

Antonia Hover

From: Shalonda Gunn
Sent: Monday, August 05, 2019 8:58 AM
To: Commissioner Correspondence
Subject: Docket Nos. 20190015-EG - 20190021-EG - Letter from Rafael E. Granado
Attachments: 7.29.19.Letter from Rafael E. Granado.pdf

Good Morning,

Please place the attached letter in Docket Nos. 20190015-EG - 20190021-EG.

Shalonda M. Gunn
Florida Registered Paralegal
Executive Assistant to Commissioner Brown
Florida Public Service Commission
2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850
(850) 413-6030 (Office)
(850) 413-6031 (Fax)

Please note: Florida has a very broad public records law. Most written communications to or from state officials regarding state business are considered to be public records and will be made available to the public and the media upon request. Therefore, your e-mail message may be subject to public disclosure.

MIAMI BEACH

City of Miami Beach, 1700 Convention Center Drive, Miami Beach, Florida 33139, www.miamibeachfl.gov
Office of the City Clerk
Tel: 305-673-7411

July 29, 2019



Commissioner Julie Imanuel Brown
Florida Public Service Commission
2540 Shumard Oak Blvd.
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Dear Commissioner Brown,

Attached please find a copy of City of Miami Beach Resolution No. 2019-30876:

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA, URGING THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (THE "PSC") TO SET MEANINGFUL ENERGY EFFICIENCY GOALS IN THE 2019 FLORIDA ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION ACT ("FEECA") PROCEEDINGS, INCLUDING A SPECIFIC PERCENTAGE GOAL; TO REPLACE THE RATEPAYER IMPACT MEASURE TEST WITH A CRITICAL COST - EFFECTIVENESS TEST FOR ELECTRIC EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS; TO ESTABLISH A STRONG ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCES STANDARD FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA AND ADOPT A STRONG DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM THAT INCLUDES UTILITY REBATES; TO REQUIRE FLORIDA ELECTRIC UTILITY COMPANIES TO SHARE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ANONYMIZED ENERGY CONSUMPTION DATA AT THE CENSUS BLOCK LEVEL TO ALLOW CITIES AND COUNTIES TO EFFECTIVELY DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT THEIR OWN ENERGY CONSERVATION PROGRAMS FOR RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES; TO LEVERAGE FEDERAL WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FUNDS TO PROVIDE GREATER ASSISTANCE TO LOW INCOME HOMEOWNERS TO REQUIRE THAT MOST, IF NOT ALL, OF THE NUMERIC ENERGY CONSERVATION GOALS BE MET THROUGH PROGRAMS TO ASSIST LOW - AND MODERATE - INCOME HOUSEHOLDS; AND TO ESTABLISH A RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION GOAL FOR UTILITIES; AND DIRECTING THE CITY CLERK TO TRANSMIT THIS RESOLUTION AND THE COMMENTS SET FORTH HEREIN TO THE PSC AND TO ALL FLORIDA MUNICIPALITIES.

(Sponsored by Commissioner Mark Samuelian)

This Resolution was unanimously passed and adopted by the Mayor and City Commission of the City of Miami Beach on July 17, 2019.

Respectfully,

Handwritten signature of Rafael E. Granado.

Rafael E. Granado
City Clerk

RESOLUTION NO. 2019-30876

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA, URGING THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION (THE "PSC") TO SET MEANINGFUL ENERGY EFFICIENCY GOALS IN THE 2019 FLORIDA ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION ACT ("FEECA") PROCEEDINGS, INCLUDING A SPECIFIC PERCENTAGE GOAL; TO REPLACE THE RATEPAYER IMPACT MEASURE TEST WITH A CRITICAL COST-EFFECTIVENESS TEST FOR ELECTRIC EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS; TO ESTABLISH A STRONG ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCES STANDARD FOR THE STATE OF FLORIDA AND ADOPT A STRONG DEMAND SIDE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM THAT INCLUDES UTILITY REBATES; TO REQUIRE FLORIDA ELECTRIC UTILITY COMPANIES TO SHARE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ANONYMIZED ENERGY CONSUMPTION DATA AT THE CENSUS BLOCK LEVEL TO ALLOW CITIES AND COUNTIES TO EFFECTIVELY DESIGN AND IMPLEMENT THEIR OWN ENERGY CONSERVATION PROGRAMS FOR RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES; TO LEVERAGE FEDERAL WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FUNDS TO PROVIDE GREATER ASSISTANCE TO LOW INCOME HOMEOWNERS TO REQUIRE THAT MOST, IF NOT ALL, OF THE NUMERIC ENERGY CONSERVATION GOALS BE MET THROUGH PROGRAMS TO ASSIST LOW- AND MODERATE-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS; AND TO ESTABLISH A RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION GOAL FOR UTILITIES; AND DIRECTING THE CITY CLERK TO TRANSMIT THIS RESOLUTION AND THE COMMENTS SET FORTH HEREIN TO THE PSC AND TO ALL FLORIDA MUNICIPALITIES.

WHEREAS, Florida is considered one of the most vulnerable areas of the country to the consequences of global climate change, with southeast Florida being the most vulnerable to the impacts of a changing climate, especially sea level rise; and

WHEREAS, in 1980, the Florida Legislature passed the Florida Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act ("FEECA") to reduce peak electricity demand and energy consumption; and

WHEREAS, in 2008, the Florida Legislature amended FEECA to include an emphasis on cost-effective energy conservation measures; and

WHEREAS, FEECA requires that the Florida Public Service Commission ("PSC") establish numeric energy conservation goals for Florida's largest utilities at least every five (5) years; and

WHEREAS, the five Florida investor-owned utility companies currently subject to FEECA are Florida Power & Light ("FPL"), Duke Energy Florida LLC, Tampa Electric

Company, Gulf Power Company, and the two Florida public utility companies currently subject to FEECA are Jacksonville Electric Authority ("JEA") and Orlando Utilities Commission; and

WHEREAS, the upcoming 2019 FEECA hearings before the PSC, which will take place on August 12-16, 2019, present an opportunity for substantial improvement to Florida's energy conservation goals; and

WHEREAS, according to the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy ("ACEEE") report, Florida's largest utilities have the third worst performance in the southeastern United States in delivering energy conservation savings (measured as energy saved as a percentage of annual kilowatt sales to customers), with an energy conservation saving rate of 0.09 percent based on 2016 retail sales and 2017 net incremental savings; and

WHEREAS, in 2017, ACEEE reported that the national energy conservation savings average was 0.66 percent, which is more than seven times higher than Florida, and that the energy conservation rates in California, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Vermont were 18 - 37 times higher than in Florida; and

WHEREAS, Florida is one of the only states to still rely heavily on the ratepayer impact measure ("RIM") test as a cost-effectiveness test; and

WHEREAS, the RIM test does not provide a balanced cost-effectiveness test for electric efficiency programs compared to other cost-effectiveness tests outlined in the California Standard Practice Manual, which is widely followed by the industry; and

WHEREAS, the PSC should adopt a strong Demand Side Management Program that includes utility rebates for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Energy Star appliances, high Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio ("SEER") rating air conditioners, installation of high efficiency windows and doors, and Cool Roof Rating Council low-heat absorbing roofing; and

WHEREAS, in addition, as many low- and moderate-income households continue to struggle to afford electricity as temperatures increase and extreme heat waves become more common, the PSC should leverage Federal Weatherization Assistance Program funds to provide greater assistance to low-income homeowners throughout Florida; and

WHEREAS, energy conservation and efficiency programs and policies that promote behavioral and operational changes by building owners and building occupants can not only significantly reduce energy demand from the build environment, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and help building owners save money on bills, but also make the transition to renewable energy more feasible and renewable generation targets more attainable; and

WHEREAS, currently, FPL's electricity generation and purchased power profile indicates that only about 1.5% of its fuel mix was from solar energy in 2018; and

WHEREAS, to ensure that Florida's utilities are moving to lower-emissions and no-emissions sources for electricity production, the PSC should establish a renewable energy generation goal for utilities; and

WHEREAS, improved energy conservation goals will lead to more robust energy efficiency and conservation programs and options for residential and commercial customers, thereby providing economic, environmental, and public health benefits; and

WHEREAS, in addition, municipalities could more effectively design and implement their own energy conservation programs for residents and businesses if Florida electric utility companies provided the local governments with anonymized energy consumption data at the census block level; and

WHEREAS, the City of Miami Beach (the "City") is committed to collaborating with its partners as it increases energy efficiency and expands consumption of electricity generated from renewable sources, in order to reduce its greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions; and

WHEREAS, the City is a party to the Global Covenant of Mayors for Climate & Energy, which is the world's largest cooperative effort among mayors and city leaders to reduce GHG emissions, track progress, and prepare for the impacts of climate change; and

WHEREAS, the City has taken steps to aggressively address climate change and to reduce our community's carbon emissions, by completing annual greenhouse gas inventory and providing a Property Assessed Clean Energy ("PACE") program for residents and businesses; in addition, the City is in the process of developing a climate action plan and setting greenhouse gas emissions reduction targets; and

WHEREAS, the City has also taken steps to reduce energy consumption, and promote energy efficiency and renewable energy, by adopting policies such the Green Building Ordinance and the Urban Heat Island Ordinance, which encourage sustainable construction and energy efficiency; and supporting the Sierra Club's Ready for 100 campaign which challenges cities to set a target of 100% clean, renewable energy; and

WHEREAS, as such, the Mayor and City Commission hereby urge the PSC to set meaningful energy efficiency goals in the 2019 FEECA proceedings that will eventually meet the national average; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission further urge the PSC to establish a strong Energy Efficiency Resources Standard for the State of Florida and adopt a strong Demand Side Management Program that includes utility rebates; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission also urge the PSC to replace the ratepayer impact measure (RIM) test with an alternative, more widely accepted cost-

effectiveness test for electric efficiency programs; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission further urge the PSC to require Florida electric utility companies to share with local governments anonymized energy consumption data at the census block level to allow cities and counties to effectively design and implement their own energy conservation programs for residents and businesses; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission urge the PSC to leverage Federal Weatherization Assistance Program funds to provide greater assistance to low income homeowners and require that most, if not all, of the numeric energy conservation goals be met through programs to assist low- and moderate-income households; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Commission further urge the PSC to establish a renewable energy generation goal for utilities.

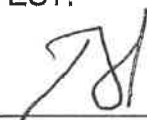
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT DULY RESOLVED BY THE MAYOR AND THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF MIAMI BEACH, FLORIDA that the Mayor and City Commission hereby urge the Florida Public Service Commission (the "PSC") to set meaningful energy efficiency goals in the 2019 Florida Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act ("FEECA") proceedings, including a specific percentage goal; to replace the ratepayer impact measure test with a critical cost-effectiveness test for electric efficiency programs; to establish a strong Energy Efficiency Resources Standard for the State of Florida and adopt a strong Demand Side Management Program that includes utility rebates; to require Florida electric utility companies to share with local governments anonymized energy consumption data at the census block level to allow cities and counties to effectively design and implement their own energy conservation programs for residents and businesses; to leverage Federal Weatherization Assistance Program funds to provide greater assistance to low income homeowners; to require that most, if not all, of the numeric energy conservation goals be met through programs to assist low- and moderate-income households; and to establish a renewable energy generation goal for utilities; and direct the City Clerk to transmit this Resolution and the comments set forth herein to the PSC and to all Florida municipalities.

PASSED and ADOPTED this 17th day of July, 2019.



Dan Gelber, Mayor

ATTEST:


July 19, 2019
Rafael Granado, City Clerk



APPROVED AS TO
FORM & LANGUAGE
& FOR EXECUTION

(Sponsored by Commissioner Mark Samuelian)

4


City Attorney

7/3/19
Date

FA