

**Exhibit 7.8:** Size-Decile Portfolios of the NYSE/NYSE MKT/NASDAQ Long-Term Returns in Excess of CAPM  
1926–2016

<u>Size Grouping</u>	<u>OLS Beta</u>	<u>Arithmetic Mean</u>	<u>Return in Excess of Risk-free Rate (actual)</u>	<u>Return in Excess of Risk-free Rate (as predicted by CAPM)</u>	<u>Size Premium</u>
Mid-Cap (3–5)	1.12	13.82%	8.80%	7.79%	1.02%
Low-Cap (6–8)	1.22	15.26%	10.24%	8.49%	1.75%
Micro-Cap (9–10)	1.35	18.04%	13.02%	9.35%	3.67%
<u>Breakdown of Deciles 1–10</u>					
1-Largest	0.92	11.05%	6.04%	6.38%	-0.35%
2	1.04	12.82%	7.81%	7.19%	0.61%
3	1.11	13.57%	8.55%	7.66%	0.89%
4	1.13	13.80%	8.78%	7.80%	0.98%
5	1.17	14.62%	9.60%	8.09%	1.51%
6	1.17	14.81%	9.79%	8.14%	1.66%
7	1.25	15.41%	10.39%	8.67%	1.72%
8	1.30	16.14%	11.12%	9.04%	2.08%
9	1.34	16.97%	11.96%	9.28%	2.68%
10-Smallest	1.39	20.27%	15.25%	9.66%	5.59%

Betas are estimated from monthly returns in excess of the 30-day U.S. Treasury bill total return, January 1926–December 2016. Historical riskless rate measured by the 91-year arithmetic mean income return component of 20-year government bonds (5.02%). Calculated in the context of the CAPM by multiplying the equity risk premium by beta. The equity risk premium is estimated by the arithmetic mean total return of the S&P 500 (11.95%) minus the arithmetic mean income return component of 20-year government bonds (5.02%) from 1926–2016. Source: Morningstar *Direct* and CRSP. Calculated based on data from CRSP US Stock Database and CRSP US Indices Database ©2017 Center for Research. Used with permission. All calculations performed by Duff & Phelps, LLC.