		D	LED JAN 21, 2014 OCUMENT NO. 00342-14 PSC - COMMISSION CLER	к <sub>000001</sub>
1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION			
2				
3	In the Matter o	of:		
4			DOCKET NO. 130	223-EI
5	PETITION FOR APPROVAL OF OPTIONAL NON-STANDARD METER RIDER, BY FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY/			
6				
7				
8				
9				
10	PROCEEDINGS:	COMMICCION CON	FEDENCE ACENDA	
11	FROCLEDINGS:	ITEM NO. 6	FERENCE AGENDA	
12	COMMISSIONERS	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
13	PARTICIPATING:	COMMISSIONER L	ISA POLAK EDGAR	
14			ONALD A. BRISÉ DUARDO E. BALBIS	
15	DATE:	Tuesday, Janua		
16		-	-	
17	PLACE:	Room 148	onference Center	
18		4075 Esplanade Tallahassee, F		
19	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, C Official FPSC		
20		(850) 413-6734	-	
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
	FL	ORIDA PUBLIC SE	RVICE COMMISSION	

	000002
1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * * * *
3	MS. DRAPER: Commissioners, Elizabeth Draper
4	with staff. Item number 6 is FPL's petition
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Draper, hold on just a
6	second. I just want to make sure everybody is down and
7	got their stuff out in front of them.
8	(Pause.)
9	Okay. Please.
10	MS. DRAPER: Item number 6 is FPL's petition
11	for approval of an optional non-standard meter rider
12	tariff or opt-out tariff. The tariff would apply to
13	customers who declined installation of a Smart Meter and
14	includes a one-time enrollment fee of \$105 and a monthly
15	surcharge of \$16.
16	Since 2009, FPL has installed over 4.5 million
17	Smart Meters for its residential and small commercial
18	customers. The approximately 24,000 customers who
19	object to the installation of a Smart Meter have been
20	placed on a postpone list.
21	In reviewing the tariff, staff identified
22	three areas where staff believes that FP&L has
23	overestimated its cost support: The recovery period for
24	upfront system and communication costs, the number of
25	customer care employees required to administer the

tariff after year two, and the need for meter reading lead position after year two.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Staff's recommended adjustments would reduce the enrollment fee from \$105 to \$95 and the monthly surcharge from \$16 to \$14. Since the Commission can only approve or deny a tariff, staff recommends that you deny the tariff as filed and give FPL the option to file a revised tariff within ten days of the Commission's vote for administrative approval for staff.

FPL and the Office of the Public Counsel are here to address the Commission.

## CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.

We actually have a, a -- one of our ratepayers that's called in that wants to comment. We're going to give her three minutes to comment. We're going to allow Commissioners, if they have any questions to ask of her while she's on the phone, to ask those questions at that time. And then from there we'll go to OPC and to FP&L.

Ms. Larson, are you there?

MS. LARSON: Yes, dear.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If I can get you to state your name and address for the record, and then your comments, please.

MS. LARSON: Alexandria Larson, 16933 West Carlena, Carlena Drive, Loxahatchee, Florida 33470.

000004

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, ma'am. Please continue.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. LARSON: Okay. Do you want me to make my statements now?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, ma'am.

MS. LARSON: Okay. Sorry.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That's all right.

MS. LARSON: Okay. You know, I was listening to the young lady giving the numbers to you, and the 4.5 million I have a concern with when they said they installed 4.5 million when large business, large businesses do not have Smart Meters. So I'm wondering, when I look at hospitals and malls and different things, that's probably about 400,000 customers that don't have Smart Meters, and I'm guessing at that number, but let's start with that. And I find that disturbing that they keep making the statement "4.5 million" over and over of the amount of customers they have but they're not deleting the business customers.

The other thing that bothers me, businesses already pay less. As per the last rate case, they were given lower rates than the regular ratepayers with the, with the analogy that they're closer and they're bigger and they use more, you know. We're giving some really excellent exemptions to businesses, and we pay those

bills as ratepayers. We spent \$800 million on these Smart Meters. And the thing that wasn't bought into the cost was I don't have a Smart Meter, so I didn't incur that cost. What was the cost of the original installation of a Smart Meter? Say it's \$232 -- I'm guessing. I didn't incur that cost because I don't have a Smart Meter. So we're being double taxed, double charged on, you know, something that didn't happen.

000005

I find it -- I'm kind of worried about the fact that we're being held to calling, write in, or email that we want to opt in to something that's charging us. And I think, this is my humble opinion, there's five little dials on my current electric meter. I could read them or punch them into a phone every month and incur no cost to anyone. And they could do it on an honor system; they could come out and audit my house once a year. There's a fee that the staff listed for 77.06, FPL and staff, for a one-time come out and check my meter. Why? They're already reading my meter every month. If there was a problem, they'd come across that. I mean, it's just a thought.

You have a, you have a parallel study going on right now with some Smart Meters that aren't compatible with the cans or the installation area where you put the meter and that report hasn't come back yet. Are they

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

compatible with the building codes, which are -- they've been in existence since before most of us were born. So I'm kind of worried about the compatibility of meters or non-compatibility of meters.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

000006

You know, when something doesn't match our home, that should be up to Honeywell and FPL to fix, not the homeowners. Because the, the installation of the meter into the can, if it's not compatible, that's not the house or the homeowner's fault. That's the fault of the, you know, the new meter, and it needs to be -- this is something I hope the Commission will look at or think about.

Let's see. What else? You know, I just, I just hope that you'll look into, if we didn't incur that cost and we didn't get a Smart Meter, that should be put into the calculations of the money involved here when you're thinking of the cost to us if we have to opt in to a system. So I hope that the Commission will take this into consideration. And hopefully I've covered everything and not wasted too much of your time and covered what I wanted to cover. Because I do think -look at the consumers, please, and the businesses, because everybody should -- it should be equal and everybody should have to opt in. So thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you very much,

Ms. Larson.

Commissioners, are there any questions of Ms. Larson? Okay. I don't have any lights coming on.

Ms. Larson, thank you very much for your participation.

All right. Mr. Rehwinkel.

MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you, Commissioners, Mr. Chairman.

Public Counsel would like to make a statement with respect to this tariff. At the outset, the Public Counsel is mindful of the tension within the general body of customers taking Smart Meters and those without. We recognize that the Commission's decision to approve Smart Meters for FPL is final. It was made almost four years ago. As officers of this tribunal and attorneys, we are bound by that final decision.

Smart Meters, in fact, have been installed at over 99% of FPL's residential customers' premises. Regardless of the policy provisions -- positions, I should say, advocated by various parties, Smart Meters have become the standard FPL meter. This situation has created the potential for the imposition on all customers of the cost of maintaining the non-standard meter who have been paying the costs of implementing the Smart Meters at a cost which came with the promise of

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

2 3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

savings.

Without expressing an opinion about whether the tariff proposed by FPL is the most efficient way to address the notion that some customers are unwilling to be served by Smart Meters, the OPC does acknowledge that FPL's tariff is one reasonable approach based on the fact that it has been implemented by other utilities and commissions around the country.

We also accept the concept embodied in FPL's approach that it is reasonable in terms of assumptions with regard to cost and customer subscription levels. Nevertheless, the Public Counsel also submits that there is an inevitable level of subjectivity in the development of the fee and rate -- or surcharge as the tariff calls it -- structure included in the tariff.

Specifically, FPL has assumed 12,000 customers out of about 36,000 not currently being served by the AMI or Smart Meter. They've assumed that level will ultimately opt to keep the old meters based on the midpoint of an industry experience number. The midpoint is a reasonable number, but no more reasonable than any other number within the valid range of .02% to .5%.

We believe that if the assumed customer account or customer subscription level is increased or experienced at even a modestly higher level within the

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1

25

23

range, the resulting rates in enrollment fee and monthly rate could approximate \$75 and \$10, given also the adjustments proposed by the staff. We bring this up because it is in line with the California PUC determinations for three large utilities of comparable size and scale to FPL. For this reason, the OPC suggests that the large scale experience of California provides a useful benchmark for the establishment of a fee and rate that provides reasonable cost recovery and provides a reasonable price point for customers who opt not to be served by the non-standard meter. We suggest that the Commission consider this in making your determination on the NSMR tariff.

000009

The Public Counsel also asks that FPL acknowledge on the record and that it also be reflected in the order approving an NSMR tariff the following two statements of principle.

One, the costs to be recovered through the charges imposed under the NSMR tariff are incremental to and not included in the costs that are being recovered in rates as a result of the rates established in Docket Number 120015-EI.

And, two, FPL has included in the enrollment fee a cost element that equates to an assumed one-site visit per opt-out customer. It is the intent that this

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

24 25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

one-time charge covers any premises visits related to the NSMR customer's meter unless otherwise expressly provided in the NSMR tariff or supporting exhibits or in other FPL tariff provisions not in conflict with the NSMR tariff. Commissioners, those last two points that I just read, I believe the company can confirm this, the company has agreed with that and they can state that on the record.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

But those conclude my remarks, and I just offer that for the Commission's consideration. And I do have those last two points on a separate piece of paper if you need to look at them or if they need to be passed out. I've given staff a copy and also the company a copy. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Rubin.

MR. RUBIN: Good morning, Commissioners. Ken Rubin for FPL. I'm here with Robert Onsgard, who's the Project Manager. I also have some remarks to make on behalf of FPL.

First, FPL strongly supports Smart Meters and their role in the smart grid. With this Commission's support, FPL has successfully completed one of the nation's largest deployments of Smart Meters. More than 4.5 million of FPL's customers now have Smart Meters. Customers and the company are already realizing the

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

benefits of Smart Meters.

Notwithstanding these facts, a very small percentage of FPL's customers, less than one-half of 1%, have expressed a desire to have a noncommunicating meter rather than the Smart Meter. FPL has worked hard to accommodate these customers: First, by voluntarily creating a postpone list during deployment; and now by developing and proposing a cost-based tariff to recover incremental costs from those customers who choose to opt out of the Smart Meter.

FPL's proposed tariff has been developed through a detailed analytical approach that identifies the incremental costs to provide the optional service, and then equitably distributes those costs to the customers who may choose to obtain that service. Through this approach the general body of FPL's customers, more than 99% of FPL's residential customers, did not subsidize the few customers who choose to opt out of the standard service. This approach is entirely consistent with the long-standing principle that the cost causer rather than the general body of customers should bear the cost of a non-standard service like this.

FPL and other utilities actively participated in the public Smart Meter workshop conducted by staff

that resulted in the briefing earlier this -- I'm sorry -- earlier in 2013. In that briefing, staff stated that with reference to alternatives to Smart Meters, the PSC should allow utilities to voluntarily provide their customers with new services under an approved appropriate tariff. Staff also recommended that any charges associated with such offering should be cost based to ensure that any subsidization should be kept to a minimum and that the filing should clearly detail the purpose of offering the new tariff.

FPL has performed and provided an extremely comprehensive analysis of its costs in order to propose a fact-based and a cost-based opt-out tariff for the Commission's consideration. FPL's proposal fully addresses all of the criteria recommended by staff in the February 2013 briefing.

During the past weeks FPL has had constructive discussions with Public Counsel regarding today's agenda item. The company understands that Public Counsel favors the California model of \$75 for an upfront fee and \$10 for a monthly surcharge. However, the California model is simply not cost based. In taking a one-size-fits-all approach, the California commission decided that three very different utilities -- Pacific Gas & Electric, Southern Cal Edison, and San Diego Gas &

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Electric -- should all have the same opt-out fees. Their fees at this point have been established at \$75 and \$10 for each of those three utilities. That model is not supported by the data, quite frankly, either in California and certainly not here in Florida, and it is not consistent with the cost causer paying the costs since the general body of customers pays the balance of those costs in California.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

In FPL's case, the total upfront and one-time non-standard meter cost per customer is approximately \$310. While we are mindful that it is simply not practical to seek recovery of those costs in one lump sum upfront payment, our proposed enrollment fee of \$105 is designed to incent customers to make an informed choice about their meter. Specifically, it is important that the enrollment fee remains high enough both to recover a substantial portion of the one-time costs, in this case about one-third of those costs, and also to encourage customers to make a choice that serves their best interests but also the best interests of the system operations and all other customers.

While we disagree with staff's recommendation for a \$95 upfront enrollment fee, we are willing to accept that figure because we believe that an upfront fee of approximately \$100 will still provide a

sufficient disincentive to opt out unless the customer is, in fact, committed and willing to pay the real cost of providing that service.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

FPL's analyses and proposed charges are fully documented. We do recognize, as pointed out in staff's recommendation, that the company's anticipated opt-out population is based in part on the data available from other utilities throughout the United States. Our projections, however, are based on the best available information, though we recognize that the number of customers taking service under the proposed tariff will change as we move forward.

In its recommendation, staff has expressed a belief that staffing levels for the program will vary from the projections included in FPL's proposal. Staff has also expressed the opinion that the recovery period for upfront and system communication costs should be extended from three years to five years.

In a nutshell, we wish to emphasize to the Commission that extensive time and resources were put into the development of the cost information supporting our filing, and these numbers were stress tested repeatedly prior to the filing. Nonetheless, we appreciate and respect the thorough review conducted by staff, and we are prepared today to accept the

modifications included in the staff's recommendation, understanding that future adjustments may be made to ensure that the costs in this program remain cost based.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

If the Commission votes in accordance with the staff's recommendation, FPL will be filing later today revised tariff sheets which will incorporate the following changes as recommended by staff. Number one, the enrollment fee will be \$95 rather than the \$105 included in FPL's petition. And number two, the monthly surcharge will be \$13 rather than the \$16 requested in FPL's petition. If approved by the Commission, FPL plans to begin the enrollment process once the Commission's order has been entered, with the expectation that customers may begin receiving service under this tariff in May of this year.

Finally, Mr. Rehwinkel has accurately characterized the discussions that we had beforehand, and FPL is willing to agree to the statements on the record that Mr. Rehwinkel has read.

Mr. Chairman and Commissioners, thank you for the opportunity to offer these remarks.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, Mr. Rubin. Before I get comments from the Commission, I think I need to take about a five-minute break to organize some things.

MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, before -- the 1 2 document I passed out, item number two, there's a typo in it in the first line. It should say "enrollment 3 fee." So the word "fee" should be after "enrollment." 4 5 MR. RUBIN: I agree. MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you. 6 7 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. We're going to take a five-minute break, so we'll back here at -- call 8 9 it 20 'til 11:00 -- a seven-minute break. Thanks. 10 (Recess taken.) 11 All right. I want to thank all of you for 12 allowing me that time. We heard from staff, OPC, and the utility. Now let me ask a question of staff before 13 I go to the rest of the board. 14 15 My understanding, if I heard you correctly, is 16 this is just a, basically a yes or no vote. We can't 17 amend this and approve something else that's amended. 18 We just basically just talk about what's in front of us, we can maybe make some suggestions one way or the other, 19 20 but it's just a simple yes or no. Is that correct? 21 MS. DRAPER: Yes. You have to approve or deny 22 the tariff, but you can, I think, offer suggestions to 23 FP&L as to what revisions you would like to see if they 24 choose to file a revised tariff. 25 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: But there is no amending on

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

the fly sort of thing. We just basically give suggestions and then they have to refile another tariff; correct?

MS. DRAPER: That is correct.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

**CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:** Okay. Commissioners? Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And as we all know, this is an issue that has come to our attention both in correspondence that has come, that has come to our office, and also during FPL's rate case, the customer meetings, several customers brought it to our attention. And as mentioned previously, we held a workshop to discuss it. So I'm glad to see that FPL has moved forward with a tariff that provides an opt-out provision.

When we discussed this a few months ago I know -- I believe I made the comment, and other Commissioners, that whatever tariff is brought forward is cost based. So I'm glad to see that FPL has done the analysis and staff has done so as well.

I do have a question concerning -- if a customer does opt out, is there any cost savings to FPL, as in they're not going to have to install the Smart Meter, et cetera, or is it purely an incurred cost if they opt out?

**MR. ONSGARD:** Good morning. Robert Onsgard, the Project Manager.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

When we have an opt-out customer, we've gone in and calculated what all the incremental costs would be and that's what's there. There are no savings related to this. As we did our deployment, we had to postpone these customers and we did not install the Smart Meter at that time and they've been receiving this, you know, this service to date at no charge. Ultimately we're going to need to go back and reinstall that Smart Meter that we didn't install and there will be some costs associated with that that we're not billing to the customer. So I don't -- for those customers who are opting out, there's no savings that we're incurring.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And you mentioned what I was going to ask for my second question, and that is what happens when you have an opt-out customer that moves out and you have a new resident or tenant that comes in and opens an account? Walk us through that process. Would it default to a Smart Meter then?

MR. ONSGARD: It would. There could be a situation where the leaving customer calls up and says that they're canceling, and the customer who's coming in immediately comes in and says, "And we'd like to opt out

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

too." That would be a very rare occurrence, but it could happen, and it's possible that we would not go out and deploy a Smart Meter. We would, of course, just leave the meter that's there. But I think in the vast majority of occurrences that meter is going to be reset with a Smart Meter. There wouldn't be a double opt out in the same premise.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

**COMMISSIONER BALBIS:** Okay. And in your estimation on the number of customers that opt out, are you comfortable with your estimate following those industry standards for, for the opt-out provision?

MR. ONSGARD: Yes, we are.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. That's all I had. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brisé. COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Just a couple of questions. Are you comfortable that the impact of the 12,000 customers, that the assumption is that they will never opt in to the Smart Meters, that the impact to the grid won't be that bad?

MR. ONSGARD: So I understand your question to be on network operations and whether or not we're going to incur any degradation in our, in our network. No, we don't anticipate that that would be a, that would be a problem, nor have we reflected any costs because it is

such a highly unlikely or very difficult to, to calculate. If there were a density of opt-out customers, it is conceivable that we would have some network issues. They do mesh, they do talk to each other. We haven't experienced that in our postponement population, we haven't seen any indication that there would be that type of density issue, and we haven't included any cost for that type of network problem.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. And the second question I have, in terms of the -- there's a \$77 fee that's associated here and it's incremental for four specific provisions. Do we have, and I asked staff this yesterday, do we have a sense of how much each one of those actions would cost if a customer opted out and, let's say, we didn't approve this type of regime and just said, look, for each one of these instances, if you are a customer and you wanted to have one of these things addressed, how much would the individual customer pay for that if we wanted to go with the a la carte system instead?

MR. ONSGARD: And we have included that cost. It is the \$77. But we have assumed that there would only be one site visit for the term of the opt out, and that is based, that was based on our first three-year projection. So we had included one site visit for three

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

000021 years. We've now agreed with the staff's recommendation 1 to extend that to five. So we are now also agreeing 2 3 that we would hold that to recover only one site visit over five years, which we thought would be over three 4 5 years. COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: So basically you're 6 7 saying that the cost of the site visit would in essence be \$77 for any --8 9 MR. ONSGARD: That's correct. COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. All right. 10 Thank 11 you. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brown. 13 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. 14 And thank you for your responses in the data 15 request. I thought they were pretty thorough. Mr. Rehwinkel, a question about number two on 16 17 I'm having a hard time understanding how that here. 18 differs from what the tariff in the attachment says. 19 Could you explain number two? MR. REHWINKEL: I apologize. I didn't hear. 20 21 You said you're having a hard time --22 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Understanding number 23 two on there regarding that one-time site visit. I had 24 some questions in my briefing as well regarding that 25 one-time visit. Could you just explain to me what this FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

does?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

**MR. REHWINKEL:** Here's the -- what I believe this means is that the 95 or 105, whatever it ends up being, the enrollment fee, it is based on several types of costs. And one of the -- the biggest chunk of it is \$77.06 of cost that is essentially a pot of dollars that are for all reasons you would roll a truck out to the premises, whether to put a meter in or to, to do a test on it, or any other reason to go out and look at that meter, all those costs were rolled up, and then they are basically divided in a rough way over these 12,000 units to come up with this \$77. Because the customers -whether they have one visit or five visits over the, the five- or three-year period, whatever is used, they're only going to pay the 105 or the 95 one time. But that cost represents all these other reasons that you would go out there. So the customer is not going to pay multiple charges for, for truck rolls to that meter.

## COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay.

MR. REHWINKEL: They may pay for other reasons that the company goes out there in other provisions of the tariff, and that's what the language "or other FPL tariff provisions not in conflict" means. So that's all it means, is the customers that are going to opt into this, they have some level of protection that they're

000023

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

not going to be paying multiple charges.

**COMMISSIONER BROWN:** Okay. And I had a similar question yesterday, and the utility confirms that they're --

MR. RUBIN: That's correct.

**COMMISSIONER BROWN:** Okay. Thank you. Mr. Chairman, I just have a couple of clarification questions regarding the NSMR tariff.

For those customers who get on the NSMR tariff who have the old non-standard meters right now in place and then they decide to get on the Smart Meters, will they be charged a disconnect fee for the non-standard meters and then a connection fee to go to the Smart Meters?

MR. ONSGARD: No, Commissioner Brown, they would not.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: No charges?

MR. ONSGARD: No.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Okay. And for those customers who still have the non-communicating meters and have that 45-day grace period, there was something in your data request that addressed what happens if they refuse to pay the full amount of the NSMR charges. Can you walk us through that process? Say that there's a customer -- that some of

those customers just refuse to pay the full tariff charge, what would happen?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. ONSGARD: So our billing system isn't going to be able to differentiate when they send a payment in if they were to just withhold that piece of the payment. So our system is going to recognize this as a not paid and we would start our, our, our efforts to, you know, resolve that. We would certainly talk to the customer and try to understand why they're not paying that fee and offer them to come out of the program. But if they continue to refuse both to pay the fee and to have the Smart Meter installed, you know, we're going to have to follow our normal policy for that type of resolution.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. The normal process. All right. And then the annual reports that will be delivered or given to staff during the ECCR clauses, what additional information is going to be included regarding, I guess, updating the Commission on the cost base of these charges?

MR. RUBIN: Commissioner Brown, specifically we will be able to provide enrollment numbers, actual enrollment numbers, revenues received from the enrollment fee and from the monthly surcharge, and then actual costs associated with this. I believe that

the -- it's contemplated in the staff's recommendation 1 that that would allow the Commission, Public Counsel, 2 anyone else who's interested, to look at what the actual 3 numbers are and for the tariff to be revised as 4 necessary going forward. 5 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Excellent. Thank you. 6 7 Ms. Larson said something earlier about those that are on the non-standard meters right now and 8 9 having -- I thought she said that they read their own 10 meters. Currently what is the process in place for those that are right now on the non-standard meters? 11 MR. ONSGARD: We are sending meter readers out 12 13 to read their meters monthly. 14 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you. 15 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. I have a 16 question or two for Florida Power & Light. I guess the 17 first question I have, I assume that there are still 18 some people out there on the old analog meters? MR. RUBIN: That's correct. 19 20 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Now if somebody were to opt 21 out of the Smart Meter, are we going to change out the 22 -- assuming that analog meter still works fine, are we 23 going to change that out and put in a new digital meter, 24 are we just going to keep status quo, or --25 MR. RUBIN: At this point our expectation is

to

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

to leave the meter in place that's there.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Other question I have, if -let's just assume that this person decides he wants to put a solar panel on top of his roof and now he's getting into the net metering side of things, will the analog meter still handle that or will you have to go to a digital, or is there something that you're just going to switch everybody that starts net metering to a Smart Meter? I mean --

MR. ONSGARD: So our Smart Meters do handle some of the requirements for net metering and we do supply our current net metering customers with Smart Meters. If we had a situation where we had a net metering customer who wanted to opt out, we'd work with the customer. But it does, it causes there to be less information available. You would need to have the two meters for the, for the net metering function. So we would be able to provide them the service either way. They would be able to opt out, if they wanted to.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. But I just wanted to make sure that there is not -- I just wanted to make sure there's not something coming down the line -there's not something in the past saying that if they're going to get to net metering, they automatically have to go to Smart Meters. Okay. That's all I have.

If there's no more other questions, comment, concerns -- Commissioner Balbis.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you.

I guess just to follow up on one of your initial questions for staff, I just want to clarify or ask again nicely. So there's no way that we can modify their tariff here today as we sit? We have to require them to come back and back in front of us again?

**MS. HELTON:** I'm assuming you're directing that to me, Commissioner Balbis?

**COMMISSIONER BALBIS:** You made the mistake of making eye contact with me, so.

MS. HELTON: You have the option of denying the tariff and suggesting to the company what tariff, modified tariff you would be willing to approve or to accept, and you could delegate to staff the ability to approve your modification without having to come back before you today. But you, basically you can't -- you can only tweak the tariff if the company agrees to your, your changes to the tariff.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Well, I personally am comfortable with delegating that authority to staff to approve the tariff that corresponds with the staff's recommendation for the \$95 upfront and the \$13 monthly surcharge. I don't know if my fellow

000028 Commissioners are comfortable with that. I think that 1 we have, by doing so, we'll allow customers to have an 2 opt-out provision, which a small percentage of customers 3 would like to see, and that it is cost based. 4 5 So I'm supportive of, supportive of staff's recommendation on these issues if we delegate that 6 7 authority to approve the revised tariff to the \$95 and the \$13. 8 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, Commissioner 9 Balbis. 10 Question, Mary Anne. I think I misheard you, 11 12 that last part you just said. 13 MS. HELTON: And I may not be speaking 14 clearly. I'm not exactly at my best right now. 15 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: It sounded like you said that you can tweak the current tariff if the company is 16 17 in agreement with that. MS. HELTON: And that is, I think, exactly 18 19 what has happened today. Staff has recommended that you 20 deny the tariff as the company filed and has suggested 21 that you -- a couple of modifications. And if the 22 company agrees with those modifications, then you would 23 delegate to staff the ability to approve the revised 24 tariff. And I believe Mr. Rubin pointed out earlier today that he -- that the company agreed with the 25

modifications suggested by staff. And if you move staff, approve staff's recommendation, they have, they are ready, willing, and able to file a revised tariff today for staff to approve.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thanks for that clarification. I, I misunderstood what you said. The way I heard it was that if we tweaked it, they could nod their head yes and we're done. But that's not the case. They still have to refile the tariff, and we can give you approval to, administrative approval to accept that.

MS. HELTON: Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.

Commissioner Brisé.

**COMMISSIONER BRISÉ:** Okay. Thank you. I forgot how to work this thing. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

So just for my understanding, in essence there's the option of pursuing the staff recommendation, which the company has already stated that they agree to those modifications. If we wanted to modify further, then we would sort of express the modifications that we're interested in. Then the company could say we agree with those modifications, and then we could offer that administrative authority for staff to move forward with that; right?

MS. HELTON: Yes, sir.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

000030

**COMMISSIONER BRISÉ:** Okay. Just, just for my sanity.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

I'm in agreement with Commissioner Balbis. I think that the staff recommendation is, is pretty solid from my perspective.

One of the concerns that I had was in terms of the cost causer. If you have the, a particular customer that is going to require multiple roll outs to the house, who ends up paying for that? But that is addressed in essence through the incremental costs and, you know, just sort of the general rule that there may be a house that needs service maybe three or four times during the five years and one that doesn't need any and so forth. So that will balance itself out.

And ultimately the risk is no longer borne by the individual customer. It's borne by the general body of those who are opted out. And for those reasons I think that the tariff makes sense. And then it helps the system as a whole by making sure that there's sufficient incentive so that everyone could move in the direction of Smart Meters.

**CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:** I'm going to make sure that I understand. My understanding was that it's supposed to be an initial \$105 fee, and then after two years that was going to revert down to \$95, or is it just going to

be a \$95 fee?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. DRAPER: It's just going to be \$95.

**CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:** Okay. So from straight out the gate it's \$95.

MS. DRAPER: Correct.

**CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:** Okay. I just wanted to make sure I understood that.

Okay. I guess we're in position for a motion. MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, before you undertake that, I just wanted to be clear if there's an understanding that what we were asking with what we passed out to the Commissioners is that that language, with the concurrence of the company, be included in the order, not -- nothing to do with the tariff -- the order approving the tariff or the order addressing the tariff.

**CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:** Now you -- see, now you threw this big monkey wrench and confused everything.

Now my understanding was that we were just giving a thumbs up or thumbs down and everything else is not in the order. They understood the communication that's here, but I don't know if that goes into the order.

MR. REHWINKEL: This wouldn't be part of the order. This is just -- I mean, part of the tariff. This is just the order addressing the tariff. That's

all we were asking. And I don't think that violates any of the tariff approval or denial principles that the staff enunciated. You can put in the order whatever you want. But the order is going to say, if you go with the staff recommendation, denied, and then you would have the administrative approval with the modifications. And we would just ask that this, this language be included, and I think the staff can draft the order that way.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So are you saying -- and, Mary Anne, I guess I'll allow you to answer this after I try to clarify -- that we can move staff recommendation, but it's got to be amended so it includes your language in the order?

**MR. REHWINKEL:** That, that's our request is that the order reflect this somehow.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Did you get that?

MS. HELTON: Well, there, there will be an order associated with your decision today, whatever that decision may be. And I think if I understand Mr. Rehwinkel correctly, he's just asking that this language be included in the order at the appropriate places. And it's my understanding that the company has no issue with the language and that the staff has no issue with the language. So it's really whether you all have an issue with the language.

000033 MR. RUBIN: And, Mr. Chairman, for FPL, we 1 agree. We don't have any problem with that language 2 3 being in there, and our intention is to file, again depending upon the Commission's vote, a revised tariff 4 with the only changes being the reflection of the 5 105 down to 95 and the 16 down to 13. So that would be 6 7 the tariff for staff's administrative approval. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, we have a light on. 8 9 Let's see if this person has any problems with that. Commissioner Balbis. 10 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Mr. Chairman, I'm okay 11 with that. I was going, I was going to make a motion to 12 13 that effect. 14 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. I move approval 15 of staff's recommendation on Issues 1 and 2, and grant 16 17 staff administrative authority to approve a tariff that includes a \$95 enrollment fee and a \$13 per month 18 19 enrollment fee, and have the subsequent order include 20 the language from the Office of Public Counsel 21 paragraphs one and two. 22 COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Second. 23 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: It's been moved and 24 seconded. Any further discussion? 25 Seeing none, all in favor, say aye.

	000034
1	(Vote taken.)
2	Any opposed? By your action, you've approved
3	item number 6 as amended as stated.
4	(Agenda item concluded.)
5	* * * *
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

	000035
1	STATE OF FLORIDA )
2	COUNTY OF LEON ) CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein
6	stated.
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision;
8	and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
10	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
11	attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS 21st day of January,
13	2014. Dinie 212 day of good y
14	
15	Junda Boles
16	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR
17	FPSC Official Commission Reporters (850) 413-6734
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION