Florida Public Service Commission

PSC FACTS, FIGURES, & RESPONSIBILITIES

How the PSC Evolved

The PSC, created by the Florida Legislature in 1887, was originally called the Florida Railroad Commission. The primary purpose of the Commission was the regulation of railroad passenger and freight rates and operations. The Legislature abolished the Commission in 1891, then re-established it in 1897.

As Florida's population grew and its industry base diversified, the Legislature conferred upon the Commission additional responsibilities. These ever changing charges include periods of both regulatory expansion and deregulation. Regulatory authority over various industries began as follows:

1911Telephone & Telegraph1929Motor Carrier Transportat1951Investor-Owned Electrics1952Natural Gas1959Water and Wastewater1972Airlines	
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In 1974 the Legislature gave the Commission rate structure jurisdiction over municipal and rural cooperative electric utilities. Due to deregulation, the Commission lost jurisdiction over airlines in 1978. In 1980, motor carriers were deregulated; five years later, railroads were deregulated.

The Commission received safety jurisdiction over all electric utilities in 1986. And in 1995, legislation was approved allowing competition for local exchange telephone service.

In 2011, legislation was approved that reduced the Commission's jurisdiction over the telecommunications industry. The Commission retains the authority to ensure that incumbent local exchange carriers meet their obligation to provide unbundled access, interconnection, and resale to competitive local exchange companies in a nondiscriminatory manner. And, the Commission oversees the federal Lifeline Assistance program in Florida, and the administration of a statewide telecommunications access system to provide Telecommunications Relay Services for the deaf, hard-of-hearing, or speech impaired.

Case Activity

During 2024, the PSC received and processed 10,392 numbered documents. It opened 174 dockets and closed 153 dockets.

What Does the PSC Regulate?

The PSC has regulatory authority over the following utilities:

- ♦ 4 investor-owned electric utilities;
- ♦ 5 investor-owned natural gas utilities; and
- 153 investor-owned water and/or wastewater utilities; and had competitive market oversight for
- ◆ 276 telecommunications companies in Florida.

The PSC also has limited jurisdiction over the following utilities:

- ◆ 18 rural electric cooperatives;
- ♦ 35 municipally owned electric systems;
- ♦ 27 municipally owned natural gas utilities; and
- 4 special gas districts.

How are Commissioners Selected?

The Public Service Commission consists of five members selected for their knowledge and experience in one or more fields substantially related to the duties and functions of the Commission. These fields include economics, accounting, engineering, finance, natural resource conservation, energy, public affairs, and law.

The Governor appoints Commissioners. Commissioners must also be confirmed by the Florida Senate. Prior to 1979, three Commissioners were elected in statewide elections. The 1978 Legislature adopted a bill changing the Commission to a five-member appointed board.



FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

The Public Service Commission provides a staff of information specialists who are available to answer questions from Florida consumers.

To reach a consumer representative, please call the Public Service Commission during business hours at **1-800-342-3552**, or send a fax to 1-800-511-0809. See the PSC's Internet home page at <u>www.FloridaPSC.com</u>.