocation for the water BFC cost recovery for the non-residential class is 32.34 percent. Staff recommends increasing the water system's fixed cost recovery to 40 percent. The Commission typically sets the BFC cost recovery no greater than 40 percent.

Regency also provides water for the Mall's fire protection system. The water is supplied from a dedicated well and is piped, without treatment, to a storage tank. The water is available upon demand to all customers of the Mall. Typically, private fire protection rates are one-twelfth of the base facility charge of the meter supplying the water. In this instance, the water is not measured by a meter. Therefore, staff is unable to design a private fire protection rate using this methodology. The Mall is the exclusive user of the non-potable water provided for fire protection. The tenants of the Mall benefit from the existence of the fire protection system. Staff's recommended revenue requirement allows Regency to recover a return on its investment and expenses related to fire protection. Based on the above, staff believes the costs associated with the fire protection service are best recovered through the monthly rates of the customers.

Based on the foregoing, staff recommends that the appropriate rate structure for the water system's non-residential class is a continuation of the monthly base facility charge (BFC)/uniform gallonage charge rate structure. The water system's BFC cost recovery should be set at 40 percent.

<u>Wastewater</u>: Regency's current rate structure consists of a BFC/gallonage rate structure for the wastewater systems' non-residential customers. The monthly BFC is \$18.96 and the usage charge is \$3.54 per 1,000 gallons.

Staff's initial allocation for the wastewater BFC cost recovery for the non-residential class is 26.94 percent. This BFC allocation is lower than the Commission's practice of setting the BFC allocation to at least 50 percent. For this reason, staff recommends setting the BFC allocation to 50 percent due to the capital intensive nature of wastewater plants.

Furthermore, typically it is Commission practice to set a monthly wastewater gallonage cap. However, it is not appropriate in this case due to the fact that the customers are non-residential only.

Based on the foregoing, staff recommends that the appropriate rate structure for the wastewater system's non-residential class is a continuation of the monthly base facility charge (BFC)/uniform gallonage charge rate structure. The wastewater system's BFC cost recovery should be set at 50 percent.

<u>Issue 10</u>: What are the appropriate rates for Regency?

Recommendation: The appropriate monthly rates are shown on Schedule Nos. 4-A and 4-B. The recommended rates should be designed to produce revenue of \$268,248 for water and \$167,925 for wastewater. Regency should file revised tariff sheets and a proposed customer notice to reflect the Commission-approved rates. The approved rates should be effective for service rendered on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheet, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475(1), F.A.C. In addition, the approved rates should not be implemented until staff has approved the proposed customer notice and the notice has been received by the customers. The Utility should provide proof of the date notice was given within 10 days of the date of the notice. (Bruce)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: The recommended rates should be designed to produce revenue of \$268,248 for the water system and \$167,925 for the wastewater system. There are no miscellaneous service revenues for the water and wastewater systems.

The appropriate rate structure for Regency's non-residential customers is a continuation of the BFC/uniform gallonage charge rate structure. The approved rates should be effective for service rendered on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheet, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475(1), F.A.C. In addition, the approved rates should not be implemented until staff has approved the proposed customer notice and the notice has been received by the customers. The Utility should provide proof of the date notice was given within 10 days of the date of the notice.

If the effective date of the new rates falls within a regular billing cycle, the initial bills at the new rate may be prorated. The old charge shall be prorated based on the number of days in the billing cycle before the effective date of the new rates. The new charge shall be prorated based on the number of days in the billing cycle on and after the effective date of the new rates. In no event shall the rates be effective for service rendered prior to the stamped approval date.

Based on the foregoing, the appropriate rates are shown on Schedule Nos. 4-A and 4-B for water and wastewater, respectively.

<u>Issue 11</u>: What is the appropriate amount by which rates should be reduced four years after the published effective date to reflect the removal of the amortized rate case expense as required by Section 367.0816 F.S.?

Recommendation: The water and wastewater rates should be reduced as shown on Schedule Nos. 4-A and 4-B, to remove rate case expense grossed-up for regulatory assessment fees and amortized over a four-year period. The decrease in rates should become effective immediately following the expiration of the four-year rate case expense recovery period, pursuant to Section 367.0816, F.S. Regency should be required to file revised tariffs and a proposed customer notice setting forth the lower rates and the reason for the reduction no later than one month prior to the actual date of the required rate reduction. If the Utility files this reduction in conjunction with a price index or pass-through rate adjustment, separate data should be filed for the price index and/or pass-through increase or decrease and the reduction in the rates due to the amortized rate case expense. (Hudson, Smith)

Staff Analysis: Section 367.0816, F.S., requires that the rates be reduced immediately following the expiration of the four-year period by the amount of the rate case expense previously included in rates. The reduction will reflect the removal of revenue associated with the amortization of rate case expense, the associated return in working capital, and the gross-up for RAFs. The total reduction is \$1,442 for water and \$1,333 for wastewater. Using Regency's current revenue, expenses, capital structure and customer base, the reduction in revenue will result in the rate decreases as shown on Schedule Nos. 4-A and 4-B.

The Utility should be required to file revised tariff sheets no later than one month prior to the actual date of the required rate reduction. Regency should also be required to file a proposed customer notice setting forth the lower rates and the reason for the reduction.

If the Utility files this reduction in conjunction with a price index or pass-through rate adjustment, separate data should be filed for the price index and/or pass-through increase or decrease and the reduction in the rates due to the amortized rate case expense.

<u>Issue 12</u>: Should the recommended rates be approved for the Utility on a temporary basis, subject to refund, in the event of a protest filed by a party other than the Utility?

Recommendation: Yes. Pursuant to Section 367.0814(7), F.S., the recommended rates should be approved for the Utility on a temporary basis, subject to refund, in the event of a protest filed by a party other than the Utility. Regency should file revised tariff sheets and a proposed customer notice to reflect the Commission-approved rates. The approved rates should be effective for service rendered on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheet, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475(1), F.A.C. In addition, the temporary rates should not be implemented until staff has approved the proposed notice, and the notice has been received by the customers. Prior to implementation of any temporary rates, the Utility should provide appropriate security. If the recommended rates are approved on a temporary basis, the rates collected by the Utility should be subject to the refund provisions discussed below in the staff analysis. In addition, after the increased rates are in effect, pursuant to Rule 25-30.360(6), F.A.C., the Utility should file reports with the Commission Clerk no later than the 20th of each month indicating the monthly and total amount of money subject to refund at the end of the preceding month. The report filed should also indicate the status of the security being used to guarantee repayment of any potential refund. (Hudson, Smith)

Staff Analysis: This recommendation proposes an increase in water and wastewater rates. A timely protest might delay what may be a justified rate increase resulting in an unrecoverable loss of revenue to the Utility. Therefore, pursuant to Section 367.0814(7), F.S., in the event of a protest filed by a party other than the Utility, staff recommends that the recommended rates be approved as temporary rates. Regency should file revised tariff sheets and a proposed customer notice to reflect the Commission-approved rates. The approved rates should be effective for service rendered on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheet, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475(1), F.A.C. In addition, the temporary rates should not be implemented until staff has approved the proposed notice, and the notice has been received by the customers. The recommended rates collected by the Utility should be subject to the refund provisions discussed below.

Regency should be authorized to collect the temporary rates upon staff's approval of an appropriate security for the potential refund and the proposed customer notice. Security should be in the form of a bond or letter of credit in the amount of \$111,642. Alternatively, the Utility could establish an escrow agreement with an independent financial institution.

If Regency chooses a bond as security, the bond should contain wording to the effect that it will be terminated only under the following conditions:

- 1) The Commission approves the rate increase; or,
- 2) If the Commission denies the increase, the Utility shall refund the amount collected that is attributable to the increase.

If Regency chooses a letter of credit as a security, it should contain the following conditions:

- 1) The letter of credit is irrevocable for the period it is in effect, and,
- 2) The letter of credit will be in effect until a final Commission order is rendered, either approving or denying the rate increase.

If security is provided through an escrow agreement, the following conditions should be part of the agreement:

- 1) No monies in the escrow account may be withdrawn by the Utility without the express approval of the Commission;
- 2) The escrow account shall be an interest bearing account;
- 3) If a refund to the customers is required, all interest earned by the escrow account shall be distributed to the customers;
- 4) If a refund to the customers is not required, the interest earned by the escrow account shall revert to Regency;
- 5) All information on the escrow account shall be available from the holder of the escrow account to a Commission representative at all times;
- The amount of revenue subject to refund shall be deposited in the escrow account within seven days of receipt;
- 7) This escrow account is established by the direction of the Florida Public Service Commission for the purpose(s) set forth in its order requiring such account. Pursuant to Cosentino v. Elson, 263 So. 2d 253 (Fla. 3d DCA 1972), escrow accounts are not subject to garnishments;
- 8) The Commission Clerk must be a signatory to the escrow agreement; and,
- 9) The account must specify by whom and on whose behalf such monies were paid.

In no instance should the maintenance and administrative costs associated with the refund be borne by the customers. These costs are the responsibility of, and should be borne by the Utility. Irrespective of the form of security chosen by Regency, an account of all monies received as a result of the rate increase should be maintained by the Utility. If a refund is ultimately required, it should be paid with interest calculated pursuant to Rule 25-30.360(4), F.A.C.

Regency should maintain a record of the amount of the bond, and the amount of revenues that are subject to refund. In addition, after the increased rates are in effect, pursuant to Rule 25-30.360(6), F.A.C., the Utility should file reports with the Commission Clerk no later than the 20th of each month indicating the monthly and total amount of money subject to refund at the

end of the preceding month. The report filed should also indicate the status of the security being used to guarantee repayment of any potential refund.

<u>Issue 13</u>: What are the appropriate customer deposits for Regency?

Recommendation: The appropriate customer deposits for water and wastewater are \$263 and \$158 for 5/8" x 3/4" meters, respectively. The approved customer deposits should be effective for services rendered or connections made on or after the stamped approval date on the tariff sheets, pursuant to Rule 25-30.475, F.A.C. The Utility should be required to charge the approved charges until authorized to change them by the Commission in a subsequent proceeding.

In addition, the Utility should file verification that the interest has been paid or credited to those customers who had deposits collected since Regency's certification in 2008. Also, the Utility should provide a report that customer deposits have been refunded or higher rate interest has been paid to the customers that met the requirement of Rule 25-30.311(5). The reports for interest and refunds should be provided within 90 days of the effective date of the Commission Order. (Bruce, Hudson)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: Pursuant to Section 367.091, F.S., the Commission is authorized to establish, increase, or change a rate or charge other than monthly rates or service availability charges.

Rule 25-30.311, F.A.C., contains the criteria for collecting, administering, and refunding customer deposits. Customer deposits are designed to minimize the exposure of bad debt expense for the Utility and, ultimately, the general body of ratepayers. Historically, the Commission has set initial customer deposits equal to the amount of two months' bills based on estimated average consumption for the customer class.⁹

Staff notes that consumption-based charges are based on the prior month's meter readings. It generally takes five to seven days from the meter reading date until customers are billed. Pursuant to Rule 25-30.335(4), F.A.C., payment may not be considered delinquent until 21 days after the bill is mailed or presented. Pursuant to Rule 25-30.320(2) (g), F.A.C., a utility may discontinue service for nonpayment of bills, provided there has been a diligent attempt to have the customer comply and the customer has been provided at least five working days' written notice. It is likely that the service would not be disconnected until well after two months subsequent to the service being rendered. Not only is collecting a customer deposit to recover this two-month period of service consistent with our past practice, it is also consistent with one of the fundamental principles of rate making – ensuring that the cost of providing service is recovered from the cost causer. ¹⁰

The Utility's proposed initial customer deposits for water and wastewater are \$263 and \$158 for 5/8" x 3/4" meters, respectively. These amounts were calculated in compliance with

⁹ <u>See</u> Order Nos. PSC-03-1342-PAA-WS, issued November 24, 2003, in Docket No. 021228-WS, <u>In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Brevard County by Service Management Systems, Inc.</u>; and PSC-03-0845-PAA-WS, issued July 21, 2003, in Docket No. 021192-WS, <u>In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Highlands County by Damon Utilities. Inc.</u>

by Damon Utilities, Inc.

10 See Order Nos. PSC-03-1119-PAA-SU, issued October 7, 2003, in Docket No. 030106-SU, In re: Application for staff-assisted rate case in Lee County by Environmental Protection Systems of Pine Island, Inc.; and PSC-96-1409-FOF-WU, issued November 20, 1996, in Docket No. 960716-WU, In Re: Application for transfer of Certificate No. 123-W in Lake County from Theodore S. Jansen d/b/a Ravenswood Water System to Crystal River Utilities, Inc.

Rule 25-30.311(7), F.A.C. These charges are consistent with Commission rules and staff recommends their approval.

<u>Issue 14</u>: Should the Utility be required to provide proof, within 90 days of an effective order finalizing this docket, that it has its books for all applicable National Association of Regulatory Commissioners Uniform System of Accounts (NARUC USOA) primary accounts associated with the Commission approved adjustments?

Recommendation: Yes. To ensure that the Utility adjusts its books in accordance with the Commission's decision, Regency should provide proof, within 90 days of the final order in this docket, that the adjustments for all applicable NARUC USOA primary accounts have been made. (Hudson, Smith)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: To ensure that the Utility adjusts its books in accordance with the Commission's decision, Regency should provide proof, within 90 days of the final order in this docket, that the adjustments for all applicable NARUC USOA primary accounts have been made.

Issue 15: Should this docket be closed?

Recommendation: No. If no person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed agency action files a protest within 21 days of the issuance of the order, a consummating order will be issued. The docket should remain open for staff's verification that the revised tariff sheets and customer notice have been filed by the Utility and approved by staff. Once these actions are complete, this docket should be closed administratively. (Robinson)

<u>Staff Analysis</u>: No. If no person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed agency action files a protest within 21 days of the issuance of the order, a consummating order will be issued. The docket should remain open for staff's verification that the revised tariff sheets and customer notice have been filed by the Utility and approved by staff. Once these actions are complete, this docket should be closed administratively.

> REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 1-A DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

SCHEDULE OF WATER RATE BASE

	SCHEDULE OF WATER RATE BASE			
	DESCRIPTION	BALANCE PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUST. TO UTIL. BAL.	BALANCE PER STAFF
		Allower Control of the Control of th		
1.	UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE	\$1,131,493	\$36,774	\$1,168,267
2.	LAND & LAND RIGHTS	0	0	0
3.	NON-USED AND USEFUL COMPONENTS	0	0	0
4.	CIAC	0	(21,980)	(21,980)
5.	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(711,791)	(112,199)	(823,990)
6.	AMORTIZATION OF CIAC	0	21,357	21,357
7.	WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE	34,741	<u>(9,717)</u>	25,024
8.	WATER RATE BASE	\$454,443	(\$85,765)	<u>\$368,678</u>

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 1-B DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

SCHEDULE OF WASTEWATER RATE BASE

	DESCRIPTION	BALANCE PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUST. TO UTIL. BAL.	BALANCE PER STAFF
1.	UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE	\$36,942	\$25,373	\$62,315
2.	LAND & LAND RIGHTS	0	0	0
3.	NON-USED AND USEFUL COMPONENTS	0	0	0
4.	CIAC	0	(30,260)	(30,260)
5.	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(28,079)	(2,320)	(30,399)
6.	AMORTIZATION OF CIAC	0	27,551	27,551
7.	WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE	6,158	12,794	18,952
8.	WASTEWATER RATE BASE	<u>\$15,021</u>	<u>\$33,139</u>	<u>\$48,160</u>

	REGENCY UTILITIES, INC.		HEDULE NO. 1-C		
	TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11	DOCKET NO. 110282-WS			
	ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE BASE				
	VICTOR AND DATA AND AND CONTRACTOR	<u>WATER</u>	WASTEWATER		
	UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE				
1.	To reflect the appropriate balance to Acct. Nos. 301/351.	\$25,000	\$25,000		
2.	To reflect the appropriate balance to Acct. No. 334.	11,401	0		
3.	To reflect the appropriate balance to Acct. Nos. 340/390.	<u>373</u>	<u>373</u>		
	Total	\$36,774	\$25,373		
	CV. C				
	CIAC				
	To reflect the appropriate CIAC.	(\$21,980)	(\$30,260)		
	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				
1.	To reflect accumulated depreciation per Rule 25-30.140, F.A.C.	(\$128,926)	(\$3,106)		
2.	To reflect averaging adjustments.	16,727	786		
	Total	(\$112,199)	(\$2,320)		
	AMORTIZATION OF CIAC				
1.	To reflect amortization of CIAC based on composite rates.	\$21,672	\$27,933		
2.	To reflect averaging adjustments.	(315)	(382)		
	Total	\$21,357	\$27,551		
	WORKING CAPITAL ALLOWANCE				
	To reflect 1/8 of test year O&M expenses.	(\$9,717)	\$12,794		

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC.
TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 2 DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE

CAPITAL COMPONENT	PER UTILITY	SPECIFIC ADJUST- MENTS	BALANCE BEFORE PRO RATA ADJUSTMENTS	PRO RATA ADJUST- MENTS	BALANCE PER STAFF	PERCENT OF TOTAL	COST	WEIGHTED COST
I. TOTAL COMMON EQUITY	\$627,318	\$0	\$627,318	(\$215,880)	\$411,438	98.70%	8.74%	8.63%
2. CUSTOMER DEPOSITS	<u>5,400</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,400</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,400</u>	1.30%	6.00%	0.08%
3. TOTAL	\$632,718	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$632,718</u>	(\$215,880)	<u>\$416,838</u>	100.00%		8.70%
			RANGE OF REASO RETURN ON EQU OVERALL RATE	JITY		<u>LOW</u> <u>7.74%</u> <u>7.72%</u>	HIGH 9.74% 9.69%	

> REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 3-A DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

SCHEDULE OF WATER OPERATING INCOME

		TEST YEAR PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUSTMENTS	STAFF ADJUSTED TEST YEAR	ADJUST. FOR INCREASE	REVENUE REQUIREMENT
1.	OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$265,347</u>	(\$103,534)	\$161,813	\$106,435 65.78%	<u>\$268,248</u>
2.	OPERATING EXPENSES: OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	\$277,924	(\$77,734)	\$200,190	\$0	\$200,190
3.	DEPRECIATION (NET)	35,183	(14,404)	20,779	0	20,779
4.	AMORTIZATION	0	0	0	0	0
5.	TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	12,406	(1,991)	10,415	4,790	15,204
6.	INCOME TAXES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
7.	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$325,513	<u>(\$94,130)</u>	<u>\$231,383</u>	<u>\$4,790</u>	\$236,173
8.	OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	(\$60,166)		(\$69,571)		<u>\$32,075</u>
9.	WATER RATE BASE	<u>\$454,443</u>		<u>\$368,678</u>		<u>\$368,678</u>
10.	RATE OF RETURN	(13.24%)		(18.87%)		8.70%

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. SCHEDULE NO. 3-B TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11 **DOCKET NO. 110282-WS**

HEDULE OF WASTEWATER OPERAT	ING INCOME				
	TEST YEAR PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUSTMENTS	STAFF ADJUSTED TEST YEAR	ADJUST. FOR INCREASE	REVENUE REQUIREMENT
OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$107,009</u>	\$107,009	<u>\$60,916</u> 56.93%	<u>\$167,925</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	\$49,268	\$102,351	\$151,619	\$0	\$151,619
DEPRECIATION (NET)	885	(76)	809	0	809
AMORTIZATION	0	0	0	0	0
TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME	7,286	(59)	7,227	2,741	9,968
INCOME TAXES	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>\$57,439</u>	<u>\$102,215</u>	<u>\$159,654</u>	\$2,741	<u>\$162,395</u>
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	(\$57,439)		(\$52,645)		\$5,530
WASTEWATER RATE BASE	\$15,021		<u>\$48,160</u>		\$48,160
RATE OF RETURN	<u>\$0</u>		<u>\$0</u>		10.00%
	OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES: OPERATION & MAINTENANCE DEPRECIATION (NET) AMORTIZATION TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME INCOME TAXES TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) WASTEWATER RATE BASE	OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES: OPERATION & MAINTENANCE DEPRECIATION (NET) AMORTIZATION TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME INCOME TAXES OPERATING EXPENSES OPERATING EXPENSES \$57,439 OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (\$57,439) WASTEWATER RATE BASE	OPERATING REVENUES \$0 \$107,009 OPERATING EXPENSES: \$102,351 OPERATION & MAINTENANCE \$49,268 \$102,351 DEPRECIATION (NET) 885 (76) AMORTIZATION 0 0 TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME 7,286 (59) INCOME TAXES 0 0 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES \$57,439 \$102,215 OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (\$57,439) WASTEWATER RATE BASE \$15,021	TEST YEAR PER UTILITY STAFF ADJUSTED TEST YEAR OPERATING REVENUES \$0 \$107.009 \$107.009 OPERATING EXPENSES: OPERATION & MAINTENANCE \$49,268 \$102,351 \$151,619 DEPRECIATION (NET) \$85 (76) \$809 AMORTIZATION 0 0 0 TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME 7,286 (59) 7,227 INCOME TAXES 0 0 0 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES \$57,439 \$102,215 \$159,654 OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (\$57,439) \$48,160	TEST YEAR PER UTILITY STAFF ADJUSTED ADJUSTED FOR PER UTILITY STAFF ADJUSTED FOR PER UTILITY STAFF ADJUSTED FOR PER UTILITY ADJUSTMENTS FOR INCREASE OPERATING EXPENSES: OPERATION & MAINTENANCE \$49,268 \$102,351 \$151,619 \$0 DEPRECIATION (NET) 885 (76) 809 0 AMORTIZATION 0 0 0 0 TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME 7,286 (59) 7,227 2,741 INCOME TAXES 0 0 0 0 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES \$57,439 \$102,215 \$159,654 \$2,741 OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) (\$57,439) (\$52,645) \$48,160 \$48,160

	REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11 ADJUSTMENTS TO OPERATING INCOME	SCHEDULE NO. 3-C DOCKET NO. 110282-WS PAGE 1 OF 2			
		WATER	WASTEWATER		
	OPERATING REVENUES				
	To reflect the appropriate test year revenues.	(\$103,534)	\$107,009		
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES				
1.	Salaries and Wages Employees (601/701)				
	To reclassify A. Daniels' salaries to Acct. No. 603/703.	(\$6,439)	(\$74)		
2.	Salaries and Wages Officers (603/703)				
	a. To reclassify A. Daniels' salary from Acct. Nos. 601/701.	\$6,439	\$74		
	b. To reflect appropriate salary for A. Daniels.	(2,877)	3,214		
	c. To reclassify R. Stein's salary from Acct. Nos. 636/736.	7,938	4,662		
	d. To reflect appropriate allocation of R. Stein's salary.	(1,386)	<u>1,386</u>		
	Subtotal	\$10,114	\$9,336		
3.	Employees Pension and Benefits (604/704)				
	a. To reflect the appropriate allocation between systems.	\$1,129	\$3,536		
4.	Purchased Water/Purchased Wastewater (610/710)				
ł	a. To reflect test year purchased water/purchased wastewater.	(\$80,561)	\$81,501		
	b. To reflect pro forma adjustment for increase in JEA rates.	20,274	<u>14,819</u>		
	Subtotal	(\$60,287)	\$96,320		
5,	Purchased Power (615/715)				
	To reflect invoices for electric charges.	\$281	\$1,715		
6.	Materials & Supplies (620/720)				
	To remove unsupported balance.	(\$3,621)	<u>(\$1,488)</u>		
7.	Contractual Services - Professional (631/731)				
	To reflect invoices for professional services.	(\$2,025)	(\$918)		
	(O&M EXPENSES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)				

	REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11	SCHEDULE NO. 3-C DOCKET NO. 110282-WS PAGE 2 OF 2		
	ADJUSTMENTS TO OPERATING INCOME			
	O&M EXPENSES CONTINUED	WATER	WASTEWATER	
8.	Contractual Services - Other (636/736)			
]	a. To reclassify R. Stein's salary to Account Nos. 603/703.	(\$7,938)	(\$4,662)	
	b. To remove R. Stein's salary recorded twice.	(7,938)	(4,662)	
	c. To reflect the appropriate allocation between systems.	(1,415)	<u>915</u>	
	Subtotal	(\$17,291)	(\$8,409)	
9.	Regulatory Expense (665/765)			
	To amortize rate case expense over 4 years.	\$1,362	\$1,257	
10.	Bad Debt Expense (670/770)			
	To reflect appropriate bad debt expense.	\$1,025	\$1,384	
П.	Miscellaneous Expense (675/775)			
	a. To remove non-utility expenses.	(\$2,059)	(\$381)	
	b. To include annual filing fee.	<u>78</u>	<u>72</u>	
	Subtotal	(\$1,981)	(\$309)	
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENTS	<u>(\$77,734)</u>	<u>\$102,351</u>	
	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE			
	To reflect the appropriate net depreciation expense.	(\$14,404)	(\$76)	
	TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME			
I.	To reflect the appropriate property taxes.	(\$3,396)	(\$1,620)	
2.	To reflect the appropriate payroll taxes.	1,362	996	
3.	To reflect the appropriate RAFs.	<u>43</u>	<u>564</u>	
	Total	(\$1,991)	(\$59)	
			9	

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 3-D DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

ANALYSIS OF WATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE

	TOTAL PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUST- MENT	TOTAL PER STAFF
(601) SALARIES AND WAGES - EMPLOYEES	\$17,484	(\$6,439)	\$11,045
(603) SALARIES AND WAGES - OFFICERS	0	10,114	10,114
(604) EMPLOYEE PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	7,428	1,129	8,557
(610) PURCHASED WATER	182,610	(60,287)	122,323
(615) PURCHASED POWER	0	281	281
(616) FUEL FOR POWER PRODUCTION	0	0	0
(618) CHEMICALS	0	0	0
(620) MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	5,525	(3,621)	1,904
(630) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - BILLING	0	0	0
(631) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - PROFESSIONAL	2,834	(2,025)	809
(635) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - TESTING	1,213	0	1,213
(636) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - OTHER	32,705	(17,291)	15,414
(640) RENTS	9,412	0	9,412
(650) TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE	0	0	0
(655) INSURANCE EXPENSE	12,884	0	12,884
(665) REGULATORY COMMISSION EXPENSE	0	1,362	1,362
(670) BAD DEBT EXPENSE	1,304	1,025	2,329
(675) MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES	4,525	(1,981)	<u>2,544</u>
TOTAL	\$277,924	(\$77,734)	\$200,190

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11

SCHEDULE NO. 3-E DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

ANALYSIS OF WASTEWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE

	TOTAL PER UTILITY	STAFF ADJUST- MENT	TOTAL PER STAFF
(701) SALARIES AND WAGES - EMPLOYEES	\$10,269	(\$74)	\$10,195
(703) SALARIES AND WAGES - OFFICERS	0	9,336	9,336
(704) EMPLOYEE PENSIONS AND BENEFITS	4,363	3,536	7,899
(710) PURCHASED SEWAGE TREATMENT	0	96,320	96,320
(711) SLUDGE REMOVAL EXPENSE	0	0	0
(715) PURCHASED POWER	0	1,715	1,715
(716) FUEL FOR POWER PRODUCTION	0	0	0
(718) CHEMICALS	0	0	0
(720) MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	3,245	(1,488)	1,757
(730) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - BILLING	0	0	0
(731) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - PROFESSIONAL	1,665	(918)	747
(735) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - TESTING	0	0	0
(736) CONTRACTUAL SERVICES - OTHER	13,209	(8,409)	4,800
(740) RENTS	5,527	0	5,527
(750) TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE	0	0	0
(755) INSURANCE EXPENSE	7,567	0	7,567
(765) REGULATORY COMMISSION EXPENSES	0	1,257	1,257
(770) BAD DEBT EXPENSE	766	1,384	2,150
(775) MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES	2,657	(309)	2,348
TOTAL	\$49,268	\$102,351	\$151,619

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC. TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11 MONTHLY WATER RATES SCHEDULE NO. 4-A
DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

	UTILITY'S EXISTING RATES	STAFF RECOMMENDED RATES	MONTHLY RATE REDUCTION
General Service			
Base Facility Charge by Meter Size:			
5/8" X 3/4"	\$16.99	\$30.69	\$0.16
3/4"	\$25.49	\$46.04	\$0.24
I"	\$42.48	\$76.73	\$0.41
1-1/2"	\$84.96	\$153.45	\$0.82
2"	\$135.93	\$245.52	\$1.31
3"	\$271.87	\$491.04	\$2.6
4"	\$424.79	\$767.25	\$4.08
6"	\$849.58	\$1,534.50	\$8.1
General Service Gallonage Charge			
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$1.60	\$3.01	\$0.03
Typical 5/8" x 3/4" Meter Bill Comparison			
3,000 Gallons	\$21.79	\$39.72	
5,000 Gallons	\$24.99	\$45.74	
10,000 Gallons	\$32.99	\$60.79	

REGENCY UTILITIES, INC.
TEST YEAR ENDED 9/30/11
MONTHLY WASTEWATER RATES

SCHEDULE NO. 4-B DOCKET NO. 110282-WS

	UTILITY'S EXISTING RATES	STAFF RECOMMENDED RATES	MONTHLY RATE REDUCTION
General Service			
Base Facility Charge by Meter Size:			
5/8" X 3/4"	\$18.96	\$25.35	\$0.2
3/4"	\$28.44	\$38.03	\$0.3
1"	\$47.40	\$63.38	\$0.5
1-1/2"	\$94.80	\$126.75	\$0.9
2"	\$151.68	\$202.80	\$1.5
3"	\$303.37	\$405.60	\$3.1
4"	\$474.01	\$633.75	\$4.9
6"	\$948.03	N/A	N/
General Service Gallonage Charge			
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$3.54	\$6.72	\$0.0
Typical 5/8" x 3/4" Meter Bill Comparison			
3,000 Gallons	\$29.58	\$45.51	
5,000 Gallons	\$36.66	\$58.95	
10,000 Gallons	\$54.36	\$92.55	