FILED JAN 13, 2016 DOCUMENT NO. 00202-16 FPSC - COMMISSION CLERK

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1	ELODIDA	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2	FLORIDA	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	In the Matter of:	
4		DOCKET NO. 150196-EI
5	PETITION FOR DETER	
6	CENTER UNIT 1, BY & LIGHT COMPANY.	
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10	PROCEEDINGS:	COMMISSION CONFERENCE AGENDA
11	incolletince.	ITEM NO. 5
12	COMMISSIONERS PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN JULIE I. BROWN
13		COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM
14		COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISÉ COMMISSIONER JIMMY PATRONIS
15	DATE:	Tuesday, January 5, 2016
16	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center
17		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way
18		Tallahassee, Florida
19	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR Official FPSC Reporter
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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Moving back to Item 5, which is the petition for determination of need for Okeechobee Clean Energy by Florida Power & Light. All staff that are going to participate in the discussion, please come to the table or right behind them. Thank you. Thank you.

Mr. Graves.

MR. GRAVES: Good morning, Commissioners.

Robert Graves with Commission staff.

Item 5 is staff's recommendation regarding
Florida Power & Light's petition to determine the need
for a 1,633 megawatt natural gas-fired combined cycle
power plant.

As proposed, the plant will be constructed at a greenfield site located in Okeechobee County and will have an in-service date of June 2019. Staff is recommending that the Commission approve FP&L's petition. And if it is your desire, staff can proceed through the recommendation issue by issue at this time.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Commissioners, if it's your pleasure, I'd like to go issue by issue. Obviously, Issue 1 and Issue 5 are kind of the highlight issues, so I'd like them to give an over-cap of Issue 1 and more than a summary and provide more detail, if you could.

1 Starting with that, Mr. Graves.

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MR. GRAVES: Yes, ma'am. Issue 1 contains staff's review of the reliability need for the proposed power plant. The Intervenors in this docket recommend that the Commission evaluate FP&L's reliability based on a 15 percent reserve margin criterion. However, as discussed in our analysis, staff has concerns that reducing FP&L's planning reserve margin to 15 percent may have a negative impact on reliability within the state. Therefore, staff's recommendation is based on a 20 percent reserve margin that takes into account incremental demand-side management and load management. Considering a 20 percent reserve margin, staff recommends that FP&L has the need for new generating capacity beginning in 2019. Staff's support of a 20 percent reserve margin is consistent with several prior Commission decisions and need determinations.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. So that is Issue 1.

Commissioners, if it's your pleasure, I'd like to start with some discussion and some questions on Issue 1 before we proceed to the other issues, and I will open up the floor to questions to staff, obviously noting that this is a post-hearing recommendation and our discussion is limited to questions among ourselves

as well as with staff. Commissioners.

It's on the other side.

(Laughter.)

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Commissioner Brisé.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you. Just a quick question for staff. If we can talk about the impact, if any, if we were to look at a 15 percent reserve on FPL's system, and then also you mentioned the system at large. If you can expound on that just a little bit.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, sir. It was presented in the record an event that occurred in January of 2010. It was a high load event that occurred during the winter, and during that event, FP&L was required to provide energy -- well, not required, but they provided energy to a neighboring utility in order to ensure that they would not have to black out customers. And that's where our concern is, that we reviewed that event, and if FP&L was operating at a 15 percent reserve margin, based on our analysis, either that neighboring utility would have experienced blackouts or FP&L would have experienced blackouts. So that's where our concern is with moving from a 20 to a 15 percent in this proceeding.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Follow-up. Considering that systemically we're looking at a 20 percent reserve,

it probably wouldn't be wise to move to one utility to

15 percent. That's part of what I'm gathering from the

overall discussion.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, sir, that's correct. I think it would be wise to receive input from other utilities on that.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. That's all I have for right now.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Any other Commissioners?

Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Madam Chair.

I agree, as a follow-up to the brief discussion that we've just had, that for a reserve margin, to look at the system as a whole. A more holistic approach is, I think, the best way and the best approach to take. I also believe that if we look back over the years, that the 20 percent reserve margin has served the state well. Reliability and affordability in the state have been strong and remain strong, and that 20 percent reserve margin as a long-standing policy, I believe, is a part of the reason that that is the case.

I would like to ask staff to speak to me -- to speak to us, excuse me, a little bit about one of the other analysis criterions that was discussed at hearing

and discussed in the order, and that is the 10 percent generation-only reserve margin as a reliability analysis. We had a lot of discussion about that in my briefing with staff, and I'd like you to touch on that for me, please.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, ma'am. I tried to come up with the most succinct way of describing it. I think it would be best to first compare it to a 20 percent reserve margin criterion, which considers conservation, load management, and generation as resources to meet customers' demands. The 10 percent generation-only removes conservation and load management from that evaluation; therefore, it removes some of the uncertainty associated with those resources.

Staff believes that provides good information for right -- for the assurance of the company's reserve margin, but it's not the basis for our recommendation in this proceeding.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And, again,
Commissioners, we had a lot of discussion about the
three different reliability criteria analysis that FPL
put forward. I -- if indeed this item is approved by a
majority of us today, I am in support of basing that
analysis for this item and the related items or the
related issues on the 20 percent reserve margin, but I

also would like to state that I do believe that the

10 percent generation-only reserve margin criteria for

planning and analysis does provide useful information,

is, you know, another way of looking at the issue and

the facts. And if indeed this item goes forward, if my

colleagues agree, I would encourage that that be clear

in the order.

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CHAIRMAN BROWN: Excellent. Thank you, Commissioner Edgar.

Commissioners, any other questions?

I do have a question. You know, a lot of focus was placed at hearing on the 20 percent reserve margin, and there was clear case law that was indicative that a need determination is not the proper forum to consider changing the minimum reserves. Also, the Commission was well reasoned in addressing the reliability issues concerns back in 1999. And I think Witness Sims went over it in more detail during his testimony providing more than a dozen of need determinations that actually utilized that 20 percent threshold criteria, and so the issue has been well developed and it's been well addressed by the Commission and I'm very supportive of it.

And I do believe that there would be unintended adverse consequences if we delved into the

Intervenors' testimony and arguments on the reliability front. So -- and with Commissioner Edgar's comments, I'm also supportive of her analysis of taking the additional criteria into consideration and looking at the overall reliability factors moving forward.

You know, Florida is a growth state; we are.

We talk about load forecasts using different

projections. And kind of the biggest issue that I had

looking at the testimony and the hearing, Mr. Graves,

was the statewide population growth versus the specific

35 service areas and how those compared looking at the

growth. We know we're a growth state, but how -- I know

staff had initial concerns about the disparity between

the two. And if you can kind of go over that and

address those issues, that would be great in terms of

load forecasting.

Who have we got here?

MR. McNULTY: (Inaudible. No microphone.)

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Mike.

MR. McNULTY: I took care of his mike and I forgot about my own.

We have a new employee with the Commission who started with us in late summer whose name is Nicholas Stratis, and he will address the questions you just raised.

1	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Welcome.
2	MR. STRATIS: Thank you.
3	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Since summer. Nice to see
4	you.
5	MR. STRATIS: Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN BROWN: How are you doing?
7	MR. STRATIS: I'm fine, thanks.
8	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay.
9	MR. STRATIS: I'm not sure I'm speaking loud
10	enough but
11	CHAIRMAN BROWN: You got the question?
12	MR. STRATIS: I'm sorry?
13	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Did you understand the
14	question?
15	MR. STRATIS: Why don't you repeat it for me,
16	please.
17	CHAIRMAN BROWN: Absolutely. So acknowledging
18	that Florida is a growth state, my biggest concern
19	actually during the hearing was really kind of comparing
20	the disparity, if there is one, between Florida, the
21	projections based on the statewide growth pattern versus
22	the 35 service territories that FPL serves and how you
23	kind of looked at that in terms of load forecasts. And
24	I know initially you had concerns about FPL relying on

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the statewide versus the particular growth patterns of

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the individual counties, cities, et cetera. 1 2 MR. STRATIS: Right. That's right. 3 Population growth is a key variable that FPL uses in 4 making its forecasts. And we asked the question -- when we noticed that they were relying on statewide 5 forecasts, we said, "Why not look at the 35 counties 6 7 that they actually serve?" And in referring to the population forecasts shown in testimony in -- I forget 8 9 which exhibit it is -- Exhibit 59 -- Exhibit 7, I'm 10 sorry, Exhibit 7, that showed the rate of increase in 11 the state population, and it matched the county -- or, 12 I'm sorry, it matched the actual county population for the period that FPL looked at. 13 14 15

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CHAIRMAN BROWN: So the average growth of the ten-year period?

MR. STRATIS: Yes. The average population growth, the annual average population growth.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay.

MR. STRATIS: But when we looked a little more closely, we said, "Well, why not concentrate on 35 counties --

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Uh-huh.

MR. STRATIS: -- that FPL serves?" And that was where my question was. That's what we --

CHAIRMAN BROWN: And what was the answer? Why

is it more accurate to look at the overall statewide 1 2 growth versus focusing on the 35 counties where FPL 3 serves to measure load growth? MR. STRATIS: FPL cited statistical results 4 and very close fit over the period of time that they 5 looked at their forecasts, and that's what they based 6 7 their responses on. CHAIRMAN BROWN: Did any Intervenors challenge 8 9 that, the forecasting model or methodology? 10 MR. STRATIS: No. No. 11 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Okay. Commissioners, I have 12 no other questions. Do you have -- does anybody have any other questions, or can we move to entertain a 13 14 motion on Issue 1? 15 All right. Commissioner Edgar. 16 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Madam Chair. 17 I would move approval of the staff recommendation on Issue 1, also reflecting the discussion that we've had 18 today. 19 20 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Is there a 21 second? 22 COMMISSIONER PATRONIS: Second. 23 CHAIRMAN BROWN: All those in favor, say aye. 24 (Vote taken.) 2.5 Opposed? By your action, we've approved

1 Issue 1.

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I'd like to take up Issues 2, 3, and 4 together in sum. And if staff can propose those together, that would be great, for our consideration.

MR. GRAVES: I'll try to compile them into one.

For Issue 2, we looked at the conservation and renewable resources available to mitigate the proposed power plant, and FP&L considered the DSM goals recently approved by the Commission and considered that in their load forecast. And in our review, we did not see reasonable DSM and renewable resources available to mitigate the need for the proposed plant.

With respect to Issue 3, we addressed the assumptions used to evaluate the plant in that issue. We believe that the assumptions were reasonable based on information available at this time, and we recommend that they are -- that the plant will provide adequate electricity at a reasonable cost.

And Issue 4 addresses fuel diversity and supply reliability, and staff recommends that the plant will not improve fuel diversity as it will increase the company's reliance on natural gas; however, staff would note that the use of fuel oil as a backup will provide a benefit with respect to fuel supply reliability. And

just to give a quick example, in the event of a disruption in natural gas supply, the plant supply would be capable of operating at full capacity for 72 hours.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, Mr. Graves.

Commissioners, any questions on Issues 2, 3, or 4?

Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Madam Chair.

I would like to just make a comment about Issue 4, which is also something that we discussed at length in our briefing. I am in full agreement with the conclusion and the analysis that the staff has prepared for us, but I do think that the way the question and answer is worded is a little awkward and probably could reach the same conclusion worded either way, yes or no. So I would just point out for the record that my understanding is that the finding and the recommendation is that for Issue 4 that the proposed Okeechobee Clean Energy Center Unit 1 would not increase fuel diversity and, therefore, for that need criterion I would say it is not met. And then just ask, again, if we move forward, that in the order it be clear.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, Commissioner Edgar.

Commissioner Brisé.

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COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

Quick question on Issue 2 regarding renewables with respect to FPL in terms of what did they consider, in terms of if they were to build or expand some of their solar facilities to meet this particular need, what would that take?

MR. GRAVES: Yes, sir. One analysis we did, we looked at how much land would be needed to essentially make up the capacity being provided by this power plant, and based on our calculations, it is roughly 21,000 acres. The site that Okeechobee is going to be located on is 3,000 acres total, so it's a substantial increase in the amount of land needed.

I would add, though, that this is the first need determination proceeding that the company has included solar resources as providing some level of firm capacity. So with that, the company has taken that into account for the first time in a need determination proceeding.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: All right. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you. Any other

Commissioners on Items 2, 3, or 4?

Okay. I will entertain a motion, please.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Move approval.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: Move approval with the considerations that you've raised on Issue 4.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Second.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: All right. All those in favor, say aye.

(Vote taken.)

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Opposed? By your action, we've approved Items 2 through -- Issues 2 through 4.

Going to Issue 5, staff, can you go over that, please.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, ma'am. Issue 5 --

CHAIRMAN BROWN: In more detail, please.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, ma'am. Issue 5 addresses the cost-effectiveness of the proposed plant. FP&L performed several revenue requirement analyses to evaluate the economics of several self-build generation alternatives. When compared to other combined cycle power plants, the construction of the Okeechobee Clean Energy Center was shown to result in a present value savings of more than \$30 million. The company provided an updated analysis comparing it to a combustion turbine power plant, and the Okeechobee Clean Energy Center was shown to result in a present value savings of more than \$70 million. The results of the economic analysis were not substantially contested by the Intervenors in this

case; therefore, staff recommends that the proposed 1 plant is the most cost-effective alternative to meet 2 3 FP&L's projected need starting in 2019. 4 CHAIRMAN BROWN: Thank you, Mr. Graves. And I appreciate the candid review and thorough analysis of 5 the record and the questions that were posed to the 6 7 witnesses that really elucidated, I think, that the most cost-effective option here is the one that staff's 8 9 recommending based on the projected need in 2019. We 10 know there's a need, we know that it's present, it will 11 continue to grow, and that this is absolutely the most 12 cost-effective one. But I appreciate you going through 13 the in-depth analysis here and the questions that staff 14 raised for Witness Sims and such. So thank you on that. 15

Commissioners, any questions? All right.

I'll entertain a motion on Issue 5.

COMMISSIONER GRAHAM: Move staff on Issue 5.

COMMISSIONER PATRONIS: Second.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: All those in favor?

(Vote taken.)

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Your action, we have approved Issue 5. And I will entertain a motion for Issues 6 and 7.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: All those in favor, say aye.

(Vote taken.)

By your action, we've approved the full staff recommendation on Item 5.

Staff, that concludes the Commission Agenda Conference. But, Commissioners, are there any other additional comments before I conclude -- on Issue 5 before I conclude the Agenda Conference?

Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Madam Chair.

We blew right through the discussion there for a moment.

I did want to just make one very brief comment, which is that recognizing that by our vote and the staff's analysis that this proposed plant does not meet the criterion under Issue 4, which is contributing to fuel diversity, but yet that that is one factor out of many per the statute, and that the proposal from the information we had at hearing does meet or exceed all of the other criteria that the statute directs us to look at. And so with that, I support the vote.

CHAIRMAN BROWN: And thank you, Commissioner Edgar. I am still getting used to these buttons in front of me. I'm not really figuring them out. They light up and all sorts. So I appreciate you pointing that out and in support of the overall purpose here. And thank you so much, all, for this first Agenda

Conference, and I look forward to seeing you all at our next Internal Affairs in January. Thank you. This concludes the meeting. (Commission Conference adjourned at 10:28 a.m.)

1	STATE OF FLORIDA)		
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)		
3			
4	I, LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR, Official Commission		
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.		
6			
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this		
8	transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.		
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,		
10	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor		
11	<pre>am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.</pre>		
12			
13	DATED THIS 13th day of January, 2016.		
14			
15	Linda Boles		
16	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR		
17	FPSC Official Hearings Reporter (850) 413-6734		
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