BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| In re: Petition for determination that the Osprey Plant acquisition or, alternatively, the Suwannee Simple Cycle Project is the most cost effective generation alternative to meet remaining need prior to 2018, by Duke Energy Florida, Inc. | DOCKET NO. 150043-EI  ORDER NO. PSC-15-0168-CFO-EI  ISSUED: May 1, 2015 |

ORDER GRANTING DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC.’S

REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION

(DOCUMENT NO. 01828-15, X-REF DOCUMENT NO. 01600-15)

On April 2, 2015, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Duke Energy Florida, Inc. (DEF) filed a Request for Confidential Classification (Request) for certain information contained in Amendment 4 to the Asset and Sale Purchase Agreement (APA), which is attached as Exhibit MEP-2 to the Direct Testimony of Mr. Matthew Palasek (Document No. 01828, x-ref Document No. 01600-15).

Request for Confidential Classification

In its Request, DEF contends that the information for which it requests confidential classification, as more specifically described in Attachment C of its Request, constitutes proprietary and confidential business information entitled to protection under Section 366.093, F.S., and Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C. DEF asserts that this information is intended to be and is treated by DEF and Calpine Construction Finance Company, L.P. (Calpine) as private and has not been publicly disclosed.

DEF further contends that Exhibit MEP-2, attached to the direct testimony of Mr. Palasek, contains confidential, proprietary business information regarding contractual agreements between DEF and Calpine and competitively sensitive business information including terms and conditions relating to DEF’s purchase of the Osprey Energy Facility Combined Cycle Plant (Osprey Plant) from Calpine, which would adversely impact DEF’s and Calpine’s competitive interests if disclosed. DEF asserts that the information contained in Exhibit MEP-2 also contains trade secrets. DEF argues that the information is protected pursuant to Section 366.093(3)(a), (d), and (e), F.S.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S., provides that records the Florida Public Service Commission (Commission) has found to contain proprietary business information shall be kept confidential and be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company’s ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Additionally, Section 366.093(3), F.S., provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

1. Trade secrets.

(d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms.

(e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

Upon review, it appears the above-referenced information satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information described above, and in DEF’s Request, contains trade secrets, bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of DEF to contract for goods or services on favorable terms, and information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information. Thus, the information identified in Document No. 01828-15, x-ref Document No. 01600-15, shall be granted confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., the information for which confidential classification is granted herein shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. At the conclusion of the 18-month period, the confidential information will no longer be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., unless DEF or another affected person shows, and the Commission finds, that the records continue to contain proprietary confidential business information.

Based on the foregoing, it is hereby

ORDERED by Commissioner Julie I. Brown, as Prehearing Officer, that Duke Energy Florida, Inc.’s Request for Confidential Classification of Document No. 01828-15, x-ref Document No. 01600-15, is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information in Document No. 01828-15, x-ref Document No. 01600-15, for which confidential classification has been granted, shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to 18 months from the date of issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order shall be the only notification by the Commission to the parties of the date of declassification of the materials discussed herein.

By ORDER of Commissioner Julie I. Brown, as Prehearing Officer, this 1st day of May, 2015.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | /s/ Julie I. Brown |
|  | JULIE I. BROWN  Commissioner and Prehearing Officer |

Florida Public Service Commission

2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard

Tallahassee, Florida 32399

(850) 413‑6770

www.floridapsc.com

Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

JIB:CWM

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.