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1	FLORII	BEFORE THE DA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		FILED 12/20/2018
3		DOCUMENT NO. 07576-2018 FPSC - COMMISSION CLER
4	In the Matter of:	
5	in the racter or	DOCKET NO. 20180141-WS
6	PROPOSED ADOPTION 25-30.4575, F.A.C	
7	OPERATING RATIO	. • 1
8	METHODOLOGY.	/
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11	PROCEEDINGS:	COMMISSION CONFERENCE AGENDA
12	COMMICCIONEDC	
13	COMMISSIONERS PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN
14		COMMISSIONER GODIE 1. DROWN COMMISSIONER DONALD J. POLMANN COMMISSIONER GARY F. CLARK
15		COMMISSIONER ANDREW G. FAY
16	DATE:	Tuesday, December 11, 2018
17	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
18		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
19	DEDODMED DV.	
20	REPORTED BY:	ANDREA KOMARIDIS Court Reporter and
21		Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at Large
22		
23		PREMIER REPORTING 114 W. 5TH AVENUE
24		TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA (850) 894-0828
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: As I said before, 15, 16,
3	17, 18, we had pulled off move staff.
4	So, let's circle back around to the top of our
5	agenda, Item No. 2. And just to let everybody
6	know, we are going to have IA immediately following
7	this agenda here in this room, about ten minutes
8	after. And then we'll have the hearing immediately
9	after IA.
10	MS. HARPER: Good morning, Commissioners. I'm
11	Adria Harper with the general counsel's office.
12	In Item No. 2, staff is recommending that the
13	Commission propose the adoption of a new rule,
14	Rule 25-30.4575, for the operating ratio
15	methodology.
16	This rule is for those water and wastewater
17	utilities that have a rate base that is small or
18	negative and the operating ratio methodology can be
19	used to determine the revenue requirement in a
20	staff-assisted rate case.
21	The operating ratio methodology is an
22	alternative to the traditional calculation of
23	revenue requirement and substitutes the utility's
24	operation and maintenance expenses for rate base in
25	calculating the amount of return.

The proposed rule is summarized as follows.

Subsection 1 provides that, in determining the

revenue requirement, staff will apply a margin of

percent of the utility's operation and

maintenance expenses. Subsection 1 also provides

the 15,000 margin cap.

Subsection 2 provides operating ratio
methodology may only be used for those utilities
whose rate base is no greater than 125 percent of
the operation and maintenance expenses. And
Subsection 2 also provides that the methodology may
only be used for utilities that continue to qualify
for a staff-assisted rate base -- or rate case,
excuse me.

At the last agenda, OPC asked the Commission to defer the item so that OPC and staff could further discuss the potential compromise on rule language. The Commission deferred the item, and staff held an informal meeting on the rule with OPC and other stakeholders. The rule staff is recommending includes changes discussed with OPC and the other stakeholders at the informal meeting.

Staff believes the rules recommended will accomplish the goal, providing the financially-distressed utilities with a lifeline to stay in

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1	business, to be able to provide safe and reliable
2	water and wastewater service to customers, and will
3	allow the troubled systems to become financially
4	viable so they can, again, return to a traditional
5	revenue-requirement calculation.
6	Staff is available for any questions.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, staff, I have to tell
8	you, in my eight and a half years, this is the
9	first time I've seen 11 or 12 staff members sign
10	off on a recommendation.
11	(Laughter.)
12	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Rehwinkel.
13	MR. REHWINKEL: Charles Rehwinkel, Deputy
14	Public Counsel.
15	I'm only here to do three things: To thank
16	you for the opportunity to sit down with staff and
17	the other parties; to address our concerns; and to
18	thank the staff for sitting down and and doing
19	what they said, address our concerns and and put
20	it in a recommendation. And I'm just here to
21	support the rule.
22	We think it is a reasonable compromise. It
23	it modernizes a rule that's been a policy that's
24	been around for 21 years. And we thank the
25	Commission for undertaking this rulemaking at our

1	request.
2	Thank you very much.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
4	Commissioner Brown.
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
6	And staff, I do think it is appropriate to
7	codify our long-standing practice and policy here;
8	although, I don't think developing a rule is
9	necessarily should be based on compromise. It
10	should be based on good practice and sensible,
11	sound policy.
12	Can you kind of walk us through or walk me
13	through here how you got to the language
14	specifically putting a cap? The original language
15	that was proposed by staff gave the Commission more
16	flexibility in helping the viability of these
17	distressed utilities in this alternative rate-
18	making rate-setting procedure. And I felt
19	comfortable with that, your original proposal,
20	because we don't know what is to come in the
21	future.
22	Can you walk us through how you came to agree
23	with on a cap?
24	MS. HARPER: The cap was a the the
25	biggest concern to OPC. It's something that we

1	looked at with at the meeting and or
2	discussed at the meeting, the informal meeting.
3	And it's something that we ran numbers on, and
4	looked at how many
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Ran numbers on
6	existing
7	MS. HARPER: Yes.
8	COMMISSIONER BROWN: companies.
9	MS. HARPER: And and the companies, yes,
10	that we're looking at now, existing companies, like
11	those that are in the chart that are attached to
12	the recommendation.
13	As far as the implication of the cap
14	numerically on these companies, Cissy could
15	probably give more detail on that.
16	MS. GALLOWAY: Commissioner, OPC expressed
17	concern that with our having no cap, that there
18	would be unintended consequences
19	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Such as?
20	MS. GALLOWAY: I don't know exactly what they
21	were concerned about, possibly over-earnings. And
22	I'll let OPC express what their thoughts were about
23	unintended consequences.
24	We we believed that, with the \$300,000
25	revenue qualification for a SARC, that there was an

1	implicit cap; however, I think OPC had very strong
2	concerns about there being no cap and, in the
3	spirit of compromise, we felt like a \$15,000 cap
4	would be acceptable.
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: And and again,
6	I just and just a a sentiment here.
7	Obviously, big proponent of compromise and
8	settlement, but not when we're in a rulemaking
9	posture. And we have to do this what's best for
10	the State of Florida and for these distressed
11	utilities as well.
12	So, I would be curious to hear what the
13	unintended consequences are.
14	MR. REHWINKEL: Well, first of all, let me
15	preface this by saying that the fundamental concern
16	of the Public Counsel has about this is that this
17	award, if you will, of an operating margin is not
18	based on cost. And the State of Florida is a cost-
19	based rate-making state.
20	So, what you have developed over the last 21
21	years is a policy that balances the viability of
22	certain marginal utilities with the award of
23	customer monies based on something that is not
24	based on cost. So, there's a bit of an art to what
25	goes on here in the first place.

1	So, our concern is that, since the operating
2	margin is a percentage of O & M, and that there are
3	certain utilities that have affiliated interests,
4	they might have excessive family membership on the
5	board and the officer board, that there is an
6	incentive, if there's not a cap in there, to
7	overstate O & M and put pressure on your staff to
8	go and ferret out improper O & M costs. And if
9	they don't do that, you award this bonus of
10	operating margin based on an improper base of
11	O & M.
12	So, I I understand about the compromise
13	concern, but this is, by its nature, a policy that
14	is borne of of compromise and balance in the
15	first place. So, we strongly supported the
16	the moving up the cap from 10,000 to 15,000.
17	That's a 50-percent increase in in in an
18	award that's not based on cost.
19	So, that was our No. 1 concern, is that it
20	would create a potential for for some utilities
21	to overstate their O & M costs.
22	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Mr. Chair would you
23	like to respond to any of the points that were just
24	raised?
25	MS. HARPER: I I recall that concern being,

1	you know, raised in the meeting. There were also
2	representatives of the utilities at the meeting as
3	well. They, obviously, did not feel like that was
4	a legitimate concern.
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: And you looked at other
6	states as well that are cost-based regulation and
7	that also have this alternative rate-making
8	abilities.
9	MS. HARPER: We did. We did. And we tried to
10	balance the interest of both sides and find
11	something that was workable and still more modern
12	and usable for us than what we were using for the
13	last 21 years.
14	MS. GALLOWAY: Commissioner, I would just like
15	to point out that, of the 23 operating-ratio
16	dockets that were approved by the Commission, I
17	think there were only three where the cap was
18	actually implemented, if that gives you any comfort
19	level.
20	It's it's not something that we apply all
21	the time out we don't need to apply it all the
22	time. So, it's good to have it, if we needed it,
23	but it's also not used very often.
24	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. And and
25	like you point out in our recommendation, Florida

1	is in a unique situation on our regulation of water
2	and wastewater. Companies and other states are
3	looking at how we handle this particular rule.
4	MS. HARPER: Yes, and and to your point,
5	Commissioner, when we had the last version of the
б	rule, we looked at a cap and we didn't put one in
7	because we felt like, if there were over-earnings,
8	we would catch that in the over in the annual
9	reports.
10	COMMISSIONER BROWN: I you know what,
11	Commissioners, I just I I fret, I worry that
12	we're going to be in a position where we have an
13	exceedingly-distressed utility that has been hit by
14	hurricanes, for example, or some other major
15	infrastructure problem that needs that puts them
16	in a a poor situation where we don't have the
17	flexibility. Once we codify the rule, we have a
18	cap, and we will be limited to what the rule
19	provides us.
20	And so, I I see circumstances where you
21	have a failing utility that will go under and this
22	rule will prevent us from doing as much as we
23	give us the latitude to do what we need to do in
24	extraordinary circumstances.
25	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman?

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
2	MR. REHWINKEL: Can I one of the things
3	that I think is important to keep in mind is that,
4	if you have a utility that comes in for a staff-
5	assisted rate case, they have circumstances that
6	cry out for attention. Your staff and this
7	Commission give them all of the the revenue
8	requirement that they demonstrate based on O $\&$ M
9	costs and and any other cost.
10	This operating margin is really there, sort
11	of, because they don't have a rate base to earn on.
12	So, it is something that is to give them some
13	cushion.
14	And, so, I don't think the concern and
15	and over the 21 years, you don't have a situation
16	where you've had a a tragic failure. This
17	rule this policy has worked. And all we're
18	doing is making it just a little bit better without
19	giving the customers' money away without any
20	restraints because this is not a cost-based award.
21	So, I don't think that there's a I don't
22	think there's a risk, based on the 21 years of
23	experience that you have, that that cries out
24	for something extravagant.
25	I mean, we came here and agreed all we want

1	to do in the first place is just take the policy
2	and put it in rule, but your staff convinced us
3	that you needed to modernize it. And we've done
4	that with this with this proposal here.
5	And and again, we did this in the spirit of
6	avoiding a long litigation process that I think
7	would would take another year. And I you
8	know, I I fully believe that, if you've got
9	examples where people are under-earning, those
10	people come in, they get a rate they get their
11	earnings if they have a legitimate loss, they
12	get that covered, and then they get a little bit of
13	cushion, which is the operating margin. That's
14	what that's for. It's not really to address past
15	problems.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff, assuming there is
17	some extraordinary circumstance God, I hate that
18	word there is some extraordinary circumstance
19	and you need to circumvent, waive what's the
20	legal mechanism of dealing with the rule if we need
21	to exceed that cap? How do you do that, if if
22	at all possible?
23	MS. HARPER: Well, as Commissioner Brown
24	stated, the once if the rule is in effect.

25

then the rule is in effect.

We can't waive it.

1	So, we'd have to in do rulemaking again to
2	change the rule to reflect what we think is a
3	better version of
4	MR. HETRICK: Commissioner
5	MS. HARPER: the rule.
6	MR. HETRICK: Yeah, if I could add, there's
7	always the opportunity in a particular case, under
8	Chapter 122, where a utility could propose some
9	sort of hardship, and we could waive the
10	application in that particular instance.
11	Let me just talk for a second, maybe,
12	hopefully, not out of bounds here, but the
13	operating ratio adjustment, the \$15,000 that was in
14	there or that's in there now, we we didn't
15	have a cap in there at all, initially.
16	Originally, by case law or by Commission
17	order, we start out with a \$10,000 cap. And that's
18	been the practice. We felt that was too low. I
19	think when we went into this rule negotiation or
20	not negotiation, but this dialogue with OPC, and
21	and Andrew and I and we all discussed, we didn't
22	want to compromise our principles. The operating
23	ratio adjustment, as I understand it, will rarely
24	exceed \$15,000.
25	We felt like the can that we nut in here of

1	\$15,000 was high enough. But yes, there may be a
2	rare case or circumstance where the adjustment
3	could slightly exceed \$15,000. It could be 16,
4	\$17,000.
5	I think, from a technical side, based on
6	Commission experience, we haven't seen that much.
7	I don't know if we've seen it any. It could
8	happen. I think Commissioner Brown raises a valid
9	point about ultimate flexibility in terms of
10	whether or not there should be a cap.
11	If there's no cap, you're still the way we
12	start out with this if there's no cap, if
13	there's no \$15,000 cap, we still think that it's
14	rarely going to exceed 15,000, but you do would
15	have, with no cap, the opportunity to approve an
16	adjustment that may necessitate or or, by
17	circumstances and facts in the case, it could be a
18	16,000. So, you would have a little more
19	flexibility. There's no question about that.
20	But the 15,000 cap that we put in, we didn't
21	feel like we were compromising significantly on our
22	principles because in terms of our intended use
23	of this rule to capture those distressed utilities
24	because we felt that 15,000 would capture most

circumstances.

1	So, I think the solution is either to
2	eliminate that sentence or bump it up to 16 or
3	17,000 or leave it at 15,000, and then we can
4	always, in a particular circumstance, waive that
5	rule, based upon a hardship, if if that's the
6	direction we want to go.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So, the the 15,000 cap
8	it's there and it exists, but it's not an absolute,
9	if, for some reason, something unforeseen, we can
10	actually
11	MR. HETRICK: Well, let me be clear on that:
12	It is in the rule. So, under Chapter 120, in
13	another portion of the rule, they would have to
14	present some sort of particular hardship that they
15	would have to and demonstrate by case law
16	that to overcome the application. They
17	they'd have to seek a rule waiver. We've had those
18	come before the Commission before. So, they'd have
19	to a particular company.
20	And I see Commissioner Brown over there
21	that's a whole different procedure with different
22	requirements of law. It is an option, but it's not
23	automatic.
24	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, that's fine. I don't
25	have a problem with it making making it a little

1	bit more difficult if you want to go beyond, you
2	know, what seems like everybody right now seems
3	comfortable.
4	Commissioner Polmann followed by Commissioner
5	Fay.
6	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: Thank you,
7	Mr. Chairman.
8	I I agree with Commissioner Brown's
9	concern, essentially, in all regards. You know, I
10	think the real issue here is is on the margin
11	percentage. And I don't want to get into an you
12	know, an argument back and forth here on on the
13	words.
14	You know, I listened and I and I believe I
15	understand Mr. Rehwinkel's comments and I I
16	think I understand our say, our duty differently
17	than the way you've stated it, our charge with
18	regard to rate-making being cost-based and and
19	operating ratio method being not cost-based because
20	I see operating ratios as having a cost base with
21	the operating costs. I'm not I don't understand
22	how it's not based on costs.
23	You know, the cost base that you're referring
24	to, as I see it, is, you know, based on the
25	investment of the of the TOUs. You know, it's

1 an equity issue.

If we're using operating ratio method, we're talking about costs plus a margin. There are costs in this equation. And you can -- you can disagree with this, but costs come in here. We're not just making up numbers and suggesting that it becomes arbitrary in some regard. That they're going to pad their costs and -- and it makes our job harder, to me, concerns me.

Having a cap or not having a cap, to me, is not a big issue. It's -- it's the operating margin -- the operating expense plus a margin of 12 percent, 15 percent, 10 percent. I -- I think it's worth arguing about.

Having a cap or not a cap, I don't think, is a big issue. And putting a number in here of a cap in the rule does put a particular constraint -- I -- I've spent a great deal of time in my career in rulemaking. And -- and I agree with -- with what Counsel is -- is indicating. Once it's in a rule, it's in a rule, and it creates a great deal of -- of difficulty going forward. I'm very concerned about that.

Now, we can go on and on. I don't think this is the appropriate venue here and now to -- to

1	continue this discussion. Mr. Chairman, if we're
2	not prepared here to have a straightforward
3	approval of this, I I would recommend we defer
4	this.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Polmann, I
6	let me give this a little bit more effort before we
7	pull the trigger on deferral.
8	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: No, I understand.
9	That's just my position right now.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. Rehwinkel.
11	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman and
12	Commissioners, let me be clear, what I our
13	position about what's not cost-based is the margin,
14	itself; not the base, but the margin.
15	These utilities do not have an investment.
16	And that's why this operating margin is is
17	given. It is not based on a cost that they have.
18	A cost is is an expenditure that you have put
19	out that you're asking for reimbursement for.
20	It is a liability of the company, whether it's
21	debt or equity that's owed to the shareholders
22	these people have none of that, so they don't have
23	a cost. And I think your staff would concur that
24	it is not a cost that the utility has.
25	For 21 years, 10 percent I mean, \$10,000

1	was a cap and it worked fine. So, our position is,
2	is that, whether you had it in a rule or a policy
3	that was in an order that you followed for 21
4	years, you have had a hard cap, and it has not been
5	a problem.
6	So, what we feel like we've agreed to is a
7	50-percent increase in a on a cap that has
8	worked for 21 years. That that's that would
9	be my response to that.
10	The base, the operating margin that the
11	percentages apply to, is, after your staff looks at
12	it, audits it, and makes a recommendation on the
13	appropriate amount that is a cost that the
14	utility has.
15	So, I would I would agree with that, that
16	it is the base is a cost.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Fay.
18	COMMISSIONER FAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
19	I also agree with Commissioner Brown's
20	comments. I think part of the the rulemaking
21	process can be challenging from the aspect that
22	you you allow a process, sometimes extremely-
23	long process to provide fairness and and due
24	process to those individuals who might be impacted
25	by the the implementation of that rule.

I think what I struggle with here is knowing that the small number that we've seen over these, from a long time period -- how many of these companies potentially are able to see the future and know that this type of change would impact them, based on the criteria that are laid out.

And I think that's -- that's, obviously, a small number, but I have concerns that are similar to Commissioner Brown's that I'm -- I'm not sure we're getting that -- that side of it or that position based on the fact that they may not know that it's appropriate to weigh in at -- at this time period.

What -- what gives me comfort in the language that's proposed before us that includes the \$15,000 cap, is I think some threshold is appropriate. And I think this Commission -- including since I've been here -- have -- have operated within the 120 rule waiver, which essentially our general counsel has -- have pointed out that there -- there's an undue hardship or burden similar to the fact pattern of a hurricane or something that would come forward.

And it also stays consistent with the -- with the intent of the rule. And I think there's been a

1	lot of discussion as to the intent of what the
2	this finalized finalized rule would look like.
3	My my final comment, Mr. Chairman, would
4	just be that I I always worry when there's too
5	many lawyers in the room, right, because I
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Me, too.
7	(Laughter.)
8	COMMISSIONER FAY: It's very worrisome, right.
9	And I think that that the rulemaking process
10	can can inject that with even more criticism
11	of of specific language and commas and potential
12	hypothetical scenarios that would play out, that
13	that, to Commissioner Brown's very-valid point,
14	might create a scenario that we we didn't
15	intend.
16	And as as a rulemaking body, under 120, I
17	think we have to take that very seriously. And so,
18	I I feel confident with the the deviations
19	that are allowed in 120, based on a rule waiver,
20	that we would still be able to be consistent
21	with what the Office of Public Counsel has stated
22	as their intent to be pro protecting consumers,
23	from their perspective.
24	Well, to be fair, their perspective was a
25	\$10 000 can And so to be protective of consumers

1	at at a cap that they think is appropriate going
2	forward seems fair to me.
3	And so, I would be inclined to support the
4	language that's presented in front of us,
5	Mr. Chairman, but I'll I'll defer to you on how
6	to proceed.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
8	Commissioner Brown.
9	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
10	And Mr Mr. Hetrick, I we should have
11	had that discussion yesterday about the hardship.
12	I think I would be more comfortable if we actually
13	reference that rule in this rule because so many of
14	these utilities are not aware of all of our other
15	rules.
16	So, if we had language in there that
17	referenced the hardship rule, that would give me a
18	lot more comfort, if we're going to go ahead and
19	keep a cap in here; although, you know, keep in
20	mind, there is an implicit cap under the SARC
21	statute to begin with. So, I really don't think
22	it's necessary to put the cap in here, but if we're
23	going to do and that, I think we need to reference
24	the hardship rule to give us that maximum
25	flexibility.

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mary Anne?
2	MS. HELTON: I don't know if JAPC would be
3	very happy with us including the rule-waiver
4	provision or referencing the rule-waiver provision
5	in this rule. I think it might create issues if
6	you put it in this rule and you don't put it in all
7	rules. And, in effect, the the rule-waiver
8	provision is available and accessible to anyone who
9	wants to petition for a rule waiver under any of
10	our rules.
11	COMMISSIONER BROWN: But SARCs, by their very
12	definition, are staff-assisted rate cases. So, so
13	many of these companies do not are not aware of
14	our rules.
15	MS. HELTON: Well, it would it would
16	take because of the way the timing of all of
17	this would work out, I think it would take staff
18	working with the utility and letting the utility
19	know we're up against this this this cap for
20	you and so that we can if there's a desire to
21	exceed that cap, I think we would have to let the
22	utility know that they would need to file this
23	petition so it could be filed in time to work the
24	SARC.
25	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Braulio?

1	MR. BAEZ: (Indicating.)
2	COMMISSIONER BROWN: I I would like staff
3	to look into this a little bit further to see if
4	we I think having comfort the again, once
5	a rule is a rule, a rule is a rule. So, I think we
6	need to see if we can go ahead and include that
7	language, maybe get an interpretation referencing
8	this in this specific rule for the very purpose
9	to give this Commission and future commissions and
10	future utilities the ability to deviate. I think
11	having having it referenced would I don't see
12	how that could be a problem.
13	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Hetrick?
14	MR. HETRICK: On that basis, we could defer it
15	for one one more agenda and bring it back. I do
16	think that we need to, at some point, move forward
17	with this rule because of the concerns we have out
18	there about maintaining an unadopted rule practice.
19	But yes, we we we can defer it to look
20	at see how we can build maybe some hardship
21	provision, maybe have a conversation with JAPC. We
22	can come back to you and, if we are unable to do
23	that, you do have another option; and that is to go
24	with the rule that was initially filed, which does
25	give the ultimate flexibility I think you're

1	looking for that would capture, without any
2	constraints, any any situation.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commission
4	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, may I suggest
5	one thing with re that might help Commissioner
6	Brown?
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
8	MR. REHWINKEL: And and I think rather than
9	reference that a waiver may be sought, would it be
10	possible to have language that that, after the
11	cap, said that your staff the staff may assist a
12	utility with any needed with with any waiver
13	request related to this provision. That way,
14	you're not you're not saying that
15	COMMISSIONER BROWN: The rule.
16	MR. REHWINKEL: You know, I I think
17	Ms. Helton references an excellent point, is if you
18	put it in here, but don't put it in all your other
19	rules, then the implication would be, you can't get
20	a waiver for those rules, but if if you just put
21	in a provision to say the staff may assist in a
22	utility with a waiver, I think that would do
23	exactly what the staff explained they would do if
24	they came up against a hard situation.
25	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Mr Mr Chair

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Let's let's do this.
2	Let's take a five-minute break, and you guys talk
3	about this. And we'll decide if we can handle it
4	in five minutes or we want to defer this until
5	MR. HETRICK: Sounds good.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Until next meeting.
7	But we'll take a five-minute break. According
8	to that clock back there, 10:30.
9	(Brief recess.)
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. I I should have
11	known better, taking out my hourglass, but I I
12	thought maybe, because of the holidays, I would be
13	more be more open with my time.
14	Mr. Polmann Commissioner Polmann has had
15	his light on for a while, so before I hear what
16	staff and everybody came up with, let's hear what
17	Commissioner Polmann came up with.
18	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: Thank you,
19	Mr. Chairman.
20	Not specific to the language in the rule, but
21	I am the Commissioner the Commission's
22	representative on NARUC's water committee, and as
23	we all know, in in Florida, we have many and
24	I'll use this word troubled water and wastewater
25	utilities that we regulate, in large part, because

old, and need a lot of help, struggling with infrastructure issues, water-quality issues, and so forth.	1	many of them are are very small and and quite
	2	old, and need a lot of help, struggling with
4 forth.	3	infrastructure issues, water-quality issues, and so
	4	forth.

And I mention the national water committee because this is not unique to Florida. We talk about this at -- at our meetings. And it's very difficult for these utilities to operate with little funding and -- and these difficulties of the commissions around -- around the country, trying to figure out how, for these owners and operators to maintain their systems and -- and do so without raising rates in such a dramatic fashion.

And ultimately, what we've talked about nationally is to maintain as much flexibility at the Commission level and to provide staff with all the tools that they need to make sound recommendations.

And -- and so, coming back to the rule issue here, I'm -- my comments today are -- are really oriented towards trying to provide us, the staff and the Commission, with opportunities to maintain all -- all of the flexibility that will help us help these utilities.

There's a big focus here in Florida, and I

1	think appropriately so, to improve the
2	infrastructure, the reliability, and the safety.
3	And I don't mean, here today, to be argumentative,
4	and I ask that you that that no one take it
5	that way. I I really am concerned that, moving
6	forward, we try to maintain all of our options.
7	And and Mr. Chairman, I appreciate the
8	opportunity to make those comments. I I'm just
9	truly concerned that we not foreclose any
10	flexibility that we that we may currently enjoy,
11	and keep in mind that these utilities really do
12	need help. And and that's my only purpose here
13	in speaking.
14	So, thank you, Mr. Chairman.
15	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, Commissioner.
16	Staff.
17	MR. MAUREY: Good morning. Andrew Maurey,
18	Commission staff. I apologize for my voice. I'm
19	dealing with a little bit of a head cold. Please
20	bear with me.
21	When we were staff looking at the rule,
22	it's important to look back at the history, the
23	experience that the Commission had, but it's also
24	important to look forward and see how the rule
25	would be applied and how circumstances might

1 change.

In -- in fact, at the time of the Lake Osborne order, the threshold to participate in the staff-assisted rate case was 150,000 in annual revenue. The Legislature has seen fit to double that. It's 300,000 today. So, what might be a reasonable \$10,000 cap 22 years ago, due to inflation and other reasons is -- it would be inadequate.

And that's why staff, in its initial rule, recommended an implicit cap -- not an explicit dollar amount, but an implicit cap because, at the end of the day, after the increase, the utility in question would still have to qualify for a SARC. So, there is a theoretical cap to the -- to the amount of an increase.

To the point about the rule working fine for the entire 20 years -- it has worked fine in a number of cases, but as you -- as you look at Attachment B, Page 16 of the staff recommendation, there's an awful lot of red on that schedule.

The -- those are utilities that are not just earning below the range, but are losing money under this program. And so, that comes and goes, but what we were trying to bring before the Commission was a recognition of a change in circumstance since

1 the Lake Osborne order and recommended an implicit 2 cap. 3 The Commission has before it the -- as you said, wanted flexibility for those circumstances. 4 5 In the past, there were only three -- of the 21 6 utilities that were granted operating ratio 7 methodology, only three exceeded the 10,000 cap and 8 only one would have exceeded the 15,000 cap. 9 But that's not going to be the case going 10 forward because, again, they were limited to 11 150,000 in revenue back then; now they can have up 12 to 300,000 in revenue. So, we see foresee upward 13 pressure on -- on that cap at some point. 14 we recommended an implicit cap as the first rule. 15 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: One more time? That last 16 part. 17 MR. MAUREY: Oh, that's why we recommended an 18 implicit cap as opposed to an explicit cap in the 19 original rule. 20 MR. HETRICK: And to get to an implicit cap, 21 you would need to just strike that last sentence of 22 the Subsection 1, "The operating ratio adjustment 23 shall be no more than 15,000." That would take you 24 back to the original staff proposal on that issue, 25 which was an implicit cap.

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Rehwinkel.
2	MR. REHWINKEL: I I I mean, our we
3	stand by our our position here. If we need to
4	go to hearing, we need to go to hearing, but, you
5	know, the implicit cap is you know, is not
6	something that's been needed.
7	And you know, I don't think any utility staffs
8	for their worst day. There's no to base a rule
9	upon the the most egregious thing you can
10	imagine is not good policy in any rulemaking.
11	So, you know, I think, again, the policy
12	worked and whatever red shows up on there is
13	unaudited. It doesn't tell whether there's
14	affiliated transactions. It doesn't tell whether
15	the utility is associated with a developer, and
16	they're happy to have red.
17	It it doesn't and in any event, if
18	you've got red, you come in for a SARC, you get
19	that red wiped out and then you get a little bit
20	more. So, that's not really the problem.
21	And there's no it you could give a
22	company the operating margin and they have no
23	obligation to spend it on anything. They could
24	spend it on a car for their their daughter's
25	16th birthday, if they want to, because it's not

1	based on a cost. And I'm not saying anybody has
2	ever done that, but you can't trace the level of an
3	operating-margin award in the past to what they're
4	showing on an unaudited self-reported annual
5	report.
6	So, I I reject the notion that this is a
7	problematic area. We've moved the ball forward,
8	not taken it back.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners.
10	Commissioner Polmann.
11	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: Thank you,
12	Mr. Chairman.
13	With regard to the implicit cap, could you
14	just clarify that again? You mentioned that the
15	if I understood it, the \$300,000 is is the SARC
16	upper limit for for revenue; is that is that
17	correct? And then the implicit cap would be based
18	on the percentage add-on to the let me just stop
19	there.
20	MR. MAUREY: Okay.
21	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: Tell me what the
22	implicit-cap calculation
23	MR. MAUREY: The 300,000 is the revenue
24	amount. O & M expenses would be something less
25	than 300,000 because, as as Mr. Rehwinkel said,

1	they would get their cost now, in SARCs, we
2	always use a historic test year. So, they're
3	already a little bit behind in their costs because
4	we're we're looking backward, not forward.
5	But their O & M expenses, it it will vary
6	across the companies, but it will always be
7	something less than revenue because there are other
8	operating costs, depreciation, taxes other than
9	income, RA regulatory assessment fees, et
10	cetera, that aren't part of O & M, but the sum of
11	O & M and these other costs will equal the plus
12	the margin will equal revenues.
13	So, there is a why we say an implicit cap
14	is because 12 percent of whatever that 0 & M number
15	is it's got to be less than 300,000. And in
16	reality, it's going to be less than 250 or total
17	revenue requirement, I'm speaking of here.
18	So, it's hard to back into what that implicit
19	number would be, but it's it is a hard ceiling
20	because you at the end of the day, the utility
21	has to have less than 300,000 in revenue. And so,
22	whatever, all in, is going to be less than that.
23	COMMISSIONER POLMANN: Thank you.
24	MR. REHWINKEL: Can I one caveat to that is
25	that, that would apply the next time, but you could

1	give a company close to \$30,000 for an operating
2	margin based if they were at the high end
3	because, when they came in, they were eligible for
4	the SARC.
5	But the next time, if their revenues exceeded
6	300,000, based on their expenses plus the award of
7	the operating margin, they would be ineligible the
8	next time, but in that case that you would be
9	deciding, you could give close to \$30,000 to a
10	utility.
11	We're talking about a cap from \$10,000 to
12	basically tripling close to tripling what you
13	possibly could give. And, you know, that's
14	that's that's a big concern. And I think that's
15	a huge leap that's not been demonstrated to have
16	any need, in reality, in the past.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brown.
18	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
19	And I just want to point out Mr. Maurey,
20	thank you for your comments. I think you stated
21	the most persuasive argument here today in support
22	of the prior draft rule that you proposed, which
23	deleted that that cap, based on future cases,
24	not past cases. We're not setting a rule for past
25	cases. We're setting a rule for future.

1	And I think your argument here or your
2	your position was very compelling. So, I I
3	guess I'm of the opinion that you would prefer to
4	go back to the original draft.
5	MR. MAUREY: We can support
6	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Not to put you on the
7	spot.
8	MR. MAUREY: We certainly would support our
9	original rule. I mean, we we had our
10	discussions with OPC in good faith, and but I
11	have it on good authority staff makes
12	recommendations. The Commission makes decisions.
13	And your it's certainly we would support the
14	rule the original rule, as well.
15	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Guys, I'm waiting for a
17	motion.
18	All right. I don't see any lights on. So,
19	we'll defer this until next agenda.
20	Item No. 3.
21	MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you, Commissioners.
22	(Agenda item concluded.)
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24	
25	

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4	I, ANDREA KOMARIDIS, Court Reporter, do hereby
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7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I
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10	and that this transcript constitutes a true
11	transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
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