AMENDMENT NO. 1
TO UNIT POWER SALES AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
GULF STATES UTILITIES COMPANY
AND

ALABAMA POWER COMPANY, GEORGIA POWER COMPANY, GULF POWER COMPANY, MISSISSIPPI POWER COMPANY AND SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC.

THIS AMENDMENT made and entered into effective May 12, 1982 by and between GULF STATES UTILITIES COMPANY ("GSU") and ALABAMA POWER COMPANY, GEORGIA POWER COMPANY, GULF POWER COMPANY AND MISSISSIPPI POWER COMPANY ("Southern Companies") and SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. ("SCS"), being Amendment No. 1 to the Unit Power Sales Agreement (the "Agreement") between GSU, Southern Companies and SCS, dated February 25, 1982.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, 'GSU, Southern Companies and SCS entered into the Agreement on February 25, 1982 pursuant to which Southern Companies undertook to sell to GSU and GSU undertook to purchase from Southern Companies capacity and energy from units as specified in the Agreement; and

WHEREAS, GSU desires to purchase and Southern Companies desire to sell additional unit power capacity from coal-fired steam electric generating units in addition to that contained in the Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to amend the Agreement to reflect these additional sales of unit power capacity.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the covenants and agreements hereafter contained the parties hereto agree to amend the Agreement as follows:

1. Section 2.2 of the Agreement is hereby amended by striking the table labeled <u>Year</u> and <u>Capacity (Megawatts)</u> set forth in such Section 2.2, and the following table is hereby substituted therefor.

Contract Period	Capacity (Megawatts)					
June 1, 1984-May 31, 1985	500					
June 1, 1985-Dec. 31, 1985	1,000					
1986	1,000					
1987	1,000					
1988	1,000					
1989	1,000					
1990	1,000					
1991	1,000					
Jan. 1, 1992-May 31, 1992	1,000					

2. Section 2.2.3 of the Agreement is hereby stricken in its entirety and the following is substituted therefor:

In the event, after this Agreement becomes effective, Southern Companies shall offer to sell unit power capacity from coal-fired generating resources to third party utilities located outside of the geographical areas served by Southern Companies during the years 1984 through 1992, GSU shall have the right of second refusal for the purchase of such capacity in the event FPL and JEA do not exercise their rights of first refusal to take such additional unit power capacity. GSU must exercise this second right of refusal within ninety (90) days after written notice from Southern Companies informing GSU of the offer and the terms and conditions of

such offer. GSU shall, prior to the end of such ninety (90) day period notify Southern Companies of their election to purchase such additional capacity being offered by Southern Companies which is available after the exercise of existing rights of first refusal by FPL and JEA.

- 3. The Agreement is further amended by adding the following Section 4.2.3:
 - 4.2.3 Further, in the event MPC and GSU complete construction prior to June 1, 1985, of the transmission facilities needed to facilitate the delivery and receipt of power and energy to be sold and purchased, and GSU requests that their level of purchase be increased to 1000 MW at that time, Southern Companies agree to make available the additional capacity and amend Exhibit A to include this additional capacity.
- 4. Section 7.1 of the Agreement is hereby amended by striking the seventh sentence of such Section starting on line 20 of page 23 of the Agreement and substituting for such sentence, the following two sentences:

Payments of capacity and transmission charges which are in excess (or deficient) of amounts which would have been due based upon actual trued up costs shall be credited (or debited) to GSU together with interest thereon from the date payment was due on the budgeted amount to the date payment is made for credit (or debit) resulting from the true up. Interest on the excess or deficient amount shall be accrued at one hundred percent (100%) of the prime rate quoted by Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company on the date payment of the budgeted amount was due.

5. Section 7.2 of the Agreement is hereby amended by striking the last sentence of such Section starting on line 11 of page 24 of the Agreement and substituting the following sentence:

An adjusted invoice, if required to reflect the actual charges due for energy, shall be included in the monthly invoice immediately following the initial invoice, together with accrued interest on overpayments (or underpayments) at one hundred percent (100%) of the prime rate as provided for in Section 7.1.

- 6. Exhibit A to the Agreement is hereby stricken in its entirety and Exhibit A Amendment No. 1, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby substituted therefor. All references in the Agreement to Exhibit A shall hereafter be construed to refer to Exhibit A Amendment No. 1.
- 7. Exhibit B to the Agreement is hereby stricken in its entirety and Exhibit B Amendment No. 1, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby substituted therefor. All references in the Agreement to Exhibit B shall hereafter be construed to refer to Exhibit B Amendment No. 1.
- 8. All other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

[The next page is the signature page, Page 5]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment No. 1 to the Unit Power Sales Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized officers effective as of the date first set forth above.

ATTEST:	GULF STATES UTILITIES COMPANY
R & Cylor	By Johnson J. E. Bondurant Executive Vice President Operations Date: May 12, 1982
ATTEST:	SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC.
- Horder	R. O. Usry Vice President Date: May 12, 1982
ATTEST:	ALABAMA POWER COMPANY
Rabouron'	By LE LY R. E. Huffman Vice President Date: May 12, 1982
ATTEST:	GEORGIA POWER COMPANY
Hierry Abrich las	By A. W. Dahlberg Vice President Date: May 12, 1982
ATTEST:	GULF POWER COMPANY
_ Somuch	By Earl B. Paisons J. E. B. Parsons, Jr. Vice President Date: Nav 12. 1982
ATTEST:	MISSISSIPPI POWER COMPANY
Le Wilson	By H. H. Bell, Jr. Vice President Date: May 12, 1982

ECTED CAPACITY ALLOCATION OF FOR UNIT POWER SALES TO GSU

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⁽²⁾ In the event Gulf Power Company does not purchase a 25% interest in Scherer 3 & 4, or in the event Gulf purchases a different percentage interest, the allocations of Scherer 3 & 4 between Georgia Power Company and Gulf Power Company shall be adjusted accordingly.

EXHIBIT E AMENDMENT NO. 1 ADDENDUM IC GSU-SOUTEERN COMPANIES UNIT FOWER SAIES AGREEMENT UNIT FOWER SALE PERIODIC RATE CCMPUTATION PROCEDURE MANUAL CF SCUTHERN CCMPANIES Section 0.0 Description and Purpose of this Manual: This addendum to the GSU-Southern Companies Unit Power Sales Agreement entered into the 25th day of February, 1982, contains a formulary description of the methodology and procedure used to calculate the charges for each Contract Year for the electric services provided for in the Agreement. The term "Contract Year" as used herein shall mean calendar year. The Unit Power Sale Manual is divided into nine (9) basic articles as follows: . Article I - Derivation of Net Dependable Capacity Fatings for Electric Generating Units Article II - Derivation of Capacity Charges for Ccal-Fired Electric Generating Units Article III - Derivation of the Capacity Charges for Transmission Line Facilities Article IV - Derivation of Fuel Costs and Normalized Fuel Costs for Electric Generating Units Article V - Derivation of Fixed Operation and Maintenance, Variable Operation and Maintenance, and In-Flant Fuel Handling Expenses for Electric Generating Units Article VI - Derivation of Return on Common Equity Article VII - Derivation of Average Transπission Icss Percentages Article VIII - Unit Power Sale Support Schedules and Informational Schedules, and Monthly Statement of Energy Transactions' Article IX - Adjustments for Actual Cost Section 0.1 Allocation Methods and Frocedures: The allocation methods and procedures set forth in this Unit Power Sale Manual have been developed with reference to the Southern Companies present accounting practices; if such accounting practices change in the future so as to make the allocation methods and procedures - 1 -

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specified in this Unit Power Sale Manual inappropriate, the allocation methods and procedures shall be deleted or changed to meet the new accounting practices of the Southern Companies, provided such changed allocation methods and procedures are fair and equitable.

Section 0.2 "Uniform System of Accounts": The accounts set forth in this Unit Power Sale Manual are currently prescribed in the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's (FERC) "Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees (Class A and Class F)" in effect as of the date of this Agreement. If these accounts are amended, then this Unit Power Sale Manual shall be construed to reflect the amended accounts prescribed by FERC or its successor agency.

ARTICLE I

DERIVATION OF NET DEPENDABLE CAPACITY RAILNGS FOR ELECTRIC GENERATING UNITS

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the definition and methodology for the yearly derivation of Net Decendable Capacity ratings used in the computation of capacity charges and for such other purposes as specified in the Agreement. The definition and methodology for the derivation of Net Dependable Capacity ratings specified in this article are also used in the computation of capacity charges in other contracts of Southern Companies, including contracts with third parties and between the operating companies of Southern Companies.

Section 1.0 Net Dependable Capacity: For the purpose of deriving the Net Dependable Capacity of each electric generating unit for the ensuing Contract Year, the net generation (kWh) of each unit will be determined for the highest four (4) continuous hours during the peak-period (hours between 7 a.m. and 9 p.m. - prevailing Central Time), without overpressure, for five (5) different days during July and August of the year preceding the Contract Year. The Net Dependable Capacity of a unit for the Contract Year is defined as the average of the net generation for such twenty (20) hours, subject to the principles in Sections 1.1 and 1.2 below.

Section 1.1 Adjustments for Unusual Circumstances: In the event unusual circumstances occur during the months of July and August preceding the Contract Year or circumstances during the Contract Year are expected to be significantly different from those during such July and August, in the sole opinion of the company responsible for operating the unit, such company will determine the Net Dependable Capacity for such unit for the Contract Year and will provide a statement giving the reason(s) for not using the value for Net Dependable Capacity determined in Section 1.0 and the method used to establish the Net Dependable Capacity for the Contract Year.

Section 1.2 Units Being Declared Commercial: The Net Terendable Capacity for a unit declared commercial after the month of August preceding the Contract Year will be determined from the turkine manufacturer's design gross generation capability at valves wide open, adjusted for station service and further adjusted by the historical ratio of Net Dependable Capacity to design generation capability for similar units on the system of the Southern Companies.

Section 1.3 Data to be Provided: The data used in the determination of the Net Dependable Capacity for each unit each Contract Year, pursuant to Sections 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2 above, will be provided to purchasers of unit power in accordance with Article VIII.

ARTICLE II

CERIVATION OF CAPACITY CHARGE FOR COAL-FIRED ELECTRIC GENERATING UNITS

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the formulary methodology for deriving capacity costs of coal-fired electric generating units used in unit power sales for determination of charges for the services to be supplied under such sales. The formulary methodology will be used to derive both estimated capacity cost for preliminary hilling and actual capacity cost for corrections to such preliminary billing.

Section 2.1 Capacity Cost of Unit Fower Sales: The computation of the capacity cost of unit power sales for each month of the Contract Year will be accomplished in the following manner. menthly capacity cost (\$/kW-month) of each coal-fired electric generating unit participating in the unit power sale is multiplied by the portion (megawatts) of the unit applicable to the sale in each month to obtain the total monthly capacity dcllars (\$). The total monthly unit power sales capacity dcllars are then summed and divided by the sum of the portion (megawatts) of the unit applicable to the sale in each month to obtain a weighted average capacity cost (\$/kW-month). This weighted average capacity cost for each month will constitute the charge for capacity sold by Southern Companies under the Unit Fower Sales Agreement. This charge for each month of the Contract Year 1984 will be shown on Unit Power Sale Informational Schedule for the year 1984, and will be revised in accordance with this Unit Fower Sale Manual in subsequent calendar years.

Section 2.2 Derivation of Estimated Monthly Capacity Charge of Coal-Fired Electric Generating Units: The derivation of the estimated monthly capacity charge of the coal-fired electric generating units participating in the unit power sales is based on the capacity (determined in Article I of this Manual) and the projected investments and expenses related to production and generator step-up substation facilities of each such unit during the Contract Year. The "buy-back capacity" provisions as they exist for Scherer Units 1 and 2 will be recognized by developing a monthly capacity charge for the huy-back portion of each unit separately from the Georgia Power Company convership portion of such units. The derivation of the monthly capacity charge of each applicable unit is expressed in the following formulae:

$$F = \left[\frac{I \times I (CM + IT) / 100] + E}{C \times 12.0} \right] \times \left[\frac{100}{100 - I_c} \right]$$

$$EF = \frac{1}{12} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{N}{\Sigma} & AFC_{si} \\ \frac{i=1}{N} & \\ \frac{\Sigma}{\Sigma} & CP_{si} \\ \frac{i=1}{2} & \\ \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} \frac{100}{100-I_c} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

where: AFC_{si} = {I_{si} ×
$$\left[\frac{(CM_v + IT_v + CM_{si})/100}{2.0} + \frac{2.0\%}{100\%}\right] + Esi} × $\left[\frac{EE_{si}}{0_{si}}\right]$$$

and:

- F = Monthly production capacity charge for operating company cwned capacity (\$/kW-month).
- AFC_{s1} = Annual fixed charges of the operating company's huyback entitlement including the effect of a split between the cost of money between the operating company and each participant' plus 2.0 percent (Dollars).
 - I = Total cf the net investment associated with the
 operating company's portion of the unit (Dollars).
 - Isi = Total of the net investment associated with the
 participants' portion of the unit (Dollars).
 - E = Total of the annualized fixed expenses associated with the operating company's portion of the unit (Dollars).
 - F_{si} = Total of the annualized fixed expenses associated with the participants' portion of the unit (Dollars).

Participant as used herein shall mean any entity which has an cwnership interest in a designated unit and an agreement to sell capacity in such designated unit to an operating company.

C' = The weighted average cost of capital associated with the operating company's cost of construction of the unit (Fercent). IT = The income tax requirement associated with the preferred stock and common equity weighted cost of capital associated with the operating company's cost of construction of the unit (Percent). CMy = The operating company's weighted average cost of capital associated with huy-back capacity as determined by the purchase and resale agreement between the operating commany and each participant (Percent). ITy = The income tax requirement associated with the huy-back cost of capital of the operating company's preferred stock and common equity components (Percent). $CM_{si} =$ The weighted average cost of capital associated with the participants' cost of construction of the unit as determined by the purchase and resale agreement between the operating company and each participant (Percent). C = Net Dependable Capacity of the operating company's ccrtion of the generating unit (kW). Net Dependable Capacity of each participants' portion of the unit related to buy-back (kW). PEsi = Portion of the Net Dependable Capacity of the unit related to buy-back from each participant (Percent). Csi = Portion of the Net Dependable Capacity of the unit cwned by each participant (Percent). N = Number of participants (other than the operating company) in the unit. Ic = Average transmission capacity loss percentage of the Southern Companies as determined in Article VII. The source of the capacity, investment, and expense data incorporated in the above formulae for coal-fired electric generating units (including FERC Account numbers and description of allocation procedures and calculation of the cost of capital) is as follows: Section 2.2.1: Net Dependable Capacity is the rating in kw cf the ccal-fired electric generating unit as determined in Article The value of C is determined by multiplying the percent 160186-Staff-POD-57-244

cwnership of the operating company by the unit's Net Dependable Capacity. The value of CE_{si} for each participant is determined by multiplying the participant's buy-back related portion (EE_{si}) by the Net Dependable Capacity.

Section 2.2.2: Gross Generating Unit Investment for a unit owned by an operating company is the book cost of the coal-fired electric generating unit and its associated generator step-un substation. The cost of these facilities is recorded in FIFC Accounts 310-316 for the generating unit and Accounts 352 and 353 for the step-up substation at the end of each month of the Contract Year. The amount of booked AFUDC (Allowance for Funds Used Turing Construction) shall have added to it an amount to reflect the effect of CWIP (Construction Work In Progress) in retail rate base. The amount of AFUDC to be added, if any, shall be calculated on a monthly basis for the construction period of the unit using the following formula:

$CA = \Sigma^{c} (AF - ER) \times AE$

- TA = Dollar amount to be added to booked AFUDC.
- AF = The monthly AFUDC rate prescribed by the applicable state Public Service Commission.
- EP = The actual monthly AFUDC rate applied by the operating company (this rate being affected by CWIP in the operating company's retail rate base).
- AE = The actual monthly AFTDC hase used by the operating company in computing booked AFTDC.

The gross generating unit investment of the participants of the coal-fired electric generating unit and its associated step-up substation is the book cost recorded at the end of each month of the Contract Year in the prescribed accounts of the other participants with which GaPC has buy-back arrangements.

All ccal properties and coal handling equipment that are recorded at the end of each month of the Contract Year in FEFC Accounts 389, 398, and 399 that are directly associated with the generating unit are included in the gross generating unit investment summation. Where allocations to the generating unit are required, such allocations shall be based on the usage of the property and equipment. The common facilities of the plant site and the step-up substation yard are allocated equally among the units at the plant site. GaPC will own an undivided ownership interest in common facilities at Plant Scherer which is greater than GaPC's percentage undivided ownership interest in the units prior to commercial operation of Scherer No. 3. This long percentage ownership of common facilities (the percent ownership

in common facilities in excess of the percent ownership in Units 1 and 2) will not be included in the tricing of the GaPC owned capacity. The long percentage ownership will be included in the pricing of huv-back capacity from the participant with the short percentage ownership in common facilities as determined by the compensation for use of common facilities as agreed to by GaPC and participant.

Section 2.2.3: Accumulated Depreciation is associated with the gross production investment defined in Section 2.2.2. The accumulated depreciation for generating units is adjusted to include the amount of AFUDC determined in Section 2.2.2. If the depreciation records of the operating company do not allow for the identification of the accumulated depreciation of the specific coal-fired unit's step-up substation, a portion of the accumulated depreciation associated with the transmission plant will be allocated to the unit's generator step-up substation. The amount allocated to the generator step-up substation facilities will be on the basis of the ratio of the gross investment in the generator step-up substation facilities to the total gross investment in the transmission function excluding land.

Section 2.2.4: Net Generating Unit Investment is the difference between Section 2.2.2 (Gross Generating Unit Investment) and Section 2.2.3 (Accumulated Depreciation).

Section 2.2.5: General Plant (Net) includes the investment in FFRC Accounts 389 through 399 at the end of each month of the Contract Year, excluding amounts directly assigned to production as listed in Sections 2.2.2 and 2.2.3. Net general plant, excluding the direct assignments, is allocated to the specific coal-fired generating unit and its generator step-up substation on the basis of salaries and wages as described in Section 2.2.17.

The net general plant related to the generating unit and its step-up substation is allocated to the operating company and participants based upon the owned capacity of the respective entities.

Section 2.2.6: Working Capital is the summation of cash working capital, prepayments, deposits (if any), and materials and supplies, and is computed for each month of the Contract Year. The cash working capital for the specific coal-fired generating unit is calculated by taking one-eighth (45/360) of the sum of

the total annual operation and maintenance $(CSM)^2$ (including fuel burr), and administrative and general (ASG) expenses. The fixed CSM expense is developed in Section 2.2.9 and the AGG expense is developed in Section 2.2.9.

The cash working capital for the specific unit's generator ster-up substation is calculated by taking one-eighth (45/360) of the sum of the annualized fixed OSM and AFG expenses. The fixed CSM and AFG expenses are developed in Sections 2.2.9 and 2.2.10, respectively.

Premayments are computed on the basis of a 13-month average and are directly assigned to production, transmission, general plant functions, and the specific coal-fired generating unit. The amount assigned to the transmission function is allocated to the specific coal fired unit's generator step-up substation on the basis of net investment less land. Prepayments associated with general plant are allocated to the specific coal-fired generating unit and its step-up substation on the basis of salaries and wages as described in Section 2.2.17.

Materials and supplies are computed on the basis of a 13πcnth average and consists of two parts: (i) fuel stock recorded in FERC Account 151, and (ii) plant materials and operating supplies recorded in FERC Account 154 that are related to the troduction function and the transmission function. stock recorded in Account 151 is allocated to the specific unit at the plant site based upon the nameplate ratings of the restective units. The plant materials and operating supplies, Account 154, if not directly identifiable with the plant and associated generator step-up substation, are allocated to the specific coal-fired generating unit and its associated cenerator ster-up substation on the basis of the ratio of the respective gross investment of the specific coal-fired generating unit and its associated generator step-up substation to the gross investment in the fossil steam production function and the associated generator step-up substations. The plant material and operating supplies, Account 154, directly identifiable with the plant are allocated equally among the units.

reflect the operating agreements that exist between the operating companies for the operation of jointly owned generating units. It should be noted that while these deposits increase the working capital requirements of one operating company, they have a

²C&M as used in this Unit Power Sale Manual does not include $ad\pi$ inistrative and general expenses.

correstonding reduction in the working capital requirements of the other operating company.

Total working capital is computed by adding deposits (if anv), prepayments, and material and supplies to cash working capital. The working capital of a generating unit which is jointly owned by the operating company and participants is allocated based upon the owned capacity of the respective entities.

Section 2.2.7: Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes are developed for each applicable generating unit for each month of the Contract Year and is the net total of FEFC Accounts 190, 281, 282, and 283. Accumulated deferred income taxes related to general plant for both the generating unit and its step-un substation are allocated in accordance with the general plant assignments for the unit and its step-un substation described in Section 2.2.5. The accumulated deferred income taxes related to transmission plant are allocated to the specific coal-fired unit's generator step-up substation investment in coal-fired unit's generator step-up substation facilities to total transmission net investment excluding land.

Section 2.2.8: Ictal Net Generating Unit Investment represents the direct and allocated investments that are associated with the coal-fired electric generating unit and its generator step-up substation facilities and is the summation of Section 2.2.4 (Net Generating Unit Investment) through Section 2.2.7 (Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes) and is the value for "I" for cwned capacity and "Isi" for buy-back capacity in the formula in Section 2.2 for each applicable generating unit.

Section 2.2.9 Fixed Operation and Maintenance Expense is the total of the fixed expenses associated with the coal-fired electric generating unit recorded in FERC Accounts 500 through 514, excluding 501. The definition of fixed and variable as defined in these accounts is shown in Article V. The CEM expenses in FERC Accounts 562, 569, and 570 associated with the generator step-up substation facilities of such generating unit are added to the generating unit's fixed expenses. Where CSM expenses of the generator step-up facilities are not directly identifiable, they will be allocated on the basis of the ratio of the cross investment in the specific coal-fired unit's cenerator step-up substation to the total gross substation investment. separation of O&M expenses between the operating company and participants is computed based on the capacity that each entity cwns in each generating unit.

Section 2.2.10: Administrative and General Expenses, FFFC Accounts 920 through 932, excluding Account 924 (Frogerty Insurance), are allocated to the specific coal-fired generating

unit and its step-up substation based upon salaries and wages as described in Section 2.2.17. The property insurance is developed and assigned to the specific coal-fired generating unit. The property insurance specifically assigned to the transmission function is allocated to the unit's step-up substation based upon the net investment excluding land.

The secaration of the administrative and general expenses between the operating company and participants is computed based on the capacity that each entity owns in each generating unit.

Section 2.2.11: Depreciation Expense for the coal-fired generating unit is based on Straight Line depreciation with the exception of the Scherer units in which case the expense is based on Units of Production during the first six months of operation and the remaining life on Straight line depreciation. decreciation expense for generating units is adjusted to reflect the FFUEC determined in Section 2.2.2. The depreciation expense associated with the generator step-up substation facilities is determined on the basis of the gross investment in generator ster-up substation facilities and the associated depreciation rates. The depreciation expense associated with general plant is allocated to the specific coal-fired generating unit and its ster-up substation in the same manner as the general plant allocations described in Section 2.2.5. The depreciation expense for cwned caracity and buy-back capacity are handled separately and take into account the records of the owners.

Section 2.2.17: Amortization of Investment Tax Credits (AIIC) is computed for rach coal-fired generating unit. The AITC associated with the transmission plant is allocated to the generator step-up substation facilities on the basis of the ratio of the depreciation expense of the generator step-up substation facilities to the depreciation expense of the transmission plant. The AITC associated with general plant is allocated to the specific coal-fired generating unit and its step-up substation in the same manner as the general plant allocations described in Section 2.2.5. The AITC for owned capacity and buy-back capacity are handled separately and take into account the records of the owners.

Section 2.2.13: Real and Personal Froperty Taxes are computed for the specific coal-fired generating unit and its associated ster-up substation in a manner which equitably relates the pro rata share of such taxes to each facility with regard to its value for tax purposes and which is consistent with computation of such taxes for the respective operating company. The real and personal property taxes associated with general plant are allocated in accordance with the general plant allocation described in Section 2.2.5. Detailed documentation of computation of the real and personal property taxes for each unit

in accordance with the computation of such taxes for the operating company will be prepared, and if requested, will be made available.

Section 2.2.14: Payroll Taxes applicable to a specific coalfired generating unit and its step-up substation are computed in the following manner. The expected payroll tax rates are applied to the budgeted salaries and wages developed in Section 2.2.17. The payroll taxes reflect the use of the taxable wage base and the maximum payroll tax payable during each month of the Contract Year.

Section 2.2.15: Total Production Fixed Expenses represent the direct and allocated fixed expenses associated with the coalfired electric generating unit and generator step-up facilities and are the summation of Section 2.2.9 (Fixed Operation and Maintenance Expense) through Section 2.2.14 (Payroll Taxes) and is the value for "E" for owned capacity and "Esi" for buy-back capacity in the formula in Section 2.2 for each coal-fired electric generating unit.

Section 2.2.16: The Cost of Capital and associated income taxes are computed for each unit in the following manner:

$$CM = [(CR \times i) + (FR \times p) + (FF \times c)]$$

where: DR + PP + ER = 1.0

$$IT = \frac{T}{1-T} \times [(PR \times P) + (ER \times C)]$$

where: T = F + S - 2FS (federal income taxes deductible for state income tax purposes)

or

- T = F + S FS (federal income taxes not deductible for state income tax purposes)
- CM = The weighted average cost of capital associated with the operating company's cost of construction of the unit (Fercent).
- IT = The income tax requirement associated with the
 preferred stock and common equity weighted cost of
 capital associated with the operating company's cost of
 construction of the unit (Percent).

DR = Ratio cf debt capital)*

PR = Ratio cf preferred stcck) *

ER = Ratio of common equity)*

*The components of the capital structure of the operating company will be determined from the most recent Quarterly Report or Form 10-Q (or in event such report ceases to be required to be filed by the operating companies, such other report to a governmental agency containing the operating companies! capital structure) at the time the unit goes into commercial operation, except the capital structure for Miller Unit No. 1 which will be determined by calculating the simple arithmetical averages of each of the components as determined by the capitalization as recorded on Form 10-K (or USS where 10-K is not applicable) for end of year capitalization for each year 1972 through 1978. In the case of a unit which will gc into commercial operation during the ensuing Contract Year, the components of the capital structure may change between the information available at the time the estimated capacity charges are developed and the time the applicable Form 10-C is available. one time change in capital structure will be recognized as scon as practicable.

i = The cost of debt capital³, which shall be determined as of the date the unit goes into commercial operation, shall be the weighted average percent rate of First Mortgage Ponds issued during the construction of the unit, which shall be calculated by applying the arrual percent interest rate of the most recent issue of First Mortgage Bonds prior to the incurrence of each monthly capital expenditure on the unit. The cost of debt capital shall be modified after the date of commercial operation to account for additional monthly capital

[&]quot;In the case of Miller Unit No. 1 only, the cost of debt capital will be adjusted to account for the period during construction of the unit exceeding twelve months when no issues of First Mortgage Ecnds were issued. Adjustment for such periods will be as follows: the monthly capital expenditures occurring after the twelve-πonth period will have applied to them the annual percent rate of First Mortgage Fonds issued up to six months subsequent to such expenditures. If no such bond issue were made in the six-πonth period subsequent to the πonthly capital expenditures, the rate of the most recent previous bond issue will continue to be applied to such expenditures incurred up to six months prior to the next bond issue.

expenditures to the unit by applying the annual percent interest rate of the most recent issue of First Mortgage Ponds prior to the incurrence of such monthly capital expenditure. Such costs of debt capital shall be modified to include the amount and the cost of pollution control bonds specifically related to the unit.

- r = The cost of preferred stock*, which shall be determined as of the date the unit goes into commercial operation, shall be the weighted average dividend percent rate of such stock, which such percent rate shall be calculated by applying the annual dividend percent rate of the most recent issue of the Freferred Stock prior to the incurrence of each monthly capital expenditure on the unit. The cost of preferred stock shall be modified after the date of commercial operation to account for additional monthly capital expenditures to the unit by applying the annual percent interest rate of the most recent issue of the Preferred Stock prior to the incurrence of such monthly capital expenditure.
- c = Return on common equity of the Southern Companies as determined in Article VI.

As agreed to by the parties, the cost of capital associated with the buy-back capacity includes the effect of a split between the cost of money of the operating company and each participant as described by the then current purchase and resale agreement between the operating company and each participant plus 2%. The development of the terms CMy and IT, are as shown below:

 $CM_y = (ER \times i_y) + (PR \times p_y) + (ER \times c_y)$

where:

^{*}In the case of Miller Unit Nc. 1 only, the cost of preferred stock will be adjusted to account for the period during construction of the unit exceeding twelve months when no issues of Freferred Stock were issued. Adjustments for such periods will be made as follows: the monthly capital expenditures occurring after the twelve-month period will have applied to them the annual dividend percent rate of Preferred Stock issued up to six months subsequent to such expenditures. If no such stock issue were made in the six-month period subsequent to the monthly capital expenditure, the rate of the most recent previous stock issue will continue to be applied to such expenditures incurred up to six months prior to the next stock issue.

DR + PR + ER = 1.0

 $IT_{y} = \frac{T}{1-T} \times [(PR \times D_{y}) + (ER \times C_{y})]$

where: $T = \frac{F + S - 2FS}{1 - FS}$ (federal income taxes deductible for state income tax purposes)

- CMy = The operating company's weighted average cost of capital associated with huy-back capacity as determined by the purchase and resale agreement between the operating company and each participant (Percent).
- ITy = The income tax requirement associated with the huy-back cost of capital of the operating company's preferred stock and common equity components (Percent).

ER = Ratio cf debt capital)*

PP = Ratio cf preferred stock)*

ER = Ratic cf common equity)*

*The components of the capital structure of the operating company will be determined from the most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (or in the event such report ceases to be required to be filed by the operating company, such other report to a governmental agency containing the operating company's capital structure) at the time the unit goes into commercial operation. In the case of a unit which will go into commercial operation during the ensuing Contract Year, the components of the capital structure may change between the information available at the time the estimated capacity charges are developed and the time the applicable Form 10-Q is available. This one time charge in capital structure will be recognized as soon as practicable.

iy = The cost of debt capital, which shall be determined as of the date the unit goes into commercial operation, shall be the weighted average percent rate of First Mortgage Ponds issued during the construction of the unit, which shall be calculated by applying the arrual cercent interest rate of the most recent issue of First Mortage Eonds prior to the incurrence of each monthly capital expenditure on the unit. Such cost of debt capital shall be modified as of the date the unit goes

into commercial operation to include the amount and the cost of collution control bonds specifically related to the unit. The cost of debt capital shall be modified after the date of commercial operation to account for additional monthly capital expenditures to the unit by applying the annual percent interest rate of the most recent issue of First Mortgage Bonds prior to the incurrence of such monthly capital expenditure.

- The cost of preferred stock, which shall be determined as of the date the unit goes into commercial operation, shall be the weighted average dividend percent rate of such stock, which such percent rate shall be calculated by applying the annual dividend percent rate of the most recent issue of the Freferred Stock prior to the incurrence of each monthly capital expenditure on the unit. The cost of Preferred Stock shall be modified after the date of commercial operation to account for additional monthly capital expenditures to the unit by applying the annual percent interest rate of the most recent issue of the Preferred Stock prior to the incurrence of such monthly capital expenditure.
- cy = The cost of Common Equity shall be the most recent percent return allowed on equity by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FEFC) for sales to the operating company's wholesale customers or such percent return submitted in a rate settlement with its wholesale customers (whichever is most recent).
- T = Combined state and federal income tax rate.
- F = Federal income tax rate.
- S = State income tax rate.

Section 2.2.17: Salaries and Wages are budgeted and accounted for on an actual basis by the operating companies for each functional group and the specific coal-fired generating unit for the Contract Year. The budgeted salaries and wages account for charges in wage rates and number of employees.

The salaries and wages associated with the administrative classification are allocated to the functions including the specific coal-fired generating unit based upon the ratio of the administrative classification's salaries and wages to the total salaries and wages less the administrative classification's salaries and wages. The salaries and wages associated with the transmission function, including the allocated administrative

salaries and wages, are allocated to the transmission plant's substations based upon the labor in accounts 562, 569, and 570 and is further allocated to the unit's generator step-up substation facilities on the basis of the ratio of the gross investment in the specific unit's step-up substation to the gross investment in the transmission substations unless a direct assignment of salaries and wages is available from the company's records. The salaries and wages for a specific unit which is jointly owned are computed for 100 percent of the unit. The total salaries and wages for such jointly owned units are allocated on the basis of percent ownership.

For a unit which does not have an historical basis of salaries and wages, the most recent vintage and similar coalfired unit that does have an historical basis will be used for the first year's estimate.

Section 2.2.18 <u>Lata to be Provided</u>: The data contained in this article will be supplied on informational and support schedules described in article VIII and shall be made available for both estimated and actual cost data as specified in Article IX.

APTICIE III

LERIVATION OF CAPACITY CHARGE FOR TRANSMISSION LINE FACILITIES

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the formulary methodology for deriving the capacity charge for transmission plant used for the service to be supplied under the Unit Power Sales Agreement.

Section 3.1 System Transmission Capacity Cost: The computation of the system transmission capacity cost for transmission facilities is based on the investment, excenses, and load related to transmission lines rated 115 kV and above and associated substations. This capacity cost excludes the investment and expenses associated with the generator step-up substations which are included in Article II.

The computation of the system transmission capacity cost is made for each period of the Contract Year. The Contract Year is divided into two distinct periods, January through May, and June through December. This division of the Contract Year into two periods is necessary in order to recognize that the Southern Companies consider an operating year to be June 1 through May 31 of the following year. Billings and payments for capacity and interchange transactions between the Southern Companies (referred to individually as "operating company") are based on an operating year. The Southern Companies utilize Feak-Period Load Fatics to allccate certain billings and payments between each of the cperating companies. The peak-period is defined to be the fourteen (14) hours between 7:00 a.π. and 9:00 p.π. of each day. The Feak-Feriod Icad Ratios shall be determined by dividing each operating company's summation of the July and August estimated weekday peak-period energy loads by the total system July and August estimated weekday peak-period energy loads. The Feak-Fericd I cad Ratics for the first five (5) months of the Contract Year are based upon the prior year's critical months of July and August. The Peak-Period Load Ratios for the last seven (7) months of the Contract Year are based upon the critical months of July and August of the Contract Year. Consequently, during a Contract Year there shall be two Peak-Period Load Ratios--ore to be used in the January through May period, and the other in the ... June through December period. The Feak-Period Load Ratics are shown on the Unit Power Sale Informational Schedule for the Contract Year.

The transmission capacity cost for each operating company for each period of the Contract Year is multiplied by its Feak-Feriod Load Patic for each period of the Contract Year. These results for each operating company are summed to obtain the total

system transmission capacity cost for each period of the Contract Year. This total system transmission capacity cost for each period will constitute the transmission charge for capacity sold by Southern Companies to purchasers of unit power under the Unit Fower Sales Agreement. These charges for each period of the Contract Year 1984 will be shown on the Unit Power Sale Informational Schedule for the year 1984, and will be revised in accordance with this Unit Power Sale Manual in subsequent calendar years.

Section 3.2 <u>Ferivation of Transmission Capacity Costs of Each</u> Cterating Comtany: The derivation of the transmission capacity ccst of each operating company is based on the investments, expenses, and lcad related to transmission lines and associated substation facilities rated 115 kV and above (excluding generator ster-up substations) of each operating company during the Contract Year, and the cost of capital and income taxes in each rericd of the Contract Year. This derivation excludes the investments, expenses, and associated load in transmission owned by Cglethcrpe Power Corporation (CPC), Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG), and the City of Dalton, Ga. (Talton). The investments and expenses of the transmission facilities built by MPC as specified in Article III of the GSU-Scuthern Companies Interchange Contract are excluded from the derivation of transmission capacity cost. (See the Transmission Facilities Agreement Between GSU and MPC for derivation of charges for such transmission facilities built by MPC.) investment and expense associated with the Southern Flectric Generating Company (SEGCC) transmission facilities is assigned to The derivation of the monthly transmission capacity cost of each operating company for each period of a Contract Year is expressed in the following formulae:

$$R_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} I \times (CM_{1} + IT_{1})/100 + E \\ E \times 12 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 100 \\ 100 - I_{c} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} I \times (CM_{2} + IT_{2})/100 + E \\ E \times 12 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 100 \\ 100 - I_{c} \end{bmatrix}$$

Where:

- F₁ = Transπission capacity charge for January through Mav (\$/kW-month).
- R_2 = Transmission capacity charge for June through Tecember (\$/kW-month).

- CM₂ = The weighted average cost of capital (Fercent) associated with the June through December period of the Contract Year.
- II₁ = The income tax requirement associated with the preferred stock and common equity weighted cost of capital (Percent) associated with the January through May period of the Contract Year.
- II₂ = The income tax requirement associated with the preferred stock and common equity weighted cost of capital (Percent) associated with the June through December period of the Contract Year.
 - I = The 12-month average investment in transmission lines and associated substation facilities (excluding generator step-up substations) rated 115 kV and above (Collars).
 - T = The annual expenses for transmission lines and associated substation facilities (excluding generator step-up substations) rated 115 kV and above (Ecllars).
 - D = The 5-day average estimated load (kW)
- Ic = Average transmission capacity loss percentage as
 determined in Article VII.

The source of the load, investment, and expense data incorporated in the above formulae for each operating company (including FERC Account numbers and description of allocation procedures and calculation of the cost of capital) is as follows.

Section 3.2.1 Five-Day Average Load is the estimated peak cnehcur load (kW) at the generator adjusted to a five-day average
load based on the preceding year's actual loads. Each operating
company's one-hour peak net territorial load (kW) is the sum of
the following: (1) generation, (2) associated companies' pool
receipts, (3) associated companies' pool deliveries, (4) norassociated companies' receipts, (5) non-associated companies'
deliveries, and (6) any known loads associated with the
transmission services that are responsible for revenues which are
not credited to operating expenses. The generation owned and
retained by CPC, MFAG, and Dalton and their partial requirements
load at the generator bus are excluded for the GaPC load
calculation. Also the investment and expenses associated with
CFC, MFAG, and Calton ownership in transmission facilities are
excluded. For Mississippi Power Company (MPC), the generation of
the Standard Oil Station is excluded.

The five-day average estimated load will be adjusted to the actual five-day average load for each operating commany pursuant to Article IX of this Unit Power Sale Manual.

Section 3.2.2 Gross Transmission Investment is the summation of FERC Accounts 350, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358 and 359 associated with 115 kV and higher voltage lines thus Accounts 350, 352, and 353 associated with the transformation and switching between 115 kV and the higher voltages. (Generator step-up substations are excluded.)

Section 3.2.3 Accumulated Depreciation is that depreciation associated with the gross transmission investment defined above and is allocated to Account based on investment and depreciation rates by Account. The allocation to voltage level is based on gross investment.

Section 3.2.4 Net Transmission Flant is the difference between Section 3.2.2 (Gross Transmission Investment) and Section 3.2.3 (Accumulated Depreciation).

Section 3.2.5 General Plant (Net) includes the investment in FEFC Accounts 389 through 399. All coal properties and coal handling equipment carried in FERC Accounts 389, 398 and 399 are directly assigned to production plant as described in Sections 2.2.2 and 2.2.3 cf Article II. The allocation of net general plant to transmission facilities rated 115 kV and above (excluding the direct assignments) is done on the basis of salaries and wages as described in Section 3.2.17.

Section 3.2.6 Working Capital is the summation of cash working capital, prepayments, deposits (if any), and materials and supplies, and is computed for each month of the Contract Year. The cash working capital for the transmission facilities rated 115 kV and above is calculated by taking one-eighth (45/360) of the sum of the annualized fixed OSM and ASG expenses. The fixed CSM and ASG expenses are developed in Sections 3.2.9 and 3.2.10, respectively.

Precayments are computed on the basis of a 13-month average and are directly assigned to production, transmission, general plant functions, and the specific coal-fired generating unit. Prerayments associated with general plant are allocated to the transmission function on the basis of salaries and wages as described in Section 3.2.17. The amount allocated and assigned to the transmission function is allocated to the facilities rated 115 kV and above on the basis of operation and maintenance expenses as described in Section 3.2.9.

Materials and supplies are computed on the basis of a 13month average and consist of plant materials and operating supplies recorded in FEPC Account 154 that are related to the transmission function. The plant materials and operating supplies, Account 154, are allocated to the transmission facilities rated 115 kV and above on the basis of the ratio of the gross investment excluding land of the facilities rated 115 kV and above to the gross investment excluding land in the transmission plant.

Deposits are included as a working capital requirement to reflect the operating agreements that exist between the operating companies for the operation of transmission facilities. It should be noted that while these deposits increase the working capital requirements of one operating company, they have a corresponding reduction in the working capital requirements of another operating company.

Total working capital is computed by adding deposits (if any), prepayments, and material and supplies to cash working capital.

Section 3.2.7 Accumulated Deferred Income Tax is the net total cf FEPC Accounts 190, 281, 282, and 283 which have been analyzed and allocated by each operating company in accordance with each Account's functional use. The portion related to general plant is allocated to the transmission function as described in Section 3.2.5. The allocation to facilities rated 115 kV and above is on the basis of net plant less land.

Section 3.2.8 Total Net Transmission Investment represents the direct and allocated investments that are associated with the facilities rated 115 kV and above and is the summation of Section 3.2.4 (Net Transmission Plant) through 3.2.7 (Accumulated Deferred Income Tax) and is the value for "I" in the formula in Section 3.2.

Section 3.2.9 Transmission Creration and Maintenance expenses, FERC Accounts 560 through 573, are allocated in relation to the net transmission plant associated with the facilities considered herein unless more detail assignments can be made from existing company records. The operation and maintenance (C&M) expenses will be adjusted to reflect the actual C&M expenses for each operating company pursuant to Article IX of this Unit Power Sale Manual.

Section 3.2.10 Administrative and General excenses, FEFC Accounts 920 through 932, excluding 924, are allocated to the transmission function based on salaries and wages and to facilities rated 115 kV and above on the basis of net investment. Account 924 is directly assigned to function by the operating company and allocated within function based on net investment.

Section 3.2.11 Decreciation Expense and Amortization of Investment Tax Credit (AIIC) are developed as follows. The decreciation expense for transmission plant is taken directly from the records of each operating company. The depreciation expense associated with the 115 kV and above facilities is determined on the basis of the gross investment in 115 kV and above facilities and the associated depreciation rates. The decreciation expense associated with general plant is allocated to transmission plant in accordance with the general plant allocated allocations as described in Section 3.2.5. The general plant depreciation expense allocated to transmission function is further allocated to the 115 kV and above facilities on the basis of decreciation expense related to the 115 kV and above facilities and the total transmission plant.

The AITC associated with the transmission plant is allocated to the transmission facilities rated 115 kV and above on the basis of the ratio of the depreciation expense of the transmission facilities rated 115kV and above to the depreciation expense of the transmission plant.

Section 3.2.12 Real and Personal Property Taxes are assigned directly to the transmission plant. These taxes are allocated to the 115 kV and above facilities based on the ratio of the net investment in the 115 kV and above facilities to the net transmission plant. The real and personal property taxes associated with general plant are allocated to the transmission function on the basis of salaries and wages and within transmission to the facilities rated 115 kV and above on the basis of net investment.

Section 3.2.13 Fayroll Taxes applicable to the 115 kV and above transmission facilities are computed in the following manner. The expected payroll tax rates are applied to the budgeted salaries and wages developed in Section 3.2.17 to obtain each function's payroll taxes and reflect the use of the taxable wage base and the maximum payroll tax payable during each month of the Contract Year.

Section 3.2.14 Credits (or Debits) to Crerating Expenses: The revenues classified as 'Other Operating Revenue' in the operating company's budget will be credited to the operating expenses if the transmission facilities considered herein were responsible for such revenues (e.g., such revenues associated with long term caracity, short term capacity, and unit power sales). If the revenues for transmission service are not credited, the estimated demands associated with the revenues will be added to the demand of the affected operating company for the transmission rate calculation. Because certain companies have operating agreements with other parties with respect to the transmission facilities considered hereir, there may be revenues or expenses associated

with the facilities rated 115 kV and above that will be appropriately credited or debited to the operating expenses for the affected companies. In addition, revenues associated with the transmission facilities rated 115 kV and above that appear in the 'Furchased Power Account' (e.g., such revenues from long term capacity, short term capacity, and unit power sales) will be credited to the operating expenses for these transmission facilities.

Section 3.2.15 Ictal Transmission Expenses represent the direct and allocated fixed expenses associated with the facilities considered herein and are the summation of Section 3.2.9 (Transmission Operation and Maintenance) through Section 3.2.14 (Credits (or Debits) to Operating Expenses) and is the value for "F" in the formula in Section 3.2.

Section 3.2.16 The Cost of Capital and associated income taxes are computed in the following manner:

$$CM = [(LR \times i) + (PR \times p) + (EF \times c)]$$

where:

$$DR + PR + ER = 1.0$$

$$IT = \frac{T}{1 - T} \times [(PR \times P) + (ER \times C)]$$

where:

T = F + S - 2FS (federal income taxes deductible for state income tax curposes)

or

T = F + S - F: (federal inccme taxes not deductible for state inccme tax purposes)

CM = Weighted average cost of capital (Percent).

IT = Income tax requirement associated with connon and preferred weighted cost of capital (Fercent).

TR = Ratio of debt capital (target ratic; includes first mortgage bonds, pollution control obligations and capitalized leases).

FR = Ratio of preferred stock (target ratio).

FR = Ratio of common equity (target ratio).

i = Embedded cost of debt capital (Percent).

p = Embedded cost of preferred stock (Percent).

c = Return on common equity of the Southern Commonies as determined in Article VI.

- T = Combined state and federal income tax rate.
- F = Federal income tax rate.
- S = State income tax rate.

<u>Section 3.2.17</u> <u>Salaries and Wages</u> are budgeted and accounted for cr an actual basis by the operating companies for each functinal group.

The salaries and wages associated with the administrative classification are allocated to the functional groups based upon the ratio of the administrative classification's salaries and wages to the total salaries and wages less the administrative classification's salaries and wages.

The transmission plant salaries and wages which includes the allocated A&G, are allocated to the 115 kV and above facilities based on the ratio of the net investment in the 115 kV and above facilities to the total net transmission plant investment.

ARTICLE IV

DEFIVATION OF FUEL COSTS AND NORMALIZED FUEL COSTS FOR ELECTRIC GENERATING UNITS

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the definition and provides the procedures for determining the Fuel Costs and Normalized Fuel Costs for the computation of charges for services under the Agreement.

Section 4.0 Fuel Costs: The Fuel Cost (\$/mWh) for a unit is defined as the ccst (dcllars) of the fuel issued from the weighted-average stockpile for the unit divided by the net electrical cutput (mWhs) of the unit during operation periods of the unit during the month energy was delivered under this Agreement. Operation periods as used herein include all hours in which the net electrical output of the unit is greater than zero. The cost of fuel issued for the unit will be the actual morthly ccst of fossil fuel issued from FERC Account 151, including the actual monthly ccst of gaseous fuels charged directly to Account 501. In the event that there were no operation periods of a unit during a month, the Fuel Cost for the unit for such month will be equal to the Fuel Cost for the unit in the first preceding month in which there were operation periods.

Section 4.1 Normalized Fuel Costs: The Normalized Fuel Cost (\$/nWh) for a unit is defined as the average net heat rate (millions of ETU's per mWh) of such unit at a specified generation level multiplied by the actual monthly cost (dollars) of fossil fuel issued from FERC Account 151, including the actual monthly cost of gaseous fuels charged directly to Account 501, and divided by the heat content (millions of BTU's) of such fuel issued for the month. In the event the cost of fuel issued is zerc for a unit during a month, the cost of fuel issued and the associated heat content for other similar unit(s) receiving fuel from the same stockpile in that month will be used in the calculation of the Normalized Fuel Cost. Furthermore, in the event there was no fuel issued from such stockpile in that month, the cost of fuel issued and the associated heat content for the first preceding month in which there was fuel issued will be used in the calculation of the Normalized Fuel Cost. The specified generation level at which the average net heat rate is determined shall be 65% of the Expected Capacity of each unit, unless ctherwise mutually agreed by the parties to the Agreement. generation level will be reviewed periodically by the Operating Committee to determine if it shall be revised to more accurately represent the normal historical or projected output factor for each unit. The average net heat rate, as used herein, shall be calculated for each unit from the net heat rate equation which is used in the economic dispatch for the Southern Companies.

APTICIE V

TEPIVATION OF FIXED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE,

VARIABLE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AND

IN-PLANT FUEL BANDLING EXPENSES FOR ELECTRIC GENERATING UNITS

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the formulary method for deriving fixed operation and maintenance, variable operation and maintenance, and in-plant fuel handling expenses for the computation of charges for services under the Agreement.

Section 5.0 Fixed Operation and Maintenance Expenses: The fixed creration and maintenance expense (dollars) for a unit is based upon the following components budgeted for the unit for the Contract Year: (i) all operation supervision and engineering charged to FERC Account 500, (ii) operational labor (including overtime labor) charged to FERC Accounts 502, 505, and 506, (iii) rent charged to Account 507, (iv) all maintenance supervision and engineering charged to Account 510, (v) all maintenance expenses charged to Account 511, and (vi) maintenance labor (including overtime labor) charged to Accounts 512, 513, and 514.

Section 5.1 Variable Operation and Maintenance Expenses: The variable operation and maintenance expenses ($\$/\pi$ Wh) for a unit shall be based upon the following components budgeted for the unit for the Contract Year: (i) all contract labor, (ii) all operating material charged to Accounts 502, 505, and 506, and (iii) all maintenance material charged to Accounts 512, 513, and 514. The variable operation and maintenance expenses for the unit shall be the sum of the components listed above (in dollars) divided by the budgeted net electrical output of the unit (in π Whs) for the Contract Year.

Section 5.2 In-Flant Fuel Handling Expenses: The in-plant fuel handling expenses (\$/mwh) for a unit shall be the in-plant fuel handling costs (dcllars) budgeted in FERC Account 501 divided by the budgeted net electrical output (mwhs) for the unit during the Contract Year. The in-plant fuel handling expenses shall include all expenses in Account 501 except the cost of fuel which includes freight, switching, demurrage and other transportation charges.

Section 5.3 Data to be Provided: The data used in the determination of the fixed and variable operation and maintenance expenses and the in-plant fuel handling expenses for each unit each Contract Year, will be provided to the purchasers of unit power in accordance with Article VIII.

ARTICLE VI

DERIVATION OF RETURN ON COMMON EQUITY

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the return on common equity used in the computation of capacity charges for unit power and transmission.

Section 6.0 Return on Common Equity: For the purposes of determining charges for unit power and transmission, as set forth in this Unit Power Sale Manual and the Agreement, the return on common equity (c) for the Southern Companies shall be seventeen percent (17.0%). This return on common equity will be reviewed periodically to determine if revisions are required. Any such revisions shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3 of the Agreement.

APTICLE VII

PERIVATION OF AVERAGE TRANSMISSION ICSS FERCENTAGES

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the average transmission loss percentages used in the computation of capacity and energy charges.

Section 7.0 Average Transmission Icss Fercentages: For the purposes of determining charges for capacity and energy, as set forth in this Unit Power Sale Manual and the Agreement, the average transmission loss percentage of the Southern Companies associated with capacity (%I_c) and the average transmission loss percentage of the Southern Companies associated with energy (%I_e) shall each be three percent (3%). These average loss percentages will be reviewed periodically from annual power supply statistical reports and from load-flow studies to determine if any revisions are required. Any such revisions shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.3 of the Agreement.

ARTICLE VIII

UNII POWER SALE SUPPORT SCHEDULES AND INFORMATIONAL SCHEDULES
AND MONTHLY STATEMENT OF ENERGY TRANSACTIONS

Section 8.0 Unit Power Sale Support Schedules: The development of cost components for the sale of unit power will be provided on formats mutually agreed to by the parties. Such support schedules will describe the source of the data with reference to the applicable articles and sections of the Unit Power Sale Manual and will show how the data is used in the computation of cost components shown on the Unit Power Sale Informational Schedules.

Section 8.1 Unit Power Sale Informational Schedules: The results of the formulary methodology set forth in this Unit Fower Sale Manual shall be displayed on informational schedules with a format mutually agreed to by the parties.

Section 8.2 Schedules for Estimated and Actual Charges: The surport schedules and informational schedules described in Sections 8.0 and 8.1 above shall be made available for both estimated and actual cost data as specified in Article IX.

Section 8.3 Monthly Statements of Energy Transactions: Monthly statements shall be made available which will list the hourly energy transactions and the energy rate(s) (Base Energy Fate, Alternate Energy Rate and Supplemental Energy Rate) which are applicable to each hourly transaction. The energy rate(s) used in the calculation of the energy charge for each unit each hour, will be identified and the fuel cost components of the energy charges will be shown. This data will be made available for both treliminary and actual cost data as provided for in Section 7.1 of the Agreement.

ARTICLE IX

ADJUSIMENIS FOR ACTUAL COST

This article of the Unit Power Sale Manual establishes the formulary components of the unit power capacity charge and the transmission capacity charge which are subject to adjustment for actual cost. Such adjustments for actual cost pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Agreement will be made using the applicable procedures described in Article II, Article III, and Article V of this Unit Power Sale Manual.

Section 9.0 Capacity Cost for Unit Fower: The monthly capacity charges computed under Article II for each unit participating in sales of unit power for each Contract Year will be recalculated using the formulae specified in Section 2.2 of Article II, and the actual cost data for the unit. All cost items contained in Article II will be adjusted to reflect their actual costs. The adjustment will be made as soon as practicable following the end of the month, but shall be made within three months of the monthly rendered bill. The capital structure and cost of debt capital and preferred stock will be modified as described in Section 2.2.16.

Section 9.1 Capacity Cost for Transmission Service: The transmission capacity cost computed under Article III for the Contract Year will be recalculated using the actual data for the following items: (i) Section 3.2.1 (Five-day Average Load) and (ii) Section 3.2.9 (Transmission Operation and Maintenance Expenses) and as it affects Section 3.2.6 (Working Capital). The adjustment will be made annually as soon as practicable following the end of the Contract Year.

Section 9.2 Variable Operation and Maintenance Expenses: The variable operation and maintenance expenses and the in-plant fuel handling expenses, as defined and computed in accordance with Article V, will be recalculated using actual data. The adjustment for variable operation and maintenance expenses and the in-plant fuel handling expenses will be handled separately from the energy billing. This adjustment will be made arrually (or for such lesser periods as mutually agreed by the parties of this Agreement) using the actual data for expenses and net electrical output of each unit. Such annual adjustment will be made for the Contract Year as soon as practicable following the end of the Contract Year.

Section 9.3 Administrative Cost for Adjustment Frocedure: The rurchasers of unit power shall reinturse the Southern Companies for all costs incurred by the Southern Companies directly ir administering this article of the Unit Power Sale Manual. Such costs shall be accumulated by the Southern Companies at standard

rates of the operating companies and the service company for the services performed and shall include, but not be limited to, charges for computer time associated with the calculation of catacity charges based on actual data, personnel engaged in administering this article of the Unit Power Sale Manual based on time actually spent, and materials and supplies consumed in connection with administration of this article of the Unit Fower Sale Manual. Such administrative charges will not be included in the development of capacity charges in Section 2.2.10 of Article II. The cost will be promated equally to each purchaser of unit power.